THE

SAINTS' DUTY

IN

EVIL TIMES.

IN TWO SERMONS.

Preached from Ifa. xxvi. 20.

Mr. JAMES RENWICK, Minifter of the Gofpel, who fuffered in the Grafs-Market of Edinburgh, upon the 7th day of February, 1688.

ov. xviii. 10 The name of the Lord it a flrong tower : the righteous runneth into it, and are fafe.

relation xlvi. 1. God is our refuge and firength, a very prefent belo in trouble.

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ISAIAH XXVI: 201

Come my people, enter thou into thy chambers, and thy doors about thee; hide thyfelf, as it were, j little moment, until the indignation be overpaft.

THE bowels of the Lord's fympathy tow his people, are always burfting out, and dow not fee them forfaking their own mercy, and ftraying from him; but is much taken up in list menting over their folly, and with giving them mar ny a moving and fweet invitation to come to himd where their happiness lies, and lays himfelf open tol them, and the riches that are with him, with b arms fpread abroad, inviting them by his precision and hearty promites, feeking nothing of folk, but only, That they would ? come and receive freely is Ifa. lv. 1. "Ho, every one that thirsteth come ye with " the waters, and he that, hath no money ; come yes " buy and eat, yea, come, buy wine and mick, with " out money, and without price.' He opens up precious and rich ware, and fays to his buyers anon, merchants, the commodity is good, coine av we fhall not caft out about the price; if ye h hearts to receive, I have a heart to give : Coaway then, hearty good-fellows, we will never ft upon it : for 'tis not with him as with the mer the world, for they count them the best goodlows, who give most and freeliest; but he cou

then the best good fellows, who will take most freelieft ; and he debars none from him, but movers his riches, and invites all, Rev xxii 16, "I am the root and offspring of David, and he bright and morning-ftar. And the pirit and the bride fay come, and let him that heareth, fay, ine, and let him that is athirft come. And hofoever will, let him take of the water of life Steely' . And if this, and fuch fweet invitations vi not prevail, he makes taws to whip his own to pfeif : terrors within, and judgments without ; he never lays on a blow, but he is ftill provoked tht, and when he lays it on, the tears are in his is, becaufe he must do it, Lam. iii. 23. "For he th not affl ft willingly, nor grieveth the children men," yea, when his own turn their backs upon th, he lets them no alone, but is ftill calling them It's again, Zech. i. 3. " Turn ve unto me faith Lord of hofts, and I will turn unto you, faith the Lord of hofts" And alfo, when he threat ns fall fadly, he fails not to make large promifes to faithful, and to give them ample invitations " to ane to him," for their pleafare and for their fafety, tiome my people," &c. When the Lord is comi out of his place, to fit in judgment upon the habitants of the earth and to give out lentence, ion them, according to their doings, and to puin them for their iniquities. he calls his own peoto hunfelf, where they are to be hid and preved. O ftand ftill amazed, and wonder at his "Ander love, and fatherly care of his children, who i come with his clock of zeal, and clothes of venance, to give out, and to execute his fentence of Rice apon his enemies, until that he gave his p.ofair warning thereof; and alfo invites them to feir fhelter and fafety, which he hath prepared for mem Ye know, Ezck fix. the Lord ien is forth, it, " A man stothed in linen, with a writer's

ink horn by his fide, to fet a mark upon the for heads of them that figh and cry, for all the abom nations that be dene in the earth," and command his men, with the flaughtering weapons in the hands, to go after, " And infite, and not fpamor pity, but to flay utterly, old and young, bot maids, little children and women; but not to commear thefe upon whom the mark is fet "

Now the Lord hath men prepared with flaughten ing weapons in their hanss to kill a factifice at Boy .rah in Scotland, of prelates and malignants, and of backfliding minifters and prefeffors ; he is comin to be avenged on that curfed throne, and the fun porters thereof, for the cruelty done against him and of ministers and professions; for their heinout treachery towards him; and this is his commission and our charge unto you, to invite and to call year and all that will give ear unto this Rock of ages, for your ihelter, unto the chambers of his prefence and protection, where ye shall be faved with delight " O come my people," in which words ye have First, An invitation, " come." Secondly, The perfons invited, or the determination thereof, " mile people " Thirdly, That which they are invited unto" The chamber of the Lords protection and prefence, whereunto he invites them to " enterne Fourthly, Their carriage, and that which they are to do there, " Shut thy doors about thee, and hide thyfelf, as it were, for a little moment." Fifthly, the fafety of these chambers, being an hiding place " until the indignation be overpaft ;" or rather," the determination of the continuance of their hid ing, " until the indignation be over-pait "

As to the first, the invitation, "Come O come," a homely word indeed; this is no lefs than, "Be-"hold me! behold me !" Here is enough to give and here is willingnets to give, only come, only receive, only take, and ye fuall not want.

At to enlarge a little, we lay down a twofold wine. Doch Firft, " Chere is both ability and [lingne's in the Lord, to give you whatfoever, fur necefity requires."

A bility? What would you have? Salvation and creates, then 'He is able to fave to the utterjfh, all that come unto him,' Heb vii 25. Lift your eyes and behold a wonder, which ye cannot bld, behold a wonder, which you cannot know, out forth this queflion, Ifa lxii t. 'Who is to that cometh from Edom, with dyed garits from Borrah? This that is glorious in his pref, travelling in the greathefs of his ftrength 2 th his anfwer will be unto you, It is 'I that fpeak ghteounfects, mighty to fave? Gain-fay it who 'I he pleafure of the Lord fhall profper in his such, the fill fee of the travail of his foul and be aihed'

Now methicks I hear you faying, All that is true itan fet our feals to it : but O, is he willing ? le is our queftion Willing indeed, he is not if e able than he is willing, ' What are all his miles but declarations of his free willingnefs ? dat are all his fweet invitations, but to tell your he is willing and you are welcome ? He that afteth let him come and whofoever will, let him inc and take of the water of life freely." Ah I It fay you to it now ? Give us your feal to his minguels alfo .. Go, fay ye, why not ? Ye have I hen come away there is no more wanting, "rome; we know he is willing and we fet our of to his willingnes. But is he willing to receive Satisfy me in that, and then I will be right. A cheat ! ye are taking your word back again , and lifting off your feal ; if ye except not falfelf, he will not except you : His invitation is is ail; every one come, he that thirfteth, come, "hat hath no money, " come." Ifaiah ly. I.

Now why will ye he fo ill to yourfelves, as to de bar yourfelves ? For he doth not do it ; ye may and well, and as rationally fay, that you are not a body, as to fay, he debars you. His invitation is to every one Now affent to this, and then, before you except yourfelf out thereof, you must then not have being, neither of foul nor body. We fay, for your to think that he excepts you, it is all one as to de ny yourfelf to be the children of Adam. Now 0 come, come niggard, what aileth thee ! Come, what would you have, that is not in Chrift ? Off what fweet invitation, ' come,' we cannot tell what is in it; there is a depth in it that all the angels in heaven cannot fathem; it is no lefs than Jefus "Chrift, " who was delivered for our offences, and " was raifed again for our justification,' spreading? forth his arms, and inviting you, he is coming up himfelf, his all-fufficiency and fuperafcendant ent cellency, and calling unto all poor needy things come, here is enough for you; give me your detires, and you fhall have them fatisfied to the full. What then have ye to fay to the bargain ? come, come, it is a rich commodity, and there is no. flicking at her price, only receive and have, the eafieft of all terms, there is no more required at your hands. But, fay ye, Ha, Sir, ye go without your bounds, the invitation in your text, is to his people, ye are all wrong We are not fo far out, as ye trow; the invitation is to his people, to enter to their chambers," and to all, who will come and become his people, to enter into their chambers,' and fo this is 2. free market. We muft invite all to come, ye who are enemies, lay down your arms against him, and come ; ye who are upholding his enemies, and complying with them in their finful couries and abominations, by paying them cels and locality, and by furrishing them meat and arink, (which is more a than, "a bidding them Gad (need? which the He

Ghoft, by the mouth of John, forbids, fecond, file of John, 10 verfe) Quit the putting the Bird in God's enemies' hands, and come : ye who the given bonds to the adverfary break your "venant with hell and death,' and come : break r fword allegiance to the devil, and come, and far a new allegiance to Jefus Chrift, and ye fhall er rue it, ye who comp ar before their courts pay them fines, whereby both ye acknowledge im robbers of God, and call your duty your fin ;. it thefe courfes, and come, ye who go to the cuis, leave thele perjured blind guides and come : ye to go to the indulged. leave thefe traitors to God. who go to the backflidden fitent ministers, leave the betrayers of the caule, and deferters of the is of Chrift, and come leave all thefe and follow in, he is a true guide, and will be fo unto you, who any ways liek or take the enemies' protection, ve that and come ; come to him, an t've fhall find imbers indeed, both for fafety and delight All that are itrangers to him, come, ye that are in are, come, and ye that know him come -We mult each that word come, unto you to long as we are re, until ye be transplanted out of this fpiritual fare, in o celetial triumph O Sirs, come,,come, what ye will acd he will give it ; O come, come. Now, it were requisite here to thew you, who it that comes nate Chrift, who it is that comes not : t it will come as fitly in the fecond thing which we ve noticed in the words, and fo we proceed unto it. The fecond thing, ye know, was this, the per-'s invited, or the determination of the invitation. my p ople.' Thefe are they whom he invites to eir chambers ; his people, they who fubfcribe to e terms of his covenant, which is, 'I will be our Go., and ye shall be my people;' they who ake a covenant with him by facrifice, they who venant with him only to be accepted through the

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fattifice of his Son, and they who fattifice themfelves to him, they who efpoule him to be their God, and his quartel and concernment to be theirs. But before we enter upon what we propoled, we proceed to the third thing in the words, to make way for it, and to fhall return.

The third thing was this, their chambers whereinto they are invited to enter; that is, the chambers of the Lord's protection and prefence, what are these chambers do you think ? Afk at Solomon, and he will tell you, Prov.zviii. to ... (The name of the 4 Lord is a firong tower, the righteeus run into is, 4 and are fafe.' It is Jefus Chrift that ye are invited unto.

Doct. a. * Thefe chambers are fafe, and they * who are therein, need not frar wrath,' fee for the confirmation of this point, Ifa. xxxii. 2. * A man * fhall be as an hiding place from the wind, and a * covert from the tempeft, as rivers of water in a * dry place, as the finadow of a great rock in a wea-* rry land.'

There is the defcription of thefe chambers, they are chambers of fafety, no wind can win there into them, no tempeft can overtake them who are there, ye are without the flood mark of the wrath of God, and they are chambers of delight, ye will not want refreshing : they are 'rivers of water in a dry place, " the shadow of a great rock in a weary land;' we cannot commend them unto you, for they pals the eloquence of angels to do it, but enter thefe, and ye fhall find more than we can tell you, enter, and ye shall find more than ye will be able to tell yourfelves : Enter, we fay, that is the invitation : But ye will fay, how shall we enter ? What is requisite for one entering ? What will take us in ? Anfwer, Faith. That is the thing will take you in : that is the key that opens these doors, the use of the means and the exercise of faith, the hand of duty, and the key

of faith; but take notice, it is true faving faith, it is neither hiftorical, temporary, nor the faith of mipracles; but it is faving faith. whereby Chrift is only the coccived and refled upon; it is faith as an inftrument apprehending the object, Chrift; It is that (**I** "Lay, which taketh you in.

all i But for your more clear uptaking whereof, confider what is requisite in true faving faith. First, A deep fight and fenfe of your loft condition, that we are deftroyed, lable to the wrath of God and all the curies in the law. Secondly, A fente of this, that there is nothing in you or that ye can do, that will help you, it is beyond all created power to recover you, and fo, not at all feeking to establish a feif-righteousnefs, it is, . Come unto me ye that labour and are heavy Islen, and I will give you reft." Thirdly, A right fenfe of the all fufficiency that is in Jefus Chrift, and his excellency drawing the heart out after him, as all the defire of the foul, and to clofing with him. Therefore, ye who remain fenfelefs of your loft condition, have a care ; ye are not wet in these chambers.

But that it may be made clear unto you, confider moreover, if ye would enter into these chambers : Firit, ye must close with Christ alone, there must nothing have a thare in the meritorious caufe in. bringing you there, but himfelf only; ye must not alay part of the weight upon him, and part on yourfelves and your duties : No, no, he must either have it all on his back, or elfe he will have none of it, therefore take heed to yourfelves. Secondly, You mult defend to the former of the second it. You must close with full Christ, as Prophet, Priest, and King; 2s a Prophet to teach you his will; he muft be your School-mafter ; as Prieft, through whofe facrifice only, the Father must accept you, and who continually makes intercoffion at his right hand for you; and as King, to fway a fceptre in your fouls to rule you according to his own law

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and to caft down, and to caft out every thing exalting it (elf again)t his kingdom within you

Oit. ke heed to this, ye who regard not his will, ye who give him not a throne in your hearts : without this, ye cannot 'enter into these chambers,' and affure yourfelves, if he were reigning in you, ye would care more, and contend more for his kingdom without you, and in the world. Take heed to this, ye who care not tho' a tyrant poffels his throne, and as it were, fpoil him from his printely robes : take herd to this, ye who fland not to hold down his kingdom, by upholding his enemies. Thirdly, You muft if ye would enter into thefe chambers) clofe with all the inconveniencies that follow him, his crois must be taken up Luke ix. 23, 24. If any man will come after me, let him deny himfelf, and take up his crois daily, and fol-* low me For whofeever will fave his life thal lofe " it : Put wholoever will lole his life for my lake, " the fame fhall fave it,' Whatever he calls you unto nuft be embraced : your heart muft fubfcribe to the reatonablenefs and defirablenefs of every one of thefe inconveniences, but let us change their names and call them conveniences and Chriftian a-vantages, and fo we may ; for they are of fpecial good ufe to Chriftians; thefe are a part of the discipline of Chrift's fchool, and fome fay, this is David's meaning Pfalm cxvi. 13. where he fays, ' I will take the cup of faivation.' That is, as they fay, the cup. , of affliction, as that whereby the Lord works the falvation of his people; and fo indeed the cup of af-Histion may be called the cup of falvation. Now that is the way ye must go.

 U_{ij}^{j} . O come away, let us hear what ye fay to it. Are e willing to enter this way j. Thick upon it. This is the way ye mult cut, r_i and in our training of it, we may tremble to think upon this generation, who will not clote with thefe (to cliled) incorvenia-

¹² i.e., We have no fkill of people's clofing with rift, who will not clote with thefe. But Oh, hat fav ye unto us? What's your reply ? Is it not s, • Chat neither death not life, nor angels, nor wrincipalities, nor powers, nor things prefent nor hings to come, nor height, nor depth, nor any the creative, thall be abe to feparate us from he love of God, which is in Chrift Jefus our Lord.² this your faying, then come away, take him, kee on his yoke, • For his yoke is eafy, and his burden byht.²

Isa. xxvi. 20. Come my people, &:.

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Follows the Afternoon

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HIS is the way that folk undo themfelves, an 1 forfake their own mercies; that which ought to chate them to God, chafes then out from him. It hyporitical convictions only put them the furher away from the physican, to it is with judgent, which fhould p it foik to their duties, they re thereby put from it. When the Lord furbilites sing dittering (word of juildee, then it is to drive his wan children hito his own hand, 'Come my seeple,' ac: 'Ve know the lat occation hos wedjided thele words; je know alfo, how that before' ve left the itrit head, we faid, is would be requilite o thow unito you, who it is that cours to Chrift, and who it is that cours out: But we told you, hat it would come more fitty in the feecad head you.

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yet, to make way for it, we proceed forwards up to the third thing in the words And now havin to the third thing in the words And now havin touched that a little, we return again, as we tolo you, we propoled to do, and fill (as the Lord wi enable) open the Second Head, further declarin who are his people; is with

Thefe, as we were faying, who have made a covenaut with him by facrifice to be accepted only through the facrifice of his Son, and who facrifice away themfelves unto him. In a word, it is thefelwho are righteous, are thefe who have field und Chrift for his righteouffect, and have gotten themfelves clothed therewith. But that ye may the more clearly take up, who thefe are that come unto Chrift, before we give you fome marks of them and onfe rules how to apply thefe marks, we fhall first declare who it is that come not.

First, I'hefe come not unto Christ, who come not from all fin, Ezek xviii 21. But if the wicked will turn from all fins that he hath committed and keep all my ftatutes, and do that which is · lawful and right, he fhall furely live, he fhall not die.' Ye fee the condition, it is if he will turn, from all fin, both omiffion and commiffion; from all fin, unto all duty; leaving all fin, and taking up all Chriftian duty Therefore remember, if ye entertain any one one idol, that will keep Chrift out. Many fay of fome idol fin, that they do not quit, asi Lot faid of Zoar, . It is a little one, therefore lette " me brook it,' but remember what David fays, " If " I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not " hear me,' Pial lxvi. 18 Remember this and deftroy not yourfelves, ye who follow not grofs fwearing drinking or whoring, and the like, yet cleave unto your petty minched oaths, and your idie vain discourse, and your light conversation. O remember this, ye who have any predominate, whole head

ye clap; your right hand and your right-eye fins must be cut off, and plucked out, before you can enter into the kingdom of heaven: I fay, if ye en-tertain any predominate, it fpeaks out this, That ye would as well entertain all fins, if your inclinaons were as bent upon them, and that ye do not leave them, as they are hateful to God, but only, as they are not fo delightfome or hurtful unto you. O! take heed, except ye repent and amend, 'ye " fhall all likewife perifh' Remember this ve moin ral civilians, who are not chargeable with grofs profanity in your private walk, yet have your hands imbrued in blood, and have them defiled with public land-fins, which procure land judgments ! Ye take a liberty to pay cefs, and fines and tiends to. Baal's priefts, and to do many other things to ftrengthen the enemies of our Lord, and condemn his caufe, I fay take heed to yourfelves ; except ye repent and amend, ye fhall all likewife perifh.' Remember this, ye who turn not to make up all Chriftian duties with you; ye think it enough ye babble over two or three words at night and at morn to yourfelves, tho' you fet not up the worthip of God in your families, and if you do that, ye think that in enough, tho' ye neither put to your hand to act with the Lord, nor fympathize with his afflicted people, nor embody yourfelves in fociety with them, to cry for all the abominations of the land. O take s heed, " except you repent and amend, ye fhall all · likewife perifh."

4 Secondly Thefe come not unto Chrift, who tho' d they may come a great length, not to be chargeable by man, neither with omilion nor commillion, yet areft there; all that will not take them to heaven. Paul before his conversion, he reports of him/elf, Phil. iii. 6. 4 was couching the rightcounters, which is in the law blameles'. He was as trim a legalit as the beft of you; but mark what he fars of him/elf

in the 7, 8, and 9 verfes, • But what things were gain to mey thole I counted lofs for Chrift, yea, • doublefs, and I ceunt all things but lofs for the • exceitency of the knowledge of Chrift Jefus my • Lord, for whom I have fuffrend the lofs of all • things, and do count them but dung, that I may • win Chrift, and be found in him, not having •• no • own righteoufnefs, which is of the law, but that • watch is thro' the faith of Chrift, the righteouffacts which is of God by faith • There is that which ye muft only reft on, and no where elfe, but upon the complet and inherent righteoufnefs of Jefus Chrift, therefore take heed how ye build.

Thirdly, Thefe come not unto Jefus Chrift, who feed themfelves up in that deluding fancy, that they have not fo much need of him, as others have, by reafon of their thinking their fins but little fins. O, fay fome, I am not like the profane and wicked; What then need I fear ? O poor fool, mind what the apostle tells thes, Gal iii. 10. For in fuch a cale, thou art under the law, and as many as are of " the works of the law, are under the curfe, for it " is written, curfed is every one that continueth not 6 in all things which are written in the law, to do " them ' A pen-knife can take away the life as well as a broad fword : Indeed, I think the cafe of the wicked and profane is more hopeful than thy cafe, because they will be fooner gotsen convinced of the nec flipy of repentance than thou wilt.

Fourthly, hele come not unto Chrift, who, becaule they meet with favourable dispenditions, and great proofs of the Lord's general providences, thercupon conclude all is well with them Think upon what Davis [4ys, Pfalm xvii: 14] (From men which are thy hand, O Loro, from men of the world, which have their portions in this life, and world, which have their portions in this life, and which belly thou filelt with thy ind tradine. they have failed children, and leave the reit of them

fubftance to their babes' 'None knoweth love or hatred by all that is before him,' Eccl. xi

Fifthly, Thefe come not to Chrift, who think all s right with them, becaufe they are not challenged in their conficiences. O mad fools, whole hears we fealed with obduration, the faddett place in 11 the feriprures holds forth your cale. Hold iv. 7. • Ephram is joined to his idols: Let him sume. When they drop into hell, the fire thereof will foon sum up that thick fixin that is grown upon your onficiences.

Sixthly, Thefe come not unto Chrift, who reft pon their apprehended forrow for fin. O, fay they, ann not fuch a fool as to think all is well, becaule want challenges, but becaufe I have them : Renumber Efan, remember Judas, your building upon wur forrows and tears, is like a man that builds pon a flow-mofs.

Seventhly, Thefe come not unto Chrift, who il all off the common read of fin into duty and reft here : Mind what our Lord fays of the conceited Tharifee, Luke xviii. 11, 12, 13, and 14. That ho' he was not an exortioner, unjuft, nor an dulterer, and fafted twice a week, and paid tithes It ali that he had poffeffed, yet he went not down o his house fo justified as the poor publican did; at, ye will tay, I am far from fwearing, drinking, and have betaken mytelt to the fociety of the esp.e of God; and I read and pray, &c. therepre ail is well. O poor foul, thy cafe is now worfe an ever. O we tremble to think upon the multude that pray themte ves into hell : 1 his is Daad indeed, who kills his ten thousands. What all I liken you to ? Ye are like a man that diggath rep down, and cafts out the old carth, brings my arth of his own meulo, but goes not the length of he rock.

Eightly, Thefe come not unto Chrift, who even

go that length, as to affent to the fpiritual meaning of the law, and reft there. This is much indeed; this is a great length, yea, a greater length than the moft part of you, who are hearing me this day, have come unto, and yet they are far from the kingdom of heaven. Obferve that paffage-Mark xin. 32, 32. Where a fribe anfwered our Lord, and faid, ' fo love the Lord with all the heart, and ' with all the finderfinding, and with all the foul, ' and with all the fittength, and to love his neighbour as himfelf, is more than whole burnt offer-' lings and facilities.' To whom our Lord replies, 34 verfe, ' fhou art not far from the kingdom ef ' God.'

Ninthly, Thefe come not unto Jefus Chrift, who have common gifts, and reft there O, fay ye, I find a faculty of prayer, I want not words enough and get them bravely fet upon the pins, and I have great knowledge of the fcriptures, and I am ftraight and not biaffed in my judgment; and what need fuch a man (as I) fear ? O deluded foul, confider what Paul fays, I Cor. xill 2 . I hough I have the sift of prophecy, and underflanding all myfteries and all knowledge, and tho' I have all faith, fo that " I could remove mountains, and have not charity, I ans nothing.' No doubt, Judas had much of this God will give gifts unto perions, for the behoof and advantage of others; but when he gives grace, it is ay for their own advantage; yea, the devil is better gifted, and hath more knowledge than all of vou have.

Fenthly, Thefe come not unto Chrift, who fulf fer many things materially for the truth, and have fome feeming fruits thereof, and reft there: to no think that your fuffering your goods to be fpoiled and yourclives caft out of your habitation before you comply with the enemy, is a ground, from which we may conclude all to be right: Nay, I tell you

the Apolle fays, it Cor. xiii. Though ye fhould thow all your gools to feed the poor, 'tho' I give in body to be burned, and have not charity, it profits me nothing;' Yea, the fame apolle fupsfeth, Gal iii. 4. That there may be fuch fufring in vain ' Have ye fuffered to many things In vain ' I fi the in vain' There, are many of an that are fuffering this day materially for Chrift ; aterially, we fay, and not formally ; for hypofites never win to fincerity in their doings and therings, nor do to them as to God ; and yet he ill get hell to fuffer in throughout all eternity : a, a man when his credit is fitraitly engaged, he ay give his ille for the caufe, and yet get hell for is reward

Eleventhly, Thefe come not unto Chrift, who have nly a hiftorical and temporary faith, instead of a ving faith, tho' ye fhould believe all the truths in he Bible, yet that will hot avail you, the devils plieve and tremble; yea, tho' you fhould give your eneral affent to the way of falvation by Christ, yet nlefs you receive and embrace him and reft upon im, all will be for nought : Look the cafe of this cople; Ifa xlviii 2. ' Who call themfelves of the holy city, and flay themfelves upon the God of Ifrael !' but what fays the Lord of them ? ' Yet not in truth nor in righteoufnefs :' O take heed what are doing, and do not deceive yourfelves, for ye ay win this length, as to be convinced, that it is pod to come unto Chrift, and think ye have done being blinded by your pride, and puay fome way omfort yourfelves, as if ye had done it, in this our prefumptuous dream, and yet really never have one it : never really, have been brought to deny our own righteoufnefs, and to receive Chrift, relyg only upon him for attaining life through his righouingis and fatisfaction.

Twelfthly, These come not unto Christ, who

have only the common operation of the Spirit, upon the affection within, and refing there, conclude that all is well with them. We have already fpoken a of the danger of refling upon apprehended forrow it for fin, fo there may be much allo of the flames of a joy, tendernefs and heart meltings, which hypocrites may have at fome times by another Confider thefe who were John's hearers, John v. 35. "Who " for a feafon rejoiced in his light ' O I heware of gofpel hypocrites take not flathes for convertion. It it could be determined how great a length hype-hcrites may come, we think it would reft here. Oh what shall we fay of it! do what they will, and come as great a length as they can, they never come unto Chrift, who are not fully denied to themfelves and politively only reft upon J fus Chrift, for juftification and fanchification. True faith hath twok voices, Firft, it calls and crics. O finner, lean not to thyfelf, reft not there. Secondly O finner, reit on Jefus Chrift and lean unto himfelf.

U/2. Now O believers, fearch and try yourfelves, fet about it.earnefily, this is your work, and it will, not be done flumbering and fleep ng. There are many of you here this day, who are not come the length of tonie of thele first, which we have named; yet, ye may come through them all every one, and if ye go not further, ye will never win to Chrift And in his name I tell you, stacept your rightesources exceed the rightcoufnet of the Soribes and for hearibes, ye cannot enter into the kingdome of heaven.

Ye know, we give you fome kints of thefe what are the Lord's people viz. * I hefe who have come " unto Chritit," are made rightcous, and live right, teorify: and for the more clearing of it, we now declare who thefe are, who have come unto him, by giving fome marks and evidences, how the fame invar be known. We are not foreshine of the official

AC Child, 'as a creature by creation and prefervation, and or as a member externally, but as a member interchally and effectually, but ye will fay, how is that ? and of By the firid union and communication betwirk and of By the firid union and communication betwirk and of the bond; it is wir, His word and Spirit on a spart, and faith and love on their part. Now we will have be known? Well, we will give a out their marks; therefore try yourfelves. For,

Firft, If ye be come to Chrift, then ye will find in you, a hatred of all fin naturally, and a defice to ill good, though often ye may fail in the performnance, Rom. viri 15. Paul (ays, 4 That which I do I vallow not, for whit I would, that I do not, but what I hate that I do? 1 J uhn iii. 8 4 Wholfever abideth in him finne h not 2 to wat, Firft Purpofdly, Secondly. Willingy, Thirdly, Aff-Chorately, countly, not unto death : For the Lord's people have, (1.) Grief. (2.) Care to recover. (3.) For to in. O! can ye run on in fin, without re unning and ware of repentance; if it be to, ye are not in this dving roc.

d. Secondly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will chind this in you, a right and high effects of the cord's mercy, he and his taivation will be only precious in your eyes, 'Bleffed is he whole transpredtion is forgiven, whole the is covered,' Palm xxvii, ". That will be your thoughts."

Thirdly, If ye be come unto Chrift, ye will find whis myou, a love unto the way of holine's, as well is happiness stirlf: Ye a your heart will be fo drawn of the triat noble device of falvation, feeing all the clorious attributes of God io Ihining therein, that te would in no ways be content to go to heaven anwhen way, than that glorious way, though it could be had, and this is all the Lord requires of you, and y pleafing the device. This is the brazen fer-

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pent, which you muft look unto for healing. O come away.

Fourthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will find this in you, an acting upon God as he acts up on you; hath he called you? then ye will call upon him : hath he jufitifed you? then ye will juftify him.

Fifthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will, find this in you. a felf-denial, and a daily taking up of the crofs, againft your own inclinations, the doctrine and practice of mortification, and a cutting yourfelf thort of carnal delighta will be defired by you.

Sixthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will be tubject unto him willingly, and yield fweetly unto the fwaying of his fceptre in your foul.

Seventhly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye are fubject unto him univerfally in all his commands.

Eightly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye are fubject unto him fincerely in all things, feeking his glory.

Ninthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye are fubject unto him constantly, obeying him without wearying

Fenthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then his word abideth in you, 1 John ii. 12. If that which ye have heard from the beginning remain in you, ye thall continue in the Son and in the Father, it mult abide in you, fo as your mild underflands it, your hearts affedt it. O how have that which ye have read and heard, remained? Few, few, in Chrift

Eleventhy, If ye be come unto Chrift, ye wijl find his Spirit, 'leading you unto all truth,' John xvi. 13. 'Teaching thee and leading thee unto, and confirming thee in dury; but do not miftake, we mean no enthuffait (pirit, but his word and fpirit which he hath enjoined, Ifa. lix. 21. 'My Spirit which 'is upon thee, and my words which I have put in. 'thy meuth. findl not decart. &c.

Tweifthly, If ye come unto Chrift, then ye will and his Spirit convincing you of fin.

Chirteenthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will find his Spirit ruling and commanding you, cafting down all things exaited againft Chrift's kingdom. Fourteenthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will find his Spirit in you by (upplication, leading no fence of fin, and apprehention of the needfity if mercy, which makes fervency, letting the foul fee lood only appealed in Chrift, and fealeth the truth if God's promifes and records.

a) Fifteenihly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will find faith in you, that will be your flay in all p (flates, adions, temptations and affections: This is and to find out, yet it may be found out, if ye are a define fay it, yet may have it.

Sixteenthly, If ye be come unto Chrift, then ye will find an admirable change in you, a new Spirit without guile, a new judgment, new defires, new ffections, love, hatred, forrow, joy; new fenfes, ryes, imelling, ears, tafte, feeling. UsE. Now find e thefe, or any of thefe marks really in you, then oubt no n.ore, mifbelieve no more, all is fure, ye are come unto Chrift, and feeing ye are come unto im, prefs ay for more and more of his likenefs, for progress in fanctification. Kemember, 1 John ii. 6. alile that faith he abideth in him, ought himfelf alfalfo to walk even as he walked.' And this leads us dinto the third thing in the opening up of this point. wit, To declare who are his people; they, as we ere faying, who are righteous, and live righteoufly. who where who are righteous, are there who have ed unto Chrift, and they indeed live rightcoufly. et to make it more clear, we shall in short tell u, who they are who live righteoufly : Thefe to wit, a word, ' Who walk as he walked.' Omnia nos Abrifi vita docere poteft : that is, The life of Chrift in teach us all things.

First, They live on hteously beginning all things h with God, referring a'l things to God. Secondly, They do all things by the warrant of his word, contemning their own wills, that they might do then Lord' : " Not my will but thy will be done,' they muft lofe their life, before they lofe their obedience. Thirdly, they will be holy, ' Be ye holy as I am holy.'' John iii , ' Every man, that hath this hope in him.' * purificth himfelf even as he is pure. Fourthly They walk fruitfully, they go about doing good the O fad ! not only the unfruitful walking of this generation, but even the flumbling that they are to Fiftnly, They walk juffly, not wronging any : Thefeler are they who live righteoufly, who walk fo as Chriffly, walked : O! how few righteous livers are among the you, and these only are his people, righteous perions he righteous livers, and it is thefe whom the Lorch.

Now Sixthly, we proceed to the rules how to apply ply thefe evidences Firft, Though you find them not all, yet if ye find one or more of them really then comfort yourfelves. Secondly, if you find not what to merly you have found, labour more to read new the fame, than to feek a fight of the old Thirdly, Do not try yourfelves in the hour of temples tation Fourthly, When ye find marks and ev dences, do not reft upon them, for though ye ha the them, they may foon be gone. Fifthly, Do new purfue fo much to fatisfy your fenfe for the preferit. as to have a folid well grounded affurance for the time to come. Sixthly, Be not fo defirous to knor what you are, as what you fhould do. Spend not your time in queftioning your flate, as ye do, but ule the means of real union and communion with Chrift : 1 his is the fhorteft and foreft way Son venthiy, Judge not yourfelves by the measure your graces, but by the fincerity of them, Eighl Red to a

y, Compare not yourfelves too much to the faints, but judge yourfelves by the word

Ninhiy, When there is a fer ous wreftling againft corruption, the' not meeting with any fentible viciory, yet caft not away your hope. 'Paul tells you, Rom. vii. How far a child of God may be enflaved by a body of fin.

Tenthly, Remember ye have to do with God in covenant of grace Now, what more shall we fay ? luft we end as we began ? Oh ! come away, come way to Chrift, this Prince of delights, come, and inter into thefe chambers Motive, Full, Come aay and enter, then your condition will be honourble with Chrift. Secondly, comfortable. All your bts are paid Thirdy Rich All that Chrift ath, grace and goodness is all thine Fourthly, ruitfui. de purgeth his branches. Fifthly, Safe. le takes all his qu'irreis upon him, your head will be above the water. Sixthly, It is the only ftate f perfection, which is in him, and derived to us. eventhly, Chen ali the promifes are yours. Eightly, is a fure flate, in this life ye have ftrength against imptations ; " My grace is fufficient for you. Ninth-, in death affurance, Iney that fleep in Chrift, prifh not lenth'y, in the day of judgment, bldnefs. O come away, the chambers are every way featant, and every was fate, come away, the indigation shall not overtake you

I the Lord is coming down with a universal dege of wrath upon the generality: Come away and (hall be hid O' he is willing, he is willing, he and not have fent this meffage to you this day, the had not been willing: And now, when we are exping a fait-day unto the Lord, who hath given urthis call, pray that he would help you rightly to aprove it; I fay, O improve it rightly, by your efform of it.

But ye will fay, how shall we improve it ? Anf.

Firft, improve it, by feeing that it is only of the Lord's free mercy, that he hath given it. Ezek, xxxvi. 22. 'I do not this for your fake, O I houfe of Ifrael, but for mine holy name's fake.

Secondly, Improve it, by being thereby the more firred up to your duty, Pfalm cxvi. « Becaufe he hath inclined his ear unto me, therefore will I cal « upon him as long as I live." Hath he heard you prayers in this? then be more in prayer, and b more fingle in prayer, and all other duties than eve heretofore.

Thirdly, Improve it, by loving the Lord himfelt who hath granted you it, Pfalm cxvi. 4 I love th 4 Lord, becaufe he hath heard my voice and fupple 6 cation.

Fourthly, Improve it, by feparating yourfelve more from the abominations of the time, by makin clean hearts and clean hands, l'falm vi 5 ' Depar (from me ye workers of iniquity, the Lord hath hear the voice of my fupplication.

Fifthly, Improve it, by having a high and becoming effeem of the drdinance, yet keeping it in own toom, and not refling upon it, but feeking unto the Lord himfelf, Amos v. 4. 5 Seek ye me, art 'ye fhall ure, but feek not to Bethel'.

Sixthly, Improve it, by anfwering his call theref and let not the Lord have it to iay of you, that aft long and many refußls, 'Yet I came and fretche forth my wings, and would have gathered you, a hen gathereth her chickens, but ye would not.' let him nothave that to fay; 'Come away, con away, enter into your chaubers, and fint you doors about you, and hide yourfelves as it were f a little moment, until the indignation be overpadi

FINIS.