FAITH'S PLEA

UPON

GOD's WORD.

A

SERMON

PREACHED

On a PREPARATION-DAY, before the Sacrament of the LORD's SUPPER at Burntisland, upon 2 Sam. vii. 20. Do as thou hast said.

By the Late Reverend

Mr. RALPH ERSKINE, Minister of the Gospel, in Dunfermline.

The EIGHT EDITION.

FALKIRK:

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M,DCC,LXXXI

FAITH'S PLEA

UPON

GOD's WORD.

II. SAMUEL vii. 25.

DO AS THOU HAST SAID.

IDAVID was a strong believer; and it were our great advantage to follow him in his faith: and in the word that I fix upon to speak a little to, there are two ways wherein his faith works, 1. By believing the divine word, Thou haft faid. The object and ground of faith is the divine faying; and faith rests upon a Thus faith the Lord; it is not upon a Thus faith a man, or thus faith a minister; nay, nor thus faith an angel--Divine faith can stand only upon a divine testimony, Thus faith the Lord, thou hast said. If you have faith, then you have received the word, not as the word of man, but as it is indeed the word. of Gol, which effectually works in you that believe. Eaith acts by taking God's word, XXXII W M.

word, Thou hast said, thou hast promised, thou hast spoken in thy holines.

2. Faith acts by pleading the accomplishment of the promise, Do as thou hast said. God is not a speaker only, but a doer; he is not a promiser, but a performer; and faith looks to a promising God, that he may be a performing God; and so puts him to his word.

OBSERV. That it is the business of true faith to take God's word, and to put him

to it.

In the illustration of this doctrinal proposition, we would incline, through divine aid, to essay briefly the following things.

I. To shew, That it is the business of

faith to take God's word.

II. That it is the business of faith to put him to his word.

III. How faith takes the word of God.

IV. How it pleads the accomplishment of the promise.

V. Whence is this the business of faith to take God at his word, and to put him to his word.

VI. Make application of the whole.

I. We are first to shew, That it is the puliness of faith to take God's word, or o take him at his word: this is plain,

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because the word is the immediate object of faith. We have no other glass wherein to fee God favingly but his word, particularly his word of grace and promise: "Say not, who shall ascend to heaven, that is, to bring Christ down from above; or who shall descend into the deep, that is, to bring up Christ and gain from the dead. The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth and in thy heart; fo then, faith comes by bearing; and hearing by the word of God," Rom. x. 6, 7, 8. Faith is a relative word, it relates to the faithfulness of the speaker: believing relates to a word to be believed. That it is the business of faith to trust in the word of God is evident from the whole scripture. How many times, Pfal. exix. doth the Pfalmist speak of "truffing in his word, and hoping in his word, and rejoicing in his word," and fo taking him at his word.

II. We come in the next place to shew, That it is the husiness of faith to put him to his word, or to plead the accomplishment of his word, that he would do as he had said: this is evident from Pialmerix. 49. "Remember the word unto thy servant, upon which thou hast caused me to hope." And how many times

doth

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doth he plead with God to do to him according to his word? "Quicken me according to thy word," ver. 25. Again and again we have this repeated, as ver. 107, 154. "Strengthen me according to thy word," ver. 28: "Save me according to thy word," ver. 28. "Save me according to thy word," ver. 41. " Be merciful to me, according to thy word," ver. 58. "Deal well with thy fervant, according to thy word," ver. 65. "Let thy merciful kindness be my comfort, according to thy word," ver. 76. "Give me understanding according to thy word," ver. 169. "Deliver me, ac-"cording to thy word," ver. 170.— All comes to this, Do as thou hast said.

III. We proceed new to show, or in what manner faith takes the word

of God;

hension of it in the understanding. The man is taught of God, and gets his eyes opened to see the faithful faying, and worthy of all acceptation; he sees it to be the word of God, and a word spoken in season to his weary soul. They will never take the word by faith that do not understand it. Philip saith unto the eunuch, Understandest thou what thou read-

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what thou hearest? Are your eyes of ened to see the wonders of his law or doctrine; to see the glory of Christ held

out to you in his word.

2. Faith takes the word of God by a particular application of it with the heart; infomuch that it is a cordial apprehension, one a cordial affent that is given to the word; with the heart man believeth unto right confuefs. Saving light goes to the heart. Many have only their heads enlightened, their judgments informed, but not their hearts' engaged, nor their affections captivated. Faith is a cordial applying the word, and that particularly to the man's own benefit: whether we call it assurance or not, it comes to the fame thing: as when in conviction the threatening is applied, the man trembles under the fear of hell and wrath, because he applies the law threatening to himfelf, faying, I'm the man to whom this threatening is spoken; fo in the day of conversion or believing, the promise is applied, the man is relieved with the view of the grace and mercy of God in Christ, because he applies the gospel-promise to himself, saying, "I am the man to whom this promife

is spoken, and I receive and rest upon Christ for salvation, as he is promised or offered in this gospel: To me is this word of salvation." And if the man did not take it to himself, there would be no believing at all. But then,

to shew how faith pleads the accom-

plishment of the promise.

made the promife, that it is everlafting mercy, unchangeable mercy; the Lord, the Lord God, merciful and gracious.

2. It pleads upon the truth that is to make out the promise; it is called, The truth in facob, and the mercy to Abraham, Mic. vii. 20, that his name is faithful and true.

3. It pleads upon the power of the promiser, being fully persuaded, that he that hath promised is able to perform; that he hath not out-promised his own promise, or said what he cannot do.

4. It pleads upon the blood of the covenant that feals all the promises thereof; hence they are all yea and amen in

Christ Jesus.

5. It pleads upon the love of God to Christ; this is to pray in his name, that God, for the love he bears to Christ, would do as he hath said.

6. It pleads upon the unchangeable ness of God and of his word: that his aword endureth for ever, and that he is God; and changes not, therefore the fons of Jacob are not consumed.

7. In a word, it pleads upon his oath. Heb. vi. 17. "God, willing more a--bundantly to shew unto the heirs of promile the immutability of his counsel, hath confirmed it by an oath, that by two immutable things, in which it was impossible for God to lie, we might have strong confolation, who have fled for refuge, Italian hold upon the hope fet before us." rice : climera, with the count

8. And lastly, It pleads upon his name, What wilt thou do for thy great name.

V. The fifth thing proposed, was, To shew whence is this the business of faith to take God at his word, and to put him to his word. Why? - Because,

1. It is the end and defign of God in giving his word; These things are written, and spoken, that we may believe in the Son of God, and that believing we might have life in his name. John xx. 31. The gospel is preached in vain, if men do not take God at his word, and then hang upon ita

2. Because

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2. Because thus we glorify God; and the more we rest upon the divine word, the more we glorify him: Abraham was strong in faith, giving glory to God. We give him the honour of his truth, and other perfections this way.

3. Because thus we engage the honour of God upon our side: when we put him to his word, his honour is en-

gaged, he cannot deny himfelf.

4. Because faith hath no other way of living but upon the word of God: "Man liveth not by bread alone, but every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God. Thy word was found of me, and I did eat it. This is my comfort in my affliction, thy word hath quickened me."

VI. The last thing proposed was the application of the subject, which indeed was the principal thing intended. Here is a fit exercise before the solemn communion-work, to go to God and say, O do as thou hast said. Consider what he hath said, and take him at his word, and put him to it, that he would do to him accordingly. Whatever your case be, surely there is some word relative to it.

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Some may be thinking. Alas! God hath faid nothing to me, that I may put him to his word. Why, man, if the gospel that is the Bible, be preached to you, and if there be any word of grace therein suitable to your case, then put not away the word from you, but take it, and plead upon it, that God would do as he hath said. If you can see any word of promise suited to your case, and to your need, then put to your hand by faith, and lay hold upon his word.

Oh! fay you, is there any word from God about my case, who am a poor needy creature like to starve for want of a spiritual meal, and a hearty draught of the living waters that go out from Jerusalem. What hath God said, or hath he faid any thing concerning me? Yea, he hath faid, Isai. xli. 17, 18. "When the poor and needy feek water, and there is none, and their tongue faileth for thirst, I, the Lord, will hear them, I, the God of Israel, will not forfake them. I will open rivers in dry places, and fountains in the midft of the vailies. I will make the wilderness a pool of water, and the dry land springs of water," - Hath he faid so? Then take

take him at his word, put him to it,

faying, Lord, do as thou hast said.

Oh! but is there any word from God for me, who have been long waiting for ordinances, and never yet feen his glory, as I would defire to fee it? What hath he faid concerning me? Why, he hath faid, that he waits that he may be gracious, that he is a God of judgment, and bleffed are all they that wait for him, Ifai. xxx. 18. He hath faid, "The vision is for an appointed time, but at the end it will speak and not lie: though it tarry, wait for it; because it will surely come, and not tarry, Hab. i. 3.—Hath he said so? Then take him at his word, and put him to it, saying, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word from God concerning my case, that find my conscience challenging me for prodigious guilt? Hear what he saith, Heb. viii. 12. "I will be merciful to your unrighteousness, and your sins and your iniquities will I remember no more. Isai. xliii. 25. I, even I, am he that blotteth out thy transgressions for mine own sake, and will not remember thy sins."—O then! take hold of his word, wherein he proclaims indemnity, and put him to it, saying, Lord, do as thou hast said.

7. 2. B.

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But, fays another, is there any word from God concerning me, that am compaffed about with strong corruptions and conquering lusts, that fin gets the mastery over me? Would you be delivered? Hear what he faith, Mic. vii. 19. "He will subdue our iniquities, and will cast our fins into the depths of the sea. Rom. vi. 14. Sin shall not have dominion over you, for ye are not under the law, but under grace. Isai. lxiii. 4. The day of vengeance is in mine heart, and the year of my redeemed is come." - Hath he promifed to take vengeance on your lusts? Then take him at his word, faying, O do as thou hast said.

But is there any word faid to me that am such a filthy monster, such a polluted creature in heart and way, that am stinking, as it were, in the grave of sin? He hath said, Ezek. xxxvi. 26. From all your filthiness, and from all your idols will I cleanse you. Zech. xii. 1. There is a fountain opened to the house of David, and to the inhabitants of Jerusalem, for sin and uncleanness.—Is there a promise of cleansing? Then take him at his word, and cry,

LORD, do as their hast faid.

But

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But is there any word to me a backflider, a grievous revolter, that many times after vows have made inquiry; my promifes and refolutions have been but paper-walls before the fire of temptation? Are you afflicted with this, and would have relief? Behold he fays, Jer. iii. 22. "Return, ye backfliding children, and I will heal your backflidings." Hof. xiv. 4. I will heal your backflidings, and love you freely. I will be as the dew to Ifrael."—Hath he faid fo? Then let your heart fay, LORD, do as thou haft faid.

But what doth God fay to me, that have no strength for my duty or difficulty, that am weak like water? Would you have relief in this case? God fays, 2 Cor. xii. 9. "My grace shall be sufficient for thee; and my strength shall be made perfect in thy weakness. Isai. xl. 29. He giveth power to the faint, and to him that hath no might he increaseth strength." — Doth he say so? Then put him to his word, saying, Lord do as thou hast said.

But is there any word concerning me, that am brought to a great difficulty, and know not what to do, or what hand to turn to; I am straitened what course (14)

Yes, he doth: Ifa. xliii. 16. "I will bring the blind by a way they knownot, I will lead them in paths that they have not known. I will make darkness light before them, and crooked things straight. Isaiah xxx. 22. Thine ears shall hear a voice behind thee, saying, This is the way, walk ye in it. I will guide thee by my counsel."—Doth he say so? Then put him to his word, saying, do as thou hast said.

But what fays God to a poor foul that is haraffed with the temptations of the devil, and ready to be destroyed with the fiery darts of the wicked one? God fays, "I will bruife the head of the serpent. Rom. xvi. 10. The God of peace shall bruife Satan under your feet shortly. For this cause was the Son of God manifested, to destroy the works of the devil."—Hath he begun to destroy him? and hath he said, "Thou shalt bruise him under thy feet?" Then put him to his word, saying, LORD, do as thou hast said.

Alas! But what fays God to a poor destitute creature that hath nothing, no good, no strength? He says, Phil. iv. 19. "My God shall supply all your wants, according to his riches in glory,

by Christ Jesus. Pfalm ix. 18. The needy shall not always be forgotten; the expectation of the poor shall not perish for ever. There is bread enough and to spare in your Father's house:"-Hath he faid so? O then! put him to his word, faving, LORD, do as thou haft

Said.

But what fays God to me, that am longing, earneftly longing for fome tafte of his goodness, some view of his beauty, fonie communion and fellowship with him? Why, God fays to you, that he " will fatisfy the longing foul, and fill the hungry foul with good things. Matth. v. 6. "Bleffed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled."—Hath he said so? Then let your hearts fay, LORD, do as thou hast said.

Oh! but is there any word for one that hath a quite other case to tell you of, that hath no longing defire, no hunger, no thirst, that hath as much need as any longing foul hath; but I have no spiritual longing, not so much as a defire, but like the parched earth, the dry ground, that can have no active thirst, but hath many a wide cleft? God fays,

Ifai. xliv. 3, 4. "I will pour water on him that is thirsty, and floods upon the dry ground; even my spirit upon thy feed, and my bleffing upon thine offfpring. They shall grow up as among the grafs, as willows by the watercourses .-- Have you no other thirst, but like that of the dry ground? and he hath promsed a slood? Then, O put him to his word, LORD, do as thou hast · faid.

Oh! but is there any word for me, that am like the barren ground and unfruitful, that bears nothing but briers and thorns, and I find this ground is rejected, is nigh unto curfing, whose end is to be burned? Is this your fear and concern? Hear that word, Ifai. lv. 13. "Instead of the thorn shall come up the fir-tree, and instead of the brier, the myrtle-tree; and it shall be to the Lord for a name, and for an everlafting fign that shall not be cut off. Hos. xiv. 8. I am like a green fir-tree, from me is thy fruit found. Hath he faid fo? Then put him to his word, faying, LORD, do at thou hast said.

Alas! but is there any word for me, that have been a fool, a macker, a scorner, that 17)

that have laughed at all religion and godliness; is there any merciful words that I may take hold of? Yea, God faith, Prov. i. 22. "Ye scorners, that "delight in scorning, and sools that hate "knowledge, turn ye at my reproof; behold, I will pour out my Spirit un-"to you, I will make known my word unto you."—Doth he say so? Then put him to his word, saying, O do as

thou hast said.

But what faith God to me that hath a plagued heart, a base heart, sull of all manner of ewils, and all the plagues of hell? Why, God saith, Ezek. xxxvi. 26. "A new heart will I give you, and "a new spirit will I put within you; "and I will take away the stoney heart "out of your flesh. And I will put my "Spirit within you, and cause you to "walk in my statutes." And, whatever be thy plague, he hath said, I am the Lord that healeth thee. — Hath he said so? Then, O put him to his word, saying, Lord, do as thou hast said.

Ah! But doth God fay any thing to a stupid wretch, that only hears you, but is no more affected than the stones of the wall, and that is quite dead, and

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can no more stir than a rock, and hath no more life than a dead corpse? God says, and O that he would say it with power, "Come from the four winds, "O breath, and breathe upon these slain, that they may live. Ezek. xxxvii." Iz. I will open your graves, and cause you to come out of your graves, and "ye shall know that I am the Lord," when I have opened your graves, and "shall put my Spirit in you, and ye shall "live."—Hath he said so? Then O put him to his word, saying, LORD,

do as thou hast said.

But, Oh! is there any word that GOD faith concerning me, that have forfeited GOD's favour, by heaping up great and insuperable mountains betwixt him and me, that I fear he will never come over? Why, he fays, Zech. iv. 7. "Who art "thou, O great mountain, before our "Zerubabel? Thou shalt become a plain. "He shall bring forth the head-stone " with shouting, crying, Grace, grace " unto it." He can make the mountains skip like rams, and the little hills like lambs. .-Hath he faid fo? Then, O put him to his word, and fay, LORD, do as thou hast said. But

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But is there any word for one that Is filled with fear of heavy judgments coming upon the land, and upon an apostate church? Yes, he fays, Isai. xxxii. 2. " A man shall be a hiding place from " the storm, and a covert from the tem-" pest; as rivers of water in a dryplace, " as the shadow of a great rock in a wea-" ry land." When you fee matters running into confusion, church-members betraying the privileges of the church, and the church of Scotland destroying herself with her own hand, not only boars out of the forest wasting her, and wild heafts of the forest devouring her, but enemies in the bosom of the church making themselves famous for lifting up axes and hammers, to break down the carved work of her doctrine, discipline, and government; remember the Lord hath faid, that when he builds up Zion, he will appear in his glory; and that upon all the glory there shall be a defence; that at evening time it shall be light; that the darkest part of the night may usher in the morning-star of a reformation in spite of hell: For I would incline gladly to hope God will not leave Scotland, though we have left him. He took infeftment by folemn national

national covenant fix times *; and he hath had martyrs for his kingly office, that have afferted his royal prerogative at the expence of their blood: therefore let us apply that word, He will arise and have mercy on Zion. — He hath said so? Then, O take him at his word, saying, LORD, do as thou hast said.

But, is there any word for a poor creature that is in bondage through fear of death? " If I have run with foot-"men, and they have wearied me, then " how can I contend with horses? And, "if in the land of peace, wherein I "I trusted, they wearied me, then what " will I do in the swelling of Jordan?" I tremble to meet with the king of terrors? Why, he hath faid, Hof. xiii. 14. "I will ransom them from the power " of the grave; I will redeem them " from death: O death! I will be thy " plague; O grave! I will be thy de-" ftruction. Death shall be fwallowed "up in victory." Plead then that he would do as he hath said.

^{*}This was done at different periods betwixt the year 1580, and 1650.

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But I want affurance of all thefe things, may one fay, Well, what mean you by that, man, woman, that you want affurance? I suppose many do not understand themselves, when they fay they want affurance; for, what better assurance would you have than the word? If you have his word, you need no better assurance. If a man of credit give you his word, you can depend upon it, and fay you are affured of it. There is an affurance of fenfe, that is the affurance of the work, when you have got the thing that is promised; this is not properly affurance, it is enjoyment; but the assurance of faith is the affurance of a word. And though the affurance of fense be sweetest, yet the affurance of faith is the furest affurance; for, what you get in hand from God, you may foon lose the benefit and comfort of it; but what you have upon hand in the promise, is still to the fore. If you take God's promise, you have the best affurance in the world; but if you fay you want faith, you cannot take his word, or trust his word, then this is plain dealing: I fear this, indeed, be the case of the most; then you want affurance

affurance indeed, because you want faith, and cannot take his word, nor give him fo much credit. But, if any be faying, that is indeed my case; I cannot believe his word: doth God fay nothing to me? Yes, there are promifes of faith as well as to it: Zeph. iii. 12. "I will leave "in the midst of them a poor and af-" flicted people, and they shall trust in " the name of the LORD. In him shall "the Gentiles trust."—Hath the author of faith fo promifed? Then, O take him at his word; cry for faith, faying, LORD, do as thou haft faid.

But one may fay, I would defire not only to have the word, but the accomplishment of the word: I would not only have the promise, but the performance; and there are fome promifes I have been looking to, some ten or twenty years; old promises, that I think I got the faith of; but alas! the accomplishment is not yet come; there are Some prayers and petitions I have had long tabled upon the ground of the promife: What doth God fay to one that hath never got these promises accomplished, nor these prayers answered? Why, man, be thankful, if you have (23)

got grace to believe the promise; for so much faith as you have to take God's word, fo much affurance you have that the word will be made out. If you be waiting upon a promising God, give him his time, and behold the womb of the promise will shortly open and bring forth; for it will not travel beyond its time: "Bleffed is she that believed: for there " shall be a performance of these things "that were told her from the LORD." Luke i. 45. And your fits and starts of unbelief, O believer, shall not hinder the performance of the promife you have once believed favingly; " If we not, " he abideth faithful; he cannot deny " himself," 2 Tim. ii. 13. Will he deny his word? Will he deny his oath? No, no; he will have respect to his covenant, because he hath a respect to himself.

But, what fays God of one that is affiicted and mourning for the defolation of Zion, and particularly for the fins and defections of the day we live in? I will tell you what he fays, They that fow in tears shall reap in joy. And though you have your mourning time for Zion, you shall also have your rejoicing times; "Rejoice ye with Jeru-

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"falein, and be glad with her, all ye"
that love her: rejoice for joy with
her, all ye that mourn for her," Ifail
livi. 10. He fays, that he will fet "a
mark upon the foreheads of them that
figh and cry for all the abominations
that are done in the midst thereof,"
Ezek. ix. 4. "Blessed are they that
mourn, for they shall be comforted,"
Matth. v. 4.— Why, then look to him

to do as he hath said.

But faith another, I am one that has a family, and children that the LORD hath given me, and it is my concern not only that I may be bleffed myfelf, but that my feed and offspring may be bleffed: Is there any word for me in this case? Yea, what think ye of that word, Ifai. xliv. 3. "I will pour my Spirit upon "thy feed, and my bleffing upon thine " offspring?" What think ye of that covenant made with Abraham, which you are called to lay hold upon by following his faith! Gen. xvii. 7. "I will "be thy God, and the God of thy "feed:" You have not only the covenant of Abraham to look to, but the same entail of the covenant to your pofterity to look to, Isaiah lix. 21. "This is my coverant with them, saith the LORD, My Spirit that is upon thee, and my words that I have put in thy mouth, shall not depart out of the mouth of thy seed, nor out of the mouth of thy seeds feed, saith the LORD, from henceforth and for ever." He hath said, that children are his heritage, Psal. exxvii. 3.; and that his righteousness is unto childrens children, ciii. 17.; The promise is unto you and to your children, Acts ii. 39. O take him at his word, and cry, LORD, da as thou hast said.

But what do you fay to one that finds himself deserted of God, and that God answers neither by Urim nor Thummin. "I go forward, but he is not there; "backward, but I cannot perceive him: "on the left hand, where he doth work, but I cannot see him, Job xxii. 8, 9. "The comfort that could relieve my foul is far removed," Lam. i. 16. God says, Isai. liv. 7, 8, 10. "For a small, "moment have I forsaken thee, but with great mercies will I gather thee; in a little wrath I hid my face from thee for a moment, but with ever-"lasting kindness will I have mercy on

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"thee, faith the Lord thy Redeemer. For the mountains shall depart, and the hills be removed, but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the covenant of my peace be removed, faith the Lord, that hath mercy on thee."—Hath he said so? Then, O take him at his word, saying,

LORD, do as thou hast said.

But, what doth God fay to one that is toffed with one wave of affliction upon the back of another, "deep calling unto " deep, at the noise of God's water-" spouts; all his waves and billows are " gone over me?" Pfalm xci. 7. Why, God faith Ifai. liv. 11, 12, 13, 14. "Oh " thou afflicted, toffed with tempest, and " not comforted, behold, I will lay thy 66 stones with fair colours, and lay thy "foundations with fapphires; and I will " make thy windows of agates, and thy " gates of carbuncles, and all thy bor-"ders of pleafant stones; and all thy " children shall be taught of the LORD, " and great shall be the peace of thy children: in righteousness shalt thou "be established." Yea, he saith, Psal. xci. 15. "He shall call upon me, and "I will answer him: I will be with him

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"in trouble, I will deliver him, and honour him." Many fuch fweet words of grace he fpeaks: O then, take his word and plead, LORD, do as thou hast faid.

But is there any word to one that is loft in the wilderness, and knows not where he is, fo as to think it impossible that ministers can find him out? I think I aim lost in a thicket, and it is imposfible to find out my case, a nameless cafe. Why, may be, that word concerns you, Isai. lxii. 11. "Behold thy " falvation cometh; and thou shalt be "called, Sought out, not forfaken." And Hof. ii. 14. "I will aliure her,. " and bring her into the wilderness, and "there will I speak comfortably to her," or, as the word is in the margin, speak to her HEART. O comfortable, when God fpeaks not only to the ear, but to the heart. Well hath he faid it? O then, take his word and plead, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to one that hath been incorrigible under correcting providences, and hath his corruptions irritated by the crofs, and rebellion rather increased by rods, instead of being

E 2 reclaimed

reclaimed by word and rod? Is there any case like mine, or is there any word for me to lay hold upon? Yes, what think you of that word, Ifai. lvii. 17, 18. " For the iniquity of his covetouf-" nefs was I wroth, and fmote him: " I hid me and was wroth, and he went on frowardly in the way of his heart." Well, what follows? "I have feen his " ways and will heal him: I will lead " him alfo, and reftore comforts unto " him, and to his mourners." - O aftonishing wonder of free grace! that it was not faid. I have feen his ways and will damn him, but I have feen his ways and will fave him. - Hath he faid fo? Then put in your petition, LORD, do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to fuch as are under the power of unbelief and impenitency? The gospel is preached to believers and penitients: O God forbid but it was preached to finners that are both unbelieving and impenitent, in order to bring them to faith and repentance: Why, what faith God to fuch? ·He faith, that they ought to lay hold and plead upon Pfalm ex. 3. "Thy " people shall be willing in the day of

"his power." Acts v. 31. "Christ is exalted at the right-hand of God to be " a Prince and a Saviour, to give re-" pentance to Ifrael, and forgivennels " of fins." Plead then that he may do

as thou hast said.

But is it possible that God is speaking to one that hath been a notorious funer? Perhaps all the country knows that I have been a scandalous debauchee, a lewd and wicked finner, a profane graceless wretch. O! if such were charmed with the joyful found of the gospel-grace to-day, he faith, Isai. i. 18. Come, now let us reason together, saith " the LORD, though your fins be as " fcarlet, they shall be white as snow; "though they be red like crimfon, "they shall be as wool." Though you have finned to the uttermost, I am able to fave to the uttermost. Is your name wonderful, as a finner? Behold his name is Wonderful, as a Saviour. O hath he faid fo? Well, go and plead his word, faying, LORD, do as thou hast said.

But is there any word from God for one that hath crucified fo many convictions as I have done; yea, and virtually crucified the SON of GOD afresh, re-

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jecting his calls, grieving his Spirit? Yea, we are called to preach the gospel to every creature, and even to the crucifiers of Christ; "Repentance and "remission of sin must be preached in his name, beginning at Jerusalem," Luke xxiv '47. Why beginning at Jerusalem, among the crucifiers of Christ? Because they have most need of his blood to wash them; Christ came to save sinners—Hath he said so? Then put in your bill, Lord, do as thou

haft faid.

But will you tell me, is there any word for one that cannot think that it is as you are faying, that there is any merciful word in God's mouth, or any merciful thought in God's heart towards me, it cannot enter into my thought; I cannot let it light in my mind or heart? Why, God fays Isaiah lv. 8, &c. " My thoughts are not your thoughts, neither " are your ways my ways, faith the Load; for as 66 the beavens are higher than the earth, fo are my " ways, higher than your ways and my thoughts than your thoughts." You are not to measure his thoughts by yours, no more than you can measure these wide heavens with your arms; but God knows his own thoughts, and what fays he of them, Jerem. xxix. 11. 12. 13, 16 I know the thoughts that I think towards you, faith "the Lord; thoughts of peace, and not of evil, to give you an expected end. Then shall ye call of upon me. and I will bearken unto you. And ye 66 shall seek me, and find me, when ye shall search for me with all your heart"—Hath he said so? Then go and plead his word, faying, Lord, do as thou hast laid.

In a word do you want his presence? He hath said, "Lo I am with you always even unto the end of the world, I will never leave thee nor forsake thee?" Are you assaid of hell and damnation? He hath said. "Deliver his son! from going down to the pit; I have found out a ransom"—O what

encouragement

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encouragement is here to go and pray and pleade

faying, Lord, do as thou hast said.

O Sirs, fearch the Scriptures, and study the word of God, confult and confider what he hath faid; let there be no mouldy Bibles among you: let not the dust of your Bibles witness against you, for eternal falvation depends upon your believingwhat he hath faid; therefore study the faith of what he hath faid. The Spirit is promised, and the scriptures are written to work this saith: Christ is exalted, and the throne of grace is erected to give this faith, and this faith comes by hearing what he hath faid; by hearing not what Plato hath faid or Seneca hath faid, what this or that man hath faid. but what God hath faid in his word, in this Bible, which is a book fo prefaced, and fo attefted, as never any other book was the Old Testament is presaced by all the miracles wrought by Moses, the New Testament, by all the miracles wrought by Christ. And as Moses miracles were wrought before the Old l'estament was written, so Christ's miracles were wrought before the New Testament was written: never a book was so attested as this, even by a cloud of witnesses, a cloud of miracles, a cloud of martyrs, who fealed with their blood the truth contained in it. God, in the New Testament, exactly fulfils what he hath faid in the old; yea, the present state of all the world is a visible performing of scripture prophecies. - Are not the Jews at this day a scattered and despised people, as the scripture said they should be? Hath not God done as he heah said? Is not antichrist the long lived man of fin, and the cruel man of blood, as the scripture told he should be? Thus it is done as he hath faid - Are not the Pagan parts of the earth the dark places and habitations of crueity, as the scripture says they should be? Thus it is as he hath said. Do not the seven churches of Asia ly desolate,

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is they were threatened, unless they repented? Thus it is as he hath faid .- Is not mahomet, the falle prophet, and his followers, like the waters ofthe great tiver Euphrates, to which they are compared in scripcure? And thus it is as he hath said, Does not the whole world by in wickedness, as the word of God thews? And fo it is as he hath faid. Is not-every faint as a brand pleuked out of the burning, as the scripture speaks? And it is as he hash faid .- Are not deifts and Icoffers walking after their own lufts, and ridiculing the promile of Christ's coming, as the scripture speaks? . And so it is as he hash faid. - Are not all the black marks of perilous times in the last days upon us, as the scripture speaks? And so it is as he hath faid .- Are not the foolish virgins as many, yea, and more than the wife, and all flumbering and fleeping, and all according as he hath faid? Dotn not the Spirit speak expresly, that in the latter times some Shall depart from the faith? Accordingly it is as he hath faid .- Is not the gofpel a. favour of life to forne, and a favour of death to others? Is not Christ precious to some, and a Stone of Rumbling and a rock of offence to others, as the scripture speaks? and so it is as he hath faid. Look about you, and see if any thing that falls out be not an accomplishment of the word: and, C how should you value this word! not a jot or tittle of it shall fall to the ground.

Walk to this garden of the scripture, and pluck up the slowers of gospel-promises and put them in your boson; live by saith upon the promises, and be persuaded, whatever stands in the way, that he will do as he hath said. He will do so, for what he hath said he hath written, what he hath said he hath said he hath said he will never unsay; therefore, take hold hat said he will never unsay; therefore, take hold of he word of grace, and hold him at his word in life and at death, saying, De as thou hast said.