DOCKET NO.: SA-517 EXHIBIT NO. 2G

# NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD WASHINGTON, D.C.

# FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY REPORT

(5 pages)

THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15 DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM FAA OR NTSB COUNSEL.



U.S. Department of Transportation Mike Monroney
Aeronautical Center
September 09, 1997

P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Federal Aviation

Administration National Transportation Safety Board 1515 W. 190th St., Suite 555 Gardena, CA 90248

CASE#: 9700196001 NAME: PARK, YONG C. Putrefied: Yes

DATE OF INCIDENT: 080597 DATE RECEIVED: 081997

LOCATION OF ACCIDENT: AGANA, GU

SPECIMENS RECEIVED: Blood, Vitreous fluid, Urine, Bile, Liver, Lung

Gastric Contents, Kidney, Spleen, Muscle, Brain, Heart

, Tablets or Capsules

#### FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin saturation was determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off.

--> NO Carboxyhemoglobin detected in Blood

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide was screened by Conway Diffusion. Positive cyanides are quantitated using spectrophotometry. The limit of quantitation of cyanide is 0.25 ug/ml. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/ml while lethal concentrations are greater than 3ug/ml.

--> NO Cyanide detected in Blood

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations were determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cutoff of 10 mg/dl. All positive ethanols were confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

--> 12.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Blood

--> NO Ethanol detected in Vitreous fluid

--> 12.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Urine

--> 23.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Blood

--> 1.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Urine NOTE: The ethanol found in this case is most likely from postmortem ethanol production.

chemil Confield

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DRUGS: Immunoassay and chromatography are used to screen for abused drugs such as amphetamine (0.010), opiates (0.010), marihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencylidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), and other drugs such as antidepressants (0.100), antihistamines (0.020), meprobamate (0.100), methaqualone (0.100), and nicotine (0.050). The values in () are the threshold values in ug/ml used to report positive results. Values below this concentration are normally reported as not detected.

GC/Mass Spec, or GC/FTIR, is used to confirm most positive results.

--> NO drugs were detected in Urine.

--> Melatonin was detected in a speckled white tablet

--> NO drugs were detected in the remaining tablets tested.

Dennis V. Canfield, Ph.D.

Denn / Carfiel SEP

Manager Toxicology and Accident

Research Laboratory

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AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM FAA OR NTSB COUNSEL.

US Department of Transportation Make Montoney Aeronautical Center P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Federal Aviation

September 12, 1997

National Transportation Safety Board 1515 W. 190th St., Suite 555 Gardena, CA 90248

CASE#: 9700196002 NAME: SONG, <u>KYUNG H.</u> Putrefied: Yes

DATE OF INCIDENT : 080597 DATE RECEIVED: 081997

LOCATION OF ACCIDENT: AGANA, GU

SPECIMENS RECEIVED: Blood, Bile, Gastric Contents, Liver, Lung

Kidney, Spleen, Muscle, Brain, Heart

## FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin saturation was determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off.

--> NO Carboxyhemoglobin detected in Blood

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide was screened by Conway Diffusion. Positive cyanides are quantitated using spectrophotometry. The limit of quantitation of cyanide is 0.25 ug/ml. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/ml while lethal concentrations are greater than 3ug/ml.

--> NO Cyanide detected in Blood

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations were determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cutoff of 10 mg/dl. All positive ethanols were confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

--> 83.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Blood

--> 49.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Brood
--> 90.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Muscle
--> 90.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Brain
--> 14.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Brain
--> 3.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Muscle
--> 42.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Blood
--> 1.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) N-Butanol detected in Blood

DRUGS: Immunoassay and chromatography are used to screen for abused drugs such as amphetamine (0.010), opiates (0.010), ->rihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencylidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), and other drugs such as antidepressants (0.100), antihistamines (0.020), meprobamate (0.100), methaqualone (0.100), and nicotine(0.050). The values in () are the threshold values in ug/ml used to report positive results. Values below this concentration are normally reported as not detected.

GC/Mass Spec, or GC/FTIR, is used to confirm most positive results. --> NO Drugs detected in Blood

SEP 17 1997

Dennis V. Canfield, Ph.D.

Manager Toxicology and Accident

Research Laboratory

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THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15 D AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM FAA OR N COUNSEL.

**U.S. Department** of Transportation

Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center September 08, 1997 P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Federal Aviation

Administration National Transportation Safety Board 1515 W. 190th St., Suite 555 Gardena, CA 90248

Putrefied: Yes CASE#: 9700196003 NAME: NAM, SOOK H.

DATE RECEIVED: 081997 DATE OF INCIDENT : 080597

LOCATION OF ACCIDENT: AGANA, GU

SPECIMENS RECEIVED: Blood, Gastric Contents, Liver, Lung, Kidney Spleen, Muscle, Brain, Heart

### FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONC (IDE:

Carbon monoxide analysis was not performed due to a lack of suitable specimen.

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide was screened by Conway Diffusion. Positive cyanides are quantitated using spectrophotometry. The lim of quantitation of cyanide is 0.25 ug/ml. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/ml while lethal concentrations are greater than 3ug/ml.

--> NO 'Cyanide detected in Blood

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations were determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cutoff of 10 mg/dl. All positive ethanols were confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

35.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Blood 37.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Brain -->

--> 110.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Muscle

1.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Brain -->

4.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Muscle -->

42.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Acetaldehyde detected in Blood --> 21.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) N-Propanol detected in Blood -->

2.000 (mg/dL, mg/hg) N-Butanol detected in Blood

NOTE: The ethanol found in this case may be the result of postmo ethanol production.

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DRUGS: Immunoassay and chromatography are used to screen for abuse drugs such as amphetamine(0.010), opiates(0.010), marihuana(0.001) cocaine (0.020), phencylidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), and other drugs such as antidepressants (0.100 antihistamines (0.020), meprobamate (0.100), methaqualone (0.100), and nicotine(0.050). The values in () are the threshold values in ug/1 used to report positive results. Values below this concentration a normally reported as not detected.

GC/Mass Spec, or GC/FTIR, is used to confirm most positive results
--> NO Drugs detected in blood.

Dennis V. Canfield, Ph.D.

Manager Toxicology and Accident

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