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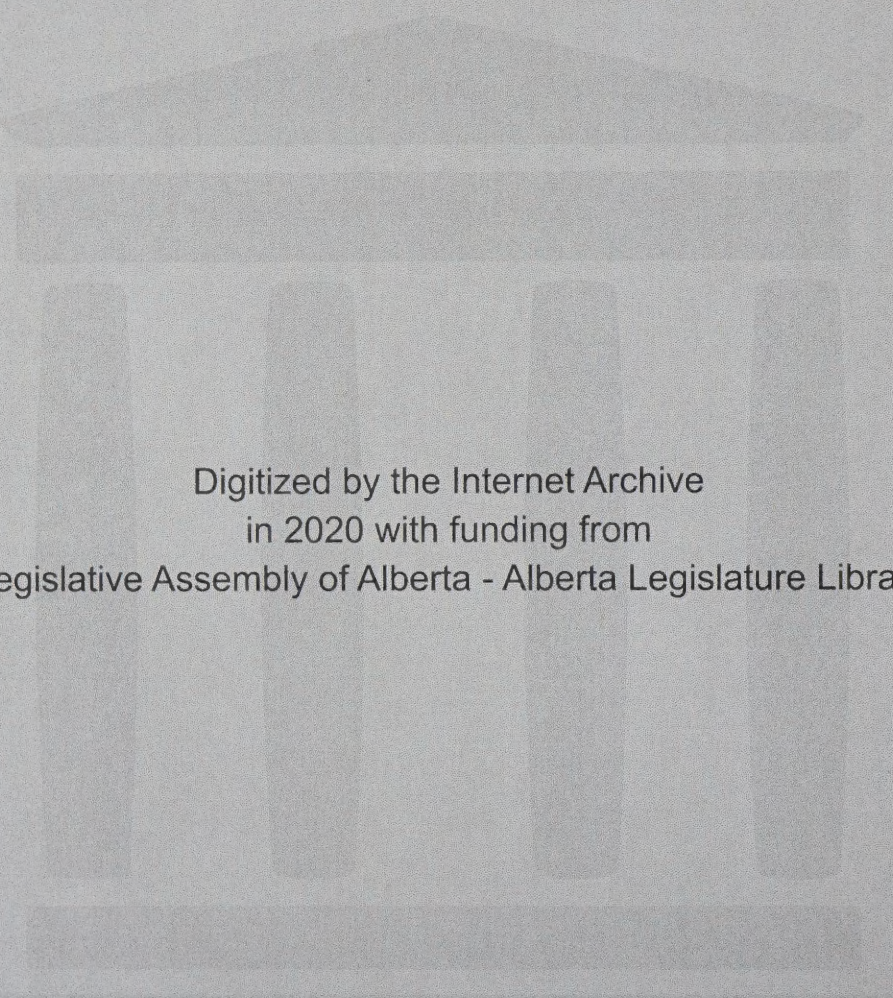
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Alberta Racing Commission.
Annual Report, 1963.



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The Honourable Justice Gauthier,
Provincial Secretary,
Government of Alberta.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

THE ALBERTA RACING COMMISSION

Established by Order in Council, May 1, 1962.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT
of
THE ALBERTA RACING COMMISSION
October 1st, 1962 - December 31st, 1963.

The Commission was established by Order in Council on May 1, 1962, and its first meeting was held on October 1st, 1962. The Commission was created to advise the Government on the regulation and control of racing in Alberta. The Commission has since that time been actively engaged in its duties and has held several public hearings. It has also held several public hearings on the subject of racing in Alberta.

The Commission has since its establishment been actively engaged in its duties and has held several public hearings. It has also held several public hearings on the subject of racing in Alberta. The Commission has since that time been actively engaged in its duties and has held several public hearings. It has also held several public hearings on the subject of racing in Alberta.



To: Honourable Ambrose Holowach,
Provincial Secretary,
Province of Alberta.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

of

THE ALBERTA RACING COMMISSION

October 1st, 1962 - December 31st, 1963.

ESTABLISHMENT AND ORGANIZATION

This is the first Annual Report of the Alberta Racing Commission since its creation following the proclaiming of The Alberta Racing Commission Act on October 1st, 1962, and the appointment of three Members by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. The period from October 1st, 1962 to March 31st, 1963, was one of establishment and organization. During that period the Commission held many meetings.

The Commission spent considerable time drafting Rules to be promulgated to govern Thoroughbred and Trotting, Pacing and Harness Racing. Consultations were held with qualified racing officials and authorities and reference was made to Rules in force and used by previous racing jurisdictions in Alberta and by other Racing Commissions in Canada, the United States and overseas. The Thoroughbred Rules promulgated were reviewed with representatives of the Edmonton and Calgary Exhibition Associations and their operating organization, The Western Canada Racing Association Ltd., the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, the Alberta Thoroughbred Association, the Jockey's Benefit Association of Canada and the Southern Alberta Racing Association Ltd., at a meeting held in Calgary immediately prior to the opening of the 1963 thoroughbred season. Similarly, a

THAT ANNUAL REPORT

THE LIBRARY RATING COMMISSION
Quarter 1st, 1961 - December 31st, 1961

REMARKS ON THE RATING

This is the first report of the Library Rating Commission since its creation following the passing of the Alabama Library Commission Act in October, 1957, and the appointment of new members by the Governor in January, 1961. The period from October 1st, 1961 to March 31st, 1962, was spent in conducting the rating process. During this period the Commission has held several public hearings and conferences with representatives of the libraries and library associations.

The Commission has conducted its rating process in a systematic and thorough manner. It has held public hearings and conferences with representatives of the libraries and library associations. It has also conducted a survey of the libraries and library associations in Alabama. The Commission has found that the majority of the libraries and library associations in Alabama are in good financial condition and are providing a high quality of service to their patrons. The Commission has also found that there is a need for more libraries and library associations in Alabama, particularly in the rural areas. The Commission has recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide financial assistance to the libraries and library associations in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide technical assistance to the libraries and library associations in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide training and continuing education for library staff in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library development fund in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library research fund in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library grant-in-aid program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library loan program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library exchange program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library consortium program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library network program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library information service program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library reference service program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library collection development program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library preservation program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digitization program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital preservation program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital archive program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital repository program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library of the future program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library of the past program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library of the present program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library of the future, past, and present program in Alabama. The Commission has also recommended that the State Library Board be authorized to provide a library digital library of the future, past, and present program in Alabama.

meeting was held with representatives of Western Harness Raceways Ltd., to consider with them Rules to be promulgated by the Commission to govern Trotting, Pacing and Harness racing. As a result of these meetings, some changes and additions to the Rules were adopted and adequate provision made for the needs of the 1963 racing season. It must be stressed that the Rules of the Commission are under constant scrutiny and review and changes and additions are adopted from time to time to provide for ever changing conditions and needs.

Funds for the establishment and organization expenses of the Commission were provided by Special Warrant No. 67-62-63 and the expenditures were as follows:

Remuneration, Commission Members	\$ 5,750.00
Office Equipment, Materials & Supplies	2,726.04
Travelling Expenses	1,816.64
Legal Fees	1,500.00
Membership Fees	550.00
Telephone and Telegraph Charges	56.45
Office Rent	50.00
Postage	18.60
Miscellaneous	65.22
	<hr/>
	\$ 12,532.95
	<hr/>

THOROUGHERED RACING

1. MEETINGS

There were ten race meetings and eighty-seven days of racing in 1963 as follows:

Calgary	3 meetings	40 days of racing
Edmonton	3	35
Lethbridge	1	7
Lake McGregor	1	2
Millarville	1	1
Stettler	1	2

Complete statistical information is attached hereto in Schedule "A" which forms a part of this Report.

meeting and will be held at the residence of the Chairman, Mr. J. H. ...
 with their names to be furnished to the Chairman to ensure that the ...
 and later in the year. As a result of these meetings, some changes had ...
 the following were adopted and approved by the Board at the 1965 meeting ...
 however, it was recommended that the Board of the Corporation be ...
 authority and should also include the Chairman and the Board as ...
 provide for more efficient operation and control.

It is the recommendation of the Board of the Corporation ...
 were provided by General Counsel Mr. J. H. ... and the Board of the Corporation ...

4,750.00	Director, Chairman
1,750.00	Other Expenses, Materials & Supplies
1,500.00	Traveling Expenses
1,000.00	Legal Fees
500.00	Printing & Stationery
250.00	Telephone and Telegraph Charges
100.00	Office Rent
100.00	Postage
50.00	Miscellaneous
<u>12,350.00</u>	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1. MEETINGS

There were ten meetings and eight days held in 1965

as follows:

Chicago	1	1 day
Evansville	1	1 day
Indianapolis	1	1 day
Laurens, Michigan	1	1 day
Marion, Indiana	1	1 day
Indianapolis	1	1 day

Complete financial statements in respect to 1965 are attached hereto.

Very truly yours,

2. LICENSES

All persons conducting race meetings and those directly associated with the running of races are licensed by the Commission. Licenses issued and license fees collected in 1963 were as follows:

Race Meetings:

Calgary Exhibition & Stampede Ltd., Calgary Alberta.	\$ 16,000.00
Edmonton Exhibition Association Limited, Edmonton, Alberta	14,000.00
Southern Alberta Racing Association Ltd., Lethbridge, Alberta	875.00
Lake McGregor Memorial Park Association, Queenstown, Alta.	5.00
Millarville Racing & Sports Association, Midnapore, Alberta	5.00
Stettler Light Horse Association, Stettler, Alberta	5.00
	<u>5.00</u>
	<u>\$ 30,890.00</u>

Personnel:

419 Owners	4,190.00
144 Trainers	1,440.00
59 Stable Names	590.00
40 Jockeys & Apprentice Jockeys	200.00
26 Jockey's Agents	130.00
126 Authorized Agents	126.00
47 Exercise Boys	47.00
266 Grooms	266.00
13 Veterinarians	65.00
	<u>65.00</u>
	<u>\$ 7,054.00</u>

3. RACE OFFICIALS

The Commission was successful in securing the services of Col. J.R. Younger, to act as Commission Steward at Edmonton and Calgary. Col. Younger is well known in Western Canada thoroughbred racing circles, as he acted as Steward representing the Alberta-Saskatchewan Thoroughbred Society during the years 1961 and 1962, when that body acted as the governing body of thoroughbred racing in Alberta and Saskatchewan. He has a wide and varied knowledge of all phases of the sport and a reputation for outstanding ability, thoroughness and impartiality. Unfortunately, he found it necessary, for personal reasons, to return to Florida during the course of the season. The

1. REVENUES

All revenues collected in 1952 were as follows:

Source	Amount
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
Total	...

2. EXPENDITURES

Category	Amount
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
Total	...

3. NET ASSETS

The Government was organized to carry the activities of
 as an instrument of and
 Western Canada Development Bank
 Alberta-Quebec Development Bank
 body and the primary body is
 in the wide and varied
 economic
 for financial reasons, to

Commission was fortunate to secure qualified replacements in Mr. Louis H. Eilken and Mr. D. J. Wilson Dunn, who between them completed the balance of the season.

The Steward representing the Commission at each race meeting had associated with him throughout the season, two Stewards representing the Licensees conducting the meetings. Together, the three Stewards acted as a panel in their supervision of all racing.

Dr. J. Gordon Anderson, D.V.M., Calgary, Alberta, acted as Commission Veterinarian at all meetings at Edmonton, Calgary and Lethbridge. Dr. Anderson is well known as a race horse Veterinarian and the Commission was fortunate to have the benefit of his knowledge and experience throughout the 1963 season.

4. STEWARDS' RULINGS

The Stewards issued 37 rulings involving personnel licensed by the Commission for infractions of its Rules. The infractions of the Rules included alleged "touting", disorderly and improper conduct, outstanding financial obligations, faulty entries, improper and poor riding, associating or fraternizing with persons under suspension by this Commission and the possession or use of hypodermic syringes and drugs and stimulants. The rulings imposed penalties consisting of the suspension of licenses or the payment of fines, or a combination of the two and for varying periods of time and sums of money, in keeping with established turf procedure and the nature and severity of the infraction or violation of the Rules.

The Commission cannot emphasize too strongly the seriousness with which it views the possession and use of hypodermic syringes and narcotics and drugs which may affect the performance of a horse by those other than qualified and licensed veterinarians. It provides rules prohibiting the possession and use of same and penalties for infractions of those rules. During the past season, the Stewards issued three rulings for the possession and/or use of hypodermic syringes and drugs.

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Subject to the following:

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In one case, the Ruling imposed a suspension of the license of the offender for a period of sixty racing days. In each of the other two cases, where the offenders were actually caught in the act of injecting or attempting to inject a horse just prior to a race, the ruling recommended a fine of \$1,000.00 and permanent expulsion from racing in Alberta. The latter two rulings were referred to the Commission. A public hearing was held and fines of \$1,000.00 were imposed on each of the offenders and their licenses were revoked. This is believed to be among the more severe penalties handed down by any Commission in North America in recent years.

The Stewards also suspended an owner-trainer and a jockey for continuously associating with people already under suspension by this Commission. The Stewards' rulings were appealed to the Commission. After a public hearing the appeals were dismissed and the rulings upheld.

Both hearings conducted by the Commission in 1963 were open to the public and members of the racing fraternity were encouraged to attend. At each hearing the attendance taxed the capacity of the room in which the hearings were held. By attending these hearings those engaged in racing are made aware that anyone who appears before the Commission is assured of a fair and thorough hearing, they become more familiar with the rules and recognize that the Commission will not tolerate the ignoring of its rules or infractions of them.

The Commission intends to press its efforts to control and eliminate the use of those drugs or stimulants which can affect the performance of a horse in a manner detrimental to the public interest. It feels most strongly that such a course is essential if the sport of horse racing is to prosper and if the public interest is to be protected.

5. GENERAL

Thoroughbred racing is well established in Alberta. It finds ready acceptance with a considerable segment of the citizens of the Province and its

Faint, illegible text, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The text is arranged in several paragraphs and appears to be a formal document or report. The content is too light to transcribe accurately.

administration is currently in the hands of persons who are ever conscious of their responsibility to all those directly involved in the sport, as well as the general, or betting public. The sport is efficiently managed and well presented for public acceptance.

TROTting, PACING & HARNESS RACING

6. MEETINGS

There were three race meetings and 40 days of racing in 1963 as follows:

Calgary	1 meeting	12 days of racing
Edmonton	2 meetings	28 days of racing

Complete statistical information is attached hereto in Schedule "B" which forms a part of this report.

7. LICENSES

As in the case of Thoroughbred racing, the Rules provide that all persons conducting race meetings and those directly associated with the running of races shall be licensed by the Commission. Licenses issued and license fees collected in 1963 were as follows:

Race Meetings:

Western Harness Raceways Ltd.,	
Calgary	\$1,620.00
Edmonton	<u>2,660.00</u>
	<u>\$ 4,280.00</u>

Personnel:

Owners, Trainers, Drivers, Exercise Boys, Stable Names, Grooms, Hot Walkers and Veterinarians	<u>\$ 205.00</u>
---	------------------

License fees assessed against those conducting race meetings reflect, in part, the cost of the Commission's racing officials, which costs vary from city to city. This accounts for the difference in the license fees between Edmonton and Calgary.

Administrative is conducted in the form of a meeting and a
report is prepared. The report is submitted to the
Board of Directors. The report is also submitted to the
Board of Directors.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Administrative

The administrative staff consists of the following:
1. Secretary
2. Receptionist
3. Bookkeeper
4. Office Assistant

Administrative Staff

Administrative

The administrative staff consists of the following:

1. Secretary
2. Receptionist
3. Bookkeeper
4. Office Assistant

Administrative Staff

Administrative Staff

Secretary
Receptionist
Bookkeeper
Office Assistant

Administrative Staff

Administrative Staff

8. RACE OFFICIALS

Mr. Jack Forbes, Edmonton, Alberta, acted as Commission Judge and he was assisted by two Judges appointed by the Western Harness Raceways Ltd. Dr. Roy Saito, Leduc, Alberta, was the Commission's Veterinarian at both Edmonton and Calgary. Officials of the Commission displayed a knowledge of the sport in which they are engaged and a keen sense of duty and responsibility, not only to the Commission, but to all those directly engaged in the sport and to the general public, as well.

9. JUDGES' RULINGS

The Judges issued fourteen rulings involving licensees for infractions of the Rules of the Commission. The rulings imposed penalties for faulty or bad driving, bad conduct and for the possession of hypodermic syringes and the use of drugs and stimulants. The resulting penalties included the suspension of licenses for varying periods of time and the imposition of fines. Three Rulings involving the possession and use of hypodermic syringes and drugs were reviewed by the Commission. Because of the seriousness with which the Commission views this particular infraction of its Rules, it extended or increased the penalties originally imposed by the Judges. In one instance, a fine imposed by the Judges and concurred in by the Commission remains unpaid. As a consequence, the licensee in question remains under suspension, at least until such time as the fine is paid, when the case may be reviewed by the Commission once again.

10. GENERAL

Trotting, Pacing and Harness Racing, with pari-mutuel wagering, is a comparatively new endeavor in Alberta. It appears to be gaining in popularity with a growing number of the citizens of the Province. A good deal of credit is due those

... the ... of ...

... the ... of ...

... the ... of ...

who pioneered the sport and who apparently have and continue to be willing to put forth time, effort and no doubt financial resources to have it established on a sound financial basis. They are worthy of consideration and encouragement in their efforts. At the same time, the Commission must emphasize that it considers its rules basic and minimum to the interests of the general public, including all those directly connected with the sport and the Rules and licensing requirements must be fully respected and observed if the sport is to continue and prosper in the Province of Alberta.

GENERAL

11. INCOME AND EXPENDITURES

The Income of the Commission is derived from license fees paid by persons who conduct race meetings and owners, trainers, drivers and other personnel directly connected with the running of races together with fines imposed against licensees for infractions of the Rules of the Commission. The cost of maintaining the Commission includes the Commissioners' honorariums; fees and expenses of Commission Stewards, Judges and Veterinarians; Legal Fees; Travelling Expenses; Horse Tattooing costs; the provision and distribution of Rule Books and the cost of maintaining the office of the Commission, including rent, office assistance, printed forms and supplies, postage, telephones, telegrams, etc.

Considerable time was spent prior to the commencement of the current year in estimating the cost of maintaining the Commission and of assessing such costs against all segments of the sport on a fair and equitable basis. The Commission took into account the need for efficiency and economy and the desirability of achieving a balanced budget. Without prior experience or comparisons to use as a guide, it was somewhat difficult to estimate both Income and Expenditures. Many "unknowns" present themselves, such as the number and amount of fines which may be imposed during the

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DISCLOSURE

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season and the number and cost of hearings or appeals there may be against decisions of the Stewards and Judges for infractions of the Rules of the Commission. During the year under review, the amount of Income derived from fines was in excess of budget estimates and the cost of hearings and appeals less than budget estimates. Had it not been for these two factors, the Income and Expenditures of the Commission would have been in close balance and in keeping with budget estimates. As it was, they contributed to the estimated excess of Income over Expenditure which is revealed by the following interim statement:

	April 1st to Dec. 31/63	Jan. 1st to Mar. 31/64 (Estimate)	Total April 1/63 to Mar. 31/64
INCOME:			
Thoroughbred:			
Licenses	37,944.00	-	37,944.00
Fines	3,400.00	-	3,400.00
Trotting, Pacing & Harness:			
Licenses	4,485.00	-	4,485.00
Fines	310.00	-	310.00
	<u>\$ 46,139.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 46,139.00</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Commissioners' Honorariums	5,250.00	5,250.00	10,500.00
Stewards' Fees & Expenses	13,535.75	-	13,535.75
Judges' Fees	1,300.00	-	1,300.00
Veterinarians' Fees & Expenses	6,370.00	350.00	6,720.00
Horse Tattooing Costs	800.66	-	800.66
Stationery & Office Supplies	717.94	50.00	767.94
Telephone, Telegraph & Postage	413.24	150.00	563.24
Travelling Expenses	902.75	1,800.00	2,702.75
Legal Fees	-	750.00	750.00
Office Rentals	225.00	75.00	300.00
Office Assistance	676.50	58.20	734.70
Hearings & Appeals	855.00	-	855.00
Membership - N.A.S.R.C.	-	550.00	550.00
Insurance Premiums	170.05	-	170.05
Miscellaneous	60.38	-	60.38
	<u>\$ 31,277.27</u>	<u>\$ 9,033.20</u>	<u>\$ 40,310.47</u>
EXCESS INCOME over EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 14,861.73</u>	<u>(\$ 9,033.20)</u>	<u>\$ 5,828.53</u>

12. PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING

The supervision of pari-mutuel wagering is a responsibility of the Government of Canada and comes under the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture. The Department has on loan to it each year a number of Royal Canadian Mounted Police personnel, who in addition to their duties in the supervision of betting, do a most excellent and thorough job of security, surveillance and investigating of many of the aspects of racing and race personnel. The Commission is pleased to be able to report that it had the full support and confidence of the supervisory staff of the Federal Department of Agriculture and in particular of the R.C.M.P. detachment assigned to it. It cannot speak too highly of their keen sense of duty and responsibility and of their assistance, or be too loud in its praise of the efforts they put forth to investigate all possible infractions of the Rules of the Commission. Without this assistance and co-operation the duties and responsibilities of the Commission would have been much more onerous. In fact the expenses of the Commission would be substantially increased had it to provide its own security and conduct its own investigations of a comparable calibre.

13. NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF STATE RACING COMMISSIONERS

This Commission is an associate member of this important organization, which includes in its membership other Canadian Commissions, most of the Commissions in the United States and some of those existing in other foreign countries. Amongst its many functions, the National Association distributes to all its members a weekly bulletin in which is recorded all disciplinary rulings imposed by all member Commissions, as well as changes in their Rules, statistical data, etc. Each member Commission honours the rulings of other member Commissions. In this way, all Commissions are kept well informed. Undesirable race personnel and practices are

The National Association of State Legislatures is the largest and most influential organization of state legislators in the United States. It was founded in 1893 and has since that time been a leading force in the development of state government and the promotion of state interests. The Association's primary purpose is to represent the interests of state legislators and to promote the best interests of the states. It does this through a variety of means, including lobbying, public relations, and legislative research. The Association also provides a forum for state legislators to discuss and coordinate their actions on national issues. In addition, it publishes a journal, the *State Legislatures*, which is a leading source of information on state government and politics. The Association's membership is composed of representatives from all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. It is a non-profit organization and is supported by contributions from state legislatures and private individuals.

13. NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF STATE LEGISLATURES

The National Association of State Legislatures is a non-profit organization that represents the interests of state legislators and promotes the best interests of the states. It was founded in 1893 and has since that time been a leading force in the development of state government and the promotion of state interests. The Association's primary purpose is to represent the interests of state legislators and to promote the best interests of the states. It does this through a variety of means, including lobbying, public relations, and legislative research. The Association also provides a forum for state legislators to discuss and coordinate their actions on national issues. In addition, it publishes a journal, the *State Legislatures*, which is a leading source of information on state government and politics. The Association's membership is composed of representatives from all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. It is a non-profit organization and is supported by contributions from state legislatures and private individuals.

made known to all and can be controlled and largely eliminated in the best interests of all those engaged in the sport of horse racing, as well as the general public.

The Association holds an annual meeting. In 1963, the meeting was held at Phoenix, Arizona. The Commissioners attended and it is their opinion that they derived considerable benefit from many of the topics discussed.

14. COMMUNITY RACE MEETINGS

This report indicates that the Commission granted licenses for two race meetings for two days each and one for one day, all three with pari-mutuel wagering. The meetings were conducted under the auspices of community organizations, two being annual events of long standing. The third marked the revival of racing, but with the addition of pari-mutuel wagering. These community endeavors are well organized and handled and staffed by enthusiastic, local citizens, who give freely and generously of their time and knowledge of racing. They are eagerly awaited events in their respective communities and are well supported. The Commission is of the opinion that they serve a useful community purpose and make a worth-while contribution to the horse industry and horse racing in the Province of Alberta. Another community meeting which has been an annual event at High River for many years was of necessity cancelled in 1963, because of the loss of a portion of the track facilities to other uses. It is the understanding of the Commission that efforts are being made to resume normal activities in 1964.

15. DAYS OF RACING

The Commission gave careful consideration to the prevailing pattern of the location and number of race meetings and days of racing in the Province. It came to the conclusion the schedule was in keeping with the current population and economy of the Province. Applications for meetings and days of racing were considered and licenses approved accordingly. It is the considered opinion of the Commission that

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the success of any business and for the protection of the interests of all parties involved. The document also outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data, highlighting the need for consistency and reliability in the information gathered.

The second part of the document focuses on the analysis of the collected data. It describes the various statistical and analytical tools used to interpret the results and identify trends and patterns. The document also discusses the importance of comparing the results of the analysis with the objectives of the study and the expectations of the stakeholders. This part of the document provides a detailed overview of the analytical process and the challenges associated with it.

The third part of the document discusses the implications of the findings and the conclusions drawn from the analysis. It highlights the key insights and recommendations that can be derived from the data and how they can be used to inform decision-making and improve the performance of the organization. The document also addresses the limitations of the study and the need for further research in this area. This part of the document provides a clear and concise summary of the main findings and their practical implications.

The fourth part of the document discusses the future directions of the research and the potential for further exploration in this field. It identifies the key areas that need to be addressed and the challenges that need to be overcome. The document also discusses the importance of collaboration and the need for a multidisciplinary approach to the study of this topic. This part of the document provides a vision for the future of the field and the role of researchers in advancing our understanding of the subject.

The fifth part of the document discusses the overall significance of the study and the contributions it has made to the field. It highlights the key findings and the implications of the research for practice and policy. The document also discusses the limitations of the study and the need for further research in this area. This part of the document provides a clear and concise summary of the main findings and their practical implications.

if desirable practices and results are to be achieved and maintained, in the public interest, there should not be any significant increase in the number of race meetings and the number of days of racing, for the present or for the immediate future.

16. BREEDERS' PREMIUMS

The policy adopted by the Commission is that while it is in favor of encouraging the race horse breeding industry in Alberta, it is not the function of the Commission to undertake either the collection or distribution of some form of breeders' premiums. It is the view of the Commission that Breeders' Premiums is a matter to be resolved by those engaged in the racing industry themselves, both as to the nature of the policy to be adopted and the method of implementing same. It should be pointed out that the Commission is not opposed to financial support and encouragement to those breeding Alberta race horses. There is not anything in the Rules of the Commission which prohibits the payment of breeders' premiums or the promotion of the race horse breeding industry in this Province. The Commission does not consider that it would be in the public interest or in the interest of racing to finance any such breeders' premiums through any increase in the pari-mutuel 'take-out'.

17. TATTOOING

By agreement with the Thoroughbred Racing Protective Bureau, New York, the Commission assumed responsibility for and continued the practice in effect in Alberta during the past two or three years of tattooing thoroughbred horses racing in this Province. Tattooing provides the best means of horse identification known to date. It is considered to be in the best interests both of the industry and the general public.

The first part of the document is devoted to the study of the general properties of the system. It is shown that the system is stable and that the solution is unique. The second part of the document is devoted to the study of the asymptotic behavior of the solution. It is shown that the solution converges to a steady state and that the convergence is exponential.

The third part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the initial conditions. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the initial conditions and that small changes in the initial conditions can lead to large changes in the solution.

The fourth part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the parameters of the system. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the parameters of the system and that small changes in the parameters can lead to large changes in the solution.

The fifth part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the noise in the system. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the noise in the system and that small changes in the noise can lead to large changes in the solution.

The sixth part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the uncertainty in the system. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the uncertainty in the system and that small changes in the uncertainty can lead to large changes in the solution.

The seventh part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the uncertainty in the initial conditions. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the uncertainty in the initial conditions and that small changes in the uncertainty can lead to large changes in the solution.

The eighth part of the document is devoted to the study of the sensitivity of the solution to the uncertainty in the parameters of the system. It is shown that the solution is highly sensitive to the uncertainty in the parameters of the system and that small changes in the uncertainty can lead to large changes in the solution.

18. ATTENDANCE AT RACE MEETINGS

Members of the Commission made regular visits to all race meetings while in progress to observe the conduct of racing. They were also available throughout the year for consultation with racing association officials and all others, whether directly connected with, or interested in some phase of racing in Alberta.

19. BUILDINGS, GROUNDS & EQUIPMENT

The Commissioners' attendance at races and race tracks included inspections of the buildings, grounds and equipment of the track operators. As a result of the inspections, the Commission has made various recommendations, suggestions and requests for changes, additions and improvements to buildings, grounds and equipment, which in the view of the Commission are either desirable or essential in the public good. In every instance, the response of the operators and others concerned has been favorable and assurances have been given that the views and wishes of the Commission will receive every consideration. In some cases the Commission's recommendations, or portions of them, have already been implemented or commenced.

20. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Commission wishes to acknowledge the whole-hearted co-operation and generous assistance it received throughout the year from the following:

Mr. Lou Davies, General Manager, and staff Western Canada
Racing Association Ltd.

Mr. A. J. Anderson, General Manager, and staff Edmonton Exhibition
Association Ltd.

Mr. M. E. Hartnett, General Manager, and staff Calgary Exhibition
and Stampede Ltd.

Messrs. Lee S. Williams, President, N.L. Chapman, Treasurer,
Southern Alberta Racing Association Limited

Lord Roderick Gordon, President, Alberta Thoroughbred Association

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and that such information is declassified as soon as possible after the date...

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of the United States and to ensure that the Department of Defense...
is able to carry out its mission effectively. This policy also...
ensures that the Department of Defense is in compliance with the...
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Col. J. Fred Scott, President, Horsemen's Benevolent & Protective Association

Mr. Emil Roy, Secretary-Manager, Jockey's Benefit Association of Canada

Mr. W. J. Connelly, President, Western Harness Raceways Ltd.

Mr. Gordon M. Findlay, Secretary, Canadian Trotting Association

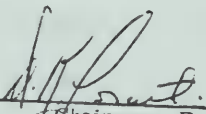
Mr. S. B. Pratt, Chief, Pari-Mutuel Betting, Canada Department of Agriculture

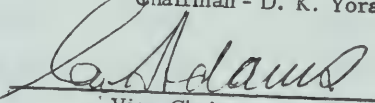
Cpl. D. W. Armstrong, officer in charge and Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Race Track Supervision Detail.

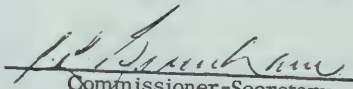
The members of this Commission, having the experience of one racing season behind them, feel that the establishment of the Commission by the Provincial Legislature has been beneficial to racing in this Province.

Respectfully submitted.

Dated at the City of Edmonton,
Province of Alberta, this 4th day
of February, 1964.


Chairman - D. K. Yorath


Vice-Chairman - C. W. Adams


Commissioner-Secretary - L. P. Bromham

The first part of the document, which is the most important, is the introduction. It is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The introduction is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The introduction is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read.

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The third part of the document is the conclusion. It is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The conclusion is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The conclusion is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read.

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The sixth part of the document is the index. It is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The index is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read. The index is written in a very clear and concise manner, and it is very easy to read.

SCHEDULE "A"

PARI-MUTUEL STATISTICS
THOROUGHBRED RACING - 1963

<u>Days</u>	<u>No. of Races</u>	<u>Amount Wagered</u>	<u>Pari-Mutuel Percentages</u>	<u>Breaks</u>	<u>Total Retained</u>
CALGARY	40	6,530,932.00	587,783.88	43,872.53	631,656.41
EDMONTON	35	8,411,539.00	757,038.51	51,026.90	808,065.41
LETHBRIDGE	7	356,973.00	32,127.57	2,447.59	34,575.16
LAKE MCGREGOR	2	6,318.00	568.62	59.19	627.81
MILLARVILLE	1	9,384.00	844.56	96.12	940.68
STETTLER	2	5,518.00	496.62	39.59	536.21
<u>87</u>	<u>685</u>	<u>\$15,320,664.00</u>	<u>1,378,859.76</u>	<u>97,541.92</u>	<u>1,476,401.68</u>

	<u>Alberta Government Tax</u>	<u>Net Gate Receipts</u>	<u>Gross Prize Money</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
CALGARY	326,546.60	95,747.00	363,690.00	136,952
EDMONTON	420,576.95	117,715.00	388,595.00	168,121
LETHBRIDGE	17,848.65	4,863.00	23,000.00	8,040
LAKE MCGREGOR	315.90	3,374.00	785.00	2,806
MILLARVILLE	469.20	1,009.00	1,750.00	1,009
STETTLER	275.90	4,538.60	650.00	13,614
	<u>\$ 766,033.20</u>	<u>227,246.60</u>	<u>778,470.00</u>	<u>330,542</u>

Source: Chief, Pari-Mutuel Betting, Canada Department of Agriculture.

SCHEDULE "B"

PARI-MUTUEL STATISTICS

TROTTING, PACING & HARNESS RACING - 1963

	<u>Days</u>	<u>No. of Races</u>	<u>Amount Wagered</u>	<u>Pari-Mutuel Percentages</u>	<u>Breaks</u>	<u>Total Retained</u>
CALGARY	12	106	480,932.00	43,283.88	3,820.74	47,104.62
EDMONTON	28	263	3,057,090.00	275,138.10	22,859.28	297,997.38
	40	369	\$3,538,022.00	318,421.98	26,680.02	345,102.00

	<u>Alberta Government Tax</u>	<u>Net Gate Receipts</u>	<u>Gross Prize Money</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
CALGARY	24,046.60	16,394.75	36,250.00	22,462
EDMONTON	152,854.50	50,260.50	101,450.00	86,289
	176,901.10	66,655.25	137,700.00	108,751

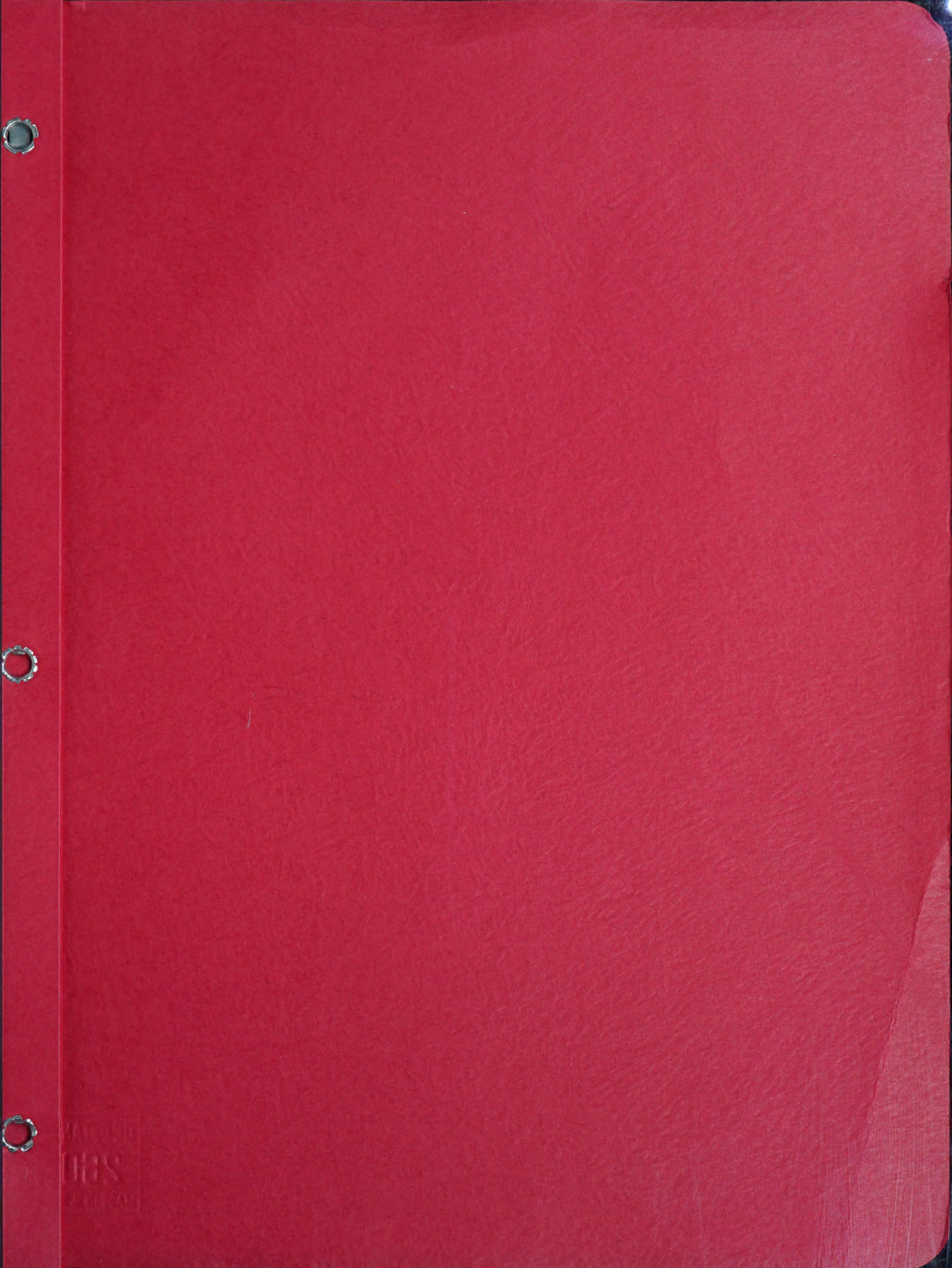
Source: Chief, Pari-Mutuel Betting, Canada Department of Agriculture.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA - 1965

Item	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961
CALIFORNIA	12,100,000	11,500,000	11,000,000	10,500,000	10,000,000
MINORITIES	1,500,000	1,400,000	1,300,000	1,200,000	1,100,000
TOTAL	13,600,000	12,900,000	12,300,000	11,700,000	11,100,000

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce



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