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TWENTY-SECOND EDITION
Autumn, 1926

MENTOR, OHIO

America's Greatest Producers of Hardy Perennials

WAYSIDE GARDENS

Menta Ohio

FEAD CAREFULL

All of the stock offered is the stock of the

OUR PLANTS ARE ALL FIELD G W RE G AND CULTIVAT ON AN EN S NT O T O DEVELOPED, UCH LARGER ND WOR AT MONEY THAN POT-GROWN LANS.

We do not divide our 1 nts before with b t and the test and the bound to the

Customers unknown to us all please send case or effect in the ording is impossible for us to make a mediate highest on the class references or cheque with their order. NO S DI G E ENCLOSING C EQUE C US S DELAY IN TOR FDI STOCK YOU ORDER.

We guerance il fock up to be first clee, rue healthy all of a size so as to the III RES To However, there are so may for allue over which we can assume no responsibility fiter stock is drived President weather, ignificant or creduling the control of the stock is drived by the stock is drived President to the control of the stock is drived the stock in the stock is drived the stock in the stock in the stock in the stock is drived the stock in the stock

If, after receiving, you are not said so that quilty and the and we will replace anythin ou ment on the table or

QUA TITIE OF RED

We do not sell less than the selection of the least of the plants of at hundre rate live hundred to the less than the less t

SHIPPING DIRECTO S.

Please give explicit shippin directions, tatin worr sork is freight or express, and by what route.

Small shipments can be sent by par I post. All one pmen to be in the first post exto be d by e 1 pt;

THE WAYSIDE GAP DE IS COMPANY

E. H. SCHULTZ

MENTOR, OHIO

J. J. GRULL FUARIS

Largest Growers of Hardy Plants in American



HIGHEST HONORS

WAYSIDE GARDENS exhibits win highest honors two years in succession. These awards represent the judgment of the keenest and most critical minds in our line of business. They reflect especially the plant material that went into the making of these gardens.

AWARDED BY CLEVELAND FLOWER SHOW AT THE SPRING FLOWER SHOW HELD IN CLEVELAND, 1925

Greetings to Gustomers Old and New,



HREE factors are most essential to business success, which is only another term for work well done, service ably performed. ABILITY or skill, the MEANS to see things through, and ENERGY to follow the product through to the end desired—these factors, in a short decade, have caused this organization to grow in a comparatively short time to the leadership among hardy plant producers in America.

Back of it all, men and methods combine with but one ideal in mind—to produce and deliver the finest hardy perennial plants, rock plants, and lily bulbs obtainable anywhere. Our men have the skill! Combined with highly developed methods of culture on land ideally fit, we grow plants that within one short season produce finished gardens.

But our interest does not cease there. Above all, the buyer must be satisfied. It is our aim and ambition to cause Wayside Gardens to be looked upon as the last word in hardy plant service, the greatest source of a field-grown product, the like of which is unobtainable elsewhere.

We are deeply grateful to those who have helped us grow, for their confidence in our sincerity of purpose and their faith in our ability to make good any promise given in any of our advertisements or printed matter. With this goes the assurance that for 1926 we are splendidly prepared and equipped to take care of all orders that may be intrusted to us.

GOLD MEDAL awarded by

THE SOCIETY OF AMERICAN FLORISTS and ORNAMENTAL HORTICULTURALISTS

FOR

DUTCH BULBS AND
WALL GARDEN PLANTED WITH
ROCK PLANTS AT THE ANNUAL
SHOW HELD IN SPRING OF 1924





Suggesting a Few Foolproof Rock and Wall Plants

Rock Plants

Achillea tomentosa. Aethionema. All varieties. Alyssum. All varieties. Auricula. Choice mixed hybrids. Arenaria. All varieties. Armeria. All varieties. Asters, Mauve Cushion.
Aster alpinus. All varieties. Callirhoe involucrata. Calamintha alpina. Catananche. All varieties. Campanula carpatica. Crucianella stylosa. Coronilla varia. Chrysanthemum Maximum, Glory of Wayside. Dianthus. Various varieties. Epigaea repens.

Euphorbia myrsinites.
Ferns. All varieties.
Geranium. All varieties.
Geum. All varieties.
Helianthemum. All varieties.
Hypericum. All varieties.
Iberis. All varieties.
Iris tectorum.
Iris pumila. All varieties.
Lavandula nana.
Leontopodium alpinum.
Linum. All varieties.
Lychnis alpina.

Lychnis Haageana.

Mazus rugosus.

Mitchella repens. Mitella diphylla.

Oenothera. All varieties. Papaver nudicaule. All varieties. Potentilla. All varieties. Phlox subulata. All varieties. Platycodon mariesi. Plumbago larpentae. Prunella grandiflora. Ranunculus. All varieties. Scutellaria baicalensis. Silene. All varieties.
Sedum. Dwarf varieties.
Stachys lanata. Tunica saxifraga. Verbascum. All varieties. Veronica. All varieties. Viola. All varieties. Vinca minor. Yucca filamentosa.

Good for Shady Locations in the Rock Garden

Ajuga. All varieties.
Anchusa myosotidiflora (or sun).
Anemone sylvestris.
Asperula odorata.
Campanula rotundifolia (or sun).
Convallaria majalis.
Cypripedium. All varieties.
Dicentra eximia (or sun).

Dodecatheon Meadia.
Gentiana. All varieties.
Hepatica coerulea.
Iris cristata.
Mertensia virginica.
Myosotis palustris sempervirens (or sun).
Pachysandra terminalis.
Phlox divaricata canadensis.
Polemonium reptans (or sun).
Primula. All varieties.
Saxifraga. All varieties.
Tiarella cordifolia.
Trillium grandiflora.

Wall Plants

Arabis. All varieties.
Aubrietia. All varieties.
Cerastium tomentosum.
Erysimum pulchellum.
Erinus alpinus.
Gypsophila repens.
Heuchera. All varieties.
Nepeta Mussini.
Pentstemon pubescens.
Saponaria. All varieties.
Saxifraga McNabiana.
Sempervivum. All varieties.
Sedum sarmentosum.
Sedum spurium coccineum.
Thymus. All varieties.
Valeriana coccinea.

Please note all wall plants may also be used as rock plants.

ACHILLEA (Milfoil or Yarrow).	m. a		
Plants suitable for dry, sunny places, useful for carpeting or for rockeries;	the tal	wari ki ler vari	nds are eties as
border plants.	Three		100
Eupatorium (syn. filipendulina). 3 to feet. Flat heads of brilliant yello	4 w		
flowers; finely cut foliage. Blooms a Summer	all \$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil) Ju	lv	V2. 00	\$20.00
to October. Rosy pink flowers in den heads, on stems 18 inches high. Effec	se et-		
ive on edge of shrubbery or in border	85	2.50	18.00
Perry's White. 1 to 2 feet. June September. A choice new variety; pu	to re		
September. A choice new variety; pu white flowers over one inch acros broad, overlapping petals. Nothin	s; ng		
better for cutting		2.75	19.00
Ptarmica, The Pearl. Pure white, doub flowers all Summer. Prized for cutting	85	2.50	18.00
Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. New. An ir provement on "The Pearl," with full and more perfect flowers. Best f	n- er		
and more perfect flowers. Best f	or 85	2.50	18.00
Tomentosa. 6 to 8 inches. July to Se tember. Bright yellow flowers. Excelent for rockeries	·l- 1.00	3.00	20.00
ACONITUM (Monkshood).		1 . 1 2	
Summer- and late Autumn-flowering plan hood-shaped flowers, thriving in either st are poisonous and should not be planted to	in or sh	ade. Th	ne roots
be mistaken for vegetables. Delivery March 15th. Tubers cannot freeze.	from O	ctober	15th to
	Three	Doz.	100
Fischerl. A dwarf variety with pale bluflowers. 18 inches. September	. \$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Napellus (True Monkshood). 3 to 4 fee July to August. Large dark blue flower	t.		
in a raceme	. 1.50	4.50	32.50
Napellus alba. 2 to 4 feet. July to August. An effective plant. White-flowere form of Napellus	1- ed		
			32.50
Napellus carneum. 2 to 2½ feet. July August. This variety has variegate red and white flowers; effective	d		00.50
red and white nowers; effective	. 1.50	4.50	32.50
ACORUS (Sweet Flag).			
Calamus. 2 feet. June-July. Leave	es 1-		
sword shape, erect; flowers inconspict ous. Root stock pungent, aromati Thrives best in moist soil, and may be grown in shallow water or dry land.	c.		
grown in shallow water or dry land .	85	2.50	18.00
ACTEA (Baneberry).			
Alba. 2½ feet. A very much improve form, having long spikes of clear whit	d		
form, having long spikes of clear whit flowers. Good for cutting; effective	e e		
flowers. Good for cutting; effective border plant and shady woodlan planting	d . 1.00	3.00	20.00
Rubra. Red form of the above		3.00	20.00
ADONIS (Pheasant's Eye).			
Amurensis (Spring Adonis). Early vel	I-		
low flowers. Each, 75c	. 1.70	5.00	
AETHIONEMA (Persian Candytuft).			
Near relatives of the Candytuft, these hare of the most fascinating character. T	ardy lita The folia	tle rock	plants nost of
are of the most fascinating character. Them is a beautiful, glaucous blue; ste covered with their heads of pink blossom to be forgotten. We supply pot plants on both the control of the c	ms woo	ody, and a pictu	when re not
to be forgotten. We supply pot plants or hard to establish.	nly, as i	ield plan	nts are
They are almost shrubby in habit and are cutting back after blooming. Stony sand	e improv	red by a	slight
cutting back after blooming. Stony, sand them and a warm, sunny position. Given will grow more beautiful every year.	these c	ondition	s, they
	Three	Doz.	100
Grandiflora. Strong, twiggy bushes, covered with long, slender spikes of ros	у		
pink flowers. One of our best rock plants inches	.\$1.90	\$3.50	\$25.00
Persicum. Somewhat deeper in color that Grandiflora		3.50	25.00
AFTHEODADDIS (Co. Continue)	. 1.20	0.00	20.00

AETHEOPAPPUS (See Centaurea).



Achillea Ptarmica, "The Pearl."



Aconitum Fischeri.



The Lovely Aethionema.



Anchusa Italica. Is fine for border plant.



Alyssum Saxatile. Excellent for edging.



Arabis Alpina.

AGROSTEMMA (Rose Campion).		
Stout, erect-growing plants with silvery foliage trasts well with the showy flowers, which are p June and July.	re, which	during
Coronaria (Mullein Pink). Bright rosy	Doz.	100
Coronaria (Mullein Pink). Bright rosy crimson. 2½ to 3 feet\$0.85 Walkeri. Large heads of deep rosy red	\$2.50	\$18.00
flowers	2.50	18.00
A useful plant for the rockery and for carpeting particularly in shady positions, as under trees we not grow; flowers in May and June.	ng the phere	ground, ass will
Three	Doz.	100
Genevensis. Grows 6 to 8 inches high; dense spikes of blue flowers\$0.90 Reptans rubra. Grows 3 to 4 inches high,	\$2.75	\$19.00
with deep purplish blue nowers 1.00	3.00	20.00
Very popular for beds, borders and Winter flowe culture and very free blooming. Seed may be s in the Spring and up to June 15th, also in the Spring blooming.	Fall Io	r early
Argenteum. Dense growth. Leaves silver beneath flavors vellow in clustered	Doz.	100
very beneath, flowers yellow in clustered heads, all Summer. About 15 inches\$1.00 Rostratum (Alpestre). Prostrate, almost shrubby variety, hoary grey all over. Flowers nale yellow in unbranched	\$3.00	\$20.00
Rostratum (Alpestre). Prostrate, almost shrubby variety, hoary grey all over. Flowers pale yellow, in unbranched heads. Very early	3.00	20.00
front of borders. 1 foot	2.50	18.00
ers and rough, hoary leaves. Charming for the rock garden. Very rare 1.00	3.00	20.00
AMSONIA. Tabernaemontana. 2 to 3 feet. Late May and early June. Small and num- erous flowers of light blue in panicles. Smooth foliage resembling the olive. For the hardy border or planted among shrubbery	3.50	25.00
	3.00	20.00
ANCHUSA (Alkanet). For producing a mass effect of brilliant blue, cannot be surpassed. Dropmore, the darkest effective. Opal has larger flowers and is the tvarieties, producing a solid sheet of soft turque should be treated as biennials, as the old plants selves at the end of two or three years. They releves, however, from self-sown seed. The bloom be extended for several weeks by cutting the	the Anone, in the control of the con	nchusas s most the tall . They t them- e them- son can as soon
as the howers rade, thus preventing seeding.	Doz.	100
flowers, flowering all Summer. Rough, broad foliage. 4 to 5 feet\$1.20	\$3.00	\$20.00
Dropmore. Tall spikes of beautiful blue flowers, flowering all Summer. Rough, broad foliage. 4 to 5 feet\$1.20 Opal. Very beautiful variety, with large, pale blue flowers. 3 to 4 feet 1.20 Myosotidiflora. A distinct, dwarf perennial variety from Russia, with clusters of charming blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. An effective rock plant	3.00	20.00
for shady places. 1 foot	4.00	30.00
ANTHEMIS (Marguerite). Tinctoria. Handsome, finely cut foliage, and large, golden yellow flowers pro- duced all Summer. Succeeds in the		
Nobilis. Pale yellow	$\frac{2.50}{2.50}$	18.00 18.00
ARABIS (Rock Cress). Alpina. Pure white flowers produced in dense masses, splendid for border and rockery work, and last quite some time		
	2.50	18.00
fine for edging	2.50 3.00	
Alpina flore pleno. Same as above but with double white flowers; very fine rock plant 1.20		20.00
fine for edging	3.00 3.50	20.00 25.00

Choice Mixed Hybrids

ANEMONE - Windflower

ANEMONE JAPONICA (Japanese Anemone).

Valuable plants suitable for massing or single specimens. They grow rapidly and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and beauty each year. The blooming period extends from August till mid-November, the large, open flowers furnishing abundant cut flowers and a brilliant field display. Cover plants in Winter. We offer strong, field-grown roots only.

We offer strong, held-grown roots only.		D	100
Alba. Purest white, with yellow center. 2 to 3 feet		Doz. \$2.50	100 \$18.00
Alice. Large flowers of rose, carmine, lilac center	1 40	4.00	30.00
Buhler Kind. Early double white		4.00	30.00
Kriemhilde. Double, rich pink; of excel-	1.00	3.00	20.00
lent form		4.00	30.00
Prince Henry. Double red flowers;	4.00	30.00	285.00
Queen Charlotte. Abundant semi-double flowers, broad and perfectly formed;			
"La France" pink. 2 to 3 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
Bichard Ahrends. Large white flowers with lilac hue	1.40	4.00	30.00
bright yellow	1.40	4.00	30.00
Whirlwind. Excellent double white flowers. 2 to 3 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
ANEMONE SPECIES			
Hupehensis (Early Anemone). Was originally introduced from central China, is closely allied to Anemone japonica, which, in a miniature form, it resembles. The plant grows from 10 to 12 inches high and from early in August until late in Autumn produces an abundance of flowers about 1½ inches in diameter, of a pleasing mauve-rose			
	1.00	3.00	20.00
Hupehensis flore pleno. Double form of the above	1.20	3.50	25.00
Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). Grows from 9 to 12 inches high and produces violet or purple flowers during April and May. An interesting plant for the rockery or well drained border			
	1.00	3.00	20.00
Pulsatilla rubra. Of dwarf habit with reddish purple flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00
Sylvestris. Fine for cool, moist corner of rock garden or border. Large, white blossoms on nodding stems of about 12 inches. Very free blooming. May and June	1.20	3.50	25.00
Vernalis (Lady of the Snow). A rare and exquisite alpine. Large, open flowers of pure white, flushed violet outside. Blooms very early. Easily grown in rich vegetable soil in full sun. Very choice	1 40	4.00	30.00
very enoice	1.40	4.00	00.00
ANTHERICUM (Paradisea). Liliastrum major (St. Bruno's Lily).			
Flowers white, with narrow, grass-like foliage. 1½ feet. May-June	1.50	4.50	32.50
ARENARIA (Sandwort). Montana. A hardy perennial growing in close tufts, profusely covered with small, silvery white flowers which appear quite early in the season. Excellent as an edging plant in formal gardens. Suitable for rockeries in sunny places. Flowers resemble small, white,			
Grandiflora. From the Pyrenees Mountains. Covers itself with its pure.		3.00	20.00
snow-white flowers. One of the best of all rock plants. May	1.00	3.00	20.00
ASCLEPIAS (Butterfly Weed). Tuberosa. Attractive native plants, flowering during July and August, and growing about 2½ feet high. Umbels of bright orange colored flowers			
of bright orange colored flowers	.85	2.50	18.00



Anemone Pulsatilla.
One of the earliest flowering rock plants.



Anemone Japonica Alba.

The hardiest of all Japanese Anemones.



Asclepias Tuberosa.



Aquilegia—Columbine. Scott Elliott Hybrids are the best.



Armeria-Sea Pink; Thrift.



Arenaria Montana.



Artemisia Lactiflora.

AQUILEGIA - Columbine

As a cut flower the Long-Spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of our outdoor grown flowers. They come in blues, whites and yellows, and shades of pink and rose in strains reasonably true. Practically all the various shades and colors are in the Coerulea Hybrids. They remain in bloom for a long season and are vigorous and long lived. They are not at all particular as to soil or location, although they prefer a sandy loam and a moist but well drained, sunny position, and usually make themselves at home in any hardy border or rockery. Their period of flowering covers the late Spring and early Summer months. Taken as a whole, they are a most important part of the hardy garden, and should be grown in quantity by every lover of old-fashioned garden flowers.

Canadensis (Common American Columbine). The native bright red and yel-	ee Doz.	100
low variety, and one of the brightest\$0.	85 \$2.50	\$18.00
Chrysantha. Beautiful golden yellow flowers; blooms for two months	90 2.75	19.00
Chrysantha alba. A white variety of the above	85 2.50	18.00
Coerulea. Blue shades 1.6	3.00	20.00
Crimson Queen. Beautiful crimson flowers with long spurs	00 3.00	20.00
Long-Spurred Hybrids, Mixture	85 2.50	18.00
Mrs. Scott Elliott Hybrids. There is not a better mixture grown in the world than by Mrs. Scott Elliott, who has taken the highest awards at all the European exhibitions. Wonderful colors with very long-spurred flowers. Our stock is from seed from this source,		
absolutely true strain 1.	00 3.00	20.00
Snow Queen. The best white, long-spurred variety known	85 2.50	18.00
Wayside Pink. A beautiful strain of nothing but clear pink colors. We do not think that they can be surpassed	90 2.75	19.00

ARMERIA (Sea Pink or Thrift).

Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense heads, on stiff, wiry stems, from 9 to 12 inches high. They flower more or less continuously from early Spring until late in the Fall. Very useful in the rockery and border edgings.

T	hree D	0 Z.	100
Dianthoides (Thrift). A dwarf plant			
with evergreen leaves and heads of light			
pink flowers. 10 inches, May-June \$1	1.00 \$	3.00 \$2	0.00
Formosa. 6 to 8 inches	.85	2.50 1	8.00
Laucheana rosea. Bright rose. 3 to 6			
incoes	.85	2.50 1	8.00
Maritima (Thrift or Cushion Pink). 3 to 6 inches. May and June. Valuable			
for edging; flowers pale pink; foliage			
grasslike, evergreen	.85	2.50 1	8.00
Maritima alba. 3 to 6 inches. May and			
June. Tufts of deep green foliage;			
white flowers	1.00	3.00 2	0.00
Maritima Hybrids. 3 to 6 inches. June			
to October. Large flowers of delightful			
white, rose and pink shades. Very use-		3.00 2	0.00
for edging and cutting 1	.00	5.00 2	0.00
ARTEMISIA (Sage Brush).			
Lactiflora. A tall-growing plant of fine			
foliage and heads of small white flow-			
ers in August and September, which			
fill the garden with fragrance. A splen-	00 4	200 9	0.00
did and graceful cut flower 1		3.00 2	0.00

did and graceful cut flower 1.00

ASPERULA (Woodruff).

ASPHODELUS (King's Spear).

Luteus. Tall spikes of bright yellow, lily-like flowers; very fragrant; sword-like foliage; fine for borders 1.00 20.00 3.00

3.00

20.00

New Imported Hardy Asters

We are offering on this page a collection of New Hardy Asters. The newest varieties are indicated thus (*), and were selected by Mr. Grullemans, while in Europe, from more than a hundred recent introductions. We have priced them reasonably, and suggest their use in place of the older and less attractive varieties which are commonly listed.

HARDY ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies)

The many species, widely distinct from each other in habit and form, are with a few exceptions, all native of North America. It is in Europe, however, that our Asters have been most highly appreciated. Many improvements have been made by European growers, and many hybrid forms have been produced by crossing the different species. For the best results, they require division and replanting every third year.

	'hree	Doz.	100
*Anita Ballard. Double flowers of a clear petunia-violet	1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
*Blue Gem. Double flowers of rich blue	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Charm. Very double violet-blue flowers.	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Erica. A beautiful clear pink; large double flowers	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Elta (New). Double flowers of pale lilac. Very handsome shade	1.20	3.50	25.00
Feltham Blue. A pretty aniline-blue; very free	.85	2.50	18.00
Glory of Colwall. Good sized, almost double; ageratum-blue flowers	.85	2.50	18.00
*Grey Lady. Exquisite shade of opal, with large, semi-double flowers. Extra fine.	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Heather Glow. Extra large flowers, free- ly produced, of a delightful rose-pink shade. 4½ feet. (Sold out for this season).			
*Joan Vaughan. Large, semi-double flowers of deepest blue	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Lady Lloyd. A very fine, clear rose- pink. Lasts exceedingly well. 3 feet	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Mauve Queen. Very large, semi-double flowers of clear mauve. 4 feet	1.20	3.50	25.00
	1.20	3.50	25.00
Maggie Perry. Very large flowers, frequently 2½ inches across, loosely arranged in large trusses, of a pleasing tone of soft mauve. Most distinct and	1.20	3.50	25.00
Mrs. Raynor. The deepest red of all			
*Nancy Ballard. Deep purplish mauve flowers, semi-double in form; flower heads are branched, completely covered	1.20	3.50	25.00
with masses of bloom	1.20	3.50	25.00
Novae-angliae roseum superbum. This is a new introduction of our own, and is by far the best Aster we have ever seen. Color almost red and a profuse bloomer.	.85	2.50	18.00
Novi-belgi Climax. One of the best and showiest, with large, pyramidal spikes of large, light lavender-blue flowers;			
very free. 5 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
Novi-belgi St. Egwin. A pleasing rosy pink; very free blooming. 3 to 4 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
*Perry's White. The finest white Michaelmas Daisy yet introduced; perfect in habit and remarkably free flowering. The stout stems are well branched and covered with flowers 2½ inches across	1 00	3.00	20.00
*Peggy Ballard. Large, pyramidal sprays	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Oueen or Colwall (New). One of the	J. 20	0.00	20.00
finest of late introductions; large, stout branching stems, covered with pale mauve blooms. Tall	1.20	3.50	25.00
*Robinson V. C. A pretty bluish mauve, double flowers borne in long sprays		4.50	35.00
Robert Parker. Pale heliotrope. 4 feet		2.50	18.00



Aster, Elta.

New and a fine double lilae variety.



Aster, Novi-Belgi Climax. The best for cutting.



Aster, Perry's White.



Aubrietia.
A fine wall plant for a sunny spot.



Boltonia Latisquama.



Betonica Grandiflora.

	e Doz.	100
Mauve Cushion. Distinct species which has attracted much attention by its unique habit of growth, its floriferousness and lateness in flowering. It forms a circular cushion-like plant 2½ feet across, the center of the plant rarely exceeding 9 inches in height, gradually tapering to 3 to 4 inches at the outside; the flowers, of delicate mauve, with silvery white reflection, measure over 1¼ inches in dlameter, and are produced in such lavish profusion as to completely cover the plant; the blooms are at their best in November		\$25.00
ASTER ALPINUS (Dwarf Alpine Alpinus albus Large white flowers 120		25.00
Alpinus albus. Large, white flowers 1.20 Golath. Indispensable for the rockery or edge of hardy borders; 6 to 10 inches high, and bears large, showy, bluish purple flowers in May and June 1.20 Sub-coeruleus. Forms a dense tuft of leaves, from which issue many leadess stems 12 inches high bearing in June and July massive bluish violet flowers 3 inches in diameter	3.50	
Tataricus. Distinct, large bluish violet; very late. 6 feet	5 2.50	18.00
ASTER AMELLUS	2.03	
Elegans. Long, graceful sprays of soft lavender	5 2.50	15.00
ASTILBE (See Spirea).		
AUBRIETIA (Rock Cress or False Wall Cress One of the daintiest and most delicately beaut creeping plants for carpeting beds or rockeri liant sheets of blue, crimson or rose for many on rockeries or in borders with white Arabis sum, it forms a charming contrast. A gemerevices of rocks or wall, forming a cataract	iful of allies, forming weeks. and yellone for plane of color.	dwarf, ng bril- Massed w Alys- nting in
Bougainvillea. Cerise	U &3 UU	\$20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00
BAPTISIA (False Indigo). Australis. Dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June; suitable for the hardy border or wild garden. Very attractive foliage. 2 feet	0 3.00	30.00
BELLIS (Double English Daisy). Perenne. Mammoth white snowball	5 1.50 5 1.50	10.00 10.00
BERGAMOT (See Monarda).		
BETONICA (Betony). Grandiflora. Close tufty foliage with bright rose flowers	5 2.50	18.00
BLEEDING HEART (See Dicentra). BOCCONIA (Plume Poppy). Cordata. A noble hardy perennial, beautiful in foliage and flower, and adapted for planting in the shrubbery borders, center of beds, and in bold groups in any position. It will grow in any soil or situation, attaining 6 to 8 feet in height. Flowers creamy white in terminal panicles during July and August		
the same of the sa	5 2.50	18.00
BOLTONIA (False Chamomile). A showy native hardy perennial plant with lailike flowers; in bloom during the Summer and and with its thousands of flowers open at one very showy effect. Thre	o Doz	e, Aster- months. educes a
Asteroides. White form of Latisquama \$0.8	5 \$2.50	\$18.00
Latisquama. Pink, slightly tinged with lavender. 4 to 6 feet	5 2.50	18,00
to 4 feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers all Summer. Each, 75c 2.0	0 6.00	45.00

BUPHTHALMUM (Ox-eye Daisy). Salicifolium. Bears large, rich, golden yellow flowers through the Summer. 2	Three	Doz.	100
feet	\$0.90	\$2.75	\$19.00
CALAMINTHA (Calamint). Alpina. A very graceful little rock plant; growing 6 inches high, with rich purple flowers	.85	2.50	18.00
CALLA. Elliottiana. A grand rich golden yellow variety of the Arum Lily. (For Spring delivery only)	1.70	5.00	35.00
CALLIRHOE (Poppy Mallow). Involucrata. An elegant trailing plant, with finely divided foliage and large, saucer-shaped flowers of bright rosy crimson, with white centers, which are produced all Summer and Fall			
CALTHA		2.75	19.00
Palustris (Marsh Marigold). 6 to 15 inches high. Flowers bright yellow in Spring. A very showy plant in wet places, both in sun and shade. It can be planted in brooks, and may be grown in pots			
be planted in brooks, and may be grown in pots	.85	2.50	18.00
CARNATIONS (Hardy Border).	.75	2.00	15.00
Double Scarlet Double White Choice Mixed. Seedlings from seed supplied by a specialist. Strong plants that will furnish an abundance of flowers. We strongly recommend this grand strain for cut flowers. They keep up a most wonderful supply from June till frost	.75	2.00	15.00
	.75	2.00	15.00
CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea). Mastacanthus incana. A handsome hardy perennial; grows about 3 feet high and produces rich lavender-blue flowers in great profusion the whole length of the branches. A valuable plant either for bedding or pot culture, blooming continuously from early in September until			
cut by frost	2.00	6.00	40.00
CASSIA (Indian Senna). Marylandica. Handsome pinnate foliage and numerous racemes of showy yellow flowers; an extremely desirable plant of the easiest culture		2.50	18.00
CATANANCHE (Cupid's Dart). Bicolor. Similar to above with white			
center Caerulea. 2 feet. July and August. Heads of pretty deep blue flowers on long stems. Profuse and excellent cut		2.75	
flower CENTAUREA (Hardheads or Knapweed). Makes a fine display in the border; also		2.75	
Aetheopappus pulcherrimus. Large, bright pink flowers. June-July. 2 feet	Three	Doz.	100
pink flowers. June-July. 2 feet Dealbata. Large and striking rose-pink	\$0.85		
Dealbata. Large and striking rose-pink flowers. June-July. 2 feet	.90	2.75	19.00
Montana (Perennial Cornflower) Grows	.85	2.50	18.00
2 feet high, bearing large violet-blue flowers from July to September Montana alba Ruthenica. Very tall plant with handsome, lemon-yellow flowers. July and September. 5 feet	25	$\frac{2.50}{2.50}$	$18.00 \\ 18.00$
September. 5 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
CEPHALARIA (Roundhead). Tatarica. 6 feet. July and August. Flat heads of showy organ white flowers			
Suited for rear of borders, where effects are desired	1.00	3.00	20.00
CERASTIUM (Snow-in-Summer). Boissieri. 10 to 12 inches. June. Low- growing; leaves silvery; large, pure white flowers. Good for covering dry hanks			
banks Tomentosum. A low-growing plant having silvery white foliage and producing an abundance of snow-white flowers. Especially suitable for rock or border purposes	1.00	3.00	20.00
pecially suitable for rock or border purposes CERATOSTIGMA (See Plumbago Larpen	.90 tae).	2.75	19.00



Cerastium Tomentosum.

Showy rock or wall plant, easy to grow.



Catananche. Likes a hot, dry place in the garden.



Centaurea Dealbata.



Campanula Rotundifolia.



Campanula Carpatica.



Campanula, Double Persicifolia.



Campanula Latifolia.

CAMPANULA - Bellflower

Indispensable hardy garden flowers, of much variety of form, some being of tall and imposing habit, while others are dwarf, compact little plants, suitable for edging, rockwork, etc. They like a good, rich soil, and last much longer in bloom if planted in a half-shady place.

in a half-shady place.		
Alliariaefolia. A grand border plant with tall spikes of long, pendent bells. 3 feet\$1.00	Doz. \$3.00	\$20.00
Bononiensis. Small, blue flowers borne profusely on slender stems. June. 2½ feet	3.00	20.00
Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). A pretty species growing in compact tufts, not exceeding 8 inches high; flowers clear blue, held erect on wiry stems. It begins blooming in June, continuing until October. As an edging for a hardy border or for the rockery it is unsurpassed90	2.75	
Carpatica alba. A pure white form of the preceding90	2.75	19.00
Divaricata (North Carolina Harebell). Strong plants	2.75	19.00
Elegans. Fine Campanula for borders and rockeries. Height 18 inches. Blooms all Summer	2.50	18.00
Garganica. A gem for the rock garden. Forms a low, spreading tuft which in June is covered with starry, light blue flowers having a white eye. Exquisite hanging over a rock	4.50	35.00
Glomerata. A favorite old-fashioned herbaceous plant producing deep blue flowers in large, close heads. Height 18 inches	2.50	18.00
Lactiflora alba magnifica. A beautiful variety from the Imperial gardens of Petrograd, producing spikes 6 feet high, bearing large, snowy-white flowers. New and choice. The true variety 1.50	4.50	35.00
Lactifiora coerulea. Pale blue flowers during July and August. 2½ feet90	2.75	19.00
Latifolia macrantha. 3 feet. June and July. Very handsome, enormous drooping bells of fine satiny lilac and deep purplish shades	3.00	20.00
Persicifolia grandiflora alba (White). One of the finest Campanulas, with large, handsome white, bell-shaped flowers. A great acquisition. Height 2 feet 1.00	3.0 0	20.00
Persicifolia grandiflora alba flore pleno. Double-flowered form of the above 1.20	3.50	25.00
Persicifolia grandiflora coerulea (Blue). An excellent companion to the white variety, the large bright blue flowers making an effective contrast. Height 2 feet	3.00	20.00
Persicifolia grandiflora coerulea flore pleno. Double-flowered form of the above 1.20	3.50	25.00
Pyramidalis. Mixed colors. An elegant pot plant. Height 4 feet	2.50	18.00
Raddeana. Violet-blue, bell-shaped flowers. A grand dwarf sort. 9 inches 1.00	3.00	20.00
Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland or Harebeils). 1 foot. June to August. In the wild it is more slender and taller than in the garden; clear blue flowers. Especially suited for crevices in the rock garden, or steep slopes, if planted to show pendent habit	3.50	25.00
Trachelium (Coventry Bells). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Sturdy, hairy plant, with light purple, somewhat drooping flowers	3.50	
Turbinata. A beautiful variety, forming close mats of foliage and bearing large saucer cups of blue, sitting close to the plant and fairly smothering it. June and July	4.50	35.00
Turbinata alba. Similar to the above with large, white flowers 1.50	4.50	35.00

CAMPANIII A MEDILIM (Cantarhury Ralla)			
CAMPANULA MEDIUM (Canterbury Bells) These imposing herbaceous hardy biennials a ered with large, bell-shaped flowers; extremel beries and mixed borders. Height 3 feet. October make most beautiful plants for the greenhouse in the Spring, coming into flow forced in any way, about two months beforeound.	are n ly sh Pla con- con- ver,		cov- shrub- ted in y and being open
Thr	ree	Doz.	100
Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer). Large, semi-double flowers, each resembling a			
cup and saucer Pink. Beautiful variety; charming pink	۰.	21.50	
flowers\$0.6 White. Similar to preceding, but flow-	65	\$1.50	\$10.00
ers are white	65 65	1.50 1.50	10.00 10.00
	65	1.50	10.00
White. Large, white flowers	65 6 5	$\frac{1.50}{1.50}$	$10.00 \\ 10.00$
Bells). Blue	65	1.50	10.00
White Pink. Delicate color, harmonizing well with the blue and white	65	1.50	10.00
with the blue and white	65	1.50	10.00
CHEIRANTHUS (Siberian Wallflower). Allioni. A beautiful rock plant. Dazzling			
fiery orange flowers, on stems about a foot high. Best used as a biennial as it	0.5	9.50	18.00
Linifolius. Similar to the above, with	.85	2.50	
mauve colored flowers 1.	0.0	3.00	20.00
CHELONE (Shellflower).			
	t hig ner a ree	h, and b ind Fall. Doz.	earing 100
Glabra alba. Terminal spikes of creamy white flowers\$0.	90	\$2.75	\$19.00
Lyoni. Heads of showy purplish red flowers	.90	2.75	19.00
		2.10	10.00
CIMICIFUGA (Snakeroot). Racemosa. Handsome species bearing in July and August spikes of pure white flowers; well suited for planting at the back of border, or for naturalizing at the edge of the woods. 4 to 6 feet	.90	2.75	19.00
COREOPSIS (Tickseed).			
Grandiflora. An improved variety with			
large, bright yellow flowers; one of the best hardy plants. Fine for cut flow- ers all Summer long	.75	2.00	15.00
CORYDALIS (Fumitory).			
Ornamental, early-flowering plants, especially	y us	eful for	shady
positions but requiring good drainage. The state of the	ree	Doz.	100
Bulbosa. Fernlike foliage with spikes of purplish flowers; does well in shade \$4. Chellanthifolia. Handsome variety with	.00	\$30.00	
Cheilanthifolia. Handsome variety with fernlike foliage and long spikes of yellow blossoms, 10 to 12 inches in height. Prefers rich, well drained, stony soil. Very rare and perfectly hardy; does well in shade.			
Very rare and perfectly hardy; does well			
in shade 4.	.00	30.00	
CONVALLARIA (Lily-of-the-Valley).			
Majalis. This popular and fragrant subject repays for being well treated. Grand			
for massing near shrubs or along shaded borders.	0.5	4.00	00.00
Native Clumps (in Fall only) 1. Imported Pips (Berlin strain)	.50	$\frac{4.00}{1.50}$	$\frac{30.00}{10.00}$
CORONILLA (Crown Vetch).			
	.00	3.00	20.00
Varia. A strong creeper; good for covering rough banks; showy heads of pink			
ing rough banks; showy heads of pink and white, pea-shaped flowers. 1 to 2 feet. June-August	.00	3.00	20.00
CRUCIANELLA (Crosswort).			
Stylosa. Early-flowering, hardy perennial,			
suitable for rock work; bright purple, ball-shaped flowers. Height 6 inches.			
Unique	.90	2.75	19.00



Crucianella Stylosa.



Cimicifuga-Snakeroot.



Coreopsis Grandiflora.



Hardy Chrysanthemums.



Pompon Chrysanthemums.



Button Chrysanthemums.

Hardy Garden Chrysanthemums

The following varieties are perfectly hardy if grown in a place not too wet. After through flowering cut the dead stalks down to two or three inches of the ground and cover with dry leaves. In the Spring, after they start to grow, divide so one shoot will remain for the future plant.

CHOICE NAMED VARIETIES

The varieties offered below comprise the choicest new hardy outdoor sorts. We have chosen the earliest to bloom, so that the full enjoyment of these best-of-all Autumn flowers may be derived by those in northern territories where Winter comes early.

Plants offered below are from $2\,\%$ inch pots and will be supplied in the Spring.

For Autumn deliveries we offer field grown clumps at

Per Three Per Doz. Per 100
\$1.00 \$20.00

We suggest Fall planting in southern states.

EARLY-FLOWERING VARIETIES

(In full bloom from September 15th on).

,	Three	Doz.	100
Angelo. Beautiful light pink	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$15.00
Argenteuillais. Scarlet, tipped yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Brune Poitevine. Deep velvety red	.85	2.50	15.00
Carmelite (Glory of Seven Oaks). Golden			
yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Carrie. Rich yellow blooms	.85	2.50	15.00
Idolph. A pleasing salmon-pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Mrs. H. Craig. Yellow, overlaid with			
orange-crimson	.85	2.50	15.00
Ouray. Scarlet and carmine	.85	2.50	15.00
Petit Louis. Rose-pink with bronze center.	.85	2.50	15.00
Provence. Rose-pink, tipped rosy red	.85	2.50	15.00
Skibo. Yellow with reddish center	.85	2.50	15.00

LATE SUMMER AND EARLY AUTUMN VARIETIES

(In full bloom from October 1st onward).

Adironda. A fine bronze	.85	2.50	15.00
Edna. Creamy white	.85	2.50	15.00
Grandiflora. Large golden yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Harvest Home. Fine golden yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Mahogany. Reddish bronze	.85	2.50	15.00
Mrs. H. Harrison. Medium sized bluish			
pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Mrs. Phillips. Beautiful single pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Nellie Blake. Reddish copper	.85	2.50	15.00
Oconto. Splendid pure white	.85	2.50	15.00
October Gold. Rich golden bronze	.85	2.50	15.00
Tints of Gold. Large, beautiful bronze			
shade	.85	2.50	15.00
Wm. Sobey. Fine yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Zelia. A fine orange-bronze	.85	2.50	15.00

MIDSEASON VARIETIES

(In full bloom from October 15t	h on	ward).	
Boston. Beautiful bronzy orange. Tall and branched	.85	2.50	15.00
Capt. R. H. Cook. Dark rose with brown-			
ish center	.85	2.50	15.00
Comoleta. Medium sized pure yellow	.85	2.50	15.00
Firefly. Bright red; very showy	.85	2.50	15.00
Globe d'Or. Fine, small yellow flowers	.85	2.50	15.00
Indian. Copperish red	.85	2.50	15.00
Lucifer. Fine ox-blood-red	.85	2.50	15.00
Marie Antoinette. Deep pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Mitzi. Yellow, with reddish center	.85	2.50	15.00
Mrs. F. H. Bergen. Bright pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Nellie Kleris. Incurved clear pink	.85	2.50	15.00
Red Button. Reddish bronze button;			
hardy and free flowering	.85	2.50	15.00
Rose Travena. Very large deep rose-pink.	.85	2.50	15.00
Ruth. Claret-red	.85	2.50	15.00
Snowdrop. Pure white button; dwarf	.85	2.50	15.00
White Dotty. Splendid white	.85	2.50	15.00

CHRYSANTHEMUMS-Continued.

HARDY OLD-FASHIONED VARIETIES

We collected from old gardens some of the old-fashioned Chrysanthemums which are really hardy and which bloom in October and November, after all other outdoor flowers are gone. Often in bloom when the snow is on the ground; are very showy. 3 to 4 feet high. When in bloom are a perfect mass of flowers

Old-fashioned Hardy Pink	Three \$0.85		$^{100}_{\$18.00}$
Old-Fashioned Hardy Red	.85	2.50	18.00
Old-Fashioned Hardy White	.85	2.50	18.00
Old-Fashioned Hardy Yellow	1.00	3.00	20.00

The above varieties are supplied in strong, field-grown plants.

We do not advise the planting of Hardy Garden Chrysanthemums in the Autumn in any locality where the temperature, during the Winter, goes ten degrees below the freezing point. In southern or other states where this does not happen, we suggest the use of field-grown clumps. Field plants should also be obtained in the late Autumn for propagating during the

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM (Shasta Daisy).

The improved varieties of Marguerite, all allied to the Shasta Daisy that adorns our fields in the Spring, are among the most useful of our garden flowers. Not only have these flowers been greatly improved in size and form, but there are now early and late blooming varieties which give a succession of long-stemmed flowers so valuable for vase decoration during four months of the year. Glory of Wayside is a variety worthy of attention, and Etoile d'Or is robust and free-flowering. Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell has enormous flowers with strong stems. The Shasta Daisy has a yellow center with long, white petals, the slender stemspringing from the base of the plant, and is most attractive either in the perennial border or as a cut flower. Common kinds like Alaska have been discontinued.

FOR MAY FLOWERING

Three Glory of Wayside. Abundant flowers and blooms early in May; excellent\$0.90	Doz. \$2.75	100 \$19.00
Leucanthemum flore pleno (Double White Shasta Daisy). Flowers double, pure white, of medium size, excellent for cutting; each plant produces from 30 to 50 flowers; perfectly hardy without any protection. Our latest and best addition to the Shasta Daisies	2.50	18.00

FOR JULY FLOWERING, ONWARD

Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. This magnificent

white Marguerite is undoubtedly the largest flowered variety of this class. Flowers frequently measure six inches across, with very broad petals of great substance. Height 2½ to 3 feet	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sutton's Perfection. Beautiful flowers, having long, pure white petals with small, yellow centers. A great favorite, Height 2½ feet	1.20	3.50	25.00

FOR SUMMER AND LATE FLOWERING	NG.	
Arcticum (The Arctic Daisy). Among Fall-flowering perennials this is a perfect gem. It forms an attractive rosette-like clump of pretty dark green foliage, and in September multitudes of flower stems appear, terminated by pure white flowers 2 to 2½ inches in diameter. These begin to develop during the last week in September, and continue in good condition throughout October, and frequently into November	3.00	20.00
Etoile d'Or. Another of the large-flow- ered English type, producing the largest and best flowers of any we have 1.20	3.50	25.00
Uliginosum (syn. Pyrethrum). Giant Daisy. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, covered with large, white, daisy-like flowers from June to September	2.75	19.00



Shasta Daisy, Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. This is a very fine cut flower variety.



Daisy, Glory of Wayside.



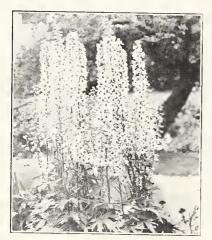
Daisy, Etoile d'Or.



Clematis Davidiana.



Cypripedium Spectabile.



Delphinium Belladonna.

CLEMATIC	DWADE	(Charakhara)
CLEMATIS	, DWAKF	(Shrubby).

Three Davidiana. A most desirable variety, with fresh, bright green foliage and tubular bell-shaped flowers of deep lavender-blue during August and Sep- tember; deliciously fragrant. 2½ feet. \$1.20	Doz.	100 \$25.00
Integrifolia coerulea. A good border plant, growing from 18 to 24 inches high, producing its small but interesting porcelain blue flowers from June to August	4.00	30.00
Recta. Grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and produces fragrant, pure white flowers in very large, showy clusters during June and July	7.00	50.00

CYPRIPEDIUM (Lady's Slipper).

Hardy orchids that thrive in a moist, peaty soil, in shade or partial shade; flowers are very interesting with their odd shapes and uncommon colors and markings.

Three Acaule (Lady's Slipper; Moccasin Flower). This is often called the Red Lady Slipper, but the flower is rose-purple in color\$1.00	Doz. \$3.00	100 \$20.00
Pubescens (Large Yellow Lady's Slipper). Very much like Parviflorum, only the flowers are larger. This should be planted in a rich bed in which leaf-mold should be a part, in some moist, yet well drained shady spot	3.50	25.00
Spectabile (Showy Lady's Slipper). The finest and most showy of all our orchids. It grows about two feet high, bearing along the stalk several rather large, roundish leaves, and on top one or two quite large, rose-purple or nearly white flowers	3.50	25.00

DAPHNE (See Shrubs, page 55). Price, large plants \$2.50 each.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur).

(-u.n.p.u.).			
Belladonna. They are our best blue cut flowers, are perfectly hardy and established plants produce a number of spikes, giving three crops during the season. They are in demand by every florist for decorating, the light blue Belladonna combining especially well with other flowers. The two-and three-year-old plants of Belladonna can be forced in the greenhouse to great advantage		2 50	15.00
•			
2-year. Light sky-blue. Select for forcing		3.00	20.00
3-year. Light sky-blue. Select for forcing		3.50	25.00
Bellamosa. A dark blue of the type of Belladonna with the color of the old Formosum variety, but not liable to mildew like the latter and of stronger growth.			
1-year	.85	2.50	18.00
2-year. Select for forcing	1.00	3.00	20.00
3-year. Select for forcing	1.20	3.50	25.00
Chinense. A very pretty variety, with fine feathery foliage and intense gentian-blue flowers in open panicles	.85	2.50	18.00
Chinense album. A pure white form of the above	.85	2.50	18.00
Formosum. The old-fashioned dark blue Larkspur	.85	2.50	18.00
Nudicaule. A dwarf native of California, producing intense orange-red flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00

DELPHINIUM - Larkspur

English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, for they have such an immense variety of beauty and increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity, year after year. Some varieties grow 8 feet high in rich soil. They have immense spikes of most beautiful flowers of every imaginable shade of blue, and their season is long; in fact, they will bloom from Spring till Fall.

The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple. They thrive in almost any position, and may be planted at any time of the year, provided that in Summer the plants are not too forward, and that they be well watered if the weather is dry. The soil may be a rich, friable loam, which suits them finely; but any soil, even hot and sandy, if well watered and manured, will give excellent results. Placed in lines, as a background to a border, or in groups of, say, three plants at intervals, the effect of the Delphinium is exceedingly fine. A succession of flowers may be expected from Spring to early Autumn, especially if the spikes, which have done flowering early, be cut down to the ground; fresh growth will then be produced which will give blossoms. Watering in Summer will increase size of spike and flower. Top-dressing is greatly recommended on certain soils, instead of the bare surface of the ground being left exposed to the sun. Some of the neater dwarf Alpine and other hardy plants may be utilized to plant between and around Delphiniums. Coal ashes strewn over the crowns will protect the plants from slugs through the Winter and Spring. Any garden soil suits the Delphiniums.

Choicest Wayside Gardens Unnamed Hybrids

Three Doz. Here offered are the newest, the best and the finest to be secured anywhere. The range of colors varies from the palest shade of blue to the deepest indigo-blue and royal-purple with many intermediary pastel tones of mauve, pink and lavender blendings. Among these new hybrids are flowers of huge size in both single and double forms. This strain has been raised from seed saved from the finest named kinds in creation. Visitors at our nursery pro-claim them the best they have ever seen. Those who wish to perfect their already much prized borders cannot afford to overlook these wonderful hy-\$5.00 \$35.00

Imported Strain

(Blackmore and Langdon's). Three Grown from seed of famous named sorts. Introduced by England's fore- most grower of Delphiniums.	Doz.	100
1-year-old plants	\$3.00	\$20.00
2-year-old plants	3.50	25.00

The fine types of Delphiniums unfortunately do not live very long in our country, we therefore advise the planting of one-year-old roots, and in no instance older than two years, so that you may enjoy them the longest possible time.

Plant all hardy plants early and cover slightly the first Winter after planting. Our shipping season opens September 1st. Send your order now.



Delphinium, "Wayside Hybrids."



English Delphiniums, Single Form.

Penduliflorum.



Dielytra-Bleeding Heart. May be forced to bloom in the house by anyone without any trouble.



Digitalia, Shirley Hybrids.

DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil).

100

enduliflorum. An exceedingly graceful shrublike plant covered with purplish red flowers in Summer time when little else is in bloom. Strikingly beautiful..\$1.70 \$35.00

DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant).

The Dictamnus is one of the most satisfactory hardy plants in cultivation, both on account of splendid flowers and its rich, durable foliage.

Fraxinella	alba		Doz. \$4.00	100 \$30.00
Fraxinella	rubra	1.40	4.00	30.00

DIELYTRA OR DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart).

A hardy perennial with heart-shaped, rose-colored flowers in drooping spikes. The base of the flower is furnished with two sheathlike spurs. One of the best border plants; perfectly hardy and easily cultivated. Flowers in April or May. The Bleeding Heart is one of the choicest members of the old-fashioned gardens. They prefer the shaded nooks in the border.

Eximia (Plumy Bleeding Heart). A dwarfgrowing sort, with beautiful finely cut foliage and showy racemes of pretty pink flowers throughout the season. Too much cannot be said for this fine border plant as it is equally at home in full shade or sun and perfectly hardy anywhere. Bailey's "Cyclopedia of American Horticulture" says in description: "The handsomest foliage of any border plant in the entire collection." This variety of Bleeding Heart is the only kind which will replace the Spectabilis which is so hard to get. Will grow in any climate under any conditions.	Doz.	100
2-year-old \$1.20 1-year-old (Strong)85	$\begin{array}{c} \$3.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$	\$25.00 18.00
spectabilis (Bleeding Heart or Seal Flower). An old-fashioned favorite; its long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive; it is used largely for forcing and is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border, and especially valuable for planting		
in clumps. Each. 60c 2.00	6.50	45.00

DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed, and, planted in masses in the garden among shrubs or naturalized on the edge of woods, in the orchards or along brooks, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. It is a biennial, but, as it renews itself from self-sown seed, it may be treated as a perennial.

Giant Shirley Foxgloves. We now have a fine lot of field-grown plants of the Giant Shirley Foxgloves. They are a genuine "Shirley" production of extraordinary size and vigor, growing 5 to 6 feet tall. The flower-heads are over 3 feet long, crowded with big, bell-shaped blossoms. Colors range from white and shell-pink to deepest rose, many attractively dotted with crimson or chocolate. Furthermore, they are more apt to be of perennial	Doz.	100
habit than the old-fashioned Foxgloves. \$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Ambigua or grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. A hardy plant, with yellowish flowers, marked with brown. Effective in groups in wild garden	3.50	25.00
Gloxiniaeflora. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. A popular variety, ranging in color from rose to deep purple. Robust habit85	2.50	18.00
Gloxiniaefiora alba. 2 feet. June and July. The white-flowered Foxglove85	2.50	18.00
Lanata. Dwarf variety; flowers are a deep purple	2.75	19.00
Mixed Colors. Fine new strain	2.50	18.00

DIANTHUS - Pinks

HYBRID GARDEN PINKS

Without the spicy fragrance of the Hardy Pinks a garden is incomplete. Their perfect form and rich coloring make them great favorites for Summer bouquets. June. Three Doz. Delicata (Double). Beautiful pink, shaded\$1.20\$25.00 \$3.50 Flsie. Deep rose-pink, flowers all Summer 3.50 25.00 3,50 25.0025.00 3.50 Manning's Pink. A very free-flowering variety, producing perfectly formed, deep pink flowers; sweet scented 1.20 3.5025.00 Mrs. Simpkins. Pure white; sweet scented. 1.20 25.00 3.50 25.00

NEW CRIMSON HARDY PINK

.50 25.00

DIANTHUS ALLWOODI

(New Perpetual-Flowering Hardy Pink)

This is a most important addition to our list of perennial plants. They are perfectly hardy and flower continuously from early Spring until late in Autumn; the flowers are much more substantial and larger than the old type of Hardy Pinks, and are borne on long stems suitable for cutting; deliciously clove scented. All good, thrifty, young plants.

Th	ree Doz.	100
Alfred. A sweetly scented pure white\$1	40 \$4.00	\$30.00
Jean. Pure white with a deep violet-		
crimson center 1	.40 4.00	30.00
Joyce. Soft rose-pink with amaranth-red		0000
center 1	.40 4.00	30.00
Peggy. Pinkish maroon, delicately fringed, 1	4.00	30.00
Robert. Old rose-pink with maroon cen-		
ter	4.00	30.00
ter 1	.40 4.00	30.00
Mixed. Single and double; all colors.		
Strong, field-grown plants 1	.40 4.00	30.00
crong, note grown plants	. 10 1.00	00.00

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Clove Pinks)

Pink, purplish and white, fragrant flowers on long spikes. Handsome, glaucous green foliage. For border or rock garden. It will bloom continuously if flowers are cut off when they begin to fade.

	Three	Doz.	100
Semperflorens flore pleno. Double	and		
single blooms, Blooms throughout	the		
Summer	\$0.90	\$2.75	\$19.00

DIANTHUS HEDDEWIGI (Japanese Pinks)

Flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors, varying from pure white to the richest crimson, while many are beautifully laced or striped. For bedding purposes they are of immense value during the entire Summer, and they also furnish elegant flowers for bouquets.

cregative nowers 1	or bouquets.	****	-	400
		Three	Doz.	100
Mixed Varieties		\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William)

The Sweet William is a fine plant which produces great masses of bloom of extremely rich and varied colors. The flowers are lasting and fine for cutting.

lasting and fine for catting.		
Three	Doz.	100
Holborn Glory. A very fine auricula-		
eyed variety; white with a well marked		
and distinct eye\$0.85	\$2.50	\$17.00
Latifolius atrococcineus fl. pl. (Ever-		
lasting Hybrid Sweet William). Beau-		
tiful Summer bedding variety, produc-		
ing masses of brilliant fiery crimson	0.50	4 = 00
flowers all season	2.50	17.00
Maroon Beauty. Extra choice strain85	2.50	17.00
Newport Pink. Watermelon-pink or sal-		
mon-rose	2.50	17.00
Scarlet Beauty, Rich deep scarlet, bright		
green foliage; very fine	2.50	17.00
White Beauty. Pure white	2.50	17.00
Choice Mixed Colors	2.50	17.00



Dianthus Arenarius.



Dianthus Plumarius-Clove Pinks.



Dianthus Barbatus-Sweet William.

WAYSIDE GARDENS, MENTOR, OHIO



Dianthus Caesius,





Dodecatheon Meadia.



Doronicum Caucasicum.

DIANTHUS SPECIES

VARIOUS VARIETIES

Suitable for dry rockeries, dry walls or any other hot, dry, sunny spot. Almost all Pinks are of the easiest culture and will thrive in any wall drained soil and supply resition.

will thrive in any well drained soil and sur		ositíon.	
	'hree	Doz.	100
Arenarius (Sand-Loving Pink). This Pink			
delights in a sandy soil and sun. Flow-			
ers white with carmine ring, deeply			
fringed and fragrant. Excellent for dry,			
hot places. 6 inches	1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Caesius grandinorus (Cheddar Pink). It			
is very compact in growth and makes a			
cushion of glaucous leaves from which,			
in May, spring the sweet smelling,			
rose colored flowers. It varies as much			
as from four inches to ten inches in			
height. It is easily grown and very			
fine for the rock garden	1.00	3.00	20.00
Cruentus. Dense heads of flowers on long			
stems. Deep red. Fine border plant	1.00	3.00	20.00
Deltoides (Maiden Pink). A beautiful			
little plant with narrow leaves and			
bearing a profusion of small, crimson			
flowers during June and July. Easily			
grown on rockery	.90	2.75	19.00
Deltoides albus. A charming white form			
of the above variety	.90	2.75	19.00
Deltoides "Brilliant." Glowing crimson-			
red; a most striking rock plant	.90	2.75	19.00
Speciosus. A free-flowering, lavender-			
pink variety; flowers are finely cut, giv-			
ing a lacy effect; wonderfully sweet			
scented, growing anywhere like all other			
varieties under this heading; the hotter			
and dryer the spot the more they are at			.
home	.90	2.75	19.00
DODEC LEURON			

DODECATHEON.

3.50

25.00

40.00

20.00

25.00

6.00

3.00

3.50

DORONICUM (Leopardbane).

Cancasicum. Large, bright yellow flowers; one of the most effective early Spring-flowering perennials. Effective as a single plant, or in a hardy border. It is a splendid flower for cutting, as it carries well and stands a long time in water. They succeed well everywhere. 2.00

DRACOCEPHALUM (Dragonhead).

Very showy border plants when in flower. Hardy. Delight in a cool situation. 100 Doz.

Ruyschianum japonicum. Flowers white; central lobe of corolla with a blue border and white spots, might be called a blue Physostegia. 2 feet\$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00

ECHINACEA (Coneflower).

(See Rudbeckia Purpurea).

ECHINOPS (Globe Thistle).

Ritro. Interesting and showy thistle-like plants with globular heads of deep metallic blue flowers, which can be dried and remain attractive for a long time. 2 to 3 feet

EDELWEISS (See Leontopodium).

EPIGAEA.

Repens (Trailing Arbutus; Mayflower). Likes acid soil, therefore plant in some place where lime will not hurt it. Strong plants

EPILOBIUM (Willow Herb).

3.00 20.00 20.00

ERIANTHUS (Plume Grass).

(See Grasses).

25.00

EPIMEDIUM (Barren-wort, Bishop's Hat).

Interesting plants with hard, almost evergreen leaves; excellent for shady places in border and rock garden; fine plant for edging in shade.

ulphureum. A dwarf-growing plant suitable for a shady position in the rock garden or edge of border, with leathery, bronzy foliage and panicles of small sul-Sulphureum. plant phur-yellow flowers in May\$5.00 \$35.00

Violaceum. Similar to the above, with reddish violet flowers in May 5.00

ERIGERON (Fleabane).

A very effective genus of Michaelmas Daisy-like plants usually with pink and purple flowers. They flourish in any garden soil, are indispensable for groups and flower borders, and are excellent for cutting. June to August.

	Three	Doz.	100
Coulteri. Spreading masses of pure whi flowers; very effective		\$3.00	\$20.00
Mesa Grande. 18 inches. Violet-blu distinct from all others; fine for cuttin		4.00	30.00
Speciosus. 2 feet. June and July. Larg handsome blue flowers, violet tinted an	Θ, nd	0.70	10.00
yellow centers	85	2.50	18.00

ERINUS.

lpinus. Pretty rosettes of foliage and racemes of rosy purple flowers. A first rate rock plant and also invaluable for establishing on old walls or between steps. 4 inches. May-June 1.20 Alpinus. 3.50

ERODIUM (Heron's Bill).

Very choice and valuable race of plants belonging to the Geranium family. Prefer light, rich soil and sunny position. Perfectly hardy.

100 \$6.00 \$40.00

ERYNGIUM (Sea Holly).

Finely cut, spiny foliage and thistle-like heads of flowers of a beautful steel blue. Very decorative in the hardy border, and useful for dry bouquets in Winter.

Amethystinum (syn. oliverianum). The	Doz.	100
true blue Thistle, with amethyst stems and bracts\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Glaucum roseum. With heads of pink cones	3.00	20.00
Planum. Branching heads of steel-blue flowers; stems and bracts of a glisten-		
ing metallic sheen	2.50	18.00

ERYSIMUM (Hedge Mustard).

These plants do well in the front row of a border and on dry banks. They like full exposure to sunlight, and in the Spring months are completely covered with bright flowers.

\$18.00

EULALIA (See Grasses).

EUPATORIUM (Hardy Ageratum).

Ageratoides (Thoroughwort). A useful border plant of strong, free growth, 3 to 3½ feet high, with minute white flowers in dense heads; splendid for cutting. August and September 2.50 18.00 oelestinum. A pretty hardy plant, with light purple flowers similar to the Ager-atum; in flower from August until frost. 18 to 24 inches. Good cut flower85 Coelestinum. 2.50 18.00

EUPHORBIA (Milkwort). 3.00 20.00 Myrsinites. A pretty prostrate species. bluish foliage, with crowded heads of yellow flowers 1.00 20.00



Eupatorium Coelestinum.



Erinus Alpinus.



Erigeron.



Eryngium.



Adiantum Pedatum.



Ferns.



Funkia Glauca.

FERNS - Hardy Varieties

The cultivation of Hardy Ferns is remarkably simple. All they want is a light alluvial soil, a little loam and peat or leaf-mould sufficient to keep the soil light and open, plenty of moisture, position varying from partial to deep shade. The Aspleniums and many others will grow on walls, chinks of rocks, etc. Many will revel in full sunshine in any ordinary border. There is scarcely a garden or even a back yard where Ferns cannot be grown successfully. Anyone commencing with a few specimens will soon be induced to go on collecting until he has made a feature both interesting to himself, and also to all who see them.

mem.	Three	Doz	100
Adiantum pedatum (Hardy Maidenhair Fern). Most attractive of our native Ferns; black stems with delicate green fronds			
Aspidium acrostichoides (Wood Fern). (Polystichum). An evergreen species with deep green, divided fronds. Should be planted in a shady position. 12 inches		2,50	18.00
Aspidium spinulosum (Dryopteris spinulosa). Spinulosa Woodfern. An evergreen variety that requires rich, well drained soil. 18 to 24 inches.		2.50	
Asplenium filix foemina (Lady Fern). Grows in shade or sun. Large and handsome. 3 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
Cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). Erect fronds, drooping at tips, with bright cinnamon colored spores at end of fronds; a very conspicuous variety	1.00	3.00	20.00
Dicksonia punctilobula (Dennstaedtia punctilobula). Hay-scented or Gossamer Fern. Grows well in either sun or shade. 18 to 24 inches. Very erect with broad fronds, of a soft, woolly texture.		2.50	18.00
Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). Requires wet places either in sun or shade. 12 inches		2.50	18.0 0
Osmunda Claytoniana (Interrupta). A distinct and very beautiful native species; foliage velvety green, with prominent brown spores in middle of fronds	1.00	3.00	20.00
Regalis (The Royal Fern). Wonderful in damp, marshy places, where its rich yellowish green foliage and golden stems make very striking subjects	1.00	3.00	20.00
Struthiopteris germanica (The Ostrich Fern). A very graceful species with finely cut pinnules, growing 2 to 3 feet high	.85	2.50	18.00
Woodsia obtusa. Large rosettes of curious hoary foliage. Fronds one foot in length; very free growing	.85	2.50	18.00

FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

Little Gem. A				
and valuable				
large, double,				
October, 18			2.50	18.00
Golden Ball. D	warf yellow .	 .85	2.5θ	18.00

FOXGLOVE (See Digitalis).

FUMARIA (See Corydalis).

FUNKIA (Plantain Lily).

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in flower. They succeed equally well in sun or shade.

Three	Doz.	100
Coerulea. Broad green leaves; blue flowers in June	2.75	19.00
Glauca. A very pretty Japanese species, with distinctive bluish foliage 2.00	6.00	40.00
Subcordata grandiflora. Very large pure white, lily-shaped, fragrant flowers in August and September 1.40	4.00	30.00
Variegata. Variegated foliage; blue flow-	2 75	19.00

GAILLARDIA - Blanket Flower

Improved English Strain. We consider the Gaillardia one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation, and our strain of these brilliant flowered plants to be the finest extant. Though such an ornamental addition to the herbaceous border, the perennial Gaillardia is content with extremely simple treatment. Dig the soil deeply and enrich with well-rotted manure. We recommend the Gaillardia for bedding purposes as well as for borders. Everyone will have noticed how grandly Gaillardias have thriven through droughts; they seem hardly to need water. The gay blossoms are obtainable in perpetual profusion from June to November and the greater the drought and scarcity of other flowers the more the utility of the perennial Gaillardia is demonstrated. No more beautiful and brilliant sight can be imagined than a large bed of Gaillardias, with their profusion of highly colored flowers of all shades. Some of the varieties of our improved strain measure fully 5 inches in diameter.

Three Dazler. Introduced in England two years	Doz.	100
ago. Large, dull red flowers; very fine variety\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Choicest Mixed Colors	2.50	15.00

GALEGA (Goat's Rue).

Showy plants of the easiest culture and very useful in the hardy border. They form very bushy plants with attractive foliage and pea-shaped flowers. Fine for cutting.

				Doz.	100
Officinalis nana	rosea flor	e pleno	. Very		
fine double pir	nk variety;	rather	rare\$2.00	\$15.00	\$125.00

GENTIANA (Blue Gentian).

Andrewsi. One of the most fascinating

tightly closed, are borne at the top of a stem from 6 to 8 inches long, and are an intense deep blue. Blooms best in moist places. July and October		3.00	20.00
Asclepidea	1.00	3.00	20.00
Thibetica. Very hardy variety; creamy white	1.00	3.00	20.00

Thibetica. Very hardy variety; creamy white	1.00	3.00	20.00
GERANIUM (Crane's Bill).			
Argenteum. Silvery leaved variety; good for hot, dry places in rock or wall garden	1.20	3.50	25.00
Thericum. Handsome serrated foliage. Large, Illac-blue flowers, blooming all Summer; compact, bushy plants. 18 inches	.90	2.75	19.00
Pratense. Large blue flowers in pairs on stems 2½ feet high. Very handsome plant for border	1.20	3.50	25.00
Pratense album. Very handsome white variety of the Meadow Crane's Bill	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sanguineum. Attractive foliage and bright crimson flowers; 18 inches	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sanguineum album. Fine rock plant; white form of the above	1.00	3.00	20.00
GEUM (Avens).			
Coccineum Mrs. Bradshaw (Chilgense) A			

EUM (Avens).		
Coccineum Mrs. Bradshaw (Chiloense). A splendid new variety, with large, double flowers of a fiery red, blooming nearly all Summer. Peculiarly attractive. 18 inches90	2.75	19.00
Lady Stratheden. A new introduction of great merit. Rich golden yellow blossoms, counterpart of G. Mrs. Bradshaw. Fine for hardy garden	3.00	20.00

GILLENIA (Bowman's Root).

Trifoliata. A strong growing plant; ad-		
mirable for the border or for use in con-		
nection with shrubs, with handsome tri-		
foliate foliage and numerous white flow-		
ers tinged with pink. 3 feet	.85	$^{2.5}$



Gaillardia.



Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw.



Feverfew-Matricaria.

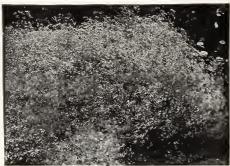
18.00



Pampas Grass.



Eulalia Zebrina.



Gypsophila Paniculata.



Hepatica.

GRASSES (Hardy Ornamental).

The ornamental Grasses can be used with telling effect in borders, large beds, or by the margin of ponds and lakes. They are often used with small shrubs and medium sized trees in wide borders. The Eulalias planted singly on lawns where the soil is deep and rich, take care of themselves and grow very rapidly into large specimens. In large, round beds, with ornamental Grasses as the principal feature, the effect is heightened by the addition of such plants as Cannas or dwarf-flowerering plants near the margin.

Three Doz. 100

Erianthus ravennae (Plume Grass or Hardy Pampas). 10 to 12 feet high, frequently throwing up 30 to 50 flower spikes. Closely resembles Pampas Grass	Elymus glaucus (Blue Lime Grass). Handsome Grass with narrow glaucous silvery foliage. Well adapted for the border or edge of beds with taller sorts. \$0.8	pe Doz. 5 \$2.50	
Rush). Graceful habit, with very narrow foliage; of a bright green color, with a silvery midrib. 6 to 7 feet85 2.50 18.00 Eulalia japonica. Long, narrow, graceful green foliage, and when in flower the attractive plumes are 6 to 7 feet high. 1.20 3.50 25.00 Eulalia japonica variegata. Very ornamental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. 1.00 3.00 20.00 Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet 1.40 4.00 30.00 Festuca glauca (Blue Fescue Grass). 12 to 15 inches. Ornamental Grass. Grown for dense tufts of very narrow bluish leaves. Used for edgings or for contrast with darker foliage. Desirable for rock garden	Erianthus ravennae (Plume Grass or Hardy Pampas). 10 to 12 feet high, frequently throwing up 30 to 50 flower spikes. Closely resembles Pampas		
green foliage, and when in flower the attractive plumes are 6 to 7 feet high. 1.20 3.50 25.00 Eulalia japonica variegata. Very ornamental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. 1.00 3.00 20.00 Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet	Rush). Graceful habit, with very narrow foliage; of a bright green color,	5 2.50	18.00
mental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. 1.00 3.00 20.00 Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet	green foliage, and when in flower the	0 3.50	25.00
The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet	Eulalia japonica variegata. Very ornamental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. 1.0	0 3.00	20.00
to 15 inches. Ornamental Grass. Grown for dense tufts of very narrow bluish leaves. Used for edgings or for con- trast with darker foliage. Desirable for rock garden	The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn, 6 to 10	0 4.00	30.00
A beautiful Grass whose flower heads are produced in the greatest profusion. Color rich mahogany, conspicuously tipped with white	to 15 inches. Ornamental Grass. Grown for dense tufts of very narrow bluish leaves. Used for edgings or for con- trast with darker foliage. Desirable for	5 2.50	18.00
gated Ribbon Grass). Leaves longitud- inally striped with white; very orna- mental; sometimes run wild about old	A beautiful Grass whose flower heads are produced in the greatest profusion. Color rich mahogany, conspicuously	0 3.00	20.00
	gated Ribbon Grass). Leaves longitud- inally striped with white; very orna- mental; sometimes run wild about old	5 2.50	18.00

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath).

Very branching or spreading, slender plants, with scant foliage when in bloom. Of easiest culture in open, rather dry places. Desirable where a mass of delicate, misty bloom will fill in a bare place.

Three Doz. 100

2.50

18.00

Paniculata compacta. When in bloom in August and September it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauzelike appear-		
ance\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Paniculata flore pleno. A light and grace-ful cut flower, compatible with all others, no matter of what shape or color; masses of minute double white flowers. (Plants offered are grafted, and we guarantee all plants sold to be double). 2.00	6.00	40.00
Repens. A beautiful trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small, white and pink flowers in July and August90	2.75	19.00
Rokejeka (Acutifolia). Rose colored "Baby's Breath." Tall, graceful grower, and a wonderful cut flower90	2.75	19.00

HEPATICA (Wood Anemone).

HELENIUM (Sneezewort).

Tall growing plants closely allied to the Sunflower; bearing in late Summer and Fall great masses of large, daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and orange.

in shades of yellow and orange.		
Three	Doz.	100
Autumnale superbum. Broad heads of deep golden yellow flowers in late Summer. Grows 5 to 6 feet high\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Autumnale rubrum. A splendid new variety; deep ox-blood-red, changing to terra cotta. 5 to 6 feet. September 1.00	3.00	20.00
Bigelovi. Quick growing, branching plants, 2 to 3 feet; quite showy during August with terminal clusters 1½ inches, deep yellow flowers; brown centered 1.00	3.00	20.00
Pumilum magnificum. Large, golden yellow flowers; one of the most floriferous and useful border plants in cultivation. 1.20	3.50	25.00
Riverton Beauty. Pure lemon-yellow, with large disc of purplish black 1.00	3.00	20.00
Riverton Gem (New). Old gold, suffused with bright terra cotta, changing to wallflower-red. August to October 1.00	3.00	20.00

HELIANTHUS (Hardy Sunflower).

The perennial Sunflower should always be planted in masses, where they may have plenty of room, against backgrounds of shrubbery, or naturalized in wild gardens or woodlands. They produce a grand effect impossible to describe. In combination with hardy Asters, where broad color effects are wanted in late Summer, they have few equals. They are profuse bloomers, producing an unlimited supply of flowers for decoration.

Acutifolius. An extremely beautiful Octo- er variety, with large flowers of a de-	hree	Doz.	100
lightful shade of golden yellow\$	0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Maximiliani. The latest of all, Golden yellow flowers in graceful sprays in October. Fine for cutting. 6 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
Mollis. An improved variety of Helianthus lactiflorus; of taller growth and having larger flowers. A decided improvement and most beautiful sort	.85	2.50	18.00
Multifiorus fl. pl. Clear yellow; closely resembling a Dahlia in shape and finish.	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sparcifolius. The best of the Summer- blooming varieties of hardy Sunflowers. Flowers 3 inches in diameter and freely produced. Plant grows 3 to 4 feet high, and spreads rapidly. Fine for the bor-			
der, and for planting among shrubs	1.00	3.00	20.00

HELIANTHEMUM (Rock or Sun Rose).

Low-growing evergreen plants, forming broad clumps, and which during their flowering season, July to September, are hidden by a mass of bloom: for the front of the border, the rockery, or a dry, sunny bank

	Three	Doz.	100
Album plenum. Double white	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Bride. Single white, silvery foliage	1.20	3.50	25.00
Clara Middleton. Single, rich orange .	1.20	3.50	25.00
Fireball. Bright single scarlet	1.20	3.50	25.00
Macrantha. Single, yellow	1.20	3.50	25.00
Mrs. Earle. Double, scarlet	1.20	3.50	25.00
Mutabile. Golden yellow, single	1.20	3.50	25.00
Praecox. Single, yellow, silvery foliage	1.20	3.50	25.00
Rhodanthe carneum. Large, pink flowe	rs.		
silvery foliage		3.50	25.00
Rose Queen. Large single pink flowers	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sudbury Gem. Single, crimson-bronze .	1.20	3.50	25.00
Choice Mixed Varieties	1.00	3.00	20.00

Helianthemums belong to the finest border or rock plants, but they should be trimmed back before planting as they are otherwise hard to establish. We offer also 3-inch pot plants ready to bloom in the same colors at the additional charge of 5 cents per plant. Specify pot plants when ordering.



Helenium. Close up of flowers.



Helianthemum Growing in Rock Garden.



Helianthus.



Helianthus Multiflorus fl. pl.



Hemerocallis Thunbergi.



Heuchera Sanguinea.



Heliopsis.

HELIOPSIS (Hardy Zinnia).

Similar in general habit to Helianthus, but commencing to flower earlier in the season. July and August. Of dwarfer habit, rarely exceeding 3 feet in height. Very valuable for

variety. The \$2.50 \$18.00

Scabra excelsa. A new variety with very rich chrome yellow flowers, turning to a bright yellow as they mature. These are almost double, having from 4 to 5 rows of petals, and are produced very profusely. The plant is about 3 feet high, and from mid-July to the end of feptember makes an effective display .. 1.20 20.00

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily).

Hemerocallis have long been favorites in our garden, and are always included in any list of the most popular hardy plants. All of the varieties of Hemerocallis are desirable and beautiful. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage is very handsome and sets off the charming lily-like flowers very effectively. They look particularly well naturalized along streams or on moist banks, and will thrive most luxuriantly in shade.

Three Doz. 100

Dr. Regel. Handsome, rich orange-yellow flowers in May. Very fragrant. Fine for cutting. 1½ feet\$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00 Flava (Lemon Lily). Sweet scented, clear, full yellow; 2½ feet. Flowers in June. 1.00 3.00 20.00 Florham. 3.00 20.00 Fulva (Brown Day Lily). Coppery orange, shaded crimson. 3 feet. July 2.50 18.00 wanso. Large, double-flowered variety with rich golden bronze flowers 1.00 Kwanso. 3.00 20.00 Middendorfi major. A very striking variety, with huge rich, orange-yellow flowers 2.75 19.00 Thunbergi. Much like Flava, but flowers in July, a month later, and 6 to 10 inches of the upper portion of the flow-er scapes are thickened and flattened... 2.75 19.00 **HESPERIS** (Sweet Rocket).

2.50 15.00

HEUCHERA (Coralbells).

Beautiful plants for front row of borders, with slender, fairy-like spikes of richly colored flowers; most striking in the garden and light and graceful for cutting.

Brizoides. We have thoroughly tested this new Heuchera and find it one of the most desirable hardy plants introduced in many years. It has the same foliage and habit as Heuchera sanguinea, but the color is not so brilliant, though five or six times as many flowers are produced. Blooms in May \$3.50 \$25.00 25.00 3.50 3.50 25.00

NEW HYBRIDS

3.50

3.50

25.00

25.00

Sanguinea Mixed Hybrids. All shades of red and coral, pink, etc. This is our new mixture which is highly spoken of because of its fine coloring, large flowers, and free-flowering habit of the plants1.20

Sanguinea alba. Similar to the above, with white flowers

100

1.50

10.00

HOLLYHOCKS - Althea Rosea

The Hollyhock is an old garden favorite, full of sentiment and association with a distant past. It is a plant of strong, vigorous growth and noble aspect, with elegant camellia-like flowers that form perfect rosettes of the most lovely shades of color. They require a deep, rich soil and a sunny corner, but will repay by their gorgeous and lavish bloom all the attention bestowed upon them. Painters choose Hollyhocks as subjects for floral paintings oftener than any other flower. We suppose the reason for this is that artists have a keener appreciation of beauty than other people, and recognize that the common single Hollyhock is one of the most stately, picturesque and beautiful plants in the world. Nothing can be more effective than a large group of single Hollyhocks, and once planted they will literally take care of themselves even if planted in the grass. We know of patches that have not been cultivated or disturbed in any way for twenty years. Some people think double Hollyhocks are more beautiful than single. They are mistaken, although the doubles are beautiful, but inclined to be topheavy. Hollyhocks planted in the Fall will bloom the following Summer.

	Three	Doz.	100
DOUBLE. Separate colors, as follows:			
Apple Blossom	. \$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Bright Rose	85	2.50	18.00
Dark Purple	85	2.50	18.00
Maroon	85	2.50	18.00
Newport Pink	85	2.50	18.00
Pale Lilac	85	2.50	18.00
Red	85	2.50	18.00
White	85	2.50	18.00
White with purple base	85	. 2.50	18.00
Yellow	85	2.50	18.00
The above shades in mixed colors all at		2.50	18.00
New Allegheny. Immense semi-doubl flowers, with fringed edges		2.50	18.00
SINGLE. Red, White, Pink and Mixed .	85	2.50	18.00

(Our Hollyhocks are free from disease and rust. Clean, strong, one-year-old stock; two-year-old plants are never sent out, as they are not satisfactory).

HIBISCUS (Mallow).

Mallow Marvels. A robust type of upright habit, producing an abundance of flowers of enormous size in all the richest shades of crimson, pink and white.

	Three	Doz.
New Giant-Flowering Marshmallow.	A	
wonderfully improved form of our great	at-	
ly admired native Marshmallow		
Rosemallow, in which not only t		
colors have been greatly intensified, b		
in which flowers of enormous size, fr		
quently 10 to 12 inches in diameter, ha	ve	
been developed. Equally at home in		
positions, having the same vigor in d		
and wet ground; perfectly hardy and a		
very floriferous, blooming from early		
July until late in September. They a		
the most beautiful and hardy of all he		
baceous plants, their dignified spikes		
huge blossoms make them indispensal		
for large groups and mixed border	rs.	
We offer three distinct colors.		

Red, Fink or White and Crimson Eye. Strong, 3-year-old\$1.20	\$3.50	\$20.00
Red, Pink or White and Crimson Eye. Strong, 2-year-old85	2.50	18.00
Mixed Colors. 2-year-old	2.50	18.00
Mixed Colors. 4-year-old clumps 1.40	4.00	30.00

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

Twenty to thirty white, pendent, bell-shaped flowers on stalks 3 to 4 feet high. Blooms early and till late Fall. One of the best of all hardy bulbs for the herbeceous border.





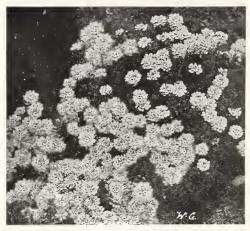
Hibiscus,



Hyacinthus Candicans.



Hypericum Moserianum. Good for foundation planting.



Iberis Sempervirens. Excellent for edging walks.



Incarvillea

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).

Calycinum. Similar to the other two varieties, except that it is dwarf in growth; makes underground runners, which, when they come up, produce a beautiful carpet of green covered with large yellow blossoms. Is really a ground cover; hardiest of all; excellent	Doz.	100
variety\$1.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
Henryi. The same as Moserianum, though slightly more upright in growth and much hardier and better suited for cold climates	5.300	35.00
Moserianum. A most desirable border plant, of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender, much branched stems, leafy to the base and all drooping towards the ends, apparently from the weight of the flowers and buds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty is lost. It is marvelously free-flowering, of large size, measuring from 2 to 2½ inches in diameter; in color a rich golden yellow, rendered still more effective by the numerous yellow stamens and crimson anthers, and blooms		
continuously the entire season. 2 feet 1.40	4.00	30.00

IBERIS (Hardy Candytuft).

Most desirable dwarf plants, 8 to 10 inches, with evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden with dense heads of flowers early in the Spring.

Little Gem. Dwarf, pure white flowers in June. Glaucous blue foliage. Splen-	Doz.	100
did rock or edging plant; perfectly hardy. 6 inches\$1.40	\$4.00	\$30.00
Sempervirens. Very dwarf and covered with a sheet of white, a particularly fine rock plant. 1-year-old plants90	2.75	19.00
2-year-old clumps 1.20	3.50	25.00
INULA (Fleabane).		
Golden Beauty. Free-flowering border plants with yellow flowers	2.50	18.00

INCARVILLEA (Hardy Gloxinia).

Large, rich rose, Begonia-like flowers with deep yellow throats, produced all through the Summer. A hardy perennial which succeeds well in borders and is equally valuable for greenhouse decoration. Height 18 inches.

	e Doz.	100
Delavayi. Rose-pink flowers produced in		
large trusses\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00

IRISES (Species).

Some very interesting sorts are here listed and described; many of them splendid for naturalizing and large, permanent plantings.

plantings.	Three	Doz.	100
Cristata (Evansia). A dainty native creep)-		
ing species, only 3 inches in height	t;		
flowers rich amethyst-blue; a gem fo			
the rock garden. May	. \$0.90	\$2.75	\$19.00

Tectorum (Evansia). (Syn., Tomiolopha). A rare and beautiful species from China and Japan, with delicately crested flowers of the most beautiful blue. This is the "Roof Iris" of Japan, where it is grown on the thatched roofs of the cottages. This Iris has proved hardy with us, but as the foliage is evergreen, it is benefited and will bloom more profusely if protected with a slight covering of straw. 1 foot. June. (Sold out for this season).

IRIS PUMILA

These beautiful little Irises do not grow over 4 inches high, and bloom in April and May. They are fine for bordering flower beds or planting in front of the tall Irises.

Coerulea. Dark violet-blue\$0.90	\$2.75	\$19.00
Excelsa. A splendid pale lemon-yellow 1.20	3.50	25.00
Schneecuppe. A large, showy, pure white90	2.75	19.00

IRIS KAEMPFERI (Japanese Iris).

The magnificent Iris Kaempferi belong to the Apogons, and a field of them in bloom is a most gorgeous sight. Seeing them for the first time, one cannot withhold an exclamation of surprise, and having once seen can never forget their striking beauty.

Time to Plant. Latter part of August to the beginning of October is the best time. Late plantings should be protected by a light covering of straw or leaves after the ground is permanently frozen, to prevent roots from being heaved out of ground by frost. In northern sections late planting had best be deferred until Spring, during April and May.

•	Three	Doz.	100
Azure. Double. Immense flower, exquisitely waved; mauve-blue with darker halo surrounding the yellow blotch at base of petals	,	\$4.00	\$30.00
Dominator. Single. Rich indigo-blue with			
narrow white stripes and light center. One of the finest and richest colors	1.40	4.00	30.00
Gold Bound. A fine double, pure white, enriched by a creamy glow from the gold banded center	1.40	4.00	30.00
Hercule. Double, clear lilac, blue	1.40	4.00	30.00
Indo. Single. Broad, wavy petals of great size, color dark rich blue, only slightly veined. The yellow central bloth is unusually bright		4.00	30.00
Iphigenie. Double, beautiful coloring, deep Chinese lilac	1.40	4.00	30.00
Kumo-No-Obi (Band of Cloud). The lower and upper petals are nearly equal in size. Bright, clear purple, with distinct rays and halo of white surrounding the golden throat, the pure white standards tipped purple		4.00	30.00
Koko-No-Iro. Six large, royal purple petals, with a yellow center radiating into lines. Most brilliant Iris	1.40	4.00	30.00
Kumo-No-Uye. Six large, frilled petals. Deep indigo-blue, shaded purple. Late bloomer	1.40	4.00	30.00
veined blue, and a rich purple center	1.40	4.00	30.00
Mahogany. Large double flowers, the latest to bloom. Purpled mahogany-red. The erect petals prettily crested	1.40	4.00	30.00
Nagano. Rich violet-purple, shaded with blue. Six petals	1.40	4.00	30.00
Melpomene. Double, soft blue, distinctly veined with dark blue	1.40	4.00	30.00
Minerva. Single, white tinted rose Momoji-No-Taki (Maple Waterfall). A choice double variegated variety; bright crimson purple, beautifully feathered in	1.40	4.00	30.00
white. Petaloid-stigmas white, purple crested	1.40	4.00	30.00
darker, bright orange center	1.40	4.00	30.00
Fatrocle. Single, superb dark reddish violet	1.40	4.00	30.00
Proserpine. Single bright rich blue produced by sanding of velvety blue on white	1.40	4.00	30.00
Pyramid. Double. Violet-purple veined white in center of each petal	1.40	4.00	30.00
Tora-Odori (Dancing Tiger). Vinous purple, speckled and splashed gray. Six			
ple, speckled and splashed gray. Six petals	1.40	4.00	30.00
rieties. Splendid mixture	1.00	3.00	20.00

IRIS SIBIRICA (Siberian Iris).

Vigorous, free-flowering varieties of the easiest culture; fine for the flower border, for naturalizing and for waterside planting.

-	Three	Doz.	100
Snow	Queen. An exquisite new, hardy		
Iris;	the flowers are of a snowy white-		
	large and well formed, produced		
	reat abundance; foliage light and		
	eful. A gem for flower border or		
wate	rside. 3 feet high\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
some	a. Large, violet-blue flowers; hand- foliage. Fine border plant and a		
gran	d subject for planting near water,		
wner	e it blooms profusely	2.50	18.00



Iris Kaempferi-Japanese Iris.



Iris Sibirica-Siberian Iris.



German Iris, Lord of June.



Iris Tectorum.



Iris Cristata.

Iris Germanica (German or Flag Iris)

The Iris is one of the finest, if not the finest, of our hardy plants. Not particular as to soil or location, but asking only that the sun shine on it. It throws up spikes of bloom that are marvelous in their delicacy of structure and the colorings which are exquisitely dainty are wonderful in their blendings and variety.

They are very effective planted in groups and if used for borders are particularly desirable in that the foliage remains fresh and upright after the blossom stalks are removed.

Plant in late August or early September preferably. Spring will do also.

The roots offered in this list are from plants transplanted a year ago and are of a size large enough to bloom next Spring. The collection is up to date and consists of the best and newest

Twenty-five roots at 100 rate, 250 roots of a kind at 1000 rate. We guarantee the usual Wayside Gardens quality. The letter "S" refers to the standards or upright petals; "F" the falls or drooping petals.

CHOICE NEW INTRODUCTIONS

Ambassadeur (Vilm. 1920). S. a fascinating smoky velvety purple color; F. velvety purple-maroon; beards and style yellow. A magnificent and regal flower of great substance. 48 inches		
regal flower of great substance. 48 inches	Each,	\$1.75
Ballerine (Vilm. 1920). Pall. S. light blue-violet, broad and waved at the margin; F. a deeper shade; sweetly scented. A splendid, tall, stronggrowing Pallida form. 36 to 48 inches	Each,	\$2.50
Cecil Minturn (New). Soft Cattleya rose. A beautiful flower with broad petals, gracefully waved and crinkled; one of the finest Irises for size and extreme beauty	Each,	\$0.75
Lent. A. Williamson. Rated in 1922 by the American Iris Society as the finest Iris in the world. S. Campanula blue-violet; F. rich royal purple with yellow beard. Very tall and distinct	Each,	\$0.75
Lord of June. S. lavender-blue; F. rich violet-pur- ple. A magnificent variety of gigantic size	Each,	\$1.00
Mme. Chobaut (Denis, 1916). 36 inches. A clover- scented Plicata type. Prussian-red with light brownish veins, on a pale chalcedony ground. One of the most beautiful of all Iris	Each,	\$1.00
Mother of Pearl Mr. E. B. Williamson, originator of Lent. A. Williamson, America's highest rated Iris, says, "Mother of Pearl, standards and falls pale bluish lavender with a faint creamy undertone. Large flowers of exceptional substance and perfect form on well branched stems. Vigorous in growth and producing its wonderful flowers freely. I consider this an almost perfect Iris." And so do we	Each,	\$2.00
Queen Caterina (Sturt). A midseason variety of a beautiful clear orchid-purple veined with brilliant gold; the whole being further enhanced with a bright orange beard	Each,	\$1.50
Shekinah (Sturt). A delightful shade of pale yellow shading to amber in the throat, with a lemon colored beard. This is a true yellow Pallida, and the first of the type. A most uncommon and very handsome variety	Each,	\$1.00
Souvenir de Mme. Gaudichau (Millet 1914). A rich, deep velvety purple Iris; of fine shape and finish. Tall, early, and very distinct. One of the most striking and remarkable of all. 42 inches	Each,	\$2.00

GENERAL LIST OF GERMAN IRIS

Varieties marked with (*) have distinctive points of real merit, and are in our opinion the best of the moderate priced varieties. All inferior kinds have been removed from this list.

Three Doz. 100 Alcazar (Vilmorin, 1910). Certificate, N. H. F., 1909; F. C. C. R. H. S., 1916. S. light bluish violet; F. deep purple with bronze-veined throat. Striking flower\$1.20 \$3,50 \$25.00 *Archeveque (Vilmorin, 1911). Certificate R. H. S., 1916. S. deep purple-violet; F. deep velvety violet. 24 inches 2.50 18.00 rooksiana. Charming flowers of neat form, self-colored delicate rose-lilac, without veining. Beautiful in masses.. Brooksiana. 2.50 18.00 3.00 20.00 *Caterina (Foster, 1909). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. Lavender-blue and lilac of same coloring as Pallida Dalmatica, but taller, with more graceful stcm. A beautiful flower, but a poor grower in cold sections. 48 inches 1.40 4.00 30.00 Caprice (Vilmorin, 1904). Certificate, N. H. F., 1916. S. rosy red; F. deeper rosy red. Large and handsome. 24 inches . . 1.00 20.00 Cherubin. This may be described as a pale edition of Her Majesty. The standards are very pale lilac, the falls are pale lilac thinly veined with purple .. 1.00 3.00 20.00 Fairy (Kennicott, 1905). White, delicately bordered and suffused pale blue. The tallest standard variety giving a white effect. Not new but not known or ap-preciated as it should be. 40 inches... 2.50 18.00 Lemon-yellow with pearl shading. Huge flower 2.50 18.00 2.5018.00 iniata. A stately plant with gracefully carried mauve to manganese violet blossoms 1.00 3.00 20.00 Jeanne d'Arc (Verdier, 1907). S. very large and ruffled, somewhat spreading, white, delicately penciled lilac; F. white edged lilac at base. The standards being somewhat loosely held, flutter in the breezes in a truly delightful manner .. 1.00 *Jeanne d'Arc 3.00 20.00 2.50 18.00 Loreley. Light yellow, blue falls bordered cream 2.50 18.00 20.00 3.00 *Loute (Vilmorin, 1904). S. light mauve with bronze sheen; F. soft red-violet, very large flower 3.00 20.00 Madame Chereau. White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue 2.50 18.00 Mandraliscae. Rich lavender-purple, tall, large and handsome; very early 2.50 18.00 It possesses a distinctive and Monsignor. onsignor. It possesses a districtive and pleasing shape, rich coloring and a dark outline to the segments for emphasis. Standards violet; falls heavily veined purple, leaving a border of the violet; late to flower .85 2.50 18.00 Mrs. Alan Gray. A delicate lavender-pink that appears pinker in the shadow, a variety of rather early bloom 2.50 18.00 Midnight. A rich deep purple, the finest in this color; a fine cut flower 2.50 18.00 Nibelungen (Goos & Koenemann, 1910). S. fawn and yellow; F. violet-purple on bronze. Very large flowers; strong, vigorous grower 2.50 18.00



Iris, Helge.



Iris, Monsignor.



Iris, Oriflamme.



Leontopodium—Edelweiss.
No rock garden is complete without this plant.



Lathyrus Latifolius.
A splendid, rapid growing vine.



Liatris-Blazing Star.

	, -	
IRIS GERMANICA—Continued.		
*Nuce d'Orage (Verdier, 1905). (Syn, Storm Cloud). Cert, N. H. F., 1905. S. slaty gray; F. bronze and purple. Large	Doz	100
nowers. 24 inches	\$2.50	\$18.00
*Oriflamme (Vilmorin, 1904). Cert., N. H. F., 1905; A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S light blue, F. rich violet-purple. Immense, handsome flowers of Ames form. 30 inches	3.50	25.00
*Pallida Dalmatica (True). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. lavender: F. clear, deep lavender. A variety of this name is mentioned in Gerrarde's Herbal in 1597. and it has been grown in this country more than one hundred years and is often seen in old gardens, but the true variety is still scarce. Unsurpassed in its class. 40 inches	3.50	25.00
Parisiana (Vilmorin, 1911). S. white ground, dotted and shaded lilac-purple; F. white, frilled at the edge with lilac.		
*Prosper Laugier (Verdier, 1914). Cert, N. H. F., 1905; A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. light bronze-red, F. velvety ruby-purple, with white beard yellow tipped. Very	2.50	18.00
nandsome. Vigorous growth, 36 inches 1.00	3.00	20.00
Perfection (Barr, about 1880). H. C., R. H. S., 1916. S. light blue; F. dark, velvety violet-black with orange beard. Handsome flower that attracts much attention in mass. 38 inches	2,50	18.00
Princess Victoria Louise (Goos & Koenemann, 1910). S sulphur-yellow; F. rich plum, bordered cream. 30 inches85		
plum, bordered cream. 30 inches	2.50	18.00
Very fine. Strong grower. 30 inches	2.50	18.00
LATHYRUS (Everlasting Sweet Pea).		
Latifolius. These Everlasting Peas are but little country, but are great favorites in England, tremely showy and fine. Charming climber trellises, arbors, etc.	e known They rs for c	in this are ex- overing
Pink Beauty. Large racemes of pleasing	1002.	100
deep rose flowers	2.75	19.00
LAVANDULA (Lavender).		
Nana. Is a very fine new dwarf English introduction. Good for edging and planting between roses	3.50	25.00
Vera. This is the true Sweet Lavender; grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August	3.00	20.00
	0.00	20.00
LEONTOPODIUM (Edelweiss). Alpinum. A well known Alpine with pretty white leaves and small yellow flowers which are surrounded by starlike heads of leaves, clothed with a dense white, woolly substance. A splendid plant for the rock garden. 4 to 5 inches. June to August. Supplied in pots only		
pots only	4.00	30.00
Montana. Similar to Pycnostachya, but very dwarf and suitable for rock garden. 1.20	3,50	25.00
Fycnostachya. The popular name of this plant is Kansas Gay Feather. Nothing can be planted that will attract more attention on account of its unusual appearance, but it is beautiful as well as odd. It blooms in midsummer and throws up long, narrow spikes of rich purple flowers, which last a long time. A peculiarity of this plant is its great attraction for butterflies 1.00		
attraction for butterflies 1.00	3.00	20.00

$\label{lily-of-the-valley} \textbf{LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY} \ (\textbf{See Convallaria}).$

LINARIA (Toad Flax).		
Three	Doz.	100
Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy, or Mother of		
Thousands). Lavender and purple. A		
charming, neat, hardy perennial trailing		
plant, suitable for rock work and wall		
gardens\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Dalmatica. Fine for borders or perennial		
garden. Glaucous blue foliage and		
spikes of golden yellow blossoms; min-		
iature Snapdragon. Loves a sunny spot		
in well drained soil	2.50	18.00

LINUM (Flax).

A desirable plant for the border or rockery, high, with light, graceful foliage and large flo	wers all S Doz.	2 feet ummer. 100
Flavum. Fine variety with transparent, yellow blossoms	\$2.50	\$18.00
Narbonnense. Forms a spreading clump of attractive foliage with a profusion of azure-blue flowers with white eye. Very handsome for the rockery	3.00	20.00
Perenne. Very attractive, both in foliage and bloom. Flowers beautiful pale blue on slender, graceful stems	2.50	18.00
Perenne. White		18.00

LITHOSPERMUM (Gromwell).

Purpureum. A woody plant, in appearance much like lavendula vera. Heads of beautiful pale blue and purple flowers. Should have a choice place in the rock	75		50.00
garden in full and rich soil 2	.75	9.00	70.00

LOBELIA (Indian Paintbrush).

Handsome border plants, thriving in any ordinary garden soil, but preferring a moist, deep loam. Season August till late September.

Three	Doz.	100
Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Rich, flery		
cardinal flowers. Strong plants, often		
producing ten to eighteen spikes. 24	20.00	000.00
to 30 inches long\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Syphilitica (Great Blue Lobelia). Similar		
in growth to the last, but the flowers are		
blue, streaked with white. Plant in a		
moist place. Desirable for border of		
brook or lake	2.75	19.00
brook or lake restrictions and		

LONICERA (Honeysuckle, see page 53).

LYCHNIS (Campion).

A fine old-fashioned flower, bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers, that liven up the border during Summer and early Autumn.

·	Three	Doz.	100
Alpina. Dwarf, rose-pink	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Chalcedonica. Heads of vivid scarlet			
flowers, blooming a long time. One of			
the brightest plants in the hardy border.			
3 feet	.85	2.50	15.00
Haageana. 1 foot. June to August. Very			
showy; producing orange-red, scarlet or			
crimson flowers nearly 2 inches across		3.00	20.00
Viscaria flore pleno. A fine double varie-			
ty; fine for cutting	1.00	3.00	20.00
Viscaria splendens. Brilliant red	.90	2.75	19.00
Viscaria splendens alba. Flowering pro-			
fusely in June and July; it is one of the	•		
best white flowers at that time of the	>		
year. 8 to 10 inches high; fine border			
plant	.90	2.75	19.00
VCIMACUIA (Loococtrifo)			

LYSIMACHIA (Loosestrife).

LIBIMACIMA (Essections).			
Clethroides. Long, recurved spikes of pure white flowers, from July to September. A desirable variety. 2 feet	1.00	3.00	20.00
Portunei. A neat variety, growing about 18 inches high, with dense, upright spikes of white flowers in August	1.00	3.00	20.00
Nummularia (Creeping Jenny or Moneywort). Valuable for planting under trees or shrubs where grass will not			
grow	.85	2.50	18.00



Lysimachia Clethroides.



Linum Narbonnense.



Lychnis Chalcedonica.



Lychnis Viscaria.



Lilium Auratum.

Likes a cool, moist spot in the garden.



Lilium Candidum.
Plant with Delphiniums for a fine effect.



Lilium Canadensis.

Lilies Hardy Garden Varieties

Noble and beautiful flowers which are too frequently strangers in American gardens. It is always with a touch of sadness that we note the infrequency of Lilies in American gardens. No flower, it seems to us, is at once so noble and so beautiful. Nor is there lack of variety. Furthermore, the Lily is singularly valuable for its charming effect on the skyline of the garden when in bloom.

There is a notion that Lilies are "hard to grow." Some of the rarer species are, it is true; they not only stubbornly refuse to make themselves at home in the garden, unless conditions are precisely to their liking, but some of them cannot endure the northern Winter without the necessary covering of litter, which many other tender plants require. Unless one goes in for Lilies to the extent of making a hobby of them, however, these can all be left to the collector and there will be quite enough species remaining to give one a Lily season in the three months' duration of which loveliness follows loveliness with breaks of only relatively brief length. We say species for the reason that the Lilies in cultivation show an exceptionally low percentage of hortcultural varieties. Possibly because Nature made every species perfect to begin with, the hand of the hybridizer has been loath to endeavor to "paint the Lily," as it were.

The varieties which we offer in these three pages are such as have, with us, withstood the Summer's drought and the severest of Winters, and have thus proven themselves worthy of a place in your garden.

DELIVERY—This depends upon the arrival of the bulbs from our foreign sources. Many get here too late for Autumn planting, thus necessitating carrying over the bulbs until Spring. Those marked (**) should be planted in the Fall only; those marked (*) may be planted in Spring or Fall, preferably the latter; all the others are for Spring delivery.

Auratum (Golden-Banded Japan Lily). Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large graceful, fragrant flowers are composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots and striped through the center a golden yellow; 3 to 5 feet. July to September.	Each	Doz.	100
Large bulbs	0.55	\$5.50	\$40.00
Mammoth bulbs	.70	7.00	50.00
Auratum platyphyllum. Also called "Macranthum." This is a robust growing form; the stem is stouter and attains a greater height; the leaves are much broader; enormous flowers, white, richly spotted yellow. Undoubtedly the choicest of all.			
Large bulbs	.55	5.50	40.00
Mammoth bulbs	.75	7.50	55.00
Auratum rubro vittatum. Similar to the above but the flowers are dark rose-pink.	1.00	10.00	75.00
Auratum pictum. Is another splendid form of Auratum and fertunately a strong grower	.75	7.50	55.00
Batemanni. Strong stems with five to ten flowers of a reddish orange color. July-August. 3 to 4 feet	.40	4.00	30.00
Browni odorum. A vigorous grower with large, trumpet-shaped flowers of clear white, veined outside with purplish	0.0	9.00	C= 00
***************************************	.90	9.00	65.00
,-	.30	2.75	18.00
**Candidum (Madonna or Annunciation Lily). This is the old-fashioned garden Lily, and one of the most beautiful. Ready in September only. First size	.35	3.50	30.00
*Chalcedonicum (Scarlet Turk's Cap Lily). Small flowers in loose clusters with re- curved, bright red petals. A handsome and attractive Lily. July. 3 to 4 feet	1.50	15.00	

LILIES—Continued.		
Colchioum (Scovitzianum). A beautiful lemon-yellow Lily, produced in pyra-		100
midal clusters of drooping, waxlike flow- ers. June. 4 to 5 feet\$1.2	5 \$12.00	\$85.00
*Davuricum. This beautiful Lily comes from the home of L. Tenuifolium in Siberia. It resembles a native Philadelphicum. It is of easy culture, grows two or three to five upright scarlet flowers, dotted black	0 2.75	18.00
Giganteum (Himalayicum). 5 to 7 feet. July and August. Most majestic of all the Lilles. White, fragrant, funnel- shaped flowers	0 (Ba r	•)
Hansoni. Most desirable; not particular in its cultural requirements and extremely handsome in flower; does well in light loam. Plant among shrubs and low plants to protect young shoots, this being one of the earliest Lilies to appear in the Spring. The stem reaches a height of 4 to 5 feet, carrying blossoms 2 inches across, regularly reflexed, the petals being of a bright orange spotted more or less with brown, of a waxy texture. Admirable for pot culture. June flowering	0 6.50	50.00
*Henryi. A new Japanese Lily that has	0 0.30	30.00
made a sensation in Europe. It has the same form and appearance as the Speciosum varieties, but the flowers are bright orange-yellow. We grow this variety now ourselves from seed. They are as hardy as a tree. Shipment October 1st		
to May 1st	6.50	50.00
Krameri. Unique for its color and grows from 2 to 4 feet high. The funnel-shaped, finely formed flowers are 6 inches or more in length and as much across, of a beautiful clear pink color, often shaded blush		
	10 4.00	30.00
*Martagon (Dalmaticum, Turk's Cap Lily). A handsome Lily, bearing clusters of purple, waxlike flowers. Thrives best in partial shade. June. 5 feet	4.00	30.00
Pardalinum (Leopard Lily). Flowers reflexed, bright yellow at base, spotted brownish purple, remainder orangescarlet. 3 to 4 feet. July and August3		
scarlet. 3 to 4 feet. July and August3	3.00	20.00
Philadelphicum. A handsome native Lily with yellow, cup-shaped flowers, spotted maroon and shaded orange at ends of petals. Good for naturalizing. July. 3 feet. Large bulbs	3.00	20.00
Pomponicum. A brilliant red Turk's Cap Lily, Much like Chalcedonicum, but with		
the heads of flowers rather more loosely arranged. June. 3 to 4 feet	7.50	60.00
Pyrenalcum (Yellow Turk's Cap Lily). A Lily of easy cultivation, with many small, yellow flowers, dotted brown. Re- flexed petals. June. 3 feet	6.00	45.00
*Regale or myriophyllum (The Regal Lily). It is absolutely hardy, and is excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown at home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary-yellow at the center, and extending part way up the trumpet. It is delightfully perfumed, reminding one of the Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, oppressive odor of most Lilies. Blooms out-of-doors early in July. Flowering Size. Strong bulbs		
	6.50	50.00
Large Size	35 9.50	75.00



Lilium Henryi.



Lilium Hansoni.



Regal Lily.



Lilium Tigrinum.



Lilium Testaceum.



Lilium Speciosum.



Lilium Davuricum.

LILIES—Continued.			
Bubellum. Beautiful small Lily. The color varies from a deep rose-pink to almost white, with yellow anthers; very fragrant, small funnel-shaped flowers; grows 1½ feet high. It does best in light soil	Each	Doz.	100
light soil	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$30.00
Speciosum album. The Speciosum or Lancifolium are the most important of all the Japanese Lilies, always satisfactory. The variety here offered has large, white flowers of great substance, with a greenish band running through the center of each petal. Large bulbs	44	5.50	40.00
Mammoth bulbs	.75	5.50 7.50	40.00 55.00
Speciosum magnificum. Magnificent large flowers of rich deep red.			
Large bulbs Mammoth bulbs			40.00 55.00
	.10	1.00	30.00
Speciosum Melpomene. A darker shade of red and crimson markings than the preceding.			
Large bulbs	.50	5.50 7.50	40.00 55.00
		1.00	00.00
*Superbum. 3 to 4 feet. July. Flowers bright reddish orange, conspicuously spotted	.25	2.50	15.00
*Testaceum (Excelsum or Nankeen Lily). This is one of the finest of all Lilies. The color is difficult to describe, being a shading of dull apricot with orange-yel- low anthers. A most graceful Lily and a good companion to L. candidum. June- July. 5 feet. Extra large flowering bulbs	2		
bulbs Extra large nowering	2.00	22.00	180.00
Thunbergianum elegans. Very hardy, dwarf Lilies thriving in any garden and producing large, erect flowers of various shades of yellow, orange and red. All varieties grow from 1½ to 2 feet and bloom during June and July. Mixed Colors	50	4.00	20.00
Mixed Colors	.50	4.00	30.00
Thunbergianum elegans, Alice Wilson. A clear lemon-yellow form of the above. Very attractive	.50	5.00	35.00
Thunbergianum elegans atrosanguineum. A very dark form of Elegans. Inside of petals a deep, velvety crimson and outside showing a golden luster	.50	5.00	35.00
*Tigrinum flore pleno (The Double Tiger Lily). The only double Tiger Lily worth growing	.30	2.75	18.00
*Tigrinum simplex (The well known Single Tiger Lily). Of easiest culture and worthy of general planting on account of stateliness	.30	2.75	18.00
	.00	2.10	10.00
Wallacei. A handsome Lily of a beautiful shade of the warmest apricot with rosy shading. August. 1½ to 2 feet	.50	5.00	40.00
Washingtonianum. A beautiful Lily from California, with large, reflexed flowers, varying in color from light to a rich wine color, slightly spotted deeper. This variety requires a moist but well drained situation. June-July. 3 to 5 feet. Extra large bulbs	.75	8.00	60.00
Willmottiae. One of the finest garden Lilies, although little known. Lovely in its graceful habit, slender foliage and heads of vivid orange-red flowers and kindly in its vigorous and thrifty constitution, July-August. 3 to 4 feet	1.00	10.00	75.00
Stration, July-August, 3 to 4 feet	2.00	10.00	10.00

LUPINUS (Lupines).	
The Lupines produce beautiful long spikes of pea-shape	ed flow-
ers a foot long on stems three feet high. They are pe	erfectly
The Lupines produce beautiful long spikes of pea-shape ers a foot long on stems three feet high. They are pe hardy but cannot endure drought, and must be planted prepared garden soil and kept watered in dry weather	in wen
Three Doz.	100
Wayside Gardens New Sweet-Scented Hy-	
brids (Polyphyllus). A wonderful new	
strain that may be classed among the most beautiful of all hardy flowers.	
Colors are both rich and delicate in shades of blue, mauve, pink, etc., and the flowers are borne in long spikes that	
shades of blue, mauve, pink, etc., and	
for size and beauty rival giant Snap-	
for size and beauty rival giant Snap- dragons. The added novelty of being sweet scented, makes these one of the	
best garden plants we have ever dis-	
tributed\$1.40 \$4.00	\$30.00
Polyphyllus (Hardy Lupin). Clear blue.	90.00
3 to 4 feet. June-September 1.00 3.00 Polyphyllus albus. A white variety 1.00 3.00	20.00
Polyphyllus albus. A white variety 1.00 3.00 Polyphyllus, Moerheimi. Pink 1.40 4.00	30.00
	30.00
Polyphyllus roseus. A splendid new variety, with flowers of beautifully shaded	
rose 1.09 3.00	20.00
Polyphyllus, Rosy Morn. Deep pink 2.75 9.00	70.00
Polyphyllus, Ruby King. Ruby-red 1.45 4.00	30.00
LYTHRUM (Purple Loosestrife).	
Superbum roseum. Very showy; splendid for banks of streams and ponds	18.00
MALVA (Dwarf Mallow).	
Moschata. 1½ to 2 feet. July to September.	
ber. Fragrant flowers in clusters, of a rosy tint	20.00
rosy tint	00.00
white, fragrant flowers 1.00 3.00	20.00
MATRICARIA (See Feverfew; Mayweed).	
MAZUS.	
plant from the Himalayan Mountains,	
covered in early Spring with dainty lilac and white flowers. 4 inches 1.00 3.00	20.00
2 200	20.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy).	20.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	20.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring	
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers	18.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers 85 2.50 MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea).	18.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers	18.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea). Showy plants growing from 2 to 3 feet high, succeeding soil or position, with aromatic foliage, and producin bright flowers during July and August. Three Doz.	18.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fadding to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers	18.00 in any g their 100
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and otected ritter.
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected clitter. 100
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia 3.00 20.00 MERTENSIA (Blue Bells). Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected clitter. 100
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected clitter. 100
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected clitter. 100
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and otected r litter. 100 \$10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and otected r litter. 100 \$10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected r litter. 100 \$10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected r litter. 100 \$10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected ritter. 100 \$10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected ritter. 100 \$10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 in any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and cotected ritter. 100 \$10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 In any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 In any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 In any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 In any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00 10.00
MECONOPSIS (Welsh Poppy). Latifolia	18.00 In any g their 100 \$19.00 os, and rotected litter. 100 \$10.00 10.00 10.00



Lupinus.



Mertensia Virginica. Plant in shady places.



Montbretia.



Myosotis Palustris.



Oenothera Missouriensis.



Pachysandra Terminalis.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not).		
Alpestris (Alpine Forget-me-not). Splendid for naturalizing in dry places; also for beds, borders and rockeries\$0.85		100 \$18.00
Palustris semperflorens. Large, rich blue flowers with yellow eye; a charming plant for damp places and a more profuse bloomer than the Alpestris85	2.50	18.00
Palustris, Pink Beauty. Pink-flowered form of the above; very fine Forget-menot	3.00	20.00
NEPETA (Ground Ivy; Catnip; Catmint). Mussini. An excellent plant for any position, but especially useful in the rock garden. Of dwarf, compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of lavender. 1 to 1½ feet90	2.75	19.00
Ucranica. Slightly taller than the above90	2.75	19.00
NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower). Bivularis. A charming dwarf creening		
Bivularis. A charming dwarf creeping Alpine plant, bearing large creamy white, cup-shaped flowers from June till September; most desirable plants for the rockery. Plant in Spring only 1.00	3.00	20.00
OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose).		
Elegant for a sunny position in the border or blooming all Summer.	on the	rockery,
Three Fraseri. 1 foot. June to October. Flow-	Doz.	100
ers large, pale vellow\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Fruticosa major. 2 feet. June to September. A strong growing plant, forming a dense, bushlike specimen; flowers deep yellow, in profusion	3.00	20.00
Missouriensis. 10 inches. June to August. A low species with prostrate, ascending branches; profuse bloomer. Solitary flowers, often 5 inches across. Good for rock garden or border	2.75	19.00
Speciosa. Pure white flowers 3 inches across. 18 inches	3.00	20.00
Youngi, 2 feet, June to August, A strong, stocky, large-leaved plant with firm, shiny foliage; numerous bright lemonyellow flowers	3.00	20.00
OROBUS (Bitter Vetch).		
Vernus. 1 foot. Bright blue and purple.		

PACHYSANDRA (Japanese Spurge).

Terminalis. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright glossy green foliage. A ground cover, which will grow in all shady situations and the only plant which will thrive under pine trees. Some of its main uses are: Under all evergreen plantings, under all shrub plantings, for areaway copings, for loggia and enclosed porch uses. for shrub and flower bed borders, for bordering walks and drives, for steep terraces in sun or shade, for city yards it is ideal, for dense shade under any kind of trees.

PARDANTHUS (Blackberry Lily).

Very pretty perennial with lily-like flowers of a very handsome appearance. Requires a rich soil.

	Three	Doz.	100
Chinensis. Flowers orange colored,	spotted		
with purple-brown. 18 inches	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00

PAPAVER - Poppy

The proper planting season for Oriental Poppies is during the last of August, September and October. Roots planted at any other time we do not guarantee to live.

Oriental Poppies are the regal representatives of this popular genus, growing 3 to 3½ feet high, and far surpassing in splendor of bloom all the annual and biennial kinds, and for a gorgeous display of rich and brilliant coloring nothing equals them during their period of flowering in May and June, and whether planted singly or in masses their large flowers and freedom of bloom render them conspicuous in any position. They are of the easiest culture; almost any kind of soil suits them, but they do best in deep, rich loam. Set the plants out in the Fall or early Spring before the first of May—give them water occasionally during dry spells in the early part of the season. Mulch with stable litter in the Fall; and they will increase in size and floriferousness for several years. We offer the best of the latest introductions, as well as the distinct standard varieties.

Orientale (Oriental Poppy). Tremendous scarlet, cup-shaped blooms of brightest crimson-scarlet, with large, purplish black blotches at base of petals, creating a wonderful contrast when bloom is fully open. Clumps of these throughout the border add a brilliancy that no	Doz.	100
other flower can provide\$0.90	\$2.75	\$19.00
Orientale, Apricot Queen. Large, apricot. 1.00	3.00	20.00
Orientale, Beauty of Livermore. Crimson, with black blotch; fine flowers 1.00	3.00	20.00
Orientale, Mrs. Ferry. Orange-apricot; very fine	3.00	20.00
Orientale, Perry's White (New). The most distinct break in Oriental Poppies that has yet been made; the flowers are a fine satiny white with a crimson-maroon blotch at the base of each petal. (Sold out until next season).		

PAPAVER NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy).

PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead). Virginica. Forms large clumps 3 to 4 feet high, bearing long spikes of delicate pink flowers, tubular in form. July and August

Virginalis alba. Pure white

The plant is of neat habit, forming a tuft of like foliage, from which soring throughout a profusion of slender, leafless stems 1 foot with charming cup-shaped flowers.	the entire season,
Thr	ee Doz. 100
Baker's Sunbeam Mixture\$0.8	85 \$2.50 \$18.00
Miniatum flore pleno or Double Nudicaule8	85 2.50 18.00
PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue).	
Most useful and showy perennials. Some hardy. Those below are perfectly so. June	
	ee Doz. 100
Barbatus Torreyi. Spikes of bright scar- let flowers from June till August. A very effective plant for hardy beds \$0.5	85 \$2.50 \$18.00
Digitalis. White Foxglove-like spikes 8	85 2.50 18.00
Runtington's Shell Fink (New). A wonderful addition to this class. Spike is not as tall and "stringy" as Torreyi, and flowers are more plentiful on the spike. Color is a bright, clean shell-pink. Perfectly hardy in any soil or climate 1.4	40 4.00 30.00
Pubescens (Hirsutus). Stems 24 inches high, covered with violet flowers often producing flowers colored a flesh-pink; excellent for hot, dry place in the garden; is also a very fine wall plant. It stands hot, dry exposures as well as a Sedum. Do not fertilize this plant, except give it plenty of lime to bring out the color of the flowers	40 4.00 30.00
Rupricaulis	40 4.00 30.00
Unilateralis 1.4	40 4.00 30.00

2.50

2.50

3.00

18.00

18.00



Papaver, Mrs. Perry. The best of all the pink Poppies.



Pentstemon Digitalis. Does well in poor ground.



Papaver Nudicaule.



Couronne d'Or.
One of the best late white varieties.



Duchesse de Nemours.

Peonies

The varieties we offer are arranged alphabetically, and where known, the name and date of the introducer immediately follows in parentheses. As color comes first in the choice of Peonies, we have placed the color on the same line as the name. Size and type naturally appeal next, and so follow the color. Having found these satisfactory in any variety described, one naturally next looks for the character and habit of the plant. To further aid purchasers we shall be pleased to give by letter further information to intending purchasers.

Figures following name indicate rating by American Peony Society. $\,$

	3-5	Eyes	
Albert Crousse. 8.6. (Crousse, 1893). Very fresh salmon-pink, delicate color. Large, compact bomb shape: fragrant: erect:	Each	Doz.	Peo
medium height. Late	.80	8.00	Peonies should
Avalanche. 8.7. (Crousse, 1886). Creamy white, slightly flecked with carmine. Large, compact crown type; fragrant;			ould be
strong growth. Midseason Augustin d'Hour. 7.8. Bomb type; midseason. Extremely large; showy, perfectly built bloom. Color very deep, rich, brilliant solferino-red with slight silvery reflex. It is a taller grower and larger flower than Felix Crousse	1.50	12.00	planted during
Baroness Schroeder. 9.0. Rose type; late. White with shadings of flesh. This is one of the finest Peonles. Its immense flowers of great substance with high chalice-shaped center are freely produced, lasting a long time. Very fragrant	2.50	25.00	
Boule de Neige. 8.0. (Cal., 1862). Very large, medium, globular, compact, semirose type. Milk-white, guards and center prominently flecked crimson. Tall, erect, free bloomer; extra good. Early midseason	.60	6.00	Autumn. ember, unl
Couronne d'Or. 8.1. (Calot, 1873). White with yellow tints arising from a few stamens showing amidst the petals. Center petals tipped with carmine. Large, rather full flower of superb form. Strong grower and very free bloomer. Good keeper. Late	.75	7.50	sarly Autumn. All orders received in September, unless otherwise instructed.
Duchesse de Nemours. 8.1. (Calot, 1856). Guard petals white, center lemon-yellow, cup-shaped; at first it develops into a large bloom, gradually fading to white; fragrant; strong grower and free bloomer. Extra good commercial variety. Follows two to three days later than Festiva Maxima	.60	6.00	
Edulis Superba. 7.6. (Lemon, 1834). Dark pink, even color; large, loose, flat crown when fully open. Very fragrant; upright growth; early bloomer. One of the best commercial Peonies. There is much confusion over this variety being sold under twenty or more different names	.60	6.00	the Spring will
Eugenie Verdier. 8.6. Late. Very large, compact blooms of pale hydrangea-pink, with outer guard petals lilac-white; fragrant; extra strong stems.	2.50	25.00	will be
Felix Crousse. 8.4. (Crousse, 1881). Very brilliant red. Medium to large, globular, typical bomb shape; fragrant; strong growth. Stems rather weak. Midseason.	.60	6.00	filled the
Floral Treasure. 7.5. (Ros., 1900). Very large, showy; rose type. Pale lilac-rose. Fragrant. Strong, tall, upright grower; free bloomer. One of the best commercial blooms. Midseason	.60		he following
Pestiva Maxima. 9.3. (Miellez, 1851). Paper-white, crinson markings in cen- ter. Very large and full, rose type; very tall, strong growth. Early	.80	8.00	Ing
Germaine Bigot. 8.5. (Des., 1902). Very large, medium compact, flat crown. Pale lilac-rose, center prominently flecked crimson, 2 (130). Strong, erect, medium height; free bloomer; midseason	2.00	20.00	

PEONIES	Continued.

3-5 Eyes h Doz. Each

55.00

7.50

7.50

7.50

7.50

7.50

7.50

7.50

6.00

6.00

25.00

received in thise instructed.

Spring

will

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filled

the

following

.75

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.75

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.75

.60

arl Rosenfield. 8.8. Very large flower; globular, semi-rose type. Extremely vigorous grower, tall, and free-flowering. As an early red it has no equal ...\$1.50 Karl Rosenfield.

Kelway's Glorious. 9.8. Flowers large, full, double rose type; cream-white, overlaid with a soft blush of rose; very exquisite; fragrant; late midseason. Considered by many as the finest of Kelway's Peonies. (Sold out for this season)

Lady Alexandra Duff. 9.1. Delicate pale pink fading to white. Main flower large, cup-shaped, rose type. Blossoms form side buds often semi-double, exposing the anthers; fragrant

e Cygne. 9.9. Very large, perfectly formed flower, freely produced; creamwhite with a touch of green at the heart. The finest white. Received the highest rating of any Peony. (Sold out for this season).

Mme. Crousse. 7.9. Pure white with faint crimson markings. Large, globular, crown type; fragrant; medium height.

Madame Ducel. 7.9. (Mech., 1880). Large, globular, typical bomb. Light mauve-rose, 1 (153), with silvery reflex. Fra-grant. Strong grower, medium height; very free. Extra

Mme. Emile Galle. 8.5. (Crousse, 1881). Very soft pink, changing to milk-white in center. Very large, compact, flat, rose type; tall. strong, fragrant. Late

Mme. Forel. (Crousse, 1881). Enormous, very full, double bloom; color glossy, deep pink with a silvery reflex; known as the "Princess of Pink Peonies," a title it well deserves and proudly carries. Extra fine Extra fine

Mile. Leonie Calot. 8.1. (Calot, 1861). Very delicate shell pink, center darker. Medium size, very compact, globular; on weak stems. Late midseason

Marguerite Gerard. 8.4. (Crousse, 1892). Very pale salmon-pink, fading to almost white. Large, compact, rose type; very strong growth. Late

arie. 8.5. (Calot, 1868). Lilac-white fading to milk-white. Medium size, compact, rose type; fragrant; very tall. Very late arie. 8.5. fading to

Modeste Guerin. 7.8. (Gr., 1845). Large compact, typical bomb. Uniform solfer-ino-red. Fragrance XX. Medium height; extra strong; free bloomer. Midseason. Extra good variety

Mons. Dupont. 8.3. Very large, cup-shaped flower; ivory-white; center petals splashed with carmine. The golden stamens show at the base of the petals; fragrant; a strong grower; very tall; midseason. (Sold out for this season).

Mons. Martin Cahuzac. 8.8. Medium sized, globular, semi-rose type. Dark purplegarnet with black reflex. The darkest Peony known. Strong, vigorous grower, free bloomer; midseason 2.50

Martha Bulloch (Brand, 1907). Mammoth cup-shaped blossom often 9 to 12 inches across. The largest of the good Peonies. Deep rose-pink in the center, shading to silvery shell-pink in the outer petals. Stalks strong and erect. (Sold out for this season).





Mad. Crousse.



Festiva Maxima.

No garden complete without this white Peony. We consider it the best all around white kind in cultivation.



Japanese Peony.

PEONIES-Continued.

	Eyes	
Octavie de May. 8.5. Very large, flat crown. Guards and center pale hydran- gea-pink, collar almost white. Rather dwarf habit; but free, fragrant, midsea-	Doz.	
son bloom		Peonies orders
President Taft. 8.7. A vigorous, strong grower, a profuse bloomer, every shoot being crowned by a big bloom. The flower is really of enormous size; there may be Peony flowers as large, but none larger. The color is a delicate hydrangea-pink, completely enveloped in a halo of angelic white. The fragrance is delicious. It is certainly a glorious, gorgeous flower, very large and double 1.50		ies should be possible received in the September, u
Bubra Superba. 7.2. (Richardson, 1871). Deep carmine-crimson. Large; fragrant, rose type; medium height. Very late 1.00		E w E
Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0. Late. Flat, compact, semi-rose type. Uniform mauverose, silver tip. Erect, tall, free 5.00		
Solange. 9.7. Flower very large. compact; rose type; outer petals delicate waxy white, deepening toward the center with shades of orange and golden brown. One of the most beautiful Peonies in existence; a strong grower and a late, free bloomer	45.00	during early ng will be filled otherwise insti
Therese. 9.8. A most desirable variety of a charming shade of violet-rose, changing to lilac-white. Develops a high crown; strong grower and very free bloomer. A splendid addition to the midseason sorts of which it is one of the		arly Autumn. filled the folic instructed.
best 4.00 Venus. 8.3. (Kelway). Exquisite pointed buds, opening into large, compact flowers of delicate shell-pink with a collar of flesh-white. Extra good both as a garden flower and as a cut flower. One of the best in our collection. Midseason, 1.00	10.00	umn. All following
WHAT TARABARA DROWING	20.00	

NEW JAPANESE PEONIES

A type not very generally known, but in every community, wherever established, is awakening great interest and enthusiasm. The opened flowers are of extra wide spread, with one or more layers of broad guard petals which act as a cup to the mounded center. In place of the pollen-bearing stamens which center the Single Peony flowers, in this class the stamens and anthers are greatly enlarged into narrow, thick, twisted petaloids of various colors, forming a dense cushfon. We heartily recommend our list to those who want something different from the other fellow's; and to Peony planters generally, as types which will add zest and beauty to their gardens.

gardens.

Orders for the following booked now for September delivery.

Strong

St	ong
Divisi	ons,
	ach
No. 6. Gunpoo-no-nishiki. All-over violet rose, lower petals striped with white; full crown center\$	6.00
No. 11. Yoochi-no-tsuki. Six- to eight-inch flowers with prominent cushion center; white, occasionally flushed pink, with amber cream petaloids	5.00
No. 15. Fuyajo. This is the darkest, richest and most distinctively Japanese of our group. Broad rounded guards of dull—although velvety—mahogany. The fine, curly petaloids form a conspicuous, dense center; garnet, streaked on reverse side and heavily tipped with light bronze	0.00
No. 20. Fuji-no-mine. A very large and free-blooming sort; white, with rich cream center	6.00
No. 42. "Rose of Nippon." A wonderfully free bloomer, a persistent mass of brilliant 6-inch flowers. Very deep rose, the broadly prominent center darkened by carmine, and illuminated by countless starpoints of both silver and gold. Many centers are slightly tufted	5.00
No. 88. Oki-no-nami. Tall, free-flowering and showy. Pale hydrangea-pink; with full, fine-cut center of peachpink and cream. It does not require a strong imagina-	7.00 5.00
no. 135. Kara-ori-nishiki. This shows uniquely fluted petals, with ends deeply indented. These are white, irregularly streaked and tipped with lilac-red. The center is medium sized, but bright with deep gold filaments, and carmine seed pods	5.00

PHLOX

PHLOX DECUSSATA (Hardy Phlox).

Perennial Phloxes succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure in Spring, and in hot weather an occasional soaking of water. If the first spikes of bloom are removed as soon as over, they will produce a second supply of flowers, continuing the display until late in Autumn. These later blooms are often finer than the first.

(We offer nothing but strong, field-grown plants).

The other nothing but strong, here grown	hree		100
Athis. Deep, clear salmon. Very fine		\$2.50	\$18.00
Africa. Ruby-crimson with darker center.	1.50	4.50	32.50
Antonin Mercie. Clear lilac with white eye. Extra large	1.00	3.00	20.00
Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red	1.00	3.00	20.00
	.85	2.50	18.00
Clara Benz. Brilliant rosy carmine, with white eye and violet halo; medium tall.		4.50	32.50
		2.50	18.00
	.85	2.30	13.00
Commander, Beautiful. New. Crimson- red with darker eye. The most striking of Phloxes	1.20	3.50	25.00
Evelyn. Rich salmon-rose; flowers large and of perfect form. 3 feet	1.50	4.50	32.50
Graf Zeppelin. White with red eye; better than Europa	1.50	4.50	32.50
Eiffel Tower. Pink with deep pink eye. Very tall grower	1.20	3.50	25.00
Elizabeth Campbell. Bright salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and dark red eye; one of the handsomest and most attractive.			
tractive	1.20	3.50	25,00
Ethel Pritchard. Grand light lilac	1.50	4.50	32.50
Europa. A new variety, white with large crimson-carmine eye. Very large flower and truss			
and truss	.85	2.50	18.00
Fuerbrand. Bright vermilion-scarlet. New			
variety	1.20	3.50	25.00
Imperator. Brilliant, dark carmine-red flowers, with darker eye	1.50	4.50	32.50
Jules Sandeau. Large, fine, very free flowering pure pink	.90	2.75	19.00
La Vague. An improvement over older varieties of similar color, with immense, conical heads, borne in great profusion. Warm mauve with emphatic carmine	0.5	9.50	10.00
eye	.85	2.50	18.00
Miss Lingard (See page 42)	.85	2.50	18.00
Mrs. Jenkins. White; immense panicles; free bloomer	.85	2.50	18.00
Mrs. Scholten. New. Dark salmon-pink flowers in enormous pyramidal spikes		3.50	25.00
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. New. Soft pink, without eye. Large flowers on long,			
erect spike	1.40	4.00	30.00
Prof. Verschouw. Bright carmine, overlaid			***
with orange-scarlet	.85	2.50	18.00
Pantheon. Clear, deep, carmine-pink with faint halo	1.00	3.00	20.00
Rheinlander. A beautiful salmon pink,			
with flowers and trusses of immense size	1.00	3.00	20.00
R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy-carmine, with claret-red eye		3.00	20.00
		0.00	
Paul Neyron rose. Immense trusses of flowers	.85	2.50	18.00
Thor. A beautiful lively shade of deep salmon-pink, suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow; has aniline-red eye	.85	2.50	18.00
Vald Jensen. Beautiful salmon-pink with white eye. One of the newest and best.		4.50	32.50
Von Lassburg. Splendid pure white; very large trusses; free bloomer; medium			
earry	1.00	3.00	20.00
White Lady. Very fine late pure white	.85	2.50	18.00



Phlox, Miss Lingard.
Is the most satisfactory white Phlox known.



Phlox, Europa.



Phlox Subulata.



Phlox Amoena.



Phlox Divaricata.



Platycodon.

PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA	
An early-flowering type with flower heads quite as large a Decussata type.	as the
Three Doz.	100
Belle Pyramide. Same habit as Lingard, but color is rose-pink	
cut off	18.00
PHLOX SUBULATA (Moss or Mountain Pink).	
An early Spring-flowering type with pretty mosslike, ever foliage, which, during the flowering season, in April and is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plan the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the g	May,

the rockery, the border, and invaluable for or covering graves.	n exc	ellent pating the	ground
or covering graves.	Chree	Doz. \$2.50	100
Alba. Pure white Lilacina. Light lilac Rosea. Rose-pink. Fine for covering banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely Vivid. Bright fiery rose. We would say	\$0.85 .85	$\begin{array}{c} \$2.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$	\$15.00 15.00
banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely	.85	2.50	15.00
blooms profusely Vivid. Bright fiery rose. We would say that this is the finest free-flowering dwarf plant there is	1.20	3.00	25.00
Amoena. This is one of the best varieties for carpeting the ground, the rockery or the border. It grows but 4 inches high, and in Spring is a sheet of rich			
Amoena. This is one of the best varieties for carpeting the ground, the rockery or the border. It grows but 4 inches high, and in Spring is a sheet of rich bright pink flowers. Divaricata canadensis. One of our native species, which is worthy of extensive planting, commencing to bloom early in April, and continuing through May, with large, fragrant, lavender flowers on stems 10 inches high. 3-inch pots Maculata. Very much like a rosy red Miss Lingard. Free-flowering; good for poor, sandy soil	.85	2.50	18.00
stems 10 inches high. 3-inch pots Maculata. Very much like a rosy red Miss Lingard Erse-flowering good	1.20	3 .0 0	25.00
for poor, sandy soil	.85	2.50	18.00
Miss Lingard. Free-flowering; good for poor, sandy soil	.90	2.75	19.00
lilac-rose flowers. 1 foot. May	.85	2.50	18.00
PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant). Francheti. An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry, forming dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing freely its bright orange-scarlet, lantern-like fruits, which, when cut, will last all Winter. Very attractive plant	.75	2.00	15.00
(See Dianthus).			
PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower). Grandiflora. Blue. 18 inches June to			
PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower). Grandiflora. Blue. 18 inches. June to October. Large, showy, deep blue flowers. Good for rock garden and border. Grandiflora alba. White-flowered form of	.85	2.50	18.00
the above Mariesi. Blue. 12 to 15 inches. July until late September. A beautiful dwarf species, with broad, thick foliage and large deen violetablue flowers	.85	2.50	18.00
species, with broad, thick foliage and large, deep violet-blue flowers Mariesi alba. White-flowered form of the	.90	2.75	19.00
Mariesi alba. White-flowered form of the above	.90	2.75	19.00
PLUMBAGO (Leadwort). Larpentae. One of the most desirable border and rock plants. It is of dwarf, spreading habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high, covered with deep blue flowers during the Summer and Fall			
	1.00	3.00	20.00
POLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder). Album. A white variety of the preceding. Coeruleum (Richardsoni). Erect stems of sky-blue flowers. 1 to 1½ feet. June	.85	2.50	18.00
of sky-blue flowers. 1 to 1½ feet. June to July	.85	2.50	18.00
	1.00	3.00	20.00
POLYGONATUM (Solomon's Seal). Multiflorum major. Pendent sprays of greenish white flowers borne on long stems. 2 feet. May and June. A grand plant for a shady position, where it has plenty of room to show its pendulous sprays of bells. Fine for cutting			
plenty of room to show its pendulous sprays of bells. Fine for cutting	.85	2.50	18.00

4.00

30.00

PRIMULA - Hardy Primrose

Splendid little plants for naturalizing near shrubs, in the border or shaded nooks on the rockery.

or shaded nooks on the rockery.		
"Ailin Aroon." Another cross between pulverulenta and Cockburniana; flowers	Doz.	100 \$45.00
light scarlet\$2.00	\$0.50	\$40.00
Auricula alpina. One of the treasures of the rock garden. The growth is very attractive, forming rosettes of thick leaves, sometimes farinose or mealy. From these rosettes the flower stalks rise to a height of six or eight inches, bearing heads of bloom of various colors and exceedingly fragrant	3.50	25.00
Bulleyana. A beautiful species from Yunnan. Flowers rich golden yellow, shaded orange-buff, borne in whorls on stiff		
stems. 2 feet 1.40	4.00	30.00
Cashmeriana (New). Large, globular heads of a pleasing purplish blue shade; prefers a moist shaded situation 1.40	4.00	30.00
Cortusoides. A distinct Siberian species, with soft, wrinkled heart-shaped leaves. Flowers in early Summer, deep rose. Prefers light, rich, well drained soil, in a sunny position, in border or rockery; 10 inches	4.00	30.00
Moerheim Hybrids. A new strain of Hardy Primulas with the constitution of P. japonica, resulting from crossing of several. Colors range from cream to many shades of yellow, orange, purple, lilac, pink and crimson. They are very hardy and prefer a half-shaded position that is fairly moist; very unusual 1.20	3.50	25.00
Pulverulenta. Rich crimson in color, in whorls, on stems 3 feet high. One of the finest varieties	4.00	30.00

POLYANTHUS (Bunch Primrose).

The Polyanthus is an indispensable Spring flower and should be used largely in flower beds and borders, also wild gardens and rockeries. It likes an open, half-shady position in rich soil and under such conditions will bear flower stems a foot high.

nign.		
Three Exhibition Blue. A very beautiful strain,	Doz.	100
having flowers from deep to light blue\$2.00	\$6.00	\$40.00
Exhibition White. A very fine, large-flowered pure white, with striking yellow eye	6.00	40.00
Munstead Strain. In shades of yellow, from cream to dark orange, selected and perfected by Miss Jekyll of England. 1.40	4.00	30.00
Pink and Red Shades. Very handsome, ranging from light to dark red, with yellow eye	4.00	30.00
Veris Hybrids. This strain includes various shades of lilac, purple and violet, as well as a wide range of buff, orange, salmon and rich reds approaching scarlet in intensity. Quite hardy and of		
vigorous growth 1.20	3.50	25.00

POTENTILLA (Cinquefoil).

Charming plants for the border, with brilliant single or double flowers that are produced in profusion from June to August. Succeeds in any soil. 18 inches.

Mixed	Colors	of	Double	Varieties	Three\$0.90	100 \$19.00

PRUNELLA (Self-heal; Heal-all).

Grandiflora. Violet or purple flowers all Summer. Fine for the rockery or slightly shaded parts of the hardy border. Succeeds in any soil not excessively dry. 1.00 3.00 20.00



Primula Auricula.



Primula Vulgaris.



Primula Veris Polyanthus-Bunch Primrose. Hardy Variety.



Pyrethrums.



Salvia Azurea.



Saponaria.

PYRETHRUM (Persian or Painted Dais	v).
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The Pyrethrums are so simply and easily cultivated that they may be recommended to all who possess a garden. They are perfectly hardy and absolutely invaluable for cut flowers through the Summer and early Fall. The flowers are bright and elegantly borne on long stems; most convenient for decoration. The single-flowered varieties are veritable colored Marchrysanthemum-like, and as their chief beauty is in the months of May and June, they may well be designated Spring Chrysanthemums, possessing the advantage over the Chrysanthemums of being able to withstand the severest Winter without protection. The single-flowered varieties are variable colored Marguerites and possess a range of color and hardiness that Marguerites might envy in vain. Nothing can surpass the Pyrethrum in profusion of flowers throughout the entire Summer from May to July, and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun. As a cut flower, their long stems make them ideal for decorative purposes. Their position should be in Three Dor.

anthemums, possessing the advantage over the Chry of being able to withstand the severest Winter wit tion. The single-flowered varieties are variable guerites and possess a range of color and hardines guerites might envy in vain. Nothing can surpathrum in profusion of flowers throughout the entire May to July, and the blossoms are not injured by sa a cut flower, their long stems make them idea tive purposes. Their position should be in the borde Three I Finest Mixed of English Double and Single	hout p	rotec-
guerites and possess a range of color and hardines	ss that	Mar-
thrum in profusion of flowers throughout the entire s	Summer	from
As a cut flower, their long stems make them ideal	l for d	ecora-
Three I	oz.	100
Varieties. Strong, 1-year clumps\$0.85 \$		\$18.00 20.00
RANUNCULUS (Buttercups).		
Repens fl. pl. A pretty, double-flowering, bright golden yellow Buttercup; flowers in May and June	2.00	15.00
RUDBECKIA (Coneflower).		
Golden Glow. One of the most popular hardy plants. Grows six feet high, producing masses of large, double, golden yellow flowers, shaped like a cactus		
dahlia	2.00	15.00
Maxima. A rare and attractive variety, growing 5 feet high, with large, glaucous green leaves and bright yellow flowers 5 to 6 inches across, with a cone 2 inches high; flowers continuously from		
June to September	2.50	18.00
Newmanni. The perennial form of the "Black-Eyed Susan." Deep orange-yellow flowers, with a dark purple cone; long, wiry stems 3 feet high; blooms all Summer	2,75	19.00
Purpurea (Giant Purple Coneflower). Peculiar reddish purple flowers, with a very large, brown, cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October. 3 feet 1,00	3.00	20.00
SALVIA (Meadow Sage).		
Azurea. A Rocky Mountain species. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, producing, during August and September, pretty sky-blue flowers in the greatest profusion	2.50	18.00
Farinacea. Beautiful pale blue flowers85	2.50	18.00
Pitcheri. Similar to the above, but of more branching habit and large flowers of a rich gentian-blue color, and one of the most admired plants by the many visitors to our nurseries during the early Autumn. 3 to 4 feet		
	3.50	25.00
	3.00	20.00
	3.00	20.00
Virgata nemorosa. Distinct and effective foliage with showy whorls of white flowers	3.00	20.00
SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton; Ground Cypress)		
A sweet smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennial, w silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants ly used in carpet bedding.		
Three I Chamaecyparissus (incana). 1 foot\$0.85 \$	2.50	\$18.00
SANGUINARIA.		
Canadensis (Bloodroot). Native. A low		

lady 1.00 3.00 20.00

SAPONARIA (Soapwort).

Ocymoides alba. A grand pure white-flowering plant for wall or rockery85 2.50 18.00 Ocymoides splendens. Pretty border and rockery plant; flowers rosy pink85 2.50 18.00

SAXIFRAGA (Megasea).	Da-	100
Cordifolia. These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery, forming masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage, which alone renders them useful; flowers appear very early in the Spring. Fine among rocks or ledges\$1.70		100
useful; flowers appear very early in the Spring. Fine among rocks or ledges\$1.70 Crassifolia. 12 to 15 inches. April to June. Showy and spreading. Drooping masses	\$5.00	\$35.00
Crassifolia. 12 to 15 inches. April to June. Showy and spreading. Drooping masses of pink flowers high above the large, clustered leaves. A fine rock plant 1.70 McNabiana. 1 foot. Numerous white flow-	5.00	35.00
ers, heavily speckled with pink to purple dots. The spots large. May and June 2.25 Michauxi (Michaux saxifraga). Alpine variety. Rare. Strong, established	7.00	50.00
plants 1.00 Virginiensis. A low perennial, 4 to 9 inches high, with a cluster of pretty white flowers appearing in early Spring.	3.00	20.00
Fine for rockeries	3.00	20.00
SCABIOSA (Pin Cushion Flower). Handsome border plants, succeeding in any o well drained and in a sunny location, and shou every garden where cut flowers are wanted; the time when picked and placed in water. Three		soil if rown in a long
Caucasica (Blue Bonnet). A soft and charming shade of lavender; commences to bloom in June, throwing stems 18 to	D02.	100
24 Inches high until September\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Caucasica alba (White Bonnet). The white form of the preceding 1.35	4.00	30.00
Japonica. Lavender-blue flowers, from July to September. 2 feet	2.50	18.00
golden yellow flowers, similar to the true Scabiosa in form. 5 feet 1.00	3.00	20.00
SCUTELLARIA (Skull Cap). Baicalensis coelestina. Short, wiry stems, clothed with clear blue Snapdragon-shaped flowers. 1 foot. June to August. 1.20	3.50	25.00
SENECIO (Groundsel). Clivorum. Forms a neat tuft of foliage, from which spring up from July to October a succession of 3-foot stems, with clusters of orange-yellow flowers 1.00	3.00	20.00
SHORTIA. Galacifolia. A rare and beautiful species, but recently introduced from the mountains of North Carolina. The leaves are evergreen and the petals, five in number, are pure white, and scalloped or notched on the edges. Flowers about an inch across in early Summer. Plant in a rich, shady place. Hardy	3.50	25.00
SIDALCEA (Greek Mallow). Erect-growing, more or less branching plants, plants	oroducin vill suc	g their
any garden soil in a sunny position. Three Rosy Gem. Pretty, bright rose-colored	Doz.	100
flowers. 2 to 3 feet\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
SILENE (Catchfly).	ien Ti	nev are
A charming class of plants for the rock gard closely allied to the Pink family and require r treatment. They bloom nearly all Summer and able additions to the rockery.	nuch thare ver	e same y desir-
Acaulis. Close cushions of foliage, spangled with tiny pink, stemless flowers in June. Very choice\$1.00	Doz.	100 \$20.00
Alpestris. Dwarf rock plant, dainty, pure white flowers in May and June 1.00 Saxifraga. A choice Alpine of mossy	3.00	20.00
growth. Flowers white, in great pro- fusion	3.00	20.00
Schafta (Autumn Catchfly). A charming border or rock plant, growing from 4 to 6 inches high, with masses of bright pink flowers from July to October90	0.75	10.00
Stellata (Starry Campion). Strong estab-	2.75	19.00
Virginica (Fire Pink). Very showy crimson	3.50	25.00
flowers. Strong established plants 1.20	3.50	25.00



Saxifraga.



Scabiosa Caucasica.



Silene.



Sedum Spurium Coccineum.



Sempervivum.



Sedum Spectabile.



Statice Latifolia.

SEDUM (Stonecrop)

The dwarf varieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, etc., and the taller kinds make effective color groups in the border. They thrive in almost any soil. They are especially fond of sand and full sun, and may be considered the backbone of the American rock garden.

the backbone of the American rock garden.		
DWARF VARIETIES Three	Doz.	100
Aizoon. Bright vellow flowers. 1 foot.	\$2.50	\$18.00
July and August\$0.85 Acre (Golden Moss). Much used for covering graves; foliage green; flowers		
bright yellow	2.00	15.00
cous gray foliage; sub-trailing habit85 Glaucum. Excellent dwarf variety for	2.50	18.00
cous gray foliage; sub-trailing habit85 Glaucum. Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings	3.00	20.00
golden in Autumn 1.00	3.00	20.00
golden in Autumn 1.00 Kamschaticum fol. var. Similar to above, but has attractive, variegated foliage. 1.35 Obtusatum. Golden yellow flowers, with	4.00	30.00
emerald-green tollage shaded brouze.	4.00	30.00
3 inches	3.00	20.00
for rockeries or border edgings. The best Sedum for filling seams between rocks in wall garden: rapid grower85	2.50	18.00
Sexangulare. Very dark green foliage:		
yellow flowers	2.50	18.00
Spurium coccineum. A beautiful rosy crimson-flowered form: July and August	3.50	25.00
6 inches	$\frac{2.50}{3.00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18.00 \\ 20.00 \end{array}$
flat, succulent leaves; flowers purplish pink; July and August. 6 inches85	2.50	18.00
Ternatum. Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings	2.50	18.00
rockeries or border edgings	2.30	18.00
ERECT-GROWING VARIETIES	41	- inton
Useful and pretty plants for the border, producesting flowers during late Summer and Fall.		
Three growing species, attaining a height of 18 inches, with broad. light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy, rose-colored flowers; indispensable as a late Fall-blooming plant	\$2.75	\$19.00 \$19.00
SEMPERVIVUM (House Leek).		
Curious and interesting plants forming rosette leaves of varying colors. Good for rockeries, dr bedding or walls.	es of su y banks,	cculent carpet
Arachnoideum (Cobweb House Leek). Leaves in rosettes usually connected by	Doz.	100
silvery threads. Flowers bright red. 6 inches\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Atroviolaceum. Large rosettes of a deep green color; shaded red	3.50	25.00
	$\frac{3.50}{3.50}$	$25.00 \\ 25.00$
Funcki. Light green rosettes with heavy		
Hookeri. Gravish green leaves in flat	3.50	25.00
rosettes, flowers dull red	$\frac{3.50}{3.00}$	$\frac{25.00}{20.00}$
STATICE (Great Sea Lavender).		
Latifolia. A valuable plant either for the border or rockery, with tufts of leathery leaves and immense candelabra-like heads, frequently 1½ feet high and 2 feet across, of purplish blue, minute flowers during July and August. These, if cut and dried, last in perfect condition for months	2.75 2.50	19.00 15.00
STENANTHIUM (Mountain Feather Fleece). Robustum. A rare perennial, with showy panicles of pure white, fleecy flowers in August and September on stems 4 to 5 feet high; requires a moist, semi-shady position.		
position	2.75	19.00

SPIREA - Astilbe

(Arendsi and Japonica Hybrids).

Hybrid varieties of very vigorous growth, producing manybranched, feathered heads of flowers in June and July. They prefer a half-shady, moist position in any ordinary garden soil. We offer 3-year-old, large, field-grown clumps only, for immediate effect.

Each Three Doz.

branched, feathered heads of flowers in J prefer a half-shady, moist position in any We offer 3-year-old, large, field-grown of mediate effect.	ordin	ary gard	en soil.
	Each	Three	Doz.
America. Deep pink; excellent forcing variety; fine for early forcing Betsy Cuperius. Splendid new variety, growing 5 feet high. The fine drooping flower spikes 2 feet long, show in Summer during some weeks a great number	\$0.60	\$1.70	\$5.00
mer during some weeks a great number of white flowers with pink center Brunhilde. A great improvement on the variety Venus; the thick flower spikes	.80	2,25	7.00
are crowded with clear lilac flowers Ceres. Growing 2½ to 3 feet high, with spikes of a rosy lilac color; fine garden	.80	2.25	7.00
variety Deutschland. Dwarf habit, and producing dense, feathery plumes of a splendid brilliant dark-pink color with a soft	.80	2.25	7.00
Embden. Compact plumes; flowers of a		2.25	7.00
beautiful cattleya-pink color Freule Van Den Bosch. New variety, grow- ing about 314 fact high Produces com-	.80	2.25	7.00
pact flower spikes of a dark pink color.	90	2,25	7.00
pact flower spikes of a dark pink color. Splendid novelty for the garden Gladstone. 18 inches, June-July. A fine variety. Immense trusses of flowers		2.23	1.00
are as white as snow, borne on erect, strong stocks; best white for forcing. Grandis rosea maxima. The drooping spikes of flowers have a length of over 2 feet.	.60	1.70	5.00
pink centers. 5 to 6 feet	.80	2.25	7.00
Gruno. This new Astilbe grows 4 feet high and produces light and graceful spikes of spreading habit and has a splendid salmon-pink color. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland			
Merit R. H. S. of Holland	.80	2.25	7.00
grows about 5 feet high. The flower stem itself has a length of over 3 feet.			4
The very fine fringed flowers are bright red tinged with dark lilac	.80	2.25	7.00
Merit R. H. S. of Holland	.80	2.25	7.00
dense flower spikes of a delightful pink color. Very recommendable. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland	.80	2.25	7.00
small, pure white flowers in profusion.	1.00	3.00	10.00
Queen Alexandra. Light pink; good for forcing	.60	1.70	5.00
forcing	.80	2.25	7.00
Rubens. Rosy red: new and good: fine for	.60	1.70	5.00
forcing Salland. Stems of a fine red color, growing over 6 feet high. A very decorative novelty. Award of Merit R. H. S. of	.00	1.10	3,00
Holland	1.00	3.00	10.00
Elegant border plants with feathery plu	1. 0 0 imes	2.75 of flowe	10.00 rs and
SPIREA (Goat's Beard; Meadow Sweet). neat, attractive foliage; succeeds in all locations.	cation	ıs.	
Aruncus. 4 feet. June. Produces long, feathery panicles of white flowers, form-	Three	Doz.	100
ing graceful plumes Filipendula (Dropwort). Numerous corymbs of white flowers on stems 15 inches high. June and July; pretty fern-	\$2.00	\$6.00	\$40.00
like foliage Filipendula flore pleno. 12 to 18 inches. June and July. Double white flowers,	.85	2.50	18.00
fernlike foliage	1.00	3.00	20.00
cream-colored flower spikes Palmata elegans. 3 feet. June to August.	2.00	6.00	40.00
Graceful plumes of lovely light pink flowers. Fine for waterside planting Ulmaria fi. pl. The well known double "Meadow Sweet." Creamy white flow-	1.00	3.00	20.00
STACHYS (Woundwort).	1.00	3.00	20.00
Lanata. Fine old-fashioned cottage garden plant for edging; useful in rock garden; dwarf; soft silvery foliage;			
flowers useless. 4 inches	.85	2.50	18.00



Spirea Gladstone.



Astilbe Arendsi Hybrid, Grandis Rosea Maxima.

No garden is complete without these new and easily grown Arendsi Hybrid Astilbe. We will be glad to make you up a collection of the best.



Stokesia Cyanea.



Tradescantia Virginiana.



Trillium Grandiflorum.



Thalictrum Aquilegifolium.

STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster; Stokes' Aster).

A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant which, for many seasons, has been the most admired flower on our grounds. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early July until late in October, its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position, desirable as a single plant in the hardy border and effective in masses or beds of any size.

Cyanea coerulea.	Beautiful	light	blue	Three\$0.85	Doz. \$2.50	100 \$18.00
Cyanea coerulea of the above.					3.00	20.00

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus).

TEUCRIUM (Germander). Chamaedrys. Shrublike habit. Excellent plant. Glossy green foliage, purple flower spikes in July and August. 1 foot .. 1.70 35.00

THYMUS (Thyme).

The charming Mountain Thymes make a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish; they are a sheet of blossom in June and July. Excellent for carpeting patches of Spring-flowering bulbs.

_	hree	Doz.	100
Album. A wonderful contrast with Coccineum; flowers a sheet of white\$	1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Citriodorus. The golden yellow form of the well known "Lemon Thyme" Coccineum. Plants become completely cov- ered with brilliant crimson-scarlet flow-	1.20	3.50	25.00
ers	1.20	3.50	25.00
Lanuginosus (Woolly-Leaved). Woolly foliage with bright pink flowers	1.20	3.50	25.00
Serpyllum (White Mountain Thyme). Forms dense mats of dark green foliage and clouds of white flowers. 3 to 4 inches. June-July Vulgaris. 6 inches. June and July. An	.85	2.50	18.00
old garden plant, being grown as a sweet herb; flowers small, lilac or purplish, in terminal, interrupted spikes; foliage very fragrant. Fine for rock garden	.85	2.50	18.00
TIARELLA (Miterwort).			
Cordifolia. 6 to 12 inches. May. An elegant plant with fine foliage and small, creamy white, star-shaped flowers. Prefers partial shade	.85	2.50	18.00
TRADESCANTIA (Spiderwort).			
Virginiana. Produces a succession of blue flowers all Summer, 2 feet Virgininana alba. A white-flowered form.	.85 .85	$\frac{2.50}{2.50}$	18.00 18.00
TRILLIUM (Wood Lily or Wake Robin).			
Grandiflorum. Excellent plants for shady positions in the hardy horder, or in a sub-aquatic position. Large, pure white flowers in early Spring. 12 to 18 inches.	.75	2.00	15.00
THERMOPSIS (False Lupine; Buffalo).			
Caroliniana. A showy, tall-growing plant, attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet, producing long spikes of yellow flowers in June and July	2.00	6.00	40.00
THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue).			
Adiantifolium. A beautiful variety, with foliage like the Maidenhair Fern and miniature white flowers in June	.85	2.50	18.00
Aquilegifolium. Graceful foliage like that of Columbine, and rosy purple flowers from May to July. 2 to 3 feet	.85	2.50	18.00
Aquilegifolium album. White form of the above	.85	2.50	18.00
Dipterocarpum. A pretty and distinct species, with flowers of a charming shade of lilac-mauve, which is brightened by a bunch of lemon-yellow stamens and anthers. The plant is of strong growth, about 4 feet high. The dainty flowers are produced in graceful		TEROCALIS AN EXTRA FINE CUT	
dainty flowers are produced in graceful sprays during August and September	1.00	3.00	20.00

Minus. Dwarf, with Maidenhair fernlike foliage 1.20

3.50

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker; Flame Flower	; Torcl	h Lily).	
Pfitzeri (The Everblooming Flame Flower). The free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety have made it one of the great bedding plants, and when we consider that there are few flowering plants which are suitable for massing under our severe climatic conditions it is little wonder that such an elegant subject should become so popular. Succeeds in any ordinary garden soil, but responds quickly to liberal treatment. Hardy if given protection, but the most satisfactory method of wintering is to bury the roots in sand in a cool cellar. In bloom from August to October, with spikes 3 to 4 feet high, and heads of bloom of a rich orange-scarlet producing a grand effect either planted singly in the border or in		Doz.	100
Perry's Unnamed Hybrids. These are seedlings of various colors, ranging	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
from pale yellow to deep orange and are very showy in a hardy plant border Quartiniana. A strong growing, thick-stalked variety, blooming late in May with flower cones 10 to 12 inches long. Orange-red at first, but yellow on bottom half as bloom matures. Perfectly hardy here; does not need protection		3.00	20.00
Uvaria grandiflora, 3 to 4 feet. The old-		3.50	25.00
fashioned, late-flowering sort, with flow- ers rich red changing to salmon-pink. Needs slight protection	1.20	3.50	25.00
TROLLIUS (Globe Flower).			
Europaeus, Orange Globe. Desirable free- flowering plants, producing their giant bright yellow, buttercup-like blossoms on stems 1 to 2 feet high from May until August; succeeds admirably in the bor- der in a half-shady position	1.70	5.00	35.00
Choice Seedlings. Colors range from pale yellow to deep orange; on strong stems 2 feet high. Wonderful as cut flowers, and good in moist locations			
TUNICA (Coat Flower).			
Saxifraga. A pretty tufted plant with light pink flowers, produced all Summer. Useful either for the rockery or the border	.85	2.50	18.00
VALERIANA (Valerian; Garden Heliotrop Coccinea. Showy heads of old rose flow- ers. June to October. 2 feet	e).	2.75	19.00
Officinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). Produces showy heads of rose-tinted white flowers during June and July with delicious, strong heliotrope odor. 3 to 4 feet		3.00	20.00
VERATRUM.	1.00	0.00	20.00
Viride (American White Hellebore). Native. Thrifty plants, large, broad, green leaves, nearly a foot long. Grows 2 to 4 feet high, bearing many small, yellow, or greenish flowers at top. At home in a moist or wet, black peaty soil	1.00	2.50	25.00
	1.20	3.50	23.00
VERBASCUM (Mullein). Olympicum (Greek Mullein). The showiest of the entire family of more than thirty varieties. The foliage is silvery white, with leaves often 3 feet long. The flowers are yellow, and are produced in quantity for about three weeks in midsummer. Succeeds best in a dry situa-			
tion. 3 to 5 feet. Wayside Gardens Hybrids. An excellent strain produced from a very superior grade of English Hybrids. Colors are most interesting	.85	2.50	18.00
most interesting Colors are	.90	2.75	19.00



Tunica Saxifraga.



Pfitzer's Tritoma



Valeriana Coccinea.



Trollius, Orange Globe.



Veronica Erica.



Veronica Longifolia Subsessilis.



Vinca.

VERONICA (Speedwell).

A family containing some of the most beautiful subjects for the hardy garden and rockery. Given a rich, well drained soil in an open situation in full sun, they will all thrive in an amazing manner.

amazing manner.	II thirve	in an
Amethystina. 8 to 12 inches. June. A slender species, with short spikes of		100
amethyst-blue flowers\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Amethystina "Royal Blue." Beautiful spikes of rich gentian-blue flowers. 1 foot. June and July 1.00	3.00	20.00
Erica. A heather-like Speedwell with delicate pink flowers. June-July 1.00	3.00	20.00
Gentianoides. Beautiful variety with spikes of large flowers, palest blue edged deep blue, in June and July. 1 foot 1.20	3.50	25.00
Incana (candida). 1 foot. July and August. A white, woolly plant; flowers numerous; blue. Has good appearance, both in and out of bloom. Useful in rockery or border	2.50	18.00
Longifolia subsessilis. 2 feet. July to September. One of the handsomest blue- flowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue flowers; fine for cutting and one of the best plants for the hardy		
Repens. 3 to 4 inches. May and June. A useful rock or carpeting plant with	2.75 3.00	19.00
Rupestris. A fine rock plant growing 3 to 4 inches high; thickly matted, deep green foliage, hidden in Spring under a cloud of bright blue flowers 1.00	3.00	20.00
Rupestris rosea. Similar to the above in habit and growth. The flowers form a carpet of bright rose; good foliage 3.00	20.60	180.00
Spicata. 18 inches. June and July. Long spikes of violet-blue flowers	2.50	18.00
Spicata alba. Long spikes of snowy white flowers	3.00	20.00
Spicata rosea. 2 feet. June to September. Much branched variety with pink flowers	3.50	25.00
Teucrium. Dwarf; spreading, of a dense growth; flowers blue. 6 to 12 inches. May-June	3.00	20.00
Traversi. A very hardy variety of the beautiful shrubby Veronicas from New Zealand. Forms compact bushes of dark green foliage, bearing a profusion of pale mauve blossoms in late Summer 3.00	00.00	180.00
True Blue. Literally covers itself with blossoms of intense blue. 1 foot 1.00	20.00 3.00	
Virginica (Great Virginian Speedwell). A free-growing perennial which likes the	5.00	20.00
bright sunshine. Flowers white or pale blue. 2 to 6 feet. August to September. 1.00	3.00	20.00
VINCA (Periwinkle or Trailing Myrtle).		
Minor. A trailing, evergreen plant, used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs or trees or on graves, where it is too shady for grass or other plants to thrive	2.50	18.00
3-inch pot plants of Vinca Minor may be obtained any time of the year. They are potted plants with about 8 to 12 runners	3.50	25.00

Minor alba. A white form of the variety above 1.50

4.50

VIOLA.			
VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted F	ansies).	or or or	rden.
This is the best edging plant for the har when properly cared for, these plants refrom May until October. The great secre	emain i	n full	bloom
from May until October. The great secre	of the	ir conti	nuous
bloom, though, is the fact that they mus	ı be sn	eareu se	erai
times during the season, so that the flowe		ot go to D oz.	100
Admiration. Dark blue	0.65		\$10.00
Admiration. Dark blue			
the bedding Viola and producing pro-			
soms of true blue. This Viola is famous			
in and around Geneva, Switzerland, and			
is a product of the well known Mon-	c r	1 50	10.00
sieur Correvon	.65	1.50 1.50	$10.00 \\ 10.00$
Golden Yellow	.65	1.50	10.00
Ferfection. Light blue	.65	1.50	10.00
Rose Queen	.65	1.50	10.00
White Perfection	.65	1.50	10.00
Mixed. Many shades and markings		1.50	10.00
VIOLA ODORATA (Sweet	-		
The variety listed below is suited for force perfectly hardy, and is covered with flower.	ing und	er glass Iv Sprin	; and
wonderfully sweet scented.	s III car	iy Sprin	5 and
7		Doz.	100
Gov. Herrick. Rich, deep purple	0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
VIOLA HYBRIDS AND SP. (Everblooming).	ecies		
Blanda. Sweet scented white Violet	1.00	3.00	20.00
Bosniacea. A superb, everblooming Pansy, makes neat clumps that are covered with			
reddish violet nowers throughout the			
Summer. A fine, new European intro-	1 00	9.00	00.00
duction	1.00	3.00	20.00
G. Wermig. A variety of Tufted Pansy, forming clumps which are covered with			
rich, violet-blue flowers the entire sea-			
son	1.00	3.00	20.00
Jersey Gem (New). Possesses the dwarf			
habit and continuity of blooming of the true horned Viola (V. cornuta), and the			
vigorous, bushy growth and roundish			
foliage of the finest English bedding va-			
vigorous, bushy growth and roundish foliage of the finest English bedding va- rieties. Color is pure, rich violet, and slightly perfumed	1 75	5.00	35.00
	1.10	0.00	
WALLFLOWER.			
The old fragrant favorite; mixed colors;			
choice English imported strain including yellow, brown, etc. Plant in Spring only.	.85	2.50	18.00
YUCCA (Adam's Needle).			
Filamentosa. Among hardy plants there			
is nothing more effective and striking			
for isolated positions on the lawn or			
thrive. It is also indispensable for the			
on dry banks where few other plants thrive. It is also indispensable for the rockery. Its broad, swordlike, evergreen			
foliage and immense branching spikes			
foliage and immense branching spikes of drooping, creamy white flowers, rising to a height of 6 feet, render it a bold and handsome subject wherever placed. Should be planted in Spring.			
bold and handsome subject wherever			
placed. Should be planted in Spring.	1.00	3.00	20.00
3-year-old plants	1.50	4.50	35.00

HERBS

The plants offered below are all strong roots, and will make an abundant growth the first season.

Price, except where noted, 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$18.00 per 100.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Colossal and Palmetto. 2-year, \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1000.

BALM (Melissa officinalis). For culinary purposes.

CHAMOMILE (Anthemis nobilis). Has medicinal qualities.

CHIVES. For flavoring.

HOP ROOTS (Humulus lupulus).

HOREHOUND (Marrubium vulgare). Has medicinal qualities.

HORSERADISH ROOTS. Used for sauces. 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

per 100.

HYSSOP (Hyssopus officinalis). Has medicinal qualities.

LAVENDER, True (Lavandula officinalis). For oil and distilled MARJORAM, Pot (Origanum onites). Used in seasoning.
RHUBARB ROOTS—Linnaeus and St. Martins.
ROSEMARY (Rosmarinus officinalis). Yields aromatic oil and

water.

RUE (Ruta graveolens). Said to have medicinal qualities,

SAGE, Common (Salvia officinalis). A culinary herb, also used in medicine.

SAVORY, Winter (Satureia montana). Used as a culinary herb.

TANSY HERB (Tanecetum vulgare).

THYME (Thymus vulgaris). Used in seasoning.

WOODRUFF (Asperula odorata). Used in flavoring wine.

WORMWOOD (Artemisia absinthium). Has medicinal qualities.



Viola Cornuta.



Viola, G. Wermig,



Yucca Filamentosa,

Climbing Plants and Vines

AMPELOPSIS (Ivy).



Clematis Paniculata.



Clematis Montana.

	Tilo ala	D - =	100
Lowi. A splendid variation from the popular Boston or Japan Ivy, possessing a the merits of the parent, being perfectly hardy, clinging to the smoother surface without support, and with much smaller foliage, which is deeply cure living it a grace and elegance entirely distinct from the old type	ll c- st h t, y .\$0.70	Poz. \$6.00	100
Veitchi (Boston Ivy or Japan Ivy). The most popular climbing plant for covering brick walls, stone or wooden wall trees, etc. When it becomes established it is of very rapid growth, and cling to the smoothest surface with the teracity of Ivy. Extra strong, 2-year-old plants	s n-	5.00	35.00
ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe).			
Sipho. A vigorous and rapid-growin climber. Its flowers are of little valu compared to its light leaves, which at of very large size, and retain their cold from early Spring to late Fall. Per fectly hardy strong plants	g e e r		
fectly hardy strong plants	. 1.25	12.00	
BIGNONIA (Trumpet Vine).			
For covering unsightly places, stumps, r a showy flowering vine is desired, the B very useful. The flowers are large, attr fusely when the plants attain a fair siz	ock wor ignonia: active, e.	rk, or w s will be and bor	herever e found ne pro-
Radicans. Dark red, orange throat; fre	Each	Doz.	100
blooming and very hardy	.\$0.40	\$4.00	\$30.00
CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Bittersweet, o	or Wax	,	
One of our native climbing plants, or rapid growth, succeeding in almost an situation, sun or shade, with attractive light green foliage and yellow flower during June, which are followed in the Autumn with bright orange fruits, which are the plant throughout throughout the plant throughout the plant throughout throughout the plant throughout t	Each f y e e s e h	Doz.	100
usually remain on the plant throughou the Winter		\$5.00	\$35.00
		\$5.00	\$35.00
the Winter	\$0.50 activenerements roper control They er and	ess the sare son condition need ric most im as three	beauti- mewhat s must h, deep portant inches
the Winter LARGE-FLOWERING CLEMATIS. No other climbing plant equals in attr ful large-flowering clematis. Their requi different from most other plants, and p be given to secure satisfactory results. soil, perfect drainage, abundance of wate of all, they should be planted with the beneath the surface of the soil. Henryi. Creamy white; large	\$0.50 activener crements roper control They er and recrown	ess the sare solondition need ric most im s three Each\$0.75	beauti- mewhat s must h, deep portant inches Doz. \$7.50
the Winter LARGE-FLOWERING CLEMATIS. No other climbing plant equals in attr ful large-flowering clematis. Their requi different from most other plants, and p be given to secure satisfactory results. soil, perfect drainage, abundance of wate of all, they should be planted with the beneath the surface of the soil. Henryi. Creamy white; large	\$0.50 activenerements roper of They er and e crown	ess the sare solution need ric most im stare Each\$0.75	beauti- mewhat s must h, deep portant inches Doz. \$7.50
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the Winter LARGE-FLOWERING CLEMATIS. No other climbing plant equals in attr ful large-flowering clematis. Their requidifferent from most other plants, and per per given to secure satisfactory results. Soil, perfect drainage, abundance of water of all, they should be planted with the beneath the surface of the soil. Henryi. Creamy white; large	Three e. \$1.40 b. 1.40 b. 1.40 c. 1.40	ess the sare solved rice are s	beauti- mewhat s must h, deep portant inches Doz. \$7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 30.00
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30.00

35.00

40.00

35.00

5.00

2.25

7.00

EUONYMUS (Evergreen Bittersweet).

The trailing Euonymus are particularly desirable for their dense, evergreen foliage and extreme hardiness, some varieties on account of this taking the place of the English Ivy for wall covering, others that of the boxwood as an edging plant. Makes a splendid ground cover, and one of the best creepers for rockeries.

Carrieri (Carrier's Evergreen Bittersweet).
A stronger grower than Euonymus radicans, with larger ovate green leaves.
Half bush and half vine in habit of growth. If given support, it makes a very fine covering for a building or a wall; very rugged and a rapid grower, which may be used for evergreen hedges, as it can be sheared into any shape ...\$4.00 \$30.00 \$289.00

1.40 4.00 5.00 adicans acuta. A strong growing variety with long, narrow, dark green leaves veined with grey; excellent as a ground cover or for wall covering Radicans acuta. 6.00

Radicans variegata. A beautiful small-leaved green and white variegated form of the same habit as the type 1.70

ENGLISH IVY (Hedera).

The famous English Ivy with its familiar evergreen, glossy foliage is unfortunately not very hardy in this climate, and requires Winter protection where it is exposed to chilly winds on open walls. It can, however, be planted with perfect safety as a ground cover or as an edging to flower beds.

Three Doz. 100 \$35.00

\$35.00 7.00 50.00

LONICERA (Honeysuckle).

Their vining qualities are all that can be desired, but the fra-grance of their flowers makes their strongest bid for favor. Each Three Doz.

\$1.20 \$3.50

POLYGONUM (Silver Lace Vine).

Aberti. A splendid hardy climber, of strong, vigorous growth, attaining a height of 25 or more feet, producing during Summer and Fall great foamy sprays of white flowers, and a well established plant during its long period of flowering is a great mass of bloom.

PUERARIA (Kudzu Vine).

The most rapid growing vine in cultivation, often attaining a growth of 40 feet in a single season. Especially desirable for immediate effect for dense shade, as its leaves are large.

Each Three Doz.

Thunbergiana (Jack-and-the-Bean-Stalk).
Small, pea-shaped, rosy purple flowers,
heart-shaped leaves. It will grow anywhere. Field-grown plants\$0.50 \$3.50

WISTERIA.

Woody vines with tightly clinging habit, for pergolas, arbors, trellises, etc., especially ornamental in early Summer when they are resplendent with their large, drooping clusters of fragrant blossoms.

Bunches of \$2.00 \$6.00 2.00 6.00



Clematis Jackmani.



Wisteria Sinensis.

Hardy Shrubs and Azaleas

For the Hardy Border or Rock Garden



Azalea Mollis.



Cotoneaster Horizontalis.

HARDY AZALEAS

The varieties here offered are the hardiest and most desirable for general garden planting; until thoroughly established it is beneficial to give them a heavy mulch of leaves during the Winter, and a loose covering of evergreen branches to protect them from the sun and drying winds during freezing weather.

AZALEA (Pinxter Flower; Swamp Honeysuckle).	D.
Amoena (Japanese Evergreen Azalea). A dwarf shrub with double purplish red flowers in May; is especially adapted for borders and rock gardens; needs some protection in northern latitudes. Should be planted in sheltered positions and will abundantly repay for any care given it\$2.00	- -
Hinodegiri. Bright fiery red flowers. Bushy plants	
10 to 12 inches high 1.50	18.00
Hinomayo. A wonderfully pleasing shade of delicate rose-pink. Bushy plants 10 to 12 incheshigh	18.00
specimens, 18 inches high 5.00	
Macrantha. Very late-flowering large salmon-red. Bushy plants, 10 to 12 inches high 1.50	18.00
Maxwelli. Large single carmine-red of dwarf spreading habit. Bushy plants, 8 to 10 inches	
high 1.50	18.00
Mollis (Japanese Azalea). Of dwarf habit; resembles rhododendrons; good foliage; flowers in all shades of red, yellow and orange; perfectly hardy, thriving in sunny positions anywhere. Excellent for mass planting. It must not come in contact with barnyard manure	18.00
Yodogawa. Large semi-double lavender-plnk flowers; the earliest to bloom. Bushy specimen plants, 24 inches high	

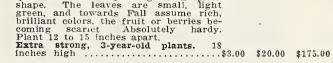
HARDY SHRUBS

Varieties Used With Herbaceous Plants in Hardy Plant Borders and Rock Gardens

The few varieties listed below are used to mix with hardy

plants in borders and rock gardens.	(0 1111	x with	nai ay
BUDDLEIA (Summer Lilac).			
Farquhari (New). A low-growing pendu- lous, spreading shrub, with rich green foliage and silvery reverse, bearing in late Sunnmer long racemes of purple	Each	Three	Doz.
flowers Variabilis magnifica (Butterfly Bush). This is properly a shrub, but the top usually freezes back, and new growth starts from the root like other perennials. Plants grow three to four feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers in July. The best location is in good, rich, well drained soil in a sunny situation	.75	\$2.00 2.00	\$6.00 6.00
	. 10	2.00	4.50
CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea).			
Mastacanthus. A handsome hardy perennial; grows about 3 feet high and produces rich lavender-blue flowers in great profusion the whole length of the branches. A valuable plant either for bedding or pot culture, blooming continuously from early in September until cut by frost	.75	2.00	6.00
COTONEASTER (Rock Spray).			
Horizontalis (Prostrate Cotoneaster). A low shrub with almost horizontal branches. Native of China. Leaves dark green, about half an inch long; flowers pinkish white; fruit bright red; attractive in rockeries. A most desirable ground cover, and should be largely planted. Cannot be transplanted unless			
from pots. Strong, 5-inch pot plants	1.25	3.00	10.00

DAPHNE (Garland Flower).	Doz.	100
Cneorum. Handsome dwarf sub-shrubs; excellent for planting near front of shrubberies, with odorous pink flowers and handsome foliage. Large clumps\$2.50		
DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil).	¥ -0.00	
Penduliforum. An exceedingly graceful shrublike plant covered with purplish red flowers in Summer time. Strikingly beautiful	5.00	35.00
ERICA (Heath).		
The Heaths are compact, low-growing plants, a extremely useful for rockeries. The small fol arranged around the wiry little stems, and eith bloom or in midwinter makes a very pretty some protection the first Winter. Semi-shady our Ericas are strong, bushy plants.		densely in full Give n. All
Elata alba (White Heather). The nodding white flowers are the only diversion from the Vulgaris; a pleasing contrast.	1002.	100
	\$10.00	
Nana compacta. Dwarf and compact; pink. 9 inches. Big clumps 1.00	10.00	
Vulgaris (Scotch Heather). A dense- growing shrub, with erect branches, covered with short, closely adpressed leaves. The pretty, bell-shaped flowers occur in great profusion toward tops of the shoots and are a pretty rosy color. Big clumps	10.00	
HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).		
Three	Doz.	100
Calycinum (Aaron's Beard). Rapidly growing sub-shrub and ground cover in sun or shade, with golden yellow flowers. 1 foot. July-August	\$5.00 4.00	\$35.00 30.00
· ·	5.00	35.00
LEUCOTHOE. Each	Doz.	
Catesbaei. Large. A valuable plant with oblong, shiny foliage, dark green in Summer, turning to a bronzy red in the Fall. The fragrant white flowers are borne in pendulous racemes. Adapted for woodland planting		
	\$10.00	
VITEX (Chaste-tree; Hemp-tree). Macrophylla. In general habit similar to V. Agnus Castus, but much stronger in all its parts, the foliage being larger while the trusses of lavender-blue flowers are fully double the size. It blooms from July to September; as popular as the Butterfly Shrub, to which we consider it superior	10.00	
HEDGE PLANTS		
BERBERIS (Barberry). Doz.	100	.1000
Thunbergi (Japan Barberry). Where a dwarf deciduous hedge is wanted, nothing equals this beautiful Barberry. Requires but little pruning to keep in shape. The leaves are small, light green, and towards Fall assume rich,		



We are glad to be able to offer this valuable shrub again and at a price everyone can afford. The Boxwood we are offering are being grown for us by a Dutch expert in New Jersey. The stock we offer is bushy and wide, excellent for edging walks or beds. Contrary to the usual idea, Boxwoods are hardy and will stand a temperature of 10 below zero without any damage, providing the plants are protected with a little lath screen. admitting air and light, but giving enough shade so that the sharp sun during the months of December, January and Febuary, does not burn the foliage. Grows in any soil. Plant six inches apart.

6 to 8 inches high 4.00 30.00 280.00



Erica-Heath.



Hypericum.



Barberry Hedge.

Bulbs for Hardy Border and Rock Garden



OCK GARDENING, during the past few years, has become very popular. Being the greatest producers of rock plants in this country, we have naturally been getting a great many requests from our customers to supply them with certain varieties of bulbs that might be suitably used in rock gardens. Unfortunately, the exclusion of Narcissi from this country has taken away from us one of our most valuable varieties of bulbs for this particular form of gardening! All tiny Daffodils, such as Narcissus Bulbocodium, commonly known as the Hoop-Petticoat Daffodil; Narcissus Triandus Albus, known as "Angel's Tears;" Narcissus Cyclaminenus, or the Cyclamen Daffodil; Narcissus Moschatus, etc., and many others are being used in Europe in all rock gardens. However, we are still able to obtain the Wild Crocus, and Wild Tulip species, and other small bulbs such as the Muscari, Scillas, Snowdrops, Fritillarias, etc. On page 64, for instance, you will find two very good collections of Wild Crocuses listed. One collection consists of varieties that bloom in the Fall during the months of September and October, while the other collection consists of early Spring-flowering varieties, blooming wherever possible in February or March.

Spring-flowering varieties, blooming wherever possible in February or March. Do not confuse these Wild Crocuses with the well known Dutch varieties. These we do not like to plant in rock gardens, but suggest their use for edging or planting in the lawn only.

like to plant in rock gardens, but suggest their use for edging or planting in the lawn only. Crocus Imperati, Zonatus, Speciosus, Tommasinianus, etc., are great favorites with everyone familiar with rock gardening. Crocus Speciosus, Sativus and Zonatus, for instance, if planted between low-growing varieties of Sedum or Thyme, create a striking effect in October when flowers in rock gardens as a rule are rather scarce. It should be borne in mind, however, that in order to have success with these Wild Crocuses, especially Autumn-flowering varieties, they should be planted immediately upon arrival.

Tulip species, such as Tulipa Persica, Sylvestris, Clusiana, are a delight to watch when they

put in their appearance early in April.

Erythroniums or Dog-tooth Violets, in varieties, are natives of this country, and we have made provisions to produce them on our own nursery so that we may be able to take care of the growing demand for these bulbs. There are, of course, innumerable varieties of semi-bulbous plants, such as Trilliums, Corydalis, Mertensias, etc., these can all be found in our hardy plant section.

The Hardy Border Is Not Complete Without Bulbs

Bulbs for the hardy border consist of a greater number of varieties than those that are suitable only for the rock garden. We do not believe the hardy plant border is complete without a liberal planting of Darwin, Cottage and Breeder Tulips, Narcissi and other bulbs. The most practical way to go about planting these bulbs in the border is to plant them under dwarf, shallow-rooting herbaceous plants. For instance, all varieties of Thyme and dwarf Sedums are excellently planted right over Tulips. There are also several varieties of Veronicas such as Veronica Rupestris, Amethystina, Royal Blue, True Blue, and several more, which will live in perfect harmony with bulbs. The Tulip or Daffodil bulbs which are planted underneath these dwarf herbaceous plants will last for a great many years.

Ground Covers Require Special Care in Selection

We have also often been asked to suggest ground covers for planting between Tulips, in beds, and in regular bulb gardens. We have noticed in several bulb catalogs information in regard to material of that sort which is rather misleading and impractical because of climatic conditions. Planting ground covers between bulbs is greatly in vogue in England, because it is not necessary to cover bulb beds in England with any straw or manure to protect them through the Winter. There are, of course, localities in the United States where this is not necessary, but in any state where the temperature drops to ten degrees above zero, it is essential that bulbs be protected in order to get the best results. Therefore, the planting of ground covers such as Arabis and Forget-me-nots, which are the two most popular plants used, is always more or less dangerous, because neither of these two plants like a very heavy covering during the Winter.

Viola Cornuta, especially, makes a very fine ground cover, but if the Fall growth of these plants is damaged by a heavy covering, you will not get any blossoms at the time your Tulips are in bloom, therefore entirely defeating the purpose they were intended for. There are, of course, several more varieties of plants which can be used for ground covers or which may be planted in conjunction with bulbs. To anyone interested in carrying out an idea of this sort, we suggest they write us, so that we may recommend suitable material for this purpose in their

respective locations.

The Use of Lilies in the Rock Garden

Lilies, particularly, have been grown successfully in hardy plant borders, but we recommend three varieties that may be used in rock gardens, and these are Lilium Tenuifolium, Rubellum and Krameri. All three are dainty, and are best planted in rock gardens where they can be given a sheltered location. All other varieties are splendid material for the hardy plant border.

Bulbs of the Highest Quality for 1926

IMPORTED TO ORDER ONLY

Darwin Tulips

The Darwin Tulips were developed in the north of France, supposedly from choice varieties of Bybloem Tulips. Owing to the unusual clearness of the colors, to the substance of the petals, and to their vigorous growth, these seedlings, when they came into the hands of the prominent Dutch firms, seemed worthy of forming a new class of Tulips. In 1889 they were named in honor of Darwin, and offered for sale. They remained little known for a number of years but with the renewed interest in the Tulip, which sprang up in England at the beginning of the present decade, they commenced to receive attention. In America the Darwins are now widely appreciated, and their popularity here promises to exceed the favor they have enjoyed so long in Europe.

The colors include the brilliant scarlets and crimsons, and the more somber tones of red. The shades of rose and pink, of violet, and purple are unsurpassed for their delicacy or their richness of color. There are slate blues and blue-violets which might almost be called blue, while Dumas' "Black Tulip" is very nearly realized in some of the dark maroon varieties. There are no yellows. All the bronze and buff tones are Breeders; while bright yellow and orange-scarlet must be sought among the Cottage Tulips. The Darwins may be left undisturbed for two years, but it must be kept in mind that Tulips are not long-lived in our soil and climate, but it faken care of, we have known them to last ten years. The collection offered in this catalog is made up from the best varieties offered for sale in Holland. All have been tested at Wayside Gardens and we stand behind each one of them.

The figures following the name indicate the relative time of flowering.





*Europe. 2. Salmon-scarlet, shaded rose with white base; medium sized flower on strong stem. Height 22 inches	.65	5.50
*Euterpe. Silvery lilac with rosy tone; dainty, coy, incurving of the edges of its outer petals. This charming variety makes a beautiful bed planted with		
Stachys lanata. Height 29 inches Peu Brilliant. The most glorious scarlet Tulip ever raised; large and beautifully shaped flower on strong stem; one of the first to bloom; highly recommended.	.70	5.50
Height 28 inches* *Faust. 2. Dark purple-maroon with blue	1.00	9.00
base; very large flower. The best of the color. Height 30 inches	1.00	9.00

*Flamingo. One of the most beautiful pink Tulips. Exquisite pure color and satin sheen. Lovely pointed flower. Beautiful in border among Camassias, Nepeta Mus-sini, and Bleeding Heart. Please do not confuse with a Single Early Tulip of that name. Height 28 inches



Darwin Tulips, Princess Elizabeth.

Glory of Welworth. Heliotrope-lilac of a very brilliant character; large flower on	10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
very brilliant character; large flower on stout stem. Height 24 inches	1.15	\$10.00
*Isis. 3. Crimson-scarlet with blue base; very large flower of striking beauty. A variety of the most intense color. Showy		
variety of the most intense color. Showy for borders or among shrubbery, and extra fine for forcing. Height 26 inches	.70	6.0 0
Jubilee. 3. Blue-purple with white base. Huge flower. The finest Darwin of this color. Height 29 inches	1.30	12.00
La Belle Jardiniere. 4. A large raspberry-		
shaped flowers of good substance with a strong stem. A very attractive Tulip, good		
La Belle Jardiniere. 4. A large raspberry- rose colored Tulip of great beauty; oval- shaped flowers of good substance with a strong stem. A very attractive Tulip, good for forcing and for the border. Most unusual color. Height 25 inches	1.35	12.00
*La Candeur: svn White Oueen. 2. Almost		
white when mature; with black anthers; medium size. Height 24 inches* *La Tristesse. 3. Dull slate violet with	.70	5.50
*La Tristesge. 3. Dull slate violet with white base; large flower. Very distinct color. Handsome. Height 26 inches	.75	6.00
*La Tuline Noire. 3 Dark marcon-black		
the blackest of all the Tulips. Large flower. Height 25 inches*L'Ingenue. 8. Rosy white, with broad	1.10	10.00
stripe of dull old rose through center of petal white base very large flower.		
neight 21 menes	1.00	8.50
*Loveliness. 2. Soft carmine-rose, paler at margin; good size and of fine form. Lovely in every way; splendid forcer. Height 23 inches		
23 inches	.70	5.50
*Madame Krelage. 2. Bright lilac-rose, margined pale silvery rose; inside soft rose-pink; long flower. Height 28 inches	.70	6.00
Maiden's Blush. 2. Rose, very fine, medium sized flower. Haight 21 inches*Massachusetts, 2. Vivid pink, edged rosy	.70	5.50
*Massachusetts. 2. Vivid pink, edged rosy white; white base. Large flower of beauti-		0.00
ful color. Height 26 inches	.70	6.00
*Mauve Clair. 3. Soft mauve, slightly paler at edges of petals; inside lilac-mauve with	.75	6.00
white base. Height 26 inches* *Melicette. 3. Soft lavender; inside dark	.10	0.00
*Melicette. 3. Soft lavender; inside dark lavender-violet with beautiful blue base. The purest lavender Darwin. Height 25 inches	.85	7.50
*Mr. Farncombe Sanders. 2. Scarlet; inside vivid cerise-scarlet with white base; large.	.00	.,,,
Flower of perfect shape. One of the best among the reds. Height 25 inches	.65	5.50
Mrs. Potter Palmer; syn., Mr. D. T. Fish, Fashion. 2. Deep purple. A very fine		
Tulip for the border	.60	5.50
*Nauticas. 3. Unusual tone of dark cherry- pink. Very beautiful grouped near Malus floribunda and white Wisteria with fore- ground of Iber's sempervirens. Height 32 inches. Record height in our trials, 39		
ground of Iberis sempervirens. Height 32 inches. Record height in our trials. 39		
inches	.75	6.00
Nora Ware. 2. Light lilac, pale outside, shaded bronze	.60	5.00
heliotrope. The best white Darwin. Height	.55	4.50
*Philippe de Comines. 1. Purple-maroon; large flower on stiff stem. Height 24 inches		
inches	.65	5.00
*Pride of Haarlem. 1. Brilliant rosy carmine with blue base; very large flower on tall, strong stem; sweet scented. Unsur-		
passed for borders. Height 25 inches	.55	4.50
bronze. New	1.10	9.50
*Princess Elizabeth. 2. Clear deep pink, changing with age to rose-pink, white base. Large flower. Helght 26 inches	1.15	10.09
*Professor Rauwenhof. 3. Bright cherry- red with scarlet glow inside; brilliant blue	_,_0	
base. Enormous flower on a strong stem. Height 28 inches	1.05	8.00
*Pysche. 1. Silvery rose, edged soft rose; inside shaded silvery rose with pale base.		
Large flower. Height 26 inches	.60	4.50
pink; inside brilliant salmon-pink, with bright blue base; a large flower of very		
clear color. Effective in any outdoor sit-	1.05	11.00

	10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
*Beverend Ewbank. 2. Soft lavender-violet with silvery gray flush, white base; good sized flower of beautiful color. Height 22 inches		\$4.50
Scarlet Beauty. 2. Pure glowing scarlet Extra large flower. Height 22 inches. New	1.00	9.00
Spring Beauty. 2. Glittering red Tulip superb for distinct effect against green The finest red Tulip. Height 26 inches	1.15	9.50
*Valentin, 1. Soft heliotrope, shaded violet inside heliotrope with blue base; large flower on tall stem. Height 22 inches		8.50
Van Poortvliet; syn., Minister Tak Van Poortvliet. Bright rosy scarlet with a blue base; large flower on tall stem. Award of Merit R. H. S. London, 1901. Height 24 inches	.55	4.50
Viking. 4. Deep violet; inside violet, flushed brown with blue base. Large, open flower Height 27 inches	.80	7.00
17:1. 3. Dark violet, strong large	10	100
Viola 3. Dark violet, strong, large flower. Height 30 inches. Beautiful variety	1.00	\$8.50
*Wally Moes. 3. Pale lavender, penciled with rosy lilac. Inside dark lavender flushed rose, with white base. Height 24 inches	.90	
*Wally Moes. 3. Pale lavender, penciled with rosy lilac. Inside dark lavender flushed rose, with white base. Height 2 inches	.90	8.00
*Wally Moes. 3. Pale lavender, penciled with rosy lilac. Inside dark lavender flushed rose, with white base. Height 24 inches	.90	8.00
*Wally Moes. 3. Pale lavender, penciled with rosy lilac. Inside dark lavender flushed rose, with white base. Height 2 inches William Pitt. 2. Very dark crimson, with purplish bloom on the outer petals and white base starred blue; large flower of distinct color and great beauty. Fine for borders and for forcing. Height 22 inches William Copeland; syn., Sweet Lavender. 1 Lilac-rose; not a large flower but of meri because it may be forced as easily as the early Tulips. Height 25 inches *Zulu. 2. Rich, velvety black with shining purple edges; large, egg-shaped flower Height 27 inches	.90	8.00 9.00 5.50
*Wally Moes. 3. Pale lavender, pencilee with rosy lilac. Inside dark lavender flushed rose, with white base. Height 2 inches William Pitt. 2. Very dark crimson, with purplish bloom on the outer petals and white base starred blue; large flower or distinct color and great beauty. Fine for borders and for forcing. Height 22 inches William Copeland; syn., Sweet Lavender. 1 Lilac-rose; not a large flower but of meri because it may be forced as easily as the early Tulips. Height 25 inches	.90	8.00 9.00 5.50



Darwin Tulips Planted With Lily-of-the-Valley.

Famous Old Dutch Breeder Tulips

The Breeder Tulips have been favorites in Holland for centuries, but it is only within recent years that they have become known and appreciated in America, and now they bid fair to rival the Darwin Tulips in popularity. Their majestic size and remarkable colors place them distinctly in a class by themselves. Every lover of the more somber shades cannot fail to revel in the rich and artistic blendings of purple and old gold, bronze and terra cotta, brown and violet, and buff and maroon found among the Breeders. They are late to bloom but surpass in size and vigor the Darwins, although lacking the color brilliancy of the latter. The flowers are, many of them, sweet scented, and all splendid for cutting, as they retain for a long time their form and color.

sweet scentea, and an spienard for cutting	, 25 0	ncy ro
	_ 10	100
Abd-el-Kader. Dark copper-bronze, lighter	Bulbs	Bulbs
border; very beautiful	. \$1.45	\$13.00
Apricot. Dull, bronzy buff, shaded ruddy apricot above base	1.35	12.00
Bronze Queen. Soft buff, inside tinged golder		12.00
bronze	1.00	8.50
Cardinal Manning. Dark rosy violet		9.00
Chestnut. Very dark brown, almost black. Dom Pedro. Coffee-brown maroon, shaded		9.00
best of the brown varieties	1.65	15.00
Golden Bronze; syn., Toison d'Or. 3. Ligh brownish yellow, with faint flush or heliotrone outside, deep mahogany-brown	t T	
within, shading to golden brown at tip of petals, yellow base. The general effect at a distance is a bright yellow-		
brown. Height 24 inches	-1.00	8.50
	1.40	12.00
Hamlet. 3. Dull coffee-brown, with faint flush of rosy purple through center of petals; inside dark maroon with yellow base; a flower of good size, with slightly reflexing outer petals. A distinct color and splendid for contrast with the paler late Tulips. Height 26 inches		
late Tulips. Height 26 inches	1.10	9.50
tall stem: bright, deep lemon-chrome.		
with a slight flush of pale purple on the		
Jaune d'Oeuf. Well formed, large flower on tall stem; bright, deep lemon-chrome, with a slight flush of pale purple on the outer segments; large, pale green base; flaments greenish. Height 28 inches	1.15	10.00
Klopstock. A very handsome Tulip; bishop's purple, margined with purplish lilac, inside rosy lilac, edged rosy white, large, pale yellow base, with blue star. Height 24 inches		
Height 24 inches	1.25	10.00
white, interior deep mauve-lifac with fine		
	1.00	8.50
Louis XIV. Rich dark purple, shaded steel-blue, heavily flushed bronze, edged		
golden brown; enormous size and stately	2.75	25.00
	3.00	28.00
Marie Louise. Very handsome flower of old rose, flushed orange-salmon, edged bronzy orange; olive base. Height 24		
inches	1.35	11.50
Mon Tresor. Indian red, with orange tone at edge of petals; inside dull blood-red, with yellow base marked bronze; a medium sized flower; quite distinct. Height		
20 Inches	1.10	9.50
Panorama (Fairy). Large, goblet-shaped flower; rich chestnut-red; base and filaments chestnut-brown. Height 26 inches.		
ments chestnut-brown. Height 26 inches.	1.25	10.00
Prince Albert. Glowing mahogany-brown, shaded dull bronze, green base. Splendid variety for the border. Height 30 inches. Prince of Orange. Large, very showy, well formed flower of great substance; terra	1.50	12.50
Prince of Orange. Large, very showy, well		
cotta, edged orange-yellow, base indefinite		
olive. Height 26 inches	1.80	16.00
Solomon. Beautiful lilac, shaded silvery white; white base; a magnificent Tulin	1.50	13.00
Turanna Dark blue heavily flushed bronze		
at margin; very large flower bud	1.30	15.00
strong stem. Its robust growth makes it		
ous; fine cup-shaped form; bright, dark,		
royal purple, small, white, sharply defined base. A giant. Magnificent planted in masses of yellow Pansies, or dotted through a large planting of the fine pale beliotrone Darwin Tulin Dream. Height		
in masses of yellow Pansies, or dotted		
31 inches	1.50	13.00

Choice Mixed Breeder Tulips

Mixed bulbs, as a rule, do not appeal to the planter of bulbs because it does not make possible the blending of colors. Breeder Tulips, however, are in a class by themselves and their colors do permit easy blending. They are in shades of bronze, golden bronze, violet, buff, maroon and terra cotta. We suggest a liberal planting for cut flowers.

\$1.00 per 10; \$9.00 per 100; \$85.00 per 1000.



Cottage or May-Flowering Tulips

The Cottage Tulips come into bloom in early May, after the Early Single varieties have passed. They are hardy and robust, with long, slender, but very stiff stems. The flowers are mostly long and oval, many of them with the petals gracefully reflexed. The Cottage Tulips as a class are rich in the more delicate and artistic shades of yellow, orange, and fawn with salmon, old rose and amber. They are the best of all Tulips for cutting and they develop best when planted outdoors, including the earlier kinds.

1	10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
Bouton d'Or. The finest and deepest golden yellow Tulip with black anthers. Cupshaped flower of medium size; splendid for cutting and for mass effect; if planted amongst blue Anchusa myosotidifora, or have them rise in quantity from a solid bed of white Violas or Arabis, they will make a striking picture. Very effective also if massed against evergreens or lilacs. Height 20 inches		\$4.50
		ψ1.50
Elegans. A grand Tulip; very showy; rich crimson-scarlet; large flower	.60	4.50
Ellen Willmott. One of the finest May-flow- ering Tulips. Flowers very large, beauti- fully shaped, soft creamy yellow, delicious- ly fragrant	.65	5.50
Fairy Queen. Effective association of lilac and amber; beautiful silvery heliotrope shade when forced. Large flower; one of the most lovely of Cottage Tulips. Height 20 inches	.60	4.50
Gesner ana Ixioides. 4. Soft primrose-yellow, with black base; egg-shaped flower of medium size, attractive for the contrast between the base and the rest of the flower. Height 22 inches. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	1 10	9.50
	1.10	5.50
Gesneriana Lutea. Warm yellow flower of fine form. Fine for herbaceous borders among clumps of creamy Intermediate Iris. Height 24 inches	65	5.00
	.00	0.00
Gesneriana Spathulata. The finest of the Gesneriana group. Rich ruby-crimson flower with a blue base, and long, slender segments. Makes magnificent beds or is splendid massed against evergreens. Height 24 inches	.60	4.50
- A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	.00	1.00

Grenadier A large Tulip of fine	
stance borne on strong stem; dazzling	
brilliant orange; yellow base. Espe-	
cially recommended for planting here	
and there in the borders in clumps for	
"high spots" in your color schemes.	
Height 21 inches	5 12.00

"high spots" in your color schemes. Height 21 inches	12.00
Golden Spire. Orange-yellow; large flower, pointed, reflexing petals	5.50
Inglescombe Pink. Salmon-pink, blue base; very brilliant. 1000 bulbs, \$40.00	4.50
Inglescombe Yellow. Glossy canary-yellow. Large, globular flowers. Has the true shape of the Darwin Tulip, hence is called the Yellow Darwin. 1000 bulbs, \$40.0045	4.50
John Ruskin. Salmon-rose, edged lemon- yellow; inside deep rosy lilac, with mar- gin of yellow; large flower of fine shape. Height 16 inches	9.50
La Merveille. Orange-scarlet, flushed rose, with yellow base; very long, large flower of exquisite form, deliciously scented. A superb variety for any purpose. Height	E 0.0
20 inches. 1000 bulbs, \$55.00	
Moonlight. New. Light, soft yellow; enormous flower	

	100 Bulbs
Parisian Yellow. Golden yellow; pointed60	4.50
Picotee or Maiden's Blush. Long; clear white; the petals, which are pointed and elegantly reflexed, are beautifully margined and penciled on edges with bright pink	4.50
Sir Harry. Fine mauve-pink, broad base, lightly waved petals. Fine for cutting and for planting among grey-leaved plants. Height 26 inches	10.00
Summer Beauty. Rose, flaked crimson and white; large and lovely flower90	8.00
The Fawn. Pale rosy fawn, changing to cream, flushed blush-rose; large, egg-shaped flower of exquisite beauty on graceful stem. A gem among late Tulips. Height 20 inches. 1000 bulbs, \$45.0060	5.00
Vitellina. Sweet-scented creamy flower of large size; has fragrance like that of the orange. Looks well planted with some clear pink variety. Forces well. Height 20 inches	6.50
Special Mixture of Late Single Tulips50	4.50

Late Orders!

Always state on your order blank if we are allowed to give you a similar variety of bulb if we are sold out of the kind you order. We of course will send you a color as closely resembling the one you order as possible and of the same price.

Parrot Tulips

We urge you to grow some of these quaintly shaped flowers particularly for house decoration. The artistic forms and colorings make them especially suitable for cut flower purposes; in the garden, if planted in borders or groups, they are not always satisfactory, as they lack the vigorous, straight stems of the other Tulips with the exception of one variety, the beautiful novelty "Fantasy" which has as straight and tall a stem as a Darwin Tulip. All Parrot Tulips are extremely effective planted in long drifts in front of evergreens.

10 100 Bulbs Bulbs 6.00 6.00 $\frac{6.00}{6.00}$ Rembrandt Tulips

When the coloring matter of a "self color" has become split up into stripes and blotches, that particular flower is called "broken" or "rectified." When the Darwin Tulips "break" into these variations, they are called "Rembrandt" Tulips. They are very decorative but should be planted by themselves or in combination with the "Bizarres" and "Bybloemen" which are the broken forms of the Breeder Tulips. All require the same cultural treatment as the other May-flowering Tulips, blooming during the month of May in our latitude, and about a month earlier in far southern sections. In our list we offer what we consider the finest varieties. 10 100 Bulbs Bulbs

Lily-Flowered Tulips

Finest Mixed Rembrandt Tulips\$1.00

As the result of crossing the dainty pointed-petaled Tulipa retroflexa with a pink Darwin, we have here a new, very beautiful, and distinct race of Tulips having graceful, slightly reflexing flowers on tall, sturdy stems.

Retroflexa. Most effective on account of its simple beauty. The form is particularly impressive; the corolla in its lower part fills out roundly and delicately like an urn; then is somewhat contracted upward and again curved outward at the point of the three outer and narrower sepals. The stem has that slight amount of curvation which would redeem it from the appearance of formality. The color is a fresh honey-yellow, extremely beautiful; one of the most elegant of the family. Should be planted in groups of twelve to twenty-five among other plants and they will impress us as no other Tulip can. Very effective if grown in masses against purple Persian Lilacs and white-flowering shrubs. Height 18 inches...\$0.75

*Sirene. A very beautiful flower. Rich cerise-pink with pale pink at the margins of segments, white base. Fine forcer. Great exhibition flower

\$6.50

Mariposa, or Butterfly Tulips (CALOCHORTUS)



Parrot Tulips.

Bunch-Flowered Tulips

A new type producing many flowers on a stem; very unusual and handsome; fine cut flowers. 10 100

Bizarre and Bybloem Tulips

OLD DUTCH TULIPS

These flower about the same time as the Darwins. They are not quite so tall nor so large and show off to best advantage planted by themselves or with the Rembrandt Tulips. We offer the finer varieties only.

Bulbs Bulb Bulbs Bulbs

Bizarres and Bybloemen Tulips Mixed. In fine mixed varieties, selected by us\$12.00 \$115.00

Botanical Tulips and Wild Species

Wonderful for the Bock Garden.
The general characteristics of the various species, all of which are natives of Asia Minor and Central Asia, are bright colors and recurved petals. These Tulips do not always feel happy in their new surroundings and after two, or possibly three, seasons, they will disappear. With care and the provision of suitable quarters they will flower quite satisfactorily. They feel best contented in rock gardens and borders.

10 100 rock gardens and borders. Bulbs Bulbs

Page Sixty-one

\$9.00

Single Early Tulips Including the Best of the Recent Introductions

They are the best fitted of all Tulips for forcing, and, if not grown too cool, some very early varieties may be had in flower by the end of December. When used for bedding, it is far better that new bulbs be secured each year, for the old bulbs will not do well the second season unless they have been allowed to mature and the foliage to die down before being removed from the beds. Even with the best care, it is uncertain whether the bulbs will again bloom successfully during a second season.

In the following list the handsomest sorts alone are represented, while many of the better known varieties are omitted because they are surpassed by the newer kinds. Detailed planting directions are included with the invoice.

omitted because they are surpassed by the	newer	kinds
	10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
Couleur Cardinal. Outside bronze-scarlet, inside glittering crimson; large, fine flowers.		
Fine for bedding and late forcing		\$9.75
Cottage Maid (La Precieuse). Bright pink. Splendid bedder	1.00	9.50
*Cramoisi Brilliant. Brilliant scarlet. A		
nandsome	.75	6.00
De Wet. Beautiful deep orange, shaded golden yellow at the base of the petals. A very artistic flower and one of the finest newer sorts in cultivation. There is no other orange variety which equals it in brilliancy. It is, therefore, one of the showiest bedders, and as it forces splendidly we recommend it for all purposes		
A very artistic flower and one of the finest		
other orange variety which equals it in		
showiest bedders, and as it forces splen-	0.00	00.00
Flamingo. White flaked bright carmine-	3.00	28.00
rose. A sport from White Hawk, having its artistic shape with its more or less		
crinkled petals	1.00	9.75
*Fred Moore. Very handsome bright orange, shaded with scarlet; splendid for forcing.		
Keep well watered* *Goldfinch. The true Yellow Prince. Golden	.85	6.50
yellow: sweet scented. Forces easily and early; lasts long when cut; retains color	1.15	10.00
*Keizerskroon. Large, scarlet flower, edged		10.00
with bright yellow. A good forcer, Height 16 inches	1.35	12.00
*Lady Boreel. The finest pure white Tulip, either for beds or forcing. Flowers of beautiful form, long and slender. Height		
beautiful form, long and slender. Height 16 inches	1.10	9.50
		0.00
*La Reine Maxima. A lightly flushed white Tulip of large size. Makes charming beds with lavender Violas. Splendid for forc-		
ing. Height 13 inches	1.00	7.50
Sarah Bernhardt. 4. Old rose; very large flower on a strong stem. Beautiful when		
Le Reve; syn., American Lac; Hobbema; Sarah Bernhardt. 4. Old rose; very large flower on a strong stem. Beautiful when grown out-of-doors. Fine for late forcing. Height 13 inches	1.00	9.00
*Mon Tresor. Pure golden yellow; extra fine,		8.00
large. One of the best and easiest forcers. *Proserpine. An enormous globular flow-	.90	8.00
er of carmine, shaded rose; delightfully scented. Plant among pink Forget-me-		1
nots. One of the earliest to force. 14 inches	5 11.	.50
President Lincoln; syn., Queen of the		1
Violets. Clear magenta-violet, large flower. Very effective when grown		- 1
flower. Very effective when grown beside a light yellow Tulip, such as Primrose Queen. Fine for beds, and a splendid forcing sort. Height 12 inches. 1.1		
splendid forcing sort. Height 12 inches. 1.1 Prince of Austria. True orange shaded	.0 9	.50
scarlet; very fine	.0 9	.00
Pink Beauty. Rosy pink, slightly feathered white; flowers of unsurpassed	0 10	00
size and beauty 1.5 Rising Sun. Very deep golden yellow;	0 15	.00
Rising Sun. Very deep golden yellow; long, huge flower of very handsome form and habit. A sport of Duchesse de Parma, which excels all yellow Tulips for bedding or forcing. Height		9
de Parma, which excels all yellow Tulips for bedding or forcing. Height		- 1
10 Inches 1.1	5 11	.00
*Rose Luisante. Dark silky rose; the finest rose variety. Both a forcer and		00
pedder 1.0	0 9.	.00
*Vermilion Brilliant. Bright vermilion; best of its class. Forces very readily; fine bedder. Large	0 9	.00
White Hawk. This is a blush white sort,		
and is as popular as any early Tulip. Flowers large and of fine substance 1.0	0 9	.50
Superb Single Mixed. This is our own special mixture which we recommend where the best results are desired in beds of mixed colors. This mixture is made up of hundreds of named sorts		
where the best results are desired in		
is made up of hundreds of named sorts and in equal proportion of each variety5	5 5	.00
and in equal proportion of each variety5	0 0.	

Double Early Tulips

The double varieties cannot be forced so early or readily as the singles. One of the earliest, Salvator Rosa, may be had by the middle of January, while varieties preceded by a (*) may be flowered from January to March. The flowers are large and brilliant and are effective in beds or groups. If grown in pots, do not attempt flowering before they are well rooted.

Bulbs Bulbs

Bulbs Bulbs 8.50 15.00 11.50 12.00 6.00 13.00 9.00 12.00



Single Early Tulips.

Narcissi - Daffodils

(American Grown)

Daffodils are not particular as to soil and will thrive for a number of years in ordinary soil. They are, with few exceptions, suitable for naturalizing, and, while preferring partial shade, will thrive in full sun exposure. They are very desirable for pot culture, three to five bulbs in a 5- or 6-inch pot producing an attractive group. By planting varieties in succession, a gorgeous display may be enjoyed throughout the first three months of the year.

notale

Ye	llov	v Tr	uı	npet[]	Daffoo	lils
ieties	with	yellow	or	${\tt primrose}$	trumpets	and

varieties with yellow or primrose trumpets and	petaris
of the same colors.	100
	Bulbs
Emperor. Large, rich yellow trumpet; prim-	
rose perianth; fine for cutting\$1.50	\$12.00
Glory of Leiden. Trumpet yellow; perianth	
soft yellow; of largest size and always	
satisfactory	12.00
Golden Spur. Large lobed trumpets, rich,	
deep self-yellow; perianth large and	
spreading; early flowering 1.50	12.00
	12.00
King Alfred. Uniform golden yellow; this	
variety stands unrivaled in size and beauty.	
Its round, fleshy petals, its immense, ele-	
gantly recurved and beautifully fluted	
trumpet, and its sturdy growth proclaim	
it the King of Daffodils 3.25	30.00

Bicolor Trumpet Daffodils	
The perianth white or light colcred, with yellow	trum-
pet. 10	100
	Bulbs
Empress. Very large and beautiful white perianth; rich yellow trumpet\$1,75	\$15.00
	\$15.00
Giant Princeps. Sulphur perianth and yellow trumpet; long and showy	12.00
Victoria. Large, erect flowers; creamy white perianth and rich yellow trumpet; forces	
easily 1.50	12.00

White Trumpet Daffodils

	* *		~ _ ~ ~ ~ ~		~ uii		
				~		10	100
						Bulbs	Bulbs
Madame	de	Graaff.	Periant	h white	; trump	et	
pale p	rin	arose, pa	assing off	white		\$1.75	\$15.00

Narcissus Leedsi

Fragrant Star Narcissi, all having white perian	ths.
10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
Mrs. Langtry. White perianth and white cup;	
free bloomer\$1.25	\$10.00
Queen of the North. Large, glistening, showy	
white perianth; cup primrose-yellow with	
a narrow edge of creamy white. A con-	
spicuous and beautiful Daffodil 1.75	15.00
White Lady. Broad white perianth; dainty	
cup, shaded soft lemon. Beautifully	
crinkled. A very pretty flower 1.75	15.00

Poet's Narcissus

10	100
Bulbs	Bulbs
Ornatus. Native of France. Early; pure	
white cup, margined scarlet. Double	
crown bulbs\$1.50	\$12.00
Poeticus recurvus (Pheasant's Eye). Pure	
white perianth, cup edged saffron. Fine	
for naturalizing	10.00

Narcissus Incomparabilis

These are known as the Chalice-Cup Daffodils, and, like all the short-trumpet varieties, they possess a certain elegance and airy grace which is not to be found in the giant-trumpet class. All of them naturalize readily.

10	100
Bulbs	Bulbs
Autocrat. Broad perianth primrose-yellow;	
cup golden yellow. Very free-flowering and	
one of the best for forcing\$1.50	\$12.00
Lucifer. Large, sulphur-white, loosely formed perianth; cup chrome-yellow, edged bright orange-red	12.00
Sir Watkin (Giant Welsh Chalice Flower).	
Largest of the Incomparabilis varieties;	
fine for forcing; cup yellow; perianth	
primrose 1.75	15.00

Narcissus Barri

Varieties of the Star Narcissus class. Very useful for pots, cutting or borders. This class is one of the best for naturalizing in front of shrubbery and will increase from year to year, making in time a very effective colony.

Conspicuus. Large, spreading yellow perianth; fine scarlet cup; strong grower; fine blooming and durable cut flower variety ..\$1.50 \$12.00

Seagull. Broad, pure white perianth; pale lemon-yellow cup. Dainty but of good substance; excellent for all purposes 1.75 15.00

Poetaz Hybrid Daffodils

An altogether new race of Narcissi, crosses between Polyanthus and Poeticus Ornatus; flowering in clusters; perfectly hardy with slight protection.

perfectly	10 Bulb	100 s Bulbs
Elvira. ular .	Pure white, with yellow cup; pop-	\$10.00
Laurens	Koster. Yellow, with golden cup 1.25	5 10.00

Narcissus Odorus (Jonquils)

Deliciously sweet, bright yellow-flowered varieties. Very easily grown and should be planted in quantity for cutting.

10 100 Bulbs Bulbs



Narcissus, Empress.

Select Exhibition Hyacinths

BULBS MEASURE 20 CENTIMETERS OR OVER AND ARE THE LARGEST OBTAINABLE

These are varieties selected for their large sized spikes, elegance of form, and beauty and richness of color. The bulbs are of mammoth size—the cream of the crop—and naturally command advanced prices. We offer this grade only in limited quantities and request early orders for them. Exhibition Hyacinth bulbs are unsurpassed for growing in pots but are not suitable for outdoor work; they are to grow in Hyacinth glasses; may be flowered in any large vase, if this is preferred to pot culture.

PRICE, ALL BULBS AS LISTED BELOW: \$2.75 per 10; \$25.00 per 100.

La Victoire. Shiny carmine-rose, with large, well filled spikes. A splendid bedding variety.

Marconi. Bright deep rose; short, broad trusses, borne on stiff stems. A good forcer and fine outdoors.

LIGHT ROSE AND PINK
Lady Derby. Beautiful, clear rose-pink, with large, compact trusses. Early; fine for both forcing and bedding.
Pink Perfection. Light carmine-rose, with large, compact spikes. One of the best varieties in its class for pots.

Queen of the Pinks. A very lovely pink; trusses broad and large, with good sized bells and strong stems.

Perle Brilliant. Light blue, tinged lavender; splendid spikes with large, substantial bells. A fine pot Hyacinth and good for bedding.

Queen of the Blues. Clear, light porcelain blue; a strong growing variety with large, well formed trusses. One of the best of its color, particularly for bedding.

Schotel. Clear porcelain blue; beautiful long spikes on strong stems. An excellent pot Hyacinth and the best light blue bedding variety.

Grand Maitre. Deep blue with long, compact spikes of large bells, on strong stems. One of the most popular blues; fine for pots as well as bedding.

King of the Blues. Dark violet-blue; splendid large trusses. One of the best known blue Hyacinths. Good for late forcing and bedding.

PURE WHITE

Arentine Arendsen. One of the finest whites; long spikes with large, snowy white bells. Early, fine for forcing and a good bedder.

La Grandser.

La Grandesse. Pure white with fine, compact spikes. The best late forcing variety and fine for bedding as well.

L'Innocence. This is the most satisfactory all-around pure white. Compact spikes with large bells. Does well indoors and out.

Queen of the Whites. Pure white with long, well filled trusses of large, substantial bells. The finest white.

City of Haarlem. The finest of the yellows. trusses of orange-yellow bells. An exc for forcing and bedding. yellows. Well formed An excellent variety

Sir Wm. Mansfield. A splendid truss of ruby violet. The best of its kind.

Named Single Hyacinths

We strongly recommend the use of Named Bedding Hyacinths for outdoor planting in preference to unnamed Hyacinths under color. The latter are made up of many varieties in mixture, which are not uniform in height, color, or time of blooming. When named bedding Hyacinths are planted, uniformity in color, height of plant, and time of blooming are insured and at a cost not much in excess of unnamed bedding Hyacinths. First size or exhibition size bulbs are too costly for bedding and flowers are too heavy, falling over from their own weight.

ROSE AND RED SHADES

La Victoire. Shining carmine; fine, upright spike.

Queen of the Pinks. Bright, glistening pink; tall, erect.

WHITE SHADES

L'Innocence. Pure white; large bells; fine spike. Queen of the Whites. Pure white; early.

BLUE SHADES

Grand Maitre. Deep lavender-blue; immense, loose spike. King of the Blues. Rich dark blue; large, perfect spike. Perle Brilliante. Light blue; large, erect.

City of Haarlem. Rich deep yellow; tall, erect spike. \$2.00 per 10; \$18.00 per 100; \$170.00 per 1000.

Miniature or Dutch Roman Hyacinths

Bulbs Measure 14-15 Centimeters.

Bulbs Measure 14-15 Centimeters.

These are the 3-year-old bulbs of the Dutch Hyacinths, easily forced and largely grown for Winter flowering. Can be forced in pots, pans, or grown in bowls and vases in Holland Fiber. They bloom later than the true French Roman Hyacinths but produce larger spikes. Five to six bulbs can be potted in a 6-inch pot. Treatment same as for Dutch Hyacinths.

Miniature Hyacinths are splendid for forcing. They are distinguished from the ordinary Dutch Hyacinths by a looser flower spike and small, neat bells. The colors are delightful and when planted in low pots or pans, one color to a pan, the effect is light and graceful, and no more charming decoration could be found.

City of Haarlem. Yellow.

City of Haarlem. Yellow.

Grand Maitre. Lavender-blue.

La Victoire. Carmine-rose.

L'Innocence. Pure white.

Queen of the Pinks. Deep rose-pink.

Schotel. Light blue.

PRICE, ABOVE VARIETIES: \$1.25 per 10; \$12.00 per 100.

French Roman Hyacinths

French Roman Hyacinths are among the earliest bulbs to be had in flower. The bulbs arrive from France late in August, and, like all bulbs grown in the south of France, they may be had in flower from November all through the Winter months, if potted up in September and at intervals of every two weeks. They are much prized for pots or cutting on acount of their graceful appearance and delicate fragrance. The bulbs are about the same size as the Miniature Dutch Hyacinths offered on this page, and may be planted six or seven to a 5- or 6-inch pot, or ten to twelve bulbs to an 8- or 9-inch bulb pan. The flowers are smaller than those of the Dutch Hyacinths, and are borne in great profusion, the larger bulbs frequently having three to five graceful spikes of bloom. The white variety is the most reliable. They are not hardy in our northern climate, and should not be planted outdoors.

12 100 1000 Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs

Ad outdoors. 12 100 1000 Bulbs Bulbs

Wild Crocuses - Species for Rock Garden or Border

Besides the Dutch Crocuses there are certain species that blossom very much earlier in the year, often before the snow has gone. The flowers of these wild sorts are smaller than those of the Dutch kinds, but they are as vigorous and free as the others. Given a sunny position in the rock garden, or a sheltered position in grass where the sun may encourage them freely, they will surprise you by their hardy appearance in the face of cold and storms.

storms.	
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. Bulb	s Bulbs
Sativus (The Saffron Crocus). Habitat Italy to Kurdistan; large flowers, purplish lilac, feathered violet, with showy orange stigmata, slightly scented. Flowering freely when established. 1000 bulbs, \$48.00\$0.75	5 \$5.00
Speciosus. Bright violet-blue, prettily veined, having orange-red anthers, and light yellow throat, large, handsome and showy; one of the best for naturalizing in grass and massing in borders or in rock work.	
1000 bulbs, \$52.00	5.50
Zonatus. Rose-lilac, yellow center and orange zone; ethereal in its lovely coloring. 1000 bulbs, \$52.00	5.50
WILD SPRING-FLOWERING SPECIES	
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb	100 s Bulbs
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb Imperati. Fine shade of mauve; exterior of the three outside segments a rich fawn. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	s Bulbs
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb Imperati. Fine shade of mauve; exterior of the three outside segments a rich fawn. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	s Bulbs 5 \$10.00
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb Imperati. Fine shade of mauve; exterior of the three outside segments a rich fawn. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	8 Bulbs 5 \$10.00 4.50
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb Imperati. Fine shade of mauve; exterior of the three outside segments a rich fawn. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	8 Bulbs 5 \$10.00 4.50 4.00
For Rock Garden or Hardy Border. 10 Bulb Imperati. Fine shade of mauve; exterior of the three outside segments a rich fawn. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00	5 \$10.00 4.50 4.00 4.00

Crocuses

DUTCH VARIETIES

Crocuses will grow in many positions—in the grass, in the flower borders, among shrubs, in the rock garden, in sun or shade, even under Beech trees. Perhaps the ideal position for them is one where they receive the sun but for part of the day. A position reaching out from beneath tall trees where the grass need not be mown until the pretty striped foliage is quite matured. In such a situation they will not be blanched by the too hot rays of the sun nor caught by the late frosts. They should be splashed upon the landscape with a broad brush—great irregular patches of the various Dutch varieties, one kind at a time, but each planting blending with the next.

B	10	nt in t 100 Bulbs	1000
Baron von Brunow. Large bluish mauve\$	0.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
King of the Whites. Large purple, white edge	.50	4.00	35.00
Mammoth Yellow	.60	4.50	38.00
Maximilian. Very large, pure porcelain blue	.60	4.50	38.00
Mme. Mina. Very fine violet, striped	.50	4.00	35.00
Mont Blanc. Pure white	.50	4.00	35.00
Purpurea grandiflora. Very large; purple-blue	.60	4.50	38.00
Sir Walter Scott. White, striped lilac	.50	4.00	35.00
Named Varieties Mixed. The above in mixture	.40	3.50	30.00

Colchicum 10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
Autumnale. Giant Autumn-flowering Crocus. Stronger than the Wild	
Crocuses and fine in rock garden or	
hardy border, flowering in September and October. Large, lavender blos-	
soms\$3.00	\$25.00

Freesia

This is one of the most beautiful of all Cape bulbs, possessing a peculiar grace of form, and its fragrance is most delightful, one pot of five or six bulbs being sufficient to perfume a whole house.

When planting Freesia bulbs in pots or pans, they may be spaced two inches apart and must be staked as they grow; if planted in benches they may be set four inches in rows two inches apart.

The soil should be a light sandy loam; old soil is the best in which some other crop has been grown during the previous season. This may be enriched with well-decayed stable or sheep manure. The best time to plant is September, if planted earlier they will come up uneven for the reason that the bulbs will not have had sufficient

To produce the largest and finest flowers they should be grown cool; a day temperature of 60 degrees and night temperature of 45 to 50 degrees suits them best; they like plenty of water at all times and especially so if they are subjected to high temperature.

are subjected to high temperature.	
California. Extra fine, bright golden yellow	100 Bulbs
produced liberally on tall, stiff stems. A splendid cut flower\$0.75	\$6.00
Carrie Budau. Lavender-pink; large75	6.00
General Pershing. Extra good; large open flowers of a pinkish lavender with yellow lip, suffused bronze, produced on stems often 3 feet tall, with several side laterals; strong grower; liberal producer. Selected	<i>a.</i> a.
bulbs	6.00
June Michelsen. Large, deep rose-pink, yellow blotch	6.00



Freesias, General Pershing.

	100 Bulbs
Furity. A magnificent, snowy white; of very large size and great length of stem. A truss bearing from 3 to 10 buds, of which	
six are often open at one time. Mammoth bulbs\$0.65	\$5.00
Splendens. Very good violet shade; good grower with large flowers; highly recom-	
mended to grow in quantity	6.00
Yellow Prince. Light yellow, overlaid with silvery sheen; very tall, strong grower with large, wide-open flowers; the buds have, upon opening, a gray appearance, but when finally open the flowers are of	
a beautiful yellow	6.00

Rainbow Mixture of Freesias

The new colored Freesias which have been introduced lately have been selected from thousands of seedlings. Some of the seedlings not named are as fine as the named varieties. It is these better seedlings we offer. If you should live in that part of America where there is little or no frost during the Winter, plant some of these bulbs outside and you will be surprised at the wonderful cut flowers these mixed bulbs produce.

Per ten, 65c.

Per hundred, \$5.00.

Lilium Candidum

(MADONNA LILY)

Choice Northern Grown. Arrive in August or September.

Maeterlinck refers to this loveliest of Lilies when he says:

"The great white Lily, the old lord of the gardens, the only authentic prince among all the commonalty issuing from the kitchen-garden, the ditches, the copses, the pools and the moors, among the strangers come from none knows where, with his invariable six-petaled chalice of silver, whose nobility dates back to that of the gods themselves, the immemorial Lily raises his ancient sceptre, august, inviolate, which creates around it a zone of chastity, silence and light."

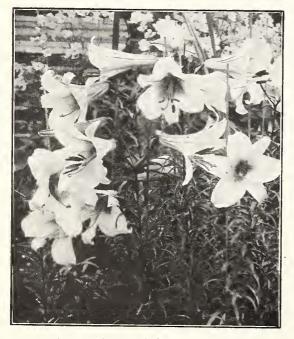
Be very careful that you plant the right type of this beautiful Lily in your garden. There is an early-flowering variety which is grown in the south of France. These should not be used in America; if planted in the garden, they are prone to disease and are unsatisfactory. In Europe this type is called L. candidum speciosum. This variety is only too often sold because they cost less.

The true type to use for the garden is the L. candidum from the north of France. This bulb is easily recognized by its white, fleshy scales, by those that know both types.

This Lily of all Lilies should be planted in quantity in every garden—emblem of purity, the inspiration of poet and painter for centuries, and a benediction in the garden when June is melting into July—their delicious fragrance is not equalled by any other Lily.

Plant in loam or sandy soil, surrounding the bulb with sharp sand and placing it somewhat on its side. An open, fully exposed place is best for it. After it has become fully established leave it alone as it much resents disturbance at the roots. If necessary to transplant, do so as soon as the flower stems die down.

		Each Bulb	10 Bulbs	100 Bulbs
SELECTED	BULBS	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
MAMMOTH	BULES	40	3.50	30.00



Lilium Regale or Myriophyllum-Regal Lily.



Lilium Candidum-Madonna Lily.

Lilium Regale or Myriophyllum

It is absolutely hardy, and is excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown at home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary-yellow at the center, and extending part way up the trumpet. It is delightfully perfumed, reminding one of the Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, oppressive odor of most Lilies. Blooms out-of-doors early in July. (Bulbs ready late October).

Each Bulb STRONG BULBS\$0.50	10 Bulbs \$4.50	Bulbs
SELECTED BULBS	7.00	65.00

We are the largest growers of this Lily in the country, producing it by the thousands,

For other Lilies, see pages 30 and 31, or write for our Hardy Plant Catalog, which contains a complete list.

Miscellaneous Bulbs and Roots for Fall or Early Spring Planting for Permanent Effects in Borders, Rock Gardens or Indoors

For planting in accord with the natural surroundings of your gardens, expressive of perfect harmony and good taste; along the woodland path, in wild flower sanctuaries, along brooks or ponds, or wherever naturalistic planting is wanted. For planting of banks or ground cover amongst Daffodils, Hyacinths or Tulips; in the border in drifts or as edging for flowerbeds.

...\$7.50 \$60.00

\$5.50

Amaryllis Hippeastrum

Talling / Tall P P - Tall P - Tall P - Tall P P - Tall P	
(Tender—Indoor Only) 10 Rulbs	100 Bulbs
Giant American Hybrid. There is nothing that will give the amateur greater pleasure for the window garden than these giant-flowering Amaryllis that are so easily managed. The strain we offer is the finest that has ever been produced in this country, strong bulbs throwing vigorous stems with from four to six gigantic blooms of the most perfect form, ranging in color from pure white grounds with varied markings of rose, red and crimson to the richest self colors as scarlet, crimson, bright red, cherry, and almost maroon. We can supply either in mixture of light shades or	Bulos
in dark shades. Large, strong bulbs, 75c	220.00

Anemone

-c	Half	Hardy—Must	Have	Protection)	
•				10	100
				Bulb	s Bulbs

t. Brigid. Finest Irish strain, showing a great many lovely shadings\$1.35 \$12.00 St. Brigid.

Calla Lilies (Tender-Indoor Only)

These like a stiff, clayey soil with a small quantity of shredded cow manure. Bulbs should be set with the crown, or top, protruding just above the surface. When in growing condition, warm water given several times during the week will hasten the flowering period and increase the number of blooms. When using the large sized bulbs, plant but one in a pot; smaller ones, two. We call especial attention to the Yellow Calla, which is one of the grandest varieties in cultivation, and most valuable for house or conservatory decoration. See the description below. Plant Callas indoors only in the Fall or Spring of the year.

10 100
Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs

White Calls Lily.	
Mammoth size. Each 40c\$4.00	\$30.00
First size. Each 25c 2.50	20.00
	20.00
Yellow Calla Lily. A grand novelty—one	
that should be planted extensively. The	
deep golden yellow flowers are truly mag-	
nificent and produced in abundance. The	
green foliage is spotted creamy white,	
which adds to its beauty.	
Mammoth size. Each, 50c 5.00	40.00
First size. Each, 40c 4.00	30.00

Camassia (Hardy)

Perfectly hardy bulbous plants that thrive well in any situation and are excellent for naturalizing. 10 100 Bulbs Bulbs

12.00

Brodiaeas (Hardy)

These plants have a small bulb, producing grassy leaves near the ground, and very slender, but stiff, naked stems bearing a head of waxy flowers of great lasting quality. All are pretty. Their culture is the same as for Narcissi, and just as easy as for that flower. They are easily naturalized in almost any soil. Plant them about 3 inches deep, and leave them alone. They are especially happy under oak and deciduous trees, in crevices in rocks, or in rough, gritty soils.

100 1000 Eulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs

Coccines (Floral Firecracker). The stems rise to 2 feet, while the flowers are a vivid crimson tipped with pea-green. The resemblance to a bunch of firecrackers catches the eye at once. A group of these bulbs in a mass of ferns or light-foliaged plants is striking, and they do very well potted\$0.60

ı	1	0	100
	Bul	bs	Bulbs
	Crocea. Has light yellow flowers in umbels \$0.5	60	\$4.50
	Grandiflora. Has a few large, glossy purple		
	flowers of much beauty and great lasting		
	qualities. The bulbs can be naturalized in		
	any clay soil, especially if moist	50	4.50
	Hendersoni. Bears many flowers in an umbel. The ground color is light with a deep		
	purple band down the center of each petal	50	4.50
i	Lactea. Has a close umbel of milky white		
	flowers	0.7	30.00
	Laxa. Is known as Blue Milla, and has a		
	many-flowered umbel of fine blue flowers.		
	It is one of the best for naturalizing5	5	5.00

Chionodoxa

(Hardy)

10 100

Bulbs	Bulbs
Luciliae (Glory of the Snow). A mass plant-	
ing forms one of the most sumptous dis-	
plays of floral beauty, a mass of blue and	
white, intense and brilliant. They bloom	
at the time of the Crocuses, producing	
dwarf flower spikes, bearing from 12 to 15	
flowers of a sky-blue with a pure white	
heart, creating a lovely effect. They	
should be planted in the Fall, three inches	
deep, about eighteen bulbs to a square foot,	
in a sunny location or in half shade and	
in places where they can remain undis-	
turbed for a number of years. The flowers	
will cross with one another and will seed	
themselves, forming natural colonies\$0.40	\$3.00
Sardensis. This is the earlier of the two va-	
rieties to come into bloom, and the first	
real blue flower of another year. This is	
a rich, blue self-color. The remarks made	
for the variety Lucilliae apply to Sar-	
densis	3.00

Eranthis

(Hardy-Give Slight Protection)

Bulbs Bulbs

Hyemalis (Winter Aconite). These produce at about the same time that the Crocuses are in bloom, little yellow flowers like Buttercups about three inches above the ground, with settings of fine green, frilled-like collars which never seem to mind the worst of weather conditions. They will thrive under trees where few other plants can hold their own. They seed themselves freely and colonies from self-sown seed are soon formed. Plant firmly two inches deep, in shade or half shade, about 18 bulbs to a square foot



Amaryllis Hippeastrum.

\$3.00

Bulbs Bulbs

Fritillaria (Mission Bells)

EUROPEAN VARIETIES Imperialis (Crown Imperial). One of the most characteristic plants of old-fashioned gardens. It is the most robust of all the species. The flowers are borne in umbels on stout setms 3 to 4 feet high. Bulbs Bulbs

Galanthus (Snowdrops) (Hardy)

These are particularly effective under hedges, under cedar trees and in thin woodland. They are the first to open in the Spring and are very lovely. They dislike being moved and should be left alone to naturalize themselves. Plant two inches deep; mulch in Winter with straw, hay, leaves or well-decayed manure. The single-flowering Snowdrops, if they are left alone, soon take to producing double flowers. The differences and variations in the varieties of Snowdrops are so comparatively small that it does not seem worth while to offer them in variety\$0.60

Spanish Iris (Iris Hispanica)
(Half Hardy—Give Protection)

These beautiful bulbous Iris have appropriately been called the "Orchids of the Hardy Flower Garden." For best effects they should be planted in beds or groups of twenty-five or more, the larger the number the finer the effect. They grow from 18 to 24 inches high, and bloom from the end of May on through June.

100

Bulbs

E	ulbs
Cajanus. Fine golden yellow	\$7.00
Flora. White and light lilac	7.00
King of the Blues. Fine, clear blue	
Queen Wilhelmina. Large, pure white	
Reconnaissance. Beautiful bronze, very large flow-	
er; the finest of all bronze colored Iris	7.00

Ixias

(Half Hardy-Give Protection)

Desirable bulbs for forcing or outside borders. If planted outside they require covering during the Winter. 10 Bulbs 100 Bulbs ...\$2.50 Choice Mixed Colors \$20,00

Leucojum Bulbs Bulbs

Vernum (Spring Snowflake). This is one of the earliest and most attractive Spring flowers. Growing from 6 to 8 inches high they bear dainty nodding flowers which are white, tipped with green. They should be planted in early Fall in a good, light, well drained soil in which they may be buried 4 or 5 inches apart in masses or bold clumps, to be effective, 2 inches deep, and then be left alone to bloom year after year. 1000 bulbs, \$90.00

Ranunculus

(Half Hardy-Must Have Protection)

Double flowers on strong, straight stems 8 to 12 inches long. The colors range in a large diversified assortment. Excellent for forcing. 10 100 Bulbs Bulbs Double French Mixed. Strong roots\$1.00

Muscari (Grape Hyacinths)

	0 bs	100 Bulbs
Botryoides coeruleum. Bright blue; very		
free grower which naturalizes easily, flowering at the time of the Crocuses \$0.5	50	\$4.00
Botryoides album. This is the white form which is very pretty planted with the blue		
variety of this type	75	6.00
Heavenly Blue. While there are several kinds of Muscari, we consider this variety the best for mass planting. Their flowers open just about the time that the Chionodoxas and Crocuses are going off. They do very well in the wild garden and also in the grass if it is not too rank. They are nice under trees and along the borders where they may be left undisturbed. They		
will seed themselves and make pretty effects when once established	50	4.00

Scillas (Squills)

These flourish in sun as well as in shade under trees. They are not particular about the soil in which they grow. They are ideal for the wild garden but they are not to be despised in the border, especially if they are left alone for two or three years without being disturbed in any way. They are splendid in the rock garden. Produce drooping bell-like flowers. Bulbs Bulbs

ifolia. Dwarf, rich blue flowers, which bloom with the Winter Aconite in March. Excellent for clumps, edgings and rockwork \$5.00 Campanulata Blue. Porcelain blue, candel-abra-shaped bells, blooming with the May-flowering Tulips. Plant four inches deep..

4.00 5.50 5.00

5.00

5.00

15.09

abra-shaped bells, blooming with the Mayflowering Tulips. Plant four inches deep..

Campanulata rosea. This is a soft lilac-rose
form of this type
Campanulata White. The pure white form..

Nutans. The True English Blue Bell. Shepherd's crook-shaped flowers; very showy
and vigorous; very effective planted with
the May-flowering Tulips. Plant four
inches deep in shady or sunny situations.
Mulch in Autumn with leaf-soil, leaves or
very well-rotted manure

Peruviana. Very good for indoor culture;
make bold spikes resembling the Hyacinth;
good in rock gardens with slight protection
during the Winter

Sibirica Blue (The Siberian Squill). This is
the earliest to flower, connecting the Fallflowering of the Crocuses with that of the
Narcissi. They are fine for naturalizing
under trees or in open woodland, producing drooping, bell-like flowers on stems 3
to 4 inches in height. Succeed very well
in the rock garden. Color bright blue.
Plant three inches deep in shade, half
shade, or in the full sun

PLANTING. The table below shows the number of plants or bulbs required to fill a circular bed of the dimensions given. In planting begin at outside row—where 6 inches apart, 3 inches from edge of bed; where 12 inches apart, 6 inches from edge of bed. It is customary among professionals in planting a bed to set the plants or bulbs somewhat closer together in the two outer rows, giving more space between each plant or bulb toward the center of the bed.

\$9.50

Diameter of bed	6 in.	12 in	18 in.	24 in.	30 in.	Diameter of	6 in.	12 in.	18 in.	24 in.	30 in.
	ap a rt	apart	ap ar t	apart	apart	bed	apart	apart	apart	apart	ap a rt
3 feet 4 " 5 " 6 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 "	28 48 80 112 152 200 256 320 380	7 12 20 28 38 50 64 80 95	6 8 13 17 23 28 36 42	7 9 12 16 20 24	13 16	12 feet 13 " 14 " 15 " 16 " 17 " 18 " 19 " 20 "	452 528 612 704 804 904 1016 1132 1256	113 132 153 176 201 226 254 283 314	50 59 68 78 89 100 113 126 139	28 33 39 44 50 57 63 71	18 22 25 28 32 36 40 46 50

A square bed will take about the same number of plants. For an oval bed, add length and breadth and divide by two. For example, an oval 9 feet long by 7 feet wide will require the same number of plants as a circular bed 8 feet in diameter.

ORDER SHEET

The Wayside Gardens Company

Stop 67 Mentor, Ohio

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Special Announcement to Garden Clubs

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