DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12958

GHQ/SCAP Records (RG 331, National Archives and Records Service)

Description of contents

(1) Box no. **3147**

(2) Folder title/number: **(3)**
319.1 (000.3): Arts and Monuments Reports

(3) Date: **Dec. 1947 - Sept. 1949**

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
9840, 9860	e

(5) Item description and comment:
Kyushu

(6) Reproduction: (Yes) No

(7) Film no. Sheet no.

(Compiled by *National Diet Library*)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

Central file

AL/ma

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
27 September 1949

SUBJECT: Quarterly Report on Arts and Monuments Inspections

TO : Commanding General, Hqs I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Civil Affairs Section)

1. Reference: Letter, file AG 007-HA, Hqs I Corps, dated 27 December 1946, subject: Services of Japanese Nationals as Arts and Monuments Technical Consultant.

2. From July-September 1949, Mr. Kyuichi Arimitsu, Japanese Technical Consultant for Field Inspection of Cultural Materials and Installations, attached to Kyushu Civil Affairs Region Headquarters, traveled in Fukuoka-Ken, Kumamoto-Ken and Oita-Ken.

3. The purpose of his trips was to inspect: (1) the registered 'National Treasures', 'Historics Sites', 'Important Art Objects' and 'Natural History Preserves'; (2) unclassified cultural materials which might be qualified for preservation; (3) other archaeological sites; (4) collection of cultural materials and (5) repairment of the destroyed cultural materials.

4. The following is Mr. Arimitsu's report of his findings.

(1) Name of site: Miyajitaka Kofun
Location : Miyaji, Tsuyazaki-machi, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 6th September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description : This is an ancient chamber tomb, built of huge stones and is covered by a circular mound located half-way up Mt. Miyajitake. This is one of the longest corridor tombs in all Japan; the entire length of the chamber is estimated to be 21.8 meters. The masonry of the chamber is constructed of unusually huge stones and is an object of great admiration. This is one of the representative stone chamber tombs of Japan, is a typical megalithic monument and should be classed as a 'Historic Site.' At present this is used as the inner shrine by the Miyajitake Jinja Shrine and the images of Fuko Family

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

are enshrined in the niche which was engraved on the innermost wall. It is well preserved by the Shrine and is available for educational use.

(2) Name of objects: Miyajitake Kofun Shutsudo-hin
Location : Miyajitake-jinja, Tsuyazaki-machi Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 6th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : Some 300 pieces of funeral treasures which were found in the Miyajitake Kofun, the gigantic stone chamber tomb, are kept in the storehouse of the Miyajitake-jinja Shrine. They were found some twenty years ago and there are various specimens such as personal ornaments, trappings for horses, weapons, vessels etc. (1) Among the personal ornaments, two strings of necklaces are registered. One necklace contained 217 beads, and the other, 47 beads. (2) The trappings for horses are the most remarkable articles in this group and consist of a pair of stirrups, ornamental saddle rims, bridle-bits, ornamental pendants for horses, etc. They are all made of gilt bronze and decorated with beautiful honeysuckle patterns which indicate the artistic features of the 5th and 6th Centuries. (3) Two pieces of gilt bronze ornamental sword hilt butts are most noteworthy relics among the fragments of weapons. One of the hilt butts is about 20cm. in diameter and is presumably the largest in Japan. The iron blade and bronze guard of the sword are also gigantic. (4) A bronze bowl with a cover and a bronze plate are registered. Beside these vessels, ten pieces of pottery were found. This pottery was made in the 5th and 6th Centuries in Korea and Japan. (5) Three flat plates of lapis lazuli and eight 8 fragments were unearthed with the treasures. The plates are triangular rectangular and heartshaped. The size of the rectangular plate is 17.4cm. long and 11cm. wide. As there are only a few complete large plates of lapis lazuli found in ancient burial mounds, in Japan, and they are registered as National Treasures.

(3) Name of objects: Miyajitake-jinja Keidai Shutsudo-hin
Location : Miyajitake-jinja, Tsuyazaki-machi, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 6th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : A set of cinerary urns consisting of a lapis lazuli pot, bronze bowl and two clay jars, was found in the entrance of the Miyajitake Kofun, the megalithic chamber tomb. They are cautiously preserved by the Miyajitake jinja Shrine, as the materials are fragile. The ashes were contained in the lapis lazuli pot which was stored in the bronze bowl. The bronze bowl had been buried in a clay jar and was covered by another jar. The lapis lazuli pot as well as the bronze bowl indicates the artistic features of the Nara Period (the 8th Century). There are only

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12958

a few such complete groups of cremation relics in Kyushu, and consequently are important relics of the era.

(4) Name of site: Sutada Kofun-gun
Location : Sutada and Ikuno Tsuyazaki-machi, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 7th September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description : Some ten (10) mounds are located around the hamlets of Sutada and Ikuno. The mound located at the back of the main building of the Amaturi-jinja Shrine is the largest. It is in the shape of a key-hole with the square part facing the west. The entire length is over 80 meters, the width of the square part is 45 meters, and the diameter of the round mound is 40 meters. Presumably they were built in the 5th and 7th Centuries and are worthy of preservation.

(5) Name of site: Nuyama Kofun-gun
Location : Nuyama, Katsuura-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 7th September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description : Over twenty mounds formed in ancient times are located in the vicinity of Nuyama Village. They are adjacent to the Sutada Kofun-gun which was described in paragraph (4). Among them more than five (5) mounds are in the form of a key-hole, the rest are rounded. They are few large ancient burial mounds existing in Kyushu. Therefore, they should be registered as Historical Sites and should be protected from destruction.

(6) Name of place: Chinoshu-ji
Location : Yoshida, Tachiuri-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 9th September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description : Chinoshu-ji Monastry has a bronze sutra-case, in the form of a cylinder. Although the bottom part is rotted off, the main body and its decorative cover remain in good condition. It is most probable that this sutra-case has two sets of four-parallel lines of inscriptions around the body. According to the inscriptions, this was made on the October 29th, the 4th year of Eiwa (1130 A.D.) This is one of the rare examples bearing the dated inscriptions and it should be carefully preserved. The height is 22.3cm., the diameter is 7.55cm. The cover is 5.5cm. high and 13.2cm. across.

(7) Name of object: Amida-Butsu Seki-hi
Location : Yoshida, Tachiuri-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 9th September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

DECLASSIFIED

Description : A stone stele stands on the top of the hill adjoining the compound of the Chinkoku-ji Temple. An image of Amida-nyorai is carved on the upper part of the stele and six lines of epitaph are inscribed on the lower part. The image of Amida-nyorai is represented as a figure who sits cross-legged on a lotus flower shaped pedestal with a typical mudra of his hands and wears a nimbus on his back. His round countenance, elegant expressions of his drapery and his position indicate the artistic features of the Fujiwara Era (12th Century). The inscriptions tell us that this stele was set up on the 7th November of the second year of Gen-ei (1119 A.D.). As it has a dated inscription as well as being an admirable sculpture, it is worthy of designation and should be preserved as adequately as possible. This stele is about 120cm. in the height, 45cm. in width and 16cm. in thickness. The physical condition is good and it is adequately preserved by the Chinkoku-ji. It is available for educational use.

(8) Name of object: Munakata-jinja Hotsumiya Hon-den
Location : 2331 Usden, Toshima, Toshima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 10th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : This is the Main Hall of Munakata-jinja Shrine. It is a wooden structure with five-span, Nagare type roof, thatched with small pieces of Japanese cypress. It was rebuilt in the sixth year of Tensho (1578 A.D.), and was repaired in 1593 and 1621. This structure is one of the typical types of architecture of the Momoyama Period (1568 - 1614 A.D.). It is regrettable that this structure has been partially damaged by weathering and a leaky roof; also by termites in several places. It should be repaired as soon as possible.

(9) Name of objects: Munakata-jinja Hotsumiya Bai-den
Location : 2331 Toshima, Toshima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 10th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : This is the Worship Hall of Munakata-jinja Shrine. It is one-story, 6 x 2 span structure, with gable roof of Kasuga-zukuri. It was rebuilt by Tsukinoge Kobayagawa, the lord of this district, in the 18th year of Tensho (1590 A.D.) and since then has been repaired several times. This structure also indicates the architectural features of the 16th Century and is available for educational use.

(10) Name of object: Komainu
Location: Munakata-jinja, Toshima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 10th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

Description: A pair of stone images of guardian dogs are preserved in the store-house of the Shrine. One of these images is represented as a figure who plays with an ornamental ball, while the other image embraces a baby-dog by the front legs. Each dog has a carved tag-shaped design on its back, and any inscription inscribed on it. According to this inscription, we know that these images were donated to the Munakata-jinja Shrine by Tomofusa Fujiwara in the first year of Kon-nin (1201 A.D.). They are ascribed to the works of the Sung Dynasty and are regarded as imports from China. They are fanciful and skillful sculptures. The physical condition is good, and they are adequately preserved by the Shrine, and available as educational materials. They are 61cm. in heighth, 40cm. in length and 13cm. wide.

(11) Name of objects: Komainu
Location : Munakata-jinja, Tashima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 10th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : A pair of wooden images of guardian dogs at this Shrine are also registered as National Treasures. Although they were painted with rich colors, the colors have deteriorated and peeled off. Their lips are painted with red color and teeth, with golden color. Their positions are rather strange, in that their front legs are stretched. They are probably works of the 14th Century and artistically are not too good. The height of the images are 174cm.; the length, 83cm. and the width, 45cm. One of them is partially damaged and it should be carefully preserved.

(12) Name of object: Amida-Kyo-seki
Location : Munakata-jinja, Tashima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 10th September 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description : Munakata-jinja Shrine has a rectangular stone-stile which is registered as a "National Treasure". A sitting image of Amida nyorai, with a typical mudra of his hands, is carved on the one side. The texts of Amida-Kyo sutra and a spell of Ojo-Jodo are inscribed on the back side. There are several lines of additional inscriptions around the stile. By these inscriptions we know that this stile was made in China in 1195 A.D., then imported to Japan, and donated to the Munakata-jinja Shrine in 1220 A.D. Therefore, the face of the image differs from those of Buddha images in Japan, the spirals of the 'rehatsu' hair are larger and the other characteristics of this image indicate Chinese tastes.

This stile is 107cm. in height, 72 cm. in width and 22cm. in thickness. It has a roof-styled top-decoration and stands on a lotus flower designed pedestal. It is now erected in a special place in the precinct of this Shrine and well preserved. As it is one of the most important

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

Buddhistic monuments in Kyushu, its care and protection should be emphasized. It is noteworthy that the additional inscriptions of the donation-letters, dated 1220, 1257, etc., were written with the "Hirakana" or Japanese characters in the old style.

(13) Name of objects: Kamitakamiya Kofun Shutsudo-hin
Location : Tatsumi Munakata's Residence, Tashima, Tashima-mura, Munakata-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 11 September 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Mr. Tatsumi Munakata has these funeral relics which were found in a stone cist on the top of the hill back of Munakata-jinja Shrine. The relics are twenty (20) various specimens such as "Magatama" beads, eleven (11) tubular beads, a bronze mirror, two (2) iron swords, two (2) iron daggers, two (2) iron celts, several fragments of iron arrowheads, five (5) bronze arrowheads, two (2) iron knives and many fragments of iron armor. Among them fourteen (14) piggy Magatama-beads (smaller them 1 cm. in length) and the bronze arrowheads are particularly remarkable. Both are unusual archaeological relics on Kyushu Island. The bronze mirror was made in Japan, modelled after the Chinese mirror. These relics were presumably buried in the cist in the 5th-6th Century, and as they include important archaeological specimens, they should be carefully preserved. At present almost all iron weapons and armor are stored in the shrine at the top of the back-hill of Munakata-jinja.

(14) Name of object: Image of Fudo-myowo
Location : Daijo-ji, 139, 4-chome, Daimyo-machi, Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 21 July 1949
Ranking : National Treasure

Description: This is a wooden statue of Fudo-myowo. It is represented as an angry-faced and half-naked figure who stands on a rock-shaped pedestal. He holds a sword in his right hand and a string hanging from the left. It is 93.5 cm. in height. Both hands, sword and string were supplemented in a later period, and although it is presumably one of the works of the 14th Century, we cannot conclude that it is excellent carving.

(15) Name of objects: Portraits of Kuroda-Josui
Location : Sofuku-ji, Chiyozmachi, Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 22 July 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Sofuku-ji Temple has two (2) portraits of Josui Kuroda who was the lord of Chikuzen clan. Both were painted on silk in rich colors in a style similar to each other and respectively mounted as "Kakemono". It is a portrait of a sitting "Samurai" in plain clothes, hold-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

ing a folding fan in his right hand. One has the inscription, dated autumn of the 9th year of Keich5 (1604), while the other, is dated the summer of the same year. The former is 82 x 40.2 cm.; the latter is 106.5 x 48 cm. They are important examples for their historical value though they have been retouched in a later period. The physical condition is bad because the materials are frail and the protection by the Temple is inadequate.

(16) Name of site: Gongen-zuka Kofun
Location : Miyamoto, Daizenji-machi, Mitsuma-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 28 July 1949
Ranking : Historic Sites

Description: It is a round-shaped mound, nine (9) meters in height and surrounded by dual moats. This mound was adorned with "Haniwa" earthenwares. As a result of poor care, this area is disintegrating.

(17) Name of site: On-zuka Kofun
Location : Miyamoto, Daizenji-machi, Mizuma-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 28 July 1949
Ranking : Historic Site

Description: Although this mound is in the form of a key-hole, the square mound is uncommonly small. It is ten (10) meters in height and was originally surrounded by triple moats, but the outer moat has been filled in. There are few such elaborate funeral mounds, adorned by dual or triple moats, in all of Kyushu. This mound and Gongen-zuka mound should be protected from any further destruction. Further protection and care by responsible citizens and local officials is essential.

(18) Name of objects: Tamatare-gu Engi
Location : Tamatare-jinja, Miyamoto, Daizenji-machi, Mizuma-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 28 July 1949
Ranking : National Treasures

Description: Two (2) paintings of the history of this Shrine are registered. They are painted on silk in rich colors and mounted as "Kakemonos". They have been stored in a wooden case which has inscriptions on the bottom and on the lid. They were, according to the inscriptions, painted in the first year of Kenboku (1570 A.D.) by a painter named Kimi. They are important examples in the history of Japanese paintings. Their physical condition is fragile and the protection offered by the shrine is inadequate. They are 182 cm. in length and 151 cm. in width.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3.5 NARA DATE 11-30-05

(19) Name of place: Senko-ji Bronze-bell
Location : Miyazono, Yamamoto-mura, Mi-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 27 July 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Descriptions Senko-ji Temple has a bronze bell in the bell tower. It was, according to the inscriptions around the body, made on November, the 3rd year of Eiwa (1377 A.D.) for Senkoji Monastry. The total height of this bell is 93 cm. while the diameter is 62 cm. It is one of the typical Japanese bells of olden days, and has a dual dragon shaped top ornament while carved knobs and lines decorate the circumference of the body. As twenty-seven (27) lines of inscriptions are inscribed around the body, we can decide the exact date when this bell was cast. Therefore, it is an important art object with regard to the history of industrial arts in this district.

(20) Name of site: Shimobaba Kofun
Location : Yoshiki, Kusano-machi, Mi-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 27 July 1949
Ranking : Historic Sites

Description This is an ancient burial mound in the shape of a hemisphere. A chamber, built of huge stones, was constructed in the center of the mound. It consists of the main room, ante-room and a corridor which opens to the west. The total length of this chamber is 8.7 meters. The main room is 3.85 meters in length, 2 meters in width and 2.77 meters in height. The ante-room is about 2 meters square and 2 meters in height. The most remarkable feature of this chamber tomb are the wall paintings in the main room and on both walls of the passage. The paintings are circles and concentric circles which were painted with red pigment. Although the red pigment has almost peeled off, the wall paintings are invaluable for they indicate the primitive arts of the 5th-6th Century in Japan. It is regrettable that this registered area is rapidly deteriorating as a result of inadequate equipment and materials for its protection and preservation. More recognition of the value of this cultural site by local officers and citizens would be desirable if this site is to be preserved for posterity.

(21) Name of site: Nestegi Kofun
Location : 504 Nachata, Kusano, Kusano-machi, Mi-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Date : 26 July 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description This is a stone-chamber, covered by a round shaped mound, and it consists of a main room, its fore-room and the passage which opens to the west. The entire length is estimated to be 15 meters, and the height of the main room is 3.5 meters. The wall paintings, the most significant feature of this tomb, were applied to the walls of the main room, both side-walls of the passage between the main room and the ante-room, in addition to the ceiling. They are concentric circles which were painted with red pigment. Concentric circles are predominant in wall-decorations of stone chambers in ancient Japan. They are important material

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

in the study of primitive arts of the 5th-6th Century. This chamber tomb is located within the compound of Mr. Juniehi Miyazaki's residence and is preserved much better than Shimbaba Kofun in Kumamomachi which is registered by the Monbusho. Generally speaking, the care and the preservation of cultural materials which are owned by private individuals or shrines is better than those belonging to the government.

(22) Name of site: Idera Kofun
Location : Tomiyashiki, Idera, Reikm-mura, Kami-mashiki-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 7 August 1949
Ranking : Historic Site

Descriptions This is a stone chamber tomb covered by a round shaped mound which is 26 meters across. The chamber was built of hewn stones in rectangular plan: 2.3 meters in length and 2 meters in width and was built up in the form of a vault corbelling from the walls about 2 meters high. The entrance of the chamber opens to the southwest. The most remarkable feature of this chamber is the inside wall which was built of huge flat stone slabs like a low screen 84 cm. high. This inside wall stands close to the chamber wall and the area had been divided into three partitions with the walls of stone slabs. The decoration of this chamber was applied on the interior of the walls and the passage walls of the entrance. The patterns of decorations are classified into three kinds: (1) a kind of geometric design which is made of a combination of straight and curved lines, (2) wheel shaped patterns and (3) ladder shaped patterns. They are mainly arranged in regular order. These patterns were incised and painted with red, green and white pigments. though the colors are now almost peeled off. This chamber is one of the most complete ornamental tombs of the 5th-6th Century in Japan. Nevertheless, the greater parts of the decorated walls of the rear and both sides of the incised screen were damaged by scrawls which were done with nails or knives, during the last war. This damage has destroyed the value of the wall paintings of this registered site by 30%. The Japanese Ministry of Education (Monbusho) has ordered the Kumamoto Ken Government to restore this ornamented chamber-tomb, and has provided ¥30,000.00 for this purpose. The Committee of the Preservation and Exploration of Cultural Materials and Installations of Kumamoto Ken has executed the restoration from the 22nd July to the 3rd August. Mr. K. Sakamoto, one of the members of the Committee was in charge of the restoration. The engraved lines of scribblings on the north, east and west walls were filled up with cement and the ground powder of the same rock with the stones of the inner-walls. The missing parts of the inner walls were completely restored. As the paints on the fresco had almost peeled off, they were traced and supplemented. The scattered fragments of the stone slabs, which composed a coffin-like construction in front of the innermost wall, and other stones were removed from the inside of the chamber, and put in order beside the entrance. Although the pigments on the fresco of the north wall are too bright, the restoration was otherwise successfully executed. The door for the entrance of the chamber and the fence were furnished by the Association of the Preservation of Historic Sites in the Reikm-mura Village.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

(23) Name of object: Tomo-no-Sugi
Location : Tomo, Koje-mura, Aso-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 21 August 1949
Ranking : Natural History Preserves — Cryptomeria japonica —1

Description: The registered "Natural History" is a gigantic cryptomeria which grows in the east corner of the compound of the Kojinja Shrine. The circumference of the trunk, 1.5 meters above the earth, is eleven (11) meters and it is uncommon for such an old, huge cryptomeria to be alive. As it has been worshipped by the villagers, the protection of this tree is adequate. A name-post has been set up and a fence stands around the tree.

(24) Name of site: Tomo-no-Kofun-gun
Location : Tomo, Koje-mura, Aso-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 21 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified — Aggroup of ancient burial mounds

Description: Some eight (8) burial mounds, which are ascribed to the 6th Century are located in front of Koje-jinja Shrine. They seem to be stone chamber tombs and are covered by round shaped mounds. The chamber which is called "Kamiokura", is the typical one among this group. It has been constructed of huge hewn stones, and consists of a main room, the ante-room, and a passage which opens to the south. It is 10 meters in total length; the main room is 3.6 meters in length and 3.2 meters in width; the ante-room is 2.5 meters square and the entrance passage is 3 meters in length. The floor of the main room was paved with stone slabs and divided into four (4) partitions by three (3) rows of low stone bricks. In front of the innermost wall of the main room, there is a coffin-like construction which consists of slabs. It is in the form of a house, and was covered with a roofed shaped lid. The masonry used in the construction of this chamber is of such gigantic proportions that the work is admirable. Although this tomb was plundered many years ago, the stones on the floor scattered and the lid of the coffin-like construction laid on the floor, it is worthy of designation. It would be desirable to remove the soil which covers the floors of the ante-room and the corridor. It is necessary to investigate this tomb by archaeological methods, because it is one of the representative stone chambers on Kyushu.

(25) Name of site: Kaimdori-no-Kofun-gun
Location : Kaimdori-mura, Aso-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 20 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Over ten (10) ancient burial mounds are located among rice-farms of Kaimdori hamlet. They include round-shaped as well as keyhole shaped mounds. "Nagano-yama" mound is one of the large keyhole shaped mounds and was surrounded by a moat. The length is about 70 meters. It is noteworthy that such dignified burial mounds have been built within

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

the slanted bowl shaped depression of the famous active volcano, Mt. Aso. This group of burial mounds should be preserved as well as possible.

(26) Name of place: Aso-jinja
Location : Miyaji-machi, Aso-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 19 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Aso-jinja Shrine has a collection of the funeral relics which were found in the burial mounds of the Nakamori and Tono Kofun-gun (groups of the ancient burial mounds) and were donated to the Shrine. We cannot, however, distinguish which relics were buried in which tombs. There are no particularly remarkable relics in this collection though they are produced in the 5th-6th Century. There are sword blades, knives, arrowheads, bridle bits, etc, all made of iron and now badly rusted. They are not worthy of designation.

(27) Name of place: Takamori Chugakko
Location : Kamisono, Takamori-machi, Aso-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 22 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Takamori Middle School has a collection of the funeral relics which were found in three (3) stone cists which were located in the compound of the school yard. These stone-cists had been buried in the slope of a hill. When the slope was dug to build the school house on October last year, they were unearthed. The following articles were found: a sword blade, a knife, an arrowhead and a silver ear-ring in No. 1 tomb; three (3) iron swords, a pair of stirrups, iron chains and various kinds of pots were uncovered from No. 2 cist; three (3) iron swords, knives, arrowheads, bridle bits, etc. were unearthed from No. 3 cist. As few funeral relics have been found in the 5th-6th Century burial mounds within the scope of Aso volcano, these should be carefully preserved for their educational value.

(28) Name of objects: Archaeological Collection of Hisao Kobayashi
Location : Kumanoshe-machi, Shimomashiki-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 8 and 9 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: Over one thousand pieces of stone age relics which include mostly stone-age earthenwares and implements have been found in the southern part of the Kyushu Island by the owner, Mr. Hisao Kobayashi, and preserved in good condition by him. They are classified into Jomon-type and Yayoi-type of Japanese prehistoric cultures. Among them a boat-like pot has been registered as "Important Art Objects". It belongs to a kind of Yayoi-type pot, though the shape is unusual. As it is hollow and has a small hole at the bow, it might be used as a water container. Its surface was decorated by geometric patterns and the leg was decorated with two rows of holes horizontally. This collection offers invaluable material by which the prehis-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

toric civilization of Kyushu can be ascertained.

(29) Name of place: Kikuchi Seiho Koto Gohho
Location : Nagomi, Shisai-mura, Kikuchi-gun, Kumamoto-Ken
Date : 5-6 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: A remarkable collection of prehistoric relics, which were found in the northern part of Kumamoto Ken, is preserved in a special room. The relics are classified into Jomon type and Yayoi type of prehistoric Japan. They consist of stone implements, implements made of animal's bones or shells, over one thousand fragments of pots, and some perfect pots, etc. Some vegetables remain, including grains, which were found in the shell mound of Jomon-epoch at Kogabaru, Yamashita, Takamichi-mura, Tamana-gun, Kumamoto-Ken on June 1948, are noteworthy. As this collection would be useful in establishing the prehistoric culture of Kyushu Island, it should be carefully preserved.

(30) Name of site: Yayoma Jinja
Location : Yamaguchi-mura, Shimoge-gun, Oita-Ken
Date : 27 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified

Description: A pair of stone lanterns are erected in front of the main hall of Yayoma Jinja Shrine on the top of Mt. Kachimon-san near the village of Yamaguchi-mura which is ten miles from Nakatsu City. These stone lanterns were, according to the inscription on the pedestal, erected in front of "Seibo Daigongen" in the 2nd year of Kyoho and the 4th year of Kyoho (1717 and 1719). "Seibo Daigongen" might be translated as "the majesty of the Holy Mother." A crest of "Hana-Kanbishi" or "lozenge-shaped flower" are carved on the "Kaera-mata" support of wood on the top of the portico of the Main Hall. Father Charles Demleitner was, according to the July 13, 1949 Nippon Times, the first to realize that they might be the monuments of christianity when the Christian religion was strictly prohibited by the Tokugawa Shogunate Government. But the priest of the Shrine maintains that the "Sei-bo" does not mean "Holy Mother of Christ" but is a term of respect for Jingu Kogo, mother of Emperor Ojin (3rd Century A.D.) of Japan. He believes that the four-leafed chrysanthemum inscription on the top of the portico of the Main Hall is by no means a cross of christianity but is merely a family crest of "Hana-Kanbishi" of Japan. It is probable that the christians had worshipped the Holy Mother in the name of Buddhism and inscribed a christian cross in the form of a Japanese crest. Therefore, further investigation should prove most interesting. The height of the stone lanterns is 185 cm.

(31) Name of site: Fukuzawa Sensei Kyutei
Location : 585, Kami-machi, Nakatsu-shi, Oita Ken
Date : 26 August 1949
Ranking : Unclassified
No. of tombs: 115 tombs

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECRET

Description: The dwelling house of Yukichi Fukuzawa, who was one of the most famous leaders of the world of thought in Japan in the Era of Meiji or the closing years of the 19th Century, is preserved in Nakatsu as the memorial site of Yukichi Fukuzawa. He was one of the pioneers of the modern school organization of Japan and was the founder of the Keio University. He lived in this house when he was a boy, and the godown, which was his study, stands within the compound of this house. The floor area of this house is estimated to be 81 tsubo and was built some 150 years before. Although the architectural techniques shown on this house are not particularly admirable, this area may be worthy of preservation as the memory of Yukichi Fukuzawa. The city government of Nakatsu City is taking charge of the house and its compound. The association named "Fukuzawa Sensei no Kai" -- organized by the citizens who respect Yukichi Fukuzawa -- has an interest in its preservation. Thus, the protection of this site is adequate and it may be qualified to be designated as "Historic Site."

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

HENRY B. BAINBRIDGE
1st Lt AGD
Asst Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECRET

FILE

319.1 (000.3)

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 929

Date 3 March 1949

SUBJECT: Cases Tried by Japanese Courts Under SCAPIN 1740
Reports Control Symbol 1 CO-2

TO : Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
Attn: Mil Govt Section

TIRU :

1 Reference: Memo 160, Hq I Corps, 14 Oct 1947

2. Enclosed are the subject reports for the following period and area:

a. Period: Month of February 1949

b. Area: Kyushu Mil Govt Region

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARLES I. BAGITEI
1st Lt, CIC C
Adjutant

7 Incl Subject Reports (4 copies)
1. Fukuoka MGT
2. Kagoshima MGT
3. Kumamoto MGT
4. Miyazaki MGT
5. Nagasaki MGT
6. Oita MGT
7. Saga MGT

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-5

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Fukuoka District Court	270	MATSUDA Hisako	Viol. G.O.165 (I.P. 1 G.I. sheet and 15 other items)	Jun 28'48	N.C.	Feb 5'49	G.	Affidavit	3 m. p.s. (2 y. s.e.) F.¥15,000.	Feb 5'49			N.A.
do.	292	TOYOSHIMA Toki	do (1.P. 1 G.I. sheet cloth)	Jun 24'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	3 m. p.s. (2 y. s.e.) F.¥10,000	do.			do.
do.	317	FUJISE Toshiro	do (I.P. 8 cans 20 lbs each, G.I. coffee and 98 other items)	Jun 6'48	do.	Jan 10'49	do.	do.	5 m. p.s. F.¥30,000	Feb 4'49		Pending	Appealed
do.	483	IWANAGA Shunji	do (I.P. $30 G.I. war note)	Oct 15'48	do.	Feb 18'49	do.	do.	F. ¥8,000	Feb 18'49			N.A.
do.	485	USHIJIMA Sasahide	do (I.P. $5 G.I. war note)	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	F. ¥1,500	do.			do.
do.	486	MORIMITSU Yasutoshi	do (I.P. $10 G.I. war note)	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	F. ¥2,000	do.			do.
do.	510	HORIGAMI Tsunao	do. (I.P. 60 cartons G.I. tobacco)	Jun 10'48	do.	Feb 5'49	do.	do.	5 m. p.s. F. ¥10,000	Feb 12'49		Pending	Appealed
do.	555	NAGANUMA Hiroshi	do. and theft (I.P. 1 G.I. running shirt and 2 other items, and stole 1 G.I. sheet)	Dec 16'48	Dec 20'48	Feb 7'49	do.	do.	Abandoned Viol.G.O.165. 1-2 y. p.s. against theft	Feb 21'49		Pending	
do.	555	ONO Gosuke	Viol. G.O. 165 (I.P. 1 G.I. coat and 1 other item)	May 15'48	Dec 29'48	do.	do.	do.	Abandoned.	Feb 11'49			N.A.
do.	636	TASHIRO Kijiro	Theft (Stole 2 gallons G.I. gasoline)	Jun 7'48	N.C.	Feb 5'49	do.	do.	5 m. p.s. (2 y.s.e.)	Feb 5'49			do.
do.	897	SHIRATSUCHI Yoshihisa	do(Stole 2 G.I. shirts)	Aug 1'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	8 m. p.s. (3 y. s.e.)	do.			do.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECRET

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECRET

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Fukuoka District Court	1077	MATSUO Kanji	Viol. G.O.165 and theft (I.P. 2 cartons G.I. tobacco and stole 6 peanut butter)	Aug 10'48	N.C.	Feb 3'49	G.	Affidavit	1 y. p.s.	Feb 10'49 (3 y. s.e.) F. ¥4,000			N.A.
Fukuoka Summary Court	1324	MORIYAMA Yoshio	Theft (Stole 2 G.I. toilet and 2 tobacco)	Dec 15'48	Dec 18'48	Jan 18'49	do.	do.	10 m. p.s. 3 y. s.e.	Jan 29'49		N.A.	
do.	1127	TAGUCHI Kaichiro	do. (Stole 1 sheet of mending cloth for flying machine)	Oct 9'48	Oct 18'48 (released on Dec 30'48)	do.	do.	do.	1 y. p.s. 3 y. s.e.	Feb 1'49		do.	
do.	3	KASAHARA Seiko	do. (Stole 1 box G.I. photo paper 1 box G.I. photo developing machine etc)	Dec 31'48	Jan 5'49	Feb 1'49	do.	do.	6 m. p.s.	Feb 8'49		Appealed	
do.	11	KASHIWADA Katsumi	Viol. G.O.165 (I.P. 1 pair G.I. underwear and 13 soaps)	Jan 7'49	N.C.		do.	do.	F. ¥3,000	Feb 1'49			S.O. N.A.
do.	12	KOYANAGI Yoichi	do(I.P. 1 G.I. shirt and 55 other items)	Jan 13'49	do.		do.	do.	do.	do.			S.O. N.A.
do.	29	IMAIZUMI Chitose	do (I.P. 1 G.I. blanket and 2 other items)	Dec 10'48	do.		do.	do.	do.	Feb 12'49			S.O. N.A.
do.	39	SUNABA Masayuki	do (I.P. 1 G.I. shirt and 6 other items)	do.	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥4,000	do.			S.O. N.A.
do.	49	SHIOMI Shinjuro	do (I.P. 5 G.I. pipe tobacco)	Oct 28'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥1,000	Feb 14'49			S.O. N.A.
do.	48	YAMAMOTO Isamu	do (I.P. 1 G.I. sheet and 4 other items)	Jan 13'49	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥2,000	do.		Pending	S.O.

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Fukuoka Summary Court	56	KINOSHITA Mataichi	do(I.P. 1 G.I. hold-all and 2 other items)	Dec 23'48	N.C.		G.	Affidavit	F. ¥1,000	Feb 15'49		Pending	S.O.
do.	70	OKI Teruko	do (I.P. 1 G.I. trousers)	Jan 22'49	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥1,000	do.		do.	do.
do.	113	ABE Goroku	do (I.P. 2 G.I. trousers and 2 other items)	Nov 10'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥1,000	Feb 18'49		do.	do.
do.	114	AOKI Yoshiyuki	do (I.P. 5 cartons G.I. tobacco)	Dec 4'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥10,000	Feb 23'49		do.	do.
do.	125	ISHIMARU Shosuke	Viol. G.O. 165 (I.P. 3 cakes of G.I. butter and 31 G.I. chocolates)	Dec 10'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥8,000	Feb 23'49		do.	do.
do.	126	TAGAWA Sadami	do.	do.	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥3,000	do.		do.	do.
do.	134	MIURA Haruko	do (I.P. 2 G.I. sheets and 13 other items)	Oct 28'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥2,000	Feb 22'49		do.	do.
Kokura Fukuoka District C.	B. 2038	IDA Gisaburo	do. and house-breaking (I.P. G.I. trousers and 2 other items)	Nov 24'48	Nov 26'48	Jan 24'49	do.	do.	6 m. p.s. 2 y. s.e.	Jan 26'49			do. N.A.
do.	2049	ICHIMIYA Kazumi	do (I.P. G.I. trousers)	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	8 m.-2 y. p.s.	do.		Appealed	S.O.
do.	689	FURUNO Kazuo	Viol. G.O.165 I.P. 185 G.I. items)	Dec 26'48	Dec 28'48	do.	do.	do.	6 m. p.s. 2 y. s.e.	Jan 28'49	F.¥30,000	Feb 18'49	S.O. N.A.
do.	681	MATSUI Makoto	Viol. G.O.165 and Emergency measures of supplying commodities (100 tons G.I. cement)	Nov 8'48	N.C.	Jan 31'49	do.	do.	F. ¥10,000	Feb 7'49	Feb 22'49		S.O. N.A.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 [illegible]

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kokura B. Fukuoka District C.	2093	MIYATA Eiko	Viol. G.O. 165 and concealing stolen goods (G.I. radio set)	Nov 7'48	N.C.	Jan 29'49	G.	Affidavit	4 m. p.s. (2 y. s.e.) F. ¥2,000	Feb 7'49	Feb 11'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	2094	MATSUOKA Hidenobu	Viol. G.O. 165 (G.I. radio set)	Nov 14'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	Feb 23'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	683	YASUTAKA Norio	Viol. G.O. 165 and Emergency measures of supplying commodities, Main foodstuff control law (50 bags cement)	Oct 13'48	do.	Feb 7'49	do.	do.	F. ¥20,000	Feb 21'49	To be paid by Mar 16'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	680	FUTAMURA Masaaki	Viol. G.O. 165 and Emergency measures of supplying commodities (I.T. 100 bags cement)	Nov 8'48	do.	Feb 18'49	do.	do.	F. ¥5,000	do.	To be paid by Mar 24'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	682	GOTO	do (13 bags G.I. cement)	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	To be paid by Mar 10'49		S.O. NA.
do.	553	KUBOTA Tsutomu	Viol. G.O. 165 (I.P. 1 G.I. bed and 4 other items)	Jul 23'48	do.	Dec 13'48	do.	do.	F. ¥10,000	Feb 21'49	To be paid by Mar 24'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	38	SUWA Kichisuke	do (I.P. 1 G.I. trousers, 3 cans milk and 4 bottles of beer)	Jun 8'48	do.	Jan 29'49	do.	do.	F. ¥1,000	Feb 11'49	Feb 18'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	55	FUJITA Jitsuo	do (I.P. 1 G.I. khaki trousers)	Jun 25'48	do.	Jan 31'49	do.	do.	do.	Feb 12'49	Feb 21'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	56	MIYOSHI Kyukichi	do.	Jun 30'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		S.O. N.A.
do.	57	KIN Genshaku	do (I.P. 2 G.I. trousers)	May 15'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		S.O. N.A.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDS

REPORTS CONTROL
SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CON-FINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED	SENTENCE OR FIND-ING OF NG	DATE OF SEN-TENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kokura Fukuoka District	B. 58 C.	SAI Hojun	Viol. G.O.165 (I.P. 2 G.I. trousers)	May 15'48	N.C.	Jan.31	G.	Affidavit	F.¥1,000	Feb 12'49	Feb 21'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	59	KIN Jungaku alias Oyama Sunako	do (I.P. 24 G.I. cocoa)	Nov 26'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	F. ¥2,000	Feb 11'49	Feb 19'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	97	INABA Tamiko	do (I.P. 1 G.I. trousers and 1 G.I. shirt)	M. of Nov'47	do.	Feb 2'49	do.	do.	F. ¥1,000	do.	do.		S.O. N.A.
do.	144	OMORI Yoichi	do (I.P. 3 b. G.I. beer and 1 coke)	Jan 21'49	do.	Feb 18'49	do.	do.	do.	Feb 7'49	Feb 15'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	365	KATSUHARA Yone	do (I.P. 1 G.I. jacket and 4 other items)	Dec 18'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	Feb 18'49	Feb 25'49		S.O. N.A.
do.	366	IWASHITA Tatsuzo	do (I.P. 1 G.I. jumper and 7 other items)	Dec 28'48	do.	do.	do.	do.	F. ¥4,000	do.	do.		S.O.
do.	414	IWAO Mitsuo	do (I.P. $15 war note)	Feb 7'49	do.	Feb 25'49	do.	do.	F. ¥3,000	Feb 25'49	Not fixed		S.O. N.A.
Kurume Summary Court	590	YANAGI Masao	do (I.P. 1 G.I. coat)	Aug 26'48	do.		do.	do.	F. ¥2,000	Jan 27		Pending	S.O.

JEROME P. KNIGHT
Major, Inf
Legal & Govt Officer
Fukuoka Mil Govt Team

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 5-402/ARDC

HEADQUARTERS
MIYAZAKI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 24 Unit 2

Report Control
Symbol: ICO-2

28 February 19 49

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

Period: February 1949

Location of Court	Case No.	Name of Accused	Charge and Specification	Date of Offense	Date of Confinement	Date of Trial	Evidence Plea Against Accused*	Sentence or Finding of N G	Date of Sentence	Date of Payment of Fine	Approval if Appealed	Remarks

NEGATIVE

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Robert B. Gunn

ROBERT B. GUNN
1st Lt, Inf
Adjutant

HEADQUARTERS
NAGASAKI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM APO 24-5
Nagasaki, Kyushu, Japan 28 February 1949

REPORTS CONTROL
SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
NAGASAKI	481	YAJI AMAKAWA (66)	Illegal possession of 1 Japanese sword	From Aug 1945 to 26 Jan 1949	Not confined	19/2/49	Guilty	1 Japanese sword Policeman Wakita's report	Fine ¥1,000	19/2/49	Not paid at present		
"	556	SAKUZO SAKAMOTO (46)	Illegal possession of 1 Japanese sword	From 10 Dec 48 to 11 Feb 49	Not confined	23/2/49	"	1 Japanese sword Policeman Kajiwara's report	Fine ¥3,000	23/2/49	Not paid at present		
SASEBO	3458	SHIGEO NAKIRI (33)	Illegal possession of 1 Khaki shirt belonging to the O.F.	From Oct 48 to 26 Nov 1948	28/11/48	5/2/49	"	1 Khaki shirt Policeman Yamauchi's report Previously convicted for violation of Govt Ordinance #165	P.S. 10 mo	5/2/49			
"	3499	KIYOSHI TAKASHIRO (20)	Illegal possession of 1 pistol which he borrowed from Kiyoshi Oka.	30/11/48	2/12/48	21/1/49	"	1 pistol Policeman Suzuki's report	P.S. 6 mo	21/1/49			

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Inclosure 2. (To be reproduced locally)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402(A)(3)

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
SASEBO	3549	KIYOSHI OKA (25)	Purchased 1 pistol from Karashima and loaned it to Takashiro	From 10 Sept 45 to 1 Dec 48	7/12/48	1/2/49	Guilty	Statement of accused, Takashiro's statement & Policeman Yano's report	P.S. 6 mo 3 yr probation	1/2/49			
"	3558	SHINJI KARASHIMA (25)	Sold 1 pistol to Oka	Sept 45	7/12/48	1/2/49	"	Statement of Accused, Kiyoshi's statement & Policeman Yano's report	P.S. 4 mo 3 yr probation	1/2/49			

Robert H Arnold
ROBERT H ARNOLD
Captain Sig C
Legal & Government

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Inclosure 2. (To be reproduced locally)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3.402/NND

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 [illegible]

THRU: CO, Kyushu Mil Govt Region, APO 24 Unit 5

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

OITA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 24 UNIT 2

Reports Control Symbol IC-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

Oita Prefecture for the Month of February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N C	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OF APPEALED	REMARKS
Oita	2286	Taniguchi, Yukishige	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession $20 MPC, 1 trouser, 1 shirt, 16 btles whiskey & 48 btles beer.	30 Jul 48 & 5 Nov 48	11 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witnesses Kinoshita, Tadashi & Yano, Haruo	2 yrs C H/L	7 Feb 49		Appealed	
Oita	2286	Ogawa, Kiyonori	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft of 16 btles whiskey & 48 bottles beer.	3 Jul 48	"	"	G	Material evidence Witness Kinoshita, Tadashi	1½ yrs C H/L	"		Appealed	
Oita	2286	Sato, Yasutoshi	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession $20 MPC, 16 btles whiskey & 48 btles beer.	13 Jun 48 thru Dec 48	"	"	G	Material evidence Witness Kinoshita, Tadashi	2 yrs C H/L ¥1000 fine	"		Appealed	

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Incl 2 to Memo 100, Hq I Corps, 16 October 1947.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 [illegible]

OITA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 24 UNIT 2

Reports Control Symbol IC-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

Oita Prefecture for the Month of February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N C	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OR APPEALED	REMARKS
Oita	2286	Shiodo, Shinichi	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession of 50 Occ. Forces records, 16 btles whiskey & 48 btles beer.	3 Jul 48 thru Dec 48	11 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witness Kinoshita, Tadashi	2 yrs C H/L	7 Feb 49		Appealed	
Oita	2961	Yamasaki, Yoshinori	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal purchase & possession of Military goods.	Nov 48	No confinement	14 Jan 49	G	Material evidence Witness Yamada, Yutaka	Fine ¥1000	14 Jan 49	4 Feb 49	None	
Oita	2962	Bando, Akira	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal purchase & possession of Military goods.	28 Nov 48	No confinement	"	G	Material evidence Witness Yamada, Yutaka	Fine ¥1000	"	24 Feb 49	None	
Oita	2267	Ohamoto, Tsutomu	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession of Military goods.	20 Jul 48 & 28 Nov 48	11 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witness Inoguchi, Hideo	1 yr C H/L	7 Feb 49		Appealed	

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Incl 2 to Memo 100, Hq I Corps, 16 October 1947.

OITA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 24 UNIT 2

Reports Centrel Symbol IC6-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

Oita Prefecture for the Month of February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OF SENTENCE	REMARKS
Oita	2288	Abe, Masayoshi	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal possession of Military goods.	Jul 48	9 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	G	Material Evidence Witness Kinoshita, Tadashi	More than 6 mos but less than 1 yr Fine ¥1000	7 Feb 49		Appealed	
Oita	2286	Nagino, Koichi	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession of 16 btles whiskey.	3 Jul 48	11 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	None	None	Not Guilty	"			
Oita	2288	Abe, Jiro	Violation Gov Ord 165. Theft & illegal possession of 20 btles beer, 1 shirt & 1 pig saccharin.	20-30 Jul 48	11 Dec 48	7 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witness Shimizu, Tatsuo	6 mos C H/L Fine ¥1000	"		Appealed	
Oita	2300	Tashiro, Yoshio	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal possession of 29 bullets for pistol(Military).	5 Jul 48	15 Dec 48	9 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witness Shimizu, Masuno	10 mos C H/L	9 Feb 49		Appealed	

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Incl 2 to Memo 100, Hq I Corps, 16 October 1947.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

OITA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 24 UNIT 2

Reports Control Symbol 1C4-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS
Oita Prefecture for the Month of February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N C	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OF APPEALED	REMARKS
Oita	2300	Okada, Masao	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal possession of 29 bullets for pistol (Military)	10 Dec 48	13 Dec 48	9 Feb 49	None	None	Not Guilty	9 Feb 49		Appealed (Prosecutor)	
Oita	2256	O Toku, Kan	Violation Gov Ord 165. Illegal possession $30 MPC.	2 Nov 48	13 Dec 48	16 Feb 49	G	Material evidence Witness Hashimoto, Makoto	6 mos C H/L	16 Feb 49		Appealed	Korean

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Luther G. Jones Jr.
LUTHER G. JONES, JR.
Captain, TC
Adjutant

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence.

Incl 2 to Memo 100, Hq I Corps, 16 October 1947.

Reports Control Symbol ICO-2

HEADQUARTERS
KAGOSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KAGOSHIMA, KYUSHU, JAPAN

APO 970

26 Feb 1949

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

FOR THE MONTH OF February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE & SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kagoshima District Court Yamashita-cho Kagoshima City	No 122 1948	Arikawa Shigemitsu	Charge Violation of Imp Ord. No 311 Specification Illegal possession of one (1) revolver	26Dec48	26Dec48	24Feb49	Guilty	One (1) revolver & its sack	Four (4) months CHL	24 Feb 1949	-	Appealed	
Kagoshima District Court Yamashita-cho Kagoshima City	No 126 1948	Iguchi Shin	Charge Violation of Imp Ord No. 311 Specification Illegal Possession of (1) one dagger, 18 cm of edge-length	25 Dec 1948	25 Dec 1948	27 Jan 1949	Guilty	One (1) Dagger, 18 cm of edge-length	Two (2) months CHL	27 Jan 1949	-	Yes	

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

Reports Control Symbol ICO-2

HEADQUARTERS
KAGOSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KAGOSHIMA, KYUSHU, JAPAN

APO 970
26 Feb 1949

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

FOR THE MONTH OF February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NO.	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE & SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF NG	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kagoshima District Court Yamashita-cho Kagoshima City	No 126 1948	Aida Ei	Charge Violation of Imp. Ord. No. 311 Specification Illegal possession of one (1) Dagger, 18 cm of edge-length	25Dec48	25Dec48	27Jan49	Guilty	One (1) Dagger, 18 cm of edge-length	Fine 2,000 yen	27 Jan 49	-	Yes	

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ROBERT V. DEXTER
1st Lt CAV
Adjutant

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

HEADQUARTERS
KUMAMOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KUMAMOTO, KYUSHU, JAPAN

Kumamoto District Court

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

Reporting Period: 27 January to 26 February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 142 1948	Tatsuzo Nawa	Violation of Law Prohibiting the Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Dagger	6 Dec 48	25 Dec 48	1 Feb 49	G	A Dagger	Penal Servitude 3 months	1 Feb 49			4 Previous Offense
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 137 1948	Takashi Machida	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 2 Shirts 2 yds Cloth	5 Sep 48 24 Nov 48	29 Nov 48	25 Jan 49 1 Feb 49 5 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥3000	5 Feb 49	8 Feb 49		
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 137 1948	Hideo Yoshida	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 4 Yds Cloth, 1 Shirt, 1 Trousers, 1 Sweater	21 Nov 48 24 Nov 48	29 Nov 48	25 Jan 49 1 Feb 49 5 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥6000	5 Feb 49	10 Feb 49		
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 137 1948	Takeji Kaetsu	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 4 yds Cloth, 1 T-Shirt, 1 Shirt	23 Nov 48 24 Nov 48	29 Nov 48	25 Jan 49 1 Feb 49 5 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥15000	5 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 137 1948	Yoshio Isamoto	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 1 Trousers, 1 Coat, 1 Shirt	5 Nov 48	29 Nov 48	25 Jan 49 1 Feb 49 5 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥2000	5 Feb 49	8 Feb 49		

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

HEADQUARTERS
KUMAMOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KUMAMOTO, KYUSHU, JAPAN

Kumamoto District Court

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

Reporting Period: 27 January to 26 February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME ACCUSED	CHARGES AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kumamoto District Court	( ) 137 1948	Riko Takarahira	Violation of Gov't Ordinance No. 165 1 Shirt, 1 Overcoat, 1 Rain Coat	19 Nov 48 24 Nov 48	29 Nov 48	25 Jan 49 1 Feb 49 5 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥5000	5 Feb 49	11 Feb 49		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 168 1949	Yoshimo Nakayama	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 2 Cups, 1 Book, 1 Powder	12 Jan 49		19 Feb 49	G	A D Material Evidence	Fine: ¥1000	19 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 166 1949	Shigeyoshi Ogata	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 2 Overalls, 1 Pants, 1 Socks, 2 Hats, 1 Shirt, 1 Shoes	12 Dec 48		19 Feb 49	G	A Material Evidence	Fine: ¥3000	19 Feb 49	Unpaid		2 Previous Offence
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 170 1949	Masako Sato	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 1 Glass, 1 Shoe Polish Cloth	12 Jan 49		17 Feb 49	G	A D Material Evidence	Fine: ¥1000	17 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 169 1949	Miki Umehara	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 8 Soaps, 14 Chewing Gum, 50 Chocolates	19 Dec 48		17 Feb 49	G	A D Material Evidence	Fine: ¥3000	17 Feb 49	Unpaid		

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

HEADQUARTERS
KUMAMOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KUMAMOTO, KYUSHU, JAPAN

Kumamoto District Court

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

Reporting Period: 27 January to 26 February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL OF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 171 1949	Kosue Kimura	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 4 Soaps, 31 Chocolates	19 Dec 48		15 Feb 49	G	A Material Evidence	Fine: ¥3000	15 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 173 1949	Sedo Hanesaka	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 3 Soaps, Shoe Polish, 33 Chocolates	19 Dec 48		15 Feb 49	G	A D	Fine: ¥3000	15 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 167 1949	Hiroshi Kusano	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 1 Beer, 3 Milk, 4 Other Articles	12 Dec 48		17 Feb 49	G	A Material Evidence	Fine: ¥2000	17 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 197 1949	Shiro Naiko	Violation of Gov't Ordinance #165 1 Shirt, 1 Trousers	2 Dec 48		17 Feb 49	G	A D Material Evidence	Fine: ¥2000	17 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 49 1948	Hasse Uesura	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Sword	21 Aug 46 27 Oct 48		26 Jan 49	G	A D 1 Sword	Fine: ¥5000	26 Jan 49	Unpaid		2 Previous Offense

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

HEADQUARTERS
KUMAMOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KUMAMOTO, KYUSHU, JAPAN

Kumamoto District Court

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

Reporting Period: 27 January to 26 February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 175 1948	Hiroshi Honda	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Sword	Nov 46 13 Dec 48		15 Feb 49	G	A 1 Sword	Fine: ¥2000	15 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Kumamoto Summary Court	( ) 75 1949	Ichiharu Yoshida	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Dagger	7 Jan 49		10 Feb 49	G	A 1 Dagger	Fine: ¥5000	10 Feb 49	Unpaid		2 Previous Offence
Misumi Summary Court	( ) 1 1949	Rikimatsu Tanimura	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Hunting Gun	20 Dec 48		31 Jan 49	G	A 1 Gun	Fine: ¥3000	12 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Yatsushiro Summary Court	( ) 21 1949	Tomosaburo Murasaki	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Sword	22 Nov 48		10 Feb 49	G	A 1 Sword	Fine: ¥2000	10 Feb 49	Unpaid		
Yatsushiro Summary Court	( ) 20 1949	Maru Murasaki	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Sword	22 Nov 48		10 Feb 49	G	A 1 Sword	Fine: ¥2000	10 Feb 49	Unpaid		

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

HEADQUARTERS
KUMAMOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
KUMAMOTO, KYUSHU, JAPAN

Kumamoto District Court

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL: ICO-2

Reporting Period: 27 January to 26 February 1949

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE OR FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Tamana Branch Court	( ) 24 1948	Gosuke Nakayama	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Sword	20 Oct 48 5 Oct 48		28 Jan 49	G	A 1 Sword	Fine: ¥5000	28 Jan 49	Unpaid		
Tamana Branch Court	( ) 28 1948	Yoshinobu Yonemura	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Pistol, 15 Ammunition	15 Jun 46 15 Dec 48	17 Dec 48 Released 14 Jan 49	28 Jan 49	G	A 1 Pistol 15 Ammunition	Penal Servitude 10 months	28 Jan 49			
Nana-Machi Summary Court	( ) 1 1949	Yoshinori Nishioka	Violation of Law Prohibiting Possession of Gun or Sword 1 Hunting Gun	3 Dec 48 7 Dec 48		17 Feb 49	G	A D 1 Gun	Fine: ¥3000	17 Feb 49	Unpaid		

Joseph P. Biggs Jr.
JOSEPH P. BIGGS, JR.
Capt CMP
Legal Officer

*Witnesses, Affidavits, Documents, Other Evidence

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION

Saga, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24-5
28 February 1949

REPORTS CONTROL
SYMBOL: ICO-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF CASES TRIED BY JAPANESE COURTS

LOCATION OF COURT	DOCKET NUMBER	NAME OF ACCUSED	CHARGE AND SPECIFICATION	DATE OF OFFENSE	DATE OF CONFINEMENT	DATE OF TRIAL	PLEA	EVIDENCE AGAINST ACCUSED*	SENTENCE FINDING OF N G	DATE OF SENTENCE	DATE OF PAYMENT OF FINE	APPROVAL IF APPEALED	REMARKS
Saga District Court, Saga City	(Ni) 432, 48	Koyanagi Shigeo	V. of Cabinet Order No.165; Possessed illegally 1 mosquito-net, property of Allied Powers	13 Dec. 48	3 Dec. 48	27 Jan 5 Feb	Guilty	1 mosquito-net, property of AP	CH/L 1 year but suspended on probation for 3 years & fine 3,000 yen	5 Feb	Unpaid		Concurrent charge: Brokerage of stolen goods
Imari Branch Court, Imari-machi	(Ku) 34, 48	Kumahara Yuichi	V. of Cabinet Order No.165; Possessed illegally 2 portable tents, 1 raincoat, 1 pair of trousers & 2 caps, property of Allied Powers	12 Oct. 48		7 Jan 21 " 28 "	Guilty	2 portable tents, 1 raincoat, 1 pair of trousers & 2 caps, property of AP	CH/L 4 mons. but suspended on probation for 3 years & fine 10,000 yen	28 Jan.	18 Feb.		Concurrent charge: V. of Tobacco Monopoly Law

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Lallam F. Spurgeon
LA VERE F. SPURGEON
1st Lt., GSC
Adjutant

10-57

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NSC

FILE

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
15 February 1949

319.1 (000.3)

SUBJECT: Semi-Monthly Arts and Monuments Report for Period Ending 15 February 1949

TO : Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301 (Attn: Military Government Section)

1. Reference: Letter Hqs I Corps, AG 007-BA, dated 27 December 1946, subject: "Services of Japanese National Arts and Monuments Technical Consultants".

2. From 1 - 13 February 1949 Mr. Kyoichi Arimitsu, Japanese Technical Consultant for Field Examination of Cultural Materials and Installations, travelled in Asakura-gun and Yame-gun of Fukuoka Ken.

3. He inspected twenty (20) cultural materials and installations.

4. The following is Mr. Arimitsu's report:

7

a. Name of site : Iyanaga Ichirizuka
Location : 501 (2), 503 and 504 (3) Iyanaga, Miwa-mura, Asakura-gun, Fukuoka Ken

No. of tsubo : 15 tsubo
Registered objects : "H.S." Mile-post mound --1

Description: A low mound of mud is located on the roadside for Amagi-machi which was a castle town during the feudal period. It was, according to the ancient map, a mile-post mound. Although there was another mound on the opposite side of the road, it has been decayed. As is common with mile-post mounds, a pine tree was planted on the mound as a sign of a mile-post, and it is nearly 22 meters in the height. This mound was presumably built in early Tokugawa Shogunate Era (17th Century). This registered area has neither sign board nor fence.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 (E)(1)

b. Name of place : Asakura Kōtō Gakko
Location : Amagi-machi, Asakura-gun, Fukuoka Ken
Registered objects : "UN" Archaeological Collection --1

Description: Fukuoka prefectural Asakura Higher School has a good collection of archaeological relics in a special room of 15 "tsubo". These relics were collected by the teachers and students of this school for the past twenty years, and were found mainly in the Asakura-gun district. The total number of the articles is roughly estimated to be one thousand. They are classified into stone-age relics, aenolithic-age remains, relics found in ancient burial mounds, Buddhistic remains, etc. The following exhibits are remarkable among them. (1) A stone cist which consists of several hewn slabs was taken from the burial mound on the Bodai-ji hill. It is 1.8 meters in length, 0.5 meters in width, and a skeleton lies inside. It is accompanied by an iron arrowhead beside the right shoulder. The cinnabar remains heavily inside the cist. A horse-head figure of Haniwa terra-cotta which adorned this mound is also exhibited. (2) One complete set of two funeral urns was found in a prehistoric site at Tsutsumi, Tateishi-mura, Asakura-gun. (3) A helmet, an armor, a long spearhead, a dagger, a pair of bits, many arrowheads, etc. were found in a burial mound in the shape of a keyhole which is called "Chansuzuka" and located in Oda, Fukuda-mura, Asakura-gun. These are made of iron and are well preserved and in good condition. Besides them, beads of a necklace were found in the same tomb. They are ascribed to the works of the 5th - 6th Century. (4) Fragments of Haniwa earthenwares in the shape of a house which were found in a burial mound in the precinct of Honman-gun Shrine of Shiwa-mura, Asakura-gun are important materials for archaeology. (5) Yayoi type painted potteries which were found in the prehistoric site of Keida, Kurita, Miwa-mura, Asakura-gun are also remarkable. They are painted with red color and some of them show lineal patterns.

This collection is useful and valuable in showing the culture of the stone age, aeneolithic age, proto-historic and early Buddhistic period in this district which was one of the most important cultural areas in ancient Kyushu. Therefore it must be cautiously preserved and efficiently arranged. The arrangement of these relics leaves something to be desired and a register book should be provided for the exhibits.

c. Name of place : Yame Kōen (Park)
Location : Moto-machi, Fukushima-machi, Yame-gun, Fukuoka Ken
Registered objects : "UN" Stone figures --11

Description: Three (3) stone figures of two persons and a harnessed horse, are shown lying down in the compounds of the Shinto Shrine of Higashi Kōen of the Yame Park. Although they are not complete figures, it is believed that they are fragments of stone figures, which were placed on burial mounds of the 5th Century in Yoshida, Nagamine-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 (b)

mura, Yame-gun, and were removed here when the Fukushima-jo Castle was built some 300 years ago. As they are important archaeological relics to know and understand the 5th Century civilization and are existing rare art objects of that period, they are worthy of designation as "I.A.O." One of them is a half-length statue of an armed person on a column-like pedestal. Although they are mostly peeled off, the details of the armour were curved and were painted with red pigment. It is regrettable that this image is so badly deteriorated and the upper half was missing. The height of this image is 65 cm. The second image represent a sitting person on a round flat base which is 62 cm. across. As the head is missing the present height is 77 cm. The surface of this image were defaced, therefore we cannot realize the detailed chisselings. The third is a horse figure, and although its head, legs and tail are missing, the adornments of the body are shown in reliefed detail. Therefore, it is very interesting material to realize the harness horse of the era of the 5th - 6th Century. It is 75 cm. in height and in length, and the red pigment is slightly extant.

Besides these figures, eight (8) stone artcrafts, including at least six (6) human images are stored in a roofed fane in the Higashi Koen of this Park. They were probably adornments of the ancient burial mounds accompanied with the above-mentioned stone figures.

d. Name of place : Shōfuku-ji Temple
Location : 332 Motomachi, Fukushima-cho, Yame-gun, Fukuoka Ken
Registered objects : "UM" Stone figures --4

Descriptions Four (4) fragments of stone figures, which includes an armed soldier's head, two (2) pairs of human legs and a harnessed horse are placed on a platform in the compounds of the Temple. The harnessed horse is the most remarkable among them, although the head and legs were missing. We could see a saddle on the back, stirrups on both sides, leather belt harness with decorations and horse bells on the breast. They are skilfully curved in detail and indicate how the horses were harnessed in the 5th - 6th Century in Japan. It should be designated and adequately preserved. Although this image is now broken into two parts the total length is 1.5 meters and 80 cm. in height. These figures were probably taken from the same burial mound with the images which are exhibited in the Yame Park. The protection and the preservation of these figures by the Temple is more adequate than in the Yame Park by the administration.

e. Name of site : Noriba Kofun
Location : 1640 Noriba, Yoshida, Nagamine-mura, Yame-gun, Fukuoka Ken
No. of tsubo : 390 tsubo
Registered objects : "H.S." Burial Mound --1

Descriptions This is an ancient burial mound in the shape of a keyhole, located on a hill and its square part faces to the west.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

The main construction of this "Site" is the stone chamber which was built in the almost center of the round mound. It was built of gigantic stones and consists of the innermost main room, its fore-room and corridor leading to the entrance which opens to the south. The entire length of this chamber is 10 meters; while the main-room is 3.2 meters in length, 2.5 meters in width and 3 meters in height. The mural-paintings which are the most significant feature of this chamber tomb are found on the stone walls of the main-room and the fore-room. They were painted with red, green and white. The designs are concentric circles and triangles. Although they are mostly peeled off, the patterns on the innermost wall are well preserved. The margin of the mound was partly decayed due to cultivation of the land. The entrance of the chamber is not equipped by door or fence and everyone can enter the room. Thus, the protection and preservation of this designated Historic Site are inadequate, and a name post has been posted.

f. Name of object : Stone Image
Location : Toyofuku, Nagamine-mura, Yame-gun, Fukuoka Ken
Registered objects : "I.A.O." Stone Image --1

Description: There is a stone image in the precincts of a Buddhistic Hall, which is commonly called "Odaishi-sama" in the village of Toyofuku. The image is enshrined in a small fane in front of the Hall and the inhabitants are worshipping it. Although this image is registered as "I.A.O.", no sign board is posted and no villager knows that it is registered object. It is an upper half of an armed image and its lower part is missing. Moreover its face, shoulders and breast are partly destroyed. In spite of this deterioration, we can realize that it wears a helmet on the head and armour on the body. We can trace several incised lines, which indicate the construction of the helmet and armour, and some spots of red pigment was painted on the image. The height is estimated to be 60 cm. while the width is 50 cm. The material looks like tuff which is fragile rock. It was presumably taken from Iwatoyama-Kofun, two miles west of this spot.

Although it looks like a mediocre fragment of a stone image at first glance, this is worthy of designation and it should be preserved as adequately as possible. It is desirable that a sign post and a commemorative plaque, describing its importance, should be posted.

g. Name of site : Iwato-yama Kofun
Location : 1554 Jinsaku-tani, Yoshida, Nagamine-mura, Yame-gun, Fukuoka Ken
No. of tsubo : 2,534 tsubo
Registered objects : "I.A.O." A burial mound --1

Description: This is one of the biggest burial mounds on the Kyushu Island. It is a keyhole shaped mound, nearly 150 meters in

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

entire length and its square part faces to the west. As it is located on a hill and the height of the round mound is estimated to be 14 meters, it has a mountainous appearance. It is a two stepped mound, surrounded by a wide moat and a bank runs along the outer side of the moat. "Haniwa" earthenwares in the shape of a tube were placed on the outside bank as well as the mound itself. A vast flat area, which is estimated to be almost 60 meters square, extends on the northeast side of the round mound. A lot of fragmentary Haniwa terra-cotta images and stone images were found in this square part. The human images, mounted figures on horses, harnessed horses, houses, and cocks are remarkable among them. Some of them were excavated in the summer of 1946 and are now stored in the exhibition room of the Kyushu University. It is believed that there were many stone images as adornments on this mound but almost all of them has been taken to Kurume-shi, Fukushima-cho of Fukuoka Prefecture, Hita of Oita Prefecture, and the University and Museum in Tokyo, etc. This burial mound is, according to the descriptions in the Chikugo Fudoki "Topography" of the 8th Century, ascribed to the tomb of Iwai who was the governor of the Kyushu District in the beginning of the 6th Century. The gigantic stones of the chamber have been taken off some 300 years ago, to build a feudal castle, which was built in Fukushima, about two (2) miles south of here. It is worthy of designation as "H.S.". It is desirable that cultivation on the bank and the square area, which extends outside the round mound, as well as on the mound should be strictly forbidden, for the purpose of the complete preservation of the original shape.

Abbreviations used in this report are:

UN. -- Unclassified
H.S. -- Historic Sites
I.A.O. -- Important Art Objects

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 929
1 February 1949

319.1(600.3)

SUBJECT: Arts and Monuments Reports

TO : Commanding General, Hqs I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Military Government Section)

1. References:

a. Operational Directive No. 23, Hqs Eighth Army, dated 1 April 1948, subject: "Services of Japanese Nationals as Technical Consultants for Field Examinations of Cultural Materials and Installations".

b. Letter, Hqs I Corps, AG 007 - BA, dated 27 December 1946, subject: "Services of Japanese Nationals as Arts and Monuments Technical Consultants".

2. Paragraph 2c (3) of CD 23, reference: par 1a, above, requires regular quarterly reports; while Hqs I Corps, in reference: par 1b, above, requires, in addition, regular semi-monthly reports.

3. This headquarters believes that both types of reports are unnecessary duplications which could easily be consolidated into one type of report.

4. This headquarters further believes that the semi-monthly reports are too frequent, and that one monthly report is sufficient.

5. It is recommended that both references be reviewed with a view towards establishing one type of report for Arts and Monuments activities.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Charles L. Bachtel
CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

06828

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

126

Central File

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Kyushu Mil Govt Region, subj: "Arts and Monuments Reports" dtd 1 Feb 49.

AG 007 - BA 1st Ind CET/ay

FEB 8 1949

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

TO: CO, Kyushu Mil Govt Region, APO 24-5

1. Paragraph 2c (3, 4 and 5) of reference cited in paragraph 1a, basic communication requires a quarterly report and other reports from the Japanese Technical Consultants.

2. Paragraph 1 of letter, file AG 007-BA, this headquarters, subject: "Service of Japanese Nationals as Arts and Monuments Technical Consultants", dated 27 December 1946 is hereby rescinded.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

WILDER A. JOHNSON
Capt., A.G.D.
Asst. Adj. Gen.

106

DECLASSIFIED

FILE

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

RPS/Sk

APO 929
29 January 1949

319.1(0003)

SUBJECT: Semi-Monthly Arts and Monuments Report for Period Ending 15 January 1949

TO : Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Military Government Section)

1. Reference: Letter Hqs I Corps, AG 007 - MA, dated 27 December 1946, subject: "Services of Japanese National Arts and Monuments Technical Consultants".

2. From 17 - 27 January 1949 Mr. Kyoichi Arimitsu, Japanese Technical Consultant for Field Examination of Cultural Materials and Installations, travelled in Kasuya-gun and Chikushi-gun of Fukuoka Ken.

3. He inspected eleven (11) cultural materials and installations.

4. The following is Mr. Arimitsu's report:

a. Name of place : Nakata Factory of Dai Nippon Beer Company
Location : Tōkōji, Naka-machi, Chikushi-gun, Fukuoka Ken
No. of tsubo : 1,705 tsubo
Registered objects : "Ō" — Burial Mound and Relics

Description: (1) In the compounds of the Nakata Factory of Dainippon Beer Company, there is a stone chamber tomb, which is covered with a mound in the shape of a keyhole. It is a stepped mound, with 75 meters in the total length and 5.5 meters in height. It was adorned with "Haniwa" and surrounded by a moat. The square part of the mound faces to the west, and the entrance of the stone chamber, which was built in the center of the circular mound, opens to the south. The chamber is one of the typical megalithic monuments in this district and was skilfully built with gigantic stones. The size of the main room is 4.4 meters in length by 2.6 meters in width and 2.65 meters in height. The length of the entrance corridor is about 5 meters. It is remarkable that this chamber has a setting of a cist-like construction in the shape of a roofed house, which was built for the purpose of burying the dead, in front of the innermost wall of the main room. It is singularly different from those

DECLASSIFIED

corridor chambers found in Japan. As this tomb is one of the most noteworthy megalithic corridor tombs in Japan, it should be designated as "H.S.". Many shelter-caves, which were dug around the mound during the wartime, should be filled up as soon as possible. At present, three (3) stone images of the Fudō, the Kwannon and the Jizō are enshrined on the cist in the main room and worshipped by the inhabitants. The chief of the Factory has an interest in the preservation and protection of this mound. Therefore, the present condition of this tomb is rather satisfactory.

(2) Two (2) cases of "Haniwa", including four (4) pieces of cylindrical pipes, two (2) human images and one (1) horse-head, are stored in the chief's room of this Factory. They are crude earthen-wares and a reddish brown in color. One of the cylindrical "Haniwa" is almost complete, and 55 cm. in height by 22 cm. across. One of the human figures is evidently the chest of a woman, and the other represents the ankles which are adorned with beads. Both are nearly 40 cm. in height. The horse head represents a harnessed image and red pigments partly retains on the surface. They were found in a collapsed mound which was located on the south adjoining spot of the above-mentioned mound. Although these Haniwa are mostly fragments, they indicate the artcrafts of Japanese sculptor before the introduction of Buddhism in the middle of the 6th Century, and seems to have been quite simple and archaic in its material and technique. They should be exhibited to the public in a suitable building such as a museum, with the view for use in education.

b. Name : Shinto Bunka-ten
Location : Iwataya Building, Fukuoka City
Registered objects : "UF" Exhibition of Shintoistic Cultural Remains

Description: An exhibition of cultural materials, which are kept in the Shinto Shrines near Fukuoka, was held in a spacious room of Iwataya Department Store in Fukuoka City from 17 - 22 January 1949. This was sponsored by the Shinto Cultural Society and Shinto Shrine Board of Fukuoka Prefecture. Nearly fifty (50) specimens were exhibited, and nine (9) registered objects "N.T." and "I.A.O." were included among them. A pair of stone Komainu or images of guardian dogs of the Munakata-jinja Shrine which was, according to the inscriptions on their backs, donated to the Shrine in 1201 A.D.; and a pair of gilt bronze stirrups, which are decorated with a lovely relief of lotus design and are kept by the Miyajitake-Jinja; were most remarkable exhibits. A pair of wooden Komainu images of the Munakata-jinja; the sword with the maker's signature "Aoe-Yoshitsugu" owned by Tenman-gu shrine in Dazaifu-machi; and a bronze urn of the Miyaji-take jinja are registered as "N.T.". "I.A.O." are a square pave-tile, with lotus designs, which was found in Dazaifu Government-site and two (2) bronze mirrors of the Ohara-jinja Shrine. Moreover, the pictures and illustrations

DECLASSIFIED

of the registered structures of the Shinto Shrines, for instance Hakozaki Shrine, Sumiyoshi-gu Shrine, Kashii-gu Shrine, etc. were efficiently exhibited. The other exhibits were almost interesting cultural materials to know the ancient civilization and the process of the development of Japanese arts. As the pupils and students of schools are prohibited to inspect the cultural materials in the precincts of the Shinto shrines as well as the Buddhistic monasteries, they seem to have found this exhibition of great benefit to them. Even the average people are usually not able to observe these remains in the Shinto Shrines, since these remains are commonly stored as divine treasures, this exhibition was meeting with great public favour. The need of a suitable museum is keenly felt in this district.

c. Name of place : Uhara-jinja Shrine
Location : 411 Baba, Karita-machi, Miyake-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Registered objects : "I.A.O." Bronze mirrors —5
"UH" Bronze mirrors —2

Description: The registered five (5) bronze mirrors were owned by Mrs. Hirose in Kokura-shi until 1942 A.D. when she donated them to the shrine. They were undoubtedly found in a burial mound, which locates in Minamibaru of Karita-machi and is commonly called "Ishizuka-yama". The back of those mirrors are decorated with the characteristic patterns in relief, which consist of the images of heavenly-beings and beasts. They were modelled after the designs of the mirrors which prevailed in the 3rd Century in China. The reliefed inscriptions of Chinese characters were arranged between these patterns. The technique of the casting of these mirrors is admirable and they were designated as "I.A.O." by the Nembusho. The other two (2) bronze mirrors were also found in the same burial mound with these designated mirrors, but their whereabouts have not been known up to last year, when the head priest of the Shrine found them in some private collections in Tobata-shi. It is noteworthy that one of them was evidently cast by the same mould with one of the registered group. Although the other one was missing its half part, they are qualified for designation. The size of these seven (7) mirrors is 23.7 cm. - 20 cm. in diameter. Several fragments of iron implements, a dagger, a knife and a hilt of sword in the shape of a ring are attached to the registered mirrors. A bronze arrowhead was collected with the two bronze mirrors and is worthy of designation. As they are fragile materials and the shrine is threatened with theft, they should be carefully preserved.

d. Name of site : Ishizuka-yama Kofun
Location : 935 Minamibaru, Karita-machi, Miyake-gun, Fukuoka Ken
No. of tsubo : 1,105 tsubo
Registered objects : "UH" Burial mound —1

Description: This is an ancient burial mound in the shape of a keyhole and the square part faces to the east. It is a stepped mound

DECLASSIFIED

and three steps are visible around the round mound. It was evidently covered with pebbles. A depression on the top of the round part shows traces of the excavation of the sarcophagus. This was, according to the history of the Uhara-jinja, plundered on the 21st of March of the 8th year of Kwansei (1796 A.D.), and fourteen (14) mirrors, daggers, spear-heads, arrowheads, etc. were found in a cist. Seven (7) mirrors of these relics are, as it was described in paragraph (c) of this report, kept by the Uhara-jinja Shrine. This mound was, according to the characteristics of these mirrors, built in the 5th Century. As it is one of the basic burial mounds of archaeological study in the Kyushu Island, it is worthy of designation.

e. Name of place : Tachibana-yama
Location : Tachibana-mura and Yamaguchi-mura of Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
No. of tsubo : 145,959 tsubo
Registered objects : "N.M.P." Primeval Forest of Camphor Trees

Description: A vast primeval forest of camphor trees, which grows on the east south side of Mt. Tachibana-yama (367 meters high above the sea) has been designated as "N.M.P." by the Mombusho since 1928 A.D. The reasons of the designation are as follows: it is the northern limit of the na natural grown forest of camphor trees and is the most unique existing primeval pure forest of camphor trees in Japan. We can conclude that it is one of the most important botanical materials in Japan. Since 1946, twenty (20) % of these camphor trees are being cut down by a sawmill company for making camphor oil with the permission of the Mombusho, the appearance of the forest is changing in some degree. It is also regrettable that a proposal has been brought forward last year, for the disafforestation of some 30,000 tsubo in the main part of the designated area. In view of the importance of this "N.M.P.", the plan of disafforestation should be with-drawn and further deforestation should be strictly forbidden.

Abbreviations used in this report are:

H.S. — Historic Sites
N.M.P. — Natural History Preserves
I.A.O. — Important Art Objects
UN — Unclassified

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARLES L. RAGHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED

FILE

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 929
15 January 1949

319.1(000.3)

SUBJECT: Semi-Monthly Arts and Monuments Report for Period Ending 15 January 1949

TO : Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Military Government Section)

1. Reference: Letter Hqs I Corps, AG 007-HA, dated 27 December 1946, subject: "Services of Japanese National Arts and Monuments Technical Consultants"

2. From 5 - 14 January 1949 Mr. Kyoichi Arimitsu, Japanese Technical Consultant for Field Examination of Cultural Materials and Installations, travelled in Miyaki-gun of Saga-Ken, Kasuya-gun and Chikushi-gun of Fukuoka-Ken.

3. He inspected eleven (11) cultural materials and installations.

4. The following is Mr. Arimitsu's report:

a. Name of place : Asahi Branch-Factory of Nippon Tire Joint Stock Company
Location : Asahi-mura, Miyaki-gun, Saga-Ken
Registered object : "JIN" Ancient grave-yard

Description: Three stone cists and two funeral jars were excavated in the compound of the Asahi Factory of Nippon Tire Company, which is located on the southern foot of Mt. Asahi. The excavation was completed on the 5 - 6 of this month by the staffs of the Kyushu Archaeological Society and the experts of the Social Education Section of Saga Prefecture. One of the stone cists is 162 cm. in length, 50 cm. in width and 37 cm. in depth, and two iron daggers and one sword were found inside it. It is noteworthy that daggers having guards made of deer horn are very rare. A small comb, which is presumably made of bamboo, was found in the other cist. Two funeral jars belonging to the "Yayoi" style and infant bones were found in them. Moreover, stone implements such as scrapers, sickles, a celt with shoe-last shape etc. were excavated with a lot of fragments of Yayoi style potteries near the graves. Thus, we can conclude that these graves were made since the neneolithic age to the 5th Century A.D.. Although it is not a remarkable site, the relics which

DECLASSIFIED

were found in the graves should be preserved as adequately as possible. They are uncommonly important archaeological remains, which were found in one site, in Kyushu.

b. Name of place : Kumano-jinja Shrine
Location : Okamoto, Sugu, Kasuga-mura, Chikushi-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
Registered objects: "I.A.O." A mould of halberd

Description: This is a mould, made of sandstone, which was found in the precincts of the Shrine. It is rectangular in shape, 85 cm. in length, 17.3 cm. in width and 8 cm. in thickness. Its both sides and the bottom as well as the surface were smooth. A concavity of a halberd shape is engraved on the surface, and its length is estimated to be 81.5 cm. This was a mould of wide blade style bronze halberds, which were predominant in the aeneolithic age on the Kyushu Island. This mould consists of two parts of blade and hilt, and they were jointed together. As it is presumably the most well-preserved mould of a halberd in all of Japan, we can conclude that this mould is one of the important cultural materials of the Japanese archaeology. Although this article is owned by the Kumano jinja Shrine, it is now kept by Yoshiro Yoshimura, who is one of the managers of the Shrine, in his residence, because the Shrine has no means of protecting it. But it is more desirable that it be exhibited to the public in some suitable building like a museum, than to be stored in a private house.

c. Name of site : Mihai-zuka
Location : 1244 Shimoshiroru, Kasuga-mura, Chikushi-gun, Fukuoka-Ken
No. of tsubo : 249 tsubo
Registered object : "UE" Burial mound - 1

Description: This is an ancient burial mound keyhole shaped and one stepped mound, 43.5 meters in length by 22 meters in basic diameter of the round part, which is estimated to be 6.3 meters in height. The stone chamber was found in June of 1931 by excavation in almost the exact center of the circular part, which occured when the thoughtless people plundered the funeral treasures in the chamber. The main room of the chamber is 3.5 meters in length by 2.6 meters in width and over 4 meters in height. The length of the corridor which opens to the south is estimated to be 3.8 meters, and the entrance of the corridor is 1.3 meters in width and 1.4 meters in height. Although the masonry shown in the construction of the chamber, built of huge stones, is not uncommon in this prefecture, the funeral relics, which were found in this chamber are remarkable. They are various specimens such as: a gold ear-ring; four gold rings; over two thousand pieces of beads including many made of glass, amber, crystal etc. which were used as necklaces; gold and

DECLASSIFIED

silver plaques; a bronze mirror modelled after Chinese; a gilt bronze hilt-top decoration of a sword; two iron swords; three iron knives, one iron spearhead, ninety-one iron arrow-heads; three pairs of stirrups; two pairs of bridle bits; three bronze horse-bells and fifteen pots of the "Iwaibe" style. These relics are now preserved in the National Museum in Tokyo. As this burial mound has relation to such important cultural materials which indicate the civilization of the 5th - 7th Century in this district, it should be preserved in its original shape as perfectly as possible.

d. Name of place : Satani Taishidō Hall
Location : Kwannon-dani, Satani, Sue-mura, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka-Ken

Registered objects: "UN" Sculpture - 1

Description: This is an image of an aged Buddhistic priest and carved of wood. It is enshrined in a miniature shrine on the altar of the Taishido-Hall, and the common people worships this image in the belief that it is the portrait-image of Dengyō Daishi, who was a high Buddhistic priest and propagated the Tendai Sect in the beginning of the 9th Century. It represents the figure sitting cross-legged on a square pedestal, wearing the priest's robe, with tonsured head and carved eyes. His countenance and his body were plastered with white clay, and his robe was painted with red lacquer, though it is now faded. He lays his right hand on the lap and holds a "Hossu" in the left hand which is bended forward. The parts of the waist and legs are badly rotted by vermin and the hands as well as the head were repaired in a later period. This image was, according to the inscriptions of the pedestal, repaired in the 16th year of Kyōho (1731 A.D.). Although the proportion is not admirable and the folds of drapery are weak, it is ascribed to the work of the 14th Century and is qualified to be preserved. It is presumably one of the good materials to study the history of the portrait sculptures in this district. The height of this image is 63 cm. and the width of the lape is 48 cm.

e. Name of place : Satani Kumano-jinja Shrine
Location : Kwannon-dani, Satani, Sue-mura, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka-Ken

Registered objects: "UN" Stele - 1

Descriptions: A stone stele dated the 2nd year of Shōchū (1325 A.D.) is located in the corner of the precincts of the Shrine. This is a square stele of granite, with 1.5 meters in height, 106 cm. in width and 19 cm. in thickness. Three (3) sets of inscriptions are inscribed on the surface; three (3) huge Sanskrit characters are engraved in a row on the top column, thirteen (13) lines including the names of high priests of the Japanese Buddhistic circle, on the middle column, and twenty (20) lines of the text, on the lowest space. This stele was,

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065

according to the text, erected in commemoration of the complete reading of ten thousand scrolls of Hokekyo-sutra. As the granite of this stele is fragile, the inscriptions of the middle and the lowest columns are mostly decayed. This is one of the good cultural materials to indicate the Buddhistic civilization in the 14th Century in Japan, and is one of the rare stone steles of those days. Therefore, we can conclude that this is qualified for designation. As this stele is fenced with a wooden stockade around it and a commemorative plaque, describing its importance, which was furnished by the Ken government in 1930 A.D., it is adequately protected.

f. Name of place : Satani Kwannon-do Hall
Location : Kwannon-dani, Satani, Sue-mura, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka-Ken

Registered objects: "UN" Sculptures - 5

Descriptions The main image of the Kwannon-do Hall is a standing figure of an eleven-faced Kwannon Bosatsu and is carved of wood; 110 cm. in height. It stands, with an usual pose, on a rock pedestal, and holds a lotus-bud in the left hand. The body is overlaid with gold foils on a lacquered ground, while the robe is painted with red lacquer. His countenance is affectionate with carved eyes which are painted with black and white. As the inscriptions which are written inside the body indicated us, this image was mostly repaired in the 2nd year of Genroku (1688 A.D.). It shows, however, some features of the 9th - 10th Century in the treatments of the drapery as well as in his countenance.

Since this image is one of the rare remains of the Buddhistic monasteries which prospered in the Heian Period (9th - 12th Century) in the Satani Village, it is worthy of designation. This image is enshrined in the miniature shrine on the altar of the Hall and is adequately preserved. In addition to this main image, two (2) heads of Kwannon and two (2) heads of Niwō are stored in the divine room of this Hall. They are made of wood and are works of the Fujiwara Period (10th - 12th Century). It is noteworthy that they are admirable sculptures and good examples to know the technique of the Buddhistic sculpture of those days. They are also worthy of preservation, although they are inadequately protected in front of the miniature shrine of the main image.

g. Name of place : Satani Dainichido Hall
Location : Kwannondani, Satani, Sue-mura, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka-Ken

Registered objects: "UN" Sculpture - 1

Descriptions The sitting image of Dainichi Nyorai is enshrined in this Hall. He sits cross-legged on a square throne, with typical mudra of his hands in front of his belly and wears a crown on his head. Blue color on the hair, white and black in the eyes, black color on the eyebrows and the moustache, remains. The body is covered with

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 (E) (1) (D)

gold foils on a lacquered ground and the robes were colored with dark red pigment. It is noteworthy that the folds of the drapery as well as the countenance remind us of the works of the Heian Period. But this image was mostly restored and entirely colored in a later period - perhaps in the 17th or 18th Century. The height of this image is 97 cm. and the width of the knees is 76 cm.

Abbreviations used in this report are:

UN - Unclassified
N.T. - National Treasures
I.A.O. - Important Art Objects

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 (E)

FILE file

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

RFS/jk

APO 929
17 January 1949

319.1(000.3)

SUBJECT: Arts and Monuments

TO : Commanding Officer, Saga Mil Govt Team, APO 929
(Attn: Civil Education Officer)

1. Reference: letter, this hqs, dated 27 February 1948, subject: "Arts and Monuments".

2. Inclosed is a description of one (1) cultural material extracted from the semi-monthly report dated 15 January 1949. Inclosed extract is for your information and use, as may be desired.

3. Abbreviation used in the inclosed material is as follows:

UN - Unclassified

BY ORDER OF COLONEL HILTON:

CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

1 Incl:
As indicated

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECRET

c7ile

FILE

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

RFS/jk

APO 929
17 January 1949

3/9.1(000.3)

SUBJECT: Arts and Monuments

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukuoka Mil Govt Team, APO 929
(Attn: Civil Education Officer)

1. Reference: letter, this hqs, dated 27 February 1948, subject: "Arts and Monuments".

2. Inclosed are descriptions of ten (10) cultural materials and installations extracted from the semi-monthly report dated 15 January 1949. The inclosed extracts are for your information and use.

3. Abbreviations used in the inclosed material are as follows:

UN - Unclassified
N.T. - National Treasures
I.A.O. - Important Art Objects

BY ORDER OF COLONEL HILTON:

CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

1 Incl:
As indicated

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NLJ/RAC

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS & HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 929
31 January 1948

Report on Three National Treasures in Nagasaki Prefecture, Kyushu

1. National Treasures inspected (all located in Nagasaki Ken):

a. Sofuku-ji - including San-mon, Daiden, Goho-do and Shōko-ro.

b. Kofuku-ji - including the Hon-do

c. Oura Cathedral - including the Tenshu-do.

2. General:

a. As the above named items were damaged by the blast of the atomic bomb, 9 August 1945, the Japanese Ministry of Education began repairs in March 1947.

b. Up to the present time, the Mombusho has authorized ¥580,000 for the repair of these three National Treasures (¥180,000 for Sofuku-ji, ¥200,000 for Kofuku-ji, and ¥200,000 for Oura Cathedral). No actual repairs have yet been made, although, according to the Mombusho officials, the fundamental survey has been started.

c. The three major difficulties encountered have been as follows:

(1) As the Mombusho subsidies are in blocked accounts, it is difficult to obtain materials as all such purchases of materials must be made in cash.

(2) Even if credit were granted by the "Sensai-Fukko-in", the Reconstruction Bureau for War Damage, it is difficult to purchase materials at the legal price, although easily available on the blackmarket.

(3) Cinnabar and lacquer, used in painting, were mainly imported from China before the war, and are

Incl 2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NLJ

now unobtainable. The use of gold foil for altar decoration and for the Buddhist images, etc., is now forbidden by the Finance Ministry.

3. Amount of damage:

a. Sōfuku-ji (60 Imakago-chō, Nagasaki shi)

(1) "San-mon" is the Rōman gate of this temple, with 3 span, 3 doors, Irimoya type, Hongawara roof. Large parts of the red painted walls have fallen off, and one of the doors was damaged by the atomic blast. This gate was rebuilt in the second year of Kaei (1849), and was first repaired by the Mombusho in 1934 - 1935.

(2) "Dai-den" or "Daiyū-hō-den" is the Main Hall of this temple. The construction of this hall is 5 X 6 span, two-story, Irimoya type, Hongawara roof. The width is 14.10 meters; the depth, 13.60 meters; and the total heighth, 12.80 meters. Built in the third year of Shōhō (1646), it expresses the pure late Ming style. Although repaired by the Mombusho in 1934 - 1935, almost all of the walls, doors and windows were blown off and one shaft was broken by the blast from the atomic bomb. At present, the interior of this structure has been cleaned up and the broken walls and windows boarded over.

(3) "Goho-do" or "Kantei-do" or "Kannon-do", stands in front of the "Dai-den". The construction is of 3 X 5 span, one-story, Irimoya type, Hongawara roof, painted in red lacquer. It was built in the sixteenth year of Kyōho (1728), and repaired by the Mombusho in 1934 - 1935. All the walls were greatly damaged and the door blown off by the atomic blast.

(4) "Shōko-rō" is the bell tower of this temple, constructed in 3 X 2 span, two-story, Irimoya type, Hongawara roof. It is 6.2 meters in width, 4.7 meters in depth, and 8.45 meters in total height. This structure was built in the fifth year of Shōho (1648), rebuilt in the thirteenth year of Kyōho (1728), and repaired in the ninth year of Bunsei (1826). Although the Mombusho again repaired this structure in 1934 - 1935, two doors and parts of walls and windows were destroyed by the effects of the atomic bomb. The scattered fragments have been cleared away, and the damaged parts temporarily repaired.

b. Kofuku-ji (64 Tera machi, Nagasaki Shi)

The structure in need of repair is the "Hon-do", or "Taiyu-ho-den", the Main Hall of this temple. The con-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NLJ

struction is 3 X 6 span, two-story, Kirizuma type roof, with a sub-roof attached to the four corners (a Hongawara roof). The present structure was reconstructed in the fifteenth and sixteenth years of Meiji (1882 and 1883); and repaired by the Mombusho in 1938 - 1939. The construction, the handling manners and the detailed techniques are very peculiar. It expresses a specialty of the recent Southern Chinese character, a unique example of the architectural features of the late Ching dynasty in Japan. This structure was seriously damaged by the blast of the atomic bomb: the eleven columns of the center part slipped out of the original spots on the base stones by about 13 cm; a number of the roof-tiles, the doors of all entrances and all the furniture were scattered about; the rafters, bracket systems or "masu-gumi" and the carvings of the decorative supports, with the delicate sculptures on the transoms of the facade, were almost completely destroyed. Due to the breaking of one of the beams, the northern part of the roof has sagged. The scattered fragments are now almost entirely cleared away, some of the slipped columns and inclined beams have been temporarily supported and the roof is temporarily repaired.

c. <u>Oura Cathedral</u> (81 Minami Yamate-cho, Nagasaki Shi)

The chapel of this Roman Catholic Church was built, under the supervision of a French Christian monk, by Japanese carpenters in the second year of Ansei (1864), and hence is the oldest existing Christian Church in Japan. It is a noteworthy fact that this structure was built of wood, modelled after the Gothic style, although afterwards supplemented by brick walls. The nave contains four rows of aisles, two rows on each side. The roof is thatched in Hongawara-buki style and an small octangular tower stands at the north end. Due to the blast of the atomic bomb, the roof was greatly damaged, the ceiling collapsed, almost all of the stained glass of the upper windows were broken and all the doors of the facade were blown off. Although the roof and the ceiling have been repaired temporarily, the interior of this structure presents a grim scene: a white curtain hangs in back of the altar (in the rear of the Image of Christ), the broken windows are boarded over, the plaster on the walls has partly peeled off and many stains remain on the walls and ceiling. However, this structure is still used as the chapel.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

4. Cost:

a. Additional funds needed to complete the repairs, exclusive of funds already allocated by the Mombusho:

(1)	Sofuku-ji	-- ¥ 270,000
(2)	Kofuku-ji	-- 700,000
(3)	Oura Cathedral	-- 1,300,000
		¥2,270,000

b. Funds allocated by the Mombusho

(1)	Sofuku-ji	-- ¥ 180,000
(2)	Kofuku-ji	200,000
(3)	Oura Cathedral	-- 200,000
		¥ 580,000

c. Total cost ¥2,850,000

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NSC MEMO

KYUSHU MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

JDT/jh

(0333)

APO 929
2 October 1947

319.1 ~~(370.21)~~

SUBJECT: Nationalist Report

TO : Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
Attn: Military Government Section

In compliance with Administrative Order 20, Headquarters Eighth Army dated 31 December 1946, Annex 8, Par 10 b, the following report is submitted for Kyushu Region: for month of September 1947.

	Fukuoka	Nagasaki	Kagoshima	Kum	Oita	Miy	Saga	Total
Foreign Nationals Male	15	3	0	0	0	0	0	18
Japanese Nationals Male	6800	2596	485	1604	1604	62	208	13359
Foreign Nationals Female	55	1	1	0	0	1	0	58
Japanese Nationals Female	950	520	81	150	303	30	95	2129
Totals	7820	3120	567	1754	1907	93	303	15564
Nationalists Furnished Meals by U.S. Army	69	4	1	0	0	0	0	72

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt, Sig C
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3

319.1 (000.3)

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

CAP/mth

AG 230.145 - BA

SUBJECT: Target Information for Japanese National Technical Consultants

TO: Commanding Officer
Kyushu Military Government Region,
APO 929

1. Reference is made to attached letter, Headquarters Eighth Army, file AG 230.145 (AG-Ie), subject same as above, dated 18 December 1947 (Inclosure 1).

2. Attention is directed to paragraph 3 of attached letter for compliance so far as your region is concerned.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL WOODRUFF:

JOHN J. DUGAN
Major, AGD
Asst. Adj Gen.

1 Incl :
Ltr, 8th Army, subj:
"Target Info. for Japanese
Nat'l Tech Consultants".

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 NARS

FILE

BASIC: Ltr Headquarters I Corps, APO 301, 23 Dec 47
subj: "Target Information for Japanese National Technical Consultants"

1st Ind RFS/jk

KYUSHU MIL GOVT REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 929, 30 Jan 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
Attn: Military Government Section

1. Inclosed is the report, requested in basic communication, on the three items located within this area:

a. Kofuku-ji
b. Sofuku-ji
c. Oura Cathedral

2. All three national treasures are located in Nagasaki City, Nagasaki Prefecture.

3. The enclosed report was made by Mr. Kyoichi Arimitsu, Japanese Technical Consultant for Field Examination of Cultural Materials and Installations, assigned to this headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

CHARLES L. BACHTEL
1st Lt SIG C
Adjutant

2 Incls:
1 - Ltr, 8th Army, subj: "Target Information for Japanese Nat'l Technical Consultants.
2 - Report on the three National Treasures in Nagasaki Ken, Kyushu.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3 4024 NARS

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

18 December 1947

AG 230.145 (MG-Ie)

SUBJECT: Target Information for Japanese National Technical Consultants

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

1. Reference is made to letter, this headquarters, AG 230.145 (MG) subject: "Services of Japanese Nationals as Technical Consultants for Field Examinations of Cultural Materials and Installations", dated 13 August 1946.

2. Inclosed is a list of sites in which there are structures designated as national treasures scheduled by the Japanese Ministry of Education to be repaired during the fiscal year beginning 1 April 1948. It is desired that this list be furnished the Japanese Technical Consultants employed in your area in accordance with paragraph 2 a (2) of the reference letter.

3. It is desired that the Japanese Technical Consultant attached to each military government region examine those sites listed on the inclosure which are in his area, for the purpose of determining the actual need for repair and, in his opinion, the funds necessary to insure the preservation of these structures. It is also desired that a report of the findings of these examinations be furnished this headquarters as soon as practicable.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL RYDER:

R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl:
List of Sites

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNSC NO. _____

LIST OF SITES SCHEDULED FOR REPAIR UNDER MINISTRY OF EDUCATION BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING 1 April 1948.

Prefecture	Site	Structure		Repair Estimate
Gifu	Shinchokoku-ji	Hondo	¥	700.000
Aichi	Mitsuzo-in	Stupa		490.000
Aichi	Chiryu-jinja	Stupa		420.000
Mie	Kozo-ji	Hondo		100.000
Ishikawa	Ozaki-jinja	Chumon & Sukibei		560.000
Ishikawa	Naya-dera	Pagoda & 2 others		465,000
Shiga	Enryaku-ji	Komponchu-do and corridor		2,430,000
Shiga	Kuwanomi-dera	Hondo		630,000
Shiga	Kongorin-ji	Hondo		700,000
Kyoto	Daihoon-ji	Hondo		1,400,000
Kyoto	Kodai-ji	Omote-mon		880,000
Kyoto	Ninna-ji	Miei-do		700,000
Kyoto	Nijo Castle	SE Watch Tower & four others		1,000,000
Kyoto	Kyoo-Gokoku-ji	Lecture Hall		1,520,000
Kyoto	Jindo-ji	Hondo		380,000
Kyoto	Tomyo-ji	Hondo		1,140,000
Kyoto	Kitano-jinja	Corridor		281,000
Kyoto	Kongo-in	Stupa		390,000
Kyoto	Kuhon-ji	Romon		560,000
Kyoto	Kongo-ji	Mikage-co		840,000
Osaka	Jigen-in	Stupa		350,000
Osaka	Kanshin-ji	Kariteimoten-do		119,000
Osaka	Katano-Tenjin-sha	Honden		250,000
Osaka	Residence (Takuda			700,000
Nara	Shinyakushi-ji	Hondo		170,000
Nara	Yakushi-ji	Pagoda		510,000
Nara	Gokuraku-in	Zendo		900,000
Nara	Jurin-in	South gate		140,000
Nara	Taima-dera	Hondo		1,000,000
Nara	Danzan- jinja	Pagoda		280,000
Nara	Enjo-ji	Honden of Uga Jinja		210,000
Nara	Kimpusan-ji	Romon		603,700
Nara	Chokoku-ji	Hondo		440,000
Fukui	Jingu-ji	Hondo		700,000
Fukui	Jingu-ji	Acala Gate		420,000
Saga	Sufuku-ji	Great Hall & 3 others		240,000
Nagasaki	Kofuku-ji	Hondo		340,000
Nagasaki	Oura Cathedral			1,660,000

調査事項
事務的(研究報告)

Incl 12