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At 7 a.m., December 8 (Japan time) Ambassador Grew was awakened by a telephone call from an official of the Japanese Foreign Office who requested him to call on Foreign Minister Togo as soon as possible (ex. 30, p. 493). When Ambassador Grew arrived, Foreign Minister Togo, "grim and formal," handed him the Japanese Government's memorandum breaking off the negotiations. The Foreign minister said that he as a been in touch with Emperor Hirchito, who desired that the memorandum be regarded as his reply to President Roosevelt's message. Ambassador Grew reported to the State Department that the Foreign Minister thereupon made to him the following oral statement:

His Majesty has expressed his gratefulness and appreciation for the cordial message of the President. He has graciously let known his wishes to the Foreign Minister to convey the following to the President as a roply to the latter's message.

"Some days ago, the President made inquiries regarding the circumstances of the regmentation of Japanese forces in French Indochina to which His Majesty has directed the Government to reply. Natural of Japanese forces from French Indochina constitutes one of the subject matters of the Japanese-American negotiations. His majesty has commanded the Government to state its views to the American Government also on this question. It is, therefore, desired that the President will kindly refer to this reply.

"Establishment of peace in the Prcific, and consequently of the world, has been the cherished desire of his he jesty for the reslization of which he has hitherto made his Government to continue its earnest endeavors. His he jesty trusts that the President is fully aware of this fact" (ex. 178).

(From Report of the Joint Committee on the Investigation of the Pearl Harbor Attack Congress of the United States, p. 441-442)