

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

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ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: The Greater East Asia War and Home Situation.

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CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Incitement to aggressive warfare.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Compiled by the Political Information Corporation.
Series of reports and articles concerning events from the beginning of the war until July 1942.

A. The Beginning

1. The Imperial Rescript for the declaration of war
2. Special Diet summons
3. The villainous character of England and America
4. Imperial Government statement
- X 5. "On receiving the Imperial Rescript" by TOJO, Hideki
6. The progress of Japanese-American negotiations
7. Notification of the cessation of Japanese-American negotiations
8. Imperial message to Army and Navy personnel
9. Financial emergency measures
10. Double promotions in the Navy
11. Central IRAA Conference resolutions
12. Metropolitan District illumination control
13. Attacks by enemy planes *are none.*
14. Naming of defense command
15. "One hundred million persons march in one body" by Lt. General KOBAYASHI

16. Friendly advance into THAILAND
17. Japanese - THAILAND mutual defense treaty
18. Need for naval air strict watch
19. "Air protection is the gateway to victory" by TOJO, Hideki
20. No designs against anyone other than England and America
21. Completion of Chinese concession occupation
22. Completion of Japanese-French Indo-China military agreement
23. Signing of Japan - THAILAND Treaty
24. Signing of the Tri-Partite Pact
25. Appointment of Eastern Army Commander

B. Hawaii, Southwest Pacific air raids, occupation, seizure of British and American gunboats at SHANGHAI.

- X 1. War to be called "Greater East Asia War"
2. National meeting on receiving the Imperial Rescript
3. The Military Diet summons
4. Explanation of governmental convictions
5. "The enemy's propaganda is false" by Col. OHIRA
6. Appointment of prize court chief
7. "Break forth the patriotic fervor!" by the Literary Men's Association
8. Convocation of the 79th Diet
9. Establishment of the Prisoners of War Information Bureau
10. The wealth of the south will be secured
- X 11. Firm attitude on the Greater East Asia War
- X 12. Opening of a new era in history

C. Hong Kong

1. Beginning of attack on HongKong
2. Blockade
3. Landing
4. Fall of fortification
5. Complete occupation of the island
6. Establishment of Hong Kong occupation governor

D. Philippines

- ✓ 1. New Year speeches by TOJO, SHIMADA and TOGO
2. Results of the first year of war
3. The earnestness of Command-in-Chief YAMAMOTO
- X 4. Striving for the establishment of a New Order

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5. Establishment of Imperial Rescript Day
6. "America's hypocritical policy" by Col. OHIRA
7. "Wisdom, Benevolence and Strength" by TANI
8. Army Day parade
9. CHIANG KAI-SHEK's desperate measures
10. "Let the combined forces of England and America come!" by HIRAIDE
11. Increasing friction between America and England
12. Weekly War Report (1 Jan - 14 Jan 1942)
13. Exposure of the truth about American and English justice
14. "Strike at President Roosevelt's message" by Gen. YOSHISEKI
- X 15. "We have heavenly aid and divine grace" by TOJO
16. Signing of the new Japanese, German and Italian Military Pact
17. "Hope for caution by South American countries" by Information Bureau Chief HCRI
18. THAILAND's declaration of war against America and England
- X 19. Declarations by YOSAN ^{KAK} DOMEI and DOKOKAI
- X 20. Explanation of the methods of directing the war of Greater East Asia
21. "Retrosession of America and England is near" by TOJO
- ✓ 22. "War results cover the Pacific" by SHIMADA - - - - - 466
- ✓ 23. "Respect of racial traditions" by TOGO
24. "Results of strong finance during the war" by KAYA - - - - - 476
- X 25. "Plans for Great East Asia economic establishment" by TOJO
26. General military reports (15 Jan - 23 Jan 1942)
27. Re-establishment of the enemy - the only good inducement

E. Malay, the Fall of Singapore

1. Gen. TERRAUCHI, the Supreme Commander of the South, and Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. TSUKADA
2. Military report (24 Jan - 30 Jan 1942)
3. The enemy air force re-establishment has collapsed
4. South Pacific named the "Great East Asia Sea"
5. Army and Navy military administration advisors
6. Naval results since the beginning of the war
7. General army reports (31 Jan - 6 Feb 1942)
8. "Send out invincible armament" by TOJO
9. The Investigation Committee for the establishment of Great East Asia
- X 10. "Second explanation of national policy" by TOJO
- X 11. "Annihilation of enemy's joint operations" by TOJO

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- ✓ 12. "The Indian Ocean under our power" by SHIMADA
13. "Over 200 million yen worth of patriotism" Army report
14. "Naval relief funds provided a family hospital" Navy report
15. "Uncontrollable happiness" by HORI
16. The Emperor greets the people
17. First national victory celebration
- X 18. "The birth of New Asia" by TOJO
19. "A plea for further advance" by Col. OHIRA
20. "Do not hope for an easy road" by HIRAIDE

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Analyst: Lt. Goldstein

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P.P. 366-367. of the Book Titled "Greater East Asia war and domestic affairs" published by political intelligence firm Tokyo on the 10th June 1942.

The New year's day Comment of Navy Minister
SHIMADA

(Headed) "Fight it through to final Victory."

The discipline & actual power manifested more and more!

At the first day of the New year under the Greater East Asia war, it is our great joy and honour that we wish the long live of our Emperor and the eternity of throne and to bless the prosperity of our Country.

Since the opening of the hostilities, our Imperial Navy, keeping the close connection with Army, got, as already informed, big war fruits in all areas of Pacific Ocean, and we could show the authority and prestige of our country to the world as well as to the people of the country.

This is not only due to the Imperial virtue and glory of H. H. Majesty the Emperor, but also due to the deliberate fighting of our brave men and officers and to their hard disciplined ^{and trained} efforts for the past ten and a few years.

In thinking of these facts I am full of deep emotion and I can not but feel profound gratefulness to many predecessors of our Navy men and to many brave men who gave their lives for making up the present status of our powerful Navy.

Especially, it should be noted here that Prince Fushimi Hiroyasu ō had been, for about ten years untill the Spring of last year, keeping the position of the Chief of the General Staff. He showed a great merit engaging himself in strategy, tactics and operations, for which we can not keep from the deep impression.

In this war, the brilliant and glorious merits were obtained at the beginning, but the essential warfare is to be in future.

As America and Britain which have been untill now boasting of the world first powers, are the antagonist-party ^{in the world}, we must be careful and should not be remissness.

Our Navy are now firmly resolved to swear to ease the anxiety of H. Majesty ^{the Emperor} by executing the object and aim of the Holy war by displaying our disciplined actual power in accordance with the Royal mind of H. M. the Emperor.

All nationals of our country are now also requested in keen decision with stout mind to fight it through to the final victory in making America and Britain to yield, bow submit and surrender completely.

that the above

I believe ✓ should be the resolution of
all our nationals of the Imperial Country who can
honourably serve and engage in this historical
unprecedented great task in this Greater East
Asia war which decides the future fate of
our Imperial country, at this New Year's day
of 17th year of showa (1942).

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War results cover the
Pacific

by Shimada, Navy Minister

Enemy loses composure
to return a fire

In the south west Pacific navy forces, with the aid of army forces, attack and defeat the enemy forces everywhere and are now following up the fruits of a victory and on the whole surface of the Pacific even as far as the coast of America Proper we attacked all the important points of military operations and of communication and transportation. We are now making great gains and making enemies unable to return

a fire. All the vast area of operations is under the control of use.

Malay

In the district of Malay the army forces are attracting the world attention by their brave and daring march. The navy forces, cooperating with the army forces, make air-raids day and night on Singapore and on land near-by. On sea we control South China Sea and are trying to secure the transportation of our troops and supplies.

British Borneo

After occupying the central important point of [≡],
on Dec. 24 we, army and navy forces, succeeded
to land on ^{the} south west point of Kuching and successfully occupied
the region inclusive of enemy's important aerial
bases. While, as the enemy returned a fire resolutely
we lost one mine-sweeper and one transport ship,
we sank 2 enemy submarines.

Phillippine Islands

On Dec 25 we landed ^(and occupied) at the important point
Hoto on the Island of Sulu. By the occupation of
Dawas and this point, we can control Sulu.

Sea and Celebes Sea and have made our
operation very favorable, ^{for our operation} On Luzon we, with
the aid of the army forces, repeated the attack
upon Corregidor and mopped up the remnants on
South Philippines and British Borneo. After the
occupation of Manila on Jan 2, ^{are} we, making repeated
air raids upon Corregidor while army forces
attack Batan.

Our gains in Philippine Region since the out-
break of the war are:

366 airplanes, ^{shot down} 4 destroyers, 7 submarines,
and 5 merchant vessels sunk and many war

ships and carriers severely damaged. There were also many ships and planes which fled as soon as the war broke out.

NEI

Although we patiently kept from attacking these islands thinking of the innocent people living there, the hostile action of NEI becoming positive, we, reaching at last the end of our endurance, landed at Tarakan of Dutch Borneo and at Port Madao of Celebes.

We lost 2 mine-sweepers, but we shot down or destroyed 6 bombers and sank Prince van Oranien. Near occupied aerodromes and other important points and Menado our naval landing party shot down

or destroyed 9 bombers. We are still following up
the fruits of the victory.

Our gains in this part are 18 ships sunk and
many ships which ^{were destroyed but} are not sure of having been sunk.

The Pacific

Since Dec. 17 we repeated attacks upon Maui,
Johnstone, Sand, Barmira, New Britain, Rabaul
and Tutuila and destroyed power transmission
facilities and other military equipments. Near
Hawaii, on 31st last Dec. we attacked Hilo, ~~and~~
Carpheus and other important points, and destroyed
important military equipments.

Our submarines which are in action off America
Properly sank 10 ships (70,000 tons), destroyed
seriously 3 ships (30,000 tons) and destroyed
slightly 5 vessels (40,000 tons). Our submarines
sank 2 enemy war ships this month.

Our gains which have been sure since the
beginning of the war are:

Sunk:

- 7 battle ships
- 2 carriers
- 2 cruisers
- 6 destroyers
- 18 submarines

27 gun boats and sweepers
destroyed: 4 battle ships
6 cruisers
1 sea plane tender
3 destroyers.

Besides 35 merchant vessels were sunk,
28 were destroyed and 81 captured. 500
boats were captured and 977 planes were
shot down or destroyed.

Our losses are as follow:

1 destroyer

3 sweepers

2 submarines

3 transports

The total since the beginning of the war:

4 destroyers

4 sweepers

3 submarines

4 transports

We lost 15 planes, and since the beginning

we lost 67 in total.

Naval results since the
beginning of the year

29 Enemy Submarines Sunk

52 Vessels (310,000 tons) Sunk

[Announcement by Imperial General Headquarters] (Feb. 7, 4.00 p.m.)

From the beginning of the war till now, the
number of vessels our navy has surely sunk
is 29 submarines and 52 vessels (310,000 tons).

With the results at the beginning, the Imperial
Navy established the sea control over the Pacific.

With these results, the U.S. and Britain only
look with folded hand NEI and Australia
in a panic are crying for help.

U.S. has been
supplied with materials from East

Asia and is now suffering from her shortage of

bottoms. Before the great power of our navy

the future of her navy looks dark.

Dn 176

The Indian Ocean under our power.

(Navy)

16 Feb 1942 (?) same as Dn P 1493 (?)

At the time of the surrender of Singapore, I inform you the outline report of our naval operation which is the continuation of last report. After the outbreak of the war our operations have been very successfully done in every line and our brilliant merits are amazing the whole world. In Malaya where our operations were done in a close collaboration of the army and navy, the enemy was easily defeated without any

counterattack against our army's brave attack and
Singapore fell. I cannot help congratulating you
on this occasion.

Now our operation spreads not only over
the Western Pacific but (over the broad area including)
the whole Pacific
which borders the United States, and this
being done on a large scale the strategic
points and powerful forces of the enemy
are destroyed completely. Especially the
the most reliable
fall of Singapore means the loss of a naval
base by the enemy and we can now
extend our control over air and sea

as far as Indian Ocean. I consider this
very advantageous for our future operations.
Now I inform you of the recent progress
of battles in various places.

Acquiring the Sea Power
at the beginning of the War.

In Malaya in the first place, our navy, in a close collaboration with the army, defeated the sea and air forces of the enemy with our sea and air forces, and we succeeded in removing all the cause of apprehension about the military operation by escorting the transportation ships, acquiring rear route of supply and by defending landing bases.

We destroyed the enemy's bases of their joint operations by attacking constantly

Singapore and Sumatra and its vicinities in addition. And we succeeded in intercepting enemy's transportation of reinforcing forces and ^{their} communication with the rear and their supply by destroying war and transportation ships of the enemy on the ocean to say nothing of Malacca Strait and Java Sea.

Losses which the enemy suffered during 5 days just before the fall of Singapore eg. from Feb. 10 to Feb. 14 are:

Sinking: 1 English cruiser Arethusa type.

1 Auxiliary cruiser

1 Submarine

2 Gun-boats

1 Special duty ship

1 Mine layer

8 transportation ships (about 64,000 tons)

The Enemy's losses, including more than 17

Dutch cruisers sunk or running aground,
amount 32 in total.

On the other hand, our submarine
forces, in operation on the sea from Malay Peninsula
to India Sea, are now succeeding in
agitating the rear and weakening the

fighting spirit. As enemy forces in Malaya were thus isolated and without help and unable to counterattack against our army forces, Singapore fell under our power in 2 months after the outbreak of the war.

Steady Getting back to Normal
of Oil-Manufacture Equipment

On one hand, operations in NEI being successfully done, our army and navy forces, which were controlling Makassar after the occupation of ^{Tarakon} and expecting the time becoming ripe, tried surprise landings on Jan. 24 on Borneo Island, Balikpapan, ~~Celebes Island~~, and Kendari, important point in the south east of Celebes Island. As Balikpapan is the center of the best oil fields of Borneo, the enemy had provided against emergencies and the

battle was very fierce. But we could soon occupy all the important points in the vicinity by the bravery of our forces. We are now repairing oil field and its equipments.

On Jan. 31 we successively occupied Ambon an important point among the islands of Morukka by a fierce attack and could hold sea-power over Banda sea. On Feb. 9 our naval landing forces landed at Makassar the first important point in Celebes and occupied completely the city and its air-

field. Now all the important parts of Celebes
are at our hand, and more results are
now being expected.

Brilliant Victory in Java Island

The attack on Java Island which allied forces considered the center point was begun by a surprise attack of our naval air forces on Feb. 3. By this single attack the enemy lost 85 air-planes, and on Feb. 4 when near Kangean Island we saw American-Dutch allied fleet, we with our strong air forces began an attack, without missing the opportunity, and sinking 1 Hueston class U.S. cruiser, 1 Java class Dutch-cruiser and De Renter, damaging greatly Dutch ~~cruisers~~ Java and Tromp class cruisers, destroyed

all the remnant principal force of the enemy
which ^{had} hidden themselves since the beginning
of the war. On Feb. 9 we made an
air raid upon air fields near Batavia and
destroyed 20 planes. This air raid is still
continued.

Thus the sea and air power over the
district is at our hand, and the enemy
is isolated and without help and their
fighting spirit is certain to ^{have been much} ~~be~~ weakened.

As for our operation on New Britain
Island, on Jan. 23 we occupied Rabol

by a surprise attack in collaboration of the army and navy, and on the same day our landing party landed at Kabieng, northern important point on New Ireland.

We are following up the fruits of a victory in every line.

In the vicinity of Marshall Islands, early on the morning of Feb. 1st an enemy fleet with a cruiser, and a carrier as its nucleus came bombing our base, but by the brave counter-attack of our air forces driven back, one big cruiser being destroyed by fire and several vessels damaged, and besides eleven enemy planes

being shot down.

During the period since Jan. 21 until now
our gains except those mentioned above were:
sunk - 2 destroyers, 15 submarines and 15
special service and merchant vessels amounting to
about 210,000 tons. Total number of enemy
submarines sunk since the beginning of the war
is 33. The number of enemy's loss of
planes is 277 to ours of 36, and the total
loss of the enemy since the beginning of the
war is 1,254.

The War/Should Be Fought/

Still in Future.

The above mentioned is the outline of the recent war situation, and we are grateful to the august virtue of His Majesty to which the success of our operation on land and sea and the further fruits of the victory are attributable. Now with the fall of Singapore, the establishment of the Greater East Asia is made certain and it cannot be denied even by the enemy who trends to talk big that we have secured a steady footing of the operation on the high seas

of Indian Ocean and near Australia.

Now considering the scale of the Greater East Asia War and our ambitious operation plan in the future, we feel keenly that it is by in the future our execution of war, that we can give life to the important meaning of the fall of Singapore. Naval officers and men expect to overcome every difficulty and to accomplish the final end of the war in obedience to His Majesty's wish, without being content with the fruits of victories already gained and with an indomitable spirit.

At the conclusion of this, I sincerely express

sorrow to the death of the brave who died for the
country and sympathize their bereaved.

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Strong Finance under the Great Victory

Finance Minister Plans the Establishment

of Greater East Asia Finance

I now explain the main points of the budget for the year 1942 including the revenue and expenditure together with the Supplementary Budget

No. 1, which is to be submitted. As for the

revenue, the sum in the principal budget is ^{more than}

1,235,000,000 yen and that in the supplementary ^{more than}

2,462,000,000 yen, the total ^{sum} amounts more than

8,698,000,000 yen. This means the increase of

more than 40,000,000 yen compared with the budget for last year (the total including the budget already executed and the supplementary which is to be submitted to this session).

~~At the time of forming the principal budget regarding the then situation for 1942, we appropriated only the sum indispensable for the execution of the state policy regarding the then situation such as the education~~

At the time we formed the principal budget for 1942, we, regarding the then situation, appropriated only the continuing expenditure indispensable for the execution of the state policy

such as education expenditure. Therefore we should here make the supplementary proposal in the expenditure to execute the necessary plans suitable for the new situation after the outbreak of the war with Britain and the U. S.

For forming the budget, following the principle of encouraging large-scale industries, we attach importance to ^{getting} materials, funds and labor indispensable to the victory of the war and appropriate only the sum for emergent need and of feasible use of which the desired results can be easily obtained.

New items of expenditure for which we appropriate ^{funds} attaching importance to the budget including principal and supplementary are: (1) expenditure for enlarging productive power and for maintaining low prices, to wit increased expenditure necessary for the policy of increasing coal products and the expenditure for purchasing pig iron, &c. totaling ^{more than} 383,000,000 yen beside which the sum of ^{more than} 274,000,000 yen is to be submitted to the expenditure of enlarging productive capacity, (2) expenditure for reorganization of industries, to wit the expenditure necessary for industrial facilities

corporations, for reorganizing small and medium
commerces and industries, for aiding those who
changed, or are driven out of, their business,
for making up the loss of the national welfare funds,
etc. totaling 102,000,000 yen,

(3) expenditure for national health preservation, to
wit the expenditure for ^{carrying} the policies of national
life and population, the expenditures for encouraging
rice production and for encouraging principal food
production, increase of expenditure for national health
and insurance, ^{the} expenditure for establishing medical
treatment corporation, ^{the} expenditure for medical supplies

policy, the expenditure for residence policy, the expenditure for executing national physical strength law, &c. totaling ^{more than} 381,000,000 yen.

Now I want to add here that the Government attaches importance to the advancement of the national health and to the welfare of the national life, ~~and~~ that in reforming tax rates the government fixed of deducting from the income tax twice or thrice as much as the former deduction in ratio of the number of family-members to be supported, and that enlarging the temporary allowance system

the government decides to abolish the limitation of the number of family members to whom the allowance is given, and intends to protect big families in accordance to the population policy.

(4) Expenditure for storing up important materials the expenditure for such as storing up important food stuffs and that for supervising important materials, totaling more than 50,000,000 yen,

(5) As expenditure for helping soldiers, the increase in the expense of warfare support, for supporting wounded and sick soldiers, and for encouraging the aid for soldiers all totaling 135,000,000 yen,

(6) as expenditures for encouraging the study of sciences and technique, the expense for technique institute, that for renovation of sciences and techniques, that for aiding the scientific study, that for the establishment of wireless operators' training school, and that for training plane pilots are appropriated and they amount to ^{more than} ¥ 56,000,000 yen,

(7) as expenditures for air defense, the expense for air defense equipments and materials and that for executing air defense are appropriated and they amount to ^{more than} ¥ 36,000,000 yen.

We have now only the expenses urgent and compulsory for the present situation. As for the state reserve funds, we have to increase the sum for the preparation in case of the excess of the estimate and supplementary expenditure, and we decide the sums of the first reserve fund ^{at} ¥50,000,000 yen, the 2nd reserve fund at ¥800,000,000 yen throughout the principal and supplementary budget.

~~As for~~ The sum to be put in the special item of temporary special military expenditure amounts to ^{more than} ¥2,525,000,000 yen throughout the principal and supplementary budgets, while the

sum which we appropriated in every special account

throughout the principal and supplementary budgets

amounts to ^{more than} ¥ 514,000,000 yen, and the grand

total to ^{more than} ¥ 3,040,000,000 yen.

Next after cutting down the already decided expenses with the strict deliberation, the expenditure for civil ministries was cut down by 308,000,000 yen.

The expenditure for War and Navy Ministries was cut down by 3,668,000,000 yen, as the great-

er part of the account for the establishment of ~~the~~ army divisions and naval vessels is

put in the temporary war expenditure according

to the present situation.

Next I explain about the revenue budget. The revenue budget of the general account appropriated in this budget amounts to more than 6,248,000,000 yen and that appropriated in the supplementary budget to more than 2,450,000,000 yen totaling 8,698,000,000 yen. To itemize, in both the principal and supplementary, ordinary revenues such as tax etc. amount to more than 7,248,000,000 yen, the loan to more than 54,000,000 yen, and the public loan to more than 1,396,000,000 yen.

The tax income, main part of the revenue of both the ordinary and Temporary budgets, amounts to more than 5,660,000,000 yen. If this be compared with that of last year, the increase amounts to ^{more than} 1,897,000,000 yen, which consists of the increase in the indirect taxes ^{more than} 464,000,000 yen, that in the direct taxes ^(more than 967,000,000 yen) which are to be proposed in this session and ^{the} ~~that~~ increase naturally ^(made) which amounts more than 468,000,000 yen.

Moreover, the tax income of this year ^(is indeed six times as great as) that of 1936 and amounts to more than 965,000,000 yen. Of the incomes beside the tax income

important increases is made in stamp revenue
(including the increase from the raised rate) by more
than 17,000,000 yen, forestry income by more
than 20,000,000 yen, tobacco monopoly ^{income} by
more than 134,000,000 yen, and ^{the income from} _{the payment}
into Nippon Bank by 51,000,000 yen &c.

In addition to the amount of the public loan
to be raised in the general account, we add more
than 831,000,000 yen of public loans to be raised
in the special accounts of Korea, Formosa, Imperial
railway, communication and Government Investment,
and the amount of public loans to be raised

as the source of revenue for making up
this year's expenditure will be ^{more than} 2,228,000,000 yen
excluding ^{source for the} the temporary war expenditure.

As for the war expenditure for the Greater
East Asia War, we must ^{introduce it in, and} obtain the approval
of the Diet.

The money market last year was very
calm, and, in spite of the Greater East Asia
War, developed well without any trouble.
Although the large sum of money dispersed by the Government
amounted to a large sum, the circulation
was done pretty well. Though the ^{highest} amount of

convertible notes amounted to more than 6,231,

000,000 yen and showed the increase of ^{more than} 1,30%,

000,000 yen compared with that of the year

before last, the ^{favorable} contraction of currency was

in effect. ~~The postal savings amounted to~~

~~more~~ The deposit in the banks amounted to

more than 6,631,000,000 yen and the

postal savings to 1,650,000,000 yen. The

loan market also was favorable and the

amount of new bonds issued last year

amounted ^{to more than} 2,649,000,000 yen.

The National Loan raised during last year amounted to more than 8,782,000,000 yen, but the subscription was made for the sum of more than 7,361,000,000 yen which sum was 83.9% of the total amount of the loan raised. ~~Since~~

The total amount of the loan raised since the outbreak of China Incident amounted to more than 26,366,000,000 yen of which the sum of ^{more than} 21,827,000,000 yen was subscribed to, the result being favorable for 82.8% of the loan was already subscribed.

The Government, considering deliberately the

influence upon the financial demand, the national life and national economy, planned to increase taxation with an approval and has already executed the plan on indirect taxes such as a liquor tax and so on. It has now decided again to increase the rate of direct taxation for appropriating the temporary war expenditure to this session and has submitted the tax reformation bill which is necessary for the plan.

From the same standpoint, the Government has abolished the exchange rate based upon the English and American money and settled

the autonomous exchange rate. Moreover, we wish that English and American ^{financial} influence ~~in~~ ~~the regions of South Sea~~ be rooted out of the South Sea Regions, ~~and~~ currencies to be used in these regions be based on the Japanese standard, and accounts be settled in Tokyo through yen. Thus we bring about the Greater East Asia Financial Block with Japan as its centre.

The settlement of the autonomous exchange rate by Japan and the financial penetration of the bank of Japan into the south

mean the advancement of our financial policy in the Greater East Asia Sphere. Everywhere in the South our war notes are welcome by, and circulated among, the people, and we are planning to take measures in currency and financial policies as well as other miscellaneous affairs to meet the needs of the hour.

The Government now, reforming the regulation of the Bank of Japan and abolishing the convertibility of its notes, declares to adopt the controlled currency policy which goes

entirely off gold. But this reformation means only the confirmation of the already determined fact and not the negation of the value of gold. To make the financial control and the practical use of funds thoroughgoing, we ~~must~~^{think it best to} regulate the system of financial organs and make them positively cooperate the Government in the control of finance.

The Government is thus preparing for establishing organs which aim to control finance.

It is the essential aim of

time finance to supply smoothly the urgent industries of the country such as munitions industry, industries expanding productive capacity, and others. All the financial organs should endeavor in this line. Now the organs which formally used to engage in commercial finance, ^{now} change their business to ^{finance} war time industries, and all the financial organs now take the nature of war time financial organs

Among urgent industries for war time, however, there are some which cannot be supplied with sufficient capital by the already existing organs in ordinary ways, and the tendency shows that capitals in such industries are growing larger. We then should decisively formulate a large scaled and synthetic financial and economic plan and hope ^(to accomplish our aim) with the great endeavor and _(aid of) infinite endurance of 100,000,000 people of earnest patriotism.

Subjektum un dem
plurale un

01761-E-9

Translated by K. Kawai

Checked by [unclear]

THE GREATER EAST ASIA ESTABLISHMENT COUNCIL

Established in the Cabinet. ~~Adopted a Protonotial~~

perfection of Grand ~~State~~ Policy. Expected

The Government, which ~~has~~ ^{at the 79th Diet, a grand} ~~declared~~ ^{session of the} ~~policy~~ for the establishment of the Greater East Asia, has decided to ~~now~~ establish a central investigation organ

called the "Greater East Asia Establishment Council" in order to

~~make assurance~~ ^{assure the perfection} doubly sure in planning and carrying out the

great policy ~~according to~~ ^{following} the remarkable development of the

● Holy War. ^{expecting to give full scope to total national strength} ~~mere~~ of intelligence and ability among civilians

in various quarters shall be mobilized and joined to the

Council, ^{to have them} which, ^{and make} in ^{response} ~~answer~~ to consultation, ~~is to~~ investigate ^{suggestions regarding all important}

~~matters~~ for the establishment of the Greater East Asia, except those ^(and to make a proposal about the same)

~~concerning~~ military and diplomatic affairs. The outline of the plan

for establishment of the Council was brought before the Cabinet meeting held on ^{the} 13th, and ^{after the discussion} has been decided to be ^{made public} announced

by the Information Bureau. The Council shall be set up in

the Cabinet, installing the Premier as the president and the

President of the Planning Board as the chief secretary. The

members of the ^(Council) shall be, ^(with) 37 civilians who are men of ^(organized)

② as the members of the council.

intelligence and experience, ^(it is prescribed that) ~~aided from~~ ^{special members selected} ~~jointly consisting of~~ ^{this technical committee} ~~from among both~~ Government officials and civilians ^{may} ~~be~~ appointed if necessary.

The Outline of the Plan for Setting up the Greater East Asia Establishment Council

I. Principle ^{policy}
For the purpose of ^{giving full scope to the} ~~letting~~ ^{total national strength} ~~the total power of our state~~ exercise fully in planning synthetically for establishment of the Greater East Asia and ^{carrying out} ~~practising~~ the plan, the Greater East Asia Establishment Council shall be set up ^{accordance with} ~~according to~~ the following outline:

II. The Outline

1. The Greater East Asia Establishment Council shall be under the supervision of the Premier. It shall investigate, deliberate, ^{and also make suggestions regarding} ~~support~~ ^{(in response to inquiry,} ~~concerning the) ~~establishment of the Greater East Asia (except those concerning military and diplomatic affairs), and make a proposal~~ ^{concerning the)} ~~at the same~~ ^{concerning the)} ~~time.~~~~
2. The Greater East Asia Establishment Council shall consist of a president and 40 members.

the council.

3. The Premier shall be the president of it. The members shall be appointed by Imperial Order from among men of intelligence and experience. The State Minister shall attend its conferences ~~on~~ ^{ally} occasions and ^{their} present his views.

4. The term of service of the members shall be two years. They ~~may~~ ^{be relieved of duties} however, resign their offices ~~or~~ during that term, ~~when~~ ^{when there is} they have specific reason.

5. When it is necessary for investigation and deliberation of ~~certain~~ ^{technical committees} ~~particular~~ matters, special members may be appointed. The

● Cabinet shall select and appoint the ^{technical committees} special members

~~at the Premier's request~~ from among higher officials of the Government offices concerned or ^{civilians} others of intelligence and experience whom ^{at} the Premier has ^{request to} petitioned the Emperor.

6. When the Premier ^{deems} ~~considers~~ it is necessary, he ^{has the authority} ~~is able~~ to have ^{to be competent} the ^{technical committees} special members or others whom he considers are ^{to be competent} fitted to attend the conferences and ^{express} ~~present~~ their views.

7. The president shall preside over the ^{affairs of the council} conference. When ^{under} any circumstances ~~the~~ ^{anything wrong} the President is unable to preside, a State Minister whom the Premier ^{has} designated shall act for the President.

8. The Greater East Asia Establishment Council ^{may} ~~shall~~ be added to

(4)

~~is~~ divided into departments.

9. The Greater East Asia Establishment Council shall have a chief secretary, secretaries and assistant secretaries. The President of the Planning Board shall be the chief secretary. The secretaries shall be appointed by the Cabinet from among higher officials of the Government offices, concerned ^(civilians) or ~~others~~ of intelligence and experience whom the Premier ^{has requested} petitioned the Emperor. The assistant secretaries shall be appointed by the Cabinet from among higher officials of the Government offices concerned whom ^{at} the Premier's ^{request} has petitioned the Emperor.

10. The Planning Board shall take charge of general affairs of the Greater East Asia Establishment Council. The assistant secretaries shall participate in the general affairs.

All ~~Experts are joined~~ Well-experienced men represented.

37 Members of the Greater East Asia Establishment Council.

The Government has entrusted the following 37 persons with the duty as members of the Greater East Asia Establishment Council. As mentioned in the outline of the plan for setting up the Council, a number of men of ^{able and skilled} intelligence, ^{and} experience, ability and skill in various quarters such as

⑤

political ~~circles~~ ^{and} financial ~~world~~ ^{circles,} to say nothing of the army and the navy, are ^{included} ~~joined~~ as its members.

The Members

ARITA, Hachirō Member of the House of Peers

ANDO, Kisaburō Vice-President of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, Lieutenant-General

AYUKAWA, Zisuke President of the Manchurian Heavy Industry Development Corporation

ADACHI, Kenzō Member of the House of Representatives

● INOUE, Ikutarō, General

ISHIWATA, Sōtarō Member of the House of Peers

ISHIGURO, Tadaatsu Chief Director of Agriculture Patriotic Service League

ITŌ, Bunkichi President of the Mine Control Association, Baron

ŌTANI, Kōzui

ŌKŌCHI, Masatoshi President of ^{the} Industrial Machine Control Association, Viscount

● ŌKUBO, Toshikata President of the YOKOHAMA Specie Bank

ŌTANI, Noboru President of the NIHON-YUSEN KAISHA Company

KATSUDA, Shukei Member of the House of Peers

⑥

KURODA, Nagakazu Member of the House of Peers, Baron

KUHARA, Fusanosuke

KOISO, Kuniaki, General

KOBAYASHI, Seizō, Admiral

KODAMA, Hideo Member of the House of Peers, Count

KODAMA, Kenji President of the Central Promotion Corporation ^{China}

SAKURAUCHI, Yukio Member of the House of Peers Representative

SHIMADA, Toshio Member of the House of Representatives

SHIBA, Kōshirō President of the Shipbuilding Control Association

TAKAHASHI, Sankichi Admiral

TANAKA, Tokichi President of the Japan Newspaper Association

TSUSHIMA, Toshiichi President of the North China Development
Company

TSUDA, Shingo President of the Federation of the Spinning Association

TOKUTOMI, Ichirō Member of the House of Peers

NAKAJIMA, Chikubei Member of the House of Representatives

NANGO, Saburō President of the Japan Trade Association

HASHIMOTO, Keisaburō President of the Imperial Oil Company

HIRAO, Hachisaburō President of the Iron and Steel Control
Association

⑦
FUJIWARA, Jimjiro President of the Governmental Corporation of
Industrial Installation

FUJIYAMA, Aiichiro President of the Japan Chamber of Commerce
and Industry

HOSOKAWA, Gonyu Member of the House of Peers, Marquis

MACHIDA, Chiji Member of the House of Representatives

MATSUMOTO, Kenjiro President of the Coal Control Association

YUKI, Toyotarō President of the Bank of Japan

Translated by YAMASAKI Munenao

1761-E-10

Dec. , 1947.

Checked by W. G. T. V. H.

①

~~The~~ Grand National Policy Clarified by
~~the~~ Premier ~~at~~ the Diet Session

(for the 2nd time)

Do not ~~grudge~~ ^{regret} a helping hand to
Indian Independence.

Respect ~~the~~ ^{the} desire of Indonesia.

- Premier Tojo ^{requested and the opening} made a speech
at the specially held ~~the~~ plenary session
of the House of Peers and House of
Representatives, ~~specially held~~
on the 16th ^{for} its official announce-
~~ment~~ ~~of~~ the fall of Singapore.
After emphasizing ^{the} epoch-making
significance of the advancement
of our grand military operations
with their climax at the fall of
Singapore and of the unprecedented

● military result in history, upon the future of the various nations in the Greater East Asia as well as the building of a New Order of the World, he clarified our grand national policy based on the great spirit of the origination our Country which now stands on the stage at

● a turning of the world ^{history} and called upon all ³ nations concerned and other states ~~to~~ to the following points:-

(1) The real object of our Empire's advance to Burma is the destruction of the British military strongholds together with cutting off the ^{British and American} ~~China~~ ^{China} ~~aid routes~~ ^{aid routes} ~~by the~~

● U.S.A. and Great Britain. In case where the Burmese ^{people} ~~masses~~ ^{people} come

to cooperate with us, ^{our} ~~the~~ position ⁽³⁾
assistance would be given them
for the construction of Burma for
the Burmese;

(2) India has a good oppor-
tunity to participate in the con-
struction of ~~a~~ ^{the} Co-prosperity Sphere,
by escaping from the British oppression,
and our Empire expects, ^{under} India
would recover her original position
and we do not, ^{in the} least, ~~by~~ grudge our
help for their patriotic endeavours.

(3) Holland must thoroughly
be defeated, but, ~~in case where~~
~~the~~ Indonesia ~~not~~ cooperates
with us by understanding our
real ~~object~~ ^{aim}, their territory should
be made a place of peaceful

● settlement, ~~being~~ emancipated from ~~the~~ Dutch oppression;

(4) It would be well for the benefit of the ^{people's} masses if Australia and New Zealand ~~should~~ ^{to} keep away from a futile war and assume a just attitude by understanding our real aim;

● (5) Although ^{positively} we want ~~certainly~~ ^{to} ~~strike~~ a final blow with an iron hammer on the Chungking Government, we want to treat the Chinese masses with brotherly feeling to the very last; and

(6) South America and other neutral states ^{are expected not} ~~would not~~ ^{to be} ~~be~~ foolish enough to "gather chestnuts" in the flames" restrained by the U.S.A. and Great Britain.

⑤

The Premier made these various points clear, ^{by} going a step farther to the speech on administrative principles made at the reopening of the Diet on the 21st last, and thanked the Allied States for their concert and exertion together with an historical declaration towards the world. ~~In the last~~

① ~~At last~~ ^{Finally}, he stated that the fall of Singapore only marked one step in the Greater East Asiatic War and admonished the nation not to gloat ~~in~~ in the victory but to go on ~~the~~ ^{with} positive military operations ~~in~~ hand in hand with the Axis Powers.

② "As already announced by the ^{Imperial} General Headquarters, yester-

day, the 15th, our Army occupied Singapore. With regard to the military operations, the Army and Naval authorities will make a report, and I ^(at this opportunity) am pleased to make a statement of what I believe, ~~taking this opportunity~~.

"As soon as the Imperial Declaration of War was graciously issued, the capital ships of the American and British fleets were destroyed quickly at the beginning of the war: We took Hongkong in only twenty days, Manila in thirty days, and Singapore in less than seventy days - thus the three great strongholds of America and Great Britain were occupied by us. Moreover,

While the points of strategic advantage such as Borneo, Celebes, New Britain, etc. fell to our hands, the main Dutch East Indian fleet was destroyed and our army is overwhelming the vast and limitless districts and engaged in the boundless operations unknown in the history of mankind."

"These brilliant victories are ~~not~~^{now} other than the results of our soldiers' brave and fierce fighting under the august virtue of His Majesty. I tender here ^{deep} my grateful thanks to the departed souls of our

heroes who, forgetting their homes and themselves, fought and died to lay the corner stones of our Empire to ^{the} wounded

● a sick soldiers in far^{saw} ~~off~~ strange
 lands, ^{to the} brave fighting men ~~*~~
 conquering great hardships
 and dangers on land, at sea
 and in the air, and ^{also to} ~~again~~ those fellow
 countrymen who are either ~~keeping~~
 charge of the homes after sending
 away their husbands, sons
 or brothers to the ^{front} fighting line
 to work freely for the sake of
 their fatherland, ^{those bearing the hardships} or ~~in~~ giving
 a helping hand to housekeeping
 or in the faithful service
~~behind the guns~~ ~~tearing~~
~~the hardships.~~

" As I have often said,
 the aim of the Greater East Asiatic
 War is to establish firmly a
 New Order in the Co-Prospérité

- Sphere, based on the moral ideas of our country as its center, by setting up all the races and countries of the Greater East Asia in their appropriate places ^{based up on the} ~~originating~~ ^{supreme result of the origination of our country.} in the grand ideals of our ancestors and it is quite different in essence to the attitude of America and Great Britain towards the East Asia.

Policy Towards Burma and India.

Singapore and other strategic points, which were once British and American bases ^{for} ~~of~~ invading and oppressing the East Asia, are now coming to life with boundless hope and glory ^{the} in future as the East Asia Races' bases of establishing and protecting a new Order. Thus, such places as Hongkong, ^{the} Philippines and Malay Peninsula have already taken their steady and long steps towards the new construction.

At this epoch-making ^{occasion} ~~moment~~, I should like to express again our country's real intention to all the peoples and nations concerned.

Now, the Imperial Army is making steady progress in its attack ^{also,} ~~also~~ in Burma ~~District~~, and the important places are falling into our hand one by one. The real object of our Empire's advance to Burma is the destruction of the British military stronghold together with cutting off the ^{British and American} ~~helping~~ ^{China} ~~trade route to General Chiang~~ ^{and} ~~routes~~ by the U.S.A and Great Britain. Needless to say, ~~we~~ ^{the} Burmese people ^{are not} ~~are~~ our enemy. Accordingly, ^{people recognize Britain's impotence} if the Burmese ~~people~~ ^{are} looking at the Britain's present

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is the destruction of the British military stronghold together

~~with cutting off the helping trade route to General Chiang~~ ^{British and American Chiang aid} ~~routes.~~

by the U.S.A and Great Britain. Needless to say, ~~we~~

~~do not have~~ ^{the} Burmese people ~~are not~~ ^{are not} our enemy. Accordingly,

~~if the Burmese masses~~ ^{people recognize Britain's impotence} looking at the Britain's present

betrayed ^{by} ~~the~~ present situation, and, ~~circumstances betraying her impotence,~~ shaking off

~~their fetters for many years~~ ~~many years of fetters,~~ and come to co-operate with us, Japan

is willing to give positive co-operation in 'the Construction

of Burma for the Burmese' which is the long-cherished

desire of the Burmese people. ^{as for} ~~As to~~ India, which has an

history of thousands of years and ~~the~~ tradition of glorious

^{culture} ~~civilization~~, it is high time to get out of Britain's

tyrannical oppression and take part in the establishment

of Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere. Our Empire

expects ^{that} India would restore her original position

as India for the Indians, ^{in the} ~~and we do not~~ ^{least} ~~to~~ begrudge our

help for their patriotic endeavours. If India, as regarding

her history and tradition, ~~to~~ ^{does} but awakens her

mission, and yields to British order still allured by

sweet words and baits of Britain, ^{I am afraid} ~~I can not but~~

that she may ~~lose~~

be anxious about their ~~losing~~ the best opportunity ^{for} of a restoration of her race.

~~the Indians restoration.~~

Attitude towards the Netherland Indies, Australia,

and New Zealand.

The Dutch ^{forces resisting us} ~~troops~~ which boldly keep on ~~making~~

assistance in co-operation with U.S.A. and Great Britain,

must be thoroughly defeated. But in case ~~where~~ the

Indonesian understand our real intention and co-operate

with us in the building ~~of~~ ^a Greater East Asia, we will

respect their wishes and tradition, and make their

territory a peaceful place emancipated from the

oppression of the Dutch Government, ~~at a~~ a puppet in the hands

of U.S.A and Great Britain, so to speak.

Keep away from

Australia and New Zealand should ~~avoid the futile~~

a futile war,

fighting without expecting the unreliable support of U.S.A

and Britain. The Welfare of their ^{peoples} masses solely depends on

their assuming a just attitude by understanding our real intention

The ^{people} masses of Australia and New Zealand, themselves, ^{are} must

~~know~~ ^{know} very well, how Great Britain are making use of and

treating the ^{forces} troops of Australia and New Zealand, in

Europe, Hongkong and Malay Peninsula.

Turning to the China, Continent, we find that by the fall of Singapore, one corner of British and American one corner of the siege of Japan which Britain and U.S.A. ~~intentional~~ encircling front against Japan had been ~~fractured~~, were completely destroyed by the fall has been completely destroyed. Besides, our of Singapore. Besides, ~~by inevitable~~ march of our Army ^{by its} rapid attacks, is going to cut off troops, the cutting off of the so-called Burma Route ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ ~~near~~ ^{near} future to drive very near in future. Thus, the Chung-King Government to the last ditch without any help from the are going to be in isolated difficult situations, and our outside ^{firmly}, and then country, intends to deal a deadly blow to ^{them} ~~the~~ Chung-King Government. However, as I ^{have always} told you, ~~often~~, we want to

treat the Chinese people with brotherly feeling to the last and cooperate with them in the establishment of Greater East Asia

Therefore, it is a matter ^{of} ~~for~~ great regret that the Chinese

people ~~manus~~ are still in extreme distress ^{being} misled by some while Greater East Asia is bigoted leaders, ~~at this glorious prospering moment of Greater making a glorious development East Asia.~~

I am convinced that South America and other neutral ^{Powers} states would surely understand our ~~country's~~ real intention ~~without being restrained by the U.S.A and Great Britain~~ ~~in favour of our~~ ~~best~~ they should be foolish enough to "pick up chestnuts in the flames" ~~under the restraint of the U.S.A and Great~~

Britain. Greatful
Express His Gratitude for the Co-operation
of Axis Powers
of Our Friendly Nations

The Japanese including me ^(I, with the Japanese people) ~~with~~ take this opportunity of ~~the occasion~~ ~~to express our gratitude~~ ~~of~~ ~~to our~~ Axis Powers for their co-operation and kindness ~~to~~ us. It is a matter ~~of~~ ^{of} great

pleasure that Manchukuo, ^{the} Chinese National Government,
 Siam, ^{and} French Indochina etc. have always shared suffering
 and pleasure with Japan and are exerting themselves in
 order to build up the Greater East Asia Co-prosperity

Sphere. Also we are deeply impressed by the fact that
~~our Axis Powers in Europe~~ such as
~~our allied countries in Europe including~~ Germany and Italy,
 in close co-operation with Japan, have achieved
 brilliant ^{war} results of ~~war~~ and are making further efforts

towards the establishment of a ^{New} World ~~7~~ Order. Here-

upon, I ^{express} ~~send~~ my hearty respect for their brave and

strenuous efforts, ^{and} at the same time, earnestly hope that

they may still more achieve good results of war.

Form a National United Front to
 unite ourselves firmly and annihilate Anglo-American
 Influences.

Now, Singapore has surrendered, but this is nothing but
 the first step towards the accomplishment of the Greater
 East Asia War, and we must never be ^{therefor} ~~puffed up~~ ^{slated} with
 our victory nor be off our guard. Real fighting lies
 in ^{the} future. That is to say, Our Empire, with this great
 victory as a starting-point, is going to annihilate
 thoroughly Anglo-American powers and their satellites,
 by co-operating more closely with our friendly ^{powers} ~~nations~~
 and ~~still more~~ carrying out ^{more} positive operations.

Heavily at the fall of Singapore, as well as the whole
~~Here, getting~~ the news of Singapore's fall, ~~the~~ ~~London~~
~~nation, expressed~~

our heartiest congratulation on the victory of our

Army, and simultaneously make a vow that all the Japanese,
both the government and the people, will ~~be~~ ^{keep} in perfect

~~harmony~~ ^{harmony}, renewing our determination to achieve ~~our~~ ^{the war} purposes in

the execution of war and ~~thus~~ ^{and} ease the Emperor's mind.

IPS 1761, E-18

Trans. by Y. Watanabe
Checked by J. Watanabe

New Birth of ^{New} Asia
Hardships ~~of~~ ^{the} glorious Founders of New Asia

Speech of Premier at National Congratulatory Rally

Singapore fell on the 15th. Singapore, which was political and military a ~~new~~ ^{stronghold} for British ~~age-long~~ ^{permanent} subjugation of in East Asia

one billion various ~~bristi~~ ^{bristi} people since 120 years ago, has now ~~fallen~~ ^{come under} into the ~~influence~~ ^{grace} of our ~~Imperial~~ ^{His Majesty's} power.

Since the Imperial Rescript ^{for} of War was issued, the Imperial Forces ^(thus bore down all the enemies) have ~~seen~~ ^{met} no difficult

~~enemy~~ ^{main bodies} to tackle. They destroyed the mainstays of

swept away, overwhelmed the enemy, and has thus attained
 these brilliant war results. When we look back
 To think of the progress of the war ~~up~~ up to now, we feel ourselves
 full of deep emotion rising up and also of uncontrollable
 feelings of hearty appreciation. Now as a result of

this great victory, a new Asia was born
 and a new turn is being made in the history of
 the world. The rejoicing of us ten million
 people is such that it can hardly be restrained.
 The pleasure of us the billion
 nation is really impossible to sup-
 knows no bound.

This great victory is entirely attributable
 solely owing to

the august virtue of
 the divine influence of the Emperor, for which

IPS 1761 | E-18

Trans. by Y. Watanabe
Checked by [unclear]

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~~enemy to tackle.~~ They ^{main bodies} destroyed the mainstays of

at the outbreak of war,
the U.S. and British fleets and ^{then occupying} ~~occupied~~ Hongkong,²

Manila and Singapore in a ^{running} series of operations.

Now, with the reduction ^{into our forces' hands} of the Anglo-American

age-long strongholds ^{for} of East Asiatic invasion, ~~the~~

Sun-flags are ~~flying~~ ^{flying} triumphantly over those

~~areas~~ places.

^{Our Empire}
The ~~Imperial~~ country has endured ~~extremity~~ ^{patiently} ~~for a long time,~~
and long enough the American and British oppressions.

But once the authority and existence of the ^{Empire} ~~country~~
^{was endangered} ~~became~~ critical, it arose resolutely at the

Emperor's command and, with a speed of lightning,

swept away, overwhelmed the enemy, and has thus attained
these brilliant war results. When we look back
To think of the

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The ~~divine~~ influence of the Emperor, for which

fact we ^{are filled with trepidation and} ~~have no word to express our~~ 4

appreciation ~~gratitude~~. As for the ^{hard} ~~gallant~~ fighting of ^{unparalleled} our loyal and brave ^{officers and men,} ~~soldiers,~~ together with our ^{people} ~~nation,~~ express ~~hearty~~ ^{Thanks,} ~~feeling of thankfulness.~~

In the pre-war days, the leaders of America and Britain underestimated the real power of Japan,

and they imagined that the ^{our Empire} ~~imperial~~ country would easily be ~~subjugated~~ by economic oppression and ^{by} ~~strengthened~~

encirclement ~~position~~ against Japan. The fact

was ^{however} ~~simply~~ ^{quite} ~~the~~ ^{contrary,} and it must be ^{to their expectation}

a serious blunder ~~the responsibility of~~ on the part of the

Anglo-American ^{statesmen} ~~leaders~~ that they have thrown

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encirclement ~~position~~ against Japan. The fact

was ^{however} ~~simply~~ ^{quite} ~~the~~ ^{contrary,} and it must be ^{to their expectation}

a serious blunder ~~the responsibility of~~ on the part of the

Anglo-American ^{statesmen} ~~leaders~~ that they have thrown

their people into ^a war which the people disliked, and particularly, ~~also~~ ^{miserable} into a ~~defeat~~ lost-war.

Our Empire
The Imperial country must fight ~~further~~

to the final victory ~~of~~ until the enemy surrenders,

by ^{further} occupying ~~important~~ ^{a more} ~~numbers of~~ ^{key strategic} ~~important~~ points,

by ensuring important resources, ^{by} cooperating with Manchukuo, China, Thailand and other

~~the~~ ^{aroused} ~~arisen~~ ^{races} nations of East Asia, ~~such as~~ Manchukuo,

~~China, Thailand and others, and also~~ by strengthening of power ~~of~~ ^{by} ~~presence~~ under collaboration corresponding the efforts of ^{with} such European friendly

powers as Germany and Italy.

One of our old proverbs says, "One who

6
goes 100 miles must think ^{as if} he ~~came~~ ^{came} only 50

miles when he reaches ^{a point} ~~90~~ 90 miles ^{away} ~~point~~."

T. N.

That Jap proverb teaches that we ~~can~~ can never
be ~~too~~ ^{too} careful ~~too much~~.

The war of Greater East Asia has ~~started~~ ^{taken} but
one step. ~~Though~~ ^{neither} we do ~~not~~ fear ~~whatever~~

our possible

~~the~~ ^a steep passage ~~of ours~~ nor do we dislike mind

our possible long ways to go, ^{and} we must

greatly be ^{careful} ~~on the~~ guard not to ~~relax~~ ^{ease} our efforts.

~~efforts~~ ~~at~~ whatever.

Now our great victory at the outset

of the war has strengthened our conviction of

7

absolute victory and ~~has~~ ^{is now} secured ~~at~~ ^{our} ~~our~~ _{ing}
invincible positions.

We wish, ~~hereby~~ ^{hereafter}, to face ~~the future~~
~~with great pride~~ _{our} weighty mission, with
~~the~~ great pride ~~of~~ as the founders and
leaders of Greater East Asia and
with such a firm determination to go
through thick and thin for loyalty's sake.

Let me swear, ~~that~~ on this
occasion ^{day} of the 1st Victory Congratulation ~~Rally~~
meeting and Nation's Rally, that, ~~that~~
while ~~we~~ appreciating the brilliant war

results by the Imperial forces and ^{the} blessed

future of Asia, I march devotedly

toward the fulfillment of this sacred

way, with a thankful heart for ^{the ~~war~~ spirit of the} dead _{war}

and ^{for} the ~~war~~ wounded soldiers, officers and
men.

ITEM 15

"We have heavenly aid and divine grace"

TOJO's lecture on lecture meeting held on 16 Jan. 42 is as follow

(The meeting was given by two of the Shinto Societies)

TOJO emphasized that we have heavenly aid and divine grace and that this ^{holly} war was started by the moral spirits of the Imperial Japan.

ITEM 19

Declarations by YOKUSAN DOMEI and DOKOKAI

Declaration of YOKUSAN DOMEI. or Imperial Rule Assistance Diet members League.

The mission of the Diet under the Greater East Asia War is to direct the new age

DOKOKAI's declaration

Resolution was made to strengthen the spirit of service developement of industry etc.

ITEM 20

Explanation of the methods of directing the War of Greater East Asia

At the opening of the 79th Diet (on 21 Jan.) Premier TOJO made the following speech.

Since the outbreak of the war, we have had victories in succession conquering almost all strategic points in Greater East Asia Area. On the other hand, suppression of the Chanking regime was much strengthened, and it is a matter of congratulation that the power of Japan has been shown to the whole world.

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ITEM 25. "Plans for Greater East Asia Economic Establishment"

23

, 42

TOJO's answer to the question given by SAKURAI Heigoro at the general meeting of Lower House

TOJO emphasized the four points

- 1. Secure resources which are vital to the completion of war
- 2. Check the resources of South from going to hostile nations

5. The Chungking Regime shall be overthrown but the new China should be Japan's brother.
6. Third nations should continue their neutrality.

— 632 —

ITEM 11. "Annihilation of enemy's joint operation" TOJO.

General war report since the middle part of January was given by TOJO at the Diet.

"The fall of Singapore" was explained by TOJO.

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ITEM 18. "The birth of New Asia" TOJO.

TOJO's address given on 18 Feb. 1942 at when the national assembly for the celebration of victory was held.

TOJO said that the fall of Singapore means the start of New Asia.

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by T. Minowa

D-1 (speech by SHIMADA)

book pp. 366-7.

Doc # 1761

Fight it out

gritting our actual strength.

Speech, by SHIMADA, Navy minister.
A New Year Speech. (1942)

Under the greater East war, we are welcoming the first new year, I pray for eternity of our beloved country and for the forever of His Majesty Emperor, and all of our country men & women can gratitude the great prosperous of our country. These things are making the nations of one hundred millions happy and take them up to the highest honor.

Since the beginning of war our Navy endeavored to fight it out every where in the Pacific Ocean with closed connection with Army forces, and obtained glorious victories ^{expressing} showing the dignity of our country to the all nations in the world. It is of course coming from the virtue of the Imperial

Majesty. However, at the same time, it is due to the deliberate fighting of our brave officers and men and their hard disciplined and trained efforts for the past ten years and more. In thinking of these facts I am full of deep emotion and I cannot but feel profound gratefulness to many predecessors of our Navy men and to many brave men who had given their lives for making up the present status of our powerful navy. Especially it should be noted here that Prince FUSHIMI HIROYASUŌ had been, for about ten years long until the Spring time of last year keeping the position of the Chief of the General Staff showing the great merit engaging himself in strategy, tactics and operations for which we can not keep ourselves