

NOVEMBER

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# THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN



AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY  
FOR  
POULTRY, LIVE STOCK AND THE FARM

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Published  
By  
**THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN  
COMPANY**  
Knoxville Tenn.

# GRAND SEASON'S OPENING

To test the merits of my young stock this season, as well as to retain the high rank of the old ones, I made just one Fall Show, selecting the largest exhibit in the South, Nashville, Tennessee, State Fair, 1906.

## JONES, THE WYANDOTTE MAN

Having won at every show of any importance in all sections of the U. S., just decided to try the Southland and as usual captured the majority of all prizes offered, winning

### ALL FIRSTS IN THE CLASSES AND ALL SECONDS BUT TWO

A record that is only a repetition of itself and equaled by no breeder in America. No other breeder has competed and won at as many large shows on

### SILVER, GOLDEN AND WHITE WYANDOTTES

I have a grand lot of young birds to sell and still have quite a lot of yearling breeders that I am offering. In all I have

### 2500 HEAD TO OFFER AT PRICES THAT WILL MOVE THEM

If you haven't a copy of my handsome color plate catalog don't fail to send for one; it is a work of art and a book that is full of valuable information. Send 10 cents in stamps for mailing.

### SIX LITTERS OF HIGH CLASS SCOTCH COLLIES FOR SALE

**R. E. JONES, The Pines**

R. F. D. No. 30, PADUCAH, KY., U. S. A.



"See that Lacing on Breast and Body"

A JONES WINNER

## MY WINNINGS AT THE GREAT NASHVILLE POULTRY SHOW, JANUARY, 1906

- WERE -

1st COCK  
1st COCKEREL  
SPECIAL SILVER CUP

1st PULLET  
2nd PULLET

3rd PULLET (Tied)  
1st PEN

White Wyandotte Club SPECIAL RIBBONS

- - ON - -

## WHITE WYANDOTTES

The Famous "Lady Audley," First Hen in Nashville Show, is now in My Pens. I Have Also Bred the Winners at Leading Southern Shows. EGGS AND STOCK FOR SALE

ACME POULTRY PLANT R. R. No. 1 BECKWITH, TENN.  
JNO. W. BOSWELL, Jr.

## "SHAW" WHITE ROCKS

Make clean sweep of all firsts and specials at Kentucky State Show, winning \$50.00 Silver Cup for best display, \$25.00 Cup for best Cock, Hen, Cockerel and Pullet, and \$10.00 gold for highest scoring pen in show (score 192 points). RECORD SCORE FOR WHITE ROCKS.

At Tennessee State Show, 1906, all ribbons but two; winning the handsome White Rock Club Specials for best cock, hen, cockerel, pullet and pen. These winnings are a repetition of our former records at Chicago, Indianapolis, Illinois State Shows and elsewhere, and prove that "Shaw" White Rocks are without a peer. Judge Hewes says: "The Best Strain of White Rocks in U. S." Judge Russell: "The Best White Rocks I Ever Handled." Matings better this season than ever. Eggs \$5 and \$3 per 15. Good breeding pens, cockerel and 6 pullets, \$15 up. Write for what you want.

**Wabash Poultry Farm,**

R. F. D. No. 3,

PALESTINE, ILL.



# THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN

An Illustrated Monthly for Poultry, Live Stock and the Farm,

Vol. 3

Knoxville, Tenn., November, 1906

(Whole No. 30) No. 6

## POULTRY EXPERIMENTS—No. 1

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION, UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE

IN this issue we give the tabulated results of feeding and laying of the nine pens of thoroughbred poultry at the Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Tennessee, for the months of August and September. During the month of August only eight pens were recorded, the ninth pen, White Wyandottes, being put in early in August, but no record made of its work for that month. This ninth pen is fed similar to the others, but is not trapnested as the others are, but records are kept of the eggs taken from the pen. It will be noted that this new pen produced the cheapest priced eggs during September, the cost being .047 per dozen. This is .026 cheaper per dozen than the next lowest pen, also White Wyandottes. The third pen was Pen No. 2, Barred Rocks, which, for August, produced the next to highest cost eggs. Pen No. 9, the new pen, had a large range, 80x175 feet, in which there was an abundance of weeds, etc., maturing seed during August and September. This tends to show the great value of a wide range of food for laying hens.

By comparing the records for August and September three things are noticeable. First, that all the pens practically gained

of Pen No. 9 is, of course, deducted from the September results. So the material factor in reducing the cost of egg production was the allowance of 9 cents a pound for gain in flesh and the saving in price of mash feed consumed over grain feed. Taking the eight pens tested during both August and September, it will be seen that the total mash food eaten for August was 92 lbs., and for September 213, a total increase of dry feed of 120 pounds. The total grain consumed for August was 489 lbs., and for September was 378 lbs., a decrease of 105 lbs. Thus the decrease in grain consumed was exceeded by mash consumed by 15 lbs. While these tests are not at all conclusive, they tend to show that mash produces flesh more rapidly than grain, and that the birds would devour more pounds of mash than of grain feed. It will be noted that Pens Nos. 1, 2 and 3 increased egg production, but Pen No. 4 decreased the number nearly one-half. This materially increased the cost of eggs from Pen No. 4, White Rocks. Apparently these birds are very well out of the moult, much better than the Single Comb White Leghorns, who only fell three eggs under the August production. No cause is

RECORD FOR MONTH OF AUGUST, 1906

Breed	Pen No.	No. Hens in Pen	Weighted In	Weighted Out	No. Eggs	Weight of Eggs, Ozs.	Feed, Lbs.		Cost Per Dozen	Average Per Hen
							Grain	Mash		
White Wyandottes.	1	12	49	48	111	209.2	71	14	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
Barred Rocks.....	2	4	24	24	47	98.2	61	4	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	11
Barred Rocks.....	3	12	61	62	104	197.6	66	20 $\frac{3}{4}$	11	8
White Rocks.....	4	12	70	66	151	298.8	78	18	13	12
S. C. B. Orpingtons	5	9	42	42	70	133.7	60	8	15	7
Black Langshans..	6	4	20	18	42	79.6	44	4	22	10
S. C. B. Leghorns..	7	11	32	31	81	158.7	57	11	14	7
S. C. W. Leghorns.	8	12	31	32	93	168.3	50	13	10	7
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>76</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>1344</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>9</b>

The grain was composed of equal parts corn, wheat and oats, the mash one part tankage (Swift) and ten parts wheat bran. In estimating the cost of feed, labor was not considered. The feed was valued at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound; loss or gain of flesh at 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound.

JAS. TYLER, Asst. Poultryman.

in weight; second, that all the pens ate more mash feed and decreased the grain feed eaten; third, that the cost of egg production was very materially decreased; one important factor being that the birds are coming out of the moult; another, that the large amount of mash eaten helped to increase fat production. For it will be noticed that the actual egg yield was not increased but that the eight pens on test actually laid fewer eggs for September than August, laying only 603 eggs in September while they laid 699 in August. The egg yield

RECORD FOR MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1906

Breed	Pen No.	No. Hens in Pen	Weighted In	Weighted Out	No. Eggs	Weight of Eggs, Ozs.	Feed, Lbs.		Cost Per Dozen	Average Per Hen
							Grain	Mash		
White Wyandottes.	1	12	48	53	132	257	60	34 $\frac{3}{4}$	7 $\frac{1}{4}$	11
Barred Rocks.....	2	4	24	27	51	101	33	15 $\frac{3}{4}$	8 $\frac{1}{4}$	12
Barred Rocks.....	3	12	62	67	115	218	60	42	9	9
White Rocks.....	4	12	66	69	67	127	60	42	18	5
S. C. B. Orpingtons	5	9	42	43	52	97	45	14	14	6
Black Langshans..	6	4	18	20	29	59	30	14	16	7
S. C. B. Leghorns..	7	11	31	34	62	118	45	22	10	5
S. C. W. Leghorns.	8	12	32	32	90	160	45	28	10	7
White Wyandottes.	9	8	39	43	103	206	45	16	4	12
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>84</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>701</b>	<b>1343</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>8</b>

The grain was valued at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound. It was composed of equal parts cracked corn, wheat and oats. The mash (fed dry) composed of 5 parts shorts, 5 parts bran and one part digester tankage (Swift), was valued at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound. In estimating the cost of eggs labor was not considered and loss or gain of flesh was valued at 9c per pound.

JAS. TYLER, Asst. Poultryman.

apparent in looking at the White Rocks for the decrease in production, nor does the consumption of food present any reason for the decrease in the number of eggs, the amount of mash eaten being increased until the total food consumed for September was 102 lbs., against 96 lbs. for August. Pen No. 4 also made a gain in weight of three pounds. Pens Nos. 5, 6 and 7 all decreased in September the number of eggs pro-

duced, although the food consumed was about the same as for the month previous, and all gained in weight. Pen No. 8, Single Comb White Leghorns, practically held their own in weight, lost three in egg production, increased the mash consumed and produced eggs at the same per dozen.

Taking an average of the total cost of egg production for September it will be seen that it was 11 cents per dozen. Fresh eggs were retailing on the Knoxville market during September at a little over twenty cents a dozen, average through the

month. Thus eggs were produced, counting grain at a high price, and not estimating for labor, at a net profit of 9c per dozen.

The average egg production per hen was for all pens during August  $9\frac{1}{2}$  eggs, a total of 110 eggs per year; for September, the average was even less, being only  $8\frac{1}{8}$  per hen, or 97 eggs per hen a year. It should be borne in mind that the hens were largely in moult during these two months and the egg production was, of course, lessened.

## ANGORA GOATS

WRITTEN FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN BY T. E. THATCH

It is unnecessary for me to go into a description of the animal as doubtless you and all your readers have seen specimens of the long curly haired, docile, and most beautiful of all domestic animals at the fairs, if not the beautiful herd browsing in the field or upon the mountain side. Doubtless some of you have tasted of the delicious mutton of only the culls of the Angora, as they are yet too scarce and dear and too pretty to butcher only the culls of the flock.

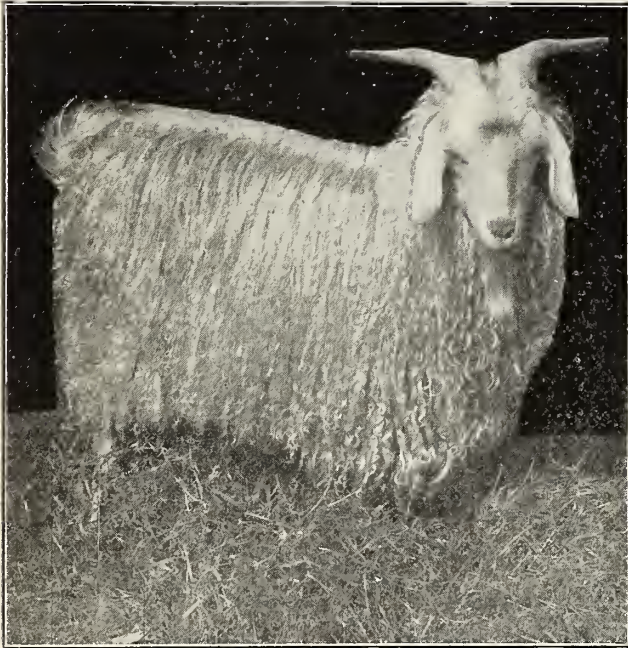
It is now generally known and understood that the Sultan of Turkey prohibited the exportation of Angoras in 1881 and

of about fifty which is the envy of almost every farmer who beholds them.

They are not roguish or otherwise troublesome like the common curd or hairy goat, and have by many been misunderstood as the Cashmere goat, which they in no wise resemble. Any fence that will turn sheep or other useful animals will turn the Angora. They can be bred in the same territory with sheep and will not cross. My sheep and goats are kept in the same pasture and around the same barn in winter and are often released on the commons for a short time in the summer, but they do not associate together. They have a "Jim Crow Law" of their own. When turned into the pasture all right together, it will soon be discovered that the sheep have taken either the right or left and the goats "vice versa."

Their natures are entirely different. In summer, during the heat of the day the sheep seek shelter from the parching rays of the sun under a bush, in the fence corner, under an old waste house, the sheep shed or any shade they can find, while the Angora leisurely browses, if he happens to be hungry, at noonday, the very hottest of weather. In very hot weather the sheep graze at night and shade in daytime, while the Angora browses, not grazes, as he eats bushes, briars, weeds and other things not desired on the land, making himself a very useful adjunct to the farm, and then comes home at night and lies down and sleeps all night, never browsing after dark.

The lands in East Tennessee are especially and particularly adapted to sheep and Angora culture and every farmer



A TYPICAL "EAST TENNESSEAN,"

As Bred, Registered and Owned by T. E. Thatch, Angora Breeder, Cleveland, Tenn.

that said prohibition is still in effect and that the penalty for the exportation from said country of a single thoroughbred animal is a \$500.00 fine. However, there are now scattered over the South and West many very fine Angoras, descendants from the Dr. James B. Davis importation of nine Angoras, in 1849, given to him by the Sultan of Turkey, and which later fell to the ownership of Col. Richard Peters, of Atlanta, Ga., and who is the real founder of Angora culture in the United States.

My first Angoras were purchased from A. B. Weaver, of Georgia, who had thirty years experience in Angora culture, in a small way, he getting his original stock from Col. Peters.

Seven years ago I began with three does, the very finest I could procure and have ever since kept trying to breed them up and keep nothing but registered stock.

Right here I will say that real thoroughbred Angoras in this country are very scarce. I now have a beautiful flock



A REGISTERED ANGORA.

Property of T. E. Thatch, Cleveland, Tenn.

should have a flock of each and if not able to procure foundation stock of both get one or the other. The cost of four-

dition stock will be about the same, that is of some pure breed of sheep. Don't start with scrubs. They are dear at any price. Foundation stock of any good breed of sheep, Southdown, Shropshire or Mntton Merinos can be had at from \$10 to \$25 per head, while Angoras cost about the same or probably a little more, owing to the scarcity.

Many wild and absurd stories are told of the Angora, such as that an Angora will shear from 10 to 25 pounds of Mohair and that it sells from \$1 to \$2.50 per pound.

The facts are that Angoras shear from 2 to 10 pounds of Mohair and it sells at from 35 cents to 50 cents per pound, owing to its length. It takes a very fine large wether or buck to shear 10 pounds and his fleece will naturally be long and will command the highest price. While breeding does will average about three pounds and it only brings about 35 cents per pound, which makes the annual clip about \$1.00 per head on breeding does. Of course if there are many bucks in the flock the average will run much higher. The fleece on any good breed of sheep runs, with the present prices of wool, which is much higher now than formerly, just about the same.

The great advantages of the Angora flock over the much beloved and valuable sheep, is that the Angora is a prettier animal, is more companionable, making the finest and most beautiful of pets, but most of all being the greatest of brush

cleaners. The old worn sassafras field is, soon, by pasturage of the great Angoras, converted into a beautiful field of grass, cleared of sprouts, briars and all other useless growth and enough of the richest of all manures has been scattered so evenly over the field that the wilderness is made to blossom as the rose. The old axiom that the common curd or hairy goat can flourish on barbed wire, broken dishes, telegraph insulators, etc., and that he can climb over the house or barn or up the telegraph pole for the same does not apply to the Angora, as he is not a climber and although he eats bushes, briars, green cockle-burrs, etc., he requires good food and shelter in the winter, and is the most particular of all animals as to the cleanliness of his food and will starve before he will partake of dirty or unclean food.

The two cuts herewith shown are actual photographs of a young buck Angora and a young doe about nine months of age of my stock. The bucks have large spreading, spiral horns when full grown, often being thirty inches from tip to tip, which said horns they make very useful in protecting the flock from the ravages of the common enemy to sheep and Angora culture, the worthless cur.

Any one who understands sheep culture can successfully breed Angoras, the prime difference being that Angoras are much less trouble and easier raised except they are much more delicate for the first few days of the life of the kid, at which time they require more care and attention than sheep.

• TENNESSEE STATE FAIR •

THE Tennessee State Fair at Nashville, Tenn., October 8 to 13, was one of, if not the most, successful State Fair ever held in the South. The display of poultry was especially large for a fall fair, as this is a difficult time of the year to get birds in show condition. The poultry exhibition was held in an ideal building for light but as the weather turned slightly cold, it was a little too cold for comfort at night, but a curtain enclosing the side exposed remedied the trouble. There were over one thousand birds on exhibition, and in many classes the competition was very strong. The usually strong Barred Rocks held a place further down the line than their White cousins, who lead the van both in numbers and strength. White Wyandottes came in for a close second place both in numbers and quality. All the popular breeds were well represented. The fancy and bantam classes were very well filled also. The judging by Judges Marshal and Jones was dispatched under the comparison system and the kicking was slight, less than is usual at a poultry show. The crowds that attended the poultry show were the best of any exhibit on the grounds, a perfect stream of humanity being constantly pouring into and out of the building. This was encouraging to exhibitors and many good sales are reported.

The live stock exhibit was also exceptionally fine, being the best display of cattle, hogs and sheep ever given in this state. The agricultural display was disappointing, and while very good, was not up to what a great agricultural state like Tennessee should have. The quality of some agricultural products displayed was exceptionally good. One of the highest grade displays of wheat ever seen was made. The display of dairy products was also very good. Farming machinery was one of the features of the fair, the leading manufacturers having exhibits on the grounds. The traction engine exhibit was especially fine. The pacing and trotting races were above the average, but no world's records were lowered.

The usual attractions were on hand, and the airship made several ascensions as advertised. Taken, all in all, the management assembled a very creditable fair. The next one will be a better one in some departments, doubtless, but it will be hard to improve upon in others. Get in line with your birds, your farm products, and your live stock for the biggest yet next fall.

• ALABAMA STATE FAIR •

THE Second Annual Alabama State Fair was held at Birmingham, October 14 to 20th. The weather for a few days was unfavorable and the attendance not so good, but with fair days the crowds were very large. A special building was erected last year to accommodate poultry, but the fine display this year crowded it to the utmost, but efficient Superintendent B. C. Garmon placed everything to the best advantage. White Rocks lead the display and Rhode Island Reds were second. Brown Leghorns, Black Minorcas, and Buff Orpingtons were among the strong displays. The bantam class was also good. Among the leading exhibitors were Terrill's Rhode Island Reds, Simmon's Rhode Island Reds, Nesbett's Rhode Island Reds, Henry's Brown Leghorns, Lansden's Black Minorcas, Eastland Poultry Yard's White Rocks, Belle Meade Farm with Rocks, Reds and Orpingtons, and many other well known breeders. We regret that a complete list of the winners is not at hand now but we hope to publish same in a subsequent issue. It was a pleasure to meet many former acquaintances among the breeders and also many new friends and talk over the great industry of poultry with them. All had kind words to say of THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN and her work. The Birmingham breeders are now working and planning for greater things than ever at the coming Annual Poultry Show which is December 5 to 10. Dr. Elwyn Ballard is working industriously for the success of the show and is meeting with hearty co-operation. The Alabama State Fair Poultry Department was under the secretaryship of John A. Murkin, Jr., who proved such an able secretary for the Tennessee State Fair Poultry Department, and the success of both these poultry exhibits is largely due to Mr. Murkin's artistic abilities to execute that performance known as "peddling heated atmosphere." When it comes to turning the crowd, depend upon Murkin.

There are a number of good breeds of fowls to select from that will give excellent results if properly cared for. Select the breed that tickles your fancy most and get to business.

To get the greatest results from the management of poultry it is necessary to study it, learn its needs and give diligence to the health and welfare of the fowl.

## McCULLOUGH'S POULTRY POINTERS

WRITTEN FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN BY PLUMMER McCULLOUGH

It is hard for us to realize that summer is over and autumn is coming fast to a close. Nevertheless it is true and it behooves us to be up and doing. It is high time you were thinking of patching up the cracks, knot holes, etc., in that old chicken house. Going to build a new one? That's the stuff. Don't put in too many fixtures that are worse than useless. I would rather have a house just plain without any fixture at all. No alleys or patent roosts for me. Dropping boards are a good thing as they give more floor space and make cleaning easier. If you have some surplus stock still on hand I would advise you to dispose of it as quick as possible, sell them and make more room for your layers and breeders. If you expect many winter eggs your pullets should be in good shape now. Don't make the mistake of selling all your old hens unless your young stock is far superior. Remember it is the old hen's eggs that hatch those big strong chicks. Her offspring next season should be equal, if not superior to this year's stock. Don't keep too many fowls in one flock. Fifty is really too many. I think twenty-five is better, although some breeders keep as high as one and two

hundred in one flock. However, I think that small flocks will, as a rule, do far better.

Be careful that the water does not freeze in the vessels. If any should freeze, take it to a fire and thaw out. Don't wait 'till dark to feed your fowls these evenings. When they get on the roost once they are not particular whether they come off again or not. Feed before they think of going to roost. What to feed is a question of great importance. However I am not going to tell you what the "best" method of feeding is, for I don't know. I have better results by feeding sound grains than mash. For the last three or four years I have fed dry grains almost exclusively. I think you get just as many eggs in a year and have a healthier flock of chickens. Feed as much of a variety as possible. Corn, wheat, oats, buckwheat, cracked corn and a little sunflower seed make a good bill of fare. Fresh water is almost of as much importance as the food. Fresh water should be supplied at all times. I think it a good plan to warm the water in real cold weather, but I would not advise this only in very severe weather. Try not to feed the same kind of grain twice in succession. Oats or buckwheat for breakfast. Wheat or cracked corn and a little sunflower at noon and all the cracked corn they will eat.

## GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATING CONDITIONS AND METHODS

Up to within recent years the Department of Agriculture has never had an expert force to study and endeavor to improve the poultry industry of the country, notwithstanding the fact that the American hen and her product bring a larger income to the farmer than the majority of farm crops. The Bureau of Animal Industry has now installed a Bureau of Husbandry, with a poultry branch, under the charge of Animal Husbandman G. M. Rommel, and is making a study of the industry with an effort to rectify evil conditions. The field experts are practical, successful poultry raisers in all sections of the country.

"We are now endeavoring to point out the way to the farmer to overcome many mistakes which exist in the poultry industry," stated Mr. Rommel in response to the inquiry as to what his division has set before it as its task for the present fiscal year. "We have a number of experts in all sections of the country interviewing successful poultry raisers, and making careful examinations of farms where poultry raising has been abandoned with a loss. Poultry, if raised correctly, and with scientific methods, will give a steady and profitable income, but no one can expect fowls to raise themselves.

"Poultry products have now climbed to a place of more than half a billion dollars in value annually, but there is no question that these figures can be much augmented if more care and attention be given to the industry. For instance, I have yet to see in the large cities a specimen of what I consider a good broiler. Chickens weighing from a pound and a half to two pounds retail for 20, 22 or 25 cents a pound, but they are more bones than flesh. The whole trouble lies in the fact that they are not fed correctly. No animal will put on flesh or fat without proper feeding, and this applies just as well to the fowl as any other animal. If a poultryman would pay strict attention to this one feature alone he would be amply rewarded by a rapid demand for his dressed poultry.

"Capon raising, too, should pay. Experiments have indicated that it costs no more to bring a capon to a marketable size than it does to keep a hen, and the income therefrom

should prove profitable. After a little practice most any one can caponize. While it may be well to kill off the young cockerels for the broiler market, the additional feed necessary for all that have been caponized should amply reward the poultryman.

"Capons, unlike the rooster, do not wear off their flesh as fast as they make it by running all over the farm, but, on the other hand, are tame and put on flesh rapidly. Their whole habits change. A most peculiar thing about them is that they are very fond of broody hens, even going so far as to sit down beside the hen on the nest and cackling just like the female. It is not unusual, too, taking as much care of the youngsters as a hen would of her own offspring. This, too, seems somewhat natural, for since the roosters and hens will have nothing to do with the capon, he must turn to the little chicks for consolation."

The dry feeding method has gained many converts within the last year, and it will not be long until we will hear no more of the wet and soggy mashes. As a time-saver the hopper method can not be beaten. However, I find it does not work well with all kinds of fowls. But as the old saying goes, "What is meat for one man is poison for another" and that holds good even among the fowls. Here is a ration I have been using all summer and since early last winter and it has given very satisfactory results, so much so that I will continue to use it again this fall and winter. Equal parts of cracked corn (coarse), heavy wheat and oats. This is placed in the hoppers along with a good quality of beef scraps, always having before them charcoal, oyster shells and grit. On this ration I secured a very satisfactory egg yield while my neighbors were buying eggs of me.

Often fresh bone can be secured for nothing, as it is considered waste by the butcher and he is glad to get rid of it. The feeding of ground green bone means better health in the flock, more vigor, more eggs and more profit.

# WHAT MAKES A POULTRY JOURNAL?

WRITTEN FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN BY H. C. AUSTIN

**H**IS is a question differently answered. I consider a first class journal one that gives good, practical, common sense articles by practical and successful breeders. There are a number of so-called breeders who are neither successful nor practical, do not know how to make a decent hen nest even, who buy their birds, and by going the rounds win some prizes, and imagine they are real poultrymen. These men are buyers rather than breeders as generally they buy either the stock or the eggs and do not do the mating to win their prizes. There is a difference between a breeder and a buyer. A breeder mates and raises his own birds. It is the breeder who writes his experience that makes the successful poultry journal. It is usually the buyer that sits around blowing some poultry journal is "no account" when that same journal is full of the very information this buyer needs stuffing with. But practical poultry is too much work and study to suit them, and such buyers usually take up with the so-called scientific methods of poultry raising that offer short cuts to success. Such methods and such papers catch these buyers. These buyers are usually very limited in experience or they would not talk against their local papers. If your local paper is not a good one you are partly responsible for it. If it does not give what you want to know, ask for it and the editor or

some correspondent will answer your questions. But because you do not see what you want to know, being a know-all, you do not want to show your ignorance by asking. Don't be too high-toned to ask for knowledge. There is as much to learn in the poultry business as any profession and it can't all be learned in one year nor in five years. It takes hard study and practical experience.

I wish to say that THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN is coming to the front as fast as any poultry journal in the country. To my mind THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN is the ideal and practical poultry journal. It covers the field well.

Mr. Editor, I have wandered some in this article. It puts me out of patience when I see these know-alls who do not know their a, b, c in poultry raising talking so much and saying so little. I have been breeding poultry for forty-five years and making it a scientific study and there is not a day that I do not learn something in the business, but not from that class that buy all their birds. So my advice to beginners is to buy from those who raise the birds they take their prizes on. I have been in the business of fancy poultry breeding for thirteen years and never bought but one fowl that I got a prize on. I have raised my own show birds and they have won over some of the leading breeders in the United States.



## FANCY AND MARKET POULTRY

SOME of the brethren of the poultry press seem much disturbed over the future of the fancy in poultry culture. They lay especial stress on the amount of space accorded the market branch of the business by the leading journals and seem to see in this the reverse of old customs. One editor is conceited enough to think others are following his lead or stealing his thunder, he being the first, as he claims, to advocate the market side of the business. Don't disturb yourself, gentlemen. The fancier is the one that made poultry culture prominent and profitable in this country and Europe, and he is today, as he always will be, the keystone to the structure, and without him the building will fall in ruins and the poultry press will die a natural death. There is not a poultry paper in this country that could stay in business three years without great loss to themselves, were it not for the fancier and the amount of space devoted to the fancy by other leading papers who show the possibilities of that side of poultry culture. The poultry offered at our market stalls that commands the highest prices and are sought for by people who know what good table poultry really is are thoroughbreds or their crosses. The 200-egg-per-year hen is a thoroughbred or its crosses. The specimens that sell from \$50 to \$800 each are not only thoroughbreds but strictly fancy. The advertising pages of our poultry journals from which the editors derive their only source of profit are filled with the advertisements of the thoroughbred or fancy poultry breeder; not by the market man by about four miles.

The poultry shows of America, more than 1,000 of which are held annually in this country, are made up of thoroughbreds and we can not recall a single instance where an Association has ever had the courage to attempt to run one exclusively for market poultry. With these facts before us, not considering the numerous monuments of misplaced confidence, where thousands of dollars have been wasted on market poultry and broiler plants to be found in all parts of this country, we rather guess that the fancy side of poultry culture will do to stay with for a few days at least.

The *Inland* is doing its part to encourage the breeding of market poultry on conservative lines, but our advice in every case is to use thoroughbred fowls for this purpose, as we know that better results invariably follow and we depend solely on the fancier to create such breeds as will fill the market requirements both for meat and eggs. In fact, the *Inland* stands first, last and all the time for the fancier and thoroughbred breeder.

The above article is taken from the *Inland Poultry Journal*, and, of course, was written by that lover of thoroughbred poultry, Judge Theo. Hewes. No one is a closer observer or has more right to speak with authority upon the rise of thoroughbred poultry culture than Judge Hewes. There is no doubt but that at the present time the demand is for poultry that will earn something as well as look pretty in the yards, and there is nothing more certain than that poultry bred along Standard lines will do this pretty looking, egg basket filling, and meat producing work also. Of course it is possible that birds can be bred for looks only until the utility features of that particular strain will become very much deteriorated but all who keep posted know that such is not the case today, except in perhaps isolated instances. The Standard of Perfection in all the breeds known as utility or dual purpose breeds, like the American breeds, demands a bird of such size and body development that there is no danger of the flesh-producing side of the question being overlooked. In fact, some claim the danger is along the other lines, to-wit, getting the birds too large. Let us not fret on that account as it is

better to have birds too large than too small, as birds naturally breed smaller. The only danger is along the egg production line. It is reasonable to suppose that any man who is so foolish as to neglect the egg-producing side of his strain will soon be found out and the sensible American people will not long be led to buy birds that are good for looks only, unless they want to buy such birds. There can be no denying that many people do not care for the utility features of a fowl and such people have a right to produce such fowls if they wish. It is also true that many people want egg-production first and such people have the right to work for that end. Both breeders can work along their own lines and get fowls to suit their own purposes, and both are in a sense fanciers. What THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN wants to see is every raiser of poultry in the land, no matter whether located on a city lot or a big farm, do is to raise pure bred poultry as laid down in the Standard, developing the variety or varieties along such lines as suits their own idea of successful poultry culture.

### SORE HEAD OR CHICKEN POX

SORE head or chicken pox is very common throughout the South during the early Fall and Winter months. It is especially prevalent at the present time, November. This disease is supposed to be caused by a tiny mite or germ. The disease is largely local in its effect, that is it confines its work to the head, comb, eyes, face, and sometimes the neck of the fowl. It is also sometimes found to a small extent on the body of the fowl, but this eruption on the body is caused by the fowl scratching the body with the broken out head and causing that part of the fowl to be affected or diseased. The disease is what its name implies, an eruption or pox. The comb is generally most severely affected and in serious cases the eyes become swollen, often being closed, the inner linings of the mouth break out in eruptions, and the orifices of the nose are also broken out. Sometimes the throat is swollen so as to cause strangulation, but such cases are rare. The bird is sleepy and drowsy, and in severe cases does not eat much. When only the comb and upper part of the head are affected the bird does not seem so sick as when the mouth and eyes are also involved. The disease is highly contagious and runs as an epidemic. There are said to be two varieties of the disease, the dry or warty, and the mucuous or running. The dry kind forms in scabs and the mucuous runs watery discharges from the pox sores.

A safe and simple remedy is to rub well the affected parts of the head, face and comb with a mixture containing common lard or vaseline, and carbolic acid or some disinfectant as chloro-naphthalene, etc. There should be enough disinfectant used to color the lard a deep brown. This mixture should be applied every day to all fowls affected. Where the sores are severe about the eyes and mouth, the affected parts can be washed with water so as to remove all scabs, etc., so the mixture may be gotten down to the seat of trouble the more readily. The birds in the same runs or near by and exposed runs should have their heads dipped in a disinfectant made of water and carbolic acid, or some standard disinfectant.

It is hardly worth while to remove afflicted birds from well ones as the disease will likely spread of its own accord more or less through the entire flock. If not fatal it is not sufficient to cause great alarm but if the fowls are not treated, the flock will prove profitless for some time, and some deaths will occur.



POULTRY FEEDING

MAINE EXPERIMENT STATION BULLETIN

○ make broiler raising most profitable, warmed houses should be used and the birds raised early enough to be all marketed while high prices are obtainable. The Station does not make a specialty of broiler raising. The chickens are raised so as to obtain the pullets for egg laying. The surplus cockerels are disposed of by growing them rapidly and getting them off to market before they annoy the pullets. As the cockerels and pullets are raised together, and the cockerels only are finished and sold as broilers, it is not possible to state just how much of the food given to the flock has been eaten by the cockerels, as they were larger and evidently ate more per bird than the pullets did. The quantities of food eaten, aside from labor, have been accounted for, in the work, and the records show that when the chicks that were hatched in April and May were 11 to 12 weeks old, the cockerels weighed about 2¼ pounds, dressed for market. Up to this time the cockerels and pullets had each averaged to eat 9 pounds of grain food, 1 pound of beef scrap and ¼ pound of grit.

When the cockerels averaged 2¼ pounds dressed weight, the pullets of the same age averaged 1¾ pounds, and as there were equal numbers of cockerels and pullets in the lot, the average weight of all the birds at that time was 2 pounds. Five pounds of the grain and meat foods were required to produce a pound of dressed broiler, under the described conditions and practices.

The material used in the production of a 2-pound broiler cost as follows:

10 lbs. of food .....	16.5 cents.
Oil for incubating and brooding .....	2.5 cents.
Eggs incubated .....	4.0 cents.

Total ..... 23 cents.

The labor involved in raising the chick and preparing it for market is not accounted for. The average prices received for each 2-pound broiler last June was 60 cents; July 50 cents, and August 40 cents.

When the cockerels are taken out for finishing, the pullets of the same age are moved to the grassy range, still occupying the same portable houses in which they were raised. At this time the method of feeding is changed and dry food is kept by them constantly, in troughs with slatted sides and broad detachable roofs, so it may not be soiled or wasted. The troughs are from 6 to 10 feet long, with the sides 5 inches high. The lath slats are 2 inches apart and the troughs are 16 inches high from floor to roof. The roofs project about 2 inches at the sides and effectually keep out the rain except when high winds prevail.

The roof is easily removed by lifting one end and sliding it endwise on the opposite gable end on which it rests. The trough can then be filled and the roof drawn back into place without lifting it. This arrangement is the best thus far found, for saving food from waste and keeping it in good condition. When dry mash is used in it there may be considerable waste by the finer parts being blown away. When used for that purpose it is necessary to put it in a sheltered place out of the high winds.

In separate compartments of the troughs, they are given cracked corn, wheat, oats, dry meal mixture, grit, dry cracked bone, oyster shell and charcoal. The dry meal mixture is of the same composition as that fed to the laying hens, described elsewhere. The troughs are located about the field in sufficient numbers to fully accommodate all of the birds.

The results of this method of feeding are satisfactory. The labor of feeding is far less than that required by any other

method followed. The birds do not hang around the troughs and over-eat, but help themselves, a little at a time, and range off, hunting, or playing and coming back again, when so inclined, to the food supply at the troughs. There is no rushing, or crowding about the attendant, as is usual at feeding time, develop without getting too fat and ripe.

For the last 7 years we have gotten the first eggs when the pullets were from 4 months and 10 days, to 4 months and 20 days old. There is some danger of the pullets getting developed too early, and commencing laying too soon for best results, under this system of feeding. In order to prevent such conditions, the houses should not be located too close to each other, or to the feed troughs, and a large range should be given them so they may be induced to work, which they will do, if given the opportunity early after their removal to the fields. Should the birds show too great precocity, and that they are liable to commence laying in August, the supply of cracked corn in the feeding trough is reduced, or taken away altogether, which causes them to eat the wheat, oats and dry meal instead, and they continue to grow and develop without getting too fat and ripe.

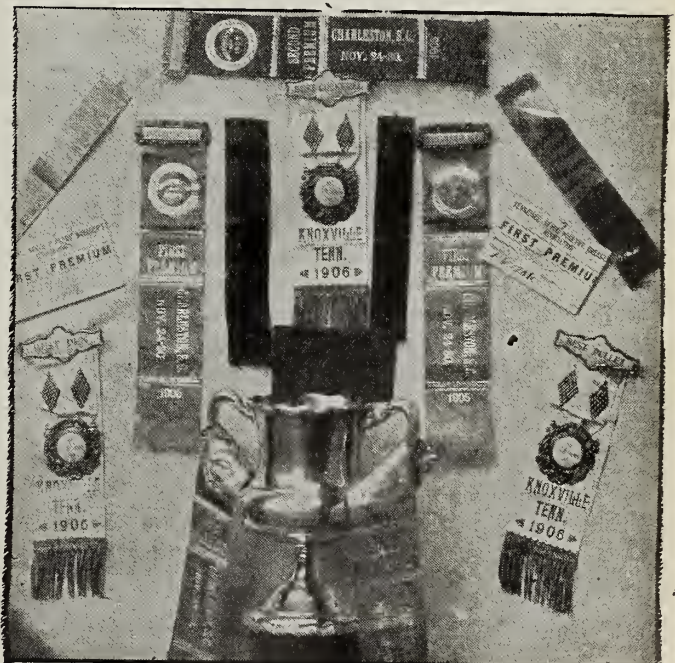
During the last days of October it is our practice to move the pullets into the laying house.

Last season 2,000 pullets were raised for layers and the following materials were used in producing each one:

28 pounds of grain, meal and scrap, costing .....	44.5 cents.
¾ pounds of cracked bone .....	1.5
½ pound oyster shell .....	.25
2¼ pounds of Mica Crystal Grit .....	1.25
½ pound charcoal .....	.5
1½ pints of oil .....	2.5
2 eggs .....	4.0

54.5 cents.

Before they were moved into winter quarters, many of them were laying in the brooder houses, and the eggs from them at that time had sold for a hundred dollars.



A few of the many valuable Specials and Cups won last season at the Great Charleston, S. C., Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Ga., Nashville and Knoxville, Tenn., shows, on Single Comb White Leghorns, as bred and Exhibited by Wilber Bros., Petros, Tenn., 20 years specialist, State Vice-President National S. C. White Leghorn Club.



DEVOTED TO EVERY INTEREST OF THE Poultryman, Live Stock Breeder and Small Farmer

REESE V. HICKS, Editor

Subscriptions 50c a Year in Advance

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO The Industrious Hen Company 617 GAY STREET, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Vol. 3 NOVEMBER, 1906 No. 6

THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN is issued promptly on the first of each month. It furnishes the latest and most authoritative information obtainable on all matters relating to the Poultry industry, Live Stock breeding and intensive farming. Contributions that are practical and pithy are solicited. The Editor is not responsible and does not always endorse the opinions as expressed by his contributors.

Subscribers desiring a change in address will please give the old as well as the new postoffice.

ADVERTISING RATES

Furnished on application. The value of THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN as an advertising medium is unquestioned. The character of the advertisements now in its columns, and the number of them, tell the whole story. Circulation considered, it is the cheapest Poultry journal in the United States to advertise in. Advertisements, to insure insertions in the issue of any month, should reach this office

Not later than the 25th of the month preceding.

BREEDERS' CARDS—Rate beginning with November, 1906, issue, 2 1/2 cents a word each month for one, two or three insertions, 2 cents a word each month for four or more insertions. A 25 word card will be run six months for \$2.50. Numbers and initials count as words. Please count the words correctly and avoid delay. We keep no books with this department and cash must invariably accompany the order.

THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN reserves the right to reject any advertisement for cause.

The fall season is now on and our breeders are showing their faith in THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN by the liberality of their advertising. Your special attention is called to the large number of new advertisers who appear in this issue. You will find them all progressive, reliable business people, who will be pleased to have your trade.

\* \* \* \*

In our clubbing subscription offers to be found elsewhere in this issue we are able to present to our readers the best values for the money that experience and combination can produce. The prices are cheaper than ever made before for high class literature. We are proud that we can offer nothing but the best, feeling assured that our readers will appreciate what they are getting. We have given a great deal of time and thought in perfecting this great combination, and we trust our readers will observe closely the instructions about ordering, as the requirements are very simple and give a great variety of publications to select from.

\* \* \* \*

In the yards of many of our breeders are birds whose photographs reproduced in THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN would add to the interest of the paper and also put the strong points of the birds before the public for our breeders. THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN stands ready and willing to give such photos insertion free upon receipt of the photos. A small charge will be made for making the cuts from the photos and the cuts after being used in THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN will be the property of the breeder. Both photo and cuts will be sent to the breeder. It is said that a good picture is the best ad. of anything, and that is especially

true of poultry. Here is your chance to get some of the best advertising free. Let us hear from you in time to get the photos in our December and subsequent issues.

\* \* \* \*

Never before have we been able to offer to our readers such a proposition as will be found on another page of this journal. The idea is a good one, is made in good faith, by a most excellent and thoroughly reliable insurance company, and is endorsed by the well known firm of publishers, Doubleday, Page & Co., of New York. The policy is for \$1,000, fully paid for one year, without any dues or assessments of any kind. It covers a wide range or risks and carries a \$5.00 a week benefit fund. The policy itself in any reliable accident insurance company is worth \$5. By a special arrangement we are allowed to offer a limited number of these policies, by way of advertising, absolutely free to subscribers to Farming and THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN. Read the proposition on another page and act promptly for such opportunities do not come every day.

\* \* \* \*

The distance that a prize fighter can reach and deliver a blow with full force is known in the sporting world as his "reach." Within that distance he can deliver a knockout blow and put his opponent out of the ring. This reach varies with men. In the newspaper world and in the poultry journal world more especially there is a "reach" to every journal. Some claim to reach all over the earth while others are modest enough to admit that their field is largely local. The local paper that covers a given territory well is better than a general one that does not cover any where in particular. THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN does not claim to cover every country thoroughly but she does claim and does cover the poultry industry in the central Southern States. Her special field embraces Kentucky, Virginia, the two Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida, and last, but not least, Tennessee. There may be other poultry publications that cover a small part of this territory as well or even better than she does, but in these states she reaches more people than any other two or three poultry publications combined. In that territory she will and can deliver your advertisement to the poultry folks. That is her reach. This territory she covers and covers thoroughly.

\* \* \* \*

East Tennessee is the center of the greatest thoroughbred as well as market poultry section of the South. From this section of Tennessee hundreds of car loads of poultry products go to the markets of the East each year. It is but natural that such a locality should support a poultry show of the very highest class. The East Tennessee Poultry show, which will be held at Knoxville, December 11 to 14, promises to eclipse anything of the kind ever held in the entire South. The indications already are that the number of entries will be very large and special preparations are being made to handle the birds in a satisfactory manner. That the class will be high-grade all who are acquainted with the poultry of this section know in advance. It will indeed be a closely contested show in all classes. The admittances last year were over five thousand, and the price of ten cents admission ought to increase the attendance. Again, the show is just before the holidays and this will bring many country friends and fanciers to town, so that a crowded show room all the time may be expected. Judges F. J. Marshal, of Atlanta, and Charles McClave, of Ohio, two of the leading judges of America, are a guarantee that the ribbons will be satisfactorily placed. Get your birds ready to send and come yourself.

The Tennessee State Fair at Nashville, October 8-10, was a good example of the wide-awakeness of Southern poultrymen, and also of their "gameness" when it comes to meeting a winning fellow poultryman, it matters not from where he hails. U. R. Fishel, of Hope, Ind., came down with a fine string of White Rocks and won a nice string of prizes; J. C. Fishel, of Hope, Ind., brought down a fine lot of White Wyandottes and also carried off the bulk of the prizes. Did the other exhibitors feel sore and look askant at the winning visitors? Not a bit of it. On the other hand, they freely acknowledged the merits of the winning birds and "got busy" to keep the winners among them. Some uninitiated thought the price was too high to pay \$200 and \$150 for a "rooster," but when the best is wanted, no price is too high. These prices also show that the poultry industry is far from dead in the good State of Tennessee, and Tennessee is a fair sample of the liveliness of thoroughbred poultry raising all over the South.

\* \* \* \*

In going around over the country, there is one thing that often impresses the student of poultry—folks who are breeding live stock on good farms keep only the best cattle, thoroughbred horses, big fine mules, pure bred hogs and sheep, but when it comes to chickens, just any crossed-up mongrel seems to suit them. Farmers are reading people, that is, the class we are describing, and should be lovers of the pure bred whether in live stock or poultry. Why is it that they do not have improved poultry as well as cattle, horses, hogs and sheep? Too frequently it is simply because the too often despised hen is not looked upon for her earning powers, and the idea that any old kind of chickens will do prevails. The fact that pure bred poultry will earn greater dividends has not been yet impressed upon them with sufficient force to cause them to get a move on them, as the slang goes, and put in only the best and largest profit-earning in poultry, which is the pure bred only. The scrubby, measly, unsightly hen and her brood of worse looking youngsters should go from every farm in the land. We certainly do hope they will be forever banished from the farm of every reader of THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN.

\* \* \* \*

Only two years ago the present editor of THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN made a trip to Birmingham and other Alabama points in the interest of this publication. At that time **then and Now.** this journal was comparatively in its infancy. While we met many who not only admitted that there was room, but actual need for a poultry journal, like THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN, yet many expressed a doubt about the success of the venture. Its circulation and prestige were not known or established. How different did the same people talk on a visit there during the past month, October! By every one THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN is recognized as the poultry authority of the entire South. All freely say she is a phenomenal success. Her circulation is admitted by all posted poultrymen to be the largest in this territory, the central South. The opinion was almost unanimous that she brings to the poultrymen more business than all other publications combined. That testimonial was freely given by men who are in the poultry business and who want business back for the money they spend on advertising. Such men have no object in making a misleading statement and their volunteer tributes to THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN's return-bringing power speaks how well the paper is esteemed by readers and advertisers alike. To learn that THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN is regarded by well informed poultrymen as the leading journal of the South, you have only to visit the leading Southern poultry shows and hear the men talk who are making poultry raising a success.

The show season is beginning and with it let us hope many new lovers of the beautiful as well as useful in poultry will be won. The poultry show is a great educator. It educates both exhibitors and visitors. The exhibitor frequently learns he does not yet possess "the world's best" or that he really has good birds when he has been a doubting Thomas of his own poultry production. The casual visitor to the show often goes away with the germ of "chicken fever" beginning to gnaw upon his faculties and in a few brief months is a regular crank, the kind of a crank the world needs more of. Let us hope the management of our winter shows will make the admission price so low that every one can afford to visit the show several times during its progress and thus add to the interest of both visitors and exhibitors. At some shows a special price of ten cents admission has been found to bring in more money and, of course, more visitors than the regular price of twenty-five cents. Many visitors means much advertising for the exhibitors and the advertising is what the majority of the exhibitors show their birds for. Nothing is so discouraging to the average poultry exhibitor as to be at a show and see only a small number of visitors attending the show. He usually goes away discouraged and feels the show has been a failure, and he generally feels about right about it too. Let more birds, more visitors, and more shows be the motto this season.

\* \* \* \*

The State and some county fairs this year have been afflicted with a class of poultry circuit makers known among poultrymen as "hucksters." These hucksters, as a general rule, buy largely the stuff that they carry around to shows, buying inferior birds in any condition of health. Their special delight is to get hold of old, almost obsolete breeds that nobody hardly is breeding these days of modern, progressive poultry culture. They will therefore have very little, if any, competition among the local poultrymen. Hence any old kind of a ragged, disgraceful-looking bird will take the first prize. These hucksters lay for inexperienced fair secretaries or those who want a big bunch of birds, no matter how the birds may look. What these fair circuit makers want is an "open list," that is all the breeds listed for prizes. If it is thought a little thing like requiring three or more competitors before prize money is paid will keep them out, a greater mistake was never made. Mr. Huckster simply gets a few other fellow showmen of the huckster kind to also enter at the same fair and this point is avoided. Hucksters usually carry their tough looking stock in trade in coops two deep and crowd them into such close, dark quarters that their stock, if it was presentable and of any value as exhibition stuff, would be lost so far as the visitors to the show goes. About the only person who gets a good view of the stuff is when it is brought to light for the judge to see if it is laid down in the Standard. Recently we saw three birds for "exhibition" crowded into a space fronting twelve inches to the visitor's alley. It was necessary to stand on tiptoe to see the top row of coops. Such exhibitions of mongrel-looking Standard varieties does injury to the breeding of pure bred poultry, because visitors get the impression that the stuff they are looking, or trying to look at, in the three-deck coops is worth raising and frequently buy a lot of it, paying good prices. The stuff they get is frequently diseased when they get it, always badly run down, dies off, or does not prove very thrifty, being inferior, owing to unhealthy condition, to the scrubs the buyer had of his own. Thus a fancier is spoiled in the making and the poultry business generally and professional poultrymen in particular are given a good cussing and pronounced frauds. The lists of our fairs should be so arranged that such exhibitors will be cut out or else must present their goods in showable condition.

## PROVIDING PROTEIN FOR POULTRY\*

**A**N abundant supply of protein in palatable form is necessary for satisfactory growth of poultry. The development of blood, flesh and feathers is very rapid in young birds, and these parts and organs are rich in nitrogenous matters. These can come only from the food of the young chick or duckling.

Under farm conditions these indefatigable little foragers will supplement their allotted grain ration with grasshoppers, flies, beetles, worms, slugs and other forms of animal life that are rich in protein, but in confinement, especially where the flocks are large, the young birds can not secure a sufficient amount of protein in the limited range of natural animal food that comes their way to balance up the carbohydrates of the grains. When shut up, also, the birds lack the vigorous exercise that might enable them to utilize large amounts of foods low in protein so that they could secure the needed quantity of this essential requirement for rapid and profitable growth.

The cereal grains, especially corn, are very starchy foods, and no combination of them will give a nutritive ration narrow enough to develop the young bird rapidly. Some supplement must be used. Seeds of the legumes, like peas, beans or cowpeas, are richer in protein, but, unfortunately, these foods are not well liked by poultry, and will not be eaten in any considerable quantity.

Those materials that are richest in nitrogen are the concentrated by-products, but these products are not in a way natural foods. They are refuse materials from slaughterhouses, from creameries or from oil mills, parts of grains from starch factories and glucose works, sprouted grains from distilleries and breweries, or other materials whose natural composition has been changed in some way. It is not safe to depend on the contents of protein and fat in estimating the food value of such materials for poultry as may usually be done in case of whole grains. Palatability, constipating or laxative effect, excess or deficiency of mineral matter are all factors that must be considered. The adaptability of such feeds can only be determined by actual trial.

The station has fed several of these by-products to poultry, and finds such marked differences in their effects that the results are well worth presentation.

In the test with ducklings three pens of from 25 to 30 birds were fed for nine weeks, starting when the ducklings were one week old. Three highly nitrogenous rations were fed, the basis of each being corn meal, green alfalfa and a mixture of four parts cream gluten meal, two parts each of pea meal and low-grade flour, and one part each of corn meal, wheat middlings and blood meal, with five ounces of salt for every 100 pounds of the mixture and with a liberal allowance of sand.

To this basal ration there was added about one-third the amount of the by-products to be tested: For Lot I "animal meal" and "meat meal," for Lot II blood meal and bone meal, and for Lot III "milk albumen" and bone meal.

Lot II made much slower growth than either of the other lots, I and III being about equal. The average gain for the birds in these lots in nine weeks was five and one-seventh pounds, for those of Lot II four and one-quarter pounds, but each lot ate almost exactly the same amount of dry matter for a pound of growth; that is, the ration for Lot II was of the same productive value as the other rations when eaten, but it appeared to be unpalatable, so that the ducklings would not eat it freely enough to make a rapid growth.

The ration containing the "milk albumen" was the most

satisfactory so far as the general appearance of the birds was concerned, as the plumage developed more rapidly and evenly under that ration than under "animal meal" and "meat meal," but the relatively high cost of the "milk albumen" made the ration less profitable to use.

In another test 40 to 50 chicks in each of four pens were fed for eight weeks. The by-products tested were: For Lot I "animal meal," for Lot II "milk albumen," for Lot II gluten meals, and for Lot IV gluten meals with ground bone to make up any deficiency in ash. The growth of the chicks was slow. Most of them were Leghorns. Lot I on "animal meal" and Lot II on "milk albumen" did fairly well, the increase being about equal for the two lots. The chicks of Lot III on gluten meals gained only one-third as much as those in Lots I and II, and those in Lot IV, with ground bone to supply the ash deficiency of the gluten meals, about two-thirds as much. The gluten meals appeared to be unpalatable; cream gluten meal less so than Chicago gluten meal. The use of anise and fenugreek to disguise or flavor the gluten meals resulted in but little better consumption of food. The "milk albumen" here, as with the ducklings, was palatable, being somewhat superior in this respect to the animal meal, and was the more healthful food, but its cost made the ration unprofitable.

It was observed in both of these tests, as in many other tests along different lines, that the unfavorable effect of a ration was most marked during the first few weeks of the bird's life. Differences tended to disappear as the chicks or ducklings became older.

It is essential that young poultry be fed rations made up of foods known to be palatable and healthful. Older birds can utilize to better advantage some more questionable materials.



A Typical Rhode Island Red Cock, as Bred by the DeGraff Poultry Farm, Amsterdam, N. Y.

\*This is a brief review of Bulletin 271 of the New York Agricultural Experiment Station on the adaptability of concentrated by-products for poultry feeding, by W. P. Wheeler.

## WHAT I FEED AND THE RESULTS

WRITTEN FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN BY R. E. TRAVIS

IN the last number of THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN you ask the "opinions" of breeders on "special breeds." At this writing, I prefer to give some experiences in the feed used in my yards with the Rhode Island Reds, White Rock and White Wyandotte. I speak with special reference to layers and yearlings, not of those birds requiring soft food in chickhood. First of all, I think, there should be green food in the yards, supplied by nature or some carefully selected daily and given the birds. In my yards are timothy, herds grass, orchard grass, clover, blue grass and the annual grasses. The feed is a ration, given but twice a day as I do, of cracked corn and whole wheat or whole oats and this mixed with either—sometimes whole corn, but not so often, unmixed with anything. In the yards, even now, October 6, is all the late fruit the birds can eat. During this season, with this plan of feeding, there has been scarcely a case of a seriously sick bird in the pens. There were two cases of serious ailment, I should say, when another party on the farm carried to the pens a sloppy mash and overfed the flock; for I am inclined to the belief that a full ration of mash food of any kind too wet is overfeeding. It seems to me that the study of the food question in a way that will bring the birds closest to nature is far better than compounds whose ingredients are not well known. The layers did their best and the yearlings matured rapidly. However, in feeding oats, as is my custom, I think it advisable to dampen them in the feed bucket before giving out on account of possible irritation from the spiculars on the points of the husks. I find that when the birds have eaten

grain—whole or chopped—they busy themselves plucking the grass or hunting insects; but never appear feverish or restless from the gnawing of an empty crop. The tender shoots of the fall growth of the bluegrass affords the birds much exercise in the winter. I do not think that artificial means, either in food or management, can endure very long in the strain of any breed of birds without injury. Such stock produced now will likely deplete and bring disappointment or injury to the purchaser. There must be no compromise in the foundation stock, but the only way to develop over the past and to improve the present is to stick close to the hidden laws of nature. My three breeds named take appetizingly to their treatment and cackle and crow like a hilarious set.

Hot house methods might give artificial results, but to gain even some desirable points by such methods with the bird emasculated, is to practically ruin the next man as your customer. With all that is desirable in plumage and build, the bird must be kept hardy, and this can only be done by finding out what it would live on if it were wild. There is absolutely nowhere to be found such grace and mould in fowls as we see in those that have the wide world for their domain and the seeds and fruits of nature for their stores. No touch of man can improve upon them. Domesticated, the most beautiful of them are as the fading picture to the original.

Plenty of fresh water, nature's food—if any one can find out what it is—cozy housing, with a master of judgment and kindness, will grow a flock of birds for eggs, the show room or the table—such as will be at the top and stay at the top.

## PEKIN DUCKS

HOW few farmers throughout our Southern States grow ducks for market in any quantity whatever. Yet, in no other branch of the whole poultry industry do we find such large profits coming so regularly and so sure. There is at all times a steady demand for well fattened young ducks on every market of the United States.

I tried Mobile last fall with some very inferior ones several months old, and weighing only 2½ pounds. But for them I received 24 cents a pound. Whew! this is paid for poor stuff? What could we get if we had first-class young ones?

The large white Pekin duck is bred almost exclusively for market, and is made to weigh five pounds when ten weeks old. The hatching season opens in November, but no considerable number of ducks are hatched until January. The season continues until July.

Ducks from one to three years old make the best breeders. They should weigh from eight to ten pounds and be free from blemishes in all parts. Also they should never have been stunted while young.

The drakes are the big half of the flock, and should be very vigorous. They should weigh at least eight pounds when not fat, but merely in good breeding condition. It is best to have ducks and drakes no kin to each other.

Breeding ducks do better when having water for bathing, but good results are obtained where only a supply for drinking can be had. Growing ducks want only a supply of clean fresh water at feeding time, making better growth when they have none for bathing.

The Pekin duck is a non-setter, so it is necessary that the eggs be incubated either under chicken hens or in incubators, an incubator to be preferred. The eggs should be washed before setting. During incubation they should be sprinkled with

lukewarm water (say 90 degrees F.) from the 10th to the 26th day.

The machine should be closed when the first eggs pip, and not be opened again until the hatch is well over. The young ducks then are removed to a brooder and get their first feed, consisting of one part hard boiled eggs, three parts stale bread crumbs. After feeding this the first three or four days, change to equal parts of corn meal and wheat bran mixed with boiled vegetables and a little beef scrap, gradually increasing the beef scrap. Feed five times daily.

Grit should always be mixed with the mash. Never feed till you have filled their drinking vessels with fresh water. They should be fed at regular times five times a day, at first feeding sparingly and at the end of the second week they should be getting all they will eat up clean in ten minutes.

When ten weeks old they should weigh five pounds each, and be fully feathered. They are then ready to kill. They are bled in the mouth, dry picked, allowed to thoroughly cool, and packed in barrels with broken ice, a large block usually being placed on the top. The barrels are headed with a sack, which is hooped on. It is preferable to ship them at night when possible.

The breeding stock should have for feed three parts wheat bran, one part ground oats, one part corn meal, five per cent beef scraps and five per cent grit (gravel), and all the green stuff they will eat. Feed twice daily.—*R. Norton Crane, Agricultural College, Mississippi.*

Grade your fowls before marketing. Don't try to sneak a few poor specimens in with a bunch of extra good ones in hopes of getting a good price for the culls. It works the other way; the culls pull down the price of the good ones.

## INDIAN RUNNER DUCKS

SOME six years ago Indian Runner Ducks were first known in the United States. From the reports then received from English breeders one would judge that the ideal duck had been found. Their original home was in India, but are now most extensively grown in England. These birds are very quick motioned and it is possible for them to move very rapidly, being very strong in legs, well set back, with erect carriage. There is no suggestion of the awkward waddle of the common duck. Hence their name, Indian Runner.

In color they are fawn and white. The head is fawn and white adorned with a cap, and cheek markings of fawn. Neck perfectly white. Breast, back and body light fawn or gray. Wings pure white. Legs and toes a deep bright yellow. Head is long and flat, eyes set high in the head. Neck long and thin. Body is long, narrow and racy looking, without the slightest indication of keel. They are very erect and alert in every motion.

Their peculiar markings and racy appearance make them very attractive, and to see them is to admire them. But what is best of all is their egg producing qualities, easily surpassing anything yet produced. This is a broad statement, but we are sure we are not making a statement that can not be verified.

English breeders claim their flocks lay 220 eggs per year; 180 to 190 eggs per duck, however, was the average of our flocks the past season. This is a most phenomenal record and is not equaled by that of any other fowl that wears feathers.

Indian Runners mature very rapidly, reaching four pounds in about twelve weeks. The Standard weight for mature drake is  $4\frac{1}{2}$  pounds; for mature duck, 4 pounds. Their small size when first introduced into this country was much against them, but this, by careful selection, has been almost entirely removed. We have many runners weighing 6 to 7 pounds.

We find them easy keepers. Our flock consumes one-half less food than Pekins would under similar conditions, the Runners laying continuously while the Pekins do not. By actual test last season we found that it required no more food for a flock of runners than for a flock of the same number of Buff Orpingtons for best laying results.

We have tried them in both large and small flocks, but observe no apparent difference in the egg yield or fertility of eggs. In mating we use eight ducks to one drake.

Runners care little for a large swimming pool, but they are great foragers and find no small part of their food over their range in the form of grubs and worms, which they delight in hunting among the grass and weeds. While they do best when given range, they can be quite successfully handled in limited quarters, a two-foot fence being sufficient to enclose them.

The Indian Runners are particularly adapted to the market poultryman's needs, as their wonderful laying qualities insure a constant supply of eggs the year round, except four to six weeks in fall and during moulting season. Eggs are large and pure white.

The quality of their flesh is superior to that of the Pekins. It is of a deep yellow, fine grained and palatable, much more firm in texture than the Pekin, and remains tender until the birds are almost a year old.

Indian Runners are a fowl of beauty, very docile, light eaters, non-setters, money-bringers.

### JUDGING RUNNERS.

Weight is generally found. It means as with most ducks 25 per cent of the whole. Typical carriage counts ten and is the most important part of the breed. If I made the require-

ments for Runners I would call Typical Carriage to be worth 25 points. The Carriage makes the Runner, cut heavy for that reason for defects in same. Cut the full ten points if bird is low. The German disqualify for horizontal carriage. Let body, back, breast, all conform to the general racy outline. If the body indicates plumpness and back is broad, you must cut for it. Runners are not supposed to be heavy meat carriers. Always give the light fawn color the preference, other things being equal. Bird with best head markings should win over bird with better body, back or breast markings.

It is allowed to have drakes with darker head markings than the light fawn, the darkest brown is permissible. Body color of drake may be lighter than the color of the duck.

Uniformity of color, evenly distributed counts for a good deal. High skull should be cut five points. Bill and head should form a straight line or top if viewed sidewise. All flight feathers should be white.—C. S. Byers, Hazelrigg, Ind.

## THE WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK

Written for the Industrious Hen by Plummer McCullough

ODAY we have many so-called general purpose fowls, and all of them have more or less good qualities, but the grand old White Plymouth Rocks are to me the best general purpose fowl I ever tried. I don't go so far as some people and say they are the "only" or "best" variety, for just saying so does not make them the best. But I do say they are the best fowl I ever tried. Of course I have not tried them all but I believe the White Plymouth Rocks will compare with the best of them. As a market fowl they are equal to the best. For the farmer they are just the fowl, being a "real" general purpose fowl. A farmer usually wants a fowl that will lay lots of eggs and at the same time bring a good price when sold for market. This is what he has in White Plymouth Rocks, and much more. They being of a solid color makes it easier to breed a uniform flock than with a parti-colored variety. They dress very nice and owing to their white plumage they do not show dark pin feathers when dressed for market, as do nearly all parti-colored varieties. Having yellow legs and skin, they are the fowl that American people want and are therefore very easily sold. When dressed they look very plump and are a fine looking fowl. As layers they are equal to the best. When I bred Buffs and Barded and Leghorns, etc., my White Rocks layed a trifle better than any of the rest. Some one will say my other varieties were a poor laying strain; but they were not. They were the "world's best" strains and were, and are yet, bred more than all other strains combined. Most every one who keeps White Rocks alongside of Barreds claims that the Whites outlayed the Barreds. For the city fancier they are certainly what he needs, as they stand confinement remarkably well and do nearly as well in confinement (if properly cared for) as when on the range. As a fancier's fowl they lead. No variety brings better prices, and few if any as good. Single birds have sold as high as \$800, and \$1,000 was refused for a first prize cock. If you breed White Rocks stick to them and they will stick to you. If you don't breed them give them a trial and be convinced of their good qualities as I have been.

Hens are less inclined to exercise in cold weather, and if nothing is done to prevent it they will cuddle together in the poultry house. To lay eggs a hen must have plenty of exercise and a supply of straw and chaff scattered over the poultry house floor will keep them busy.

## COLDS, BRONCHITIS AND ROUP

**N**OVEMBER winds and cold rains usually bring the first colds, and bronchitis, of the season, and if neglected the much dreaded roup will follow. All stock should be carefully housed in October or early November in anticipation of the coming cold weather, and the drafts and cracks that will cause colds closed up. Next to a draft, a damp house or roosting place is the most prolific cause of colds in fowls. Look after the dryness and ventilation of your roosting quarters also.

A plain cold can be told by the fowls having a watery discharge at the nostrils and eyes and the birds throwing their heads and sneezing. A plain cold is easily told from the roup by absence of a cheesy substance in the throat and nostrils of the birds. This cheesy mass always accompanies roup. The head will frequently swell with a cold, but the swelling is more marked in roup. A common remedy for colds is to apply kerosene oil to the heads of the worse afflicted birds. A slight film of kerosene oil on the drinking water will often cure mild colds in a few days.

Bronchitis is the cold extended to the bronchial tubes and the fowls make a rattling noise when breathing. This disease continues for weeks in some cases. Treat like a severe cold with kerosene oil, pouring the oil well down the nostrils and throat.

In cases of colds, roup, and bronchitis, it is well to keep the birds out of the cold rains or snow.

In roup there is a decided swelling of the head, cheesy formation in the throat and mouth, watery discharge from the eyes and frequently they are swollen shut. The symptoms of a cold are present. Roup is very contagious and will likely run the entire flock unless the sick birds are removed as soon as discovered. The entire premises should be disinfected carefully every week until the contagion abates. Roup is also very fatal, a large percentage of the afflicted birds dying, and those that recover are generally subject to a renewal of the roup or a severe cold on return of unfavorable weather conditions. Roup is very hard to cure and only in case of valuable birds is there use of doctoring. Even then if you save the bird you are frequently carrying over trouble when the bird gets sick again and spreads the roup among the well fowls. It is also claimed that the roup fowls do not throw good, strong, vigorous chicks. About the best treatment for roup is kerosene oil mixed with a good disinfectant and poured down the nostrils and throat by means of a small sewing machine oil can. This treatment may be used every four hours in bad cases. Give the fowls a tonic of tincture of iron. A few drops of brandy is also well where the birds are weakened down.

In all cases of colds, bronchitis, or roup, the food given the fowls should be nourishing and easily digested. Equal parts corn meal and wheat shorts with a pinch of salt and pepper for seasoning mixed up with sweet or buttermilk is good. Any kind of bread softened with milk is also a good sick food. Feed fresh meat, a small bit to each fowl, every other day, if the bowels are not too loose. If the sick birds are troubled with loose bowels, cook the meat and feed less of it.

November brings us to winter's edge. In another month it will be much colder and our flocks will want to be properly housed and given the right kind of feed in order that they will lay eggs when eggs are at a premium. In order to get the best results from our flocks there are several things that we must do if we expect them to fulfill their part of the contract. We must provide plenty of scratching material—straw

or leaves—although I have found that leaves do not hold up very long and make a very fine dust after being in the houses a few days. Corn stocks run through a cutter make an excellent scratching material. Rye straw is very tough and will last about twice as long as either wheat or oat straw. Last winter I ran short of straw and used meadow hay. I found this very good, being of a wiry nature and not easily broken up.

Now is a good time to begin the reformation if you have been careless with your fowls. Before corn picking begins is the time for odd jobs to be done by the men folks on the farm. Induce them to make the thorough cleaning of the chicken house one of these jobs. Better ask them to help you instead of leaving the work entirely in their charge. It is well for the housewife to make suggestions as to the thoroughness of the job. A good cleaning now and clean fowls put into the clean house means much less work and healthier, more profitable fowls this winter.

It is a too common practice, where one is keeping a flock of poultry and the profit is such as to greatly encourage him, to branch out suddenly by increasing the flock to about double its former capacity. The lack of judgment in not increasing in proper proportion the essentials that have been the cause of the former flock's success is where the first serious mistake and loss occurs. The sooner every one recognizes that poultry raising as a business must be conducted on just the same proper business principles that brings success in all other occupations the better.

Another season has arrived, bringing its work with it, and much of it is work that can not be neglected. A little inattention now, perhaps in some seemingly unimportant detail, may be the cause of serious trouble later. The early hatched chicks are now nearly or quite as large as the adult birds, and require as much room, especially at night. Do not allow them to crowd into some small coop, where they sleep packed like sardines unless you are breeding for wry tails and crooked backs.

Few people realize that the farmer's hen is a close competitor with wheat for supremacy in the products of the farm. The annual report of the Department of Agriculture shows that the total value of poultry products in the United States during the last fiscal year was \$500,000,000. That is an enormous sum and it should not be forgotten that the bulk of the credit for such a grand showing is due to the farmers' wives.

Those who keep late pullets with the expectation that they will begin to lay in winter will, as a rule, be disappointed. Such pullets seldom lay until the warm weather of spring begins. Birds do not lay in winter in their natural state and barnyard fowls are no exception to the rule, as they must receive assistance in the way of food and warm shelter.

If the farmer will take time to replace the window panes that have been broken, apply a fresh coat of whitewash to the interior of the poultry house, sprinkle gravel on the floor and lay in a few barrels of dust for the fowls to roll in, it is safe to say that his wife will attend to the lighter work.

The raising of poultry requires a great deal of hard work and the farmer who neglects it will find his profits considerably smaller at the end of the year than his neighbor who gave his fowls the care they required.

## THE DRY FEEDING METHOD



THE beginner with poultry will probably assent when I say that to find out how to feed chicks in order to grow good layers, or to feed hens for eggs, by reading several poultry journals, is a task that produces mental confusion and leads to no uniform conclusion, says Dr. H. P. Nottage, writing in *Commercial Poultry*. He continues: But those who have followed the trend will recognize that we are approaching uniformity in opinions. I have vivid recollections of the time when I studied all the poultry papers I could get to see if there was any agreement on the subject of feeding chicks. I determined to produce if possible some agreement among poultrymen, and so bent my energies to evolve what could be called a universal method of feeding.

Noticing that chicks by nature would eat continuously from morning until night, the first step seemed to be to let them follow their own inclinations. But that was a rank heresy, because everyone said, "feed them five or six times a day." What an enormous amount of labor when one has a thousand or two thousand chickens! About all one's time would be spent in feeding those chicks. Again we are told to cook Johnny-cake, to mix and cook mash, to chop up boiled eggs, to mix this and boil that. With a thousand chicks on hand, how much time would be left during the day to look after the laying stock, to gather the eggs, to clean the houses and the brooders, to fill and trim lamps, turn the eggs and set new hatches? What an enormous amount of labor for the comparatively small profits that poultry brings to any one individual!

Am I the slave of these chicks or are they working for me? To solve this question I took my chicks that were on free range or in big grass runs, placed the grains that I would mix in a mash, together with the whole and cracked grains that we feed to chicks in self-feeding hoppers, provided unlimited access to dried beef scraps and let them "go it." What was the result? Well, instead of feeding five or six times a day, I filled my hoppers about twice a week; kept water cans filled and brooders and coops clean and had plenty of time to sit under the shade of the century-old elms in my yard and ruminate on the tendency of us all to get into ruts, and the useless labor caused thereby. And while I was ruminating, my pullet laid an egg, then another. I looked at the *Old Farmer's Almanac* and lo, it was five and one-half months since that ball of down gathered its first meal from a feed box.

### WHAT IS DRY FEEDING?

I ask that question because some have said it is feeding all grains from a hopper. Now that is only half a truth. If I were living in a country where there was grass the year through, and where my stock was on free range, I would feed everything from hoppers; but those who live in cold climates where the grass is hidden six months of the year will find that they must modify their feeding so as to have both a summer and a winter method. In the winter it is best to provide litter and feed one feed a day at least in the litter, and at the same time to keep part of the food before the fowls all the time in hoppers. In this way exercise is provided, and the hen who is doing her duty by the egg record will find plenty to eat when she comes off the nest, where she was when you fed in the litter and the other hens scratched it all out. So it is best to say that dry feeding is the feeding of all grains and meat foods dry. I have said nothing about green food, for that must be supplied whatever system you use. Some feed

cut clover in the dry state, letting the fowls have access to it at all times. Others freshen it with water, letting it stand a while and pouring off the water. Some take bundles of clover hay, wrap them in a square of poultry netting, tack them to the wall and let the hens pull out the leaves. Others having abundance of clover hay, put a forkful into a pen once a day, let the hens eat off the leaves and the stalks remain for litter. Whatever you feed, do not forget the green stuff.

### ADVANTAGES.

Although the feeding of dry grains to fowls is not new, there are methods of feeding that may be fairly called new. The following are believed to be some of the results that follow dry feeding:

**Saving of Labor.**—It cuts the labor at least one-half as long as grass is on the ground, and greatly reduces it in the winter. It is just "no trouble at all" to raise chicks by the hopper method.

**Larger Fowls.**—The growth of chicks is rapid on free range with dry feeding one and one-half to two pounds in seven to eight weeks. This means quick maturity; so that in cold climates the bird is well matured before cold weather sets in and receives no check to growth by the beginning of winter. This presupposes a good system of brooding, of course. Years of such treatment results in large, healthy birds, provided they are not coddled or housed improperly. The Wyandotte, for example is a medium sized bird. A poultry editor who saw my birds in December, and to whom no remark was made regarding size, exclaimed when I opened the doors of my pullet house, "My! What big, vigorous birds; they are as big as hens."

**Larger Eggs.**—As my experiments have been confined to White Wyandottes, I will say that the well known poultry judge, I. K. Felch, said that the average weight of the Wyandotte egg is twenty-two and one-half ounces to the dozen. A mixed dozen of my pullet and hens eggs will weigh 28 ounces to the dozen. I received a letter from a man who had dry fed his stock for 30 years with one or two interruptions, and he said that when he left off dry feeding the eggs got smaller in a year or two.

**A More Steady Output of Eggs.**—Many are reporting that they never had so many eggs since leaving off the mash and changing to hopper feeding. I have never yet heard of its reducing the number of eggs, only as any change of method will do it for a week or two if adopted suddenly. The main point is that there is continuous growth from the time the chicks break the shell. They come to a quick maturity, are well feathered and ready for business when the cold days of winter begin. They commence to lay early and keep it up, just because they feed good, are healthy and must lay. The egg is the surplus product after the hen becomes well nourished. She must put on enough fat and be in prime condition before she lays. Dry feeding seems to produce continuous laying until the broody period. As to whether it will make a hen lay any more eggs in a year than mash feeding, no one individual is capable of determining by a few experiments, for it is only by rigid experiment station methods over a term of years that this point can be scientifically determined. I have used from the first that experiment stations take this up and prove my results, and am gratified to see that several are working along these lines, notably those at Logan, Utah, and Orono, Me.

### AS TO METHODS.

If you do not care to adopt any particular method of dry feeding, you will find it far safer to blaze your own trail with



dry feeding than with mash feeding. Your mortality will be less. I said nothing about this under the heading of "Advantages," because I wanted to put it right here where you begin the trail. You can take your chicks just out of the machine, place dried beef scraps and small cracked grains before them and let them have all they want all the time, and your mortality will not be so high as with the mash feeding, other things being equal.

If I have accomplished no other thing by constant writing on dry feeding than the reduction of the mortality bill, I ought certainly to feel well paid. No need to wait until several days before the first meal and then place a wet mash before chicks and permit them to gorge themselves and then struggle with undigested yolk and fermentation germs in their little insides. Again, leave something to the natural instinct of a chick. If he does not want to eat, you can't make him, and if he begins to eat as hunger comes on, he will eat gradually as hunger increases, and never overeat, provided the dry grains are before him all the time, together with beef scraps. Right here it may be well to say a word on

#### BEEF SCRAPS.

We should all be working toward uniformity in this product. I have had samples of scraps sent me from all over the country, and am impressed with the fact that they vary in color, consistency, coarseness and quality. Some samples I would not dare to feed to hens, much less to newly hatched chicks. So in dry feeding it is necessary to be sure of your meat food, for it is a cardinal principle with me to keep it before them all the time. We may roughly judge scraps in this way: Reject all scraps that are the color and shape of rat droppings, that look as if made of blood and refuse that had been passed through a perforated plate and dried. Every one sending me samples of such scraps reports diarrhoea and other trouble. Sometimes the hens are sensible enough not to eat them. Scraps should be granular, with visible pieces of bone and fibre, of a dark brown or golden color. If there is a large proportion of bone they will assay only about 35 per cent protein. If the scraps are good they can be put before chicks just from the machine. If you wait several days and then put the scraps before them, they may overeat at first.

Fertility.—When dry feeding began to be extensively employed we used to have the question asked frequently if it had any effect on the fertility? I have never seen it lower fertility, but have had reports of high fertility where it had been used. My own flock of White Wyandottes have averaged above 80 per cent for years. Some one has suggested that the increase of fertility by dry feeding may be due to the fact that the male bird eats more when the food is fed in hoppers, and does not feel called upon to hunt so much for the hens. Being better nourished and hence in prime condition the fertility is helped thereby. This is a point that ought to be worked out at some experiment station. It looks as if there were "something in it." At all events, you need fear no lowering of fertility by adopting dry feeding.

Changing Methods.—Any sudden change of method is not good for egg production. If you have a flock of laying fowls and want to change to hopper feeding, don't do it suddenly. The hens may get into bad habits, such as getting their fill and going to roost, or loafing around doing nothing. Commence by a more generous feeding in the litter each day until you notice at night that there is some feed left in the litter. You may then, while keeping on feeding in litter, fill the feed box, reducing the amount of feeding in litter until in the winter you feed only once a day in that manner. Instead of putting corn in the feed box at this time, try oats. They are not so fond of oats as corn and will not be so liable to overeat. After they are used to the oats, you can then add other feed. Perhaps the safest way is to begin with a dry mash containing mostly brain with a little middlings. They will not eat much of it at first, as it is so dry and has no corn meal in it.

Later on you can add corn meal and make up a mixture for laying fowls. It is not my custom to put meat in the mash. I prefer to let them have access to scraps all the time and eat as much or little as they want. In this way no hen that is ailing is obliged to load up her digestive organs with meat. Of course the best way is to begin dry feeding with little chicks and never let the feed box get empty. They will then never eat too much, but be in prime condition all the time.

Applicable to All Breeds.—While my experiments have been confined to my own flock of White Wyandottes, I am getting hundreds of letters a month from poultrymen all over this country and from abroad. They all report good results with whatever breeds. We may find that hopper feeding may not be so suitable to Leghorn chicks in winter brooding houses as to other breeds, but this point has not yet been determined satisfactorily. All chicks that are confined in winter should have feed in litter, and it remains to decide how much of the feeding can be done in hoppers. There is no question at all about any breed of chicks that can get out on grass, for there the hopper method gives most brilliant results. To show how easily we may come to a conclusion that further experience may show to be false, I will mention one instance.

A prominent breeder wrote that his Leghorn chicks last spring in a winter brooding house, before they could get out on ground, were not doing well with feed in hoppers. They were feathering out too rapidly. Wings drooped, and they went off their legs. It happened that I at that time had a new experience. I put some White Wyandotte chicks into my brooding house that is provided only with individual brooders and no artificial heat beyond this. We had been enjoying a mild winter and it looked as if we were to have an early spring. This was the last week in February. The very day I put them in the house there came a cold snap that burst water pipes and lasted for days. The coldest weather of winter followed and the rest of the season until spring opened was cold. The temperature in the brooding house was down to 22 degrees in the morning. I had no difficulty in getting all the heat I wanted under my open hovers, but the house was so cold that the chicks kept close to the brooder all the time. The result was that that brood of chicks feathered out as if they expected winter instead of spring. Many of them went off their legs, and I ultimately put the whole bunch to the block, for I would not keep them for breeders. Here was exactly the same result reported by my friend. He laid it to hopper feeding and concluded that it was not good for Leghorn chicks in winter condition. Now without changing my method one iota, I went right on with the next brood just the same. The weather by this time was warmer, and the chicks did finely as they always have done, barring the instance just named.

We may conclude, therefore after reading the combined experiences of hundreds of poultrymen, that in dry feeding and in hopper feeding we have a safe and sane principle to follow in the raising of chicks and the handling of laying stock—that it is the safest way for the beginner. The expert can get good results in ways that would not be safe for a beginner to follow. We have in dry feeding a labor-saver, time-saver and money-saver, a path that a man though he be a fool need not err therein. Let us then work for uniformity in the feeding of poultry and hail the day that emancipates us from some of the drudgery.

When the poultry breeder becomes successful with one breed it's time enough to turn attention to another. Even before such a move is made he must consider the importance of increasing every one of the essentials so that the two breeds can enjoy about twice the range, a proportionate increase of food and house accommodations. Neglecting these increased facilities is the point where many ambitious poultry raisers become wrecked.

## SOME RHODE ISLAND RED HISTORY



We are indebted to Thos. F. Rigg, of the *American Poultry Journal*, for the following facts relating to the interesting subject of Rhode Island Reds: There seems to be no halt in the onward march of the Rhode Island Reds. As a fancier's fowl they are becoming more popular every day, while the market poultrymen and egg-producing farmers are eagerly seeking the breed. The income of the Rhode Island Red has been one of the few spectacular performances in the poultry world. It has been exceedingly interesting, and during the past few years everything has given way before the Red wave.

It is but a few years ago that this fowl, without name, was unheeded by fanciers. It was doing service upon the farms of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, yielding the best market poultry and supplying an abundance of eggs. Type and breed characteristics were unestablished, yet withal it was an attractive fowl.

During 1896-7 fanciers in Rhode Island and Massachusetts determined to take up this splendid market fowl and wonderful egg producer and to establish for it a breed character. In the case of the Rhode Island Red those who claim that the American fanciers look only to feather markings and ignore utility in this fowl must note an exception. It was the remarkable utility qualities of the Reds which first attracted the attention of the fanciers.

A few lovers of the Reds held a meeting in the Coffee Tavern, in Fall River, Mass., in February, 1898. At this meeting the Rhode Island Red Club was organized, officers being elected as follows: President, Daniel P. Shove; vice-presidents, Wm. P. Shepard and Thos. Roe; secretary-treasurer, John Crowther. These officers were voted "power to act" in promoting the interests of the breed.

On December 10, 1898, at Fall River, Mass., a meeting of "all interested Rhode Island Red breeders" was held and a standard for Reds formulated. Those who took a leading part in this proceeding were Dr. N. B. Aldrich, John Crowther, J. W. Frelove, V. L. Stafford, Daniel P. Shove, F. W. Cochran. At this meeting the original officers were re-elected. The standard adopted at that time proved to be an excellent working guide to breeders until the Boston meeting of 1901, when a more formal description and a more detailed statement of the points of excellence of the breed were decided upon. In the meantime the membership had grown to upwards of fifty. Included in the list were breeders from about a dozen states. The election of officers at this meeting resulted in the choice of Hon. Charles M. Bryant, of Quincy, Mass., as president; William P. Shepard, of South Swansea; R. V. Brown, of Natick, R. I., and E. A. Robbins, of Nashua, N. H., as vice-presidents; John Crowther, secretary-treasurer; with an executive committee comprising, besides Messrs. Bryant, Shepard and Crowther, ex-officio. Vernon L. Stafford, Fall River; D. P. Shove, Somerset; Dr. J. Fred Watson, Nashua, N. H., and P. R. Park, Methuen, Mass. Honorarv vice-presidents were designated as follows: Maine, I. F. Clark; New Hampshire, Luther Robbins; Vermont, Sanford Daniels; Massachusetts, C. A. Sanborn; Rhode Island, Samuel Cushman; Connecticut, R. C. Tuttle; New York, Chas. Smith; Illinois, E. L. C. Morse; Missouri, R. F. Smith; Canada, W. R. Walters. It was decided to copyright the Club Standard. At that time the club numbered 102; today the membership is nearly 1,200.

During the years 1901-2-3 the club members made large exhibits of these fowls at the Boston and New York shows, and at the smaller exhibitions throughout New England. No breeds applying for admission to the American Standard of

Perfection met the opposition which was directed against the Rhode Island Reds. They were decried most loudly and vigorously by a great many fanciers. They were but mongrels picked up here and there from the farm yards of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, said their traducers. They possessed no beauty, and it was ridiculous for their promoters to offer them to the Standard as a distinct breed! There was no established blood in their veins! All this, and much more, said the self-appointed guardians of the Standard of Perfection. The editor of a leading poultry journal, whose columns now teem with Rhode Island Red advertisements, referring to the exhibition of these fowls at the New York (Madison Square Garden) show 1902, described them as a "motley lot, of all colors," and advised their friends to speedily withdraw them from an offended public gaze.

And why, we may well ask, has this once denounced, ridiculed and much abused fowl become one of America's most popular and prominent breeds? It is, first, because it is worthy of the place. This thing of the Rhode Island Red coming into its own is another illustration of the truth of the saying that "truth crushed to earth will rise again." But this is not all. The Rhode Island Red would not have reached the high place it holds today, would still be in the humble place we found it a few years ago, had it not been championed by men who firmly believed in it—men who possessed the ability, the courage and that determination which balks not at opposition. There was indeed a task before which most of men would have quailed. But C. M. Bryant, Dr. N. B. Aldrich, D. P. Shove, Lester Tompkins, Phillip Caswell, John Crowthers, R. C. Tuttle, F. D. Bareman and their co-workers did not turn from a practically united opposition. They knew the merits of the fowls they were supporting. They realized, as well as did the critics of the breed, that their fowls were crude and unfinished so far as color markings were concerned. They proceeded, undaunted, to establish the desired color markings. This done the battle was nearly won, for shape was firmly and satisfactorily established long before. Next they fixed the beautiful red color markings. The great merit of the fowl, its desirable shape and beautiful color markings—the deep rich red—at once won the approval and love of American fanciers and breeders. It was a battle royal, and merit finally won, as it always does in the end.

Today the Rhode Island Red Club is the largest specialty club in America, numbering among its membership prominent fanciers in every state and territory in the Union. The Rhode Island Red is today extensively bred in not only the United States but in Europe, and several other foreign countries. It is everywhere recognized as one of the most useful and beautiful of Standard-bred fowls. As an exhibition fowl it has taken rank with the Wyandottes and Plymouth Rocks. At the show held at Cincinnati, 1906, in connection with the American Poultry Association annual meeting more than 426 Reds were shown. The writer had the pleasure of placing the awards in this interesting and attractive class, in which the leading Red breeders of America were competing, and we wish to say that the winning birds there were marvels of beauty.

The Single Comb Reds were admitted to the Standard in 1904.

At the Minneapolis meeting of the American Poultry Association, 1905, the Rose Combs were admitted as American Reds. This action was bitterly denounced by the breeders of Reds generally, and the 1906 meeting of the association rescinded the action and the Rose Combs were admitted as Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds.

See illustrated article on Rhode Island Reds in December issue.

# THE WORLD'S RECORD BY THE WORLD'S BEST

At the great Nashville (Tenn.) State Fair, Oct. 8 to 13, 1906, in competition with 253 White Wyandottes, representing seven states and considered by all to be the greatest show ever brought out in the South, our

## WORLD'S BEST WHITE WYANDOTTES

Won 1st, 3rd Cocks; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, Hen; 1st, 2nd, Cockerel; 1st, 3rd Pullet; 1st, 2nd Pen.

A record never equaled by any White Wyandotte breeder East, West, North or South.

Number and quality of competition considered.

We will show no more this season and our prize string of winners are for sale.

Also 1,500 of the choicest early hatched show birds we ever own. Send two 2c stamps for Catalog and price list. own. Send two 2c stamps for Catalog and price list.

J. C. FISHEL & SON, - 24 Jackson Street, Hope, Ind.

## WHITE WYANDOTTES

My first pen is headed by that wonderful bird \$50 second prize cockerel at the Tennessee State Fair. He is mated to 93 to 94 point hens under Judge F. J. Marshall. Eggs from this grand pen \$5 per 15 in season. My second pen is headed by a 93 point cockerel mated to pullets from pen of the 1st hen at Nashville and are a strictly high-scoring lot of pullets. Eggs \$3 per 15. I have two other good pens from which I offer eggs at \$2 per 15.

**High Grade Young Stock Now.** Choice cockerels of best breeding and magnificent young pullets at reasonable prices. Write now.

MRS. W. R. LUKE, R. F. D. No. 5, NASHVILLE, TENN.



## Brown and White Leghorns

The kind that Lays & the kind that Wins wherever shown. I have over 300 Choice Birds now ready for sale. Eggs \$1, \$2 and \$3 per setting. :: :: :: Write or phone your wants to

Hoyt V. Drewry, Route 4, Greenfield, Tenn.

## Columbian Wyandottes



### The Coming Utility Fowl

Combining the beauty of the Light Brahma with the Wyandotte shapes, thus deriving their wonderful qualities from two of America's leading breeds.

My strain is sired by the first cockerel at St. Louis. Will breed true, produce large brown eggs and plenty of them. A few pairs of high bred stock for sale, and eggs in season.

First Prize Cockerel, Knoxville, also First Pullet.

FRED L. BEYMER, Knoxville, Tennessee

## THE HOSPITAL

### Cure for Roup

A good remedy for roup that I have used with success for a number of years is as follows: Put 15 to 18 drops of carboic acid in pail of drinking water. This for every day prevention. For swabbing throat use two or three drops of acid in teacupful of water. Swab with feather.—A. B. Henry.

### Curing Colds

Each fowl showing evidence of cold or congestion is shut up in a small coop and given two grains of calomel at night, followed by a one grain quinine pill night and morning for two or three days. If there is any discharge from nostrils, a few drops of camphorated oil are injected into each nostril. If any improvement is manifest in two or three days they are removed to a small room and a solution of copperas added to the drinking water. They are kept here for a week or two, or until they show a complete recovery. If, on the other hand, after two or three days observation and treatment no improvement is manifested, the bird is killed and buried.—*American Agriculturist.*

### Scaly Leg

Scaly leg is a filth disease, if it can be called a disease, it being caused by a tiny "mite" which burrows under the scales of the legs and toes; it lives and breeds there. The remedy is very simple and easy. It is only necessary to grease the legs with any kind of grease. An ointment of a third kerosene oil and two-thirds lard is easily applied, and if well rubbed on (and in) half a dozen times, a couple of days apart, should kill the mites and the scales will come off. Don't pull off the scales that have become large; that will hurt the birds, something as pulling off your finger nails would hurt you. The grease remedy is so easy, and the prevention of the trouble by simple cleanliness is so easy, there is no sort of excuse for scaly leg; it is simply and purely "neglect."—*Exchange.*

Wilber's world's best White Leghorns. Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn.

Gather up the charcoal from that old brush pile and throw it into the poultry yard or into the scratching shed.

Awarded Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn., at the recent great Charleston, Birmingham and Nashville shows, first or first tie hens and pullets.

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**EXCELSIOR  
INCUBATOR**

or WOODEN HEN



Economical and perfect hatching. Absolutely reliable and self-regulating. Thousands in use to-day.  
GEO. H. STAHL, Quincy, Ill.

Send for free Catalogue.

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**Cockerel Mating Only**

want the best. Every bird shipped on approval. Write me your wants and send for real photographs of my Cockerels.

Do you want that Zebra striping in a Barred Rock Cockerel? I have the best lot this year that I have ever produced. Cockerel bred females at reasonable prices for quality. Buy from a breeder who breeds for Cockerels only if you

**DEWITT LANIER**

Barred Rock Specialist, Box D, Cardwell, Mo.

**WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS**

(EXCLUSIVELY)

*Farm Raised, vigorous birds from the best parent stock obtainable*

I have some choice **B. P. Rocks**, breeders and young stock, at prices that will move them. These birds must go.

I shall only breed the Whites in the future.

**D. P. Walker**

Route 1

Sweetwater, Tenn.

**Develop The Laying Pullets**

You can do much to help out heavy winter laying. It's feed and care from first to last—mostly feed. Begin with feed and begin now. Give them the egg laying habit—fix them so they can't help but lay by supplying them with the needed protein.

**DARLING'S BEEF SCRAPS**  
ARE 60% PROTEIN

and only 12% fat. A perfect substitute for the bugs and worms of summer. Guaranteed fresh and sweet. You get the farthest reaching feed for egg making you can possibly supply to your hens.

Shipped from Chicago or New York. Price \$2.50 per 100 lb. bag, f. o. b. either place. Cash with order. Get the Catalogue. It's free and it's full of good things for poultrymen. Special foods and supplies for special results. Address nearest office.

**DARLING & COMPANY, Box 41 Union Stock Yards Chicago. Box 41 Long Island City, New York.**

**THE GAINES WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS**

**BRED TO WIN—AND DO IT**

You would probably buy the Gaines White Rocks if you could take them in your hand and see their immaculate white plumage, their unusual beauty, style and vigor.

**ONLY 50 BEAUTIFUL COCKERELS LEFT FOR SALE.**

10 of them sons of Bob and Alice White. No more Females for sale this year.

Send for **FREE** Circular, which gives a list of my winnings.

If birds I ship do not please you, return them **AT ONCE. YOUR MONEY BACK** and I stand express charges **BOTH WAYS.**

**E. H. Gaines, Prop'tr, GAINES' POULTRY YARDS, Gaffney, S. C.**

**SANDY RUN POULTRY YARDS**

**W. D. HARRILL & CO., Props. - - - Ellenboro, N. C.**

Breeders of Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Black Minorcas, Buff and Barred Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds, Part-ridge and Buff Wyandottes, Brown and White Leghorns, Belgian Hares.

We have won this season at Atlanta, Charleston, Raleigh and Charlotte, on our birds 43 1st prizes, 32 2d, 27 3d, besides scores of specials. Prices of eggs \$2.50 per 15. We have a few good cockerels for sale, including the 1st and 4th prize winning Part-ridge Wyandotte ckl. at Raleigh, also 1st, 2d and 3d at Charlotte, price \$5 to \$10 each.

**SCHREIBER'S S. C. BLACK MINORCAS**

The Autocrats of Poultry

They have been bred ten years by a specialist, and won under Judges Heimlich, McClave, Heck and many others, winning first at Rockford; Belvidere, Jan. 16 to 21, 1906, first cock, first, second and third cockerel, first, second, third and fourth pullet; first, second and third hen and first pen—pen scoring 188 13-16. Greatest Layers; none better on earth. Vigorous stock for sale. Buff Turkeys and Pearl Guineas of the finest type.

**S. T. SCHREIBER, - - - - Rockford, Illinois**

**QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

What must I do for a Black Langshan hen that has a slight cold?

Ans.—Use a little kerosene oil on her nostrils.

I have no Standard of Perfection by which to pick my birds for the show. Please give me the requirements for Brown Leghorns as follows: Weight, shape, color of eyes, comb, wings, back, and also breast.—T. T., Atlanta, Ga.

Ans.—To give you a full and complete description such as would enable you to pick show birds in Brown Leghorns, would require more space than the scope of this department. Besides the information you require would have to be copied from the Standard, which is a violation of the copyright. We advise you by all means to buy and study you a Standard.

Is a Standard of Perfection issued each year by the American Poultry Association? If so, has the requirements for Single Comb Black Minorcas been changed since 1905? If so, in what way? Please give an article on this breed.

Ans.—The Standard is supposed to be revised only every five years, but some slight errors have been corrected since 1905. However, there have been no changes in the Standard for Minorcas since 1905. We will take pleasure in publishing some good articles on Minorcas. Please send them along, breeders.

What is the best feed to make hens lay?—J. L. M., Birmingham, Ala.

Ans.—For a one-grain feed, wheat is about the best, but hens do better on a mixed feed. A very good mixture is one-third wheat, one-third corn, and balance oats, feeding ten per cent once a day beef scraps unless the hens are fed green cut bone or have plenty of cottage cheese or other milk products. Green cut bone is one of the best feeds to make hens lay, but it is likely to give bowel trouble if fed too freely.

Make arrangement for ample winter quarters for the fowls. Over-crowded quarters mean disease, death and disaster. Each bird should have at least six square feet of floor space, unless extra special care is given them, in which case four square feet may be sufficient. Not more than twenty-five birds should be kept in one flock. If divided into flocks of about this size they will do better than in one large flock.—*Commercial Poultry.*

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DE GRAFF POULTRY FARM**

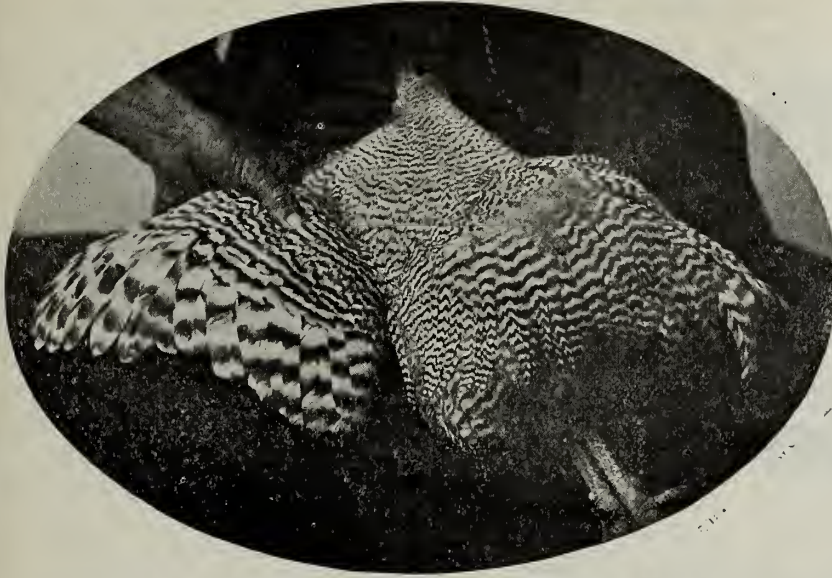
**AMSTERDAM, N.Y.**  
CATALOGUE  
FREE



34  
FIRSTS  
AT  
8  
SHOWS  
ON  
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REDS

**TWENTY-FIVE YEARS EXPERIENCE**

IN BREEDING



"Hero" Heads Pen No. 3. Best Colored Cock South.

**Barred Rocks**

HIGH CLASS BREEDERS  
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400 Youngsters From 1906  
Matings

Show Birds for the Fastest  
Company or your money back

PERSONAL ATTENTION  
TO YOUR WANTS

HUTCHISON & LAMAR  
CRYSTAL SPRINGS, MISSISSIPPI

**Fishel's White Plymouth Rocks**

"What makes the White Plymouth Rock fowl so popular?" was asked of U. R. Fishel, of Hope, Ind., at the Tennessee State Fair, Nashville.

"Because they are the most beautiful and profitable fowl bred today," was the quick reply. Then Mr. Fishel continued: "There is no fowl that has the beautiful plumage of the White Plymouth Rock, nor one that has the size nor the excellent egg-producing qualities of this grand breed of poultry."

One needs but see this exhibit of Mr. Fishel's to convince him that what is said above is true. Mr. Fishel also remarked that the excellent point in rearing White Plymouth Rocks was that they breed true to color and shape. If you have ten or one hundred White Plymouth Rocks you know they are all white, and good ones. This is not the case with many other varieties. No breed of fancy poultry has ever commanded the high prices the White Plymouth Rock has, and no fowl is in as great demand. Mr. Fishel stated that he sold during 1905 over 12,000 birds of this variety, they going to every section of the world.

When Mr. Fishel was asked what he thought of Tennessee as a State for poultry he remarked: "It is the garden spot of the world for the poultry business. Your climate is ideal, your land cheap and rolling and you are close to market both for your feed and your product. There is no State in the Union so well adapted to the rearing of fancy and market poultry as this grand State of Tennessee. Every one must admit that the hen will make you more money than anything else in the State; then why not encourage your people to take up the poultry business?"

"Are you in any other business?" Mr. Fishel was asked.

"I am in the banking business," was the reply, "and every dollar I have on

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250 ACRES DEVOTED TO POULTRY

EGGS FOR HATCHING  
\$2 for 15; \$10 Per 100

Select American and Imported Strains. S. C. Buff Orpingtons, White Plymouth Rocks, S. C. White Leghorns and S. C. Black Minorcas. We breed only thoroughbred poultry. Write your wants.

FOX HALL POULTRY FARM  
R. F. D. No. 2, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA



**BROWN LEGHORNS**

YEARLING COCKS and HENS FOR SALE

A number of Cockerels and Pullets from Prize Winners are now ready to ship. Ask for Circulars

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# You Can Get More Eggs And Save Feed Bills

EVERY atom that hens use in making eggs, comes from the food they eat. They can't get it anywhere else.

That being true, you must, if you expect eggs in abundance, feed foods rich in egg-making materials.

Analysis shows that not only eggs, but the bones, the lean meat and the feathers of fowls are all made up of what the professors call "protein."

Hence, fowls must have protein if they are to give you the best results.

But protein is found only in small quantities in most grains and vegetables, but in large quantities in animal food.

That's why all fowls crave worms and bugs. Instinct teaches them that they need such food.

Of course, they can't catch "the early worm" in winter or when they are yarded, so you must give them this protein in some other form.

The best substitute is fresh-cut, raw, green bones—the trimmings from the meat market, with meat and gristle adhering to them.

In its raw state it contains exactly the same food elements as the worms and bugs. It contains over four times as much protein as grain, and is

rich in lime and other egg-making materials.

That's why fowls like it so well and why it doubles the egg-yield, increases fertility, makes larger hatches and stronger chicks, develops earlier broilers and layers and makes heavier market fowls—

Because it "balances the ration" by supplying what is most scarce in grains. You can't get the best results without it.

Green bone is easily and quickly prepared, with

## MANN'S LATEST MODEL BONE CUTTER

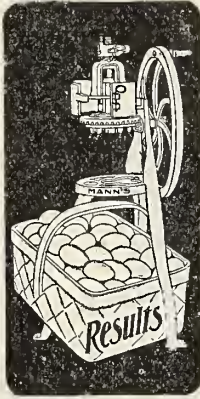
We want you to try this machine. You don't have to buy it—just try it first.

To prove to you what it will do, we will send you any one you may select from our catalogue on **10 Days Free Trial**

(No Money in Advance.) It cuts all bone with all adhering meat and gristle, never clogging and wasting nothing. It automatically adapts itself to your strength, so that any one can use it.

It is strong, durable and does not get out of order.

But try it! Send today for catalogue—select the machine you want to try—we'll do the rest.



Try This Free  
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F. W. MANN COMPANY,  
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earth was made out of White Plymouth Rock poultry. Any one in Tennessee can do the same thing if they will but take up the poultry business and push it as any business enterprise should be pushed. The time is here now when the farmer and poultryman of Tennessee should awaken to the fact that poultry pays."

### To the Boy Fanciers

I wish to establish a club among all the boys in the South. I have had my experience as a boy "chicken crank." Most of the boys of this sort are discouraged, and told that "there's nothing in it," which is quite wrong. Every grown poultryman was once a boy. Now, boys, if you wish to know anything about poultry raising, write me a letter, enclosing a two-cent stamp, and I will gladly inform you. I can also get eggs for you of some varieties, and can give you names of a lot of other boy fanciers. If you don't take this journal you will lose a lot, as in my opinion it is the best in the land. My address is, R. G. Fields, 33 Caruthers avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

### Rhode Island Reds

Some of your readers have asked me to write something of what I thought of the Rhode Island Reds in your paper, so I can only say I have tried nearly all kinds of poultry and find the Rhode Island Reds the best of them all for all purposes. They are the best layers and the best for broilers and the healthiest. The only fault to them is they do not all come true to color. But this is not strange as it is the case with all other breeds that are made up from several kinds of fowls. They way I do to improve them and keep them up to the Standard in color is to kill out all but the best in color and in shape. By doing this I can improve them all the time. I have had them eight years and like them so well I do not keep anything but the Reds now. All my old hens have averaged over two hundred eggs to the hen for the past year and some of my pullets begin laying before they are five months old. Any one that has not tried them will not make any mistake in trying them and after trying them they will not part with them. Any questions that any one wants to ask, please write me and I will gladly answer it if I can.

E. R. CASH,  
Gaffney, S. C.

Cull the flock and send to the table or boarding houses all hens that are not good layers and good mothers.

Coal oil is a cheap and effective preventive and exterminator of vermin that infest the chicken houses.

Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn., are world-wide known for quality, laying and exhibition Leghorns.

# POULTRY FENCING

WRITE US FOR PRICES ON

ELWOOD WOVEN WIRE FENCE  
POULTRY NETTING, or any kind  
of Wire Fencing :: :: :: ::

## HARDWARE

McClung, Buffat & Buckwell  
KNOXVILLE, TENN.



## White Plymouth Rocks (EXCLUSIVELY)

I have hatched off as many chicks as I can well take care of, and will sell eggs the balance of the season at \$2.00 per setting. Now is your chance to get some good eggs for little money. A fine lot of youngsters coming on and getting ready for the Fall shows and will as usual take their share of the ribbons as they have always done.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

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## BRED TO LAY AND WIN AND DO IT

Wilber's Single Comb White Leghorns Acknowledged World's Best

Grand flock very choice Exhibition and Breeding Cockerels, Pullets and Hens that will win and improve your flock. From our past season's Grand Winners at Knoxville, Nashville, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charlotte, N. C.; Birmingham, Ala.; Charleston, S. C., etc., shows. :: Quality counts. :: We have it. :: Write your wants.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Catalogue Free.

WILBER BROS., - Box G, - PETROS, TENN.  
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Brother 1st., 1st Cock, Knoxville

# MADDEN'S BARRED ROCKS

RICHEST BLOOD IN THE SOUTH

Cockerel Pen	Pullet Pen
Headed by Brother 1st, 1st Cock, Knoxville, Tenn., January 1906. Brother 1st Cockerel, Providence, R. I.; 2d Cockerel, Boston, Mass.	Headed by Bradley Lee, Brother to Females 1st and 2d pens, Madison Square Garden, New York, '06

Winnings Knoxville Show January, 1906; 1st Cock, 1st, 2d Hens; 2d, 4th Pullet, 2d Cockerel, 3d Cockerel Tie, 2d Pen  
Eggs, \$3.00 for 15; \$5.00 for 30. Stock For Sale.

MRS. W. R. MADDEN

Old Phone 2545

South Knoxville, Tennessee

### Poultry Educational Campaign

Special Train With Live Exhibits and Lecturers Tours Missouri

A "feeding machine" is one of the attractive features of a poultry train that made a trip through Southeast Missouri on a campaign intended to double the poultry output of the state, which already produces more poultry annually than any other state in the union.

The use of the feeding machine was suggested by one of the largest packing-houses in the country, which has established enormous receiving stations for poultry in Missouri and near-by states, where poultry secured from the farms is taken and fattened.

The difference realized on the finished product after a period of fattening and regular feeding is often greater than the price paid originally for the fowls, and the farmer will be taught to properly fatten his fowls before marketing them, in order to secure the greatest possible profit. The packing-houses have embarked in the business, it is said, for the reason that they can not secure sufficient numbers of properly fattened fowls.

The art of canoning cockerels will be explained to the farmers, and they will be urged to canonize all male birds not necessary for breeding purposes. Capons in prime condition, it is said, bring three and four times the price per pound that is offered for ordinary fowls.

#### MAKE-UP OF THE TRAIN.

There will be three cars in the train. One is to contain high-grade poultry, bred by the best fanciers in the State, several of which have won prizes at the recent State Fair at Sedalia. The second is to contain poultry appliances of all kinds, including incubators, brooders, poultry feeders, bone cutters and feed mills, besides a file of agricultural and poultry papers. The third car will be used by those who will participate in the campaign.

John T. Stinson, who was director of the Missouri Fruit Experiment Station at Mountain Grove, Mo., for several years and later pomologist connected with the department of horticulture at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, will



BRED WHITE STAY WHITE  
**J. LAKE HACKNEY**

Box 453, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

**White Plymouth Rocks**

EXCLUSIVELY.

At Columbia and Knoxville shows won 26 regular and special premiums, winning all the first at great Knoxville show.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR

## OUR 1906 CATALOGUE OF STANDARD POULTRY SUPPLIES IS NOW READY FOR DISTRIBUTION

It is filled with valuable information on POULTRY RAISING FOR PROFIT, with illustrations of Incubators, Brooders, Portable Poultry Houses, Poultry Foods, Insecticides, Poultry Remedies and Poultry Appliances; 64 pages in all—with over 100 illustrations. It is yours for the asking.

**THE J. M. CONNELLEY CO.**

311 Meeting St.

CHARLESTON, S. C.



No. 6; Score 93, Egg Record 197.

**A HAPPY COMBINATION**  
For UTILITY, FINE POINTS, PLEASURE  
BAYNE'S EGG RECORD STRAIN of  
**WHITE WYANDOTTES**

What we are all after, the ideal combination of heavy layers and prize winners—I've got them

At Knoxville show I won 3rd Cock, 2nd Cockerel, 3rd and 4th Hen, 4th Pen. At Bristol show I won 1st Cock; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Hen; 2nd Cockerel; 1st and 3rd Pen. Five Hens shown scored 95½, 95½, 95, 94½, 93½. Average egg record 197.

Eggs \$2.00 a Setting, \$8.00 per 100

T. L. BAYNE, Russellville, Tenn.

# ? Do You Need Any Printing ?

If so, write for samples and prices to

**THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN, Knoxville, Tenn.**



**Double  
Your Egg Production**  
by using  
**HARDING'S UNCLE SAM  
GRANULATED MILK**

dry, clean and wholesome. Will keep in any climate. 50% Protein. Nearly 15% clear Albumen. 30 to 40% increased egg production over Beef Scrap or Animal Meal.

100 lb. bag....\$3.00	50 lb. bag....\$1 75
25 lb. bag.... 1.00	10 lb. bag.... .50

at point of shipment.

Agents wanted. Write for booklet.  
Geo. L. Harding, Box 209 Binghamton, N. Y.

**Fleming's** Barred Rocks, White and Golden Wyandottes

again victorious at the great North Carolina State Fair Oct., 1906, they winning eight prizes. The grandest lot of youngsters I ever raised. \$2.00 each, \$5 00 trio.

**JOHN H. FLEMING**  
Route 1 Warren Plains, N. C.

**FOR SALE**

A few grand Buff Cochins Cockerels. Will sell cheap to dispose of surplus stock. Won 1st and 2d cockerel and 1st and 2d pullet at Virginia State Fair, Oct., 1906; also 1st cockerel and first pullet at Virginia-Tennessee Poultry Show, Bristol, Feb. 1, 2, 3, 1906. Price \$3.00.

**MRS. G. H. DUGDALE**  
Roanoke, :: :: Virginia

**LELAND POULTRY FARM  
SPRING HILL, TENN.**

S. C. Buff Orpingtons, Barred Plymouth Rocks, S. C. Brown Leghorns. Fine lot young birds from all strains for sale. Eggs in season. Must sell. Write for prices.

**MAYES HUME :: PROPRIETOR**

**Wanted—Real Estate**

**FOR HUNDREDS  
OF CASH BUYERS**

Who read and advertises in the "Farm and Real Estate World," the best paper for Farmers, Home-seekers, Real Estate men and Investors. Price is 75c a year. Send us 75c and we will send you "The World" until January, 1908, and print for you a 50-word advertisement two months FREE as an inducement. If you want to buy, sell, or exchange anything this ad will do the business.

Three months trial subscription 10c. Address

**Farm and Real Estate World**  
400 Cleveland Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

**LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA**

AND PARALYSIS CONQUERED AT LAST BY  
**DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE FOOD.**  
Write me about your case. Advice and proof of cures  
FREE. DR. CHASE, 224 N. 10th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

have charge of the train. While Mr. Stinson was at the experiment station he inaugurated an agricultural lecture car, which covered the Ozark region, educating the farmers in the use of sprays to be used to combat diseases of apple trees. This was followed by the seed specials in Missouri and Iowa. The use of a poultry train has never before been tried. Professor C. M. Lewelling, of Beaver City, Neb., will accompany the party as poultry lecturer, and R. M. Washburn, State Dairy Commissioner, will discourse on dairying. Henry C. Steinmesch, well known in Missouri as a breeder and judge of poultry, who was in charge of the poultry exhibit at the World's Fair, will be with the party.

The composition of the various feeds shown will be explained, and the farmers instructed in the method of combining them for various purposes. Laying hens receive one combination, molting birds another and little chicks a totally different mixture.

**BREEDS ON EXHIBITION.**

More than twenty different breeds are installed in exhibition coops in the first car for the inspection of farmers. An effort has been made in selecting the breeds shown to give prominence both to the egg-producing varieties and the flesh-producing breeds. The Leghorn fowl will be shown as the "egg machine" and the Plymouth Rock will be emphasized as the table fowl.

Special instruction will be given in the method of packing and marketing fowls so as to secure for the farmer the highest prices. In most markets, it is said, it is the practice, when a shipment of fowls is received from a farmer, to sort and repack the consignment before it can be placed on sale. The loss from this cause is considerable.

If the present trip is as successful as the promoters expect, the train will be taken over all the lines of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company in Missouri.

The idea was worked out by the industrial department of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, in co-operation with the State Board of Agriculture.

Accept my congratulations on the great improvement in THE HEN. It is without doubt the leader of the South. Thanking you for past favors, I beg to remain,  
**PLUMMER M'CULLOUGH.**  
Mercer, Pa.

At the recent great Charleston, Atlanta and Birmingham shows, first pens and first cockerels to Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn.

**Bargain Sale**

Two brand new 1906 Incubators, two second-hand ones, good as new, one Mann Bone Cutter, new; two Lenox Sprayers; one dozen drinking vessels and one lot of lice killer powder. These must be sold and will go at bargains. Address J. R. G., care THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN, Knoxville, Tennessee.

**CAPON TOOLS**

**CAPONS** bring the largest profits—100 per cent more than other poultry. Caponizing is easy and soon learned. Progressive poultrymen use

**PILLING CAPONIZING SETS**

Postpaid \$2.50 per set with free instructions. The convenient, durable, ready-for-use kind. Best material. Wealsomake Poultry Marker 25c. Gape Worm Extractor 25c. French Killing Knife 50c. Capon Book Free. G. P. Pilling & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

**AMERICA'S BEST**

Utility and Exhibition  
**White Wyandottes**

Eggs and Stock for sale  
at all seasons

**M. D. ANDES**  
**BRISTOL, - TENNESSEE**

**\$500  
BUYS  
A  
FARM  
IN  
VIRGINIA  
Complete!**

With comfortable new three-room cottage like Cut. These 25 acre poultry, fruit and vegetable farms are only two miles from Waverly, Va., a modern little town on the N. & W. Ry., midway between Norfolk and Richmond. Climate, water and markets for produce cannot be excelled. Write for further information and for lists and booklets showing farms and plantations from \$10 per acre up. **F. H. LABAUME**, Agrl. & Indl. Agent, Norfolk & Western Ry., Box 42, Roanoke, Va.



\*\*\*\*\*

**D. O.**

**Dorr's Ointment**

The Poultryman's Medicine Chest

Guaranteed to CURE Sorehead, Roup, scaly legs, cuts and wounds, and KILLS fleas and lice. Money back if it fails. 25 cents postpaid. DORR'S Cholera Cure prevents and cures. 35 cents postpaid.

**BELVEDERE POULTRY FARM  
AUGUSTA, GA.**

\*\*\*\*\*



BRED FOR UTILITY  
BRED TO LAY

**RED, WHITE AND BLUE**

BRED FOR FANCY  
BRED TO WIN

At Sandy Creek, Phoenix and New York State Fair, the hottest shows in New York State in 1904-05, I won 76 prizes and special on my Blue Barred Rocks. Brahmas, Rocks, Reds, Leghorns, Minorcas, Wyanottes, Bantam, Eggs \$1.00 and \$1.50 per 15. Hatch guaranteed. Rouen Duck Eggs \$1.25 per 11; Toulouse Geese Eggs 40c. each. Catalogue free.

PULASKI, N. Y., Jan. 6, 1906.  
Dear Sir:—Out of the 26 eggs I purchased of you I got 26 chicks, 11 of them were pullets, and yesterday I got 11 eggs, and get from 6 to 10 eggs every day.  
Yours truly,  
THOS. WILDER.

MAPLELING POULTRY YARDS, H. DAILY, Propr.

Box S. PULASKI, OSWEGO CO. NEW YORK.

# D. R. MAYO

625 GAY STREET, KNOXVILLE, TENN.  
Poultry Supplies, Field and Garden Seeds  
DARLING'S FEEDS. BEEF MEAL, BONE MEAL, SHELL AND GRIT.  
A full line Prairie State Incubators and Brooders. Write me your needs

## SPRING GROVE POULTRY FARM

Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds. Good Breeding (Cockerels and Pullets for Sale

Won 1st cock, 1st hen, 2d cockerel, 2d and 4th pullets, 2d pen, Knoxville Show, Jan., 1906. Competing with all Reds—both Rose and Single Comb. No Eggs until January 1

R. F. D. 6 O. H. C. RODGERS, Knoxville, Tenn.

## THE S. C. BUFF ORPINGTON THE FAMOUS WINTER LAYER

Mates to Prize Winners at the Tennessee State Fair  
Address J. M. KELLY, Gordonsville, Tenn.

ARE YOU GOING TO TEXAS  
OR TO ANY POINT WEST?

# The Queen & Crescent Route

OFFERS BEST AND QUICKEST TRAIN SERVICE



WRITE TODAY FOR MAPS, RATES,  
ROUTES AND FULL INFORMATION

J. C. CONN,  
District Passenger Agent,  
Chattanooga, Tenn.

H. F. LATIMER,  
Traveling Passenger Agent  
Knoxville, Tenn.

### Incubator Oil

Kimble Oil Co., Knoxville, Tenn.

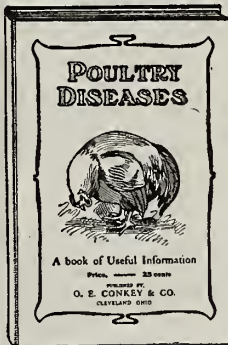
Gentlemen:—The barrel of Soline Lamp Oil came to hand a day or so ago, and to say that I am pleased with it, does not half express it; I am simply delighted. We are using a large number of Incubators and Brooders on our plant which are heated by means of oil lamps. While using other brands of oil, I have had to clean each lamp from three to four times daily, but since I began using your Soline Oil it has not been necessary to clean a single lamp on account of smoking. Aside from your oil being smokeless, it seems to give better heat in our machines; in fact we are able to get from 5 to 10 per cent more heat than with the oil we have been using heretofore. I unhesitatingly pronounce Soline Oil a great success and shall recommend it to all my brother poultrymen.

Very truly yours,  
VALLE CRUCIS POULTRY FARM,  
Per W. A. Hardin, Supt.  
Send orders to  
TENNESSEE OIL CO.  
Successors to Kimble Oil Co.

For choice exhibition or breeding cockerels and pullets, Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn.

## PIEDMONT

"IS THE BEST."  
Write for Catalogue  
Piedmont Business College,  
Lynchburg, Va.



### Poultry Necessities

We often hear the term "Poultry necessities". These are general words which sometimes mean one thing and sometimes another. If we were asked to name a thing which is a necessity at all times

to all poultrymen everywhere, we could think of nothing better to be named than reliable roup and cholera cures. Roup and Cholera come as naturally to the flock as a cold and attendant ills do to us. It is of the utmost importance to have some dependable and effective means of treatment directly at hand. Unquestionably among the very best remedies to be had anywhere are the Conkey Roup and Cholera Cures. They have been long in use, are widely known and have stood the tests under all conditions. It goes without saying that they are scientifically compounded and they have made their way into all parts of the world. In general, where comparison of other remedies are made, it is with Conkey's as the standard. Perhaps the best known, though not more efficient, remedy of Conkey's is the Roup Cure, as it is the specific for the greatest scourge of the poultry yard. No treatment could be more simple or effective. The fowls are burning with thirst; you simply place the Roup Cure in the fowl's drinking water and they take their own medicine.

A most excellent little book, "Poultry Diseases" which was formerly sold for 25c by the Conkey people, can now be had free by sending in the postage 4c and names and addresses of two neighboring poultry keepers. It is a book you should have if you keep poultry. Notice the Conkey advertisement for particulars.

**Prizes Going to Hen Advertisers**

The following is a list of the awards to our advertisers at the Tennessee State Fair:

White Wyandottes—J. C. Fishel, Hope, Ind., first and third cock, first and second cockerel, first, second and third hen, first and third pullet and first and third pen. Forbes Poultry Yards, New Decatur, Ala., second cock, third cockerel, second pullet and third pen.

White Plymouth Rocks—U. R. Fishel, Hope, Ind., first, second and third cock, first and second hen, first, second and third cockerel, first and second pullet, first and second pen. Shelton & Crockett, Nashville, Tenn., third hen, third pen. J. O. Norton, Nashville, third pullet.

S. C. Buff Leghorns—E. L. Wilson, Columbia, Tenn., first cock, first and second cockerel, first and second hen first and second pullets, first pen.

S. C. Brown Leghorns—Forbes Poultry Yards, New Decatur, Ala., first and second cock, first and third cockerel, first, second and third hen, second and third pullet, first and second pen.

S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Frank Langford, Nashville, Tenn., first cockerel, first hen, third pullet, first pen. L. K. Terrell, Birmingham, Ala., first and second pullet, second hen, third cockerel, third pen. Park Poultry Pens, Nashville, second cockerel, third pen.

Japanese Bantams—E. Henry Galusha, Ensley, Ala., first and second cock, first and second hen, first cockerel, first pullet.

S. C. White Leghorns—John F. Childress, Sweetwater, Tenn., first, second and third cockerel, first hen, first, second and third pullet, first pen. Forbes Poultry Yards, New Decatur, Ala., first and third cock, third hen, second pen.

Barred Plymouth Rocks—W. V. Thompson, Columbia, Tenn., first cockerel, third cock, first and third hen, first and second pullet, first pen. J. O. Norton, Nashville, Tenn., second cock, second hen, second and third cockerel, second pen.

Cornish Indian Games—W. J. Burchard, Martin, Tenn., first and second cocks, first, second

**GIDEON O. HARNE'S MINORCAS**



Cochins, White Leghorns, and White Plymouth Rocks. Place your order quick and avoid the rush.

The World's Undisputed Champions, Developed by Careful Selection from Foundation Stock of First Prize Winners. Bred for Vigor, Beauty of Shape and Laying Qualities, True Winners of the Blue.

Greatest winners at the Great Hagerstown Show, 1904 and 1905, where I won in 1904 more prizes than all other competitors combined, including the Silver Cup for Best Minorcas in the show, and again in 1905 in competition with World's Fair Winners I won the 1st, 2d, and 3d Pens, 2d and 5th Cocks, 3d Hen, 5th Pullet and 5th Cockerel in Blacks, including the Silver Cup for Best Minorca Pen in show, also Cornell Special; in Whites I won 1st and 2d Pens, 2d and 5th Cocks, 2d and 3d Pullets, and First White Cochins Pen. Therefore Don't Waste Money and Time as well on cheap stock, but begin with the best by placing your orders with me for anything in Black or White Minorcas, Buff or White



**GIDEON O. HARNE,** V.-Pres. Black Minorca Club for Maryland **Box 138, Wolfsville, Md.**

**1894 AUSTIN STRAIN 1906**

I make a specialty of Langshans; have bred them for 18 years; won all first, second and third prizes on young stock at Knoxville and Bristol last winter. Show breed a specialty; 300 fine ones to select from.

**H. C. AUSTIN**

**136 MARKET STREET, JOHNSON CITY, TENN.**

**BILTMORE KENNELS SCOTCH COLLIES**

Will protect your poultry yards and save you **Many a Dollar** **Many a Dollar** **A Good one will make you**

**J. ROBT LIVINGSTON, Supt.** **Biltmore, N. C.**

**Hope's Great Jewelry Store**

Is one of the most complete establishments of its kind in the South **Established 1868**

Our Sales Department has every case crowded with the finest, newest and most attractive Jewelry, Gems and Watches.

Our Manufacturing Department is prepared to repair the finest imported and domestic Watches, Jewelry and to reset Gems.

Our Copper Plate Engraving executes all orders in correct and elegant manner.

Our Optical Department enjoys the most enviable reputation. IN EVERY DEPARTMENT we are constantly filling MAIL ORDERS from all sections of the South. Write us when in need of anything in our line.

**HOPE BROS., 519 Gay St., Knoxville, Tenn.**

**DO YOU WANT TO KNOW**

ABOUT MAUND'S PRIZE-WINNING

**S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS**

Then Write for Free Circular

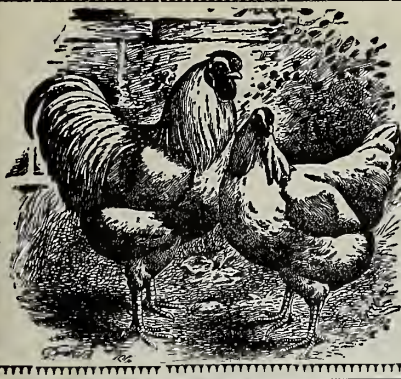
**A. T. MAUND, Geneva, Ga.**

**YES, SIR! IT'S A FACT!**  
The Remarkable Increased Popularity of  
**COLUMBIAN WYANDOTTES**  
During past few years clearly indicates they are destined to be acknowledged the standard commercial fowl of America. Undoubtedly I have one of the richest and truest reproducing strains in the United States.  
**PROLIFIC LAYERS** **THEY ARE** **EXPEDITIOUS GROWERS**  
Shall deem it a pleasure to quote prices—reasonable prices, on birds of the richest breeding and highest quality  
**COLFAX SCHUYLER**  
Breeder and Judge  
**Jamesburg, Box (I-H) N. J.**

**YOUR NAME and Address is Wanted**  
If you are Interested in **Silver Laced Wyandottes**  
The Dutchman with a Square Deal **J. O. MUECKE, Jr.**  
**Kingston, .. Tenn.**

**Oakdene Poultry Farm**  
**White Wyandottes Exclusively**  
Eggs \$2.00 per 15. -- Special Price per Hundred  
**REGISTERED BERKSHIRE HOGS**  
**S. A. OGDEN, Proprietor**  
**P. O. Box 317 Knoxville, Tenn.**

**Rogers Breeds the Winning Buff Rocks**  
Fine in Color. Up on Weight. Eggs \$2.00 per Setting.  
**WALTER ROGERS, Cleveland, Tenn.**



**SANITARY POULTRY YARDS  
"FAMOUS" WHITE WYANDOTTES**

Foundation stock of the noted strains of A. G. Duston, J. C. Fishel & Son, Jno. W. Boswell, Jr. and Dr. Bricault. From these I have built up by the Trap-Nest Individual record system, using nothing in breeding but the best, what I am pleased to call the .

**FAMOUS STRAIN**

I breed for merit and sell on honor a strain of heavy layers. They are snow white, prolific and strong—the best all purpose fowls. No stock for sale this season, but am booking orders now for **ECCS \$3 FOR 15.**

**W.T. ROBERTS, Curley, Ala.**

Member National White Wyandotte Club

and third hen, first, second and third pullets, first and second pen.

Buff Orpingtons—W. S. McFall, Columbia, Tenn., first hen, second cock, third pullet, second hen. W. H. Puryear, Glendale, Tenn., second and third hen, first pullet, first pen. R. A. Harrington, Nashville, Tenn., first and third cockerel.

Silver Wyandottes—K. E. Jones, Paducah, Ky., first and third cock, first cockerel, first, second and third hen, first second and third pullet, first and second pen.

Golden Wyandottes—R. E. Jones, Paducah, Ky., first cock, first and second cockerel, first and second hen, first, second and third pullet, first and second pen.

Light Brahmas—T. Reid Parrish, Nashville, Tenn., first and second cock, first, second and third cockerel, first, second and third hen, first, second and third pullet, first, second and third pen.

Black Breasted Red Bantams—Fred Klooz, Nashville, Tenn., third cock, second hen, second pullet.

**BRIEF MENTION**

Judge Colfax Schuyler, Jamesburg, N. J., has an advertisement in this issue of his line bred strain of White Wyandottes and Columbian Wyandottes. Judge Schuyler is one of the best known breeders in this country and has high quality stock to supply you.

Granulated Milk is said to be a fine egg producing food and has proven a successful animal food for saving hens wherever tried. It is manufactured by Geo. L. Harding, Binghamton, N. Y. It will pay you to try Granulated Milk. See the advertisement of this food in another column.

John R. Baldwin, proprietor of the Sunny-side Leghorn Farm, Rockwood, Tenn., writes he has purchased a larger farm and will soon move on to it, where he can raise more and even better "World's Best" Single Comb White Leghorns.

**Will Not Exhibit**

It will be news to our readers to learn that Mrs. R. H. Bell, who has won prizes at all the shows for the past twenty years, will not exhibit any of her birds this season. She says she has some of the best she has ever had and will sell her stock, making especial effort to please those who purchase for show purposes. Mrs. Bell is known all over the South for her uprightness and square dealing, and no one has a higher regard for honorable business transactions than she has. Readers of THE HEN who know her know that her stock is of the best and just what she claims for it. See in her advertisement elsewhere in this issue the different breeds she has and if you want some nice show birds consult her.

Wilber Bros., the White Leghorn men, Petros, Tenn., fifteen years specialty breeders.

**"Sure Hatch"  
Incubator**

It has the **highest** record in hatching and the **lowest** prices in selling. 10 years on the market.

Used and recommended by **more** poultry raisers than any other—bar none.

No trouble to operate. **Runs itself. Pays for itself**—with one hatch. Guaranteed five years.

It will hatch chicks for you **better** and **cheaper** than hens. If not, we take it back.

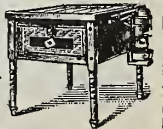
This is a plain, fair and square offer—no monkey business.

Investigate it. Our new 100-page Sure Hatch book tells all about it; also how you can do better with your poultry.

Nobody ever printed such a valuable Poultry book to give away.

Write today for a **free book**, with prices, freight prepaid.

**SURE HATCH INCUBATOR CO.**  
Box 51 Fremont, Neb.; or Dept. 51 Indianapolis, Ind.



**SUCCESS WITH POULTRY**

There is no success with Poultry unless your Foundation Stock is the Best.

**THE PALACE POULTRY YARDS**

**J. T. SNELSON, Proprietor.**

Breeders of High Class Black Minorcas, White Minorcas, Buff Rocks, White Rocks, Barred Rocks, Buff Leghorns, White Wyandottes.

**BIRDS FOR SALE**      **EGGS IN SEASON**

We have a fine lot of Homer Pigeons for Squab Raising. Prices on Application.

Ours is the largest and most extensive Poultry Plant in South Carolina. It will pay you to visit our place.

Congress and Sumter Sts.,      **CHARLESTON, S. C.**

**Bred to Lay!      Bred to Win!**  
**Single Comb Brown and White Leghorns**

The best in Ohio; 1000 choice birds for sale. Also fine litter of Scotch Collie Pups, and 40 recorded Delaine Merino Rams. : : Catalog free. : : Write

Box H      **F. H. RUSSELL, Wakeman, O.**



**BROWN LEGHORNS**

First Cockerel, Second Pen, at the World's Fair, St. Louis, Mo.

Over 200 regular and special prizes at fifteen great shows. Eggs \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$5.00 per 15. Free circulars on Matings and Show Record.

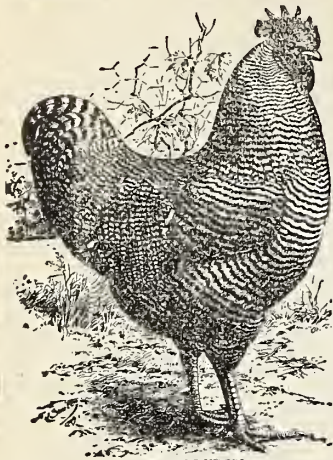
**E. E. CARTER, 967 Broadway, Knoxville, Tenn.**

**White Plymouth Rocks (Exclusively)**

Hardy, Vigorous, Farm Raised. Stock and Eggs for Sale. Eggs \$2 per Settling

**JOE KNOTT, R. F. D. No. 2, Knoxville, Tenn.**

**WHY NOT** Come to the fountain for your stock and eggs? My winnings at four shows, including Atlanta, Ga., 40, and 16 first, more than all of my competitors. Eggs \$3.00 per 15, \$5.00 per 30. Some fine cockerels and good breeding pullets for sale. Address the  
**PARTRIDGE WYANDOTTE PARK, Lock Box 74, Burlington, N. C.**



BEAR HAVEN FAIR, 1906  
 WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK CLUB  
 MEMBER

# CLUBB'S BARRED ROCKS

Are one of the greatest prize winning strains in America. If a show record proves the quality I certainly can give one that is unequalled. At Louisville, Ky., in the last 4 years I have won 15 first prizes out of 20; 12 second, 11 thirds, and 9 fourth prizes. Louisville, Jan. 1906, I won every 1st, two 2ds, four 3ds, and three 4ths. Louisville show is considered by the leading judges as one of the best in the United States—as good as Chicago, when speaking of quality.

At Frankfort, Ky., Dec., 1903, I won every 1st prize and every 2d but one in very strong competition. Judge Hewes said it was one of the strongest classes he had judged in many a day.

At the Kentucky State Fair, 1905, in very strong company, I won every 1st prize. In fact, every prize offered was won by me or some of my customers. At the Kentucky State Fair, 1906, I made a clean sweep, winning every prize offered—a remarkable victory never before accomplished by any breeder in this State. I have made four shows in the last year, winning every 1st prize and many of the smaller prizes. At Cincinnati, Jan. 1905, I won more 1st and 2d prizes than any one competitor. I have also won many specials, including some \$50.00 silver cups. My birds have never failed to win in the hands of my customers in some of the best shows in America. I have often been in competition with the best birds that could be bought in the East and would invariably win. We don't have to go East to buy; we have as good right here in the South as there is in the country. I try to improve my stock and I have by far the finest lot this season I ever raised. I am now prepared to furnish winners or fine breeders. Write your wants to

**HARRY CLUBB**

PLEASUREVILLE, - - - - KENTUCKY

**BRIEF MENTION**

The Virginia Valley Poultry Club will hold a show at Harrisonburg, Va., Dec. 4-6, 1906. Geo. O. Brown, judge; C. O. Henton, secretary.

Oakdene Poultry Farm, Knoxville, Tenn., breeds White Wyandottes exclusively. Write them if you want special prices on eggs by the hundred.

Edward G. Noonan, Marietta, Pa., proprietor of the Donegal Poultry Yards, breeds a number of the leading and most popular breeds of poultry. He will be glad to correspond with you and supply your wants. See his ad.

The popularity of the buff breeds has been phenomenal and none have forged to the front faster than Buff Rocks. B. E. Johnston, Kirkwood, Mo., has a "new crop now ready," and what is more important even, they are good ones.

The Sure Hatch Incubator Co. has been compelled by the enormous increase in its business to cut loose from the little town of Clay Center, Nebraska. It has removed to Fremont, Nebraska, where it now has under construction the largest incubator plant in the world.

Our readers are familiar with the famous "Clubb Strain" of Barred Plymouth Rocks. Mr. Harry Clubb, Pleasureville, Ky., is the originator of this strain and offers some of his choice birds direct to our readers. Look up his ad and write him if you are interested in Barred Rocks.

The Alamance, N. C., County Fair, Oct. 8-10, was the most successful this year of any in its existence, the display of poultry being especially large. The competition was open to the world. Dr. John W. Lasley, Burlington, N. C., writes that he won fifteen prizes on seventeen birds at this show.

The Monroe (La.) Show, December 6 to 8, promises to be one of the best and most complete ever held in the South. A splendid list of prizes is offered, and Secretary E. S. Eby will take pleasure in furnishing prospective

**PARALYSIS**  
 LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA CONQUERED AT LAST BY  
**DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE FOOD.**  
 Write me about your case. Advice and proof of cure  
 FREE. DR. CHASE, 224 N. 40th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

## BARRED, BUFF and WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS

White Wyandottes, White Minorcas, White Leghorns and Mammoth Pekin Ducks, \$3.00 each, \$7.50 for Trio, \$12.00 for Breeding Pen. : : : : : Catalogue Free.

### EAST DONEGAL POULTRY YARDS

EDWARD G. NOONAN, Proprietor, MARIETTA, PA.

## Single Comb Buff Orpingtons

MRS. J. A. MARTIN, Johnson City, Tenn.,

Breeds the Winners in S. C. Buff Orpingtons

1st and 3rd Cockerel, 1st and 4th Cock, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Hen, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Pullet, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Pen, at Knoxville, Tenn., show, January, 1906.

Eggs and Stock at Any Time.

## WALTER J. HUNTER, Johnson City, Tenn.

Breeds the Best in

### S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS

The foundation stock was the best and they have been bred scientifically. No better birds can be bought, north, south, east or west. Get your orders in early and shipments will be prompt.



## THE LIGHT RUNNING FOX TYPEWRITER

Represents the Highest Development  
 in Writing Machine Construction...

The Simplest, the Best

CONSEQUENTLY THE CHEAPEST

Catalog and Information on Request. Agents Wanted.

**S. B. NEWMAN & CO., Knoxville, Tenn.**

## WE WANT NAMES

We want you to send us the names and addresses of from ten to twenty-five persons living in the United States, each one having twenty-five hens or more. You can send us the names from any number of different post-offices. If you will send us these names we will send you TWO BEAUTIFUL COLORED PICTURES FREE. These pictures are reproductions of the most celebrated paintings in the world, and they are of high quality, and we know that you will be pleased and delighted with them; no pictures will be given for a list of less than ten names.

We want to send a free sample copy of a special issue of the HOME MONTHLY (The National Poultry Journal), to a lot of poultry raisers who are not now taking our paper and for that reason we want these names.

Send us immediately a list of at least ten poultry raisers and we will mail you, postpaid, ABSOLUTELY FREE, TWO REPRODUCTIONS OF THE WORLD'S FAMOUS PICTURES, beautiful colors, size 15x20 inches. Address: THE HOME MONTHLY, 20 North William St., New York.

### Here is the White Hill Poultry Farm

What have You for Sale? We Have the Very Best.

S. C. Buff Orpingtons, S. C. W. Leghorns and White Wyandottes

High quality and low prices is our motto. We can furnish you any number and at prices from \$1.50 to \$5.00 each for breeding and exhibition stock. Write us your wants; we do not leave our customers dissatisfied. Nothing but nice, healthy vigorous stock for sale. Eggs for hatching after Nov. 1st.

A. J. Lawson, Mgr. R. No. 7. Cleveland, Tenn.

Agents for Cyphers' Incubators and Brooders

exhibitors any information desired. His address is Monroe, La. H. W. Blanks will be the judge of this show.

The Corno Hen and Chick Feed is claimed to be one of the best feeds ever offered poultrymen. Every sack is guaranteed exactly right and equal to samples sent poultrymen. It contains a large percentage of sunflower seed, and no grit. Freight is prepaid to your own station. Notice their special offer in our advertising columns and at least get a trial offer.

The initial number of Valley Poultry Journal is before us. It is the official organ of the Virginia Valley Poultry Club, and is published the first of each month at Harrisonburg, Virginia, under the editorial guidance of C. O. Henton. The Valley Poultry Journal is a four page, six column paper, made up newspaper style, and presents a very creditable appearance. We wish the new publication success.

"Your money's worth or your money back," is the way Mr. John H. Fleming, of Warren Plains, N. C., deals. He is a breeder of Barred Rocks and White Wyandottes, and says he has some exceptionally fine birds for sale now. Mr. Fleming has been one of our advertisers. in a small way, for a long time, and we have found him to be thoroughly reliable.

It is with pleasure that we call the attention of our readers to the reading notice of the Tennessee Oil Co., which appears in this issue. Read what Mr. W. A. Hardin, superintendent of the Valle Crucis Poultry Farm says regarding the oils manufactured by the Tennessee Oil Co. Those of our readers using incubators and brooders will do well to correspond with this company. It is thoroughly reliable, and a trial will convince any one of the superior quality of its product.

The Tennessee Poultry Association will hold a great show at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 14 to 19, 1907. The hustling secretary is John A. Murkin, Jr., and the judges are F. J. Marshall, W. C. Deny, and C. N. Hanson. The officers of the association are R. A. Bennett, President (city recorder); E. L. Doak, Vice-President (U. S. Commissioner); E. F. Langford, Treasurer (Lawyer); Chas. W. Longhurst, Superintendent (city marshal). On the Executive Committee are West Morton, T. Reid Parrish, S. H. Davidson and W. D. Gale. With this crew of thorough fanciers at the head of the organization, a magnificent show is assured. In our December number we will announce details of the forthcoming show.

The tenth annual show of the Alabama Poultry & Pet Stock Association will be held at Birmingham, Dec. 5 to 10 inclusive, McClave and Sites judging. A list of all breeds and breeders will be distributed among visitors. Ribbons positively will be up within thirty-six hours, and score cards will be sent out before show is over. Carbon copies of all score cards will be kept. All exhibitors will be furnished a list of the competitors, giving score of all birds. Birds will be classified for shipment for particular trains in the show room, thus avoiding delay usual in classification at trains. Score cards will have the seal of the Association fixed. Secretary will be glad to answer letter. Write Dr. Elwyn Ballard, secretary, Birmingham Ala., for information.

IF BLUE RIBBON QUALITY IS WHAT YOU ARE AFTER

### HARDIN'S S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS, WHITE WYANDOTTES AND S. C. BLACK MINORCAS

will please you to a high degree. Unquestionably the greatest combination laying and exhibition strains in existence. First Prize Winners at recent Atlanta and Knoxville shows.

200 CHOICE LEGHORN COCKERELS AND PULLETS for sale at very attractive prices to quick buyers.

EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize matings; Leghorns \$2.60 per 15. Wyandottes and Minorcas \$3.00

Catalog for the asking, address

### VALLE CRUCIS FARM

W. H. HARDIN, SUPT. VALLE CRUCIS, N. C.  
STATE V. P. NAT. S. C. WHITE LEGHORN & WHITE WYANDOTTE CLUBS

FIRST COCK KNOXVILLE



SECOND COCK ATLANTA

## FERGUSON'S WYANDOTTE YARDS

High-Class, Pure Bred WHITE and SILVER WYANDOTTES for sale

Ask for information and prices

L. FERGUSON, Propr. :: New Middleton, Tenn.

## HILL TOP POULTRY FARM

White Wyandottes, of Most Popular Strain in America

Those wanting first-class stock and eggs are invited to write or call on

A. H. CARPENTER, - New Middleton, Tenn.

## SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND REDS

If you want pedigreed line bred stock, write me. Yearling and two-year-old breeders for sale now. Young stock after September 1st. If you want birds to win in fast company, I have them. Will gladly furnish feathers correct in surface and under color to any new breeder in doubt as to color, etc. Correspondence solicited.

L. K. TERRELL, - Birmingham, Ala.  
State V. P. American Rhode Island Red Club. 3rd V. P. National S. C. Rhode Island Red Club

### Succeed with a Successful

Simple, self operating machines, sure of results. Take the least care and can be depended on for big hatches under all conditions.

### INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

with records, not experiments. Many thousand long-time users, all satisfied. Send to

Des Moines Incubator Co.,  
267 Second St., Des Moines, Iowa.



Incubator and Poultry Catalog FREE. Booklet, "Proper Care and Feeding Small Chicks," 10c. 60c poultry paper one year, 10c.



## STATE FAIR MENTION

W. S. McFall, Columbia, made a nice winning on Buff Orpingtons. His Orpingtons are good, both in shape and color.

B. A. Hasting had some nice White Wyandotte pullets, and a cockerel, slightly brassy, but with the nearest ideal comb in the show.

J. M. Kelly, Gordonsville, Tenn., exhibited some choice Buff Orpingtons. Mr. Kelly is a member of the National Single Comb Buff Orpington Club and a breeder of repute.

That fine old breeder, Black Langshans, was well represented by some of the best bred, by F. R. Noble, of Nashville. Mr. Noble has a fine strain and is breeding the right kind of Langshans.

W. J. Burchard, Martin, Tenn., had displayed some of the nicest and largest Cornish Indian Games it has been our pleasure to view for some time. His pullets are especially large and fleshy.

Mr. Seelig, representing the Sure Hatch Incubator Co., Clay Centre, Neb., displayed a fine incubator full of newly hatched chicks, showing the very effective work of these standard machines.

Frith & Co., Nashville, had on exhibition a Model incubator and brooder with hatching and newly hatched chicks. The fuzzy little fellows were interesting to the visitors and showed what a Model will do.

E. L. Wilson, of Columbia, had on exhibition a good display of Buff Leghorns that were buff and all buff. This breed is rapidly coming into popularity and we were pleased to see the very high-class of stock on display.

Mr. J. O. Norton won third pullet, and as he so well put it, "which is doing mighty well when you look down the White Rock aisle and see the hot competition." Mr. Norton has some exceptionally fine White Rocks and his display showed the strength of his stock.

In Bronze turkeys, Mrs. U. R. Fishel, Hope, Ind., won first cock and first hen, and some very strong birds were in competition. Tennessee is pre-eminently a fine turkey state and this shows that the Fishel turkeys are well bred. The mammoth 40-pound cock was a center of attraction.

Judge Theo. Hewes, of the *Inland Poultry Journal*, was an interested attendant at the show. He was given a hearty reception by the breeders of the Sunny South. Judge Hewes spoke very favorably of this section and its poultry. We hope to have him come to other Southern shows.

Jones, the Wyandotte man's "strongest blood lines on earth," was there with a beautiful lot of Golden and Silver Wyandottes, among them being some of his most famous winners at Chicago, Cincinnati and other big shows. A glance at the awards will show that he is taking all in sight, as usual.

An elegant display of hen and chick feeds, oyster shell, cracked bone, mash feeds, various

**STANDARD**  
GREEN BONE CUTTERS  
Make poultry keeping profitable.  
Cut green bone is a real money-making poultry food easily prepared with this machine. Small size, \$8.80; large ones more. Made by responsible concern. Ask for free catalog, prices and *Total Plan*.  
Standard Bone Cutter Co., Milford, Mass.



# BIRMINGHAM SHOW

TENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION  
ALABAMA POULTRY AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION  
DECEMBER 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 1906  
McCLAVE and SITES, Judges. Send for Premium List. DR. ELWIN BALLARD, Sec'y  
MANY ATTRACTIVE FEATURES

## DINWIDDIE'S STANDARD AND BUSINESS BRED BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS AND S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS

Stock for sale, better this season than ever before. Standard Bred, fit to win; Business Bred for eggs; for size, Business fed on a balanced ration; raised on a free range. These are the guaranteed combined qualities of my birds. Write for prices, stating your wants. HUNDREDS TO SELECT FROM.

J. A. DINWIDDIE, ROUTE 3, NEW MARKET, TENNESSEE

## BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS

Line bred for 10 years. Winners at Cincinnati (big A. P. A. meeting); Nashville, Louisville, Princeton, Ind., and Owensboro, Ky. Thirteen out of 25 firsts, 9 seconds, 6 thirds, 5 fourths and 1 fifth, in competition with 825 Barred Rocks shown by 70 exhibitors from eight states.

Did your matings produce the quality that you expected? Did those eggs you bought hatch the kind of birds that you want to introduce into your flock? Don't you need one of those great big yellow legged, close, narrow, snappy, barred cockerels to help you out in the show room or to head your best pen? Then write to us. We can furnish birds with quality to suit for any purpose.

### CLOVERBLOOM POULTRY YARDS

Benj. H. Baker, Mgr.

OWENSBORO, KY.

## Walker's Barred Rocks and White Wyandottes

The Farmer's Friend      The Fancier's Favorite

Are line bred and mated to produce winners for you as well as us. Place your order for eggs at once and start right. We won firsts in all the leading shows this season. We can furnish eggs from prize winning stock, \$2.00 per 15. Order today. NONE BETTER. We have a nice lot of young stock coming on.

WALKER BROS., Route 1, Madisonville, Tenn.

Cooper's Rose Comb White Leghorns  
Lay the Eggs and Win the Ribbons.  
SAM M. COOPER,  
Fountain City, Tenn.

## The QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

Is over two hundred and fifty miles the shortest and twelve hours the quickest line from points reached through Chattanooga, Atlanta, Birmingham and Meridian to Shreveport, Dallas, Ft. Worth, El Paso and points reached through these gateways. Operating the most modern vestibule trains with through sleepers and dining cars to both Shreveport and New Orleans. For cheapest rates, schedules and other information apply to

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WATKINS CROCKETT,  
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## EASTLAND POULTRY YARDS

— BREEDERS OF —

### PRIZE-WINNING WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS (Exclusively)

At the recent Alabama State Fair, held at Birmingham, we made "A Clean Sweep" in a show of 3000 birds.

Our winnings were: 1st and 2nd cock (we exhibited two only); 1st cockerel (we exhibited one only); 1st, 2nd and 3rd hen; 1st, 2nd and 3rd pullet, and 1st and 2nd pen. Also sweepstake prizes for best display in American class.

We have a grand lot of young birds for sale, at reasonable prices, the majority of them being from first prize winners at the Nashville, 1906, January show.

If you want us to help you out on your coming show, or want some good birds for breeders we can please you. We guarantee satisfaction in all our dealings, or money refunded.

Pease write us your wants and let us figure with you.

Address: EDGAR AVENUE AND GALLATIN PIKE, NASHVILLE, Tenn.

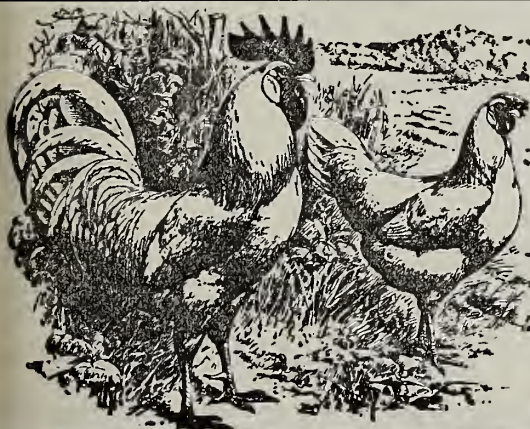


## JOHN L. RESSLER'S Patent Combination Reversible Poultry Perch, Feed Trough and Lice Exterminator

To those interested in poultry raising there is nothing more vexing than that small but numerous and prolific plague, LICE. Mr. John L. Ressler, Salem, O., has invented, patented and put on the market a simple and effective device by the use of which the fowls themselves aid in warfare against vermin. The fowls, whether roosting on the perch, or feeding from the trough, are subject to the fumes of a volatile fluid which arises from a saturated receptacle which holds enough of the fluid to last quite a while and penetrate their plumage, causing the vermin to come out and die. Those who have given the device a thorough trial speak highly in praise of its efficiency and their orders for more of the same kind are evidence of their sincerity.

Manufactured by JOHN L. RESSLER, Salem, Ohio.

To whom address all communications.



### R. C. Brown and S. C. White LEGHORNS

..AND..

### S. C. Black Minorcas

FINE PENS TO SELL

I breed to lay, winners in the best shows. Cockerels from hens that layed 253 eggs in 1904. These birds will improve your strain in laying, as they are bred for this purpose. Write me.

### FRED AXLEY

SWEETWATER, TENN.

Route No. 5

## Doak's White Wyandottes

Greenwood Poultry Yards

E. L. DOAK, Owner

NASHVILLE, TENN.

First Pen headed by First Prize Cockerel. First Pen and first Pullet Winners Tennessee State Fair. :: Cockerel cost \$150 and Pullet \$50. Everything in yards from highest priced and highest scoring birds

Young Stock for sale and Eggs for Hatching. Write for Prices

remedies, and other appliances for poultrymen, was made by Erhardt & Waggoner, of Nashville, Tenn. These progressive gentlemen are to be congratulated upon the excellent line of strictly poultry feeds they had on exhibition.

George E. Mann, Nashville, was among the exhibitors of good White Rocks, but owing to the hot show his birds that in the usual White Rock show would have divided the lists with any breeder, failed to get a place. He purchased a very fine pen from U. R. Fishel for \$200 and by mating to his own strong birds will be able to produce some birds that, we hope, will win anywhere hereafter.

E. I. Doak, proprietor of the Greenwood Poultry Yards, has closed out his R. I. Reds and will specialize on White Wyandottes. He has already a very strong line, and purchased of J. C. Fishel the first cockerel at the State Fair for \$200.00, and also first pullet for \$100, and several other excellent birds. Mr. Doak will mate up a pen that will equal any pen of White Wyandottes in the United States.

T. Reid Parrish was there with his grand Light Brahmas, and when he fails to have one of the most attractive displays in the show, then indeed there is danger of the poultry shows ending right there. His breed is one of the old standbys and he breeds some of the best we have ever seen. One cockerel and two fine hens were especially admired by lovers of beautiful birds.

Langford's Single Comb R. I. Reds are deservedly popular and his winnings at this show go to prove their breeding is not mere accident, as the competition was hot and strong. His first cockerel was not only a rich red bird, but was in Rhode Island Red shape, one of the best cockerels we ever saw. Red Cloud blood shows strongly in all his birds, and this was one of the finest birds ever shown.

Childress' White Leghorns won the firsts, as they have done in all the leading shows, North and South. His pen of snow white birds was the center of attraction. The famous Hagerstown winners showed up well and would win in any show as cock and hens. Mr. Childress is to be congratulated upon the success of his strain, the whitest in the land. His birds are good in size also, and what is too often not seen in large White Leghorns, they have combs of nice size, not too large.

U. R. Fishel, of Hope, Ind., was on hands and his famous \$1,000 hen, "Mary E," attracted more attention at the show than all

the rest of the fair exhibition, races included. A crowd was surging around her pen all the time wanting even a glimpse of "that thousand dollar chicken." Ladies begged and pleaded for "just one feather," and one even tried to bribe a poor poultry editor with 25 cents to pluck a feather from the famous hen as a souvenir. Mr. Fishel sold a nice bunch of birds to local fanciers. His strain of White Rocks are deservedly popular.

J. C. Fishel & Son, Hope, Ind., won all first in White Wyandottes. Mr. Fishel, Sr., was pleased to show his birds to all visitors. His White Wyandottes are too well known to need any favorable comment, except that his usual high quality was on exhibition. His first hen was a model in shape and color, and although several Nashville breeders tried to keep her at Nashville he refused all offers to sell her under five hundred dollars. Mr. Fishel's Wyandottes have that fine broad, blocky shape that too many of our Southern breeders are weak in, especially on the pullet side.

The Eastland Poultry Yards, Shelton & Crockett, proprietors, Nashville, had some magnificent White Rocks on exhibition, winning third hen and third pen. Mr. Shelton is a lover of the White Rocks and very successful in breeding them. The Eastland Yards purchased from Mr. U. R. Fishel the first cockerel at Indianapolis for \$200, the first pullet at Nashville for \$150, the second cock and hen for \$100 each, and two other pullets at \$50 each. These birds are all white to the skin, ideal in Rock shape, and birds that are strongly line bred and will very materially strengthen the already strong line of the Eastland breeding pens.

The Corno Mills Co., East St. Louis, Mo., was represented by Mr. I. B. White, of the house, and Mrs. Florence W. Forbes, of New Decatur, Ala. A liberal supply of samples of this company's excellent Corno products was given every interested visitor. "The Feed that is all Feed" is well known to all fanciers and many new friends learned of its excellence. Orders were taken for about thirty tons of feed, which is good when it is remembered the buyers were mainly in small lots. Mr. White informs us that nearly every poultryman and fancier who visited the show bought at least a trial order, so well pleased were they with the Corno goods on inspection.

One of the centers of attraction was the brooder shown by the Roger Brooder Company of Lebanon, Tenn., from which floated proudly the blue ribbon, showing it the first prize winner. This brooder was pronounced by expert poultrymen and women who attended the fair as the nearest approach to perfection in this line that they had seen, and Walter Rogers had testimonials from a number of them evidencing their appreciation of this machine. The brooder is the result of long study and many experiments on the part of Walter Rogers, who knows the poultry business and its needs from the ground up. He has worked a long time to produce a brooder that will raise the chicks after they are hatched, and that he has succeeded most admirably is the verdict of all who know the requirements in this most important branch of the poultry industry. Many entirely new features appear in the Rogers brooder, such as correct ventilation, the contact form of the hover, ease in cleaning, accessibility of all the parts, and a number of other valuable points.

Advertise in THE INDUSTRIOUS HEN.

## THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE

Carries eight varieties of thoroughbred birds from whose pens we are able at all times to furnish eggs, trapnested and true to breed.

### Pen No.1—White Wyandottes.

Headed by a fine cockerel true to type and color and properly mated to twelve handsome females. These birds possess both beauty of form and color and have proven themselves prolific egg producers. Up to weight and pure white. Eggs from this pen \$3.00 per 15.

### Pen No.2—Barred Rocks.

No finer male can be found in the South than the one that heads this pen. Typical in shape and fine in station with the real blue barring so pleasing to the eye. He is most excellently mated to only four grand females. Eggs from this pen are \$5.00 per 15 straight.

### Pen No.3—Barred Rocks.

In this pen are twelve exceptionally fine hens mated for best results to most excellent blocky birds of good color. They are up to weight and good egg producers. Eggs \$3.00 per setting.

### Pen No.4—White Rocks.

The cock at the head of this pen is typical in shape. He is grand in size and color, and mated with due regard for results to twelve hens specially selected for size and vigor. Eggs \$3.00 per 15.

### Pen No.5—S. C. B. Orpingtons.

The S. C. Buff Orpington has many admirers and no one could fail to admire this handsome pen of twelve females, headed by a magnificent cock. The mating has been made with due regard to results. They are fine layers and excellent table fowls. Eggs \$3.00 per 15.

Eggs are trapnested, numbered and dated, absolutely fresh, selected with the greatest care, properly packed and shipped same day order is received.

We can furnish superior stock and eggs in limited numbers from any of the above varieties, and can fill orders for any variety of stock or eggs. Write us your wants. Orders booked now for future delivery.

## AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

Poultry Department,

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

# White Plymouth Rocks

Bought those White Rocks yet? If not let me figure with you. I have 40 beautiful early hatched Cockerels and 75 Pullets bred from prize winning birds at Frankfort, Ky., State Show, Nashville, Chattanooga and Franklin, Tenn., the past season for sale. These youngsters are simply great and will make the best of them step around at the coming fall shows. Better order early before they are all picked over. I will also sell 20 of my last season's breeding hens. All birds shipped on approval.

G. E. MANN

R. R. No. 10  
(Porter Pike)

Nashville, Tenn.

PRICES:

2 Cock Birds \$20 each

GRAND ONES

Hens - 5 "

Cockerels - 5 "

Pullets - 3 "

HEADQUARTERS FOR

## CHICKEN FEEDS AND SUPPLIES

Write Us for Samples and Prices

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## INCUBATORS ON 30 DAYS TRIAL

Without paying us one single cent in advance. Our Standard machines are used and indorsed by thousands of successful poultry breeders. All the features of merit found in other machines worth having are combined in ours, which makes them the very best all-around business hatchers in existence. Large, handsome catalogue, with building plans, etc., free to intending purchasers. Address THE STANDARD F. C. INCUBATOR CO., Dept. E, Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A.





A VIEW OF THE MODEL POULTRY FARM

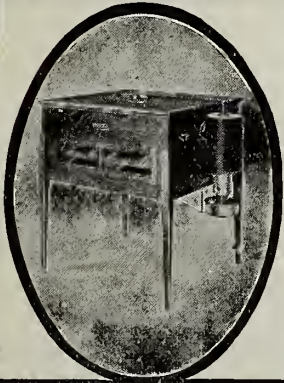
Very truly yours  
 Chas. A. Cyphers

Author "Incubation and Its Natural Laws,"  
 "Poultry Feeding for Profit,"  
 "Eggs, Broilers and Roasters."

# MODEL Incubators and Brooders

## Assure Success In Profitable Poultry Raising

Would you build up a commercial Poultry Farm? Do you desire to have a Poultry Farm that is a money-maker? Then you must secure an equipment that will hatch and rear the chicks in profitable percentages. Poor hatches make poor profits—too many dead chicks a dead loss. Model Incubators and Brooders assure success. Thousands of my customers have demonstrated their profit making qualities. At the Model Farm I have this season hatched and reared a larger number of chickens than has ever been hatched and reared by any one in a season. This with portable equipment such as I manufacture and sell.



Mr. W. H. Hardin, Supt., of the Valle Crucis Farm, Breeders of Heavy Laying Strains of Thoroughbred Poultry, writes as follows:

"From the standpoint of an expert poultryman, I feel no hesitancy in saying that your Model Incubators and Brooders are the very best I have ever used, and I heartily commend them to anyone desiring strictly honest goods at honest prices, that can be depended upon to do all that is claimed for them, and more. From 464 chicks put in ten of your Model Colony Brooders I lost but twenty-two. All who have seen these chickens pronounce them the finest, thriftiest lot they have ever seen."

Send for my catalogue of Model Incubators, Brooders and Poultry Foods.  
**CHAS. A. CYPHERS, 332 Henry Street, Buffalo, N. Y.**

### Schuyler's In-to-Date and Bred-to-Pay White Wyandottes

Have excellent records as steady winter layers. Line bred Cockerels—big vigorous fellows—\$4, \$5, \$6 each. Breeding Pullets \$3.50 to \$5 each. Good serviceable yearling hens \$3, \$4, \$5 each.

**SPECIAL OFFER GOOD FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY**

4 Breeding Hens and a good Cockerel for \$12.00, real value \$16.00.

My need of room creates your opportunity to save \$4 cash money.

Don't neglect it and be sorry for it afterwards.

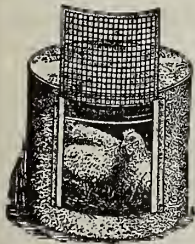
Exhibition birds a matter of correspondence. Write

**COLFAX SCHUYLER (Box I-H) Jamesburg, N. J.**

### Lost, Strayed; or Stolen.

It occurs to us as we glance through our exchanges coming in this month, and recall, in a general way, their contents for some months past, that quite a remarkable change has come over the poultry press. The general preponderance of "practical" matter is striking. Articles by and especially for fanciers are conspicuously absent from publications in which, only a few years ago, they were the most prominent feature.

Why is it? Are the fanciers, as a class, less inclined to "literary effort" than formerly, or are their contributions not in demand? Or, is it that with the increased number of journals, their productions are more widely distributed? Whatever the reason, the condition is abnormal and undesirable.—*Farm Poultry.*



### Farmer's Friend Nest and Brood Coop

**RAT, MINK, WEASEL, LICE, MITE AND VERMIN PROOF**

Made of galvanized steel plate and will last for years. Sautitary, there being no place to harbor disease germs. Easily taken apart and cleaned. The coop has three sliding doors: one of rods that keeps the mother in; one of wire cloth that ventilates it and keeps out rats and minks; a solid door that regulates the ventilation and keeps out rain and cold. We also make metal Exhibition coops.

Agents wanted in every county.

**C. HOSKINS & CO., Dept. I, 318 State St., Quincy, Ill.**



Above all, if you arc to have good, vigorous layers, watch the parent stock and see that you do not use for a breeder one that has been sick. For getting the most eggs, small flocks from 35 to 40 hens arc most desirable. Do not be tempted to raise many broilers or even a great amount of any chicks when eggs are high, unless you arc a fancier and know where you can dispose of your stock at advanced prices. The medium early hatched arc all right to get your future layers, but the early chick that gets the proverbial worm is an expensive chick and it is generally too previous for the worms. Be sure and feed your healthy hens good, sound grain. Give plenty of fresh water, a small amount of meat scraps, and with almost any of the standard breeds you will not be long in finding out how to fill the egg basket.—*Coleman's Rural World.*

There is no better time than the present to buy foundation stock for next season's breeding pens. Good breeding birds can be secured now for one-half of what it will take to get them early next spring, and in some cases much less than half. Breeders need the room for their growing stock and arc willing to sacrifice their old birds oftentimes. We would advise those who arc going to need new blood next spring to get it now.—*Commercial Poultry.*

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### White Plymouth Rocks, Mammoth Bronze Turkeys and Pekin Ducks

Our stock this season is as good as can be found any where. Write us your wants and we will take pleasure in quoting prices, that, quality considered, cannot be beaten. All stock shipped on approval. Our satisfied customers arc our best advertisements.

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Poultry Feeds

# CORNO HEN FEED

Is an absolutely pure  
combination of the best  
grains, free from dirt  
and chaff. It is this  
distinctive feature that  
has placed it so quickly

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Its superiority over all  
other SPECIAL mixed  
feeds can be conclusively  
demonstrated by a  
short trial. On receipt  
of your name and ship-  
ping station we will  
quote you rock bottom  
prices on a

# 300<sup>lb</sup> SHIPMENT

Delivered, all freight  
paid and send you our

# SOUVENIR

THE

# Corno Mills Co.

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THE FEED THAT IS ALL FEED

East St. Louis, Illinois

## Show Dates Claimed

The attention of secretaries of the coming fall shows is called to the following dates. If any errors are found they will please report the same to this office for correction.

### ALABAMA.

Alabama Poultry & Pet Stock Association, Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 5-10. Dr. Elwyn Ballard, Secretary; Chas. McClave and Eugene Sites, Judges.

Mobile Poultry Breeders Association, Mobile, Ala., Dec. 18-21, 1906. Edw. R. Hayssen, Secretary; N. L. Hutchinson, Judge.

### ARKANSAS.

Wadron, Ark. Dec. 13-15, 1906. G. W. Brown, Judge; H. J. Hall, Secretary.

### FLORIDA.

Florida Poultry Association. Mrs. W. H. Miller, Wauchula, Fla., Secretary.

### GEORGIA.

Piedmont Poultry Association, Atlanta, Ga. Jan. 23-29, 1907. F. L. Mixon, Secretary; F. J. Marshall, Judge.

Atlanta Poultry Association, Atlanta, Ga. Dates and judges not settled. H. F. Reils, Secretary.

Georgia-Carolina Fair, Augusta, Ga., Oct. 29th-Nov. 3rd. J. W. Killingsworth, Sect.

### ILLINOIS.

Elgin, Ill., Poultry Association. Jan. 1 to 5, 1907. F. H. Shellabarger, Judge; W. W. Britton, Secretary.

Macomb, Ill. Jan. 7-10, 1907. A. L. Moore, Secretary; Pierce, McClave, Tucker, Fite and Heyl, Judges.

Bureau Co. Poultry Association, Princeton, Ill. Dec. 12 to 15, 1906. Chas. McClave, J. M. Rapp, Judges; Frank R. Bryant, Secretary.

### INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Ind. Feb. 2-3, 1907. Lane, W. C. Pierce, Russell, Rhodes, Campbell and Baker, Judges; E. A. Pierce, Secretary.

Thorntown, Ind., Dec. 17-22, 1906. Central Indiana Fanciers' Association. Peter L. Hurt, Secretary.

### IOWA.

Cedar Rapids, Ia. Nov. 26-Dec. 1, 1906. O. W. Iiten, Secretary; F. H. Shellabarger, W. S. Russell, U. J. Shanklin, Judges.

Dunlap, Ia. Dec. 26-29, 1906. E. R. Cadwell, Secretary; Geo. D. Holden, Judge.

Lorimor, Ia. Dec. 13-15, 1906. Geo. Lochrie, Secretary; F. H. Shellabarger, Judge.

Montezuma, Ia. Dec. 4-7, 1906. J. D. Smith, Secretary; J. L. Ladd, Judge.

McCallsburg, Ia. Dec. 11-14, 1906. E. P. Pierce, Secretary; J. L. Todd, Judge.

New London, Ia. Nov. 20-23, 1906. F. L. Clawson, Secretary; W. S. Russell, Judge.

Villisca, Ia. Dec. 5-8, 1906. F. M. Childs, Secretary; W. S. Russell, Judge.

### KANSAS.

Parsons, Kas. Dec. 3-8, 1906. C. S. Forcum, Secretary; Adam Thompson, Judge.

### KENTUCKY.

Owensboro, Ky. Dec. 31-Jan. 6. Frank Heck, Judge; D. O'C. Dougherty, Secretary.

Warsaw, Ky. Nov. 21-24, 1906. W. C. Pierce, Judge; J. W. Abbott, Secy.

### LOUISIANA.

Monroe Poultry & Pet Stock Association, Monroe, La., Dec. 6-8, 1906. E. S. Eby, Secretary; H. W. Blanks, Judge.

### MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Mass. Jan. 15-19. S. L. Roberts, Secy., South Attlebury, Mass.

Worcester, Mass. Jan. 23-26, 1907. Fred Midgley, Secretary.

### MICHIGAN.

Ann Arbor, Mich. Jan. 28-Feb. 2, 1907. G. R. Cooper, Secretary; Tucker & Campbell, Judges.

Dowagiac, Mich. Dec. 5-8, 1906. J. L. Bildeback, Secretary; Frank Travis, Judge.

Jackson, Mich. Dec. 4 to 7, 1906. C. W. Kroosz, Secretary; James A. Tucker, Sharp Batterfield, F. W. Travis, Judges.

### MISSOURI.

Gordonville, Mo., Dec. 31, 1906, to Jan. 3, 1907. D. T. Heimlich, Judge; G. S. Summers, Secretary.

Humansville, Mo., Dec. 11-14, 1906. C. M. Briggs, Judge; L. E. Walton, Secretary.

Pleasant Hill, Mo. Missouri State Poultry Association. Dec. 11-14, 1906. Rhodes and Russell, Judges; T. E. Quisenberry, Secretary, Slater, Mo.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 21-27, 1907. C. H. Rhodes, Adam Thompson and Chas. Heuschle, Judges; E. L. McDonald, Secretary.



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\$5.00 ea.

Good breeders from my best matings. Pullets \$2.50 to \$5.00 ea. A few year-old hens and cocks for sale. Also some exhibition birds.

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MISSISSIPPI.  
Aberdeen, Miss., Jan. 1-4, 1907. F. J. Marshall, Judge; J. W. Eskridge, Secretary.

NEBRASKA.  
Platte County Poultry and Stock Association, Columbus, Neb. Dec. 4 to 7, 1906. Thos. W. Southland, Judge; P. J. McCaffrey, Secy.

NORTH CAROLINA.  
Charlotte Poultry Association, Charlotte, N. C. Jan. 14-19, 1907. W. B. Alexander, Secretary; G. O. Brown, Judge.  
North Carolina Poultry Association, Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 8-11, 1907. J. S. Jeffreys, Secy.; W. C. Denny, Judge.  
Monroe Poultry Association, Monroe, N. C. T. P. Dillon, Secretary. Jan. 8-11, 1907. Geo. O. Brown and Geo. W. Mean, Judges.

NEW YORK.  
Philmont, N. Y. Dec. 4-7, 1906. G. J. Anderson, Secretary.

OHIO.  
Cincinnati, O. Jan. 15-19. T. J. Foy, Secy. Greenfield, Ohio. Dec. 31, 1906, Jan. 5, 1907. Lee W. Devoss, Secretary; D. J. Lambert, Judge.  
Lima, Ohio, Jan. 2 to 5, 1907. Ed. Helsler, Secretary; Judges J. E. Gault and C. E. Cram. Mount Vernon, Ohio. Second week December. Geo. H. Brown, Secretary; Ira C. Keller, Judge.  
McConnellsville, Ohio. Dec. 18-21, 1906. Frank Sheridan, Secretary; T. E. Orr, Judge. Oak Harbor, Ohio. Jan. 15-18, 1907. N. H. Blecker, Secretary; Chas. E. Cram, Judge. Painesville, Ohio, Jan. 9-11, 1907. D. J. Lamberts, Judge; Ira M. Crowther, Secretary. Ravenna, Ohio. Dec. 19 to 24, 1906. H. A. Beck, Secretary; J. E. Gault, Judge. Sidney, Ohio, Jan. 8 to 12, 1907. Earl Lee, Secretary; Judges J. E. Gault and C. E. Cram. Springfield, Ohio. Jan. 28-Feb. 2, 1907. Albert Seitz, Secretary; Ira C. Keller, Judge. Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 24 to 28, 1907. A. T. Baker, Secy.; Judges J. E. Gault and others.

OKLAHOMA.  
Enid, Okla. Jan. 8-12, 1907. Fred Roy Ziller, Secretary; C. A. Emry, Judge. Oklahoma City, Okla., Dec. 12, 1906. T. E. Shaw, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA.  
Scranton, Pa. Jan. 14-19, 1907. A. W. Close, Secretary; Drevensstedt, Pierce and Stanton, Judges.

SOUTH CAROLINA.  
Charleston Poultry Association, Charleston, S. C. Nov. 5-10. T. J. McCarty, Secretary; F. J. Marshall and Geo. O. Brown, Judges.  
Greenview Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association, Greenville, S. C., Jan. 15-18, 1906. W. G. McDavid, Secy.

TENNESSEE.  
Middle Tennessee Poultry Association, Columbia, Tenn., Nov. 27-30. R. S. Hopkins, Secretary; F. J. Marshall and W. F. Maury, Judges.  
Chattanooga Poultry Association, Chattanooga, Tenn. W. F. Maury, Secretary; Geo. O. Brown, Judge. Dec. 12-15, 1906.

Franklin, Tenn. Jan. 7-12, 1907. T. M. Campbell, Judge; E. C. Truett, Secretary.  
Greenfield Poultry, Pigeon & Pet Stock Association, Greenfield, Tenn. Dec. 27 to 29, Silas L. Johnson, Secretary; R. E. Jones, Judge.  
East Tennessee Poultry Association, Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 11-14, 1906. John T. Oates, Secretary; F. J. Marshall, Chas. McClave, Judges.  
Madisonville, Tenn., Nov. 14, 15. R. F. Hudson, Secretary.  
Tennessee State Show, Nashville, Tenn. Jan. 14-18, 1907. F. J. Marshall, C. H. Denny, C. H. Hansen, Judges. J. A. Murkin, Jr., Secretary.

TEXAS.  
Temple, Texas. Dec. 11-14, 1906. Mrs. W. E. Matthews, Secretary; H. B. Savage, Judge. Dallas, Texas. Jan. 8-12, 1907. F. J. Marshall, S. B. Lane, Judges; Elbert Beemon, Secretary.  
Tyler, Texas. Dec. 3-5, 1906. Allen McClung, Secretary.

VIRGINIA.  
Harrisonburg, Va. Dec. 4-6, 1906. Geo. O. Brown, Judge; C. O. Hunson, Secretary.

WEST VIRGINIA.  
Clarksburg, W. Va. Feb. 5-8. T. E. Orr, Judge; W. H. Lewis, Secretary.

WISCONSIN.  
Oconomowoc, Wis. Dec. 7-13, 1906. Chas. Behrend, Jr., Secretary; J. A. Tucker, H. Vanslow, Judges.  
Oshkosh, Wis. Feb. 1-7, 1907. J. F. Irvine, Secretary; Chas. McClave, J. A. Tucker, Judges.

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**S. C. Brown Leghorns**

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Barred Rocks, 1st and 3d Pullet and special for best Pullet in show.  
White Rocks, 1st and 3d Cockerels, 2d and 3d Pullet, 2d Hen and 2d pen.  
Also 3d Hen at Nashville, Tenn.  
Franklin, Tenn., Feb. 14 to 17:  
1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Cockerel; 1st, 2d, 3d and 5th Pullet; 1st, 3d and 4th Hen; 3d Cock; 1st and 2d pen. Also five specials. One pen scored 189½. No Barred Rocks shown

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#### WE GUARANTEE IT

to cure Roup if the fowls can see to drink,  
or if you can make them drink.

We send your money back without question  
if it fails. How much better to keep  
them well and the flock toned up by using  
it as a

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It kills the germ and removes the cause.  
Given in regular fall (Roupy) weather, it  
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Eggs from 3 pens that will produce  
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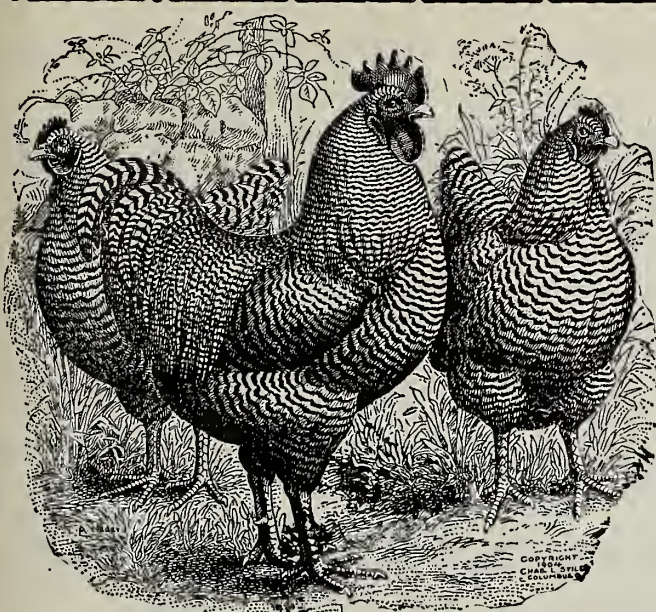
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F. J. Marshall and Loring Brown.

The kind that win in such shows as the one held in Nashville, Tenn., January, 1906, where none but the best got a place of any kind, and even then many fine birds failed to get on the inside of the ribbons, even the yellow ribbons. Yet in this great show I won on my Famous Ringlet Pullets both 1st and 2nd, having eight Pullets in the show, scoring from 92½ to 95 points, having one 95, one 94½ and four 94 point Pullets in one great show like this one.

For this reason and with these facts known to the entire South, I will say without fear of contradiction, I have the

### STRONGEST LINE OF PULLETS IN THE SOUTH TO-DAY

At Huntsville, Ala., December, 1905, I won ck. 1st; ckl. 1, 2, 3, pullets 1, 2, 3, pens 1, 2, with F. J. Marshall, Judge. I can and will furnish winners for any customer for the coming season. I can furnish cocks, cockerels, hens or pullets fit to show in any competition. Will make prices right, with quality considered, will guarantee satisfaction or your money back. Write your wants and mention the dear HEN.

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The blood lines are behind my birds. They win for me and will win for you.

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## 25 SINGLE COMB Rhode Island Red Cockerels FOR SALE

If ordered now \$1.00 and \$1.50 each. 20 pair of fine Reds at \$2.50 per pair. These birds are from highly advertised prize-winning stock.

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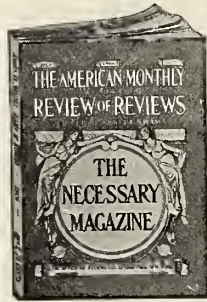
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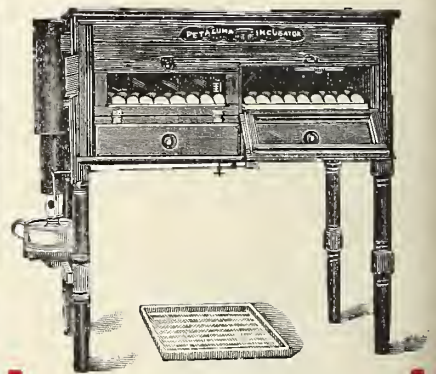
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