

豪新舞篇良友

龍介

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最新英語良友

(中英對照)

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最新英語良友

CONTENTS (自錄)

Ι,	MODEL ESSAYS (作文示範):	
	'. Tie Cond on; of True Friendship (真誠友誼的條件)	2
	2. Ro e was not bult in a day (羅馬非建於旦夕)	5
÷	3. Ossacd's ar Opportu ities (阻礙即淺會)	3
	4. The Face is an Index of Character(人心不同如其面)1	0
	5. Enthus'apm (熱忱)	£
	6. Hon sty is the Best Policy (誠實乃最上策)	7
H.	, SPECIMENS OF TRANSLATION (句譯示範) 2	1
III.	SPECIAL VOCABULARY(專用字彙)2	3
IV.	NATIONS AND CHIEF CITIES (世界國名及首都) 3	7
٧.	INTERNATIONAL AUTHORITIES (國際風雲人物) 4	0
VI.	LITTLE RAMMAR (小文法) ····································	6
VI.	FILL BLANKS WITH PREPOSITION、用前置高填空白) ****** 5	7
VI.	CONVERSATION(會話)	4



MODEL ESSAYS

作文示節

THE CONDITION OF TRUE FRIENDSHIP

OUTLINE

Introduction:—Friendship is ar 外引——友證乃珍貴之物 are thing, and not all are capable , 非人人所能護 of it.

Conditions of friendship:-

- 1. 'Unse'fish love' 2. Constancy
 - 3. Loyalty .
- 4. Mutual confidence?
- 5. Mutual sympathy

acquaint fors, bit ro one his

ma y friends. For true intimate friendship is not common; and there ar many record who seem 多人似乎不知友誼爲何物,若 to beince il of it: for a friend hip to be intimate and lasting, loth he friends must hav: 方都必須具有資盈特別的德性 some very special qualities.

友誼之條件:

- 1.無自私心之愛 2. 框心
- 3.忠管
- 4. 五信

5。同僚

Ev tyone has a number of a 经個人宣許多相談的人;

但沒有人能有許多朋友。因為 貢誠的友誼不是常有的;有許

孕使友誼學密而恆久,那未**奠**

First comes unselfish love, 第一是無自私之心的愛;
which is the very essence of friendship. A man who is engrossed in
his own interests and feelings, may, 和胃感的人或消食喜歡有一個
no d ubi, like to have an unselfish friend who will admire him, 無自私之心的朋友來贊榮他。
serve lim and always stu y his 順從他和常常研究他的與他。
interests But friendship is a twoubcate affair, and I ves by giveelast 可能是一件變方面的其情,
sided affair, and I ves by giveelast 可能是一件變方面的其情,
sided affair, and I ves by giveelast 可能是一件變方面的其情,
sided affair, and I ves by giveelast 可能是一件變方面的其情,
side and all "take" on the other。
A selfish person is incapable of 能持久的之一则自起的人不能
true f iendship. The love and ser 有異形的友谊。愛和服造必要
vice must be mutual.

Constance is an ther impor 恒心是友誼的另一條件。
tant condi ion of friendship, But, 但有些人生是善變的。他們一
some people are constitutionally 语對於事物發生熱烈的表類,
fickle. They take up an int rest upon upon the enthusiasm, but they soon they so the enthusiasm, but they soon the enthusiasm, but they soon they so the enthusiasm, but they soon the enthusiasm, but they soon they so the enthusiasm, but they soon they so the

Two friends must be loval 大利 。 地限友必須彼此也心,他們 each other, and they must know 必須彼此有深切的可解而不認

each other so well that there can 一為清礙存在於即們之間·要 he no suspicions between them. We do not think much of a man 背後非議時不敢起來春世辯護 that dares not stand up for his friend when be is criticised behind ,我們也並不置觀地;我們己 his back; nor of the man who re-並不量競那强輕信不利於他朋 adily believes rumour and gossip **友的謠言的人。生性多疑的和** against his friend. Suspicious natures, and those who are easily in-那些易被流言可感的人們是永 fluence 1 by reports and whispers. 不能成爲好朋友的。 can never make good friends,

There must be implicit conficence between friends, so that' eachern feel that he can tell the other his most in imate secret withe tany fear of his being misural erstood or betrayed. But there are talkative and communicative people, who cannot keep a secret either their own or those of others, to save their lives, and such will never keep a friend long.

Lastly, there must be perfect sympathy between friends—sympathy with each other's aims, likes, joys, sorrows, persuits and pleas res. And where such mutual sympathy does not exist, friendship is impossible.

朋友之福還必須具有絕對 的信任,使各人覺得他能以他 每隱歲了祕密告訴對方而辞臺 不應自身會被誤解或判棄。但 有些說話直爽的人們,為了要 得全自己的生命,就不為是自 已的或是人家的祕密都不能保 守了;這類人是永遠不會有常 久的朋友的。

末丁,朋友間必須有充分的同情——對彼此的目惡、嗜好,快樂,苦痛,追求和與趣的同情。假使沒有此溫雙方的同情,那末友誼是决不能成立的。

ROME WAS NOT BUILT I

羅馬非建於旦人

OUTLINE

35

- 1. The proverb is for the impa- 1. 糾正無耐心和氣餒的去診 tient and discourage!
- 2. Illustrations-from sport and 2. 0.蹬一 learning.
- 3. It must no be used an excuse 3. 非怠惰者飾詞 for latiness.

Anyone, ho attempts a task of any mainitude, may be beset 往會被兩種引誘所困乱的,就 by two temptations, namely, impatience and discouragement. Le starts with hope and enthusiasm; 傻丁記醛的希望和察觉;但當 but, finding that the task he has 套曼他担任的工作所需的背目 set himself will take much longser 超出他的形料時,他配片耐質 than he thought, becomes impa- 起來,於是潦草址把工作幹完 tient and scamps the work to fet 丁事。要不然,當地聲是丁潔 it finished, cr, when he realizes the 些他得去克服的闭幕時,但說 difficulties to be overcome, he 氣餒起来,於 懈怠了他的努 becomes discourated, relaxes his 力或把工作認了無希望確意環 efforts, or abandons the work as 了o這頁來一句記憶,計正學 hopeless. As a check to impati- 耐心,和氣餒時給人最風光點

任何一個問謀大辜的人往

是: 無耐心和氣酸。開始時但

ence, and a word of cheer to dis- -- 「點馬並非一胡一」因

corragement, comes this old proverb 而成的。」要是建設一所像籍 -"Rome was not built in a day." 馬那標的大城是需要許多日子 To build a great city like Rome, ? 許多年月 \$ 甚至許多世紀壁 many days, many years and even centuries, were necessary. 。凡是值得爱的工作,沒有一 no task that is really worth doing 件能做得快或是容易的。我們 can be done either quickly or ea 不該因遲緩的進步而不耐煩, silv. Slow progress must not make us impatient, and difficulties must. 也不該因困難而氣餒。

net discourage us A youth has an ambition to 一個青年有做成意動家的 become a fine athlete. I'e thinks 志願,他以爲一下子總智就會 a littic practice will soon make 使他成為一生第一流的棒球員 him a first-class bat or centre-或中鋒。但當他覺得那是需要 forward. But when he finds it will 長時間的奎苦问練習時,他就 take many months of practice and 不耐煩和氣餒起來了。於是。 hard training, he becomes impati-那趁語對他說:「忍耐些;因 ent and discouraged. To him the **為**羅馬並非一朝一夕建設而成 proverb says, "Be patient; for Rome was not built in a day". f。简

nother youth makes up his 另一個青年立志進成為一 mind to become a scholar, and 個學者,他認真地專心於他的 devotes himself in real earnest to 學業。但愈是學物,他覺要得 his studies. But the more he 學的東西愈多,他雖且前進? learns, the more he realizes there 但他所習科的目也節之而接大 is to be learnt. The subject enlarg 了,艱難也更可提了,最後他 esao he progresses, the difficulties 覺得要鑑到目的是需要多年辛

become more formidable, and at 苦的勞心。於是他喪失了見氣 last he realizes that it will take him years, of hard mental toil before he can reach his goal, nd 丁, 對他說:「別氣欲; 医為 he becomes disheartened, o him come this word of cheer!"Be not discouraged; for Rome was not o built in a day".

But this proverb, meant to 但,這句目的在於鼓励人 encourage, must not be used, as 們的諺語往往被人當作物情報 it sometimes is, as an excuse for 延宕的籍口,那是不應該的。 laziness and procrastiation. The 那懶惰的人:當人們以他缺乏 idler, when remonstrated with on 進生而勸誠他時,家評會得意 his lack of progress, may gaily 地回答說:「哟,算了证!你 reply,"h, well! what can you 要訂怎樣呢?賴馬並非一朝一 expect? Rome was not built in a 夕建設而成的啊!]

OBSTACLES ARE OPPORTUNITIES

阻難即機會

Life, as the world goes, is full of sorrows, hardships, obstructions and discouragements which not only thwart us from marching for ward, but also pull us down to the bottomless pit if we do not possess the lion's strength, the crocodile's armour, the fleetness of the deer and the technical organization of the spider to dominate them We must not, at any our way. rate, foolishly complain that roses have thorns, but rather be grateful that it is the very thorns which bear beautiful flowers; the sweetest honey can only be tasted by those who can bear the stings of To appreciate light, we the bees. must be familiar with darkness; to enjoy the beautiful, we must have the ugly to compare; and to value silence we must be accustomed to the disturbance of noisse,

It is a well-established fact

人生在世,是,滿憂惠, **乡苦,阻凝與沮喪的,它們不** 但使我們畏縮不敢前進,並且 把我們指下無底的深淵,更是 我以沒有獅 一般的堅甲,康一般的輕捷, 和蜘蛛一般的巧妙組織,在我 們的人生道上控制它們(譯首 按,「它們」即 憂患,勞劳 •阻凝和沮喪) • 對無論如何 不可愚蠢地恶危攻瑰有刺,而 赏想到鲜花是主在刺上的,所 以要存該證之心,最甘美的蜜 糖准有能忍受资华的贫剌者方 能嘗到。長體之光明,必須熟 悉黑暗;要大質美麗,必須以 館惡與之相比;要知清靜的假 值,必須智於聲響的話擾。

嚴格說來,一生如果祇有

that life is, in the truest sense of 光明的方面,模言之,就是淺 the word, not real life after all if there is only the sunny side; that is to say, a life without barriers, difficulties and trials. Those who desire to have smooth throughout life and have never tasted the bitters of life cannot be compared with those who are always at the bottom of Fortune's so far as firmness wheel. The longer gold is concerned. hammered upon the anvil, the purer and brighter it becomes; in the same way, the more obstacles we encounter and triumph over in the struggle of life, the stronger and the more useful we become-"Oh, fear not in a world like this.

And thou shalt know ere long. Know how sublime a thing it is To suffer and be strong."

有阻礙,困難和磨練的人生, 算不得真正的人生,這是一種 確定的事實。那些希望一生順 利而沒有嘗過人生苦味的人, 在强毅一點上,是不計與那些 常在命運之輪的底面的人相比 的。金子在認砧上愈競魚精神 明亮;同樣的情形,我們在人 生的衙門中遊受出了愈多。在

成强幹和有用之一。

「在這世間引長體退縮」、 不久你便會知道, 知道受苦而不餒。 是何等的偉大高**命**·1

THE FACE AS AN INOUN OF CHARACTER

人。必不可。如此其一首 QUTLINE

網。京東

- 1. Choosing by faces.
- 2. Character forms faces.

3. The art of reading faces A business-man I knew told me that when he was engaging an employee, he always insisted on ,他結是主張要親自和那些薩 personally interviewing the candidates for the post. He scarcely read their testimonials, which he considered to be worth little; and **直是不看的**,因爲這類項西他 he did not pay much attention 認爲沒有多大的價值;而且飽 to what each man said; but he 也不大注意每個人所說的話; watched his face as he talked. 但他却刻刻帝意着伦談話時的 "I choose them," he said, "by 面部。但說,「余鑒其號而取 their faces." And many a time he selected a man who had very little in the way of recommendations to show, and prompty rejected 不過疑地拒絕了那樣擁有許多 some who brought a whole file of 想好的證明文件的八 • 他倒是 excellent testimonials. And he was rarely wrong in his choice. 難得避錯了人的。

A man's face, if we can read it 人的面,假使我們能變別 arisht is indeed an index of his 歌謠言的確是他的品牌的指標 character. We can tell what sort : 。多們能從一個人的容貌而知 of men he is by the expression of 道他是那一類的人物。潘如我 his countenance, as we can tell the species of shell-fish by its shell: for as a shell-fish secretes 種類;因為具體動數由他的分 its shell, so the soul secretes its 必物構造船的設;同樣地,人 It is we curselves: 也由他靈鵐的分泌而在內體上 physical face. who make our faces, and we make 檔成他的面貌。面貌之形成是: them gradually and unconsciously to express our inner character. 由於我們自己;至們潮漸地: Character is simply the sum total 不知不學地,構成了面貌來表 of confirmed habits; and as a habit 類我們內在的品性。所需品性 is formed, it slowly writes its ... 就是一些巨成的套值的綜合 characteristic marks on the face, 而已。在一種智微被差式的量 and gives its own look to the eyes. 程中,它慢慢地在面部上刻到 It is harder to read character in 了它正特徵而把它自身的外觀 the faces of unformed children 题之於 / 腭的眼前。從人格向 than in the faces of grown men 未成形的小孩子們的面上上探 and women, though one can gone- 完品性較之负成人的面上去探 rally detect meanness or frankness 究要基些(雖說即使是從小孩 even in the face of a child; but if 的面上 我們也能大概地看 the older people get their habits 出路各种能逐来;) 但當人們 fixed and the more fixed their 含品太而他們的各值意固定時 habits, the easier it becomes to : 那末我們且念瓷容易從他們 tell what sort of people; they care, 的面貌上說出能們是無類的人

Mom their faces.

物。 Certain kinds of faces almost 有幾個面貌,幾乎是任何: anyone can read. You cannot 人都能識別其底空的· F 醉湛 mistake the, red and bloated face 的紅得齊壓顱的臉,那不知足 of the drunkard, the sour face of the discontented, the price in the 者的尖銳泵薄的臉,那傲慢者 face of the arrogant, the crafty **治驕相,那偷兒的肢相,這些** look in the eyes of the sneak. But ,你不致含羞錯的吧。但有醫 it takes a trained and careful 種面貌却需要一個熟練的,小 observer to read some faces, for 心的觀察者去靈別的;因爲有 some clever people can make their faces like masks to hide their 些聪明人能把他們的面貌變成 real seives. A false-hearted man 條面具似的去隱殼他們真正的 may have an apparently frank and 自我o一個心地虚偽的人或許 open face; a cruel man may wear 會有着一副坦白無隱心面貌; a deceptively kindly smile; a regue 一度發配的人或許多後差一副 may look very honest at firt sight. 仁慈的笑容;一员恶娃粗看起 But there is always, something in the face that will betray such 來或許是很誠哲的。但對於一 people to an acute observer-個和明的觀察者,這類人的面 especially in the most expressive **貌上線是有霧层脚的痕跡—** features, the eyes and the mouth. 尤其是在那最善於表情的部份 A lock in the eyes, the way he shapes his mouth, may betray the 、服和嘴上面。眼的一轉、嘴 hidden meanness, cruelty, crafti-的一動,皆足以顯露出那些隱 ness or selfishness that larks 設在想密的美容和担白的外表

'behind the friendly smile and the 後面的卑鄙,凝酷,陰氣,或

frank look. Certain it is that 自私。無疑地,叛節,貪慾和 dishonesty, lust and crucity, honesty, 疑酷 ,誠實 ,純潔字慈善 ; purity and kindness, all leave their 都在面貌上留着不能採塗的表 indelible marks on the face. 記。

ENTHUSIASM

熱 誠

Enthusiasm in our work is the life philosophy that keeps us young, happy, vigorous and successful; it has always been back of every great human achievement.

Some of us often wonder why others who started out with us make such tremendous strides and get so far ahead in a short time. We need not look far for the reason. Wo will find very quickly that they are more enthusiastic than we are, that they have a burning zeal, a great passion for what they undertake.

You, my unsuccessful friend, may say you have never had a fair chance, that your employers have been prejudiced against you. Of course they are prejudiced against those who are moping, dragging around, and simply working against time; who look as though they had no interest in life.

我們熟藏工作,這是人生的哲理,能够使我們常保着青春,快樂,使我們勇於任事; 所向有功,任何一件人類的偉績,都《熟藏做的背景。

有些人常是奇怪,窝什麼 在同一點出發的人們,別人就 這樣的遮着驚人的大步,在短 時間,超越而前,出人頭地。 理由所在。我們好勞遠求。 我們可以很快的發見他們是具 着更深擎的熟誠,無論租任什 麼事,都挟光燃燒的心靈,熟 烈的情感以俱赴。

庸庸碌碌的愿友們,你一 定要說依從來沒有好的機會, 聘請你的人待遇你也沒有什麼 善意。是的,他們對於"隱木 不仁","得過且過", 罕覓時 問而工作,好像是"百無聊觀" ,對於人生不感與起的人。當 然是沒有善意的。

All necessary occupations are respectable and can be made very 高是用敬人而可以獲得荣誉的。 honourable. All workers belong to one family. We are all necessary to one another. Men who work

in the ditches, on the railroad tracks, clean the street or lay the pavements are even more necessary than those who write poems

and paint pictures, because it is 因爲這個世界全靠着他們,才 they who have made the world so delightful, so beautiful, and so lovely a place for all of us to live

in. Never before has the youth, fired by enthusiasm, had such an oppor-

tunity as he has to-day. This is the age of young men and young women. Their ardor is their crawa. ictore which the languid and the 打架""算盤子式"的人,見着 passive bow. The wirld looks to 他們記紙好甘拜下風。 them to be interpreters of new 正在延攬他們,做買善美的新 forms of truth and beauty. Secrets, 方式的演繹人。

jealcusly guarded by nature, are 認,原來是深閉嚴疑,不容輕 waiting to reveal themselves to 澳门;正等待着那準備鞠躬签 the enthusiast who is ready to 摔的瓷藏人物,才讓他來扶發

一切的工作者,都屬於同學 一族類,我們人,都是相互傷 工作於溝渠路軌,和 整潔衝衝,鋪砌路面的人,或 者比吟詩作畫的,相需尤亟,

成爲這樣一個康樂善美的場合

,讓我們很舒服的住意。 南年們泡着紫誠, 任們當

前的機會,從沒有條今日這樣

于載一時的o 這是青年男女 們的時代。一位們們烈的情感 · 就是他們的皇冠 · 那"沒精

天地造化之

concentrate his life on the work. 實證,爲世效用。

Every enterprise, every profession, 栗,每一個數葉,每一個人製every field of human endeavor, is 努力的場合,都是由蒙**讓的工**pushed forward by enthusiastic 作者推挽前進。
workers

HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICE

誠 實 為 最 上

OUFINE

綱 噩

Introduction: - This is a Wo-Idlyminded proverb.

- 1. Honesty in business probably pays in the long run.
- 2. But dishonesty often leads to within success.
- 3. And honesty has often led to world'y ruin.
- 4. From a spiritual point of view, himesty pays best, because it is right.

This is an old and often repeated proverb: ent is it true? it has a suspiciously worldly flavour, for it means that, from a worldly point of view it pays to be honest. Now a really henest man will not

ask whe her henesty pays or not He feels must be honest, even if honesty brings him less or suffer. 的人是不匹誠實一沒 報酬的

小引 一 這是一句常被 人提及节古證。

- 1. 誠質終確報酬。
- **然欺詐往往獲得成功。**
- 3. 該質量招去現世的計滅
- 4. 12超凡的限光稳之,誠 實工經高的幇酬,因爲 **她是對於**。

這是一句常波人提及的古

證;但它是不疑語說的呢?它

含有一種工人程寫是耽於世利 的氣質,口爲它的直聽是:《

以世俗的眼光看来) 誠實是 有報酬的,可是一。瓦崑談登

ings, simply because it is right to ,即反誠實帶着他的是損失政

be honest and wrong to be dishon- 苦浦,他也覺得了應該是試實 est. This proverd is, therefore, of 的,祇天集誠實是對的,不誠 use no sincerely honest 資是錯的罷了。所以還句古諺 people; it is really meant only for 對於正誠實的人是沒沒多大用 those unprincipled men who will 農買;實際上它祇爲『些「誠

and will be dishonest if they think 翻言大時就不讓實」的沒有宗 dishnonesty will pay them better.

the long run.

а

example.

tory business.

Probably honesty does pay in

:aan

In business, for

who deals

straight-forwardly with the public, who sells at fair prices, who gives good quality, and can be relied upon not to cheat, will generally establish a reputation that will be a fine business asset. People will te glad to deal with him; and though he may not make a fortune. he will have a sound and satisfac-

no doubt that success is often due to trickery, and great fortunes built have been up upon dishonesty. Too many successful rogues have proved by experience

On the other hand, there is

be honest only if honesty pays, 實了報酬就設實,不誠實的報 旨藝的人們而存在着的。 就大概而 為, 誠質久而久 之終於是有報酬引,譬证拿商 業來說,一個人和入們公平交 易,壹佰公道,貨品相當地好 ? 能被信任下致欺骗, 他往往 會樹立起好名堅,還是就是商 業資產申很好的一份,人們樂 於和色交易;從使也不發財,

> 從相反的 5面論,無疑地 欺詐往往獲得了成功,不設實 帶來了大財。儘有指許許多多 的獲得成功的「壞蛋」們可以

他的事業是它美而造意的。

that for them dishonesty has been 以經驗來證明對於他們下說實 the best policy. Of course some of these peoble come to a bad endiand lose all they have gained by their lies; but many maintain their worldly success until they die. Indeed, it seems that wouldly success is more due to ability, lucky enportunities, and business cumping. than to honesty. ,而不是由於誠實。

And many examples could be given of men who, from a worldly point of view, have failed because they were honest. A martyr who prefers to be burned at the stake rather than say what he believes to be false, may be a hero; but in the eyes of a worldly man, who thinks only of worldly success, he is a sad failure.

But if we look at such eases from the spiritual point of view - if we consider that truth and righteousness are far more important than wealth and rank and prosperity-then, in the highest sense, honesty is in the end the

是最上策。當然,他們中門有 的得到壞亡結局,失掉他們靠 了欺詐得來的一切。但把你們 現世的成功維持到死的也不少 。誠然,現世的意功似乎是由 於才能, 運氣, 和做事的發點

而且v我們也可以舉出很 多的例子來證明有些人因了他 們是誠實的緣故而(:世俗的 眼光看來)失敗了,一。管領 被鄉在火刑上懷死而不為意命 認爲不真的話的殉道者「許是

個英雄; 但在一個歌於現世的 名利的人心目中。[是個司號 的失敗者。

但,假使我們以超俗的眼

光來看此 預情形,假使我們認 爲忠質和正確是曖昧的地質和 **会 会** 高的意識之下,試實多於是最

best policy. "For what it shall 上策。 [因為假使一個人獲得 profit a man if he gain the whole 了整個世界而失落他自己的复 world and lose his cwn soul?" 电 论他有什麼金處?]

SPECIMENS OF TRANSLATION

句 譯 示 鏡

- 1. Place he state and the people 國家至上,民族至上。 above everything else.
- So long as there is aggression there will be residence.
- 3. We bolieve justic will triumph.
- 4. We would rather die for our country than yield to be slave. o We must fight to the bitter á.
- end. S. I am sure that the ultimate

of every individual. io, Acroplanes roadred overhead

- victory will be ours. 7, Might is right.
- We must suppress contraband 8. traffic.
- 9. The rise and the fall of nation rest upon the shoulder
- scattering pamphlets contain- 傳單。 ing patriotic measures.
- A people that loves order more 11. than freedom does not revolt.
- 12. The anti-Japanese sentiment has spread to the farm.

- 侵略不止,抗戰下休。 **我們相信正義当勝**,
- 宿馬到頭泥, 景為亡區数
- 最後勝利必盟於第。

切們必須抗陰而臨。

- 强權即公理。 **我們必須取締違禁品**。
- 國家與亡, 匹夫有责。

飛機翻翻天空。散發。國

- 愛秩序造於自由之民 英, 不會背叛。
 - 熱烈的反目情緒,已配布

- 13. The weakness of Japan are already to the world. 14. All the right thinking peoples
- of the world will cooperate 而與我們合作。 with us for the sake of justice. 15. We ought to remember shame
- in times of danger and not to 義o
- forget, integrity at the sighs of profit.
- 16. The Jacanese rape, incendiarism, and slaughter have exited

resentment all over the world.

17. Japanese project quick warfae. and quick decision had failed. 18. China is now fighting alone

for international justice.

- Return us our hills and rivers. 19. 20. The peaces loving nations must
- nake a concerted effort in 反對侵略。 opposition to Invasion.
- 21. A lot of peace treaties have been torn up and trampled
- under foot by the aggressor. 22. Seeking the existence of the
- nation at the cost of the life
 - of the whole people.

見了。 **尊重公理的民族將爲正義**

日本的破綻,現已舉世洞

- 危中須知恥 , 見利勿忘
 - 日軍奸淫燒殺,為惡世所
 - 日本「漆蹤速决」的計劃
 - 中域是爲國際正義而戰・ 還我河川。
 - **愛和平的國家店一致行動**
- 物破而踏在地下· **拚全民族的生命**,以來國

許多和平條約已被侵略著

家生存。

失败了。

23. Now we are marching on the 現在我們正向抗酸必勝建 (22)

- path of ultimate victory and 國必成的大道選進。
- sure success of national reconstruction.

真理,公正,奠重医院

自長江爲日軍佔領與封鎮

- 24. The Japanese are try far 日軍所消耗的,已遠超田 behind their criginal program 他們侵略中國的計劃了。
 - of aggression against China.
- 25. We should redoubt our effort 我們遠數加倍努力抵抗侵
- in resisting the invaders until 略者以求最後的獲得。 the ultimate victory is won-
- 26. Reason, justice and respect international obligation 信義必能使其結果 最終設得。
- the outlook at present looks loomy, the world will insist
 - that this result shall ultimately be achieve L

must be restored and though 完成。

- 27. The entire Chinese trade is being directed into new channels 所阻塞後,整個中國之商業因
- since the Yangtze route has 而越入新近徑。 been blocked by the Japanese occupation and blockade.
- 2'. Since the Lukouchiao incident broke out, we have arrived at 們已趨到最後忍耐的極點。 the limit of endurance.
- 29. Our fatherland is in danger. 関鍵方股o
- 30. To seek peace means the **身和邹吾民族屈服,及吾** subjugation of our nation and 種足滅亡之謂也。

the complete annihilation of our race.

Bi. We exhaust the strength of 以長期之全面抗戰策略。 enomy by the stratagem of total 消耗能人置分。 resistance and leng struggle.

82. Let our four hundred million people unite as one man to 露来我们的几泊平等而抗酸到

light to the blief end for the E. cause of our freedom and

eonebnecebni (8) China's minimum conditions 中国共和文学特别指中國 include the invitebility of hr 主语了下可是的。及行政模立

sovereign right; and the main- 完整之派持。 tenance of her administrative independence and integrity. 34. China saw no hope for a 中國星和平深央無望,進

peaceful settlement and was 而採取武力抗聚。 forced to resort to armed resistance. 35. Un! ss China's severeignty is

reconstruction.

not affected, she will not be 不能多行题气谱设建設工作。

able to carry cut the work of

nest-war rehabilitation and

四点语词能图结一致,

除非中国不受影響,否則

country are à deciding factor 等中央分勝兵之一因素。 in a war of long duration

86. The finencial resuwces of a 一個之財政來原乃長期限

(24)

- The final victory must be ours, if we continue to struggle resolutey despite hardships and
- sufferings. 38. Before the cut break of the
- histilities on the entire front. the Japanese entertained the 回路 | o
- desire to "beat China to her knees" wi hout a fight.
- National Government said to 010,000, & Lotaing segs eved
- for the establishment of a National Industrial Co-operative Society with headquarters at

10. At 9,50 the all-clear was

sounded, but at 10. 05 the 時零五分,径,又主。 alarm was heard again. Machine-guning of refugees. 41.

Chungkins.

- The objective of any war is 12.
- nothing more than to sock 面影爭及政治經濟的讀證,另
- political or ecconomic domina, 一方面欲推持自己的想益,不 ion on the one hand and, on 照作是後的特扎。 the other, to safeguard national
 - rights and interests for which the bitterest struggle is not declined.

- 只要我們守定立場,認定 目標,立定决心問題書,愈堅 强。愈持久。愈苦毒,全國一 心,證績努力。訂正是到多屬
- 在前線剛等。等於之前,日 人期望着下戰而為中国「擊至

於我。

- 居民主的银"江南高元。
- 设产中国工资合行品。並改總 部於實際 o
 - 力時五十分 預多,但至十
 - **週間含量的原民**。 戰爭的主因, 下外乎一方

- 43. War is an instrument of na 戰事是一國之手段;政治 tional policy whereas political 經濟才是其後的目的。 and coconomic elements con-
- stitute its ultimate objective. 44. Too often the sky is lurid 蟾夷罩) 复防) 聲) 使天
- from fires started by incendiary 空發灰巨色。 hombs. 45. The tide of warfare has turned
- from passive act on the active 主重抗戰 湖。 operation in favor of the defenders. 43. In regard to our nations with
- principles are to be equality. 47. The signatory powers of the 九原公的签字网莊嚴地奪 Nine-powers Treaty solemnly 截中国的獨立及領土行政的完
- und rtook to respect the 整? independence and territorial and administrative integrity of China
 - the tension breaks with forced 融緩,/民間作笑容,交談起 laughter and chattering con- 來,人人陸宣往家妻去。 versation and all stream to their homes.

48. The "All Clear" sound and.

49. Chinese have chosen to face battlefield and will resist to the end.

- 目下名線已由被動進而至
- 關於真疑則列强之關係。 the foreign powers guildings 指導之區與蘇定五心與平等,
 - 解除整報發出,緊張空氣
- 中國的民《已經自題在歐 the force of anarchy on the 場上對抗那種主風的兵力並且 抵抗到底。

5). Wherever the Japanese have been, they have marked our a 印清毀滅的痕跡。

land with ruin.

- 凡日軍所至我們的國上。
- 51. This new style of "undeclared war permitting any kind 式曼但縱綠任何不法的無人道
- of unlicensed inhumanity has 行為,而且公然排斥人類一切 superseded all decencies. 52. During the shelling the Chinese
- forces in the defending tren- 華兵即後退隱匿。 ches retired and hid The public were encouraged 53.
- to offer gold to the state to 以充實戰庫, help swell hinas way chest.
- 54. Down the steep track between bamboo glades. tramping along in the hot sun, came a weary and endles, procession
- refugees from kuling carrying their babies and belong:. 55. The storm will rage till every
 - and human beings are leveled in a vast chaos.
- In view of the peculiar condi-56.

dissemination

tions the aim of education 的目息 座集中於阿民教育的普 should 🕏 be coutered

- 這種「不宜而戰」的新形
- 尊嚴。 當日艦砲攝碑,戰麼內之
- 策眾聚樂對國家獻金,藉
 - 蓬嚏竹林中崎嶇的小路上
 - ,有成**翠**結隊的《民·
 - 暴風雨影吵擾到每朵文化
- flower of culture is trampled 的花鼓踏到及每個人被推到在 一個廣大前 混亂中。
 - 现在這特殊性況中,教育 00 及,和主除種族工的温润。

ei national

culture and elimination of rec'al distinction.

- 97. The most urgent task of the 日本當前 1急務是恢復他 Japanese Government today is 的工作方式。這個日決「中國 ie disesver workable ways 事件」。 and means to settle its"Chin; Incident".
- 58. At present the Japanese ara 日军现由東北上東上方向 marching on the city from 該城進攻。 north-east and the south-east.

59; Long Live Knomintangl 中原阿蒙蒙意门!

#8. Long Live Chinal

中華民「高」。

SPECIAL VOCABUARY 專用字彙

National Govern-	医民政府	diplomatic corps amoassador	外多團 大使
ment		embassy	大使館
Executive Yuan	行该院	minister	公使
Control Yuan	監察院	legation	公使館
Legis lative Yuan	立法院	consul-general	總領軍
Examination Yuan	设建作	consulate-general	総領事館
Judiciary Yuan	司法院	constil	領事
National Defense		consulate	領事館
Committee	員會	territorial waters	領海
Ministry of Home	內政部	extra-territoriality	治外法福
Affairs		consular jurisdict	使事數判穩
Ministry of Forei-	外交部	ion	12, 41 694 1 2162
gn Affairs		anny	陸軍
Ministry of War	軍政部	standing army	性 情備軍
Figance ministry	財政部	reserve army	预信 军
Ministry of Educ-	發育部	commander	指揮官
ation	•	commander-in-	經司令
Ministry of Cem-	交通部	chief	
munication	•	generalissimo	大元帥;総
Ministry of Econ-	經濟部	marshal	司令 元帥;將蘇
om c Affairs		general	大將;上將
diplomony 🔑	外交	General Staff	参訂本部
diplomat	外多官	chief of staff	参訊長
foreign policy	外交政策	alies	同盟国

軍專顧問 Alarm 警報 military councillor 解除警報 All clear flying; aviation 航空 Air raid. 左襲 **空**缸 air force Night raid: 夜襲 航室隊 air (flying,aviatio 汽笛 Siren. n) corps 地下室 Basement: aircraft 避難所 Shelter. air way;air line 消以歐 Fire protection. aerodrome; aviati-First-Aid Corps 救護隊 on ground 海軍 цауу. aviation school 海軍极環境 navy base air station 軍港 navy port aviator; pilot 要准 naval station 在簡飛行 night flight 海軍步兵國 parachute marine corps 路路傘 聯合艦隊 combined fleet 偵察機 scout plane 第一艦隊 戰鬥遭 First Squadron battle plane; figh-太平洋艦隊 pacific Squadron ting maching 大汽洋艦隊 Atlantic Fleet machine 取門艦 高炸養 battleship bembing machine **公洋艦** 民主機 eruisec civil airplane 驅逐艦 destroyer 飛援庫 hangar 潜水艇 submarine 炸彈 bomb torpedo-boat **ふ雷艇** 焼夷彈 incendiary bomb 花盤 gun boat auti-aircraft guns 高射泡 airplane carrier 航空母話 Air defeace. 防空壕 submarine deret 潜水艇毋艦 Search light. 探照燈 Gas mask ship 防盖面具

bulwork capital ship 主力艦 堡壘 運輸艦 trains_urt magazine 火藥庫 魚雷 combatant 戰鬥員 terpedo mine . 水電 position 陣地 橡皮艇 line rubber boat 防線 救生船 life boat guerrilla 游學課 世界大戰 formal troop 正規軍 world war spoils of war 戰利品 不抵抗 nonresistance fort 孢合 步哨 sentry warch-tower 瞭望台 軍事訓練 military drill ·集團軍· 弧旋。 group army triumph arsegal - 兵工級 comfort present 慰勞品 助守區域 strategic position booty 發用品 ration por the ·運溫 surround army surrender 變罪 amm mition war w ariness 軍火 原取 target practice occupied areas 打配實習 佔哥區城 fight for time war-ares 區運 学取問間 lightning war and count r-attacking 反攻 过设证决 wounded soldiers secody decision 傷兵 captive 俘握 lightning war 門電殿 quick peace and war-area service 戰地服務團 速和速清 quick decision corps the axis pewers **高朝心医家** attack 攻蔣 charge internation situa-突窜 瓦際周勢 tion cloud attack 煙霧攻墜 wartime capital besiege 圍攻 取诗首都

rightecusness 花錢 flame the wing truk 噴火出東東 優格 blitzkreig 閃重阻衡 aggression 前方 machine gun 但認怕 front granades 手溜彈 後方 fear 獻金運動 tank 坦克車 "offer gold to th-變潔 trench e-state"move disarm 解除武装 ment field hospital 前方落院 節約運動 economization mostubbon r sistance 震抗 tremery rándom shot 流潭 和平運動 peace movement camouflage 傷隻 appeal for prace **利平呼籲** chies : traitors 漢奸 慰勞信 comfort 白刃戰 prolonged resis-長期抗酸 close battle tance 侵略戰

offensive war situated beset 防禦型 受包围 defensive final victory 最紅勝可 dectaration of war 官段 to recover the lost 敬復失地 抗戰 resistance t rritorios 游感到 gurrilla wrrfare to resist to the end 托頭到底 positional variere 7"地戰 r sistance and 抗型建模 consumptive wir-酒絲頭 reconstruction iara

national program.

ment

cation

咽部

OX TI

省支羽

provincial govern neutral 中立国 close fighting 图明 department of edu contraband of war 原的流激品 mechnized unites 趣样 化温除 education (32)

recommitting fig-

hts

值容限行

sophomore 大學二年生 管領 educaiunion 大學三年生 co-education 男女問學 segior 入學匹年生 學校 professor 教授 schoöl assistant professor 、助数 free school 義務學校 instructor primary school 翻師 小學 middle school présiden ノ學校長 中學 nermal school "新鮮劑 極 中小學校長 principal preparatory 工業學校 industrial school 預科 commercia! (FIST course **惊**業學校 chool regular course 本科 agricultural 農業學授 short course 速成科 curriculum: conschoo! fishery "school" res of study 水產學校 compulsory 高船學校 nautical school naval academy 海軍學校 subject optional subject 一哥修課目 職業"校 vecational school continuation 補營 校 entrance examischoo! nation summer school 暑期 校 term examination 學期試驗 evening (night) exa- 星葉試驗 夜校 graduation school. mination. college . 專料學授 term 摩期 university tuition fee 大學 里鞋 student diploma. 炮牛 事需業是 pupil ! certificate 小學生 freshman 大與一年生 physical culture;

决勝5 gogi athletic 担發點 體育協會. start athletic associat-.公正人(足 referee ion 我) sports; games; contests, WODe 負 iost 賽跑 race _ . 過失 athletic meet 運動會、 error 點 point; run (meeting) 同點 運塑員 tie athlete 電報 、選手(球類) player telegraph 運動場 電話 athletic field telephone 長途電話 (ground) long-distance icotball field 足球場 telephone swimming pool 游泳池 radio (wireless) 100 metre dash 百米競走 station relay race 替換競走 broadcasting 廣播台電 hurdle race 低挺競走 station javelin throw 標槍 wireless operator 無線電報員 discus throw 投鐵餅 mail; post 郵政 shot put post office 擲鐵球 郵政局 pole vault postmaster 捧竿跳高 郵政局長 running pestman broad 跳遠 金胚. jump postage. 郵盘 liigh, jump 高級。 postage stamp /郵票: elimination express mail 快信. 強蹇 , contest; registered mail 掛號信… final same; finals 法是 va. postal ordor 强政應數 (684)

p ign parcel post 包娶 The Farmers Bank 中國發民鐵 air mail 就签信 of China mice of commo- 够價 行 Bank of Commu- 交通銀行 dities index number of 物價指數 nication Postal Remittance 郵政儲金匯 prices And Savings brice currention 業局 物價表 Bank cost price 原價 market price 市價 Soung bos Banking 聚與誠銀行 Corporation fixed price 定價 Wholeste price 如此發價」。 Yun Yue native 永遠態莊 rise bank 上漲 China Red Cross fall; drop 下落 紅十字會 strong; firm Society 强;漲價 weak 弱;跌價 China Compaign 接華委員會 The China Natio-Committee 中國航空公 nal Aviation 司 The League 國際聯盟會 Corporation Nations Military **Affairs** Central Military 中央軍校 軍事委員會 Commission Academy **Principles** People's Political three 三民主義青 國民參政會 Council Youthcorps 年團 Sino-Soviet Conservative 中蘇文化協 保守黨 tural Associaprty ation Liberal party 氢由自 The International Labour party 國際反侵略 工憲 Peace Cam-Communism 共產主義 會

Communist Party	共產黨 共產黨員	Nationl Re construction		
Republican Party	共和黨	Three Principles 年民主義		
Democratic Party	民主黨'	of the People		
Nazi	納粹(國社	The Chinese : 中華民族		
	麗)	People		
Fascist	法西斯蒂	The Mukden Inci. 九一八事件		
Fifth Celumn	第五縱隊	dedt i		
Plans for National	建國方略	Indian Nationalist 印度國民運		
Reconstruction		Movement (7)		
Fundamentals, of	類個大種	non-cooperation 不合作運動		

NATIONS AND CHIEF CITIES 世界國名及首都

g	、名	首	母都
Abyssinia	阿比西尼亚	Addis Ababa	阿迪斯 阿貝!
Afghanistan	阿富汗	Kabul	喀布衛
Albania	阿爾巴尼亞	Tirana	提關拉
Argentine	阿灵廷	Buenos Aires	不是諾斯
tri F	-		亞利斯
Australia	澳大利亚	Canberra '	坎 貝拉
Austria	與地利	Vienna	從也納
Belgium	比利時"	Brussels	不律宾爾
Ehutan ^{fi}	不丹	Purakha	布拉卡
Eolivia 🖁	玻璃維亞	Sucre	蘇克思
Brazil "	巴西	Rio de Janeiro	一单约纳四直
British Empire	不列頭帝國	London	倫敦
Bulgaria	保加可亞	Sofia	索非亞
Canada	加拿大	Ottawa	哇太難
Chile_	智利	Santiago	聖地亚哥
China China	中國	Chungkin	EE
Colombia	可倫比亞	Bogata	波加他
Costa Rica	哥斯達。雲加	San Jose	聖約瑟
Cuba	古巴	Havana	哈瓦拉
Ozechoslovakia	捷克斯拉夫	Praha	登拉哈
Denmark	丹麥	Copenhagen	哥本哈根
Dominican Repu-	多明尼加	Santo Domingo	聖多明谷

Ecuador	厄瓜多爾	Quito	奎多
Egypt	类发	Ca iro	開羅
Esthonia	要形尼亞	Tallinn'	塔林
Finland	芬類	Helsingfors	海爾為福斯
France	法蘭西.	Paris	巴黎
Germany -	德意志	Berlin	柏林
Greece	希臘	Athens,	雅典
Guatemala	危地馬拉	•	
Halu	海地	Prince	普默斯
Honduras	洪都拉斯	Tegucigalpa	特古西加爾巴
Hungary	匈牙利	Budapest	布達佩斯
Iceland	冰島	Reykjavik	雷克耶未克
I an	伊蘭	Teheran	德黑蘭
Iraq	伊拉克	. Baghdad	巴格達
Irish Free State	s 三爾斯自由邦	Dublin	都柏林
Italy	意大利	Rome.	羅馬
Japan	日本	. Tokyo	東京
Kuweit	庫威特		
Latvia	拉特維亞	.Riga	里加
Liberia	里比利亞	Monrovia	崇羅維亞
Liechtenstein	里克登斯太因	Vaduz.	了圖茲
Lithuania	立陶宛。	Koyno	科武器
Luxemburg.	盧森堡		
Mexico	" 西哥		
Monaco	座網哥,		
Nepal	·尼油爾C	Kath Mandu	加德曼都
Netherland	荷阁	Amsterdam	亚初斯特丹.
			~ 9 %

(48°)

St John's Newfoundlands 紐芬蘭 聖約翰斯 New Zealand>日和西南 Wellington 、惠靈吞~ (自紐紆論) Managua 尼加拉风 Nicaragua 馬拉瓜 oslo 挪威 Norway 奥斯陸 n i Muscat **麦斯卡晚** Oman 奥曼 Panama^e 巴拿馬 Paraguay 巴拉圭 Asuncion 亞松森 模格... Peru -Lima 利馬 Manila Philippines -菲律賓 馬尼刺 Warsaw 華沙 Poland 波線 Lisbon 葡萄牙 里斯本 Periugal 羅馬尼亞 . Bucharest 布斯勒斯特 Rumania Salvador 薩爾瓦多 Bangkok Siam 遲雞 曼介 Saudi Arabia 签加 **蘇塠。阿剌伯** Месса Spain . Madr d^g 海班牙 馬德里 Sweden R-,一类既实 Stockholm. **游托克荷姆** Switzerland · 哪也正。 , Berney. 百餘二日 Turkey. 、其基土 __Angora 安喀拉 Union of South Gape Town 南非聯邦 開普頓 Africa Union of Soviet 蘇維埃社會主 Moscow 夷期科 Socialist Repu- 義聯邦共和國 blics United States of 美利緊 e: Washingtoff 一遊盤順 America Uruguay Montevideo 蒙泰維迪吳 Venezuela Caracas 加拉加斯 Sanna Yemen 沙那 Yugoslavia · 南斯拉埃 Belgrade. 培磺格拉德

INTERNATIONAL AUTHORITIES

Generalissimo Gharg Kair Sheh 57. He early had doveted himself to the revolution, with Dr. Sun. Yat Scn. When the Sinc-japanese War broke, all the people of China immediately resist the invaders under his leader ship and now he is the first authority of The Aliens resisting the A is Powers.

King Emperor George VI

King Emperor George V . 47. Suddenly became king in 1936 when his brother abdicated 選位). Previously he had fought at Jutland and had dutifully inspected factories in peace. His solid family life has on him popularity (学樂堂) at home.

sident Franklin Roosevelt, 60, stems from (川身之家系) a famed 歲,當一著名政治家族的沒管 political family, was wartime ass-

Franklin Delano Robsevelt Pre-

蔣總教

總數年五十七歲。很早即 逍暗 孫總理革命,日経入侵 ,領導全國軍民抗戰迄今,亦 為世界上第一個反抗軸心國家 之領導人物

英皇喬治第六

英皇喬治六世,年四十七 歲,一九三六年其兄溺症,之 爾陽王,前會在日德關作戰, 太平時會負責考察各大工廠, 他底健全的家庭生活,使船頭 得家人之憂戴o

羅斯福

美國總統羅斯語2年六十 ,歐戰;任海軍助理該普 istant secretary (助型製畫上of the 的世界觀 ,是民主政治的。

Ravy. His world outlook (世界觀) is pro-democratic.

Winsten Churchill

邱密普

Winston Churchill, 60. His 类首组邱吉爾华次十數 仍 Father Rodolph Churchill was a 他的文字閱道而夫。邱吉爾恆 famous politician too. When he 是英國著名的政治家、他在小 obtained the primar Education in 學時代,經歷惡級國的管束。 his native land, he had cherished 對於數學、發生與語,卷來運 a hatred for the serious control. 從事軍事學及其他積種他所愛 He found no interest in the mather 好的研究。於今他是率令全屬 matics. Afterwards he devoted 人民經就侵線的重要,物之一 himself the study the military of science and the others he liked. Now he ison of the most important authotories of Ingland to led all the people registing the invaders.

Cordell Hull

爾 Cordell Hull, Secretary of State 美克爾·奇爾斯爾,年七十 71, rafted (編筏) logs (木塊) as 一,幼晓含在旧船西的邊域森 a boy in backwoods Tennessee, 林中超太後,曾在『美戰爭中 fought in spanish-American war-作戰。任田納西歷史中最年輕 After becoming youngest judge in 。的法官後於在國會中二十七年 Tennessee history, he spent 27 。他相信美國的利亞是和民治 years in Congress. He delieves U. 的夹法利益相连紧的。 S. inter,est is linked (in) to that of democratic Britain and France.

Joseph Stalin

Joseph stalin, 6.7, Secietary Generai(認學長) of Comnunist party, 年六十二歲,當世界最陽越的 is world's most secretive (隱茲的) 獨裁路 >其父協補特匠,將他 dictator. His father, a cobble (福鞋 送入一耶教會學校肄業)。但他 匠', 'ent him to a 'esuit(耶蘇會)' 却投身做一位[職業的革命家] Seninary (耐學校), but he became a professional (職業的) revolutionary、革命家\.

"M.Viacheslav Molotov.

Viacheslav Molotov, 57, Gom 俄外長莫洛托夫, 年五半 missar (委員) for ForeignAffairs 二歲,則位與首相相等,他本 is also premier. The son of a 係 - 書記之子,十七歳時是一 elerk, he was a revolutionist at 17, 個革命家;年十九ヶ為西伯利 a siberian exile(放逐者) at 19, His 豆流观,他的妻子是化装品托 wife leads the Cosmetice 化装品) 辣斯的首領,但伊自己並不用 Trust, but uses no Cosmetics. His 化提品;他在外交政策中第一 first surprise move in foreign 仲勝人的活動;是和德國簽訂 policy was to sign the pact(指題蘇 的條約。

公約) with Cermany. Voloshilov

Narshal Kliment E. Voloshilov. 俄統帥伏羅希洛夫, 年六 61, Commands the Soviet Army in 十一歲,他率領着紅軍,令土 which he introduced daily shaving 兵每日梨面一头和馬上作冰珠 and polo(馬上对戲). Born in a 遊戲。他生於一農村中,此後. peasant town, since renamed after 該城即軍行定名爲伏縣希洛夫 hepicked ore: 靈苗) in eth 了,七歲時他在臟中採苗;十

莫 洛 托 夫

伏鑷希洛夫

mines(號) at the age of 7, was a 八蒙時電光工領神之上 labor leader at 8; a communist 黃充嘉共產黨黨員,他的妻子 at 22; List wife was a ballerina(鑑 是一位维女。 妓).

Herr Adolf, Hitler: 清 特 拉

Herr Adolf Hitler 53; is also 1 德國元首希特拉。年本七 Chancellor 総理) and Commander 三,以總理乘總司令。彼此一 in chief。He founded anti-Jewish 九一九年成立反猶太人,反天 Catholic apitalist-Democrat and, 主教,反資本主義,反民主而 until recently, anti-communist 假近又反共之納粹黨。受彼就 Nazi(經粹) party in 1919. Under 治之德國,在歐洲,武力擴張 市市 Germany has grown by force 領土,版圖較帝派時代之德國 to greater size in Europe than 尤有過之。

Hermann Goering

戈 林

Hermann Gering, 49, Field—M 德陸軍元帥戈林,年四十二 arshal (陸軍元帥) Heheads the Air 九歲,任空軍部長,為 特拉 force and is Hitler's chosen suc- 選定之穩任人。歐歐時,以有 cessor. A daring War Ace and post- 膽略屢毀亂機聞名之航空蒙, war commercial pilot, he joined 嚴後則充萬用機駕駛員之職。 Nazis early but is considered a '如o·彼早即加入納粹黨,但人皆以 derate". He is noted for his tireless 溫和派目之。彼以耐久之精力 energy and flair(此好,咨询) for 著名,而具有喜着空目的制版 garish(应目的) uniforms 制服). 嗜好。

Joachim Von Ribbenton

郑客特洛辅

Foreign Minister Jeachim Von 配ibbentrop,49,waster wealthy 中九蒙,本篇一富有的香馨酒 shampegne salesman (推銷員) 推銷員,一九三六年受希特拉 before Hitler made him Ambassad- 任命爲註美大與。他創立反共 or to Britain in 1936. He fathered 公約(二九三六),蘇德不 anti-Comintern 反共) pact(1936),一侵犯條約(一五三九)。他 Soviet - German non - aggression 错判了衰微的英國是不會作戰 4來侵犯〉(1939'. His wrong bet 漫 的 [1] 解): "decadent (美額) England would not fight".

Signor Mussolini

Premier Benito Mussolini, 50, first big facist, is a son of anarchist 九歲,爲第一個法四斯主義者 (無政府主義者),blacksmith Recently ne seized Ethiopia.

Franco

General Francisco Franco, 50, Son of a naval commander, became youngest general in 十歲,一海軍領袖之子,三十 Syrope at 31, in 1936 he led 二歲即民歐洲最年經的將軍。 (图末), he yet has learned the sascist - royalist revolt. Diminutive dictatorial pose 经度 } Indebted-(路周) to Italy and Germany for civil war () help, he seeks to Keep neutral.

莫索里尼

意首相墨索里尼;年五十 9 爲一無政府主義變匠之子 9 大戰中爲榴彈所傷。

弗 朗 哥

西首祖弗朗哥將軍?年五 受意德幫助定思,現在個力率 保守中立m

Anthony Eden.

Harry Hopkins.

 ${\it Cripps}$

Lord Lyttons.
Viscount Halifax.

Marshall

Summer Wells.

Gen. Maxime Weygand.

Mahatma Gandhi.

Rommel.

P. A. Hanson.

Maxim Maximovich Litvinov.

Frince Konoyeo: Hachiro Arita.

Doinara.

Mitsumas Yonal.
Yosuke Matsuoke.

Nobuyuki Abe.

安菓尼 · 艾登

賀浦金斯

克利浦斯

李顿爵士

馬歇爾

屋爾斯

黎剛

甘地。

瑞典認理漢森

李維諾夫

有用点:

土肥原。 米內光正

松岡洋右

阿部信行

LITTLE GRAMMAR

(小 文 法)

A

A. You to use Gapitals (怎樣使用太寫字母)

The capital letter is in the following cases: 大字母极下列。各種場合用之:

(1) The first word of every sentence, as:

每句之第一字·例如:

Art never follows a flag. Early to bed and early to risemake a mam healthy, wealth and wise.

Never capitalize a clause following a semicolon, as: 牛支點 後之字句不用大寫字母起。

(2)The mames of places. as: 名地 , 例如:

New York City, the Missippi Fiver, Euclid Avenue, the Iritish useum, National Lank Euilding.

North, south, west an least should be capitalized only when they designate divisions of the country, as: 東南西北祗江指點區 鐵時用大寫字母,例如:

the wild ard woolly West,

(3)The names of persons, as: 人名 · 例如:

George Washington, Charlie (haplin, Shyrlock Holmes.

(4)Titles of honor or address, as: 質稱,例如:

President Foosevelt; His honor, the Mayor; Alderman Muphrs Mr. Jones; Robert Brown; Junior; Mother, Father.

(5) Other words danoling family relationship, when they are used that the name of a person or as substitute for it, as:其他妻明: 微媒体之积謂 2例如: My Uncle Ben is dead: Father, dear Father, come home with me no v.

(6) The pronount I diand interjection "O" as:

代名詞 "I" (我)與驚嘆詞"0"例如:

I love you, O my prophetic Soul.

(7)The day and months, as: 日期與月份,例如:

Sum a . Wednesia . February, Navembe .

There is no need, however, of capi glize the names of the seasons, as: 春夏秋冬四季不須大寫: spring, summer, autumn, whiter,

(8)Diyec quoations, as: 直接引證 , 例如:

Julius Tassar said: "You Cassius bath a lean and hungry look."

(9) All words formed from proper names, as:

脫胎於專門名詞之字,例如:答

Darwi iantheory, Platonic love, Aristo elian, Igic, America democracy, the Latin language.

- (1))Note also that the names of abstract objects are capitalized when personified: as: 抽象名詞人格化後,也用大寫字母。例如: I can see Death's bony finger pointing at me.
 - (11) Il titles of books, as: 書名文例如: The Last of the Mohicans, A Christmas Carol, the Autobio-

graph of Benvenuto Cellini.

Sent accounts of irrenoi sign of the important words of books titles are capital zed. In the title, "The Last of the Mohicans," "the" and "of" are not capitalzed 鲁名中祇有重要的字用大寫字母。

(1) All address, as:

John Smith, Main Street; Jonesville, Texas; George Jones, Center Str et Smithtowa, Kay sas.

(1) The first word of every line of poetry, as: 詩歌每一行第一字,例如: "'n Sanada did Frbla Khan

A statel plea su e dome de ree:

Where Alph, the Sacred river ran?

Through Caverus measureless to man

To n to a sunless sea."

B. "Still" 頁 "Yet"

"Stil" "Yet" 二字雖然有是種意義是相同而因此可以正用。可 是"羅爾寶養子不同的。例如文字們可以說"Walle I was still a child, I lived ith m aunt"(當一還是孩子的時代,我和我的嬸母 同任),或說"While I was ; et's child, I ivel with in aunt 意司!。 下是講到『來的事情 , "Yet" 這個字有一種意義是 "s'i.l' 這個字 所沒有的。: 們说 · "He may be s ccessful ' e', 意思是說他或許 证能成功,雖然而以前遭遇種種失敗。可是,如果我們說,"He may ·be successful 'sall'、我們的意思是語,他過去所享受心成功將來還 有經續的希望。

. Redundancy(資音)

我们通常玩"Sit dewa"。(坐下 。不让嚴格地說。"sit"(坐)一個

李已經足够了,因爲它已經包括"dw"(下)那字在內了。

"When the regiment marched down the avenue, there was much favorable commerciation" (當那醫藥列隊在路上行經的時候,其着一片稍許的讚美之臺)。 遏偏句子含言修辭學上的一卷錯误,以是了誓言』。"Favorable"(稱許的)一字是不需要的,因爲"Commerdation"因爲(置美)已含有"Lavorable"(稱許的)的意思在內。 智言的又一例。在下面一短句中看到:

"tare ghout his whole career"(在他整個的一生事業中)。 "whole"(整個)一字是不必要的。

一定很多通句錯誤,就是以一個多數的動詞,例如"have"與"ore after another" (連一接工)整個詞句同用,例如在下面的文句中""Ore person after another have, passed the place" 一個又一個的經過了此地)。這應該作,"One person after another has' passed the place." 如果我們可句可了的学問地位略寫更動,我們就會看到信什麼應當如此會我們不應當了,"One person 'have' passed after another,"而應當說"Ore person 'have' passed after another,"而應當說"Ore person 'has'-passed after another."

C.

Part of a Verb Left Out

(缺勁 3一部份)

"The opponents of the project liave not and apparentle the connot tell the truth about is" (反對此項計劃不會而也類然不能說此其页理來)。 這句句子的錯誤是在"Lave not"以看缺少"told"一字。沒有那似字,這句句子是不到的《不能推該說它把作者的意思像建設證者。

缺乏一部份副詞的又一例,在下列句子中看到:"The arcient Spartans and the modern American reformers have the right

idea."(古代斯巴達人和現代美國改革家有正確的見等。)古代斯巴達人已經不復存在。所以不能"have"(有)正確的主解。這句句子應改為:"The ancient Spartans 'had', and the modern American reformermers 'have' the night idea."

"I do not know the man and have never before heard of num; he does not now nor has he ever had any connection with this company." (我不知道那人,也從未得見過他;他現在和這公司,無關係而也從未和這公司發生過關係)。這句話的第二段是錯誤的, 說你"He does not now have nor has he ever had any connection with this company,"加入"have"一字,便把誤问改正了。

6個,多數或少數?

在一段自殺新聞宴面,有選樣的話: " In the purse was 75 cents" 衣袋裏 存七角五分錢。)

這问例子是否應作"In the pirse w r." 75 c-nts?"

回答發『否』。我們不把那多數目——七角五分 —當作各『單位的程度,而當作一個整個的數目;換言之,就是當作一件 酒。所以應當用少數動詞"was",而不用多數動司"were".

在上面那位的句子之中,省却了"th sum of"(數)幾個字。全 句應作"In th. prise wis the sum of 75 cents."

D.

I . it Correct to Split an Infinitive?

(割裂不定詞是對的麼?)。

許多人認為文法方面最大錯誤之一,是割髮不定 司·譬如,"to run"(跑)是一個不定 司·在"to 與"run"之間放一個字,——如"to swi'tl run"(快跑)——便是割裂不定河。"To laugi"(笑),"to trik"(說話),和、'to whisper"(低語)都是不定詞的例子;"to softl, laugh"(溫柔的笑),"to softl, taik"(低語 和'to softl,

whisper'(低語),也都是割裂不定語的例子。一般人認為應改說 "被whisper soft!."

Scarcely, hardlythan

"Than"一字意製與scarcely一字同用,而愛則當用wien一字,例而"I had 'scarcely' spoken to her 'than' she kn wma,"(我還求會開口向处說話,她已經認識我。) 這裏應當用的字是 when 而非than. Hardly 一字亦然;例如, ''Hardly' has mineraduct in one form yielded to treatment than' (when) it broke out in another." (一種還錯尙未糾正,又犯另一種還錯。) Than 如下用在比較詞之後,也屋誤用,例如,"I kn w' no way' to get out of th' troubla 'than' that of seeking your help."(我像求助於你之外,無脫離困難之之法。) 這裏應當用 but 一字,或者在 no 與 w y 之間插入 other 一字。

F.

Emphatic Use of "The"

('The' 之盖 [用法)

"The" 字在下面的句子中用得確當 要?

"He wis now r congnized by the general public as being 'the' great lawyer, 'the great orator, 'the great state man(但現已被大衆公認為大律師,大雄辯家,大政治家)。能否不這樣地說,而說

"H was new recommized by the general as being 'a' great lewyer, 'a' great orator, 'a' great states nan'麼?此句較以'a"
代 'th." 寫有力。

Per Day, Per Y ar 等

拉丁字"per"意寫了藉此』,此字祇可與拉丁字同用,而不可與 英字习用。所以,來可說,"The man receives fifty dollars 'per' month","那人婦月收入五十元)。而當說,"The man receives fifty dollars" a' month"(意同)。"per" — 字可與五丁字同用,如 "annum" (年):"mensem" (月) "diem" (日)等字,例如 "The manger's sa'ary is to thousand dollars por annum" (經理辦五保年一萬元) ;"the clark received one hun'red dollars per mensem" (寫字 員月號一下元)。

O to 與 His

如果在一句句子開頭時用"Ore"(一個人),那末下文不可用"his" (他的)。你如"'one' must use 'his' mon v ca efu'ly" (一個人用 经须小心。)應以為'One must use 'one's' money carefully" (意同)。 英文智慣用法 ,凡一個代名訂須重行提及時 ,必須仍用原 字。

"Quant ty" A" Number"

"Qientity" (製量) 一字程時被誤用,如管,"Whit 'quantity' of reireal cers can you space?' (你們能剩用實際火車?)改正以後,應作"Whit 'number' of reilroad cars can you space?' 或"How many can you space?" (義同)

依照规定。"Quantity"一字應於指點可計重或丈量的「四時用之,如在下句中。"He bad a large 'quant'ty' of sugar on hand," (他手中有多量的報的而 "number"一字,則用於可數之物,如在下句中。"A large 'number' of persons'were present'"(許多人在

"Shall" 或 "Should"

那一句好些: "We prefer that all payments 'shall' by ma dein (hirty days," (各款務須三十天內付清》)或"We pre er that allpayments 'should' be made in thirty days"? (各款請於三十天內惠下)?

用 "should' be made,"含有 "If it be convenient" (如便)或 "if you have the money" (如自款項)之意。說 "We prefor that all psyments 'shall' be made in thirty days," 略言限令目款之宜 . 換質之, "We prefer that all payments 'should' be made in thirty says" 是建整溫和的推行款項的措辞。

Very

審信中一句容器。"I am very pleased"(無住成態)。是有態態的。"Very"一字並不直接形容動詞,所以也不形容過去分詞;所以觉"Very much rightened"(極爲驚慌),因爲『這使他極陰微』。 這些此類性。但是此項規則往往被破壞:例如用"Very pleased,"而不用"very much pleased"。

因此可以說,"Very"一字這樣的用法。 雖非文法家所認可, 交因智用之故而成了文法之一首份。許多專家認認習用級久便成文法 ,文法字之意見不是智重也。

"Since "與" Ago"

"Since"一字作"ago"(以前)之意用,與"ago"一字本身的用法殊難加以分别。"cince"一字如作『以前』之意用,係指過去不久的時候,而"ago"一字則指一般的過去時間。"Since"一字的正確 汇法墨页如下:"I breught you word an hour 'since," (我在一小時前通知太);"ago"一字的正確用法學例如下,"Ro died a century' "ago,"(他凡於一世紀前)。

Words Twins

(同 晉 異 義 字)

"Word twins" or "homolyms" are words that sound alike have different spelling and different neanings. Can you find right p ir of words for each of the following sentence:

同音異義字是發音相似,但它們的拼音和是義都不同的。你能够 還 出正確的一對填在下列的句子嗎:

- 1. The of the school is regarded by the community as a man of
- 2. The cabinet in which I keep the is and cannot be removed rom the office.
- 3. The for the new hotel is within of the river.
- 4. The embers cast a rudey glew about the room. the faded tapestry to a ruby red.
- 5. A smel.....of survivers penetrated to the very.....of the enemy's defense.
- 6. The arr val at the zoo is an African
- 7.of small birds were attracted on he garden by the brightly-colored.....
- 8. She conductor's.....to he solois was a fi ing......to a brilliant performance.
- The of all disputed erricity to the g veriment was veted by a special of congress.
- 10. All ships sheduled for the world...... a e manned by American.....
- 11. The to Mount E erest was unle taken with the full

- of the government.
- 1°. The subwayun'er 'e Eas' River, linking ('e.....(f Broollyn and Manhattan,
- 1. The guard disc ve ed he hiding in t'e e c'urc'.
- 14. As a member of the city.....may I question e.....for the defen e?
- looked like soo, 'g een

 1°. The delicately calved.....on are side of the building was

19. The ground under Ce....was covered wit a moss at

- dama_ed during : e winter.....

 17. The shipmen' of bananas unloaded at the.....was subject to a government.....
- 18. The actor weating a long..... waited i the wings for is.....
- 19. The strain of rusic Letalded 'e arrival or t'e field ...
- (0. His.....a oused by the insult, the policemen seized the ruffian by the
- 21. The washington is one of the most famous buildings in the national.....
- 22. The chaplain escaped injury from the flying.....by raising the end of the control of the end of
- 23. The committee.....that when this question came to a vote it was greated by a chorus of.....
- 24. This region abounds in of the feathered variety, b t the f rbea ing..... are found much fart er north.
- 25. Over t e----hung a painting of Lord Belmont in gilded

I ce aud purple.....

Lists of a Words Twine (同晉異義字表)

as out, asse t ba ze' bayı b roig s, bir.wi capital, capital co ple cent co plime t nave, knave ch ler, colle core, cores council, co : sel, crew, cr ie cue, queue

dysing, dyi g ficelis, phlox

freeze, f isze.

levee, levy mantal, man lo marshal, matial

ymarte : martina mis al, rissle. new, nu n.es, k (wi

pri cipal, pri cipie sesso, cesso sight, site

statio cay, strtio a y

FI L BLANKS WITH PREPOSITION

(用前置調填室首) (A)

- (1) The robbey has robbed him - his π oney. (2) I con't a ree - - yo 1 - - your proposol.
- () Rive rais down - the mountain - the plain - sea.
- (4) Co per di fers - geld - colour. () He is so lazy that he never pay attentio - his lesso.
- () The Chinese Republic was four de !- the fir.t- Octobe:
 - - the yaur 1915.
- (7) He is youd - studying larguage, but his brother takes siest deli ht - - science. 43_II
- () He tales - his brother his brsiness. (.) — an industrious man alw ys belones,
- (it) He comes to inquire 50 Ly health.
 - (B)
- (1) She worked - y Tind (2) Swi : m.in? Weigh -9 sailo's.
- () I do not wat anything you.
- (4) The knowled e of E glish is t'seful-i-ne
- () May I trouble you some money.
- () The ship does touch any post.
- () I am tired - walking.
- (6) I think we that question.
- () Pierse talk- -me.
- (16) I should like to talk -- over the matter.

- (1) Please listen what he say
- (2) Ple se listen the re ic.
- (s) Some per ple live - their d ughters.
- () An oldwar en looks— these children.
- (5) Te looked——his lessons.
- (1) The table is made - was (1) Treal is made - fleua.
- (8) This encil is a a e- China.
- (9) I cen't like to ne 'e- this affair.
- (16) She was moved her wor's o ent e ties

(D)

- (1) He called me.
- (2) He comes his home.
- (3) He has comes -- schoe'.
- (4) The house is close——the school
- (5) We can change water steam.
- (6) I am net certain of——his success.
- (7) I am certain—my success.
- (8) He doe: not care wealth.(9) He is careful his health.
- (10) I am careless my money.
 - (E)
- (1) He dies his awn hand.
- (2) The judge inquire the cause f the murder.
- (3) I inquire him - the matter.
- (4) A good student ways listen - his te cher, is lecture

- (5) He is fend - playing chess.
- (6) English is the key - the study of word civilization.
- (7) This scenery is worth - seeing.
- (8) These tudent compet ne another the first prize
- (9) Parents look their children carefully.
- (10) He had been sick -- fever a time and fina y died -- it. (F)
- (1) I am absolued -- my promis.
- (2) His actions cord -- his words.
- (3) Hi word s account his actions.
- (4) I account the treasurer for the money.
- (5) He admonished me a danger.
- (6) He agree me.
- (7) I cannot agree -- your propose.
- (8) We agree this respect.
- (9') We agree the matter.
- (10) Japan was allied England many years ago.
 - (G)
- (1) I have a demand -- you.
- (2) She died - her country.
- (3) They differ -- opinion.
- (4) The two are different -- each other.
- (5). The policeman dire to me to the garden.
- (6) I often deram -, becaming a beggar. (7) The men were dressed -- back coats
- (8) They fight against the enemy.
- (9) He fired -- a ship.

(10) We have freedom — spreeh.

(H)

(1) His knoweldge is infenor——yours.

(2) He is afrad——his t ach

(3) A dil gent man a way: su neds- -h's w rk.

(4) I am not angry - -you but - -your dog which barks ma.
(5) He complan - - you tom rrow.

(6) The soldier, are ready - - death for their country.

(7) I receive - - Mr. A the sum of two deliars.

(8) He has no regard - appearance.

(9) China has relation: ——f reign countries.

(0) Peverty result - - it idleness.

(A)

(1) (cf) "r.b cf"是规掠的意思 "rcb" 之餐。必用 "-f"

(2) (erith), (at): agree with a periont at (a thing)

(3) (frem) (ever) (into) "frem"表來源。"ever" 表經過 "into," 表端天。

(4) (from) (in) 表示兩物之不同用 "different from"表示兩物類 色之不同用 "different n"

(5) (to), 淡示注意用 "Pay attenion to"

(6) (on), (of), (in) (On a parti ular day) of (a month) in (a year)

(7) (of) (in): "fond of" 作客數稱。 (8) (with),(absent): "talk with"作討義稱。, talk about"表[論人]

(9) (to) belong 之後必用 "to" 作"屬於"解 o

(10) (after) "inqu're after" 作集資稱。関病時必用 after. (B)

- (1) (on) "work on" 有使其受感化之意。 (2) (with) "weigh with" 作" 為某人所重視解" (') (from) or (of) "want from" 表示向某人要求某物 of 亦遜 () (to)"useful to" 作"對其有用解"
- (3) (for) 食某人要求某物,用"trouble for"
- (6) (at) "touch at'作"停泊於某地解"
- (7) (with) "tired with" 表"因身體勞動而疲倦"的意思 (8) (of) "think of" 作想及某事解
- (9) (with) "talk with" 表" 事某人談話",
- (10) (over)"talk over" 作討論某事解 (C)
- (1) (to) "listen to" 作聽解 (2) (in) "1 sten in" 也作聽 , 但後接"無線電收音機"等物
- (3) (on) "I've on" 作業某物爲生解, on 之後接"食品"或"人
- (4) (after) "look after" 孝示系顯的意思 (5) (ovar) "look ov r" 作逐一閱 解
- (6) (of) "made of" 作由某场泛成解"of" 铰接原料製就發亦未失其
- 形象 (7) (from) "made from" 亦作某些进成解,惟 from" 後接原料係
- 在製造近程中已失其原來形象 (8) (in) "made in"、作"在某處製造"解
- (9) (in) "meddle in" 作、"干涉某事"解
- (10) (by) "moved by" 作某人為某所感動弱 by 後者他人所說或他 人所請求者
 - (·D)
- (1) (on) "all on"後度「人」, at 後接「地」。 地作拜訪陈 (2) (from) "come from" 作 "從某地來"解
- (3) (to) "come to" 作"到達某地" 解"
 - (£61)

- (4) (by) "close by" 表示 接近
 (5) (into) "change into"; 由一物變爲生物
 (6) (about) #certain about" 作"不肯定的確信"用在否定句中
- (7) (of) "certain of" 作確言解。(8) (for) "care for" 作「欲望了解
- (9) (of) "care of" 作注意解
- (10) (of) "cardess of"作克忽解 (E)
- (1) (by) "die by" 表示自毅
- (2) (into) 表示話問或迫
- (3) (of)(about) 查元詢問用 "inquire of", 詢安用 "inquire about"
- 《4) (to)見(C)(t)
- 《6) (at) play at 作遊戲解,play 之後若爲 Achess",必用《at"
- (6) (to)表示"對於……當……"必用 "to"
- (7) (of) 表示"足堪之意"必用"with of"
- (8) (with) 表示互相竞争用 "compete with",表示爲……競爭用 "compete for"
- (9) (after) 見 (C) (4)
- (10) (with) "sick with"病也。"died with"死於 b
 - (F)

(1) (from) "absoluted from" 作"源除"

- (2) (with) "accord with"作"與 -- -- - 致 , 與 -- -- 相符解"
- (3) (for) "account" 作「說明」,「辯白」解
- (5) (of) "admonished of" 作「發告」解
- (6) (with) agree with"作「同意」解

- (Y) (to), "agr to" 後接「提議 | 等字作「覧成」解
- (4) (abczt) "agrae about" 後接某事作「同意於……」解
- (1c) (with) "allied with" 作同盟解

(G)

- (1) (on) 'demand on'後接「人」作「要求」解,接物作「需要」 原有時用 "d mand for"
- (2) (for) 'di-d for' 件「爲……而心」解
- ('diff r in' 作f不同 J 解
- (4) (from) "different from", "different to" 均可作[不同]解
- (5) (to) "dir ct to" 作「引導某人到某處」
- ((') (of) 'droam of' 作「要!」解
- (7) (in) "drass in" 作「穿着」解
- (184) (against) fight against 作;向XX而爭鬥」孫
- (94) (on) fire en 作「確學」解
- (16) (of) freedom of 作「……的自由」解

(H)

- (1) (to "inferior" 表示较劣的意思 9 共後必用 "to"
- (2) (of) afraid作"治"解時其後必用 "of"
- (3) (in 表/d成功 "success" 之後用 "in"
- (4) with: (at) angry with a person, at (an animal)
- (5) (to) (of: 向人随說用 "complain,", 話苦用 "complains of"
- (6) (for, "ready for" 作準備 資某事解
- (7) (from) 'rec'ive from' 作由某某收到某物解
- (8) (to "to have no regard to" 為一成語漢範句
- (9) (with) "relation with" 作毕某與某某有交情或外交關係解
- (10) (from) "result from" 作某事由某種原因而起解

CONVERSATION

會話

1. Meeting	會見
Cood morning	李安
Good afternoon	牛安
Good night	晚安
How do you do?	你好?
Hou are you?	你好?
Very well, thank you	参謝 ,很好
I am ve.y well	我很好
How is your father?	令奪导!
He is not well	他不舒服
He is very ill	他病得沉重
How is your mother?	令学好?
She is veny well	她很好
She has a cold	她着了涼
2. Makinga a call	訪問
Is ther a knock?	有人敲鬥?
Come in	箭進
Flease step in	請進
Show him in	引业造來
Sit down please	壽坐
I am g ad to see you	我高與見你的政
Wha news is there?	有何消息 27
Good news	好消息
Do you be ieve it?	你相信妈

I don't be seve a word of it 我一個字都不相信 I think so 我想是信息的 I high not 我不是遺樣想 Who told you "辞告訴你的 Have you heard from home? **然得着家中的信息嗎** The postman brought me a letter 到《今天治我带了一封信來 to-day Sal news 凶報,悲慘的消息 Wi. you dine with us? 你願同我們一道用膳煙 (不) 謝謝你 No, thank you I cannot stay *我不能留下 You are in a great h rry 你很好忙 I have a great deal to do 我有許多要做的事 I am going n w 我現在要去了 Good bye 再會 Is mr chang at home 强先生在家嗎 I am sorry he is out 對不起他出去了 He has been away since last sun- 他星期日继家出去至今末囘 - day I know him intimately 我同他很熟證 I am very in image with him 宇 同他很快熟 He is my friend 他是非的朋友 **多認識他很久了** I have known him a long time Where does he live? 他住在那隻 He lives in Chun Hsi Lu No 10 他住在布熙路第十號 When is he at home? 他何時在家 Yo: will find him at home at 2 兩點驗的時候你可以碰見他在

(63)

o c ock い「銃魔 He lives close by 他住"附近 Is it far? **那很遠嗎** Can you direc me to his house? 你能否領:到他家宴会 I will show you where he lives 我可以指示一他的任 3 This, is the market ·這個是市場 This is he s'reet 這就是他住內街道 This is the ho se 這就是他生的房子 Here he ives 他便住在這隻 2. Apo ogies 消數 Exc so me 請原意 Oh. I am very sorry 屋,對下起 Never mind 密令從不 Am I in your way? 双硬饰的事? That's all right 不妨的。 I.m Sorry I have kept you waiting 累你等久了,抱歉得很。 so 'ong 對水起,裝卸費神 I am sorry to troub e you Excuse my intr sion 恕式關入。 I am sorry for wha: I have said 我自愿失言 Excu e me, ! hane disturbed you 对 5起,我陪掇了水。 I am in 'ead ashamed of myself 我有此錯誤,自覺非常慚愧 for the mis ake I regre: to say that I could not 我不非及诗到比提蓝银蓝。 get here in time 快樂的表示 4. Expr ssions of Joy

.其姿

Whatl

Is it possible! 這是可能喝。 How can in be possible! 1. 這是怎麼可能呢 Who wou d have believed it! 能會相信這樣的意 Lideedi 常真的廖 It is impossible 這是不可能的。 Th t cannot be 强是不會的。 I am astonished at it 我為北寧所驚異。 You surprise me 飲使我吃醬。 It is incredibl: 這是難以置信的。 5. Of Sorrow and Joy 悲傷與快樂 Lam sorry 對不起·我很抱歉。 What a pity 雄武 It is a great pity **這是一件**最可糟的事。 It is a sad thing 這是一作就傷的事。 It is a great misfortune 這是一個最大的不幸。 I am glad of it 我很喜歡這家。 It gives me pleasure 這使其愉快。 It gives me great joy 這事給我最大的快樂。 How happy I am 樂故我也。 I congravulate you 我祝賀尔。 6. Of Anger and Blame 3全氣了。 Fam angry He is very angry 旗原生盛。 Don't be angry 不必生氣。 Why don't you do it? **你怒何不做這事呢**, What a shame! 邓辱殊甚。

你怎麼能那樣做的

How could you do it?

t am ashamed of you **玉槐** 是君面。 差完全网络於你 You are very much to blama 耐质些。 Be patient I will improve 我會改進 年齡 7. Age How old-are you? 費庚幾何。 I am twenty 我二十歲了 I shall soon be thirty 我不久就有三十歲了。 She cannot be so yo ng 她下會如此年輕。 He must be older -7.10元定要年長些。 I did not think you were so old 我想不到你的年紀有這樣大。 How old is your aunt? 仍的姑母有多大年紀 。 She is nearly ninety 姬將近九十歲了。 It is a great age 這是一種高壽 He begins o grow old 他開始在老了。 To Ask Questions 發問 Wha, do yo: say? 你說甚麼o I.o you hear me? 你聽見我嗎• I don't speak to you 我沒有對你說話 Do you understand me 你懂得到吗。 What is that? 那是甚麼。 Why don't you answer? 你爲何不答應の What do you mean? 你是甚麼意思。 You speak English I suppose 我想你會說英文的 Verglit le Sir 說得很少先生。 To you know Mr.H?

I do no. know him

你認識H先生哦。

我不認證他·

我僅證其名未見其入。 I know him by name What do you call that? 份叫 明個是甚麼 o 那個英文叫甚至。 What is that in English 意義同上。 What do you call that in English? 那是甚麼意思。 What does that mean? What is it good for **清有何用處**。 It is good for nothing 這是無用處的。 Is it nice **這是很好嗎。** 早晨 9. Morning 一個很早的早晨。 An early morning 理是一個清爽的早晨 • It is a fine morning 現在幾點鐘。 What o'c'ock is it? **將近八點。** It is nearly eight Light a candie 點上一枝洋燭。 我要把珠丁。 I am going to get up Cet me some hot water 給多預備點熱水。 Make haste 趕快一點, There is no towel 沒有面巾。 · Bring me some soap 給我拿點肥皂長。 I want to wash miself 3.要盥洗。 Did you sleep well? 你睡得舒服嗎。 很好。謝謝尔。 · Very well, thank you 'I could not sleep 我不能睡眠。 我放行得過於疲乏了o I was so tired from trauelling 10 . Broakfast 早餐 Break fas is ready 早轻預備好了

我是了面會認識他的。

I know him by sight

s break ast ready? 早餐預備好丁嗎• 來用与髮。 ome to breakfast Does the water boil? 清陽水後湯丁嘴。 This water has not boiled **電個水沒有意開過。** 茶泡针沒有。 's the tea made? 給我一盃茶 • Give me a cup of tea 一盃咖啡。 A cup of coffee 你喝茶還是喝咖啡◆ Do you drink tea or coffee? **這個乳酪是酸的**。 This cream is sour 你吃一個蛋嗎。 Will you take an egg? 這些蛋子爱老了。 The e eggs are hard 把蓋給袋。 Give me the salt 把黄油遞給亞 Pass me the but'er 還是新鮮黃油● This is fresh butter 這四支法下新鮮 This butter is not fresh 給我一隻調藥。 Give me a spoon 這位咖啡設得合式嗎。 Is the coffee strong enough? 我們還要一些盃子。 We want more c.ps 再添一些链。 Take some more sugar 冷肉。 Cold meat 朱古力糖。(可何糖) Chocolate 一把双子。 A fork 這把刀是饵的。 The knife is blunt You can take away the things 你可以把這些東西企開

安午经

我即安排午飯。

你已經安排了午回時十

11. Odering Dinner

Have yen ordered dinner? I will order din er Show me the bill of fare 把業單給我看。 Waiter 侍者,茶房。 What soup will you have? 你用甚至湯。 Ecef-soup 牛肉湯。 Macaroni scup **空心**粉湯。 Have you any reast-beef? 你們有烤牛肉嗎。 今天沒有。 Not to-day We have very fige fish 我們有很好的魚 烤羊肉 Roast mutton V. hat wine will you have? 尔喝點甚麼酒。 What time will you dine? **台**醫時吃午飯。 We shall dine at six o'clock 我們六正鏡吃午飯。 Be nunctual. 必須遵守時刻。 12. Dinner 午餐 To what shall I help you? 我能幫你做歐萬學。 Will you take soup? 你願意用點湯嗎。 Yes, if you please 是的,對不住。 Help yourself 隨意請用。 It is excellent 這是很精美的。 I like English cookery 我喜歡英國烹飪。 I do not like foreign cookery 我不喜歡外國烹飪。 Do you take pep er? **你要胡椒嗎** • Here is a spinach 這度有一批遊菜。 Give me the mustard 把芥茉給我。 Change the plates 換換盤子。 Give me a clean knife and fork **紿我一把乾淨的刀和叉子。** I Want a snoon

4.要一隻事變,

Are you hungry? ~你饋餓嗎。 Not very --不很(饑餓。) I am very hungry 我很饑餓. You do not eat 你簡直不吃o Ar : you thirsty? 你渴嗎。 I am véry thirsty 我很渴 I am dving of thirst 我渴死了。 Take a glass of wine 喝一盃酒吧。 Bring me a glass of water 給我帶--盃水來 o Give me something to drink 給我一些喝的東西 I Wan so he beer 我要一些啤酒。 I hav diand well 我已吃痛快了 1'. Tea 飲茶 Let u; drink (ea 我們可以喝茶。" Tea is quite ready 茶巴十分預備分了。 They are waiting for you 他們在等候你 I am coming 我來了。 Pour out the tea 把茶倒出來。 The tea is very weak 這門茶很淡o Where a e-the ugar to ngs? 糖烫子在邓泉。 A slice of b ead and bu tel 一片麵包和黃油。 Wil you take some cake? 你願意吃點餅子嗎。 A small piece 一小塊。 Th is is excellent es 這是設精美的茶。 Is it green tea? 這是綠茶嗎 o

這是最好的茶。

你完了沒有

I is the best tea

Have you finished?

Take anothe; cup **基喝一盃吧。** 14. Evening It is late 現在晏丁。 It is not late 現在不長。 It is stil early 現在還早。 A e you tired? 负疲乏了嗎。 Not at all 毫不(疲乏) It is time to go to bed 這是該睡的時候了。 It is a fine evening 這是一個淸朗的夜晚。 It is me nlight 這是一個 月光之夜。 t wish you a go d night 我国你晚安。 ī am s'eepy 我腿条丁。 1. The Watch 碁 What o'clock is i ? 現在登點音。 My watch has stopped . **职的表已停。** It does not go 他不走了o I forget to wind it up 我忘記上他。 My watch is t fast 我的表太快了。 It is five minutes too slow **他稍慢五分鏡** • It goes right · 船走得很了。 Twenty minutes to seven 七點差二十分。 It has just struck eight **剛敲 3八點。** The clock is striking 這個鹼正在打。 Walking -16 散岁 Thall w take a walk? 我們去散步嗎。 Yes let us walk 是的。我們可以走走。 Wher shall we go? 我們往『寡去呢。

(73)

On the high read 走上大站去吧。 There is a good deal of dust 灰塵太大。 Into the fields 走入田裏去。 The; are reaping 他們正在收穫。 They are making hey 他們正在割草晒乾 🗟 What a pl asant scent! 多麼可人的一粒香味 • Lit us tak a walk into the town 我們可以進城去散步。 What street s thes? 近是甚至街。 Wacra does t lead to? 這條街通门那裏, A fine street 一條美麗的街。 Look at the soldiers 看看這些兵士們。 Where is the Creat East Street 5 大岗在用裏。 To the left hand 向左手起變。 To the right hand 向右手轉變。 Is the village far from here? 村莊非這裏很遠嗎。 Lbout a mile 約有一英里。 There t's 那裏便是了 17. Tr v lling 旅行 Are you going to Germany? 你打算到德國去嗎。 I intend to so to the Rhine 我意欲:萊茵去。 When do you think of going? 你頂備 遠立去呢 How jong shall you stay? 你打算居住好久呢。 About a month 大約一個月 I set out tomorrow 我明天動身 Have you made all your prepara- 你的一切準備都辨好了嗎。 tions?

一切都準備好了。

Everything is eady

Have you a lassport? Do not forget the passport It is the thing you want most Drive me to the railway station Do not be in a hurry The train starts in 10 minutes 18. Railway I want a ticket for Shangnai Where is your luggage It is too heavy Here are the tickets for the luggee The train is just going to start The train is now starting It does not go very fast" They stop at every station It is a long journey Yes, from ten to twelve hours 19. Steamboat When do you start? at 9 osclock They are going to start Let us go down into the babin Where is my berth? Tour name is written on it Let us go on deck The tide is strong

I shall go by railway

我由锁道出發(意即発火車去) 你有一張離照嗎。 不要忘記辦理護里。 這是各最不可少的一樣東西。 把我開到火車站去。 不要過17 匆忙了。 火車在十分競內便要開行 鐵路 我写一張到上:的車票 你的行李在那裏o **這是太重了。** 這些是行李票。 這個火車正要開行 🗸 這個火車現在開動了。 他界得並不很快。 年一個站口都要停車。 這是一個長途旅行。 是的,十至十二小時的光景。 瑜船。 你意時到分。 在九岛鐘的市侯 他們要勁身了。 我們下到房賴宴去吧っ **ず的舖位在郊里。**

上面寫有你的名字。

The sea is rough The wind is against us We shall hav a long passage I fel sea sick The sea is getting calm The sea is qut; smooth What a beauti ul passage Come to the custom house You will find all you lugge at

the cus m hou e

No tha I know of

Will v.u examine this trunk?

10. The Ho'el

There are several very good ones

Let up go to the hotel Sullivan

Let u. hav; some supper soon

You Wil find it eady in the

I am leaving by the early train

You will find i ve y comfortable

W iter, take the gentlemen to No.6.

Which is the bea hotel?

on t'e first f oor

dining-room

Cook

I am going to bed

Have you anything to declare?

這國正向着我們吹來。 我們將有一段良久的行程。 我學得景館了。

海面已平静。 海面十分平滑。 多佳美的一段行程。

走到海關來。

旅館

這個海面的波浪很大

你在海區那里可以見着你所容 的行李。 你要檢驗這份箱子啊。 你有應該報稅的東西喝。 我想沒有甚麼應該報稅的。

那一處 是最好的旅馆· 很可的到有微家。 我們到沙利文飯店去。 你會發毘那是很舒適的旋館。

茶房,領先生們到一屋思大號 房間去。

我們須馬上吃點逸了。 你會看見晚飯已在蔣廟美預閱 好了o !" 要去睡了。 Call me to-mo r. w mor ing at six 明天早晨六點鐘請即沒。

> 我是早車動"。 (76)

Bring me the bill I hope you have been satisfied

I wish you a happy journey 21. Post of lea

Where Can I get some Stamps? What is the post ge on this letterr?

This letter is tone registered. What is the fee for reistratioh?

How much is the postage for these

new spaper? They are printed matters only May I send this by sample

post? :2. Telegr ph

. cd for? I Wan! to send a tel gr m. will 等要發一封電報請給張電箱空

you give me a print d 'orm? I went to send this as an urgent telegram

It makes twenty-five words It is not written legibly enough

This is our registered address 23. Telephone

Hol ol is this Central? please connect me with south?226

Is that mr chang?

把賬單給我拿來。

我希望你住得滿意。 我祝你一路福星。 郵局

請問郵票在『處買? 這封信要多小郵票?

此信是要当號的。 掛號費是多少? 這些新聞派郵費要多少?

這些邻是印刷品 我省此物可否照貨鐵鐵 寄?"

電報 Lire then me and ddress Chage 姓名和住址要付费否?

> 广型? "要 這兩作馬急電訊發

這具幹計二1.個字 這電視上的字寫問不十分清楚 這是一們的電報掛號:

電話

喂!你是電話門局? 請該京 二二六

張先生了

(77)

ves this is chang

No m ch ng is not here

Is he at the telephone?

if you will hold the line a minute

I'll e ll mr chow.

Let us communicate with each other by telephone

2: Bank

I Want to open a current account 我要同你們 with you.

I Want to denosi \$ 5,900 with you

I wan a cheque book

I went to remit \$300 to chungkin. 我要置五伯 Want are he rates of interest

Please cash this cheque

. i; is a bear r ch que.

What is its amount?

I want to draw \$2000

2x. Sping

Spring has come

It is still cool

It is spring weather

The tries are b ginning to bud The season is very forward

The sun is so warm

there are some flowers

Gather some tulips

是的,事好

不是, 張先生

他在接電話!

證你等一等

我要存五千

我要一本支

利息宝數多

跨把這張支

這是張憑崇

數目多少?

我要免取二 春

黎天來了。

天氣還涼。

遺是春天前

松木郑開始 這一季節是

适太陽光如

邪惡有一些 採集一些窗

(73)

As many as you please The season is very backward

26. Summer Summer

It is becoming warm

It is almost hot

It is a spl ndid day

The h at is great

Tan h at is umb a abb

Let us take a bath

I think we shall h ve a storm

The clotteds are gethoring

It thand is carfully

What a storm

The sky begins to clear The wath r is clearing up

There is a rainbo

The sun breaks out

27. Autumn

Summ r is ov r

The hat is past

The mornings and evenings are

cool

The leav s are beginning to fail

It is the time of the vin age

How happ the people are

It is soon dark

隨你盡量声深折。

這一季流是一點ご晚丁。

Į

夏天河了。

天氣變為了。

天氣差不 %熱了。

這是一個佳日,

遺伽熱 '很大。

這個幫庭是雖以忍受的。

我下洗阴噪吧。

我否快有狂風器习了。

雲彩都要擔丁o

雷打的真可怕。

好大的風下啊。

天己帶始弘晴。

天氣已晴明 3來了。

那夏有一道虹。

太陽出來了。

秋

夏天已過。

麴度 3 还去了。

早晚都凉爽了。

福斯·司開始堅落了。

退巳到了收複葡萄的冷候

這些人是快樂極了。

天快要罪 16

It is a ine night **這是一個鱼**典的皮鹽●. Is it moonlight 遭是月光明 · 這是月間之夜。 It is ull moon 你看天舍下:喝。 Do you think it will rain? I am afraid so **爭想也許會的**。 n hails 天在下雹了。 It rains 天在下雨了。 It is very windy 道天氣是多風的。 18. Winter 冬 It is winter 現在是冬天了。 The days are so short 日子。還樣的短o It is bad weath or **遭是不好的天氛**。 The sky is overcast 天空已陰暗 o It snows in gr at lakes 雪片紛紛在下。 It freez's very hard 冰结! 很坚硬。 Con you skat ? 你會滑冰嗎。 The ice is thick enough 這個水已厚得可以了。 It is healthy weather **這是『健康的氣峽**。 It is slipper 這是溜滑的。 The ice is th wing 雪正在化。 The streets are very wet and dirty 29. The ire. 火 把火點為 Light the fire **這是 - 個天**道。 This is a stove Do you put the wood in there? 你放些木柴在" 莫司喝。

Yes, wh n the stove is hot, you 是的,當火爐了熱的詩獎,像

就有一川暖和的屋子了。

will have a warm ro m

I prefer an English coal fire 東南額5 國式的媒長。 It is so cheerful. 那 使人舒暢得多· Lo you burn no coals in China? 你們在中國不燒煤呢。 Ve burn wood **软們燒木樂**。 Te have great forests, and wood 我們有大燕妹,這裏的木柴比 is here cheaper than coal fire 煤便宜些。 30. The Laundress 洗衣貂 You bring my linen very late 你把我的衣服拿来逼了。 你凝洗得很好· You have ashed it ell I like my collars stiff 我喜感延領。 **你没有放澱粉在桌面。** You do not put starch in it 你看那是做得多麼不好• See how badly that is done You must take it bac't 你應該把納拿回去。 This is badly ironed 這個資得太壞。 This shirt is scorched **這**件开衣都燙焦丁。 **徐弄壤了這们开衣。** You have spoiled this shirt Te andkerchief ces not belong 這條手巾不是屬於了的。 to me Y. n eve tern this resa 你们這件衣服 撕破了。 You ave ept a pair of stockings 你那裏還有一度複子沒在拿來 A nightshirt is wanting 缺少了一件匠衣。 Have o_ your hin? 你的賬單帶 化 有。 Yo'mast as' better or I m st 你要洗了一點不然"的衣服就 gi e my linen to so e other la、 要給另外的洗衣婦去洗了。 un ress

(81)

健康

31. Heat:

Ho are ou? **然**新願。 I am v r/ well **主很好。** I am not very well 我不甚虧濟。 Iar ill 我病了。 Have a lead che 3頭腦。 I feel sich 我覺得於了。 -我的噗嘣音。 Tiare a cer hroat I have got a chill **事受了凉。** Send for the d c or 、請簽生來。 She has a che 她基咳嗽存。 She is pretty well 她非常舒適。 She is hoarse 她的嗓子瞟了。 H.w much is the doctor's fee for **啓生出診一次的取費是多少・** a \isit? 2. Dress ake 成衣匠 Here is the dressmak r 成太匠到還受來了。

Here is the dressmak r

Show her in

I ave you b ght iny dress?

Here it is

Will you try it in?

成友座到這資來了

依把我的及服帶來了嗎

依照在這麼

依照在這麼

依照在這麼

依照在這麼

It lits you very well 這件表明很合係的努。
The skirt is too narrow 這下身所裙子太窄爽了。
It is in sho t 這太短了。
I ake al them a a n; 把這一切改變的地方弄好。

Wha: trims in w sli you put on? 徐喜歌上面中語的 接登•
Lisht b'ue ri b n 用表版色的辨子。

W n can I have iff 手甚么時候取許呢。

tou sial have it in Saturday in e 超拜六族就可以有了。

i vish to see some shoes The soles are rather thick

They are too tight-I c must fet my foot n

Hoge is a shoe-horn

i sunot walk n them They hant my toes

Besider,, they are thoushout (4. Supi na

Show me come cotton

What is the rrace? That is too much

I will take this

Will you send hem at once? I went some ci on

I should like to see some r blons 我喜欢看送江游子。

Th's colour is too derk Writ is this a yard?

Show me some g'oves What are they a pair?

I is too deer

Show me some others

Try on there

They fit you very well

I wil take then with me

- - 33. Tue Shoemake - - 五日 - 韓匠

我要看幾變性子。 這些難性略厚一點。

這些生子太聚了。..

平的脚不能。進去.0 道度与一根鞋投 。

我穿上這葉不能走路。 這些位了我的足趾。

並且也太何了:

聯拓 拿器互相 6 始示 看。.

甚至何額。 那太多了。

我就置這一。 你可以立刻紅毛瓷土嗎。

我要最贴白洋布。

這個罗色太暗了。

這個多少鈞-碼。

多少錢一隻。

這是人貴了。

另外拿幾種家的樣子紅我看了 套上試討。

很合你的式。

我就買賣問帶去。

Send all his home directly 把這東西不直接發到氣。 智用語表達 33. Id omatic Expressions. Is there snyone who speaks En : "這具有會設英文的大嗎。 lish her∈? You have a good scen-於有一部好音調o 對不起,請恕罪o I beg ren pardoa 這有高級意義呢。 What does it signify? 其麼事情。 What is the matter 這究竟關於舊麼事。 Wast si it about? 到底怎麼辦呢。 What 's to be don'? 我等有絲毫的觀念。 I have not a notion 你說甚麼。 What do you say? Is it s ippery out of doors? 門外是很奇滑嗎。 Ev r body knows it 這是人人知道的事。 The tis of no confequence. **那是不關緊要**3 乳放藥這件事 我不知道》 I ive it up Where h ve you come from? 你由哥裏來的。 I do it in splite of mysel' 我不顾己身而爲之。 I 'm s re of what I say 手深知我所說的。 I have come to tell you 我特來告诉了。 I don't th' k much of it 我不多想念**這**事。 She is always well desard **始常常都鹊究邻牙衣服。** I can b ar it to longer 我再也忍受不下去了。 I hav. been told 我會聽人說過。 I am used to 't 我已習慣這樣了。

我不能够做這事。 這不是我的遊戲。

I am not able to do it

I t is not my fault

I could not help it 我不能自持了。 6. O Reading 害婦 Whit bok are journing 你在F甚麼書 A E fish book, which amises 一本英文書,既解預閱並增與 and i terests me v rf much. 舐。 I it a rove? 是一本小蔥嗎。 No, it is not a pave'. 不是小說 It it a his or cal work? 是一本史書嗎 No, it is not a his, nical walk. 不是史事 V hat is it hen? 到底'甚至害呢 The New English Grammar for 教學兩用最多英文法 Tachnian Slinstruction. Do I real fast clot h? 我可說速度恰子 Quite fest erotib. It saute you. What mist kes . I . I make? 我"何銳誤 Two o three only. 孤有兩三 . 錯誤 Point them on to ma, I pray you 求保計示我 You took beath between a s bst. 你夏奇在贤品学及區別学之間 antiv en h a j tiv which 作一停頭 qualified it. It is tru; I percely; it miss f. 質的,我亦自知 I will try to avoil that erro. 我將竭力避免引種錯誤

I am flad to see you so well d's 我欣喜見你有如此的习题文

I am enxious t. bagin my writin- 我極願用始寫字課程,此給我

寫字

最喜说之一事

37. On Writing

ebes.

glesso; it some of hose I ik-

posed.

I will lend you a steel pe'. Try 我借一技鋼筆與你,試用之 I is prett, food, but a little too 此筆很子,略微混一點,我撒

co se; I like one rather fine. 喜一支稍尖的 Here is loler, which will suit 此處另有一枝, 定合 求用 Your.

Yes, si, it is excelle to 是,先生。此行甚多 But ho'l your pon betier. You 要好好是雖下宣言於傾斜,亦 mus not hold it too much inc-

Ined, nor too etr ight.

The cre, not to ben' your fing. 執 發要 記心,手指不宜過二徵 ers too much who hilding the

per, nor to hold it too tighhtiy. Is his r ht?

ro , but not youi body. · Ho / must I st, then?

You 7 ust sit straight, without be 1- 你要温坐頭莫下垂 ding your he d on one side.

You me ine your head too much, which is not good for he ith

and harts you eyes and chest, You have told me these rules sev-

e iti es.b.t I always forget the .

Vith p tieaco and erseve ance 只要你有别性印泛心,自能养

不宜、商 山亦下宜提管太緊

這樣合式嗎? Yes, y u hold your pe: ri htly 是,你现在的 f就对了,但身 體的姿勢尚差

如而說來,我當怎樣坐法

你把頭部過於傾斜,這了害於 健康並有損於目力及胸部

你壓次將這些規則告诉我,但 我時常忘記

you was overcome many difficu. 過許多因雖 lties.

But I see your ink is a little too 我看你用的墨有點太禮,不易 thick; it does no flow readily. 流動

thick; it does no flow readily. 流動
I will put some water in it 我立即放些永進去

This ink is better; take this inkst- 這墨水要好些,就拿這瓶吧.and.

Where are your ruler and your 有的界尺和沿草在那里

r encil? I vil. rule some pages for you. 我用尺子替你整 遊藍紙

Without betti : paper you can ot 沒有吸墨紙,你的抄本便不能 keep your copybok cle. r. 保持清潔

Oh, what do I see? You don't 阿,你說我日見這樣,乃是依 write straight. 寫得不是正

The lines are too fait. 格線太後了
Form your letters better, accordin: 字母主要《照習字錄再寫好》

t. the conv

to the copy

監

My paper is not good; it blots a 我的紙不好最自點散開

little

You press too hard upo 1 your 你把年按冯太正。宜至容设意 pe; write n ore easily a d slowly.

38. Writing a Letter.

38. Writing a Letter. 寫信
Have you any letter paper? 你有信识吗

I have half a rear; do you want 我有华刀;你又一些喝

some?

N w I have d ne.

Obl go ne by lending nen sheet 勞煩尔借-限給我 I have a letter to write this eve - 今晚我有一封要寫的信 i · •

Is it for the post? 是沒由郵局寄售的嗎 是,今天一定要寄上的

Yes. It must be sent to-duy. You have o time to spare, for it 你沒 再可就延切時間,因當 is very late lready. 此刻已很晚了

I shall not be lo g about it 我寫信、須很人心時間 Warf day of the month is it to-day? 今天是本月 餐日

今天是一號 Te d y is the first. I am foind to old my letter. 乳要摺下我的信

Give me a envelope. 給犯一個信封 N w, I have only the addres to 我现在「须言」信证就是了

write.

The letter is not sealed. 這信义在對日 There is n · sealin ' wax. 沒有火漆

Brin me a wafer. 給我一塊子匹門斯紙 I cann t find an ' seal. 我等不許那里不圖章

What has become of mr seal? 我的陨章在那里去了

What have I done with the seal? 我引置章不知设在 里丁 I have found it. 我已找荒了

我现在已代码。" I d n.t l'he t write lon! lettrs. 我不喜愿寫冗長的信

35° English language 多醫 Can y u read En lish? 你自愿英文吗

I read it very we'll but 我念得很下错!借予

' I Cannot speak it 不會談 Do you speak English? 你會說英文吗 I speak it a little 我略會一點 I do not understand it Very little 我不甚懂 事, 說得很少 How long ahve you learned it? 你會經學過好久 只是一個短期間 A short time only 你的姐姐說得很完善 Your sister speaks it perfectly 這是一個艱茶的語言 It is a difficult language. 你不久便可以學會的 You will learn it soon A month or two in England and 在英國住上一兩個月你就可以 知道了 you will know it 遊戲 42. Recreation 你們玩那受種遊戲? What games do you play? 啞鈴及木棒 Dumb-bells and clubs. 我想也看棒球吧? Paseball, I suppose? 有時如此,但玩板球的時候又 Sometimes, but oftener cricket: 多些 你們也跳繩嗎? Do you jurp the rope? 最互已有一晌沒毛跳了 Not for some time past. What is your favorite game just 現在你所心受的遊戲是別程: DOW? 我页的百强鼓 I play ot marbles. 你有玻璃彈嗎? Have you glass marbles? 沒有,都是亞瑙石的 No, they are all of agate. And is your hoop made of wood 你的回圈是木竹或是鑞的? or iron?

I have a wooden one. and an iron 我有一個木的和一個鐵的

(63)

one.

Which rolls the best?

The iron hoop.

Do you never play at tennis:

That is not a bey s game.

It is true, it is more of a game 運動,此種遊戲是青年女士們

for young hadies

Yes, so is that of graces.

games

of playing hot cockles, blind man's-buff, and other innocent games such as fortons.

那一種滾得量好?

鐵圈:

你從不打網球嗎?

那不是一篮男兒的遊戲

玩得多些

是,那就是改多不

Is e you do not like young ladies' 表看你不喜思鲁年去世别的遵 戲

I be your pardon, I am very fonp 對不起。实最深認過減少。提 述成及其性別金不常思友进 之戲



