The 1st group: The Tohoku district.

The 2nd group: The Kanto district.

The 3rd group: The Hokushin district.

The 4th group: The Central and Tokai districts.

The 5th group: The Kinki district.

The 6th group: The Chugoku district.

The 7th group: The Kyushu district.

The 8th group: The Shikoku district.

Names of lecturers and the programs of the groups shall be further arranged later.

IV. Messrs. Takeuchi and Aoyama were sent to Fukui:

The Shakai To sent Messrs. Takeuchi and Aoyama to the earthquake stricken areas of both the Fukui and Ishikawa Pref. to comfort the unfortunate people and to investigate the damages done by the disaster. The representatives took with them the Party's contributions of Yen 50,000 and the relief fund of Yen 15,000 collected by the socialist members of the Diet and many other relief goods.

The staff of the secretariat of the Shakai To HQ who were engaged in street collection of relief fund sent Yen 1,033 to the Fukui Joint Association of branch offices of the Shakai To in the Fukui Pref. on July 9 as their first remittence.

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

THE WEEKLY REPORT OF GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN DURING THE WEEK ENDING 26th JUNE, 1948.

Reported by the Secretary-General
Inajiro Asanuma.

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I. Rejection of Non-Confidence Motion on the State Minister Nishio.

Making use of the so-called Nishio case for a political change and purporting to divert the eye of the nation from the fact of corruption entangled with political donations, the Democratic-Liberal Party which had been watching for an opportunity, placed a non-confidence motion on the State Minister Nishio in concert with all opposition parties. However, it was rejected by the Shakaito's unanimous attack (209 votes against 178). The opposition parties' offensive was thus shattered.

On June 23, when the non-confidence motion was decided to be placed on June 24, our party held a liaison meeting among the socialist Cabinet members and the party leaders and made the following decisions:

(1) Unanimous rejection of the non-confidence motion.

(2) Solution of the "house cleaning case" as an intra-party affair.

On June 24, Chairman Katayama had again a round table conference with the members demanding the house-

cleaning, to whom he stressed the grave importance of the present situation.

Following the conference, the Central Executive Committee confirmed the decision of the liaison meeting of the previous day with the attitude of crushing the non-confi dence motion with a united attack of the Party. As to the house-cleaning case, it was decided that the case shall be left in Chairman Katayama's responsible dealing and the convocation of the Central Committee of the Party shall be dealt with by a united effort of the members of the Central Executive Committee. The Diet members' general meeting which was held prior to the plenary session also confirmed the above decision. The members then attended the session to vote unanimously against the motion.

After the motion was rejected, Secretary-General Asanuma stated as follows:

"The fact that the motion was shattered according to the Party's decision is simply due to the Party's united strength. I believe it necessary to understand well the circumstances leading up to the Party decision in order to make use of the Party's united strength for future struggle. The motion was not only an intrigue of the opposition parties centering around the Democratic-Liberal Party purporting to take over the political power by overthrowing the present Government, but also a trick to hide their own wrong from the eye of the People.

"It can not be said that the Nishio cases has been settled by the rejection of the motion. The solution of

the case is now left in the hands of the Chairman, necessary measures for which the Central Executive Committee also contemplates in its unity.

"The Central Committee shall be convened at an opportune time. The convocation of the Central Committee shall be made for deciding concrete struggle principles for the latter half of the year together with presenting reports on the Party affairs for the first half of the year since the third annual conference was held, not solely for discussing the Nishio case."

II. The Tokyo-to Rengokai (the Joint Council of the Shakai To Branch Offices in Tokyo) requests convention of the Central Committee.

The standing executive committee of the Tokyo-to Rengokai decided to request the convention of the Central Committee of the Party on June 21. The reasons for the request are as follows:

Since the third annual conference of the Party was held last, six months have already elapsed, during which period the resignation of the Katayama Cabinet, the formation of the Ashida Cabinet and the question of suspension of interest payment of war bonds have brought a great change in the situation, in view of which the opinions of the members of the Party should be heard for the promotion of the Party policies.

In response to the above request, Secretary-General Asanuma replied that the request would be complied with soon after the Diet is adjourned.

III. Mr. Fujiyeda was elected at the bye-election of the Nara district member of the House of Councillors:

The bye-election of the Nara district member of the House of Councillors was held on June 19, 1948, as a result of which Mr. Akinobu Fujiyeda, chairman of the Nara District Joint Council of the Shakai To branch offices, was successfully elected, keeping the runner-up, Mr. Shigeichi Morikawa, official candidate of the Democratic-Leberal Party, below by more than twenty thousand votes.

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

THE WEEKLY REPORT OF GENERAL ACTIVITIES
OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 19th JUNE, 1948.

Reported by the Secretary-General
Inajiro Asanuma.

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I. Proposed revision of our Party concerning the budget bills 1948-49.

Reasons which necessitate the revision;

(1) In anticipation of possible rise of prices throughout the year by 70% by which official rate of wages has been set at ¥ 3,700, the estimate of the expenditures is extremely small.

(2) In view of the actual state of the national income, the estimate of the revenue lacks rationality and is based upon very unsound foundation of income. Many difficulties have been found in respect of each item of the imcome.

(3) As a consequence, no balance can be maintained between the revenue and expenditure, causing the unavoidable necessity of a supplementary budget. Furthermore, inflation of currency would be worsened as there are neither efforts of ceasing it nor concret methods.

(4) The policies by which the low wage standard is maintained on one hand, whilst the increase on railway fares, communication charges, cigarette prices and imposition of taxes on the masses such as sales tax are considered on the other, cause dissatisfaction among the

working class people and social unrest.

Those which indicate decrease of the revenue and increase of the expenditure;

(1) The wage basis of ¥ 3,700 means the decrease of actual wages for employees even though the Government policies are taken into consideration. However, if the wage basis were revised, the budget bills have to be amended on the whole. In view of this, the basis has to be taken as a temporary one for a unit of computing the budget.

(2) As compared with the existing fares, the increase of railway fares shall be as follows;

Freight; 3.5 fold.

Passenger; 2 fold.

Season tickets; Ordinary 1.5 fold.

Student No change.

(According to the above, the deficit would be ¥ 24,070,000,000)

(3) The communication fees shall be increased by 3 fold which would cause the deficit of ¥ 6,300,000,000.

(4) Prices of cigarettes shall be the ones claimed by the Government, but the increase of their production and ration for the people is earnestly hoped for.

(5) As sales tax shall be the bruden on the masses, the tax shall be imposed only on those of luxury and amusement excluding those which have close connection with the people's living. (By this, the deficit would be ¥ 22,000,000,000.)

(6) Increase of the national expenditure for the 6-3 education system is ¥ 1,600,000,000.

(7) Tax collection expenses on illegally increased properties are ¥ 500,000,000.

The following steps shall be taken as sources of the revenue in place of the above mentioned decrease of income;

(8) In respect of the termination of war management costs, at least ten per cent would be saved if the ceiling prices are strictly adhered to. (Decrease of the expenditure would be ¥ 9,000,000,000.)

(9) Reduced rate of income tax for those of annual income over ¥ 192,000 shall be revised by from two to 10% compared with the original government bills. (Increase of the revenue would be ¥ 11,000,000,000.)

(10) A tax shall be imposed on properties, the value of which has been unreasonably increased owing mainly to evasion of tax during the period from March 4, 1945 to March 31, 1945. (Increase of the revenue would be ¥ 20,000,000,000.)

(11) Expenditures on materials throughout both ordinary and special accounts shall be reduced by 5%. (Decrease of the expenditure would be ¥ 10,000,000,000.)

(12) Super incorporation tax shall be maintained as it is, instead of reducing it. (Increase of the revenue would be ¥ 1,600,000,000.)

(13) Payment of profits caused by the raise of the ceiling prices. (Increase of the revenue would be ¥ 10,000,000,000.)

(14) Transfer to the Foreign Trade Fund shall be reduced by ¥ 5,000,000,000.

II. Statement opposing the proposed invalidation of the 2nd frozen post office savings:

The Government has decided to invalidate the second frozen post office savings and insurance on the whole, against which the Social Democratic Party issued the following statement.

"The Government intends to invalidate the second frozen post office savings, insurance and insured pension on the whole. However, we absolutely oppose this as it intends to protect big depositors in sacrifice of a large number of small depositors.

(1) Among the second frozen deposits, there are big deposits in ordinary bank accounts, whilst many small deposits in the post office savings and others. However, in regard to the former, seventy per cent curtailment is proposed on an average, but hundred per cent invalidation is intended in respect of the latter.

(2) Furthermore, when the deposits were frozen, the percentage frozen was heavier in the post office savings etc. than those in ordinary banks. In spite of the above, the intended invalidation of the whole amount of the post office savings etc. means to compel the small depositors to bear double sacrifices.

In view of the above, the Social Democratic Party strongly requests the Government that adequate measures be taken immediately in order to suspend the intended

invalidation of the second frozen deposits in the post offices."

III. Conference of the principals of local schools of culture and politics.

For the purpose of effecting a striding expansion of educational and cultural activities of the Party, the first conference of the principals of local schools of culture and politics was held on June 14, at the Tokyo Doctors' Institute. Principal Nagasaki and 30 more representatives, and Chairman Katayama, Secretary-General Asanuma and others from the Party HQ were present. Reports on actual state of affairs of the schools were made and the methods of school management, plan of summer university etc. were discussed.

(1) It was requested that the Central Executive Committee be more interested in the Party's educational and cultural activities.

(2) It was agreed that principals of each school get together in each block to set up this year's plan.

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

THE WEEKLY REPORT OF GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN DURING THE WEEK ENDING 12th JUNE, 1948.

Reported by the Secretary-General
Inajiro Asanuma.

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I. Establishment of Liaison Organ between our Party and the Sodomei.

Reports on the matters decided by the sub-committee:

It was agreed at the round conference held by the Social Democratic Party and Sodomei on June 1st, 1948, that a permanent liaison conference shall be established, plans of which were left in the hands of the sub-committee. Accordingly, the sub-committee was held on June 3rd, and made the following decisions:

Date: 4-6 p.m., June 3rd, 1948.

Place: No. 4 Committee Room, Diet Budg.

Members: Kikukawa, Shimagami and Tabata from the Party and Hara, Keno and Watabiki from the Sodomei.

Decisions:

(1) It should be made clear that the establishment of liaison organ between the Party and labor organizations should not be limited between the Shakai-To and the Sodomei, but extend as widely as possible to any organizations which cooperate with the labor policies and labor union measures of the Shakai-To.

(2) The mission of liaison organ of this kind should be embodied according to the process of development of

cooperative relationship between the Shakai-To and the affiliated Unions. Therefore, it should have flexibility to adapt itself to the actual state of affairs.

(3) The liaison organ to be established between the Shakai-To and the Sodomei does not take complete shape at the beginning, but one which serves for urgent necessity.

(4) Draft regulations of liaison conference between the Shakai-To and the Sodomei is as follows:

Art. 1. A Committee shall be named the Shakai-To Sodomei Renraku Iinkai (Shasoren in short), the office of which is in the Union Committee of the Shakai-To Headquarters.

Art. 2. The committee aims at keeping closer mutual intercourse and realising the results of cooperation between the two, while respecting each other's autonomous position.

Art. 3. The committee deals with the following matters:

a) Investigations of laws and regulations relating to labor and draft bills concerning workers' living and labor union movement.

b) Deliberations on labor policies and measures for labor unions of the Shakai-To.

c) Deliberations on the representations, petitions and demands presented to the Government and the Diet by labor unions.

d) Deliberations on the measures to promote political activities of labor unions and

those by which the Shakai-To cooperates with labor unions in respect of their development.

e) Deliberations on other important labor problems.

Art. 5. Special committee shall be established in the committee shall be established in the committee when necessary.

Art. 6. The expenditures of the committee shall be shared by both the Shakai-To and the Sodomei.

II. The Kyushu District Block Conference;

The conference was held at the Kodama Hotel, Beppu on June 5th, to which about 20 representatives from various Prefectures in Kyushu attended. Chairman Katayama who had been on the lecture tour in Kyushu was also present. Mr. Kenji Nogami took the chair of the conference.

After the reports on the Party HQ's activities, central and local party affairs were made, Mr. Katayama delivered a speech on the subject of the central administration, to which severe criticism was raised by the representatives who stated that the Party should make its stand clear for the protection of living for the masses by means of strongly realising socialistic policies.

Proposed by Juro Kato and Sungo Tsuda, the following five items were passed as the resolutions of the conference and it decided that the resolutions be submitted to the Party HQ for their realisation

a. Opposition against the proposed increase of the railway fares by 3.5 times.

b. Reconfirmation of the suspension of interest payment on war bonds.

c. Strengthening of local finance.

d. Justification of rice price.

III. Plan of Stateownership and Statemanagement of Electric Enterprises;

As to a democratic unification of electric enterprises mentioned in the three party agreement, the Special Electric Committee of the Political Affairs Investigation Dept. of the Party has drafted its plan attached separately which was approved by the Central Executive Committee on June 4th, 1948.

IV. Joint Meeting of the Central Executive Committee and other party Committees:

Date: 12:10 p.m., June 8th, 1948.

Members who were present: Asanuma, Yonekubo, Yao, Matsumoto, Takeya, Hara, Shigai, Tokoro, Koizumi, K. Suzuki, Kuroda, Inamura, Hori, Imazumi, Kawai, Tanaka, Hosokawa, Mayeda, Hosono, Sasaguchi, Sato, Nakazaki, Mizutani, Masaki, Tomiyoshi, Takatsu, Nishio, Morito, Doi, Yamazaki, Y. Suzuki, Katsumata, Yasuhira, Ii, Sugimoto, Ohya, Hayashi, Muto, Ito.

1) Reports concerning the Diet Parties Negotiating Committee, by I. Akamatsu.

2) Plan of state ownership and state management of electric enterprises, explained by Y. Mayeda.

The meeting approved of the basic principles of the plan and decided that it be urgently informed to all

Joint Branch Offices, whilst understanding be sought from other parties.

3) Draft resolution concerning the revision of rice price.

4) Economic Supervision Board.
Number of employees should not be limited in the bill but the term "necessary number of employees" should be mentioned.

5) Draft bill of the establishment of the medium and small size enterprises.
"Bureau" should be lowered to "Section". Limitation of number of employees by 100 is to be opposed.

6) Budget for the 6-3 education system.
Amendment is required when necessary, which is under consideration of the Education Committee and the Political Affairs Investigation Dept.

7) Local Finance Committee;
Reports on actual conditions and explanations were made by the State Minister Nomizo. The matters shall be thoroughly investigated by the Political Affairs Investigation Dept.

8) The matters concerning Fares.
Mr. Katsumata explained the results of investigations made by the Political Affairs Investigation Dept. No conclusion was arrived at and strong opinions were expressed for an amendment. It was decided that the Government explanations must be sought in order to conclude opinion on this matter.

9) Reports made by the Secretary-General.
a. Decisions of sub-committee concerning establish-

ment of liaison organ between the Shakai-To and the Sodomei. Decided agreement of the liaison organ.

b. Appointment of officers of the Union Committee.

c. Canvassion of Yen 20,000,000 fund.
Canvassing of each Diet member's Yen 30,000 contribution a year.

d. Reports on the bye-election in Nara prefecture made by Mr. Masaki.

e. Affiliation to the International Information Center proposed by the American Socialist Party.
The matter shall be considered further.

f. Opening of the newspaper editorial committee.
To open the committee with the chief editor as its center.

g. Draft resolution concerning the abolition of the Imperial rescript on Education.

10) Reports on the development of the Illegal Property Transactions Investigation Committee made by Mr. Muto.

V. The statement of the Social Democratic Party vis a vis one ofthe opposition referring to the Illegal Property Transaction Investigation Committee;

The Illegal Property Transactions Investigation Committee was expected to make a conclusion on the State Minister Nishio Yen 500,000 donation case on June 11th, but both the Government and opposition parties strongly conflicted with each other as to whether the donation was made for the individual or the party. The Committee was in a state of terrible confusion all day and the Com-

mittee members of the opposition parties laid violent hands on Mr. Muto, Chairman of the Committee, trying to make a conclusion forcibly of "violation of the Administrative Ordinance".

In this connection, fourteen Committee members of the opposition parties issued a statement under joint names to the effect that in view of the development of the Committee, the respect of the Committee which should be impartial has been totally ignored, against which the Social Democratic Party pointed out their wrong by the following statement:

"Although there are different opinions as to whether the Nishio Donation was made for the individual or the party, the Central Executive Committee of the Party has decided to interpret it as an individual donation in view of Mr. Nishio's state of mind when he received it. According to the statement issued by the opposition parties, our party is supposed to have utilised the Committee for the party interests which should be a non-party organ, but the true fact has been purposely twisted by their statement.

In the first place, the donations were made not only for Mr. Nishio but also for Hanboku Ohno of the Democratic-Liberal Party and Usaburo Chizaki of the Democratic Party in a greater amount of money. From political corruption prevention point of view, it should have been thoroughly investigated as to whether the money donated to these two men indicates the sum which was published and whether the

money was properly spent. In spite of this, such an act as speeding up the conclusion on the Nishio case only indicates most clearly an ambition that they make it a tool for unseating the Cabinet.

In fact, the violent action committed illegally by Messrs. Hakuei Ishida and Ryosaku Kaji of the Democratic Liberal Party and others against Chairman Muto who decided the motion in accordance with the rules at the reopened meeting of the Committee, has caused serious obstacles in the path of executing aims of the Committee in a democratic way and has spoilt the dignity and reputation of the Diet in the eye of the people to which we have to greatly object.

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

THE WEEKLY REPORT OF GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN DURING THE WEEK ENDING 5th JUNE, 1948.

Reported by the Secretary-General
Inajiro Asanuma.

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I. The Central Executive Committee.

The meeting was held on June 1st, 12:20 p.m. to 1:05 p.m. Those present were Asanuma, Yonekubo, Yoshikawa, Nagaye, Ito, Hara, Inamura, Tanaka, Tomiyoshi, Nishio, Hosoda, Nishimura, Mori, Mayeda, Kato, Yamashita, Mayeda, Nagai, Kawai.

1) Reports made by the Secretary-General on the following subjects:

a. The conference of friendly organizations.

b. The Union Bill.

c. The question of electric power.

d. The School of All Japan Culture and Politics.

e. The results of the elections in the districts.

f. The Kyushu block conference on June 5, to which both the Secretary-General and the chief of Propaganda Sec. shall attend.

2) The matters under discussion:

a. The cooperation conference for increase of coal production. Selection of members except the Chairman of the Committee and Mr. Yonekubo, who attend the conference shall be left in the hands of Messrs. Ito and

Yonekubo.

b. The publication of the proposed taxation reform of the Political Research Committee of the party on the Asahi Newspaper dated June 1st. Any party publications in future should be made through the official channel not by individuals.

c. Handling of the budget bills 1948-49.

d. An amendment of the Election Law. (Yoshikawa)

e. A proposal made to the Govdrment.

f. Decision of personnel of the Education Section.
Eight persons have been appointed as under;
Shichiro Matsumoto, Hideo Baba, Makoto Tokoro, Shinkichi Ukeda, Satoko Togano, Minato Katashima, Shunzo Tate, Jusaku Kikuchi.

g. The proposed establishment of Economic Supervision Board.

h. Handling of the Cooperatiwe Union Bill.
Messrs. Matsuzawa and Shigei shall attend the three party liaison conference.

i. Resolution concerning the abolition of the Imperial Rescript on Education.

j. It was decided that resolution relating to revised rice price shall be presented and necessary matters shall be jointly arranged by both committeeman Inamura and the Agriculture and Forestry Committee.

k. Illegal oppression committed by the Riken factory, Ojiya, Niigata-ken. It was arranged that an investigating party shall be despatched with both Diet-men Kiyosawa and Inamura as guides and selection of the

party members shall be left in the hands of the Union and Labor Committee.

II. As to the Labor Regulations.

The Social Democratic Party has adopted an absolute opposition as to the reforms of the labor regulations and has maintained a principle not to make any alteration on the regulations, under the consideration that although they need it from the workmen's point of view, it might give the employers an excuse for commencing to make the reforms. However, it has been observed of late that cases where the employers have oppressed the unions with a clear intention of violating Article 11 of the Labor Union Law have been increasingly reported. In order to cope with this illegal practice, the party requested the Labor Committee of the Diet to draft a bill for protection of workmen from being illegally oppressed by the employers.

Mr. Kikukawa and Mr. Yamahana of our party stressed the following points at the meeting of the Labor Committee of the Diet on June 4th.

"If the District Labor Committee brings a case to the Prosecutors' office on a charge of violation of Art. 11 of the Labor Union Law, discharged unionmen shall be reinstated immediately; necessary reforms shall be made in order to allow the unions concerned to bring such a case to the court not by the District Labor Committee or else separate law shall be enacted in order to give relief measures for men illegally oppressed by the violation of the Art. 11."

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

III. Gist of Mr. Kinji Kawashima's interpellations concerning the Finance Minister's speech on the Budget bills.

As to preliminary debate on the 1948-49 fiscal budget, Mr. K. Kawashima, Asst. Chairman of the Political Affairs Investigation Department of the Social Democratic Party made the interpellations based upon the following points on June 5 in the plenary session of the Lower House in order to clarify the intermediary conclusions arrived at after the lengthy research work of the Committee.

a) The Katayama cabinet exerted itself most strenuously for the economic reconstruction and stability of the people's living based upon the so-called eight principle economic policies including food question and others in order to secure the nation's livelihood. The Ashida cabinet must express its sincerity with plans to surmount the present crisis together with the people.

b) New policies should be adopted as soon as possible as the prospect for induction of foreign investments has faded away, whereas the five year plan has been drawn up on the expectation of the investments.

c) The Government stresses the necessity of a sound finance for surmounting the inflation of currency, but a sound finance cannot be obtained only by maintaining the balance of the finance. The government must undertake production plans of necessary basic materials and revision of prices in order to secure the finance.

d) To make the use of Yen 1,490,000,000 clear which is to be obtained by the suspension of the interest payment on public war bonds. Does the Government intend to continue it in the next fiscal year and afterward.

e) The Government estimates the nation's gross income at Yen 1,900,000,000,000, but it would be Yen 1,000,000,000,000 when based upon the present productive power, whilst the remaining Yen 900,000,000,000 is the so-called black market income or illegal income, on which tax should be imposed extensively.

f) The new basic wage, Yen 3,700 is equivalent with Yen 27.50 in 1937, in which year the average wage of workers was Yen 50. Can the minimum standard of living be maintained by the new wage? The Government should substantiate an actual wage by means ofinduction of foreign capital and importation of consumption goods for workers.

g) On what basis the railway fares for passengers and goods have been proposed to be raised by 3.5 times. Strengthening the authority of the Transport Minister violates the spirit of Art. 3 of the Finance Law.

IV. Friendly conference with the Nippon Rodokumiai Sodomei.

Apart from the Workers and Farmers Liaison Conference, the Union Committee of the Social Democratic Party has decided to have a permanent conference with labor organizations which have a national basis. The first meeting was held on June 6 with the Sodomei. Those who were present at the meeting were Secretary-General Asanuma, Kikukawa (chief of the Union Committee of the Party), Yonekubo, Yasuhira, Yamahana, Shimagami, Matsuzawa, Ito and Kawashima

from the Party, whilst vice-President Shigemori, Chief Secretary Hara, Isamu Saito from the Sodomei and about twenty representatives from its affiliated unions.

The meeting decided that a liaison organ shall be established between the Party and the Sodomei and other friendly labor organizations in the future. As to the Workers and Farmers Liaison Conference, the meeting confirmed that if the three conditions proposed by the Shakaito be accepted, the Party would join the Workers & Farmers Liaison Conference as a mere liaison agent. In the meanwhile, as to the study of aims, character and management of the proposed permanent conference, a sub-committee which had been formed by the representatives from both sides deliberated on June 3 and decided the following principles.

a) The liaison organ to be established between the Shakaito and labor organizations should not be limited in its scope, but extend it to not only the Sodomei but also any other labor bodies which are able to cooperate with labor and union policies of the Shakaito.

b) The character of the organ shall be materialized in accordance with development of the cooperation between the Shakaito and the affiliated bodies. Therefore, its management shall have flexibility according to the actual state of affairs.

c) The form of the organ to be established between the Shakaito and the Sodomei should not take a final shape at the beginning, but start from one which can serve for the matters in hand at present. Accordingly the activities of the organ shall remain in the sphere between the

two and its stride into the districts shall be adjusted in accordance with the actual state of affairs in the districts.

V. Reply from the British Labor Party.

The following reply from Mr. Healey, Secretary of the British Labor Party was received, to whom Hosokawa, Chief of the Public Relations Section of the Party, had written. By this, a closer contact has now been established between the two parties and an exchange of information and publications will be expected soon. The translation of books and other publications of the British Labor Party will be published in the near future. It was informed that the Labor Party already sent the first parcel containing printed matters, to the Party.

Dear Comrade Hosokawa,

Thank you very much for your letter of april 2nd, in reply to which I am sending you, under separate cover, a parcel of literature. I have put your Party on the Free List for future Labor publications, and will be grateful if you can let me have copies of anything you publish in English.

I sincerely hope that I may at some time have an opportunity of visiting your Party offices in person.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Denis Healey.

NIPPON SHAKAITO
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF JAPAN

VI. Officers and members of the Union Committee.

a) Asst. chief of the Labor Section; Yeiji Yamashita.

Members of the Section; T. Tsujii, Z. Shimagami, T. Tanaka, S. Murao, T. Mayeda, H. Ishino, S. Tate, S. Uchimura, I. Akamatsu, M. Katashima, M. Chiba, M. Tokoro.

b) Members of the Workers & Farmers Liaison Conference (Rono Renraku Kaigi).

S. Uchimura, Z. Shimagami, T. Tsujii, T. Mayeda, I. Akamatsu, M. Katashima.

c) Asst. chief of the Commerce and Industry Section; Goro Manda.

d) Asst. chief of the Cooperative Union Section; Kinoji Matsubara.

Members of the Section; T. Ohta, S. Tanaka, H. Koizumi, J. Miki, K. Hitano, S. Tsukamoto, M. Yamazaki, N. Kawasaki, M. Fukuda.