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United States Department of the Interior, J. A. Krug, Secretary Fish and Wildlife Service, Albert M. Day, Director

## Wildlife Leaflet 297

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## ABSTRACT OF FUR LAWS, 1947-48

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Division of Wildlife Research

The lively demand for furs of all kinds yields American trappers millions of dollars a year. Until trapping begins these furs have not cost them a single effort. Speaking generally, fur animals transform uncultivated materials into valuable peltries without expense or attention on the part of the landowners.

When the grain and the hay have been harvested, farmers, their sons, and tenants take down their traps and set out to take the crop of fur. The number of trapping licenses annually purchased in the United States is estimated at 2,500,000. About three-fourths of this number are held by farmers and farm boys under 16 years of age. Since in many States farm boys under 16 years of age are not required by law to procure trapping licenses, the number of persons taking fur animals would be increased by at least 200,000, or the total number of persons annually engaged in trapping fur animals in the United States and Alaska would be about 2,700,000. Undoubtedly the number of trappers and hunters has increased greatly during the years since the close of World War II, and, therefore, a heavier drain has been put upon the fur resources and greater quantities of fur animals have been taken.

To protect and perpetuate the supply of wild fur animals at the present level of production, the existing conservation laws (which are under the jurisdiction of the individual States and not of the Federal Government) should be improved and greater care should be taken of the breeding stock. Restocking depleted areas and developing new habitats for fur animals are also necessary for proper conservation.

The tabulations in this leaflet of the open seasons in 1947-48 on fur animals and the summaries of the provisions of State and Provincial laws concerning possession, sale, shipment, export, and licenses have been prepared primarily to aid Federal officials in conducting investigations under the Lacey Act and enforcing its provisions and to answer inquiries of State game officials, trappers, and other interested persons. Every effort has been made to have the summaries correct, but the trapping seasons in many States and Provinces being subject to change by orders or regulations of the respective conservation authorities, it would be well for trappers and others concerned to apply direct to the proper agency

for the latest information on State and Provincial laws, orders, and regulations before engaging in trapping or other activities involving fur animals or parts thereof.

The Federal Lacey Act is found on page 46 of this leaflet.

Beaver, otter (see exception	a) • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • No open season•
Exception: Open season	on otters in Mobile,	Clarke,
Baldwin, and Washingt	on Counties	Nov. 20 - Jan. 31
Civet cat, fox, mink, oposs	um, skunk, raccoon,	
weasel		Nov. 20 - Jan. 31.
Muskrat		Nov. 20 - Jan. 31.

Possession and sale.—Possession of furs, skins, or pelts by trapper, fur buyer, or dealer longer than 20 days after the close of the season is illegal, unless permission to keep furs longer has been granted by the Department of Conservation before the expiration of the 20-day period. No restrictions on sale of skins legally taken and on which State tax has been paid.

Shipment and export. No restrictions on skins legally taken and on which State tax has been paid.

Licenses.—Resident, \$2.50. A nonresident is not permitted to trap. Fur buyer or trader must obtain a license based on gross sales of the preceding year, the minimum cost of license being \$25.

### ALASKA

## Open seasons

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Beaver:
Fur districts 1 and 8
Fur district 2 (see exception)
Exception: On a strip one-half mile wide on
either side of the Copper River road from
Eyak bridge to Mile 27, nor on Kenai Pen-
insula, south from Turnagain Arm, Portage
River drainage, and Passage Canal No open season.
Fur district 3 (see exception) Feb, 1 - Mar. 31.
Exception: Kodiak-Afognak Island group No open season.
Fur districts 4 and 5 Feb. 1 - Mar. 31,
Fur district 6 (see exception) Feb. 1 - Mar. 31.
Exception: Within the Clearwater drainage, lying
south of the Tanana River and between the
Richardson Highway and the Big Gerstle River . No open season.
Fur district 7
Bear, polar
Coyote, marmot, squirrel, wolverine, wolf No closed season.
Fox, land otter, lynx, mink, weasel:
Fur district 1
Fur districts 2 to 7 (see exception) Nov. 16 - Jan. 31.
Exception: White foxes Dec. 1 - Mer. 15.
Fur district 8
Marten:
Fur district l
Fur districts 2 to 7

Muskrat:

Bag Limit: Beaver, 10 a season.

Trapping methods.—Any means, except by means, aid, or use of a set gun, a shotgun, artificial light of any kind, steel bear trap, or other trap with jaws having a spread exceeding 9 inches, poison, dog (except for polar bears in fur district 8, and wolves and coyotes in fur districts 5, 6, 7, and 8), fish trap or net, any trap or snare within 25 feet of a beaver home or den, or within 100 feet of a fox den, or by destroying or disturbing homes, houses, dens, dams, or runways of such animals. Beavers may be taken only by means of asteel trap or snare and by persons over the age of eleven years. Wolves and coyotes may be killed by means of a rifle, shotgun or pistel at any time by any person permitted to carry firearms.

Possession and sale.—No restrictions on prime skins legally taken, except that beaver skins must be presented to a wildlife agent or other officer authorized by the Alaska Game Commission for sealing within 30 days after close of the season.

Shipment and export. No restrictions on skins legally taken, but no person who is engaged in fur farming or is a fur dealer shall possess or transport furs without a license. Packages containing furs must be marked to show contents in detail and the names and addresses of consigners and consignees, and shipper must deliver to freight or express agent or postmaster at shipping point, a statement showing contents of package and that no illegal or unscaled beaver skins are contained therein. Shipment of unscaled skins of beavers is prohibited.

Licenses.—Resident, trapping, 3. Trapping license is not required of native Indians or Eskimos, nor of residents under 16 years of age.

Monresident. -- General hunting, trapping, and game fishing, \$50. Fur farm. -- 2.

Alien. -- Special hunting, trapping, and fishing, \$100.

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Fur dealer.—(a) Resident, \$10; or association or co-partnership of residents organized under laws of the Territory, \$10 for each individual; (b) nonresident but citizen or national of the United States, or corporation, association, or co-partnership composed of citizens or nationals of the United States organized under the laws of the Territory or of a State of the United States, any member of which is a nonresident, \$100; (c) alien, or corporation, association, or co-partnership not organized under laws of the Territory or of a State of the United States, any stockholder or

member of which is an alien, \$500; (d) resident and agent in charge of a fur-dealer station under (a), (b), or (c), \$10; (e) nonresident but citizen or national of the United States and an agent in charge of a fur-dealer station under (a), (b), or (c), or nonresident citizen or national itinerant agent of such dealer, \$100; (f) alien and agent in charge of a fur-dealer station under (a), (b), or (c), or alien itinerant agent of such dealer, \$500. No license issued to any agent whose principal has not procured a license under (a), (b), or (c).

### ARIZONA

Consult Game and Fish Commission, Arizona State Bldg., Phoenix, Arizona. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

## ARKANSAS

## Open seasons

Possession and sale.—Possession and sale of pelts taken in the States are prohibited except between December 1 and February 10. Fur buyer is required to obtain a permit to possess or sell pelts during the closed season and to file a report of pelts on hand February 10. He must also report the number and kinds of all furs purchased during the season and from whom each pelt or fur was purchased.

Shipment and export. — No restrictions, except that fur dealers must report shipments within or out of the State.

Licenses.—Resident using 12 or less traps, \$1.50; using more than 12 traps, \$20. Nonresident, \$50. Fur dealer: resident, \$5; nonresident, \$50.

### CALIFORNIA

## Open seasons

Beaver (see note), sea otter No open s	season.
Note. Beavers, when damaging levees or canals	
may be taken under special permit issued by	
the Fish and Game Commission.	
Coyote, opossum, raccoon, ringtail, skunk, wolf,	
wildcat, weasel, badger No closed	d season.
Fisher, wolverine	season.
Pine marten (District 1 1/2 only) No open	season.
Other fur animals Nov. 16	

Note,—Trapping license (license year, July 1-June 30) is required for trapping pine martens (except in District 1 1/2), minks, river otters, foxes, and muskrats for profit and cannot be killed during the closed season except when destroying property. Spike or sawtooth traps cannot be used.

Possession and sale. - No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Shipment and export. -- No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Citizen, 1; alien, \$2. Licensee must submit before July 1, a report of his catch, giving names and addresses of persons to whom pelts were sold or shipped.

Note.—Special permits in case of damage being done by fur-bearing animals shall be issued only where definite proof is given that damage was actually done. Persons requesting such permits should make application to the nearest officer of the State Game and Fish Department. All pelts taken under these permits shall be divided fifty percent to the permittee and fifty percent to the Game and Fish Department.

Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken may be possessed during the open season and for 15 days thereafter. A permit is required for possession of skins by trapper and dealer 30 days after close of season. These permits expire on September 1 of the year of issue but may be renewed upon application on or before that date. The permit must accompany pelts sold by trapper or dealer whether sold within or out of the State. If the trapper or dealer disposes of only part of the pelts covered by the permit, the original permit must accompany the pelts disposed of and an application made for a new permit to cover the remainder.

Shipment and export.—See Possession and sale. Shipping tags provided by the State Game and Fish Commission must be attached to each bundle shipped, and each bundle must show name, post office address, and license number of shipper. Licensed trappers, dealers, and all persons must obtain a shipping permit from the Commission for each shipment of furs out of the State. The permit must be attached to each bundle shipped and must show the number and kind of each pelt in the shipment, names of shipper and consignee, and license number of consignor. Licensed dealers must furnish the Commission on or before June 30 next or at any time required to do so, a written report showing number and kinds of skins purchased from trappers and the amount paid. Fur purchased from other dealers shall not be included in this report.

Licenses.—Resident, \$2; nonresident, \$25. Fur dealer; resident, \$25; nonresident, \$50. The Commission may require licensees to submit such reports asit may deem necessary. Special resident trapping permits are issued without charge to children under fourteen years of age of a resident landowner or farm tenant when application is made to the nearest game warden or fur inspector in writing.

### CONNECTICUT

## Open seasons

Fox, opossum, weasel  Mink, otter, skunk  Muskrat  Rabbit and wild hare (see note)  Note.—Does not apply to European hares, Belgian hares, or jackrabbits. Use of fitches, rodents,	Nov. 1 - Mar. 15. Nov. 1 - Mar. 31.
or ferrets is prohibited.  Raccoon (season opens at sunset) (see note)	

Bag Limits.—Rabbits and wild hares, 3 a day, 30 a season; squirrels (gray) 5 a day, 30 a season.

Possession and sale.—Fur dealer's license is required to buy raw furs produced in the State.

Shipment and export. -- No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident 16 years of age or over: trapping, \$3.35; trapping and hunting, \$5.35\*; trapping, hunting, and fishing \$7.35\*\*. Resident under 16, trapping, \$1.35. Nonresidents are not permitted to trap. Fur dealer; resident, \$5; agent of licensed resident, \$2; nonresident, \$75.

\* As of January 1, 1948, \$6.35.

\*\* - do - \$8.35.

Beaver	
Fox (red) (to chase only)	30.
Mink, muskrat (see exception), otter Dec. 1 - Mar. 1	
Exception: On embanked meadows in New Castle County	
muskrats may be taken until March 20.	
Opossum, raccoon (see exception) Nov. 1 - Jan. 1	<u>.</u> 5ه
Exception: In New Castle County raccoons may be	
taken from	-5•
Squirrel	

Bag limit. - Squirrels and rabbits, 6.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that it is illegal to sell or export red foxes or red fox hides.

Licenses.—Resident hunting and trapping, \$1.25; nonresident hunting and trapping, \$15.50; special 5-day license, \$5.50. Aliens cannot hunt or trap except on a farm of 20 acres or more on which they reside. Fur dealer, \$5, required for purchasing all pelts except muskrat.

### FLORIDA

Open seasons

Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken may be possessed, bought, and sold during the open season and 30 days thereafter, but fur dealers may handle manufactured furs at any time.

Shipment and export.—Skin's legally taken may be shipped and exported during the open season and 30 days thereafter. Packages must show name and address of trapper.

Licenses.—Resident: State-wide \$25.50; county, \$3.25; county other than that of residence, \$10.50. License is not required of resident Confederate veterans or of other residents 65 years of age or over. Nonresident: State-wide, \$100.50; county \$25.50. Applicants for licenses must report previous year's catch. Fur dealer: resident, 100, and \$5 for each agent or traveling buyer; resident local dealer, \$10; nonresident, \$500, or \$100 for each agent or traveling buyer or acting as agent for nonresident buyer. Dealers and buyers must report every two weeks the names of trappers from whom pelts were purchased, their license numbers, and the number and kinds of pelts purchased.

### GEORGIA

## Open seasons

Possession and sale. — Prohibited during the closed season.

Dealers must make such reports as may be required by the Division of Wildlife, Department of Natural Resources.

Shipment end export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that the trapper must exhibit his license to the transportation agent when making shipments. Express companies must submit a report of fur shipments. Trappers and dealers must declare pelts in possession at the end of the season, and these declared pelts can be shipped at any time.

Licenses.—Resident, \$3; nonresident, \$25. Fur dealer: resident, \$10; and \$5 for each agent; nonresident, \$200; and \$5 for each resident or traveling agent.

### IDAHO

	Open seasons
Fisher, fox, marten, otter	.No open season.
Districts 1, 2, 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
District 4	.Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
Fremont, Madison, Glark, Jefferson, Bingham, Bannock, Power, Teton, Caribou, Bear Lake,	
and Bonneville Counties except Gray's lake and Gray's Lake watershed down to highway bridge on the Idaho Falls highway in Bonneville	
County	.Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
Muskrat:	
Districts 1 and 2	.Nov. 11 - Dec. 31.
District 3:	
Ada, Canyon, Elmore, Gem, Owyhee, Payette and	
Washington counties	• Nov. l - Jan. 31.
Adems, Boise, Valley counties	Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
District 4:	
Blaine, Custer, Lemhi, and Butte Counties Twin Falls, Cassia, Jerome, Gooding (except Hagerman Refuge), Minidoka, Camas, and	Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
Lincoln Counties	
Hagerman Refuge	• No open season.

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District 5:
Bear Lake and Caribou counties No open season.
Franklin County • • • • • • • • • • Mar. 1 - Mar. 31.
Gray's Lake and Gray's Lake watershed down
to highway bridge on the Idaho Falls
highway in Bonneville County Apr. 10 - Apr. 25.
Fremont, Madison, Clark, Jefferson, Teton,
Oneida, Bannock, and Power Counties and
Bonneville County except, Gray's Lake and
Gray's Lake watershed down to highway
bridge on the Idaho Falls highway in
Bonneville County • • • • • • • • • Nove 1 - Apr. 15.  Bingham County except that portion of
Blackfoot Reservoir in Bingham
County Nov. 1 - Apr. 15.
Raccoon:
Districts 1 and 2 Nov. 15 - Dec. 31
District 3:
Ada, Canyon, Elmore, Gem, Owyhee, Payette
and Washington Counties Nov. 15 - Jan. 31
District 4 Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
District 1.—Boundary, Bonner, Kootenai, Shoshone, and
Benewah Counties.
District 2.—Latah, Clearwater, Nez Perce, Lewis, and
Idaho Counties.

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District 3.—Ada, Adams, Boise, Canyon, Elmore, Gem, Owyhee, Payette, Valley, and Washington Counties.

District 4.—Camas, Gooding, Twin Falls, Cassia, Jerome, Blaine, Lincoln, Butte, Minidoka, Lemhi, and Custer Counties.

District 5.—Bannock, Bear Lake, Caribou, Power, Franklin, Oneida, Clark, Fremont, Jefferson, Teton, Madison, Bingham, and Bonneville Counties.

Note. Taking of muskrats is restricted to traps only. No flesh of any game-bird, game-fish, or game-animal shall be used for bait in trapping fur-bearing animals. It is unlawful to destroy, disturb, or remove the traps of any licensed trapper. Trappers are required to make a written report of the season's catch to the game director within 90 days after the season. Each person trapping fur in Idaho must have a license, and each person buying fur in Idaho must have a buyer's license.

Possession and sale. -- Skins legally taken may be possessed and sold at any time. It is illegal to possess without a permit fur animals or hides on which there is no open season. It is unlawful for any person to have marten skins or pelts in his possession after 14 days from the termination of the marten trapping season unless it has been properly tagged with tag issued by the Fish and Game Department. Conservation officers will tag each marten skin.

Shipment and export. - No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident, \$5; nonresident, \$75; alien, \$150. Fur buyer: resident, \$5; nonresident, \$20.

## ILLINOTS

## Open seasons

Note.—Northern zone comprises Henderson, Iroquois, Livingston, Knox, Peoria, Warren, and Woodford Counties, and all counties north thereof.

north thereof.

Southern zone comprises Bond, Crawford, Effingham, Fayette, Jasper, and Madison Counties, and all counties south thereof.

Central zone comprises the rest of the State.

Bag limit.—It is unlawful for any one person to take more than twelve (12) raccoons during any one open season.

Possession and sale.—Possession of green hides is permitted during the open season and 20 days thereafter. Every person taking fur animals must make a sworn report each month to the Department of Conservation of all hides of fur animals taken, sold, shipped, or dealt in during November through February not later than the 5th day of the month succeeding that for which report is made. Fur buyers and tanners of green hides of fur animals are required to keep a record showing name, address, and license number of each person, within or without the State, from whom such hides are received, date of receipt, and prices paid, which record shall be open to inspection by officers of the Conservation Department, sheriffs, constables, or other police officer.

Shipment and export. No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—For each 25 traps or fraction thereof—resident, \$2; nonresident. %. Fur buyer, resident: wholesaler, \$50; retailer, \$10; track traps of such property nonresident, \$100; expiration date, January Ja of each property.

Bag limit. — Daily bag and possession limits on raccoon, 2.

Possession and sale.—Fresh skins legally taken may be possessed and disposed of 5 days after close of season. Licensed fur buyers may possess untanned hides taken in the open season 60 days after close of season, and for a longer period if report showing number and kinds of skins and place of storage is made to the Director of Conservation. No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Shipment and export. -- No restriction on skins legally taken, except that shipment must be labeled to show contents, and license must be exhibited to carrier.

Licenses.—Resident, \$1.50; nonresident, \$15.50. Fur buyer: resident, \$10; nonresident, \$25. Nonresident jobber to purchase from licensed buyers, \$10.

TOWA

## Open seasons

Note. — Open season dates are subject to change by administrative order of the State Conservation Commission.

Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken may be possessed and sold during the open season and 10 days thereafter, or for a longer period under permit of the Conservation Commission. Licensed dealer may possess at any time hides legally acquired. Special permit is required for trappers to ship, transport, or sell to dealers outside the State. Green hides in process of manufacture may be possessed at any time. Dealers or buyers must, within 15 days after close of season, file with the Conservation Commission a sworn inventory of the number and kinds of skins purchased.

Shipment and export.—See Possession and sale. Skins of protected fur animals legally taken may be exported under permit during the open season and the first 10 days of the closed season.

Licenses.—Resident, using 15 traps or less, \$1; using more than 15, 15¢ per trap, including tag. Nonresident shall be charged the same fee that the State of the applicant's residence charges a resident of Iowa for a nonresident license, providing such fee shall not be less than \$10.00; providing further no such license shall be issued to a resident of any State which does not grant non-resident trapping licenses. Fur dealers must be licensed: resident, \$10; nonresident license shall be determined similar to nonresident trapping license providing such shall not be less than \$50.00; providing further no such license shall be issued to a resident of any State which does not grant nonresident fur dealers licenses.

### KANSAS

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Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken may be possessed by licensed fur dealers during the first 10 days of the closed season. No other restrictions on possession and sale of skins legally taken.

Shipment and export. -- Skins may not be shipped except during the open season and 10 days thereafter, but licensed dealers may make shipments out of season under permit.

Licenses.—Resident, \$1; nonresident not permitted to trap. Fur dealer, resident, \$10; nonresident, \$25.

## KENTUCKY

	Open seasons
Beaver, otter	No open season.
Fox (red), mink, muskrat, skunk, opossum, raccoon (See exception)	Nove 1 Jan. 31.
Rabbit	Nov. 20- Jan. 15. Aug., 15 Nov. 30.

Note: --Every licensed fur dealer shall issue a receipt to
each person from whom he purchases furs or skins of fur
animals; setting forth the number and kind of furs or
skins, the date of purchase, and the price paid for each.
The dealer shall make out a duplicate receipt at the same

time, and obtain the signature and address on such duplicate of the person from whom the furs or skins were purchased. On or before the end of each license year the dealer shall send the duplicate receipts to the Division of Game and Fish and may be required by the Division to send in the duplicate receipts more often. Failure to send in as directed bars licensees from obtaining license for the following year.

## Bag Limit. - Rabbit, 3 a day.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—Trappers, no restrictions on skins legally taken. Green hides of raccoons, opossums, skunks, muskrats, and minks may be possessed until February 15. Fur buyers, no restrictions on skins legally purchased. Green hides of raccoons, opossums, skunks, muskrats, and minks may be possessed until February 20. Fur processors may trade and traffic in furs with licensed processors and manufacturers the year round.

Licenses.—Resident, \$1; nonresident, \$10.50. Fur buyer: resident, \$2; nonresident, \$75.

### · LOUISTANA

Open seasons

4 ,		
Bear (game animals)		
Beaver		No open season.
Civet cat, mink, opossum, otter, raccoon, skunk,		
weasel		
Muskrat, nutria (coypu)		
Panther, wildcat, wolf	e 0	No closed season,

Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken and possessed may be sold during the open season by licensed trappers and may be bought and sold by licensed dealers who may possess such skins during the closed season provided the records and reports required by law have been kept and submitted, but no licensee shall possess green hides or furs of any fur animals except muskrats between January 21 and November 19 inclusive.

Shipment and export.—State tax (otter, 25%; mink, nutria (coypu) 10%; and raccoon, 5%; all other pelts, 1% each) must be paid on all pelts before they are shipped or exported. No furs may be exported except by the holder of a dealer's license or by the trapper shipping his own catch. Dealer must make a sworn statement of shipments out of the State.

Licenses.—Resident, 32; nonresident not permitted to trap.
Fur dealer: resident, \$150; nonresident, \$300. Fur buyer: resident, \$25; nonresident, \$100.

\*\*\*Closed season on muskrats. February 16 to November 30 inclusive.

Beaver (see exception), fisher, sable
Bear
Bobcat, Canada lynx (loup cervier), porcupine No closed season. Fox (see note 1), otter, raccoon and skunk (see
note 2), weasel Oct. 16 - Feb. 15.  Note 1There is no closed season for hunting  foxes in organized territory for a period of 2 years from August 14, 1946.  Note 2Raccoons and skunks may be hunted at  night with dogs and with a pistol not larger than a .22 caliber, Oct. 15 - Dec. 15.
Mink
Muskrat: .
Androscoggin, Cumberland, Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc,
Waldo, and York Counties
Apr. 26 - May 15.
Franklin, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscataquis,  Somerset and Oxford
Kennebec and Washington Apr. 1 - Apr. 30.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export. No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that beaver skins must bear the seal of the Commissioner.

License.—Resident, State-wide, \$10; in organized territory, \$5; nonresident and alien, \$50. State-wide license required when season is opened on beavers \$10. Fur dealer, resident, \$25. Licensed trappers are required to make report of their catch.

### MARYLA ND

### Open seasons

Beaver Otter, muskrat, mink	• •	•	• •	 0 0 0		٥	Jan. 1 - Mar. 15.
Rabbit	9 0	•	e o	 	0 0 0	•	.Nov. 15 - Dec. 31.
Raccoon, opossum							
Squirrel (see note) .	0 •	•	0 •	 • • •		٥	.Sept. 15 - Sept. 30.

Note.—Landowner residing on his farm lands or a tenant of said farm lands may kill any squirrel between August 15 and September 14 inclusive if said squirrel is destroying corn on said farm lands.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—Possession of green hides of muskrats is prohibited except from January 1 to March 25. Cured muskrat skins may be possessed at any time for business purposes. No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident: State, \$5.25; county, \$1.25. Nonresident, \$15.50.

### MASSACHUSETTS

## Open seasons

Bag limit. -- Raccoon, 10.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that trappers must report to the Department of Conservation the number of animals taken. Skins may be sold only to licensed fur dealers.

Licenses.—Resident, \$5.25 (no charge to resident 70 years of age or over); nonresident, \$15.25. Fur dealer—for information on licenses communicate with the Division of Fisheries and Game, Department of Conservation, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston.

### MICHIGAN

In a Caracter Caracter	·
	Open seasons
Badger, skunk	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31.
General season	Oct. 1 - Nov. 5.
Beaver and otter (open seasons, if any, to be announced by the Commission of Conservation later Coyote, wolf, lynx, bobcat, fox, opossum, porcupine,	·
weasel, squirrel (red)	No closed season,
Upper Peninsula	Nov. 1 - Nov. 30.
Saginaw Bay	
Exceptions:  Minks may be hunted from Nov. 1 - Dec. 31  in Upper Peninsula; Nov. 1 - Jan. 31 in  Lower Peninsula.	
Special season on mink and muskrats, Dec. 1  Jan. 31, in the following described area	
Beginning at a point on the southern boundary of Michigan where it is inter-	
sected by highway U.S. 25; thence northway	ard

along highway U S 25 to its junction with M. 56; thence along M 56 to its junction with highway No. 379; thence along highway No. 379 to its junction with Oak Street in the city of Wyandotte; thence east to the international boundary; thence southeast along the international boundary to its junction with the Ohio boundary line in Lake Erie; thence southwest along the Ohio boundary line to the place of beginning. All of Grosse Ile is included in this area.

Rabbit (cottontail), hare (varying or snowshoe): Open seasons Upper Peninsula . . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 1 - Mar. 1. Lower Peninsula north of townline 16 and west of Saginaw Bay . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 15 - Jan. 31. Rest of Lower Peninsula . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 15 - Dec. 31. Raccoon (trapping) (see note): Upper Peninsula (see exception) . . . . . . . . No open season. Exception: Delta and Menominee Counties . . . Nov. 1 - Nov. 30. Lower Peninsula north of townline 16 and west of Saginaw Bay . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Nov. 15 - Dec. 15. Rest of Lower Peninsula . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Dec. 15. Note. - Raccoons may be hunted in all the Lower Peninsula from November 1 to December 15, and in Delta and Menominee Counties of the Upper Peninsula from November 1 to November 14. Nonresidents may not hunt or trap these animals. Squirrel (fox and gray): Upper Peninsula . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No open season. Lower Peninsula . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 15 - Nov. 5.

Possession and sale. Skins of fur animals in possession 5 days after close of season must be reported to the Conservation Commission. Persons selling skins of fur animals must report name and address of purchaser and number and kinds of skins sold.

Shipment and export.—Dealers must have a permit to export furs. Packages must be labeled with the names and addresses of consignor and consignee.

Licenses.—Resident (except for beavers and otters), \$2.00. Licensess must report to the Commission of Conservation not later than February 15 the number and kinds of animals taken. Special beaver license (also includes otters if there is an open season on them), \$2, and \$2 additional for seal to be attached to each skin. Nonresidents are not permitted to trap.

## · · · MINNESOTA ·

Open seasons

		,												
Badger		•	٥	0	0 6		0	•	•	0	•	•	•	. Nov. 1 - Mar. 1.
Bear														
Beaver, muskrat, mink	-0	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	٥	(See note.)
Fisher, marten, otter														
Raccoon	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	•	0	•	. Nov. 1 - Dec. 1.

Skunk		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	٠	•	•	•	•	۰	٠	Nov. 1 - Mar. 1.
Squirrel	• q • q		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	9		•	Oct. 15 - Dec. 31.
Other fur	animals	0	•		•	•		•	2	•	0	•	•		•	•	•	•	No closed season.

Note.—Consult Department of Conservation, State Office Building, St. Paul 1, for séasons on beavers, muskrats and mink.

Possession and sale.—Skins of protected fur bearing mimals legally taken during the open season must be sealed or permit in possession within 5 days after the close of the season. Such protected fur bearing animals may be bought or sold at any time. Possession of protected fur bearing animals in closed season not sealed or having a permit is presumptive evidence they have been taken during closed season.

Shipment and export.—Protected fur bearing animals sealed and having a permit may be transported at any time. Package must have name of sender and license number and the number and kinds of skins contained therein on the outside of the package.

Licenses.—Resident, 3.00; beaver trapping license, \$2.50; special seal required for each beaver pelt, \$1.00. Nonresidents not permitted to trap. Any resident under 16 years of age does not need a license to trap.

### MISSISSIPPI

Consult State Game and Fish Commission, 330 East Pearl Street, Jackson 104, Mississippi. Data not received when Abstract was prepared.

#### MISSOURI

	Open seasons
Beaver (see note)	No open season.
taken under special permit only.  Bobcat, coyote, wolf	Dec. 1 - Jan. 15. Dec. 1 - Jan. 15.
during the open season.  Raccoon (see note)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 15.
	No open season.

Note. — The State Conservation Commission, Jefferson City, advises that there may be changes effective January 1948. Consult the · · Commission for verification on seasons. · · ·

Possession and sale. -- Possession and sale of green pelts during the closed season is prohibited. The buying season extends from December 1 to 10 days after the close of the open season. Fur dealers may traffic in furs throughout the calendar year, but fur buyers are restricted to the buying season,

Shipment and export. Shipper must show hunter's or dealer's license to the transportation company. Undried or green pelts may be shipped only during the open season, except that pelts of wolves, coyotes, and wildcats may be shipped at any time or in any condition. Dried pelts may be shipped during the open season and 10 days thereafter. Shipments must be marked with name and address of shipper, his license number, date of shipment, and nature of contents.

Licenses. -- Resident: hunting and trapping (State), \$2.50; hunting and fishing, county of residence, \$2.00; hunting, fishing and trapping (State), \$4.00. Nonresident hunting, \$15 (does not include fur animals). Fur dealer or buyer; resident dealer \$100; resident buyer (State), \$20; nonresident fur buyer (State), \$150; limited, \$25.

## MONTANA

## Open seasons

Beaver (see note) (Special permit required) . . . . No open season. Note. The shooting of beavers is prohibited. After investigations, the State Game Warden may issue a special permit to property owners (fee \$10) to trap beavers that are damaging his property. Application for such permit must be filed between May 1 and November 30. It is unlawful to willfully destroy, open or leave open, or partially destroy, the house of any beaver. Black-footed ferret, bobcat, civet cat, coyote,

lynx, mountain lion, skunk, weasel, wolf,

No closed season. Nov. 20 - Dec. 31. Fox, mink, raccoon . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No open season Mar. 1 - Mar. 31. 

Note .- All Federal and State preserves are closed to trapping except upon the issuance of a permit by the State Fish and Game Warden as far as State preserves are concerned, or by Federal refuge managers as far as Federal preserves are concerned.

Possession and sale.—Possession and sale of beaver skins, whether taken within or without the State is prohibited, except that skins law-fully taken and tagged may be sold and shipped within the State or exported under shipping permit. Beaver skins from without the State must be reported within 10 days after arrival, with affidavit showing number, date of receipt, name and address of person from whom received, tag numbers, and method of transportation. They may then be bought and sold, or exported under permit (fee 60¢). No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Shipment and export.—A resident of the State or a nonresident must have shipping permit (fee 60¢) to export skins of any fur animal. No other restrictions, other than as above stated, on skins legally taken. Packages must be marked to show contents and number of shipping permit. Beaver pelts must be tagged (fee 50¢).

Licenses.—Resident, \$10 (must also hold fishing license, Class A). Resident on own or leased land, \$1. Nonresident not permitted to trap. Fur dealer: resident, \$10; nonresident, \$50. Beaver permits (to landowners or lessees only), \$10. No fee for fur farming.

## NEBRASKA

Consult Game, Forestation and Parks Commission, Lincoln 9, Nebraska. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

#### NEVADA

## Open seasons

Possession, sele, shipment, and export.—Beaver and otter to be taken only by State Commission.

Licenses.—Trapper's license is required for trapping: Resident, \$1; nonresident, \$10; declarant alien, \$15; alien, \$30; mink and muskrat special license, \$15 in addition to proper general trapper's license; resident fur dealer, \$1; fur dealer's agents, \$10; nonresident fur dealer, \$25.

# NEW HAMPSHIRE

Consult Fish and Game Department, Concord, New Hampshire.

Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

Beaver (see note)
must be turned over to State for disposition.  Mink, muskrat, otter
Raccoon (see note)
hunted only between sunset and sunrise but may not be hunted during the open season on deer.
Other fur animals
Bag limit Raccoons, 15 a season.

## NEW MEXICO

Licenses. --- Resident, 3.15; nonresident and alien, 15.50.

## Open seasons

Possession, sale, shipment and export.—The legally taken skins of fur bearers above listed may be possessed, sold, shipped, and exported without permit. No other restrictions on skins legally taken except that a permit fee (61.25) is required for the export of bears.

Licenses.—Trapping licenses required for taking above listed fur bearers. Resident, \$1.10; nonresident, \$20.10; fur dealer: resident, \$4; nonresident, \$50.

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Bear (game animal) (see note):
   Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Hamilton,
      Jefferson, Lewis, Oswego, Saratoga, St.
      Lawrence, Warren, and Washington Counties, and
     in those parts of Herkimer and Oneida Counties
     north of the main line tracks of the New York
      Central Railroad . . . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 20 - Nov. 20.
   Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Greene, Orange,
      Otsego, Rensselaer, Rockland, Schoharie,
     Sullivan, Ulster Counties. Also Herkimer
     County south of main line tracks of N.Y.C. and
     H.R.R.Co., and Albany County south and west of
     high tension transmission lines of New York
     Power and Light Corporation from Greene County
     line to Schenectady County line . . . . . . Nov. 15 - Dec. 15.
  All other counties during the last six week days
     in November and from December 1 to December 25.
       . Note. - May be taken by shooting only on land
          7.a.m. and 5 p.m., E.S.T.
Beaver (see note), fisher, marten or sable, otter. . No open season.
  Note. The Conservation Department has the power
     to permit the taking of beavers and otters if
     they have become so numerous that it is deemed
     advisable to reduce their numbers.
Fox, weasel . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No closed season.
      Mink
Muskrat (see note):
  Wayne County and in that part of the State north
     of the main line tracks of the New York Central
     Railroad from the eastern boundary line of Wayne
     County to Albany, and north of the main line tracks
     of the Boston and Albany Railroad from Albany to
     the Massachusetts boundary . . . . . . Jen. 1 - Apr. 20.
  Note. No person shall take muskrats by the
        use of a.box, wire, or cage trap, except
        that they may be taken in such a trap if it
        is so constructed as to be incapable of
        taking another muskrat after the first animal
        has been captured. No person shall take musk-
        rats by shooting except as provided in this sub-
        division. Muskrats may be taken on Lake Champlain
        during the open season by shooting a firearm not
        larger than 22 caliber, but the term Lake Champlain
        as here used shall not include tributary streams
        flowing into said lake, and such taking of muskrats
        in Lake Champlain by shooting shall not be lawful
        when and after the State of Vermont shall prohibit
        the taking of muskrats on said lake by shooting.
        No person shall disturb muskrat houses or dens at
        any time, and no person shall set or use a trap
        within five feet of any muskrat house or den at any time,
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Note.—Wild animals may not be taken by the use of leg gripping traps having teeth in jaws or in those having a greater spread of jaws than 6 inches. Traps must not be set in such manner that an animal, when caught, will be suspended.

or trafficked in.

Traps must be stamped with the operator's name and must be visited at least once in 24 hours. No person shall take or remove from a legally set trap any wild animal or possess such animal without the consent of the owner of such trap. The use of any device consisting of a noose of any material in the taking of fur animals is prohibited.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that the skins of the animals listed herein shall not be sold while attached to the carcass; nor shall the carcass of any such animal, or part thereof, be bought or sold unless the skin or hide is removed therefrom.

Licenses.—Trapping: resident, \$2.25; nonresident and alien, \$25. Licensees are required to report the number and species of animals taken during the previous season.

## NORTH CAROLINA

## Open seasons Bear (game animal) (see exception) . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 15 - Jan. 1. Exception: Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland, Harnett, Hoke, New Hanover, Robeson, Sampson and Scotland Counties, hunting allowed only on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays . . . . . . . . . . . . Oct. 15-Jan. 1. Beaver Fox: Communicate with the Department of Conservation and Development, Raleigh, for information on county regulations. In counties not having local fox laws, foxes may be taken at any time of the year except that guns may be used only during the open season on other game birds or animals. Mink, muskrat, opossum, raccoon (see exception and note). . Dec. 1-Feb. 15. Exception: Bladen, Columbus, Duplin, Greene, Hoke, Robeson, Sampson, Wayne, and Wilson Counties . . . Jan. 1-Jan. 31. Pender County shall be closed to trapping except.for. mink, muskrat, and otter along the streams from January 1 though January 31. Note. - Raccoons and opossums may be taken with gun and dog, October 15 to February 15.

Note. -- It is unlawful to set steel traps in Graham and Haywood

Counties unless for the protection of domestic fowl and livestock or crops; and in all counties west of Surry, Wilkes, Alexander, Catawba, and Cleveland Counties, except that such steel traps may be set for muskrat and mink in the water and along streams in the cultivated portion along said streams. It is unlawful to hunt or trap within 500 yards of high water during flood periods on any stream.

Bag limit. -- Bear, 2 a day and 2 a season.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—Residents may ship within the State game lawfully taken during open season. Nonresidents may ship game lawfully taken on permit from Commissioner but during one open season not more than 2 days' bag limit of game animals. Game shipments must be plainly marked as to owner and contents.

Licenses.—Resident: State, 3.25; county 2.25. Nonresident, \$25.25. Fur dealer, resident: State, 25; county 10; fur dealer's employee license, \$25. County permit to buy furs at established place of business in resident county, 5; nonresident, 100; nonresident permit to buy furs from State-wide licensed dealer, 1.

## NORTH DAKOTA

•	•	Open seasons
Beaver (see note)  Note.—If beavers become so numerous that a limited number may be taken without scri depleting the species, the Game and Fish	ously Com-	No open season.
missioner may issue a permit to the land to take them on his premises.		
Skunk  Fox  Mink, weasel  Muskrat (see note)  Note,—Subject to change by Game and Fish	• •	No closed season.  Nov. 15 - Feb. 15.  Dec. 1 - Dec. 31.
Commission. Raccoon	e 6	Oct 1 - Feb. 15.
Possession and sale.—Skins legally taken sold at any time.		

Shipment and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except on those of beavers, on which the licensee must, within 10 days, report the number taken and procure a tag (fee 25¢) for each pelt. Tagged beavers or pelts may be possessed, bought, sold, or transported at any time under regulations.

Licenses.—Resident hunting license, \$1.50; resident trapping license, \$1; nonresident hunting or trapping license, \$25. Fur dealer: resident, \$5 for each place of business in the State; resident traveling agent or buyer, \$15; nonresident, \$25.

### OHIO

Open seasons
Fox (red and gray) (see note) No closed season. Mink (see exception) Nov. 15 - Jan. 15.
Exception: Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Erie, Lake, Huron, Geauga, Lorain, Lucas, Ottawa, and
Sandusky Counties Nov. 15 - Mar. 15.  Muskrat (see exception) Nov. 15 - Jan. 15.
Exception: Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Erie, Lake, Huron, Geauga, Lorain, Lucas, Ottawa, and Sandualar Counties
Sandusky Counties Nov. 15 - Mar. 15.  Opossum, raccoon (see note) Nov. 15 - Jan. 15.  Note.—Raccoons may be taken only between 6 p.m.
and 6 a.m. E.S.T., except on November 15 when they shall not be taken before 6 p.m. A person
or party may not take more or have in their pos- session more than 2 at a time. The use of
climbers or other trec-climbing devices in the taking of fur animals is prohibited.
Skunk

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—Skins legally taken may be possessed, sold, shipped, and transported at any time. Packages must be marked to show contents, initial point of billing, and names and addresses of consignor and consignee.

Licenses.—Resident, \$1.25; nonresident, \$15.25; fur dealer: resident, no charge, nonresident and agents, \$50. Fur dealer or buyer is required to submit a report within 30 days after close of season on all skins bought which were taken within the State and shipped out of the State or sold within the State. Resident landowner or tenant of at least one year may hunt or trap thereon without a license.

### OKLAHOMA

## Open seasons

Possession and sale. —It is illegal to possess or sell pelts except during the open season and 25 days thereafter.

Shipment and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that shipment must be made during the open season or within 25 days thereafter.

Licenses.—Resident, \$1.25; nonresident, \$250. Fur dealer: resident, \$15; nonresident, \$50. Licensed trappers are required to report their catch. Licensed fur dealers are required to report season's purchases.

## OREGON

## Open seasons

Badger, civet cat, skunk, weasel	No closed season.
Bear	No closed season.
Beaver, fisher, ring-tailed cat, marten	· · · · No open season.
Mink, otter, muskrat, raccoon	Nov. 15 - Feb. 15.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—Fur animals legally taken within or out of the State may be possessed and sold at any time, but the burden of proving legal taking is on the trapper. Skins legally taken may be shipped at any time.

Licenses.—Resident, hunting, \$3; nonresident, hunting, \$15.

Trapping license for mink, otter, and muskrat: resident, \$3; hunting license is required for trapping of predatory animals. Fur dealer, \$10.

Fur dealer is required to submit a report not later than January 10 on all pelts acquired. Trappers required to submit report within 30 days of close of season.

Beaver (by traps only, State-wide) Feb. 15 - Mar. 1.  Note.—Nonresidents may not trap beavers. One  person may set, tend or operate 10 traps only.  Beaver traps must not be set on the structure  of any beaver dam or house or within 25 feet  of the waterline of cither thereof. Trappers  are required to keep tags above ice or water-  line to facilitate identification without dis-
turbing traps. Pelts must be tagged within 10 days after season, and may not be sold or other-wise disposed of until properly tagged. Present them to Protector in District or County where trapped.
Mink, otter, skunk
Hunting by individual or party (see note) Oct. 15 - Feb. 1.  Trapping (see note) Nov. 1 - Feb. 1.  Note. Hunting season begins at noon opening date and ends at same hour on closing date; traps not to be placed before 9 a.m. on the opening date or before 7 a.m. on any later opening date for trapping. The season closes
at 12 noon on the last date indicated for trapping to permit removal of animals caught on the last night of the season and lifting traps by daylight. Traps must be tagged; metal name tags required. Trappers are requested to refrain from setting traps in trails to avoid destroying game and injuring dogs.
Snares (see note)
Squirrel:  Black, fox, gray Nov. 1 - Nov. 30.  Red
Bog limits.—Bear (over 1 year old) by individual, 1; hunting

party of 3 or more, 2. Beaver, 2; rabbit (cottontail), 20; raccoon, squirrel (red), mink, opossum, skunk, muskrat (traps only), unlimited; squirrel (black, fox, and gray), 24; otter, unlimited.

Possession and sale.—It is unlawful to have in possession the green pelt of a raccoon or of any fur animals except during the open season therefore and for 10 days thereafter.

Shipment and export.—Cured skins of raccoons and bears legally taken may be shipped at any time. Packages containing furs must be marked to show contents, and name and address of owner. Raw furs shipped out of the State must be tagged (fee 25%).

Licenses.—Resident, \$2; nonresident or alien (nonresident of the United States), \$15. Licensees must report their catch of deer and bears within 5 days after close of season. Fur dealer: resident, \$10; nonresident, \$100.

### RHODE ISLAND

Open seasons

## 

skunks, and minks on his own land at any time.

Possession, sale, shipment and export. No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident, \$2. Resident over 65 years of age may obtain license upon payment of recording fees. Nonresident, \$10; alien, \$15, recording fee 25%. Rhode Island issues no trapping license. The privilege to trap is included in the hunting license.

### SOUTH CAROLINA

	Open seasons
Bear	
Fox (hunting only, may not be trapped) (see exceptions)	
Exceptions:  Chester County	
Spartanburg County	Sept. 1 -Feb. 15.
Aiken, Bamberg, Barnwell, Colleton, Dar Dorchester, Florence, Hampton, Lexin	gton,
and Richland Counties	
Greenwood, and Newberry Counties	Sept. 1 - Mar. 1.

Note. Use of steel traps is prohibited except for protection of poultry and property.

Possession and sale. No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Shipment and export. Skins of fur animals must be tagged by State warden or deputy before being shipped or transported. Tag fees: Otter, red fox, \$1; raccoon, gray fox, mink, 15¢ each; muskrat, opossum, 5¢. Packages for shipment must bear certificate of State warden that tag has been attached to each pelt. Shippers must make monthly reports to county wardens of skins shipped or transported. Shipments must be labeled to show consignor and consignee and the number and kinds of skins. No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident: State, \$3.10; county, \$1.10. Nonresident: State, \$15.25.

## SOUTH DAKOTA

Consult Department of Game, Fish and Parks, Pierre, South Dakota.

Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

## TENNESSEE

Consult Department of Conservation, Nashville 10, Tennessee. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

### TEXAS

Cpen s easons

Badger, civet cat, ringtail cat, otter, skunk (see
exceptions and note) Dec. 1 - Jan. 31.
Exceptions:
Cherokee county, steel traps permitted Dec. 15-Jan. 15.
Cottle County 2000 0000 0000 Dec. 1-Feb. 15.
Beaver (see exception and note) Dec. 1-Jan. 31,
Exceptions:
Brewster, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff
Davis, Kimble, Maverick, Pecos, Presidio,
Reeves, Terrell, and Val Verde Counties Jan. 1-Jan. 15.
Bobcat, cougar, coyote, mountain and Mexican Lion,
ocelot, weasel, wildcat, wolf No closed season.
Fox (see exceptions and note)
Exceptions:
Brazos, Falls, Henderson, Limestone and
Upshur Counties (except when destroying
or about to destroy domestic fewls or
other stock) No open season.
Bowie, Jefferson, Rusk and Shelby Counties No open season.
Camp County (if traps or guns are used) No open season.
Cass County o sa a se e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Burleson, Denton, Freestone, Guadalupe,
Hardin, Henderson, Jasper, Kaufman, Lee,
Leon, Madison, Malam, Newton, Panola,
Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby
and Walker Counties No closed season.
Navarro County (if steel traps, snare, or deadfalls are used) No open season.

Mink, raccoon (see exceptions and note) . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Jan. 31. Exceptions: Cherokee County, steel traps permitted during .Dec. 15 - Jan, 15. Cottle County . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Feb. 15. Muskrat (trapping only) (see exceptions and note) ... Nov. 15 - Mar. 15. Exceptions: Brewster, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, and Terrell Counties . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Jan. 31. Cherokee County (if steel traps are used). . Dec. 15 - Jan. 15. Note. - Muskrats may be taken by persons on own premises at my time by any means. Opossum (see exceptions) . . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Jan. 31. Exceptions: Cottle County . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 1 - Feb. 15. Sabine and San Augustine Counties . . . . . . No closed season.

Notes.—Communicate with the Came, Fish, and Oyster Commission,
Austin, for information on counties having additional local
season, on bag limits, and on means and methods of catching.

Parker County: Unlawful to liberate or possess fox.

Repertson County: May not sell fox or their pelts.

Possession and sale.—With certain exceptions, pelts taken during the open season may be possessed and sold at any time, but the possession of undried pelts later than 15 days after the close of the season is prima facie evidence of illegal taking. A trapper is allowed 15 days immediately following the open season for drying pelts taken during such season. It is illegal to purchase on the land of another, muskrats taken on such land, except from the owner or his agent. No restrictions on possession of skins for personal use if legally taken.

Shipment and export. - No restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident, [1]; nonresident, [200. Fur buyer: wholesele, \$25; retail, [5]. Fur dealers must submit a swern report not later than the 10th of each menth showing number and kinds of pelts purchased and shipped out of the State the preceding month. A resident license costing [5]0 is required of persons to trap beavers and otters outside the county of their residence.

Note. The Commission may close all or part of seasons when it is deemed advisable.

Possession and sale.—Skins of fur animals legally taken may be possessed and sold at any time, but green pelts may be possessed only during the open season and 16 days thereafter. Skins of beavers taken under authori ation of the State Fish and Game Commission must be turned over to the Commission for sale. Possession of untagged beaver and otter skins is prohibited.

Shipment and export.—Furs legally taken and possessed may be shipped and exported at any time, but shipment and export of untagged beaver skins are prohibited.

Licenses. — Resident, \$5; nonresident is not permitted to trap.

### VERMONT

	Open seasons.
•	
Beaver and fisher cat	No open season.
Fox (see exception and note)	
Exception: Grand Island County	
Note. — Franklin County: Trapping prohibited	. 9
except in Town of Swanton, where fox may be	
taken at any time.	
Mink, marten, and otter	Oct. 25 - Feb. 1/4
Muskrat (see exception):	0000 29 1000 140
	Oat 25 - Apr 10
Trapping	
Shooting	Apr. 1 - Apr. 10.
Exception:	7 7 70
Addison and Rutland Counties	
Lamoille County	
Raccoon (see note)	
Skunk (see note)	Oct. 25 - Feb. 14.

with dog and gun.

Note.—Fox, skunk, and raccoon may be taken with dog and gun during open season. Hunting license required to take fur-bearing animals

Note.—A person who traps for rur-bearing or noxious animals other than bear, within twelve hours shall notify the owner of enclosed lands on which he has set traps of the number and location of such traps and shall visit his traps at least once in every twenty-four hours. A person shall not set a metal trap on lands other than his own which does not have his name and address permanently and legibly stamped or engraved thereon, or on a tag of rustless material securely attached thereto.

Possession and sale.—Possession of fur animals during the closed season is prohibited, but furs or skins of animals legally taken may be possessed, bought or sold at any time.

Shipment and export. Shipments must be tagged to show number and kinds of animals or skins, consignor and consignee, station from which shipped, and destination. No other restrictions on shipment of skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Trapping: resident, \$1.75; nonresident, \$50. Fur buyer: resident, \$2.00; nonresident, \$50. Fur buyers are required to keep records of purchases and sales and file report on same at the end of license year. Hunting: resident, \$1.25; nonresident, \$12.50.

## · · VIRGINIA · · ·

## Open seasons

Black bear (trapping) (see note) Nov. 15 - Jan. 31.
Note It is unlawful to set steel bear traps
in Nansemond, Norfolk, and Princess Anne
Counties
Beaver, raccoon, squirrel (trapping) No open season.
Fox (trapping) (see exceptions) Nov. 15 - Jan. 31.
Exceptions:
Albermarle County Nov. 1 - Nov. 30.
Buchanan County
Clarke, Fauquier, Loudoun, and Rappahannock
Counties
Fairfax County
Frederick County Nov. 15 - Jan. 31.
Nelson County
Mink (trapping) (see exception) Dec. 1 - Jan. 31.
Exception: Buchanan County No closed season.
Muskrat, otter (trapping)
West of the Blue Ridge and in Albemarle, Culpeper,
Fauquier, Greene, Loudoun, Madison, Orm ge and
Rappahannock Counties Dec. 1 - Feb. 28.
East of the Blue Ridge (except in 8 counties
above mentioned) Jan. 1 - Mar. 15.
Cpossum (trapping)
Rabbit (trapping)
Skunk, weasel, wildcat
·

Note.—It is unlawful to trap with steel traps except when done on land by its owner, members of his or her household, tenants, or those having permission to do so from the landowner or his or her agent.

Bag limit. - Rabbit, 10 a day; 150 a season.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken and possessed.

Licenses.—Resident, \$5 (State); \$1.50 (county). Nonresident, \$50. Fur buyer, resident, \$25 (State); \$10 (county); to buy from trappers at retail within a fixed place of business, \$5. Fur buyer, nonresident to buy from individual trapper, \$75 (State); \$25 (county); to buy from trappers at retail within a fixed place of business, \$25.

### WASHINGTON

## Open seasons

Notes.—It is unlawful to trap muskrats in muskrat mounds or houses. It is unlawful to trap fur animals within the boundaries of the Lake Washington, Little Spokane, and Burnt Bridge Creek game reserves from Nov. 15, 1947, to Jan. 15, 1948, both dates inclusive.

It is lawful for any person holding a trapper's license to hunt raccoons with dogs at night during the open season trapping season.

It is unlawful for any person to shoot fur animals except raccoons with any firearms whatsoever.

The taking of martens during this special season is open to all licensed trappers who must strictly abide by the following requirements.

It is unlawful for any trapper to use more than 36 traps.

Within 13 days after the close of the lawful open season on martens, each trapper must present his skins for tagging and inspection to the local game protector in the area in which he traps; and at that time the game protector must tag each skin. It is unlawful to sell any marten skins not so tagged, and on and after Jan. 14, 1948, it shall be unlawful for any person to possess any marten skins not so tagged.

## No bag limit.

Possession, sale, shipment, export and licenses.—Correspond with the State Game Commission, 515 Smith Tower, Seattle, Waskington.

Beaver (see note)			Feb. 5 - Feb. 16.
Note Trapping by I	permit only on	beavers causing	
damage to crops.	Port of the second		
Fox (red) (see exception	on) • • • • •		No closed season.
Exception: Calhoun,	Doddridge, Gil	Lmer, Jackson,	
Pleasants, Roane,	, Tyler, Wayne	, Wetzel, Wirt.	**
Mink, muskrat			Dec. 1 - Feb. 16.
Raccoon, skunk, opossur	n • '• • • • •		Nov. 11 - Jan. 31.

Bag limit. -- Raccoons, 2 a day; 10 a season: Beaver, 3 a day; 3 a season.

Passession and sale. -- Possession permitted during the open season only, but fresh skins may be possessed for 10 days after close of season. No restrictions on sale of skins legally taken and possessed.

Shipment, and export. -- No restrictions on skins, legally taken and possessed.

Licenses. -- Resident, \$2; nonresident, \$15. Resident state-wide \ beaver trapping license, \$2. Fur decler: resident, State-wide, \$10; county, 1; nonresident, 350; agent, 32.50. Fur dealers must submit an annual report of all transactions.

## WISCONSIN

## Open seasons

Badger (no bag limit) (see note). . . . . . . . . Nov. 1 at 1 p.m. Note .- Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, to Dec. 15. Fon du Lac, Grant, Green, Green Lake, Iowa, Jefferson, Kenosha, Lafayette, Manitowoc, Marquette, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, Sheboygan, Walworth, .Washington, Waukesha and Winnebago counties.

In all other counties . . . . . . . Oct. 18 at 1 p.m. to Dec. 10.

Note. The owner or occupant of any land and any member of his family may take badger thereon - at any time.

Bear (see notes):

Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marinette, Oconto, Oneida, Price, Rusk, Sawyer, Taylor, Vilas, and Washburn Counties. (No bag limit) . . . . . . . No closed season.

counties (no bag limit)
Note.—Hunting of bear with dogs is prohibited at all  times except under special permit.  The owner or occupant of any land and any member of his immediate family may take bear thereon at any time by hunting or by trapping. If traps are used the following safety measures should be provided:  (1) two legible and visible signs not less than 1 foot square and not more than 1 rod distant from the set trap, and worded, "Danger—Bear trap", in letters not less than 1 inch high on white background; (2) encirclement of the trap with at least one strand of wire of not less than 14 gauge approximately three feet from the ground; and (3) no bear trap shall be set within two rods of any trail or road.
Beaver, otter
Note.—A dry mink set is defined as any mink set on  lend or ice that is staked in a manner as to  prohibit the trap or trapped animal from reaching the water at any point.  Muskrat (no bag limit):
Dodge (except state and federally owned lands on Horicon marsh), Waupaca, Waushera, Winnebago, and the town of Friendship in Fond du Lac county.  Water sets permitted Oct. 25 - Jan. 1.  Water sets prohibited Jan. 2 - Mar. 15.  In all other counties No open season.  Skunk (no bag limit):
Calumet, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Grant, Green, Green Lake, Iowa, Jefferson, Kenosha, Lafayette, Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha and Winnebago counties . Nov. 1 at 1 p.m. to Dec. 154 All other counties No closed season.

Notes. Write to the Conservation Department, Madison 2, for regulations on method of taking fur bearing animals.

Horicon Marsh, Dodge County: Within the discretion of the Fish and Wildlife Service and the Wisconsin conservation director, an open season for mink, muskrat, and raccoon may be declared on the Federal and State-owned lands on Horicon Marsh under written permit from the Fish and Wildlife Service or their representative and from the director of the Wisconsin Conservation Department between October 25, 1947, and March 1, 1948. All other fur bearing animal seasons on Horicon Marsh on both Federal and State-owned areas will concur with the State season on these fur bearers, and hunting and trapping will be permitted only under permit.

Necedah National Wildlife Refuge, Juneau County: There shall be an open season for mink, muskrat, and raccoon on Necedah National Wildlife Refuge from October 25 to December 15, 1947, no bag limit, trapping to be authorized only under permit. Open season for beaver from March 15, 1948, to April 15,1948, 20 per season, under such contracts as the Federal government may negotiate. No person or persons may retain more than 10 beaver pelts in his own personal possession. Open season for fox, opossum, skunk, and weasel all year, no bag limit, trapping to be authorized only under permit.

Note. — Consult Conservation Department, Madison 2, for seasons on rabbits, showshoe hares, raccoon and squirrels.

Possession, sale and licenses. — Consult Conservation Department, Madison 2 for information.

## Cpen seasons

Badger, bobcat, civet, coyote, mountain lion, lynx, raccoon, skunk, weasel, wolf (Classed as preda-
tors)
Beaver (see note) (Outside National Forests) Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
and Jan. 1 - May 31.
Note Seasons practiced but not established by
order. Beavers may be taken only by landowners
or lessees under permit of the State Game Warden,
and pelts so taken must be tagged with "Beaver
Tag" and "Protected Animal Tag"-fee 50% each.
Mink (Outside National Forests) Nov. 10 - Dec. 20.
Mink, fisher, fox, marten, otter (National Forest
Areas)

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken except that nonresident buyers are required to have a license for purchase or collection of any fur including beaver. No exportation permit required.

Licenses.—Resident, \$3.00; nonresident, \$25. Fur dealer: resident, \$10; nonresident, \$100. Predator license on National Forest Lands only, \$1.00.

#### CANADA

#### ALBERTA

Consult Department of Lands and Mines, Edmonton. Data not available when Abstract prepared.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA

Open seaso	ns
Eastern District (see note):  Beaver, muskrat:  North of the 51st parallel of north latitude and in the Yale and Kamloops Electoral Districts	pr. 30. Ey 15.
Western District (see note):  All fur animals (except sea otter and badger) (see exception):  North of 51st parallel of north latitude Nov. 1 - F South of 51st parallel of north latitude Dec. 1 - F	
Exceptions:  Beaver, muskrat, and otter (except sea otter) in that part of the Lillowet Electoral District lying east of a line running north and south of the Alta Lake Railway Station on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway and including the watershed of the Upper Lillowet River. Dec. 1 - A Beaver on Vancouver and Queen Charlotte Islands.	
Western District (see note):  All fur animals (except sea otter and badger)   (see exception):   North of 51st parallel of north latitude Nov. 1 - F   South of 51st parallel of north latitude Dec. 1 - F  Exceptions:   Beaver, muskrat, and otter (except sea otter) in that part of the Lillooet   Electoral District lying east of a line running north and south of the Alta Lake Railway Station on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway and including the watershed of the Upper Lillooet River. Dec. 1 - A	Peb. 28. Peb. 28. Pep. 30. Pep. 30.

Note.—The Western District comprises that part of the province that lies west of the summit of the Cascade Mountains and south of the Atlin Electoral District, except that part of the Skeena Electoral District that is in the watershed of Lakelse and Zymagotitz Rivers.

The Eastern District comprises the rest of the Province.

Possession and sale.—It is illegal to sell pelts of fur animals taken in the closed season or to possess unprime pelts. Possession of pelts legally taken is permitted during the open season and 14 days thereafter (1 month north or the 52nd parallel). Special permit is required for possession at other times. All beaver pelts must be tagged.

Shipment and export.—Shipment and export are allowed under permit, and royalties must be paid in full on all furs exported or shipped to tanner within the Province. Packages must be prepared so they can be easily opened for inspection or labeled with full description of contents and the names and addresses of consignor and consignee, and must be accompanied by an export permit. Importation of live animals is prohibited except under permit.

### MANITOBA

	Open seasons
North of the 53rd Parallel:	
Badger, marten Beaver, raccoon Fisher, mink Fox (Arctic, blue, and white) Fox Lynx Muskrat Otter	Nov. 1 - Jcn. 31. No open season. Nov. 1 - Mar. 15. Nov. 1 - Mar. 31. Oct. 20 - Dec. 30. Nov. 1 - Feb. 14. Apr. 2 - May 11. Nov. 1 - Apr. 30.
South of the 53rd Parallel:  Badger, marten	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31.
Winnipeg River to the 53rd Parallel, and in the Whiteshell Forest Reserve north of the Whiteshell Game Preserve	Nov. 1 - Apr. 30. Nov. 1 - Feb. 28. Nov. 1 - Jan. 31. Apr. 2 - Apr. 24. Apr. 2 - May 11.

Shipment and export.—Export of the skins of all fur animals is prohibited unless shipment is accompanied by a permit and has attached a declaration of the number and kinds of skins contained. No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Licenses.—Resident trapper, \$2. Fur dealer: restricted \$10; general, \$25; auction, \$100; traveling, \$25.

# Open seasons

Beaver	(see note)
Not	e.—No person shall set a trap or snare closer
	than 100 feet to any beaver dam, house or pond.
Fisher	, marten, otter No open season.
Fox (s	ee note), mink, raccoon Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.
Not	e. Digging of fox homes or burrows prohibited.
Muskra	t (see note):
Wes	tmorland, Albert, St. John, Charlotte including
•	Grand Manan, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, and York
	(south of St. John River) Counties Apr. 1 - Apr. 30.
Ken	t, Northumberland, Gloucester, Restigouche,
	Madawaska, Victoria, Carleton, and York (north
	of St. John River)
	Counties
	e Shooting of muskrat or digging out houses
	or earth burrows prohibited.
	A R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R

Note.—No hunting allowed at any time with dog or hounds except by special permit.

Possession and sale.—A bona fide resident of the Province does not require a license to sell raw furs legally killed or taken by himself, provided that such raw furs are sold to the holder of a nonresident or resident fur dealer's license. All hunters of game must report to the Chief Game Warden immediately after the close of the open season stating the number of game animals killed. Penalty for not reporting, \$50. The license or unused tags need not be returned as formerly.

Shipment and export.—Row furs must be stamped by an officer of the Department, royalty paid, and shipping permit secured before the same are allowed to be exported out of the Province (exception: ranch-raised mink, cross, patch, and silver black foxes). All game meat, hides, and heads must be tagged for transportation. The Federal government controls the export of game by nonresident hunters and arrangements must be made with the Dominion Customs Officers at ports of exit. See instructions on license.

Licenses.—Trapping: nonresident, \$100; residents do not require a license to trap. Fur dealers: nonresident, \$100; resident, \$25.

### NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

## Cpen seasons

Fox (including Arctic and colored):  North of timber-line Apr. 1 - Oct. 31.
North of timber-line Apr. 1 - Oct. 31.
South of timber-line Mar. 1 - Oct. 31.
Lynx, mink, fisher Apr. 1 - Oct. 31.
Marten No open season
Otter:
North of the Arctic circle May 16 - Oct. 31.
South of the Arctic circle May 1 - Oct. 1.
Muskrat:
North of the Arctic Circle June 8 - Feb. 29.
South of the Arctic Circle June 1 - Feb. 29.
Polar Bear June 1 - Sept. 30.

Licenses:—For resident and nonresident trapping licenses consult the Director, Lands, Parks, and Forests Branch, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa, Ontario.

# NOVA SCOTTA

# Open seasons

Bear,	wild	cat,	wolf	•			•	3	q	9	c		•.	•	•		•	•	0	No closed season.
Beave	r, fi	sher,	mar	ten	٥	6	0		۰	•	9	•	•		•	¢	•	•	q	No open season.
Fox,	mink,	musk	rate	ot	ter	, 1	rac	ecc	oor	1,	We	eas	se]	_		٠	•	ę	•	Nov. 1 - Dec. 15.

Note.—It is illegal to kill muskrats by the use of any shotgun, rifle, or other firearm.

No person shall damage or molest any muskrat house or set up any snare or trap within 25 feet of such house, or use any trap designed to take more than one animal at a time.

Possession and sale. —It is illegal to possess or sell the green hides of beavers, martens, or fishers, or to possess, buy, or sell green hides of any fur animal taken out of season or pelts on which royalty has not been paid. No other restrictions on skins legally taken.

Shipment and export.—It is illegal to export skins of fur animals except under certificate of inspection and permit (fee 50¢) from the game inspector, and payment of royalty. All shipments must be made by express or parcel post.

Licenses.—Not required of resident trapper; nonresident, \$50.
Fur buyer: resident, \$25, nonresident, \$100. Fur buyers are required to report monthly on pelts purchased and sold.

#### ONTARIO

## Open seasons

Open seasons

Bear, lynx, skunk, weasel, wolf, wolverine	No closed season.
Beaver, muskrat—Seasons to be fixed by regulation	
of the Department of Lands and Forests, Toronto.	
Fisher, fox, marten, mink, otter	Nov. 1 - Feb. 28.
Raccoon	Nov. 1 - Dec. 31.

Possession and sale .-- Possession of furs during the closed season and the sale of unprime pelts are prohibited except under permit. It is illegal to have skins dressed, plucked, or treated except under permit obtained on payment of royalties.

Shipment and export, Export of furs is prohibited except under permit obtained on payment of royalties. Shipments must be made by express or parcel post, and packages must be marked to show names and addresses of consignor and consignee, and contents. Shipment by airplane within the Province is allowed under special permit.

Licenses.—Resident trapping, British subject only, \$4.50, and 50¢ to issuing officer. Not issued to nonresidents. Fur dealer: resident, British subject, "Store License," \$25; resident, British subject, traveling buyer, \$100; resident, not British subject, and nonresident traveling fur buyer, \$200; resident, British subject, wholesale license, \$100; nonresident, wholesale buyer from holder of wholesale license, \$5; resident, British subject, buying for own use, \$1.

### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Consult Game Inspector, Department of Agriculture, Charlottetown. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

#### QUEBEC

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Possession and sale. No restrictions on skins legally taken and on which royalties have been paid.

Shipment and export.—Prohibited, except of fur animals or furs on which royalties have been paid. Skins must be shipped open to view. Each skin must be stamped to show that royalty has been paid. Packages must show names and addresses of consignor and consignee, and have attached an export permit. A special permit must be obtained from the Federal government before shipping a silver fox to the United States.

Licenses. - Resident, \$2; nonresident, \$200.

### SASKATCHEWAN

Consult the Department of Natural Resources and Industrial Development, Natural Resources Bldg., Regina, Saskatchewan. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

#### YUKON

	Open seasons
Beaver (see note)	No open season.
Fisher, otter	Jan. 1 - May 15.
North of the Arctic Circle	
North of the Arctic Circle	Mar. 1 - June 15. Mar. 1 - May 31. No closed season. Nov. 1 - Mar. 31.

Possession, sale, shipment, and export.—No restrictions on skins legally taken, except that the export of raw furs is prohibited except under permit and payment of royalties. Aircraft may not be used in trapping operations except as a means of transportation between the settlement where the trapper outfits and his principal base camp, and in such use the game laws and regulations must be complied with.

## NEWFOUNDLAND

Consult the Department of Natural Resources, St. Johns. Data not available when Abstract was prepared.

Alabama: Director, Department of Conservation, Montgomery,

Alaska: Fish and Wildli'e Service, Juneau; or Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.

Arizona: Director, Arizona Game and Fish Commission, Phoenix.

Arkansas: Executive Secretary, Game and Fish Commission, State Capitol, Little Rock.

California: Executive Secretary, Fish and Game Commission, Department of Natural Resources, Ferry Building, San Francisco 11.

Colorado: Superintendent of Fur Resources, State Game and Fish Commission, 1350 Sherman Street, Denver.

Connecticut: Game Technician, State Board of Fisheries and Game,
Hartford 1.

Delaware: Chief Game Warden, Board of Game and Fish Commissioners, Dover. District of Columbia: Metropolitan Police, Washington.

Florida: Director, Geme and Fresh Water Fish Commission, Tallahassee. Georgia: Director, State Geme and Fish Commission, 412 State Capitol,

Atlanta.

Hawaii: Director, Division of Fish and Game, Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry, P. O. Box 3319, Honolulu 1.

Idaho: Director, Department of Fish and Game, Boise.

Illinois: Director, Department of Conservation, Springfield.

Indiana: Director, Division of Fish and Game, Conservation Department, State Library Building, Indianapolis 9.

Iowa: Director, State Conservation Commission, 10th and Mulberry Streets,
Des Moines 8.

Kensas: Director, Forestry, Fish, and Game Commission, Pratt. Kentucky: Director, Department of Conservation, Frankfort.

Louisiana: Director, Division of Furs and Refuges, Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, Civil Courts Building, New Orleans 16.
Maine: Chief Warden, Department of Inland Fisheries and Game, State

House, Augusta.

Maryland: State Game Warden, Board of Natural Resources, Game and Inland Fish Commission, 510-514 Munsey Building, Baltimore 2.

Massachusetts: Commissioner, Department of Conservation, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston 8.

Michigan: Game Division, Conservation Commission, Lansing 13.
Minnesota: Commissioner, Department of Conservation, State Office
Building, St. Paul 1.

Mississippi: Director of Conservation, State Game and Fish Commission, 330 East Pearl Street, Jackson 104.

Missouri: Director, State Conservation Commission, Jefferson City.

Montana: State Fish and Game Warden, State Fish and Game Commission, Helena.

Nebraska: Project Leader, Pittman-Robertson Projects, Game, Forestation,

and Parks Commission, Lincoln 9.

Nevada: Secretary, State Fish and Game Commission, Reno.

New Hampshire: Director, Fish and Game Department, State House Annex; Concord.

New Jersey: Executive Secretary, Board of Fish and Game Commissioners, State House, Trenton.

New Mexico: State Game Warden, State Game and Fish Commission, Santa Fe.
New York: Director, Division of Fish and Game, Conservation Department,
Albany.

North Carolina: Commissioner, Division of Game and Inland Fisheries,

Department of Conservation and Development, Raleigh.

North Dakota: Game and Fish Commissioner, Game and Fish Department, Bismarck.

Ohio: Commissioner, Division of Conservation and Natural Resources,
Department of Agriculture, Columbus.

Oklahoma: Superintendent, Game Division, Game and Fish Commission, State Capitol, Oklahoma City 5.

Oregon: State Game Commission, 1634 W. Alder Street, P.O. Box 4136, Portland 8.

Pennsylvania: Executive Director, Pennsylvania Game Commission, Harrisburg. Rhode Island: Administrator, Division of Fish and Game, Department of

Agriculture and Conservation, State House, Providence 2.

South Carolina: Chief Game Warden, State Game and Fish Department, Columbia.

South Dakota: Director, Department of Game, Fish, and Parks, Pierre.

Tennessee: Director, Division of Game and Fish, Department of Conservation, 304 State Office Building, Nashville 3.

Texas: Executive Secretary, Game, Fish, and Oyster Commission, Austin. Utah: Director, State Fish and Game Commission, State Capitol Bldg., Salt Lake City.

Vermont: Director, Fish and Game Service, Department of Natural Resources, Montpelier.

Virginia: Executive Director, Commission of Game and Inland Fisheries,
Travelers Building, Richmond 13.

Washington: Director, Department of Game, State Game Commission, 515
Smith Tower, Seattle.

West Virginia: Game Technician, Conservation Commission of West Virginia, Charleston.

Wisconsin: Game Management, Conservation Department, Madison 2.

Wyoming: State Game Warden, Wyoming Game and Fish Commission, Cheyenne.

Canada: Controller, National Parks Bureau, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

Alberta: Fish and Game Commissioner, Department of Lands and Mines, Edmonton.

British Columbia: Game Commission, 650 Burrard Street, Vancouver.

Manitoba: Director of Game and Fisheries, Department of Mines and

Natural Resources, Winnipeg.

New Brunswick: Chief Game Warden, Department of Lands and Mines, Fredricton.
Northwest Territories: Director, Lands, Parks, and Forests Branch, Dept.

of Mines and Resources, Ottawa, Ontario.

Nova Scotia: Director, Department of Lands and Forests, Halifax.
Ontario: Minister, Department of Game and Fisheries, Parliament
Buildings, Toronto.

Prince Edward Island: Game Inspector, Department of Agriculture, Charlottetown,

Quebec: Minister, Department of Game and Fisheries, Quebec.

Saskatchewan: Game Commissioner, Dept. of Natural Resources, Regina.

Yukon: Territorial Secretary, Dawson.

Newfoundland: Chief Game Warden, Department of Natural Resources, St. Johns.

Mexico: Secretaria de Agricultura y Fomento, Calle de Edison No. 145, Mexico, D. F.

An act of Congress of May 25, 1900 (31 State. 187), as amended, known as the Lacey Act, provides, among other things, that it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, or association to deliver or knowingly receive for shipment, transportation, or carriage, or to ship, transport, or carry, by any means whatever from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia to, into, or through any other State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or to a foreign country, any wild animal, or the dead body or part thereof, imported from any foreign country contrary to any law of the United States, or captured, killed, taken, purchased, sold, or possessed contrary to any such law, or captured, killed, taken, shipped, transported, carried, purchased, sold, or possessed contrary to the law of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or foreign country or State, Province, or other subdivision thereof in which it was captured, killed, taken, purchased, sold, or possessed, or in which it was delivered or knowingly received for shipment, transportation, or carriage, or from which it was shipped, transported, or carried or to transport, bring, or convey by any means whatever, from any foreign country into the United States any wild animal, or the dead body or part thereof, captured, killed, taken, shipped, transported, or carried contrary to the law of the foreign country, or State, Province, or other subdivision thereof, in which it was captured, killed, taken, delivered, or knowingly received for shipment, transportation, or carriage, or from which it was shipped, transported, or carried. The act further provides that no person, firm, corporation, or association purchasing or receiving any wild animal, or the dead body or part thereof, imported from any foreign country or shipped, transported, or carried in interstate commerce shall make any false record or render any account that is false in reference thereto.

An amendment of June 15, 1935...(49 State. 380), confers upon employees of the Department of the Interior authorization to enforce the act (in accordance with Reorganization Plan No. 2, transferring certain functions from the Department of Agriculture), power to arrest any person committing a violation of any provision of the act in his presence or view, and also, under warrant, authority to search for and sieze any wild animals or the dead bodies or parts thereof shipped, transported, or carried in violation of the act.

An amendment of June 19, 1939 (53 State. 840), provides that all packages or containers, except those from foreign countries, in which the furs, hides or skins of wild animals are shipped, transported, or carried shall be plainly and clearly marked or labeled on the outside thereof with the names and addresses of the shipper and the consignee.

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