

M. KERENSKY ADVISED TO ADOPT STERNEST COURSE WITH FORCES

Special Commissioners Urge Capital Punishment; Germans State They Have Taken Tarnopol, Stanislau and Nadworna

Petrograd, July 25.—The Russian commissioners who restored discipline in the 7th and 8th Armies, making possible the recent Russian offensive in Eastern Galicia, after witnessing the retreat of the Russians in the face of the Austro-German attack have made their reports to Premier Kerensky. They advise that "capital punishment should be meted out to those who refuse to risk their lives for their country and freedom."

London, July 25.—Russia's shaken armies in Galicia are still in a retreat which bids fair to end until they reach approximately the line occupied by them last year before General Brusiloff launched his big offensive.

Despite this extensive retrograde movement, covering virtually all the front between the Northern Galician border and the Carpathian foothills, the tone of both official and unofficial dispatches from Petrograd shows confidence that the disorganization in the army will be adequately dealt with and a firm front again presented to the enemy.

For one thing the Germans, by their own admission have not the men to spare to prosecute a sustained offensive on a large scale on the eastern front. The British and the French are keeping them too busy and they are too comprehensive of some extra forceful stroke in the west to transfer any great numbers of troops from the front in France and Belgium.

For another, the Russians have big reserves of men and Premier Kerensky, with the vast powers now in his hands, will find it possible, it is believed, to weed out the disloyal elements rapidly from the front ranks and replace them with the hosts of dependable troops which Russia still possesses.

German Statement.

Berlin, July 25.—The advance of the Austro-German forces in Eastern Galicia continues uninterrupted, the War Office announces. Tarnopol has been captured and the Germans are nearing Buczacz.

Kaiser Wilhelm watched German troops repulse a Russian attack from the plain of the Sereth, between Tarnopol and Trembowlof.

The statement also reports the capture of Stanislau and Nadworna. Russian troops, taking the offensive south of the Carpathians, penetrated the Austro-German lines. They were brought to a standstill, the War Office reports, at the German protective positions west of the point of attack.

Heavy artillery fighting is in progress in Roumania.

The Line.

Petrograd, July 25.—The present line of the southwestern front is approximately that occupied after General Brusiloff's drive last summer, except at Tarnopol where the enemy has succeeded in pushing farther into Russian territory. The fate of the latter town was virtually decided when the Germans get the suburb just across the Sereth River, within easy gun range.

The Germans chose the junction point of the 7th and 11th Armies for beginning their offensive, the first blow being struck between Zborow and Peaboo on a twenty-mile front. Without great effort, as has been admitted in the Russian official communications, they pursued their advance to the line of the Sereth. This uncovering of the Russian positions south of Tarnopol forced a retirement all along the diagonal line southeastward, cutting the Stryja and Zlota Lipa to Halicz and the Lomnicka. The Russians have been obliged to retire to the right bank of the latter river and Halicz is seriously threatened, with a prospect of a further retirement to the original Russian positions east of Stanislau occupied before General Brusiloff's advance.

Death Penalty.

One of the first results has been a general agitation for the restoration of the death penalty for insubordination in the army and for treasonable conduct on the part of the agitators. General Korniloff, commander on the southwestern front, has issued orders to all subordinate commanders to open fire on deserters and troops refusing to obey orders. Premier Kerensky has sanctioned the effort to restore discipline. Many Maximalists, to whose agitation the demoralization of troops is directly attributed, have been arrested.

MEDIATOR FOR SEATTLE STREET CAR STRIKE

Boston, July 25.—Andrew J. Peters, of this city, reported to have been appointed mediator in the street car strike at Seattle, is on a pleasure cruise, and probably will not learn of his appointment for a day or two, it was stated at his office to-day.

\$17,000,000 FOR AMERICANS TO RAISE

War Bill of States for Fiscal Year; Shipping Board

Washington, July 25.—The war bill of the United States for the fiscal year will total \$17,000,000,000. Senator Snoot told the Senate to-day, instead of the \$14,226,000,000 he estimated yesterday, the increase resulting from an additional \$500,000,000 for the Shipping Board, \$2,000,000,000 for the Allies and a \$150,000,000 deficit in the executive departments.

Shipping Board.

Reorganization of the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation was in full swing to-day following President Wilson's acceptance of the resignations of Chairman Denman and Major-General Goethals and the end of the row which long delayed the shipbuilding programme.

The Senate Commerce Committee quickly recommended confirmation of Edward Hurley, of Chicago, as the new chairman, but action was delayed by the nomination of Bainbridge Colby as member of the Board to succeed Captain J. B. White. Senators Ward and Calder, of New York, requested the delay. Mr. Colby was prominent in the Progressive Party in New York. Administration leaders, however, expect no serious opposition to Mr. Colby.

Acting-Chairman Brent to-day also offered his resignation, but the President took no action. Mr. Brent was a supporter of Chairman Denman.

National Guards.

Washington, July 25.—The present line of the southwestern front is approximately that occupied after General Brusiloff's drive last summer, except at Tarnopol where the enemy has succeeded in pushing farther into Russian territory. The fate of the latter town was virtually decided when the Germans get the suburb just across the Sereth River, within easy gun range.

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STRIKE SPREADS IN BRAZILIAN CAPITAL

Rio de Janeiro, July 25.—A strike of workmen in various trades which began here yesterday is growing. The bakers have joined the movement.

BURBANK IMPROVES.

Santa Rosa, Cal., July 25.—The condition of Luther Burbank, who is suffering from an inflamed appendix, continued to show improvement to-day, according to his physician, who is in constant attendance.

MINE EXPLOSION IN NOVA SCOTIA CAUSES LOSS OF LIFE TO-DAY

Halifax, July 25.—All but 75 of 205 workmen caught in No. 15 mine of the Dominion Coal Company at New Waterford, N. S., this morning had been rescued at noon. Of those brought out many are suffering from injuries. Some of the bodies of those killed have been recovered.

The cause of the explosion was a miss shot. An urgent call for help brought physicians and nurses from all the nearby towns, and an emergency hospital was fixed up in a hall.

GREAT ATTENDANCE AT LIBERAL CONVENTION IN WINNIPEG SHORTLY

Winnipeg, July 25.—Preparations for the big convention of Western Liberals which is to be opened here on August 6 are making good progress in the hands of the Winnipeg executive, Premier Norris presiding. Replies received indicate that more than 1,000 from points outside of this city will be present, many who are not delegates desiring to attend.

Hon. H. C. Brewster, Premier of British Columbia, will head more than fifty from that province, it is stated. Hon. A. L. Sifton, Premier of Alberta, will not be present, but the Government of Alberta will be represented by Attorney-General Cross and Hon. Duncan Marshall. It is not the present intention of Hon. William Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan, to be present, but Hon. J. A. Calder and nearly every Liberal member of the Saskatchewan Legislature have written acceptances of the invitation.

The auditorium of the Winnipeg Industrial Bureau, which accommodates 5,000 people, has been secured for the public meetings, which will be attended by an immense throng, as the local interest is keen.

Dr. Michael Clark, M. P. for Red Deer, Alberta, will be one of the speakers at the big convention. At the present time he is touring the prairie provinces in favor of conscription.

Mr. Clifford Sifton arrived from Ottawa last night and will remain in the West for two weeks.

AGITATOR LENINE MUST BE ARRESTED

Russian Government Determined German Agent Will Be Taken

New York, July 25.—The Russian Provisional Government has determined to arrest Nikolai Lenin, the Radical Socialist leader, and many of his followers, the Russian information bureau here announced to-day. Lenin will be shot if he is convicted as a German spy; otherwise he will be isolated during the war. Lenin is declared to be a greater danger to Russia than the German armies.

Lenin, whose real name is Vladimir Ilich Ullendorff, is described by the Russian information bureau as a "man with a record"—a record which before the revolution commanded respect throughout the country. His book, "The Development of Capitalism in Russia," is regarded as one of the most valuable contributions to Russian economic literature.

Since the revolution he is believed to have acted as an agent of Germany in spreading a separate peace propaganda. Many of his friends declare he has become insane.

Women's Battalion.

Petrograd, July 25.—The Russian women's battalion raised by the twice-wounded girl officer, Vera Butchakoff, was in action on the front at Krevo yesterday for the first time. It is reported to have been successful, although it suffered some losses, the extent of which is not yet known.

The Novo Vremya's correspondent at the front reports that the women may be rewarded with the badge of honor of the United States Boys' Working Service. It was announced to-day.

Food Inquiry.

Francis J. Heney, of San Francisco, arrived in Washington to-day to take charge of the Federal Trade Commission's food investigation. The investigators have been at work in Chicago packing houses.

Food Bill.

The administration food control bill was sent to conference in the House to-day under a rule without a record vote. Opposition which developed yesterday disappeared.

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HEAVY RAIN FALLS IN SOUTH MANITOBA; NEED VERY GREAT

Winnipeg, July 25.—Heavy rain fell all through Southern Manitoba this morning and still is falling, the first real rain of the season. The farmers in the Brandon district predicted only six bushels of wheat to the acre up to yesterday. Many fields have been ploughed down.

BASSERMANN DEAD.

London, July 25.—A Reuter dispatch from Copenhagen says Major Ernest Bassermann, leader of the National Liberals in the German Reichstag, has died at Baden-Baden.

NEW COMMANDER OF ALL RUSSIAN FORCES IN THE BALTIC SEA

Petrograd, July 25.—Rear-Admiral Razvostoff has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the Russian naval forces in the Baltic Sea.

A press dispatch three days ago stated that Rear-Admiral Verdervski, commander of the Baltic fleet, had been arrested for communicating a secret government telegram to sailors' committees.

400,000 GALLONS OF GASOLINE DESTROYED

Philadelphia, July 25.—The fire at the Atlantic Refining Company late last night caused a loss estimated at \$200,000. Four hundred thousand gallons of gasoline were destroyed.

REPRESENTATIVES OF ALLIES START CONFERENCE IN CAPITAL OF FRANCE; CHECKING OF ENEMY PEACE SCHEME

Paris, July 25.—The labors of the conference of representatives of the Allies which was opened here to-day will not be limited to the Balkans.

For one thing, it is important to clear the air after the action of the German Reichstag last week.

Although Mr. Lloyd

George already has replied to a certain extent to the speech of Chancellor Michaelis, it is desirable, says The Matin, that the Allies should issue a joint statement following what happened at Berlin so that

Germany's peace manœuvre may

everywhere be checked and reasons given where they are needed why the Allies can not accept the Reichstag resolution as a basis for peace negotiations.

Washington, July 25.—Serbia and Roumania will protest against the plan of the Allies of allowing them only consultative powers at the general Entente conference in Paris on the Balkan situation. They will insist vigorously; it was learned to-day on being admitted as full members, especially since the subject discussed is so vital to them.

The United States declined some time ago to take part because officials did not deem the questions under discussion of immediate interest to this country.

France, Italy, Russia and Britain are the four main powers moving at the conference.

Just what details will be taken up

is uncertain, but it is understood here

the conference will discuss the feasibility of an advance by the Allies on

the Macedonian front, now that the

Allies' rear has been secured by the altered attitude of Greece.

GERMAN STEAMSHIP STRUCK BY TORPEDO IN THE NORTH SEA

Amsterdam, July 25.—The Handelsblad reports that the German steamship Norderney, with a cargo of coal, was torpedoed in the North Sea on Monday. She is aground off the south coast of Texel, Friesian Islands.

STATES IS WILLING THIS COUNTRY SHOULD RAISE \$100,000,000

Washington, July 25.—Secretary McAdoo has notified Sir Thomas White, the Canadian Minister of Finance, that the United States Government has no objection to Canada's obtaining a short-term credit of \$100,000,000 from private sources in the American money market. It is not known whether the loan has been made, but negotiations have been in progress for some time.

The credit is desired to meet purchases in the United States.

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TEMPORARY SERBIAN CAPITAL SALONICA; GREECE HAS AGREED

Washington, July 25.—Greece has agreed to Serbia's request for the establishment of the temporary Serbian capital at Salonica, it was officially announced to-day.

The Allies have abandoned their blockade against Greece. This is the last in the win-the-war convention to be held in Winnipeg. It is generally recognized that the deliberations of the two bodies will have an important bearing on the general situation and future developments.

Considerable interest is being taken

in this side of the general election.

No authoritative statement has been

forthcoming in this regard and it may

depend upon developments in connection

with the renewed efforts to organize

the Union Government including several

of the present Ministers and a number

of Liberals from outside the House.

There is no expectation here that a

coalition Government will be formed

by a union of the parties as they line

ONCE these little sailors get a taste of Dominion Toasted Corn Flakes, they will mutiny if any other kind is served for breakfast, or any other time. Little folks appreciate their flavor and freshness.

Always Packed
WAXTITE
Made by
KELLOGG TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY
Toronto and Battle Creek

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

IN THE MATTER OF the Vancouver Island Settlers' Rights Act, 1904, and Amending Act, 1917.

Public Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be entitled to grants of land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Districts under the provisions of the above Statute are required, on or before the 1st September, 1917, to make application for writing to the Lieutenant Governor, Canada, for full information of their occupation & improvement and intention to settle on said lands.

Forms of application can be obtained from the Government Agent at Nanaimo, B. C., or from the undersigned.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA**DEPARTMENT OF LANDS****NOTICE.**

No Overdue Payments on Applications to Purchase Crown Lands in British Columbia.

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the "Soldiers' Homestead Act Repeal Act," any person who did not apply under the terms of the Act, 1917, to complete his application to purchase, either by payment in full or by the selection of a proportionate allotment, may, by proving his interest and paying up in full, or in part, of the purchase price and taxes before the 31st December, 1917, obtain a Crown grant if proof satisfactory to the Minister of Lands is furnished that such person is suffering injury through absence of notice or otherwise.

And further that the interest in uncompleted applications to purchase held by any person in the State may be tendered to him by notification to the Lands Department of the fact that such person is on Active Service and by the filing of proof of the character of the person.

Further information will be furnished on request to the Deputy Minister of Lands, Victoria, B. C.

Publication of this notice without authority will not be paid for.

NOTICE.

Estate of John Devine Norrish, Late of Victoria, B. C., Deceased.

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the Estate of the late John Devine Norrish, who died on or about the 27th day of April, 1917, and whose Will had been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Victoria Registry, are required to send particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of September, 1917, after which date the Administratrix will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1917.

HALL & O'HANLON, Solicitors for Administratrix, D. H. Norrish and T. K. Purdy, 513-14 Central Building, View Street, Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.

Estate of Hussey Burgh George Macartney, Late of Chelmsford, B. C., Deceased.

All persons having any claims against the Estate of the late Hussey Burgh George Macartney, who was killed in action on the 25th day of June, 1916, and whose Will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Victoria Registry, are required to send particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of August, 1917, after which date the Administratrix will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1917.

CREASE & CREASE, Solicitors for Administratrix, 410 Central Building, Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RENFREW.

TAKE NOTICE that Stuart Stanley McDermid, of Vancouver, Land Surveyor, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 750 feet west of the S. E. corner of See 12, Town and Range, and extending thereon north and westward as shown more or less to the boundary of the Indian Reserve, and being composed of all that portion of the 1st lot covered by water and not bounded by Creek or River.

STUART STANLEY McDARMID, Agent for Goodwin Gother Johnson, May 4, 1917.

LAND ACT**PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL, VICTORIA, B. C.**

The Directors invite tenders for supplies:

GROCERIES,
BUTCHER'S MEAT,
HAMS AND BACON,
BREAD,
MEAT,
FISH,
POULTRY,
FRESH EGGS,

for one year dating from August 1, to July 31, 1918.

Tenders to be marked "Tender for supplies" addressed to the Secretary and to be in not later than 12 noon, Monday, July 30.

The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

G. T. CARVER,
Secretary.

MUNICIPALITY OF TOWNSHIP OF ESQUIMALT.

Notice is hereby given that owners and occupiers of property in the above mentioned Township and in the vicinity of the land of all noxious weeds within 7 days of this notice. Action will otherwise be taken under the provision of the Noxious Weeds Act.

(Signed) J. PALMER,
Chief of Police.

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at their next sitting thereof for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the Pandora Hotel, situated on the corner of Pandora and Broad Streets, in the City of Victoria, to Radio Hotel, to change the name from the Pandora Hotel to the Allies Hotel.

WM. QUAGLIOTTI,
Applicant.

U BOAT SUNK.

Paris, July 25.—An American steamship recently sank a large German submarine in the English Channel, according to a dispatch to The Times from Havre.

VETERANS REGARD POLITICIAN WITH MUCH MISGIVING

Proposal to Take Question Out of Political Rut by Appointing Commission

VERITABLE NIGHTMARE TO FEDERAL MEMBERS

"The time has come when the problem of the Returned Soldier should be entirely removed from the political arena," declared H. W. Hart at a special meeting of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association last night. With a view to relieving a situation which he declared if not already intolerable, would soon be absolutely unmanageable. Mr. Hart asked permission of his fellow members to draft a resolution for approval so that the matter could be placed before the British Columbia delegates in session at the semi-annual convention to be held here on August 3 and 4.

Vote First—Soldiers Second.

He intended to make clear in that resolution the wish of the returned soldier. So long as the numerous problems connected with the great task of demobilizing Canada's army and the ultimate return to civil life of thousands of men, were left to the mercy of any one political faction he could regard the future with nothing but serious apprehension. The whole question, in his opinion, would be treated from the point of view of vote values. It would be the ballot box first and the veteran afterwards.

Therefore, in his opinion, the problem in its entirety should be lifted completely out of the political rut and the parties forming the Government of to-day should be told that henceforward the future of the returned soldier in Canada was to be regarded as a matter of national importance and that the men as a body would look upon pure political treatment as nothing short of an insult. He believed, too, that present and future governments would be less embarrassed if they understood, and the people of the Dominion generally understood, that politics and the returned soldier would mix no better than oil and water.

Impartial Commission.

Mr. Hart's plan would be to advocate the appointment of a Royal Commission at once to tackle the matter on the broadest possible lines. The personnel of such a body would require to be free of all food or munition profiteers. It could include men of wide vision from other Dominions if necessary, since better and quicker success had attended efforts at solution elsewhere, while the best brains, free of party taint, of this country, could be enrolled for the purpose.

He admitted that it was possibly a hankering after Utopia, but he felt sure that the people of the Dominion were anxious to see some definite action. And the way to success as far as the Veterans were concerned lay in their ability to compel the present day legislator to discard his political microscope when dealing with problems concerning the man who had fought for him. It would be advisable in the event of such a resolution passing the Dominion executive of the Great War Veterans' Association, for the organization to reserve to themselves the right of objection to any member of such a commission—that might be sanctioned.

Competitive Element Useful.

Comrade Whaitie had no faith in commissions. Look at the matter as they would the politician would always be a politician and the returned soldier would always cherish his own party affiliation. The veterans would be of sufficient strength to present a united front and make themselves felt by a judicial use of the ballot.

If Douglas Campbell could be shown where the Dominion of Canada, or in the United States for that matter, there had ever been known a commission Royal or otherwise, untrammeled by party creed, then that knowledge would be like unto sweet scented roses to him. There was no hope for the removal of the party touch. In fact Comrade Campbell rather inclined to the belief that the eager solicitation by the politician for the vote of the soldier would be capable of utilization to the advantage of the latter. It would put the member of parliament on his mettle. His actions would be watched and if he fell short of his allowed programme then the returned soldier could introduce the competitive element and find a successor who would toe the line to the poll and voted.

Mr. McInnes.

Comrade Macdonald, after listening to the somewhat exhaustive discussion on the subject, suggested that the association should recognize the value of tact. It was a matter requiring serious consideration and he pointed out that after all the politician was the individual and the individual was averse to permitting himself to be drawn over. It was necessary to make sure that the individual in the person of the returned soldier himself was as completely out of the political clutch as it was so desired to remove his cause.

The member for Victoria in the Federal House came in for attention at the hands of Comrade Berry. He asked if anyone present could show him if this city's representative had done anything of benefit to the veteran. "There are many instances right here in this town where the Federal Government had hogwinked the returned soldier," persisted Mr. Berry. And there was only one way of judging the politician, that was by his deeds. Words were of no avail. There was every reason why



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TALCUM

the case of the returned soldier should be dealt with on absolutely impartial lines.

Why Not Here?

"We have been told," he continued, "that the returned soldier question is a nightmare to some politicians, and that on their own confession. Why, I should like to know, has it not been so to the governments of Australia and New Zealand? They seem to have good schemes working according to all reports. How in the name of the Almighty can you expect the Government to take the returned soldier question out of politics? They won't do it; we must do it for them."

Conrad Campbell returned to the discussion with the suggestion that the Great War Veterans themselves appoint a commission for the purpose of putting the question fairly and squarely before all aspirants for Federal honours at the forthcoming Dominion election. His faith in the politician as an individual had not entirely vanished, and he considered that a candidate having given his promise to do a certain thing, return to Parliament would not deny him his sense of honor, especially where such a vital issue was confronting him.

To Submit Resolution

The resolution as suggested by Comrade Hart will be drawn up by him and submitted to the members at a special meeting prior to the convention assembly. If it passes it will be sent to the convention, successful passage whereof will be followed by action on the part of the Dominion executive. Their approval must, however, precede submission of its terms to the Government.

\$500 IF HE WOULD FORGET HIS TROUBLES

McInnes Testifies at Fort George Election Inquiry; Also Billie Bird

Prince George, July 25.—Billie Bird, a half-breed living at South Fort George, giving evidence yesterday afternoon at the Fort George election inquiry here, swore W. R. Ross, Conservative candidate in this riding at the September election and now member, called at his house on the morning of election day, and personally promised him, the job of running the Government ferry, across the Nechako River at Miworth in return for his vote. Bird said that Mr. Ross came in an automobile early in the morning, and roused him out of bed. John Bronger, a local contractor and Ross' worker, was the other man in the car, Bird said. Witness stated that Mr. Ross said: "You vote for me and I will see that you get the Miworth ferry," or words to that effect. Bronger, when put in the box, neither denied nor confirmed this statement. He said he had not heard the conversation.

Engineer Anderson, who was sent into the Willow River District shortly before the election with a gang of men for the alleged purpose of repairing on the water power and pulp resources of the district, was another witness. He detailed how Mr. Ross had told him to inform his men that if the Government was returned the work would go ahead and lots more besides. Two or three days after the election the then Minister of Lands had had them all discharged. Anderson testified that this work had cost some \$26,000, \$11,000 of which was wasted by unnecessary delay. The inference was that the gang was deliberately organized and kept together till election day, when they all came to the polls and voted.

Mr. McInnes.

John McInnes, the candidate who was just seven votes behind Mr. Ross when all the ballots except the tendered ones were counted, also testified. He dealt with the general conditions throughout the district during the campaign, and also told how Mr. Ross had promised him \$500 if he would forget his troubles.

W. J. Bowser, ex-Premier, cross-examined Mr. McInnes closely on this point, but failed to shake his story in that or any other particular. Mr. Bowser and witness had several tiffs, the leader of the Opposition stating that witness was a "poor loser," to which Mr. McInnes replied that the two could shake hands in that respect. Witness retorted when Mr. Bowser said that he should have gone into the courts instead of holding a "cheap investigation," that if he had got \$500 a month and had had a road superintendent to carry him through the country he could afford to go into the courts.

STRIKEBREAKERS IN SEATTLE OPPOSED

Unions Say Shipyards Will Be Affected If Imported Men Used

Seattle, July 25.—Labor union leaders declare that any attempt by the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company to operate its cars here with strikebreakers who arrived from the east last night will cause the light and power departments of the company to be declared unfair immediately. The company's 1,600 platform men struck eight days ago for recognition of the union and higher wages.

The metal trades council held a meeting last night and arranged for the calling out of its men in the shipyards if unfair light or power is used. The shipyards employ nearly 15,000 men.

The street car company refused to arbitrate the whole controversy, saying it would not reinstate the seven men discharged in Tacoma for joining the union. Dispatches from Washington report President Wilson and Secretary of Labor Wilson seeking to end the strike on account of the danger that it will affect the shipyards.

FEDERAL LIBERAL MEMBERS SOON FOR CARIBOO AND RUPERT

Prince George, July 25.—The fight for the Cariboo seat in the House of Commons would have been a good one between Joe Martin and Captain J. T. Robinson, the Conservative candidate, but since the Liberals nominated Raymond Leighton after Mr. Martin decided not to run it will not be even interesting. Mr. Leighton is a native son of British Columbia and a returned soldier who was wounded at Ypres. He is very popular personally and was Liberal candidate for Kamloops in the provincial campaign of 1912.

Captain Robinson has not been at the front, but has been going through the riding ever since nominated two years ago with a captain's rank. People here expect he will be snowed under worse than was Lieut.-Col. Bradshaw in Prince Albert, in the Saskatchewan contest, as Canadians are getting tired of political soldiers.

Another northern seat which it is expected will be an easy Liberal victory is Prince Rupert, where Fred Stork is the candidate.

Many of the electors here state that they favor conscription of a genuine character, but not the very limited kind proposed by the Borden Government, which, they point out, would fall only on a comparatively small part of the population of certain age and occupations, and, worst of all, would leave the profiteers alone.

The reception accorded the Graham-Pearce amendment shows clearly the Borden Government's attitude," said a prominent conscriptionist here yesterday. "They want to leave things as they are except to have an election. They think they might divert attention from the many other issues which must be fought out. We need an election anyway, as the present Parliament, or what is left of it, was elected on the census of 1901, sixteen years ago, and the west is very much under-represented."

OCEAN FREIGHT RATES WILL BE MADE LOWER

Washington, July 25.—All the Allies, with the possible exception of Japan, have signified their willingness to accept the programme of radical revision downward of ocean freight rates practically settled between Great Britain and the United States. In the case of Japan the programme proposes to have a Japanese merchant fleet of as many ships as possible placed in the trans-Atlantic trade to help render ineffective the submarine warfare. This and other phases of the proposed agreement will be considered when the Japanese Mission reaches the United States.

With the mobilization to-day, the State of Washington is without a National Guard organization. The Washington state guard, in process of formation, ultimately will replace the National Guard for state defence.

The units of the National Guard, now in the Federal service, will be held at their home stations for 10 days, probably two weeks.

EXTENSION OF WAR DEPLORED BY POPE

Rome, July 25.—Pope Benedict addressed the sacred college to-day in answer to greetings from it on the eve of his name-day. The Pontiff spoke feelingly of the conditions brought about by the war, its atrocities and destruction, and deplored the extension of the struggle.

CHINESE NAVY.

London, July 25.—A dispatch to The Morning Post from Shanghai says the Chinese navy has refused to recognize the Government of Tuan Chu Jui. The dispatch adds that fourteen cruisers have left Woo Sung for Canton to support the southern provinces.

BISHOP OF ALASKA IS CONSECRATED AT SEATTLE

Seattle, July 25.—Right Rev. Joseph Raphael Crimont, first bishop of the newly



THE DAILY TIMES

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must be at Times Office before 1 p.m.
of the day previous to date of insertion.
This is imperative. When this rule is not
complied with we do not guarantee in
insertion.

NATIONAL SERVICE.

On his way home from the Imperial Conference Sir Joseph Ward, former Prime Minister of New Zealand, delivered an address in Winnipeg in which he stated that conscription of manpower should be accompanied by complete organization of a country's resources. His own country affords an excellent illustration of a nation organized for war. All the resources of the state are mobilized under the control of a strong National Government. Complete national service is in operation. There is conscription not only for the fighting-front but for all other necessary work.

Canada's great need to-day is thorough National Service as New Zealand, Britain and France have it, as far as local conditions will permit. Preliminary to this there should be an inventory of all the human and material resources of the state. Until this has been done it will be impossible for the country to use its full force. It will be impossible, indeed, to carry out any extensive programme without risking serious disorganization and confusion. It is the height of folly to rely upon a census seven years old in calculating the human resources of the country. It is both foolish and decidedly dangerous and every day that passes without a registration accentuates the folly and danger.

No single function performed by Canada or any other country in this war can be an isolated affair. People who think this is possible are blind to facts and logic. Sir Joseph Ward very properly points out that whatever a belligerent does in the war, whether in sending men to the fighting front, or producing munitions, must be part of a larger programme based upon complete national organization. All functions should be co-ordinated and correlated. In sending men to the front due regard must be had to the essential interests at home, without which no army can be maintained. As Mr. Graham said in the House of Commons recently, the policy which furnishes men for our fighting ranks must necessarily be accompanied by a policy which not only clothes, feeds and equips the soldiers, but supplies the needs of the people at home who represent 75 per cent of the country's strength.

Canada can spare a sufficient number of men to maintain five divisions at the front at full strength for a considerable time, and should take prompt measures to do it. This may call for 100,000 or in time even 200,000 additional affectives. But the point to be borne in mind is, that while Canada can spare that number she cannot spare any 100,000 or 200,000 men. That is to say she must select her effectives with care. She must ascertain how their places are going to be filled so that the other functions of the country will not be paralyzed. She must keep up production of essential products. She must maintain her finances. The United States may be able to spare 10,000,000 men for the trenches, but it cannot spare any ten million men. Hence it conducted a registration and hand-picking its overseas effectives. It is not relying haphazardly on a census seven years old.

tant industries to be kept in operation. Yet there has been no immobilization of the human resources in such a way as to safeguard all of these functions while at the same time the country keeps its gaps filled at the battle-front.

In failing to carry out a complete inventory of the human and material resources of the Dominion the Government is courting national demoralization. Without it the problems which confront us cannot be solved. For a nation to wage war successfully all its services must be rooted in a common organization, each being a unit in one vast machine and each performing its necessary task without conflicting with any of the others. But before attempting such an organization a nation must know what it has to fight with. Canada does not and will not know until an inventory has been taken.

FISH AS FOOD.

No doubt the Food Control Board has digested the report of Captain J. F. Crichton, until recently in the Canadian Fisheries service, regarding the prevention of fish waste and the use of numerous varieties of this splendid food swarming in our coastal waters. That report was submitted to the Department during the winter of 1915-16 and appeared in the report for the year ending March 31, 1916. The Times published extracts from it last May, and subsequently the question was taken up by The Toronto Globe. In view of the importance of the subject we think it appropriate to reproduce some of Captain Crichton's observations:

"Such an enormous variety of edible fish frequent or are indigenous to our waters that it is difficult even to superficially detail them or rather to classify them. However, generally speaking, we have several varieties of bass and rock fish, cod, black cod, grey cod, hake, whiting, and last, but to my mind the most prolific and valuable fish, the much despised 'red cod.' All these fish are in abundance and, as far as I have learned or seen, no one has engaged commercially in their capture, with the exception of the cod in the Gulf of Georgia.

"One often wonders why the Pacific market is practically confined to the everlasting halibut. The generality of people not engaged in the fishing industry no doubt are under the impression that no other fish save halibut and salmon exist on the Pacific Coast. It is only a natural conclusion to arrive at. However, those engaged in the distribution of our fish food supply have no doubt some wise reason in holding back all other forms of fish food that literally swarm along our shores.

"I was running along the west coast of Vancouver Island, six or seven miles off shore, one September day, and had the honor of having on board some gentlemen officially connected with the Fishery Department. For a distance of close upon nine miles, we passed through a literal field of dead red cod floating upon the surface of the water, fish that had been hooked upon the halibut lines, taken off and thrown broadcast over the face of the waters as if they were carrion. Great distress existed in Vancouver that year and at that moment people were being fed by public subscription, and yet this appalling waste of valuable food existed daily, and yet exists."

"Within this year, 1915, down in the waters of the United States, existed a fish similarly despised, the 'Tilifish.' The waters were swarming with them, and yet they were beyond the reach of the people who craved for fish food in a cheaper form. The United States Government equipped a boat for the harvesting of these fish, and placed the resulting captures before the public free. What has resulted? At the moment so enormous has the demand for these hitherto despised fish become that a regular fleet of boats are now engaged in their commercial capture. I hope soon to see the day when these fish now finding no place in our markets may be similarly captured and become a source of long-felt food demand that must necessarily exist amongst our people."

The last paragraph should be of particular interest to the branch of the Food Control Board formed a few days ago to consider the country's fisheries in their relation to the food problem. While neither the United States Government nor that of Canada is likely to be reduced to the necessity of adopting in all particulars the methods set forth in the incident reported by Captain Crichton, both have in their power to place upon the market at reasonable prices and with little effort enormous quantities of food-fish now wasted or ignored. This not only would help materially in the solution of the greatest problem of the day but, as far as Canada is concerned, in the end it would bring about an expansion of our fishing industry and by adding variety to its product conserve the two kinds which now are in danger of depletion within a few years.

A REAL REACTIONARY.

The Hansard report of Sir George Foster's speech on the Graham motion urging the full organization of Canada for war furnishes an excellent example of a real, old-time, true-blue, Manchu reactionary enunciation of policy. Sir George wanted to know what Mr. Graham meant by requiring that those "best able to pay be asked to contribute their full share to the cost of the war." It was all Sancrist to the Minister. Had not these intercessions already done their share? Sir George therupon launched into a two-thousand-word eulogy of the part played by accumulated wealth in

bearing the burden of the war. War profits? Why, the business profits tax brought in \$15,000,000 in the year 1915-16 and \$20,000,000 in 1916-17. As for the rate of taxation of war profits it was very drastic indeed. Why, it actually took twenty-five per cent of profits over seven per cent, leaving the parties taxed only a beggarly seventy-five per cent!

What nonsense these glib special plodders throw off on occasion! The business profits tax contributes only 6 1/2 per cent of the country's revenue, the general public paying the other ninety odd per cent. And a considerable portion of that 6 1/2 per cent is borne by small business establishments. Big incomes derived from the war have not been touched at all. Those who are "best able to pay," as Mr. Graham's amendment put it, have not been even tickled with feather. As we have already pointed out, the value of the war orders given to Canada to date is about \$1,500,000,000.

BRITAIN'S BURDEN.

Kirk Boosts Kirk's Coal

Because after 29 years continual activity in the coal business, he knows that the nut coal he is now selling is the very best that money can buy. It's so good he wants every householder in Victoria to try it. Kirk leaves the judging to you, with satisfaction unconditionally guaranteed.

No raise in price.
\$7.50 per ton delivered.

Kirk & Co., Ltd.
1212 Broad St. Phone 139

DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$6.50 PER CORD

Cheaper and Cleaner Than Coal.
Our Wood is ABSOLUTELY DRY and is worth considerably more than the GREEN WOOD, much of which is now being offered on the market

Lloyd-Young & Russell
1012 Broad Street
PHONE 4532

late Government had those seven Royal Commissions going full swing at a combined cost of \$200,000 per annum.

The Montreal Star suggests that the Russian bear has stopped fighting for a while to indulge in the seasonal pastime of chasing his tail. But there are times and seasons for all things. If the Bear does not watch out he may not have a tail to chase. His paramount duty at present should be chasing Huns.

Viewing the general situation in the world from all possible angles, there is no escaping the conclusion that the Ali-Highest War Lord of the Huns, in pursuance of his ambitious programme, has toppled almost everything over. "Nothing ever can be the same" after this war.

This is the kind of summer that puts to confusion the theorists who maintained last year and for a considerable portion of this year that the heavy cannonading in Europe was responsible for abnormal atmospheric conditions.

The Weser Zeitung, looking at the bright side of the war situation, predicts that the Hun U-boats will have accomplished their purpose in 46 days and 12 hours.

The United States war department has decided to call up a million men instead of a half million, as originally specified. If the situation in Russia does not improve the Allies will be able to do nicely with another million or two.

The Crown Prince of the Huns says submarines are the last argument of kings. One who hopes to be king some day has been having a warm argument for a considerable time in the neighborhood of Craonne, and he is arguing still what may be his last argument.

President Wilson settled the controversy between Colonel Goethals and the chairman of the Congressional Shipping Board by dismissing both of them. Sir Robert Borden would have appointed a Royal Commission.

Hon. Bob Rogers, like Mahomet's coffin, is suspended between heaven and earth—heaven in his case meaning the Government. We venture to predict his restoration to power. He will demand it and his demand will be complied with. If he was influential enough with the Premier to have himself unseated on the Imperial Conference as a representative Canadian statesman he is influential enough to have himself taken back to the cabinet—if indeed he ever left it.

HON. BOB ROGERS.

The experiences of last winter had a chastening effect upon the Huns. They came out of it in a mood almost meet for repentence; but they are becoming arrogant again. Another winter in the trenches, another winter of privation for those who are not in the trenches, may go far towards reducing them to submission to the inevitable.

BRITISH EAGER.

London, July 25.—The Manchester Guardian says:

"Up to now the French have been all for forcing the pace. Now they are for delay. In our general military policy we have changed places with the French. We are the ones who are now in a hurry, while they are delaying in the hope of receiving speedy reinforcements from our great ally."

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE HOURS: 8.30 TO 6.00; FRIDAY, 6.30; SATURDAY, 1 P.M.

Last Few Days of Our July Sale

Complete Clearance of All Surplus Stocks at Great Bargain Prices

For to-morrow, Friday and Saturday morning we have planned to clean up all surplus stocks and broken assortments. Many lots are grouped into very low prices, which will effect a speedy clearance. Space will not permit all the items being announced here, but a visit to the various bargain tables will soon convince you that there are many bargains well worth securing.

Balance of Women's Linen Suits to Go at \$5.00

No need to tell you that they are most exceptional bargains. The Suits could not be made for the money. But we must clean up the balance of stock before the end of month. So we have made a ridiculously low price to do it. Just ten Suits in the lot, and the sizes range 16 years to 38 bust.

Smart, fashionable styles in white, mauve and pink, trimmed with contrasting shades. Needless to say, sharp on-opening time is essential.

Selling, First Floor

A Few Only—Better-Grade Cloth Suits for Women to Go at \$10

—Mantles, First Floor

Nearly 200 Beautiful Quality Lingerie Waists to Go at \$1.38



Every Waist a better value, and one that has been on sale throughout the season marked at a higher price. Represented are the surplus sizes and styles from about two dozen different lots, so that you have a splendid variety to choose from.

There are plain and embroidered Voiles, Organdies, Bar Muslins and Corded Voiles. Some neatly trimmed with lace, and others handsomely embroidered. Others have fine tucked fronts, and some are elaborately trimmed with lace. Large collars, plain and embroidered in various shapes. Big sale value at \$1.38

—Waists, First Floor

Another Good Lingerie Waist Offering at 98c

Pongee Silk Norfolk and Midy Waists to Clear at \$2.90

This is a very low price for such quality Waists, but we intend cleaning up the assortment immediately before stock-taking day. We firmly believe this price will do it—and you will thoroughly appreciate the values.

Included are plain and striped Voiles, variously trimmed with lace and embroidery. A good variety of styles, with large square collars and long sleeves. You only have to see these Waists to recognize that they are very great values at \$2.90

—Waists, First Floor

Quantity of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Slightly Soiled, to Clear at Half-Price

The following garments have been used as samples on the display tables. They are a little soiled, but otherwise in perfect order. They were right good values at their regular prices, so you will realize that they are most exceptional bargains at one-half the regular. All are well-shaped and well-made garments, from fine quality nainsooks and lawns, trimmed with lace or embroidery. Note the following prices, then see the goods.

Nightgowns—

Reg. \$1.50 for 75¢
Reg. \$3.75 for \$2.25
Reg. \$5.75 for \$2.75
Reg. \$2.00 for \$1.00

Pyjamas—

Reg. \$2.50 for \$1.25
Reg. \$3.50 for \$1.75

Skirts—

Reg. \$3.50 for \$1.75

Brassieres—

Reg. 50c for 25¢
Reg. \$1.00 for 50¢

Drawers—

Reg. 75c for 35¢

Combinations—

Reg. \$1.50 for 75¢
Reg. \$2.00 for \$1.50

Skirtlets—

Reg. \$6.00 for \$3.00
Reg. \$3.50 for \$1.75

—Whitewear, First Floor

Final Clean-up of Millinery

Balance of Trimmed Millinery clearing at \$2.50 and \$5.00
Balance of Panamas clearing at \$1.50 and \$2.00
Sports Hats clearing at \$1.00
Children's Hats clearing at 50¢
—Millinery, 2nd Floor

Clearing Values in Staple Goods

End-of-Sale Clean-up of Choice Silks

Surplus lots and short lengths of various quality Silks are grouped into remarkably low prices for quick selling.

Group 1—Includes White and Black Striped Taffeta; spots in French Foulards; also a few Fancy Silks. Regular values to \$2.75, clearing at a yard \$1.00

Group 2—Various Novelty Silks, including fine quality Shantung in the season's newest designs; also short lengths of genuine Khaki-Kool. Regular values to \$7.50, clearing at a yard \$2.50

Group 3—Various designs in Striped Taffeta Silks, splendid grades, worth to \$1.75; clearing at a yard 95¢

—Silks, Main Floor

Remember the Photo Enlargement Offer Continues To-day at 29¢

—Photo Dept., Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

"THE BEER THAT CHEERS"

Hudson's Bay Imperial Larger Beer

Has won the favor of the public by its good qualities.
Place your order to-day. We deliver.

Per dozen pints	\$1.50
3 bottles for	40¢
Per dozen quarts	\$2.75
3 bottles for	75¢

Quality Guaranteed by

The Hudson's Bay Co.Open Till 10 p.m.
1312 Douglas Street.Telephone 4253
We Deliver

See Centre Window for

Specials in FOOTWEAR

AT THE BETTER VALUE STORE

Maynard'sPhone 1232
649 Yates Street

For Madam Who Swims

We are to-day displaying an assortment of Bathing Suits that are satisfactory in both quality and price.

Material is good heavy stockinet in fast navy dye. Trimmings of red and white or blue and white as your preference is inclined. Sizes for women and misses.

\$1.50 and \$1.75

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 636 Yates St.

Leeming Bro. Ltd.

524 Fort Street Phone 748

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE HOUSES TO LET

Agents for

Savage Tires**Victoria Wood Co.**

809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

Owing to scarcity of bushmen, we advise the public to stock their winter supply now.

Phone for Special Prices

THE Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Is situated at the corner of Blanshard and View Sts.

It is open daily from 9 a.m. to 10:30 p.m. and offers for the free use of all men a place to meet friends, facilities for letter writing, a good supply of reading material, a Directory and other conveniences.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS and Strangers are invited to visit the Y. M. C. A.

BEAUTY CULTURE

Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Absolute cure guaranteed. Do not waste your money on chemicals.

MISS HANMAN, Qualified Specialist, 200 Campbell Bldg. Consultations free. Phone 340X before 10 a.m. or after 6 p.m.

NEWS IN BRIEF

You Need Not Be Without a really reliable time-keeper, as a first-class 7-Jewel Watch, in dust-proof case can be purchased from Haynes, 1124 Government Street, for \$5.

Fishing Tackle, at R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Anti-Combine Fire Insurance: 7 old established companies. Duck & Johnson, 615 Johnson.

Blake, Show Cards, at 577 Yates St.

Gents' Wigs—Toquees made to order. Marcel-waving, etc. Hahnson, 214 Jones Building, Fort Street. Phone 2684.

A rub over with Nusurface Polish makes your furniture look like new. 8 oz., 25c; qts., 90c. R. A. Brown & Co.

Gorge Park—Smart Set Concerts daily. Wednesday, sailors' night, and sketch.

The Famous Johnson's Carbon Re-mover does the work. Jameson, Rolfe & Willis, wholesale and retail distributors, corner Courtney and Gordon Streets.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

Anniversary of War.—At the last meeting of the Nanaimo City Council Ald. Forrester, Ferguson and Hardinge were appointed a committee to make arrangements for the holding of a patriotic demonstration in that city on August 4, the third anniversary of the declaration of war against Germany.

Sea Urchins.—A curious and interesting shipment from Shoal Bay, Thurlow Island, reached Vancouver yesterday, in the form of two large cases of sea eggs or sea urchins gathered by a Frenchman, Mons. Auguste Robert, of Shoal Bay, and sent by him as a donation to the French Red Cross. These interesting specimens are being exhibited in an empty store in the Rogers Building and are for sale at a low price. Some are a beautiful green, others pale heliotrope, a few delicate shell pink, and many of the shade of aluminum.

Case Remanded.—The case of theft against Joseph Davidson, who was arrested yesterday, by Detective Sergeant O'Leary was remanded this morning by Magistrate Jay in the City Police Court. Mr. Davidson, who has been in the hospital for two weeks suffering from the effects of a motor accident was out for a time yesterday, but following his arrest was required to return to the hospital. The case came up on August 1. It is alleged that Davidson took the car owned by George Phillips of the Navy Yard on the night of July 9, from the front of the Union Club. The ride which followed resulted in the accident that confined the accused man to the hospital. It is alleged by the defence that the car was hired for the evening.

Patricia Bay Line Busy.—According to a statement made by Mr. A. Brost, general agent of the Canadian Northern, the new Patricia Bay line is doing a greater volume of business than the officials of the company had hoped. He says that three trains a day are run from Victoria, with stops at Cordova Bay; the latter place having developed into quite a summer resort, owing to the new service.

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Good Publicity Work.—The Victoria and Island Development Association has secured the exclusive privilege of literature about the new Saanich Observatory being carried on westbound C. P. R. trains. No publicity matter of this character is usually permitted, but an exception has been allowed for a description of the observatory.

To Watch Inquiry.—Mayor Todd has sent a letter to the City Council recommending that during the approaching inquiry a record should be kept of all points which might be of use to the city in future in legislative matters affecting the B. C. Electric Railway, owing to the fact that in the past powers have been obtained by the company without the consent of the citizens.

Bee Demonstration.—This afternoon under the auspices of the Beekeepers' Association of British Columbia, there is being held a very interesting demonstration at Hastings Park, at the experimental apiary there. The subject, "Rearing Queen Bees for the Beginner," will be dealt with by Mr. William Hugh, and has excited a good deal of interest among people who are in the habit of sending south for their queens. Every alternate Wednesday in future there will be a demonstration at the same place, and "Winterizing," "Prevention of Robbing," and other subjects will be taken up at subsequent demonstrations.

War Anniversary.—Details of the war anniversary service on August 4, and the location of the gathering, have been referred by the Saanich Council to Councillor Carey and the Clerk. This year it will probably be held near the city, probably at Cloverdale, the gatherings at Royal Oak not having proved satisfactory on account of lack of transportation for a large number of persons.

Autos 127-35 Thomas Plimley CYCLES 611 Johnson St., Phone 693 View St.

Phone 693 View St.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, July 25, 1892.

The steamer Palmas, the last of the Upton liners, arrived from the Orient last evening via Honolulu. She has 4,000 tons of freight, chiefly for Portland. There are 150 tons for Victoria, and 300 for the Sound.

Malt vinegar, a few years ago, was always imported from England or from the East. To-day, Messrs. Pendray & Co., of Humboldt Street, and Messrs. Falconer & Co., of Yates Street, both claim that they can manufacture far more cheaply and equal in quality to the imported article.

The engineering staff of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company began the preliminary work upon the road last week. Mr. E. G. Tilton is chief engineer, and is assisted by Messrs. Gray, McKay and Going, and a large gang of men.

B. B. B.—Buy Brown's Baskets. Picnic Baskets, 20c to \$1.50. Shopping Baskets, 15c to 75c. Market Baskets, 35c to \$1.25. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

The Famous Johnson's Carbon Re-mover does the work. Jameson, Rolfe & Willis, wholesale and retail distributors, corner Courtney and Gordon Streets.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.75 per dozen.

Was Cariboo Pioneer.—The funeral of the late A. W. Diebel¹ is taking place at Nanaimo this afternoon under the auspices of the Independent Order of Foresters. The deceased was one of the oldest pioneers of the city. He was well-known among the Cariboo pioneers, several of whom are present.

Fined Five Dollars.—Richard Layritz was to-day fined \$5 by Magistrate Jay for failing to have the lights of his motor burning while the car was on the streets after dark.

Had No Light.—The New England Meat Market was fined \$5 by Magistrate Jay this morning in the City Police Court on a charge of not having the rear light of a motor car burning after night-fall.

Light Was Out.—William Anderson was fined \$5 in the Police Court today for failing to have the rear light of his motor burning at night.

Assault Case.—Savina Diego, who was yesterday arraigned in the City Police Court on a charge of assaulting a woman in premises on lower Johnson Street, was sentenced to a term of one month in jail with hard labor, by Magistrate Jay this morning.

Charge Withdrawn.—Henry Ballard was arrested last evening on a charge of destruction of city property. The accused was evidently in a hilarious state of mind which caused him to climb to the top of a cluster light standard on Johnson Street garbed in a dressing kimono. He handled the light globes with too firm a hand with the result, that the glass was broken. The charge was withdrawn following the consent of accused to pay damages.

Vancouver Teacher Killed.—Pte. David Thomas, one of the best known and most highly respected teachers of Vancouver, for many months posted as missing, has now been reported killed. Mr. Thomas, who was about 35 years of age and unmarried, was for several years on the staff of the Lord Nelson School in Grandview; a member of the Welsh Society and treasurer of the Welsh Church in Vancouver. He was last seen in the thick of a fight October 9 last.

Repairs After Fire.—A building permit has been issued to the trustees of the Fawcett estate for repairs to 237 Government Street, damaged in a recent fire.

Improve Beach.—The Nanningo City Council at the regular meeting decided to expend the sum of \$150 in making improvements to the public bathing beach on Newcastle Townsite. The meeting was in receipt of a communication from Mayor Todd, of Victoria, enclosing a draft of the proposed Canadian Highways Bill, the same being referred to the legislative committee of the council for investigation and recommendation at the next meeting of the council.

Call of Fire.—The Fire Department was called upon yesterday evening to put out a roof fire at 2905 Cameron Street.

Repairs After Fire.—A building permit has been issued to the trustees of the Fawcett estate for repairs to 237 Government Street, damaged in a recent fire.

High School Tuition Fees.—The Saanich Council has referred to the School Board, for its attention, the bill for High School fees for residents of the municipality attending the City High School, which are based on the settlement of 1915 at \$50 per capita.

School Board to Meet.—The City School Board will meet on Friday afternoon to transact some routine business. An application for release will be received from an assistant at one of the graded schools who has the offer of a principalship of a school in a neighboring municipality.

Pandora Avenue.—The Court of Revision with regard to Pandora Avenue expropriation (Fernwood to McGregor) will sit to-morrow afternoon. The meeting will be of unusual importance.

Case Remanded.—The Court of Revision with regard to Pandora Avenue expropriation (Fernwood to McGregor) will sit to-morrow afternoon. The meeting will be of unusual importance.

Given settled government in China, Human, which never suffers from famine on account of its favorable geographical location, will show a remarkable advance in its internal development, the resources of the province being unparalleled in China."

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To Organize Fair.—President Beckwith was empowered by the executive of the Victoria and Island Development Association yesterday to appoint a committee of three to co-operate with other bodies in arranging the autumn Home Products Fair.

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THREE PROFESSORS ON CHINESE SITUATION

Incoming Steamer To-day Brought Prominent Educationalists From Orient

The revolution which has just taken place in Peking should be the last, as it has demonstrated that the monarchists have no chance of upsetting the republic in China," said C. A. Pierle, a member of the faculty of the Tsing Hua University in Peking, China, who arrived on a trans-Pacific steamer today. This is the university which was established in China with the return of the Boxer indemnity by the United States.

Mr. Pierle states that the most significant factor in China to-day is the young student class, many of whom have been educated abroad. In his college the special object is to take the students far enough in English to start intelligently in an American college on crossing the Pacific. The influence which the United States has been able to build up has been tremendous by this generous return of the indemnity.

Japanese Influence.

"The impression in Peking," he says, "is that President Li need never have failed if he had held out 24 hours longer, and there would never have been a restoration of the monarchy, short lived as it was. The young men are determined to resist Japanese influence in Chinese affairs, and the whole trouble of the present disturbance came from the fact that the Chinese Government proceeded to break off relations with Germany through Prince Tsui without reference to the Japanese Foreign Office. A tactical struggle followed, and in walked General Chang Hsun with his band of brigands to the capital, a little fighting takes place, and the president is driven to take shelter in a legation.

"There are four parties in China to-day, and there will have to be coalition between some or all of them before a permanent settlement is reached which will represent peace and give stability to the country."

Hasten Slowly.

"We expect," said H. C. Roys, of the Nanking University, "too much of China."

Mr. Roys has been several years on the faculty of the university, and with a large number of students flocking to the old capital of the Celestial republic, he has had a good opportunity of studying conditions. "We cannot expect the customs and training of centuries to be modified by a revolution or two run by Generals at the head of professional bands of adventurers, when only a fair number of the people have any real understanding of the first principles of political freedom. Corruption is general. The bureaucracy takes advantage of fleeting advantages of power to make money."

"A great many of our students are going into business and into teaching, but very few into industrial development of the great potential resources of the country. The Nanking University is organized to train these men, through an interdenominational committee but only a portion leaves the college as Christians. Their influence, however, is of great value in spreading western ideas."

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Watch

where the careful housewife does her shopping. Many hundreds of people have satisfied themselves that

Kirkham's Cash System

is the most economical method of transacting business.

CASH BUYERS ARE CASH SAVERS

SPECIAL ALL THIS WEEK

Two Cakes Palm Olive Soap FREE with each 50c purchase of Cold Cream or Shampoo.
One Cake Palm Olive Soap FREE with each 25c purchase of Talcum Powder.

DEMONSTRATION

of Empress Goods all this week. You are invited to come and try a cup of delicious Empress Tea and sample our Desert Jellies.

Thursday's Special

Squirrel Brand Peanut Butter—Large 50c tins.	\$1.12
Empress Marmalade, 4-lb. tin, 65c; 2-lb. tin	
for 35c	Seeded Raisins 10c Per packet
Clark's Soups 25c	Welch's Grape Juice 25c 50c and
Genuine Macaroni and Spaghetti, 3 lbs. 25c	Kellogg's Toasted Wheat Biscuits, pkgs. 14c

THE BIG CASH STORE

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.
PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522
Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521

If you want the **BEST** tea
Go to the firm that GROWS it

LIPTON'S TEA
Romeo Lipton
TEA COFFEE AND COCOA PLANTER CEYLON
OPPENHEIMER BROS., Agents for B.C.

AT THE HOTELS

Nichols, N. Floux, W. T. Jackson and J. Gorst.

Mr. and Mrs. James Forbes, of Croton-on-Hudson, New York, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Stryker and S. K. Stryker, of Cradell, N. J., are staying at the Empress Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Herlick, and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Williams, of Seattle, are guests at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. W. H. Taylor and Mrs. Bement, of New York City, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Calgary arrivals at the Empress Hotel yesterday included Miss B. McGarvey and Miss A. Holliday.

Mr. and Mrs. K. E. Carnahan, Vancouver, are staying at the Empress Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hinier, of Chicago, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hamilton, F. F. Doyle, and B. Doyle, of Winnipeg, are guests at the Empress Hotel.

Vancouver arrivals at the Dominion Hotel include C. E. Smith, Harry Cook, T. J. Pike, W. F. Carr, W. Potter, T. Rogers, E. Lawrence, J. H. Boyd, W. E.

George A. Landen and family, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Martin and Ida Hensleigh, of Seattle, are registered at the Strathcona Hotel.

M. A. Wyde, of Shawnigan Lake, is staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

The Misses M. and N. Sullivan, of San Francisco, arrived at the Strathcona yesterday.

G. G. McBride and H. J. Lillie, of New Westminster, are staying at the Dominion Hotel.

W. Kennedy and Mrs. Kennedy, of Calgary, and A. Kennedy and Mrs. Kennedy, of Edmonton, are new arrivals at the Dominion Hotel.

James J. Griffin and family, of Weyburn, Sask., are staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

A. E. Mainwaring and Walter Thomas are in the city and are staying at the Strathcona Hotel from Nanaimo.

Miss K. A. Jopling, of Regina, registered at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.

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HAVE OPENED OFFICE TO CONSERVE WASTE

Lady Douglas Chapter, I. O. D. E., Start Collection at Old Victoria Theatre

In a very modest room on a very modest scale an industry of enormous potentialities has been started in the city within the last few weeks. The Lady Douglas Chapter, following the admirable example of the Dufferin Chapter, I. O. D. E., Vancouver, and a host of representative organizations and individuals through the length and breadth of the Empire, has started an active "Conservation of Waste" campaign. It does not believe in expense where the principle is economy. Consequently advertising is left to the "word-by-mouth" agency and the effect on the passer-by of the large-type poster which hangs over the doorway of the old theatre.

What an interesting contrast! It is only a little more than three years since Victoria's society people clamored at the very same doorway for the privilege of paying their \$3 or \$4 a seat to see Sarah Bernhardt, Ysaye, Kreisler, Mischa Elman, Mme. Eames or other such stars in the musical firmament. To-day there dares a shy little notice in the window, "Save Your Coffee Tin," "Don't throw away your old rubbers," "We will take your empty medicine bottles."

The telephone—there is one—enjoys whole days of idleness. There is no long queue of people stretching from the doorway round the corner into View street, as there was many times in the old days. The little office is sometimes for hours at a stretch undisturbed by enquirer or contributor. But things are better than they were. The scheme is "catching on," and every day sees changes in the inventory.

What is Wanted.

The modest little office contains the queerest collection of odds and ends that it is possible to conceive. In place of the fur-coat of the famous impresario that used to occupy a whole corner to itself in the old days there are whole regiments of coffee-tins and tea-boxes, empty bottles, baking-powder tins, tobacco-tins, old motor tyres, worn out garden hose, ropes, cold-cream jars, essence bottles, and what not, raw recruits; as it were, volunteers "for the duration," and as long after as the country happens to need them.

Mrs. R. B. McMicking has a wonderfully willing committee of ladies working with her. Collecting "empties" and frayed rope and people's disposed baking powder tins is not the sort of business to which most people are trained. In fact the people who are trained to this work usually, prowl about at night with a gunny-sack over the shoulder or a battered donkey and cart for collecting purposes. But the Lady Douglas Chapter has secured the services, voluntarily, of a number of ladies who drive their own motors right up to the contributor's front door to collect the "waste." There was a famous Greek statesman who made the office of scavenger one of the most dignified in the state. Surely the voluntary-assumed duty of "waste-collector" in such times as these and for such an urgent need as the present deserves to rank among the honored ones which the war has brought into the world.

It was time people thought more about the durability of things anyway. There are old wells about the country with small fortunes in them. In the war of discarded rubber, brass and tin. And the nation as a whole is crying out because the materials represented in these tons and tons of waste are not available at the present moment for munitions and other purposes necessary to the winning of the war.

Not interfering.

In collecting empty bottles the Chapter is not competing with a similar industry started up by two returned soldiers who have the privilege of taking the stock-in-hand at the Old Victoria Theatre. Coffee time and the other large-sized receptacles have already begun to command a ready price from people who are in the habit of sending packages to their boys at the front. No cake or pudding travels so well as the one made in a big tin of the kind and shipped direct. Medicine bottles are readily sold to people who dispense medicines and constantly require such receptacles. Essence bottles go back to the factory. Medicine bottles are readily sold to people who dispense medicines and constantly require such receptacles.

This is only a glimpse of what is wanted by the Lady Douglas Chapter. People should call round at the office of the Old Victoria Theatre and get particulars. Mrs. Hamilton Grey is the convenor of the "Conservation of Waste" committee, and she or one or more of the following other ladies will be found there any afternoon: Madame Willis Dean, W. J. Goepel, Mrs. Emily Miller and T. H. Brady.

Georgian circuit and are now at the Dominion Hotel.

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The Gift Centre

Soldiers

When you leave the camp grounds, leave with a Swagger Stick.

It is military and proper; in fact, you are not correctly dressed without one.

AT 35¢ we have a splendid line of Genuine Cane.

Other things for military men: Wrist Watches, Fountain Pens, Photo-Holders, Money Belts.

Mitchell & Duncan LIMITED

Successors to Shortt Hill & Duncan, Ltd., Jewelers' Central Building, View and Broad Sts. C.P.R. and B.C. Electric Watch Inspectors.

PANTAGES THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

"WANTED—A WIFE"

A Merry Musical Offering

GEN. PERSHING IN FRANCE

String Motion Pictures.

And Four Other Big Acts.

Matines, 3; Night, 7 and 9.

AT THE THEATRES

PANTAGES THEATRE.

Special news pictures showing scenes of enthusiasm that marked the historic arrival of the advance guard of the United States troops in France,

accompanying General Pershing and his staff, are being shown on the screen at the Pantages this week. They are of striking news interest in that they depict on the screen the vivid enthusiasm of the people of France throughout so recent an event and the photographer was enabled to make a record of many human interest touches which, for their own sake, cause the beholder to realize more fully the wonderful bond that has drawn so many nations into close association that they may guard the sacred rights of humanity.

They are interesting, too, as a historic record of the first landing of an American force in Europe. The evident enthusiasm of the masses of Frenchmen who are seen in the pictures surging about the General and thronging the line of march of the parading troops, is communicated unconsciously to the audience in the theatre, and many bursts of stirring applause is noted at every showing.

These pictures were rushed to America to be developed and printed and immediately copies distributed throughout the United States for simultaneous showing last week as a part of the national war campaign of its government. Manager Rice was enabled to obtain a copy of the films for his programme at the Pantages this week, and in view of the timely interest of the scenes, has been fully justified in the expense of it.

The vaudville programme at the Pantages this week is also of much interest and offers many acts of exceptional quality. "Wanted, a Wife," is an admirable little one-act musical comedy, produced in elaborate style, with clever principals and a bevy of singing and dancing girls. Julian Hall, "The Versatile Boy," plays musical instruments, sings, and gives imitations to the great enjoyment of the audiences. One of the musical features of the bill is the offering of the Lucy Luader Trio, a woman and two men with unusually attractive voices. They sing in splendid harmony. Rosalie Rheinhold and Master Louis Kauffman, classical dancer and boy violinist, present another delightful musical turn with a repertoire of the very best quality.

Almost everything under the sun is jiggled by the Royal Jigglers of Gascons. The many different things that are done, and the manner in which the act is presented with its wealth of comedy, makes an opening act of rare interest on the bill.

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WONDERFUL PICTURE OFFER AT SPENCER'S

Large Convex Enlargement of Bust Photographs Being Taken for Nominal Sum

Perhaps one of the most remarkable offers emanating from the D. Spencer's, Ltd., for some time is one featuring 14 inches x 20 inches enlargements from photo prints (not negatives), for the sum of 25¢.

This should prove to be one of great interest to many who have relatives or friends on the firing line. Many of these men went away leaving no resemblance behind but a small snapshot or cabinet photo. How nice it would be to have a large portrait of them hanging on the wall, flag draped. This offer holds good for a limited time only, during which no mail order will be accepted. All original photos will be returned in good condition. Specimens of the work on display.

PATRIOTIC SERVICE

Matter of Pensions Discussed by Ladies; Many Donations Acknowledged.

The care during the coming winter of wives and families of the men who are overseas was the subject under discussion at a general meeting of the Patriotic Service Committee, I. O. D. E., held yesterday at the Arcade Building. All members were urged to reserve Friday, September 7, to help in the tag day which is being held on that day in behalf of the work. It was pointed out that something would have to be done immediately to make it possible to supplement the pension allowed by the Government, as in many cases where the circumstances were particularly hard it was quite inadequate to the needs. The public, it is hoped, will respond to the appeal generally.

Among the contributions reported at the meeting was one of \$30 from Miss Mariah Heming, the amount of the collection taken during the two plane recitals by her pupils at the Empress recently. This money was given for the opening of a fund for the widows, orphans and dependents of sailors and soldiers who are in the service. A vote of thanks to Miss Heming was passed by the meeting.

A second contribution reported was \$70 from the captain on the Princess Alice, the sum being the proceeds of a concert given on a recent trip to Skagway for the benefit of the widows and orphans of the sailors and soldiers. The sum of \$129.50 had been handed in by Mrs. Thomson, this being the proceeds of admission fees to the recent exhibition of historic pictures shown at the Girls' Central School through the kindness of Miss Williams, to whom a vote of thanks was passed. A donation of \$5 was reported from Mrs. Neame.

The patriotic sub-committee reported donations from the Camosun and Gonzales Chapters, I. O. D. E.; the ministering circle of the King's Daughters, Miss Lewthwaite's Sewing Party, Mrs. C. Williams, Mrs. Miles, Mrs. Heistermann, Mrs. Parkinson, Mrs. P. Hibben, Mrs. Cummings, Mrs. Mayne, Mrs. Rennie, Mrs. Oldfield, Mrs. Key, Mrs. Oliver and Mrs. Andrew Wright.

The matron sub-committee reported donations from the Macdonald Institute at Guelph, Ont., the thrifit committee in Toronto, Miss Margaret Hanna, a daughter of the Canadian Food Controller, took the course at Macdonald Institute in company with Miss Isabella Horst, and Miss Anna knew very nearly first hand of Miss Watson's abilities for the appointment which she has been given. She is at present in Ottawa with the three other members of the committee drafting food control regulations to be made shortly.

Reaching Campbell River the party went on to Strathcona Park.

Miss M. U. Watson, head of the Macdonald Institute at Guelph, Ont., has been appointed by Mr. Hanna to the thrifit committee in Toronto. Miss Miller, in proposing a vote of thanks to the lecturer, referred to the great value of such a discourse, while Mr. Scholefield informed his audience that the library was for the people of the province, and at any time he would welcome teachers who cared to come down to refer books there. The audience showed their deep appreciation of the kindness shown and of the instructive lecture given.

We have just received an additional shipment of these dainty blouses in which the latest style effects are featured. The models are plain or embroidered, and are made with the new convertible collars. All sizes, at \$5.75 and up.

Gordon Spyrosale LIMITED

728 YATES ST.

Phone 3983

Scurrah's
LimitedCorrect Hats and
Garments for
Women

Mid-Week Display of Suits at Big Reductions



Practically all that is left of our stock of Summer Suits is offered now at actual cost or less. Such a money-saving opportunity as this should on no account be missed.

Navy, Grey and Copenhagen Serge Suits
Beautifully tailored, and trimmed with braid; collars of colored or self silk. Reg. to \$28.50. July Sale \$14.75

Smart Suits in Poplin, Serge and Black Mohair, with hairline stripe. Regular values to \$34.50. July Sale \$18.50

Splendid Quality Serges in navy and black, also taffetas in navy, black and nigger brown. Reg. values to \$39.50. July Sale \$22.75

Distinctive Millinery Modes Much Reduced

Panama Hats—Your choice of three styles. Large, medium or small. Reg. to \$5.75. July Sale \$3.95



Trimmed Hats in a wide variety of dainty styles. All are imported models, and a wide variety of styles and colors are included. Reg. to \$15.00. July Sale \$3.95

PROVINCE'S SOLDIERS ADVERTISING AGENTS

MINISTER OF RAILWAYS UNAWARE OF PROPOSAL

Inquiries Reach Minister of Agriculture From Home-seekers Still in Trenches

That British Columbia soldiers have been acting as advertising agents while performing their grim tasks in the trenches in France is evidenced by the number of applications for information concerning land in British Columbia, which continue to reach Hon. John Oliver, Minister of Agriculture.

For the most part letters received are from Canadian warriors from different parts of the Dominion who have heard so much about the last great West. The almost uniform inquiry is for land available for immediate farming, the desire being shown that, given the land in a fair condition, the soldier will be eager to put in the necessary work to ensure production for profit.

With a view to providing these inquirers with every possible information the Minister has taken the matter up with the Lands Department so that the pamphlet already issued dealing with pre-emptions in British Columbia shall be amplified in such a way as to include the highly important provisions contained in the Land Settlement and Development Act, brought in and placed on the statutes before the adjournment of the present session.

Since the act is substantially concerned with land improvement, clearing, etc., as well as offering special treatment for the returned soldier, the additional information will be extremely valuable to the many men seeking to make their homes in the province.

Not only do these inquiries come from France and from the convalescent hospitals in England, but the discharge officer at Quebec recently wrote to the Minister for as much information as possible relating to the same subject. His object for so doing was to place him in a position to answer the many questions continually being put to him by returning warriors as to agricultural conditions in British Columbia.

Several copies of the Land Settlement and Development Act have already been dispatched to the officer in question, as well as a considerable amount of literature regarding conditions generally in British Columbia. The Minister regards the interest taken in the land question as a good sign, suggesting to his mind that the benefits of the new measure for increased production will be taken full advantage of.

SEVERELY WOUNDED

Private Morton McQueen Hit While Serving with Railway Troops on Western Front

Information was received in the city yesterday that Private Morton McQueen, who left here with the 48th Battalion, has been seriously wounded while serving with Railway troops in France. Private McQueen first of all enlisted in Victoria with the 88th and transferred to the 48th, going overseas with that unit as a drummer. In England he transferred to the 3rd Canadian Pioneers and finally he became drafted into the Railway Corps.

He has had more than twelve months in the battle zone and has seen a good deal of the severe fighting on the western front. He is twenty-four years of age and a native of Scotland. Well-known among a large circle of friends in the city, Private McQueen was farming on the Island when war broke out but answered the call with a number of his chums.

INSPECTION OF THE EXPERIMENTAL FARM

Saanichton Institutes Will Pay Visit to Sidney To-morrow Afternoon

Taking advantage of the fine weather, the South Saanich Women's Institute, and the Farmers' Institute, will pay a visit to-morrow afternoon to the Experimental Farm at Baxen Bay, where they will be received by Professor Stevenson.

The intention is to meet at two o'clock, some going by road, others by rail. The farm is looking in fine shape just now, the visitors who have inspected it from Victoria all testifying to the progress which has been made in the past year or two. The farmers in the party to-morrow will have a special opportunity of seeing the advantage of fall planting, as compared with spring sowing of the cereals in the trial plots.

The progress on the arboretum will also be noted, also the increase in number of the farm buildings, which are being developed as opportunity warrants. The Farm has made material progress since the last occasion upon which the two bodies visited the station.

On August 1, the two institutes, reinforced by the members of the

SOLDIERS' CONVENTION PROGRAMME ARRANGED

Sessions at Parliament Buildings; Premier Brewster and Mayor Todd to Speak

At a special meeting of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association held in the Board Room of the Belmont House last night, President Duggan and Comrade A. W. Webb were elected to represent the local body at the convention to be held in this city on Friday and Saturday, August 3 and 4. Comrades H. W. Hart and J. S. Tait are already members of the provincial executive and will attend the affair in that capacity. Victoria will therefore be represented by four votes.

The ways and means committee reported progress on the programme to be followed out at the convention in the way of entertainment. It is planned so far that a luncheon will be arranged at the Dominion Hotel at 12:30 on Friday and a visit to Pantages in the evening. On the Saturday afternoon an automobile excursion is to be arranged to take in the Saanich peninsula with Resthaven as the rendezvous.

Dinner at the Dominion Hotel, to be followed by a smoking concert will round off the two days' labor of the visiting delegates. It is intended that all returned men, whether claiming membership to the Association or not, will be welcome at the smoker. Advantage will be taken of the event to make all veterans known to each other, a process that will doubtless add many names to the membership roll of the local branch.

Secretary McLennan announced that Premier Brewster had kindly given permission for the convention hall of the Department of Agriculture to be used for the business session. The Premier had also indicated his willingness to address the members of the convention in the form of a welcome. Mayor Todd will extend the welcome to the members of the convention on behalf of the city.

SEVERELY WOUNDED



PRIVATE MORTON MCQUEEN

Who left with the 48th Battalion, has been over a year in the zone.

VICTORIA BOY GASSED



PTE. C. C. JOHNSTON

who left here in 1915 with a draft from the 5th Regiment and transferred to the 15th Battery in England journeying to France with them and spending nearly 38 months in the trenches before his mishap. He is 18 years of age and left the High School but a few weeks before enlisting.

Mission Berries Ripe. The raspberries at Mission are now ripening fast. Large numbers of girls from Vancouver are arriving daily at Mission to help gather the crop. It is said that there will be between \$60 and 1,000 girls on Hatzic Island alone.

Is Buying Land. F. Duby, representing the Emerson sawmill interests at Prince Rupert is busy landing construction material at the site of the mill, Seal Cove. He is putting in a girder, donkey engine and derrick and within a few weeks the erection of the framework of the mill buildings will be well under way.

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Make This Your Cake Shop—

The next time you have a picnic to arrange, come to this well-stocked Bakery for your Cakes. We know that our assortment and our quality will please you. The increasing demand for our products proves it. Prices, too, you will find in every way satisfactory.

**The Yorkshire
Bakery**
640 Yates St. Phone 1929

OUTLINES PLAN OF GENERAL TAXATION RELIEF IN CITY

Mayor Todd's Proposal for an Alleviating Agreement With Delinquents Issued

EXTEND PAYMENTS OVER TEN YEARS

The proposed scheme for tax delinquency relief in the city has been completed by Mayor Todd, and copies of the plan were issued from the Mayor's office to-day to the Aldermen, so that they may be in a position to discuss it next Monday evening.

It deals exclusively with general taxes, the Mayor taking the view that this question can better be treated separately, and that the best course is for the city to take up local improvement delinquency and expropriations at a later date.

Tax Sale First.

The Mayor first recommends a tax sale on October 25 of those properties that are in arrears of taxes for 1912, unless the owners take advantage of the alleviating agreement alluded to below.

Secondly, that a tax sale should be held in the city annually thereafter.

Thirdly, that owners of properties in arrears of taxes, due up to June 30, should be permitted to enter into an alleviating agreement up to December 31 next, conditional to the payment of the annual taxes of 1912 in cash before that date.

The Agreement.

The plan is based largely on this alleviating agreement. Details are outlined for the recital of the necessary information in such agreement for an undertaking by the owner to pay the delinquent taxes within ten years, together with interest, payable annually on September 30. An undertaking is to be made to pay all future taxes and levies.

A provision is made to secure registration of title for the city in case of failure within two years to keep the terms of the agreement.

Provision is made for making principal payments, wholly or in part at any time.

Details are set out for the method of preparing the agreement and for collecting a \$10 fee upon making application for this agreement.

Necessary Legislation.

One section of the plan proposes to ask the Government to pass the necessary legislation at the outset of the August session to give the necessary powers and direct that a scale of fees for registry as set out in the document shall be the rule.

Nothing is to be applied as a barrier to the relief afforded by the War Relief Amendment Act, but if the individual entitled to that protection shall take advantage of the agreement it shall nullify any rights he may have under statute.

If at some future date by referendum vote and approved by the Government, some relief from either local improvement or street expropriation taxation should be secured, the properties shall be entitled to participate on terms set out in the document.

Copies of the plan were sent out to the Inspector of Municipalities, City Alderman, the Board of Trade, the Civic Retirement Association, the Real Estate Exchange and similar bodies to-day.

Waste of Fruit. Not for many years has there been brought to the packing houses in the Summerland district enough a large number of unsalable, immatured cherries as this year. One official has estimated that there will be a 15 per cent loss of the possible crop because of this. This includes the loss due to picking before the fruit reached fullest size. At the packing houses the culling has been very heavy. Several reasons are suggested, but in every case much of the responsibility is placed on the packing houses for not advising the growers just when to bring in the different varieties. The employing of inexperienced pickers, an endeavor to keep in advance of the rapidly maturing fruit, due to the hot weather, and fear that rain might come and spoil the crop, are probable explanations for the premature gathering of the fruit.



He'll Be Happy When He Gets This

Whether "Jim" is on a man-of-war or in a trench, he's going to have long-lasting enjoyment and a lot of benefit from

WRIGLEY'S

The Famous Chewing Gum

**Chew It after
every meal**



Made in Canada

It's one of the outstanding features of the war—this great pick-me-up, with its tonic effect on stomach and nerves. Are you using it? If not, you are missing a big comfort.



The Flavour Lasts

and commerce of the nation as a whole.

While in Victoria the Council will be met by a representative body of Victoria's business and professional men who will lay before the visitors the needs of the province, and especially Vancouver Island, for a greater use of raw materials, more adequate technical education and for the establishing of a Government Research Laboratory. The evidence that will be presented will deal directly with the possibilities for conservation of waste and a resulting degree of advancement commercially by making use of natural products, that are at the present time a complete loss. The need of facilities for technical education, that skilled labor may be available for the working of the province's industries, will also be considered.

As the greatest mining country of the Dominion the necessity of establishing a Government Research Laboratory will be laid before the Council. Such an institution would tend to a speedy advancement of the industry, with which much of the future commercial prosperity of the province is linked.

THE VICTORIA NO. 2 BUILDING SOCIETY.
THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING of the above Society will be held at the Secretary's Office, 325 Broughton Street, at 8 p.m. on Friday, the 25th of July, 1917, to receive the Auditor's Report, the Secretary's Report and Financial Statement, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The holding of the 36th Drawing for an Appropriation Fund.

See that your Shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. GEORGE FLINT,
Secretary.

FRUIT GROWERS' ASSN. ALARMED BY AUSTRALIA

COMMISSION ASKED TO REMAIN LONGER

Commonwealth Contemplating an Embargo on Importation of Canadian Apples

A wire reached the Hon. John Oliver this morning from the British Columbia Fruit-Growers' Association, stating that it had come to the knowledge of that body that the Australian Government had in contemplation the placing of the reception that will be tendered the members of the Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research.

It was held in the Board of Trade rooms this morning.

The matter was represented to the Minister as one of grave urgency in view of considerable arrangements having already been made with regard to shipments from this province during the coming season.

In view of the serious situation which would arise in the event of the proposed intention of the Australian Government assuming definite shape, the Minister of Agriculture took the matter in hand immediately by wiring to Australia and also to the Dominion Government, since the matter is more one of Federal concern rather than a provincial matter.

It is expected that the Dominion Government will take steps at once; the question is also being taken up at Ottawa by the Fruit-Growers' Association, on the suggestion of Hon. Mr. Oliver.

New Ferry Service. The new ferry service to connect Lulu and Sea Islands over the North Arm at Richmond will be inaugurated early this week. The ferry will consist of a large scow propelled by a tugboat. The gang of men working on bridge repairs has been used these last few days in building ships and otherwise preparing for the ferry. Delay in securing new bridge timbers may keep the bridge closed for some time.

HOUSES BUILT AT \$16 per Month and Upwards

Subscribe to the Patriotic Fund

D. H. BALE

Corner Fort and Stadacona Ave.

Phone 1140

THE TIMES FIRST ANNUAL AMATEUR AD-WRITING CONTEST



Is Your Laundry Done Under the Most Modern, Healthful Conditions?

What words would you use in an ad if you wanted to drive home the fact of the awful danger of tuberculosis and other kindred evils that confront the average Victoria mother who sends her laundry to a place where uncleanly conditions prevail? Can you explain to Victoria mothers how the health and very existence of her children are at stake?

And can you also point out the advantages of a laundry where pure air and sunlight are always welcome, where **ALL-WHITE HELP** do the laundering under most sanitary conditions, and where the most modern processes that human ingenuity can devise result not only in absolutely clean, sweet-smelling clothes, but also complete sterilization that for ever banishes all danger of disease? For the best ad we will give an order for

\$5 Worth of Laundry
Victoria Steam Laundry

943 North Park

Phone 172



THE ROAD TO ECONOMY
Leads to the
People's Groceria
NO FRILLS

That is Why Cash-and-Carry Prices Are the Very, Very Lowest
NO
COSTLY DELIVERY SYSTEM
AUTOMOBILES AND DRIVERS
CREDIT DEPARTMENT
COLLECTORS
C. O. D.'S
BAD ACCOUNTS
TELEPHONE ORDERS

This means that we save YOU many, many dollars every month.

QUICK SERVICE
At the Groceria you help yourself, pay your bill and your shopping is done. What could be quicker?

These are some of the advantages of a Groceria System. Write an ad which you think conveys some of the greatest advantages of this system. For the best one submitted we will give

\$5.00 of Groceries
People's Groceria

749 and 751 Yates Street



Clothes That Count!

O'Connell's store leads in the Quality of its Men's Furnishings, in the Reasonableness of its Prices, and in the kind of Service that makes permanent customers.

Call and inspect our stock, and then write an ad that you think best expresses the ideas that we wish to convey.

For the best suggestion we will give

A FIVE-DOLLAR HAT

O'Connell's Limited
MEN'S OUTFITTERS

1117 Government

Phone 2012

VALUABLE PRIZES ARE OFFERED



THE TIMES to-day inaugurates its first annual amateur Ad-Writing Contest. It offers a unique opportunity for amateur ad-writers to win valuable prizes, particulars of which are announced on this and the next page.

Most of the Victoria merchants write their own ad copy, either personally or through the directed efforts of their employees. They are good ads, too, and, through the medium of The Times, produce splendid results. But the trouble is that a man who is continually writing upon the same subject is apt to get into a groove from which it is very hard to get away.

The merchants who are advertising on this page are after new ideas. An article may be the best of its kind in the world, but if it is not advertised properly, or if its advantages are not intelligently set forth so that the buying public will read and understand, it is very frequently a commercial failure. The Victoria merchants have a great many valuable ideas with regard to advertising, but there may be others that they have not thought of.

More than that, the Victoria merchants wish to know exactly what the buying public think of their stores and the goods they sell—in other words, they want to get the viewpoint of their customers. Read these pages carefully, find out who is offering prizes in connection with the contest, study the various stores carefully and the stocks they carry, and then write an ad which you think is best suited to the particular store you may select. You may write an ad for one store, or you may write an ad for each store. Contestants should bear in mind that the prize-winning advertisements need not be flowery, but should be practical ads that will be of value to the merchants.



\$5.00 For a Short Ad
We Will Pay The Sum of \$5.00

To the person writing the best advertisement, subject to conditions as appear on this page.

Call and inspect our modern, up-to-date Laundry and see how cleanly and efficiently we do our work, and then write an ad which in your opinion will fill the bill.

"Our Motto: "Quality and Service."

New Method Laundry, Ltd

1015-17 North Park St. L. D. McLean, Manager
Phone 2300
Down-Town Branch 1115 Douglas Street



Cash Buyers Are Cash Savers
At Kirkham's

A FEW REASONS WHY.
We are able to sell and deliver goods to your home at the lowest prices in Victoria.
OUR CASH SYSTEM does away with the expense of keeping a costly credit department. We have no collectors, no extra book-keepers and NO BAD ACCOUNTS.

OUR BUYING CAPACITY—We buy in huge quantities and therefore get many concessions from the wholesale merchant and manufacturers. These concessions we GIVE to our customers.

OUR MANY DEPARTMENTS under one roof and paying one rental we sell most things a housewife wants from a kitchen Range to a bar of Soap, Coffee, Tea, Groceries, Drugs, Meat, Hardware, Vegetables, Fruit, etc.

OUR USE OF COPPER COINAGE enables us to sell at the lowest price. Here you do not pay 15c for an 11c article.
Write an ad which you think conveys all the advantages of this store in the most telling form, and for the best one submitted we will give

\$5.00 Merchandise

H. O. Kirkham & Co., Ltd.
Corner Fort and Government



Have You Tried Your Hand at Ad-Writing?

You have an immense number of subjects for your ad ideas if you look over our stock—bewildering variety.

This store is the store par excellence of the shoe buyer. Never before have the citizens of Victoria been able to buy their shoes at so low a cost or with the acquisition of so much shoe comfort.

We believe that some of The Times readers could produce an advertisement which would materially aid in driving this fact home, and we are willing to give a

\$5 Cash Prize

to the writer whose ad we consider the most useful. You will, of course, need to inspect our stock.

STEWART'S

The Dependable Shoe Store

1321 Douglas St.

DIRT AND DISEASE OR CLEANLINESS AND HAPPINESS?

Some mothers of Victoria take great pains in seeing that their homes are absolutely clean and that their meals are cooked under the most approved conditions, but thoughtlessly place their own lives, and those of their children, in danger by sending their laundry to places where dirt and disease are ever present.

Can you write an ad which will adequately convey to the mothers of Victoria the awful risk they run by these methods, and at the same time tell them the advantages of dealing with a laundry such as ours, where the most modern appliances and sanitary conditions are the rule?

For the best ad we will give

\$5.00 in Cash
Standard Steam Laundry, Ltd.

841 View Street

Phone 1017

THE TIMES FIRST ANNUAL AMATEUR AD-WRITING CONTEST



Simpler Than the
Rule of Three!

UNCOMMON CLOTHES



AN EXACT FIT



HIGH-GRADE QUALITY



PERSONAL, PAINSTAKING
SERVICE



COMMON PRICES



UNBOUNDED SATISFACTION

Can you write a better ad than this? Five dollars' worth of merchandise in our store will be awarded for the best ad submitted.

F. A. GOWEN

MEN'S WEAR

1107 Government Street

Phone 473



Music in The Home

Makes home life trebly worth living. It helps to drive dull care away, binds in a closer relationship the various members of the family, and casts a rosy hue over the sombre surroundings of life.

The Fletcher store in this respect is the family's best friend. You will say so after you have inspected and heard our Columbia Grafonolas and Records, Pianos, Organs, etc. Our elaborate stock of Sheet Music suits every need.

For the best ad applicable to our store we will give goods from our stock to the value of

\$5.00

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House

1121 GOVERNMENT ST. AND 607 VIEW ST.

In the New Spencer Building

Also at Vancouver



You Can Get It at
HARVEY'S
The Red Arrow Store

No matter what you desire in Men's Furnishings, we can fill the bill from our extensive stock.

Have you ever thought of what **CLOTHES COMFORT** really means? Ill-fitting clothes are never economical. Their cost is really money thrown away. Clothes that are low-priced, but of high-grade quality—clothes that really fit, no matter what your size or shape—clothes that look well and wear well—these are our specialty.

Call and inspect our big stock. See what we have to offer. Then write an ad. which you think adequately expresses the advantages of dealing with us. For the best ad. we will give an order for

—Five Dollars' Worth of—
Merchandise at Our Store

J. N. HARVEY, LTD.

614 Yates

An Extra Cash Prize of \$10.00 Offered

THE TIMES will give an extra cash prize of \$10.00 for the advertisement which in its opinion is the best of all advertisements submitted.

Professional ad-writers, and employees of newspapers or printing offices, are not eligible to compete. Advertisements for the various firms must be in The Times office by noon on Saturday, August 4th, and the prize-winning ads will appear on Tuesday, August 7th.

DO NOT FORGET: Send or bring each ad to The Times office. Enclose it in an envelope, marked "Ad-Writing Contest." Study carefully the conditions. Visit each store, if possible.

The Winning Ads Will Occupy Exactly the Same Amount of Space As These First Ads

Boot Satisfaction at the Bootery

Bootery for Foot Comfort

Only Satisfied Customers

Overwhelming Superiority of Service

Tell Your Friends About Us

Sizes for All Foot Shapes.

You can no doubt write a far better ad than this. Call and inspect our stock. See what we have to offer. For the ad that best illustrates our store, and its exceptional stock and service, we will give

\$5.00 Pair of Shoes

THE BOOTERY

1111 Government Street



When You Buy Drugs

You naturally do not want to buy a thousand impurities along with them. YOU MUST HAVE THEM PURE. This store, then, is the one you are looking for. We specialize on Pure Drugs—drugs, moreover, that are absolutely fresh. No stale Drugs are carried on our shelves from year to year. That is one reason for our success.

There are other special features of our store—our Prescription Department, where we give you exactly what the doctor orders; our fine lines of Toilet Articles, Kodaks and Films, etc.—not to forget our Soda Fountain, with our famous home-made Ice Cream.

Write an ad putting into proper form these and many other advantages this store has to offer, and for the best one submitted we will give an order for

\$5 Worth of Goods From Our Stock

Ivel's Pharmacy

Corner Douglas and View

Phones 2963, 25190



Not the Most Expensive But the BEST

Do not judge the quality of Shoes by the price ticket, but consider the reputation of the firm with whom you are doing business. We value our customers' opinion first, and therefore cheerfully invite inspection of our stock.

For the best ad which puts in a practical form the advantages of our store, we will give

Pair of Shoes, Value \$5.00

MAYNARD'S

Boots and Shoes

649 Yates Street

The Store Where Quality and Price Shake Hands

"54 Years of Integrity"

Men's Wear for discriminating, critical customers—clothes that are different—clothes that are reasonably priced, but yet have that Style-Quality that put them in a class by themselves.

These are the Clothes you can obtain at our store. They have distinguishing features that it is impossible to obtain elsewhere.

Write an ad that will drive home forcefully the Style, Quality, Service and other advantages that this store has to offer. For the best ad we will give

\$5.00 in Cash

W. & J. Wilson

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS
Government Street and Trounce Avenue

Chocolates and Candies De Luxe

"Homade" Chocolates and Candies are not an experiment. They are household words with discriminating candy-lovers—those citizens who like the toothsome, delicious, appealing kind.

They are made in Victoria, too—another argument in their favor. They contain no substitutes, no artificial flavors—nothing but the most pure, wholesome and high-grade ingredients.

Can you write an ad that you think best describes their appealing properties? For the best ad we will give

**A \$2.50 Box of
Chocolates**

You will not, of course, forget the famous Fountain at the Yates Street store, and all the good things that go with it.

STEVENSON'S

1119 Douglas

725 Yates



Shoes That Fit!

Do you fully realize what foot comfort really means? A cheap pair of shoes may be sold at an attractive price, but all the money in the world will not compensate you if your feet are ruined as a result.

It will pay you to deal at a dependable shoe store where the widest range of patterns and sizes is carried, and where the policy is NOT to unload on you the first pair of shoes you happen to see, but to examine your feet carefully, offer you advice and suggestions as to the kind best suited to your requirements—in other words, to give you

**THE BEST KIND OF SHOE SERVICE—
THE SERVICE THAT TELLS**

How would you carry out this idea in an ad., or any other idea applicable to this store? For the best ad. submitted we will give a

**Pair of Ladies'
\$6.00 Boots**

Watson's Shoe Store

635 Yates St.

SPORTING NEWS

WELL-KNOWN OFFICER WRITES FROM FRONT

RED CROSS TOURNEY TO BE BIGGEST YET

REDS UNDER MATTY HAND FANS A-JOLT

Major Nicholson Tells of Sporting Achievements of Former 67th Boys

Major George Nicholson, whom Victorians will remember as a prominent sportsman and official in amateur circles before and shortly after the outbreak of the war, up till the time when he took out a commission in the 67th Battalion has written home from the front and gives some interesting information concerning well-known athletes formerly of the 67th who now are members of the 5th Kootenay Battalion.

"This battalion," says Major Nicholson, "has just won its brigade championship in baseball, football and horseback wrestling and at time of writing is playing the finals of the divisional championship."

In the baseball team are several well-known Victoria boys who were in the 67th. "Yannie" McGregor, H. G. McIlroy, C. T. James, Art Menard, Pete Campbell and Neave, Capt. B. McDiarmid plays on both the baseball and football teams.

The two teams are managed by Lieut. W. Tobias, a well-known Winnipegger, who was drafted to the 5th from a Western Universities Battalion. Major George Nicholson is still taking the same fatherly interest in sports as he always did, himself making quite a "come-back" at the last brigade sports by winning the 80-yard dash. Major A. B. Carey, the battalion commander, shows the keenest interest in sports, giving the greatest encouragement to all games and amusement.

"Among the other 67th boys helping to hold down the sporting end of the 5th now are Eddie Parsons in boxing and G. Hazell, the runner, both well-known in meets at the Willows. Amongst the officers and other ranks of this Kootenay battalion are many prominent athletes, and the battalion easily holds the brigade championships in everything but tug-of-war, which is and forever will be held by the 72nd of Vancouver, who can pull any team in France."

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At New York	R. H. E.
Pittsburgh	2 9 2
New York	6 10 1
Batteries-Miller, Steele and Fisher, Perritt, Anderson and Hariden, At Boston	R. H. E.
Chicago	3 6 1
Boston	0 6 0
Batteries-Hendrix and Dilhoefer, Tyler and Treasurer	R. H. E.
At Philadelphia	5 10 3
St. Louis	0 4 3
Philadelphia	0 4 3
Batteries-Meadows and Snyder, Gonzales, Alexander, Oeschger and Killinger, At Brooklyn	R. H. E.
Cincinnati	6 11 2
Brooklyn	5 7 4
Batteries-Regan, Ring, Eller and Wingo, Cheney, Coombs and Miller	

AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Washington	R. H. E.
Overton	1 3 1
Washington	2 2 1
Batteries-Covalek, Lambeth and Billings, Johnson and Almuth	

COAST LEAGUE

At Salt Lake	5
(first game)-Vernon	5
Salt Lake	4 (Second game)-Vernon
Salt Lake	5
At San Francisco-San Francisco	6
Oakland	4

MISKE WINS BY K.O.

New York, July 25.—Billy Miske, of St. Paul, knocked out Joe Bond, of Denver, in the second round of a ten-round match in Brooklyn last night. Miske knocked Bonds down in the first round after giving him a bad beating. In the second round Bond was floored with a right to the jaw for the count. Miske weighed 176 pounds and Bonds 180.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.75 per dozen.

Lemp's Beer

Is Unrivalled for Purity, Palatableness and Digestive Qualities

BREWING OF BEER
TO BE INCREASED

Chancellor of Exchequer Announces Permission to Add One-Third of Amount for This Quarter.

London, July 5.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons to-day that the Government had decided to permit the brewer during the quarter ending September 30 next of an additional amount of beer not exceeding 33 1/3 per cent. of the amount allowed for that quarter.

This action is taken, according to the greater consumption during the summer months and the difficulties caused by shortages in large centres of population and in the countries where crops are being harvested.

WHOLESALE AGENTS
Pither & Leiser, Limited
Victoria

Vancouver, B.C.

UNION CLUB EASY VICTIMS OF NAVY

Match at Work Point Yesterday Very One-Sided and Equally Enjoyable

CRICKETERS DECIDE TO HOLD TOURNAMENT

Event in Aid of Red Cross; Entries From Seattle and Vancouver

OUR LETTER BOX

Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written. The longer an article the more it costs of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for MSS. submitted to the Editor.

INFORMATION FOR TOURISTS.

To the Editor:—I notice in your issue of to-day Mr. Best's Soliloquy for Tourists obtaining information about Victoria's early history, and I may say that on my arrival here I also lamented the lack of easily obtainable records and interesting data, and I mentioned the matter to our Provincial Librarian, Mr. Scholfield, who is a veritable treasury of such knowledge. As a result I ventured to write the little booklet, "All About Victoria," which is now issued in a 25 cents edition, and I have hoped that it would supply what I was told to be a long-felt need.

If Mr. Best would kindly read this book he might tell me if it gives the information for tourists that he desires and, if it does, perhaps he could suggest how I can better extend its circulation than by the ordinary method of having it on sale at stationers and other city shops. I am an enthusiastic admirer of Victoria and the researches I was obliged to make, as a newcomer, in order to write about it only added to my enthusiasm, while affording me and my wife, who made the sketches, the greatest pleasure.

ALFRED EMBERSON,
July 23.



University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place, Canada in 1916 at the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canadian Navy, R. C. C. Surveyors' Preliminary, Cadet Corps and Shooting, Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Christmas Term commences Wednesday, September 5, 1917.
Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.).
Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University).
For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

STRATHCONA PARK.

To the Editor:—One would expect reliable information from an organization bearing the title "Victoria and Island Development Association," yet in a recent publication by this Association we find:

Strathcona Park—"This new National Park is now made accessible for the first time, etc." It is reached by the roadway between the coast at Campbell River and Buttle's Lake (the main feature of the park), only a dozen miles have been completed, the remainder being as yet only a "pack-trail."

As a matter of fact there is not one mile of road or highway within thirty miles of the park. Of the forty miles of projected roadway between the coast at Campbell River and Buttle's Lake, only three miles have been completed, the remainder being as yet only a "pack-trail."

Another paragraph of the same publication states that "the lakes and streams in the park abound with trout and salmon." Of course there are trout in reasonable numbers to be had, but every one must know that salmon are not caught in any of the chain of lakes between Campbell River and Buttle's Lake.

W. F. BEST.

July 24.

TAXATION AND FARMS.

To the Editor:—Writing under the above heading, your correspondent Mr. Edgar Fawcett is entirely wrong in his premise.

The super-tax is not a war tax or in any sense occasioned thereby. It is an imposition to make good the funds required in the provincial treasury, which is left destitute when the Bowser Government retired.

The providing of revenue to carry on, therefore, is a provincial necessity and the main complaint against the super-tax is that it has been placed on one section of the community and not on the whole community as it should have been.

Residents in organized districts—farmers and residents—contribute no share in providing the food, while the farms in rural districts have their ordinary tax exactly doubled.

The remainder of Mr. Fawcett's arguments in so far as they refer to produce are the outcome of ignorance affecting the source of food supply in the particular items he mentions. It is a very limited quantity of the beef, mutton, etc., which is sold in Victoria that is or can be raised locally, and prices for what local produce there is, is entirely governed by outside market conditions. It is very easy to say that meat was selling at such and such a price a year ago and is twice that now. Are not grain and milk feed more than double the rates obtaining at the time he refers to, while labor costs on the farms are equally enhanced? Mr. Fawcett can take it from me that when the farmer here has bought the feed necessary to produce the beef and mutton, has paid the standard rate mentioned for labor, and has met his interest and taxes on the land, the prices now obtaining for farm produce in Victoria market do not yield him any return to encourage him to continue production.

I hope Professor Prince's ideas will be put into practice, and vast quantities of fish which are not popular could be made into an excellent dried product, a kind of fish pemmican, for which a great demand would I am sure, be rapidly created, if placed on the market.

Boneless and shredded cod have become widely used in recent years, and a British Columbia fish flour would be a welcome addition to our war menu, and could be served up in a variety of forms for table use.

Professor Prince's views are most opportune.

H. N.

July 23.

UTILIZATION OF OUR FISH.

To the Editor:—I was greatly interested in the views upon our wasted fishery resources by Professor Prince, the Dominion Commissioner of Fisheries, which you published yesterday.

We have not fully appreciated what vast stores of food are obtainable from our waters. The subject is of extreme importance to the whole Empire, and I cannot conceive of anything more vital than putting to use, as Professor Prince urges, the valuable food fish, which are not popular or fashionable on our tables.

The production of shredded fish or dried fish flour strikes me as a specially good suggestion. We know how universal in the prairie provinces was buffalo pemmican, or dried and ground or powdered meat. It was so convenient to carry, ready for use in a variety of ways, and most nutritious and sustaining. When the buffalo disappeared dried pemmican was still made, but the flesh of other animals was used. In remote places at the present time pemmican is made of moose meat, deer meat, beef, etc.

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Professor Prince's views are most opportune.

H. N.

July 24.

BASEBALL RECORDS

COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
San Francisco	46	52	.482
Salt Lake City	53	47	.527
Los Angeles	56	51	.527
Portland	50	51	.495
Oakland	51	55	.468
Vernon	44	61	.467

Total Naval XI

R. B. Peat, b Stanton

A. R. Armitage, b Stanton

S. T. Hankey, b Stanton

L. H. Major, b Turrell

D. Gillespie, b Stanton

R. H. Pooley, b w. b Stanton

F. Lewis, not out

A. Coles, b Turrell

C. P. Currell, Major

J. E. Ridout, b Green

W. H. Spalding, b Green

Extras 9

Total 38

National XI

R. B. Peat, b Major

A. R. Armitage, b Major

S. T. Hankey, b Major

L. H. Major, run out

D. Gillespie, b Major

F. Lewis, b Major

A. Coles, b Major

C. P. Currell, Major

J. E. Ridout, b Major

W. H. Spalding, b Major

Extras 9

Total 38

National XI

R. B. Peat, b Armitage

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Alleged Profits of The William Davies Company in 1916 on Bacon, as Indicated by Department of Labor to be Five Cents per Pound, Untrue: Actual Profits Two-Thirds of a Cent Per Pound

THE statement issued by the Department of Labor concerning the business of The William Davies Company Limited has been given widespread circulation throughout the country and provoked public unrest.

Whatever the technical wording of the report was, the effect has been that the newspapers have published that "the profits on Bacon alone" of this Company "for 1916" were about "five millions of dollars." This interpretation of the official report is not surprising in view of certain statements that the Commissioner of the Cost of Living makes. The Commissioner is reported as saying that "There were two individual cases of profiteering in 1916 and that had these cases occurred since the passage of the cost of living Order-In-Council, he would consider it his duty to recommend that the facts be laid before the Attorney-General for consideration as to their criminality." The situation created by such erroneous and damaging statements is serious as emanating from a Government official, from whom one looks for not only accurate statements but correct conclusions.

The William Davies Company, being a private concern, has followed the practice of all private corporations, except when it made a bond issue in 1911, in that it has not published reports of its assets and liabilities or profit and loss. The present circumstance, however, in which a Government Official has led the public to false conclusions, makes it advisable for this Company, for both the public interest and its own interest, to publish particulars of its business as well as point out the error of the statement of the Government Official.

For the last fiscal year ending March 27th, 1917, The William Davies Company bought and killed 1,043,000 head of Live Stock (Cattle, Hogs and Sheep). This, plus purchases of outside Meats, produced 160,000,000 pounds of Meats. The Company handled 6,550,000 pounds of Butter and Cheese, 5,650,000 dozens of Eggs, and manufactured 26,500,000 tins of Canned Goods. The net profits on these were .68 cents (or two-thirds of a cent) per pound on meats, 1.04 cents on Butter and Cheese, 1.04 cents per dozen on Eggs, and .47 cents (or slightly less than one-half a cent) per tin on Canned Goods. These profits include profits on all By-Products derived from these accounts.

During the year the Company served at its retail stores 7,500,000 customers, the average purchase of each customer was 35c, and the net profit upon each sale was 5-8 of 1 cent. The turnover of the Company from all its operations for the last fiscal year ending March 27th, 1917, was \$40,000,000. The net percentage of profit upon this turnover, after deducting war tax, was 1.69 per cent., or including war tax 3.45 per cent.

The William Davies Company has assets of \$13,385,000, of which \$3,865,000 is tied up in fixed investments.

To provide the necessary facilities for the increased volume of business, the Company expended \$750,000 in buildings and equipment during the year.

Companies of other character present no more reasonable statement of profit and loss based upon the investments made in the business.

The William Davies Company offered to the Imperial authorities, as well as to the War Office Service (which represents the Imperial authorities in Canada) to place the output of its Factory with respect to Bacon supplies, Canned Beef and Pork and Beans at the service of the authorities, on the basis of cost plus an agreed percentage. These offers were successively declined as the authorities evidently desired to purchase in the open market, and on this basis The William Davies Company has secured War Office business by open competition with the world.

Respecting the Report of the Commissioner on the Cost of Living:

Last Winter the Commissioner, under authority of Order-in-Council, required packers to submit statements under oath for some years back and up to December 1st, 1916, of incoming stocks of Meats and the cost of such, as well as statements of outgoing product and the selling value. This Company represented in writing at the time that the information as specifically required was not in accordance with Packing House Accounting methods, and invited the Commissioner to send an Officer to the Head Office of the Company to examine the books for any information desired, and to secure a viewpoint as to the best way of collecting data which would be of use to the Government. This offer was declined, and there was nothing to do but fill in the information required as literally as we could determine it. For example, there was no recognition of the fact that a raw product may enter a factory under a specific classification and leave the factory as a finished product under some other classification.

We submitted a series of accurate figures based upon our interpretation of the official requirements which made no provision for charges of any description other than incoming freight and unloading charges to be included in the cost or to be deducted from the selling price. There was nothing in the report which could be read so as to determine a profit and loss statement. The very fact that with only a statement based upon cost of raw products and value of sales in Great Britain a Government Official has deduced "Large margins," "Profiteering" and "Criminality" if it had occurred since the passage of a recent Act, shows too dangerous a trifling and incapacity to be permitted to deal with any important situation. The statements of this Company have been treated by the author of this report as if the outgoing product was identical with the incoming product, and from the series of reports he has singled out two items—the Bacon and Egg reports—and from them deduced an erroneous "margin" which the newspapers have interpreted as "profit." The author of the inquiry shows a

strange lack of even a fundamental knowledge of simple bookkeeping and a dangerous inability to co-ordinate figures. The following are specific and outstanding errors in the report:

The principal item that is causing excitement deals with cold storage Bacon. The term "cold-storage" is not defined, and the public is allowed to make its own definitions. As all Bacon in a packing house is under refrigeration it is really all cold-storage, and therefore this Company's figures of cold-storage Bacon represent the complete quantity of Bacon handled in its entire Plant, whether in freezers or in process of cure for immediate shipment. That some Companies interpreted cold-storage product as "freezer" product only is evidenced by the smallness or entire lack of figures on the Bacon list for some Plants, indicating that many Firms did not submit statements of their complete stocks, as did this Company. An Officer of this Company pointed out this cold-storage distinction to Mr. O'Connor and Miss McKenna in Ottawa a few weeks ago, and the failure to make the distinction after having had it pointed out evidences lack of desire for accuracy of the real information desired.

It is true The William Davies Company, in 1916, exported 97,791,000 pounds of Bacon, but we do not know how the margin of 5.05 cents per pound is arrived at by Mr. O'Connor, as there were no figures to justify such a conclusion. The probabilities are that the margin is arrived at by taking the average cost per pound of incoming product from the average selling price per pound of outgoing product. This may be a rough way of estimating the gross margin when dealing with small figures, but when dealing with figures the size that Mr. O'Connor has to deal with, a very small fraction of a cent per pound of error makes a very important difference in the total, and one must be careful to make sure that the outgoing product is the same finished merchandise of the incoming product reported on.

Allowing it to pass, however, as a rough esti-

mate, we wish to point out—(first)—the inquiry of the Commissioner allowed only for incoming freight and unloading charges, and made no provision whatsoever for operating charges of any kind, such as labor, curing materials, refrigeration, et cetera. Such actual charges on the 97,791,000 pounds exported were \$1,162,000—or 1.2 cents per pound. This amount covered all charges up to the point of placing the Bacon on cars f.o.b. packing-house. In addition to this was the actual cost to land and sell this 97,791,000 pounds in England after leaving the packing house, which involved charges of 2.9 cents per pound—or \$2,836,000. This 2.9 cents per pound included inland and ocean freight, landing charges, war and marine insurance, cables, and selling commission to agents. The ocean freight and war risk alone would make up 2.4 cents of the charge of 2.9 cents per pound. This 1.2 cents, plus 2.9 cents—a total of 4.1 cents—must be deducted from Mr. O'Connor's margin of 5.05 cents per pound, leaving a margin of .95 cents, or slightly less than a cent per pound, which still has to be reduced because of the error of premises and because of further factors which have to be considered to determine net profits.

It is quite evident some of the other packers did not show selling values in the country, in which the goods were sold—a proceeding quite proper, as the forms submitted to be filled in were indefinite and ambiguous, thus permitting without charge of evasion a variety of interpretation as to the information required. It is thus possible that of all the figures submitted by the different packers that no two sets of costs and sales prices are determined at the same common point. It is this difference of interpretation of what was required that accounts for the difference of the alleged "margin" made by the different companies. Common conclusions, however, have been drawn by the author of the report from varying bases of premises.

The figures of the Egg business were submit-

ted on the same basis as Bacon, and similar deductions must be made.

(Second)—The above margin is further reduced in that the author of this inquiry singled out the Bacon figures as an item in which the selling price shows an alleged improper advance over cost, but he did not give us credit for the statements of other products, of which figures were submitted, the selling prices of which were under cost. The reason of this was that through failure to inquire the Department entirely overlooked the fact that product may come in as pork and, through the process of manufacture, go out as Bacon, or, in another instance, enter the factory as beef and go out in the form of canned meats; for example: much of the product which came in as pork, and which was entered on the pork sheet submitted to the Commissioner—about which he makes no mention—was cured and left the factory in the form of Bacon, and was, therefore, entered on the outgoing side of the Bacon sheet—the result is that the Bacon sales are increased by this amount over the incoming stocks of Bacon, and, likewise, the sheet showing sales of pork is reduced by the amount that went out in the form of Bacon. If the Department takes one set of figures that show favorable to the Company they should take another set of figures that show unfavorable, as the principle in either case is the same, and failure to do so looks as if the author of the report was exercising more enthusiasm than sound judgment in his investigations.

(Third)—It is queried in the report, that "if the margin of 3.47 cents," alleged to have been made in 1915, "was satisfactory, why was it necessary to show increased margin in 1916?" Assuming again for the moment the soundness of the premises in asking such a question based on an erroneous "margin," it will be found that the increased margin is chiefly absorbed in increased ocean freight rates and war risk insurance in 1916, of which apparently the author of the report was in ignorance.

The Company does not challenge either the legal or moral right of the Government to investigate business enterprises when public interest directs such an investigation should be made. If an investigation of the packing and meat business is ordered, the Company will place at the disposal of the Government not only the data it would be required to supply under Order-in-Council directing that inquiry be made, but will place the experience of its officers at the disposal of the investigating committee, if it is considered they can render any service which will be of value. The Company has not now—not at any time during the fifty years of its operation—anything to conceal in method or practice of carrying on its business. It does, however, claim the right to conduct its export business without abusive comment from Government civil servants—especially when the conclusions drawn from the data asked for are improper and false.

One of Canada's chief export industries is the packing business. It is essential to the live stock industry, and, along with other export industries, it maintains the financial stability of this country and should, providing it is on a sound basis, receive encouragement and not slanderous abuse. In view of the publicity given to the report of the Commissioner on the cost of living, the Company demands the same publicity in having an official Government investigation of this report to determine the truthfulness or untruthfulness of its conclusions. We do not seek public consideration as a company, but we do say that untrue official statements, or statements the effect of which is to create an untrue, adversely affect the live stock industry of this country, which is so valuable and essential a wealth-producing power and, in the long run, are harmful to the very people that the statement seeks to benefit.

If the passing out of existence of a corporation such as The William Davies Company, or if nationalization of packing houses would materially and permanently reduce food prices, then in view of the present world tragedy it ought to be consummated without delay. The fact of the matter is, however, that with millions of people in Europe turning from producers into consumers because of war, and the tremendous destruction of food products incident to war, there is no remedy for the high prices of food while such conditions last, except the remedy of thrift and increase of production.

Long before there was talk of a Food Controller in the United States or Canada The William Davies Company urged the Government at Ottawa, in writing, to appoint a Food Controller with full power to do what he saw fit, as we realized at that time the upward tendency in the price of food commodities unless checked by official effort. At the most a great deal cannot be done in reducing food prices while currency is inflated and until the scale of prices of all kinds of commodities declines also. What can be done can only be done by a Food Controller. We wish to point out that nothing at all can be accomplished unless the data secured are accurately and clearly made and the deductions therefrom sound. Only public harm arises from dangerous incompetency in the haphazard collection and careless use of important figures.

As far as The William Davies Company is concerned this terminates all public statements of the Company, and it will pay no more attention to speculative and haphazard statements made either by newspapers or civil servants. The only further statement that will be made will be at an official investigation.

E. C. FOX, General Manager
THE WILLIAM DAVIES COMPANY, LIMITED

VICTORIA LIBERALS CALLED TO MEETING

Matter of Representation at
Winnipeg to Be Decided
To-morrow.

A special meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association will be held in the Association's rooms, Arcade Building, at 8 o'clock to-morrow evening. The chief business for disposal will be that of representation at the forthcoming great Liberal Convention to be held in Winnipeg on August 7 and 8.

It is understood that each provincial constituency will be entitled to representation at the convention by four delegates. It will therefore be necessary for the Victoria Liberal Association to decide on its programme at once, and to select its delegates to Winnipeg.

The President asks that all Liberals make a special endeavor to be present at to-morrow night's gathering in view of the great importance of representation at the main event.

DUNFORD'S SPECIAL
Dairy business going concern,
about forty cows, prize bull,
horses, wagons, automobile, new
and up-to-date stables, garage
with large bulk tanks, showing
good profits. Price complete,
\$17,000, or will take prairie farm
land as part payment.
DUNFORD'S, Union Bank Building,
Phone 452.

Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:
161, 230, 288, 354, 452, 678, 755, 814, 857, 841,
914, 956, 984, 985, 1022, 1024, 1025, 1086, 1104,
1436, 1453. Security.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

EDGONIOMISTS.—Gen. Wood, of the United States army, says that married men are "better" fighters than single men. That only shows the value of training.

Diamond Printing Co., 706 Yates Street. Picnic plates sent with order.

WHY GO HOME TO EAT when you can get a nice taste lunch at the Vernon Cafe for 25c? Try it once and you will keep on trying it. Tables for ladies.

CHEMINUS WOOD, equal to cordwood, in 12-inch lengths. Ferris, Phone 1878, 43.

GENERAL REPAIRS—Lawn mowers, bicycles, etc. Dandridge, machinist, Oak Bay Avenue. Phone 479, 2347.

WE STILL HAVE some perfect bicycles left at the place we are now. Victor Cycle Works, 674 Johnson Street. Phone 576 or 61.

SEE DISPLAY of hand machines at \$5, \$8, \$10 and \$12. 718 Yates.

DON'T WORRY about your cycle. Let us make it O. K., or we will take it in part payment on a new one. Plumley's Cycles, 611 View Street. 2325.

RENT FIELDS—Holland Ave., 5 rooms, monthly. \$12. 718 Yates. 2325.

WANTED—Girl as general help. Phone 592, or call 115 Cambridge Street. 2327.

FOR SALE—Heavy team, 1,600 lb. weight. 256 Maple Street. 2327.

FORD REPAIRS—Engines thoroughly overhauled from \$18, rear axles \$7, transmission bands relined \$2.50; workmanship guaranteed. Arthur Dandridge, 925-926 Yates Street, next Domino Theatre.

BOX TOP SEWING MACHINES from \$5 to \$12. 718 Yates. 2327.

WANTED—To buy greenhouses for removal. Price and particulars to Livingstone, florist, North Vancouver. 2327.

FOR RENT—Two roomed cottage, near Admirals' Road. Phone 396X before 10 a.m. 2327.

IF YOU HAVE from 5 to 20 acres of good land for lease or sale on easy terms, send me your name and address. Factors, with fair improvements and assured water supply, communicate with me, giving full particulars. Box 368, Times. 2327.

TEA TILATES and picture frames to order. 718 Yates. 2327.

PIANO—WANTED to rent for two months or more, best of care. Phone 2746 or 2669.

FUMED OAK DOUBLE BED, spiral springs, Restmore mattress; also bureau with large bevelled mirror and drawers, splendid condition. Phone 3659. 2327.

WERE YOU STUNG, and got a tire that checked, cracked and split? Then buy the other kind from Ruffle, the cycle man. 746 Yates. 2327.

LOST—Gold coin purse containing sum of money. Please return to Room 18, Second Cage, or Phone 3554. Reward, 2327.

SEWING MACHINES repaired. 718 Yates. 2327.

FOR SALE—10 acres under cultivation, all fenced, wire fencing, modern 4-room house, nearly new barns and outbuildings, plentiful supply good spring water, pipe line to town, 1½ miles from city. Price for \$1,500. terms. L. C. Conyers & Co., 656 View Street. 2327.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the friends and supporters of both men and women, of the proposed city-wide evangelistic movement under Dr. French E. Oliver, will be held at the Y. M. C. A., Blanchard Street, on Saturday evening, July 28, at 8 o'clock. 2327.

ALL PROPERTY OWNERS on Pandora Street are requested to attend the Court of Revision at the City Hall, 4:30 p.m. Thursday, July 26, 1917. 2327.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, city water, two large lots, 7 minutes from car; low taxes, \$225 per term. City Brokerage, Ltd. Union Bank. Phone 355. 2327.

CLUB—CREAMERY 6 acres and 2½ room house and barn, some land cultivated, under-drained and fenced, balanced good timber, river runs through property. 3 miles from station; price \$2,500 cash, balance on mortgage; will consider trade. Currie & Powers, 1214 Douglas Street. Phone 1466. 2327.

SUPPLIES for any make of sewing machine. 718 Yates. 2327.

GOOD DAIRY PROPOSITION—27 acres and good improvements, practically all cleared and cultivated, near station and water; price \$6,000, terms, to arrange. This is worth investigating. Currie & Powers, 1214 Douglas Street. Phone 1466. 2327.

DUNCAN HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 1, passed 0.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL Number of candidates, 3, passed 0.

OAK BAY HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 1, passed 1.

ST. ANNE'S ACADEMY Number of candidates, 2, passed 1.

ESQUIMALT HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 3, passed 2.

PORT ALBERNI HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 2, passed 3.

Helen Douglas Neill, 809 (scholarship); Florence Bird, 655; Mary Lillian Manning, 669.

CUMBERLAND HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 4, passed 4.

Phyllis Marion Ulmer Partridge, 809; Lena May Carey, 625; George Morley, 613; Charlotte Jaynes, 607.

DUNCAN HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates, 1, passed 0.

SUPPLEMENTARIES The following, who had qualified in

ISLAND STUDENTS MATRICULATE FOR B. C. UNIVERSITY

Sixty From Victoria High School Qualify for Entrance at Point Grey

VICTOR ERNEST HALL SECURES SCHOLARSHIP

Vancouver, July 25.—Results of the examinations for Matriculation to the University of British Columbia were announced to-day. A large number of High School students from all parts of the province sat for the examinations. Miss Dorothy Blakey, of the King Edward High School securing the highest number of marks, her total being 929 out of a possible 1,000, the numerical standard of the tests. Miss Blakey's success carries with it a scholarship of \$156. Full matriculation, it was explained by the University authorities, includes those students who have attended the High Schools during the past year, and who sat for the whole of the ten subjects which formed the examination.

Some of the successful entrants, it was pointed out, had passed in a number of subjects at the examinations last year, and had obtained sufficient marks to give what is known as partial standing, and many of these have completed their standing this year. In the case of pupils taking the senior matriculation test, these, it was stated, were students who, though coming like others from the High Schools, had taken the senior course, and if successful, would be eligible at once for entrance to the second year grade.

A special feature of the results is the announcement of the winners of the scholarships awarded by the Royal Institute for the Advancement of Learning for British Columbia. For the purpose of the awards the province is divided into six districts, the cash value of each of the scholarships being \$100. An additional scholarship of \$150 is awarded to the student securing the highest number of marks for the entire province. Miss Blakey is the winner of this prize this year. Those successful in obtaining \$100 scholarships are as follows:

Victor Ernest Hall, Victoria. Helen Douglas Neill, Port Alberni. Evelyn Isabel Wright, Britannia. Victor Herman, South Vancouver. Douglas William Dow, Enderby. Doris Iva Powell, Roseland.

The winners of these scholarships are those students who in each of the respective districts secured the highest number of marks, the \$150 award in turn going to the student who secures the highest number of marks among these district winners.

VICTORIA HIGH SCHOOL Number of candidates 91, passed 61.

Victor Ernest Hall, 885 (won scholarship); Ernest John Knapp, 557; Mildred Usher Barker, 835; William Bruce Hutchinson, 802; Marguerite Dwyer, 773; Doris Belle Graves, 755; Henry Cecil Gilliland, 756; Esther Frances Terro, 748; Robert Johnston Hepburn, 747; Catherine Campbell Battison, 739; Maura Martin Macdonald, 736; Mabel Victoria Millington, 735; Ellen Hart, 726; Andrew William Sheret, 723; Mary Edith Hodgson, 717; Ruby Mabel Nachtrieb, 715; Francis Robert Sprout, 710; Robert Alexander Wootton, 710; Arthur John Hepburn, 702; Cyril Elkington, 700; Claude Lane Campbell, 699; Margaret Corbett, 699; Hilda Florence Hinder, 699; William Symons Butterfield, 693; Dwight Hibbert Osborne, 691; Richard Francis Campbell, 690; Moya Howard Walsh, 686; Margery Little, 684; William Nicholson Turpel, 678; Gertrude Aury Bryce, 672; Gwendoline Nora Williams, 667; Lois Cassil, 659; Eleanor C. Hadow, 657; Alice Grub, 645; Eddie May Armstrong, 641; Alma Lyche, 641; Edith Constance Tait, 638; Irene Mary Craig, 637; Margaret Findley, 637; Marjorie Gosse, 636; Bertha Christina Norton Muir, 635; Maggie Anderson, 631; Ronald Adley Lyons, 631; Nora Edith Ault, 629; Leslie Charles Mitchell, 625; Marion Lenore Baird, 619; Edward Gung, 619; Earl Weldon Irvine, 618; Kathleen Palmer, 618; Stanley Elmer Hume, 618; Gwenwynn Mabel Hale, 615; Eva Alison Chow, 616; Victor Elmer Emery, 606; Frances Jeileno Walrond Hamilton, 606; Elsie Reginald Hall, 602.

FIRES UNDER CONTROL

SITUATION IN INTERIOR REPORTED TO BE BETTER THIS MORNING; NO FRESH OUTBREAKS REPORTED.

Inquiry of the Forest Branch of the Lands Department this morning elicited the fact that no reports of further serious outbreaks, either on the mainland or Vancouver Island, had been received up to noon.

Telegraphic advice to The Times state that the forest fires which have been devastating valuable timber in the neighborhood of Trail, Summit, Corbin and the Bull River districts are now under control, with still a large number of men fighting the flames.

Further fruits from concerted energy in this connection is expected from the smoking concert to be held on Saturday evening, August 4, to which all returned men in the city are invited whether belonging to the Association or not.

The membership roll of the local branch is already well over the hundred mark, the intention being to add at least another seventy-five by the time the convention proceedings are concluded.

RED CROSS WORK

The monthly committee meeting will be closed to-morrow owing to the "parcel post" sale which will be in progress in the Presbyterian Sunday School, Wildwood Avenue, commencing at 2 o'clock. The proceeds of the affair will be for the Hollywood branch. Refreshments will be served.

The convener requests that all finished articles and garments be returned this week to the rooms in order that a complete consignment may go forward to headquarters at the beginning of next week.

James Bay Branch.

The monthly committee meeting will be held at the rooms, 218 Menzies Street, on Thursday evening at 8 p.m., when it is hoped that all members who possibly can will be present.

On Saturday next at 257 Ontario Street, the residence of Mrs. Pertz, "The Little Red Helpers' Club," of James Bay, will be at home to all their friends, the occasion being their second little bazaar and garden party, in aid of the Red Cross funds of the James Bay Branch. The kit bags will be the special object of assistance. There will be a stall with home-made candles, home cooking, and fancy work (all the work of the children), and there will also be raffles. Tea will be served. Admission will be free, and the convener hopes that all the Red Cross friends in James Bay and as many others as can make it convenient to attend will show their support and appreciation by their presence to encourage the children in their self-denial and good work.

Work Commenced.—The first definite steps on the \$80,000 improvements to the waterworks system of Trail were taken last week by Bianco & Magio, the contractors. A camp was established and the first tent pitched on the site of the million gallon storage reservoir.

SUPPLEMENTARIES.—The following, who had qualified in

part at a former examination, have now completed matriculation:

Elizabeth Barclay Abernethy, Norah Mary Adey, Robert Griffith Anderson, Marjorie Evelyn Beech, Gertrude Elizabeth Bickel, Mehitable Maud Blankenbach, Dorothy Margaret Bowes, Ivan Edwin Brouse, Bells Verner Burgh, Grace Martha Callander, Alexander Sellar Christie, Patricia Louise Cowan, Eva Irene Crankshaw, Benjamin Crann, Alphonse M. Crawford, Colin Hayter Crickmay, Hilda Louise Cruz, Robert Edgar Cummings, Wallace Daldair, Douglas Alexander Davidson, David Roy Davis, John Martin Duckworth, Dorothy Grace Dunwoody, Lucy Louise Edwards, Kathleen Marie Elliot, Charles Errington, William Turner Faulkner, Pére Charles Feast, Joan Margaret Finlayson, Annie Mary Fraser, Isabel Catherine Galt, Samuel Gerald Gervan, Anna Margaret Gilchrist, Jean Evans Gillis, Catherine Goodchild, Jessie Irene Granger, Juanita Frances Hardacre, Agnes Compland Healy, Lilias Irene Appleton Inkman, Edwin Telford James, Lily Jenkins Oryal S. Johnston, Myrtle Esther Kilpatrick, Sydney Howard Knott, Frederick Charles Law, Alexandra Leglie, Alice Mildred Lettice Livingston, Dorothy Mary Lord, Dorothy Elizabeth Lynn, Ruth Emily Lyman, Ethel Elizabeth McCalum, Irene Eliza Maud McDonald, Ebenezer Miles McKechnie, Madeline Louise McKenzie, Anna Jean McKenna, Mary Heaney McKinnon, Vivian Helen McLoughlin, Francis Patrick McNamee, Ruth Elizabeth Mitchell, Mary Munro, Robert James Munro, Ethel Loretta Nicholson, Gillian Maitilda O'Connell, Annie Celeste Page, Christina Pritchett, Edwin Anthony Peck, Agnes Potter, Muriel Evelyn Prescott, John Gerald Riddell, Alice Janet Riley, Lorna Alexandria Lylean Roberts, Grace Lydia Robertson, James Ritchie Robertson, Cora Shaw, Lucy Adeline Sheppard, Ivy Gladys Sprinkling, Russell Howard Sutor, Lottie Lillian Taylor, Anna Thorslakson, Clara Margaret Todd, Albert Seymour Towell, Agnes Madeline Townsend, Percy Austin White.

SENIOR MATRICULATION

Highest Marks Possible 1,000.

VICTORIA HIGH SCHOOL

Number of candidates 10, passed 6.

E. Patricia Hamilton Smith, 966.

Evelyn Caroline Lucas, 868; Edith Alexandra Stewart, 735; Rose Drennan, 730; Hazel Erma McConnell, 707; Victoria Chung, 705.

ST. ANNE'S ACADEMY.

Number of candidates 1, passed 1.

Freida Mary Hadford, 817.

ENDERBY HIGH SCHOOL

Number of candidates 1, passed 1.

Olga Elida Carlson, 735.

KASLO HIGH SCHOOL

Number of candidates, 6.

Returns from this school incomplete.

SUMMARY

Junior.

Number of candidates for examination as a whole, 507; passed 270.

GRADUATION

Number of candidates 1, passed 1.

Edgar Alexander, 735.

KASLO HIGH SCHOOL

Number of candidates, 6.

Returns from this school incomplete.

SENIOR MATRICULATION

Highest Marks Possible 1,000.

Critical Time for Russian Democracy

More Than Ever Fate is in Balance at Present Moment

New York, July 25.—Isaac Don Levine, foreign news editor of the New York Tribune, writes:

The key to Russia's internal political situation lies entirely in the military developments at the front. Kerensky's "blood-and-iron" policy will not save the new Russia if the disaster in Galicia grows into a general retreat and rout. On the other hand, if the Russian resistance stiffens and the Teutons are halted, a policy of extreme measures of suppression might become a dangerous weapon to wield in Russia even for Kerensky. The issue of the internal crisis created a week ago by the resignation of the cadet Ministers and the Maximilian rising could never be in any doubt.

The ability of the Council of Workmen, Soldiers and Peasants to cope with the small extremist factions was unquestioned by those who knew that the Council actually represented the larger majority of the people. It was felt that the central Government was bound to grow stronger, not weaker, as a result of an attempt of pacifists and German spies to overthrow the present regime. This feeling was justified. A new cabinet Cabinet, clothed with greater authority and power, has taken over the helm of free Russia.

Governmentally Russia is much stronger to-day than before. The Provisional Government can execute its decisions promptly and effectively. Its authority is no longer a sham, but a reality. The accomplishments of the great revolution therefore have been fortified, and not jeopardized, by the Petrograd rebellion of last week. The unexpected peril to which the new Russia is now exposed is not internal but external, not political but military. The Teuton hordes are pushing the Russians back. On the outcome of this push, the fate of liberated Russia depends. While the enemy's operation goes on a wave of national and patriotic emotion is sweeping Russia. This spiritual wave might yet stop the advancing foe and save free Russia.

Might Overflow.

Should the Prussian armies overcome the State's revolutionary forces, however, then the nationalist sentiment now turbulent in Russia would be apt to overflow the boundaries of the revolution and escape the control of Kerensky and the Council of Workmen, Soldiers and Peasants. With the Germans advancing into Russia, the nation's primitive patriotism, might turn into a raging torrent which would sweep away the cobwebs of Socialistic organization now spread all over the country, destroy the free and progressive institutions set up by the revolutionary bodies, pour out its wrath on the Jews, Poles, Armenians, Finns and other minor races and restore czarism. This is the gravest menace lurking in the present Teutonic offensive in the east. It is a menace not only to the Russian democracy, but to the Allies and to the democracies of the world, for czarism restored would quickly conclude a separate peace with Germany. It might even become an active ally of the Central Powers.

Sir Thomas believed that after the war this legislation should be reviewed with a view to readjustment in the event of it being considered that it might prevent capital coming into Canada.

When Sir Thomas had concluded, A. K. Maclean, on behalf of the Opposition, said the taxation proposals would be generally approved by the people of the country. The details of the measure could be considered in committee.

Mr. Maclean was interrupted by the arrival of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate to summon the members to the Upper Chamber, where the Deputy Governor-General would give assent to a number of bills.

FRENCH-CANADIAN AT FRONT WRITES

AMERICAN HOUSE AND IRISH GOVERNMENT

Washington, July 25.—Resolutions by Representative Kennedy, of Rhode Island, proposing that President Wilson express to Great Britain for the United States the hope that the future government of Ireland be submitted to a vote of the Irish people, and by Representative McLaughlin, of Pennsylvania, to direct the State Department to make representations to Great Britain for the establishment of an Irish government like that of Canada were introduced to-day in the House.

GUNNER KILLED ON AMERICAN WARSHIP

Buenos Ayres, July 25.—Clay Tenny Lyles, a gunner's mate, is dead as the result of an explosion of powder on board one of the ships of the visiting American squadron. The accident occurred while the vessel was firing a salute.

The explosion, from a preliminary examination, appeared to have been due to the ignition of gas within the ship. The cause of the ignition of the fuses has not been reported.

Haynes Repairs Jewelry satisfactorily and reasonably.

INCOME TAX PROPOSED BY FINANCE MINISTER TO AUGMENT REVENUES OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA; DETAILS

Ottawa, July 25.—A resolution providing for a Dominion income tax was introduced this afternoon in the Commons by Sir Thomas White.

The Minister of Finance said the adoption of the Military Service Bill would make it necessary for the Dominion to raise a larger revenue. There had been a growing feeling in Canada that those enjoying large incomes should pay more towards the cost of the war.

CALLING UP MEN FOR EXAMINATION IN UNITED STATES

Washington, July 25.—The race between states for the honor of being first to fill their quotas under the selective draft bill was on to-day in earnest. The calling up of men for physical examination began this morning in several regions.

Meanwhile details of the machinery for actually calling the accepted men into the service and sending them to mobilization camps are being worked out. Provost-Marshal-General Crowder already has ruled that the claim of the army attaches to any registered man as soon as the local selection board has posted him as accepted. From that time on, unless exempted, he will be subject to military law and the articles of war.

Failure to appear when called will bring the military forces of the Provost-Marshal-General in search of this missing man, and he will be tried for any violation of regulations before a court-martial.

Consideration also had been given to the fact that immigration was being invited to Canada, and for that reason the tax should not be substantially heavier than that in the United States.

It had been decided to place the limit of exemption at \$3,000 for married men and \$2,000 for single men or widowers without children. The scale of income taxation had been fixed as follows:

Four per cent. on all incomes exceeding \$2,000 of unmarried men and widowers without children, and on incomes exceeding \$3,000 of married men. In addition there would be a surtax of two per cent. on all incomes between \$6,000 and \$10,000, five per cent. on incomes between \$10,000 and \$20,000, ten per cent. on incomes between \$20,000 and \$50,000, fifteen per cent. on incomes between \$50,000 and \$100,000, and twenty-five per cent. on incomes exceeding \$100,000.

A statement by J. P. Morgan & Company in regard to the loan reads:

"We are authorized to state that the Dominion of Canada shortly will offer to American investors on approximately a 6 per cent. basis \$100,000,000 of its two ear notes, adopting this method of offsetting in part a trade balance in excess of \$300,000,000 now existing against Canada and in favor of the United States."

Corporations and joint stock companies would be liable to the four per cent. tax, but in the case of shareholders, they would be credited with the amount paid by the companies. Business firms also would be exempt to the extent of the amount paid on business profits. Foreign companies would pay the tax on their earnings in this country.

The income tax would apply to the year 1917 and everyone would be expected to make a declaration as to his income before February 28, 1918.

There was provision in the bill for appeal and collection but no time limit had been placed.

Sir Thomas believed that after the war this legislation should be reviewed with a view to readjustment in the event of it being considered that it might prevent capital coming into Canada.

When Sir Thomas had concluded, A. K. Maclean, on behalf of the Opposition, said the taxation proposals would be generally approved by the people of the country. The details of the measure could be considered in committee.

Mr. Maclean was interrupted by the arrival of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate to summon the members to the Upper Chamber, where the Deputy Governor-General would give assent to a number of bills.

A U BOAT REPORT BY BRITISH SAILORS

Halifax, July 25.—British sailors arriving here to-day, who claim to have been members of crews of vessels in the vicinity of the transports which conveyed the first American troops to France, say they were credibly informed that German submarines made a concentrated attack, and were beaten with a loss of six U-boats, only one submarine escaping.

The sailors say they were within three miles of the transports, and witnessed some very continuous firing.

The men were on three former Dutch vessels which had been taken over by the British Government, and were on their way to Europe.

ASKS FOR TROOPS.

San Jose, Cal., July 25.—Col. R. P. Davis wired Major-General Liggett to-day recommending that a company of troops be sent immediately to San Jose and Santa Clara to guard life and property threatened by striking fruit cannerymen. Col. Davis had been investigating the situation.

Civil authorities were apprehensive of further rioting, as it was known that many of the strikers were armed and in a mood the police defined as "ugly."

WILHELM IN GALICIA.

Copenhagen, July 25.—The arrival of Kaiser Wilhelm at the front in Galicia yesterday morning is reported in a Berlin dispatch. After hearing the report of the German commander-in-chief, the Kaiser visited the troops on the Sereth.

He awarded the Order Pour le Merite with oak leaves and chain to Prince Leopold of Bavaria, General Hoffmann, Prince Leopold's chief of staff, and Captain Franz, chief of staff of an army corps.

I. W. W.'S BUNDLED OFF.

Benedji, Minn., July 25.—Thirty men and one woman, all said to be members of the I. W. W., were corralled by 150 citizens armed with clubs here to-day and sent out of town on a westbound train. The citizens were aroused by a fire which destroyed the second largest sawmill in the country.

LIBERAL LEADERS MEET IN WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, July 25.—Preparatory to the convention of western Liberals in Winnipeg a meeting was held to-day in Winnipeg, presided over by Hon. A. B. Hudson, Attorney-General of Manitoba. Premier Sifton and Hon. C. R. Mitchell, from Alberta, Premier Martin and Hon. Geo. Bell of Saskatchewan, and Premier Norris, Manitoba, were present. No announcement has been made.

GERMANS SAY BRITISH SUBMARINE WAS SUNK

Berlin, July 25.—The British submarine C-34 has been sunk by a German submarine, it was officially announced to-day. The sole survivor was taken prisoner.

The compressor machinery for the Princeton colliery has arrived and is ready to be installed. It will require about a month to do the work. With this additional machinery the mine will be in position to operate on a much larger scale.

The capture of the three cities is said to have been directed by German officers attached to Villa's staff.

EASTERN CANADA MUST BE CAREFUL WITH COAL FIRES

Ottawa, July 25.—That the people of Eastern Canada must exercise all possible economy in the use of coal, is the word brought back from New York by C. A. McGrath, Canadian Fuel Controller, who has returned from that city, where he conferred with Mr. McCue, of Pittsburg, who is in charge of coal shipments to Canada. Mr. McGrath was accompanied by T. F. Peterson, Secretary of the National Service Board.

Mr. McGrath says that while the disposition of Mr. McCue is to do his utmost to meet the coal requirements of this country, there is absolute necessity of economy being practiced on both sides of the line.

On Thursday Mr. McGrath will meet representatives of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in Toronto to discuss with them the coal situation. Subsequently he will visit other cities to confer with manufacturers and dealers.

Added precautions are being taken throughout Southern Oregon to-day because of I. W. W. threats to burn all of Josephine county. J. B. de Grass, a farmer, found a note pinned on his mail box which read: "Beware! We are going to burn up Josephine county." It was signed "I. W. W."

Numerous forest fires are raging in the heavy timber in the Idaho Panhandle, Western Montana and Eastern Washington—district in which the I. W. W. have been active. Twelve hundred men are fighting the fires and a repetition of the disastrous Coeur d'Alene fire of 1910 is feared. Federal officials on the ground said to-day that the blaze is the most menacing in years.

Farmers and woodsmen near Silverton, Ore., reporting that I. W. W. were responsible for recent fires in the Oregon Coast range, started an investigation which is on at full swing to-day. Aiming to forestall all possible I. W. W. dynamite outrages, city and county and Federal authorities to-day are endeavoring to locate 19 cases of dynamite stolen from a construction camp at Bridal Veil Falls on the Columbia River. Extra guards are being put on all docks and bridges until the dynamite is located. The police say they may arrest the thieves to-day.

Best draft teams in harness, bred in Canada, at the Calgary, Regina, Brandon and Ottawa exhibitions.

Best mare and foal of thoroughbreds, standard breeds or hacksneys, at the Toronto and Halifax exhibitions.

Best two beef animals in the show, bred in Canada, steers or heifers, at the Edmonton, Saskatoon and Toronto exhibitions and the Guelph winter fair.

For Animal Classes at Canadian Exhibitions and Winter Fairs

GOVERNER-GENERAL DONATES SIX CUPS

Ottawa, July 25.—Announcement was made to-day that the Duke of Devonshire, the Governor-General, has decided to present six challenge cups for animal classes shown at exhibitions and winter fairs in Eastern and Western Canada. The cups will be presented in the following classes:

Best draft teams in harness, bred in Canada, at the Calgary, Regina, Brandon and Ottawa exhibitions.

Best mare and foal of thoroughbreds, standard breeds or hacksneys, at the Toronto and Halifax exhibitions.

Best two beef animals in the show, bred in Canada, steers or heifers, at the Edmonton, Saskatoon and Toronto exhibitions and the Guelph winter fair.

Best egg and poultry exhibit at the Charlottetown exhibition.

There was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm among the spectators. Joseph Devlin was the only delegate who was cheered.

There giving highest score in the dairy test at the Vancouver exhibition and the Ottawa and Amherst winter fairs.

Best pen of three export bacon hogs, at the Edmonton, Regina and Brandon winter fairs, and the Sherbrooke and St. John exhibitions.

Best egg and poultry exhibit at the Charlottetown exhibition.

The conditions for the competitions for these cups are as follows:

1. Animals exhibited at one show are not eligible to compete again for a cup at another show in the same year.

2. All animals must be the bona fide property of the exhibitors, who must be Canadian citizens.

3. No animals will be eligible to win the same cup the second time.

4. The challenge cup will become the property of any exhibitor who wins it three years in succession.

5. A medal will accompany the cup each year, and will be retained by the owner of the winning animal that year.

6. The winner will retain the cup in his possession until the following year and ten days before the next show the holder will be requested to return it to the secretary of the society.

7. These prizes will be given commencing at winter fairs held in 1917.

Hon. Frank Cochrane, replying to a question, said legislation respecting the Quebec and Saguenay Railway would be introduced this session.

FAILURE AND DEATH RESULT FOR GERMANS

On the French Front, July 24, via London, July 25.—The furious attack of the Germans along the Chemin des Dames sector on the Aisne front has brought them nothing but death and the failure of all their plans to obtain possession of the ridge and the observation places.

At daybreak to-day the French launched a counter-attack with such vigor that they turned the Germans out of the few hundred yards of trenches they had succeeded in obtaining in the first onset and sent them racing back to their old lines. The famous 152nd Regiment led the attack.

The sailors say they were within three miles of the transports, and witnessed some very continuous firing.

The men were on three former Dutch vessels which had been taken over by the British Government, and were on their way to Europe.

On the Casemates Plateau the result was similar.

At almost every point the French compelled the retirement of the Germans. Subsequently the Germans tried once more, but in vain, to drive out the French.

On the Chateau Plateau the result was similar.

At almost every point the French compelled the retirement of the Germans. Subsequently the Germans tried once more, but in vain, to drive out the French.

The artillery to-night is at work most heavily. The front line is as light as day from flashes of the shells.

BRITISH MERCHANT CRUISER WAS SUNK; TEN WERE KILLED

London, July 25.—The British merchant cruiser Otrway was torpedoed and sunk in northern waters on July 22. Ten men were killed. The remainder on board were saved. This announcement was made officially to-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

First game—R. H. E. Chicago 4-10 3

New York 1-7 9

Batteries—Cicotte and Schalk; Mobridge and Nuneemaker.

Cleveland-Washington game postponed: wet grounds.

TO-DAY'S BASEBALL

First game—R. H. E. Chicago 4-10 3

New York 1-7 9

Batteries—Cicotte and Schalk; Mobridge and Nuneemaker.

Cleveland-Washington game postponed: wet grounds.

GERMAN OFFICERS ASSISTING VILLA

El Paso, Texas, July 25.—Jimenez, Santa Rosalia and Parral, important mining towns in the Mexican state of Chihuahua, where American mines are located, are in possession of Villa forces, according to advices reaching here to-day.

GROW STRAWBERRIES NEXT YEAR!

BIG SNAP
in
Waterfront Acreage

Ferry Bay, Metchosin,
22.25 ACRES
(Two-thirds ready for ploughing);
Excellent soil, no rock, close to
school, church and hall.

Only \$150
per acre

Call for full particulars.
SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE
Winch Bldg., 10 Fort St.

SHOULD FISH TRAPS BE NATIONALIZED?

Suggestion of Beaumont Bogs Meets With Approval; Conserves Food Supply.

The suggestion made to the Council of the Board of Trade yesterday by Beaumont Bogs, favoring the nationalization of the fish traps, has aroused a great deal of interest, and he has had many inquiries on the subject.

"It appears to me," he stated to-day, "that with the cry of the high cost of living the Government should take immediate control of the traps, because the Government has just as much right to control the price of fish as of cereals, such as is now being done."

"Fish is one of the natural products brought into the Straits of Juan de Fuca. The Government establishes hatcheries, to encourage the industry, and regulates the trapping; therefore it would be justified at a time like this to nationalize the fish supply and fix maximum prices on the understanding that such supply should be available for the troops, the Empire, and at a minimum cost to the civilian population. A certain portion should be conserved for the domestic supply, and the remainder held for export."

Mr. Bogs referred to the abnormal price of fish in Victoria in view of the quantity of food fishes inhabiting the waters of the Pacific Coast, and stated that Government regulation should bring prices down to a reasonable figure, and encourage people to eat fish, thereby conserving the meat supply.

**Teeth That Will Give a Decade of Satisfactory Service**

That is what I claim is the quality of the dental work I do. Literally this means that when you come to me for dentistry you will receive continuous satisfactory service from my handwork for a period of not less than ten years.

The light, strong, perfectly moulded plates I supply are made of first-quality vulcanite. To them I fit teeth that will match your own natural ones in shape, size and tint; this, while it does away with the objectionable "false teeth" look, allows you to chew and smile as you would had you perfect set of natural teeth.

If your teeth are broken, misshapen or otherwise defective, come to me and let me replace them with clean, healthy teeth. The cost will be small—away out of proportion to the good that you will receive from the possession of sound teeth.

Ladies Always in Attendance

Offices in the Reynolds' Building, Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets. Phone 802.

Dr. Albert E.

Clarke

MISSIONARY SHIP REACHED PORT TO-DAY

Spiritual Workers on Furlough Monopolized Cabin Space Aboard Inbound Liner

The outstanding feature in connection with the arrival of a British liner from the Orient to-day was the number of missionaries aboard. With the exception of about half a dozen other passengers the entire cabin list of eighty people was composed of missionaries and their families.

Known as the "missionary ship" of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services fleet, the liner making port this forenoon has always been popular with this class of travel, but on the present trip she overstepped all former records. Missionaries from Korea were particularly noticeable. Rev. G. M. Burdick, a Methodist missionary whose sphere of labor has been at Seoul, says the missionaries are taking advantage of the quiet conditions existing on the Peninsula to secure extended furloughs.

Those Arriving.

Among the missionaries arriving by the liner were Dr. A. G. Anderson, from Seoul, Korea, accompanied by Mrs. Anderson, and their two daughters Ruth and Vera; Miss E. Boardman, Presbyterian denomination from Hang-chow, China; Dr. J. W. Bradley, Presbyterian, Suchien, China; Mrs. Bradley and two children; F. A. Brown, Methodist, from Suchow-ku, China; Mrs. Brown and child; B. Gage, who has been engaged in school work at Changsha, China, accompanied by Mrs. Gage and family; Rev. T. M. Gauge, Episcopalian, from Wen-chow, China; Mrs. Gauge and Master R. Gauge; Rev. C. D. Hayes, who has been prominently identified with Y. M. C. A. work at Tokio, accompanied by Mrs. Hayes; Miss E. Lumpkin, Presbyterian, from Tokushima, Japan; Dr. O. G. Nelson, a medical missionary from Huchow, China; Mrs. and Miss Nelson; E. C. Perkins, Methodist, from Nanking, China; H. M. Roys, Methodist, Nanking, China; Rev. W. E. Rufus, who has resigned from his work at Seoul, Korea, and is returning with his family to his home in Michigan; Rev. W. M. Trivett, Episcopalian, from Kwai-chou, China; Miss A. P. Sprunt, Methodist, from Tsing-tchang, Pekin, and Rev. C. E. Sharp. Rev. Mr. Sharp, who has spent seventeen years in Korea, is taking a holiday with his family, his destination being Seattle. His headquarters in Korea were at Pyeng Yang. He says conditions generally in Korea have vastly improved in the past few years under the administration of Japan.

Messrs. B. and G. Bogolyubovskys are sons of the Russian consul at Seattle. Count Bogolyubovsky is on hand at the wharf to greet his sons. Miss Kiku Ishihara, a Japanese girl from Tokio, is en route to the United States to continue her studies.

Fine Passage.

Capt. A. J. Hailey, master of the liner, reported a remarkably fine homeward passage. The heat was intense in the Orient. Dr. C. E. Margeson says it was never less than 100° in the shade aboard ship at Shanghai, the atmosphere being charged with humidity.

The passage from Yokohama was completed in fourteen days. The liner reached William Head shortly after 8 o'clock last night, making the quarantine just too late to secure pratique.

The only blow experienced throughout the voyage, officers say, was experienced as the liner was rounding the Race Rocks. Adverse currents in the Straits prevented the vessel from making port before sundown.

A full cargo of 500 tons was carried by the steamer, including 1,200 bales of raw silk.

TIDE TABLE.

Date.	Time HI	Time HI	Time HI	Time HI
18	16:44	16:1	17:22	15:55
19	17:55	17:1	18:22	16:44
20	18:32	18:3	19:40	17:55
21	19:03	19:4	19:50	18:32
22	19:22	19:5	19:58	19:03
23	19:51	19:10	19:58	19:22
24	20:18	20:2	20:55	19:51
25	20:57	20:3	21:28	20:18
26	21:01	20:5	21:38	20:57
27	21:56	21:1	22:00	21:01
28	22:19	21:3	22:50	21:56
29	22:55	21:5	23:43	22:19
30	23:00	22:1	23:47	22:55
31	23:44	22:6	23:55	23:00
1	0:00	23:1	23:58	23:44
2	0:15	23:2	23:58	0:00
3	0:38	23:3	23:58	0:15
4	1:02	23:4	23:58	0:38
5	1:25	23:5	23:58	1:02
6	1:48	23:6	23:58	1:25
7	2:11	23:7	23:58	1:48
8	2:34	23:8	23:58	2:11
9	2:57	23:9	23:58	2:34
10	3:20	23:10	23:58	2:57
11	3:43	23:11	23:58	3:20
12	4:06	23:12	23:58	3:43
13	4:29	23:13	23:58	4:06
14	4:52	23:14	23:58	4:29
15	5:15	23:15	23:58	4:52
16	5:38	23:16	23:58	5:15
17	5:55	23:17	23:58	5:38
18	6:30	23:18	23:58	5:55
19	6:44	23:19	23:58	6:30
20	6:58	23:20	23:58	6:44
21	7:11	23:21	23:58	6:58
22	7:24	23:22	23:58	7:11
23	7:37	23:23	23:58	7:24
24	7:50	23:24	23:58	7:37
25	7:53	23:25	23:58	7:50
26	24:44	23:26	23:58	7:53
27	24:57	23:27	23:58	24:44
28	25:10	23:28	23:58	24:57
29	25:23	23:29	23:58	25:10
30	25:36	23:30	23:58	25:23
31	25:49	23:31	23:58	25:36
1	26:02	23:32	23:58	25:49
2	26:15	23:33	23:58	26:02
3	26:28	23:34	23:58	26:15
4	26:41	23:35	23:58	26:28
5	26:54	23:36	23:58	26:41
6	27:07	23:37	23:58	26:54
7	27:20	23:38	23:58	27:07
8	27:33	23:39	23:58	27:20
9	27:46	23:40	23:58	27:33
10	27:59	23:41	23:58	27:46
11	28:02	23:42	23:58	27:59
12	28:15	23:43	23:58	28:02
13	28:28	23:44	23:58	28:15
14	28:41	23:45	23:58	28:28
15	28:54	23:46	23:58	28:41
16	29:07	23:47	23:58	28:54
17	29:20	23:48	23:58	29:07
18	29:33	23:49	23:58	29:20
19	29:46	23:50	23:58	29:33
20	29:59	23:51	23:58	29:46
21	0:12	23:52	23:58	29:59
22	0:25	23:53	23:58	0:12
23	0:38	23:54	23:58	0:25
24	0:51	23:55	23:58	0:38
25	0:54	23:56	23:58	0:51
26	0:57	23:57	23:58	0:54
27	0:58	23:58	23:58	0:57
28	0:59	23:59	23:58	0:58
29	0:55	23:50	23:58	0:59
30	0:52	23:51	23:58	0:55
31	0:49	23:52	23:58	0:52
1	0:46	23:53	23:58	0:49
2	0:43	23:54	23:58	0:46
3	0:40	23:55	23:58	0:43
4	0:37	23:56	23:58	0:40
5	0:34	23:57	23:58	0:37
6	0:31	23:58	23:58	0:34
7	0:28	23:59	23:58	0:31
8	0:25	23:50	23:58	0:28
9	0:22	23:51	23:58	0:25
10	0:19	23:52	23:58	0:22
11	0:16	23:53	23:58	0:19
12	0:13	23:54	23:58	0:16
13	0:10	23:55	23:58	0:13
14	0:07	23:56	23:58	0:10
15	0:04	23:57	23:58	0:07
16	0:01	23:58	23:58	0:04
17	0:00	23:59	23:58	0:01
18	0:03	23:50	23:58	0:00
19	0:06	23:51	23:58	0:03
20	0:09	23:52	23:58	0:06
21	0:12	23:53	23:58	0:09
22	0:15	23:54	23:58	0:12
23	0:18	23:55	23:58	0:15
24	0:21	23:56	23:58	0:18

TEA-TEA-TEA

Tea is a very healthful drink if properly made—and good Tea. It isn't necessary to pay a big price for it. Particular tea drinkers declare that "Dixi Tea" has a smooth, delicate, soothing, just-strong-enough flavor that no other teas have, and we sell it in great quantities at a price that is much lower than the same quality can be purchased elsewhere.

"Dixi" Ceylon Tea Per lb. 50¢, 40¢, and	3 lbs. for \$1.10
Fancy No. 1 Japan Rice 50 pound sack	\$3.25
Auburn Creamery Butter 2 pounds for	85¢
Van Camp's Spaghetti and Cheese in Tomato Sauce. Large cans	20¢
Flakewhite, similar to Quisco 3 lbs. per tin, 75¢, 5 lbs. per tin	\$1.25

DIXI ROSS'

"Quality Grocer," 1217 Government St.

Phone 80
81
82
Liquor 88

Arthur Hemingway

Favored with instructions from Miss M. Walker, 280 Richmond South, will sell by

Public Auction
Thursday, July 26
2 p.m.

Contents of Five Roomed Cottage

Including: Oak Dining Set, Dining Table, Carpets, Linoleum, Rockers, Chairs, Tables, Couch, South Bend Malleable Range, Beds, Dressers, Curtains, Household and Kitchen Utensils, Gent's Bicycle, Chickens, Chicken House, Poultry Netting, Tools and other goods not itemized.

Take Fowl Bay car to Richmond, two blocks from terminus. For further particulars apply Auctioneer.

ARTHUR HEMINGWAY.

Phone 2484.

ROAD IMPROVEMENT
WORK IN SAANICH

Arrangement Made to Open Thoroughfare From Quadra St. to Gorge Road

In order to open a good road from Quadra Street through to Gorge Road, outside the city limits, the Saanich Council last evening approved of the improvement of Cloverdale Avenue, from Inverness Road to Douglas Street. Inverness Road connects the avenue with Quadra Street. The idea would be to divert traffic north on Douglas Street to Boleskin Road, and then along Boleskin Road and Harriett Road to the Gorge Road. The last two named roads have recently been improved.

Councillor Carey said the road superintendent was to be congratulated on the way in which the work on Boleskin and Harriett Roads had been carried out. Everyone must admit the improvement warranted the expense.

Councillor Henderson put in a plea for the improvement of Wilkinson Road, which he pointed out was extensively used. This work will be taken in hand as well as Cloverdale Avenue as soon as funds are available, and at some time prior to the rainy season setting in.

A small appropriation was voted for the improvement of Seaview Avenue, a short street off Halliburton Street, Cordova Bay, also for opening a road from Brown's property to Giles Road, Blenkinsop Road, leading to Cordova Bay, is also to be improved.

The Council authorized a payment of \$2,455, being the fifth instalment on the Lake-Road-improvement work, holding back \$2,000 till 90 days after the road is taken over. A committee, composed of Councillors Tanner, Pun and Jones, was appointed to inspect the work and report back.

Councillor Jones expressed the opinion that the contractors, Loney Brothers, had been annoyed at the way the work had been managed by the municipality.

In explanation the Reeve said the contractors had carried on the work at times when other contracts could not be prosecuted, and that had kept their gangs together, though it was obvious they had worked at a disadvantage on many occasions.

Cow Barns.

While the situation with regard to cow barns in the vicinity of Victoria is still unsettled pending the arrangement of a uniform grade under the milk regulation by-laws, the Council last night found itself obliged to issue permits for two barns, one on Aldridge Street, the other at the corner of North Dairy Road and Doncaster Drive for cattle. Both are close to the city limits, in districts which will eventually be residential.

DEAF PEOPLE

R. Thos. Steele

Voice Specialist

Teacher of
Mrs. Macdonald Fahey

J. D. A. Tripp

Druggist

N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
at the B.C. Electric Clock.

DEAFNESS AND NOISES IN THE HEAD can now be most certainly cured by the newly discovered "French Ointment." This may remedy your present actual state of the trouble, and affects a permanent cure in a few days.

One box is ample to cure any ordinary case, and has given almost immediate relief in hundreds of cases which had been considered "hopeless."

Dr. D. McFarlane of Dalbeattie, N. S., writes: "Your new remedy, which I received, has now remedy which I received, has completely cured my hearing. After more than twenty years deafness, I can now hear again. I want to recommend it to all my friends."

Scores of other equally good reports. Try one box to-day, which can be forwarded securely packed and post paid to any address upon the receipt of postal or money order for \$1. There is nothing better."

Addressee:

"ORLENE" CO. H. T. RICHARDS,
WATLING STREET, DARTFORD,
KENT, ENG.

Please mention this paper.

Three Days Special Selling of Rubber Soled Outing Footwear

Just the right Footwear for beach and outing wear on sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday at very close prices.

Women's Rubber Soled Lace Boot, with Cuban heel.	Same in Misses' sizes 11-2, at	\$1.05
Per pair	\$2.00	
Women's Tango Pump, white duck with white rubber sole and spring heel.	Same in Childs' sizes 6-10 at	95¢
Per pair	\$1.15	
Women's White Duck Laced Boot, with rubber sole and spring heel.	Per pair	\$1.65
Women's Tennis Oxfords All sizes	Per pair	\$1.00

MUTRIE & SON

1203 Douglas Street

Phone 2504

DEAN KLINK SPEAKS OF COUNTRY PROBLEM

Growth of Agricultural Industry is Traced Through History

PRESENT GENERATION MAY BENEFIT BY PAST

Dean Klink, of the Department of Agriculture of the University of British Columbia, who is lecturing the teachers of the Summer School during the week, in an interview with The Times discussed the historical phase of the "Country Life Problem." History, ancient, medieval and modern records many events that have been instrumental in the establishing of our present day agricultural colleges and institutes. All the records that have marked the course of man through his development give to the intelligent student of the rural question a basis from which has arisen the necessity of founding those institutes that are aiming to give to the world the best scientific and economic methods of tillage, that a maximum of results may be obtained and that waste may be eliminated.

Prosperity and Ruin.

"Conditions in the Old Land during the first years of the nineteenth century were in a critical state. The best Russian wheat sold on the London market at \$5.46. This started a movement on the part of England to break up the land to undertake the raising of wheat. A great deal was accomplished but on the breaking of the blockade established by Napoleon, thousands of English farmers were ruined, their fields that had been excellently cultivated reverted into barren wastes of rank vegetation and a period of terrible stress came upon the land."

"As previously mentioned the landlords had formed centres of the agricultural industry and of research. Coke, whose name stands in the front rank as a founder of stability conducted many experiments, the results of which he gave to his tenants. He granted his tenants long leases to their property and thus gave the agricultural system a solid basis which it had never possessed prior to that time.

"His farmers were encouraged to improve their land, with the effect that during the reign of desolation that followed the great European war of the period Coke's lands were prosperous, having the distinction of forming the only district where there was no poor house required."

Stability of Labor.

"In England," said the Dean, "the system of land tenure was adopted under the communistic system. Its effects were, of course, detrimental to settled and stable development. The rotation of crops was made impossible and drainage was practically unknown, added to which was the fact that it was impossible to improve the live stock, as the herds wandered uncontrollably throughout the country side, thus making the prevention of in-breeding impossible. In our estimation such a system is considered primitive, yet it practically exists to-day in parts of Quebec, parts of the United States and England."

"As previously mentioned the landlords had formed centres of the agricultural industry and of research. Coke, whose name stands in the front rank as a founder of stability conducted many experiments, the results of which he gave to his tenants. He granted his tenants long leases to their property and thus gave the agricultural system a solid basis which it had never possessed prior to that time.

"His farmers were encouraged to improve their land, with the effect that during the reign of desolation that followed the great European war of the period Coke's lands were prosperous, having the distinction of forming the only district where there was no poor house required."

"One of the great changes that the present war is affecting is presented in the increased adaptability that is being shown in England. About the year 1860 the American farmer flooded the London market with his wheat, to the exclusion of the produce from Denmark. The Danes were then confronted with necessity; they were forced to change their methods of cultivation and tillage that their competition might be more successful.

"They were called upon to adapt themselves to the conditions of their times and the same changes are being affected in Britain to-day due directly to a great national demand."

American Conditions.

Referring to the agricultural development in America with special regard to the States, Dean Klink pointed out that labor conditions in the republics have always been acute. As early as 1619 labor was scarce and negroes were brought to the land. Even this did not solve the question as it is a well-established principle that laborers can rarely be kept where there is an abundance of free land. The farmer gradually moved west, where he met with great difficulties in regard to transportation. That the bulk of his crop might be lessened he turned to the manufacture of whisky and finally to the raising of cattle. The great opening for the grain export trade came in 1825 with the completion of the Erie Canal and the opening of the Victoria Arm respectively.

Elevator and Refrigerator.

"Just as the introduction of textile machinery, steam and electricity revolutionized 'Industry,'" continued the speaker, "so the improvements of tillage and lasting care in a few days. One box is ample to cure any ordinary case, and has given almost immediate relief in hundreds of cases which had been considered 'hopeless.'

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