

# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 29.

VICTORIA, B.C., FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1909.

NO. 68.

## PLATED CUTLERY.

KNIVES,  
FORKS,  
SPOONS.

We have just opened up the largest stock of the above we have ever shown. They are recognized as being the best plated goods made and are fully guaranteed by the makers and ourselves.

A CHEAPER LINE.

We have another line much cheaper, which are guaranteed to be better than anything at the same price suitable for kitchen or camp.

Challoner & Mitchell JEWELLERS,  
47 Government St. Tel. 673

## The Westside In Holiday Attire

A magnificent showing of

PARASOLS,

Ladies' Summer Suits,  
Blouses, Skirts and Jackets.

Special prices this week on Beuse Silks, at 50c, 75c, 90c and \$1.25

Received by express to day, a beautiful collection of the very latest novelties in Neckwear.

Complete assortment of Per. ion's Celebrated K'd Gloves.

The Hutcheson Co. 1

May 22nd.



## Celebration Week

This is the week we give to recreation and show our loyalty. With all the loyal to yourself and loyalty to our Queen is sure to follow. Give up the week to recreation and holiday.

There are so many opportunities for enjoyment 'tis hard to choose. Whatever may be your decision, you will need a lunch basket, and we have the material to fill it. In delicacies, appetizers, substantial fare we are gorged. In wet goods for the thirsty we are overflowing.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

## A SPADE IS A SPADE

and there's nothing gained in calling it anything else. But there are

Spades and Spades

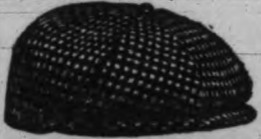
Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.,  
Victoria, B.C.

## BICYCLE SUITS

\$4.50 - \$5.00 - \$6.75 - \$8.75

Bicycle Knickers



Bicycle Hose

\$1.00  
1.50

\$1.75  
2.50

50c.  
75c.

\$1.00  
1.25

FIFTY DOZEN BICYCLE CAPS JUST OPENED.

B. Williams & Co.,

Hatters, Clothiers, and Outfitters, 97 JOHNSON STREET

## WE GIVE in TRADING STAMPS

A carload of fine WALL PAPER  
Just arrived. A large assortment of the latest designs.  
Some Handsome Friezes and Ceilings  
FOR INGRAIN PAPERS.  
J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 Fort Street, Victoria

## DOG FOOD

Smith's Dog Biscuits for working dogs. There's nothing better. No preparation is needed to feed these biscuits. They keep the dog healthy, and no other food is necessary.

old by all Dealers and M. R. Smyth & Co.

ORIENTAL BAZAR  
Bamboo and Wooden Furniture. Made to Order  
Furniture Repairing.  
Branch Store, 124 Govt St., next Victoria Hotel, 90 DOUGLAS ST

FOR SALE—Lot 30x120 and two-story brick building on Johnson Street, below Government; a bargain; easy terms. One acre corner Menzies St. and Dallas Road; long term; low rate of interest. Cottage and full lot, Chatham street, near Cook; cheap; easy terms.

TO LET—Fine Store corner Yates and Douglas streets; lately occupied as grocery; possession July 1st. (This is the only vacant store on our list.)

B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY  
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## Guaranteed Razors

We have a line of the best manufactured, every one of which we guarantee to give satisfaction. Also a choice assortment of Strops and Shaving Brushes.

JOHN COCHRANE,  
GROOMER  
117 W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Let Us Fill Your Prescription.

## SPARKLING ARCTIC SODA

ANY FLAVOR 5c  
HALL & CO. Dispensing Chemists,  
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets  
Ice Cream Soda, etc

## WILLIAM F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST  
(Heidelberg and Leipzig). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 28 Broad street, opposite Bristol Hotel, Victoria.

## Queen's Birthday Excursions

VICTORIA TO SEATTLE  
DAYLIGHT TRIP.

## SS. AMUR

Leaves Seattle 9 a.m., arriving Victoria 3:45 p.m.  
Leaves Victoria 4:45 p.m., arriving Seattle 11:30 p.m.  
May 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27.

Round Trip Tickets, \$2.50.

## BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

APPLY  
Bennett Lake & Klondike Navigation Co. Ltd  
39 Government street, Victoria.  
And E. E. BLACKWOOD, Adelphi Building, Government street, Victoria.

## ICE HYDROX

The entire plant of the B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Works has been renovated at an expense of \$1,000. The filtration and distillation is now perfect, and nothing can be more absolutely pure than our Ice and Hydrox.

TELEPHONE 44

City Auction Mart, 73 Yates Street

## W. JONES

AUCTIONEER.

## FOR SALE:

1500 lbs. English Preserved Potatoes  
2 Combination Safes.  
1 Lady's and 2 Gents' Bicycles.

## GAS FOR COOKING

THE GAS CO. are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.

Fuel Gas, \$1.25 per M. cubic foot.

Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government Street.

## TO CANNERYMEN

A PATENT RETORT AND STEAM BOX DOOR

On exhibition under pressure of steam. Can be opened and closed in one minute. A perfect steam-tight joint.

T. SHAW'S

MARINE IRON WORKS, VICTORIA, B.C.

Admiral Dewey will reach New York about October first.

## Costigan Explains.

He Makes a Statement Regarding His Relations to the Conservative Party.

## Opposition Policy in the Yukon "Stupid and Damning"—He Scores Sir Charles.

Ottawa, May 26.—(Special—Hon. J. Costigan in the House to-day made a statement as to his relations to the Conservative party. He said this was necessary because of some remarks made by Sir Charles Tupper. He denied the statement of Tupper that he (Costigan) would always be found supporting the government, and pointed to his loyalty to Sir John Macdonald from 1873 to 1878, when in opposition. He denied that his resignation in 1884 had anything to do with the thirty million loan to C. P. R., and read Sir John's explanation on this point. Mr. Costigan then read Tupper's statement about him. In reply to that he said that it was a Sorry Day for the Conservative Party when Tupper sailed from England and got himself installed accidentally and temporarily in the position of leader of the Conservative party. That day meant the doom of honest government and the overthrow of an honest man. As for his change of mind in regard to his old party, it commenced with the time when Tupper took the lead of the party after wrecking Howells' cabinet, which formed a page, the most disgraceful in the history of Canada. He showed that he did not wish to join Tupper's government for he remained steadfast to Bowell and it was only under certain conditions that he

Joined Tupper's Administration.

He read this letter. It was a pretty long letter, setting forth that the rights of Catholics were not being accorded to them. He wanted Bowell's policy pursued. He also refused to go to the marine and fisheries department on account of the arbitrary way in which it had been managed by Sir Robert Tupper. In referring to the policy of the opposition in the Yukon he said that it was of a stupid and damning character as was shown by the result in Brockville. In conclusion he pointed to the loyal way he supported Macdonald, Abbott, Thompson and Bowell, and as for himself he (Bowell) had no more confidence in Tupper than he (Costigan) had. As for himself he had fired his last shot, or struck his last blow.

ROSA BONHEUR DEAD.

The "Landmark of France" Passes Away To-Day at Her Home Full of Years and Honors.

New York, May 26.—A dispatch from Paris to-day says: Rosa Bonheur, the famous animal painter, is dead.

Rosa Bonheur, the painter of animal life, was born at Bordeaux on March 22, 1822. She studied painting with her father, and first exhibited in Paris in 1841. She was director of the free school of designs for girls in Paris since 1840, and received decorations from the French, Spanish and Belgian governments. Her most famous painting, The Horse Fair (1855), was bought by A. T. Stewart, afterwards by Cornelius Vanderbilt, and is in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

CUBANS AND THEIR ARMS.

The Fight Between Gomez and Assembly Leaders Continues.

New York, May 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: The fight between General Gomez and the old Cuban assembly leaders is raging hotly. General Gomez's manifesto issued to the soldiers to-day requesting them to give up their arms and return peacefully to their homes, will be met to-morrow by a strong manifesto from a majority of the Cuban chiefs, urging the soldiers not to accept any of the \$3,000,000, offered by the United States, but to disband and keep their arms.

## ONE OUNCE AN HOUR.

Another Big Strike at Tagish—Was out on the C. P. R.—Communication Interrupted—Deadman's Island.

Vancouver, May 26.—Deadman's Island settlement still hangs fire. This morning, by consent, the injunction proceedings were adjourned until Saturday. The injunction holds good meantime.

A letter from an Altn correspondent, under date of May 14, by special messenger to Skagway, says: "I have just learned of a big strike at Tagish. I am off for there at once. The news is authentic. The Mounted Police corroborate it. The ice is on the verge of breaking up. On Pine Creek one man is working out one ounce an hour, but that is exceptional. I saw three-quarters of a pound of gold panned out on Pine Creek, and mostly in big chunks."

G. S. McConnell, who represents Joseph A. Due & Co., of Dawson, will ship 240 tons of goods for the North on the Tees on Monday, valued at over \$100,000.

There is a washout up the line, no train until Saturday.

## FIRE ON CONEY ISLAND.

Seven Blocks of Buildings Destroyed—Damage Estimated at \$350,000.

New York, May 25.—A fire started to-day in Buschman's pavilion, Coney Island, and spread rapidly until seven blocks of frame buildings had been destroyed. A conservative estimate of loss is placed at \$350,000.

The police believe the fire was of incendiary origin. Deputy Kirkpatrick of the fire department, says he found traces of kerosene on the board walk in front of the burned buildings.

The rapidity of the fire was not to be wondered at, considering the character of the buildings. In one hour after the first puff of smoke gave the warning, a large square filled with buildings of all sizes and characters, utilized for such purposes as photograph galleries, saloons, dining rooms, dance hall, theatres—and the like, were in ruins.

A Cleveland Blaze.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 26.—It was nearly daylight before the firemen succeeded in controlling the fire which started in the Ohio Sash & Door Company's big factory at midnight. The total loss is about \$100,000.

Overturned Lamp Causes an Outbreak.

St. Aples, Minn., May 25.—Twenty-five buildings, comprising one-third of the business portion of St. Aples, were burned last night. The overturning of a lamp in a tailor shop started the fire. The estimated loss is \$50,000; insurance \$20,000.

## Not Ready For Work

Want of Details in Mu. avieff's Circular Delays Peace Conference.

London, May 26.—All dispatches in the morning papers from the Hague show that the peace conference is suffering from the lack of preparation. The Muravieff circular contains heads and chapters, but no details. The author emphasized disarmament but omitted the scheme of M. de Martens, of the Russian delegation, and it is likely France and Russia and even Germany will ultimately agree with them.

The Women's Crusade.

The Hague, May 26.—Madame Senka, the famous peace advocate and promoter of the women's peace crusade, has presented to M. de Staal, president of the peace conference and head of the Russian delegation, an illustrated album containing the text of resolutions in favor of peace adopted by meetings representing several million women. The album is accompanied by an address. "In the name of the women of eighteen nations," said the conference, assuring the delegates of the faith of the memorialists in the results of its labors, begging that the hopes of the people might not be deceived and that the conference would decide that the evils of war could be cured. The address concluded as follows: "Your sisters, on behalf of humanity, appeal to you to realize the ideal of fraternity in order that war and tyranny may perish with the century."

M. de Staal had written Madame Senka that he could receive her for five minutes, but he was so interested that he kept her for half an hour. "Carmen Sylva," Queen Elizabeth of Roumania, contributed a poem to the album, and Queen Wilhelmina of her secretaries to congratulate Madame Senka on the work of the associations.

## CHARGED AGAINST KAUTZ.

The American Rear Admiral Accused of Abusing Military Power, Wanton Destruction and Cruelty.

New York, May 25.—A dispatch to the Herald from Apia, says: Mataafa has written to the commission asking permission for himself and 300 unarmed supporters to occupy the eastern sections of Apia rear harbor. He requests the withdrawal of British and American soldiers and the disarming of Malietan during the hearing.

H. J. Moore, an American supporter of Mataafa, has written protesting against the conduct of Rear Admiral Kautz. He makes the sensational charges of abuse of military power towards the opposition, wanton destruction of many boats and villages, and cruelty.

LABOR TROUBLES AT GUADELOUPE.

The Police and Military are Powerless to Quell Disturbances

London, May 25.—Advises from Guadeloupe, the French West Indian island of the Leeward group, report a riotous scene of persons rioting between the native population and British contract labor immigrants which culminated in the recent fire. Continuous fierce fighting is said to have taken place on plantations and the police and military, it appears, were powerless to quell the disturbances. Several fatalities are reported. As a result the British consul here has appealed to Great Britain for protection for British subjects, which the government here is seemingly unable to afford.

## Casimir Will Hang

The Indian Murderer Will Be Executed at Kamloops on June 2nd.

## Railway Extension in Ontario—Nipissing and James Bay Bill Passed.

Ottawa, May 26.—(Special)—An order-in-council has been passed allowing the law to take its course in the case of the Indian Casimir, who shot and killed Walter Phillips at Kamloops. Casimir will be executed on June 2nd.

At a meeting of the railway committee to-day the Nipissing and James Bay-Holdway Bill was passed. Work must be commenced within a year on the first section and whole undertaking finished in five years.

At the public accounts committee to-day W. J. Christie, late deputy collector of inland revenue at Winnipeg, was examined in regard to his charges against Harry Costigan, then collector at Winnipeg and now at Ottawa. Nothing that was new was added.

There seems to be a misapprehension on the coast that the present Redistribution Bill applies to the British Columbia. Such is not the case. What British Columbia wants is increased representation, and that cannot be had until after the census has been taken. The present bill deals principally with western Ontario.

FAST TRANS-CONTINENTAL SERVICE

Montreal, May 26.—The new fast service on the Canadian Pacific Railway will be inaugurated about the middle of June, probably the 18th of 19th. The flyer across the continent will be called the "Imperial Limited," and will reduce the time between Montreal and Vancouver to about one hundred hours. A daily train continental service will also be instituted, owing to the vastly increasing volume of travel, and trains will leave on Sundays as well as on week days. This is the first step necessary to relieve the present heavy traffic of Mondays trips with travellers from Europe. The hour for departure from Montreal will be 9:30 a. m., and Toronto to about four hours later.

Vancouver and Victoria will be reached on the 4th day out from Montreal.

The Kootenay country will also be advantageously affected by the new service. A fast train on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, to which a through sleeper will be attached, to Kootenay landing will make this alternate route to the Kootenay the shortest and quickest one from the east.

Through passengers will have a choice of routes to the Pacific coast by the main line, or by the Crow's Nest Pass branch, just as they now have the option of travelling around the north shore of Lake Superior or by the upper lakes steamships of the company between Owen Sound and Port Arthur and Fort William.

This new fast service is to be greatly supplemented by an increased local service on different sections of the line so that the accelerated speed will be largely obtained by the reduction of the number of local stops.

## A SINGER DECORATED.

New York, May 25.—A dispatch to the World from London says: Jean Re Beke has been invested by the Queen with the Royal Victorian Order of the Fourth Class, an order of which Sir Arthur Sullivan is the only other musical member.

## IRON MERCHANTS' FAILURE.

Glasgow, May 26.—A great sensation has been caused by the failure of Neilson Bros., an important firm engaged in the iron and steel trade. They had a long deal in the Glasgow pig iron market and were heavily overvalued when a corner in warrants was engineered. It is estimated the concern lost \$1,250,000 during the past year. The total liabilities are unknown. Neilson Bros. are the largest dealers and exporters of ship plates in Scotland.

## ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

The Negotiations Between Canada and the United States Reach a Hopeless Stage.

London, May 26.—The foreign office officials confirm the statements made by the New York correspondent of the London Times to the effect that the negotiations with the Canadian government on the subject of Alaska have reached an almost hopeless stage owing to the insistence of the Canadians that they receive a slice of Alaska, which apparently precludes any agreement being reached on the subject between the American and Canadian high commissioners.

The evening newspapers reproduce the New York despatch with comments, generally regretting the situation, but objecting to the conclusions that Canada is diametrically.

## RAILROAD MEN'S CLUB.

San Francisco, May 26.—The Pacific Coast Railway Club has been organized in this city with 103 charter members, representing nearly all the railroad companies on the coast. It is composed of practical men who at meetings will discuss questions pertaining to the equipment, operation and maintenance of railroad lines. A. W. Foster is president, and E. A. Gilbert, secretary and treasurer.







CROW'S NEST TROUBLES.

Mr. Clute's Report - He Deals at Length With the Tragic Deaths of the Mc Donalds and Fraser.

Ottawa, May 19. - The report of R. C. Clute, Q. C., the commissioner appointed to enquire into the Crow's Nest Pass trouble, has been presented to parliament.

High Mann and James D. Kennedy were partners in a contract on the Crow's Nest Pass railway at Mann's camp, about 80 miles west of the Seventh Sliding, which at that time was the end of the track.

There were about sixty men in camp in two bunk houses 24x40 ft.; wall 7 feet, and two windows 30x20 inches, hinged up, and a door 3x5 feet. Each bunk house was furnished with two rooms of bunks, one above the other, on each side, each bunk 6x7, leaving a passage way of about 12 feet.

From the time they were put in the car they got nothing except snow and water. Nothing was offered them and no attempt was made to induce them to eat.

him if the men died before morning he would hold an inquest. Steeves wired to Hancy, and Hancy replied: 'Spare no expense. Send special messenger to Creek for whatever doctor orders.'

From the time the men were taken sick, a Commissioner Clute, until their death, they had no chance for their lives. They paid for medical service but got none.

The history of the journey, says Clute, has been traced at Bull's Head the men were in a deplorable condition. They remained there sufficiently long to have procured Dr. Roy's attendance if prompt action had been taken.

It has been urged before, says Mr. Clute, that the patients ought never to have been sent forward, and in this view I concur; but having been sent they should have received very treatment upon the road, and having reached Bull's Head they ought not to have been permitted to go further, and the doctor should have been summoned.

It has also been urged before me that as there was an isolation hospital within eight and a half of Mann's camp the men should have been taken there. Doubtless this would have been done had a doctor been summoned, but it must also be remembered that Dr. Mewburn himself says that the contractor would not have justified in taking the men to a diphtheria isolation hospital except upon the authority of a doctor, lest a patient not suffering from diphtheria might have been passing in imminent peril, and no provision was made for contagious diseases except as they arose.

In the present case, while it appears that Kennedy, Mann's partner, was suspicious that the men were suffering from that disease, his doubts may have been any suspicion of that fact, and also denies that he had any knowledge that there were patients suffering from diphtheria isolated near his camp.

The conclusion at which I have arrived is that the medical system as carried out on the Crow's Nest Pass, was inadequate to the reasonable requirements of the case; and that chiefly arose from the lack of temporary hospitals, and from the fact that the doctors in charge had too many duties to perform, and their respective districts. I am further of opinion that the circumstances being as they were, the men ought not to have been removed from the camp, but that a doctor should have been summoned, either Dr. Gordon, or if it were thought he was too far west, Dr. Roy.

The number of men working upon this road who became ill and were treated by the medical staff is, I think, about thirty. Many of these were healthy, energetic, and sufficient good food, how does it happen that there should be in the neighborhood of 1,600 men requiring treatment in a total aggregate of from 2,000 to 4,000 and all within the space of less than a year?

hood of 1,600 men requiring treatment in a total aggregate of from 2,000 to 4,000 and all within the space of less than a year? This is plain is not attributable in any way to the medical staff, and the reason for it must be sought elsewhere, and I venture to think we have not far to look for at least a partial cause.

The Canadian Pacific Railway afforded every facility for the investigation, and promptly complied with all requests for records, and the assistance received from the able counsel who attended on their behalf, and on behalf of Mr. Hugh Mann and Dr. Mead.

IRISH LAW COURTS. Some Amusing Stories of Health of O'Connell.

The honors of Irish law courts have been on records since law courts first commenced. He made his mark on his first circuit. Cross-examining the principal witness for the prosecution, he drank to prove that the witness was drunk when the prisoner was in his neighborhood, but the only answer he could get was, 'I had a share of a pint in the evening.'

Having successfully defended a ruffian against a charge of assault, the grateful culprit said to him, 'Dear Counselor, I have no way here of showing my gratitude, but in my own parish, and maybe I wouldn't bring a faction to the rescue.'

On a similar charge he managed to secure an acquittal by a dexterous handling of the witnesses and jury, and fusing a stipulation to the effect that he had to defend the same man on a similar charge, and managed to induce the jury to disagree. Within a year he saw the same blackguard, face scowling over the dock, where his owner was charged with piracy.

Less legitimate means were employed at the time to procure acquittals. Perhaps the following device, both for its ingenuity and ingenuity, has rarely been surpassed, even in the annals of criminal jurisprudence. In an absolutely hopeless case of their counsel for the defence was instructed to call a certain witness to character. On the appearance of the witness in the box he was of course asked 'What sort of character was the witness?' and the witness replied, 'A nice witness to character,' said counsel, throwing down his brief in a rage.

In these strange scenes the judges appear to have figured sometimes in a fashion which hardly commends itself to a more decorous age. Lord Norbury, the Chief Justice, was the greatest sufferer in this respect, and exercised his wit at the most inappropriate moments and in the least pardonable manner.

It is remarkable how determined some people are to have their lives insured in defiance to repeated rebuffs. I have during the last twenty years introduced nearly a thousand subjects for insurance, of which quite three hundred were rejected by the company's doctors; but a large proportion of that number were by no means the usual risks, and the diversity of insurance physicians takes a wonderfully wide range.

Process of a French Physician is Forming German Giants.

The Kaiser has stolen a march on the French; yet his joy on that account is not unmixed with wounded personal pride. That the imperial princes are outgrowing, or promise to outgrow, their angust papa, as all Berlin observes, is due to the recipe of a French savant, Dr. Springer.

The crown prince, Frederick William, who will be seventeen years old on May 6, is already a shade bigger than his father, who claims to be five feet four inches, though people who profess to know, accord him only five feet three and a half inches, which is three and a half inches more than the lowest standard measure for service in the Prussian army.

Their Extraordinary Physical Development. Dr. Springer's recipe, which the emperor acquired from her aunt, the Countess Waldsee, nee Miss Lee, of New York. It appears that Countess Waldsee, who was Auguste Victoria's confidante during the first ten years of her married life, became alarmed at the report of the spread of degeneracy in the fatherland, which had obliged the military authorities to lower the standard measure of soldiers three millimeters.

There is a well known company who accepted a life recently for a very large sum, to the undisguised surprise of the subject's family doctor, who had almost persuaded his client not to undergo an examination. Quite lately this gentleman received a valuable appointment as a witness in a case of alleged forgery.

The Standard Oil Company, having acquired not only the old Russian title, but a later mineral land grant from the United States government to the coal lands at Cook Inlet, Alaska, is preparing to develop the coal fields, which are of vast extent. Engineers will complete surveys already partially made and make other surveys for wharves, railroads from the mines to the shore, etc., and as rapidly as their work is completed contracts for building will be let.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE. Is sent direct to the diseased part, and in ten days restores the system to health. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat, and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever, Croup, All kinds of Coughs, and Hoarseness. Spring tiredness is due to an impoverished blood. To poke fun is sometimes to poke a friend.

The best remedy of the system is Allen's Effluvent Salt. J. A. S. Brunelle, M.D., C.M., Montreal, Professor of Surgery, Laval University Medical Faculty; Surgeon to the Hotel Dieu, etc., says: 'I have found it particularly beneficial in the treatment of derangements of the liver and of the digestive organs, and consider that the regular use of a preparation of this nature has a decided tendency to prolong life. I am using it in my hospital practice.'

AS TO REJECTED 'LIVES.' HOW TO MAKE TALL MEN.

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ness is a large woman, standing 5 feet 5 inches in her stockings, his robust stature is perhaps not surprising. But that the other boys inherited none of their father's weakness is an extraordinary fact as it is satisfactory, considering that the emperor was a sickly youth and is even now apt to suffer acutely in consequence of fatigue and changes of temperature.

Dr. Springer says his method for making children grow big is based on two simple observations, namely, that a person's height depends upon the size of his bony structure and that phosphates are indispensable to cell formation. When too small a quantity of phosphates is taken with the food the bones lose more or less of their hardness and firmness, and fractures do not readily unite.

The Height of the White Race. This is also the standard measure in Australia, which, up to 1855, accepted none but five-footers. Great Britain employs no soldiers below the standard size, 5 feet 6 inches. Russia's giants come from the Baltic provinces. The Tartars and the Finlanders make small soldiers. The Russian standard measure for soldiers is now 5 feet 6 inches. The Swiss, Belgian and Dutch armies would accept a recruit below 5 feet 6 inches. Napoleon had a minimum height of 5 feet 6 inches - Chicago Record.

UMBRELLA LANGUAGE. Pedestrians Betray Themselves by the Way They Carry Their 'Gamps.' The sometimes harmless and seldom necessary umbrella has its own particular vocabulary. Watch, for instance, any young couple walking down the street on a wet day. If the umbrella is held over the lady, and the man gets all the raindrops from the points down his neck, that indicates 'engaged.'

Persons possessing umbrellas which, when not in use, are neatly rolled up, are, as a rule, inclined to be in the matter of dress, but indeed to be in the most other things. The good-tempered and happy-go-lucky are those who roll up their gamps in sloopish fashion.

A love of finery, or the contrary, is indicated by the style of umbrella handles. A gold knob speaks of wealth; a handle of ivory, while a silver knob means that it will be replaced by a gold one when funds permit. But the character of a person is best read by whether the handle finishes with a ring or a hook.

In the former case the parsimonious individual is shown, and should it be a lady, she will, in like cases out of ten, be most generous in public, but very mean in the supply of food for her servants. If the owner be a man, it indicates that he, if a smoker, is most liberal.

In Offering His Friends cigars; but they are invariably of the special 'to-be-given-away' brand. Lovers of 'My Lady Nicotine' should make a mental note of their smoking friends who possess umbrellas ending with rings. It may save them much suffering.

Turning to books, one finds after careful investigation, that the majority of intellectual people have a weakness for umbrellas so terminating. Especially do men of letters and lady novelists advertise their calling by carrying umbrellas with this pattern of handle. A cynical friend remarks that their partiality for gamps with books is probably due to the fact that they can so much easier catch ideas with them than with any other kind of handle.

The carrying of an umbrella under the arm at an angle shows a malicious mind, and signifies that the person walking behind will probably have an eye injured. Holding it just high enough to knock men's hats off, and poke the optics of passers-by, indicates that 'I am a woman.' - Liverpool Daily Mail.

THE MANNA OF THE DESERT. In a recent number of La Nature there is an interesting note by M. Henry Casteyre on the manna of the desert, which played such an important part in the history of the Jews. At the present day Arabs who are compelled to traverse the sandy desert eat upon this little known food, but also consume it themselves. The manna is really a fungus, the thallophyte, Cladonia esculenta, or Lichen esculenta. The fungus is very abundant and is found in great mounds or heaps. It is of a gray color and is about the size of a pea, and it breaks with a mealy fracture, and the taste is rather agreeable and somewhat sweet. When eaten it acts as a laxative, and the analysis shows that the fungus has the following composition:

Water ..... 16 per cent. Nitrogenous matter ..... 14 per cent. Non-nitrogenous matter ..... 29 per cent. Carbohydrates ..... 32 per cent. Fat ..... 4 per cent. Mineral matter ..... 5 per cent. This analysis demonstrates the fact that the manna, while not a complete food in the strict sense of the term, is still rich in certain kinds of food material and it is capable of sustaining life for a time.



The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co. Limited. Steam Coal House. Double Screened Lump, Run of the Mine, Washed Nuts and Screenings.

The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday) by the Times Printing & Publishing Co. W. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

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ADMIRAL PALLISER'S CONDUCT.

Could it be satisfactorily proved that Rear Admiral Palliser's action in cancelling the permission for the ships of the squadron to take part in the celebration of the Queen's birthday was the result of mere spite toward the citizens of Victoria, no language would be too severe in which to condemn him for his despicable behavior.

In commenting upon this unpleasant affair at the time it was made known the Times was anxious to avoid any harsh and hasty criticism, and resolved to make full enquiry amongst the citizens before reaching any conclusion in the matter.

The statement of a merchant of Victoria made to our morning contemporary, that the action of the officer has cost the navy more than forty thousand dollars, presents the matter in its most serious light, and we have only to repeat that if it can be shown that Rear Admiral Palliser was actuated by any such motives as spite and a petty desire to revenge himself for minor slights his conduct might certainly be brought to the attention of the Admiralty at the earliest possible moment.

A DESERVED HONOR.

Liberals throughout Canada will feel the keenest pleasure at the just and timely recognition which it has pleased the government to confer upon a most deserving man—Dr. MacLachlan, of Souris, Prince Edward Island—who has been elevated to the position of Lieutenant-Governor of that province.

appointee are probably better known than here. Since the days of the gerrymander the good doctor has failed to retain his seat in the House of Commons, and to-day, witnessing those two events—the passing of the gerrymander from the statute books of Canada, and the elevation of one of his victims to the highest official position in his province—the unaltered truth of the great law that right shall prevail in the end is forcibly brought home to the people.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

Unfortunately there is but too much reason to suspect that the Peace Conference is after all, one of the greatest humbugs of an age which has been singularly blessed in the plenteousness of "that sort of thing."

One's credulity and wonder are tested to the breaking point when it is recollected that the convenor of the conference is the man who has had the inconsistency and assurance in the interim from the issuance of the receipt and the opening of the conference to perpetrate one of the grossest pieces of tyranny and injustice even on the records of his nation, and Lord knows they are black enough in that respect already, in inflicting on the Finns the full weight of Russian mastery.

The thing will simply rot square with reason and common sense, and it is useless to indulge in meaningless platitudes regarding the beauties of peace and universal disarmament so long as we have before us the grim facts of the latest Russian budget, showing that very far from having any intention of disarming Russia is bending her gigantic strength and resources to the perfecting of her fighting services.

An army that will be able to detach enough men to line the north side of the Himalayas to such an extent that Great Britain will have to spend unheard of sums to maintain an equaling force at the south of that barrier. Besides that the Russian army will be carrying on the operations in north China which are not to end till the Russian standard is planted on the south bank of the Yangtze River, which will mean that the broad road to India, through Burma, will lie open for the passage of the hordes of Muscovy.

These things are by no means in the clouds; they are things of the earth and the present time; things which are seriously contemplated and discussed by the statesmen and the greatest newspapers of Europe. Englishmen who have thought the matter out are not to be deceived by Russian palaver, and they know full well that Russia will not halt in the progress she has been making in spite of all the receipts of her Tsars, but will be faithful to the destiny which her statesmen from the time of Peter the Great have recognized as that designed by heaven for Russia.

Therefore, it is not wrong to take a plain and matter-of-fact view of the piece of solemn humbug which is now in progress at the Hague. Nothing will come of it except perhaps a still greater distrust of one another than obtains amongst the nations at present, and it will be odd if the chief result be not an immense impetus to further navy-building and army-increasing. One thing the delegates are pretty sure to find out before the end of the farce is reached, and that is that Russia is the power to be watched and distrusted.

The actual position of that country now is that it is offering with one hand an olive branch to the nations while with the other it is busy with the instruments of war. In the grand language of the Psalmist may we say of Russia at the present moment—the thought might have been specially cast to suit the fact before us: "The words of his mouth were smoother than butter, but war was in his heart."

Valdes Island has mighty men with the paddle, and the women, too, are worthy of their mates. They swept everything before them yesterday, and it is said that they will probably take up the challenge of the Port Madison, Washington, Indians, who refused to come over for the celebration unless they got a guarantee. They are the champions of the neighboring state, but if they can "down" our Valdes paddlers, they must be great indeed.

REASONABLE AS WHEN HE SLEEPS INTO A BOAT?

Those Vancouver dispatches which appear at intervals (not lucid intervals) in the Colonist, purporting to give the public glimpses into the secrets of the cabinet, are nothing if not funny. As character sketches their "offness" is utter, and lead one to suppose that the concocter of them (does he live in Victoria?) believes the local silly season lasts much longer here than it actually is the case.

This morning's attempt at an attack on the industry is enough to make a man wish that "scoop" machine he mentions had "sploded and blown off his pen-hand."

OBSERVATIONS.

The distinction which Capt. Clive Phillips to-day has won as a poet is as nothing compared with the renown which he will achieve as a political writer if he keeps up his present pace during the entire session of parliament. His productions are only what might be expected from one whose pen has been dipped in the fire of the gods, and his vituperation is worthy of the Tappans when in their best form.

Clive Phillips-Wolley, the erstwhile provincial health inspector, is now writing political letters from Ottawa for the Victoria Colonist. These letters are as unique as his dissertations upon China-men and backyards.

It is unfortunate that at this date a controversy has arisen as to the relative merits of the performers in the two operas lately so ably presented by local amateurs. All the entertainments afforded a great deal of real enjoyment to the people of Victoria, and apparently the general desire is for more attractions of the same kind.

That ornament to the judiciary of the United States, Judge Waughop Lynn, of New York, and a company of kindred spirits, had their usual fling at the British Empire on the 24th. It is oddly unbecomingly to keep the old rubbishy alive these days, but an effort must be made to keep the stream of dollars, which threatens to dry up, flowing for the support of the professional patriots.

In no part of the Empire is the birthday of Her Majesty so generally and loyally celebrated as it is in Canada, and in no city in Canada is it so enthusiastically honored as in Victoria. An Easterner remarked yesterday that the whole population seemed to cut entirely loose from all worldly care and go in for a right good time.

Vancouver must be assuming metropolitan proportions, for they have a gang up there who hold regular meetings and boast over exhibitions of the following character: "There was another three-round encounter on the programme, the contestants being two small boys named Burns, of Mount Pleasant, and Harry Earle, of Vancouver, aged about nine and ten years respectively, and they too seemed decided at the outset to do more than give an exhibition of the 'manly art.'"

Liberal victories have been so common of late that the latest triumph in North Waterloo the other day almost passed unnoticed.

There is a warm controversy going on in Ontario over the action of Roman Catholic Liberals in calling a convention to discuss political matters. There is no religion mixed up in British Columbia politics, and it is devoutly to be wished there never will be.

It is extraordinary to what an extent these dull-witted people of England have been deceived by the hypocritical pretence of the Liberal party to give the British people a preference in Canadian markets. The London Daily Telegraph evidently has not read the speeches of Sir Charles Tupper nor studied the stately prose of Poet Wolley, which appears at stated intervals in the Colonist, or it would not circulate such stuff as this:

British workman's food, they have voluntarily given us concessions of considerable value—out of sheer gratitude for generous treatment in the past. This is what has moved the heart of the English people, and has, among other things, led to the re-union of the German and Belgian nations. The full fruits of a policy so liberal and patriotic as this will not be reaped immediately, although even now we are buying more Canadian products than ever before.

The Daily Mail says in the same strain: "The Dominion has ever been most forward in advancing the interests of the Empire; her loyalty is indisputable and unselfish, and at times we wish that it received more practical encouragement on this side of the Atlantic. The inadequate support given by Lord Salisbury's government to the all-British Pacific cable is our bitterest regret, for every reason ought to have been avoided."

OBSERVER.

To the Editor: In your excellent account of the children's celebration on the 24th inst. you say that some of the schools employed outside assistance. Kindly say for the West school that Superintendent Clerk Tennant, R.E., who takes a deep interest in us owing to his children being amongst our pupils, kindly volunteered his valuable assistance to help us in our shape in such short time as we had. Mr. Tennant and I have been intimate friends for years and the parents, pupils and teachers of the West school are grateful for his untiring and disinterested efforts in their behalf.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

An Unimportant Issue of the Official Organ of the Province.

The regular official Gazette issued to-night will contain the following announcements: A. A. Davidson and J. K. Patton, brokers, of Vancouver, have dissolved partnership. Donald J. McLaughlin, of Sandon, has assigned to John W. Bateman. The creditors meet on June 6th at 11 a.m.

The following companies are incorporated: G. C. Shaw & Company, Limited, of Victoria, \$4,000; Dominion Steamboat Lake Company, Limited, of Bennett City, capital, \$45,000; Mellor Bros., Limited, of Victoria, capital, \$6,000; Little Bertha Coal Mining Company, Limited, of Greenwood, capital, \$1,000,000.

The following extra provincial companies are licensed: Saint Mungo Canning Company, Limited, of Scotland, capital, \$10,000; provincial office at New Westminster, Jas. Ferguson, Attorney; British Columbia Corporation, Limited, of England, capital, \$300,000; local office Victoria, with Robert Ward, Thos. Earle and Hon. P. O'Reilly, attorneys; Montreal Loan and Investment Company, of Montreal, capital, \$2,000,000; local office Vancouver, Ed. Nicolis, attorney.

BIRTHDAY ODE.

New York, May 25.—The following stanza from Poet Laureate, Alfred Austin's birthday ode to Queen Victoria, entitled, "An Indian Summer, were carried to the Herald from London: Springtime was flowering in your face When first the scepter laid on you its load— Springtime and seed time. And how well you sowed! In the rough furrows life's long days lay— Scattering with lavish heart the smiles of youth and grace.

Washington, May 25.—The following message was addressed to Queen Victoria by President McKinley on the anniversary of her birthday: "To Her Majesty the Queen, Windsor Castle, England: 'Madam: It gives me great pleasure to convey to his happy anniversary the expression of the sentiments of regard and affection which the American people cherish towards Your Majesty and to add the assurance of my own cordial respect and esteem. May God grant to Your Majesty and to the countries under your government many years of happiness and prosperity.'"

This evening the President received the following in response to his message of congratulation: "The President of the United States: 'I am deeply touched by the words of your telegram of congratulation. From my heart I thank you and the American people for the sentiments of affection and good will therein expressed.'"

Mrs. Homepun (indignantly)—Here's an article says that in Formosa a wife costs \$5. Mr. Homepun (thoughtfully)—Wal, a good wife is worth it. Spare moments.

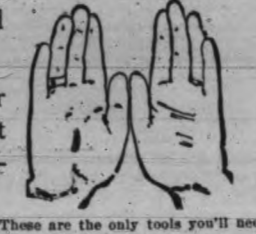
While moving to our new store we have decided to continue our great reduction sale of last week, till all is removed. Welles Bros., Fort street.

"Insistence."

Ever go into a store and buy what you didn't want—you were in a passive mood, and salesman persuaded you against your better judgment.

Buy a bicycle fitted with Dunlop Tires.

Don't just ask for them—INSIST—for that is the kind of aggressiveness that slays passivity.



The Dunlop Tire Co., LIMITED. TORONTO.

HELLO! WM. P. TURNER,

The most practical and experienced Designer, Draughtsman and Engraver on Wood and Metal: Die-Sinker, Embosser, Rubber Stamp Maker and Photographer on the Pacific Coast and in Canada. Office—No. 4 Leiders Block, Cor. Hastings and Seymour Sts., VANCOUVER.

FROM 1st of May the Victoria Daily Times will be delivered to subscribers at 20c. per week or 75c. per month.

Personal.

Frank Darling, of Vancouver, is at the Driford. W. S. Hurst, of Vancouver, is at the Victoria. R. A. Evans, of Vancouver, is registered at the Victoria. Mrs. E. T. W. Pearce, of Kamloops, is at the Dominion. C. T. Godfrey, of Kamloops, is a guest at the Dominion. J. A. Crawford, of San Francisco, is a guest at the Victoria. J. M. Campbell, the Vancouver barrister, is a guest at the Driford. Barclay Bonthron, of Vancouver, is registered at the Driford. Miss L. Howler, of Windsor, Ont., is a guest at the Dominion. R. B. Lister, of the provincial police, New Westminster, is at the Victoria. John G. Burger, of Everett, bound to Dawson, is a guest at the Dominion. C. D. Mowbray, of Hilly's Prairie, is among the recent arrivals at the Driford. Hon. Joseph Martin, Attorney-General, was a passenger to Vancouver by this morning's Charmer.

Alfred Cameron, D. F. A., of the G. P. R., has headquarters at Vancouver, is a guest at the Driford. Mrs. W. J. Thorne, of Windsor, Ont., arrived last evening on a visit to Mrs. Dr. West, 105 Carr street.

R. Frank Toehack and A. Taylor came down on the Queen City and registered at the Victoria from Hazelton. J. W. Prescott, vice-president of the C. W. A., returned to-day from Wellington and is at the Victoria. He will attend the bicycle races at Oak Bay to-morrow. Frank J. Collier, Cooper Harrold, J. M. Chapman and Wills Jenkins, Jr., speedy cyclists fresh from victories on the Coal City paths, are guests at the Dominion. E. S. Baburk, manager of the Hon. Del Coronado, San Diego County, California, accompanied by Mrs. Baburk and by Chas. T. Hinde and niece, of Coronado, are guests at the Driford.

Alec Hill, who was hurt yesterday in the Esquimalt dock yard, is reported to-day as progressing favorably towards recovery, and exceedingly grateful that his injuries are comparatively so slight. Col. Converse J. Smith, Col. John W. Tinnick and Lieut. H. B. West, of the United States army, arrived in the city on board the Victoria from lunch yesterday and registered at the Driford. They leave to-day.

SOME OF THE OLD WORDS. The Debt of the English Language to the Greeks, Romans, etc.

"A Short Story of the English Language" is the title of a page of the May St. Nicholas, written by Jessie A. Chase. When Caesar went to Britain in 55 B.C. (and that is the first time that we hear of Britons in history), there was no such thing as the English language. No; it is only about 1,200 years old. And for the first 100 years or so it was a baby-language! For it did not grow to look and sound at all as it does now until after 1,000 A.D. But where and when was it born? The Romans, from Caesar's time on, ruled a large part of Europe. Spain and Portugal and France are still called "Latin" countries, as well as Italy, because in all these regions the Latin race and the Latin language became supreme. Not so with England. In the fifth century the Roman soldiers gave it up and left Britain. The people had adopted some of the Latin words, but the language of the natives was old Celtic. This, however, was not the mother tongue of English; the modern forms of Celtic are Scotch-Gaelic, Irish, Welsh, Manx.

No; our English is the child neither of the Latin nor of the Celtic, but is descended from an ancient Germanic language brought to Britain in the fifth and sixth centuries by some tribes from the shores of the Baltic sea—the Angles, Saxons, and

WANTS.

ACTIVE man to travel for large manufacturing houses and appoint agents, \$18 weekly and expenses. State age and references. Address, Globe Co., 723 Chestnut street, Phila., Pa.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER requires situation, whole or part time; or will undertake posting and collection of tradesmen's accounts. Address W. A. Dominion hotel, Victoria.

WANTED—A salesman for retail dry goods business by the 1st June. Apply Post Office Box 10, Victoria.

WANTED—A saleslady for retail dry goods business by the 1st June. Apply Post Office Box 10, Victoria.

A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER wants a situation, either whole or part time; highest city references, and can furnish security if required. Address F.S., Times office.

WANTED—Employers in need of practically trained office assistants, bookkeepers, stenographers, typewriters, etc. Please call at the Columbia Commercial College, Vancouver, B.C. H. B. A. Vogel, principal.

TO LET—Seven-roomed furnished house, James Bay. Apply 40 Government street.

TO LET—Well furnished suites; also single rooms; electric light and all conveniences. M. Wall, the Verden, 65 Douglas street.

RENT—Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.

MISCELLANEOUS. A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Range and Gas Appliances supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria. B.C. Telephone call 126.

SOCIETIES. VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Columbia Commercial College, Victoria, at 7:30 p.m. H. S. ODDY, Secretary.

VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Dray's Inventory, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

SAVOY THEATRE

VICTORIA. The only Thoroughly Equipped Vaudeville Theatre in Victoria.

Grand Opening MONDAY, MAY 22.

The Greatest and Grandest Galaxy of Specialty Artists ever seen in this city will be presented.

JACKSON & McDONNELL, Proprietors.

THE VICTORIA DRAMATIC CLUB

Under the Direction of MR. F. FINCH-SMILES

THE PHILHARMONIC HALL

Friday and Saturday, May 26 and 27

"THE BARRISTER."

By Geo. Manville Penn. Commencing at 8:15 with "BARBARA."

A one-act play by Jerome K. Jerome. Reserved seats, 75c.; admission 50c. Reserved seats at Lombard's Music Store.

Sacred Concert

5th Regiment Band.

GOLDSTREAM PARK SUNDAY, MAY 28th.

Trains leave 9 a.m. and 2 p.m. Return leave Goldstream at 5:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP 25c.

The following rates are in effect on Sunday:

Shawnigan Lake and Return 75c. Children under 12, 50c.

Duncan's and Return \$1.00 Children under 12, 50c.

BI CYCLES FREE.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager E. & N. Ry.





Are you a BUNDLE OF NERVES, the result of a disordered liver? Many people seem to be from this cause. Our Effervescent Liver Salts, we believe, the best and most pleasant remedy available. 35c per bottle.

BOWES' DRUG STORE.

100 Government Street, Near Yates St. Telephone 425.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, May 26 - 5 a.m. - Since yesterday a pronounced low barometer area has crossed the Canada Rockies, accompanied by thunderstorms and heavy rains, where it has caused snowfalls. An extensive high pressure area, now moving up the American coast, is likely to give several fair days in this vicinity. Showers have occurred on the Lower Mainland, and rain is still falling in Cariboo.

Victoria - Barometer, 29.20; temperature, 44, minimum, 44; wind, W., 12 miles; rain, trace; weather, fair.

Vancouver - Weather, cloudy.

New Westminster - Barometer, 30.00; temperature, 42, minimum, 42; wind, E., 6 miles; rain, 18; weather, fair.

Nanaimo - Barometer, S.W.; weather, fair.

Kamloops - Barometer, 29.80; temperature, 48, minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, calm.

Barkerville - Barometer, 29.00; temperature, 40, minimum, 32; wind, calm; rain, 26; weather, rainy.

Noah, Wash. - Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 40, minimum, 44; wind, W., 4 miles; rain, .08; weather, cloudy.

Portland, Oregon - Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 50, minimum, 48; wind, calm; rain, 14; weather, cloudy.

Tacoma - Barometer, 30.05; temperature, 48, minimum, 48; wind, S.W., 8 miles; rain, trace; weather, cloudy.

Santa Francisco - Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 48, minimum, 48; wind, W., 6 miles; weather, clear.

Forecasts

For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Saturday.

Victoria and Vicinity. - Fresh westerly winds, fair to-day, probably fair and warmer on Saturday.

Lower Mainland. - Westerly winds, clearing to-day, fair and moderately warm on Saturday.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

-HONDI is a pure Ceylon tea.

Banderine, the only hair producer, just arrived at C. Koscho's, 42 Government street.

Superior halls, removed by electricals, Electric Parlors, 114 Yates street.

-THE LION IS KING OF BEASTS, THE MONARCH, K.L.N.G. OF WHEELS, G.M. MOODY, JR. OLYMPIC CYCLERY.

Monuments, the largest stock in the province to select from, and all kinds of cemetery work at A. Stewart, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

A Great Display of Trimmed Sailors' and cheap Dress Hats at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.

Opportunities - All colors in silk shoulder wraps and shawls for evenings and boating may be found at the White House in great profusion, and are the delight of many visitors who have chanced to see them. Henry Young & Co's.

-The Last of the Season - Drill hall concert to-morrow night.

-His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. McInnes desire to express to those citizens, whom as yet they have not had an opportunity of personally thanking, their deep appreciation of the valuable assistance rendered in saving property during the recent fire at Government House.

-HONDI is appreciated by good judges.

One of the biggest crowds of the celebration last evening thronged the Drill Hall, when the Fifth Regiment band gave an extra promenade concert.

In addition to the regular programme of music, which included Mr. Benedict Bantley's new "Celebration March," Major Munro, the Big Four quartette, and Mr. Frank Finch-Smiths contributed specialties and were all recalled. The holiday makers by their presence expressed appreciation of the hard work done during the Celebration by the Fifth Regiment band, the immense crowd most enthusiastically applauding throughout the evening.

If you wish to improve your credit in business, promote a feeling of solid security, contentment and happiness in the home, and ensure a competence for yourself with a fixed income for life, you should at once secure an investment policy in THE ONTARIO LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Apply to R. L. DUBRY, Provincial Manager, 84 Broad street.

-Smoke union made cigars. -HONDI has a delicate flavor. -Use Blue Ribbon Baking Powder. -Lawn mowers and garden tools in variety at H. A. Brown & Co's, 89 Douglas street.

-Come one, come all, to the fountain and drink our Soda Water with all Fruit Flavors. -W. Fawcett & Co.

-Get your bicycles fixed up by the old reliable firm, Onions & Plimley, the only practical bicycle makers in city; 41 and 44 Broad street.

-Celebrate the date of your Good Health and Happiness. Give us a chance to share with you your Good Fortune. Health Food Store, near the Post Office.

-Don't fail to see our window of cheap Trimmed Sailors and Children's Hats. The Sterling, 88 Yates Street.

-Newbigging & Anderson, practical machinists, 105 Douglas street. All kinds of repair work promptly executed. Sewing machines and lawn mowers are our specialty.

-You will meet everybody at the drill hall concert to-morrow night.

-There was a disappointment yesterday for the lacrosse boys, who were received that the Nanaimo City Council had withdrawn the appropriation for the celebration game, as the Vancouver team was unable to participate.

The Nanaimo lacrosse players were also much disappointed and consider the council was not justified in withdrawing the money as the J. B. A. team had consented to fill the breach caused by Vancouver's defection.

-The most serious case of supposed pocket picking reported during the celebration proves not to have been pocket picking at all. Mrs. Timms, of Tacoma, lost a purse containing a cheque for \$180 and coin valued at about \$23, and thought it had been abstracted from her pocket while she was in the provincial museum. Mr. Matthews yesterday picked the purse up on Government street, and handed it over to Detective Penline. Mrs. Timms will be notified of the find.

-Great "extra" at the drill hall promenade concert to-morrow night.

-Victoria theatre-goers and the strangers within the gates will have an opportunity this evening of seeing the best that the best amateurs in the city can do in the presentation of refined comedy. The Victoria Dramatic Club, under the direction of Mr. Frank Finch-Smiths, have been for some weeks carefully rehearsing "Barbara" and "The Barrister," and Fort street Philharmonic club will be the scene of the public presentations this and to-morrow evenings. The full strength of the club will be utilised and there are endless opportunities for the display of the best work of the best performers in the plays selected. Special scenery has been painted by Mr. Smiley and the stage will be tastefully decorated. The casts have already been published in these columns, and all that now remains to be done is to remind those who intend to patronize the performances that the curtain will rise at 8 o'clock, and reserved seats can be obtained at Lombard's music store, Fort street.

-HONDI is a very pleasant drink.

-Although the attendance at the Victoria theatre last evening was much larger than on the previous night it was not so large as the performance merited, for the McDowell-Walsh combination is beyond doubt the strongest seen in Victoria for a long time. Sardou's wonderfully emotional drama "Fedora" was the selection for the company's second performance and in the name part Miss Walsh captivated and electrified the audience from the moment of her entrance, tortured with anxiety because of the unexplained absence of her betrothed, until the tragic finale, when she dies in the presence of her newly won lover, the victim of her own desire for vengeance. The story of "Fedora" is too well known to require recapitulation; it is a play the principal parts in which could be essayed only by performers of great ability. Mr. Melbourne McDowell and Miss Blanche Walsh are admittedly among the few on the stage to-day in Victoria in which "Fedora" is performed. It needs but the mention of one or two passages to prove it. The passages in the last act where Ivanoff is reading the letter from his friend and Fedora is undergoing the torture of dread; the passionate scene in which Fedora dissuades Ivanoff from leaving her palace to encounter certain death, and the struggle which takes place immediately before Fedora takes the poison; what more realistic acting has ever been seen in Victoria? The first scene was equally remarkable also for its realism. The doctor and the chief of the detectives, Fedora's agonizing anxiety and the naturalness of her joy, soon turned to anguish when she is permitted to enter the room in which her betrothed is lying, were all true to life. Miss Walsh is truly a worthy successor of Fanny Davenport, and Victorians have this week had the opportunity of witnessing the work of one of the leading actresses on the English speaking stage.

-As a fitting close to the celebration festivities the Fifth Regiment band will give another of their popular promenade concerts at the Drill Hall to-morrow evening. This concert as well as being the closing event on the celebration programme, is also the last concert of the Drill Hall series for this season, the band having accepted an engagement with the E. & N. Railway Company to play a series of summer concerts at Shawanigan Lake and Goldstream. The next attractions for to-morrow evening are Voohees and Davies and Mr. C. F. Olivier, vocalist. Following is the programme:

Overture - "Pique Dame".....Suppe

Waltz - "Cadenza in the Air".....Bullman

Medley Selection - "Popular Pousse Cafe".....Boettger

Vocal Solo.....C. E. Olivier

Medley - "The Crazy Quilt".....Fin

Artistic Musical Act - "The Voohees and Davies"

Grand Fantasia on "Canadian Air".....Barwood

March - "The Chariot" (new).....Souss

God Save the Queen.

-Lipton's teas at Hardress Clarke's.

Another Rich Strike

Miner Reaches Skagway From Atlin With Gold and Tells of a New Find.

Is an American and Will Work His Property Secretly.

How Leniga Escaped - Other Late News From the Atlin District.

News comes from Skagway of the arrival there of a prospector named Charles Hartman, who had with him \$5,000 in nuggets, which, he said, were taken from a new strike about fifty miles from Atlin. He is an American, and as he cannot stake his discovery owing to the exclusion act, he refuses to make any statement as to where the creek is situated, his intention being to work the property secretly. He says as soon as the act is repealed he will make his discovery known, but not before. He is being watched by a number of miners and when he returns to the goldfields will be shadowed.

A copy of the Atlin Claim of May 13th received by the Times has the following account of the escape of Leniga, who shot Fred. Baur at Atlin. The Atlin paper says: "On Thursday morning, some time before the rooster crowed, Mr. Leniga, the gentleman who tried to kill Fred. Baur by shooting him with a shotgun, became tired of his confinement, and having nothing more to detain him than a pair of shackles on his legs, he learsly sauntered out over the line-swamp. He met an Italian and after requesting him to pay his compliments to the police, proceeded on his way. The aforesaid Italian informed another man and he in turn informed the authorities, who then discovered that the prisoner had escaped. When the commissioner was informed of the affair, a little red whipper to us, he jumped four feet in the air and gave expression to such sentiments as we positively refuse to publish in this paper. Men were started in every direction with instructions to reach the Yukon, and their supplies became exhausted. It is believed they were beaten by the obstacles to travel in the uninhabited country through which they had to pass, having gone by Edmondton, N. W. T., and were unable to proceed.

As the report seemed to be authentic, having first been promulgated by Premier Semlin, of British Columbia, the department of the interior has immediately taken steps to make an arrangement with the Hudson Bay Co., by which supplies should be sent by steamer up the Stikine river to Telegraph creek, and thence by pack train. These supplies are going forward as fast as possible to relieve the distress.

Mr. Barclay Bonthrone, the well known mining operator of Vancouver, who represents a large amount of English capital in this province, is staying at the Yukon Hotel at Atlin, and Mr. Bonthrone is a firm believer in the future of British Columbia as a mining country, and has done a great deal to induce British investors to develop mining properties in the province. Among other promising mines operated by Mr. Bonthrone is the Rose Marie at Clayquot, owned by the Rose Marie Mines, Limited, a gold and copper property on which a small concentrator is now being erected. It is expected that crushing will commence in July, and the development work is fully justified, the company in the erection of a plant. In regard to West Coast properties generally, Mr. Bonthrone is of the opinion that this summer sufficient work will be done to fairly test a great many of the most promising districts. The country is a difficult one to prospect, and the mineral formation so irregular that surface indications are not by any means a reliable guide to the value of a property. Under the heading of "Postoffice Without Wheels" the Claims says: "The new postoffice quarters, corner of Second and Pearl streets, were formally taken in possession on Sunday, and the public thereby will enjoy a trifle larger waiting room. Most people have read about our enterprising postmaster-general, Mr. Mulock, in launching to the world a 2-cent rate, it came as a Christmas gift, the last post, and a hurricane of joy went up from London to the Cape, over the big, red-dotted 2-center. Atlin, of course, like the rest of Canada's rich Northern section, also had a few. They all went out the route - they came, and met the stampless, with a stampless postoffice. Inquiry at the postoffice elicited the information that no stamps could be obtained and no knowledge could be given as to when we'd be able to resume a postage list. We know the officials, the post officials have to contend with in bringing mail in from the outside, but this does not excuse the powers that be from providing sufficient stamps to carry on ordinary business, without having to tip the Dominion government to the extent of half a cent on every letter posted at the present writing. That there is something rotten in postoffice circles is apparent to all. Why is Pime City without a postoffice? Why are people compelled to come here and swell the already long line of anxious engineers on the arrival of mail matter? We don't ask for a postoffice on every claim; not at all; but a place that shows permanency is the place that should have consideration. If mail conditions are poor now, what will they be in June?"

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SOMETHING FOR NOTHING

When you have purchased \$10.00 worth of Boots and Shoes from us we will enlarge your photo free of charge - Equal to any \$10.00 enlargement.

JOHNS BROS., 259 DOUGLAS STREET.

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WHIPPING-DOG DAY. The custom of whipping dogs out of church on St. Luke's day in England is of very ancient origin, and some say it dates from the time of the Romans.

It is well known that the custom of taking dogs to church is a very old one; some of the Dutch artists in representing the interior of a church invariably introduced a dog, while in Landseer's picture, "The Free Church," dogs are in evidence.

The active operations of the army near Manila and the anxiety of people in the United States to communicate with friends and relatives who are with General Otis have caused many inquiries as to the cost of cable messages.

A man whose cousin's name was on the list of wounded last week, telegraphed: "Hospital, Manila: Wire condition Smith, Third Artillery, Book, Jones New York."

The message figured ten words and cost \$28.50. The word "book" indicated that an answer of five words had been prepaid, and the whole transaction cost \$33.25.

Reading the following messages is not of the question with hundreds of people who are deeply interested in the movement of the army, and to those the published reports giving the names of officers and men who were killed and wounded were the only source of information during the last few days.

A man whose brother had been wounded made inquiry at the office of the post-adjutant at Governor's Island as to how he could obtain further information as to the condition of the wounded man, and whether any additional details would be sent from the front.

The man was advised to write to the War Department, saying that he was interested in the condition of the soldier in question if any news from him reached the War Department.

A request of that kind will be honored by the department. News concerning the soldier will be promptly forwarded to the given address, but in consequence of the great expense of telegraphing hospital reports by wire are not a complete success from the army when it is speaking nearer home.

Spring is the season for a visit to Holland, for then, besides the quaint picturesque towns with their long lines of canals, crossed by innumerable bridges, and bordered with noble trees, and its winding roads edged with gay flower-gardens, there is the added attraction of fields of white narcissus and yellow daffodils, acres of brilliant, many-colored tulips, and hyacinths of every shade and color, filling the air with their heavy perfume.

"To drink a tea that is perfection after using ordinary kinds surprises most people and may surprise you." - J. W. Blue Ribbon

The Hotel Dawson 65, 66 and 67 Yates St., VICTORIA, B.C. \$1.00 per day or \$4.00 per week. Rooms \$1.00 per week. European and American plans. Newly furnished and refitted throughout.

We decided to visit that of Ant Roosen, as we had once got bulbs from him, which served as a kind of introduction. His farm was at Overveen—a suburb of the picturesque little town of Haarlem.

Haarlem has, in the grand old church, a fine organ, which is played twice a week for an hour in the afternoon. Then there are the Dunes, the natural rampart of the Netherlands, keeping at bay their ever-present and insidious enemy, the sea.

Many of these farms are what is called "polders," or meadows below the sea level, and the utmost vigilance is required to keep them from becoming a prey to the sea.

The cow is almost as much esteemed in Holland as in India, though the sentiment is utilitarian rather than devotional. At the little village of Broek, which has the reputation of being the cleanest in Holland—and therefore, in Europe—were taken over a model dairy.

It takes an hour to reach it in an open boat, so, as the weather was cold and unsettled, we felt disappointed for the expedition. We could just make out Maarten on the horizon, the houses all built up together, looking very bleak and windswept.

Holland has the reputation of being an ugly country, but that is quite undeserved. It is generally flat, and flatness is usually associated with ugliness; but there are other elements of beauty in landscape besides the rise and fall of the ground and the contour of the hills.

Go First to The Hague, as many of the places we visited from Amsterdam could have been quite as easily reached from The Hague, and Amsterdam would have made a very good base of operations for excursions into North Holland.

Our first care was to visit a bulb farm. We had seen fields of tulips as we came along in the train, meeting brilliant patches of color on the flat meadows like brightly-colored flags flying on a green carpet.

BANDS ON THE BATTLE FIELD. The utility of music in matters pertaining to war is probably one of the greatest forces. At the present day, in all the armies of the world, musical signals are considered not only useful, but absolutely indispensable.

Probably savages are the most susceptible to the warlike feeling inspired by certain class music. It arouses their anger, incites their fanaticism, and accompanies their war dances in time of peace, it arouses their lust of war.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure. A chance to secure "bargains" may not occur again as at Wedler Bros. removal sale.

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail. Have added two more trains (the Fast Mail) to their regular service, making eight trains daily.

A FEW INTERESTING FACTS. When people are contemplating a trip, whether on business or pleasure, they naturally want the best service obtainable so far as speed, comfort and safety are concerned.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES. And you will make direct connections at St. Paul for Chicago, Milwaukee and all points East.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways. The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Roseland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Roseland.

DAILY TRAINS. Leave Spokane 8:30 a.m. for Roseland 8:45 a.m. for Nelson 9:15 a.m. for Fort Sheppard 9:30 a.m.

FOR HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA. SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Wednesday, May 27, at 2 p.m. for Honolulu only.

Mountain Climbing. THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY. Has stationed Sw'ss Guides at Banff, Lakes in the Clouds and Glacier for the convenience of tourists wishing to explore the mountains in those vicinities.

Washington & Alaska S.S. Co. LIGHTNING EXPRESS TO Dyea and Skagway IN 55 HOURS. SS. CITY OF SEATTLE. Sails for Dyea and Skagway direct every ten days.

Bennett Lake and Klondyke Navigation Co. Ld. Skagway, Dyea and Wrangell. SS. CATCH - May 18. SS. ANEUR - May 29.

Canadian Development Co. Ld. THROUGH TICKETS. From British Columbia and Puget Sound Ports to Atlin, Dawson and Yukon Points.

V. V. T. Co. STEAMER "ALPHA" Will leave Spratt's Wharf for Dyea, Skagway and Wrangell MAY 27th.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe. Via Montreal, Quebec, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships QUEEN, WAIYA, WAIWA and UMATI.

FOR ALASKA. The elegant steamships COTTAGE CITY, CITY OF TOPEKA, ORIZABA and AL-KI leave Seattle 9 a.m. May 5, 14, 23, 31, June 4, 9, 14, 23, 30; July 4 and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA. SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Wednesday, May 27, at 2 p.m. for Honolulu only.

TRANSPORTATION. CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 42—Taking Effect May 1st, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday at 12:15 o'clock.

C. P. N. Co., Ld., Steamers. Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co.'s wharf for Dyea, Skagway, Wrangell. "DANUBE" . . . May 31. "TEES" . . . May 24.

Bennett Lake and Klondyke Navigation Co. Ld. Skagway, Dyea and Wrangell. SS. CATCH - May 18. SS. ANEUR - May 29.

The Boscowitz Steamship Co., Ld. STR. BOSCOWITZ. Will leave Spratt's wharf on THURSDAY, 25TH MAY AT 10 P.M.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe. Via Montreal, Quebec, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships QUEEN, WAIYA, WAIWA and UMATI.

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TRANSPORTATION. The White Pass and Yukon Route. THE PACIFIC & ARCTIC RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY. BRITISH COLUMBIA & YUKON RAILWAY COMPANY.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass in a Comfortable Railway Train. 100 Pounds Baggage Free. Investigate Fully. Do Not Be Misled.

Chilkoot Pass Route. Chilkoot Railroad & Transport Company, Alaska Railway & Transport Company, Dyea-Klondyke Transportation Company.

Operating a System of Aerial Tramways Between Dyea and Crater Lake. Old Yukoners Employ This Route Almost Exclusively.

O.R. & N. Oregon Short Line. LOWEST RATES. SHORTEST ROUTE. Seattle to all points East and Southeast.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government Street. ALASKA STEAMSHIP COY. FOR ALASKA AND GOLD FIELDS.

S. S. "DIRIGO" Wednesday, May 17th. Subsequent sailings May 21, June 14, 28. S. S. "ROSALIE" Wednesday, May 24th. Subsequent sailings June 7, 21.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY. Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows: DAILY: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

HUMBOLDT STEAMSHIP CO. LIGHTNING EXPRESS TO DYE AND SKAGWAY IN 55 HOURS. SS. HUMBOLDT. Sails for Dyea and Skagway. Direct every ten days. No stop. No delays.



Provincial News.

At 7:30 on Sunday evening a freight car on the C. & W. jumped the track at the siding opposite the city. The car dragged along over the ties for some distance and then turned over on its side. Two men, who were on top at the time, managed to jump off on the safe side and so escaped. The contents of the car were unpacked, without much damage, and the car was hauled up on the track again on Monday.

KASLO.

The formal opening of the lawn tennis season in Kaslo took place Saturday. A boys' baseball club has been organized at Kaslo. They have purchased a full outfit and have also provided themselves with neat new uniforms, and are now hard at work practicing. T. L. Mitchell, the concentrator man, returned to Kaslo on Saturday night from Wardner Idaho, where he went to see about rebuilding the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mills, recently destroyed near that place by the miners.

Y.M.C.

The waterworks company is doing excellent work; the submersible reservoir is almost complete, which will have a capacity of 20,000 gallons; the drains are being dug for the main six-inch pipe, which will be 3,000 feet long; the flume from the dam to the reservoir is ten feet long, which can always be kept flowing full to its utmost capacity from the magnificent stream of Quartz creek.

NELSON.

At the last meeting of the city council Alderman Beer resigned the chairmanship of the finance committee as a protest against the methods pursued by the majority of the members of the council in dealing with the city's bank account. Alderman Hillier tendered his resignation as a member of the council, but at the unanimous request of the council withdrew it for another week.

The water in the outlet at Nelson has risen six feet from its lowest point last winter. Malone & Tregillus have commenced the erection of a two-story brick block, 28x40 feet, on lot S, block 6, fronting on Baker street, east of the Tremont hotel. A. E. Hodgins has received final instructions to proceed with the plans for the two-story brick block to be erected by P. Burns & Company on the site of their present premises and the adjoining lot on Baker street. The building is to have a frontage of 60 feet on Baker street and a depth of 100 feet. The estimated cost of the block is \$25,000.

Mining News

Lookout Mountain.

The Gladiolus, Majestic and Jubilee mineral claims on Lookout mountain, have been acquired by a syndicate, which claims to possess ample funds for active and energetic development, and the organization of a company to be styled the Gladiolus Mining Company, Limited. Work will commence as soon as the weather will permit, under experienced management. As excellent assays have been obtained, \$11 in copper and gold from surface ore, and \$23 at 20 feet depth, and the locality generally has shown up well with development, good results are looked for.

Around New Denver.

A representative of Toronto capital will inspect the Fairy Queen group of claims on Denison creek shortly with a view to purchase. There are three claims in the group, and they have been located since 1895. They are on the north side of the creek, and about opposite the Neepawa. There are two veins running through the property from the Oregon City claim, which takes in the valley. One of the veins—the main one—is ten feet in width, and carries a heavy oxide covering, with quartz the full width. This is freely sprinkled with siliceous material, carrying the ledge carries the full lough on the group, trending slightly east of north and west of south. A number of open cuts have been run on the ledge, besides a tunnel in close to fifty feet. Good trails have been built, connecting with the wagon road. The property is most advantageously situated, with splendid water power and timber. The smaller vein, about 300 feet west and running parallel with the big lead, has not been touched as yet, though indications are good. Further development of the group will be commenced in a few days, at a much greater depth on the vein.

The Oregon City just below the Fairy Queen group, is owned chiefly by L. Parkinson, C. Trumbull and S. Rowell, of Kaslo. Considerable work has been done, almost entirely on the smaller vein. The first tunnel is in about 200 feet, having cut the apex of the ore chute; while No. 2 is in over 100 feet, and not quite to the ore body showing above. The ore is galena, carrying a heavy combination of iron pyrites and copper. The values in silver, lead, copper and gold are fair. The last work done was on the larger vein, and the commencement made of what will be the main tunnel. It is believed this will yet be the chief mineral carrier. Numerous seams of mineral cross-section the Oregon City, and it should make a shipping mine. Another property that will be worked so soon as the snow will permit of supplies being taken up in the Dalhousie group, covering a mile and a half from the Tenmile creek to the Spruce creek summit.

It is only a question of time, says Secretary Wilson, who has just returned to Washington from a trip in the Southern States, when the South will produce all the tea the people in the United States will want. It is intended to start a tea farm in every Southern State as soon as that can be done intelligently.

SLEEPLESSNESS.

Science and common experience agree in teaching that sleeplessness is the result of over-activity of brain. We are told, and we know, that we cannot go to sleep unless we are in a quiescent state. But we do not sufficiently recognize how much power resides in us for chasing away the ideas which, as soon as we lie down in the hope of rest, crowd into the brain and keep it awake. Those suffering from insomnia are apt indignantly to deny that they possess this power. Of course, as for everything else, practice is required in its exercise, but some persons have a wonderful facility in sleeping at will. The stock remedies for sleeplessness, such as counting sheep or repeating verses, demand too much effort, and sometimes prove more exciting than soothing. A simpler plan, which has been found efficacious, is to fix the attention for some minutes on the return of circulation to the hands or feet. I say on the return, for when the blood is once relieved from thinking, the blood resumes normal flow. Perhaps for some time only quietude, not sleep, will be secured, but the one usually leads to the other. And this method has excellent results when rest is sought in time for the day's business. After it has been carried out as completely as possible for ten minutes, one is pleased to find that the faculties are surprisingly revived, whereas a much longer rest, without control of mental activity, does little good. The repose obtained is preferable to sleep, because an excited brain is sure to fatigue itself by dreaming. The suggestion is in accordance with the well-known fact that undivided attention to one object produces somnolence.—E. A. M., in the Spectator.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well, No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use. How useless to treat disease with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach. The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, faintness, headaches, constipation; later comes loss of flesh, consumption, liver- and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the indirect result of poor nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These Tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jenkinson because they are composed of the natural digestive acids and are equal in evaporated form to the stomach's own juices, so that the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for invalids and children. A book on stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

OIL FUEL.

Oil fuel has many advantages, but up till now these have been largely discounted by the uncertainty as to the constancy of supplies at moderate prices. For marine use such fuel has exceptional advantages. Smoke can be entirely got rid of, and the stokehold staff reduced, whilst the work of those left is reduced to watching gauges and turning a hand-wheel or two. Again, in practice, 1 ton of oil seems to be equal in evaporative value to 2 tons of the commoner steam coals. On the other hand, the latter require a bunker space of 90 ft.,

HAS GRIPPE LEFT ITS MARK ON YOUR CONSTITUTION?

Do you feel weak, nervous, listless—Lack strength and energy? Take a few Boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills—They'll make you Strong and Well Again.

"Haven't felt right since I had the grippe," is an expression one hears on every hand just now. This terrible scourge leaves in its train weak hearts, shattered nerves, impoverished blood, and a general rundown, debilitated condition of the system. Thousands of people throughout Canada are just now needing the timely assistance of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. This cure has a wonderful way of strengthening, invigorating, and building up the health after grippe or any serious illness. Mrs. Eliza Cook, who lives at 109 Palmerston Ave., Toronto, says: "Seven years ago I had the grippe, followed by inflammation of the lungs. I have been afflicted ever since with heart trouble. To walk any way fast would make me gasp for breath, and many a time I have had to stop on the Street to regain my breath. "I had smothering feeling at night, and my nerves were unstrung. Anything annoying or worrying me produced extreme weakness, and would set my heart beating so fast that I thought I was dying. I would become so nervous as to tremble like a leaf. "I began taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills some time ago, and have been getting better ever since. My nerves are much stronger, and the palpitation, fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, and nervousness troubles me no more. "I gladly recommend these pills as the best medicine I know of for heart and nerve troubles, and the after effects of grippe on account of the great good they have done in my case."



He knows, His patron knows, and everybody knows that this contains the purest, best, and most delicious Coffee that expert buyers can procure. It's Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee, that's the reason.

whilst the ton of oil occupies 38 ft. only. Under Lloyd's regulations oil of 200 deg. Fahr. flash may now be carried in the water ballast tanks, from which it can easily be distributed to service tanks feeding the boiler furnaces. The ease with which oil fuel can be placed on board is another point in its favor, 300 tons being easily loaded in an hour, and without dirtying the ship. To secure complete combustion, it is, however, necessary that the oil should be finely sprayed on entering the furnaces.

As a result of the above remarks which appear in Engineering, it is interesting to learn from a statement in the Kronoski Vestnik that as a result of the trials on board the Russian torpedo boat No-200, in the Black Sea, it is proposed in future, when fitting apparatus for the use of petroleum fuel in the ships of the Baltic fleet, to adopt the system of injecting Shtechensovitch, in which the spraying of petroleum residuum is carried out by mechanical means. No. 200 is fitted with one locomotive engine and boiler, which with petroleum fuel and under forced draught gives 100 revolutions and a speed of 14.5 knots. The consumption of petroleum fuel per hour is about 6 1/4 cwt.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

An authority on tin plating says that food canners cannot be too careful in seeing that the quality of tin plate used by them is of the proper quality. Persons who eat canned goods are not supposed to know anything of the chemical reaction of the contents against the tin plate, and in this chemical process may be found much of the cause for the common complaints of canned stuffs on the score of their being poisonous. Most of the tin plate for canning purposes is made in Monmouthshire and in South Wales. Of late many changes have been made in the methods of coating tin plate. These changes have made the goods cheaper, but it is probable that they have greatly increased the quantity of poisoned food which the cans contain. The dealers certainly never pack putrid meat, and the food is certainly not so putrid as it used to be. The cans will keep good any length of time. The cure suggested for this public danger is the testing of the tin plate. Not long ago plates designed for canning purposes were coated exclusively through painting. The rule is not so rigid now, but ought to be. If food canners will insist on having their plates coated through pure tin, and take care not to use any other, no more will be heard of people being poisoned by canned goods. The wearing quality of a sheet of tin plate is not so much a function of the thickness of the coating as the nature of the coating. A tin-coated sheet, though the latter may be the more attractive-looking sheet, is a fertile cause of black specks. However, carefully sheets are assorted, some with small black spots of the size of a pin's head are very likely to pass. Where palm oil has been used these defects matter little, but if the spot is caused by acid flux it will attract moisture, and with time and the use of food may prove highly injurious. A naturalist claims that there is a great deal of ignorance of the effects of chloroform on the part of many stable holders and others to whom the task of giving chloroform to horses is often entrusted, and from this ignorance a great deal of needlessly cruel pain has been inflicted. The Junker method of forcing air through chloroform has stood the test of experience remarkably well. A known quantity of chloroform is evaporated at each compressor of the bellows, and so a definite amount of the drug is presented to the patient at each inspiration. This method has been adapted ingeniously to the chloroforming of horses. Satisfactory anaesthesia can by this method be obtained in horses by using 12.33 minutes a minute in one case, 12.63 minutes in another and 15.1 minutes in another. This gives an average of about half a minute a respiration. The piston, which takes the place of the bellows, in the apparatus of Junker, gives absolute control of the percentage of vapor administered. Three imperative rules, however, should be followed: (1) The vapor should be given during the whole period of inspiration; (2) only so much chloroform should be given at each inspiration as can be completely absorbed; (3) to begin with, only one-twentieth of a grain should be administered, slowly and carefully increasing the dose to one-tenth, one-fifth, etc., and never going above half a grain dose. If some reliable persons about such stable were trained to this method of chloroform administration the present dread and uncertainty about using the drug would no longer stand in the way of ameliorating or if necessary

terminating the sufferings of valuable horses. The question of pure beer has been receiving much attention in England. In August, 1898, a parliamentary committee was appointed to consider whether legislation is required to prevent the use of inferior substances in the manufacture of beer. The report of the committee is now published. One of the views expressed in the report is that while an all-malt brewing from a blend of malt from the best English and foreign barley is still the best for some descriptions of beer (pale bitter ale, for example), yet for other descriptions, which constitute by far the larger proportion of the beer consumed, the medium or lower qualities of British barley-malt are improved as brewing materials by the addition of a moderate proportion of good brewing sugar; and this is especially the case when the barley from which the malt is made has been imperfectly ripened or harvested under unfavorable conditions. The report concludes with two practical proposals: The first is the declaration of materials by labeling on sale. Whatever form this proposal might take, the general idea it was intended to convey was that beer should be defined as the product of malt, hops, yeast and water only and that any material which has been made from any other material should be obliged to mark it with a label showing in more or less detail that such other materials have been used. In its simplest form the requirement would be that a notice should be put up in the place of sale that beers are or are not guaranteed to be made from malt and hops only. A "ladies' magazine" tells women who think they are getting stout to look for their neighbors' recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, but to take the natural remedy of exercise. The exercise which is of special virtue in these cases would be taken with the feet, and the arms should be raised and placed together, with arms at the sides and the head high, and the spine should be curved to throw the chest out and the hips back. Then the floor should be touched with the finger tips in front of the feet without bending the knees. After this the arms should be slowly lifted and held over the head. This should be repeated fifteen times. This simple exercise has been known to reduce the weight twenty pounds in three months. It is quite likely that at first there may be difficulty in reaching the feet without bending the knees, but persistent practice will soon enable it to be done at any event, in the large majority of cases. To secure complete anaesthesia, the arms and legs should be pumped, the tense muscles of back and thigh will relax and the hands will get nearer the floor. At the end of a week the difficulty should be overcome and anaesthesia will be complete. The taking of a cup of hot water an hour before meals, being careful to take none with food. An Australian correspondent says he has found the dressing of food with lemon juice a method of protecting books from the attacks of rats, cockroaches and "silverfish" that is not only effective, but is a powerful disinfectant.

At THE TABLE-D'OTE. "I have often wondered," writes a much-travelled contributor, "why no one has ever collected table-d'ote anecdotes. Here are one or two—who knows?—enterprising what the appetite of Dijon one day, the incident included came under my notice—indeed, covered me and some others with confusion. The small table-d'ote of the 'Jura' has been swelled by a party of Cook's excursionists just returned from Switzerland, and in this chemical process may be found much of the cause for the common complaints of canned stuffs on the score of their being poisonous. Most of the tin plate for canning purposes is made in Monmouthshire and in South Wales. Of late many changes have been made in the methods of coating tin plate. These changes have made the goods cheaper, but it is probable that they have greatly increased the quantity of poisoned food which the cans contain. The dealers certainly never pack putrid meat, and the food is certainly not so putrid as it used to be. The cans will keep good any length of time. The cure suggested for this public danger is the testing of the tin plate. Not long ago plates designed for canning purposes were coated exclusively through painting. The rule is not so rigid now, but ought to be. If food canners will insist on having their plates coated through pure tin, and take care not to use any other, no more will be heard of people being poisoned by canned goods. The wearing quality of a sheet of tin plate is not so much a function of the thickness of the coating as the nature of the coating. A tin-coated sheet, though the latter may be the more attractive-looking sheet, is a fertile cause of black specks. However, carefully sheets are assorted, some with small black spots of the size of a pin's head are very likely to pass. Where palm oil has been used these defects matter little, but if the spot is caused by acid flux it will attract moisture, and with time and the use of food may prove highly injurious. A naturalist claims that there is a great deal of ignorance of the effects of chloroform on the part of many stable holders and others to whom the task of giving chloroform to horses is often entrusted, and from this ignorance a great deal of needlessly cruel pain has been inflicted. The Junker method of forcing air through chloroform has stood the test of experience remarkably well. A known quantity of chloroform is evaporated at each compressor of the bellows, and so a definite amount of the drug is presented to the patient at each inspiration. This method has been adapted ingeniously to the chloroforming of horses. Satisfactory anaesthesia can by this method be obtained in horses by using 12.33 minutes a minute in one case, 12.63 minutes in another and 15.1 minutes in another. This gives an average of about half a minute a respiration. The piston, which takes the place of the bellows, in the apparatus of Junker, gives absolute control of the percentage of vapor administered. Three imperative rules, however, should be followed: (1) The vapor should be given during the whole period of inspiration; (2) only so much chloroform should be given at each inspiration as can be completely absorbed; (3) to begin with, only one-twentieth of a grain should be administered, slowly and carefully increasing the dose to one-tenth, one-fifth, etc., and never going above half a grain dose. If some reliable persons about such stable were trained to this method of chloroform administration the present dread and uncertainty about using the drug would no longer stand in the way of ameliorating or if necessary

WHOOPING COUGH. I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. Moore, South Burgetstown, Pa. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

SUBTERRANEAN FAUNA. It appears from a paper recently read by M. Viro before the French Association for the Advancement of Science that there has been opened in the catacombs of the Jardin des Plantes, at Paris, a subterranean laboratory for studying the modifications brought about by darkness in the organs of animals. Some interesting results have, it is stated, already been obtained, and others are sure to follow. The fauna of caves and subterranean lakes must always possess a peculiar interest of their own, as their environments tend to bring about very marked changes. Perhaps one of the best known of these inhabitants of underground bodies of water is the Proteus, which has been found in subterranean lakes many hundred feet below the surface of the earth, where no ray of light can possibly enter. It is a blind, worm-like creature, about a foot long, which has been found chiefly in the soft mud of a small lake in the grotto of Madalena, at Adelsberg. It is not, however, always present, and has been conjectured to be the inhabitant of some subterranean caverns of water, and to have been forced through the crevices of the rock. The creature is white, with skin passing unobtrusively over the rudimentary eyes. It possesses several remarkable points of interest, as regards its habits and its habits of life. The blood corpuscles are large, and are almost distinguishable to the naked eye.

MAGNIFICENCE OF VICEROYALTY. Some interesting particulars of the functions at Government House, Calcutta, are given in the Idler. These functions are, of course, most brilliant during the months of the year that the Viceroy holds his court at Calcutta. Like the Mansion House in London, Government House is celebrated for its hospitality, at which the toilers of the Indian, the military and civil officials of the Empire, and the members of the nobility, the military and civil officials, all abide with jewels and color. A scene which for brilliance can scarcely be surpassed. The greatest time at Calcutta is between December 20 and January 10, when Christmas and New Year festivities are the order of the day. As soon as the Viceroy and his suite arrive for Calcutta their arrival is notified by a Levee and Drawing Room. At the Levee, those who have private admission to Government House arrange themselves. One that the reception is in progress. Every comer is ushered into the Viceroy's presence by an A.D.C. The Viceroy only shakes hands with those whom he knows. Native officers prefer their swords. Refreshments are served in the Drawing Room, which is given by the Viceroy's wife. When this is over, the company are ushered into the ballroom, as the salon apartments where refreshments are served in long hours to strains of music lasting about an hour. Dinners are given weekly or bi-weekly, and covers are laid for sixty or eighty persons, very few of whom are natives—natives not caring to attend such functions. Balls are of two kinds. Small balls are only attended by a select company of a couple of hundred persons. But to large functions—"dignity balls," as they are called—everyone in the Government House List" would be thirteen hundred, unless some twelve or thirty were invited. By ten o'clock at night the ballroom is crowded. The Viceroy, his wife, and suite then enter in procession, and take their places for the opening of the ball, which is duly corded (quandle, a space for some of the young pretties of the Viceroy's native household. At twelve o'clock a move is made to the supper-room on the floor above, and shortly after supper the Viceroy retires to his private apartments, the ball being, however, kept up till three in the morning.

At a general meeting of the Institute of Mining Engineers, held in London, the address of President Longueur was devoted to a pessimistic review of the exhaustion of British coal and iron. He said the evidence all pointed to the fact that fifty years hence we shall be practically dependent upon the United States for cheap coal, iron and steel. Will positively cure sick headaches and prevent its return. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, and all other ailments. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, 2nd Carter's Little Liver Pills 25 equal Tablets Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also regulate the bowels, stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels. Even if only one cured.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, 2nd Carter's Little Liver Pills 25 equal Tablets Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also regulate the bowels, stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels. Even if only one cured. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

A Puzzle to Themselves HOTEL RUSSELL, ATLIN, B.C. Young women undergo much suffering which could be avoided by using the great restorative. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Young women are frequently a puzzle to themselves so far as health is concerned. The mysterious ills of womanhood are accompanied by many distressing symptoms, and in ignorance the young woman, just entering upon maturity suffers much that could as well be avoided did she but understand. The irregularities in the monthly uterine action, such as painful, suppressed or profuse menstruation, sick headaches, the monthly periods and the distressing feelings of fatigue and exhaustion, all speak of thin, watery blood and exhausted nerves. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the greatest restorative for pale, weak, suffering girls and women that was ever discovered. By swelling the shrivelled arteries with rich, red blood, it restores vitality to the body, color to the cheek and roundness to the form. It revitalizes the nerves and produces absolute regularity of the feminine organs. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is prepared in handy pill form, from the favorite prescription of Dr. A. W. Chase, the discoverer of Dr. Chase's Ointment and Kidney Liver Pills. 50 cts. a box at all dealers, or by mail on receipt of price by Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE THREE LARGEST VESSELS. The three "big ships" of the world may be compared in the following way:

Ship	Tonnage	Speed	Value
Oceanic	704,200	17,000	45,000
Great Eastern	690,300	19,000	2,700
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	648,200	14,000	30,000

The beam of the Oceanic is seventy-two feet against eighty-three for the Great Eastern and sixty-six for the Kaiser Wilhelm. The Oceanic has a coal capacity sufficient to enable her to circumnavigate the globe at a speed of twelve knots an hour without re-coaling.

EVIDENCE FROM HAMILTON, ONT., That Laxa-Liver Pills are the best remedy for Constipation, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache. Mr. H. James, of the St. Nicholas Hotel, pleased to recommend them.

Standards Hard Usage. You can buy enamelled ware which looks all right but when you cook in it all turns to getting the burnt enamel off it chips it; after that it's no good for cooking purposes. CRESCENT STEEL AGATE WARE will not burn or chip, we guarantee it to do so, our guarantee label is on each piece. Look for it and avoid wasting money. MADE BY The Thos. Davidson Mfg. Co. MONTREAL.

JOHN MESTON Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc. BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Municipal Court of Revision. Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the annual Court of Revision of the Municipality of the city of Victoria will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Douglas street, Victoria city, on Monday, 12th day of June, proximo AT 10 A.M.

Calendars. To the business men of Victoria: Don't be persuaded by smooth-tongued canvassers into ordering CHEAP EUROPEAN OR EASTERN calendars or cards of the gaudy and vulgar class. We are preparing NEW and ORIGINAL Views of Victoria and District in all sizes, highly artistic, not the played out half-tone work but PEN AND INK SIGNED SKETCHES of high artistic merit, suitable for your portfolio or for calendars, Christmas cards, etc. Specializing in charming gifts for home friends. The work from original sketches to last color will be done in our own shops and our customers may rest that money spent with us will NOT GO OUT OF B. C. The Province Publishing Co., Ltd. Lby VICTORIA WATERWORKS.

Attention is called to Sec. 22 of the Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1898, which reads as follows: "No person shall sprinkle, or use in any manner whatever, the water supplied by the city, upon lawns, gardens, parks, or grounds of any description, except between the hours of 5 and 9 in the morning, and the hours of 5 and 10 in the evening, unless the water so used shall be supplied by meters." J. A. L. RAYMUR, Water Commissioner, City Hall, May 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to John Mitchell of my license to sell wine and liquors by retail upon the premises situate on the south side of Broad street, between Douglas and Victoria streets, in said City of Victoria, known as the Dawson Hotel. Dated this 25th day of April, 1899. MARGARET WHITE. Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the undersigned, Sarah Jensen, at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria for a transfer from the said Sarah Jensen to Henry C. Marr of the retail liquor license now held by her of the premises situate on Court Alley, in the said City of Victoria, known as the Boomerang Saloon. SARAH JENSEN. Dated this 13th day of May, 1899. Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria we, John McPherson and Hugh Simpson, intend to apply for a transfer to Ferdinand E. Neumann of the license held by us to sell spirits, wine and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Junction Hotel, situate at Johnson street, in the City of Victoria. Dated the 13th day of May, 1899. F. J. BROCK. HUGH SIMPSON. Witness: S. L. CHAMBERLAIN.

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