

We Are Prompt
If you want an Express, Furniture
Van, Truck or Dray, phone us.
Pacific Transfer Co.
127 Cormorant. Phone 248 and 249
BAGGAGE STORED.

Victoria Daily Times

Wellington Coal
\$7.00 PER TON
Hall & Walker
1232 Government St. Phone 83.

VOL. 45.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1914

NO. 82

GERMAN RESISTANCE MOST DESPERATE

CRUELITIES OF GERMAN SOLDIERY SYSTEMATIC PLANNING OF OFFICERS

**Documents Submitted By France to Signatories of
Hague Convention Contain Shameful Record of
Uncivilized Acts Committed By Prussianized
Leaders of Enemy's Armies**

Washington, Sept. 25.—The French ambassador, Jules Jusserand, made public to-day the summary of ten documents drawn up by various officials accusing the German soldiers of a systematic campaign of atrocities. The documents, placed in the hands of Acting Secretary Lansing of the state department by the ambassador, were also delivered to all signatories of the Hague convention.

With the documents a letter was delivered which explained that the French government did not take the step with a view of demanding any action on the part of the United States, but merely to report to this country, as a signatory of the Hague treaty, evidence of how the treaty was being observed by Germany. The statement is made public by the French ambassador as follows:

"By order of the government of the French republic, a series of official reports as to the way in which the present war is being carried on in the French territory by German troops have been communicated to the powers who signed the Hague convention, the United States being one of them.

"These documents, ten in number, show that the destructions and assassinations which have taken place have been systematic, and performed in accordance with orders from the officers and not as the result of accidental lack of discipline.

"The facts quoted are given only as samples and not as complete enumeration; they cover, moreover, only the first three weeks after the beginning of hostilities (two weeks of actual warfare) and worse deeds have been committed since.

"Such as they are, they show, among other things, that wounded soldiers have been finished in large numbers by shots fired right against the face of the

wounded; that Pont-a-Mousson, an open and undefended town, was bombarded, the hospital, which is an historical building, having especially suffered; a number of villages, among them Parux and Affleville, have been methodically destroyed, house by house, soldiers being, as it seems, provided with implements enabling them to perform that kind of work with a minimum of trouble; nurses bearing conspicuously the badge of the Red Cross have been assassinated; numerous inhabitants have been put to death without pretext or provocation (among them, at Badonviller, the wife of the mayor).

"In some cases, notably at Billy, on the tenth of August, the German troops, when they marched out of the place to charge the French troops, made the women and children walk in front of them.

"Attention is called, as regards such deeds, to two texts. Article III of the convention of the Hague, which was proposed by the German delegates themselves, states that the belligerents also might cause such destruction as those mentioned above, would be bound to indemnify the interested parties and would be responsible for any acts committed by members of his army.

"In the second place, even if civilians had taken up arms on the invasion of French territory by the Germans, which was nowhere the case, they would have been within their rights and would have been defendable, for Article IV, of the same convention reserves to the population of a non-occupied territory the right, on the approach of the enemy, to spontaneously take up arms and repel the invading troops.

"Appended to this convention, besides the signature of the United States, France, and many other countries, is to be found that of Germany."

SIR JAMES WHITNEY DIED THIS MORNING

**Premier of Ontario Has Passed
Away After a Prolonged
Illness**

**QUARTER CENTURY IN
ONTARIO PUBLIC LIFE**

**Led Government for Over Nine
Years; Was a Veteran of
Fenian Troubles**

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Sir James Whitney, premier of Ontario, is dead.

James Pliny Whitney was born in Williamsburg, Ontario, on October 2, 1843, his parents being Richard Leest Whitney and Clarissa Jane (Fairman) Whitney. The Whitneys were early immigrants to America from Herefordshire, England, and at the time of the Revolution the family moved to Upper Canada. James was educated at the public school of his native town and in Cornwall grammar school. He studied law at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and on being admitted to the bar he began practice in Morrisburgh.

His first entry into politics was in 1888, when he was the unsuccessful Conservative candidate for the county of Dundas in an election to the legislature. In 1888 he was elected, however, and since then had sat for that county. He became leader of the opposition in the Ontario house in 1896, on the appointment of W. R. Meredith (now Sir Wm. Meredith, chief justice of Ontario) to the bench. On the defeat of the Ross government in January, 1905, he was called on to form a government, taking first the office of attorney-general and later the office of president of the council. At each election since his government has been sustained, the last occasion being but a few months ago. At the time of the formation of the Borden cabinet he was offered a portfolio but declined it.

In his youth Sir James was for several years an active militiaman and always maintained a keen interest in militia matters. He was out in the Fenian troubles in 1866 as a non-commissioned officer and wore the medal issued at that time. During later years he had been a lieutenant-colonel on the reserve of officers.

Sir James was knighted by the Prince of Wales, on behalf of King Edward VII, on the occasion of the Queen's Tercentenary celebration in 1908, was present by invitation at the coronation of King George V, and Queen Mary in Westminster Abbey in June, 1911, and was presented to their majesties at Buckingham Palace later that month. He was president of the Ottawa inter-provincial conference in 1910; was elected president of the St. John Ambulance association in 1908; a vice-president of the Lord's Day alliance and the British Empire league, and had been a delegate to diocesan, provincial and general Anglican synods for many years.

Late last year Sir James became seriously ill in New York while on his way south and for many weeks hovered between life and death. He ultimately recovered sufficiently to be moved home, but was not able to attend the sittings of the legislature until within a few days of its prorogation. In the recent campaign he was unable to take any active part.

In 1877 he married Miss Alice Park, daughter of the late William Park, Cornwall. Lady Whitney, one son, and three daughters survive him. Among the honorary degrees conferred upon him were those of LL. D. by Toronto University, in June, 1902; D. C. L. by Trinity University, Toronto, in the same year; and LL. D. by Queen's University, Kingston, in 1903.

Sir Richard's Tribute.
Sir Richard McBride, speaking to a Times representative this morning, said:

"It is with deep regret that I learned of the death of Sir James Whitney this morning. I have known him more or less intimately for a number of years, having been brought into contact with him at various times in conference and otherwise, and his emphatic, almost strenuous, method of dealing with public affairs as they arose, strongly appealed to me.

"Sir James was sui generis as a political leader. While he did not possess a personal magnetism like that of the late Sir John Macdonald or Sir Wilfrid Laurier, he had a bluff honesty that compelled the admiration of the people of Ontario, whose confidence in him was very great. His successes in several election campaigns in a province traditionally Liberal is proof of that."

ONTARIO'S PREMIER IS DEAD



The late Sir James P. Whitney, K. C. M. G., who had sat for Dundas county in the legislature continuously from January, 1888, and was leader of the government since February 7, 1905.

Seven-Day Fight Won by Russia on Vistula

Petrograd, Sept. 25.—An official announcement from Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the field, says:

"On the southwest front the Russian troops have taken possession of the fortified position of Cyscey and Foustyn, which covered Khyroff and other positions in the Radymno region (between Jaroslav and Przemysl), taking all the enemy's artillery.

"The Przemysl garrison has evacuated Bourgade and Medyka, and has been repulsed in the eastern segment, toward the line of forts.

"There has been no fighting on the German front."

Paris, Sept. 25, 1.40 a.m.—Telegraphing from Petrograd, the correspondent of the Havas news agency says that among the engagements preceding the capture of Jaroslav by the Russians, that at Sadova, on the Vistula river, was the most important.

This fight lasted seven days without interruption. The Austrians were entrenched on the summits of some wooded hills arising from a broad and unsheltered plain. The Russians were forced to charge across this open plain against a raking machine gunfire.

Their losses were tremendous, until finally their guns found the range, when their charge was successful.

CANADA'S FIRST CONTINGENT IS ON WAY TO UNITED KINGDOM, WITH NAVAL CONVOY

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Hon. Sam Hughes, minister of militia, who arrived in the capital this morning on a flying visit, authorized the statement that a portion of the Canadian expeditionary force, 21,200 strong, is now on the high seas en route to the Motherland.

He stated that several of the ships had already sailed from Quebec, that the other transports are being quickly loaded, and that by the beginning of next week all will have departed.

The transports, the minister explained, would stretch well across the Atlantic ocean. They are being con-

voyed by two or three of the best battle-ships in the British navy, several fast cruisers and a number of torpedo boat destroyers, under the command of Admiral Wemyss.

Col. Hughes, who was quite apparently delighted that the Canadian force is at last on its way to render assistance to Britain and her allies, spent several busy hours at his office, leaving again for the camp at one o'clock this morning.

The Sifton quick-firing motor battery entrains this afternoon for Quebec, where the battery will embark to-morrow.

SWITZERLAND REMAINS FIRM IN NEUTRALITY

Rome, via London, Sept. 25, 2 a.m.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes a report from Basel that Switzerland has refused a request from the Germans for permission to send three army corps across Swiss territory.

Italy is bound by treaty to protect the neutrality of the neighbor republic, and the Italian people will support the government in any steps to that end.

F. E. SMITH GOES TO FRONT.

London, Sept. 25.—Sir Stanley O. Buckmaster, solicitor-general since October 1913, will become director of the official press bureau of the British war office to-morrow. Sir Stanley will succeed in that capacity Frederick E. Smith, who has been ordered to the front.

ALLIES' ARTILLERY REQUIRED TO COVER INFANTRY ADVANCE

**Left Wing Now Operating Between the Oise
and the Somme Steadily Pushing the
Enemy Back.**

**If the German Right Can be Outflanked it
Will Mean a Decisive Victory for British
and French Armies.**

Paris, Sept. 25, 7.15 a.m.—According to information reaching the French capital this morning the Germans are continuing their desperate resistance against the advance of the allies in the north. This advance was first on Roye, 26 miles to the east of Amiens, and then on Peronne, 20 miles north of Roye.

It was only by a continuous raking artillery fire and hard fighting that the French and British troops were able to continue their advance against the vicious attacks of the enemy. The left wing of the allies now occupies positions between the river Oise and the river Somme, traversed by the Germans during their advance in the direction of Paris.

From this fact, it is argued here by military observers, the Germans will be obliged to concentrate a force in order to protect their right wing, the outflanking of which, Paris believes, would mean a decisive victory for the allies.

In this fighting, which is in a large measure from improvised forts, the allies have advanced, not only on the left, where their manoeuvres apparently were successful, but also at other points which were strongly fortified, such as Berry au Bac, in the direction of Craonne. Judging from the reports coming to Paris, the Germans appear to be sacrificing masses of men in the hope of gaining a quick advantage.

So strong are some of the positions on each side that Paris believes a long and steady siege at some points is not improbable. The allies appear to be prepared for this as well as for any other developments.

3.20 p.m.—The following official communication was given out in Paris this afternoon:

"First, on our left wing there has been begun a general action of great violence between the detachments of our forces that are operating between the river Somme and the river Oise, and the army corps which the enemy has gathered in the region around Tergnier and St. Quentin.

"These army corps have come, some from the centre of the enemy's line and others from Lorraine and the Vosges. The last-named corps were transported by rail to Cambrai, by way of Liege and Valenciennes. To the north of the river Aisne, as far as Berry au Bac, there has been no change of importance.

"Second, on the centre we have made progress to the east of Rheims in the direction of Berry au Moronvilliers.

"Further to the east, as far as the Argonne region, the situation shows no change. To the east of the Argonne the enemy has not been able to move out of Varennes. On the right bank of the river Meuse, the enemy succeeded in getting a footing on the heights of the Meuse, in the region of the promontory of Hatton Chalet, and, forced in the direction of St. Michael, he bombarded the forts of Paroches and of Camp des Romain. To offset this, to the south of Verdun, we remain masters of the heights of the Meuse, and our troops, moving out of Toul, advanced until they reached the region of Beaumont.

"Third, on our right wing, Lorraine and the Vosges, we have repulsed attacks of minor importance on Nomeny. To the east of Luneville, the enemy has made demonstrations along the lines of the river Vezeuse and the river Biette."

Allies Land in Dalmatia.
Paris, Sept. 25.—4.59 p. m.—A dispatch to Paris by the Rome correspondent of the Havas Agency says that the allied forces have landed in Dalmatia after bombarding the fortified harbor of Lissau. The British and French flags were then hoisted to provoke the Austrian fleet to come out and engage the allied fleet in battle.

Three Austrian squadrons are sheltered in a canal at Fassana, opposite the Austrian naval station Pola.

Late war news dispatches on page 13

FLEET OF WAR SEEN STEAMING TO BALTIC

**Fishermen Sight Vessels of
Unnamed Nationality in
Waters Which Are Mined**

London, Sept. 25.—A dispatch to the Standard from Copenhagen states that a fishing fleet has arrived at Falkenberg, Sweden, which has been in close proximity to a fleet of thirty warships. They were sighted in the vicinity of Anholt, a Danish island in the Kattegat, a large arm of the North sea, on the east of Jutland.

The nationality of the warships has not been divulged. They were steaming down the principal deepwater channel on the Swedish side in a southerly direction toward the only entrance for large vessels to the Baltic from the North sea, the Sound.

The news has caused great excitement here. The sound is extensively mined, and foreign war vessels run a great risk in steaming in them without a pilot. Denmark, however, could not supply pilots without upsetting her neutrality.

WOLF BOLSTERS CASE AGAINST THE LAMB

Berlin, Sept. 25, via Wireless to Sayville, L. I.—The German government has ordered that an exhaustive judicial inquiry be made at once by an independent lawyer into the destruction of the Belgian town of Louvain. An investigation already made proved that on a signal, given near the Louvain station by red and green rockets, the Belgian population began firing at the German troops.

BERLIN LAYS UP FOOD STORES.

London, Sept. 25.—A dispatch to Reuters from Berlin, coming by way of Amsterdam, says that the Boerssen Courier, of Berlin, announces that the municipality, which, prior to mobilization began to buy corn and flour, is now buying all the fish and bacon available. The municipality has requested the authorities of the suburbs to do likewise.

AUSTRALIAN TROOPS OCCUPY NEW GUINEA

**Armed Forces of Germans
Were Annihilated; British
Flag Raised**

London, Sept. 25, 3.25 p.m.—The official press bureau this afternoon issued the following statement:

"The admiralty announces that a telegram has been received from Vice-Admiral Sir George Patey, stating that the town and the harbor of Friedrich Wilhelm, the seat of government of Kaiser Wilhelm's Land (the name applied to the German portion of New Guinea) has been occupied by an Australian force without opposition.

"The armed forces of the enemy appear to have been concentrated at Herbertshoeh, where they were annihilated.

"The British flag has been hoisted at Friedrich Wilhelm and a garrison has been established there."

ANDREW CARNEGIE IMAGINING THINGS IN PANTALON AGE

New York, Sept. 25.—Andrew Carnegie, unsuccessful advocate of international peace, who is now 79 years old, reached New York to-day aboard the Magenta with a new version of how the war began.

"I'll tell you how the war started," he said. "The Kaiser was on a holiday on his yacht in the North sea. When he returned to Berlin the mischief had already been done. The Kaiser himself is a marvellous man, possessed of wonderful ingenuity. He has done more good for Germany than any other man before him. He himself is a peace-loving man.

"The trouble was started by the German military caste that rules the country. The Kaiser gathered around him a group of men who, unknown to him, acted in concert and in his absence took action that could not be altered."

LATE NIGHT WAR NEWS

MANY CASUALTIES IN AISNE BATTLE

Large Proportion of Officers Among the Dead and Wounded in Conflict

London, Sept. 25.—Lieut.-Colonel A. Grant-Duff, of the Black Watch, was killed in action. Lieut.-Colonel C. Dalton and Lieut. I. G. Hoag died in hospital of wounds. Brig.-General Richard C. B. Haking is among the wounded.

These names appear in the official casualty list issued last night. Of nine officers dead, five died of wounds in hospitals and one was drowned.

The list includes twenty-one wounded, among them Lieut. G. V. Naylor-Leyland, of the Royal Horse Guards, who is the second son of the late Sir Herbert S. Naylor-Leyland.

Lieut.-Colonel Grant-Duff was the third son of the late Sir Mountstuart Grant-Duff, and served in India and South Africa. He was at one time assistant secretary of the committee of imperial defence.

Lieut.-Colonel Hoag served in South Africa and West Africa, where he rendered distinguished services.

Brigadier-General Haking won the Queen's medal in South Africa.

The casualty list contains the names of eleven officers killed, two died of wounds and one who was drowned in the River Aisne. In addition there are forty-five non-commissioned officers and men killed and wounded. The following are the casualties among the officers:

Killed.

Barstow, Major J. F., Royal Engineers, Carr. Capt. M. R., Worcestershire Regiment.

Girardot, Second Lieut. R. C., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Grant-Duff, Lieut.-Colonel A. C. B., Black Watch.

Huggan, Lieut. J. L., Royal Army Corps.

Knapton, Lieut. O. A., Royal Warwickshire Regiment.

Mead, Lieut. J. E., Royal Fusiliers.

Mockler-Ferryman, Lieut. H., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Smythe, Second Lieut. F. F., Worcestershire Regiment.

Welby, Lieut. R. W. B., Grenadier Guards.

Worthington, Lieut. R. G., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Died of Wounds.

Dalton, Lieut.-Col. C., Army Medical Corps.

Hogg, Lieut. I. G., Fourth Hussars, Drowned While on Duty.

Hutton, Lieut. G. A., Royal Engineers, Wounded.

Ashburner, Capt. T. F., M.V.O., D.S.O., Royal Fusiliers.

Bowden-Smith, Capt. W. A. C., Royal Fusiliers.

Brookhurst, Capt. J. H., Coldstream Guards.

Browning, Lieut. L., Royal Field Artillery.

Bunting, Lieut. and Quartermaster T. E., Royal Irish Fusiliers.

Campbell, Lieut. A. W. G., Coldstream Guards.

Deane, Lieut. M. J., Royal Fusiliers.

Egerton, Capt. A. G. R., Coldstream Guards.

Eveleigh, Capt. R. C., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Forster, Capt. H. C., Royal Fusiliers.

Haking, Brigadier-General R. C. B., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Higgins, Capt. C. G., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Hammastal, Lieut. H., Royal Field Artillery.

Naylor-Leyland, Lieut. C. V., Royal Horse Guards (The Blues).

Packard, Major R. N., Royal Field Artillery.

Roche, Lieut. F., Army Veterinary Corps.

Sampson, Second Lieut. F. A., Royal Fusiliers.

Smith, Lieut. E. C., Royal Fusiliers.

Tylden-Patterson, Second Lieut. A. D., Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Wells, Lieut. R. C., Royal Engineers.

There was a strong wind during the day, accompanied by a driving rain. This militated against aerial reconnaissances.

Sun Warms Soaking Troops.

"On Sunday, the 20th, nothing of importance occurred until the afternoon, when there was a break in the clouds and intervals of sunshine, which was hardly powerful enough to warm the soaking troops. The Germans took advantage of this brief spell of fine weather to make several attacks against different points. These were all repulsed with loss to the enemy, but the casualties incurred by us were by no means light.

"In one section of our firing line the occupants of trenches were under the impression that they heard a military band in the enemy's lines just before the attack developed. It is now known that the German infantry started their advance with bands playing.

"The offensive against one or two points was renewed at dusk, with no greater success. The brunt of the resistance naturally has fallen on the infantry. In spite of the fact that they have been drenched to the skin for some days, and their trenches have been deep in mud and water, and in spite of the incessant night alarms and the almost continuous bombardment to which they have been subjected, they have on every occasion been ready for the enemy's infantry when the latter attempted to assault, and they have beaten them back with great loss. Indeed, the sight of the troops coming up has been a positive relief after long trying hours of inaction under shell fire.

British Nerve Unaffected.

"The object of the great proportion of artillery the Germans employ is to beat down the resistance of their enemy by concentrated and prolonged fire, to shatter their nerve with high explosives, before the infantry attack is launched. They seemed to have relied on doing this with us, but they have not done so, though it has taken them several costly experiences to discover this fact.

"From statements of prisoners, it appears that they have been greatly disappointed by the fact that the moral effect produced by their heavy guns, despite the actual losses inflicted, has not been at all commensurate with the colossal expenditure of ammunition, which has really been wasted. But this

DAUNTLESS SPIRIT SHOWN BY ALL THE BRITISH TROOPS

Sir John French Sends Long Report to War Office on Recent Operations—Enemy Continues to Use Every Dishonest and Dastardly Device

London, Sept. 25.—The official press bureau last night issued a report from Field Marshal Sir John French supplementing the dispatches of September 22, on the British operations in France. In full this is as follows:

"The enemy is still maintaining himself along the whole front and in order to do so is throwing into the fight detachments composed of units from very different formations, the active army, reserve and landwehr, as is shown by the uniforms of the prisoners recently captured.

"Our progress, although slow on account of the strength of the defensive positions against which we are pressing, has in certain directions been continuous, but the present battle will last for some days more before a decision is reached, since it now approximates somewhat a siege warfare.

"The Germans are making use of searchlights coupled with their great strength in heavy artillery, leads to the supposition that they are employing material which may have been collected for the siege of Paris.

"The nature of the general situation after the operations of the 18th, 19th and 20th, cannot be better summarized than as expressed recently by a neighboring French commander to his corps: 'HAVING repulsed repeated and violent counter-attacks made by the enemy, we have a feeling that we have been victorious.'

"So far as the British are concerned, the course of events during these three days cannot be described in a few words. During Friday, 18th, artillery fire was kept up intermittently by both sides during daylight. At night the Germans counter-attacked with portions of their infantry, as always, by a heavy bombardment. But the strokes were not delivered with great vigor, and ceased about 2 a.m. During the day's fighting an aircraft gun of the third army corps succeeded in bringing down a German aeroplane.

Artillery is Active.

"News was received also that a body of French cavalry had demolished part of the railway to the north, stopping at least temporarily one line of communication which is of particular importance to the enemy.

"On Saturday, the 19th, the bombardment was resumed by the Germans at an early hour, and continued intermittently under reply from our own guns. Some of their infantry advanced from cover, apparently with the intention of attacking, but on coming under fire they retired. Otherwise the day was uneventful, except for the activity of the artillery, which is a matter of formal routine rather than of event.

"Another hostile aeroplane was brought down by us, and one of our aviators succeeded in dropping several bombs over the German line, one bomb falling with considerable effect on a telephone park near La Fere. A buried store of the enemy's munitions of war also was found, not far from the Aisne, ten wagon loads of live shells, and two wagon loads of being dug up. Traces were discovered of large quantities of stores having been buried, all of which to show that as far back as the Aisne the German retirement was hurried.

"There was a strong wind during the day, accompanied by a driving rain. This militated against aerial reconnaissances.

Sun Warms Soaking Troops.

"On Sunday, the 20th, nothing of importance occurred until the afternoon, when there was a break in the clouds and intervals of sunshine, which was hardly powerful enough to warm the soaking troops. The Germans took advantage of this brief spell of fine weather to make several attacks against different points. These were all repulsed with loss to the enemy, but the casualties incurred by us were by no means light.

"In one section of our firing line the occupants of trenches were under the impression that they heard a military band in the enemy's lines just before the attack developed. It is now known that the German infantry started their advance with bands playing.

"The offensive against one or two points was renewed at dusk, with no greater success. The brunt of the resistance naturally has fallen on the infantry. In spite of the fact that they have been drenched to the skin for some days, and their trenches have been deep in mud and water, and in spite of the incessant night alarms and the almost continuous bombardment to which they have been subjected, they have on every occasion been ready for the enemy's infantry when the latter attempted to assault, and they have beaten them back with great loss. Indeed, the sight of the troops coming up has been a positive relief after long trying hours of inaction under shell fire.

British Nerve Unaffected.

"The object of the great proportion of artillery the Germans employ is to beat down the resistance of their enemy by concentrated and prolonged fire, to shatter their nerve with high explosives, before the infantry attack is launched. They seemed to have relied on doing this with us, but they have not done so, though it has taken them several costly experiences to discover this fact.

"From statements of prisoners, it appears that they have been greatly disappointed by the fact that the moral effect produced by their heavy guns, despite the actual losses inflicted, has not been at all commensurate with the colossal expenditure of ammunition, which has really been wasted. But this

does not imply that their artillery fire is not good; it is more than good—it is excellent. But the British soldier is a difficult person to impress or depress, even by immense shells filled with a high explosive which detonate with terrific violence, and form craters large enough to act as graves for five horses.

Troops in Fine Spirits.

"The German howitzer shells are from eight to nine inches in calibre, and on impact they send up columns of greyish black smoke. On account of this they are irreverently dubbed 'coal boxes,' 'black marias' or 'Jack Johnsons' by the soldiers.

"Men who take things in this spirit are, it seems, likely to throw out the calculations based on loss of morale so carefully framed by the German military philosophers.

"A considerable amount of information has been gleaned from prisoners. It has been gathered that our bombardment of the 15th produced a great impression. The opinion also is reported that our infantry makes such good use of the ground that the German companies are demoralized by our rifle fire before the soldiers can be seen.

"From an official diary captured by the first army corps, it appears that one of the German corps contain an extraordinary mixture of units. If the composition of the other corps is similar, it may be assumed that the present efficiency of the enemy's force is in no way comparable with what it was when the war commenced.

"The losses in officers are noted as having been especially severe. A brigade is stated to be commanded by a major, and some companies of foot guards by one-year volunteers, while after the battle of Montmirail, one regiment lost 55 out of 60 officers.

German Need Encouragement.

"The prisoners recently captured appreciate the fact that the march on Paris has failed, and that their forces are retreating, but state that the object of this movement is explained by the officers as being a withdrawal into closer touch with the supports, which have stayed too far in the rear.

"The officers are also endeavoring to encourage the troops by telling them that they will be at home by Christmas. A large number of the men believe that they are beaten.

"Following is an extract from one document:

"With the English troops we have great difficulty, they have a queer way of causing losses to the enemy. They make good trenches, in which they wait patiently; they artfully measure the ranges for their rifle fire and they open a truly hellish fire on the unsuspecting cavalry. This was the reason we had such heavy losses.

"According to our officers, the English striking forces are exhausted; the English people really never wanted war.

"From another source:

"The English are very brave and fight to the last man. One of our companies has lost 139 men out of 240.

Story From German Soldier.

"The following letter, which refers to the fighting on the Aisne, has been printed and circulated to the troops:

"Letter found on German officer of seventh reserve corps:

"Cerny, South of Laon, September 17, 1914.

"Dear Parents.—Our corps has the task of holding the heights south of Cerny in all circumstances till the fourteenth corps on our left can grip the enemy's flank. On our right are other corps. We are fighting with the English Guards, Highlanders and Zouaves. The losses on both sides have been enormous. For the most part this is due to the too brilliant French artillery.

"The English are marvellously trained in making use of ground. One never sees them, and one is constantly under fire. The French aimers perform wonderful feats. We cannot get rid of them. As soon as an airman has flown over us, ten minutes later we get their shrapnel in our positions. We have little artillery in our corps; without it, we cannot get far.

"Three days ago our division took possession of the heights and dug itself in. Two days ago, early in the morning, we were attacked by immense superior English forces—one brigade—and two battalions—and were turned out of our positions. The fellows took five guns from us. It was a tremendous hand-to-hand fight.

"How I escaped myself I am not quite clear. My horse was wounded and other horses were too far in the rear. Then came up the Guard, Jäger battalion, fourth Wager, sixth regiment, reserve regiment, 13th and 16th landwehr regiments, and with the help of the artillery we drove the fellows out of the position again. Our machine guns did good work, the English fell in heaps.

"In our battalion three iron crosses have been given, one to — C. O., one to Captain — and one to Surgeon — (names probably deleted). Let us hope that we shall be the lucky ones the next time.

"During the first two days of the battle I had only one piece of bread and no water. I spent the night in the rain without my great coat. The rest of my kit was on the horses, which have been left miles behind with the baggage, and which cannot come up

into the battle because as soon as you put your nose up from behind cover the bullets whistle.

"War is terrible. We are all hoping that a decisive battle will end the war, as our troops already have got round Paris. If we beat the English the French resistance will be broken. Russia will be very quickly dealt with if this there is no doubt.

"We have received help from the Austrian heavy artillery at Maubeuge. They bombarded Fort Cerfontaine in such a way that there was not ten metres of parapet which did not show enormous craters made by the shells. The armored turrets were found upside down.

"Yesterday evening about 6 o'clock, in the valley in which our reserves stood, there was such a terrific cannonade that we saw nothing of the sky but a cloud of smoke. We had few casualties.

Daring of Airmen.

"Amongst the items of news are the following:

"Recently a pilot and observer of the Royal Flying Corps were forced by a breakage in their aeroplane to descend in the enemy's lines. The pilot managed to 'pancake' his machine down to earth, and the two escaped into some thick undergrowth in the woods. The enemy came upon and seized and smashed the machine, but did not search for our men with much zeal. The latter lay hidden till dark and then found their way to the Aisne, across which they swam, reaching camp in safety, but barefooted.

"Numerous floating bridges have been thrown across the Aisne and some of the permanent bridges have been repaired under fire. On the 20th, Lieut. (name deleted) of the third signal corps, Royal Engineers, was unfortunately drowned while attempting to swim across the river with a cable, in order to open up fresh telegraphic communication on the north side.

"Explosions are still carried on by the enemy to a considerable extent. Recently the suspicions of some of the French troops were aroused by coming across a farm from which the horses had been removed. After some search they discovered a telephone, which was connected by an underground cable with the German lines, and the owner of the farm paid the penalty in the usual way of war for his treachery.

Dastardly Tactics.

"In some cases of village fighting, which occurred earlier in the war, it was reported by some of our officers that the Germans had attempted to approach to close quarters by forcing prisoners to march in front of them. The Germans have recently repeated the same trick on a larger scale against the French, as is shown by the copy of an order printed below. It is therefore referred to as a ruse, but if that term can be accepted it is distinctly an illegal ruse.

"During a recent night attack (the order reads) the Germans drove a column of French prisoners in front of them. This action is to be brought to the notice of all our troops (1) in order to put them on their guard against such a dastardly ruse, (2) in order that every soldier may know how the Germans treat their prisoners. Our troops must not forget that if they allow themselves to be taken prisoners, the Germans will not fail to expose them to French bullets." (Signature of commander).

Misuse of Red Cross.

"Further evidence has now been collected of the misuse of the white flag and other signs of surrender. During an action on the 17th, owing to this, one officer was shot. During recent fighting also, German ambulance wagons advanced to collect the wounded. An order to cease firing was consequently given to our guns, which were firing on this particularly section of ground. The German battery commanders at once took advantage of the lull in the action to climb up their observation ladders and onto a haystack to locate our guns, which soon afterwards came under a far more ac-

Campbell's Store

is called "The Prescription Store" and there's a special meaning in the designation. It means that the compounding of prescriptions is our real business and receives that care and skillful attention which your doctor intended it should have. Bring your prescription to Campbell's.

"Dinna Forget"

Is the name of our special complexion cream—and this is just a little reminder to those who might forget. A real skin food and tonic; we prepare it specially from a prescription which has proved its merit. Only 50¢



Corner Fort and Douglas

We are prompt, we are careful, and use only the best in our work.

Phone 135

WINDSOR GROCERY COMPANY

Opposite Post Office Government Street

- Wealthy Apples, per box \$1.25
- Citrons, per lb. 4¢
- Fresh Finnan Haddie, per lb. 12½¢
- Fisher's Peanut Butter (large jars). Per jar. 40¢
- Large Cooking Pears, per box \$1.50

Large Size Kitchen Coal \$5.00

This Special Kitchen Coal is somewhat larger than the average nut coal. If you want a good range coal you cannot do better than order a ton of this ideal fuel. This coal has the lowest percentage of ash of any cheap coal now on the market. Why not give it a trial?

J. E. PAINTER & SON

Phone 536. 617 Cormorant Street

COPAS & YOUNG

Sell You the Best to Be Got For the Money and the Most of it. Try Them

- NICE LOCAL APPLES—Per box \$1.10
- CRABAPPLES—8 lbs. for 25c
- FINE MEALY POTATOES—Per sack \$1.15
- B. C. or A. C. GRANULATED SUGAR—20-lb. sack \$1.40
- SWIFT'S PREMIUM HAM—Per pound 25c
- SELECTED PICNIC HAM—Per pound 15c
- C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR—Per sack \$1.80
- OGLIVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR—Per sack \$1.90

PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT KEEPS THE PRICE OF YOUR LIVING NECESSITIES DOWN

COPAS & YOUNG

Anti-Combine Grocers
Corner Fort and Broad Streets
Phones 94 and 95. Phone 95

EVANS COLEMAN & EVANS

615 PANDORA (Near Government St. S.E.)
BUILDERS' MATERIALS
READY ROOFING
GENASCO PHOENIX CERTAINTED
For Residences, Farm Buildings, Warehouses, Etc.
AT SPECIAL PRICES

BARONESS TO PRISON FAILING TO REGISTER

London, Sept. 24.—Baroness Marie von Noberg was sentenced by a London police court magistrate to-day to imprisonment for three weeks for failing to register as an alien enemy.

The baroness said her husband is a general commanding the Eighth German Army Corps, while his son is a member of the officers' training corps at the Westminster school.

The baroness for years kept a private hotel in the Bloomsbury district.



"The Perpetual Trustee"
Head Office, Vancouver, B. C.

Paid-up Capital and Reserve over \$ 3,000,000.00

Invested Trust Funds and other Trusts under Administration 18,254,909.00

Trusteeships for "bondholders" 31,648,000.00

Victoria Advisory Committee

J. A. Pauline, Chairman; A. M. Bannerman, George McGregor, Reeve of Saanich.

London Advisory Committee

J. C. Colmer, C. M. G.; Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P.; C. W. Twelves.

HUGH KENNEDY
Local Manager

THE BEST BRANDS 4 OF PORT

- H. B. Special Vintage Port, guaranteed over 50 years old. Per bottle \$2.50
- H. B. Imperial Port, guaranteed 30 years old. Per bottle \$2.00
- H. B. Vice Regal Port, guaranteed 25 years old. Per bottle \$1.50
- H. B. Old Duke Port, guaranteed 20 years old. Per bottle \$1.25

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1870
Open till 10 p.m. 1312 Douglas St. Phone 4253. We deliver.

SHOP EARLY. SHOP EARLY

Market Day

Friday, Sept. 25

Special freight train leaves Saanichton at 6.25 a.m., calling at all intermediate points and arriving Victoria 7.15 a.m.

Farmers and others are respectfully requested to have their produce on hand for this train.

Market opens at 7 a.m.

B.C. Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

Saanich Division.



Blue-jay Ends One-Half the Corns

Do you know that nearly half the corns in the country are now ended in one way?

Blue-jay takes out a million corns a month. It frees from corns legions of people daily. Since its invention it has ended sixty million corns.

The way is quick and easy, painless and efficient. Apply Blue-jay at night. From that time on you will forget the corn.

Then Blue-jay gently undermines the corn. In 48 hours the loosened corn comes out. There is no pain, no soreness.

Don't pare your corns. There is danger in it, and it brings only brief relief.

Don't use old-time treatments. They have never been efficient. Do what millions do—use Blue-jay. It is modern, scientific. And it ends the corn completely in an easy, pleasant way.

Blue-jay For Corns

15 and 25 cents at Druggists
Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

curate fire than they had been subjected to up to that time.

"A British officer who was captured by the Germans and has since escaped reports that while a prisoner he saw men who had been fighting subsequently put on Red Cross brassards.

"That irregular use of the protection afforded by the Geneva convention is not uncommon is confirmed by the fact that on one occasion men in the uniform of combatant units have been captured wearing a Red Cross brassard—hastily slipped on the arm. The excuse given has been that they had been detained after the fight to look after the wounded.

"It is reported by a cavalry officer that the driver of a motor car with a machine gun mounted on it, which was captured, was wearing a Red Cross.

Desperation of Failure.

"Full details of the actual damage done to the cathedral at Rheims will doubtless have been cabled home, so that no description of it is news. The Germans bombarded the cathedral twice with their heavy artillery. One reason it caught alight so quickly was that on one side of it was some scaffolding which had been erected for restoration work. Straw had also been laid on the floor for the reception of the German wounded. It is to the credit of the French that practically all the German wounded were successfully removed from the burning building.

"There was no justification on military grounds for the act of vandalism, which seems to have been caused by exasperation born of failure—a sign of impotence rather than of strength. It is noteworthy that a well-known hotel not far from the cathedral, which was kept by a German, was not touched."

DIAMONDS

Your Watch Guarantee

Our endorsement of a watch certifies that it is the best value obtainable for the price, and carries with it our interest in the performance when in the wearer's possession.

No watch is carried by us that does not bear critical inspection that many years of experience as watchmakers enables us to give.

You may buy watches with our endorsement and guarantee from \$5.00.

LITTLE & TAYLOR
Watchmakers, Jewelers, Opticians, 611 Fort St.

Home Sweet Home!

Sugar should be cheaper now the soldiers are raising so much "cane" in Europe, and, with all other groceries it is cheaper at Blair's. We take every market advantage in the interest of the home.

Best Canadian Cheese, per lb. at	20c	Vinegar, three varieties, 20c bottles for	15c
Maple Syrup Mixture, quart bottle	25c	"Pumicene" Soap, large 10c cake for	5c
Half gallon tins	45c	"Polly Prim" Cleanser, 10c tins for	6c
1 gallon tins	90c	"Skidoo" Hand Cleanser, 15c tins for	8c
Pure Maple Syrup, pint	25c	Ivory Soap, 10c cake for	6c
Fresh Rolled Oats, 5 lbs.	25c	Old Country Jam, 4-lb. glass jar for	75c
Lowney's Cocoa, tin	20c	7-lb. tin	\$1.00
Crisco, tin	33c	Fresh Ginger Snaps	8c
"Eggo" Baking Powder, 16-oz. tin	25c	Lowney's 5c Chocolate Bars, Nut, Nougat, Cherry Cream, etc., 5c for	3c
Dry Green Peas, per lb.	6c		
Table Jellies, 4 packets	25c		
Iceing, 12 1/2c packets for	10c		
Extracts, 20c bottles for	8c		

SUGAR AT OLD PRICES WHEN OTHER GOODS (not including Flour) ARE PURCHASED

20 lbs. Sugar, with \$5.00 order for other goods	\$1.35	10 lbs. Sugar, with \$3.00 order for other goods70c
--	--------	--	------

Fort, Near Douglas Phone 1496 **Blair** Douglas and King's Phone 5405

ADMIRALTY REPLIES TO GERMAN CHARGES

British Sailors Humane to Wounded Enemy; German Officers Fire on Own Men

London, Sept. 24, 1 p.m.—The British admiralty has issued a formal reply to the statement given publicly by the German ambassador at Copenhagen, to the effect that British officers fired on drowning German sailors after the naval engagement off Heligoland, and that a British shell was thrown into a lifeboat containing German survivors of this fight.

The admiralty admits the charge that the shell was thrown but explains the circumstances as follows: "Every effort was made to save life until a German cruiser of the Stettin class appeared on the scene and opened a heavy fire on the British destroyers and their small boats. The destroyers were forced to retire in order to avoid destruction. The Goshawk removed her men from her boat, leaving the German prisoners, nearly all of whom were wounded."

"It is to be regretted that a blue-jacket on the forecastle of the Goshawk, exasperated at the inhuman conduct of the German cruiser, threw a projectile which could not possibly under the circumstances have exploded into this small boat as it drifted past his ship."

"This, no doubt, is the incident referred to by the German minister at Copenhagen. It cannot be defended, but the act was done under considerable provocation, and it was surely a trivial offense compared to that of the German cruiser which fired many shells at the boats of British destroyers while they were engaged in humane and chivalrous action."

Dealing with the rescue by the British submarine E-4 of the occupants of two boats which the destroyer Defender had been obliged to abandon under heavy fire, the admiralty says:

"After covering the retreat of the destroyer the submarine returned to the boats and removed the British officers and men and three Germans. The submarine might well have taken another German officer and six unwounded men prisoners, but as the two boats contained eighteen badly-wounded Germans, he humanely left the German officer and six men who were not hurt to care for them and navigate the boats."

"Before leaving, the submarine saw that these boats were provided with water and biscuits and a compass, and it gave the German officers their position and the course to Heligoland. The officers and men of the destroyer Defender stripped themselves of everything but their trousers, tearing up their clothes to serve as bandages for the wounded Germans."

Regarding the allegations that Germans fired at German sailors who were in the water, the admiralty says there are many British naval officers and men who actually saw officers of the German cruisers Mainz and Koenig Luise fire at their own men in the water, presumably because they thought the sailors were prematurely deserting their posts.

"There are many men in our hospitals," the admiralty continues, "whose wounds testify to the accuracy of the German officers' fire. Out of 250 men saved from the Mainz about 150 were picked up swimming in the water. Many of them had been wounded by revolver bullets. The remaining 299 could not be induced to jump overboard. They were taken off by a destroyer, which laid alongside just before the Mainz went down."

AUXILIARY CRUISER SINKS GERMAN BOAT

Montevideo, Sept. 25.—Details of the sinking of the German steamer Cape Trafalgar by the British auxiliary cruiser Carmania, several days ago, were related by the sailors of the British vessel, which arrived here yesterday. The battle took place at a point 300 miles off Rio Janeiro, Brazil, and lasted two hours.

The Cape Trafalgar lowered her flag, as if to surrender, whereupon a boat filled with sailors put out from the Carmania to take possession of the German vessel. The Cape Trafalgar, however, suddenly opened fire upon the small boat, which sank, the sailors in the boat perishing.

The Carmania, whose officers were angered by the act of the Cape Trafalgar, opened fire and sank the German vessel. The British boat then continued on her voyage.

In announcing the sinking of the Cape Trafalgar, the official press bureau on September 29 added that the Carmania lost nine men killed and that 25 others were wounded. The survivors of the German ship were rescued by a collier and taken to Buenos Aires.

SERVIA AND AUSTRIA NOW IN MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 25.—A Serbian is dead and an Austrian lies in a serious condition at the General Hospital as the result of a shooting affair on the road a short distance south of Otterburn, between 11 and 12 o'clock Wednesday night.

Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd., "The Fashion Centre" 1008-10 Government St

News of Good Values for Friday and Saturday

The absolute impossibility of surpassing "Campbells'" values may be learned by visiting the store to-day and to-morrow.

NEW "ZENITH" UNDERWEAR Magnificent Values

Ladies' "Zenith" Vests, all styles, all sizes now in stock, absolutely unshrinkable; made full length and most comfortable garments to wear. Prices \$1.25, 90c and	75c
Ladies' "Zenith" Drawers, qualities to match vests; all styles and sizes. A full range, \$1.25 and	90c
Children's "Zenith" Vests, sizes 12 to 28. Price, 35c up to	75c
Ladies' Well-Known "Zenith" Brand Combinations, a mixture of white wool and thread; absolutely unshrinkable; high and low neck; long or short sleeves. Per suit	\$1.75
Ladies' Finest Quality Combinations, in all styles, soft, fine pure wool, "Zenith Perfecto." Per suit	\$2.75
Children's "Zenith" Drawers, all sizes. Price, 50c to	90c

Ladies' Hose Specials

Ladies' English Made Llama Hose—Made with double heels and toes and strong tops. Perfectly fast dye, and a splendid hard-wearing stocking. All sizes, 8 1/2 to 10. 3 pairs for \$1.00, or per pair	35c
Ladies' Superfine Llama Hose—Pure, fine wool, English made, with high spliced heel and double sole. We are justly noted for this fine Llama Hose. All sizes, 8 1/2 to 10, at per pair	50c

Underwear Values From the Children's Dept.

Children's Celebrated "Wolsey" Brand Combinations, ankle or knee lengths; a pure, natural, unshrinkable wool and English made. For boys or girls of 4 to 14 years. Prices, \$2.25, \$2.00 and	\$1.75
Watson Brand—Warm, white, fleecy lined, ribbed Combinations, made with the comfortable "Klosed Kroetch," high necks and long sleeves. All sizes from 18 to 32. Per suit, 75c and	90c
Children's Combinations in soft natural wool, ankle or knee lengths. "Klosed Kroetch," or drop seats. All sizes 18 to 32. \$1.50, \$1.75 and	\$1.90
Children's Natural Sleeping Suits—Warm, safe and comfortable; 65c, 75c and	90c

Children's Millinery

Hundreds of charming little Hats and Bonnets just opened up.

Infants' Bonnets in the useful bearskin, plush, corded silk, satin and fur. Prices, \$2.25 and down to	50c
Children's Hats and Bonnets, felts, velvets, plushes, silks. All the very newest shapes, colorings and styles. Prices from \$5.00 and down to	\$1.50

Underskirt Special at \$1.75

Silk Moire Underskirts, in black foundation with white stripe and white foundation with black stripe. Awfully good fitting skirts. Full of narrow pleats. Extra special value at, only

Don't Miss This Waist Event

With these Waists it's a case of first come, first served. There is not a great number of them, and they're easily the best value ever offered. White voile and muslin, high necks and low necks, long sleeves and short sleeves. See window display. Extra special

90c

GLOVES! GLOVES! GLOVES!

Maggioli 2-Dome Glace Kid Gloves, in all shades. Per pair	\$1.50	Trefousee, pique sewn, tan, black and white. Per pair	\$1.75
Trefousee, 2-dome, in all the new shades. Per pair	\$1.50	Splendid Lot of Fabric Gloves at 90c, 75c and	50c
Dent's Mocha Gloves, unlined, tan and grey. Per pair	\$1.50	Children's Kid Gloves, in white and tan. Per pair, \$1.25 to	75c
Dent's Mocha Gloves, silk lined. Per pair, \$2.25 and	\$1.75	Suede Gloves, in black, greys, white and tans, in such well-known makes as Jouvin, Dent's and Perrin's. Per pair	\$1.50
Chas. Perrin's 2-Dome Kid Gloves, fancy points. Per pair	\$1.25	Dent's Raglan Gloves in tans and browns. French Kid Gloves in white, tan, grey or navy.	

By purchasing your Suit, Coat and Dress here you effect a saving never dreamt of.

Campbells'

1008-10 GOVERNMENT STREET—PHONE 101

By purchasing your Suit, Coat and Dress here you effect a saving never dreamt of.

CRITICISM A CRIME FOR GERMAN EDITORS

London, Sept. 25.—A dispatch to Reuters from Amsterdam, says: "A telegram received here says the German Socialist paper Volksblatt, published at Bochum, Westphalia has been suppressed by the German military authorities and its editor arrested for criticizing the military movements."

BRITISH STEAMER ESCAPES.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 25.—News received here to-day from Punta Arenas, Straits of Magellan, says that the British steamer Ortega, which was pursued for three hours and fired upon by a German cruiser, believed to be the Dresden, has arrived undamaged at Cape George, in the Falkland Islands.

MONTROSE AGROUND.

Nantes, France, Sept. 25.—The British steamer Montrose, from Quebec, is ashore in the river Loire with her stokehold full of water. The Montrose is the steamer that carried Dr. Harvey H. Crippen, the London wife murderer, and Ethel Levee, on their flight to America in July, 1910. Her captain is again H. G. Kendall, who was in command of the Empress of Ireland when she was run down and sunk in the lower St. Lawrence last May with a loss of more than 1,000 lives.

AUSTRIAN HAD EXPLOSIVES.

Sydney, N. S., Sept. 25.—An Austrian reservist, named Peter Andrew, working in the mines here, was arrested yesterday, charged with possessing explosives for an unlawful purpose. He refused to swear to keep the peace, and was delivered to the military authorities. Jarl Grabowski and C. Capello, said to be officers respectively in the German and Austrian armies, are also under detention at the military prison.

AMERICAN ENTRY.

New York, Sept. 25.—John E. Madden announces that the colt, Iron Duke, will be sent to England this fall to fill a string of important engagements next season.

GIFTS FROM DOMINION.

London, Sept. 25.—The third cargo, comprising part of the four million pounds of cheese presented by the Quebec government, was brought to port yesterday, where it will remain until the disposition of the government is known. Two more cargoes of flour also have been handed over to the board of trade. After distribution the bags will be sold to the public at five shillings and four pence apiece.

TURKEY GIVEN A WARNING.

Petrograd, Sept. 25.—Abdul Hamid, former Sultan of Turkey, has warned the Committee of Union and Progress that Turkey will be lost if it enters upon a war against Russia. Word has reached here from Constantinople that Adrianople is short of provisions.

Had Nervous Dyspepsia

With Frequent Sick Headaches and Much Pain After Eating — Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Cured.

This letter is from a lady who gained 14 pounds by using the great food cure. It did wonders for her in improving her general health. She is enthusiastic in its praise, and refers to her neighbors as witnesses of the splendid results obtained.

Mrs. Susan Dobson, Spring Hill Mines, N. S., writes: "It is with pleasure that I write to you in praise of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I was troubled with dyspepsia, and could not eat without suffering much pain; also had sick headaches frequently, and my nerves were in bad condition. About ten years ago I took a thorough treatment of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, using altogether 21 boxes, and since then can eat anything, have been freed from headaches, and my health has been greatly improved in every way. I gained 14 pounds in weight, and feel sure I owe everything to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. You may use this letter, and my neighbors can tell you of my condition before using this treatment."

FAIR WILL PROCEED.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Formal announcement was made yesterday by Secretary Bryan that there would be no postponement of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco, and that no foreign nation had given notice of its intention to withdraw from participation on account of the European war.

BIG DECREASE IN REVENUE.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—A revised statement of Canadian revenue for the first four months of the fiscal year shows that it totals \$46,181,024, as compared with \$57,980,640 during the corresponding period last year, a decrease of over \$11,000,000.

DUKE TO UNVEIL STATUE.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—The Duke of Connaught will attend the unveiling of the King Edward VII. monument in Phillips Square, Montreal, October 4, and will be attended by his full staff. There will be a royal escort and royal guard of honor, besides a partial turnout of all the city regiments and cadet corps.

LEFT GUNS IN MUD.

London, Sept. 25.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says that in the hurried retreat from Paris the Germans lost several of their big siege guns, with which they had intended to reduce the Paris forts. Owing to rains they were left stuck in the mud. French sappers have since been engaged in digging them out. They will be brought back to the French base.

London, Sept. 25.—To avoid a political contest for the lord rectorship of Edinburgh University during the war, for which Sir Edward Carson and Sir John Allsobrook Simon have been chosen candidates, Lord Kitchener was invited to become the rector and accepted.

Free GUARANTEED American Silk HOSIERY

We Want You to Know These Hose

They stood the test when all others failed. They give real foot comfort. They have no seams to rip. They never become loose and baggy as the shape is knit in, not pressed in. They are GUARANTEED for fitness, for style, for superiority of material and workmanship, absolutely stainless, and to wear six months without holes or replaced by new pairs free.

OUR FREE OFFER

To every one sending us 50c to cover shipping charges, we will send, subject to duty, absolutely free:

Three pairs of our famous men's AMERICAN SILK HOSE with written guarantee, any color, or,

Three pairs of our Ladies' Hose in Black, Tan or White colors, with written guarantee.

DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when dealer in your locality is selected. Give color and size desired.

The International Hosiery Co.
21 Bittner Street,
Dayton, Ohio, U. S. A.

For Your Skin

There is nothing quite so good or so soothing as the old reliable 'Curina Cream,' 50c and 25c

Halls
CENTRAL DRUG STORE
204 YAPTES ST.
Phone 291.

Six Pairs Are Guaranteed for Half a Year

These are the famous Holeproofs, Madam, in cotton or cashmere. Six pairs are guaranteed to wear without holes or darns for six months. If any of the six pairs fall in that time, we will replace them with new hose free.

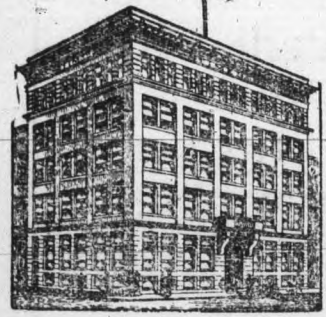
Here are soft warm hose made with the finest yarns. We pay the top market price. We buy only the best. We could get common yarns for less than half what ours cost. Don't be satisfied with ordinary style and wear—get the utmost, in Holeproofs.

Do more than ask for guaranteed hose—specify "Holeproof." The genuine are sold by most good stores.

Dealers' names sent on request. Or we will ship direct if no dealer is near, charges prepaid, on receipt of price.

Holeproof Hosiery
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN
HOLEPROOF HOSIERY CO. OF CANADA, Ltd., London, Ont.

\$1.50 per box and up for six pairs of men's; \$2.00 per box and up for six pairs of women's; \$1.00 per box for four pairs of infants'. Men's cashmere socks \$2.00 and \$1.00 for six pairs. Women's cashmere stockings \$3.00 for six pairs. Above boxes guaranteed six months. \$1.00 per box for three pairs of children's, guaranteed three months. \$2.00 per box for three pairs of men's silk Holeproof socks. \$3.00 per box for three pairs of women's silk Holeproof stockings. Boxes of silk guaranteed three months. If any pairs fall to wear the specified time, we promptly and gladly replace them with new pairs free.



THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily (except Sunday) by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED. Office: Corner Broad and Fort Streets. Business Office: Phone 1090. Editorial Office: Phone 48.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
City delivery: 50c per month. By mail (exclusive of city): \$3 per annum.
COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS
All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 6 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

THE WAR

The French official bureau reports a violent battle in progress in the region of St. Quentin and Tergnier, where the Germans have been reinforced by corps from the Vosges, Lorraine, Belgium and by detachments from their centre north of the Aisne, where their front is strongly entrenched. Evidently the offensive in this region is being taken by the allies in the progress of their turning movement which followed the occupation of Peronne. The retention of the heights from St. Quentin to Tergnier is vital to the Germans, for its possession by the allies would enable them to dominate La Fere, and ultimately Laon, thus severing the lines of communication of the German right wing and compelling the retirement of the centre. Much depends, therefore, upon the outcome of this battle.

Having detached a portion of their strength from the centre to reinforce their right flank, the Germans north of the Aisne and in the region of Rheims apparently are doing no more than holding their positions and marking time. A little on the east of Rheims, however, the allies have made gradual progress to which the Germans will be compelled to offer heavy resistance before long or it will threaten the retirement of the army in the Argonne. These corps are still in a dangerous position, and this fact may account for the vigor of the attacks northeast of Verdun and between Verdun and Toul. If the guns of Verdun could be silenced a considerable part of the army of the Crown Prince could retire into Metz, the one thing the French desire to prevent. The French official report admits that the Germans have gained a foothold on the heights of the Meuse on the right of that river, but offsets this by claiming successes south of Verdun and some miles north of Toul.

What is known as the battle of the Aisne, therefore, is a draw, with a shade in favor of the allies. General French describes the conditions along the main front as in the nature of a siege. There are compensating gains and losses for both sides, with the difference that in the German campaign has been a failure. Correspondence found on prisoners expresses a growing conviction of defeat in the mind of the Kaiser's troops, who now know that they are up against something different from the goose-step march to Paris they were told they would make.

The scarcity of news from the eastern front is proof that extensive operations are in progress. The occupation of Soldau in East Prussia by the Russians and the announcement of the capture of several posts west of Jaroslaw indicates that the main Russian advance upon Germany has begun. One report says that 900,000 men compose the vanguard of an army of 2,500,000 men who are marching towards the fertile district of Posen and towards Breslau, but we question whether Russia has that number of men at the front independent of the forces now pursuing the Austrians and invading Przemysl. It is easy to overestimate the number of men Russia has in the field, great though it is. The fact that Rennenkampf was outnumbered in East Prussia by the Germans showed that while Russia has inexhaustible resources in men to draw upon, it is a task of tremendous difficulty to convey them to the far-flung battle line.

When the Russian field establishment is complete it will consist of thirty-five army corps of first line fighting men with reserves, and these are not expected to be all on hand until some time next month. The entire German army comprises twenty-six corps with reserves, so it is clear that whether Russia has three million or five million men under arms in all

departments, the total fighting strength of Germany will be required to meet the czar's invasion. For that reason it is to the advantage of the allies, as we pointed out yesterday, that both France and Belgium should endure their present trial for a little time longer. The more men Germany keeps in the west the sooner will the struggle end.

A report from Switzerland says Germany requested the permission of the Alpine state to send three army corps through Swiss territory, with the object, no doubt, of creating a diversion south of Belfort by threatening to turn the extreme right of the allies. Switzerland has refused to accede to the request, but it is unlikely that the Kaiserbund is quite crazy enough to issue an ultimatum. If it does it will have on its back a foe more formidable than Belgium, for Switzerland has an army, fully mobilized, of 350,000 men, impressively established above the various passes and comprising the best marksmen of continental Europe. Then, again, Italy at once would enter the war in defence of Swiss neutrality. Even as it is, Italy and Roumania probably will renounce their neutrality before many days have passed.

SIR JAMES WHITNEY.

The late Premier of Ontario, although a provincial leader, was one of the outstanding figures in the public life of the country. He was an able man, and commanded in an extraordinary degree the confidence of the people of his native province. When he entered the legislature 26 years ago there was little in either his personality or in the impression he made upon contemporary parliamentarians to indicate that he was destined to attain the position of a popular leader and prime minister. Against such a consummate master of political strategy as Sir Oliver Mowat Sir James proved but a neophyte. As leader of the opposition he passed through great tribulation until the Grand Old Man of Ontario was persuaded by Laurier to accept a portfolio in the first cabinet formed by the federal Liberal chieftain. But from that time Liberal strength in Ontario waned and Conservative strength waxed, and Sir James reached the goal of his ambition in the premierships, which he held for nine years, and up till the end of his notable career the people of Ontario gave evidence of increasing confidence in his administration.

No finer tribute could be paid to the character of Sir James Whitney than the fact that his opponents never at any time questioned the integrity of his character or the honesty of his motives. He was bluff, rough, autocratic and domineering—or appeared so in the eyes of the opposition—but whatever the character or the repute of those who were associated with him in his governments, he was straight. That was the reason why the electors trusted him so implicitly and never faltered in their allegiance since he became premier in 1905. Sir James was representative of a type that is exceedingly rare in the public life of Canada at the present time, and the Conservative party of Ontario will have difficulty in selecting a successor capable of giving equal service or commanding equal respect.

UNEMPLOYMENT.

The large number of unemployed registering at the various agencies brings the community face to face with a problem of growing seriousness. Work of some kind will have to be found for these people or there will be a great amount of distress, especially during the winter. The various philanthropic institutions have their hands full at the present time, but they may find it necessary to call most urgently for a wider supplementing of their charitable efforts to afford an adequate measure of relief.

As far as we can learn, the city is employing a hundred more people than it had on its pay-roll last year. While we are convinced the civic authorities will do their utmost to meet the situation, we should recognize that there is a limit to their activities in this direction. There are, however, some large works contemplated for this place upon which a start should be made at the earliest possible date. Among these is the Esquimalt dry-dock, for which, we remember, an appropriation was made at the last session of parliament. This work should provide employment for a large number of men. It is a matter of extreme urgency that a start be made at once.

A commencement should be made, also, with the Songhees Reserve terminals. This project has hung fire for almost two years, and there is nothing now to prevent the initiation of operations. The location of the bridge has been determined and the provincial authorities might well proceed with what preliminary work the province is expected to undertake in connection with the terminal scheme. We would urge most strongly, too, that pressure be brought to bear upon the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway company to commence operations on its part of the project. The Canadian Pacific has made considerable progress and no doubt is ready to adhere fully to the arrangement entered into with the other company when the terminal complication was settled. We understand the Canadian Northern is in possession of sufficient funds to complete its main line through the province. This being the case, we really think the strongest pressure should be exerted to induce the company to begin work on its terminals in this city. The extensive operations it is expected to carry out here should reduce the unemployment considerably.

THE PRUSSIAN TOUCH.

The British official press bureau has made public a copy of the proclamation issued by Major Diekmann, commanding the German forces in the commune, a suburb of Liege. The proclamation ordered all inhabitants to give up arms and explosives, saying:

"Whoever does not do this will be liable to the penalty of death; he will be shot immediately or otherwise executed unless he can prove he is not to blame."

The inhabitants of the commune are ordered to be indoors at nightfall and to keep their doors shut.

"Resistance to orders," the proclamation says, "entails a penalty of death."

The third section says: "The commandant must not meet with any difficulties. When domiciliary visits are made, all rooms must be thrown open on summons. Any opposition will be severely punished."

After stating that the inhabitants of certain villages will be permitted to return to their homes, the proclamation says the burgomaster must furnish a list of persons who are to be kept as hostages, and that the list is to be changed every day.

"The lives of these hostages," says the proclamation, "are at stake if the population does not keep quiet under all circumstances. I shall select outside the list given me persons who from noon of one day to noon of the next day will have to stay as hostages. If a relieving hostage does not appear punctually, the first hostage will be detained another twenty-four hours in the fort. After the second twenty-four hours he may be shot if his substitute does not appear."

"In the first-class among the hostages will be placed priests, burgomasters and members of the administration of communes. I require that all commandants shall show respect to the German officers by taking off their hats and bringing their hands to their heads in military salute."

"In any case of doubt whether any one is an officer any German soldier should be saluted. Any one falling in this must expect a German soldier to exact respect from him by any method."

Other sections say that a person falling without delay to obey an order to hold up his hand is liable to death. The same penalty is fixed for any one, except soldiers, entering the grounds of headquarters between dusk and dawn or for circulating false news which might injure the morale of the army.

"While by the above directions, inhabitants are menaced with severe penalties if they break these rules," the proclamation says in conclusion, "they may, if they conduct themselves peaceably, count on benevolent protection and succor on all occasions when they may be wronged."

With some of the requirements of the proclamation no fault can be found. Others disclose the true Prussian touch. The part relative to hostages and their substitutes is Bismarckian to the life. The requirement that the inhabitants shall salute officers, and soldiers when their rank is in doubt, confirms the impression entertained by the world of the principle for which the allies are fighting. There you have the beginning and the end of Prussian militarism. You have the explanation of the Zabern affair, where an officer cut down a cripple; of the brutalities attributed to the German soldiers against the civilians of Belgium; of the looting in which all liberty-loving people regard the German system. Force and the symbols of force must be exalted and the conquered must prostrate their manhood in the dust before an arrogant, strutting young cockerel in a uniform!

At present the German people, thoroughly steeped in that hideous doctrine, believe it to be what Bismarck described as the only policy becoming to a great nation. Before this war is over they will loathe it with all their being. When their armies are driven within their own borders; when confidence in it has been shattered; when their great industrial cities are assailed from land and sky, they will realize that the idol before which they have been prostrating themselves has feet of clay.

TO-DAY'S SUMMARY.

The thirteenth day of the great battle of the Aisne, on the north of Paris, finds the Franco-British and German armies still fighting desperately, with the Germans fiercely resisting the gradual advance of the allies on General von Kluck's flank. The French army is now entrenched in a position between the river Somme and the river Oise, in a position approximately fifty miles north of Paris.

On the eastern end of the battle line in France the Germans are reported to be making a determined assault on the Verdun positions. One report of the

BRIQUETS

Our BRIQUET COAL contains fully 10 per cent. more heating value than the highest grade of Lump Coal mined on Vancouver Island. They contain fully 4 per cent. less ash, and best of all they are real Coal, no stones or clinkers which are sometimes found in the best of Coals.

They produce less smoke than Lump Coal. With all these qualities do you not think they are worth a little more than Lump Coal?

The price is \$8.00 per ton, delivered, and remember if they do not satisfy in every respect your money will be refunded. YOU WILL BE THE JUDGE.

Kirk & Co.

1212 Broad Street. Opposite Colonnade. Esquimalt Road. Phone 212 and 139

fighting there places the German casualties at 10,000 dead and 15,000 wounded.

The German army headquarters, in its latest official statement regarding the situation in France, confines itself to stating that there have been some minor engagements but that nothing of importance has transpired.

The sharpening of the censorship over news passing through the hands of the British authorities, which it was announced last night would be put into effect, is apparent to-day on a marked degree. A considerable amount of unofficial reports, comment and special dispatches from the war zone is not being transmitted from England.

In the eastern theatre the Russian pursuit of the Austro-German forces in Galicia continues. A Russian official statement says the Galician fortified positions of Czoszobky and Foulstyn, together with all the Austrian artillery, have been captured.

Following the capture of Jaroslaw, the Russian flag has moved forward twelve miles to the west of that position and now flies over the towns of Przeworsk and Nancut. The Russians claim to be steadily closing in on Cracow. A Berlin statement says there is no news from the eastern war area.

Zeppelin airships have extended their operations to the Belgian seaside resort of Ostend. Three bombs dropped from a dirigible caused considerable damage to buildings and created a panic among the inhabitants.

The Berne government is reported to have declined Germany's request for permission to send her forces through Switzerland. Italy, it is said is prepared to defend Switzerland's neutrality should Germany forcibly attempt to cross the frontier.

Many appeals are being made to the people of Victoria and neighborhood on behalf of deserving causes, none more worthy of a liberal response than that of the Belgian consul, W. S. Terry, for relief for the people of the gallant little nation which disdained to be intimidated by threats of a powerful and pitiless neighbor and suffered the consequences.

The Kaiser persists in announcing that Providence is with him, but he keeps on hand a strong guard to protect his person. Evidently he is not so sure of divine sanction and assistance as he tries to make his duped subjects believe.

"THE TRIBUTE."

Not by the valor of Belgium, nor the lightning sabre of France, Not by the thunder of Britain's fleet, and the Bear's unchecked advance, Not by these fears, Lord Kaiser, though they shatter a tyrant's lust, Is your heart most darkly troubled, and your soul brought down to the dust.

But by the great affirming of the lands we have knit as one, By the love, by the passionate loyal love, of each separate free-born son, Canada cries, "We are coming!" and Australasia, "We come!" And you scowl! that no Boer is rising at the beat of your German drum.

And the sons of Ind bear witness—We have grumbled; but now no more; We have shared your plentiful righteous Peace, we will share your righteous War.

Trust us to guard your Honor, one with yours is our breath; You have dealt us an even justice, we are yours to the gates of Death.

Here in these rain-swept islands where we fought for the things of peace, Where we stormed and quarreled in factions, at a stroke all factions ceased. And there in the vast Dominions more free than your Prussian lords, The Women are shouting for Britain and the Men are drawing their swords. —Harold Begbie, in the Leader Daily Chronicle.

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

AT 2.30 P.M. SATURDAY

A Big Clean Up of Light Colored Dresses in Muslins, Marquisesettes and Zephyr Ginghams AT PRICES POSITIVELY RIDICULOUS

The prices at which we've marked these Dresses to say the least, are positively ridiculous. We intend that every Dress shall be cleaned up within two to three hours after the sale opens, and that's the reason why we've made the prices so low.

Such a sale as this surely makes new history—it's certainly a record sale for Victoria.

These Dresses are in Russian tunic, draped and the plainer house effects. Some are beautifully hand-embroidered and trimmed in various ways with laces and embroidery, while others are the simple House Dresses in fancy stripes and checks. Dresses in this lot suitable for card parties and other occasions where a light fancy dress can be worn. For full details see the window display on View street. The reduced prices are:

Reg. \$1.50 Dress, for	50c	Reg. \$7.50 to \$15.00 Dress	\$2.50
Reg. \$3.75 to \$4.50 Dress	\$1.50	Reg. \$20.00 to \$35.00 Dress	\$5.00

Sharp on time will be essential to secure one.

—First Floor

Imported Sample Novelty Costumes, Made to Sell Up to \$75.00, On Sale Saturday at \$35.00

Had we purchased this range of Costumes in the regular way we could not have offered them for sale at less prices than their original values—which are as high as \$75.00. But we were fortunate in securing the complete range of travelers' samples—thus we are enabled to offer you to-day the choice of this season's high-class, exclusive imported novelties at almost, and in some cases less, than half-price. These Suits are exceedingly handsome in styles and appearance. There are absolutely no two alike in style, material or color, and their extraordinary values can only be appreciated by seeing the garments and examining their qualities.

They come in broadcloths, novelty tweeds and other fancy weaves, while the styles show cape and ripple effects, as well as tailored styles. Skirts are in double flounce, shirred and the Russian tunic effects.

—First Floor

Smartly Trimmed Hats Just Fresh From Our Workrooms, On Sale To-Day and Saturday at \$5.

These smart models are mostly in black and white effects and subdued colorings, such as most fashionable this season. These Hats have been made up specially in our own workrooms for Saturday's selling and represent exceptionally good values. Your choice of any of these models for **\$5.00**

—Second Floor

Palette and Taffeta Silks Values to \$1, Selling at Per Yard 49c

Beautiful shades and colorings in this assortment of lovely silks. There are fancy and Scotch plaids, stripes in shot effects, also palettes in self colors and shot effects. Both light and dark shades included, and practically all colors, and also black and white stripes. Silks suitable for dresses, evening wraps and blouses, also for trimmings. Regular values to \$1.00. Selling at, per yard, **49c**

—Main Floor

Men's and Youth's Pants, \$3.50 Values Selling To-Day and Saturday at Pair \$2.50

We should call these Pants real good values at \$3.50 for the materials used in their make-up are superior in quality to the class of materials generally found in pants at this price. Our buyer, when in the east recently, got the manufacturer to make up specially for us all his odd lengths of materials left over after making up this season's suits into men's and youths' pants, and by taking the entire stock secured them at a big discount. We can therefore offer you these Pants in better grade materials at a price that means a big saving to you. They are mostly in striped effects, medium peg, finished with cuff bottoms, belt strap and five pockets. All sizes from 30 to 42.

—Main Floor

A New Shipment of Children's Rompers to Sell at 50c and 75c

These come in blue and white stripe in both light and dark colors, and a good heavy print that will wash well. In styles that all mothers like. Splendid values.

—First Floor

Men's \$5.75 Heavy Wool Sweater Coats, To-Day \$4.75

A fine quality Sweater made from heavy wool, well knit and finished with pockets and military collar. Can be had in all sizes and colors grey, navy, maroon and tan. A Sweater Coat usually sold at \$5.75. Special at **\$4.75**

Main Floor

9x12 Scotch Wool Art Squares, To-Day \$10.75

A most useful Carpet for bedrooms, being warm to tread on, give endless wear and the many artistic shades and combination effects enables you to choose a square that will be in full harmony with almost any color scheme. A large size, measuring 9 x 12 ft., on sale at **\$10.75**

—First Floor



Candy Specials, Saturday

- Plain Butterscotch, per lb. **20c**
- Cheering Taffey—Molasses—Regular 40c lb. for **25c**
- Almond Butterscotch, reg. 40c lb. for. **25c**
- Turkish Delight, reg. 40c lb. for. **25c**
- Toasted Marshmallows, reg. 40c lb. for. **25c**
- Honey Nougat, reg. 50c lb. for. **35c**
- Edinburgh Rock, per tin **40c**
- Ridley's Toffee, per lb. **40c**
- Cadbury's Flavored Creams, per lb. **40c**
- Cadbury's Oval Tins Chocolates, per tin, 70c and **35c**
- Chocolate Biscuit Fingers, 6 for **5c**
- Popcorn Crispetts, per package **5c**

—Main Floor

Book Specials, Saturday

- Methuen's Shilling Novels, cloth bound, clear type, on good paper. Regular 35c. Special at, each **30c**
- Or 4 for **\$1.00**
- Jane, by Marie Corelli.
- Boy, by Marie Corelli.
- Spanish Gold, by George A. Birmingham.
- The Search Party, by George A. Birmingham.
- Torea of Watling Street, by Arnold Bennett.
- Fire in Stubble, by Baroness Orczy.
- The Unofficial Honeymoon, by Dolf Wyllarde.
- The Botor Chaperone, by C. N. and A. M. Williamson.
- Lady Betty Across the Water, by C. N. and A. M. Williamson.
- The Demon, by C. N. and A. M. Williamson.
- The Woman With the Fan, by Robert Hichens.
- Barbara Sheep, by Robert Hichens.
- Light Freights, by W. W. Jacobs.
- The Gate of the Desert, by John Oxenham.
- The Secret Woman, by Eden Phillpotts.
- Dan Russell the Fox, by E. R. Somerville and M. Ross.

And others. —Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Wm. Stewart, Men's and Ladies' Tailor shop, Campbell building, corner Port and Douglas streets. S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty 'phone Inspector Russell, 1921; Secretary, L1738. Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts. Gave Him a Bath.—She gave her baby a bath in one of our nice, clean, strong infant's baths. Sold in three sizes, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50.—R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas street. Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts. Piano Received.—Mrs. E. O. Weston, of Beechwood avenue, has already responded to the appeal made by Mrs. W. J. Roper, regent of the Navy League chapter, I. O. D. E., for a piano for the naval volunteers, by generously lending the necessary instrument. Held Social Evening.—A very pleasant social was held at St. Paul's Lutheran church on Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Luther League. A short musical programme was much enjoyed, and refreshments were served during the evening, the arrangements being in the capable hands of the Misses Andernach and Thompson. Overseas Mail.—The R. M. S. Megantic and R. M. S. Gramplan have on their last voyage carried a big mail for Victoria from the British isles, consisting of five bags of letters; 75 bags of papers, and 31 bags of packages and parcel post, which arrived this morning at the local post office and is being distributed in the usual manner. Rotary Club Theatre Night.—The Rotary club has decided to hold a theatre night at the Princess theatre on the evening of Friday, October 2. Miss Verna Felton recently umpired a benefit baseball game for the Rotarians and the club is desirous of attending the theatre in a body to give her a hearty reception. A large attendance of club members and their friends is expected. Discus Boys' Work.—Mr. Crompton, the newly-appointed secretary of the Y.M.C.A. Boys' work, took the opportunity of the council meeting on Wednesday at the association to get acquainted with the work of the department. The boys' council decided to enter a team in the junior city soccer series, and there will be a practice game at 2.30 on Saturday afternoon at the Beach diamond. Arthur Dowell will be in charge. McGill Examinations.—Altogether about forty-six students are writing in the McGill examinations which are being held this week at the High school, those who are taking part in the examinations being only the subjects in which they failed at the June examinations. The students are drawn from Victoria and vicinity. The examinations, the results of which will not be known for three weeks, will conclude on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. News From Valcartier.—A bulletin received by the local Y. M. C. A. from the parent association tells of the work being done by the military field service department of the organization at Valcartier camp. The spiritual work, the document states, is meeting with wonderful success, and in the organization of baseball and football games has had excellent support, a total of 2,916 in one week engaging in the sports, with 5,309 spectators. Equipment for games was being supplied and the Y. M. C. A. tents were being used by the men for writing letters. Six of the Y. M. C. A. men will leave with the first contingent. Money for assistance in carrying on the work would be welcomed. Centennial Runnagge Sale.—A very successful runnagge sale, the materials for which were collected among the members of the Centennial Methodist church and sold under the auspices of the helping hand Bible sale, was held on Wednesday in one of the Scott buildings on Douglas street, the sum of \$70 being cleared as the result of the enterprise. The sale opened at 9.30, and continued until 6 o'clock in the evening, the materials which were left over at the end of the day being sent out to the Saanich Friendly Help society, which opened recently at St. Mark's schoolroom. The things sold at very reduced prices and afforded many the opportunity of procuring useful furniture and clothing at a very moderate sum, and, as the proceeds are being devoted to relieving necessitous cases in the city, the sale served a double charitable purpose.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, September 25, 1889. E. Crowe Baker, M. P., some days ago forwarded his resignation to Ottawa. Andrew Robertson, chairman of the Montreal Board of Harbor Commissioners, president of the Royal Insurance Company, and also connected with various other institutions, arrived in the city last night and will remain a few days. He came to the city some years ago in company with Sir Charles Tupper and other prominent gentlemen. Henry Croft, M. P. P., is on his way to Montreal to meet Mrs. Croft who is on her way back from England. A start was made to-day on the James Bay bridge with the new tramway.

Under New Management.—Majestic Theatre. Home of the finest pictures. Y. W. C. A. Social Evening.—A social gathering was held at the Y. W. C. A. last evening to which a number of members of the Y. M. C. A. had been invited. The evening was pleasantly spent. Building Permits.—Building permits have been issued to L. G. Quagliotti for alterations to brick premises on Johnson street, and to D. B. Plunkett for a sheet metal works on Rock Bay avenue, costing \$3,000. Charge Dismissed.—A charge of driving on the wrong side of Government street, preferred against Dr. Milne, was not sustained in the police court this morning and the prosecution asked for a dismissal.

Chief Returns.—Chief Davis returned from a short holiday to-day, accompanied by Mrs. Davis. They have visited various points in the neighboring state of Washington but their holiday was greatly spoiled by bad weather. Saanich Friendly Help Society.—Organization of a Friendly Help society for Saanich was made yesterday afternoon. The district will be divided into sections under ladies' committees, which will look into all cases requiring relief. Considered Land Settlement.—A meeting of the land settlement committee of the Victoria and Island Development association was held this afternoon. The arrangement for the award of prizes for encouraging cultivation of lots was before the committee.

School Board Meeting.—There will be a special meeting of the city school board early next week. One matter which will require attention is the treatment to be accorded employees of the board who are away with the forces during the present month. In August full salaries were paid absentee employees. Another Adjournment.—Geo. W. Lee, alias Sam, who is accused of unlawfully converting to his own use the sum of \$150 which had been conveyed to him to give to a third party, was again remanded to-day in the police court. This time the adjournment was taken until Monday next at the instance of Frank Higgins, who appears for the defence. R. C. Lowe will prosecute.

Proposed Lake Road.—At the next meeting of the works committee of the Saanich council the members will further consider the proposal to construct Douglas street through to Agnes street from the present termination. As a subway under the Victoria & Sidney track may be necessary, the council may contribute to this section of the work, the remainder being done as a work of local improvement. Royal Oak Women at Work.—The directors of the Royal Oak Women's Institute met Miss Mackenzie, who is arranging a series of lectures on home nursing. It is the intention to hold one lecture on every Tuesday morning from 9.30 to 10 until 11.30 for 10 weeks, that being the length of the course. The meeting also decided to buy wool and start knitting on behalf of the soldiers. Mrs. Currie, the president, was welcomed back after a long absence.

Held Whist Drive.—The Ivy Leaf Social Club held its fourth whist drive in the Knights of Pythias hall on Thursday evening. There was a splendid attendance. Twenty-two tables being made up. During the interval members were enrolled. After an enjoyable drive Mrs. Stafford presented the prizes to the following: Mrs. Webb, first lady; Mrs. Atkinson, second lady; Mrs. Barrow, ladies' consolation; C. Ridgard acted as master of ceremonies. Next week's drive will be held in the Knights of Pythias hall on Thursday commencing at 8 p. m.

We'll Do Without Profits to Save Our Organization —GERHARD HEINTZMAN

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos CANADA'S BEST. Have never before this been reduced in price. Quality and price have always been maintained. Now, facing abnormal conditions, the maker has decided to sacrifice his personal profits to so stimulate sales as to render it unnecessary to discharge workmen wholesale.

FLETCHER BROS. Western Canada's Largest Music House 1231 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CAMP ECONOMY. Should prompt you to visit our factory and showroom. Come and see the material and workmanship which go into everything we make, and you'll be still further surprised at our moderate prices.

Pandora Sail and Tent Factory 618 Pandora Avenue.

Lower Your Costs by Raising Your Profits. Couldn't you handle more business with the facilities you have now? If you could, you are paying for the extra business you might have, in lost profits.

Hutcharm Limited 418-419-420-421-422 Central Building, Victoria, B. C. Vancouver Office: 618-619 Rogers Building

Commercial Illustrating. MAKERS OF HIGH-CLASS DESIGNS ENGRAVINGS AND ILLUSTRATIONS CATALOG WORK A SPECIALTY. HALF TONES LINE CUTS. PHOTO ENGRAVING COMPANY.

1228 Government St. Sept. 25, 1914. Dear Mrs. Robinson: I was delighted to note the difference made to your daughter's hair by the hair tonic you bought some weeks ago. She tells me it has completely eradicated dandruff and stimulated the growth in a wonderful way. It was worth 50c, wasn't it? Yours faithfully, Cyrustff. Bowes

CORSETS AGAIN! Yes, we talk about them pretty often, but then they're "Crompton's" you know, and worth talking about. See them in the window to-day. New Models for Fall Costumes. From \$1.25 Morning Corsets, \$1.75, 50c Reducing Corsets, \$3 and \$3.50 Misses' First Corsets, \$1.25 Children's "Hygiene" Waists, 75c and 50c

G. A. Richardson & Co 630 Yates Street, VICTORIA HOUSE

Houses for Rent 1252 Rudlin St., 5 rooms, per month \$22.50 1772 Fairfield Rd., 6 rooms, per month \$29.00 1201 Pleasant Ave., Oak Bay, 7 rooms, per month \$35.00 1624 Cook St., 4 rooms, per month \$15.00 1127 Oscar St., 3 rooms, per month \$25.00 106 St. Andrew St., 3 rooms, per month \$25.00 1115 Fiskard St., 4 rooms, per month \$25.00 1621 Pembroke St., 5 rooms, per month \$29.00 Ardmore Rd., off Douglas St., 7 rooms, per month \$29.00 Cadboro Bay, Butler St., 5 rooms, 1 acre, per month \$25.00 Oakland Rd., near Central Ave., 5 rooms, per month \$25.00 81 Patrick St., near Oak Bay Ave., 7 rooms, per month \$29.00 Springfield Ave., 6 rooms, per month \$29.00 House With Acreage. 1 acre in fruit, water frontage, summer cottage, per year \$300.00 Stores and Offices for Rent Corner store, Government and Broughton Sts., Hambley Block, central location. Office in Hambley Block. Corner Post and Wharf Sts., offices on ground floor, one office and good basement. Swinerton & Musgrave Which Building, 640 Fort St.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SAANICH GARBAGE COLLECTION. Notice is hereby given that David Drysdale, of Marigold P. O., Phone No. 76, Colquitz, has been appointed garbage collector for this Municipality. Any messages sent to him will be promptly attended to. A fee of 20c per standard measure of 25 cu. feet will be charged.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SAANICH REWARD. A Reward of Two Hundred Dollars will be paid to any person giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who, on or about the 4th of September, blew out the Rowland dam on the Colquitz River. By order, HECTOR S. COWPER, C. M. C.

Police Clothing Wanted. Sealed tenders will be received up to 4 p. m. on Monday, October 5, for 45 pairs of winter uniform pants, 18 suits of clothes, plain, and 15 winter overcoats for the Police Dept. Samples can be seen at the office of the undersigned, to whom all tenders must be addressed and marked on the outside of envelope, "Tenders for Police Clothing." A marked cheque for 5 per cent. of the amount of the tender must accompany each tender. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. W. GALT, City Purchasing Agent, Victoria, B. C., Sept. 23, 1914.

REPAIRS TO ROCK BAY BRIDGE. TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 28th inst., at 4 p. m., for the work of piling and placing of heavy timbers in connection with repairs to Rock Bay bridge. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the City Engineer, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., Sept. 15, 1914.

The Umbrella Shop, 610 Pandora St. A Reliable Dentist.—One who will guarantee all his work. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings. Are Your Teeth Sound.—If not come in and let me examine them. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant. Successful operations daily. The James Bay Hotel is offering special rates for the winter. Phone 2304. Painless Methods.—for the extraction of Teeth. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings. The Coming Winter.—Will it be a case of roaming the streets looking for a job, while you spend your few dollars renting a room and eating at restaurants? Or will you join the number who are already in the country carving out a home for themselves, where every day's work improving their land is a cash deposit in the safest of banks? That they did not take advantage earlier of the exceptional facilities we offer the landless man is the one regret our settlers have. We control thousands of acres of good, well-watered land close to the railway between Parksville and Courtenay. Come to our office for particulars.—Vancouver Island Fruit Lands, Ltd., general agents, Carmichael & Moorhouse, Ltd., 608 Belmont House, Victoria, B. C. Many Women Drink their tea out of our tuncups. Our variety is very large and our price reasonable. From \$1.50 to \$3 dozen. Call in and look around.—R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas st. Everything Highest quality at the Bon-Ton. Bon-Ton under new management. Trial order solicited.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right." Seriously You know very well that the "dogs of war" can't stop the wheels of commerce, and they can't stop Plimley selling the best wheels in the world, in the finest cycle showroom in Victoria. Mr. Plimley was the first dealer to introduce English Wheels to Victoria, and his confidence in the city, and the good judgment of its citizens, has prompted the opening of his fine new showroom at 735 Johnson street, between Douglas and Blanshard.

THOS. PLIMLEY 727-735 Johnson Phone 697 727-735 Johnson Phone 698

ASK GOVERNMENT TO BEGIN PUBLIC WORKS. Members of Deputation From Trades and Labor Council Make Several Suggestions. A committee from the Trades and Labor council last evening waited on Sir Richard McBride, the stated purpose being "to draw attention to the very serious conditions of employment now existing and which threaten to become more intensified during the coming winter season, the desire being to enlist the government's active endeavors in an effort to deal in some practical way with the hardship and suffering resulting from present conditions." The members of the committee were A. Watchman, president of the B. C. Federation of Labor; C. Silverz, Geo. Oliver, A. S. Wells, John Day, R. King, and they were accompanied by the Rev. R. Connell and Reeve McGregor of Saanich, D. W. Poupard, of the Retail Employees' organization, also attended. The speakers made the following suggestions: That the government undertake immediately works of improvement, such as the filling, levelling and grading of the old Indian reserve. That steps be taken to proceed with the Johnson street bridge, and in the event of railway companies expected to participate in the work desiring to do so, the government, in co-operation with the city of Victoria, to proceed with the construction. That the government immediately furnish its promised share of \$225,000 towards the Royal Jubilee hospital, in order that the hospital board might be enabled to proceed with construction. That the government take steps to develop the lumbering industry of the province by acquiring or erecting sawmills, etc., and working timber areas, without depending on private enterprise. That the government commence and carry out certain improvements affecting the Gorge, along the following lines: The construction of a dam of lock at or near the reversible falls to prevent the polluted waters of the harbor entering above the dam or lock, and the construction of an outlet from the upper waters of the Gorge into Esquimalt harbor, at such point as will be found most feasible, to preserve the upper waters at the Gorge pure and fresh for the benefit of the community. Reeve McGregor dealt with the road up Little Saanich mountain, which is required for the new observatory. In his reply the premier promised the committee a written statement on the various points. In connection with the hospital matter, he stated that earlier in the day he had received a deputation from the board of directors of the Jubilee hospital. The government would provide some money towards the continuation of the construction. "He pointed to the difficulty of starting public works at the present time. If the municipalities found themselves in such a position that they could not succeed in relieving destitution, the government would step in and give whatever assistance was necessary. Only a few women have so far registered at the several branches opened by the Trades and Labor council in various parts of the city for the recording of names of those in need of employment. It is thought the chief reason for the fewness of the women registering is that there have already been a number of philanthropic attempts made to deal with unemployment among women. The Local Council of Women, the Y. W. C. A., the I. O. D. E. and the Friendly Help association, have all carried on free registration bureaus. There is no doubt that the various lists, if examined, would show duplications, because every registration increases the opportunity for a woman to secure work. The Y. W. C. A. list has the largest total, those registering being mostly younger women. Between 30 and 40 women have left their names at the Trades and Labor council branches. Ladies interested in the work say that the various lists include practically all the skilled women workers of Victoria, those who have a craft at their command or technical skill of any kind. In order that the registration may be

SCURRAH'S

Special Values for Saturday Selling

Our Saturday special offers are already popular among discriminating shoppers, and the values we are offering tomorrow will further popularize this policy.

ON SALE TO-MORROW

At \$7.50, a really smart Dress of fine French serge, with long sleeve, finished neck and wrists with fine net; shades of sage, tan, navy, Copenhagen, black and black and white check. Sizes 18 to 44.

At \$8.50, handsome Dress of corduroy velveteen; long sleeve; collar and cuffs of flowered silk crepe in Medici effect; soft crush skirt. Very effective. Shades of navy, veseda and brown.

At \$2.95, very dainty Blouse of marquisette, with Raglan shoulder, inset insertion and embroidered.

At \$4.25, special line of smart, cosy cashmere finish wool Sweaters, in all the newest shades.

New Arrivals in Smart Hats in Millinery Department

Scurrah's
FORMERLY CALLED
DYNES & EDDINGTON
Correct Hats & Garments
for Women

728 YATES ST. PHONE 3983

PANTAGES THEATRE

UNEQUALLED VAUDEVILLE

THREE SHOWS DAILY—3, 7.30 and 9.15 Matinee 10c; evening, orchestra and balcony, 25c; boxes, 50c.

WEEK SEPTEMBER 21
—SIX BIG ACTS—

KINGDOM OF DREAMS
A Dainty, Bewitching Fantasy of Gossamer and Dancing, "Fairyl-land Found Again."

HARRY CORNELL-ETHEL CORLEY AND COMPANY
Added Attraction, Vaudeville's Most Virile Playlet, "Smithy and the Eel."

EARLY AND LAIGHT
In Their Comedy Concert, "Woman as It Is."

Surprising and Sensational,
THE ACME FOUR

GRAY AND PETERS
The Cycling Peers

BOB KELLEY AND GEORGE CATLIN
Those Natural Comedians

PRINCESS THEATRE

YATES STREET. PHONE 423.

To-Night

P. R. Allen Presents
MISS VERA FELTON
And
The Alien Players

"The Slowaway"

Good Old English Comedy Drama
Prices: Evening, 15c to 50c
Matinee, Saturday, 15c and 25c
Largest Night Monday, any reserved seat 25c

Box Office open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Phone 4625

Open the Year Around BRENTWOOD

This popular suburban hotel and pleasure resort will remain open to guests throughout the year. In sport it has much to offer just now, while the scenery and invigorating air make it a favored spot for a week-end. Write or phone for terms.

VICTORIA OFFICE, PHONE 2470.

WEST ROAD HALL

SOUTH SAANICH.
Under the Auspices of the South Saanich Women's Social Club,
A Patriotic Concert
Will be given by the PETCH FAMILY at the above Hall on
Saturday, Oct. 3, 1914
AT 8.15 P. M.

The fund to be used for the relief of families of men who have joined the forces.
Chairman, G. McGregor, Reeve.
Tickets 50c, each; children half price.
Convenient B. C. Interurban cars to Luggett's.

To the educated and reader QUALITY OF GOODS is of first importance—price concessions secondary.

MILLINERY MILLINERY FURNISHINGS

We can show you something new in this department, also build your hat embodying your wishes in colors and style. Our stock is so large and varied we can give you all the newest colors or match any suits, etc.

IN FURNISHINGS—French Flowers in silk and silk velvet, in the newest colors; also feathers, feather mounts, bands or plumes. Pushes, Velvets, Velveteens and Fancy Silks, Ribbons, shaded, broadened, striped, or plain, to match all shades of velvets and plushes, etc. You can rely upon getting every satisfaction at our store in MILLINERY.

SEAROOK YOUNG
823-825 Johnson St.
Bet. Government and Broad
The Store for better values and variety. Phone 4740

Reduce the High Cost Of Living

B. C. MILK has helped to reduce the High Cost of Living in many a household. It is produced right in our own province in the Fraser River Valley, the best Dairy district in the world.

IT HAS THE NATURAL FLAVOR.

The large tins are 10c. The small tins are 5c.

University School FOR BOYS

SCHOLARSHIPS

Two scholarships are available—one for boys under twelve years on entering, and one for boys under fifteen years attending the school.

Christmas term opened Wednesday, Sept. 8th.
Warden—R. V. Harvey, Esq., M. A. (Cantab)
Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq., (London University).
For particulars and prospectus apply to the Headmaster.

Mount Tolmie, Victoria, B.C.

Very Attractive Women

Are those who have their Suits made here. Regular \$22.50 made to order Suits now... \$17

CHARLIE HOPE

1434 GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA
PHONE 2689

"Can't you settle this bill to-day" asked a tailor of a delinquent M. P. "No, Sir, it wouldn't be parliamentary. I've merely glanced over it, and I can't pass a bill until after the third reading."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

A. P. Wilson, of New York, is a guest at the Dominion hotel.

James Walker, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Dominion hotel.

F. A. Tasker is registered at the Dominion hotel from Vancouver.

Mrs. A. M. Chisholm, of Windermere, is staying at the Empress hotel.

James Anderson, of Kaslo, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.

Fred E. Lovering, of St. Anstiel, Eng., is registered at the Dominion hotel.

M. F. Whelan is registered at the Dominion hotel from Trenton, N. J.

R. M. Wynn Eytan arrived at the Empress hotel from Duncan yesterday.

Miss E. Worth is staying at the Empress hotel during a visit in the capital.

Alfred Blank registered at the Dominion hotel yesterday from Nanaimo.

O. E. Longwell, of Portland, is staying at the Empress hotel for a short time.

Harvey Fitzsimons, of Ottawa, is registered at the Empress hotel while here.

H. Hansard is in the city from Winnipeg and is stopping at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. R. R. Spencer is among the guests at the Empress hotel from Seattle.

Thomas Clarke, of Vancouver, is registered at the Empress hotel while in the city.

N. C. Cruickshank registered at the Dominion hotel this morning from Chilliwack.

A. H. Robertson, of Toronto, is among the guests now registered at the Empress hotel.

R. Finley is among the Vancouver visitors in the city. He is at the Strathcona hotel.

Mrs. Birch is staying at the Strathcona hotel while visiting the capital from Cowichan bay.

E. A. Gehrke and Mrs. Gehrke, of Lincoln, Neb., are among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

R. A. Oswald arrived in the city from Vancouver yesterday and is staying at the Empress hotel.

J. H. Kipling, of Fraser Mills, is a visitor in the city. He is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

George Bishop is a guest at the Strathcona hotel while in the capital from Cowichan lake.

R. Hamilton, of Hamilton, is among the visitors to the city, now registered at the Empress hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Crosbie are in the city from Vancouver and are staying at the Empress hotel.

Eyton Beckwith and Mrs. Beckwith, of Coles, Cal., are among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Smellickoff are here from Vancouver and are guests at the Strathcona hotel.

C. J. Kay, of Vancouver, is in the city for a short time and is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Burdett have arrived in the city from Boston and are staying at the Empress hotel.

J. T. Carruthers, of Seattle, is registered at the Dominion hotel, having come in on the boat this morning.

William C. Hopkinson, immigration officer at Vancouver, is at the Dominion hotel.

"The Gift Centre"

Watches that ride in engine cabs, where seconds guard lives—that ride in Pullmans, where cost is no object.

Watches for every place—every price—every one dependable and durable.

A mistake is impossible if you buy the Watch HERE.

SHORT HILL DUNCAN Limited

Diamond Merchants, Goldsmiths and Silversmiths.

Corner Broad and View Streets. Phone 675.

on hotel while in the city to assist at the trial of Hindus accused of having bombs.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Fife, of Vancouver, who have been staying at the Empress hotel for the past week, left for the mainland this afternoon.

Hon. W. R. Ross, minister of lands, returned yesterday after several weeks' absence in Ottawa and other points in the eastern provinces.

Members of the "Kitty MacKay" company who are staying at the Strathcona hotel are Marie Stuart, Eleanor Daniels, Marjorie Davidson, Dorothy Campbell and James Finlayson.

Rev. T. W. Gladstone, pastor of the Church of Our Lord, yesterday celebrated a marriage between Miss Ellen Elizabeth Thomson and Charles Clark, both of Seattle. The bride, who was given away by her brother just recently arrived from western Australia with her mother and sister, and the bridegroom is also from Australia.

A very charming wedding was solemnized at "Hastings," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Murphy, on Belmont avenue, last evening when Mrs. Murphy's sister, Ruth A. Young, was united in marriage to Harry D. Rees. Rev. Thomas Green, of the Centennial Methodist church, officiated. The bride looked charming in a simple dress of white silk mull with shadow lace and pearl trimmings and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies-of-the-valley. She was given away by her brother-in-law, Walter H. Murphy. Miss Lulu Rees, sister of the groom, made a pretty bridesmaid dressed in pale green voile and carrying pink carnations. Nelson Reive supported the groom as best man. A dainty buffet supper was served immediately after the ceremony. The color scheme of pink and white was tastefully carried out in table decorations. The popularity of the young couple was attested by the many beautiful presents of which they were the recipients. They left on the midnight boat for a honeymoon trip to the sound cities. The bride's traveling costume was a dark blue tailored suit with black and white hat. Mr. and Mrs. Rees will make their future home in Victoria.

"KITTY MACKAY"

Flushed with her great conquest of New York and with the plaudits of the audiences which filled the Comedy theatre for more than one year still ringing in her ears, "Kitty MacKay" will be seen again this evening at the Royal Victoria theatre under the direction of William Elliott.

So great has been the demand of theatregoers for a visit of this clever lassie that three other companies have been organized to present "Kitty" throughout the east and middle west. "Kitty's" popularity was assured from the time she set foot on the stage of the Comedy theatre, New York. Columns of praise have been written about her and her thousands of friends have gone forth from the metropolis to sing her praise throughout the land.

"Kitty" is a Scotch lassie, quite different from any heretofore seen on the stage and her triumphs and tribulations in London are said to be so funny that they have to be seen to be enjoyed. The same company that appeared in New York has come here. It is composed of such well known players as: Marjorie Murray, Faget Hunter, Wallace Erskine, Eleanor Daniels, Aule Fyott, Marie Stuart, James Finlayson and others.

Johnny was sent to the cellar to draw a pitcher of cider. When he got back the guest commended him. "You must have good judgment to have filled the pitcher so accurately in the dark without running it over." "Aw, that ain't hard," replied Johnny. "Yer see, when the cider got up to the first pint of my thumb I stopped."

SEAL BRAND COFFEE

Often Imitated Seldom Equaled Never Surpassed

Packed in one and two pound tins only.

CHASE & SANBORN MONTREAL 150

LAUGHTER AND TEARS

IN "KITTY MACKAY"

Scottish Comedy Highly Appreciated; Sparkling Dialogue and humorous

It is a paradoxical fact that while the Scottish people are among the emigrant peoples of the world, they remain always the most home-loving. The members of no other race have so kept alive their traditions, their ancient customs, and so preserved, as it were, the atmosphere of their own birthplace while in other lands throughout the world. To them "home" is the most sacred word in the dictionary.

Similarly there has sprung up around the Scottish people a literature which divinely reflects this spirit. The latest addition to this literature is "Kitty MacKay," the play which was presented with great success at the Royal Victoria theatre last evening and which was extremely popular in New York for a full twelve months.

Briefly, Kitty MacKay is the traditional wife who is being cared for by poor village people while she is believed to be in reality the daughter of a rich English peer. Rich relations come to reclaim her and she is carried off to the big house in London where her simple charm captivates everybody and everything, including the heart of the son of the house. The father steps in and prevents a projected elopement by telling his son that Kitty MacKay is his own daughter. Broken hearts are healed again by the confession of Sandy McNab that he substituted a minister's daughter for the child of the peer and a happy reconciliation ends the play.

In its way, therefore, the plot is very conventional, but its conception and adaptation are quite new, while its typically Scottish mixture of pathos and humor, laughter and tears very close together, lifts it above the average run of comedies. The dialogue is droll and extremely skilful, and the characters are drawn true to type.

While chief honors naturally fell to Miss Marjorie Murray for her spirited rendition of the title role, the audience was unsparring in its appreciation of the work of Miss Eleanor Daniels, who presented a really fine character part in "Mag Duncan." Faget Hunter made an excellent lover-soldier, and as a musician of the mid-Victorian type Wallace Erskine was as dignified as his prototype could possibly have been. Special mention might also be made of James Finlayson and Marie Stuart in the parts especially of Mr. and Mrs. McNab. The cast is a good one and the members play together excellently. Last evening was a special theatre

night for the 50th regiment, Highlanders of Canada. Officers of the regiment occupied several boxes and the uniforms of members of the unit could be seen sprinkled throughout the audience. The Highlanders' pipe band rendered several selections which called forth loud applause and fitted in excellently with the spirit of the play.

Under New Management—Majestic Theatre Home of the finest pictures. 5c Bread at the Bon-Ton.

If a New Front Costs \$3,000 What is an Old Rear Worth?

One of Victoria's street level Ladies' Wear Establishments states that it is about to put in new fixtures, and alter its front at a cost of several thousand dollars.

Which is "fine and dandy"

Our front isn't worth thirty cents.

And this is why—

When we started this business we decided to cut out all unnecessary expense.

We got a store upstairs.

Saved five hundred dollars a month at one stroke.

We had no "front."

So we saved another two thousand there.

We saved another two thousand by using gas pipe for fixtures.

And another thousand or so by walking on a common fir floor instead of "inlaid" tile.

When Ben Franklin opened his print shop in Philadelphia, a competitor undertook to put him out of business.

So Ben invited him around and showed him how he lived on the simplest fare, paid

the cheapest rent and slept in the back of his shop.

The competitor quit.

This is the game as we play it, ladies
No fancy fronts.
No elaborate fixtures.
No tile floors.
No marble columns.
No high rents.

That's why we can sell the same suit the street level stores ask \$25.00 for—
For fifteen dollars.

Of course if ten dollars more or less makes no difference to you—

If you want to keep on paying for rents and fronts and fixtures—
Nobody can stop you.

But if you'd like to get the best twenty-five dollar Suits made and still keep ten dollars of your money in your pocket—
Climb one flight of stairs at 1208 Government street—
Turn in the first door to your right—
And you'll get better than you expected—
No matter how much you expect.

LADIES' SAMPLE SUIT HOUSE

1208 GOVERNMENT STREET (UPSTAIRS)

ONE FLIGHT OF STAIRS SAVES \$10—OR MORE

SELLING MORE SUITS THAN ANY STORE IN VICTORIA

Steel oven can be washed like a dish, ensuring thorough cleanliness.

McClary's Kootenay Range oven is rustproof, and braced at bottom so it will never warp. Look it over with the McClary dealer.

SOLD BY—G. Halliday & Sons, Ltd., Stobart-Peace Bldg., Yates St.; Oak Bay Hardware Co., 2213 Oak Bay Ave.; Griffin & Son, Cor. Douglas St. and Boleskine Rd.; R. L. Carter, Thoburn.

REPORT PROGRESS ON PLANS FOR BRIDGE

Representatives of C. P. R. and Aldermen Discussed Proposals To-day

A satisfactory result was announced by Ald. Okell, chairman of the Johnson street bridge committee, after the conference this morning between members of the city council and R. Marpole, representing the Canadian Pacific railway. While the matter of the bridge occupied the principal attention, the question of local improvements to be made on the old reserve when Johnson street comes to be extended, also engaged the attention of those attending the conference. The mayor and the chairman of the committee, with whom were some of the officials, were fortified in their discussion by the details explained to the aldermen at a prolonged session yesterday when the chairman of the committee formally communicated the result of the visit made to Vancouver recently in connection with the subject.

Mr. Marpole was accompanied by Superintendent Basley at the interview to-day. The nature of the terms reached was not disclosed, as the C. P. R. Electric Railway company is still to be consulted in one or two matters, but Alderman Okell said that to-day's meeting had brought the parties much closer together in the agreement to be prepared. The C. P. R. would pay its share of the cost of the local improvement work which would be required in the roads through the reserve passing through Canadian Pacific property, such as the extended Johnson street, which will abut on part of the company's terminals.

The paving committee, appointed under the terms of Alderman Todd's motion, this morning discussed the works proposed to be undertaken in 1915. The engineer had submitted a proposal, divided into a number of heads, showing what had been done in the way of work on some streets not yet finished, and mentioning the streets which it was desirable to finish. Those which should be commenced, and those upon which it was advisable merely to lay sidewalks. This report will form a basis for the work of the committee. One of the members said this morning that the expectation is that the committee will try to recommend a programme of about \$250,000 worth of local improvement work for next year, being felt that that is as much as can economically be handled in the present state of the city's finances. Short term securities to that limited total could easily be floated early in the new year.

Two bodies met the aldermen this afternoon. First the bartenders' union met the members of the health and morals committee to discuss the measure which is to require bartenders to register under the provisions of the liquor license proposal. At the meeting of the streets committee of the council a deputation was heard with regard to the proposed examination for moving picture operators, a matter also proposed for regulation by by-law. Some street-end and waterfront applications were also before the committee, one being from James Leigh & Sons for the use of part of the creek, Selkirk

Price the Same From Sea to Sea

Semi-Ready Clothes Establish the Standard of Value in Canada

With the advent of many attractive new styles in semi-ready tailoring there arises this season the question of price—for the higher cost of living makes the cost question a vital one.

The label in the pocket is intended as a protection to the customer—guarantee of full value.

The "same price West as East" has been the slogan of Semi-ready.

There has seldom been a complaint from a Semi-ready store because of the close profits this policy compels. But this "lesser profit" has always been the first objection of a merchant who takes a superficial look when considering getting the best known line in Canada. A satisfied customer is an asset to any store, and the standard of value will win his lasting trade.

Mearns & Fuller, at the corner of View and Douglas streets, always show the price in the pocket, and they sell only the genuine Semi-ready clothes.

water, for a booming ground. The Inner Harbor association suggested that the permission should limit the area to point defined on the plan so that there might be free access to the water of the creek for other riparian owners, among whom is the city itself, there being need for access to the Garbally road yard.

MEETINGS

U. C. T. Meeting.—The U. C. T. will hold its regular meeting in the Knights of Pythias hall, Fort street, this evening.

Amateur Dramatic Club.—The annual general meeting of the Victoria Amateur Dramatic Club will take place on Wednesday, September 20, at 8 p.m. at the Alexandra Club.

Sermon for Patriotic Aid.—Rev. T. W. Gladstone will preach in the Church of Our Lord on Sunday evening in response to the appeal of the Patriotic Aid society. His subject will be, "Burden Bearing."

Relief for Belgians.—His worship, Mayor Stewart, will preside at a meeting to be held on Tuesday, September 22, at 8 p.m., at the council chamber, city hall, when the matter of relief for the Belgians will be considered. An invitation is extended to all interested citizens to be present.

Concert and Play.—A concert and play are to be held in St. Barnabas church school room, corner of Caladonia avenue and Cook street, on Monday, September 28, starting at 8 p.m. A hearty invitation is extended to all church people.

Social Service Commission.—A special meeting of the social service commission will be held at 10 a.m. next Tuesday at the Y. M. C. A. building, when the unemployment question will be considered. This subject will be introduced by Rev. R. Connell and Rev. J. B. Warnicker.

Manufacturers to Meet.—An emergency meeting of the manufacturers' Association of British Columbia will be held at the Victoria Board of Trade rooms this evening to discuss the desirability of raising funds in aid of the Victoria Patriotic Aid Society. A full attendance of all manufacturers is requested.

Last Concert.—The Victoria Cavalry band tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 at Central Park, weather permitting, will give the last of the series of concerts for which it was engaged by the city. The programme, which will be one of the best ever given by the band, will comprise several patriotic selections, "The British of Oak," "Rule Britannia" and other numbers.

Sunday Rally Day.—The Centennial Methodist church will hold its annual Rally day next Sunday, and members of the congregation as well as children of the Sunday school are urged to observe the "Go-to-Church" Sunday by attending services both morning and evening. The Sunday school pupils have prepared a special programme for their afternoon session and a big attendance of parents is hoped for.

Metropolitan Brotherhood.—A meeting of the Metropolitan Church brotherhood will be held next Sunday afternoon at 2:45 in the auditorium of the church, when a special address will be delivered by Dr. Ernest Hall, entitled: "The government's duty towards the unemployed." H. S. Pringle will act as chairman. The members of the brotherhood cordially invite all men who are not otherwise engaged and who are visiting the city to attend.

Rally Day, Wesley Church.—The annual rally day services of Wesley Methodist Sunday school will be held next Sunday, when all the services will be of special interest to the children and others interested in Sunday school work. The pastor, Rev. S. J. Thompson, will give an illustrated address on "The Boy and the Bottle" in the morning, and in the afternoon the Rally Day programme prepared by the department will be given by the school in open session. It is hoped that every pupil, teacher and officer of the school will be present. The pastor's evening subject will be "The Sunday school as a factor in nation building," and special music for the day has been prepared by the choir under the leadership of Mr. Muir.

The railway compartment was full of men, all of whom, with one exception were discussing the war from beginning to end (says the "Manchester Guardian"). The exception sat quietly in his corner and listened to what was being said. It was not until the train had almost reached the end of its journey that he made a remark. "I suppose," he said as he got ready to dismount, "we'll give 'em Home Rule, same as we did the Boers?"

AN IMPERIAL ANTHEM

(London Chronicle.)
By the Hon. W. S. Fielding
Late Minister of Finance in the Dominion of Canada.

Mr. Fielding, who is one of the leading public men in Canada, has written the following striking and beautiful new version of the National Anthem, and sends it to The Daily Chronicle for publication:

"God save our gracious King,
Long live our noble King,
God save the King."
From Thee all blessings flow,
On him Thy grace bestow,
Guard him from every foe,
God save the King.

His world-wide power bless,
May he always possess
Wisdom as wide;
Judgment, with clear insight,
Vision to see the light,
Courage to do the right,
Whatever betide.

Send to his Council board
Statesmen in true accord,
Serene and strong,
Give them a high ideal,
Fill them with sacred zeal
To serve the Empire's weal,
Keep them from wrong.

Grant us sweet peace, O Lord;
The ploughshare, not the sword,
We fain would wield.
If, through man's lust for power,
Dark war clouds o'er us lower,
Be with us in that hour,
A strength and shield.

Not with a selfish aim,
Not to desire acclaim
Throughout the world,
But that its ensign bright
May ever, in Thy sight,
Speak freedom, truth and right
Where'er unfurled.

Not Motherland alone,
Loyal to King and Throne,
Thy blessing craves,
Vast lands beyond the seas.
Repeat the earnest pleas,
Where proudly in the breeze
His banner waves.

Great hosts of faithful ones,
Fair daughters and true sons,
Join in our prayer,
From centre to earth's end,
At many shrines they bend,
In varied tongues commend
Him to Thy care.

In the broad world's affairs,
Through all the fleeting years,
Since early time,
Though 'gainst strong foes arrayed,
Our England, undimmed and true,
A gallant part has played
In every clime.

O God! before Thee now,
The ploughshare, not the sword,
We grateful heart,
Grant that until the last,
As in its glorious past,
This British Empire vast
Play well its part:

We were told that the Germans were threatening to shell the town, which they had already entered, unless the forts, which they could not storm or otherwise take, were ordered to surrender. This was thought to be against international law, as the general was up in Fort Loeche, away from the town and had lost all command of and touch with the city. There was also a rumor that our burgomaster (one of the hostages) had been allowed to proceed to Brussels, to ask our king to order the surrender of the forts in consequence of the threat to bombard us civilians. Some people were frantic with fear. We simply told them that they would be quite safe and comfortable in their cellars, and we had beds and mattresses prepared, and went to rest.

We had a little music and spent a cheerful evening in the front garden. Then we retired to our improvised bedrooms, which we found very comfortable, after opening every window in the house for fear of the commotion breaking the glass. Finally we found the excitement quite superfluous, as the firing was directed to the centre of the town, and quite away from our neighborhood. While my people slept soundly I listened to the sound of shells. It was very similar to the shell yell of a small dog in the distance, the explosion following after, like the crackling of fireworks. No light or loud noise reached our neighborhood, and we laughed very heartily when all was over. I do not think the bombardment lasted long.

When I went to inspect the damage done to the town I saw nothing more tragic than the effects of a big fire. Windows shattered, walls scratched (by shrapnel, I presume), and where the shells had set fire to furniture or buildings, the roofs gone and the black holes of burnt out windows. Some people were said to have been wounded, but sleeping in a cellar seemed a fairly safe precaution, which everybody took. Suppose it was of no other use than reassuring the timid, that was an important point, for the fear of death, which is worse than death, hits many, while death reaches only a few. No street that I saw had more than one or two houses damaged. The most picturesque effect was the harm done to a large chestnut tree in a square, the roots of which had been felled, of earth, and stood bare in a hole, while the leaves on top remained fresh and green. As we had got so well through the first bombardment we only laughed at the second, deciding to sleep in our cellars if we felt afraid, and spending a peaceful night after listening a little to the now familiar yell and crash. I heard no noise during the fight that could be compared to a clap of thunder, and that does not frighten many healthy people.

Women, who so often brave death and disease in peace time, and know how to face the risks of child-bearing, are not brave in war time, nor do they pretend to be. An old farmer's lady told me: "I very nearly died last year, and did not care much, but now I find I am afraid of death." Yet she understood that she was in no actual danger. That instinctive fear of the half-educated often goes with a neglect of elementary precautions. Before one of the bombardments I hurriedly shouted to neighbors: "Put your bedding in your cellar, they are going to shell the town." Instead of doing as they were told, and securing themselves, they stood motionless, and the husband finally said: "Don't shout like that, you are frightening my wife." He was obviously right, but why not carry his mattress to the cellar? The same carelessness appeared in the farmer's wife referred to above. To keep up her spirits and those of her servant, a burly country girl who shook like an aspen leaf, I asked permission to inspect their underground dairy, and declared it was the most secure and beautifully vaulted cellar in Eurone. "Well," said the old woman, "I won't take my mattress down, I'll sit up all night in the arm chair on the ground floor." So they went to sleep, and became all the more nervous.

It is an everlasting duty, the duty of being brave. Valor is still value.—Carlyle.

GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF STORMING OF LIEGE

By an Eye-Witness; Sad Fate of the Civil Guard; Effects of Heavy Fire on the Town

Dr. Paul Hamelius, professor of English literature at the University of Liege, was present at the siege of that city, and has written the first description of what will be an important chapter in the future history of the great war. The London Chronicle prints the following random and vivid extracts from the complete narrative:

We Belgians cannot affect to be surprised at the hurricane that is sweeping over us. We all knew our neutrality to be a very precarious thing; we knew that the guarantee of the powers was only effective while it was unanimous, and that if one of the great powers though it advisable to use our territory for moving her troops, we should not escape the lamentable fate of becoming once more the cockpit of Europe. No doubt the other powers would help us, but that would neither restore our dead to life nor keep our houses from burning. Our fate was to live the days of Waterloo over again at a century's distance, and such being our fate, there was nothing for it but to face it manfully.

While we had been preparing for coming events to the best of our ability, we saw no reason to be much more anxious this year than in former times. The fears that had been raised and dispelled before might, after all, prove to be unfounded again. So that, when we suddenly found ourselves caught, we were both prepared and astonished at our predicament. I was struck with the great difference in mental attitude between the educated and uneducated classes. To those of our Belgian peasantry and working men who have never been soldiers, and they still form the majority, war is but a word, meaning something to be feared—killing and damage. Those among us who knew a little more went through an agony of intense and emotional thought. Many told me that they lay sleepless, revolving in their minds such economic problems as were brought home to them by the usual course of their business.

When I was provided with a gun, a bayonet and cartridges I joined my company in a school, where I found young barristers, men of business and shopkeepers sitting and lying about in the clean straw or drinking water from the single bottle they had, in the playground of the school. Very untidy they looked, some with coats unbuttoned, some in shirt-sleeves. Guns were leaning against the walls. They wanted news, for that very morning they had been told that the town must surrender, and that they had to lay down their arms. They were utterly demoralized. Yet even then, the better educated among them, professional men and gentlemen of the upper class, were willing to do their duty to the utmost, and would rather have faced useless death than the shame of laying down their arms without firing a shot.

Dorothy Dodd Shoes
Gordons Limited
Children's Classic Shoes
739 Yates St. Phone 1391

Week End News for the Lady of Fashion

Smart Serge Dresses Are Selling at Only \$6.75

You can choose from Dresses of navy, black or green serge. They are made with the long tunic and are trimmed with a collar and cuffs of pretty brocaded silk, and silk-covered buttons to match. These form a most exceptional bargain. We would advise you to come and make your choice without delay. Price \$6.75

Extraordinary Values in Ladies' Autumn Suits

One model is made of fine quality grey mixture suiting. The style is all that could be desired for Fall wear. Coat in long cutaway style and the skirt made in a long tunic effect, cutaway in front. Another pretty Suit is made of navy and black diagonal striped suiting. The coat is half-length cutaway. The skirt is made with a long, full tunic over a somewhat narrow skirt. This is an exceptionally smart and low priced suit. Price \$18.75

Women's Underwear for Chilly Days

COMBINATIONS
Ladies' Silk and Wool Combinations, in high neck, short sleeves, knee or ankle length; all sizes. Prices \$3.50 and \$4.00
All-Wool Combinations, with high neck or low neck, half-length sleeves and ankle length. They are knitted in a fine ribbed effect, and are guaranteed unshrinkable. All sizes. Prices \$3.25 and \$3.75
Wool and Cotton Combinations, in fine rib effect, made with high or low neck, short sleeves, knee and ankle length. Prices, according to size, from \$1.50

LADIES' VESTS
All-Wool, Guaranteed Unshrinkable Vest, made with high neck and elbow sleeves. Prices \$1.00 and \$1.75
Silk and Wool Vests, low neck and short sleeves. Prices \$1.00 and \$1.35
Wool and Cotton Vests, low neck, short sleeves, made with silk ties at neck. Prices \$5¢ and \$1.00

DRAWERS
Wool and Cotton Ribbed Knit, with tight knees and made to tie at waist with draw tape. Open or closed styles. Price, from \$1.50
All-Wool Drawers, ankle length. Price, from only \$1.25
Heavy Weight Cotton Vest, high neck and long sleeves, fleece lined. Priced 25¢ and 35¢
Or 3 pairs for \$1.00
Drawers to match, in all sizes.

'Phoenix' Guaranteed Silk Hose

One of the best Silk Hose values on the market. They are made of pure silk thread with reinforced soles and heels and double garter tops. Colors black, white, rose, cerise, green, tango, champagne, tan, Copenhagen, navy, maize and purple. Price, per pair \$1.00

Children's Fall Coats

A pretty Coat made of fine tan zibeline. Made with collar and cuffs of two-toned diagonal striped materials. This is a smart, serviceable Coat and the price is only \$7.50
Heavy Navy Coat Serge is the material used in the making of this Coat. It fastens close to the neck and is lovely and warm. A pretty belt effect gives a smart finish. Price \$5.50
A warm, cosy Coat is made of brown velvet cord. It is finished with collar and cuffs of plushette. Price \$5.00

BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM JAMES ADAM

TWO STORES Particular Grocer TWO STORES
Cook Street Grocery Prompt Delivery
Corner Cook and Mears. Obliging Clerks
Phones 2622-2769. We Can Save You Money

- Pure Orange Marmalade, regular 25c. Special, 2 glass jars 25¢
- 4-pound tins, regular 60c. Special, a tin 35¢
- Sharwood's India Chutney, regular 35c jar. Special, 3 jars 25¢
- Torp Cocoa, 1/2 pound tins, regular 25c. Special, a tin 15¢
- Fresh, Crisp Sodas, 2 pound tins 25¢
- Fancy Island Creamery, no better butter at the price. 3 pounds for \$1.00
- Gold Dust Washing Powder, large packet... 20¢
- English Breakfast Tea, in pound packets, 3 pounds for (It's the Flavor) \$1.00
- Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour, a sack... \$1.90
- Nice Peas, 3 tins for 25¢
- Pork and Beans in Tomato Sauce, 4 tins... 25¢
- Farina, a nice breakfast food, 5 pound sacks... 25¢
- Tomato Catsup, a bottle 10¢

DELIVERY TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

LOCAL PURE HONEY, PINT JAR, 40c
Gladstone Grocery Phone 224
JAMES ADAM Particular Grocer
Cook St. Grocery Phones 2623-2769

MERCHANTS THE WANT ADS UTILIZE

in securing store helps—because that is "THE BUSINESS WAY"

Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

KENTRA GOES ASHORE ONLY THREE OUT OF FORTY ARE RESCUED ON ATLANTIC COAST

Maple Leaf Liner Pulled Off by Revenue Cutter; is Bound for Victoria

While en route from New York to Victoria and Vancouver with a cargo of steel rails and general merchandise, the steamer Kentra, operated by the Maple Leaf line, ran ashore off Cape Henry, last night, according to information received here to-day from the east. She was floated at 9 o'clock this morning by the United States revenue cutter Onondaga and proceeded on her voyage undamaged.

Details of the accident have not been received here. The Old Dominion liner Hamilton stood by the Kentra until the Onondaga came up and when it was seen that she was not in a precarious position the Hamilton proceeded. This morning the Onondaga put a hawser aboard the Kentra and pulled her into deep water. The despatch says that she proceeded to Norfolk, where she will fill her bunkers with coal.

Well Known on Coast
The Kentra is well known on this coast. She has paid three visits to Victoria, coming from New York with mails for the Maple Leaf line. The Kentra is under orders to come here via the Panama Canal and is the first of the fleet to use the big ditch. Formerly all the ships made the voyage by the Strait of Magellan. Capt. Turner was master of the Kentra until she left here about six months ago for the Old Country. He was promoted to command of the new steamer San Francisco, built for this service, and left his old vessel at Vancouver and proceeded to England.

The Kentra is a freighter of 3,000 tons burden and on her present trip carries a full cargo of freight for British Columbia ports.

MONMOUTHSHIRE TAKES CEREALS FOR BRITAIN

Portland, Sept. 25.—With the first cargo taken out by a liner engaged in regular service between here, the Far East and Europe, since the beginning of the war, the Royal Mail steamer Monmouthshire, Capt. Eccleston, left yesterday. The most valuable part of her cargo is for delivery at London, consisting of 12,500 barrels of flour, worth \$54,000, and 20,650 bushels of wheat, appraised at \$29,600.

Christmas goods for Hongkong and India also are going out on the big liner. Among these are 1,747 pounds of candy and 44 dolls. There also is a large consignment of horseshoes for Hongkong.

AUXILIARY CRUISER SIGHTED.

New York, Sept. 25.—The Cunard liner Caronia, now an auxiliary British cruiser, painted steel gray and with big guns showing fore and aft, steamed off Sandy Hook this morning. For three days the Caronia has been in this vicinity but to-day was the first time that observers ashore had seen her.

ESTEVAN OVERHULING.

The lighthouse tender Estevan, Capt. Barnes, has been hauled out on the Victoria machinery depot ways for cleaning and painting.

ONLY THREE OUT OF FORTY ARE RESCUED

Fishing Boat Caught in Typhoon Off Japanese Coast; Inverclyde Picked Up Men

Typhoons which annually sweep the coasts of Japan and claim hundreds of human victims, are again ravaging the far-off islands. Several sea tragedies have already been reported, and with the arrival of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner Sado Maru from Yokohama yesterday news was received of a disaster which overtook a Japanese motor fishing boat. Thirty-seven men were drowned. Three survivors were picked up by the British steamship Inverclyde, which was on this coast a short time ago.

The Inverclyde was on passage from New York to Yokohama and when 20 miles off Shidzuoka she sighted a derelict. She was in the centre of the typhoon at the time and great seas were breaking clear over her. Capt. Mansfield saw the distress signals from the fishing boat and as it was too dirty to launch a lifeboat he manoeuvred his command alongside the smaller craft. Lines were thrown to the three men who were the only living souls on board, and after considerable difficulty they were hauled on deck. The Inverclyde rolled terribly when the master put her bowsprit on to the seas in turning about.

Men Swept Overboard.
The rescued Japanese told of how their comrades had been swept overboard by the great seas which washed over their small craft. They had been caught in the typhoon without any warning and no headway could be made for nearby ports. The boat was driven before the storm until she was many miles offshore, when the Inverclyde steamed along and rescued the few survivors of the sea disaster.

KARLUK RELIEF SHIP CORWIN HAS FLOATED

Nome, Alaska, Sept. 25.—The Karluk relief steamer Corwin, which has been aground since last Saturday off Cape Douglas, between Teller and Nome, was rescued from her dangerous position by the revenue cutter Bear, aided by the Nome life-saving crew, according to a message received here yesterday. It is expected that both the Bear and Corwin will arrive here late to-day.

In the message received here it was stated that the Corwin was pulled off the rock she struck after she had been lightened by the life-savers and the crew of the Bear. What damages she suffered, if any, was not stated.

INSURANCE RATES RAISED TO INDIA AND FAR EAST

New York, Sept. 25.—Marine underwriters, because of the activity of the German commerce destroyers along the coast of India, have again raised insurance rates to India and the Far East to 5 per cent. For a time they were quoted as low as 2 1/2 per cent, although at the beginning of the war some companies charged 15 to 20 per cent, for the war risk.
The rate to South American ports has likewise been advanced to 3 per cent.

SHIPPING CONDITIONS IMPROVE A LITTLE

Portland Sends Encouraging Story; Salmon Will Be Sent Via Canal This Year

Portland, Sept. 25.—Shipping and other business conditions in and out of Portland are in better shape than they were immediately preceding the war and the volume of traffic will show a material increase from now on for the next few months, at least, if the judgment of those in a position to size up the situation fairly well is not amiss.

Class observers among the shippers say that not only has grain for delivery in Europe begun to move more freely, but Oregon products of all sorts soon will be floated destined for the Atlantic coast and ports across the seas. Among these will be fruit, hops, salmon, holly, lace and other classes of freight turned out in territory tributary to Portland. On the American-Hawaiian liner Oloha, which has just left, is a consignment of 20,000 cases of salmon. That will be followed by many other similar consignments.

New Route for Salmon.
One of the salmon men predicts that the great bulk of the salmon output on this coast will be routed east this season through the Panama canal. It mostly was shipped by rail last year. The lower freight rate brought about by the opening of the canal will make it possible to market greater quantities of local products in the east than heretofore.

"The conditions are improving," says M. H. Houser, one of the leading grain exporters of the coast. "However, they are not exactly what they might be yet, but the outlook is more encouraging than a short time ago. In November and December there will be more tonnage available, and then the shipping business ought to be good."

In October and the early part of November it is estimated that there will be something like 2,000,000 bushels of grain shipped from Portland to Europe. It is claimed there are enough vessels under charter in this direction to take out that quantity of the cereal should

WORD AT LAST COMES OF INBOUND MAKURA

Australian Liner to Tie Up at Outer Docks at 5 o'Clock This Afternoon

One day behind her schedule the Canadian-Australian liner Makura, Capt. Phillips, will dock here this afternoon shortly after 5 o'clock. Radio-grams reported the great steamer passing in at Cape Fattery at noon today and she will be four hours running up the strait to William Head. After being granted her pratique the Makura will steam to the outer docks and make fast. She has a number of passengers for this port and will discharge considerable cargo before proceeding to Vancouver.

The Makura is inaugurating the new service between here and Australia. With the Niagara she will maintain a monthly schedule, which will keep both ships steaming very hard. The Makura has been withdrawn and will probably be placed on the route from Sydney to San Francisco. Formerly the Australian boats have lain at Vancouver for two weeks and at Sydney they tied up for three weeks. The stays in both ports are being cut down so that the two vessels can maintain the fast schedule. The Makura will sail outward Wednesday next, which gives her but four days and a half to discharge her inward cargo and load another full outward load and fill her bunkers with coal.

No Word Received on Trip.
No information was received by local agents of the line of the movements of the ship during her trip. She was not reported leaving Honolulu and as the wireless stations on this coast are shut down no radiograms were flashed until she passed in at Tatoosh to-day. The Makura was scheduled to arrive yesterday.

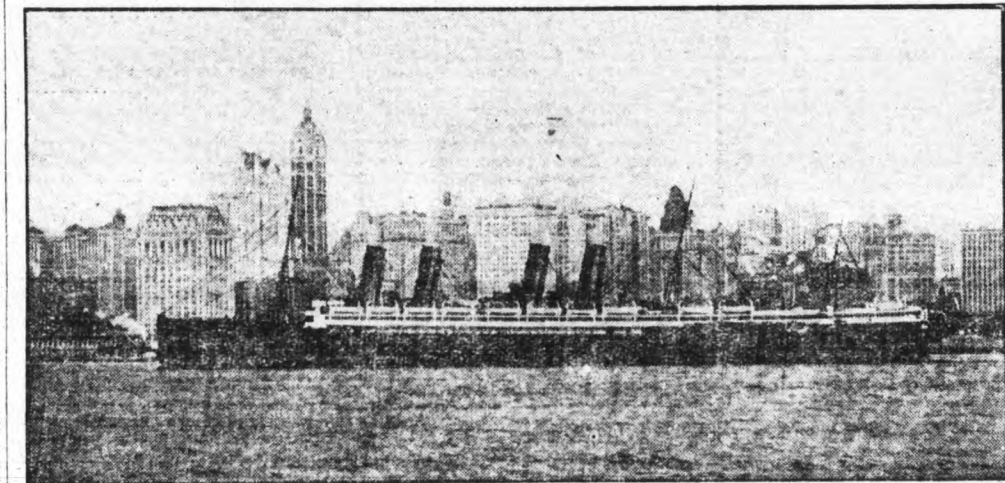
GLAD TO FORGET THE STRAIT OF MAGELLAN

Capt. Dahl, of Natal, Thankful He Has Seen Dangerous Waters for Last Time

Officers and crews alike of all steamships which have been operating in the route between the United Kingdom and North Pacific coast ports via the Strait of Magellan, welcome with great delight the orders from headquarters instructing them to forsake the long, stormy passage for the shorter and warmer course by the Panama canal. The latest ship to call here with orders to proceed to Europe through the new water-way was the Natal, of the East Asiatic Steamship company, and her master, Capt. O. Dahl, expressed himself very forcibly in response to a query as to whether he would proceed home via the Panama canal.

"Yes, thank heaven, we won't see any more of the Straits of Magellan, I certainly don't want to see them again; I've had my share of them," was the skipper's statement.
The Strait of Magellan is a treacherous waterway. During the summer season the weather is never very nasty, but when winter sets in and the blinding snowstorms blot out every landmark, navigation is rendered exceptionally difficult. As is usually the case

German Auxiliary Cruiser Sinks First British Ship After Prowling Atlantic For One Month



Rio de Janeiro, via London, Sept. 25.—The German steamer Prussia has arrived at Santos and landed the master and fifteen men of the British steamer Indian Prince, sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Kron Prinz Wilhelm.
This is the first definite news of the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, a North German Lloyd liner, since she was reported as having been sent transferring coal to the German cruiser Karlsruhe in West

Indian waters. British cruisers came up while the transfer of the coal was in progress and the Kron Prinz Wilhelm took to her heels, while the Karlsruhe and the British warships engaged in a long-range running duel which appears to have been without serious results.
The Kron Prinz Wilhelm sailed from New York, ostensibly for Bremen, on August 31. It was stated after her departure that she had on board provisions and a large store of coal which it was expected she would transfer to the

ships after having been held up by the snowfalls, fall in with howling westerly gales when passing around Cape Pillar into the Pacific. The weather is always dirty and treacherous in the strait, and for the numerous rocks and reefs which are located in the waterway the aids to navigation are inadequate.
The steamship Natal brought a story of terrific weather in the strait, and also upon emerging into the Pacific. Through the Panama canal the distance between Victoria and Liverpool will be shortened by over 5,000 miles, and the masters will not have to worry about the cyclonic gales of the South Pacific and the South Atlantic.

day but it is said that she diverted her course from the regular steamship tracks and thereby lost time.
The Makura has a good list of passengers and some will disembark here to connect with the 'Frisco boat which calls to-night.

GOVERNOR SAILING

The Pacific Coast steamship Governor, Capt. Thomas, will call here at 11 o'clock to-night outbound for San Francisco, San Pedro and San Diego. Among the local passengers booked are the following: Miss Eva M. Kelly, Mrs. E. J. Williams, Miss Mary A. Kurtz, Mrs. M. T. Marvin, Miss Florence Marvin, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Oeschmann, Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. F. Simmons, Mrs. H. Plasket, Mrs. C. A. Lombard, Mrs. F. Coke, Mrs. J. Broadner, Miss Harriet Adams, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McSwain, M. J. C. Keith, Miss Ruth Hanson, Miss Marie Vriesendorp, F. Bohill.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Sept. 24.—Olympic, White Star, Liverpool.
Sept. 25.—Adriatic, White Star, Liverpool; Mauretania, Cunard, Liverpool; New York, American, Liverpool.
Due Sept. 26.—Philadelphia, American, Liverpool; Kristianfjord, Norwegian-American, Christiania; Noordholl, Holland-American, Rotterdam; Minnehaha, Atlantic-Transport, London; United States, French, Havre.

QUADRA LEAVES PORT.

The lighthouse tender Quadra, Capt. LeBlanc, left port this morning for the west coast. She will go as far as Ucluelet. Upon her return she will be given her annual overhaul.

LORNE AT ESQUIMALT.

The wrecked tug Lorne was towed to Esquimalt this morning and is to be hauled out on the ways at Yarrow's for examination.
Senator Lodge was talking in Boston about certain investigating committees. "They are like the brook," he said. "They flow on for ever. Some of them, in fact, remind me strongly of St. Hoskins. St. Hoskins got a job last spring at shooting muskrats, for muskrats overrun the millowner's dam. There in the lovely spring weather, St. sat on the grassy bank, gun on his knee, and finding him thus one morning, said: 'What are you doing, St.?' 'I'm paid to shoot the muskrats, sir,' he answered. 'They're undermining' the dam. 'There goes one now,' said I. 'Shoot, man. Why don't you shoot?' 'I puffed a tranquil cloud from my pipe and said: 'Do you think I want to lose my job?'"

6. S. MAKURA

B. C. COAST SERVICE

Effective Sunday, September 27

Vancouver 10.30 a.m. steamer will be discontinued. Steamers will leave daily at 1.45 p.m. and 11.45 p.m. For Seattle, 5.30 p.m. daily only. Full particulars on application at C. P. R. Ticket Offices, 1102 Government street.

L. D. CHETHAM
City Passenger Agent
Phone 4670, 174.

Union Steamship Company of B. C. Limited

Prince Rupert and Northern British Columbia Service

S.S. CAMOSUN, sailing from Victoria every Wednesday at 11 p. m., and Vancouver, Thursday, 9 p. m., calling at Campbell River, Alert Bay, Soletua, Squash, Hardy Bay, Shushartie Bay, Rivers Inlet and Bella Coola.

S.S. VENTURE, sailing from Vancouver every Monday at 11 p. m., calling at Campbell River, Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, Hartley Bay, Lowe Inlet, Skeena River, Prince Rupert and Nass River.

S. C. CHLOHNSIN, sailing from Vancouver every Friday, at 9 p. m., calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Quathlasi Cove, Alert Bay, Bella Bella, China Hat, Swanson Bay, Butedale, Claxton, Prince Rupert and Grassy Bay.

FREIGHT received for all NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA PORTS every Wednesday, Pier D, Evans, Coleman & Evans Wharf.
GEO. MCGREGOR, Agent.
1003 Government Street, Victoria. Phone 1925.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Sept. 24.

Aberdeen, Wash.—Arrived: Steamer Nohalem, San Francisco; barquentine Echo, Antofagasta.

San Francisco, Cal.—Arrived: Steamer Nohalem, San Francisco; barquentine Echo, Antofagasta.

San Francisco, Cal.—Arrived: Swedish motor ship Kron Prinz Gustaf Adolf, Gothenburg. Sailed: Steamer Daisy Gadsby, Rose City, Portland; steamer Wilmington, Seattle.

San Diego, Cal.—Sailed: Lord Dufferin, Norfolk for Vancouver via Eureka and Portland.

Tacoma, Wash.—Arrived: Steamer Northwestern, Santa Ana, Seattle.

Astoria, Ore.—Arrived: Steamer Bear, San Francisco and San Pedro; steamer Washenaw, San Francisco; steamer Mexico City, steamer General de Sonis, Newcastle; steamer El Segundo, San Francisco. Sailed: Steamer Beaver, San Francisco and San Pedro; steamer Roanoke, San Francisco; steamer Temple E. Dorr, San Francisco; steamer Siskiyou, San Francisco; steamer Steason, Alaska; steamer Monmouthshire, Victoria.

Seattle, Wash.—Arrived: Steamer Northwestern, steamer Quinaluit, Alaska; steamer Governor, Quinaluit, Alaska; steamer Sado Maru, Hongkong via way ports; steamer Falcon, San Francisco; steamer Santa Rita, Port San Luis. Sailed: Steamer Nome City, Everett; steamer Northwestern, Tacoma; steamer Santa Ana, Tacoma; ship St. Paul, Port Blakely, in tow of tug Tatoosh.

WITHDRAWAL FROM SERVICE

SS. IROQUOIS

Will be withdrawn from the Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma Route, after trip on Saturday, September 26, until further notice.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.
1234 Government St. Phone 455

Through Steamers to

San Francisco Los Angeles San Diego

Leave Victoria Friday, 11 p.m. S.S. President or Governor
Leave Seattle Tuesday, 10 a.m. S.S. Congress or Queen
Largest, Finest Passenger Steamers To Alaska
S.S. City of Seattle or Spokane
Lv. Seattle Sept. 28, Oct. 3, 9, 14, 20.

Skagway, Juneau, Wrangell, Ketchikan and Prince Rupert
For particulars, call on
R. P. Rithet & Co. C. A. Solly
1117 Wharf St. 1903 Gov't St.

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

DEEP SEA ARRIVALS.			
STEAMER	Master	Tonnage	Agents
Eposon	Hill	2,970	(Ralls, C.N.R.)
Makura	Phillips	4,921	C. P. R.
Roswell	Evans	3,432	(Ralls, C.N.R.)
Sado Maru	Anakawa	3,540	G. Northern
Tatlybius	Allan	6,550	Dodwell & Co.
Historia	Llewellyn	4,465	Duffell & Co.
Seattle Maru	Smith	3,810	R. P. Rithet
Monteagle	Douglas	3,900	C. P. R.
Yokohama Maru	Machida	4,280	G. Northern
Niagara	Hessing	3,450	P. & B.
Don of Arle	Bolts	7,582	C. P. R.
Gladstone	Jonassen	3,087	(Ralls, C.N.R.)
Mexico Maru	Kobayashi	3,310	R. P. Rithet
Awa Maru	Tomimaga	3,900	G. Northern
Chilegra Maru	Hori	3,850	R. P. Rithet
Arna	Michelson	3,250	W. Greer
Brasilia	Gardner	4,254	Gardner Johnson

DEEP-SEA DEPARTURES.			
STEAMER	Master	Tonnage	Agents
Panama Maru	R. P. Rithet	4,254	Gardner Johnson
Makura	C. P. R.	4,921	C. P. R.
Toucey	Dodwell	6,550	Dodwell & Co.
Sado Maru	G. N.	3,540	G. Northern
Empress of India	C. P. R.	6,550	C. P. R.
Monteagle	C. P. R.	3,900	C. P. R.
Niagara	C. P. R.	3,450	C. P. R.

COASTING VESSELS.			
STEAMER	Master	Tonnage	Agents
Princess John	G. T. P.	Pr. Rupert	Sept. 25
Princess May	C. P. E.	Skagway	Sept. 25
Canosun	F. S. S.	Bella Coola	Oct. 1
Princess John	G. T. P.	Pr. Rupert	Sept. 25
Princess Sophia	C. P. R.	Skagway	Sept. 25
Canosun	F. S. S.	Bella Coola	Oct. 1

BAILERS COMING.			
STEAMER	Master	Tonnage	Agents
Alliance	Peruvian	barca	Ingle
Rickdale	British	barca	from Barry, Wales, for Esquimalt, with coal
Carrier Dove	American	schooner	from Newcastle, N. E. W., for Esquimalt for repairs
Columbia	American	schooner	from Salaverry, Peru, for Royal Roads, to load lumber at Vancouver for Australia
David Evans	British	schooner	from Japan for Royal Roads (lying at Astoria)

FERRY SERVICES.			
STEAMER	Master	Tonnage	Agents
Princess Mary	leaves	10.30 a. m.	daily
Princess Victoria	leaves	3.00 p. m.	daily
Princess Alice	leaves	11.45 p. m.	daily
Princess Mary	arrives	6.5 a. m.	daily
Princess Charlotte	arrives	2.00 p. m.	daily
Princess Alice	arrives	6.30 p. m.	daily
Princess Charlotte	leaves	4.30 p. m.	daily

WANTED

The Names and Addresses of all BLIND PEOPLE In or Near-by This Municipality. Wanted persons knowing of addresses will confer a favor in communicating the same to us.

Dominion Textile Press

Publishers of
FREE Books and Magazines for the BLIND
275 Delaware Avenue
TORONTO

"Little stores become big ones by advertising in the newspapers—Little manufacturers have a still bigger chance to grow through the newspapers"

Bill Wise

SPORTING NEWS

FOUR ENTRIES FOR LADIES' RACE

MOTORCYCLE STARS TO RIDE

Big List of Pilots for Tomorrow's Auto Meet at the Willows; Lengthy Programme Offered

Nine motorcycles races and five automobiles comprise the card for tomorrow's motor meet at the Willows. The complete programme was finished this morning and with the ladies race as a feature there has been added a free-for-all in which the fastest drivers in the Northwest will compete. Word was received this morning that E. Noel, the Portland driver, will be on hand. Noel will be unable to bring his 60 horsepower Italia car here for this meet, but he will drive a stripped Humber that ought to make new records on the track. Four of Victoria's prominent lady auto-drivers have entered for this race, and all were out practising last evening on the exhibition track. A handsome silver cup has been hung up for this event.

One of the added attractions will be a race between the little Saxon and a motorcycle with side car attached. The automobile free-for-all will bring out some spectacular driving, eight drivers having entered their cars for the big event. A cash prize has been offered for this race, and included in the list of pilots are Harry Hanover, Fred Lustig, Bob Steele, P. Leman, D. R.

Y. M. C. A. CLUB WILL HOLD TITLE RACES

The Y. M. C. A. Swimming and Life-saving club held a very successful meeting in the Association building last evening. The chair was occupied by Robert F. Ely, president. It was decided that the annual gala of the club should be held on October 31 in the Y. M. C. A. swimming pool.

The club will run off the three B. C. championships allotted to it, viz., 100 yards, junior; 50 yards, senior; relay championship.

There will be keen rivalry between the local boys and the terminals in connection with the relay championship of British Columbia. The terminals is expected, will bring over a couple of strong teams.

The Royal Life-saving society will put on its two competitions the same evening. The Lord Dunsborough trophy is at present held by Messrs. Clark and Cooper of the Y. M. C. A. here. Clark is with the 5th regiment at Valcartier and will be unable to defend his title this year. The Benwell cup is held by Barrett of Vancouver. These competitions should prove very interesting and attract a good crowd.

Entries for the life-saving events must be in the hands of W. Long, box 57, by October 15, and the entries for the B. C. championships must be with Robert Ely, box 724, by October 24.

The Ladies' Swimming club, it is expected, will put on some very interesting items. The members have been working very hard during the past summer and they are in good form and should put in some good races.

T. W. Sheffield will very probably give exhibitions in fancy swimming.

The proceeds of this meet will be devoted to the patriotic fund.

Cameron, L. Nelson, H. Palmer, A. J. Smith, E. J. Cameron and E. Noel. There will also be the joy riders' handicap for touring cars only, and post entries will be received for this race.

In the motorcycle events several new riders will be seen in action. J. Price, of Seattle, is here for the meet, with C. O. Raynor, a previous winner, will be strongly fancied for the open events. The list of motorcycle riders includes: E. H. Hanbury, J. Market, T. Christie, H. Stoffer, D. Whittier, A. Anderson, D. A. Carmichael, B. Tubman, J. Cameron, J. Price, Seattle, and C. O. Raynor.

The programme:
First race, 2 miles single stock, 3 heats.
Second race, 5 miles, novice, open. All riders eligible who never won first on Willows track.

Third race, 3 miles, 7-h. p. twin, 2 heats.
Fourth race, motorcycle, obstacle, open.

Fifth race, motorcycle side car against Saxon.
Sixth race, 5 miles, Bullet, stripped.
Seventh race, ladies' race, 2 miles, touring cars.

Post Entries.
Eighth race, joy riders' handicap, touring cars only.
Ninth race, motor car, free-for-all.
Tenth race, motor car, backing contest, stripped cars only.

The races start at 2.30 sharp, rain or shine.

The races start at 2.30 sharp, rain or shine.

VICTORIA RESERVE LIST COMPLETED

Change Likely in Management of Local Club Next Season; Caldwell With Federals

One of the best all-round athletes in the city, in the person of Blaney Scott, has enrolled with the B. C. Horse and will leave for the front when the second Canadian contingent is mobilized. Blaney is one of the finest orsmen ever turned out here, and he has earned a place on the representative Rugby team for several years. He is also a finished boxer and is a P. N. A. titleholder in the middleweight division. Scott will probably figure on the combined Willows military Rugby team in this season's competition for the Barnard cup and he will be sorely missed by the Boys.

Hamilton, Sept. 25.—Although there has been little done to indicate the strength of the Inter-provincial Rugby teams, it is pretty well felt that the Tigers and Ottawa will be the two clubs to fight it out when the season opens.

The Argos have been pretty well shot by their contributions to the first contingent, having lost several of their star players. This does not mean that the Argo outfit will be hopeless, but it does mean that it will not measure up to championship strength.

Montreal will have to be a great deal stronger than last year to do much, and it is hardly likely that they can build up in one season, especially as they have also lost some good players owing to the call for volunteers.

Tigers will be just about as strong as they were a year ago, while Ottawa can always be depended upon for a pretty fair kind of a team.

Wanderers have reorganized for the Barnard cup series, and it is just possible that the High School and Old Boys will make up a sixth club for the series.

The Wanderers elected the following:

Officers: President, Dr. A. B. Hudson; secretary, K. F. Donaldson; treasurer, A. J. C. Clark; selector, C. R. Barker; captain and delegate, D. M. Grant. Another general meeting of the members will be held Tuesday next at 5 o'clock in Mr. Forsythe's office, at which detailed arrangements for the season will be made.

BLANEY SCOTT IS NOW WITH TROOP

Victoria Rugby Star Enlists for Active Service; Wanderers Choose Officers

One of the best all-round athletes in the city, in the person of Blaney Scott, has enrolled with the B. C. Horse and will leave for the front when the second Canadian contingent is mobilized.

Hamilton, Sept. 25.—Although there has been little done to indicate the strength of the Inter-provincial Rugby teams, it is pretty well felt that the Tigers and Ottawa will be the two clubs to fight it out when the season opens.

The Argos have been pretty well shot by their contributions to the first contingent, having lost several of their star players. This does not mean that the Argo outfit will be hopeless, but it does mean that it will not measure up to championship strength.

Montreal will have to be a great deal stronger than last year to do much, and it is hardly likely that they can build up in one season, especially as they have also lost some good players owing to the call for volunteers.

Tigers will be just about as strong as they were a year ago, while Ottawa can always be depended upon for a pretty fair kind of a team.

Wanderers have reorganized for the Barnard cup series, and it is just possible that the High School and Old Boys will make up a sixth club for the series.

The Wanderers elected the following:

Officers: President, Dr. A. B. Hudson; secretary, K. F. Donaldson; treasurer, A. J. C. Clark; selector, C. R. Barker; captain and delegate, D. M. Grant.

GROUND'S LIKELY TO BE GRANTED

Soccer Schedule Opens Tomorrow; Senior Fixtures Arouse Interest

There is every reason to believe that the Victoria Football association will be given increased accommodation at the City Playgrounds this season.

A meeting was held between the soccer and Rugby officials last night. A.D. Dilworth also being present, and a decision will be announced at next Wednesday's meeting of the association.

The additional entries for the Barnard cup series make it difficult but an effort will be made to have both the Rugby and soccer folks accommodated at the North Ward park.

Opening Soccer Schedule.
Senior.
Bays vs. Wests, Oak Bay; referee, Goward.
Thistles vs. Sir John Jackson, Beacon Hill, lower field; referee, Allen.

Empires vs. City Hall, Central park; referee, Okewell.
C. P. R. vs. Oak Bay, Beacon Hill, upper field; referee, Lorimer.
Fairfield vs. Wests, Hayward Ave.; referee, Oliver.

West and Thistles are the favorites for the senior division while the Empires, Fairfield and C. P. R. are look good to win the Intermediate fixtures. The senior games, of course, will attract the crowds. The Boys will have all of their last year's team with the exception of Sam Lorimer, Curgenven, who is now in the Old Country, and Petch.

The lineup of the Thistles is as follows: Rodger, Thompson, Walker, Gardine, Newlands, Brown, Caske, Allen, Pickering, Muir, McDougall, Reserves, Howden, McKinnon, Crowden, Sir John Jackson—Thorn, Sheriff.

LOSE SOME COIN

Montreal, Sept. 25.—Although the Nationals had the most wonderful season any local senior lacrosse club has ever had, winning all their matches but one, they lost between three and four thousand dollars.

Their salaries cost \$10,400; their trips to Toronto \$2,500. These sums, with equipment and general expenditures, amounted to \$14,500. Against that their receipts upon one occasion were as low as \$125.

The Wanderers elected the following:

Officers: President, Dr. A. B. Hudson; secretary, K. F. Donaldson; treasurer, A. J. C. Clark; selector, C. R. Barker; captain and delegate, D. M. Grant.

Another general meeting of the members will be held Tuesday next at 5 o'clock in Mr. Forsythe's office, at which detailed arrangements for the season will be made.

The Wanderers elected the following:

Officers: President, Dr. A. B. Hudson; secretary, K. F. Donaldson; treasurer, A. J. C. Clark; selector, C. R. Barker; captain and delegate, D. M. Grant.

Another general meeting of the members will be held Tuesday next at 5 o'clock in Mr. Forsythe's office, at which detailed arrangements for the season will be made.

Another general meeting of the members will be held Tuesday next at 5 o'clock in Mr. Forsythe's office, at which detailed arrangements for the season will be made.

GRAND CIRCUIT.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 25.—With several unfinished events carried over from yesterday, the big \$3,000 horse review, futurity for three-year-old trotters and the same for two-year-old trotters, with a stake of \$3,000, the fourth day of the Grand Circuit will carry the largest purses of the meeting.

West and Thistles are favorites for the initial contests.

Jack Johnson has been offered a bout with Jesse Williams at Montreal.

Toronto is said to be waiting for a rival pool, hockey league.

McGinnity will not be allowed to play in the Coast league.

Clabby and Gibbons should provide a rare ring tilt at "Frisco" next month.

WINTER SCHEDULE FOR THE Y. M. C. A. GYMNASIUM

Active work will be commenced next week at the Y. M. C. A. for the winter gymnasium schedule. The schedule has been drawn up as follows:

Men's Classes.
Business men, A—Tuesday and Friday, 5 to 6 p.m.
Business men, B—Monday and Thursday, 5 to 6 p.m.
Seniors—Tuesday and Friday, 8.30 to 9.30 p.m.
Senior leaders—Monday, 9 to 10 p.m.
Swimming club, in pool—Wednesday, 8.30 to 9.30 p.m.

Boys' Classes.
Intermediate—Tuesday and Friday, 7.30 to 8.15 p.m.
Employed boys—Thursday and Saturday, 7.30 to 8.15 a.m.
Senior boys—Monday and Thursday, 4 to 5 p.m.
Junior boys—Tuesday and Friday, 4 to 5 p.m.; Saturday, 10.45 to 11.30 a.m.
Preparatory boys—Wednesday, 4 to 5 p.m.; Saturday, 10 to 10.45 a.m.

Swimming club, in pool—Wednesday, 6.30 to 7.30 p.m.; Saturday, 11.45 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Y. W. C. A.
In gymnasium—Monday, 7 to 9 p.m.
In gymnasium—Thursday, 9 to 12 a.m.
In baths—Monday, 7 to 10 p.m.
In baths—Thursday, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

In addition to this programme, basketball may be played in the early evening and on Wednesday nights. Free exercises may be indulged in every day up to 3.30 o'clock and in certain evening hours. Boxing, fencing and swimming instruction may be had upon appointment.

Entries for the life-saving events must be in the hands of W. Long, box 57, by October 15, and the entries for the B. C. championships must be with Robert Ely, box 724, by October 24.

The Ladies' Swimming club, it is expected, will put on some very interesting items. The members have been working very hard during the past summer and they are in good form and should put in some good races.

T. W. Sheffield will very probably give exhibitions in fancy swimming.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S MAJOR RESULTS.

National League.
At Philadelphia—First game: Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 2. Second game: Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 6.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 2; Brooklyn, 3.
At Brooklyn—St. Louis, 4; New York, 3.
At New York—St. Louis, 4; New York, 3.
At Boston—First game: Cincinnati, 9; Boston, 5. Second game: Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 2 (called off in darkness).
Standing: Won. Lost. Pct.
Boston 82 56 594
New York 74 64 539
St. Louis 76 66 536
Chicago 75 65 535
Philadelphia 68 74 483
Pittsburgh 68 74 483
Brooklyn 62 78 443
Cincinnati 57 85 401

American League.
At Chicago—Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 4.
At Cleveland—First game: Washington, 5; Cleveland, 2. Second game: Washington, 5; Cleveland, 4.
At St. Louis—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 1.
At Detroit—New York-Detroit postponed, rain.
Standing: Won. Lost. Pct.
Philadelphia 82 49 668
Boston 86 54 614
Washington 75 67 526
Detroit 70 68 505
Chicago 67 76 469
New York 64 77 464
St. Louis 62 78 443
Cleveland 45 98 315

Federal League.
At Baltimore—Chicago, 8; Baltimore, 5.
At Buffalo—First game: Indianapolis, 6; Buffalo, 1 (4 innings). Second game: Indianapolis, 3; Buffalo, 2.
At Brooklyn—Kansas City, 2; Brooklyn, 3.
At Pittsburgh—St. Louis-Pittsburgh, postponed.
Standing: Won. Lost. Pct.
Chicago 79 61 564
Indianapolis 73 63 536
Buffalo 70 65 519
Brooklyn 71 67 514
Kansas City 63 76 453
St. Louis 59 79 428
Pittsburgh 57 77 426

Coast League.
At San Francisco—Venice, 3; Oakland, 2.
At Portland—Mission, 4; Portland, 2.
At Los Angeles—San Francisco, 6; Los Angeles, 16.
Standing: Won. Lost. Pct.
Portland 92 69 572
San Francisco 86 83 505
Los Angeles 85 84 501
Venice 83 83 500
Mission 78 101 436
Oakland 69 107 392

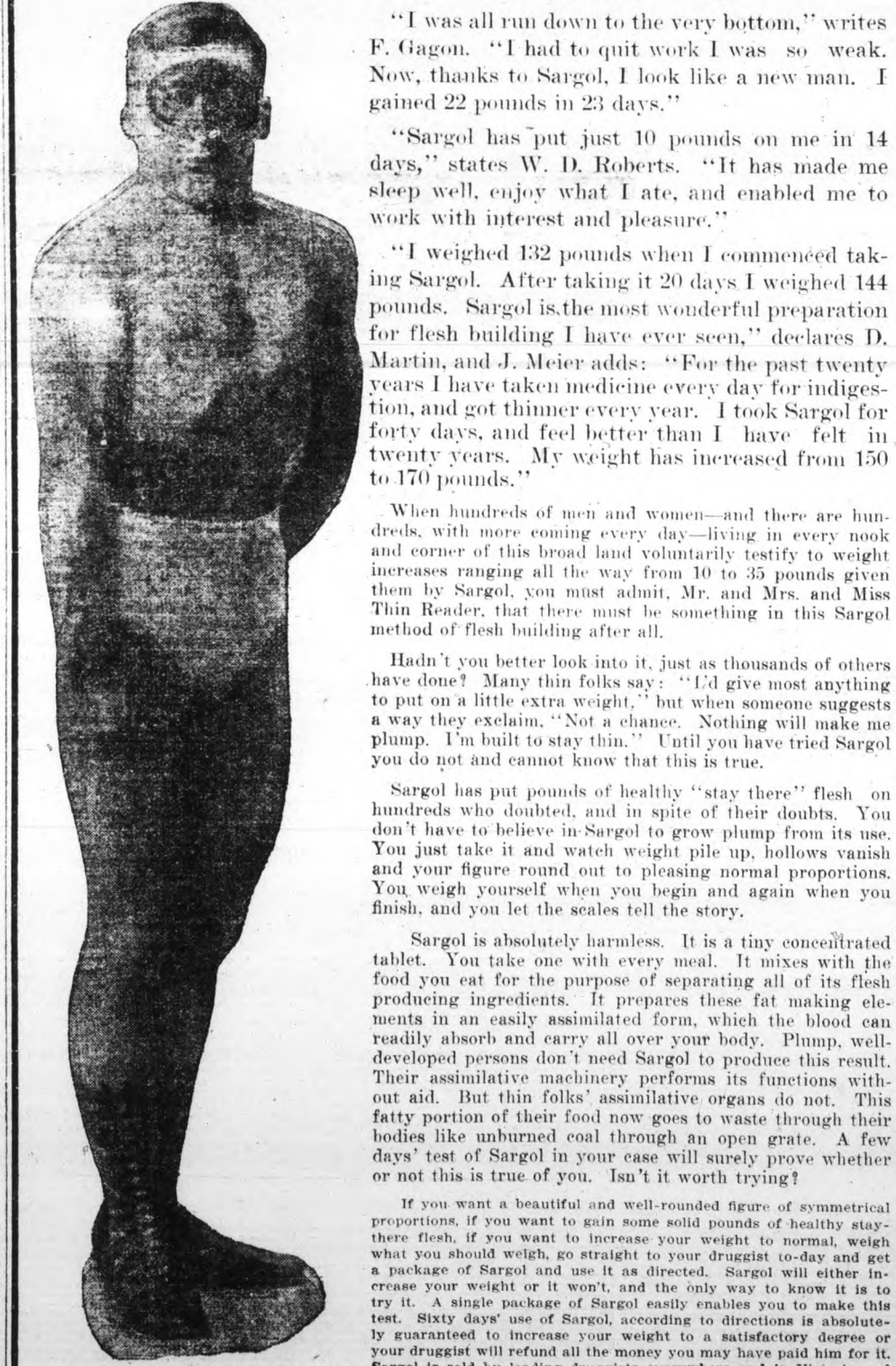
BANKERS WON.

The fast Bank of British North America football eleven defeated the City Hall team Wednesday afternoon by the score of 4-3, at Beacon Hill. This afternoon the Bankers met the Registry Office team at Beacon Hill.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qt.

Thin for Years--

"Gains 22 Pounds in 23 Days"



D. E. CAMPBELL, PRESCRIPTION STORE

REMARKED ON THE SIDE

Boston Has Won a Grand Bunch of Titles.

It has been the custom far and wide for many years past to spoof Boston as the city of highbrow culture and effete intellectuality. The young Bostonian is cartooned with an abnormal head, spectacles, and a brace of thin legs attached to a bush league body. All of which shows how far away spoofing often is from the main facts. Boston may be highbrow to the last hair, but this doesn't prevent her from carrying the heaviest, sportive kick now at large around the map. As a city of champions with the brawn, brain and skill, the Massachusetts citadel is in a class without a competitor. In baseball Boston has a leader in one league and a runner-up in another. She runs one, two in both big circuits. She has broken all attendance records in baseball for one day with an official count of 74,299. One of her ball clubs came from last place to the top in five weeks, and the other recently whaled the stuffing out of the Hackmen in four straight games. It was a crew launched from Boston, the Harvard second crew, which won the chief rowing trophy of the year and maintained a portion of Uncle Sam's sportive anatomy intact. The amateur golf champion of the U. S. of A. is Francis Ouimet, a young Bostonian who gathered up his game over Boston plains. The football championship has been located in Boston for two years, with Harvard in charge of the same, and 1914 gives evidence of another year of conquests, with Brickley, Mahan and seven other regulars back. In fighting she has Sam Langford for an exhibit, and Sam is close enough to the top to be rated no worse than second. So whether the sport be highbrow or lowbrow, Boston has a greater wealth of championship material in all lines than any other two cities in America.

Motor Races

Willows Track

SATURDAY, SEPT. 26

2.30 p.m.

Admission 50c. Children 25c

Grand Stand Free

An Easy Way to Get Fat and Be Strong

The trouble with most thin folks who wish to gain weight is that they insist on irritating their stomach or stuffing it with greasy foods; rubbing on useless "fish creams," or following some foolish physical culture scheme, without the cause of thinness goes untouched. You cannot get fat until your digestive tract assimilates the food you eat.

Thanks to remarkable new scientific discovery, it is now possible to combine into simple form the very elements needed by the digestive organs to help them convert food into rich, fat-laden blood. This master-stroke of modern chemistry is called Sargol and has been termed the greatest of "fish-builders." Sargol allows through its re-generative, re-constructive powers to coax the stomach and intestines to literally soak up the fattening elements of your food and pass them into the blood, where they are carried to every starved, broken-down cell and tissue of your body. You can really measure the result when this amazing transformation has taken place and you notice how your cheeks fill out, hollows about your neck, shoulders and bust disappear, and you take on from 10 to 20 pounds of solid, healthy flesh. Sargol is absolutely harmless, inasmuch as it is composed of Campbell and other leading druggists of Victoria and vicinity have it and will refund your money if you are not satisfied, as per the guarantee found in every package.

CAUTION:—While Sargol has given excellent results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles, it should not be taken by those who do not wish to gain ten pounds or more.

How Thin People Can Put on Flesh

A New Discovery.

Thin men and women—ate last night. What became of all that food? Where did it contained? You haven't gained weight one ounce. That food passed from your body like unburned coal through an open grate. The machinery was there, but your food doesn't work and stick, and the plain truth is you hardly get enough nourishment from the food you eat. In the course of cooking, this is true of thin folks the world over. Your nutritive organs, your power of assimilation, are sadly out of gear and need reconstruction.

Cut out the foolish foods and funny sawdust diets. Omit the flesh cream raps. Cut out everything but the meat. You are eating now and eat with every one of those single Sargol tablet. In two weeks note the difference. Five 16 grain good quality tablets will pay for their "there" fat should be the net result. Sargol, too, mixes with your food and prepares for the blood. Daily assimilated form. Thin people gain all the way from 10 to 25 pounds a month while taking Sargol, and the new flesh stays put. Sargol is a scientific combination of six of the best flesh-producing elements known to chemistry. They come 40 tablets to a package, are pleasant, harmless and inexpensive, and D. E. Campbell's Prescription Store and other dealers sell them, subject to an absolute guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Thin People Can Increase Weight

Thin men and women who would like to increase their weight with 10 or 15 pounds of healthy, "stay there" fat should try eating a little Sargol with their meals for a while and note results. Here is a good test worth trying. First weigh yourself and measure yourself. Then take Sargol—16 tablets with every meal for two weeks. Then weigh and measure again. It isn't a question of how you look or feel or what your friends say of think. The scales and the tape measure will tell their own story, and most any thin man or woman can easily add from five to eight pounds in the first four days by following this simple direction. And, best of all, the new flesh stays put.

Sargol does not of itself make fat, but mixing with your food, it turns the fat, sugars and starches of what you have eaten into rich, ripe fat producing nourishment for the tissues and blood—prepares it in an easily assimilated form, which the blood can readily accept. All this nourishment now passes from your body as waste. But Sargol stops the waste and does it quickly and makes the fat producing contents of the very same meals you are eating now develop pounds and pounds of healthy flesh between your skin and bones. Sargol is safe, pleasant, efficient and inexpensive. D. E. Campbell's Prescription Store and other leading druggists in Victoria and vicinity sell it in large boxes—forty tablets to a package—on a guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Fairfield

A particularly attractive, new eight-room house, on the high part of Fairfield, next to Dallas road. The house has special hardwood floors, every conceivable built-in feature; very fine garage. For sale on easy terms at

\$6,500

HEISTERMAN FORMAN & CO.

1210 Broad Street.

B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED

822 Government St. Phone 125
Representatives of the PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., of London, England, for the south end of Vancouver Island.

SALT SPRING ISLAND

Farm Cheap, Near Fulford Harbor.

309 acres, with a new, large house, out of which it is possible to make 12 rooms; concrete foundation; good water supply laid on to house by gas pump; 40 acres under cultivation; about 100 slatted, balance mostly good land; orchard of 200 full-bearing trees; one-quarter mile of lake waterfrontage. Price, per acre, only \$70.00 or will sell a portion. Terms can be arranged to suit.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT

- 5-room Bungalow, Beachwood avenue. Per month \$18.00
- Suite of 4 rooms, Menzies Apartments, corner Menzies and Niagara. Per month \$20.00
- 9-room House, on Michigan street. Per month \$10.00
- 5-room House on Government St., near Parliament buildings. Per month at \$20.00
- 6-room House, corner of Oswego and Coburg, James Bay. Per month at \$20.00
- 5-room Cottage, corner Bridge and Centre road. Per month \$12.00
- 5-room Cottage at 1799 Fernwood Rd. Per month \$20.00
- 6 rooms, new, on Stannard Ave., Fairfield. Per month \$32.00

L. U. CONYERS & CO.

650 View Street

FOR RENT.

- Fort St.—House, 6 rooms, modern conveniences, per month \$25.00
- Hampshire Rd.—House, 6 rooms, modern, furnace, etc., per month, \$20.00
- John St.—Cottage, 5 rooms, close in, per month \$18.00
- Johnson St.—House, 5 rooms, per month \$17.00
- Douglas St.—Cottage, 5 rooms, modern, per month \$20.00
- Douglas St.—House, 5 rooms, per month \$10.00
- Douglas St.—Store, per month \$20.00
- Bank St.—Cottage, 5 rooms, per month \$18.00
- Fort St.—House, 7 rooms, modern, per month \$30.00
- Pembroke St.—House, 6 rooms, new, per month \$20.00

MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

BAIRD & M'KEON

1210 Douglas Street.

- 5 Acres near Goldstream, 130 full bearing apple trees, cottage, barn, chicken houses and runs, stock of poultry, with incubators and brooders included. Esquimalt water pipe is laid through property. Price, on terms, is \$5,000.00
- 1/4 Acres near University School, all in bearing orchard; 4-roomed cottage. Price \$4,000.00

HOUSES TO RENT

- Acton St., 7 rooms, new \$25.00
- King's Road, 6 rooms \$20.00
- Bushby St., 7 rooms, new \$35.00
- Burlith Drive, 7 rooms, furnished. Rent \$40.00

THE BATTLE OF MARNE ONE OF THE GREATEST IN WORLD'S HISTORY

Victory Has Made a New France Which is no Longer Uncertain of the Issue of the Conflict—Casualties Unequalled in Modern Warfare

The following vivid account in the New York Sun of the battle of the Marne sheds new light on one of the greatest achievements in the history of the world:

A new France was revealed in the battle of the Marne. The shame of Sedan and the bitter humiliations of 1870 have been blotted out, utterly extinguished. There is not a Frenchman from president to peasant whose spirit droops before Prussian menace.

However, long the complete triumph of the allies may be delayed, and no intelligent Frenchman underestimates the resources of German courage; the armies of the republic will fight with the confidence of the soldiers of the Napoleon of Austerlitz and Jena. The irresistible confidence of the years when French armies were unconquerable and when the roads to Paris were choked with the prisoners and trophies of 100 battles.

This great thing has been accomplished by the gigantic struggle which extended from Paris to Vitry-le-Francois from September 7 to September 12, and which was composed of a series of tremendous battles along a fighting front of 127 miles. In these battles much more than Paris was saved, much more than material triumphs gained. The self-respect of the nation was the real trophy of the victory. France stands rehabilitated, no longer cowed by forty years of "Prussian swaggering." Von Moltke was an accident. The Prussians can be beaten.

It is necessary to write of this uplift of French spirit, of the new inspiration which has sent the confidence of France swinging in a wide arc because it explains and illuminates the material and physical advantages of the great battles in which the German armies were first checked, then attacked, then hurled back over the roads they had traveled so triumphantly.

It is essential that this spirit be understood because of the effect it cannot help but have in later phases of the war in the west. France is no longer uncertain. She is calmly confident. She is no longer feinting on the defensive; she is striking boldly on the attack.

It is now possible to describe generally, comprehensively, the vast operations of September 7 to September 12 which have already been grouped in the sweeping title of the battle of the Marne. The details of these operations will have to be left to the coming of peace, and history will have no small problem in analyzing the movements of troops whose numbers stagger the imagination.

Already, however, the reports of the commanding generals to their governments, the observations of correspondents who skinned the devastated districts from which armies still battling had rolled northward and the graphic, thrilling narrations of wounded officers brought to the capital have enabled us here to reconstruct the story of the Marne. It is necessarily incomplete, there are gaps and hiatuses, there may be inaccuracies, but of its larger truthfulness there can be no doubt.

Even in the joy of victory, when the French mind has expanded and is already beginning to forget or minimize earlier defeats, one's first, sudden impression in reviewing the battle of the Marne is astonishment that it became possible so soon. That is not the military notion, but the popular one.

The people, depressed for more than three weeks over the constant withdrawal of the allies, hearing of nothing but a succession of reverses, were hardly prepared for such fulness of victory. By degrees the full meaning of the long retreat from the frontier has become understood and there is the most enthusiastic praise for General Joffre, who is being acclaimed as another Napoleon.

whose brilliant sally on September 7 made the plans of the German general staff so much waste paper, the allies in the battle of the Marne numbered 1,500,000. Without the Paris 500,000, nearly 1,000,000 of French and British troops hammered back the German attack. Of the number of British troops that took part in the six days fighting it is impossible to speak accurately. It is estimated here that General French commanded about 250,000.

Casualties Unequalled. Modern accuracy of rifle and artillery fire, the persistence of the Germans in adhering to close formation and the character of their withdrawal through unfavorable country made the casualties of the Marne unequalled probably in the history of the world. The most conservative estimate is that from 20 to 25 per cent of the armies engaged were killed or wounded. It is therefore believed that nearly 500,000 men were eliminated in the constant struggle.

There is no better way to reconnoiter the very beginning of the battle than by referring to the order of the day addressed to French troops by Gen. Joffre on September 6:

"At the moment when a battle is being engaged on the result of which rests the welfare of our country it is important to remind all that it is no longer time to look behind. All efforts must be employed to attack and drive back the enemy. A force which cannot advance any further shall no matter at what cost, retain the conquered ground and be killed on the spot rather than fall back. All efforts must be employed to attack and drive back the enemy."

There was the determination that the line had come to stand and fight. It was a thrill throughout France. On the morning of September 7 the German generals in their orders of the day comprehended the fact that the decisive hour was at hand. From Vitry-le-Francois Lieut.-Gen. von Tscheppe issued this order:

"The end aimed at by our long and painful marches has been reached. The main French forces have been compelled to accept battle after continually being driven back. The great decision is unquestionably near at hand. To-morrow, therefore, the whole forces of the German army, as well as those of our army corps, must be engaged all along the line from Paris to Verdun in order to save the welfare and honor of Germany. I expect that every officer and soldier, notwithstanding the battles and heroisms of the last few days, will do his full duty and until his last breath. Everything depends upon the result of the day to-morrow."

The situation attained by three weeks of constant retreats by the French and British had been produced. The German drive southward had failed to destroy or envelop a single army of the allies. Since the first days of September it had become evident that the great turning movement by Gen. von Kluck was a failure. Slowly, stubbornly, always inflicting great losses upon the Germans, the lines of the allies had fallen back until the Anglo-French left had its back to Paris, while the line of the allies reached eastward south of the Marne.

Until that time the German advance had been automatic, apparently irresistible. The great horde in gray had moved southward like a vast cloud of locusts. Always in the lead were the aeroplanes to locate the position of the withdrawing allies. The long and splendid French roads rolled countless automobiles carrying advance detachments of infantry, squadrons of Uhlans and light cavalry, and finally, column on column, the close pressed masses of infantry.

Their artillery and supply trains stretched for many miles, for no army that ever took the field was more perfectly and completely equipped. Guns, ammunition, munitives, field kitchen, food supplies were transported rapidly by motor car, and even the great guns were drawn by motor. To the French peasants the advance had been terrifying. Their minds were awed by the never ending masses.

Useful for Over 500 Purposes

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT.

The German general staff had staked everything upon this essay, hoping to split the allied line and drive, part westward upon the fortifications of Paris and catch part between von Kluck's and von Buelow's forces on the one hand and von Hausen's and the Grand Duke Albrecht's on the other.

The commencement of the six days' battle was the general advance of the allies, foreshadowed by Gen. Joffre's order of the 6th, and shrewdly designed to wreck the German plans. Unquestionably the deciding factor of the first day and the impelling factor of the whole series of battles was the grand sortie by the Paris army of defence.

The 500,000 men of that army, fresh, vigorous and moved by fighting spirit, had been held ready for just such an opportunity. The moment it became certain that von Kluck's army had swept southeastward past the Anglo-French forces the Paris army of 500,000 sprang from the fortifications, interposed itself between von Kluck and von Buelow (who was hammering at the French centre), and caught von Kluck in one of the most cunningly baited military traps of the centuries.

The German commander was between two millstones. On his right were the Anglo-French forces. On his left were the Parisians. The millstones were closing upon him. For two days he fought terrifically and just managed to squeeze out of the trap, although he suffered immense losses in killed, wounded and prisoners.

Almost simultaneously with this movement Gen. Pau, with a comparatively small force of cavalry, made a successful raid upon the German line of communications at their right, a raid which had far reaching consequences. Gen. Pau seized a long wagon train of supplies that the German troops desperately needed, ammunition and food.

Von Kluck Barely Escaped. Von Kluck, barely escaping from the French trap, was compelled to turn his face to the north and move with all speed to extricate himself. This was retreat. There was no choice left him. It was retreat or be hurled back to the west between Paris and the sea, there he would be surrounded and captured. His defeat was a great triumph for the plans of the French general staff and for French organization.

Simultaneously with the action on the German right which ended with the defeat of von Kluck, there was constant fighting from Meaux to the east of Vitry-le-Francois. Von Buelow, beginning an assault on the French centre, was thrown back and in turn attacked. The French retook Montmirail and centred a great action at Chateau-Thierry. There was no resisting the offensive movement of the allies in this quarter, and von Buelow, like Kluck, was obliged to withdraw more and more rapidly as the violence of the French assault increased.

TO FIND OUR STORE IS LIKE FINDING MONEY

We Are a Little Bit Out of the Way, But That is the Reason of Our Low Prices on Furniture

- Bed, Spring and Mattress, \$8.75
- The Bedstead is 4 ft. 6 ins. wide, with good strong frame and angle iron, neatly designed fillings with trimmings of brass knobs. Spring is made with a heavy frame fitted with woven wire mesh, supported by woven wire cables and steel supports. Mattress has cotton top, covered with heavy quality ticking. The Bedstead complete \$8.75
- Childs' Crib, With Mattress, Complete, \$8.50
- Crib has two adjustable sides, good quality spring and Rostmore mattress \$8.50
- Same Crib, in full size, \$10.00
- Reversible Japanese Beside Rugs 30 x 54. Price 25c
- 36 x 72. Price 35c

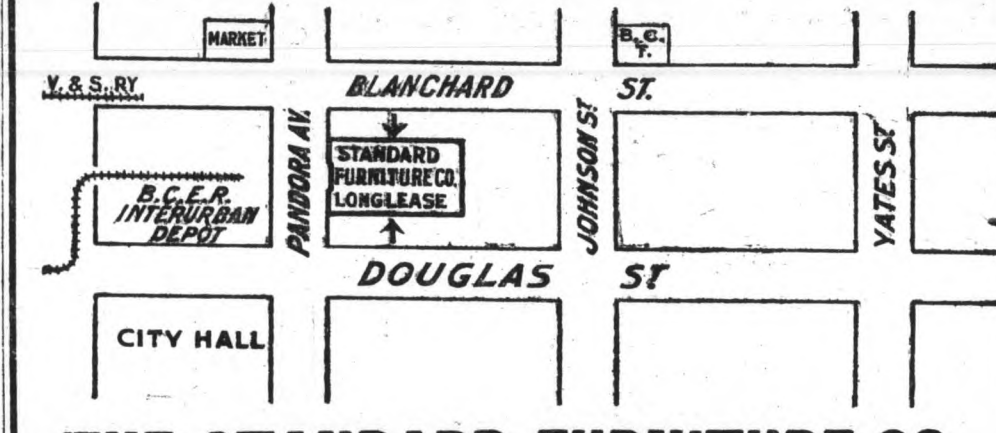
- The Furniture Store Out of the High Rent District
- Linoleum 12 Ft. Wide, 65c
- It will fit most floors in one piece, thus doing away with the centre seam. Comes in block and floral designs suitable for diningroom and kitchen. Very heavy quality. Square yard for 65c
- A Brass Bed, All-Felt Mattress and Coil Spring for \$25.00
- Figure it out as you like, you are bound to admit this is a bargain. The bed has 2-inch posts and a neat filling. Mattress is made of pure felt. Spring is best quality double woven wire. Outfit, complete, for \$25.00
- A Useful Couch, \$5.25
- Only seven of these, and they will go out quickly at this price. A strongly made Couch, useful size, spring seat and covered in green velour. Only \$5.25
- Window Blinds.
- 3 ft. wide, 6 ft. long, mounted on good spring rollers. Complete, with bracket, nails and pulls, for 45c
- Dresser and Washstand
- In golden and Early English finishes. Dresser has three large drawers and plate glass mirror; washstand with drawer and good size cupboard. The pair, \$11.75
- Dresser alone for \$8.75

- Special Collapsible Go-Cart at \$6.75
- It is not only well finished and looks well, but it is strongly and intelligently made so as to give a woman the least possible trouble. Has 10-in. wheels and barrel hubs and half-inch rubber tires. Hood and side are a very tough American cloth. All steel parts finished in black except forks and wheels, which are bright. We believe this is easily the best cart ever sold in Victoria at anything approaching the price. Regular \$9, for \$6.75
- First Lesson in Economy
- Buy Out of the High Rental District. It Makes No Difference to the Quality—It Only Lowers the Price.

- JUST LOOK AT THESE PRICES
- Linoleums
- Our Printed Linoleum selling at 45c per square yard &c consider is excellent value for the money. Judging, too, by the huge quantity we sell, our customers must think so, too. It is made 2 yds. wide and comes in a very big range of serviceable and artistic patterns, and there's a color to suit any style of room or decoration. This linoleum is a real hard-wearing quality and gives perfect satisfaction. Per square yard 45c



- Every Saving We Save in Rent Goes to the Purchaser
- Stock Pattern Dinner Sets, \$14.90
- These are fine grade imported Dinner Sets of 97 pieces. They are variously decorated in very neat designs and dainty colorings. Any one set you would be proud to see on your table.
- English Art Saten and Cretonne, Reg. 25c, 29c to 35c Values, for 19c
- A splendid selection. Just the thing for comforter coverings, bed spreads, valances and wardrobe curtains. All this season's styles that have been selling at 25c, 29c and 35c; 30 and 36 inches wide, for 19c
- Blankets
- At the present time we are offering a real bargain in an all-wool Blanket for \$6.50. This is a quality that is worth at least \$7.50. It is made entirely of wool and the manufacturers guarantee it. The size is 64x82.
- We have a big stock of Comforters, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Spreads, etc., at very low prices.
- Baby Wicker Push Cart, \$3.00
- Without a doubt this is a bargain. Cart is thoroughly strong, has neat brown wicker sides, rubber tires, etc. Regular \$4.90. Special \$3.00



THE STANDARD FURNITURE CO.

731-3 Pandora Ave. Just Above Douglas

superior. Flying very high and outmanoeuvring, very often destroying German aviators, the air spies of the allies were able to detect every important operation of the retreating German masses. By this means Gen. Joffre was able to employ large forces to strike rapidly and decisively at weakened German positions. The battle of the Marne emphasized the importance in modern warfare of the flying soldiers.

By September 12 the whole German line was retreating, the right wing rapidly, the other divisions more slowly. The battle of the Marne as a series of concerted movements designed to accomplish one end was over. The full tide of retreat, the Germans abandoned arms and supplies which were impeding the flight. The one effort of the German commanders was, it is now known, to withdraw far enough to the north to escape the danger of having any unit of their forces enveloped and captured. To attain this end they sacrificed thousands of soldiers and invaluable supplies.

HOUSES BUILT

On Instalment Plan

D. H. BALE

Contractor, Builder and Architect
Corner Fort and Sadacona Ave.
Telephone 1140

Recruits Wanted for Active Service

in
Gymnasium Classes
First-Aid Classes
Swimming Classes
Educational Classes
Bible Classes, and Social Work

Y. M. C. A.
Blanshard and View, Phone 2980

FEW INVESTMENTS BY GERMANS IN CANADA MOST OF THEM IN THIS PROVINCE AND ALBERTA

Canadian Securities Have Never Been Seriously Entered in Germany

German investments in Canada are of such meagre dimensions as to exert little or no influence upon the financial and commercial situation of the country.

German money has at various times been placed in Canadian farm lands and seldom to the advantage of the owners of the capital.

Germany's interest in Canadian railroads has been entirely speculative.

Canadian federal, provincial and municipal bond issues have been wholly outside German concern.

The distance between the two countries is unfavorable to any intelligent appreciation of securities and intercourse by travel and literature is practically negligible.

At the beginning of the Cobalt boom, German experts made a preliminary survey and pronounced the venture fresh and unsafe.

The German Development Company was an instance of a more encouraging order. They started with a capital of \$60,000, having as their object the location and development of mining properties in Canada.

The asbestos mines in Quebec province have lost one of their most profitable customers with the severing of German relations.

What becomes of German holdings in this part of the British empire, which is at war with Germany as certainly as Great Britain, offers an interesting problem.

In contrast to German indifference towards Canadian investments, France shows the greatest interest in the Dominion, being surpassed only by Great Britain.

OUR LETTER BOX. Letters for publication in Daily Times must be received at the Times Office not later than the day before the day of publication.

WILLIAM THE WICKED. To the Editor:—From the insurance point of view, the life of the Emperor William would not at the present moment be considered a good risk.

But, supposing he were to survive the war, the question will arise: "What is to be done with him?" If we want to destroy vermin we endeavor to kill them by a wholesale, quick and painless process.

Should we commit him to solitary confinement? Again too good for such a fate would probably result in premature death, and in the interval, there would probably supervene some form of delirium or insanity which would gratify his senses.

Should, therefore, the allies be fortunate enough to capture this criminal ally, I would suggest that he be set free, to live his own life and die his own death, unfeared so that failure may grow into his vitals and dog his footsteps to the grave.

STUART TIDEY, M.D. WEATHER BULLETIN. Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Sept. 25-5 a. m.—The barometer is falling over northern B. C. and unsettled weather will become general.

Forecasts. For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Saturday. Vancouver—Barometer, 29.82; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 42.

Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 29.84; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 40.

Seattle, Wash.—Barometer, 29.86; temperature, maximum yesterday, 50; minimum, 38.

St. John, N. B.—Barometer, 29.88; temperature, maximum yesterday, 48; minimum, 36.

Halifax, N. S.—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, maximum yesterday, 46; minimum, 34.

Observations taken 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m. Temperature. Highest, 71; lowest, 52.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. ARCHITECTS. JESSE M. WARREN, Architect, 503 Central Building, Phone 3097.

CHIROPY. MISS WRIGHT, from Sul Doc, is located at 1083 Broad street. Phone 1836.

CHIROPYDISTS. MR. AND MRS. BARKER, surgeon chiropodist, 14 years' practical experience.

CHIROPRACTIC-OPTOMETRY. CHAS. A. AND ESTELLA M. KELLEY, chiropodist and optometrist, rooms 200-12 Hibbs, Bonnie Bldg. and Bldg. 1187 for appointments.

CONSULTING ENGINEER. W. G. WINTERBURN, M.I.N.A., preparator and consultant for examining certificates, stationary and marine.

DENTISTS. DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

ELOCUTION. ELOCUTION, gesture, phraseology, declamation. Classes for the above studies will be opened at St. Helens, 828 Courtney street, on September 1.

LAND SURVEYORS. GREEN HODGSON, BUREN & CO., civil engineers, land surveyors, branch offices in Nelson, Fort George and Hazelton.

LANDSCAPE GARDENERS. LANDSCAPE GARDENERS AND DESIGNERS—Grounds of any size laid out. Signers of skilled gardeners.

LEGAL. J. P. BALL, American lawyer, Est. 1887. Specialties: Laws of husband and wife, domestic relations, advice free.

MEDICAL MASSAGE. E. H. H. GEAR, Massage—Vapor steam baths, alcohol, oil, powder, etc.

MUSIC. MISS GRACE E. MUTHIE, teacher of piano. Residence 1728 Denman St.

PIANOFOURTE PUPILS DESIRED. In vicinity of Gorge, Burnside, Victoria West and Esquimalt.

PEOPLE'S CHORUS—Resumption of last season's weekly practices of Choral Classics, including vocal tuition.

MISS FOX, teacher of piano and organ. Phone 3761. Special attention given to beginners (children).

PIANOFOURTE AND THEORY OF MUSIC—Mrs. J. A. M. London, England, desires pupils for the above at their own homes.

SUBURBAN COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 1489 Fort Street. Telephone 1868. I teach all or almost all instruments in ordinary use.

SICK DOCTOR. Proper Food Put Him Right. The food experience of a physician in his own case when worn and weak from sickness and when needing nourishment is the worst way is valuable.

NOTARY PUBLIC. WILLIAM G. GAUVINCE, Room 105, Hibbs-Bone Block, The British Columbia and Insurance, notary public.

NURSING. MRS. WEAVING, maternity nurse, open for engagements; terms very reasonable.

METAL WORKS. PACIFIC SHEET METAL WORKS—Copper, work, skylights, metal window, metal plate and felt roofing.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN. A. P. BLYTH, the leading optician, 622 View St.

SHORTHAND. SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1011 Government street. Shorthand, typewriting, book-keeping thoroughly taught.

TAXIDERMISTS. WHERRY & TOW, taxidermists, successors to Fred Foster, 622 Pandora and Broad streets.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

AUTOMOBILES. PASSENGER, CAYLINDER CAR for hire, \$2.50 per hour. Weekly contracts a specialty.

BLUE PRINTING AND MAPS. ELECTRIC BLUE PRINT & MAP CO., Room 214 Central Building.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS. JONES—Carpenter and general jobbing work attended to.

BUILDING MOVERS. PACIFIC COAST BUILDING MOVERS—Estimates furnished free.

CEMENT WORK. CEMENT AND BRICK WORK—Estimates free. Jones, Phone 1755.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING. CHIMNEY SWEEPING—C. White, the Old Country sweep, Phone 5881.

CORDWOOD. AL CORDWOOD, \$1.75 per cord; 2 cuts, \$5.75; in 13 cord loads.

CORSETRY. CHIMNEY SWEEPING—Defective flues cleaned. Wm. Neal, 1018 Quadra St.

CUSTOMS BROKERS. ALFRED M. HOWELL, customs broker, forwarding and commission agent.

DANCING. BOYD'S DANCING CLASS—Every Friday evening at 8 o'clock at Progressive Temple.

DECORATING. PAPERHANGING from \$2.50 per room. Painting, tinting, etc. equally cheap.

DRESSMAKING. DRESSMAKING—Hours from 2 to 4. Thursday excepted.

DRY CLEANING. HERMAN & STRINGER, French dry cleaners, ladies' fine garment cleaning.

DYEING AND CLEANING. THE "MODERN"—Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, repairing, ladies' fine garment cleaning.

FISH. FRESH, SMOKED AND SHELL FISH received daily. W. J. Wriglesworth.

FURNITURE MOVERS. JEPSEN'S TRANSFER—We have up-to-date padded vans for furniture and piano moving.

FURRIER. FRED. FORSTER, 1216 Government street. Phone 1537.

LADIES' TAILORING. SPECIAL VALUE—All work in very good suits in fall styles at \$20; skirts, 15c.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

PAWN SHOPS. AARONSON'S LOAN OFFICE moved to 1315 Government street.

POTTERYWARE, ETC. SEWER PIPE, field tile, ground fire clay, flower pots, etc.

SCAVENGING. VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Office, 1826 Government street.

SHOE REPAIRING. WE MAKE, sell and repair shoes. Modest shoe repairing, Oriental Alley.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING. M. STERN will pay cash for slightly worn ladies' and gents' clothing.

TRUCK AND DRAY. VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO., LTD.—Office and stables, 749 Broughton St.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS. IVES & TELSNER, removed from Pandora street to 1428 Government street.

WINDOW CLEANING. DON'T FORGET to phone 1765. James H. H. Cleaning Co., 641 Government street.

Y.W.C.A. FOR THE BENEFIT of young women in or out of employment.

LODGES. SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Alexandra Lodge, 116, Meads first and third Wednesdays.

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE No. 738. meets at K. of P. Hall, North Park street.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION—L. O. L. 169, meets in Orange Hall, Yates street.

COLUMBIA LODGE No. 2, I.O.O.F. meets Wednesdays, 8 p. m. in Odd Fellows' Hall.

COURT CARIBOO No. 748, I.O.F. meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

A. O. F. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT. No. 5953, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad street.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR meets on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall.

THE ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS. ERS. Court Camosun, No. 9233, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad St.

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 131, meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in A. O. F. Hall.

FOR SALE—Furniture of 3-room flat at sacrifice, almost new.

FOR SALE—Malleable and steel ranges, \$1 down, \$1 per week.

FOR SALE—Shotgun, 12 gauge, D. B. 8; shotgun, 10 gauge, W. W. Greener.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. TO LET—Well furnished apartments, heat and light, \$20 per month.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. APARTMENTS, furnished and unfurnished, complete with furniture.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. TO RENT—On Douglas St. car line, two beautiful new 4-room apartments.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. APARTMENTS TO LET—McDonald Bldg. Free phone and water.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. HAMPTON COURT, corner of Cook and Leonard streets. One 3 roomed, one 4 roomed suite to rent.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. IN SUITES of two or three rooms, newly decorated, furnished, hot water heating.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. STANLEY APARTMENTS, corner Linden and McKenzie. Well heated. Prices will suit you.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. OCTOBER MANSION, corner of Cook and Cook. Two, three and four roomed suites to rent.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. EXCHANGE. ADVERTISER will exchange twin cylinder motorcycle, in good order.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. FOR SALE—One J. J. Taylor safe, \$250; one J. J. Taylor safe, \$150.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. FOR SALE—Standard bred riding mare, rising eight, strong and in good condition.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. FOR RENT—HOUSES (Unfurnished.) TEAMSTER'S OPPORTUNITY—4 roomed, comfortable, city water, electric light.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. A NEAT, 3 ROOMED HOUSE, corner Hart and Regina St., reduced from \$14.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. A FIVE ROOMED, modern bungalow, 1009 Pembroke, for rent. Apply 860 Quadra street.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. UNFURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—7 rooms, \$20, Princess Ave.; 7 rooms, \$15, Regent St.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. COLUMBIA LODGE No. 2, I.O.O.F. meets Wednesdays, 8 p. m. in Odd Fellows' Hall.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. COURT CARIBOO No. 748, I.O.F. meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. A. O. F. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT. No. 5953, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad street.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR meets on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. THE ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS. ERS. Court Camosun, No. 9233, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad St.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 131, meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in A. O. F. Hall.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. FOR SALE—Furniture of 3-room flat at sacrifice, almost new.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE—Clear stand. Apply at 1318 1/2 Government street.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE—5-passenger Ford touring car complete, with the following extra equipment.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE—1914 Overland automobile, 5-passenger, 4-cylinder, 35 h. p.

BUSINESS CHANCES. ONE 7 H. P. HUMBERETTE 2-passenger automobile, practically new; cost \$1,000; price \$375.

BUSINESS CHANCES. ONE 1500 L.H. DELIVERY WAGON, complete with top; price \$350.

BUSINESS CHANCES. ONE 37 H. P. DAIMLER 7-passenger; would make good hotel bus; price \$300.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FURNISHED ROOMS. TO RENT—Nicely furnished rooms in Fairfield Hotel.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, \$150. 652 North Park.

BUSINESS CHANCES. TO RENT—To young lady, furnished room, use of kitchen, moderate charge.

BUSINESS CHANCES. ARLINGTON ROOMS, 519 Fort. Bright and comfortable, with cold water cooking room.

BUSINESS CHANCES. HELP WANTED—MALE. MEN who are accustomed to sell have an opportunity now to connect themselves to a successful local organization.

BUSINESS CHANCES. WANTED—Clean, intelligent boy, for studio, light work, salary, comfortable home.

BUSINESS CHANCES. WANTED—Persons to grow mushrooms for us during the fall and winter months.

BUSINESS CHANCES. NICE FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, 15 minutes from City Hall, rent reasonable.

BUSINESS CHANCES. TO LET—3 front, furnished, housekeeping rooms, gas range, 2614 Blanshard street.

BUSINESS CHANCES. TWO OR THREE large housekeeping rooms, with gas, electric, etc., very reasonable; close in.

BUSINESS CHANCES. HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—gas, central, 830 Pandora Ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, 1517 Quadra St. Phone 425.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING FLATS 1, 2 or 5 rooms. All conveniences. 1088 Hillside Ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, gas or stove, "Maplehurst," 1597 Blanshard street.

BUSINESS CHANCES. TO LET—Clean, furnished, housekeeping rooms and cabins, free kitchens, all conveniences.

BUSINESS CHANCES. LOST AND FOUND. LOST—Black and white dog, blind, answered to the name of Hank.

OAK HOME

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES

Double frontage on Long Branch and McNeill Avenue, 45x110, and almost new bungalow containing five large, light and airy rooms; cement foundation and basement; furnace; usual built-in features, beamed ceilings, etc.

PRICE—

\$4,500

On very easy terms.

P. R. Brown

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE
1112 BROAD STREET

SECOND MARKET DAY PROVES VERY POPULAR

All Stalls Taken and Large Crowds of Shoppers Soon Buy Out Produce Offered

"Best thing that ever happened!"

This is the verdict of at least one of the producers who is selling his products through the newly-created public city market, and, if not expressed in exactly such words, is the opinion also of nearly all the farmers in the district who have ventured to try the experiment.

Unlike last week, weather favored the proceedings, and producer and consumer alike turned out in big numbers to do business. Before 8 o'clock the morning many of the farmers from the outlying districts began to arrive on the market grounds at the back of the city hall, and by 9:30 every stall had its occupant, and later arrivals had already commenced to take up positions in the centre of the square owing to the lack of accommodation elsewhere.

The institution is a success. There is no doubt remaining on that score. All that is now required is patience and faith. Commencing so late in the season as it did, the farmer was more or less unprepared. Foreknowledge in future seasons will encourage him to grow greater quantities of garden produce, poultry, live stock, etc., and will give him some standard of quantity and quality toward which to work. The public, contrary to expectation, has not required so long a time as was anticipated to become accustomed to the idea of doing his marketing under such conditions. Judging, at least, by the representation of citizens present this morning.

Prices, partly owing to the appointment of a market superintendent, partly through automatic influence of one sales' standard upon another, worked down during the morning to a very fair uniformity. Fresh country eggs were selling for 45 cents; two small heads of cabbage for 5 cents; celery at 5 cents a stick or 6 sticks for 25 cents; crab apples at 60 cents per 25-lb. crate; corn, 15 cents per dozen, and country butter for 40 cents per lb.

It was gratifying to the numerous shoppers to find both country butter and fresh eggs this morning, as these were conspicuous by their absence last week. One stall-holder announced about noon that he had disposed of 100 pounds of butter and nearly 50 dozen eggs. A second stall-holder stated that he had disposed of a second consignment of butter had he been able to bring it to town.

Individual characteristics might be traced in the arrangement of the things for sale. One lady from Keating was selling most temptingly dressed spring chickens at 25 cents a pound, and boilers at 20 cents a pound, while the same prices were being asked for the following articles as palatable messes: M. Smith, G. Elliott, M. Mutrie, W. Whitty, R. Sword and R. F. Thompson.

The death occurred this morning at the family residence, 1911 Cowan street, of Donald C. McDougall. The deceased, who is a native of Scotland, has lived in Victoria for the past two years. The remains are at the parlors of Hanna & Thomson, and will be removed from there on Saturday afternoon to the family residence, where funeral services will be held on Monday, September 28, at 2:30, Rev. J. B. Warnicker officiating.

Under New Management—Majestic Theatre, Home of the finest pictures.

Are Registering—Up till noon to-day about 1,100 persons who require work had registered their names at the various depots established by the Trades and Labor council in various parts of the city.

Tabernacle Rally—The Tabernacle Baptist Sunday School, under the superintendency of J. A. Hoyle, will hold its annual rally day next Sunday afternoon. Several interesting speakers will address the school and there will be special choruses. Dr. Cameron will preach on the "Early Conversion of Children" in the morning, and in the evening his theme will be "The Way Out of the Present Trouble."

Social and Donation—Abundance of useful materials was contributed at the donation party held yesterday afternoon by the ladies of St. Saviour's congregation at the school-room. Sewing machines will be held weekly every Thursday until the church sale in November, and with the useful materials donated yesterday quantities of things may be made. After the donation the ladies passed the remainder of the afternoon in an informal and social manner, tea being served.

Elks' Dance—About thirty couples attended the first dance of the season held by the Elks last evening in their club rooms, Campbell Building, and a very enjoyable time was spent with excellent music provided by Mr. Ozard, and a dainty supper furnished by the club steward. The secretary, Mr. Dilabough, and his committee spared no effort to make the occasion a delightful one for all present, who will be given frequent opportunities during the coming winter to share in similar pleasant events in connection with the organization.

Remanded for Sentence.—Harold Lewis was remanded for sentence by Magistrate Jay this morning on the serious charge of having procured the moral purposes. He strenuously denied any knowledge of the charge, which was laid under the new amendment to section 216 of the criminal code. Mrs. Lewis was taken last night in a raid by Detective Heather and Edens and Officer Taylor. Along with her were taken into custody the accused, a young woman and three Chinamen. Drexel Hines, the young woman captured in the raid, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to a fine of \$25 or one month in jail.

OBTAINED MONEY BY FALSE PRETENCES

Counsel for Defence Contends Prisoner Was in Drugged Condition at Time.

George Edward Inkley pleaded guilty this morning to two charges, one of unlawfully obtaining money from G. M. Chapman by fraud and another of attempting to defraud the same man of \$25. After Oscar Bass had pleaded for a light sentence for the prisoner, the magistrate took into consideration Inkley's previous good character and the fact that it was a first offence, and sentenced him to two months' imprisonment on each charge, the sentences to run concurrently.

As outlined by the prosecutor, the incidents were that on Wednesday last, when the prisoner was in the employ of Duncan, the day before, Inkley came into the city and entered the premises of George M. Chapman, of the Connaught dairy, on Pandora avenue. There he represented himself to be Mr. Walker, of Cowichan, with whom Chapman had done a great deal of business, but whom he had never seen.

The unsuspecting dairyman never doubted the identity of the accused, and when the latter asked him for a cheque of \$25 on account he lost no time in writing one out for him. This Inkley immediately cashed at the Royal Bank in this city.

Inkley might have succeeded with the fraud, but unfortunately for him he took some drink immediately after getting his cheque cashed, and this emboldened him to return to the dairy and ask for another cheque. This time Detective Sergeant O'Leary happened to be on the premises. Mr. Chapman having got suspicious of the identity of the man in the interim, the sergeant interrogated Inkley:

"Are you Walker?"
Inkley answered in the affirmative and became indignant on having his identity doubted. The sergeant then telephoned to Walter Patterson, manager of the Cowichan creamery, and found from him that Inkley had misled them about his identity. He was taken into custody.

For the defence Oscar Bass contended that while Inkley was undoubtedly guilty of the act of fraud, he was more sinned against than sinner. While he brought no evidence, he assured the court that Inkley, just in from the country, had fallen into the hands of a lot of sharpers in a Johnson street hotel, and they had egged him on to the act which resulted in his appearance in the dock. He suggested that the prisoner was in a drugged as well as a drunken condition when the act was committed, and urged the police to follow up the trail of these "crooks" and bring them to justice.

Magistrate Jay, in giving sentence, said that a man must assume all responsibility for his own actions. The fraud had been a deliberate one involving forgery.

READY FOR SECOND CALL

Regiments Expect Second Contingent to Be Asked for at Early Date.

Now that definite word has come that the first Canadian contingent is on its way across the Atlantic the officers and men of the local regiments are expecting word daily of a call for the second contingent. A fresh impetus has been given to recruiting in the immediate prospect of another call and all the recruiting offices were exceptionally busy this morning.

Great interest is being taken in the business men's instruction class being conducted at the Willows camp by the 50th Highlanders. The class meets every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:45 p. m. and last evening a number of members held a miniature rifle practice. Men who are at present unable to leave their business but who wish to join the militia or to go on the second contingent are turning out in large numbers and are making excellent progress in drill and rifle work.

A sham battle is being held on the Uplands ground by the 50th Highlanders this afternoon. The 88th Fusiliers attended the Clover Point range this morning for rifle practice.

The city volunteer guard has decided to adopt the foregoing name in place of the various appellations which have been bestowed upon it hitherto. All men not physically capable of going to the front are urged to enlist in the corps and be prepared to assist in the protection of their homes.

RESERVISTS CAPTURED

London, Sept. 25.—3:37 p. m.—A dispatch from Queenstown to the Pall Mall Gazette says that the Holland-American liner Amstelredijk, which sailed from Philadelphia September 10, with a cargo for Rotterdam, was captured by a British cruiser and taken to Queenstown. After several German reservists had been removed from the Amstelredijk, the vessel proceeded to her destination.

It is right to destroy a tyrant, and sacrifice self, if it saves the country and rid the world of a monster.—Charlotte Corday.

1,000 MEN WANTED

We want 1,000 men to buy their supply of Coal and Wood from us.

WELLINGTON COAL—DRY WOOD

OUR MOTTO—FULL MEASURE

MACKAY & GILLESPIE, Ltd.

Distributors for the Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Mines, Ltd.
PHONE 149. OFFICE, 738 FORT STREET

USEFUL CONTRIBUTIONS

Ton of Flour and Motor Car Included in Gifts Toward Belgian Fund; Use of Store.

W. S. Terry, Belgian consul, reports an excellent response to his appeal for subscriptions and goods for the poor of the gallant little country which taught the Kaiser his first salutary lesson at Liege. There are many thousands of refugees in Belgium who have been rendered homeless by the German advance, and it is for them that the fund is being promoted.

If the subscriptions and goods come in as rapidly as they are at present, it is fully expected that a full cartload will be contributed by this city before the lists are complete. Gillespie, Hart & Todd, Ltd., have generously allowed the store at 742 Fort street to be used as headquarters for subscriptions. Another immensely practical offer was that of a ton of flour by a local contractor firm, while another subscriber has come forward with the gift of a second-hand motor car, which he states will be suitable for raffling. It is now worth about \$1,000. Large numbers of blankets have been offered and accepted with gratitude.

A public meeting will be held in the city hall on Tuesday evening next at 8 o'clock for the purpose of making full plans for the final disposal of the gifts, and for suitable methods of collection. The mayor is to occupy the chair and it is expected that the wide interest in the brave Belgians will lead to a large attendance of citizens.

SALVATION ARMY HEAD

Commissioner Richards Coming to Canada From New Zealand in November.

Word has been received at the headquarters of the Salvation Army that William J. Richards, until recently commander of the army in New Zealand, has been appointed to succeed the late Commissioner Dees as Canadian territorial commander.

Commissioner and Mrs. Richards are now in Auckland, N. Z., and are expected to sail in time to reach Victoria about the middle of November.

RHEIMS CATHEDRAL AGAIN BOMBARDED

Bordeaux, Sept. 25.—12:30 p. m.—It was announced officially in Bordeaux this afternoon that the Germans last night resumed bombarding the Rheims cathedral.

LAWN BOWLING.

The groups of the Victoria Lawn Bowling club at Beacon Hill will remain open until about the middle of October, weather permitting. On Saturday afternoon the final games in the "OO" cup and the Shortt, Hill & Duncan cup will be played. In the "OO" cup G. Roberts will oppose W. Wood, and as both players have shown up very well in this competition and as both are anxious to be the first to win the handsome cup, the game should be most interesting.

The Shortt, Hill & Duncan cup was presented by the well known firm of jewelers in 1912 and was won the first year by John A. Turner. Last season W. Davidson defeated all comers and this year's winner will be decided on Saturday afternoon when R. Dunn plays A. R. Langley. On Saturday week, October 3, a special competition will be played which will be completed in the one afternoon and for which post entries will be received.

SPORTING GOSSIP OF THE DAY

Soccer opens in the city on Saturday.

New York dropped a double header to St. Louis yesterday.

Tesreau was beaten though he allowed but three hits.

Boston Americans are also gaining ground on the Athletics.

Giants surely look a badly beaten aggregation of ball players.

The St. Paul middleweight now has a chance to prove himself a real champion.

St. Louis may land second place in the National league this season.

Detroit are still in third place in the American, though Boston has taken four straight from the Red Sox.

Wests will have pretty much the same team as last year when they meet the Bays on Saturday.

They should win easily over the Bays at Oak Bay grounds.

Art Bues is holding down third base for the Chicago Cubs. He was drafted from Jersey City.

Willnot was out of the game nearly all last week at Portland.

Brampton will again come west for the Mann cup next summer.

Vancouver will miss St. Griffs' steady defense work this winter.

Marquard will undoubtedly be traded by McGraw during the winter months.

TO-DAY'S BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE	
At Philadelphia—	R. H. E.
Boston.....	3 7 0
Philadelphia.....	2 11 1
Batteries—Lavender, Pierce and Archer; Baumgardner and Burns.	
At Boston—	R. H. E.
First game.....	0 7 1
Cincinnati.....	2 7 1
Batteries—Yingling and Gonzales; Rudolph and Gowdy.	
Second game.....	R. H. E.
Cincinnati.....	3 7 3
Boston.....	3 7 1
Batteries—Douglases and Gonzales; James and Gowdy.	

AMERICAN LEAGUE	
At Cleveland—	R. H. E.
Washington.....	1 3 2
Cleveland.....	2 7 2
Batteries—Bentley, Harper, J. Williams and Henry; Steen and Egan.	
At Detroit—	R. H. E.
New York.....	5 7 2
Detroit.....	4 11 4
Batteries—Warhop, Cole, Keating and Nunemaker; Cayet and McKee.	
At Chicago—	R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....	3 6 9
Chicago.....	1 4 2
Batteries—Shawkey and Schang; Wolfgang and Schalk.	

FIRST GAME TO-MORROW.

The first match to be played on the new city Rugby ground at Central park will be that to-morrow afternoon between the Welsh and the 50th Highlanders—B. C. Horse teams, starting at 2:45.

FAIRFIELD FOOTBALL TEAM.

The Fairfield football eleven will line up as follows for the game with the Victoria Wests at the Heywood Avenue grounds to-morrow at 3 o'clock: Goal, Leeming; backs, J. Lea and Cox; halves, G. Clegg, Church, and A. Clegg; forwards, Gibson, Creighton, S. Richards, R. Lea, and Erickson.

Social Function—Court Maple Leaf, A. O. F., will hold a social dance at the Foresters' hall to-night. Dancing will commence at 9. An invitation is extended to A. O. F. brethren on H. M. C. S. Rainbow.

Two men were shooting birds in a field. A constable passing at the time, and not being particularly busy, demanded with officious dignity to see their licenses. Immediately one of the men turned and ran as if for dear life, and led the constable a stern chase for about half a mile, when he was caught. "Now show me your license," demanded the angry officer. The man promptly produced it. "Why did you run when you had a license?" asked the surprised constable. "Because the other fellow hadn't one, see?"

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

TO RENT—Modern 3-room suite in Wick Apartments, Oak Bay avenue, \$15 to \$20. Apply Janitor.

LOST—Ball bearing and nut from truck. Finder return to Simon Leiser & Co. 823 Times.

TO RENT—New 7 roomed house, furnace, fine location, close in; rent \$30. Apply 1815 Belmont avenue.

WANT TO EXCHANGE—Small cottage piano, Bord. Paris, worth \$40, for men's bicycle in good condition. Phone 52812.

WANTED—A good bird dog; no fancy prices. Box 845, Times.

ONE APARTMENT to rent, ground floor, 184 Southgate street. Inquire the caretaker.

LADY would take orders for 1 doz. to 2 doz. apple pies a day, 10c. size. Box 842, Times.

FOR SALE—1913 Cadillac car (5-passenger), guaranteed in first-class condition. Books like new; price \$1,150 cash. Phone 5438 or 4912.

ENGLISH OAK BOOKCASE, oak desk, grass chairs, rug, box couch, mission table, 4 chairs on suite, Singer sewing machine, chest drawers, bed couch, mirror, vacuum sweeper, kitchen utensils, etc., almost new; must be sold immediately. Suite 11, Ailsa Mansions. Phone 13901.

WANTED—At once, a shingler; state price per thousand. Apply Box 845, Times.

TREBARTHA APTS., 1946 View street. Several vacancies, reduced rents. Apply Suite 6, or telephone 7611.

WANTED—Pasture for 2 or 3 horses. Apply Box 623, Times.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred pointer dog, thoroughly trained. Apply 2325 Hault street. Phone 2396.

GOOD BOARD AND ROOM. American cooking; reasonable rates. 2531 Government street.

BIGGEST BARGAIN IN VICTORIA—Three-room, all modern flat, bath, gas, etc., close in; rent \$15. Malet & Company, 403 Central Building.

ALBERT GERMAN, late Royal Carl Rosa Opera, London, 1415 Fort. Phone 5911.

FOR SALE—Cheap, 30 ft. 12 h. p. cruising launch \$90. Apply J. M. E. P. O. Box 459. Phone 4722R.

EXCHANGE—Standard bred rooster, good traveller, quiet, afraid of nothing, for which cow or fat one. Box 825, Times.

WANTED—22 rifle, special or high power. T. Watson, 1098 Douglas.

TO RENT—Four-roomed modern house, inside city limits and just off Oak Bay car line. Rent reasonable. Phone 330242.

ROOM AND BOARD—Home comforts, 322 Coburg street, James Bay, 15 minutes from P. O. Phone 221R.

FOR SALE—Loam and manure. Phone 5212.

FOR SALE—Furniture, laundry requirements. Apply Apt. 10, 105 Menzies St.

WANTED—Second-hand Ford or Hupmobile, rooster or price right. Apply Box 851, Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, one with experience in insurance and real estate business; state salary expected. Apply Box 852, Times.

TO RENT—Four-roomed modern house, inside city limits and just off Oak Bay car line. Rent reasonable. Phone 330242.

ROOM AND BOARD—Home comforts, 322 Coburg street, James Bay, 15 minutes from P. O. Phone 221R.

FOR SALE—Loam and manure. Phone 5212.

FOR SALE—Furniture, laundry requirements. Apply Apt. 10, 105 Menzies St.

WANTED—Second-hand Ford or Hupmobile, rooster or price right. Apply Box 851, Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, one with experience in insurance and real estate business; state salary expected. Apply Box 852, Times.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
Relieved in 24 Hours
SANTAL MIDY
Each Cap. Solely bears the name MIDY
Beware of imitations

GATLIN TREATMENT FOR LIQUOR HABIT

WHAT IS THE CASH VALUE OF A MAN?

That depends on his Earning Power.

A man saved from the gutter now earns \$1,500 a year. A life annuity of \$1,500 is worth about \$32,000 cash.

Saving that man's earning power brought \$32,000 to the State.

This is what the Gatlin 3 to 5 Day Treatment is doing for scores of men.

Write for booklet with full information. All communications confidential, in plain sealed envelope.

GATLIN INSTITUTE
Phone 5466. 1485 Fort St.

Financial News

CORONATION THROWN ON MARKET FREELY

Record Low Price for Local Mining Concern This Morning

This proved an active day on the local stock exchange, but trading was at the expense of values. Not only was Portland Canal subject to selling pressure, consequent on a lack of immediate support. Coronation showed extreme weakness, sales being of quite a demoralized character during the session. Several hundred shares certificates of this mining issue were thrown on the market at the low limit of three cents per share, a bottom price seven points below the last reported figure. There was no special news to account for this bear action, but holders of the stock are impatient for news of latest developments. Closing bids, however, were strong at 30c, and lowest sellers were at 1c.

Blackbird Syndicate	10.00	49.00
B. C. Refining Co.	20	20
B. C. Copper Co.	2.00	2.00
C. N. P. Fisheries	2.00	2.00
Coronation Gold	30	10
Lucky Jim Zinc	92	16
McGillivray Coal	11	19
Nugget Gold	20	20
Portland Canal	30	10
Rambler Carbon	20	20
Red Cliff	10	10
Stowart & D.	1.00	1.00
Stewart Star	25	25
Stewart Land	7.50	7.50

Glacier Creek	43	43
Union Club (deb.)	38.50	38.50
Western Can. F. Mills	140.00	140.00
Portland Tunnels	20	20
1,000 Portland Canal	63	63
1,000 Portland Canal	63	63
1,000 Portland Canal	63	63
100 Coronation	63	63
200 Coronation	63	63
500 Coronation	63	63
100 Coronation	63	63
200 Coronation	63	63
500 Coronation	63	63

PRIVATE PURCHASES OF BONDS ALLOWED

New York, Sept. 25.—Another step toward resumption of general business in the financial markets was taken today when the stock exchange, acting in conjunction with dealers in unlisted bonds and stocks, announced that private purchases and sales of unlisted securities would be permitted when necessary at moderate concessions from July 30. It is stipulated, however, that such transactions must not be harmful to the general situation and must be kept within bounds. This ruling is a further modification of the regulations recently promulgated by the exchange, permitting dealers in bonds and unlisted notes also at moderate concessions from July 30.

CANADIAN BILLS ARE SUBJECT TO DISCOUNT

Seattle, Sept. 25.—Canadian paper money offered in Seattle, beginning today, will be subject to a discount rate of 10 per cent, such action having been decided upon by the clearing house association. Canadian gold and silver coins will not be affected by the new order. Due to the war, gold is a premium in Canada, and during the past few weeks large sums of Canadian currency have been exchanged in Seattle for gold, but no discount has been charged. It is to prevent further exodus of American gold into Canada other than is necessary in the legitimate transaction of business that the clearing house association has decided upon the discount rate, which is intended only as a temporary precaution during the period of the war. Eminent scientists believe that not a single microbe exists in mountain air above the height of two thousand feet.

MARKET FOR WHEAT WAS CHOPPY AFFAIR

Each Set-Back Followed by Fair Rally; Corn and Oats Sympathetic

Chicago, Sept. 25.—It was an unsatisfactory wheat market as prices were choppy. Several times during the session December had sharp dips under 110 and the May 110 or lower, bottom prices 104 and 114, and this followed by rally of about one cent both months. Market near the close was about 1c lower than Thursday. Cash wheat was quoted as follows: Primary receipts continue large, two million eight hundred and thirty thousand bushels today. Opening dip in corn was followed by good upturn to 72 1/2 December, 73 1/2 May. Market had half cent reaction later, with further rise in wheat. Near the close prices only about 1 under Thursday's. Shipping sales 210,000. Export houses were active in oats all day, and sales reported at 37.50 chiefly to exporters. Early rally in futures to 36c December, 37c May, market now little changed from Thursday at half under these prices.

PRICES TEND DOWN IN DULL WHEAT MARKET

Winnipeg, Sept. 25.—The wheat market was dull and trading light, with prices trending lower. There is a fair demand for cash wheat and good buying by both exporting houses and milling concerns. Financial and exchange difficulties curtail speculative business, otherwise this branch of the trade would be extremely active. Wheat options opened 1/2 to 3/4 lower, oats 1/2 to 1/4 higher, while flax was 1/2 to 1/4 lower. Wheat held fairly steady following the opening. Oats advanced 1/2 to 1/4, flax being easier. At noon October wheat was 104 1/2, December 114, and May 118, closing 1/2 to 1/4 for wheat, and 1/2 higher for oats. Cash grains closed: Wheat 1c to 1 1/2, oats 1/2 to 1/4 higher, barley 1/2 higher, and flax unchanged. Inspectors Thursday numbered 1,153 cars as against 1,669 last year, and in sight 1,070. The weather has been ideal for cash wheat and good buying by both exporters and millers is a continuance.

WILL NOT LET GO OF MILITIA PORTFOLIO

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 25.—Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes this morning declared that he had no intention of resigning his portfolio owing to differences with his colleagues. He stated that after landing in England the Canadian troops will go into camp for further training. Premier Borden is confined to his home with another attack of boils, and the cabinet sat without him this morning. Sir Robert Borden, L. A. Agassiz, of Agassiz, E. C., and the Canadian Club of New York have each given one thousand dollars to the patriotic fund. Three and one-half million dollars in gold have arrived from New York for account of the Bank of England, making thirty millions in Bank of England gold in the vaults at Ottawa.

WEATHER BEGINS TO AFFECT OPERATIONS

At Many Points in Zones of Fighting Rain and Snow Impede Movements of Troops

London, Sept. 25.—10.15 a. m.—Weather conditions, exceptionally favorable to modern military operations during the first six weeks of the war, have now changed radically and are in the main responsible for the lull prevailing in all the war areas, with the exception of the combined Montenegrin and Serbian assaults on the coveted provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Accompanying the reports of bad weather comes the ominous news of the presence of disease. Hungary has acknowledged an outbreak of cholera among her troops, and while it is denied officially, the same scourge is said to have attacked the Serbian troops. General epidemics of milder disease may be expected in the western battle area, where the troops on both sides, drenched by rain, are lying in flooded trenches.

Operations in Alsace-Lorraine are said to have come to a complete stop owing to snowstorms. Rain and floods are reported also from the zone of the Galician operations and probably account for cessation of the Russian attack on the retreating Austrians. Storm conditions will interfere greatly with motor transports, and troops taking the offensive may be greatly handicapped by inability to bring up their artillery. Among the last reservists called up in Alsace, according to dispatches, are thirty Trappist monks from the Oesberg convent. Several of the great German siege guns, probably destined for use against the fortifications of Paris, have fallen into the hands of the enemy, having become stuck in the mud when the Germans began their retreat from the Marne. The French are now digging this artillery out, but the same cause which led to their abandonment may prevent the allies using them.

GERMAN RIGHT NOW IN GREATEST PERIL

New Northern Army Engaged With It Near St. Quentin; Enemy's Centre Weakened

At the Battlefront, via Paris, Sept. 25.—6.15 p. m.—French and British troops, intermingled with Turcos and Moors, not only held their own but caused the strongly reinforced German western wing to reel backwards near St. Quentin yesterday and to-day, imperilling the German line of communication toward the frontier of Belgium. The German centre has been weakened by the rush of troops from that position to meet the threatening movement of the allies, and two strong forces were engaged at close quarters to-day between St. Quentin and Torgny. The military authorities naturally refuse to permit the disclosure of the exact position of the fighting, but it is generally known that the battle now progressing is of prime importance. Meanwhile, at other parts of the battle line, which is about 120 miles long, fighting continued to-day in dogged fashion. The allied troops followed the example set by the Germans, and dug themselves deeply in. The artillery of both armies kept up an incessant fire, while French and German aviators reconnoitred from above. The commanders of the allied forces have found the reasons for the wonderful precision of the German fire in a spy discovered in their lines, who signalled directions. He was caught and immediately shot.

LEAVE NO FRENCHMEN ALIVE IN THEIR PATH

Brutal Orders Issued to German Infantry Brigade by General Stenger. Bordeaux, Sept. 25.—12.35 p. m.—The French foreign office to-day made the statement that General Stenger, commanding the fifty-third German infantry brigade, issued an order, of which the following is a translation: "Make no prisoners. Shoot all who fall into your hands, singly or in groups, and dispatch the wounded, whether armed or unarmed, as the Germans must have no Frenchmen living behind them."

MEETS A JUST FATE.

London, Sept. 25.—2.10 p. m.—The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that Major Raja Tankavitch, to whose intrigues the source of the present war was traceable, has, according to a Vienna dispatch, been found dead by Austrians near Krupagne, where he commanded a battery of artillery in a recent battle. Major Tankavitch was formally charged by the Austrian government with supplying from the Serbian arms factory the revolvers with which the Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife were assassinated at Sarajevo.

GERMANS DESTROY BRIDGES

London, Sept. 25.—4.17 p. m.—Cabling from Amsterdam, the correspondent of the Central News says a telegram received there from Maastricht conveys the news that arrivals from Liege are declaring that the Germans are blowing up all the bridges in the vicinity that might be of strategic value to their enemies.

WILL BREAK KAISER WHATEVER THE COST

However Long It Takes, Chancellor Lloyd George Says, the Empire Will See It Through

London, Sept. 25.—6.12 p. m.—Speaking to-day at a meeting of his neighbors at Cricketh, Wales, Chancellor Lloyd George declared that the war was quite unexpected. He never dreamed it would occur, he said, until a few days before hostilities began. He never thought any country could be so devilish as to pretend great friendship and at the same time make elaborate arrangements to attack. Indeed, he thought war was so far away that he had made arrangements to spend August and September at Cricketh. It took fifteen years to break Napoleon, the chancellor continued. He said he did not believe it would take nearly so long to vanquish Emperor William, but, long or short, the Empire was going to see it through.

GERMAN RIGHT NOW IN GREATEST PERIL

New Northern Army Engaged With It Near St. Quentin; Enemy's Centre Weakened

At the Battlefront, via Paris, Sept. 25.—6.15 p. m.—French and British troops, intermingled with Turcos and Moors, not only held their own but caused the strongly reinforced German western wing to reel backwards near St. Quentin yesterday and to-day, imperilling the German line of communication toward the frontier of Belgium. The German centre has been weakened by the rush of troops from that position to meet the threatening movement of the allies, and two strong forces were engaged at close quarters to-day between St. Quentin and Torgny. The military authorities naturally refuse to permit the disclosure of the exact position of the fighting, but it is generally known that the battle now progressing is of prime importance. Meanwhile, at other parts of the battle line, which is about 120 miles long, fighting continued to-day in dogged fashion. The allied troops followed the example set by the Germans, and dug themselves deeply in. The artillery of both armies kept up an incessant fire, while French and German aviators reconnoitred from above. The commanders of the allied forces have found the reasons for the wonderful precision of the German fire in a spy discovered in their lines, who signalled directions. He was caught and immediately shot.

THE WAR IS HITTING NON-COMBATANTS VERY HARD

It cost Switzerland £2,800,000 to mobilize, and to keep the army on a war footing means another £1,800,000 a month. And their annual budget is barely £4,500,000.

War Dictionary

An Explanation of British Military Terms

Infantry.
Company—Two hundred and fifty officers and men; in the case of mounted infantry, 163 officers and men.
Battalion—Four companies — 1,600 men, with machine guns.
Brigade—Four battalions.
Division—Three brigades of infantry, two squadrons of cavalry, three field one Howitzer brigade of artillery, one heavy battery and ammunition column, two field companies of engineers, one signal company, three field ambulances, transport and train, total 18,407 officers and men, 78 guns and 5,904 horses. The combatant strength is about 15,000.
Army corps—Two divisions. In the case of continental armies in war time a third division composed of reservists is generally added. Continental divisions are somewhat larger than British, and may be put at 20,000 men. A German (and perhaps French) army corps may consist of 60,000 men, of whom about 50 per cent. would be combatants.

Cavalry.
Squadron—One hundred and fifty men.
Regiment—Three squadrons and a machine gun section.
Brigade—Three regiments. When acting independently horse artillery and engineers are attached.
Division—Four cavalry brigades, two horse artillery brigades, four field troops of engineers, one signal squadron, four signal troops, four cavalry field ambulances, together with transport and train. This represents a total of 9,302 officers and men, with 9,307 horses, a number of motor cars, motor tricycles and bicycles. Number of combatants about 7,000.

Artillery.
Battery is composed as follows:
Horse artillery—6 13-pounder guns, 208 officers and men.
Field artillery—6 18-pounders and 203 officers and men.
Howitzer—6 5-inch guns and 191 officers and men.
Heavy—4 "Long Toms" and 171 officers and men.
Garrison artillery—A variable quantity, according to the men and guns on the size of the forts manned.
In the French army a battery consists of four guns.
A brigade consists, in the case of horse artillery, of two batteries and ammunition column (671 officers and men and 756 horses). In the case of field artillery of three batteries and ammunition column (738 men and 733 horses). In the case of field Howitzer artillery, of three batteries and ammunition column.

Flying Corps.
Aeroplane squadron—Twelve aeroplanes and two kites.
An airship battalion in the British army consists of from 20 to 30 officers and nearly 200 men.
File—Two men.
Section—Cavalry, 4 men; infantry, one-eighth of a company (about 20 men) Artillery, 2 guns and their crews and wagons. Medical corps, 3 Red Cross wagons, their stretcher-bearers, doctors and orderlies.
Field ambulance—Three "sections" of medical corps.
Platoon—A quarter company of infantry.
Company—Royal engineers, between 180 and 200 men. Army service corps, about 100.
Miscellaneous Terms.
Train—Indicates all the baggage and impedimenta of an army which is not carried with the first line transport. Usually includes water and small arms ammunition carts, cooks' carts of travelling kitchens.
Patrol—A reconnoitering cavalry detachment, containing anything from two men to a squadron.
Piquet—A term as elastic as "patrol," denoting an infantry guard in front of a stationary army or detachment.
Outpost—May consist of anything from a company to a big force of all arms. Its size and constitution are determined by its duties, which are to ward off an enemy long enough to allow the army in the rear to make all its dispositions for defence or attack.
Advance Guard—Usually one-sixth of the main army.
Corps—This word no longer describes a British fighting unit, but is used to describe "regiments" which, split into infinitesimal parts, are distributed all over a fighting force, i.e.—Army Service Corps, Royal Army Medical Corps, Army Veterinary Corps, and Army Ordnance Corps; the last deals only with the material of war, and furnishes everything from filters to fire-arms.
Column—A force of any size on the march. A division, for instance, when making a strategic advance, may move in two or three columns.
Wing and Flank—Usually interchangeable terms, and denote the right and left sides of an advancing line of troops, no matter how deep or how long that line may be.
Strategical—A term used with reference to the process by which an army is brought into the theatre of operations.
Tactical—A term applied to the movement of troops when in actual contact with the enemy.
Covering Troops.
A screen of troops of all arms is pushed out in front of each army to feel for and get in touch with the enemy, and to prevent him from getting in and obtaining information. The outermost fringe of this company is composed of cavalry split up into small parties or patrols, which work the enemy's country, gathering and sending back information, preventing the destruction of roads and railways which their own army will want to use, stopping the removal or secretion of supplies, and a thousand and one other things. In 1870 the German cavalry screen was often 30 miles ahead of the main armies. The screen increases in strength from front to rear, the advanced elements being backed up by artillery and infantry, so that in the event of a check or of an attempt by the enemy to penetrate the screen, a force can be immediately concentrated for offensive or defensive purposes.
Reconnaissance.
A complete force of all arms, which may be anything from a brigade to an army corps, is sometimes sent on a special mission to penetrate into the enemy's country for the purpose of obtaining special information. Such a force would, when in touch with the enemy, attack him vigorously and compel him to expose his strength. Notable examples of reconnaissance in force have been the French dash to Muehausen and to Saarburg, and the operations of the Germans against the Belgians to the north of the Meuse.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, SEPT. 24-25
William Elliott presents the Comedy sensation
KITTY MACKAY
The love story with a laugh in every line.
Written by Catherine Chisholm Cushing.
Prices: 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50
Seats on sale Tuesday.
Curtain 8.30.

Extract From "BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL" March 23, 1907.
"A Most Valuable Food"
At a time when the preparation of artificial foodstuffs is receiving more attention than ever before, and when new forms of easily assimilable fat to take the place of cod liver oil are being frequently brought to the notice of the medical profession, it is desirable that some of the older forms of administering natural fats should not be lost sight of. Among natural fats, butter easily takes first place for nutritive value, and when combined with a suitable soluble carbohydrate, a most valuable food is produced.
The BUTTER SCOTCH which Messrs. Callard & Bower (Duke's Road, Buxton, Road, W. C.) have prepared for fifty years is such an article, which has the great advantage of being palatable, so palatable in fact, that children are more likely to need restraining from excess than any persuading to take it. This BUTTER SCOTCH is stated to contain 31.7 per cent. of fat and 79.3 per cent. of sugar, and the results of an analysis which we have made recently of a specimen substantially confirm these figures; further chemical examination of the fat extracted showed it to be genuine butter fat. This confection can therefore be recommended not only as a suitable sweetmeat, but also as a very useful addition to the diet in suitable cases.
In all the Principal candy stores in Victoria.

(Established 1890.)
Your Prescription
When entrusted to our care, is prepared by qualified dispensers from purest drugs and chemicals.
"Our service is prompt and our prices are right."
JOHN COCHRANE
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.
N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
Phones 452 and 3395.
Prompt Delivery.
To the educated ad reader, QUALITY OF GOODS is of first importance — price — concessions secondary.

GET AN ATLAS
In reading about the war you want to know the geography of the countries affected, and should have an Atlas handy to look
The Canadian Home and Office Atlas of the World
Issued by the Times, and of which a few copies still remain, gives all the information readers of the war telegrams require to keep accurately informed about the locations of probable battles.
The Atlas contains a new series of maps compiled from Government surveys and exhibiting the latest results of geographical research. The book contains 126 pages and is divided in four sections, as follows:
First Section, pages 1 to 62—Maps of Canada, the British Empire, and all parts of the world; 62 full pages of beautiful and accurate maps.
Second Section, pages 1 to 40—Population figures of all cities and towns of Canada, principal cities of the world and a descriptive gazetteer of the principal cities of the world.
Third Section, pages 1 to 8—The World in half-tone.
Fourth Section, pages 1 to 16—Panama and the Canal.
PRICE \$1.25
To be obtained at Times Office only until the supply is exhausted.
THE TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO.
Corner Fort and Broad Streets,
Victoria, B. C.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital Paid Up	\$16,000,000.00
Reserve	16,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	1,098,988.40
Total Assets (October, 1913)	242,263,219.60

Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland, and in London, Eng. Offices in New York, Chicago, Spokane and Mexico City, and Agencies or Correspondents the world over.

Travellers' Cheques and Letters of Credit

Issued by the Bank of Montreal provide a safe and most convenient supply of ready money when travelling. Negotiable in all parts of the world.

C. SWEENEY, Supt. of British Columbia Branches, VANCOUVER.
J. S. C. FRASER, Manager, VICTORIA.

