OREGON STATE LIBRADIO

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STATE OF OREGON

Voters' Pamphlet



General Election

November 5, 1968



CLAY MYERS
Secretary of State

Marion

INFORMATION FOR VOTERS

(1) Requirements for a citizen to qualify as a voter:

Citizen of the United States.

Twenty-one or more years of age. Resided in the state at least six months.

Able to read and write English. Registered as an elector with the County Clerk or official registrar at least 30 days before election.

(2) Voting by absentee ballot.

You may apply for an absentee ballot if:

You are a registered voter. ("Service voters" are automatically registered by following the service voting procedure.)

You have reason to believe you will be absent from your county on election

You live more than 15 miles from your polling place.

You are unable by reason of physical disability to go to the polls.

You are a "service voter". You are a "service voter"

if you are: In the Armed Forces or

Merchant Marine of the United States.

A civilian employee of the United States, serving outside the country.

A member of a religious group or welfare agency assisting members of the

Armed Forces.

A spouse and dependents of a "service voter" who have been Oregon residents and are temporarily living outside the county in which the last home residence in this state of the "service voter" is located.

How a voter may obtain and use an absentee ballot.

sentee ballot if:

You will be temporarily absent from your county on election day.

You live more than 15 miles from your polling place.

You are physically unable to go to the polls.

Application for the ballot may be filed with, or mailed to the County Clerk at any time within 60 days before the General election, September 6—November 4 (Service voters, after January 1 of election year). Application includes:

Your signature.

Address or precinct number. Statement of reason for application.

Applications filed less than five days before election, Octobel 31. November 4, require add tional statement that:

> Voter is physically unable to get to the polls, or

Voter was unexpectedly called out of the county in the five-day period.

Emergencies on Election Day: Physical disability must be certified by licensed practitioner of healing arts or authorized Christian Science practitioner. Involuntary public services such as firefighting to be certified by person in charge.

Ballot, when voted by elector, must be returned to County Clerk not later than 8 p.m. on

election day.

(3) A voter may obtain from hi County Clerk a certificate of

registration if he:

Changes residence within his precinct, county or to another county within 60 days prior to the ensuing election and has not reregistered. (Certificate is presented to his election board.)

Is absent from his county on election day. (Certificate may be presented to the election board in any county in the state. Elector may vote only for state and district offices.)

You may apply for an ab- (4) A voter is required to reregister

if he:

Changes address by moving with in his precinct or moving to another precinct or county. Changes party registration.

Changes name.

At the General Election of 1968 the electors of Salem in Marion County will cast their votes on the equipment illustrated below. This page is inserted into the Voters' Pamphlet as an aid to those of you who will be using this equipment for the first time.

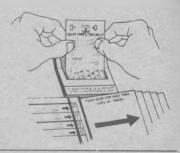
HOW TO VOTE ON A PUNCH CARD BALLOT

SPECIAL NOTE

IF YOU MAKE A MISTAKE, RETURN YOUR CARD AND GET ANOTHER.

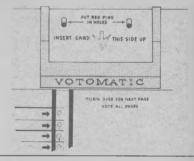


INSERT THE BALLOT CARD ALL THE WAY INTO THE HOLDER



STEP 2

BE SURE THE TWO SLOTS IN THE STUB OF YOUR CARD FIT DOWN OVER THE TWO PINS



STEP 3

TAKE THE PUNCH ATTACHED TO THE VOTOMATIC AND PUNCH THROUGH THE BALLOT CARD FOR CANDIDATES OF YOUR CHOICE HOLD PUNCH VERTICAL (STRAIGHT UP) DO NOT USE PEN OR PENCIL

THE BLACK SPOT IN THE VOTING CIRCLE SHOWS YOU HAVE RECORDED YOUR VOTE.





AFTER VOTING, WITHDRAW THE BALLOT CARD AND PLACE IT INSIDE THE ENVELOPE, WITH THE STUB SHOWING.

Constitutional Amendment Broadening Veterans Loan Eligibility

Proposed by the Fifty-fourth Legislative Assembly by House Joint Resolution No. 9 filed in the office of the Secretary of State April 19, 1967, and referred to the people as provided by Section 1, Article XVII of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

The 1967 Legislature has referred to the people an amendment to Article XI-A, Sections 1 and 3 of the State Constitution for their approval. This posed constitutional amendment would extend the same benefits of the Oregon Veteran's farm and home loan program to cold war and Vietnam war veterans as are now enjoyed by World War II and Korean war veterans. It would also liberalize the eligibility requirements for certain World War II and Korean war veterans.

Passage of this measure, it is estimated, would immediately qualify 60,000 new veterans for entitlement to the State loan. The measure would grant the loan to a veteran of 210 days' service, any part of which was after January 31, 1955, unless he was sooner discharged for disability. Oregon residence at time of entry into active service would be required. He would be given 20 years following his discharge to apply.

Unlike the sections of the constitution dealing with the Second World War and the Korean Conflict, there is no termination date for the proposed expanded eligibility. This portion of the program would go on indefinitely.

The measure would also change the World War II ending service date, purposes of loan eligibility, from December 31, 1946, to July 25, 1947, an would provide that any portion of the World War II and Korean veterans' required 90 days of service occurred within the respective war dates. These two changes would conform with eligibility requirements for most Federal Veterans Benefits.

This measure does not increase the bonded debt authorization of the Department of Veterans' Affairs.

R. G. ALBERGER, Portland DAVID S. BARROWS, Portland WILLIAM C. DYER, Salem

Constitutional Amendment Broadening Veterans Loan Eligibility

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Legislative Committee provided by Subsection (3) of ORS 255,421

Passage of Measure No. 1 will be good for Oregon because:

- 1. It will stimulate the economy of Oregon by the purchase and construction of new homes by returning Vietnam veterans who would be made eligible by the passage of this amendment.
- 2. The veterans' loan program is being operated economically and efficiently and is making money for the State of Oregon and costs the taxpayers nothing.
- 3. The veterans' loan program helps make taxpayers out of veterans to help you share the load. Last year, homeowners under the program paid \$12,312,240 in property taxes on homes purchased with State veterans' loans.

Your legislative committee recommends

VOTE 1 X YES FOR THE VETERANS' LOAN ELIGIBILITY AMENDMENT

SENATOR L. W. NEWBRY
REPRESENTATIVE NORMAN R. HOWARD
REPRESENTATIVE LEO M. THORNTON

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

- (1) Sections 1 and 3, Article XI-A of the Constitution of the State of Oregon, are amended to read:
- Sec. 1. Notwithstanding the limits contained in section 7, article XI of the Constitution, the credit of the State of Oregon may be loaned and indebtedness incurred in an amount not to exceed three percent of the true cash value of all the property in the state, for the purpose of creating a fund, to known as the "Oregon War Veterans' Fund", to be advanced for the acquisition of farms and homes for the benefit of male and female residents of the State of Oregon who served in the Armed Forces of the United States. [for a period of not less than 90 days after mobilization therefor, and before the end of actual hostilities with any of the axis powers, or for a period of not less than 90 days between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, and who are honorably discharged from such service which fund shall be known as the "Oregon War Veterans' Fund."] Secured repayment thereof shall be and is a prerequisite to the advancement of money from such fund.
- Sec. 3. No person shall be eligible to receive money from [said fund] the Oregon War Veterans' Fund except the following:
- (1) Any person who resides in the State of Oregon at the time of applying for a loan from said fund, who served honorably in active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States, for a period of not less than 90 days any part of which occurred between September 15, 1940, and December 31, 1946 July 25, 1947, who was either at the time of his enlistment, induction, warra or commission a resident of the State of Oregon or who has been a bona fid resident of the State of Oregon for at least two years between the date of his separation from aforementioned service and December 31, 1950, and who has been honorably separated or discharged from said service, or who has been furloughed to a reserve. No loans shall be made to persons justified under this subsection after January 31, 1980.
- (2) Any person who resides in the State of Oregon at the time of applying for a loan from said fund, who served honorably in active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States for a period of not less than 90 days any part of which occurred between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, who was either at the time of his enlistment, induction, warrant or commission a resident of the State of Oregon or who has been a bona fide resident of the State of Oregon for at least two years between the date of his separation from aforementioned service and December 31, 1960, and who has been honorable separated or discharged from said service, or who has been furloughed to reserve. No loans shall be made to persons qualified under this subsection after January 31, 1988.
 - (3) Any person who resides in the State of Oregon at the time of applying for

a loan from said fund, who served honorably on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States for a period of not less than 210 days, any part of which occurred subsequent to January 31, 1955, or who was prior to completion of such period of service, discharged or released from active duty on account of service-connected injury or illness; who was at the time of his enlistment, induction, warrant or commission a resident of the State of Oregon; and who has been honorably separated or discharged from said service, or who has been furloughed to a reserve. No loan shall be made to a person qualified under this subsection unless application for the loan is made within 20 years after the date the person separates or is discharged from the service or is furloughed to a reserve.

Note: Matter in *italics* in an amended section is new; language [lined out and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT BROADENING VETERANS LOAN ELIGIBILITY—Purpose: Article XI-A amended authorizing farm and home loans to Oregon Veterans with 210 days of active duty service, part of which service occurred after January 31, 1955, or discharged for disability. Application to be made within 20 years after leaving service. World War II cutoff date changed from December 31, 1946 to July 25, 1947. World War II and Korean veterans qualify where part of 90 day service occur within war dates.

"ESTIMATE OF FINANCIAL EFFECTS: An estimated 60."

"ESTIMATE OF FINANCIAL EFFECTS: An estimated 60,000 additional Veterans would be made eligible for Oregon Veterans' farm and home loans upon passage of this amendment, and an approximate 9,000 each year thereafter. To meet the loan needs of this new group, additional bonds would have to be sold in the amount of \$3,500,000 prior to June 30, 1969, and \$10,000,000 for the following two-year period. This money, interest, would be repaid by the Veteran borrowers, so he would be no cost to the State or the taxpayers."

YES

NO 🗆

Constitutional Amendment for Removal of Judges

Proposed by the Fifty-fourth Legislative Assembly by Senate Joint Resolution No. 9, filed in the office of Secretary of State May 10, 1967, and referred to the people as provided by Section 1, Article XVII of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

Measure No. 2 is a proposed constitutional amendment concerning the removal of judges and referred to the people by the 1967 legislature.

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved by the people, will authorize the legislature to provide procedures by statute for the Supreme Court to remove a judge of any Oregon court from office for:

- (a) Conviction in any state or federal court of a crime punishable as felony or which involves moral turpitude; or
- (b) Wilful misconduct in a judicial office, involving moral turpitude; or
- (c) Wilful or persistent failure to perform judicial duties; or
- (d) Habitual drunkenness or illegal use of narcotic drugs.

BACKGROUND

Under existing constitutional authority and statutory law, a judge can be removed from office only for physical or mental disability in proceedings initiated by the Governor, the Judicial Council, or the Board of Governors of the Oregon State Bar. The proposed amendment, if approved, will provide additional grounds and new procedures for the removal of a judge.

Under both existing law and under the proposed amendment, a judge may be recalled by vote of the people as provided for in Section 18, Article II, of the Oregon Constitution.

> WILLIAM M. DALE, Portland ROBERT E. JONES, Portland HERBERT M. SCHWAB, Portland

Constitutional Amendment for Removal of Judges

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Legislative Committee Provided by Subsection (3) ORS 255.421

The judges of this state always have adhered to a high standard of judicial conduct and this conduct has contributed to the high public opinion of the Oregon Judiciary. Oregon's judges are intelligent, industrious and competent. However, the act of any one judge might discredit the remainder and presently there is no satisfactory procedure to review and, if necessary, to discipline a judge. Under this proposal a 9-member Commission on Judicial Fitness would be eated which after a hearing would recommend to the Supreme Court judge be removed from office for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Conviction in a court of this or any other state, of a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude.
- 2. Willful or persistent failure to perform judicial duties or
- 3. Habitual drunkenness or illegal use of narcotic drugs.

Currently a judge may be removed only through the unwieldy procedures of recall, or criminal trial. These procedures are both cumbersome and costly. No judge has been removed by these procedures in the last fifty years.

OTHER REASONS FAVORING THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT:

- The commission may investigate charges brought by any citizen.
- Maximum protection is afforded to judges from abuse and harrassment because irresponsible and baseless charges can be disposed of quickly and impartially.
- The legislature would not have to defend against a charge of "politics" or bution.
- The existence of the commission would be a deterrent to errant behavior. It fosters a high level of performance.

If this amendment passes, workable machinery will exist to deal with future cases requiring removal of a judge. We urge you to vote to modernize Oregon's procedures for any unfit judge.

SENATOR VICTOR ATIYEH
SENATOR E. D. "Debbs" POTTS
REPRESENTATIVE DON WILSON
REPRESENTATIVE KEITH SKELTON
GEORGE L. RODGERS, Judicial Council
W. C. SCHWENN, Judicial Council

Constitutional Amendment for Removal of Judges

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Committee for Removal of Unfit Magistrates

VOTE YES ON BALLOT MEASURE NO. 2 TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE MEANS TO REMOVE UNFIT JUDGES

Ballot Measure No. 2 is not a controversial proposal. It merely amends the Oregon Constitution so that modern machinery can be implemented to reunfit judges.

Oregon's judges are intelligent and competent men. No example of judicial misconduct is known today. The absence of any immediate need makes today the time when a dispassionate vote can be cast. We need to provide a workable procedure as a safeguard against possible future problems.

Ballot Measure No. 2 is not costly. The fiscal committee which reviews the financial implications of the ballot measures said it will not impose any additional costs on the people of Oregon.

Justice is everybody's business. All Oregonians need to do everything possible to insure that Oregon courts continue to be held in high regard. Several states have enacted legislation similar to Ballot Measure No. 2, and others are considering it.

We urge you to support this measure.

VOTE YES ON BALLOT MEASURE NO. 2 TO PROVIDE A MOD PROCEDURE TO REMOVE INCOMPETENT JUDGES

COMMITTEE FOR REMOVAL OF UNFIT MAGISTRATES
Robert W. Chandler, President
Walter H. Evans, III, Board Chairman
1526 Hill Street
Bend, Oregon 97701

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

(1) The Constitution of the State of Oregon is amended by creating a new section to be added to and made a part of Article VII (Amended) and to read:

Section 8. (1) In the manner provided by law, and notwithstanding section 1 of this Article, a judge of any court may be removed from his judicial office by the Supreme Court for:

(a) Conviction in a court of this or any other state, or of the United States, of a crime punishable as a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude; or Wilful misconduct in a judicial office involving moral turpitude; or

(c) Wilful or persistent failure to perform judicial duties; or

(d) Habitual drunkenness or illegal use of narcotic drugs.

(2) Notwithstanding section 6 of this Article, the methods provided in this section and in section 18, Article II of this Constitution, are the exclusive methods of removal of a judge from judicial office.

Note: Matter in *italics* in an amended section is new; language [lined out and-bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

2 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT FOR REMOVAL OF JUDGES—Purpose: Empowers legislature to provide procedure for Supreme Court to remove judge of any court from office for:	YES 🗆
(a) priction in any state or federal court of a crime punish as felony or which involves moral turpitude; or	
(b) Wilful misconduct in a judicial office, involving moral turpitude; or	
(c) Wilful or persistent failure to perform judicial duties; or	NO 🗆
(d) Habitual drunkenness or illegal use of narcotic drugs. Amendment's removal procedure and Article II, section 18, recall provision, made exclusive.	



Empowering Legislature to Extend Ocean Boundaries

Proposed by the Fifty-fourth Legislative Assembly by House Joint Resolution No. 24, filed in the office of Secretary of State May 15, 1967 and referred to the people as provided by Section 1, Article XVII of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

The Constitution of the State of Oregon states that the boundaries gon will be those firmly established by the Act of Congress admitting on into the Union. These boundaries can be modified only by approval of the Congress of the United States. The Oregon boundary to which this Measure applies is the seaward boundary defined by a line three miles seaward off the Oregon coast or of any islands or rocks adjacent to the Oregon coast. The Continental shelf seaward of the three miles limit is under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government.

Measure No. 3 would modify Oregon's Constitution so that the Legislative Assembly would be empowered to extend the seaward boundary further offshore should the United States Government extend its territorial limits to a position further offshore and should the Federal Government convey the additional portion of the Continental shelf to the adjoining states. Through this constitutional change, Oregon would be in a position to act immediately on any change Congress might make which would allow the state to extend their seaward boundaries.

It is desirable to extend Oregon's boundary seaward as there are tions that valuable deposits of hard minerals, oil and gas occur west the present three mile limit. Commercial deposits have not as yet been found. If production ever does occur, royalties would accrue to the state only if the land is under state ownership.

JAMES B. BEDINGFIELD, JR. State Representative, Coos Bay JOHN V. BYRNE, Corvallis HOLLIS M. DOLE, Portland

Ballot Measure No. 3

Empowering Legislature to Extend Ocean Boundaries

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Legislative Committee provided by Subsection (3) of ORS 255.421

In its present form, the Oregon Constitution describes the westernmost boundary of Oregon as a point "one marine league at sea off the mouth of the Columbia River." This distance is equivalent to three nautical miles and coincides with the federal government's three mile territorial limit. original 3 mile limit of the federal government was established in by Thomas Jefferson. The distance was determined by tests conducted by the U.S. Navy and was established by the following procedure: the navy fired the largest cannon it possessed from a point on the shoreline out into the sea. The distance this cannon could fire its shot was adopted as the territorial limits of the United States. The theory being that a nation should claim as much of its seacoast as it could protect from the land.

It is the opinion of the sponsors of this constitutional amendment and many others that vast mineral wealth exists within and underneath the sea off the Oregon coast. This wealth, which could include gold, silver, magnesium and many other valuable minerals, probably exists for at least 15 miles seaward from shore. At present, there are few economically feasible methods of extracting these minerals from the sea. However, much research—both private and governmental—is aimed at unlocking the known treasures of the seas and making their commercial extraction feasible.

The congress of the United States has frequently considered expanding the territorial sea from 3 nautical miles to a greater distance offshore. Within the past several years the congress has established a "fishery zone" contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States and extending 9 nautical miles beyond the 3 mile limit. Within this zone "the United States will exercise the same dusive rights in respect to fisheries as it has in its territorial seas." It does appear to share any of these fishing rights with the coastal states.

If the congress does in fact extend our territorial limits seaward, Oregon by its present constitutional western border limitation would not be able to extend its boundaries or jurisdictions and the federal government would be able to lay claim to all the mineral wealth between the present 3 mile limit and the new territorial boundary. Oregon would have no claim on royalties or depletion taxes from this additional area.

In all probability, the United States will extend its boundaries and jurisdiction seaward in the near future. If Oregon is to protect its claim to the mineral deposits in the areas of the sea beyond the present 3 mile limit, the Oregon Constitution must be amended.

In its present form, Section I, Article XVI of the Oregon Constitution, does not permit the Legislative Assembly to act on the extension of the states boundaries. By amending the constitution in the manner proposed, the State of Oregon can enjoy a concommitant extension of its western boundary seaward not permit the Legislative Assembly to act on the extension of the state's regon and its citizens will then be in a favored position to negotiate for its atful share of the incalculably rich resources of the sea. The proposed amendment grants the Legislature this authority to act. We urge your favorable vote.

SENATOR AL FLEGEL REPRESENTATIVE JASON BOE REPRESENTATIVE W. S. OUDERKIRK

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

- (1) Section 1, Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Oregon, is amended to read:
- Sec. 1. [In order that the boundaries of the State may be known and established, it is hereby ordained and declared that] The State of Oregon shall be bounded as provided by section 1 of the Act of Congress of February [7] 1859, admitting the State of Oregon into the Union of the United States, until
- (1) Such boundaries are modified by appropriate interstate compact or compacts heretofore or hereafter approved by the Congress of the United States; or
- (2) The Legislative Assembly by law extends the boundaries or jurisdiction of this state an additional distance seaward under authority of a law heretofore or hereafter enacted by the Congress of the United States.

Note: Matter in *italics* in an amended section is new; language [lined out and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

BMPOWERING LEGISLATURE TO EXTEND OCEAN BOUN-DARIES—Purpose: Amends Article XVI, Oregon Constitution. Permits legislature to extend state's seaward boundaries or jurisdiction under authority of laws heretofore or hereafter enacted by Congress of United States.

YES |

NO E

Constitutional Amendment Broadening County Debt Limitation

Proposed by the Fifty-fourth Legislative Assembly as House Joint Resolution No. 27 filed in the office of the Secretary of State May 29, 1967, and referred to the people as provided by section 1, Article XVII of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

The Oregon Constitution prohibits counties from incurring debt or creating hity in any form which exceeds the amount of \$5,000 at any one time, with the single exception of bonded indebtedness when approved by a vote of the people. This limitation has been generally construed to apply to contracts for the purchase or lease of real and personal property.

In recognition of this problem as it affects other units of local government, the Legislature has previously approved the purchase or lease by contract of certain property by school districts, port districts and rural fire protection districts. Cities are generally bound by limitations included in the city charter. None of these districts or cities are restricted by Constitutional limits.

Measure No. 4 proposes that the same privilege, now granted to other units of local government, be extended to county government. Under this revision a county could enter into an agreement to purchase or lease real or personal property as long as the period of the agreement or contract does not exceed ten (10) years and the use is limited to a public purpose.

The basic justification for proposing this amendment to the Oregon Contion is the development of new technology in recent years. Few counties, my, can undertake an outright purchase of voting machines or consider the installation of electronic data processing equipment within the framework of current revenues. In today's inflated market, the purchase of real property is often an equally imposing burden on current resources.

Measure No. 4 would extend to county government a practice common to most businesses; planning for the future on a long-term basis, but still subject to voter and taxpayer approval under restrictions imposed by the local budget law. This measure will not allow tax levies to increase beyond current statutory and constitutional limits without a vote of the people.

GEORGE J. ANNALA, Portland KURT ENGELSTAD, Salem HOWARD FUJII, Salem

Constitutional Amendment Broadening County Debt Limitation

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Legislative Committee provided by Subsection (3) of ORS 255.421

The Oregon Constitution prohibits counties from incurring debt or creating liability in any form which exceeds the amount of \$5,000 at any one time, with the single exception of bonded indebtedness when approved by a vote of the people. This limitation has been generally construed to apply to contracts for the purchase or lease of real or personal property.

In recognition of this problem as it affects other units of local government, the Legislature has previously approved the purchase or lease by contract of certain property by school districts, port districts and rural fire protection districts. Cities are generally bound by limitations included in the city charter. None of these districts or cities are restricted by constitutional limits.

Measure No. 4 proposes that the same privilege, now granted to other units of local government, be extended to county government. Under this revision a county could enter into an agreement to purchase or lease real or personal property as long as the period of the agreement or contract does not exceed ten (10) years and the use is limited to a public purpose.

The basic justification for proposing this amendment to the Oregon Constitution is the development of new technology in recent years. Few counties, if any, can undertake an outright purchase of voting machines or consider the installation of electronic data processing equipment within the framework of current revenues. In today's inflated market, the purchase of real propis often as equally an imposing burden on current resources.

Measure No. 4 would extend to county government a practice common to most businesses; planning for the future on a long-term basis, but subject to voter and taxpayer approval under restrictions imposed by the local budget law.

SENATOR DONALD R. HUSBAND REPRESENTATIVE BILL BRADLEY REPRESENTATIVE GERALD W. DETERING

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

(1) Section 10, Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Oregon, is amended to read:

Sec. 10. No county shall create any debt or liabilities which shall singly or in the aggregate, with previous debts or liabilities, exceed the sum of \$5,000; provided, however, counties may incur bonded indebtedness in excess of such \$5,000 limitation to carry out purposes authorized by statute, such bonded indebtedness not to exceed limits fixed by statute. This section does not apply to be a county pursuant to law, to purchase or lease real or personal property for a period not exceeding 10 years for a public purpose.

Note: Matter in *italics* in an amended section is new; language [tined out and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT BROADENING COUNTY

DEBT LIMITATION—Purpose: Broadens present county constitutional debt limitation so as to authorize agreements to purchase or lease real or personal property for a period not to exceed 10 years. Agreements entered into by a county must be made pursuant to law and for a public purpose.

YES 🗆

NO 🗆

Government Consolidation City-County Over 300,000

Proposed by the Fifty-fourth Legislative Assembly by Senate Joint Resolution No. 29, filed in the office of Secretary of State June 28, 1967 and referred to the people as provided by Section 1, Article XVII of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

This measure would amend the Constitution to permit eventual consolidation of city and county government.

The amendment will apply to Counties having a City or Cities of 300,000 or more population. At present it will apply only to Multnomah County.

If approved by the people additional legislation will be necessary to bring about consolidation.

The measure provides a method enabling a City and County to consolidate with one set of officers and eliminates dual sets of public officials and governmental bureaus and provides one system of local laws governing both and county, insofar as such laws are not inconsistent with or prohibited by an Constitution.

The voters will retain their right through referral by the legislature or popular referendum to adopt or reject any future plan of consolidation.

E. G. KYLE, Mayor of Tigard, Tigard THOMAS R. MAHONEY, State Senator, Portland WALTER W. R. MAY, Portland





Government Consolidation City-County Over 300,000

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Legislative Committee provided by Subsection (3) of ORS 255.421

This proposed amendment provides specific Constitutional authorization, which does not now exist, for the consolidation of city and county government in any county which has within its boundaries a city whose population is 300,000 or more in number.

amendment provides that city and county government may be consolidated in a manner as provided by law, with one set of officers.

If adopted, this measure will be the first of several necessary steps in the elimination of duplicated services, and should ultimately result in wiser use of your tax dollar.

Therefore, this committee urges your favorable vote and passage of the proposed amendment.

SENATOR GLENN HUSTON REPRESENTATIVE MRS. E. G. "FRITZI" CHUINARD REPRESENTATIVE BILL STEVENSON

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

- (1) Section 2a, Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Oregon, is amended to read:
- Sec. 2a. (1) The Legislative Assembly, or the people by the Initiative, may enact a general law providing a method whereby an incorporated city or town or municipal corporation may surrender its charter and be merged into an adjoining city or town, provided a majority of the electors of each of the incorporated cities or towns or municipal corporations affected authorize the surrender or merger, as the case may be.
- (2) In all counties having a city therein containing over 300,000 inhabitants, the county and city government thereof may be consolidated in such manner as may be provided by law with one set of officers. The consolidated county and city may be incorporated under general laws providing for incorporation for municipal purposes. The provisions of this Constitution applicable to cities, and also those applicable to counties, so far as not inconsistent or prohibited to cities, shall be applicable to such consolidated government.

Note: Matter in italics in an amended section is new; language [lined out and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

GOVERNMENT CONSOLIDATION CITY — COUNTY OVER 300,000—Purpose: Amends Section 2a, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution. This amendment would provide for the consolidation of city-county governments in counties having a city with more than 300,000 inhabitants. The Legislative Assembly is to provide by law the manner of consolidating the government so that it may function under one set of officers. Incorporation to be made under general laws providing for municipalities. Noninconsistent provisions of constitution are still applicable to cities and counties.



NO 🗆

Ballot Measure No. 6 Bond Issue to Acquire Ocean Beaches

Proposed by Initiative Petition filed in the office of the Secretary of State July 2, 1968, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Article IV of the Constitution.

Explanation By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

The purpose of this proposed constitutional amendment is to establish, acquire and preserve ownership of all ocean beach lands and public access thereto and to protect, settle and confirm such areas of the ocean beach lands on which the public has or will in the future, acquire right through dedication, grant, prescription, gift, purchase, condemnation proceedings, or otherwise, in order that the people may have the use and enjoyment thereof forwer.

Ocean beach lands" are defined as the land within the state lying along the Pacific Ocean from extreme low tide to the line of natural vegetation bordering the ocean. Scattered clumps of vegetation are excluded from the definition and the higher of the contour lines connecting the extreme seaward boundary of compact natural vegetation lines is followed in unmarked areas.

EXISTING CLAIMS

The state is directed to define, establish and quiet its title to all ocean beach lands and easements and other means of public access to the beaches owned or claimed by it. This includes all rights of the public acquired either by prescription or otherwise.

ADDITIONAL LANDS

The state is authorized to acquire all privately owned ocean beach lands and means of public access to the ocean beaches by gift, purchase, condemnation proceedings, or otherwise.

LAND USE

Ocean beach lands are directed to be preserved and maintained for public use forever. Leases, licenses, permits, etc., may be granted, but only as provided by law.

HIGHWAYS PROHIBITED

accept for roads for public access and development and maintenance of the land, construction of highways on ocean beach lands and publicly owned ocean sand spits is prohibited.

MOTOR VEHICLES AND LITTERING

The State Highway Commission or other state agency is directed to provide from sources other than proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this amendment, adequate moneys to assure enforcement by state or local law enforcement officers of laws and regulations which restrict the operation of motor vehicles and littering on ocean beach lands.

BONDS AUTHORIZED

The legislature would be authorized to issue bonds in excess of its present limitation, in an amount not exceeding \$30 million, at any one time, the proceeds of which are to be used to acquire privately owned beach lands and accesses.

RETIREMENT OF BONDS
In order to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, the amendant imposes an additional one-cent-per-gallon gasoline tax for four years rule for private passenger motor vehicles. If the moneys provided should no insufficient, the Legislative Assembly shall appropriate a sufficient amount from the general fund to retire the bonds.

DONN D. deBERNARDI, Lincoln City WILLIAM S. McLENNAN, Portland PAT METKE, Bend

Bond Issue to Acquire Ocean Beaches

Argument in Favor Submitted by Beaches Forever, Inc.

VOTE #6 YES! SAVE OREGON'S BEACHES FOREVER!

We must act NOW. The Oregon beaches are in jeopardy. Real estate promoters want to exploit them as they have the Atlantic and California shorelines . . . as an exclusive playground for the few who can afford their extravagant resorts. Private cabanas, no-trespassing signs, fences and concrete will destroy the dry sand area where Oregonians have been free to play for generation

VOTE #6 YES! GUARANTEE THE PUBLIC'S BEACH RIGHTS!

Until recently Oregonians thought the entire beach was publicly owned. But within the last year developers have tried to exclude the public from the beach, to build private roads and exclusive motels. Lawsuits have shown that while most of the wet sand beach is publicly owned, the public has only limited claims to the dry sand areas.

The 1967 "beach bill" has proved largely ineffective, and is currently being challenged as unconstitutional. Measure #6 will settle this issue in the public interest once and for all. Measure #6, a constitutional amendment safe from legislative tampering, is absolutely necessary to guarantee the people's beach rights.

VOTE #6 YES! KEEP HIGHWAYS OFF BEACHES AND SANDSPITS!

Beaches are for kids, not cars! Measure #6 prohibits major highway construction on ocean beach lands and sandspits. For four years they have threatened to build a major highway on Nestucca Sandspit and nearby beaches. The threat remains even though nearly all Oregonians have said over and over they do not want this lovely beach area sacrificed to a dangerous, noisy highway speeding tourists and trucks non-stop from California to Washington. Measure #6 must pass or the beautiful Nestucca, Nehalem, Netarts and Ocean Sandspits, as well as vast portions of our dry sand beaches, are doonted.

VOTE #6 YES! IT'S THE BEST BUY IN OREGON!

How much will Measure #6 cost you? NOT MUCH! For the four years it is in effect, the cent-a-gallon gas tax will cost the average car owner less than 13c a week. When you consider what it will buy for you and your children forever, you bet it's worth it. And tourists will help pay for our beaches, too. Remember—the longer we wait, the more it will cost.

VOTE #6 YES! OREGONIANS WANT PUBLIC BEACHES FOREVER!

Nearly 90,000 Oregonians signed the petition which put Measure #6 on the ballot. They believe that waves, sand, and sunsets belong to ALL Oregonians. They know there's no time to lose.

VOTE #6 YES! SAVE OREGON'S BEACHES FOREVER!

BEACHES FOREVER, INC.
Robert W. Straub
Keith Burns
Janet McLennan
5252 S.W. Northwood
Portland, Oregon 97201

Bond Issue to Acquire Ocean Beaches

Argument in Opposition Submitted by Dan Dority

OBJECTIONS TO BALLOT MEASURE NO. 6 BOND ISSUE TO ACQUIRE OCEAN BEACHES

1. This radical constitutional amendment changes the present public policy of private ownership of SOME Oregon beach lands to a new policy of GOV-ERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF ALL OCEAN BEACH LANDS AND PUBLIC ACCESSES THERETO.

At present, approximately 95% of Oregon beach lands is government owned; and 54.2% of beach front property (that is, property between the beaches and

the first road) is government owned.

This radical constitutional amendment instructs the Oregon State Highmommission to attempt to confiscate property without compensation by decreation, prescription, grant, or otherwise. If the Commission fails to confiscate an individual's property, it may in the same legal proceeding condemn it.

3. The line of "compact natural vegetation" designated in this amendment is preposterous, since it would in many areas along the Oregon coast run inland of residential areas. (Parts of Salishan and Bayshore are good examples.) In some areas this line would run several miles inland and east of Highway 101.

REMOVAL OF VOTERS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS

4. Under existing law the legislature cannot issue bonds in excess of \$50,000.00 for this purpose without approval of the voters. This amendment would allow the legislature to issue 30 million dollars worth of bonds, and when some or all of such bonds have been retired, to issue additional bonds to keep the people continually indebted up to the 30 million dollar limit and WITHOUT further vote of the people.

DISCRIMINATORY TAX

5. The bonds will be retired with the proceeds of more bonds, and a discriminatory four year tax increase of a-cent-a-gallon on gasoline for private passenger vehicles only will be imposed. If this isn't enough, the legislature is to appropriate more from the GENERAL FUND.

FUNDS TO ACQUIRE LANDS THROUGHOUT OREGON IN ADDITION TO OCEAN BEACH LANDS

6. This radical constitutional amendment increases the Highway Commission's power to spend gasoline tax revenues raised under present law, by allowing it to acquire, in addition to ocean beach lands, recreational, scenic, and other historic places, and access to parks; AND EXPANDS AND EXTENDS THE USE OF THE SO-CALLED "DEDICATED FUNDS" TO REPAYMENT OF BONDS ISSUED FOR SUCH PURPOSES, AND BY IMPLICATION, ALSO AUTHORIZES THE ISSUANCE OF SUCH BONDS.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP VS. PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Certainly 95% of beaches and 54.2% of property between the beaches and first road is sufficient government-owned beach land. The initial problem is that the Highway Commission has denied the public the use of much government-owned land by refusing to identify and mark such lands.

Private property ownership in Oregon is decreasing at an alarming rate. Highway department figures show less than 34% of Oregon land on the

tax rolls.

is amendment would further a dangerous trend in Oregon of government forcing more and more private property into government ownership, resulting in spiraling property taxes and diminishing property rights.

PROTECT YOUR FREEDOMS
KEEP YOUR TAXES LOW
VOTE NO

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

The Constitution of the State of Oregon is amended by creating a new article to be known as Article XI-H, and by amending Section 3, Article IX, as follows:

ARTICLE XI-H

Section 1. It is the policy of this state to establish, acquire and presonnership by the State of Oregon of all ocean beach lands and of places thereto, and to protect, settle and confirm such areas of the ocean beach lands on which the public has acquired rights through dedication, grant, prescription, gift or otherwise, in order that the people may have the use and enjoyment thereof forever.

Section 2. As used in this Article and in Section 3, Article IV, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Ocean beach lands" means all lands within the state lying along the shore of the Pacific Ocean from extreme low tide to the line of natural vegetation bordering the ocean.

(2) "Line of natural vegetation" means the extreme seaward boundary of compact natural vegetation which spreads continuously inland. In cases where there is no clearly marked natural vegetation line the "line of natural vegetation" shall be the higher of the lines of constant elevation connecting the nearest clearly marked line of vegetation on each side of the unmarked area.

(3) "Appropriate administrative agency" means the Oregon State Highway Commission, until the Legislature by law designates any other body as such.

Section 3. Title to all ocean beach lands, and any interest therein, owned by the state or by any board, commission, department or agency thereof, or by the public generally, together with all rights of the public, whether acquired through dedication, prescription, gift, grant or otherwise, is vested in the State of Oregon.

Section 4. The State of Oregon acting through its appropriate administrative agency shall proceed with all reasonable speed to define, establish and quiet its title to all ocean beach lands and easements and other means of public access thereto owned or claimed by it.

Section 5. (1) In addition to other means provided by law, the State of Oregon acting through its appropriate administrative agency may acquire by gift, purchase, condemnation proceedings or otherwise:

(a) Any privately owned beach lands and interests therein; and

(b) Any easements and other means of access over and across privately owned lands to permit public access to all ocean beach lands.

(2) The State of Oregon in a single proceeding may join a cause of action or suit to establish its title to or interest in property with an alternative cause of action or suit to condemn any adverse title or interest in the property, provided that the right of trial by jury shall be preserved on the issue of valuation of the property or interest therein being condemned.

- Section 6. Fee title to ocean beach lands now owned or hereafter acquired by the State of Oregon shall not be sold or conveyed, and all the lands shall be forever preserved and maintained for public use. No interest less than fee title and no rights or privileges in the lands now owned or hereafter acquired by the state shall be conveyed or granted by deed, lease, license, permit or otherwise, except as provided by law.
- **Section 7.** No highways shall hereafter be constructed on ocean beach lands or publicly owned ocean sand spits except roads for public access, development and maintenance of the lands and spits.
- Section 8. The appropriate state agency shall provide from sources other than proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this Article adequate moneys to assure enforcement by state or local law enforcement officers of laws and regulations which restrict the operation of motor vehicles and littering on beach lands.
- Section 9. This Article shall not be construed to prohibit zoning or other governmental regulation of seashore and ocean beach lands not owned by the State of Oregon.
- Section 10. Notwithstanding the limitations contained in Section 7, Article XI of this Constitution, and in addition to other exceptions from the limitations of such section, the credit of the state may be loaned and indebtedness incurred in an amount not to exceed at any one time \$30 million to provide funds with which to carry out the provisions of Section 5 of this Article.
- Section 11. Bonds issued pursuant to this Article shall be the direct general obligations of the state and shall be in such form, run for such periods of time, bear such rates of interest and be upon such other terms and conditions as provided by statute. Such bonds may be refunded with bonds of like obligation.
- Section 12. (1) To provide for the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds authorized to be issued by this Article, there is hereby imposed a motor vehicle fuel license tax, an aircraft fuel license tax (except when raft fuel is sold and delivered by a dealer or subdealer to a person holda valid and unrevoked license as an aircraft fuel retailer or is delivered by the dealer or subdealer into the fuel tanks of aircraft or aircraft operated by turbine engines, or is delivered into storage facilities operated by a licensed aircraft fuel retailer and used exclusively for fueling aircraft operated by turbine engines), and a use fuel tax, for the period from January 1, 1969, to December 31, 1972, inclusive, to be computed on the basis of and at the rate of one cent per gallon to be levied and collected at the same time and in the same manner and to allow for the same refunds and credits as other taxes are levied and collected when measured by or imposed on the sale, use, distribution, or withdrawal of motor vehicle fuel. However, in addition to other refunds provided by this Article, any person who has paid any tax hereby imposed either directly or indirectly shall be reimbursed and repaid the amount of the tax paid by him if such person has purchased and used or obtained and used the fuel for the purpose of operating or propelling any vehicle other than a vehicle described in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of ORS 481.210 as it read on March 21, 1968. The taxes hereby imposed shall he in addition to all other taxes which may be levied according to law.
- (2) If the moneys provided in this section for payment of the bonds and the interest thereon are insufficient, the Legislative Assembly shall appropriate from the General Fund a sufficient amount to provide for the payment of the bonds and the interest thereon after taking into account the moneys otherwise provided for payment thereof.

ARTICLE IX, SECTION 3

Section 3. No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of law, and every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same to which only it shall be applied. The proceeds from any tax levied on, with respect to, or measured by the storage, withdrawal, use, sale, distribution, importation or receipt of motor vehicle fuel or any other product used for the propulsion of motor vehicles, and the proceeds from any tax or excise levied on the ownership, operation or use of motor vehicles shall, after providing for the cost of administration and any refunds or credits authorized by law, be used exclusively for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation, use and policing of public highways, roads and streets within the State of Oregon, including the retirement of bonds for the payment of which such revenues have been pledged, and also may be used for the acquisition, development, maintenance, care and use and access thereto of parks, ocean beach lands, recreational, scenic [ex] and other historic places, including the retirement of bonds for the payment of which such revenues have been pledged, and for publicizing of any of the foregoing uses and things.

Note: Matter in *italies* in an amended section is new; language [lined out and-bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

Constitutional amendment confirming existing public rights to ocean beaches and accesses. Authorizes state acquisition of privately-owned beaches bordering Pacific Ocean from extreme low tide to natural vegetation line, and accesses. Authorizes at any one time not to exceed \$30,000,000 state general obligation bonds for acquisition. Prohibits construction of highways on beaches and ocean sand spits. Imposes for four years one cent per gallon tax on fuel for private passenger motor vehicles to retire bonds. "Estimate of Financial Effects: The proposed amendment authorizes the issuance of general obligation bonds by the Legislature in amounts up to \$30 million at any one time, plus the interest payable on such indebtedness. Such bonds, if retired, could be reissued for the purposes of the amendment. The amendment further provides that a 1¢ per gallon increased passenger vehicle fuel tax be levied for four years with the proceeds dedicated to retirement of the bonds and interest. State revenues from this source are estimated to be \$41.5 million for the four year period. Additional revenues to the State would accrue from interest earned on these funds between the time of their collection and the time of their application in payment of principal and interest on the bonds."

BOND ISSUE TO ACQUIRE OCEAN BEACHES—Purpose:

YES 🗆







Constitutional Amendment Changing Property Tax Limitation

Proposed by Initiative Petition filed in the office of the Secretary of State July 3, 1968, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Article IV of the Constitution.

Explanation

By Committee Designated Pursuant to ORS 254.210

The amendment proposes to:

- 1) Repeal the 6% limitation which now restricts any annual increase in a taxing district's budget to 6%, unless the people vote to exceed the 6%;
- (2) Except for existing bonded indebtedness and the interest thereon limits annual property taxes to $1\frac{1}{2}$ % of true cash (market) value of each property, real and personal;
 - (3) Give the Legislature the power to carry out (2); and
- (4) Authorize, under limited conditions, a vote of the people to exceed the $1\frac{1}{2}\,\%$ limitation.

The $1\frac{1}{2}$ % limitation, if approved, will reduce substantially the budgets of virtually all school districts and many counties, cities and other local governments which are now dependent on property taxes for financing their functions. The estimates of the reduction statewide range from \$105 million to \$132 million, with the percentages of reduction varying from county to county and within each county. Those for the measure, however, argue that while budgets will initially be reduced, the reductions can be almost, if not entirely, eliminated if appropriate steps are taken by the Legislature to assure that all taxable properties are properly valued.

The adoption of the $1\frac{1}{2}$ % limitation will lower property taxes.

There is general agreement that property tax relief is needed but there is disagreement as to method and the results that will flow therefrom.

The enactment of this measure may have some or all of the following results:

- (1) Limit the ability of many local governments to function as they now operate;
- (2) Eliminate some local governments and force the consolidation of others;
 - (3) Force the adoption of new taxes or an increase of existing taxes;
 - (4) Force increases in assessed values of property;
- (5) Force the elimination of many property tax exemptions such as those for the farmers, churches, lodges, property under construction and others.

Those for and those against the measure base their positions on what they consider to be the relative merits and demerits of these possible results. There complete agreement between those for and those against that passage of the asure will dramatically change the functioning and financing of state and local government in Oregon.

A. F. GILDEMEISTER, Portland, Oregon RALPH G. COAN, Portland, Oregon SAMUEL B. STEWART, Portland, Oregon

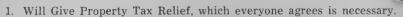
Constitutional Amendment Changing Property Tax Limitation

Argument in Favor

Submitted by Oregon United Taxpayers, Inc., A. F. Gildemeister, President, and Harold Cox, Secretary

VOTE YES

The Amendment



- 2. Will Repeal The So-Called 6% Limitation, which in reality is an automatic annual increase taken by most taxing districts. This doubles your taxes every 12 years.
 - 3. Will Leave Local Control over Local Budgets.
- 4. Will Give The People The Right to exceed the $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ limitation by voting on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in any year.
 - 5. Will Force Economy in local governmental operations.

None of the 16 States that have "Overall Property Tax Limitations" have ever repealed a single one. The Citizens of the State of Ohio liked the $1\frac{1}{2}$ % property tax limitation so well, they reduced it to 1% and it is working well.

PASSAGE OF THIS AMENDMENT IS NECESSARY TO SAFEGUARD PROPERTY OWNERSHIP FROM EXCESSIVE AND CONFISCATORY TAXATION.

THIS AMENDMENT AGAIN RESTORES YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE INCREASE IN PROPERTY TAXES YOU MAY WANT TO BEAR.

WHEN ALL PROPERTY NOW ON THE TAX ROLLS IS TAXED AT $1\frac{1}{2}\,\%$ OF ITS TRUE CASH VALUE, A SURPLUS WILL RESULT, AND NO OTHER TAXES ARE NECESSARY.

OREGON UNITED TAXPAYERS, INC.

A. F. GILDEMEISTER, President

HAROLD E. COX, Secretary

Constitutional Amendment Changing Property Tax Limitation

Argument in Opposition

Submitted by the League of Women Voters of Oregon

VOTE NO on Ballot Measure No. 7

BECAUSE the 1½% limitation will NOT bring in enough REVENUE to Local Government. You, the Voter, will be required to make up the deficit by NTHER:

- An ADDITIONAL TAX, sales tax, etc., or an INCREASE in INCOME TAX;
- 2. LOSS of necessary SERVICES.

You could have FEWER:

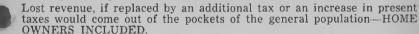
- -POLICE for protection
- -FIREMEN for safety
- —TEACHERS for your children

Reduction or Elimination of:

- -EQUIPMENT in schools
- -PARK & recreational facilities
- —HEALTH services and LIBRAR-IES

VOTE NO on Ballot Measure No. 7

BECAUSE the assumed RELIEF to home owners is largely a MYTH. Two-thirds of the property tax, state-wide, comes from business and industry, making them the real beneficiaries of the amendment.



VOTE NO on Ballot Measure No. 7

BECAUSE the amendment provides ONLY for a tax LOSS.

It does NOT provide for an alternate source of revenue. Your LEGIS-LATURE will decide what kinds of taxes, if any, will make up the loss.

VOTE NO on Ballot Measure No. 7

MRS. GEORGE CASTERLINE, President League of Women Voters of Oregon 1505 S.E. 122nd Avenue - Suite E Portland, Oregon 97233

Constitutional Amendment Changing Property Tax Limitation

Argument in Opposition

Submitted by Committee to Keep Our Firemen, Police and Teachers on the Job

Vote NO on Ballot Measure No. 7 . . .

This proposal will not solve Oregon's tax needs—or even necessarily reduce your total tax bill. It will, however, push your essential public services into financial quicksand.

This drastic initiative provides no alternatives for raising the funds needed for police and fire protection for either your family or your community. insurance rates can skyrocket if Measure 7 is passed.

This initiative provides no alternatives for raising the funds your cities, counties and districts must have to maintain essential water, sewer, and education services and facilities. Measure No. 7 is a dead end.

This measure will cost you your voice in local government. It takes away local government's ability to provide the services you want.

The biggest losers will be your school-age children. Schools and community colleges, which depend upon property taxes for some 70 percent of their support, will be hit hardest.

This tax scheme carries dangerous inequities that could lead to sharp budget and tax increases in 23 percent of Oregon's districts without any requirement for voter approval. Another loss of your voice in local government!

We pledge our full support and efforts to work with the Oregon Legisla during the next session to provide a meaningful, and fair property tax reproposal.

Vote NO on Ballot Measure No. 7 to keep your firemen, police, and teachers on the job.

Co-Chairmen:

Ehrman V. Giustina, President Associated Oregon Industries Edward J. Whelan, President Oregon AFL-CIO Marion T. Weatherford, Rancher Mrs. Paul L. Patterson, Housewife

ROY VERNSTROM, Campaign Director
Committee to Keep Our Firemen, Police and
Teachers on the Job
Campaign Address: 1222 S.W. Fourth Avenue
Portland, Oregon 97204



CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

For an Act to amend the Constitution of the State of Oregon by repealing the entire text of Section 11 of ARTICLE XI thereof relating to the six percent limitation of the ad valorem tax on property and substituting therefor provisions for limiting the ad valorem tax on both real property and personal property to one and one-half percent of the market value thereof and providing for the implementation thereof.

Be It Enacted by the people of the State of Oregon:

That the entire text of Section 11 of ARTICLE XI of the Constitution of State of Oregon be, and hereby is, repealed and the following new matter substituted therefor:

Section 11. TAX LIMITATION. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, no taxing unit, whether it be the state, any county, municipality, district or other body to which the power to levy a tax has been delegated, shall in any year so exercise that power to raise a greater amount of revenue than its tax base as defined in subsection (2) of this section. The portion of any tax levied in excess of any limitation imposed by this section shall be void.

- (2) The tax base of each taxing unit in a given year shall be one of the following:
- (a) The amount obtained by adding six percent to the total amount of tax lawfully levied by the taxing unit, exclusive of amounts described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of this section, in any one of the last three years in which such a tax was levied by the unit: or
- (b) An amount approved as a new tax base by a majority of the legal-voters of the taxing unit voting on the question submitted to them in a form specifying in dollars and cents the amount of the tax base in effect and the amount of the tax base submitted for approval. The new tax base, if oved, shall first apply to the levy for the fiscal year next following its overl.
- (3) The limitation provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to:
- (a) That portion of any tax levied which is for the payment of bonded indebtedness or interest thereon.
- (b) That portion of any tax levied which is specifically voted outside the limitation imposed by subsection (1) of this section by a majority of the legal voters of the taxing unit voting on the question.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of this section, the following special rules shall apply during the periods indicated.
- (a) During the fiscal year following the creation of a new taxing unit which includes property previously included in a similar taxing unit, the new taxing unit and the old taxing unit may not levy amounts on the portions of property received or retained greater than the amount obtained by adding six percent to the total amount of tax lawfully levied by the old ing unit on the portion received or retained, exclusive of amounts deviced in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of this section, in any of the last three years in which such a tax was levied.
- (b) During the fiscal year following the annexation of additional property to an existing taxing unit, the tax base of the annexing unit established under subsection (2) of this section shall be increased by an amount equal to the equalized assessed valuation of the taxable property in the

annexed territory for the fiscal year of annexation multiplied by the millage rate within the tax base of the annexing unit for the fiscal year of annexation, plus six percent of such amount.

- (5) The Legislative Assembly may provide for the time and manner of calling and holding elections authorized under this section. However, the question of establishing a new tax base by a taxing unit other than the state shall be submitted at a regular statewide general or primary election.
- (1) The total amount of taxes which may be levied against any real or personal property in any year shall be limited to one and one-half percent of the true cash value of such property.
- (2) The limitation provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to that portion of any tax levied which is for the payment of bonded indebtedness or the interest thereon, if the indebtedness existed prior to November 5, 1968.
- (3) The limitation provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to any tax levy when submitted by a taxing unit to the voters therein on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November of any year and approved majority of the voters voting thereon which majority must also be not less than 20% of the registered voters entitled to vote thereon at said election.
- (4) The Legislative Assembly may enact legislation to carry out the provisions of subsection (1) and (2).

Note: Matter in italics in an amended section is new; language [Hined out and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted; complete new sections begin with Section.

BALLOT TITLE

TAX LIMITATION—Purpose: Repeals 6% limitation. Limits property taxes to 1½% market value. Exempts: (1) Existing bonded indebtedness;

(2) levies approved in November by majority equaling 20% of registered voters.

"Estimate of Financial Effects: If the voters approve this proposed constitutional amendment, the State Tax Commission estimates that property taxes levied locally by counties, cities, school districts and special districts such as rural fire protection districts would be reduced by about \$150 million in the first year of its effect.

The State would then automatically collect at least \$6,500,000 more after the first year from personal income taxes, corporation excise taxes and other taxes. This gain in State revenues would result primarily from: (1) smaller deductions for property taxes on itemized income tax returns of homeowners; and (2) smaller property tax deductions on business and commercial property owners' income tax returns.

The administrative costs to carry out this proposed amendment cannot be determined until enabling legislation is enacted.

Oregon law limits this statement to the effect of this proposed amendment on State government finance."







STATEMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF OREGON

PROGRESS, IMAGINATION, ACCOMPLISHMENT

The Democratic Party of Oregon in 1968, as we enter the last third of this century, is confident and proud of our candidates and its tradition of continuing effort to effect through democratic process the well being of all the people of Oregon.

The Democratic Party, oldest of our political parties, will continue to be the source of new policies, leadership, and programs to meet the challenge of change in these eventful times. Our party is dedicated to the preservation of a free and secure society and to the protection of the human and individual ripper of all our citizens. It is no accident of history that the Democratic Party, since Thomas Jefferson, has been the inspiration which has enabled our free society to react to the pressures of economic, social, and technological change.

The Democratic Party in the 1930's delivered our nation from depression, poverty and despair to promise, prosperity, and economic security. Democratic leadership of the 1940's brought the nation to a position of responsibility by meeting the totalitarian threats to world peace, and hope to small nations and underprivileged peoples victimized by aggression, poverty, and disease. Social Security and the Marshall Plan, and the Truman Doctrine were great Democratic programs of these times.

The 1950's and 1960's saw the Democratic Party lead the greatest system of free enterprise the world has ever known. The economic freedom of business, Civil Rights, Medical Care for the Aged, Peace Corp., Conservation of Resources, and the Dignity of all Mankind are all accomplishments which mark our historic Democratic Party.

Democratic Party continues to seek new ways to bridge the differences between black and white, rich and poor, young and old. Our heritage has been consistently served by greatness — Franklin Roosevelt, Harry Truman, John Kennedy, Lyndon Johnson, Adlai Stevenson, Eugene McCarthy, Hubert Humphrey.

The Democratic Party offers able, experienced, and dedicated men. We point with pride to Hubert Humphrey, Edmund Muskie, Wayne Morse, Edith Green, Al Ullman, Edward Fadeley, Tom Baggs, Robert Straub, George Van Hoomissen, and Robert Thornton. All our Democratic Candidates are of the highest stature and deserve your consideration.

In behalf of the Democratic Party of Oregon we pledge our every effort to fairly and justly serve all the people of Oregon—their hope for the future, their pride in our natural resources, and their heritage of religious, individual, economic freedom.

STATEMENT OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF OREGON

VOTERS' PAMPHLET

Republican State Committee

Candidates offered to Oregon voters in this election by the Republican Party are among the most able, experienced and personally attractive it has been our privilege to recommend.

REPUBLICAN RECORD

Under Republican leadership in the executive and legislative branches of our state government, Oregon advanced far beyond other states in civil rights legislation, education, fair employment practices, park and highway development, workmen's compensation benefits, property tax relief and a host of er areas.

Over 85 percent of the 1966 OREGON REPUBLICAN PLATFORM was enacted into law by your REPUBLICAN legislators during the 1967 session of the Legislative Assembly providing for further nationally recognized programs in these fields.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

The 1968 Republican State Convention at Gearhart, July 27, detailed our position on principles and issues:

BASIC SCHOOL SUPPORT—"We are pledged to the reduction of property taxes through increasing the state support of our primary and secondary schools to at least 50% of their operating cost."

POLLUTION—"We recommend that our state direct its agencies to conduct a state-financed feasibility study providing for treatment facilities in the various regions of our state so that we can attain maximum economic bevelopment and still maintain our quality of living."

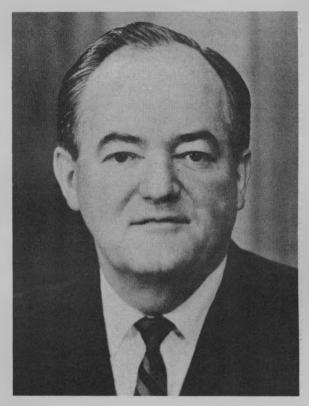
URBAN AFFAIRS—"The Republican Party recognizes the immediacy and importance of solving the profound problems facing many of Oregon's citizens in the areas of urban decay, poverty, racial inequities, welfare, and inequality of social and job opportunities. Accordingly, the Republican Party strongly endorses legislation and executive direction to cast the State of Oregon in a leadership role in solving these problems rather than relying on greater federal involvement."

OTHER ISSUES—The 1968 REPUBLICAN Convention also called for further progressive, forward-looking legislation in the fields of: senior citizens, industrial development, job training, local government, selective service, mass transit, law enforcement, traffic safety, civil rights, water diversion, Oregon's beaches, the fishing industry, log exports, the Dunes National Seashore, teach incentives, educational opportunity, federal grants, graduate centers, land use planning, and agriculture.

⁽This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

Democrat

HUBERT H. HUMPHREY For President of the United States



HUBERT H. HUMPHREY --- PRINCIPLES AND VIEWS

I believe this nation can finally break across the threshold of what no previous society has ever dared dream or achieve; the building of a social order of both freedom and compassion, of both enterprise and peace.

I believe that this strong, rich and idealistic nation can help create a broader world society in which human values may one day rule supreme and in which the individual comes first.

America is not a nation that has lost its way, but a restless people, a great nation striving to find a better way. And it is time to recognize that this on has more strength than weakness, more hope than despair, more faith

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than doubt, and that we have more chance than any nation in previous history to master the problems we face.

As President, my first objective will be to restore peace in Vietnam, to maintain that peace against the threat of future conflicts, and to strengthen that peace by seeking wider East-West agreements.

I favor a political settlement of the war in Vietnam and an immediate cease-fire while negotiations proceed. South Vietnam's affairs should be run by the people who live there. This requires free elections in which every group willing to do so can play its full part in the peaceful political process. Meanwhile we should reduce the United States' role in Vietnam as rapidly as the South Vietnamese are able to assume greater burdens.

Beyond Vietnam, we must seek to widen areas of East-West agreement, especially to reduce the waste of vast arms expenditures which do not alter the hard reality that either the United States or the Soviet Union can destroy the other, regardless of which strikes first.

Our policy must be directed to reducing world tensions, strengthening the peace-keeping capabilities of the United Nations, and building regional institutions of economic and social development.

At home we must also achieve peace and personal security through a recognition that civil order and civil justice are inextricably linked.

Riots must be stopped promptly, firmly and effectively. Police protection must be improved for all our citizens. Sale and possession of firearms must be limited.

At the same time there must be civil justice and the realization of full and equal opportunity for all Americans.

I propose specific programs to:

- rebuild our cities through a domestic Marshall Plan founded on principles of local initiative, sensible planning, coordinated policy, strict priorities, and massive commitment of human and financial resources;
- implement fully the recommendations of the President's Advisory mission on Civil Disorders;
 - to guarantee jobs for all, primarily in private enterprise;
 - to encourage development of minority entrepreneurship;
- to provide a New Education Policy emphasizing opportunity for every child to get all the education he or she can use, as well as broaden, better remedial programs for the disadvantaged ;
- to asure an "open Presidency" providing new channels for citizen participation in the decisions of the Executive Branch;
 - to wipe out hunger and malnutrition in our society; and;
- provide economic equity for the nation's farmers and give the residents of America's rural areas and small towns an opportunity to enjoy the benefits of our prosperity without migrating to already overcrowded cities.

I shall work for responsible, flexible fiscal policies to maintain the perity and full employment without inflation.



EDMUND S. MUSKIE

For Vice President of the United States



EDMUND S. MUSKIE PRINCIPLES AND VIEWS

The Vice President of the United States is much more than the presiding officer of the United States Senate.

He is an extension of the new powers, new responsibilities, and new programs of the most important office in the world.

He is another set of eyes, ears, hands and hearts for the Chief Executive.

His help is vital to the President in achieving that national unity we all seek.

Vice President Humphrey has outlined a broad scope of responsibilities he would assign to his Vice President—responsibilities in the field of urban affairs, responsibilities for coordinating those human and physical development programs in which Vice President Humphrey has such a deep and enduring interest, education, human and job development, natural resources, civil rights,

pure air and water, the preservation of order and the extension of social justice.

am honored to seek the Vice Presidency because it would give me the chance to associate with one of the finest, most qualified leaders ever to seek the Presidency, Hubert H. Humphrey. It will give me the opportunity to use my experience as governor and senator from Maine, to work with the American people as we move toward peace in the world, peace in our communities and peace in the troubled hearts and minds of today's young people.

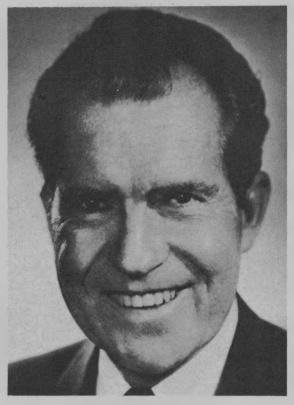
Our country is one of diversity and great energy which has reached a position of eminence, compassion, power and responsibility. Now is the time to bring to all Americans equal opportunity for economic, social and political growth.

I shall give to the task every ounce of my energy and the sum total of my experience in government and in life.

And, if elected, I shall try to give to my country a measure of what it has ady given to me — a son of an immigrant, a product of America, a man devoted to its future.

Republican

RICHARD M. NIXON For President of the United States



"America is in trouble today not because her people have failed but because her leaders have failed. What America needs are leaders to match the greatness of her people."

> from Mr. Nixon's Presidential Acceptance Speech at the Republican National Convention Miami Beach, Florida August 14, 1968

People are calling 1968 the Year for Change. All of America, Republicans, Democrats and Independents, cries out for the unity that the nation so greeneeds, the unity that the present administration has destroyed.

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(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary) Richard Nixon understands the grave crises confronting our country. His new leadership is urgently needed to unite the people, to make all Americans once again stand together to face the challenges at home and from abroad. As a member of the U.S. House of Representatives, as a U.S. Senator and as Vice President of the United States, Richard Nixon exhibited the ability to lead. While he held the office, the powers and prerogatives of the second highest official in the country expanded more than they had in the previous 162 years.

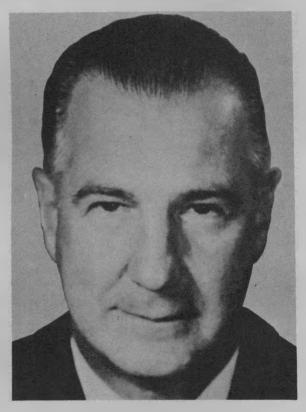
This is what Richard Nixon told Americans in his acceptance speech:

"My fellow Americans, I accept the challenge and the commitment to provide new leadership for America. I ask you to accept it with me. Let us accept this challenge not as a grim duty but as an exciting adventure in which we are reged to help a great nation realize its destiny. Let us begin by committing ourselves to the truth—to see it like it is, and tell it like it is—to find the truth, to speak the truth, and to live the truth. We have had enough of big promises and little action. The time has come for honest government in America. I do not promise the millenium in the morning. I do not promise that we can eradicate poverty, and discrimination, eliminate all danger of war in the space of four, or even eight years. But, I do promise action—a new policy for peace abroad; a new policy for peace and progress and justice at home."

America cries out for new leadership. Richard Nixon offers this new leadership. If we are to have peace, order and prosperity in the final third of the twentieth century, then the election of Richard Nixon to the presidency is imperative.

Republican

SPIRO T. AGNEW
For Vice President of the United States



Spiro "Ted" Agnew is Maryland's 55th elected Governor, only the fifth Republican ever elected to this office in a predominantly Democratic state. For four years preceding his election as Governor he served as County Executive of Baltimore County, one of the nation's largest and fastest-growing political subdivisions.

As Governor of the state nearest our nation's Capitol, Ted Agnew took the lead in human rights and comprehensive fiscal reform and brought innovation and improvement to his state's executive office.

In the field of human rights, the Agnew administration sponsored the first statewide Fair Housing Bill enacted south of the Mason-Dixon line. A centrold Anti-Miscegenation Law was repealed and Maryland's Public Accommodu-

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tion's statutes were extended to conform with Federal measures. Governor Agnew was the first Maryland Governor to appoint a Negro to his personal staff and to promulgate a Governor's Code of Fair Employment Practices outlawing discrimination in state service and in any firm doing business with the state.

Under his leadership, a thorough revision of Maryland's tax structure was enacted with such innovations as a graduated income tax rate, tax credits for the elderly, a local option income tax to provide local governments with an alternative revenue resource to the property tax, state aid for local law enforcement agencies, kindergartens and a special grant to inner city schools. As a result of the increased state aid to public schools, Maryland's educational ranking jumped from 12th to 5th highest in the nation.

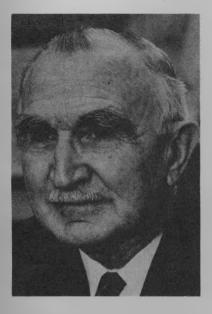
As a former County Commissioner, Ted Agnew keenly appreciates the importance and vitality of local governments. Nearly 85 percent of his fiscal reform program as Governor was diverted into grants for local governments. His administration provided requested planning funds for rapid transit systems in both the Baltimore and Washington metropolitan areas.

Agnew is a skilled labor law specialist who has taken a deep personal interest in preventing crippling strikes. He was instrumental in settling Baltimore's lengthy tugboat strike and was credited by labor leaders with helping avoid a strike by food store clerks. Aware of the increased and damaging trend toward public employee strikes, Governor Agnew established a Committee on State-Labor Relations to develop effective guidelines.

A graduate of the University of Baltimore where he received his bachelor of Laws degree, Spiro Agnew also holds honorary Doctor of Laws degrees from the University of Maryland and Morgan State College.

Richard Nixon calls Ted Agnew "a statesman of the first rank who will a great campaigner and one who is fully qualified to undertake the new responsibilities that I shall give to the next Vice President of the United States."

WAYNE MORSE For United States Senator



SENIORITY COUNTS— WHEN WAYNE MORSE SPEAKS, THE NATION LISTENS!

SENATOR WAYNE MORSE is no serving his 24th effective year in the United States Senate. He has won great prestige for the State of Oregon. His legislative record has received high praise from his Senate colleagues and the Presidents under whom he has served.

SENATOR WAYNE MORSE is Oregon's most vital political asset. His extraordinary record of courage and independence has gained him world acclaim. It has been said of him that if Wayne Morse can follow the course of action he pursues in politics, and still survive politically, then truly there is Democracy in America.

Wayne Morse has proved time and again to the people of Oregon that his dedication to "Principle Above Politics" is the cornerstone of his career in public service.

Wayne Morse is in a unique position to continue his effective and dedicated service as your spokesman in the nation's capital. SENIORITY is a major source of influence and power in the United States Senate. The other members of the Senate listen when Wayne Morse speaks for Oregon.

Wayne Morse will be SIXTH-RANKING in seniority among the 100 United States senators when Congress convenes in January, 1969. He will automatically become chairman of the Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare, which handles more legislation affecting your daily life than any other committee. It has jurisdiction over legislation involving all labor-management relations, care of the elderly, public health, physically handicapped, poverty, railroad legislation and railroad retirement, manpower and training, migrant workers, child labor, and veterans legislation covering medical care, veterans hospitals, veterans civil relief, and vocational rehabilitation. Senator Wayne Morse, as chairman of this important committee, will be on the job working for you, for Oregon and for the nation.

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WAYNE MORSE GETS THINGS DONE FOR OREGON

Wayne Morse is dean of the Oregon delegation in Congress because he is the senior senator. Under his leadership, the delegation has brought many benefits to Oregon. Here are a few:

- Corps of Engineers public works projects—almost \$1.1 BILLION (third highest per capita of all 50 states).
- Bureau of Reclamation projects-more than \$90 MILLION.
- Forest access road authorizations—more than \$900 MILLION.
- · Small Business Administration loans-more than \$60 MILLION.
- · Anti-poverty funds-more than \$63 MILLION.



- Office of Education funds to educate Oregon students—now more than \$40 MILLION EACH YEAR.
- Appropriations for numerous other federal expenditures and programs in Oregon have totalled many more millions of dollars over the years.

WAYNE MORSE'S RECORD SPEAKS ELOQUENTLY

- EDUCATION—Wayne Morse has provided masterful leadership as chairman of the Senate Education Subcommittee. During the last 10 years, the Congress has scored historic victories in providing financial aid to American students at all levels of education. In the Senate, Wayne Morse is known as "Mr. Education."
- LABOR-MANAGEMENT—Wayne Morse is unchallenged as the Senate's leading expert in labor law and labor-management legislation. He has been a leader in this field for more than 30 years. Wayne Morse has served as special consultant on labor problems for Presidents Roosevelt, Truman, Kennedy and Johnson.
- FOREIGN AFFAIRS—Senator Morse's record in support of world peace irough law is known around the world. Presidents since Harry Truman have recognized his leadership by asking him to represent the United States at many international meetings and foreign conferences. He was a delegate to the United Nations in 1960. He is fourth-ranking member of the important Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Since 1964, no man in the United States Senate has done more than Wayne Morse to keep alive in our country the historic public debate on American policy in Southeast Asia.
- HUMAN RIGHTS—Wayne Morse is a constitutional liberal. He has written a brilliant record of accomplishment in support of individual rights and the public welfare in the areas of race relations, medical care, consumer protection, the draft, as well as in legislation for the elderly, veterans, farmers, labor, natural resource protection, anti-poverty, social security, crime, and many other matters of vital importance under our constitutional system of government.

WAYNE MORSE says: "The paramount purpose of our constitutional ystem is to promote the general welfare of all the people—not just SOME of the people."

ROBERT W. PACKWOOD For United States Senator



THE MAN TO MEET THE FUTURE: the vigor of youth . . . the wisdom of experience

BOB PACKWOOD for UNITED STATES SENATOR

(Concluded on following page)

(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

BOB PACKWOOD: "THE KIND OF MAN OREGONIANS NEED"

- ". . . is the kind of resourceful, energetic young man Oregonians need to represent them in Washington." PENDLETON RECORD,
- ". . . combines an attractive personality with youthful vigor and an encyclopedic knowledge of Oregon and its problems." OREGONIAN,
- is "one of the most brilliant members ever to serve in the Oregon State Legislature." OREGON VOTER,

BOB PACKWOOD: ONE OF THE NEW BREED OF LEADERS

· TOM McCALL, Governor of Oregon, says,

"Bob Packwood is one of the most creative, conscientious and knowledgeable men who ever served the State of Oregon."

· CHUCK PERCY, U.S. Senator, says.

"The more I know of Bob Packwood the more I respect his ideals, his practical approach to problem solving and his boundless energy."

· RICHARD NIXON says,

"I am tremendously impressed by Bob Packwood's vigor, his intelligence and his dedication to his state."

JOHN LINDSAY, Mayor of New York City, says,
 "Bob Packwood will make a great United States Senator for Oregon."

BOB PACKWOOD: ON THE ISSUES

- U.S. FACE ABROAD: "It's time our foreign policy be guided by what is "right," and not what is politic. Let us curry favor with no nation if to do so requires compromise of our national heritage."
- CRIME: "While mounting a vigorous campaign against crime in the street, we must also attack it at its breeding grounds."
- AMERICA'S ECONOMY: "When inflation sours, Oregon pays a terrific price. This must stop. Inflation cannot be allowed to continue to run rampant. The only answer is a balanced budget."

ELECT A SENATOR FOR OREGON . . . NOT JUST FROM OREGON



CLAY MYERS
For Secretary of State



RETAIN OUR OUTSTANDING SECRETARY OF STATE

CLAY MYERS, since his appointment by Governor McCall in 1966, has proven to be one of Oregon's truly outstanding Secretaries of State. Widely recognized as a skilled, efficient administrator, Clay measures up to the challenge and stimulation of serving the needs of his fellow Oregonians. Visitors to the Secretary of State's office find a friendly welcome and an active interest in their problems.

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EXPERIENCED, INDEPENDENT, ENERGETIC LEADERSHIP CLAY MYERS: STATEWIDE EDITORIAL ACCLAIM

PENDLETON EAST OREGONIAN—"It has been a long time since Oregon has had a man as well qualified as Myers for the secretary of state's duties."

GRESHAM OUTLOOK—". . . we are impressed with his sincerity, his forthrightness, his performance as secretary of state, and his demonstrated potential for the future."

SALEM CAPITAL JOURNAL—"Myers is a fine secretary of state."

EUGENE REGISTER-GUARD—"He is, perhaps, the most qualified newcomer to the office in the history of the state."

CLAY MYERS: NATIVE SON OF A PIONEER FAMILY

Clay was born in Portland, a fifth-generation member of a pioneer Oregon family. His father was a logger who worked in various parts of the state, moving his family where the jobs were.

Clay was an honor student at Benson High School. After military service, he worked his way through the University of Oregon.

Clay, 41, and his wife, Elizabeth, have three children. They know the every-day problems that face Oregonians. He is a devout and active Episcopalian and a volunteer worker for a host of civic and charitable causes.

CLAY MYERS: AN OUTSTANDING RECORD IN OFFICE

- CLAY operates the Secretary of State's office on one of the leanest budgets in the recent history of the office, without impairing state services.
- CLAY works quietly and effectively on the Board of Control to improve community services in Corrections and Mental Health, promoting human values and saving taxpayer dollars.
- CLAY spearheaded a drive for an intensive drug abuse education program in the schools to warn our youngsters against the dangers of drug use.
- CLAY is a leader in the fight to protect the public's right to free use and enjoyment of Oregon's sandy beaches.
- CLAY successfully sponsored HB 2133 in the 1967 legislature to build and equip two university-affiliated centers for training medical-related personnel to work with the mentally retarded.

CLAY MYERS DOES THE JOB OTHERS JUST TALK ABOUT!

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN For Secretary of State



GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN: A NEW LEADER FOR THE "70's"

Oregon stands on the threshold of a new decade. Challenging times are ahead for the people of our state. Strong, independent and experienced leadership must be provided to meet this challenge.

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN, with a distinguished record as an elected state legislator and county administrator, decorated Marine Corps combat veteran, lawyer, educator and civic leader, promises to provide this leadership.

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN: TRUSTED AND RESPECTED

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN has a record of 10 solid years service to the people of Oregon as an ELECTED public official. He is the only candidate for Secretary of State with experience in elective public office.

Elected a State Representative from North Portland in 1958, GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN was re-elected in 1960 and, in 1962, won election as District Attorney for Multnomah County.

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(This information furnished by Democratic Party of Oregon; John Allen, Chairman; Don Orton, Secretary) Voters of widely varying political views trust and respect GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN. Positive proof of this was given in 1966 when he was re-nominated as District Attorney of populous Multnomah County by BOTH. THE DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN PARTIES and overwhelmingly returned to office without opposition.

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN: A STRONG, INDEPENDENT VOICE

As your ELECTED Secretary of State, GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN will give Oregonians a strong independent voice on the important 3-man Board of Control.

- He will demand orderly administration of the state prison and the correctional institutions.
- He will demand positive action for the rehabilitation of youthful offenders.



He will demand that steps be taken to halt the alarming rise of drug abuse among the young.

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN: DEDICATED TO OREGON'S FUTURE

For too long the office of Secretary of State has been occupied by a man APPOINTED to fill a vacancy and not elected by the people. It's time for a change! GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN is dedicated to Oregon's future and pledges to:

- Give Oregonians an INDEPENDENT look at state accounts as your Chief Fiscal Officer and Auditor.
- Serve as an effective Chief Elections Officer and see to it that the chaos of the 1968 Primary Election is not repeated.
- Guarantee that Oregon's beaches and other valuable resources be preserved through leadership on the State Land Board.
- Insist on greater economy in government and lower taxes through sound fiscal administration.

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN: EXPERIENCED AND ACCOMPLISHED

Member of pioneer Oregon family; born in 1930 in Portland where his rents operated small plumbing shop; educated in local schools, Oregon State, Portland University, Georgetown Law Center.

Marine Corps combat duty in Korea—Distinguished Flying Cross, 5 Air Medals; 12 years a teacher—at Georgetown, Northwestern College of Law, Portland State College.

Member Oregon's Constitutional Revision Committee, Corrections Division Advisory Board; Director Oregon Mental Health Association, Emily School for Retarded Children, Oregon United Nations Association; Vice-President of National District Attorneys Association; B.P.O.E. No. 142, Knights of Columbus, Russelville Grange, Isaak Walton League, more than 20 other civic activities.

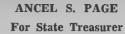
Married in 1960, his wife, Ruth, is former public health nurse. They have two children, George, four years, and Ruth Anne, one.

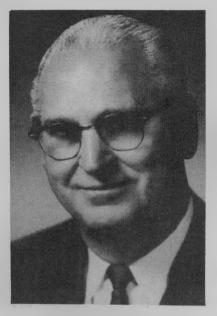


VAN HOOMISSEN FOR SECRETARY OF STATE COMMITTEE
Senator John D. Burns, Chairman

401 S.W. Stark Street Portland, Oregon

(This information furnished by Democratic Party of Oregon; John Allen, Chairman; Don Orton, Secretary)





Republicans and Democrats alike—Want a State Treasurer who will "DO WHAT HE IS ELECTED TO DO". Assume the Extremely Responsible work of conducting the State Finances and other important duties on a sound business-like basis.

The State Treasurer is one of the three elected constitutional officers of the State, one of the three on the Board of Control and handles Millions of Oregon Taxpayers dollars each year. That is why the business experience and integrity of Ancel Page are needed for this important office, a man with Un-shake-able Principals.

Check these credentials of Ancel Page for the post of State Treasurer.

- Founder of Page & Page Co., as a one man concern in 1935, Employer of 300 when company was sold in 1960.
- President today of Instant S Service Inc., Developing, Promotion of new products, Business Consultant and Public Relations.
- Selected by President Dwight D. Eisenhower as charter member of the "Presidents Club", with objective of giving needy countries industrial

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instead of money. Page's assignment under President Eisenhower was to the Country of Tunisia.

Chosen in 1955 as a member of Business & Defense Services Administration by the U.S. Department of Commerce. Still serves as one of 1200 charged with vital responsibility for survival in national emergency. Assignment: Executive of national defense in the Pacific Northwest with headquarters at Moses Lake, Washington. This honor includes certification as one of the few designated to serve as Chief Executive of the United States in a national critical emergency.

Graduate in both electrical and mechanical engineering, holds degree from Oregon Institute of Technology, Northwestern College, and Harvard University. Born in Wendling, Oregon, Ancel Page 64, started this outstanding business cer without any special advantage. On his own from age 13, he learned early virtues of hard work and self-sacrifice. In building Page & Page Co. into one of The West's Industrial leaders. He put in 12 hours a day, 6 days a week, with no vacation for 32 years. And the pace goes on. He is a concerned citizen, wanting to help make Oregon a better place to live and earn a living.

Every Truck & Trailer manufactured in the United States, Canada, Mexico and many Countries, carry one of Ancel Page's inventions, and he has the name of developing many new ideas and products, listed as another "Page First".

During the meteoric business career, Ancel Page not only maintained an ever growing payroll of his own, but brought millions of new dollars and new payrolls into Oregon in the process. As "State Treasurer I will continue seeking new industries and payrolls and give a helping hand with pleasure in every way possible, to industry, payrolls and the citizens of our ever growing State" Page emphasizes.

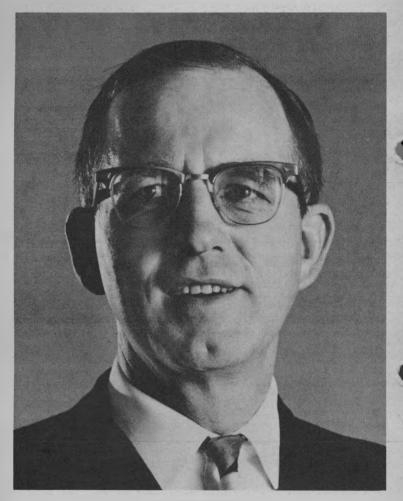
Married and father of one daughter, Ancel Page is an active civic figure. He member of the Elks Lodge, American Legion, Woodman of the World, and Zion Brethern United Church of Christ. He lives with his wife at 3370 S.W. 106th Ave., Beaverton, Oregon 97005.

Ancel Page is not looking for a higher rung on the political ladder, the office won't be used as a spring board or a political stepping stone, as the job of State Treasurer is an end unto itself.

Ancel Page wants to provide dynamic leadership, not empty promises, not wastefulness, but performance, and responsibility, he will master events, rather than them mastering him, he will think anew and act anew. He is one of you and for you and will make an outstanding man, as THIRD official of the State.

ANCEL S. PAGE COMMITTEE
E. G. Bud Kyle, Co-Chairman

ROBERT W. STRAUB
For State Treasurer



RE-ELECT BOB STRAUB STATE TREASURER — FOR SOLID ACCOMPLISHMENT!

Bob Straub has no patience with red tape, with wasteful studies of problems that have been studied to death, with buck-passing and with inaction.

He uses his no-nonsense, straight-forward business skills to get action, get solid performance!

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(This information furnished by Democratic Party of Oregon; John Allen, Chairman; Don Orton, Secretary)

RE-ELECT BOB STRAUB STATE TREASURER

AS STATE TREASURER — A RECORD OF SOLID ACCOMPLISHMENT!

- Increased INTEREST EARNINGS by more than \$2,000,000—a direct saving to Oregon taxpayers.
- Kept State funds FULLY INVESTED to earn maximum returns. When he took office 86% of available cash was earning interest; the figure is now 98%. This is \$1,800 additional earnings PER DAY for the people of Oregon.
- Applied SOUND BUSINESS PRACTICES to the Treasurer's Office carrying an increasingly heavy work load with fewer employes than when Bob Straub took office.

Worked for the ECONOMIC GROWTH of Oregon by investing State funds in Oregon home mortgages — keeping the money at home to stimulate business activity and jobs for Oregonians.

AS A STATE LEADER -- RESPONSIBLE, PROGRESSIVE ACTION!

- 1) Beaches Forever: After legislation proved inadequate to save our ocean beaches for the public, Bob Straub took the lead in the tremendously successful drive to put an initiative beach petition on the ballot (90,000 signatures!).
- 2) Property Tax Relief Bob Straub developed and proposed responsible legislation to reduce property taxes on home owners. He successfully fought a sales tax which would have penalized the elderly and low income families.
- 3) Crime Prevention: Bob Straub led the way on the Board of Control for bi-partisan proposals to detect and help emotionally disturbed children, to get young people out of State institutions and back into helpful communities, to change anti-social attitudes and behavior of children and adults.
- 4) Pollution Control: Bob Straub demanded and got action to reduce water and air pollution—stronger laws to prevent additional pollution, stronger enforcement to reduce pollution, stronger programs for the complete elimination of pollution.

AS A PERSON - TRAINED, EXPERIENCED, ABLE!

Bob Straub is 48 years old. He and his wife, Pat, have six children. Bob served in the Army in Europe during World War II, then earned a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Dartmouth College and went on to become a successful businessman. He has served in public office for more than 11 years—first as a Lane County Commissioner, then as a State Senator, and now as State Treasurer.



LEE JOHNSON For Attorney General



"I am a candidate for Attorney General because this is an important office which has been mismanaged for the past fifteen years.

"Oregon law calls for the Attorney General to be the chief legal officer of the state and advisor to the Governor and Legislature. Oregon law gives the Attorney General supervisory responsibility over the district attorneys in the prosecution of criminal cases. The Attorney General serves on the Criminal Law Revision Commission, the Traffic Safety Commission, the Judicial Counsel and the Crime Coordinating Counsel.

"The Attorney General is Oregon's only statewide elected law enforcement officer. He has the power and responsibility to mobilize public opinion behind needed legal reforms. The Attorney General should and could lead a statewide fight against crime."

LEE JOHNSON Speech, Portland Chamber of Commerce

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(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

LEE JOHNSON, A PROVEN LEADER WITH NEEDED LEGAL SKILL:

ATTORNEY, U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE, EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION

Lee Johnson served in Washington D.C. as an antitrust attorney prosecuting

Lee Johnson served in Washington D.C. as an antitrust attorney prosecuting some of the largest corporations in the country. Said Robert Bicks, former head of the Antitrust Division: "Lee Johnson has proven himself to be an able prosecutor in the highest tradition of the legal profession."

SPONSOR, OREGON CRIMINAL LAW REVISION COMMISSION

One of our most important law enforcement needs is reform of Oregon's archaic criminal code. Most of it was written over 100 years ago. This Commission was created to recommend the needed reforms. State Senator Anthony Yturri, Chairman of the Commission, stated: "We owe a vote of thanks to Representative Lee Johnson for the very existence of this Commission. It was created because of Lee's astute leadership in the Legislature."

NSOR, POLICE STANDARDS AND TRAINING ACT

This is another example of Lee Johnson's leadership in introducing new legislation for improvement of Oregon's law enforcement agencies. Safe streets require a well-trained police force. This Act, passed last year, established for the first time a comprehensive training program for all police.

MEMBER, HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

Congressman John Dellenback, past chairman of the House Judiciary Committee worked with Lee. He stated: "Lee Johnson is aware of Oregon's legal problems and has that rare ability to cut through the complexities and get things done in areas where things haven't been done for years."

EDUCATIONAL, LEGAL CREDENTIALS

Graduate, Princeton University (A.B.) and Stanford Law School (L.L.B.). Awarded a Comparative Law Fellowship to the University of Edinburgh. Member, Oregon, California and Federal Bar Associations.

LEADER AS A LEGISLATOR

In his first term in the Oregon Legislature the Associated Press named Lee Johnson "Outstanding Freshman Legislator." After achieving an impressive ord in his first session, Lee was honored with an appointment to the Lutive board of the National Republican Legislators Association. Voters in his district appreciated his leadership. Seven out of ten of them re-elected him. In his second session, Lee was appointed chairman of two important committees.

ENDORSED BY GOVERNOR TOM McCALL

"Like any office, the elected individual determines how effective Oregon's Attorney General will be. Lee Johnson excells as a leader and a lawyer. He is the man who I think can get things done as Attorney General. It is a challenge. And Lee Johnson is the brilliant young man to meet it."

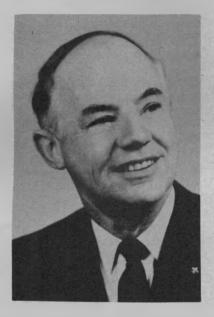
Tom McCall Governor of Oregon

PERSONAL BACKGROUND

Lee and Dorothy Johnson are the parents of five children ages 4, 7, 8, 9 & 10. He is a native Oregonian and avid outdoorsman. A Korean War Veteran, Lee received two letters of commendation while serving as a naval officer board a destroyer. He is a member of the World Affairs Council of Oregon pirector), Metropolitan Perspectives (Director), Oregon Pilots Association, MCA, Portland City Club, Oregon State Grange, Flyfishers of Oregon, The Izaak Walton League.

ROBERT Y. THORNTON

For Attorney General



BOB THORNTON IS EXPERIENCED. Born and reared in Portland, BOB THORNTON earned his own way through Stanford, University of Oregon and George Washington law schools.

- . . . Began as a law clerk to a U.S. judge.
- . . . Did legal work for U.S. Congress for 3 years.
- . . . Ass't Solicitor, U.S. Dept. of Interior, Washington, D.C.
- . . . Co-authored standard reference book on "U.S. Constitution".
- . . . Practiced law in Medford and Tillamook beginning in 1938.
- . . . Served as a member of Oregon Legislature.
- . . . Five years' active service in U.S. Army in World War II.

AS YOUR ATTORNEY GENERAL

Bob Thornton was first elected in 1952. In 1956, 1960, and 1964, campaigning for re-election on his record as the "People's Lawyer" he received your approval by large majorities.

Thornton is widely recognized for his top-flight administration of the Oregon Justice Department. He and his legal staff have been upheld in over two-thirds of their cases going to the Supreme Court.

Long range programs initiated by your Attorney General include:

CRIME PREVENTION: Expanded efforts in control and prevention crime, delinquency and drug abuse through the medium of the 1967 Oregon

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Crime Prevention Law authored by Thornton. Close cooperation with law enforcement officials. Yearly educational conferences with district attorneys, copied in several states. Thornton spearheaded the drive that cleaned out syndicated prostitution in 13 Oregon communities.

PROTECTING OREGON'S CITIZENS: Thornton has been in the forefront of continuing state and federal efforts which successfully controlled fraudulent land promotions, health insurance racketeering and non-competitive bidding on public contracts. Thornton's office recently secured settlements exceeding \$250,000 on price fixing cases.

SAVING THE BEACHES: Thornton moved vigorously to protect Oregon's beaches against encroachments by selfish developers. He blocked the attempted lease of Oregon's beaches and submerged coast lands to one oil company without competitive bidding and without safeguards to protect scenic and recreational features.

INFORCING CHILD SUPPORT: Thornton's pioneer "Welfare Recovery Division" collects over \$60,000 a month from nonsupporting fathers and fraud cases. This program has saved the taxpayers over \$6 million in welfare expense since 1955.

THORNTON'S WORK IS WIDELY RECOGNIZED

Professional recognition of the efforts of Oregon's busy, hard-working Attorney General has included:

SPECIAL AWARD from Portland State College students for outstanding service to youth of Oregon; NATIONAL AWARD from American Social Health Association for prostitution cleanup; president, Western Association of Attorneys General (13 states); MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, National Attorneys General Association; LEGAL CONSULTANT, Japanese Ministry of Justice (Tokyo); GUEST LAW LECTURER, Northwestern University, Chicago (three times); Western Governor's Conference; Western Water Conference; Washington Attorney General's Conference (twice).

MEMBER: American Bar Association; National Association for Prevention Addiction to Narcotics; Chairman, Criminal Law Committee of National ociation of Attorneys General (three times); Criminal Law Committee of Oregon State Bar Association; OFFICIAL DELEGATE to United Nations "World Congress on Crime Prevention" (Stockholm); AUTHOR of articles published in Oregon Law Review, Journal of Criminal Law, Criminology and Police Science, etc.

BOB THORNTON IS YOUR LAWYER: He owes his support to a wide following in both parties, not to any small or single interest group. He is the kind of man we need in this important position. He cannot be pressured into making political decisions, is willing to "stick his neck out" to protect your legal interests. And Bob Thornton has the warm, human understanding that makes a man a good public servant.

Bob Thornton is not merely the personal lawyer for the Governor and the officials, boards and commissions. He is the PEOPLE'S LAWYER as well. As in the past he will continue to do his best to promote the well-being of Oregon and to protect your rights and legal interests at Salem.

Nonpartisan

WALTER BLAKE

For Superintendent of Public Instruction



A man of deep conviction, Dr. Walter Blake is vitally concerned about the quality of education for our children. Dr. Blake believes we can achieve economies in school building and operation without damaging educational opportunity. Dr. Blake has the determination, experience and ability to back his program of needed improvements in basic education.

Dr. Blake believes that, "the most important needs in education today a greater emphasis on basic skills of reading, writing and spelling and a greater effort toward development of self discipline in our children with a respect

for law and order."

Because he is not committed to policies set by the education lobby, he is able to say what he thinks, fight for the changes he believes are needed and take a frank and honest stand on critical issues affecting our children's education.

Many changes and improvements are needed in education today and these require immediate action, says Dr. Blake. Concerned parents, teachers, tax-

payers and voters will agree.

STRESS BASIC EDUCATION. We should teach reading and spelling with modern, up-to-date phonetic methods to insure that each child learns to read and spell early and efficiently. Modern methods and study materials to help our children read quickly and to remember more of what they read should be introduced into all schools.

We need more stress on basic English with greater emphasis on putting good English to work. Dr. Blake points out that "good English is essential success. Whether it is a report to the boss, a letter to a good sales prospect

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or a professional paper, good English is the key to making it clear and

effective."

TEACH RESPECT FOR LAW AND ORDER. Dr. Blake warns that, "if our school system and indeed our country is to survive, we must put greater emphasis on teaching respect for law and order, the rights of others and respect for our constitution and government."

PROVIDE MERIT PAY FOR TEACHERS. We must develop a practical and equitable merit pay system to reward outstanding teachers... those who teach more effectively, those who work better and more closely with students

and those who take advanced study to improve their teaching ability.

MAKE EFFICIENT USE OF AVAILABLE TEACHERS. We need to strengthen the teaching profession and cut school costs by cutting out non-essential chores and unnecessary paper work. We should employ teaching assistants to free teachers from non-teaching and routine work so that they can concentrate on teaching and working with our children.

ROTECT YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE ON EDUCATION. Dr. Blake says that, ust the informed voters of Oregon to make sound decisions on how our local schools should be run and financed. I believe it is essential that they have the opportunity to elect the Superintendent of Public Instruction, who has a great deal of influence over what kind of education Oregon schools give our children. I will resist the attempts to take away the voter's right to decide vital local and statewide issues affecting education and education expense."

KEEP PARENTS INFORMED. We must do a better job of informing the parents what and how their children are being taught. Dr. Blake says that, "We recognize that help from parents is essential to sound education and many concerned parents feel left out and confused about their children's education. They feel they cannot communicate with their children on their schooling. In addition to losing their children's respect, this makes the generation gap all

the more painful and difficult."

EXPAND OPPORTUNITIES IN VOCATIONAL EDUCATION. We need to provide greater opportunities for vocational education and better training for today's job opportunities. We need to strengthen existing vocational training opportunities in secondary schools. We need a sound and comprehensive vocational training program available to boys and girls in all communities through an expanded community college program. We need a change of attitude about our vocational students. Too often, these students are made to rejected . . . that they are somehow failures because they are not going college. We need to instill in them a confidence in their future, a pride in the work they will be doing and a knowledge that they will be making an important contribution to their family, their community and their country.

DR. WALTER BLAKE is a parent himself with a daughter in college and another daughter in high school. He holds three college degrees including a Doctors Degree in Education. Dr. Blake has devoted his entire adult life to work in education. His educational duties have included seven years instruction and supervision of teachers and teaching methods and later an Associate Professorship of Education at Willamette University in Salem, where he and his family reside. In addition he has had experience in administration at the college level, in student counseling and as Dean of Students at Willamette University. Author and lecturer on modern teaching methods and solving educational problems, he has developed new projects and special advanced courses in teaching methods.

DR. WALTER BLAKE CAN DO MORE OF WHAT YOU WANT DONE

FOR OUR CHILDREN'S EDUCATION.

FOR YOUR CHILDREN'S SAKE BE FOR BLAKE COMMITTEE
Jerry S. Sayler

8521 S.W. Barbur Blvd. Portland, Oregon 97219

Nonpartisan

DALE PARNELL

For Superintendent of Public Instruction



RETAIN PARNELL -HE'S QUALIFIED

Dale Parnell was appointed by Governor Tom McCall to the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction in May, 1968. At a convention held to nominate Dale Parnell to retain the position, Governor McCall described him as "the right man in the right job a the right time." Thousands of Oregon as who are acquainted with Dale's outstanding career in education agree enthusiastically with this tribute.

A native of Monmouth, Oregon, the 40-year-old educator has taught at every level from primary school to university during the past 17 years. He was graduated from Willamette University in 1951, and later earned his masters and doctorate degrees in education at the University of Oregon.

After teaching at a private school in Salem, Dale Parnell instructed at Springfield High School, one of the state's largest. He became Vice Principal and then Principal there before being appointed as Superintendent of Lane County Schools. In 1965, Dale was asked to take the presidency of Community College, and guided that institution through three years of namic growth.

Dale Parnell took office as State Superintendent of Public Instruction last July, and has already made his mark as a man who gets things done in education. At his request, Associated Oregon Industries has initiated a self-sponsored busines management study of our public schools to assure that we get full value for every dollar spent.

Dale Parnell was named Springfield "Citizen of the Year" in 1966 for his civic interest and activities. A former chairman of the Oregon Community College Presidents' Association, he has served on various state educational guidance councils. These include the Oregon Association of School Administrators, the State Educational Coordinating Council and the State Manpower Advisory Committee.

Married and the father of five children, Dale Parnell understands education from a parent's viewpoint as well. He has worked as an apprentice electrician, tug boat crewman, and has an avid interest in vocational train Despite his years as an educator, he retains the pride in having worked at a trade.

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RETAIN PARNELL — HE'S QUALIFIED

EDUCATION IS EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS

"Those who feel we should 'Leave education to the educators' are living in the Dark Ages," contends Dale Parnell. "Today more than ever before, we

have got to involve people in this business of education."

He has often stated that "Education is no spectator activity." Parents and taxpayers have a right and an obligation to participate in school planning. As our State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Dale Parnell will enlist broadbased support in bringing education closer to its "stockholders" — those who pay the bills.

"Our problem today is not to determine how 2 million Oregonians can run our schools," he says, "but how the schools can be responsive to the needs

of 2 million Oregonians."

WHAT ABOUT THE TEACHING-AND-LEARNING PROCESS?

Dale Parnell contends that skill-getting and skill-using are still the primary so als in education. To meet these goals, he says, a child must be taught so that he WANTS TO LEARN and so that he UNDERSTANDS WHY HE

NEEDS TO LEARN a particular skill.

"I believe in the 'Four R's' — the traditional reading, writing and 'rithmetic PLUS a fourth R - RESPONSIBILITY," asserts Parnell. "The learning process must be conducted in an atmosphere that stresses both personal and group responsibility."

A STRONGER ROLE FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND THE COM-MUNITY COLLEGE

"We have provided services to the gifted, the college bound, and more recently to the economically and culturally deprived," says Dale Parnell. "But

what about the average student?"

Dale Parnell challenges the myth that children acquire occupational competence and social and political awareness by being isolated from the community for 12 to 16 years within classroom walls. The world of work and the functions of local government, he says, must become an integral part of general education if we are to prepare our youth for the "real world" they will enter.

"A four-year college education is not an end-all for thousands of young ple," Dale Parnell believes. "Yet they must have an opportunity to develop marketable skills. A strong, job-oriented program of vocational education can

meet this need, and industry and labor must be called upon to help."

Dr. Parnell also sees a growing role for the community college. "It fills a crucial gap in our educational system," he says. "Because of the strong degree of local control and the flexibility of their programs, community colleges are especially responsive to the needs of those they serve."

Concerning Dale Parnell, former Secretary of State HOWELL APPLING, JR. says: "He is the best thing that's happened to Oregon education in many years. Dale Parnell does not see his position as that of an education czar, but as a catalyst for bringing all segments of the community together to meet the challenge of quality education.'

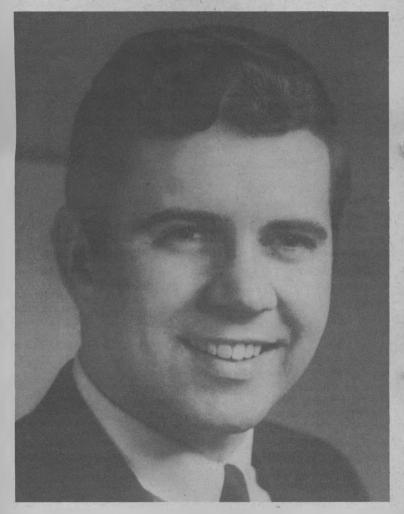
Former State Senator WARD COOK, SR. has this to say: "Dale Parnell brings to his job the youth, dedication and top-flight experience needed to cope with today's problems in public education. He is both imaginative and responsible—qualities that we desperately need in turning out the leaders tomorrow."

RETAIN PARNELL — HE'S QUALIFIED

PARNELL FOR SUPERINTENDENT COMMITTEE Howell Appling, Jr. and Ward Cook, Sr., Co-chairmen

MARY ROOT

For Representative in Congress, Second Congressional District



MARV ROOT - THE CITIZEN'S CHOICE FOR CONGRESS

MARV ROOT represents the type of change needed in our national leadership. Integrity, common sense, and a genuine concern for the needs and interests of all individuals are the qualities which MARV ROOT exemplifies.

People are excited about electing MARV ROOT as part of an essential (Concluded on following page)

(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

new national leadership for America. Makeshift and inconsistent policies have failed both at home and abroad. A new approach to our problems demands new leadership. The Congress has traditionally provided responsible and progressive leadership. But the Congress has allowed itself to become merely a rubber stamp for a faltering administration.

MARV ROOT stands strong and firm — a leader who looks ahead to the challenges of the next decade. The U.S. Congress needs new members representing the intellectual, political, and spiritual principles evident in MARV ROOT.

MARV ROOT — A REFRESHING NEW LEADER FOR TOMORROW YOU'LL BE PROUD OF MARV ROOT AS YOUR U. S. CONGRESSMAN

"OUTSTANDING" — MARV ROOT was named "One of America's outstanding young men in 1967." He resides on the family farm near Madras, where he was raised. MARV ROOT combines his experience in agriculture with professional training as an ordained minister in the Free Methodist Church.

L-PREPARED — MARV ROOT Graduated as valedictorian of Madras High School, where he served as student body president. MARV ROOT earned a BA in sociology at Seattle Pacific College and completed three years of graduate studies at Western Evangelical Seminary in Milwaukie, Oregon. His extensive education provides MARV ROOT with a KNOWL-EDGE OF PEOPLE and a deep desire to help develop a better world in which to live and work.

HARD-WORKING — MARV ROOT worked his way through college by operating a custom harvesting business in Jefferson County. He is acquainted with problems of both the businessman and the working man, having recently coordinated a statewide Manpower Development and Training Program for the Oregon Automotive Wholesalers Association. MARV ROOT has worked as a public relations consultant, and has spoken in over 30 states in his work as a traveling minister and lecturer. He is a property owner in the Second District.

INDIVIDUAL INVOLVEMENT AND INCENTIVE are keys to MARV ROOT'S philosophy. He believes that citizen participation is the best approach to social problems. Welfare programs must be reformed so as to allow the assistance to reach those who deserve it while enabling them to begin the clarification by up the ladder of self-improvement. Vocational training programs need given greater priority in our educational system. MARV ROOT serves as Chairman of the Social Action Task Force for the Oregon Conference of his church.

ECONOMIC GROWTH is essential to provide new jobs for Oregonians. MARV ROOT believes that new jobs and businesses depend upon better transportation, including improved highways, more available air transport, and efficient rail service. Our highways 20 and 26, as well as highways 395, 97, and 95 must be upgraded to meet today's needs.

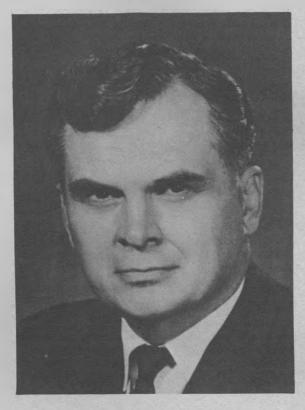
FULL RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT means a program for utilization of our water for Oregon expansion, not the Southwest. Agriculture, business, and recreation can enjoy a golden future in Oregon — providing we maintain adequate water resources. We must overhaul the patchwork of Federal laws pertaining to water rights, grazing lands, forests, and other aspects of the public domain.

MARV ROOT believes that the Nation is more important than political labels . . . that people are more important than partisan politics . . . that progress is more important than promises.

A VOTE FOR MARY ROOT IS AN INVESTMENT IN A SOUND AMERICAN TOMORROW!

AL ULLMAN

For Representative in Congress, Second Congressional District



"As your Congressman I share your hopes and concerns as well as your deep faith in the future of our State and our Nation. I pledge my continued dedication to serving you and Oregon. I ask your support as well as your advice and assistance in the tasks ahead."—AL ULLMAN

AL ULLMAN - OREGON'S STRONG VOICE IN CONGRESS

CHAIRMAN WILBUR MILLS: "Al Ullman is a strong right arm in the Ways and Means Committee in our efforts to establish fiscal integrity in government."

MAJORITY LEADER CARL ALBERT: "Al Ullman is one of our most admired, respected and able Members. He is a Congressman of courage."

FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY: Al Ullman has dedicated his efforts in C gress to reducing nonessential federal spending and establishing fiscal



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tegrity. He is a champion of federal tax reform and supports a program of long-range economic growth coupled with firm measures to control inflation.

CRIME, VIOLENCE: Al Ullman shares the concern of all Americans over problems of crime, disorder, and riots. He does not feel firearms registration is a federal function, but has consistently supported sound and constitutional legislation to reduce crime and violence and to upgrade police protection throughout our nation.

OREGON'S ECONOMIC FUTURE: Every section of Oregon's Second District has benefitted from the dynamic programs of water and land development that have characterized Al Ullman's service in Congress. He has led in the fight against schemes to divert Columbia River water. He has worked to bring new jobs and new growth to Oregon's lumber industry and to prevent the with tricted export of our vital public timber.

FARM INCOME: Al Ullman knows the problems of Oregon agriculture, and works on every front to provide more effective farm policies and greater bargaining power in the market place.

A MODERN FOREIGN POLICY: Al Ullman has called for a complete reevaluation of our foreign relations to prevent future entanglements like Viet Nam. He believes that we should use every worldwide influence to develop policies for economic development in the emerging nations and more effective means of achieving and maintaining peace in Southeast Asia and throughout the world.

LOCAL RESPONSIBILITY: As a member of the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, Al Ullman has urged a "new federalism," with the emphasis on local initiative and management. He has worked closely with community leaders and Second District officials to bring federal assistance to needed local projects and programs.

ULLMAN WORKS FOR IMPROVED LIVING CONDITIONS FOR ALL OREGONIANS THROUGH EDUCATION, TRAINING AND INCREASED OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG PEOPLE AND THE POOR AND DISABLED, AND A MORE EFFECTIVE SOCIAL SECURITY AND MEDICARE SYSTEM FOR THE ELDERLY.

Born and raised in the Northwest, Al Ullman earned his degree in political science from Whitman College and a Masters Degree in Public Law from Columbia University. He is a former school teacher and successful businessman. He is a World War II veteran, having served in the Navy in the South Pacific and later achieved the rank of Captain in the Naval Reserves. FAMILY: Al and Anita Ullman have three children: Anita Jo Ullman Gazda, married and the mother of granddaughter Margaret Ann; Kenneth, a Lieutenant in the Navy, now aboard the USS Canberra; Wayne, a junior in High School.

L ULLMAN'S STATURE AND INFLUENCE IN WASHINGTON IS IMPORTANT TO YOU AND OREGON. HIS VOICE IS YOUR VOICE SPEAKING IN THE NATION'S HIGHEST COUNCILS.

WALLACE P. CARSON, JR.

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 1





ACTION SPEAKS

WALLACE CARSON, JR. has a matchless combination of energy, enthusiasm, and experience. In the May primary, he was nominated for re-election by both major parties.



WALLACE CARSON, JR. has a background in grass-roots politics, an education in political science, and experience as a legislator. He served in the 1967 session (Committees: Agriculture, Fish and Game, and Judiciary and Legislative Interim Committee on Agriculture).

WALLACE CARSON, JR. is a lawyer who actively serves his county. He has wide experience in state and community affairs.

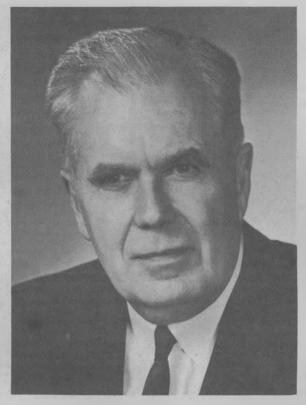
WALLACE CARSON, JR. is married and the father of three children. He and his wife, Gloria, are natives of Marion County, attended Salem Public Schools, and are active members of St. Paul's Episcopal Church. He attended Stanford University and Willamette University College of Law. As a jet pilot in the Air Force, he served in Korea and the Far East and is now in the active Air Force Reserve.

CARSON FOR REPRESENTATIVE COMMITTEE Peter C. Bluett, Chairman

(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

MORRIS K. CROTHERS

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 2



Morris K. Crothers has lived in Salem since discharge from the Navy in World War II. He has during that time been engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. Dr. Crothers was first elected to the Oregon Legislature in 1962. Re-elected in 1964 and 1966, he has had a broad experience on committee assignments. He believes that state and local government face some very serious situations, foremost of which is the quality of our schools and the manner in which these will be financed. He believes there must be grady increased state support to local schools to assure continued high quantity education with relief for the property taxpayer, especially the farmer and home owner.

RE-ELECT CROTHERS COMMITTEE

Clarke Brown, Chairman

CAROLINE MATTER NEUWIRTH

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 2



CAROLINE MATTER NEUWIRTH is concerned with Oregon's state government and Marion County's representation in the legislature in recent years. She is convinced that good government is a product of our two-party system, with representation from BOTH parties essential to proper evaluation and solution of Oregon's problems. She feels that it is TIME FOR A CHANGE IN MARION COUNTY.

She cares about taxes, feeling at they MUST BE EQUITABLE. For this reason, she is definitely OPPOSED TO THE SALES TAX.

Caroline cares about what has been happening to our Oregon beaches, our streams, our forests and all our recreational resources. She will resist exploitation today of Oregon's real assets of the future.

She cares about Oregon's economy, but feels that short-range, stop-gap measures are not the solution to our problems, present or potential.

Caroline has worked at Oregon Fairview Home and understands something of institutions and their problems.

Coming from a teaching family, and having worked in teacher certification at the State Department of Education, she has knowledge of the education needs of Marion County and throughout the state, and wants the best e tion facilities for all the children in the state, including her own two.

Caroline cares about the prevalence of consumer frauds, and will work

toward better consumer protection laws.

She has actively participated in professional and community activities, including American Society for Public Administration, Public Service Forum, Pacific Northwest Personnel Management Association, Toastmistress, United Fund, Girl Scouts and Pentacle Theatre.

Caroline is currently Marion County Democratic Central Committee Secretary, President of the Marion County Jane Jefferson Club, is an active church member and former Church School Superintendent and plays violin with the

Salem Pops Orchestra.

She was born in Salem, Oregon in 1931; was educated in the Salem schools and took her Bachelor of Arts degree at Willamette University in Economics with a separate emphasis in Public Administration. Five years ago she and her husband purchased a small farm in the Silverton area.

Wife, mother, gardener and seamstress, Caroline likes to see things done

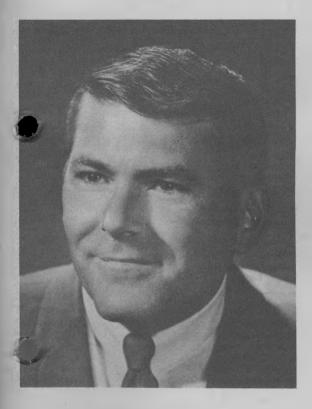
properly.

CAROLINE CARES! ELECT CAROLINE MATTER NEUWIRTH

Mary E. Eyre, Chairman

JACK ANUNSEN

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 3



AGAIN A POSITIVE CHOICE!

JACK ANUNSEN is again a positive choice to "get things done" in the House of Representatives.

Honored in 1967 by the Oregon Jaycees as "One of Oregon's Three Outstanding Young Men," JACK ANUNSEN has demonstrated his interest in the people of Oregon and his ability to "get things done."

JACK ANUNSEN will continue to work for: `(1) The answer to the ever growing property tax problem, (2) Traffic Safety, (3) Solutions to our Metropolitan Problems and, (4) Stronger Anti-Pollution Laws.

JACK ANUNSEN will use his experience and knowledge gained from serving on more than one-third of the committees in the House of Representatives, to continue working for the changes needed in our laws to maintain Oregon's stature as a "Good Place to Live!"

JACK ANUNSEN-Again YOUR Positive Choice!

ANUNSEN CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE Richard B. Postal, Chairman

(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

PATRICIA J. (PAT) WAHL

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 3



PAT WAHL
Will Represent
YOUR SPECIAL INTERESTS

As a

TAXPAYER and CONSUMER.



PAT WAHL has been called a "realist" since she is neither extremely conservative nor extremely liberal in her views and she has been commended by many, even her opponents, on her "objectiveness" as Legislation Chairman and principal lobbyist for the Oregon Consumer League.

PAT WAHL will work for YOUR INTERESTS!

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• Home-Owner Property Tax Relief	Now!
Strong Consumer Protection Laws	Now!
Clean Air and Water	Now!
Veterans' Fund Safeguards	Now!
Recreation and Beach Protection	Now!

Save Oregon for Oregonians



PAT WAHL is 38 years old, a native Oregonian who is proud of Oregon, a member of the Christian Church, Royal Neighbors, Oregon Consumer League, Farmers Union, Salem Jane Jefferson Club, Marion County Democratic Club and Genealogical Forum of Portland.

PAT WAHL lives in Salem with her husband Don, who has been employed with the Dept. of Employment for the past 19 years. They have three teen-age children, the oldest now serving a four year enlistment in the U.S. Marine Corps. She and her husband also own a small manufacturing firm in Salem.

PAT WAHL will represent YOUR INTERESTS!

ELECT PAT WAHL YOUR REPRESENTATIVE!

PAT WAHL for STATE REPRESENTATIVE COMMITTEE Mrs. Betty Kelly, Chairman, 360 Washington St., S.E., Salem

(This information furnished by Democratic Party of Oregon; John Allen, Chairman; Don Orton, Secretary)

L. B. DAY

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 4



A PROVEN RECORD OF ACCOMPLISHMENT

L. B. Day is a graduate of Willamette University, and has proven himself well qualified to cope with and solve legislative problems in behalf of the PUBLIC interest.

REP. DAY, in seeking his third term in the House of Representative, CALLS for: PROTECTION of Oregon's prime FARM LANDS; SUPPORT of local LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; TIGHTENING of our EDUCATIONAL resources; and a well-coordinated, well-staffed, quality DAY CARE CENTER program for children of working mothers.

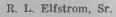
REP. DAY is a strong CONSERVA-TIONIST in the fields of agriculture, our natural resources and ocean beaches.

DAY was named SALEM'S JUNIOR FIRST CITIZEN for 1967 and in 1968 was named one of the TEN TOP OUTSTANDING YOUNG MEN in Oregon.

EP. DAY worked diligently during the 1967 session, serving as Chairman of the House Planning and Development Committee, which he led into broad, new areas for the future development of the state's resources. His imagination in this area has helped bring about the naming of Oregon State University as a SEA GRANT COLLEGE, which will establish Oregon as a leader in marine research.

REP. DAY, during his second term in the House, achieved legislation for tightening election laws, public disclosure of campaign funds, fiscal control of state expenditures and budgets, and the creation of the STATE ARTS COMMISSION.

DAY, married, the father of a son, aged five, will work toward better education for his son as well as every other child in this state.



Chairman, Committee for Day

LESLIE GORDON WOLFE

For State Representative, Eleventh District Marion County, Position No. 4



Les Wolfe feels it is time for a change of leadership when:

It becomes necessary to raid the veterans fund to meet the fiscal needs of our state.

We find the public beaches being hauled away or closed to public access.

After repeated public outcries property owner is still in a two-way squeeze being forced to choose between adequate financed schools and the poorhouse.

Regressive taxation proposals are threatening our retired senior citizens and others living on fixed incomes.

When water and air pollution threatens to turn our state into an industrial waste land.

Wolfe's wide interest and varied background in the public and private sectors of community life have provided him with a variety of experiences that will help

him serve the people of Marion County.

The father of two children, ages three and five, Wolfe is concerned about the overcrowded schools and the relevancy of education to the needs of community.

While serving as the principal of Woodburn High School, Woodburn, Oregon, Wolfe was selected to serve on a number of national and state educational committees, elected to serve as an instructor at the University of Oregon, and chosen as president elect of the Oregon Secondary School Principals Association.

Wolfe was honored as Woodburn's 1967 Junior First Citizen for his work in the community and the State.

Wolfe is familiar with the responsibility and sometimes unpopular results of making a decision—however, after observing the last legislative session he feels it is time for "action representation" for the people of Marion County.

WOLFE FOR STATE LEGISLATOR COMMITTEE Bill Croco, Chairman, Rt. 2, Box 212, Aurora, Ore

GARY D. GORTMAKER

For District Attorney, Marion County



Nominated by Both the REPUBLICAN and DEMOCRATIC Parties for

Marion County District Attorney
BACKGROUND: 33 years old, married
and father of 3 children;

and father of 3 children; homeowner, sportsman, 32° Mason and Elk.

EDUCATION:

Willamette University (Bachelor of Science in Laws): Willamette College of Law (Bachelor of Laws and Doctor of Jurisprudence); Alumnus - The Judge Advocate General's School, United States Army. Charlottesville, Virginia; participant in The Command General Staff School, United States Army, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Army Reserve and National Guard officer with rank of Major.

EXPERIENCE: Practicing attorney 1957-1960; Deputy District Attorney 1960-1963; Special Prosecutor Polk County, 1964; District Attorney Marion County 1965 to date.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: (1) Admitted to practice and appeared at all levels of Oregon courts; U.S. District Courts of Oregon, Washington and California; e United States Court of Military Appeals, Washington, D.C., The United ates Supreme Court. Washington, D.C.

(2) Appeared as special lecturer in criminal law at Willamette College of Law; participated and instructed in many police training programs throughout Oregon.

(3) Author of training manuals — "Courtroom Case Preparation, De-Meanor and Procedures," and "The Administration of Criminal Justice."
(4) Prosecuted SUCCESSFULLY during his term in office, more criminal cases than any other District Attorney in Oregon.

(5) Prepared and argued SUCCESSFULLY more criminal cases before the Oregon Supreme Court than any other District Attorney in Oregon.

"District Attorney Gortmaker is looked to by many district attorneys in Oregon and the Northwest for assistance and advice in case preparation, trial, and appellate procedures. He is considered to be one of the outstanding prosecutors in the Northwestern United States."

DALE PIERSON, Chairman
"Lawyers Committee to Elect Gary D. Gortmaker District Attorney"
(Lawrence N. Brown; Wallace P. Carson, Jr.; Asa L. Lewelling;
M. Chapin Milbank; David A. Rhoten; Bruce W. Williams; Otto R.
Skopil, Jr.; William Gehlen; J. Wallace Gutzler, Co-Chairman)
2nd Floor, Masonic Building, Salem, Oregon

PAT McCARTHY

For County Commissioner, Marion County, Position No. 3



Pat McCarthy is your incumbent County Commissioner. He grew up at St. Paul in the northern part of Marion County. Pat and his wife, Betty, are rearing their nine children on the same farm where his family settled when he was a small boy.

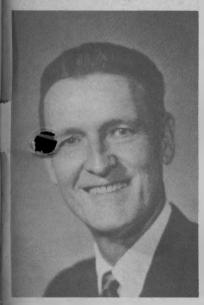
Pat McCarthy is presently a member of the Board of Directors of the Association of Oregon Counties and Chairman of District 5, A.O.C. He is a member of the Salem Area Chamber of Commerce and Vice-President of the Marion County Farmers' Union. Pat is also on the County Board of Health and the County Welfare Commission. He is an active member of the Knights of Columbus and Kiwanis.

Marion County has progressed steadily during the past eight years due to McCarthy's able leadership. He has worked consistently to hold down County taxes and live within the budget. The County tax rate has been lowered since McCarthy has been in office, but a high standard of service has been maintained. This bears out his conviction that property taxes should not be raised.

The record is clear! Hold down taxes! Re-elect Pat McCarthy, an experienced and effective County Commissioner.

BOB COE

For County Treasurer, Marion County



Your County Treasurer Bob Coe has demonstrated the alert and aggressive leadership we need in handling county business.

Capable, sincere and warmly friendly, Bob has a record of getting things done, in government, in business and in civic and church affairs.

Bob's investment program has already saved you more than a million dollars in taxes. Through wise investment of funds at highest interest, he has earned more than a million dollars during his eight years as Marion County Treasurer. Bob credits much of the success of his investment program to cooperation from county officials and from 63 participating tax districts.

Substantial tax savings were made through pooling of investments. By combining investments of Marion County and local taxing districts into one fund, an extra 1/2 % interest is earned on the same amount of money invested.

National recognition was given to Bob Coe's outstanding investment program by his election as Secretary-Treasurer of the National Association of County

Treasurers and Finance Officers.

Introduction of modern equipment and streamlined business methods have ted the Treasurer's office to absorb a 257% increase in work load without a corporating increase in cost. New distribution methods worked out by Bob Coe have saved more tax dollars. Previously, school districts were forced to pay interest on money borrowed while waiting for the County Treasurer to turn over tax funds.

Bob Coe has been responsible for handling more than \$190,000,000 of public funds since taking office, without a loss. This is a tribute to his tireless efforts to provide maximum security for public funds and public documents entrusted to him. He is continually seeking new and better ways to provide greater

Bob Coe came to Salem in 1954 from Tillamook where he was "Junior First Citizen" in 1950, a City Councilman, Vice-President of the Commercial Bank of that city and President of the Lower Columbia Bankers Association. His broad civic activities have included President of the Methodist Men, President and District Governor of Sertoma, Chairman of the Cancer Drive, Treasurer of the Capitol Manor Retirement Home, President of the Oregon Finance Officers, President of the Association of County Treasurers and Finance Officers, Treasurer of Marion County United Good Neighbors, Vice-President of South Salem Lic lub and mem the seents Council. lub and member of the Board of Candelaria Mothers and Dads Club and

Married to the former Ethel Alice Sanders of Eugene, they have two daugh-

ters, Judy Joyce of Portland and Susan Roberta of Salem.

(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

PRESTON W. HALE

For County Treasurer, Marion County



Preston W. "Slim" Hale recognizes the need to restore cooperation in the County Treasurer's office.

Republican and Democratic leaders both urged Mr. Hale to seek the office as a write-in candidate to attempt to build back harmony in local government.

The treasurer is only a steward. Neither he nor the county own the kiney he invests. He holds it in trust for the schools and cities. This is a responsibility which cries out for a man of prudence and good taste.

Mr. Hale has served with distinction on the Salem City Council, retiring as senior member in 1967 with 12 years service.

Mr. Hale operated his own jewelry business in Salem for over 20 years. For the last seven years he has represented a major corporation, Alberto-Culver.

'Slim' Hale is a hearty, friendly, 55 year old native of Salem. The former Katherine Schampier of Turner is his wife of 29 years. Their son, who at 18 was the youngest commercial pilot in Oregon, is now a junior at the University of Oregon.

Other activities of this personable candidate include: Present chairman Airport Advisory Board; Elks member 22 years; 12 years activity in Lions (held all offices); Director Chamber of Commerce for Hollywood area; Member Oregon State Jewelers Association; UGN; Chairman City license Committee; Salem Zoning Study.

'Slim" Hale has no further political ambition other than to upgrade the

office of treasurer.

THOMAS E. BACHELDER

For County Sheriff, Marion County



HONEST
COURTEOUS
EFFICIENT
ECONOMICAL
SERVICE

Few men in the police profession command the respect and have the influence of Marion County's Sheriff Tom Bachelder.

He will take to the Sheriff's Office the seasoned administration and leadership developed during four years in the Sheriff's office. Leadership that led to his election as President of the Oregon-Washington Lawmen's Assn. and trust of Democrats and Republicans alike.

TOM BACHELDER kept his word on his campaign pledges of four years ago and continues to have the Sheriff's office keep pace with the evergrowing problems and responsibilities. He has given full time and more to assure office is properly operated for the benefit of all citizens.

TOM BACHELDER is an outstanding leader in law enforcement as attested by being appointed or elected to the following positions: Appointed Deputy Medical Examiner for Marion County; elected member, Executive Board, Oregon Sheriff Assn.; elected Chairman of Regional Board for Police Standards and Training; elected Boss of the year 1964, El Nido Chapter of American Business Women; appointed member, Advisory Committee, Work Release Program for State of Oregon; appointed by Salem's Mayor, Vern Miller, as member of Salem Area Humane Relations Commission.

TOM BACHELDER as a taxpayer, property owner, family man, veteran of two wars and community leader is prepared to be an efficient, courteous and full-time Sheriff with no outside business interests, attentive to the woblems of law and order, tax administration and juvenile delinquency Marion County.

JACK UTTERBACK For County Sheriff, Marion County



JUVENILE DELINQUENCY IN MARION COUNTY HAS RISEN 40% SINCE 1967

JACK UTTERBACK KNOWS THE PROBLEMS — AND THE ANSWERS MARION COUNTY NEEDS A PROFESSIONAL LAW ENFORCE INTOFFICER AS SHERIFF

JACK UTTERBACK, a native Salemite, is deeply concerned with the shocking rise in juvenile delinquency, crime and lack of programs to counter this alarming trend.

JACK UTTERBACK'S twelve years of law enforcement experience includes preparing budgets, Juvenile Officer and detective work.

JACK UTTERBACK combines on-the-job experience and extensive advanced law enforcement training in Police Science, including the LaSalle University Law Course, to give Marion County an efficient and effective program.

JACK UTTERBACK'S law enforcement program, prepared with the help of Jack Anunsen, and others, will meet today's needs — and set the pattern for our future.

WE NEED A PROFESSIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AS OUR MARION COUNTY SHERIFF

ELECT JACK UTTERBACK YOUR SHERIFF.

UTTERBACK FOR SHERIFF COMMITTEE
Don Edwards, Chairman



(This information furnished by Republican State Central Committee; Irving Enna, Chairman; Mrs. Theodore L. Shay, Secretary)

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CANDIDATES

President, Vice President and Presidential Electors (Vote for One Group)
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES—Hubert H. Humphrey (D); VICE
PRESIDENT—Edmund Muskie (D); ELECTORS—Mrs. Margaret Hensley; Don
Reed; Mrs. Nellie Ripper; William Way; James Weaver; Mrs. B. Hughel Wilkins.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES—Richard M. Nixon (R); VICE PRESIDENT—Spiro T. Agnew (R); ELECTORS—Irving Enna; Bert Keith; Mrs. Theodore Shay; Mrs. John Venator; Gordon Wood; Mrs. Frederic W.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES—George C. Wallace (I); VICE PRESIDENT—S. Marvin Griffin (I); ELECTORS—Flora Mae Croft; Allegra Doane; Robert P. Kendall; Wesley M. Kent; Ray Ridge; Vernon E. Schroeder. UNITED STATES SENATOR—(Vote for One)—Wayne Morse (D); Robert

W. Packwood (R).

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 2nd DISTRICT—(Vote for One)—Marv

Root (R); Al Ullman (D).

SECRÉTARY OF STATE—(Vote for One)—Clay Myers (R); George Van Hoomissen (D).

STATE TREASURER—(Vote for One)—Ancel S. Page (R); Robert W.

Straub (D).

ATTORNEY GENERAL—(Vote for One)—Lee Johnson (R); Robert Y. of (D).

TE REPRESENTATIVE, 11th DISTRICT, Marion County, Position

No. 1—(Vote for One)—Wallace P. Carson, Jr. (R).

STATE REPRESENTATIVE, 11th DISTRICT, Marion County, Position
No. 2—(Vote for One)—Morris K. Crothers (R); Caroline Matter Neuwirth

STATE REPRESENTATIVE, 11th DISTRICT, Marion County, Position

No. 3—(Vote for One)—Jack Anuncen (R): Patricia J (Pat) Wahl (D)

No. 3—(Vote for One)—Jack Anunsen (R); Patricia J. (Pat) Wahl (D). STATE REPRESENTATIVE, 11th DISTRICT, Marion County, Position

No. 4—(Vote for One)—L. B. Day (R); Leslie Gordon Wolfe (D).

DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Marion County—(Vote for One)—Gary David Gortmaker (R).

NONPARTISAN

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—(Vote for One)—Walter Blake: Dale Parnell

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, Position No. 1—(Vote for One)—

Wm. M. McAllister.

DGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, Position No. 6—(Vote for One)—
H. Denecke.

JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT, Marion County, Department No. 1— (Vote for One)—Edward O. Stadter, Jr.

JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT, Marion County, Department No. 2—(Vote for One)—Thomas W. Hansen.

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