

—FOR—

DIAMONDS

—GO TO—

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

Opening Session.

Not of the House at Ottawa, but at The Westside.

NEW FALL GOODS

Are on view to-day, and we expect every day will be an opening day for some time to come.

We have opened out and offer for sale Beautiful New Autumn Dress Goods in Black and Colors.

French Crepons from 50c. to \$2.75 per yard. Very Nice 42-inch Fancy Fall Styles at 25c., 35c. and 50c. per yard.

MANITOU MOHAIR,

at 90c., very choice and a good wearing material 46 inches wide and only 90c., worth \$1.50; also All Wool Poplins, just like Pim's Irish.

We do no reckless advertising. Technically true, practically false, is all advertising that implies a stock that the advertiser cannot show. Such advertising amounts—it rebounds, kicks, like an old flint-lock gun. OUR store news is not reckless. Trifling or unworthy items not admitted.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Something - Wanting.



And that is your patronage. We are making prices for you, and setting the pace for scorchers. Before "buying wholesale" take a look at us. We are poshies and cream for bargains. We are giving you plain talk, can back up 'll we say and look you straight in the eye.

Gierardellis Ground Chocolate, per lb. 35
Gierardellis Loose Cocoa, per lb. 35
Steel-Out Oatmeal 30
Seafoam Soap for the Toilet.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

For a cup of GOOD COFFEE our Java, Maracaibo or Mocha brands can't be beat.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,
Corner Fort and Government Streets.

Mines.

We make a specialty of selling stocks in developed mines that we know are in the hands of legitimate mining men who know their business. If you want to make money in stocks consult us. Know what you are buying and you will not regret investing in B. C. mines.

Invest, Don't Speculate

And you will be all right. We can convince you that our opinion is worth something.

H. Cuthbert & Co'ys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Faithful person to travel; salary, \$200 and expenses; references; enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. President, Box P, Chicago. au19-2

WANTED—An experienced law student or law clerk. Apply to 404 Government street. au19-2

FOR SALE CHEAP—A pair of ponies, buggy and harness. Apply G. Marshall, Government street. au19-2

WANTED—A pair of platform scales (toponibench). Apply to Chemical Works, Ouellet Wharf. au19-2

FOR SALE CHEAP—Double-barrelled breech-loading 12-bore shot gun. Apply 21 Governor street. au19-2

HORSES AND CATTLE FOR SALE—One well-matched team of heavy draught horses, four driving or general purpose horses, a number of cows, some near calving, thoroughbred Holstein bull; also thoroughbred Berkshire boar, for sale cheap for cash or on good security. Apply to John Siggert, Siggert P.O., South Saanich. au19-2

FOR SALE—The coal rights of BIR across on Pender Island. The land for sale in portions or en bloc. H. J. Robertson, Times office.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white also employed. Messrs. Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite Drind. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Messrs. Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Drind.

SAYS HE'S INNOCENT

Bryan Declares Unequivocally That Senator Thurston's Statement is False.

Says He is Not Nor Never was in the Employ of Mine Owners.

Upper Red Hook, N.Y., Aug. 20.—William J. Bryan, for the first time since Senator John M. Thurston, as alleged, declared that he (Bryan) was in the employ of mine owners, has made an official denial, coupled with a challenge to the national Republican committee to come out in the open and accuse him or forever be silent. Mr. Bryan's attention had been called to the controversy between Senators Thurston and Stewart and he determined to settle the matter if possible. He therefore demands an open charge which he says he will refute with details of his private life and financial affairs, or silence. He said: "I have already denied this charge on several occasions, but the reiteration of it by Senator Thurston, a distinguished resident of my own state, justifies me in answering it again. I had never at any time or under any circumstances been in the employ of any mine owners, individually or collectively, directly or indirectly, nor have I ever been in the employ, or paid by any bi-metallic league association. Aside from my editorial salary of about \$150 per month paid by the Omaha World-Herald, and a small amount derived from the legal profession, my income since retirement from congress has been entirely derived from lectures before Chautauqua by-ocum lecture bureaus which have usually paid me a fixed sum, and from contributions made by the people of the localities where I have spoken. In some instances I have received nothing at all. In most instances I have received more than enough to pay travelling expenses. In only two instances, I think, has my compensation exceeded \$100 and in these instances it was about \$200 at one place and about \$300 at the other. The first platform on which I ran for congress in 1890, before I was known politically outside of my own state, contained a free coinage plank and my Republican opponent that year was an advocate of free coinage. In the campaign of 1892 I again ran on a free coinage platform. In 1894 I again ran on the free coinage platform and my opponent for the senate, Mr. Thurston, while opposing unlimited coinage at 10 to 1, insisted that he favored bi-metallicism. I wrote the free coinage plank on which I ran in 1890 and the free platform in 1891, 1894 and 1896 and tried to secure the adoption of free coinage planks in the platforms of 1892 and 1893. I only mention this to show that my advocacy of free silver is not of recent date. Having made this answer to Mr. Thurston's letter, I shall hereafter take no notice of individual or newspaper comment on the subject. If the Republican national committee will say officially that I have ever been employed to deliver speeches by any mine owners, I am ready to make a statement, showing in detail all money received by me for speechmaking."

SESSION OF SCIENTISTS.

British, Australian and American Associations to Meet at Seattle.

Seattle, Aug. 20.—Dr. Mark W. Harrington, president of the University of Washington, has returned from the Eastern States, where he has spent a pleasant summer vacation. He was not an idle vacation, and Dr. Harrington did some successful work. The most important result of that work, so far at least as Seattle is immediately concerned, is the strong probability that the American Association for the Advancement of Science will meet in this city in 1897, and that its session in this city will be participated in by a strong delegation from the British Association, and from the Australasian Association, both of which bodies will be invited to meet the American Association. It is a peculiar combination of circumstances which brings about such a possibility. For the second time in its history the British Association crosses the ocean to hold its annual session. Meeting as it does in Toronto, a great excursion to Vancouver has already been planned. This will bring a great body of that celebrated association within easy reach of Seattle. The establishment of the new Yukon-Alaska steamship line will open such connection with the Orient that, while members of the Australasian Association might prefer to come to Vancouver by the British line, they would find a return voyage over the Nippon Yusen Kaisha a strong attraction. At any rate, Dr. Harrington has let no grass grow under his feet in taking steps to secure the great meeting for Seattle. He has seen to it that the attractions just mentioned have been properly presented by correspondence, and he has secured from the general passenger agents of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific promises of a separate fare for the round trip from eastern points to Seattle.

New York, Aug. 20.—No change is reported in the condition of Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher at her home in Brooklyn. Mrs. Beecher was affected with the excessive heat of last week, and is quite ill.

AWAKENED AT LAST

An Era of Great Development is About to Begin in the Chinese Empire.

Accused by the Trip of Li Hung Chang Through Europe and America.

Views of Col. M. B. Jeffords C. E., an American Promoter of Railroads in China.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—A movement is on foot among prominent club men of this city to extend an invitation to Li Hung Chang, the Chinese viceroy, to have him stop over a couple of days in Chicago en route to the Pacific Coast. Col. M. B. Jeffords, C. E., of Shanghai, an American promoter of railroads in China, has been in town for the past few days, and he has helped along the movement. In conversation with a reporter last night Col. Jeffords said: "I am returning now to perfect the plan for building the longest railroad in the empire. A year ago last June I left London for China for the purpose of investigating the needs and prospects for railroads there. I returned with the preliminary contract for constructing a line of railroad from Peking to Henkow, a distance of 700 miles. It will be built largely by foreign capital. Two-thirds of this has been contributed by the Chinese merchant companies, and the other third comes largely from our country. The construction of the road will require a capital of 30,000,000 taels. A tael is worth about 72 cents in American money. China has at present only 182 miles of railroad, owned and operated by the imperial government. One reason for the tardiness of the investment of foreign capital is that there are no laws which will make it secure. I am now returning to inspect the papers in the edict from the emperor allowing the construction of the road, to see that it conforms with the requirements for the investment of Anglo-American capital. Americans up to the present time have been backward about investing in China than other capitalists, and have made no effort to send agents there to investigate. But this condition is changing. "This trip of Li Hung Chang through Europe and America will result in the rapid development of railroad systems in China. He is a man of great intelligence, and appreciates the wonderful advantages to be gained through modern methods of transportation. Shen Tao Tai is at present the general manager of railroads and of the development of the mines and other industries in China. He is not only a warm personal friend of Li Hung Chang, but is his partner in the Chinese Merchant Company and in other great enterprises. "All stories of Li Hung Chang's deposition from power in China are false. He is the greatest man in the empire, next to the emperor, and the mission to St. Petersburg was the greatest honor that would be conferred upon any subject of the empire. "The Chinese viceroy will pass through Chicago on Sept. 6 or 7, with his 35 ministers, mandarins and other men of smaller greatness, on his way to the Pacific coast. He will first be entertained in New York where President Cleveland, John W. Foster and a committee will receive him. From there he will go to Philadelphia, and after that he will go to Washington City.

SEWALL SHOULD WITHDRAW.

Such is the Opinion of Eugene V. Debs.

Omaha, Aug. 20.—Eugene V. Debs has written a letter to George F. Garrison of Chadron, setting forth his views on silver and fusion between the Democrats and Populists. Debs says: "Without the support of the Populists the Democratic party could not win. Mr. Sewall can well afford to step aside to effect a union of the two great forces and insure the election of the people's party candidates. Such action on the part of Sewall would make him a far greater man than vice-president. Failing in second the people's party such recognition may culminate in an open revolt, especially in the Southern States where the Populists have suffered all sorts of indignities at the hands of the Bourbon democracy, and this may cost them the election and put McKinley and gold-bugism in power. There is a vast difference between Bryan and the Democratic party. If the latter's only ambition is to swallow the people's party so as to place them in power and get possession of the offices, their design will and should be thwarted. I would far rather see McKinley elected than have another Democratic administration."

THE ROW IN CRETE

Statement That Europe is Paying far too Much Attention to the Cretans.

Withdrawal of All Consuls Would Probably Settle the Entire Difficulty.

London, Aug. 19.—The story of an engagement at Candia recently is confirmed, but the report contained many gross exaggerations. For instance, it was reported that the Turks lost eight cannon, whereas they had none with them. The British warship will leave Crete on Sunday next for Malta, and be temporarily relieved by the Collingwood. The Russian gunboat Zaporozhje has arrived to relieve the Grosiastichy. "There are three cities of importance in Crete, Candia, Souda and Retimo. The military governors of all three were recently asked what they had to say in reply to the accusation of the Christians that the Turkish soldiers are unreluctant and given to pillaging. Abdallah Pasha, in Candia, indignantly denied that the Turkish soldiers so much as thought of pillaging. He would not hear of even the possibility of such a thing. Hassan Pasha, governor of Souda, said: "The charges are totally without foundation." Colonel Huan, governor of Retimo, said that the Turkish soldiers are guiltless of any of the offenses of pillaging attributed to them without proof. The charges of pillage, he said, were inventions. "A consul, not of this place, who has had great experience, says: "The whole trouble is that Europe is paying far too much attention to the Cretans. The Cretan loves dramatic situations, to cherish the idea that Turkey is about to attack him, and that he is in perpetual danger. He delights in making a great show of barricading houses and having many guns hanging about. He revels in sitting in a cafe and orating upon the fearful risks he is running and the magnificent defence he made when the Turks were seeking to murder every Christian. He watches to see if a correspondent calls upon the Turkish deputy, and if so he is furious. "According to many persons, a large responsibility lies with the consuls, who are accused of over zealous actions and of encouraging both sides to persist in their present attitude. In the opinion of these persons, the solution of the Cretan question lies in the withdrawal of all the consuls. They predict that the effect would be instantaneous.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

AROUND THE WORLD.

Manchester, Conn., Aug. 20.—John J. Brough, a well-known merchant of this town, aged 45 years, has returned from a trip around the world which consumed exactly a year. Mr. Brough traveled on a bicycle wherever possible. Of the 60,000 miles covered by him, 40,000 were by water, 12,000 on his wheel, and the rest by railroad in the different countries. Mr. Brough sailed from New York August 17, 1895. He was accompanied on his start by his brother-in-law, Cyrus F. Forsythe. The two landed at Queenstown, Ireland, and while on the island Mr. Forsythe's compound fracture of his arm. His companion proceeded alone. He visited Scotland, North and South Wales and other places in England. From London he went by water to Dieppe, in France, then whaling to Holland and Germany. In Frankfurt he won a 50-mile bicycle race, and with it a prize of \$100. In Italy he rode his wheel from Rome to Naples. At Constantinople he was in prison for three nights and two days for being without a passport. Later he went to Sicily. From Sicily he went to Egypt. Later he found himself in Arabia, and then made his way via Bombay to Calcutta. From the latter city he made a journey to the Straits settlement, then to Fagosa, to Barmah and on to China. From China he went to Japan and Yokohama, sailing from that Japanese port he reached San Francisco.

ACROSS THE BORDER

How Miss Pauline Bradshaw, Actress, Married a Count and Got a Fortune.

Whitney-Vanderbilt Wedding—Miss Flavia Todd's Testimony in Fair Will Case.

Stage Held up by a Lone Highwayman—Mrs Henry Ward Beecher ill.

New York, Aug. 20.—Pauline Bradshaw, a beautiful actress, was married in Chicago four years ago to Count Vladimir Kostowski, an alleged Russian nobleman, after a courtship of two hours. "I am negotiating for the establishment of a great shogard here," said the count to Pauline the morning after the marriage. "I shall have to see the mayor. You must be impatient if I cannot remain away a trifle longer." When Pauline opened the cabinet where she usually kept her diamonds, the contents were gone. So were several hundred dollars in cash which the same box contained. Count Vladimir Kostowski never returned—neither did the valuables. Some weeks ago Pauline came to New York, and while waiting for something to turn up, she received a letter which had come from Russia. It had gone the round of all the places Pauline had lived, and had taken five months to do so. The letter was from a Russian notary who informed Miss Pauline Bradshaw that there was a fortune of 50,000 roubles waiting for her in St. Petersburg. A man named Paul Sadowski had, according to the notary, bequeathed her that amount. Sadowski had amassed a great fortune in South Africa and had returned last year to his native country. For a while he led a life of mad gayety, making it difficult for even the richest of the young noblemen who took him into their revels to keep pace with him. Last January all this changed. Sadowski began frequenting the churches. In March he fell sick and three days later was dead. Among his effects was a codicil to his will bequeathing 50,000 roubles to Miss Pauline Bradshaw, of Chicago, in consideration of a great wrong he had once done her and for which he begged her forgiveness. "It transpires that the palatial home with its splendid acres in the Berkshire hills which William C. Whitney has been preparing for his son, Harry Payne Whitney, was bequeathed to the latter by the young man. Mr. Whitney and Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, who on August 25 will become Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, had arranged to keep the grand home a secret for a time from the bridegroom. Publication of the plans disclosed the secret to young Mr. Whitney. Although the parties interested have shown a desire for a quiet and unostentatious wedding, the indications are that their friends are going to make it one of the most brilliant of the year. Cornelius Vanderbilt, although he has not yet entirely recovered from his recent illness will be present at the wedding and give his daughter away. Wonderful stories are told of the gifts that the bride will receive on her wedding day. More than \$150,000 worth of jewelry intended for her came on the Gasconne from Paris on Sunday. Among other things there was a superb diamond necklace, a pair of diamond earrings, a diamond and rubystudded dog collar for Miss Vanderbilt's people. These are all supposed to be gifts from her father. It is understood Mr. Whitney has gone deeply into the purchase of precious stones, and that in addition he will give the couple a clever title to the 7,000 acres of land in the Berkshire hills. San Francisco, Aug. 20.—Mrs. Flavia Todd, an aged but sprightly widow, testified before the lawyers who are trying depositions in the Fair will case that she had promised to be a sister to the late Senator Fair. She said she had been quite intimate with the senator and regarded him as a brother. He was constantly talking to her about his life and what he had in the custody of a school teacher. He had promised to leave Mrs. Todd \$100,000 but had not done so. Mrs. Todd said she had known Fair for many years. When Mrs. Todd was cross-examined by Lawyer Pierson, produced a pile of letters from her, which had been found in Senator Fair's safe. Mr. Pierson started to read the letters. The first was a request for Senator Fair to lend Mrs. Todd some money. The second letter indicated that Mrs. Todd had been more than a sister to the late senator and Lawyer Deimas concluded to withdraw the witness and the letter was not admitted as evidence. Redding, Cal., Aug. 20.—The Hibler and Redding south bound stage was held up near Morley, twenty-five miles from Redding, last evening by a lone highwayman, who demanded the express box. The driver, Jasper Hampton, told him there was no express on the stage. He then demanded the mail, and the driver gave him the way pouch, slipping the through pouch, when he drove on as per orders. The fellow took the bag and walked back up the road. He was evidently a green hand. Sheriff Houston will doubtless send a posse to capture him. Lookout Mountain, Tenn., Aug. 20.—Ex-Speaker Charles F. Cole arrived at Lookout Inn last night. He is suffering considerably from heart affection. He says that while he is confident Ryan will be elected, he will not be able to take much part in the campaign, an account of his poor health.

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COCKRAN CRUSHES BRYAN'S BUBBLE.

His Reply to Bryan a Masterly Presentation of the Case Against Free Silver.

An Audience of Eighteen Thousand People Crowded Madison Square Garden.

The Sound Money Champion Tears the Foundation From Populist Conspiracy.

Civilization Means Co-Operation—No Silver Scourge Upon the Back of Labor.

Madison Square Garden, New York, Aug. 20.—The second notable demonstration in the political campaign in New York city was held under the auspices of the Democrat-Honest Money League of America, in Madison Square Garden, where W. Bourke Cockran addressed an immense audience with a speech entitled "In Opposition to Republicanism."

The elements were kinder to Mr. Cockran than they had been to Mr. Bryan, for an afternoon shower had cooled the air and made the night an ideal one, in pleasant contrast to the sweltering atmosphere which oppressed the Bryan shouters. At 6 o'clock the doors were opened, two hours and a half before the meeting was to begin, and as the people filed in it was noticeable that ladies composed a large proportion of the crowd. They found the hall elaborately decorated with banners and busting of the national tricolor, in place of the small platform from which Mr. Bryan had spoken was erected a big stage, whereupon were seated many of the vice-presidents of the meeting, whose names made a list of 500 strong, and in whose ranks were included many of the most prominent business men, financiers, bankers and railroad presidents of New York and other cities.

Eighteen thousand seats had been set aside in the garden, and all of them were filled when Mr. Cockran advanced to the front of the platform and was greeted by a tremendous cheer, men climbing upon their seats and waving little American flags which could be seen throughout the hall. Hearty cheers were given for McKinley, and there were hisses when a gallery girl yelled: "What's the matter with Bryan?"

J. John Byrne, the president of the league, called the meeting to order and addressed his hearers as "Democrats who love their country above party," and exhorted them to save that party from repudiation, anarchy and socialism, and then Perry Belmont, who made a short speech by way of overture to Mr. Cockran's efforts.

Mr. Belmont asserted his belief that the thousands who were gathered in the great building were there to raise the banner of Democracy, "battle scarred by more than a hundred years of honorable political warfare." He said they were Democrats who refused to surrender the honored name of their party to the Populists. Populism he defined as "an aggravated form of furious Republicanism or greenback federalism gone mad."

There was a second outburst of cheering when Mr. Cockran was introduced, which lasted several minutes, and while it was in progress sixty singers, chosen from among the city's banks and entitled the Bankers' Glee Club sang "The Star Spangled Banner," the vast audience swelling the chorus with thousand-voice effort.

Mr. Cockran was smooth shaven when he confronted the audience, and his first words led to the further ends of the hall. Frequent outbreaks of cheering followed his periods. He said: "Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Fellow Democrats All: With the inspiring strains of that national song still ringing in our ears, who can doubt the issue of this campaign? Stripped of all verbal disguises, it is an issue of common honesty, an issue between the honest discharge and the dishonest repudiation of public and private obligations."

It is a question as to whether the powers of this government shall be used to protect honest industry or to tempt the citizen to dishonesty. On this question honest men cannot differ. It is one of morals and justice. It involves the existence of social order. It is the contest for civilization itself. A Democratic convention may renounce the Democratic faith, but the Democracy remains faithful to Democratic principles. Democratic leaders may betray a convention to the Populists, but they cannot seduce the footsteps of Democratic voters from the pathway of honor and justice. A candidate bearing the mandate of a Democratic convention may in this hall open a canvass leveled against the foundations of social order, but he beholds the Democratic masses confronting him organized for the defense.

"Fellow Democrats, let us not disguise from ourselves the fact that we bear in this contest a serious and grave and solemn burden of duty. We must raise our hands against the nominee of our party, and we must do it to preserve the future of that party. We must oppose the nominee of the Chicago convention, and we know full well that the success of our opposition will mean our own exclusion from public life, but we will be contented and gratified by the reflection that it will prove that the American people cannot be divided into parties in a question of simple morals or of common honesty."

"I should look in vain through the speech delivered here one week ago for a true statement of the issues involved in this canvass. Indeed, I believe it is doubtful if the candidate himself quite understands the nature of the faith which he professes. I say this not in criticism of his ability, but in justice to his morality. I believe that if he himself understood the inevitable consequences of the doctrines which he preaches his own hands would be raised against the platform on which he stands. We all must remember that lurid rhetoric which allowed as fiercely in the western skies as the sunlight which through the past week foretold the torrid heat of the ensuing day, and here upon this platform we find that same rhetoric as mild, as insipid as the waters of a stagnant pool. He is a candidate who was swept into the nomination by a wave of popular enthusiasm awakened by appeals to prejudice and greed. He is a candidate who declares that this was a revolutionary movement, no sooner found himself face to face with the American people than he realized that this soil is not propitious to revolution; that the people of this country will not change the institutions which have stood the tests and experiences of a century for institutions based upon the fantastic dreams of a Populist agitator; that the American nation will never consent to substitute for the republic of Washington, of Jefferson and of Jackson, the republic of Altgeld, a Tillman or a Bryan. Whatever change may have come over his manner as a candidate, however, much as the verbiage of his eloquence may have been relieved, two things for which he stands remain unaltered. On this platform he defended the most revolutionary plank of the Chicago convention, in a speech less vehement, but not less earnest, than that in which he supported their adoption. On this platform he defended the Populist programme of overthrowing the integrity of the supreme court. If there be any fruit which has grown for the benefit of all mankind out of the establishment of our republic, it has been the demonstration that it is possible by the organization of an independent tribunal to safeguard the rights of every citizen and protect those natural privileges against any invasion, from whatever source or however powerful might be the antagonizing element. The very existence of that power presupposes the existence of an independent tribunal, yet we have this Populist convention, because a Populist measure was condemned as unconstitutional, proposing, not to amend the constitution in the ordinary way prescribed by that instrument itself, but proposing to pack the court so that it will pronounce those laws to be constitutional which the constitution condemns, a proposal to make the courts instruments of lawlessness, to violate that sacred compact between the states on which the security of this nation rests; to profane the temple erected for its protection by the hands of a false priestess, who, though sworn to defend it, will be appointed to destroy it."

"It is the time to which I must confine myself tonight. I can do nothing but examine that one question which Mr. Bryan declares to be the overshadowing issue of this campaign. I am a little puzzled when I read this speech to decide just what Mr. Bryan himself imagines will be the fruit of a change in the standard of value throughout this country. I do not believe that any man can disagree wholly with the speech, because if he dissents from one set of conclusions, he has got to read but a few paragraphs and he will find another. If Mr. Bryan could show me that by any means known to heaven or on earth wages could be increased, I would be ready to support him, because I know of no test of prosperity absolutely infallible except the rate of wages paid laborers. When we come to find how Mr. Bryan expects to increase the wages of labor we find ourselves lost in a maze of contradiction. No man can tell how or where or when the wages of the workman are to be increased, but anyone who examines the scheme can see that the inevitable consequence of a debasement in the standard of value must be a reduction in the rate of wages, and that is the conspiracy in which the Populist is engaged. Now Mr. Bryan tells us that he wants to cheapen the dollar; that he wants to increase the volume of money. I do not believe that any man who ever lived could quite understand a Populist's notion of what money is, further than that he believes it is a desirable thing to get and is not very particular about the means by which he can get his hands on it."

"Nothing is more common than the mistake that money and property are identical. They are not. There may be a very large volume of circulating medium and great poverty. The issue of paper money stands in no more an increase of wealth than the issue of an individual of his promissory note would show an increase of his property. As a matter of fact, an increase in the volume is no proof of an increase in property, but may be a strong proof of a decrease in wealth. It is not the volume of money, but the activity of money, that counts. The basis of sound trade is sound money; money which is intrinsically valuable, money which, like the gold coins of the country, the government cannot effect it if it tried to. I can take

a \$10 gold piece and I defy all the power of all the governments of this earth to take 5 cents of its value from it. Having earned it by the sweat of my brow, having earned it by the exchange of my commodities, I can go to the uttermost ends of the earth, and wherever I present it its value will be unquestioned and unchallenged. That gold dollar this morning, the Democratic party, the honest masses of this country without distinction of party declare shall be paid to the laborer when he earns it, and that no power on earth shall cheat him of the sweat of his brow."

"It is perfectly clear that the purpose of the Populists is to put up the price of certain commodities. Mr. Bryan's language is that he is going to improve the condition of the people of this country. I do not suppose he claims he can multiply the number of chairs upon this platform or upon this floor, although he has shown his capacity to empty them. If he is going to work any change in the condition of men, he must increase the material possession of some of the community. Now, if he got possession of the government to-morrow he would not create one single thing of value by an exercise of governmental power in the world. No power ever yet exercised by a tyrant or by a constitutional monarch can cause a barren field to become useful; can cause two blades of grass to grow where one grew before; can multiply the number of chairs that composed this building and raise them into a stately temple dedicated to political discussion. No; it requires the labor of man, and the labor of man alone, to create wealth. If Mr. Bryan is going to enrich somebody, the thing which he means to bestow on him he must take from somebody else. Who is to be despoiled and who is to be enriched by the exercise of this new scheme of government?—A—A—A—The silver mine owners? My friends, the silver mine owners will be cheated with the rest. A government can never be generous, because if it is generous to one it must be oppressive to another."

"But this financial scheme contemplates an increase in the price of certain commodities. We are coming now pretty close to the woodpile behind which the African is concealed. Now if everything in this world or in this country, including labor, be increased in value to-morrow in like proportion, not one of us would be affected at all. If everything be increased 10 per cent. in value, we would pay 10 per cent. in addition for what we buy, and get the 10 per cent. more for what we would sell, and we would be exactly in the same place we occupied before. Therefore it is fair to assume that it is not this lame and impotent conclusion which this Populist revolution contemplates. What then is it? It is an increase in the price of commodities and allowing labor to shift for itself. If the price of commodities be increased and the price of labor be left stationary, why, that means a cutting down of the rate of wages. If instead of a dollar which consists of a given quantity of gold equal to 100 cents anywhere in the world, with the purchasing power of 100 cents, the laborer is to be paid in dollars worth 55 cents each, why he can only buy half as much with the day's wage as he buys now. 'Wage earners,' Mr. Bryan says, 'know that while the gold standard raises the purchasing price of a dollar, it also makes it more difficult to obtain possession of that dollar. They know that employment is less permanent, loss of work more probable, and re-employment less certain.' If that means anything it means that a cheap dollar would give more employment, more frequent employment, more work and a chance to get re-employment after he was discharged. If that means anything it means that if the laborer is willing to have his wages cut down he will get more work. But a diminution in the rate of wages does not increase the scope of employment. The more abundant the product, the higher the wages. There cannot be an abundant product unless labor is extensively employed."

"Mr. Bryan would have you believe that property is advanced by cheapening the rate of wages, but the fall in the rate of wages, always comes from narrow production, and narrow production means that there is little demand for labor in the market. When, after the panic of 1873, the price of labor fell to 90 cents a day, it was harder to obtain labor than when the rate of labor was \$2, and the difference between the Populist who seeks to cut down the

Continued on page 3.

Continued on page 3.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering. "I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, sore and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." Mrs. ANNA FERRISS, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

24 One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Hood's Pills cure 100 ailments, 10 cents.

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NOTICE.

Chatham Street, between Blanche and Quadra, is closed to traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

WALTER H. GIBSON

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SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WERT, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Doughty. Tables and cupboards, cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., Fort street, growing; Coltrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 120.

WANTS. WANTED—Barber's apprentice. Apply 101 Douglas street. A17-47

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Black horse, one of the best drivers in Victoria, for lady or gentleman; together with Phoebe, a bay, heavy, harness, etc. Apply A. A. Davidson, 20 Government street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT of Italian chairs, sofas, tables, etc., at very low prices for cash, at the A. C. Furniture Co., J. Sahl, Manager.

NEW BICYCLES AT COST—One of the best makes. Show's Hardware Store, 27 Johnson street.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE—We have been able to secure a few shares of the best mine of the Four Star (Crested) Mining & Milling Co., which was sold at private sale at a low figure. A. W. Stone & Co., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Good driving and farm horse; will trade for lots of cattle. George McLean, Cedar Road. 3127-1m

FOR SALE—Well bred 4-year-old horse, suitable for saddle or hack. 1725-1m Douglas street.

WHY NOT TRY Marshall's whole wheat bread? Also, some made bread, 39 Broad street.

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & B. San-lob Agricultural Society's farm in South Saanich, containing 64 acres more or less, about 20 acres clear; never falling sterile of water. For further particulars apply to the secretary, H. F. Holders, Tupper, P. O. B. O. 28-17-0-m

TO LET. TO LET—A large room suitable for one or two gentlemen; near train line; in a quiet family; no children. Address P.O. Box 284. 2012-1m

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A & W. WILSON. PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS. 2011 Douglas and Thompson streets. In best security of fitting and gasing. Estimates free. Telephone 100. A. B. C. Telephone call 10.

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Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government Street, Victoria.

THOMAS STOREY. Funeral Director. No. 90 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B. C.

Kootenay Mines. LATEST INFORMATION OF New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore Developments, WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices

READ... The Miner. PUBLISHED AT NELSON. The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of MR. GEO. SHEDDEN, Agent for Victoria and Vancouver is

COCKRAN CRUSHES BRYAN'S BUBBLE.

Continued from page 2.

rate of wages and the Democrat who... Mr. Bryan leads the van in saying that it is the creditor he is after.

"Now the Populist loves to say that the creditor is a person who oppresses the Western farmer. The creditors of this country are not the bankers; they are not the so-called capitalists; they are the laborers and it is at the expense of labor that this change is made."

"But, my friends, it is a triumphant vindication of American citizenship that this attempt to enlist the farming and agricultural members of this community into this conspiracy has failed miserably, utterly, absolutely. Every Western state which in 1890 and 1892 fell into the hands of the Populists and went into the Farmers' Alliance was before their real purposes were executed, purified and the Populist force scattered out of existence when the farmers of this country understood that what the Populist meant for his welfare was really for his ruin."

"There was a Populist delegation from states that were Democratic; but it is a significant fact that every Northern state in which there was a chance of electing a Democratic governor, or of choosing Democratic electors, with the exception of Missouri and Indiana, stood boldly and firmly for the gold standard at Chicago, and they were submerged by a wave of Populism from the South."

"Men of New York, toilers of America, guardians of your own homes, will you allow your rate of wages to be affected by the rate of 'Silver'?"

water on the crest of a wave, more conspicuous, but no more important than the millions of drops that form its base. The Populist movement is the attempt of these professional farmers, of those men who are unwilling to share with the laborers, to appeal to their greed. He is an enemy of public order; he is an obstacle to progress; he is a conspirator against the peace and prosperity of the industrial masses of the country. I have said that the laborer is the object of this conspiracy, and he is. But let no man imagine that if they are successful the injury would be borne by the man who works with his hands. He would be the last to suffer, and the first to recover from its effects. But the shock to civilization which would ensue from such a breach of public and private faith would be irreparable. Its effects no man could measure from any experience of the human race. We cannot tell to what degree it would paralyze industry. If I were asked to define civilization I would say it was "industrial co-operation." Everything that a man does for his own benefit acts directly upon the interests of his neighbors. No man can stand alone in a civilized community. His interests, his prospects, his fortune are to some extent shared by his followers. There is not an ear of corn ripening in the west, nor fields that does not affect the price of bread to you and me. The farmer who scatters seed upon the ground by that act starts into motion the wheels

less forests, and the river bore no single living thing except the Indian in his canoe pursuing a pathway of destruction. There was no industrial co-operation because the Indian was a savage and does not understand the principles by which men aid each other in waking from the bosom of the earth the wealth which makes life desirable and develops the intelligence which makes civilization. Anything that attacks that basis of human confidence is a crime against civilization and a blow against the foundations of social order.

Wherever you find socialists assembled you will find discussions proceeding upon the theory that men are hostile to each other in their interests; that the condition of life is one of content. At Chicago Mr. Bryan declared: "When you come before us and tell us that we shall disturb your business interests, we reply that you have disturbed our business interests." In a word he was right. He was, my friends; when a man loses all sense he has a right to defy those that possess any. (Laughter.)

In a contention of extremists, the most excitable will always be selected for a leader. Your prospects are not bad. I merely desire to call attention to this gathering to the character of that speech, to the underlying spirit that pervades it, and to ask the workmen of this country, to ask the citizens of this nation if the government should be entrusted to the hands of men whose con-

science shivers upon the earth. The farmer in the tunic, stooping over his bench, who never sees fields of waving corn, who has never inhaled the perfume of grasses and flowers, is yet made the participant in all the bonfires of providence. In the purifying flames of the atmosphere, in the ripening rays of the sun, when the product of the soil is made cheaper to him every day by the abundance of the harvest. (Applause.)

It is from his share of this bounty that the Populists want to exclude the American workman. To him we say in the name of humanity, in the name of progress, you shall neither press a crown of thorns upon the brow of labor nor press a scourge upon his back. (Applause.) You shall not rob him of study, of progress in the skill of his craft, and the careful organization of the members who work for him at the bench. You shall not obscure the golden prospects of a further improvement in his condition by a further cheapening of the cost of living as well as by a further depreciation of the dollar which is paid him. (Applause.)

The man who raises his hand against the progress of the workman raises his hand against prosperity. He seeks to restrict the volume of production, he seeks to degrade the condition of the man who is steadily improving himself, and in his own improvement is accom-

"A word to the wise," said Hercules, gravely, "is sufficient." "Kantippe was evidently annoyed at the interruption, but she continued her remarks for twenty-three minutes. Then the great Alcebiades made another observation in the Greek tongue, which may be freely translated thus: "Philosophy don't seem to cut much ice." -Up to Date.

Always avoid harsh, purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor:—Please inform you a readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, sight losses and weak sunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont. -Treat rods and flies, see our fine stock at Fox's, 78 Gpvt. St.

"To My Life's End." Old age brings on many aches and pains which must be looked after if health is to be maintained. This depends more than anything else on the kidneys. "I am 85 years old," writes A. Duffin, farmer, Aultsville, Ont., "and have had kidney trouble five years. My son advised Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I obtained immediate relief. I shall use them to my life's end." You will find Chase's Pills equally effective for that lame back.

The large gentleman with the large diamond looked admiringly at the exquisite lady in the cream-colored silk. "Fine looking woman, waiting with Brown's hair, she looks so well, so neat, so nice." "Wonder if she's married?" "I believe she is just at present, and the lady breathes most freely."



Stick Heads and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Distress, Sickness, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, and all the most remarkable success has been shown in curing

CURE SICK HEAD

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

ACHE

is the cause of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure a whole others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents. Five for \$1. Sold every where, or sent by mail. CARTER'S MEDICINE CO., Box 747.

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White Star Baking Powder IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

MEETINGS.

Ferry Creek Gold Mining Company. A special meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 26th day of August, 1896, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon at the residence of Mr. J. H. W. in the City of Victoria, B.C., to consider a proposed resolution for the sale of the property.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Carter's. When she was a Child, she cried for Carter's. When she became Miss, she clung to Carter's. When she had Children, she gave them Carter's.

"You act as if you thought everything was wrong," said Billie's wife. "I try not to show it. But when I notice how white the mosquitoes is to this an' how backward the cat is about here, the cat's thing I do care. I can't help thinking things goes a good by contrast."



THEIR COUNTRY'S "CALL."

FOSTER—What does she say? Wants us back in office again, I'll bet! TUPPER—Well—er—no; not "office" exactly; she says she hopes we may—live—long—to—serve—her—in—Opposition.

of the factory; he sharpens the tool of the carpenter; he stimulates the construction of railroads; he causes engineers to plan new bridges, crossing currents, new tunnels under rivers, new canals joining oceans, and separating continents. If the farmer did not work, if the miner did not dig in the subterranean gallery, every other department of industry would languish, for men would not produce and create if they did not see in the industry and activity of others a prospect of a demand for the commodities which they produce, and so every man in the world is bound closely to the destiny and the interests of his fellow men.

Underlying the whole scheme of civilization is the confidence men have in each other. Confidence in their honesty; confidence in their integrity; confidence in their industry; confidence in their future. If we want silver coinage to-morrow, if we even debate our own standard of value, men say that still you would have the same property you have to-day, you would still have the same soil, you would still have the same continent. And it is true. But so did the Indians have the same rivers that roll past our cities and turn the wheels of commerce as they pass. So were the mountains piled full of mineral treasures 400 years ago. The same atmosphere swirled this continent; the same soil covered the fields; the same sun shone in heaven; and yet here was none but the savage pursuing the pathway of war through the track-

ception of civilized society is one of warfare and strife. We believe that the very essence of civilization is mutual interest, mutual forbearance, mutual co-operation. We believe the world has got past the time when men's hands are at each other's throats. We believe to-day that men stand shoulder to shoulder working together for a common purpose beneficial to all and believe that this attempt to assail wages which means an attempt to attack the prosperity of all, will be resisted, not by a class, but by the whole nation. What labor has gained, that shall it keep. The rate of wages that is paid to it to-day is the lowest rate that we will ever willingly accept. We look forward to a further and further increase in the prosperity of working-men, not merely by an increase in the daily wages, but by a further increase in the purchasing power of the wages. Men who tell us that the price of farm produce has fallen and that the farmer for that reason is a sufferer forget that while the price of wages has risen off the farm, the efficiency of labor has increased, that the cost of production has been reduced through the aid of machinery while the wages of the individual laborer may have risen. While wages remain at their present rate, I hope there will be a further and further constant decrease in the cost of living. While we have in existence a system of mutual co-operation, which is but another name for civilized society, all are admitted to

plishing the improvement of all mankind, but this attempt will fail. I do not regret this campaign. The time has come when the people of this country will show their capacity for self-government. They will prove that the men that led the world in the pathway of progress will be jealous guardians of liberty and order. They are not to be subdued by appeals to their stupidity or moved by threats of injury. They will forever guard and jealously trim the lamp of enlightenment and of progress. They will extinguish the pestilence and crush under their heel the flaming torch of Populist discontent, Populist agitation and Populist destruction. When this tide of agitation shall have receded, this assault upon common honesty and upon industry shall have been stated forever, the foundations of this republic will remain undisturbed. This government will still shelter a people indelibly wedded to liberty and order, jealously forbidding any distinction of burden or privilege, preserving prosperity, maintaining good faith, resting forever upon the broad basis of American patriotism and American intelligence.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Carter's. When she was a Child, she cried for Carter's. When she became Miss, she clung to Carter's. When she had Children, she gave them Carter's.

AUGUST.

Calendar for August showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

There has of late been less howling on the part of the Conservative press in regard to dismissals from the public service. Whether the decrease is due to a sense of the utility of whiling profits or to a growing conviction that the new government has done nothing further than its duty in the matter our Conservative friends may be left to decide for themselves.

During the last campaign there were a number of pestiferous people going about the country doing dirty work for the party while their salaries were being paid by the people. The present government would be perfectly justifiable in dismissing every one of them and replacing them with their own competent and trusted friends.

It is unlikely that the present government, though so severely bedegged by applicants, will go much further than to remove the violent partisans. In order to be justifiable in even this moderate course, they must be careful as to the character and the fitness of the men who are appointed to the vacancies.

The present government has not so far acted out to the violent partisans the punishment which Mr. Sheppard thinks they deserve, though judging from what Mr. Laurier and other ministers have said that necessary work will be attended to in time. To make such changes as the Star suggests would be very far from treating the civil service as a political engine, though perhaps the Tory press will not accept that view.

President Hopkins, of the Mazyzy Hill Bank, New York, made the following significant statement in connection with the failure of that bank: "Our deposits have fallen off owing to the desire of people to hoard their money. This desire is traceable directly to the free silver scare. Only a few weeks ago one of our depositors came to me and asked me to get him \$40,000 in gold, frankly confessing that he wanted to store it away in a safe deposit vault. I sent him to a broker and he got his gold. With our deposits reduced and being unable to realize on our securities, there was nothing for us to do but to come when the examiner made certain demands upon us." This was made public about the time that Mr. Bryan made his speech in New York.

Montreal Witness: Sir Charles Tupper declared a few months ago that on every ground which should be held sacred by the people remedial legislation should be passed; that the constitution demanded remedial legislation, and it should be respected and obeyed; that eternal justice demanded legislation, and that for his part he was ready to die in defence of his policy. Senator Drummond declared that justice called for remedial legislation, and that the Conservative party would do "justice though the heavens fall." This was repeated by Sir Charles Tupper. The Conservative journals which had argued both for and against remedial legislation during the wobbling administration of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, were now coming out in line behind Sir Charles with the declaration that what was just must be granted, and that what the constitution demanded must be carried through. Now all these fine professions of adherence to lofty principles are coldly abandoned. Now even to consent to Mr. Laurier's policy of conciliation and an amicable settlement is denounced as bowing and truckling to French domination. This is the course that is being pursued in the Ontario constituency of North Grey, where the Conservatives are opposing the election of Mr. Paterson, the comptroller of customs.

It is said that Sir Charles Tupper decided not to oppose the election of Mr. Edgar as Speaker on account of the inability of Mr. Earle to be present. Sir Charles and the Colonel did not like to undertake the job alone.

The Globe puts it thus: "Give us this day our daily gold mine."

WE GIVE IT UP. To the Editor: Could you inform us through the medium of your esteemed paper what has been done with the five hundred dollars voted by the provincial parliament to construct a road through Low peninsula to Clayquot. The settlers who are living on their pre-emption claims having no other employment, have been expecting that this money would have been expended during the summer months, and now a rumor reaches us that the money has been handed over as a bonus to the fishery company. If you can enlighten us as to the truth or otherwise of this most outrageous transaction you will confer a benefit on.

LONG BEACH RANCHERS. Clayquot, Aug. 15.

THE CHINESE QUESTION. To the Editor: Your valuable paper and Mr. Templeman are entitled to the hearty thanks and gratitude of every working man and every storekeeper in the city, if the latter could only realize the fact, for the Chinese question, as it affects each adversely. If the other members of the community will not assist the working men to put a stop to the Chinese invasion of our province there is one way that I think would prove effective and break no laws in carrying it out. That is, that every one opposed to Chinese labor should deal entirely with, and buy all he can possibly get from the Chinese. Three months' trading of that kind will convert all our storekeepers and many others, especially the working men, into cash and the great consumer all the world over.

WORKING MAN. Victoria, Aug. 19.

OLD QUARTZ AT HOWE SOUND. The latest field of successful gold prospecting operations is Howe Sound. A citizen who lately returned from a short jaunt to that near-by section of the province reports great activity in prospecting and locating gold quartz claims on and about Howe Sound, and the islands in the vicinity. The discoveries have all been made comparatively recently, nearly all during the present year.

At the head of Howe Sound a whole batch of claims has been located by three settlers, Jas. Stokes, Geo. Hartley and W. H. Beales, and these have been bonded by a Seattle syndicate, represented by Messrs. Gerard, Martin, and Foster, who are on the ground, and who are arranging for erecting a concentrator on the spot without delay.

On Keala Island, two claims have been taken up by Messrs. Heffering and Walthers, and on Bowen Island a large number of claims have been located, the whole north side of the island lying being staked off. On the east side of the island, Mr. Clyde Smith, with a gang of men, is working on a claim, within an hour's run of Vancouver, and talks of putting in a concentrator.

Although it is estimated that about thirty quartz mining claims have been located on Howe Sound and the adjacent islands, and every boat that leaves Vancouver for Howe Sound and Phillip's Arm is good deal further north on the coast is loaded with prospectors and miners and their supplies.

The Howe Sound gold ore, so far as assays bear the surface, show, is low grade—from \$6 to \$12.50 per ton—but this appears to be amply compensated for by the fact that the ore lies near the surface and close to the water—being washed by the sound, in fact, thus rendering mining and shipping very easy and clean.—Columbian.

Boys, get your lacrosse and running shoes from Gilmore & McCandless.

Boys' riveted overalls \$50, a pair Gilmore & McCandless.

Ladies, a fine line of A1 scissors and shears at Fox's, 75 Govt. St.

A CURIOUS ORGANIZATION.

Something About the Clique at the Paris Opera and its Work.

The Clique, or corps of paid applauders, that institutions controlled by the French so necessary to the maintenance of every well regulated theatre, has just been undergoing a revolution on a small scale in the Opera House at Paris. It appears, from a recent contribution in *Picaro*, written by M. Fernand Honoré, that the powers and privileges of chief of the corps having become so excessive as to constitute an abuse and a public scandal, it became necessary to curtail them. How this action has stirred up no small disturbance in the theatrical circles of Paris, from ticket brokers down to mere opera goers, may be seen from the article, already mentioned, which we translate below.

"We owe to the minister of fine arts an unexpected reform, which cannot fail to exercise a serious influence over the future of the music and the dance. The clique at the opera is no longer to be a commercial organization, but a sort of priesthood—almost a state institution. "Hitherto the service of the clique was organized on an industrial basis at the opera, as elsewhere. Paris has a 'king of the clique,' who was a terror, while he was the maintainer, of the directors, constituting himself the manager of the applauding contingent in all of the great theatres of the capital. This august personage receives daily a certain number of seats, of which he disposes, with the understanding that he shall furnish the quantity of 'bravos' desired by the management. Adding to this branch of trade the sale of authors' tickets, the chief of the clique controls the whole sale of tickets outside of the box office. To the amounts realized by this functionary must be added the obligatory 'gifts' from the artists, which amount from one hundred to three hundred francs (\$20 to \$30) a month.

"Under these conditions an intelligent chief of the clique soon becomes a capitalist, and he has always 25,000 francs (\$5,000) at the disposition of the directors when they need it. He receives in exchange fifty or sixty thousand francs (\$10,000 to \$12,000) worth of tickets, or, better still, the 'certain number' is granted to him for a period, agreed upon. The chief of the clique then buys some piece or other from some bankrupt dramatist for ten louis, and it is played two or three hundred consecutive times. This is the reason why we have seen the same appropriate piece accompany every play given for two years past in a certain theatre of the boulevard.

"The management of the opera asserts that it demands no payment from the chief of the clique for his privileges, and it would be difficult to prove the contrary. Nevertheless the authorized business of which he is at the head has become a nuisance.

"For each representation the chief of the clique at the opera received fifty places in the parterre, which he retained in a well known office in the Rue Anber. The price charged ordinarily was 65 (\$1) instead of 95 (\$1.80) the regular amount, but on the first nights or extraordinary performances, the price was often raised to 200 (\$4).

"Some music lovers, vexed at not being able to get seats at the box office, have considered that too many places were allotted to the clique, and have carried their grievances to the management, which has decided that it will no longer tolerate at the National Academy of Music a regime favoring such abuses.

"Therefore they have adopted the system long in operation at the Comedie Francaise. The chief of the clique at the opera is now an employe of 5000 (\$100) a month. He has at his disposal thirty seats which he distributes among amateurs who are admitted for the purpose of applauding under his orders. "This decision, which was received with little favor at the ticket agencies, as may be imagined, has also disturbed the equanimity of numerous music-lovers, on whose performance of their duties as cliques little stress was laid because they paid for their seats. These worthy people, judging that the clique was instituted in the place for the purpose of allowing them to go to the theatre at half price, have thought to protest against the new measure as 'subversive of their interests.' "We need not be alarmed at this little demonstration, which has been organized doubtless by the ticket brokers themselves. The new functionary at the opera is a former pensioner of the Conservatory—an excellent artist, not giving the signal for the applause according to a cut-and-dried programme, but knowing how to judge with tact the precise instant when the 'bravos' should be shouted. Already he has gathered around him a select personnel—doctors, lawyers, engineers, clerks—with small salaries, do not disdain to serve under his orders; soon perhaps poverty-stricken Academicians will be asked to enter on his list. Music loses nothing by all this, and the respectability of the opera will doubtless gain by it."—Translated for the Literary Digest.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLING, Mayor.

NOTICE. The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 19th day of July, 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLING, Mayor.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertising arrangements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

Under and virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, dated the 2nd day of March, 1894, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office in Charge Book Vol. 11, Folio 75, No. 1022 B, tenders will be received by the undersigned, at the office of W. H. Mason, 48 Government street, Victoria, up to noon of the 1st day of September, 1896, for the purchase of all that certain parcel of land situated in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and being the number 10-20 of the subdivision of lot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 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Now is the Time to protect your eyes from bright sun light, dust, etc., by wearing PERFECTED SMOKE GLASSES. They are cooling, soothing and beneficial to the eye. F. W. Nolte & Co., The Opticians, 57 Fort Street.

Corporation OF THE City of Victoria, Receipts and Expenditure for six months ending 30th June, 1896.

Published in accordance with Section 62 Municipal Clauses Act, 1896.

Table of Receipts and Expenditure for six months ending 30th June, 1896. Receipts total \$142,913.20. Expenditure total \$142,913.20.

Certified correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 16 July, 1896.

CHAR. KENT, Treasurer.

A BY-LAW. Rates and Taxes By-Law, 1896.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

- 1. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, an equal rate of fifteen mills on the dollar upon all land upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1896 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at its assessed value thereon.
2. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, an equal rate of twelve mills on the dollar upon all improvements upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1896 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at their assessed value thereon.
3. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, a special rate of one mill on the dollar upon all land and improvements upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1896 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, for school purposes, additional to the sum mentioned in section 170 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."
4. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, a special rate of two mills on the dollar upon all land and improvements upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1896 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at their assessed value thereon, for school purposes, additional to the sum mentioned in section 170 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."
5. The aforesaid rates and taxes shall be due and payable to the Collector of the said Corporation, at his office, at the City Hall, Victoria, on the 30th day of August, A.D. 1896, and all persons who pay the aforesaid rates or taxes on or before the 31st day of October, A.D. 1896, shall be entitled to a discount or reduction of one-sixth of the amount thereof.
6. The rates and taxes on land or on improvements which are unpaid on the 31st day of December, 1896, shall bear interest therefrom until paid in full at the rate of six per cent. per annum thereon.
7. The terms "land" and "improvements," as used in this by-law, shall have the meaning set forth in section 2 of a "Municipal Clauses Act, 1896."
8. Any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be, or which are, inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, but not otherwise, so as that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law.
9. This by-law may be cited as the "Tax By-Law, 1896."
Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of July, 1896.
Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 9th day of July, 1896.
(L.S.) ROBERT BRAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLING, C. M. C.
NOTICE. The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 19th day of July, 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLING, C. M. C.

Under and virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, dated the 2nd day of March, 1894, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office in Charge Book Vol. 11, Folio 75, No. 1022 B, tenders will be received by the undersigned, at the office of W. H. Mason, 48 Government street, Victoria, up to noon of the 1st day of September, 1896, for the purchase of all that certain parcel of land situated in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and being the number 10-20 of the subdivision of lot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 3

Germicides and Deodorizers

AT THE GOVERNMENT STREET. BOWES, Dispensed Prescriptions.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Gov. at Cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

Merchants' sign and price markers. Call and inspect Johnston's, Kirk block, Douglas street.

Why do judges of good chewing tobacco insist on getting genuine BEAVER Plug? It has no equal. Refuse cheap imitations.

English Jelly Cans, Padding Bowls, Jelly Moulds, Fancy Jugs, etc., at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

The sports at Caledonia Park on Saturday afternoon will be under the patronage of His Worship Mayor Beaven.

Business men on Yates and Wharf streets are petitioning to the city council to place those thoroughfares in proper repair.

Captain Holmes, of the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, is at present on the Sound for the purpose of buying a sulphur launch to run in connection with the hotel.

One of the members of the fire department spent nearly all day yesterday putting out grass fires at Beeson Hill. The fire burnt the timbers of the old fort in the vicinity of Dallas road.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic opens at St. Paul on September 8th. The Northern Pacific Railway Company will sell tickets for the round trip at \$60.

Major & Eldridge, pork packers and provision merchants of Vancouver, have failed. The firm did a large business upon a limited capital, and had times have caused difficulties which forced them to suspend.

Capt. Hughes, while walking down Yates street last night with Captain Mellon, of Vancouver, fell over a stick of timber in front of the new Leiser building. Capt. Hughes was stunned by the fall and had his face rather severely cut.

Ed. F. Meisner and George O. Miller of San Francisco, arrived in the city after having placed in position three miles of thirty-inch steel pipe on the Horseshoe mine. The C. F. R. Horseshoe had another wash-up a few days ago, resulting in the sum of \$5,500.

Col. Baker's lecture before the Teachers' Institute, this evening, to which the public are cordially invited, is likely to prove of more than ordinary interest. The lecture will be given in the assembly hall of the South Park school, commencing at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Justice Walker yesterday made an order appointing Mr. S. Perry Mills administrator of the estate of Rosa Boswell, deceased. This was done in answer to a petition from the parties interested who asked for the appointment on the ground that Mr. F. W. Wall, the executor named in the will, was resident outside of the jurisdiction. Mr. Mills is required to give his personal bond for \$14,000.

The Arion Club concert at the Gorge last evening drew a large audience and the arena was crowded with boats. Many were decorated with Chinese lanterns, and these, with the illuminations on the shore made as pretty a scene as one could wish to see. The concert was fully up to the club's high standard, and was much enjoyed. A collection was taken up in aid of the Jubilee Hospital.

At a meeting of the patrons of the Cowichan creamery held at Duncan's on Tuesday last, the secretary read an interesting report which showed the creamery to be in a flourishing condition. The output for July was 5055 pounds of butter at an expense of 2 1/2 cents per pound for hauling the milk to the creamery and 2 1/2 cents for manufacturing, incidental expenses and marketing. The butter had never sold for less than 30 cents and had obtained a good reputation on the market. Votes of thanks were tendered to Mr. C. Marlet for his valuable assistance in establishing the creamery and to Mr. Rudwick, of the Dominion dairy commissioner's department.

The educational committee of the Y. M. C. A. will soon publish a prospectus of the evening college to be conducted in connection with that institution during the coming year, beginning Oct. 1. A business course, a practical mechanics course, a school of practical carpentry for boys and a preparatory course in reading, writing and arithmetic have been arranged. Thoroughly experienced and competent instructors have been engaged. The young men of the city should appreciate, as many of them evidently do, these very practical efforts in their behalf. Already a considerable number have expressed their interest.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonium, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

tion of taking up the educational work when it opens, and it is expected that the various classes will be well filled.

A meeting of the council has been called for to-morrow evening.

A meeting of the council has been called for to-morrow evening.

If you want a cool, sweet and lasting smoke try a 10 cent package of TONKA Smoking Mixture. Be sure you get the genuine.

A Chinaman charged with indecent exposure was this morning sentenced to six months and a fine of \$50, or in default another three months.

The charge of carrying swill through the streets during prohibited hours, laid against W. Hansen, was dismissed this morning, the wrong man having been selected.

Telegraphic communication between Victoria and the Mainland has been cut off for the greater part of the day, and therefore, the Times is without its usual full dispatches.

An eastern carriage company sends to its customers the following notice: "Payments must be made in funds payable at par here. United States silver and silver certificates (bills) will not be accepted at all. Other American money will be accepted only at current rates of discount."

The provincial police are making an investigation into the report that human flesh and hair had come out of the water near Point Bruce bridge on a trolling hook. Hatcher and his friends are confident that it was human flesh that they found on the hooks, and the harbor in the vicinity will consequently be dragged.

It was expected that the Behring sea claims commission would sit in this city next month, but it looks now as though it would be in October before they commence their labor. The American commissioner is ready to start, he having already made arrangements for accommodations at the Dryard during his stay in the city.

The action of Mayor Beaven in suspending Constable Cantrell from the police force was confirmed by the police commissioners yesterday. Dr. Heberlein voting with the mayor. Commissioner Macrae voted to retain Cantrell. Tomorrow the commissioners will consider the question of appointing a matron for the lockup.

Captain Gaudin, agent of marine and fisheries, has received a letter from Duncan McCallum of Craze, Loch Tyne, Scotland, in which he asks for all particulars known regarding the fate of the Cadzow Forest. Mr. McCallum is anxious to receive any information respecting the ill-fated forest, as his son, 12 years of age, was an apprentice on board.

The committee on labor day arrangements held a meeting last evening, when the different suggestions as to what form the celebration should take were discussed. It was decided to hold a meeting in Sir William Wallace hall on Broad street, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, when the final arrangements will be decided upon. All committees, delegates and others wishing to assist are requested to be present.

Professor Burnett has completed arrangements by which music-loving Victorians will be favored by one of his own grand concerts. The date has been fixed for Tuesday, September 3, and the concert will be given in the Institute hall. Edward Remery, the famous violinist, will be assisted by the following artists: Miss Pauline Stein, Mlle. Louise Roman and Mr. Eugene E. Davis.

A neighbor's quarrel was given an airing in the police court this morning. A witness charged Mrs. Levy with an infraction of the public morals by-law, and in his evidence stated that she spit in his face and called him abusive names. The evidence not being very clear the case was dismissed. Mrs. Levy then charged Adelson with assault. This case was remanded until to-morrow, all the witnesses not being present.

This morning a cross-petition was presented to the supreme court by Mr. Geo. E. Maxwell, M.P. for Burrard, asking for the disqualification of Mr. George H. Cowan, who was one of the two defeated candidates for that constituency at the recent election. No charges have been preferred against Mr. Maxwell. The customary deposit of one thousand dollars was paid in by Mr. Archer Martin, acting as agent for Mr. D. G. Macdonald, of Vancouver, who is the solicitor for Mr. Maxwell.

J. A. Smith, Gall, is at the Victoria. C. N. Westwood, Nanaimo, is at the Oriental.

Thomas Barrie, M. P., left yesterday for Ottawa.

Rev. J. E. Gardiner, of Vancouver, is in the city.

D. R. Ker returned from the Sound this morning.

C. A. Holland has returned from a visit to the Mainland.

W. H. Mackay and J. Mackay, Boston, are at the Victoria.

Miss Clue will be a passenger on the Unatilla for San Francisco.

Alex. Fleck, jr., and J. G. Fleck, of Ottawa, are at the Dryard.

Hon. Mr. Justice Drake returned last evening from the Mainland.

Mrs. T. S. Gore and Arthur Gore leave this evening for California.

J. H. Boyd was a passenger on the Rosalie from the Sound this morning.

Justia Gilbert, supreme court stenographer, left for New York yesterday.

Mrs. E. J. Palmer and Miss Palmer will be passengers for San Francisco to-night.

Hon. B. Jarvis, Lethbridge, and W. G. Talbot, Montreal, are at the New England.

Capt. Salmon, of the collier Wellington, and Mrs. Salmon go south this evening.

Mr. Cassidy and C. J. Prior returned from the Sound by the Rosalie this morning.

During the illness of A. H. Seale, editor of the Province, F. J. Deane will act as editor of that paper.

Archie Macrae, wife and son, of Nova Scotia, who have been visiting in the city, leave in the morning for the east. The Archaean will attend the Anglican Synod meeting at Winnipeg.

The Children

Look their best during the holidays. Have their photos taken by...

SKENE LOWE.

WANTS INFORMATION

Aid. Partridge Gives Notice of an Important Resolution Regarding Waterworks.

What is Left of Waterworks Loan and How the was Balance Expended?

Aid. Partridge has given notice of a motion which, if passed, will give the public considerable information about the water works contract. The notice follows:

I hereby give notice that at the next meeting of the municipal council I shall move the following resolution:

That the water commissioner be requested to give the board the following information:

1. The amount received from the water works loan by-law No. 233.

2. The amount of land purchased round and about the lakes and when bought.

3. The amount paid for such lands and to whom paid, give dates.

4. The amount paid to the arbitrators, give names and amount each received.

5. Were there any other sums paid previous to the contract, if so, for what purpose and to whom paid.

6. Was there any sum paid the contractors for extras, if so, by whose authority was the work ordered, give the names, work done, and the amount paid.

7. Has there been any change in the contract, if so, by whose authority and in what particular.

8. What is the amount claimed by the contractors for extras.

9. If the claim prove correct, what amount is left to complete the work.

10. What was the amount paid for cleaning round and about the lakes.

11. Was there any recommendations sent to the board by the engineer in charge, clerk of the works, or the water commissioner, that was not carried out by the council, if so, state them.

WILLIAM BROWN DEAD.

The Well Known Railway Man Died at Portland Last Evening.

There are few railroad men in Canada or on the Pacific coast who would not feel a deep pang of regret when they hear of the death of William Brown, which occurred in Portland yesterday evening. Their grief is shared by everybody who had the pleasure of counting the genial "Billy" among their friends or acquaintances, and this distinction almost every business man in the Pacific Northwest boasted of.

Early yesterday afternoon a telegram was received from Portland stating that Mr. Brown was dangerously ill at the residence of his nephew, Alan Cameron, the Portland agent of the C.P.R. Later in the evening a second dispatch stated that there was no hope for his recovery. His more intimate friends in Victoria spent an anxious night waiting for further news, but the wires were down and it was not until the Rosalie arrived this morning that it was learned that he was dead. Dysentery was the cause. This was his second severe illness this year.

William Brown was the associated general freight agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and stood high in the estimation of the heads of that institution. He started in at the bottom of the ladder and by his sterling abilities worked his way to the responsible position which he held at the time of his death.

The only relatives the deceased had in the West were Allan Cameron, of Portland, a nephew, and Mrs. H. C. Macaulay of this city, a niece. He was a native of Oregon Sound and was about 55 years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Macaulay leave this evening for Seattle to meet the remains, which are to be taken to Vancouver.

SHIPPING.

Delays in Marine Circles During the Past Twenty-Four Hours.

A Montreal dispatch says: "The Lake of the Woods Milling Company are unable to find sufficient room for their shipments direct to Australia as the space is all spoken for in Vancouver for the Canadian-Australian line up to the October sailing. The above firm is sending one thousand tons of wheat to Sydney by the Mowera, leaving Vancouver September 8, but another shipment of 2000 barrels of flour will go to Hong Kong in the Empress of Japan and be transhipped to Sydney."

The Unatilla leaves for San Francisco this evening with the following Victoria passengers on board: Arthur Gore, Mrs. T. S. Gore, J. Shaw, George J. Dukas, Mrs. A. C. Fuller, N. J. Willy, Mrs. E. J. Palmer, Miss M. Palmer, Miss A. Clute, Miss Dunham, Mrs. Captain Peterson and child, Mrs. Whitney, Mr. Miller and wife, J. Burk, Capt. Salmon and wife, Miss Leiser, Miss Short, Capt. Gibson.

The C.P.N. Co.'s steamer Mande returned this morning from a special trip to the Clayoquot canyons.

Six weeks ago I suffered with a very severe cold; was almost unable to speak. My friends all advised me to consult a physician. Noticing Captain Leiser's Cough Remedy advertised in the St. Paul's Volks Zeitung I procured a bottle, and after taking it a short time was entirely well. I now most heartily recommend this remedy to anyone suffering with a cold. Wm. Kell, 678 Selby avenue, St. Paul, Minn. For sale by all druggists, Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Miss L. Munsie returned on the City of Puebla from a visit to friends in California.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Rosalie from the Sound—C. J. Prior, R. Cassidy, J. H. Todd, D. R. See, W. Patterson, G. B. Clark, W. Milson, T. A. Johnson, B. C. Clark, Mrs. Clark, G. J. Moffat, J. Newman, Chris Johnson.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—W. J. Messenger, Mrs. Forbes, Miss Barnes, Miss L. Munsie, D. Campbell and wife, Mrs. E. Springer and child, Mrs. S. A. Deneil, W. G. Talbot, J. S. Munro and wife, J. Goodfellow and wife, J. Rolling, C. B. Hadley, Mrs. D. Holme, F. L. Mackay, W. H. Mackay, Mrs. E. A. Williams, C. A. Bloomer and Mary Brandon.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—Miss Brown, Miss Ellsworth, Mrs. G. P. James, H. B. Vogelshelm, R. Chatham, Chas. Landell, H. L. Myers, D. K. McCollan, Mrs. G. Trencher, C. H. Slaughter, Mrs. F. J. Smith, Miss Vogelshelm, Mr. Withrow and wife, C. Cameron and wife, Chas. Foster, A. Swineford, Mrs. E. McGregor, Miss Blair, Miss O. Vogelshelm, W. J. Casack, R. E. Roper, Mrs. F. D. Rice, F. N. James, E. A. Vogelshelm, W. B. Shakespeare, Chas. Hoogsted.

Per steamer Charming from Vancouver—Justice Drake, M. Strauss, F. V. Austin, C. A. Holland, J. A. Thompson, J. J. Hillier, Capt. Fraser, W. J. Curtis, Mrs. Rhodes, A. Sheppard, Rev. Geo. Kubrunge, Rev. E. Robinson, Rev. J. E. Gardner, Rev. T. Scoullar, Rev. C. A. Coleman and wife, C. D. Porter, W. G. McWhynn, F. B. Osburn, B. W. Ward, Chas. Stewart, Miss Nichols, A. Williams, C. Brad, J. H. Miller and wife, H. J. Shaw, D. Grelly, A. D. Young, Rev. W. H. Barzelonagh, J. P. Walkin, J. G. Fleck, Alex. Fleck, Dr. Spaulding and wife, Mrs. E. E. Munsie, Miss Short, M. Wolff, J. A. Smith, H. B. Cameron, Arthur Robertson, Rev. D. H. Reid.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Rosalie from the Sound—John Leary, John Wilson, T. Sarantis, L. White & Co., Fell & Co., T. Earle, H. Short & Son.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks., R. H. Jameson, Capt. W. Moore, Chas. Marinet, Ching Lung, C. H. Spratt, Colonel Pig Co., D. H. Ross & Co., D. Seberley, E. G. Prior, Erskine Wall & Co., F. Casne, F. R. Stewart, F. V. Robertson, Gan. Fook Yuen, Gilmore & Co., H. Bluth, H. Short & Sons, Hollbrook, Merrill & S. J. & A. Clennish, J. Barnard & Co., J. Meaton, Kern & Ball, Kwong Hal Lung, Langley & Henderson Bros., J. Bantley, M. O'Brien, F. J. Bray, P. McQuade & Son, R. Baker & Sons, R. P. Rithet, B. C. Simon Leiser & Co., Sinclair & Co., Speed Bros, Spratt & Gray, Sylvester & Co., Todd & Son, Vale & Brooks, Vic & Phoenix Bros Co., Wilson Bros W. H. Adams, Wing Chung Lung, Yuen Lung, M. Miller & Co., J. Reichenbach, W. H. Armstrong, C. S. Phillips, G. B. Stewart, J. E. Chipman, McMillan & H. Osmond Skinner & Co., Winch & Brown, Leiser & Henderson, Angus & Co., Casazza, Vancouver Sappers, Well Fargo & Co.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—B. Williams & Co., W. G. Cameron, Turner B. & Co., Moore & Co., Hudson Bay Co., Gilmore & Co., H. Young & Co., Wilson Bros, T. N. Hibben & Co., Langley & Henderson Bros., Miss G. Smith, B. C. Furr Co., W. J. Casack, Thos. McNeely, Simon Leiser, John Boyd & Co., Thos. P. Foster, E. G. Prior & Co., McDowell A. W. Co., Okell & Morris, Jas. Wright, B. C. Steam Dye Wks., B. C. Pettigill, J. T. McIlroy, Fleming Bros, G. B. Raymond, M. R. Smith, Weiler Bros.

Per steamer Charming from Vancouver—Erskine Wall & Co., R. J. Nott, W. Barker, West Coast Pig Co., A. Sheret, P. R. Brown, A. & W. Wilson, Don Ex Co., Braden Bros, B. & K. M. Co., B. C. Market Co., C. M. Cokson, Ledingham Bros, D. R. Pottinger, Jas. Thompson, J. L. Leason, M. R. Smith, Okell & Morris, R. P. Rithet.

SPOOLS AND THREAD.

Spools are made chiefly of birchwood. First, the wood is sawed into sticks four or five feet in length and from seven-eighths of an inch to three inches square, according to the size of the spool desired. The sticks are sawed into short blocks, a hole is bored through each block and they are then thoroughly dried in a hot-air kiln.

The spool machine is automatic, but it cannot "feel" itself. The feeding is usually done by a boy; he simply places the blocks in a spout, being careful to take out such as are knotty or in any way defective. One wheel of the little block against sharp knives, shaped by a pattern, makes the spool.

The spools polish themselves by being rapidly revolved in a drum. They are made into thousands of shapes and sizes, and are produced at the rate of one per second. One factory makes 100,000 gross a day.

Briefly stated the whole explanation of how thread is numbered is as follows: When 840 yards of thread weigh 7,000 grains, a pound of cotton, the thread manufacturer marks it No. 1. If 1080 yards weigh a pound it is marked No. 2. For No. 50 thread it would take 50 multiplied by 480 to weigh a pound. There are 2,000 kinds of thread, and each kind goes through hundreds of different processes before it is ready for use.

ROYAL Baking Powder

has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited

The Question of the Hour.

How are our working people to be kept employed? By supporting home industries. A large number of men and boys are turned away who come seeking employment. If our people would insist upon getting

PENDRAY'S SOAP.

Extract of Soap, Baking Stone, Polish and Vaseline, which is equal to any imported goods, it would give us a large number of men and boys, and keep thousands of dollars in our midst.

25 Humbolt Street.

ARE YOU HOT? Of course you are; that's why we invite you to an investigation of our Hot Weather Goods. 50c. to \$1.25 buys a Cool, Comfortable Negligee Shirt; not the kind that has no style or shape, but the better made and stylish kind. 75c. \$1 and \$1.25 is the range of prices for those Stylish Regatta Shirts, starched collars and cuffs. 25c., 50c. 75c. buys one of those Fine Straw Hats. Now is the time to look after comfort. Can we help you?

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER, 32 JOHNSON STREET.

FAULTLESS FOOTWEAR

ERSKINE'S, COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON AVE.

Arrival of Fall Goods. A FINE LINE OF... Scotch Suitings, Irish Serge and English Worsteds. Just in hand. See our Windows. PRICES RIGHT.

KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR, 4 JOHNSON STREET.

HARDRESS CLARKE, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

CEYLON TEA... Large variety, from 25c. to 50c. Compare my I.C.L. at 50c. per lb. with your 50c. and 60c. Sugar, Flour and Coffee, prices very low at present.

Summer Sale - Men's and Boys' Clothing, Summer Shirts, Straw Hats, etc., etc.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS, 35 AND ST JOHNSON STREET.

If You Would Dress... Stylishly, Becomingly, Neatly, Economically.

A. GREGG & SON, Tailors, 41 Yates Street.

C. P. N. COMPANY, LTD. STEAMER 'TEES', Will leave from C.P.N. Co.'s Wharf for ALBERNI AND WAY PORTS, Friday, August 21st, at 8 o'clock.

Kindergarten and Primary School, KINDEGARTEN TRAINING SCHOOL, Victoria, B. C.

ALBERNI AND WAY PORTS, Friday, August 21st, at 8 o'clock.

For freight or passage apply at the office of the Company, 61 Wharf Street. The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RACING AN EXPRESS.

Further particulars are to hand about the famous race of the sextuplet and team of E. C. Stearns & Co., against the Empire State express, which took place recently. The Syracuse Standard says: "Not contented with nearly losing their lives in a vain attempt to carry out the much talked of plan of racing the Empire State express, the Stearns sextuplet team made another try yesterday afternoon and accomplished the feat in the presence of hundreds of spectators who looked upon the spectacle with amusement. The riders showed as much bravado as a parachute jumper leaping from the clouds, and although they had a trench but four feet wide in which to push their ponderous machine, they kept it under headway for a good half mile and finished a good length ahead of No. 999, the stack of which was pouring a large volume of smoke as the fumes shrouded in coal in a vain attempt to get up steam.

Of course the train was not under full headway at the point at which the attempt was made, and therefore it was no impossibility which the six strapping young fellows attempted. They had been riding this same machine ever since spring in the vicinity of this event, not only at Kirkwood park, where it is smooth and level, but in the early hours of the morning out on the Cicero plank road. In this way they became accustomed to the bumping and jarring of riding over an uneven surface, and William Rex, to whom was assigned the task of steering the machine, had become so expert that he could guide it over almost any kind of a road which was not too rough to be ridden.

So confident were the team of being able to ride the sextuplet in a narrow space that when the attempt was made last Saturday the path had not been prepared at all. Yesterday, however, the circumstances were much more favorable. The officials of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the Central railroads were very much interested in the experiment, and a section gang was ordered out in the morning and the men spent several hours in digging out and leveling up the passage between tracks Nos. 2 and 3 from the row of popular trees opposite the old base ball grounds in Golden on out for about a mile to the old stone pump-house and the high tower with red reservoir, which is the most prominent landmark in this locality. This stretch was not quite as long as the men would like to have it, being cut off by a culvert at the pump-house, through which the wooden brine pipes pass. On this account the undertaking was particularly hazardous, it being necessary to station a number of men on either side of the track to catch the sextuplet as it came up to the mark under headway. Several times in practice the team had come very near plunging headlong into the six-foot trench, and on one occasion nearly all the wheels on one side of the machine were smashed.

Arrangement was made yesterday whereby the Orange special on the DELAWARE, Lackawanna and Western tracks, which came so near running into the sextuplet last Saturday, came through a little ahead of time so that it was well out of the way before the Empire state loomed up around the distant curve. Here several men were stationed with white flags and as soon as the sextuplet showed round the curve the train slowly got under headway, rapidly increasing their speed, however, until the train came almost abreast with the sextuplet, when they let out a full headway and slowly crept to the front, finishing at the end of the half-mile, as has been stated, about four lengths to the good. The engineer and passengers of the train had been advised of the fact that a race was on at the New York Central station, for heads were out almost every window and there was great cheering and excitement all along the line. A mass of Golden hoodlums followed along and two or three of them narrowly escaped being caught under the wheels of the big machine.

It was expected that Arthur Yates, the official photographer of the New York Central, who was present to witness the test, would be able to get a good picture of the race, but owing to the fact that the sextuplet finished so far ahead of the train he was unable to get a good negative and so another attempt was made with the Empire state going east, which reached the spot at 3:45. This time Mr. Yates was successful in getting a good picture, in fact he used four cameras, getting four splendid negatives. All pictures show the train and sextuplet under full headway so plainly that there can be no doubt whatever as to the genuineness of the trial.

Sure to Win.

The people recognize and appreciate real merit. That is why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sales in the world. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures absolutely, permanently cures. It is the One True Blood Purifier. Its superior merit is an established fact, and merit wins.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Care indication, headache.

A NICE PLACE TO LIVE IN.

The happiest place in Europe is said to be Klingenberg-on-the-Main. It is the one prosperous spot, where everybody has work and an income, and where there are no taxes, either local or imperial, because the income of the municipality suffices for everything and leaves a bonus for distribution besides. Happy Klingenberg! It is all due to a little wisdom and foresight on the part of the local administration many years ago. There were valuable beds of fire clay in the neighborhood, and these the municipality had the prudence not to sell to make the fortunes of other people, but retained for the benefit of the town. The profits pay all taxes, and the inhabitants get the surplus divided among them. Young men going into the army received this year a present of 15 marks each—London Tit-Bits.

A Forty Year Old Grievance Removed. In Bath, Ont., Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are a standard remedy. Joseph Gardner of this town, suffered for 40 years with indigestion and its ever present accompaniments—constipation and headache. K. & L. Pills got the only remedy that gave him relief. 25c a box, of all druggists. Use pill a dose.

—Ozell & Morris dannon and green glass preserves are a luxury. Try them.

WHY SUFFER WITH PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment Will Cure Them at Cost of but 50 Cents.

Piles, scrofula, eczematous eruptions, scald head, salt rheum and all other annoying and painful skin diseases can be easily cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment. "I had protruding piles for ten years," writes H. H. Sutherland, commercial traveller, of Truro, N. S.; "tried many remedies and had doctors operate. It was no use. Was completely laid up at times. Chase's Ointment was recommended to me by Mr. Brennan, of the Summerside, P. E. I. Journal. I tried it and one box completely cured me."

Mr. Statia, the editor of the Streetsville, Ont., Review, gives this unsolicited testimonial under date of Nov. 6, 1895: "Half a box of Chase's Ointment cured my daughter of eczema. That was six months ago and there has been no reappearance of the disease."

T. Wallace, Blacksmith, of Iroquois, Ont., was troubled with blind itching piles for twenty years. "I tried every remedy that came out in vogue," he writes, "until I tried Dr. Chase's Ointment. It was a Godsend. One box cured me."

All dealers and Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. Price 50c.

Lined and turpentine are every mother's household remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung affections. Dr. Chase has disguised the taste and made the remedy pleasant to take. Large bottle only 25c.

We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.



Its great advantages are the thoroughness with which it accomplishes the work, its simplicity, and the ease with which it is used. "Use not words, tell us its usefulness." No. 1 Nozzle and Shield with Outlet Tubing, \$5.00 each. For use with any Bulb, Syringe, Fountain Syringe or Combination. No. 2 Nozzle and Shield with Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Water Bottle with attachment for changing into a Fountain Syringe, complete in itself \$5.50 each. If your druggist has not got these in stock and you wish to procure them for you, we will mail one of more, postage free, upon receipt of the price.

ALPHA RUBBER CO., P. O. Box 25, Montreal. Manufacturers of Fine Rubber Goods. A little pamphlet entitled "Senses" is sent free upon application. Send for it.

No. 259.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrear for Two Years.

Whereas it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, upon which municipal taxes have been due and in arrear for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied to the reduction of such taxes:

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed whenever taxes on any land or improvements or real property have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list (in duplicate) of all the lands or improvements or real property liable under the provisions of this by-law, to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the name, and the Mayor shall authenticate each list by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Corporation, and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereon annexed, under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land or improvements or real property for the arrears due thereon with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property for taxes, to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands or improvements or real property to be sold, and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this by-law to be paid to him, and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in some newspaper published in the City of Victoria.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for the taxes on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least two months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the postoffice to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due, and that the property is to be sold for arrears as aforesaid, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown, a notice to the

same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold, and also, at least two months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public place, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office Building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the thirty-third day after the first publication in a newspaper of such list, exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said thirty-third day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day at the Council Chambers, in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands or improvements or real property no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time, and if the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land or improvements or real property as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, and in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first, and in offering such lands or improvements or real property for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

8. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day he may name by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in the newspaper in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands or improvements or real property for any sum he can realize: Provided that in the event of the price offered for any lot or section at such adjourned sale being less than the amount of arrears of taxes due in respect of such lot or section, the Collector shall have power, if he think fit so to do, to purchase such lot or section in the name of and on behalf of the said Corporation.

9. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

10. Immediately after every sale the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

11. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

12. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of June, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 2nd day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT BRAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

A BY-LAW.

A By-Law Respecting the Qualification of Electors at Municipal Elections for the City of Victoria.

Whereas, by sub-section 4 of section 5 of the "Municipal Elections Act, 1894," it is enacted that the council of any municipality may, by by-law, provide that electors otherwise qualified shall be entitled to vote, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the municipality:

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Electors otherwise qualified to vote at any municipal election in the Municipality of Victoria shall be entitled to vote at such election notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the Municipality.

Sec. 2. This By-law may be cited as the "Municipal Elections By-Law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 6th day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT BRAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 6th day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons are hereby notified to take notice that anyone desiring to apply to have such by-law or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Henderson Bros.

NOTICE. Since Street between Menzies and Carr Streets, is closed to traffic.

NOTICE. Until further notice, and subject to the requirements of the train service, the E. & N. railway swing bridge will be available to the public, at its own risk, for general traffic, from 6-30 a.m. to 10 p.m., from 7 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 3 to 10 p.m.

JOHN MESTON, Gen. Supt.

CARRIAGE MAKER, BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, Between Johnson and Fox Streets.

TRANSPORTATION. Still the Fastest. GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

TO ALL POINTS EAST. BUFFET LIBRARY CAR ROUTE. ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

Connecting at Duluth with the magnificent passenger Strs. Northwest and Northland.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points. Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m. Coast line 8:30 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle 8 a.m. Coast line 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address R. C. STEVENS, J. H. ROGERS, AGT., G.W.P.A., Seattle, W. Government st.

Japan Mail Steamship Company. STEAMER "MIKE MARU". Sails from Seattle Sept. 5th.

To All Points in Japan and China. R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle, Wa. J. H. ROGERS, AGT., G.W.P.A., Victoria, B.C.

NO TROUBLE. To furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago—it's a pleasure.

If you contemplate a trip East, please drop a line to T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and receive illustrated folder, free, with detailed information about the three superb trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis every day in the week, together with any special information you may desire. Your home agent will sell you tickets via this first class line and reserve you sleeping car berths in advance, on application.

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

Victoria & Sidney R'y. Trains will run between Victoria and Sid on daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SATURDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION. General Steamship Agency. THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Points.

FROM NEW YORK. Allan Line Parisian, Sept. 5. Allan Line Laurentian, Sept. 12. Dominion Line Anglian, Sept. 13.

FROM NEW YORK. Dominion Line Vancouver, Sept. 13. Beaver Line Lake Superior, Sept. 9. Bonnaville Line Winnipeg, Sept. 16.

FROM NEW YORK. Cunard Line Etruria, Sept. 5. Cunard Line Campania, Sept. 12. American Line St. Paul, Sept. 9. American Line Paris, Sept. 16. Red Star Line Friedland, Sept. 9. Red Star Line Kensington, Sept. 16. White Star Line Teutonic, Sept. 9. White Star Line Britannic, Sept. 16. Anchor Line City of Rome, Sept. 5. Anchor Line Aphorion, Sept. 12. French Line La Bretagne, Sept. 12. French Line Bourgogne, Sept. 12. Nor. Ger. Lloyd Saxe, Sept. 9. Nor. Ger. Lloyd Havell, Sept. 8.

For rates, berths, tickets, and all information, apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, 407 Fort St., Victoria, General R.R. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Is the only direct line to the Cariboo and Kootenay Gold Fields.

Passengers should leave Victoria for Kootenay points on Friday, Sunday and Tuesday nights, making direct connections for Nakup, Three Forks, Ainsworth, Sandon, Nelson, Trail Creek, Robson, Kaslo, and all KOOTENAY POINTS.

For Rates, Maps, etc., apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria. GEO. McL. BROWN, Dis. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED). Time Table No. 57, Taking Effect June 21st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladysmith Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moreby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender Island and Moreby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHWEST ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducement offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BASQUET SOUND ROUTE. Steamer Manda leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, JNO. IRVING, General Agent, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY. TIME TABLE NO. 26. To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. Daily Sat'dy and Sun'dy. Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Esquimalt, 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Ar. Nanaimo, 11:30 a.m., 7:30 p.m. Ar. Esquimalt, 12:30 p.m., 8:30 p.m.

GOING SOUTH. Daily Sat'dy and Sun'dy. Lv. Esquimalt for Victoria, 8:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 11:30 a.m., 7:30 p.m.

For rates and information apply at the Company's office. J. H. FRICK, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY. Str. JOAN. L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order. Lv. Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Wednesday, 7 a.m. Lv. Esquimalt for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y. The magnificent steamer City of Poughkeepsie, R.C. and U.S.A. ply between Victoria, B.C. and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, carrying Her Majesty's mails.

Leave Victoria, B.C., One San Francisco for San Francisco 10 p.m. Ar. San Francisco, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m.

Leave Victoria, B.C., One San Francisco for San Francisco 10 p.m. Ar. San Francisco, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m.

Leave Victoria, B.C., One San Francisco for San Francisco 10 p.m. Ar. San Francisco, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m. Ar. Victoria, 10 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION. Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line. FOR HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN.

SS. ALMOND. 2,200 tons dead weight, due here August 22. SS. MONMOUTHSHIRE, 4,800 tons dead weight, due here September 19th.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y, Agents North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Shanghai). Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General Wares, Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY. Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Robson St., San Francisco, FRIDAY, HONOLULU ONLY, August 20, 1896, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Apia and Sydney without change. The splendid, new 2,000 tons steel screw S.S. ALAMEDA, Thursday, Sept. 17th, at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery street. For freight apply to 227 Market St. J. D. STEPHENS & BROS. CO., General Agents, R. B. STEWART & CO., Agents, Victoria.

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND. SS. "ROSAIE". Leave Victoria Daily at 10 a.m., except Sunday. Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sunday at 8 a.m. Leaves Seattle at 12:30 a.m. Daily except Sunday. For tickets and information call on J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING 2-DAILY TRAINS—2. Spokane, St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Minneapolis, Crookston, Helena.

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Upholstered Tourist Sleeping Cars.

THROUGH TICKETS. To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co.

The only all rail route to Nelson, B. C. and Kootenay Gulf Route.

For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address R. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, B. C. Ass't. Gen. Trans. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

PUGET SOUND POINTS. TAKE THE FINEST STEAMER "City of Kingston". Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

2 30 pm Lv. Victoria, 11:30 am Ar. Seattle. 11 45 pm Lv. Seattle, 7:30 am Ar. Victoria. 4 45 am Ar. Seattle, 12:15 pm Ar. Victoria. Daily except Monday. R. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Victoria, B. C.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry. NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY. ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C. The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Hohenlohe Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY. Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Moscow. T. A. M. Lv. SPOKANE, Ar. 8:30 P.M. Commencing January 31st, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 6:00 p.m., making connection with the steamer between Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m., same days. Returning passenger will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m., same days.

British Columbia.

NEW WESTMINSTER. The Western Fishery Co. have shipped to New York one car containing 16,000 pounds fresh salmon packed in ice.

Salmon were more numerous than usual to fill them yesterday, and the price of fish dropped owing to the great supply and slack demand.

Those who know say that John A. Finch has in the Enterprise one of the greatest mines in British Columbia. It is estimated that he will have \$200,000 worth of ore ready for shipment at the completion of his eight-mile wagon road.

E. H. Thomson, owner of the Last Chance, made a pretty find last Tuesday on the Blizard, a fraction wedged in between the World's Fair, the Noble Five consolidated group, and the Last Chance.

Kootenay will this year pay into the provincial treasury about \$150,000 derived from free miners' certificates and recorder's fees alone, to say nothing of the tax on real and personal property, ore output, etc.

It is reported that the Copper King company, of White Horse mountain, has suspended operations, begun a couple of weeks ago, on the wagon road from the town of Seneca to the mines, in consequence of which things are not so rosy for the young town as they were.

Alasworth camp comes to the front this week with a strike. A. McLeod, F. L. Fitch and W. H. Franklin located on August 15th, 1896, a fraction comprising about thirty acres of ground on the south fork of Woodbury creek.

A terrific gale sprang up last Sunday afternoon and continued with an occasional lull until Monday night. Sunday evening there was a little apprehension for the safety of a number of fishing and berrying parties.

MELBORN.

Some 200 shares of the Byron N. White Company's stock were purchased in Melbourn last week at \$2.50 per share. The par value of the shares is 50 cents.

Briggs Brothers claim to have made a valuable strike of rich ore on their recently located claim, Stars and Stripes, on the South Fork of Kaslo Creek.

Miners are in demand at Alasworth. E. D. Carter, of the Highland mine, was compelled to send to Rossland for miners for that property.

Alexander Craig has conveyed his interests in the mineral claims Boulder and Silent, situated on the south side of Goat Creek, in the Slokan section, to Messrs. Bryson, Irving, Gray and Jeffrey, all connected with the Kaslo & Slokan railway.

It is stated that negotiations are pending for the sale of the Corinne mineral claim on Whitewater Creek to the Alliance Prospecting Syndicate, represented by Dr. Bell-Ising, of Vancouver.

The Ruth is awaiting the completion of its new wagon road—a stretch of one mile and a quarter at a ten per cent. grade—which is nearly finished.

A rich strike is reported on the North Fork of the Salmon this week, about ten miles up from Gilliam's hotel. The lead is reported to be from 15 to 20 feet wide, containing peacock and black oxide of copper.

The Adams group in the Slokan between the Ruth and the Idaho was last week bonded for \$110,000 to the firm of Primrose & Barringer, Philadelphia.

ning not later than October 15th. Although this company have been plodding steadily along for several months, very little has been heard concerning its operations.

John Howard, Agnes Willy and Dan Crawford have, by various instruments of title, conveyed their interests in the Bullion and Mayflower in the Slokan to C. S. Fall and H. W. Ferguson-Pollock.

Frank Fitch, Alex McLeod and William Rankin have located a fine gold prospect on the south slope of Woodbury creek, about two miles from Kootenay lake.

A fine showing of rich ore is said to have been developed at the Bell Basin claim at the head of Jackson Basin, upon which W. E. Mann has secured a bond from A. Hanamer and John Robertson.

There is likely to be a lively irregular legal fight over this property as the right of the vendors to convey the claim will be attacked from two quarters.

The company has experienced no difficulty whatever in disposing of the treasury stock. In the case of M. Sherman disposed of 100,000 shares, and the 50,000 shares offered in Kaslo and Sandon were snapped up very quickly.

The Hall Mines smelter commenced its fourth run this week, after an interruption of but a few hours spent in clearing out the furnace.

The receipts of ore at the Kaslo station of the Kaslo & Slokan railway are gradually increasing. This week some new names are added to the usual list of shipping properties.

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A PROMINENT P. E. ISLANDER DEAD.

The Charlottetown Examiner, in announcing the death of Hon. Alexander Laird, says:—The deceased gentleman devoted himself to agriculture and politics, and was successful in the prosecution of both. His farm at the mouth of Wilnot river and Bodog Bay was one of the largest, if not the largest, in the province.

Instead of being curtailed the joys of the Terrace are to be extended. The solitary and lonesome member dependent to "hook by himself" his嗜好 had half of the prosaemic accommodation reserved for his special behoof and benefit.

—My little boy, when two years of age, was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

—Welland Vale bicycles at cost. There are none better. Shore's Hardware.

—Japanese matting, Japanese rugs, Japanese portiere cloth, Japanese crepe, Japanese straw rugs and Yutecori mats at Weller Bros.

—Welland Vale bicycles at cost. There are none better. Shore's Hardware.

—Welland Vale bicycles at cost. There are none better. Shore's Hardware.

TEA ON THE TERRACE.

How the Members of the Commons Take Relaxation.

The attractions of the London season, the absence of exciting debate in the House itself, the society functions abounding in the summer months, all lure the members away from their sworn allegiance.

What you want when you are ailing is a medicine that will cure you. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and be convinced of its merit.

James Knapp Reeve talks at some length about bees in Lippincott's, and winds up with this moral: "Here lies an industry that is adapted in some degree to almost every section of our country, that is not overdone, and cannot be overdone until honey is as common on our tables as milk."

Act on the Liver and the Kidneys—MACK'S PILLS. For that Rheumatism of Yours.

I MAKE MAN. THE GREAT HYDRAULIC. This extraordinary hydraulic machine is the most powerful and durable of its kind.

Notice. James Bay bridge is closed to public traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Advertising. Don't perfect your business education but it will sell your goods, and if you possess the qualifications to carry on a business it will bring you SUCCESS.

Notice. Waddington Alley is closed to traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Divisions are certainly inconvenient to a gentleman engaged in a tete-a-tete, a mad scurry in response to the jingling of the warning bell may not be esteemed eminently conducive to the preservation of that unwritten standard of dignity associated with a member of parliament.

What you want when you are ailing is a medicine that will cure you. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and be convinced of its merit.

Act on the Liver and the Kidneys—MACK'S PILLS. For that Rheumatism of Yours.

I MAKE MAN. THE GREAT HYDRAULIC. This extraordinary hydraulic machine is the most powerful and durable of its kind.

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Advertising. Don't perfect your business education but it will sell your goods, and if you possess the qualifications to carry on a business it will bring you SUCCESS.

It's Good to Push It. Don't let your Business lag Behind if there's Anything in it. Give it a strong Helping hand. At a well written ADVERTISEMENT IN THE Times.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD Are Fixed Upon South American Nervine. Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age. WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.



SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE. In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting.

NOTICE. James Bay bridge is closed to public traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer. Advertising. Don't perfect your business education but it will sell your goods, and if you possess the qualifications to carry on a business it will bring you SUCCESS. MONEY TO LOAN. F. Landsberg, Prop.

