Translated by 4. migoshi Minaga Hisanaga Born: may 24, 1206 Tokyo - Fu Prefecture Locial Status: Peer AT DECEMBLE UNITED CONDENSION THAT OF THE PROPERTY AND THE THE PERSON OF THE PARTY OF THE STREET OF THE PROPERTY OF THE raduated from the middle school course of the Peers School Graduated from A course of 1927 march the Literature Department in the 1st Higher School Entered the Political Course of " april the Law Department, Polyo Vongerial University

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1999 Oct. 3 Passed the Diplomatic Service Examination for the Righer Civil Services 1930 March 31 Graduated from the Political Course of the Law Department, Pokyo Imperial Veniversity appointed Diplomatic Clerk granted Ed grade Salary (Foreign Ministry)
grut Britain
Ordered to serve of in Ingland Sept. 24 Startes from Pokyo Oct. 21 arrived at this post in London 1931 Oct. 21 appointed acting diplomatic Confirmed the 7th grade of Higher

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grade Salary, # th Own; briend serve I im England (Foreign granted 7th Court Rank Junior 1934 June 30 Granted Salary 3 Letter (m) Dec. 26 Promoted to the 6th Order of Higher Civil Service (Cabinet) n grantex Salary 2nd Ander (Freign Ministry) 1935 Jan. 14 Promoted to the 7th Court Ranks, Smin grade 1936 monch 26 appointed Diplomatic Commissioner NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE RECORD August 29, 1947. DEFENSE - Division V - Pacific - POW

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August 29, 1947

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Through the errors unto hear hearthering (Freign ministry) Ordered to serve at Vientsin (vice - Council) (Foreign ministry) 4 Dec. 27 Released from the concurrent Dec. 27 Concurrently appointed the Council; Promoted to the 5 th Breen of the Higher Civil Sorvice (Cabinet) Dec. 27 Promoted to the 5 th Brand of the Higher Civil Services (Regular) (Cabinet) i Granted Sulary

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Clina Offairs Board (Catinet); grantes Lalary 4th Octor (Cabinet Dec. 27 Promoted to the 4th Order of the Higher Civil Service (Catinet) Promotes to the 6th Court Rank, lenion grades of Foreign Minus appointed Diplomatic Commissioners Promoter to the 4th Outer of the Higher Civil Lervice (Cabinet) Grantes Salary 4 th Order; Ordered to serve of the Section I of the East-Asia Bureau (Freign ministry)

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(8) June 30 Granted Salary # 2nd Order 1941 July 24 appointed Diplomatic Commissioner and concurrently Private Secretary to the Freign minister ; Promoted to the 4 th Order of the Higher Civil Service (Cabinet); granted Salary, 4th Beder apprented to serve in the East-asia Bureau (Poreign ministry) appointed Diplomatico Commissioner and concurrently Distantie Secretary

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and concurrently private secretary to the Foreign minister as before Promoted to the 4th the Higher Civil grantes lalary 2nd Bur andered to serve in the East-Asia Bureau Ordered to serve in the South Lea Islands Officers Bureau (Foreign Ministry) 19+2 Oct, & Promoted to the 3rd Other of the Higher Civil Service

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DEFENSE - Division V - Pacific - POW ---

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(Regular and concurrent post) (Catinet) Oct. 15 Released from the concurrent post as private secretary to the Donign minister Cabinet Oct. b Grantes Salary 2nd Coster (Foreign Ministry) Oct. 29 appointed Commissioner of the manchetan Offairs
Bureau Promotes to the 3 al Order of the Higher Civil Services (Catinet);

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appointed Chief of the adminisstrative Section & manching Offairs Buren (Cabinet) appointed administrative Official for the South manchatian Railway Company, Ltd. (Cubine) nov. 1 appointed Commissioners of the Greater East- asia ministry according to the Comperial Ordinace for simplifying administration " M Oppointed Chief of the Praining Section in the General affairs Bureau (the Greater East -

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A POW not on parole, captured before succeeding in escaping, should be subject to disciplinary punishment. When he initially succeeds in escaping and is recaptured, he should not be liable for any punishment for a previous escape.

- 27185 * An Army or Garrison Commander administrating a POW Camp, shall establish standing orders for the camp and report to the war Minister and to the Director of the POW Information Bureau. Since postal matter sent to or by POWs are exempt from charges by international agreement, the camp administrator should provide for adequate procedures through arrangement with local post offices. Regulations for POW administration should be established by the chief camp administrator, and should be reported to the War Minister and to the Director of the POW Information Bureau. Extreme care and stringent rules should be adopted against the danger of fire at camps.
- 27186 * After internment, the camp commander should record the name, nationality, unit, rank or status, and state of health of the POW and report to the Director of the POW Information Bureau. An infirmiary, including a recreation room, should be established for the examination and treatment of POWs who do not need hospital treatment. Hospital wards shall be attached to the camps when necessary, where patients requiring admittance should receive treatment. Wards shall be furnished with medical supplies, clothing, bedding, etc. Medical services for the wards should be rendered by staff members of the nearest army hospital.
- In cases of necessity, Japanese Red Cross relief squads may 27107 * render medical services under a medical officer. Unless otherwise provided for, the treatment of dispatched pows should be determined by the camp commandant who dispatches them. The commandant should inspect and examine dispatched prisoners when necessary.

Many prisoners transported to Japan recently have taken ill or died, and quite a few have been incapacitated for further work due to inadequate treatment in transport. The unit was therefore instructed to rigidly enforce the rules regarding the selection of Pows to be sent to Japan, medical examinations, distribution of medical personnel, necessary medicine during transit, provisioning, administration during transit, * facilities to be provided at ports of call, supply of clothing, etc.

Medical treatment of POW patients was generally to be rendered at an infirmary at the camp. POW patients requiring special treatment, or having contagious diseases, may be admitted to an army hospital by arrangement between the camp commandant and the director of the nearest army hospital. When this cannot be done, treatment may be in the care of any local civilian physician.

asia ministry) i appointed 142 Dec 12 Decretary of the Committee for the Praining of the greater East- asia Staff. members (Cabinet) Dec. 15 Paromoted to the 5th Court Rank Junion Grade 1943 Sp. 9 Decorated with the the Order of mont with the Sacred Preasure, 6th Class; July 20 appointed # the 1 st Secretary of the Emfassy From ted to. the 3 ne Breen of the Higher Civil Service (Cabinet)

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July 26 appointed tettendants the Envoy Extraordinary and ambassador Plenipotentian to Burma (Cabinet) Granted Salary; 2nd Order; Ordered to serve in Thoughand (the greater East-asia ministry) any 16 Concurrently (apprinted) Consul-general Councit (Cabinet); Promoted to the 3rd Outer of the Higher Civil Service; Ordered to serve in Ruma; Charied to serve at Rangoon

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Many prisoners transported to Japan recently have taken ill or died, and quite a few have been incapacitated for further work due to inadequate treatment in transport. The unit was therefore instructed to rigidly enforce the rules regarding the selection of POWs to be sent to Japan, medical examinations, distribution of medical personnel, necessary medicine during transit, provisioning, administration during transit, * facilities to be provided at ports of call, supply of clothing, etc.

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- * An Army or Carrison Commander administrating a POW Camp, shall establish standing orders for the camp and report to the War Minister and to the Director of the POW Information Bureau. Since postal matter sent to or by POWs are exempt from charges by international agreement, the camp administrator should provide for adequate procedures through arrangement with local post offices. Regulations for POW administration should be established by the chief camp administrator, and should be reported to the War Minister and to the Director of the POW Information Bureau. Extreme care and stringent rules should be adopted against the danger of fire at camps.
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Ex. 3631 Def. Doc. No. 2936 (Togo) INTERNATIONAL MILITARY TRIBUNAL FOR THE FAR EAST THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al. -VS-ARAKI Sadao, et al. AFFIDAVIT SHIMAZU HISANAGA Having first sworn an oath as on the attached sheet, in accordance with the custom prevailing in my country. I hereby depose as follows: 1. I entered the Foreign Ministry in 1930, and served as private secretary to the Foreign Minister while Mr. Togo Shigenori was Foreign Minister for the first time (18 October 1941 - I September 1942). I am now Director of the Reparations Section of the Central Liaison Office. 2. My duty as private secretary was, not to participate in the transaction of diplomatic affairs, which was the Foreign Minister's business, but to arrange documents to be inspected by the Foreign Minister, to arrange for the Foreign Minister interviews with members of the Foreign Ministry staff as well as with visitors, and to accompany the Foreign Minister when he attended various meetings. (Interviews with members of the diplomatic corps were mostly dealt with by another private secretary.) 3. On about 6 December 1941 the Cabinet requested the Foreign Minister to attend the Central Cooperation Conference of the Taisei Yokusankai (Imperial Rule Assistance Association), to be held on the morning of a December, and to deliver an address there. The Foreign minister ordered me to prepare two different drafts of his address: the one to be used in case war should have opened by that day, the other in case hostilities should not have commenced. The address, in the end. was given up. 4. Shortly after midnight on 8 December 1941 American umbassador Grew called on the Foreign Minister, and delivered a copy of a message from President Roosevelt to the Emperor. After their conversation, Foreign Minister Togo ordered Section Chief Kase to prepare a translation of the message. When the translation was brought from the Foreign Ministry, the Foreign Minister went to the Premier's official residence, accompanied by me, arriving there about 2 o'clock. I waited while the Foreign Minister had an interview with the Premier; then we returned to the Foreign Minister's residence, where he changed clothing, and left at about 2:30 to go to the Imperial Palace.

Def. Doc. No. 2936 OATH In accordance with my conscience I swear to tell the whole truth, withholding nothing and adding nothing. Shimazu Hisanaga On this 8th day of December, 1947 At Tokyo Deponent Shimazu Hisanaga I, Nishi Haruhiko, hereby certify that the above statement was sworn to by the deponent, who affixed his signature and seal thereto in the prescence of this witness.

On the same day, at Tokyo

Titness Nishi Haruhiko [Seal]

Translation Certificate

I, Nishi Haruhiko of the defence, hereby certify that I am conversant with the English and Japanese languages, and that the foregoing is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, a correct translation of the original document.

Nishi Haruhiko [Seal]

11 December 1947 At Tokyo

EXHIBIT #_

Def. Doc. # 1870

Translated by Defense Language Branch

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY TRIBUNAL FOR THE FAR EAST

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al

-VS-

IRIKI, Sadao, et al

ORN DEPOSITION

Deponent: SHIM

NELLINE 29 1947

Franslation

Having first duly sworn an oath as on attached sheet and in accordance with the procedure followed in my country I hereby depose as follows.

1. My name is SHIMAZU, Hisanaga. I was born in Tokyo in 1907.

On graduating from the Tokyo Imperial University in 1930, I entered the Foreign Office. Since then I served in Tokyo as well as abroad and dealt with various diplomatic affairs. In August 1943 I was appointed First Class Senior Secretary to the Japanese Embassy in Burma with the concurrent post of Consul General at Rangoon. I served in Rangoon until late in October 1945 when the Japanese forces and residents withdrew from the city. My chief duty during the above period consisted in lieison services between the Embassy and the Burmese Government (in my capacity as Secretary to the Embassy) and in the protection of the rights and interests of the Japanese rosidents in Burma (as Consul General).

Def. Doc. # 1870 2. Gen. KIMURA, Heitaro, arrived in Burma in the middle of September, 1944, to assume his office as the Commander of the Japanese Army in Burma. He had a very deep concern about the good understanding between the two nations and about the living conditions of the people in Burma. He often held conferences with the Burmese leaders and exchanged frank opinions with them. I can well recollect the talks at such conferences, because I was usually permitted to attend them. In order to illustrate the above I may cite the fact that three times in November, 1944, --- that is, on 18th, 20th and 22nd of that month --- the General held a conference with the members of the Burmese Cabinet (Premier Bah Mow was then on his trip to Japan) and the President of the Supreme Court of Burma to exchange views with them. I also attended all of these three meetings. According to my memory, the main points in the talks were as follows: (a) Gen. KIMURA stated that good understanding and friendly cooperation between the two countries was of utmost importance; that the basic policy of the Japanese Army consisted in respecting the initiative and responsibility of the Burmese and in holping the Burmese Government; and that therefore the wished, while carrying out the War on the one hand, to further on the other hand the good understanding between the two countries, to hermonize the requirements of wer with those of civil administration and to secure for the Burmese people a necessary minimum standard of livelihood.

Def Doc No. 1870

- (b) The members of the Burmese Cabinet frankly expressed their opinions and discontentments, among which were:
 - (1) The masses of the Burmese people were rather opposed to further fighting due to the heavy pressure of war upon their life.
 - (2) The Japanese Army showed little confidence in the Burmese Government and had often restricted the activity of the latter.
 - (3) Some of the Japanese soldiers of lower rank and the Japanese civilian brokers were of very questionable character and the people were laboring under their oppression.

Many concrete cases were then presented to illustrate
these statements. After carefully listening to them,
the General said that in accordance with his policy of
Japanese-Burmese cooperation he would undertake to issue
necessary orders to correct as far as possible what was
wrong on the pert of the Japanese Army, and further
promised that he would make every effort in cooperation
with the Burmese Government. All the Cabinet members
heartily agreed to the General's policy, and each of them
expressed thanks to the General for having given them
good opportunity to exchange frank opinions. Especially
(Gen.) On Sen (Tn: phon.) Minister for National Defense,
was so much pleased that he remarked that if they had been
given such an opportunity a yeer before, there would

nover have arisen such discontentments between the two countries as were then complained of.

4. The General was always anxious for the welfare of the Burmese

people. All the members of the Burmese Cabinet were always pleased

with the attitude of the General who made efforts to further the

understanding between the two countries and who respected the interests

of the people.

- 5. In accordance with the above policy, Gen. KIMURA took great care in instructing the Japanese soldiers and civilian in Burma. For example, he ordered his staff to compile a pamphlet entitled "The Attitude to Take Toward the Burmese" which was distributed widely, to be adhered to by the Japanese soldiers and civilians. This pamphlet was intended to prevent misunderstandings which might arise due to the differences in customs and traditions of the two peoples and to furnish informations which would serve the Japanese-Burmese friend ship.
- 6. In evacuating the city of Rangoon, Gen. KIMURA prohibited his forces to resort to scorched earth tactics. The members of the Burmese Covernment were given full freedom in deciding their attitude for the future.

On this 27 day of June, 1947.

At Japanese Foreign Office.

Def. Doc. # 1870

I, hereby certify that the above statement was sworn by the Deponent, who affixed his signature and seal thereto in the presence of this Witness.

On the same date, at the same place.

Witness: /s/ KORETSUNE, Tatsumi (seal)

OATH

In accordance with my conscience I swear to tell the whole truth withholding nothing and adding nothing.

/s/ SHIMAZU, Hisanaga (seal)

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Oct. 3 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Sutton

FROM : EDWARD P. MONAGHAN, Chief,

Investigative Division, IPS

SUBJECT : Defense Witness

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available on the following witness and/or witnesses.

DEFENDANT

Witness General

WITNESS

SHIMAZU, Hisanaga

LIST OF MATERIAL AVAILABLE

Curriculum Vitae

2. Please acknowledge receipt of this memorandum by initialling and returning attached carbon copy to this office. Room 300.

EP M

Incl (Described above)

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN

CURRICULUM VITAE

SHIMAZU, Hisanaga
Born: May 24, 1906
Domicile: Tokyo Prefecture
Social Status: Peer

1921	Mar	31	Graduated from the middle school course of the Peers' School.
1927	Mar		Graduated from A Course of the Literature Department in the 1st Higher School.
	Apr		Entered the Political Course of the Law Department, Tokyo Imperial University.
1929	Oct	3	Passed the Diplomatic Service Examination for the Higher Civil Services.
1930	Mar	31	Graduated from the Political Course of the Law Department, Tokyo Imperial University.
	Apr	1	Appointed chanceller of Foreign Ministry; Granted 5th Grade Salary. (Foreign Ministry)
	п		Ordered to serve great Britain.
	Sep	24	Started from Tokyo.
	Oct	21	Arrived at post in London.
1931	Oct	21	Appointed diplomatic probationer; Conferred 7th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet); Granted 4th Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in Great Britain. (Foreign Ministry)
11	Nov	2	Granted 7th Court Rank, Junior Grade.
1934	June	30	Granted 3rd Grade Salary (Foreign Ministry)
	Dec	26	Promoted to 6th Grade Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet)
	#		Granted 2nd Grade Salary. (Foreign Ministry)
1935	Jan	14	Promoted to 7th Court Rank, Senior Grade.

1936 Mar 26 Appointed of Foreign Ministry; Promoted to 6th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet); Granted 7th Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in First Section of the East-Asia Bureau. (Foreign Ministry); Dec 26 Granted 6th Grade Salary (Foreign Ministry) 1937 Feb 20 Appointed 3rd Secretary of the Embassy and concurrently Vice-Consul; Promoted to 6th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet); Granted 1st Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in the Republic of China. (Foreign Ministry); Ordered to serve at Tientsin (Vice-Consul) Dec 27 Relieved from the concurrent post. (Cabinet) Dec 27 Appointed concurrently consul; Promoted to 5th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (cabinet) Promoted to 5th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Regular) (Cabinet); Granted 2nd Grade Salary; Ordered to serve at Tsientsin. (Foreign Ministry) 1938 Feb 1 Promoted to 6th Court Rank, Junior Grade. Apr 22 Ordered to serve at Peking. (Foreign Ministry) Appointed Commissioner of the China Affairs Board; 1939 Jan 28 Promoted to 5th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet) Granted 5th Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in First Section of the Political Affairs Department of the China Affairs Board. (Cabinet); Granted 4th Grade Salary. (Cabinet) Dec 27 Promoted to 4th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet) Promoted to 6th Court Rank, Senior Grade. 1940 Jan 15 " Aug 15 Appointed of the Foreign Ministry; Promoted to 4th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet); Granted 4th Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in the First Section of the East-Asia Bureau. (Foreign Ministry) 1941 Jun 30 Granted 3rd Grade Salary. (foreign ministry) 1941 Jul 24 Appointed Secretary of Foreign Ministry and concurrently private secretary to the Foreign Minister;

194	l Jul	24	Promoted to 4th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet);
			Granted 3rd Grade Salary;
			Ordered to serve in the East-Asia Bureau. (Foreign Minist
	Dec	8	Appointed commissioner of the Foreign Ministry and concurrently of the Foreign Ministry.
			(and also concurrently private secretary to the Foreign Minister as before);
	*		Promoted to 4th Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet);
			Granted 2nd Grade Salary;
			Ordered to serve in the East-Asia Bureau;
+			Ordered to serve in the South Sea Islands Bureau. (Foreign Ministry)
19/19	2 Oct	6	Promotod to out and and
-/4			Promoted to 3rd Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Regular and concurrent post) (Cabinet)
11	Oct	15	Released from the concurrent post as private secretary to the Foreign Minister. (Cabinet)
	Oct	6	Granted 2nd Grade Salary (Foreign Ministry)
"	Oct	29	Appointed commissioner of the Manchurian Affairs Bureau;
			Promoted to 3rd Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet);
			Granted 2nd Grade Salary;
			Appointed Chief of the Administration of
			Appointed Chief of the Administrative Section of the Manchurian Affairs Bureau. (Cabinet);
			Appointed Administrative Official for the South Manchurian Railway Company, Ltd. (Cabinet)
	Nov	1	Appointed secretary of the Greater East-Asia Ministry
			according to the Imperial Ordinance for simplifine administration.
	"		Appointed Chief of the Training Section in the General
n	Dec	22	Affairs Bureau (Greater East Asia Ministry); Appointed secretary of the Committee for the Training of the Greater East-Asia Staff Members. (Cabinet)
п		15	Promoted to 5th Court Rank Junior Grade.
1943	Feb	9	Decorated with the Order of the Sacred Treasure, 6th Class;
"	Jul :	20	Appointed 1st Secretary of the Embassy;
			Promoted to 3rd Grade of Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet)

1943 Jul 26 Appointed attendent to the Envoy Extraordinary and Ambassador Plenipotentiary to Burma. (Cabinet); Granted 2nd Grade Salary; Ordered to serve in Thailand. (Greater East-Asia Ministry) Appointed concurrently consul-General (Cabinet); Aug 1 Promoted to 3rd Grade of Higher Civil Service; Ordered to serve in Burma; Ordered to serve at Rangoon. (Greater East-Asia Ministry) Decorated with the 5th Order of Merit with Dual-1940 Apr 29 Rays of the Rising Sun for meritorious services in the China Incident. 1946 Nov 30 Appointed councillor of the Embassy; Received Imperial Appointment. (Cabinet) 1947 Jan 16 Appointed commissioner of Foreign Ministry. Promoted to 1st grade. (Cabinet) Feb 25 Appointed member of the Economic Stabilization Headquarters. (Cabint); Ordered to serve in the First Section of the Economic Stabilization Headquarters. (Cabinet) The organization of the Economic Stabilization Headquarters was rrevised. Jam 13 Appointed concurrently commissioner of the Prime Minister's Board; Promoted to 1st Grade (Cabinet); Appointed member of the Economic Stabilization Headquarters. (Prime Minister's Board); Examined qualifications. Aug 20 Appointed government representative for the 1st National Diet. (Cabinet)