THE

#### REMARKABLE

### HISTORY

OF THE

# Miser of Berkshire:

JOHN ELWES, ESQ.

MEMBER OF THREE SUCCESSIVE PARLIA-MENTS FOR THAT COUNTY.

With Singular Anecdotes, Sc.
Supposed to be the greatest instance of Penury
that ever existed.

WRITTEN BY

## CAPTAIN TOPHAM.

A Miser is an Enemy to Mankind; for bow can be feel for others, who is ever crues to himself? His breast is steeled against Humanity: His Heart knows no Mirrh; ner does the Tear of Sensibility bedow his Cheek. Gold that s a Bicssing to others, to him doth prove a Curse:

Care torments him, and he has no Comforter.

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FALKIRK:

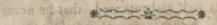
PRINTED AND SOLD BY T. JOHNSTON.
1810.

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## HISTORY

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# JOHN ELWES, ESQ.



MEGGOT was the family name of Mr Elwes; and his name being John, the conjunction of Jick Meggot induced strangers to imagine sometimes that his friends were addrssing him by an assumed appellation. The father of Mr. Elwes was an eminent brewer; and his dwelling-house and effices were situated in S uth-wark; which borough was formerly represented in parliament by his grandfather, Sir George Meggot. During his life, he purchased the estate now in possession of the family of the Calverts, at Marcham, in Berkshire.

THE father died when the late Mr. Elwes was only 4 years old: so that little of the singular character of Mr. Elwes is to be attributed to him: but from the mother it may be traced with ease: She was left nearly one hundred the usand pounds by her husband, and yet starved herself to death!

THE only children from the ab ve marriage, were Mr. Elwes, and a daughter, who married

the father of the late Colonel Timms; and from thence came the intail of some part of his estate.

Mr. ELWES, at an early period of life, was sent to Westminster School, where he remained ten or twelve years. He certainly during that time, had not misapplied his talents; for he was a good classical scholar to the last; and it is a circumstance very remarkable, yet well authenticated, that he never read afterwards. Never, at any period of his future life, was he seen with a book; nor had he, in all . his different houses, left behind him two pounds worth of literary furniture. - His knowledge in accounts was little; and, in some measure, may account for his total ignorance as to his own concerns., The contemporaries of Mr. Elwes, at Westminster, were Mr. Wors'ey, late Master of the Board of Works, and the late Lord Man field; who, at that time, borrowed all that young Elwes would lend. 'His Lordship, however, afterwards changed his disposition.

Mr Elwes from Wes muster School removed to Geneva, where he shortly after entered upon pursuits more congenial to his temper than study. The riding master of the academy had then three of the best hor eman in Europe for his pup is; viz. Mr. Worsley Mr Elwes, and Sir Sidney Meadows. Elwes of the three was accounted be most desperate: the young horses were put into his hands always; and he was, in fact the rough-rider of the other two. He was introduced, during this period, to Voltaire, whom, in point of appearance, he some-

what resembled; but though he has often mentioned this circumstance, neither the genius, the fortune, nor the character, of Voltaire, ever seemed to strike him as worthy of envy.

Returning to England, after an absence of two or three years, he was to be introduced to his uncle, the late Sir Havey Elwes, who was then living at Stoke, in Suffolk, the most perfect p Aure of human penury perhaps that ever existed. In him the attempts of saving money were so extraordinary, that Mr. Elwes never quite reached them, even at the most covetous period of his life.!

To his Sir Harvey Elwes he was to be heir, and of course it was policy to please him. On this account it was necessary, even in old Mr. Elwes, to masquerade whitle; and as he was at that time in the world, and its affairs, he dressed like other people. This would not have done for Sir Harvey. The nephew, therefore, used to stop at a little inn at Chelmsford, and begin to dress in churacter. A pair of small from buckles, worsted stockings darned, a worn-out old coat, and a tattered waistcoat, were put on; and forwards he rode to visit his uncle; who used to contemplate him with a kind of miserable satisfaction, and seemed pleased to find his heir bidding fair to rival him in the unaccountable pursuit of avarice. There they would sit-saving souls! - with a single stick upon the fire, and with one glass of wine, occasionally, betwixt them, inveighing against the extravagance of the Imes; and when evening shut in, they would immediately retire to rest, as going to bed saved candle-light. — The nephew, however, had then what, indeed, he never lost—a very extraordinary appetite—and this would have been an unpardonable offence in the eye of his uncle! Mr. Elwes was therefore obliged to partake of a dinner first, with some country neighbour, and then return to his uncle with a little diminutive appetite, that quite, engaged the heart of the old gendleman.—A partridge, a small pudding, and one potatoe, did the whole business! and the fire was even suffered to de away while Sir Harvey was at dinner, as eating was a sufficient exercise.

Sir Harvey, in truth, was a most singular character, and the way in which he lived was no less so. It is ceclusion from the world nearly reached that of an hermit: and, extreme avance excepted, a more biameles life was never led by mortal.

### SKETCH OF SIR HARVEY ELWES.

Sir Harvey Elwes succeeded Sir Jervaise, a very worthy gentleman, who had involved, as far as they would go, all the estates he received, and left behind him.—Sir Hervey, on his death, found himself possessed nominally of some thousands a-year, but really with an income of one hundred pounds per amoun.—On his arrival at Stoke, the family seat, he said, "that never would he leave it till he had entirely cleared the paternal estate."—This he not only accomplished, but, be-

sides, lived to realize above one hundred thousand pounds. - In youth he had been given over for a consumption, so that he had no constitution, and no passions - He was timid, shy, and diffilent in the extreme: of a thin spare habit of body, and within a friend upon earth. The hoarding up and the counting his money formed the greatest joy. Next to that was partridge setting; at which he was so great an adept, and game was then so plentiful, that he has been known to take five hundred brace of birds in one season! - But he lived upon partridges, he and his whole household, consisting of one man and two maids. - What they could not eat, he turned loose again, as he never gave any thing away to his neighbours. - Sr Harvey and his man never missed a day, during the partridge season, if the weather was tolerable; and his breed of dogs being remarkably good, he seldom failed taking great quantities of game!

At all times he wore a black velvet cap much over his face; a worn out full-dressed suit of cloaths, and an old great coat, with worsted stockings drawn up over his knees—He rode a thin thorough-bred horse, end the horse and his rider both looked as if a gust of wind would have blown them away together—When the weather was not fine enough to tempt him abroad, he would walk backwards and forwards in his old hall, to save the expense of fire.—If a farmer in his neighbourhood came in on business, he would strike a light in a tinder-box that he kept by him, and putting one single stick

upon the grate, would not add mother until the first was nearly consumed - Having hitle connection with London, he generally had three or four thousand pourls at a time in his house - A set of fellows, who were afterwards known by the appellation of the l'haxted Gang, (and who were afterwards all hung I formed a plan to rob him -They were totally unsuspected at that time, each having some apparent occupation during the day, and went out only at night, upon good intelligence. It was Sr Harvey's custom to retire to his bedchamber at eight o'c'ock; where, after taking a bason of water-gru I, by the light of a small fire. he went to bed, to save the unnecessary extravagance of a candle .- The gang, who perfectly knew the hour when his servant went to the Able, leaving their horses in a finall grove on the Essex side of the river, walked across, and hid themselves in the church p rch till they faw the man come up to his harfes, when they immediately fell up in him, and, after-some little struggle, bound and gapged him; rat up towards the house, ried the two maids together, and going up to Sir Harvey, presented their p.sio's, and steenly demanded his money!-N ver did Sir Harvey behave so well as in this traciaction: When the villains alk of for his money, he would give the no answer till they had affored him that his fervint, a great favourite, was fafe: sHe then delivered them the key of a drawer, in which was fifty guineas: But they well knew he had much more in the hoofe; and again threatened his life, without he discovered where it was depofited. - At length he reluctantly shewed them the

and they toroad out a large drawer, which ned type were hundred guineas! - This packed up in two large balkets, and actually. arried off! A robbery which, for quantity of specie, was perhaps never equalled. - They told him before they went off, that they should scove a man behind, who would murder him if he even firred for affillance .- On which he very cooly, and, indeed, with force simplicity, took out his watch, which they and not asked him for, and said, Gentlemen, I do not want to take any advantage of you; therefore, upon my henour, I will give you twenty minutes fer your escape: After that time, nothing shall prevent me from feeing my fervant. He was striftly as good as his word; when the time expired, he went and united the man: - Tho' fearch was made by the Inflice of the village, the robbers were not difcovered .- And when they were apprehenced, fome years afterwards for other offences, and were known to be the men who had robbed Sir Harvey; he would no appear against them :- No, no, faid he. I have lost my money; I will not lose my time also. So that however culpable be may be confidered on the fcore of penury, he may certainly be acquitted of the passion of revenge.

Of what temperance can effect, Sir Harvey was an instance: At an early period of life, he was given over for a consumption; and he lived till betwirt eighty and ninety years of age.

Amongst the few acquaintances he had (and shey were few indeed) was an occasional club held

at his own village of Stoke; and there were members of it two Baronets belides himfelf, Sir Cordwell Firebrass and S.r John Barnard ston. — The reckoning to these congenial souls was always an object of investigation. — As they were one day settling this desirable out to a friend that was pussing, For Heaven's sake, step up stairs, and shift the poor! Here are three Baronets, worth a million of moncy, quarrelling about a farthing!

After Sir Harkey's death, the only tear dropped upon his grave, fell from the eye of his fervant, who had long and faithfully attended him. — To that fervant he bequeathed a farm of 501. per annum, to him and to his heirs.

In the chaffity and abilinence of his life, Sir Harvey Elwes was a rival to Sir Isaac Newton, for he would have held it unpardonable to have given—even his affections; and, as he saw no lady whatever, he had but little chance of bartering matrimonially for money.

When he died, he lay in state, such as it was, at his seat at Sooke.—Some of the tenants observed, with more humour than decency, That it was well Sir Harry rould not see it —it is fortune, which had become immense, fell to his nephew Mr. Meggot, who, hy will, was ordered to assume the name and arms of Elwes. — Thus lived, and thus died, the uncle of old Mr. Elwes, whose possessions, at the time of his death, were supposed to be at least two hundred and fifty thousand pounds; and whose

annual expenditure was about one hundred and ten pounds! - Tho' the robbery before mentioned probably did not accelerate his death, yet it lay heavy on his spirits; but more particularly when employed in the delightful talk of counting his gol ". However incredible this may appear, yet it is strictly true, that his cloaths cost him nothing, for he took them out of an old cheft, where they had lain fince the gay days of Sir Jervaile. - He kept his house. hold chiefly upon game, and fill from his own pond. The cows, which grazed before his own door, furnished milk, cheese, and butter, for his little economical household; and what fuel he did burn, his woods supplied - To those who cannot exist out of the builtle of fociety, and the fever of public scenes, it may be curious to know, that he was a man who had the courage to live, as it were, nearly seventy years alone!

To the whole of his uncle's property Wr. Elwes succeeded; and it was imagined, that his own was not at the time very inferior—He got, too, an additional seat; but he got it, as it had been, most religiously delivered down for ages part.—The furniture was most sacredly and it !—Not a room was painted, nor a window repaired!—The beds above stairs, were all in canopy and state; where the worms and moths held undistincted possession!

Mr. Etwes had now advanced beyond the 40th year of his age; and for 15 years previous to this pariod it was that he was known in all the fashionable circles of London — He had always a turn for play; and it was only late in life, and

from paying always, and not always being paid that he conceived disgust at the inclination.

The acquaintances which he had formed at Westminster School, and at Geneva, together with his own large fortune, all conspired to introduce lin into whatever society he liked best. - He was admitted a member of the club at Arthur's, and various other clubs of that period. -- And as some proof of his notoriety at that time as a man of deep play, Mr Elwes, the la e Lord Robert Bertie, and some others, are noticed in a scene in the Adventures of a Guinea, for the frequency of their midnight orgies. - Few men, even from his own acknowledgment, had plaved deep i than him elf; and with success more various. - le once played two days and a night without intermission; and the room being a small one, the pirty were nearly up to the knees in cards. - He lost fome thousands at that fitting .- The late Dake of Northumberland, who would never quit a table where any hope of winning remained, was of the party.

After fitting up 2 whole night at play, for thoufands, with the most fashionable and pressignte men of the time, amidit splended rooms, get sophas, was lights, and waiters attendant on his call, he would walk out about four in the morning, not towards home, but into Smithfield, to meet his cattle, which were coming to market, from Thaydon-Hall, a farm of his in Lifex: There would this same man, forge sul of the scenes he had just lere, stand in the cold or rain, bartering with a carcasebutcher for a shilling.— Sometimes he would walk on in the mire to meet them; and more than once he has gone on soo the whole way to his farm, without stopping, which was 17 miles from London, after sitting up the whole night! Had every man been of the mind of Markelwes, the race of Innkeepers must have perished, and post chaises have been turned back to those who made them; for it was the business of his life to avoid both!

He always travelled on horse-back —To see him setting out on a journey was a matter truly curious! His first care was to put two or three eggs, boiled hard, into his great coat pocket, or any scraps of bread which he found. — His next attention was, to get out of London into that road where the turnpikes were the sewest; then stopping under any bedge where grass presented itself for his horse, and a little water for himself, he would fit down and resresh himself and his horse together!

An inn upon the road, and an apothecary's bill, were equal objects of aversion to Mr. Elwes.—
The words Give and Pay, were not found in his vocabulary; and therefore, when he once received a very dangerous kick from one of his horses, who fell in going over a leap, none could persuade him to have any affistance—He rode the chase through, with his leg cut to the bone! and it was only, some days afterwards, when it was feared an amputation would be necessary, that he consented to go up to London, and, dismal day! part with some of his money for advice.

One day he put his eldest boy upon a ladder, to get some grapes for the table, when, by the ladder slipping, he sell down, and hurt his side: The boy had the precaution to go to a Surgeon and get blooded. On his return, his father asked where he had been, and what was the matter with his arm? He told him that he had got bled.—Bled! bled! said the old gentleman: But what did you give? A shilling, answered the boy.—Phaw! returned the father, you are a blockhead! Never part with your blood and money together.

In the penury of Mr. Elwes, there was something that seemed like a judgment from heaven! for all earthly comforts he voluntarily denied himfelf He would walk hothe in the rain in London, rather than pay a failling for a coach.-He would fit with wet cloaths, rather than be at the expence of a fire to dry them. - He would eat his provisions in the last stage of putrefaction, rather than be at the expence of purchasing a fresh joint from the butcher. And he wore a w g for above a fortnight, which he picked up out of a rut in a lane .- This was the all extremity of laudable economy! for, to all appearance, it was the cast-off wig of some beggar! The day in which he first appered in this ornamental drefs, exceeded all the power of farce! for he had torn a brown coat, which he generally wore, and had therefore been obliged to have recourse to the old chest of Sir Jervaile, from whence he had selected a full-dressed green velvet coat, with stashed steeves; and there he fat at dinner in boots, the aforesaid green velvet coat, Lis own white hair

appearing round his face, and this black stray wig

1 31 31 ,516 One dark night Mr. Elwes, hurrying along, went with such violence against the pole of a sedan chair, that he cut both his legs very deep'y! As usual, he thought not of any affiltance; but Colonel Timess, at whose house he then was, in Grchard Street, inlifted upon calling a doctor : He at length sugmitted, and an apothecary in consequence attended; who immediately began to expatiate on the bad confequences of breaking the skin; the good fortune of his being fent for; and the peculiar bad appearance of Mr. Elwes's wound.—Very probably, faid Mr. Elwes .- But, Mr. --, I have one thing to fay to you :- In my opinion, my legs are not much hurt: Now, you think they are.-So I will make this agreement; I will take one leg, and you shall take the other; you shall do what you please with your's, and I will do nothing to mine: And I will wager your bill, that my leg gets well before your's .- He exultingly beat the apothecary by a fortnight!

The rooms of his feat at Stoke, that were now much out of repair, and would have all fallen in, but for his fon, John Elwes, Eige who had refided there, he thought too expensively furnished, and that worse things might have done — If a sindow was broken, there was no repair but that of a little brown paper, or that of piecing in a bit of broken has, which had, at length, heen done so frequently, and in so many shapes, that it would have puzzed

a mathematician to fay what figure they described! To fave fire, he would walk about the remains of an old green-bouse, or sit with a servant in the kirchen - During the harvest, he would amuse himself with going into the fields to glean the coin on the grounds of his own tenants; and they used to leave a little more than common, to please the old gentleinan, who was as eager after it as any pauper in the parish - In the advance of the season, his morning employment was to pick up any firay chips, bones, or other things, to carry to the fire, in his pocket; and he was one day surprised by a neighbouring gentleman in the act of pulling down a crow's nest for this purpose! On the gentleman expressing his surprise why he gave himself that trouble, Oh, Sir, replied he, it is really a shame that these creatures should be allowed to do so. Do but fee what waste they make!

He still rode about the country on one of his mares; and always kept her on the soft turf adjoining the road, to save the expense of shoes; and, he said, the turf was most p'easant for her foot! And when any gentleman called to pay him a visit, and the boy, who attended in the stables, was profuse enough to put a little hay before his horse, old Elwes would slily steal back into the stable, and the away the hay very carefully.

To fave the experce of going to a butcher, he would have a whole sheep killed and to eat mutton to the end of the chapter. — When he occasionally had his canal drawn, though, sometimes

horse loads of small fish were taken, not one would he suffer to be thrown in again, for he observed, he should never the them more! — Game in the last thate of putrefaction, and meat that walked about his plate, would be continue to eat, rather than have new things killed before the old provision was exhausted! — With his diet, his dress kept pace, equally in the last stage of absolute dissolution!— Sometimes he would walk about with a tattered brown coloured hat; and sometimes with a white and red woollen cap!

When any friends, who might occasionally be with him, were absent he would carefully put out his own fire, and walk to the house of a neighbour; and thus make one fire serve both. - His shoes he never would fuffer to be cleaned, lest they should be worn out the fooner. - But still, with all this felf-denial, he thought himself over prosuse; and frequently faid, he must be a little more careful of his property? - When he went to bed, he would put five or ten guineas into a bereau, and then, full of his money, after he had retired to rest, sometimes in the middle of the night, he would come down to see if it was safe. - The irritation of his mind was unceasing!- He thought every body extravagant; and when a perfon was talking to him one day of the great wealth of old Mr. Jennings, (who is supp sed to be worth a million', and that they had feen him that day in a new carriage; Ave, aye, faid old Elwes, he will fron fee the end of his money!

Mr. Elwes denied himself every thing, except the common necellaries of life; and, indeed, it might have been admitted doubtful, whether or not, if his maners, his fifth ponds, and grounds in his own hands, had not furnished a sublistance, where he had not any thing actually to buy, he would not, rather than have bought any thing, have starved!

He one day dined upon the remaining part of a moor hen, which had been brought out of the river by a rat! - At another time, he eat an undigefled part of a pike, which a larger one had fwillowed, but had not finished, and which was taken in this state in a net !- At the time this last circumstance happened, he discovered a strange kind of fatisfaction; for he faid to Captain Topham, who happened to be present, Aye! this is killing two birds with one stone! Mr. Elwed, at this time, was perhaps worth nearly 800,000l, and at this period he had not made his WII, of course, was not faving from any fentiment of aff clion for any perfen-His thoughts unceafingly ran upon money! money! money! - and he faw now no one but whom he imagined was deceiving and defrauding him!,

As, in the day, he would not allow himself any fire, he went to bed as soon as day closed, to save candle; and had begun to deny himself even the pleasures of sleeping in sleets — In short, he had now rearly brought to a climax the moral of his whole life, the perfect vanity of wealth, without using it.

On removing from Stoke, he went to his farmhouse at Thaydon-Hall; a scene of more ruin and desolation, if possible, than either of his houses in Suffolk or Berkshire—It stood alone, on the borders of Epping Forest; and an old man and woman, his tenants, were the only persons with whom he could hold any converse.— Here he fell ill; and, as he would have no affishance, and had not even a servant, he lay unattended, and almost forgotten, for nearly a fortnight; indulging, even in death, that avarice which malady could not subdue.—It was at this period he began to think of making his will; seeing, perhaps, that his sons would not be entitled by law, to any part of his property, should he die intestate; and, on coming to London, he made his last Will and Testament.—The following is an attested copy.

#### THE WILL

OF THE LATE JOHN ELWES ESQ

Extracted from the Registry of the Prerogative Court of Canterbury.

In the name of God, Amen.—I John Elwes, of Stoke, in the county of Suffolk, Esquire, do make and declare this Writing to be my Luft Will and Testament, in manner sollowing: (that is to say), In the first place, I direct that all my just debts, suneral and testamentary expenses, be paid as soon as conveniently may be after my decease.—And I do give, devise, and bequeath, all and every my real estates, messuages or tenements, sarms lands, tythes, and hereditaments, situate, standing, lynig,

and being in the feveral parishes or places of Secke, Thaydon, and Marcham, in the counties of Suffolk, Effex, and Berks, with all and every the barns, stables, our nouses, buildings, and appurtenances thereunto belonging; and all other my real estates whatfoever, and wherefor ver fitt tranding lying, or being, with their and every of their rights, members, and appurcuances; and also all and every my personal estate, goods, chattels, and effects whatsoever, and of what nature, kind or quality soever. or wheresoever the same may be, unto my son, George Elwes, now living and residing at my mansion-house at Marcham, in the county of Berks. and my son, John Elwes, late a Lieutenant in his Mijesty's Second Troop of Horse. Guards, and usually residing at my mansion-house at Stoke, in the county of Suffi'k, equally to be divided between them, share and share alke; to have and to hold all and every my said real and personal estates whatsoever and wheresoever, with the rights, privileges, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining unto them my said sons, George Elwes and John Elwes, and their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, for evermore, equally to be divided between them as tonants in common. And I hereby direct that the executors of this my will, do and shall, as soon as conveniently may be after my death, pay all and every such legacies or bequests as I may think fit to give to any person whomsoever, by any codocil, or paper writing in the nature of a codocil, or testamentary schedulde, to be written or signed by me, whether the same shall or shall not be attested by any subscribing

witnesses. — And I do nominate, constitute, and appoint my said sons, George Eiwes, executors of this my last will and testament; and hereby revoking all former wills by me at any time heretofore made, do make and declare this writing only as and for my last will and testament — In witness whereof, I, the said John Elwes, have to this writing, contained in two sheets of paper, which I declare as and for my last will and testament, set my hand and seal, (that is to say,) my hand to each of the said sheets, and my hand and seal to this last sheet, and to the label by which they are affixed together, the sixth day of August, one thousand, seven hundred, and eighty fix.

JOHN ELWES.

Signed, sealed, published, and declared, by the said John Elwes, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who, in his presence, and in the presence of each other, and at his request, have subscribed our names, as witnesses to the execution thereof.

FELIX BUCKLEY:

Edward Topham.

Thomas Ingraham.

The property here disposed of, may amount, perhaps, to five hundred thousand pounds! — The entailed estates fall to Mr. Timms, son of the late Richard Timms, Lieutenant Colonel of the Second Troop of Horse Guards.

The sons named by Mr. Elwes in the will above, were his natural children, by Elzabeth Moren, formerly his house-keeper at Marcham in Berkshire.

Mr. Elwes, shortly after executing his will, yave, by letter of attorney, the power of managing, ecciving, and paying all his monies, into the hands of Mr. Ingraham, his lawyer, and his youngest con, John Elwes, Esq; who had been his chief agents.

Nor was the act by any means improper .-The lapses of his memory had now become frequent and garing - All recent occurrences he forgot entirely; and as he never committed any thing to writing, the confusion he made was inex. pressib e! - As an instance of this, the following anecdote may serve : - He had one evening given . a draft on Messrs Hoares, his rankers, for twenty pounds; and having taken it into his head, during the night, that he had over-drawn his account, his anxiety was unceasing! - He left his bed, and walking about his room with that little feverish irritation that always distinguished him, waited with the utmest impatience till morning came, when, on going to his banker, with an apology for the great liberty he had taken, he was assured there was no occasion for his apology, as he happened to have in their hands, at that time, the small sum of fourteen thousand, seven hundred pounds!

However singular this act of forgetfulness may appear, it serves to mark, amidst all his anxiety about money, that extreme conscientiousness which

was to the honour of his character. — If accident placed him in debt to any person, even in the most trivial monner, he was never easy till it was paid. And it should be noted, that never was he known, on any occasion, to fail in what he said. — Of the punctuality of his word, he was so scrupulously tenacious, that no person ever requested better security; and he was so particular in every thing of promise, that in any appointment or meeting, or the hour of it, he exceeded military exactness.

Mr. Elwes passed the summer of 1788 at his house in Welbeck Street, London, without any other society than that of two maid-servants; for he had now given up the expence of keeping any male domestic. - His chief employment used to be that of getting up early in the morning to visit his houses in Marybone, which during the summer were repairing - As he was there generally by four o'clock in the mousing, he was of course on the spot before the workmen; and he used contentedly to sit down on the steps before the door. to scold them when they did come - The neighbours, who used to see him appear thus regularly every morning, and who concluded, from his apparel, he was one of the workmen, observed. there never was so punctual a man as the old carpenter. - During the whole morning he would coutiave to run up and down stairs, to see the men were not idle for an inflant, with the same anxiety as if his whole happiness in life had been centered in the finishing this house regardless of the greater property he had at stake in various places, and for

indeed, such was his anxiety about this house, he rent of which was not above fifty pounds a year, hat it brought on a fever, which nearly east him is life — In the muscular and unincumbered frame f Mr Elwes, there was every thing that promised xireme length of life; and he lived to above 70 ears of age, without any natural disorder.

On the day before Mr. Elwes took his gratuitus journey into Berkshire, he delivered to the ite Mr. Partis that copy of his last will and testaient which he himself had kept, to be carried to Messrs. Hoares, his bankers.

Mr Elwes carried with him into Berkshire, to ve guineas and an half, and half a crown. — Lest no mention of this sum may appear singular, it would be said, that, previous to his journey, he ad carefully wrapped it up in various folds of aper, that no part of it might be lost.

His very singular appetite Mr. Elwes retained ll within a few days of his dissolution, and walked a foot twelve niles but a fortnight before he cited.

The first symptoms of more immediate decay, as his inaudity to enjoy his rest at night. He was equently heard at midnight as if struggling with me one in his chamber, and crying out, if will sep my money, I will; nobooy shall rob me of y property!" — On a y one of the family going to his room, he would start from his feyer of

anxiety, and, as if waking from a troubled dream, again hurry into bed, and seem unconscious of what had happened. — At other times, when perfectly awake, he would walk to the spot where he had hidden his money, to see if it was safe.

In the autumn of 1789, his memory was gone entirely; his perception of things was decreasing very rapidly; and as the mind became unfettled, gusts of the most violent passion usurped the place of his former command of temper.—For six weeks previous to his death, he would go to rest in his cloathes, as perfectly dressed as during the day.—He was one morning found fast assect betwist the sheets, with his shoes on his feet, his stick in his hand, and an old torn has upon his head!

Mr. Elwes, on the 18th of November, 1789 discovered signs of that utter and to al weakness which carried him to his grave in eight days—On the evening of the first day, he was conveyed to bed; from which he rose no more.—His appear to bed; from which he rose no more.—His appear was gone.—He had but a faint recollection of an thing about him; and his last coherent words were thing about him; and his last coherent words were addressed to his son, Mr. John Elwes, in hopin addressed to his son, Mr. John Elwes, in hopin ing of the 26th of November he expired without a figh!

Thus died Mr Elwes, the most perfect mod of human penury which has been presented to t public for a long series of years.