

Doc. 2636 Evid.

Folder 1

(50)

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 2636

9 September 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Handwritten "File of Source Documents Regarding Editing of Items and Articles Requiring Attention". Kept by Home Ministry, Police Bureau, Archives Section. Marked Secret (GOKUJI)

Date: 1938-1939 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: YONAI, Mitsumasa; KONOYE, Fumimaro; ITAGAKI, Seishiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Preparing Public Opinion for War (Censorship); Military Aggression, CHINA; Trade in Opium

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS

File of Items describing prohibition and measures taken. As an example, translation in full of one is given below:

Item #44

The Director of the Police Bureau (sealed)
The Head of the Archives Section (sealed)
Secretary (sealed)
Procurator (sealed)

25 August (1938)

Telephoned Secret Directions to Principal Daily Papers. Published in The Prefectures of Tokyo (8 papers), Osaka, Aichi and Fukuoka.

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Page 1

"You shall be careful not to publish, when you compile your paper, any articles in connection with the travels of the army, navy, foreign office officials or authorities of outlying posts to FUKUOKA Prefecture".

/Article of/ Reference:

"On the 26th and 27th of this month, joint meetings of the New Chinese Regime authorities and the (Japanese) army, navy, foreign office authorities and the (Japanese) special service officers in North and Central China will be held at FUKUOKA City, (FUKUOKA Prefecture)."

Record of the Arrangements

<u>Addressee</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Person who rec'd the Message</u>	<u>Person who Telephoned /Censorship officials/ Shiose</u>
Metropolitan Police (Tokyo)	5:01 p.m. Aug 25	Sakamoto	Shiose
Osaka	4:07 p.m. Aug 25	Nejima	Miura
Aichi	5:08 p.m. Aug 25	Amano	Shiose
Fukuoka	5:00 p.m. Aug 25	Kobayashi	Oishi
MP Headquarters	5:06 p.m. Aug 25	Kudo	Hidaka
Dept of Communica- tion, Tokyo - To.	5:00 p.m. Aug 25	Bannai	"
Information Dept The Cabinet	5:13 p.m. Aug 25	Kunishio	"
Dept for Coloniza- tion, Police Section	6:12 p.m. Aug 25	Akama	"

Two other items characteristic of censorship tactics are as follows:

Item #50

Inquiry from the YOMIURI Shinbun

The YOMIURI asked for our permission to publish the

following exclusive dispatch from London dated October 5, 1938. The Department of the Interior told them not to publish it.

"According to information received from a German official source, Fuhrer Hitler is said to be considering repercussions of the possibility of his mediation in the Chinese Incident, taking the opportunity of Japan's capture of Hangkow, and approaching Japan and China as well as Britain and the U.S."

10:00 a.m. 6 Oct 1938

Sealed by the Head of the Archives Section,
The Secretary and the Procurator.

Item #53

Inquiry from the ASAHI Shinbun

The ASAHI asked for our permission to publish the following article. The head of our Archives Section replied to them that they could do so on condition that such a sentence as suggested by him (written at the end of the article) be added to the article. The article follows:

"According to an exclusive dispatch from Hangkow to the New York Times dated 9 Oct 1938, it is believed in well-informed Chinese quarters that Britain, Germany, France and Italy, as the result of conclusion of the Quadrilateral Agreement at Munchen, are expected to propose to Japan and China to conclude peace at China's expense ultimately, as recently reported by a CHUNG KAI-SHEK'S representative in Europe. In the first place, Britain and France will close, in a gradual and quiet way, the transportation routes of munition supply through Hongkong, French Indo-China and Burma, so that China will find no way, of acquiring munitions, other than from Soviet Russia. This rumor, if it should come true, is regarded as the news that gives the feeling of uneasiness to China which is determined to continue anti-Japanese warfare."

/T.N. The sentence suggested to be added is given below:/

"Japan, however, is not concerned about such a rumor. As far as Japan is concerned, there is only one way to dash forward to the end in pursuance of the already-fixed course."

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10 October 1938

Sealed by the Head of the Archives Section,
The Secretary and the Procurator.

Other items on which censorship was exercised included:

Item #81

Publication of news indicating differences of opinion between the Ministers of War (ITAGAKI) and Navy (YONAI). YONAI in a speech had criticized radical economic and political "reform" movements, including reorganization of the Planning Board, and advocated reduction of military expenditures to a minimum to avoid "National Ruin due to excessive armaments". The Home Ministry suggested that "hereafter articles of this nature be withdrawn from publication".

Item #9

Discussion in certain magazines of public opinion on possible peace conditions in a treaty between Japan and China banned because of effect such discussion would have on people's war spirit. (12 Nov 1937)

Item #13

Banned 7 Feb 1938 was "The contents of Five Year Industrial Plan for Manchukuo" from explanation made in Diet by V. P. of Bureau of Manchurian Affairs.

Item #36

Publication of a public statement by CHIANG KAI-SHEK entitled "Message addressed to the Japanese Nation", in which he accused Japan of an unlawful war of aggression against China was prohibited, 7 Jul 1938.

Item #108

Publication banned of news from HONGKONG that CHIANG KAI-SHEK is desirous of peace between Japan and China through arbitration by a third power, and outline of fundamental principles he advocates to be followed in making such a peace. (1 Apr 1939)

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Page 4

Doc. No. 2636 - Page 5 - SUMMARY Cont'd

Item #115

Stories of Escape of WANG CHING-Wei from Indo-China prohibited. (2 May 1939)

Item 121

Statement made by CHIANG to gov't officials and the people of CHINA, banned 17 May 1939.

Items 39 and 69

Papers warned to treat KONOYE's speech on China with care. To be omitted were stories that international complications in background caused speech to be made and any mention of movements of "intelligent men" (pro-Japanese) he mentioned in speech.

If any editorials written, the office was to be approached beforehand, and in general, no amplification of bare facts of speech to be made.

Item #130 - 30 May 1938

Publication prohibited of stories on Control of Production and distribution of opium in Inner Mongolia before release by local Army authorities. "This order given at express request made by Lt. Col. FUKUYAMA of the Information Bureau, War Department." Order repeated 12 June 1938.

Analyst: W.H. Wagner

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Page 5

2636 (COVER)

FILE OF DOCUMENTS CONCERNING
NOTABILIA IN EDITING ARTICLES
PRIOR TO 1939

DOCUMENT DIVISION
POLICE BUREAU OF HOME MINISTRY

VERY SECRET

(Note to Mr. Conyn Carr: Item you most wanted is "C",

Item 53, by which you can refer witness to
it. Is marked by numbered tag).

Top Secret.
Document #74
or 94

Item #44
transliterated by
TOMISHIAE, Toshio,
Room 363

as an example of
transliterated Complete

DRAFT DOCUMENTS (prior to 1939)
CONCERNING THE MATTERS TO BE
ATTENDED TO IN EDITING ^{NEWSPAPER} ARTICLES

The Department of the Interior,
The Police Bureau,
Archives
The Document Section.

"A"

Item #44

The Director of the Police Bureau (sealed)

The Head of the Archives Section (sealed)

Secretary (sealed)

Procurator (sealed)

August 25th, (1938)

TELEPHONED SECRET DIRECTIONS
TO PRINCIPAL DAILY PAPERS PUBLISHED
IN ~~EACH~~ ^{The} PREFECTURES OF TOKYO (8 papers)
OSAKA, AICHI, AND FUKUOKA.

"You shall be careful not to publish,
when you compile your paper, any articles
in connection with the travels of the army,
navy, foreign office, ^{officials or authorities} ~~and~~ ~~outlying posts~~

~~authorities~~ to FUKUOKA Prefecture."

[Article of]

~~Reference:~~ Reference:

"On the 26th and 27th of this month, joint meetings of the New Chinese Regime authorities and the (Japanese) army, navy, foreign office authorities and the (Japanese) special service officers in North and Central China will be held at FUKUOKA City, (FUKUOKA Prefecture)"

Records of the Arrangements

<u>Addressee</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Person who rec'd the message</u>	<u>Person who telephoned</u> [censorship officials]
Metropolitan Police (TOKYO)	5:01 p.m. Aug. 25.	SAKAMOTO	SHIOSE
OSAKA	4:07 p.m. Aug. 25.	NEJIMA	MIURA
AICHI	5:08 p.m. Aug. 25	AMANO	SHIOSE
FUKUOKA	5:00 p.m. Aug. 25.	KOBAYASHI	ŌISHI
M.P. Headquarters	5:06 p.m. Aug. 25.	KUDO	HIDAKA
Dept of Communication Tokyo - To.	5:00 p.m. Aug. 25.	BANNAI	"
Information Dept The Cabinet.	5:13 p.m. Aug. 25	KUNISHIO	"
Dept for Colonization Police Section	6:12 p.m. Aug. 25	AKAMA	(End of "A")"

(B) (In full)

Item # 50

Inquiry from the YOMIURI Shinbun.

The YOMIURI asked for our permission to publish the following ^{exclusive dispatch} ~~special cablegram~~

~~which they received~~ from London dated October

5th, 1938.

The Department of the Interior

told them not to publish it.

"According to ~~a~~ information received from a German official source, ~~the~~ Führer

Hitler is said to be considering repercussions of
the possibility of ^{his} mediation ~~with~~ ⁱⁿ the Chinese
Incident, taking the opportunity of Japan's
capture of Hangkow, and approaching Japan
and China as well as Britain and the
U. S. "

10:00 a.m., Oct. 6th, (1938.)

Sealed by The Head of the Archives Section,
The Secretary, and
The Procurator.

"C"

(In full)

Item #53

Inquiry from the ASAHI Shinbun

The Asahi asked for our permission to publish the following article. The Head of our Archives Section replied to them that they could do so on condition that such a sentence as suggested by him ~~to~~ (written at the end of the article) be added to the article. The article follows:

~~below.~~

"According to an exclusive dispatch from Hangkow to the New York Times dated

October 9th (1938), it is believed ~~at~~ in well-
informed Chinese quarters that Britain,
Germany, France and Italy, as the result
of conclusion of the Quadrilateral Agree-
ment at Munchen,
are expected to propose to Japan
and China to conclude peace at China's expense
ultimately, as recently reported by a
CHIANG Kai-shek's representative in Europe.

~~And Presumably, the peace negotiations~~
~~will be opened immediately after the~~
~~fall of Hangkow,~~ In the first place, Britain
- 6. -

and France will close, in a ^{gradual and} quiet way, the transportation routes of munition supply through Hongkong, French Indo-China and Burma, so that China will find no way, of acquiring munitions, other than from Soviet Russia. This rumor, if it should come true, is regarded as the news that gives the feeling of uneasiness to China which is determined to continue anti-Japanese warfare."

(F.N. The sentence suggested to be added is

given below:]

"Japan, however, is not concerned about such a rumor. As far as Japan is concerned, there is only one way to dash forward to the end in pursuance of its already-fixed course."

October 10th, (1938)

Sealed by The Head of the Archives Section,
The Secretary, and
The Procurator.

7400
94

Translation of a summary,
by
TOMISHIGE, Toshio,
Room 363.

Item # 81.

(T. N. Little) Publication Prohibited On
The News Indicating Difference In
Opinions Between Ministers Of War
and Of The Navy.

The Department of the Interior instructed, over
its telephone, to the principal newspapers
published in Tokyo, Osaka, Aichi and
Fukuoka Prefectures, on February 15th, 1938,
to the following effect:)

"Relievant to the Minister of the Navy

YONAI's reply to a certain question asked

by Representative MIZUTANI at the Fifth

Division, Budget Committee of the House

of Representatives on the 8th, inst., there were certain papers that reported as if there were difference in opinions between the Minister of ^(T.N. ITAGAKI) War and the Minister of the Navy in connection with reformation of domestic administration, economic control and re-organization of the Planning Board. However, such an article is regarded as harmful to our diplomatical relations with foreign countries, and therefore, it is requested that hereafter

articles of this nature be withdrawn from
publication. ”

Reference of Fact

The TOKYO NICHU-NICHU reported YONAI'S
answer at the Diet as saying, in the evening
edition of February 9th, as follows:

“ TITLE: New Navy Plan Within the

Minimum Limit of Necessity. Beware

Of ‘National Ruin Due to Excessive

Armament!’ There Is A Limit To

Economic Control. Avoid Radical Reform!"

"The Content: (T.N. Excerpts from the

NICHI-NICHI article are given below.)

"YONAI. 'Of whether the navy or the army,

it can be said that a national defense

~~and armament~~ should be limited to the

minimum extent of necessity. The Japanese

navy is planning only within the limit of

national capacity. What if everything else

should go wrong, simply because defensive

measures alone had to be completed!'

To a question of whether the Department of the Navy intended to establish a naval base on the coast of South China, YONAI replied that he had no such plan.

To a question of whether he thought it necessary to reform economic and other structures of the administration, YONAI replied as follows:

"YONAI. 'If we interpret it in a narrow

sense of national defense, I have my own ideas. But, if we interpret it from the viewpoint of state affairs, I do not think the navy alone should shout and insist upon its own viewpoint. As to economic control, I think it should be done within a certain limit. Should production be controlled, distribution will have to be controlled next, and then consumption will have to be controlled, and finally, the state itself will be ruined. Any reform,

even

if necessary, should not be done radically

nor revolutionarily, but evolutionarily....." "

Doc. # 7400 ?
94

(Item # 129)

A Summary translated
by
TOMISHIGE, Toshio,
Room 363.

Publication Prohibited On
The Decision of Counter-Measures
Reached By the Five Ministers'
Council To Deal With The European
Situation.

Date: May 20th, 1938.

(T.N. The DOMEI News Agency obtained the following news from the Chief Secretary ŌTA of the Cabinet, and inquired the Department of the Interior if they could release the news)

The Story Told By Chief Secretary ŌTA.

"A special meeting of the Five Ministers' Council was held from 9:10 a.m. to 11:40 a.m., May 20th at the prime minister's official residence. Attended by were Prime Minister HIRANUMA, Minister of the Navy YONAI, Minister of War ITAGAKI, Foreign Minister ARITA

and Minister of Finance ISHIWATA~~RE~~. The

finally
council found the point of agreement today

in the arguments upon deciding our counter-

measures to deal with the European

situation, which they were discussing for

some time in the past. ”

~~(THE REPLY)~~

The Department of the Interior replied

to ~~the~~ DOMEI's inquiry, and at the same

instructions
time telephoned to the principal papers

published in the prefectures of TOKYO, OSAKA,

AICHI and FUKUOKA as follows:

" Do not handle as a ~~decision~~ ^{decided} matter,
write in such a manner as it will appear,
but ^{to be} an ~~abstracted~~ article ^{of comment,} when

publishing both the decision and the

summary of the counter-measures! "

no 3 instructions dated 29th August 1937.
 the cable from Germany that
 Prince Chichibu is expected to visit Germany
 and see Adolf Hitler in the near future"

Summary

no 9 instruction dated 12th November 1937.
 addressed to leading magazines i.e. Chuokoron,
 Kaizo, and Bungeishunju which tried to gather
 public opinions among intelligent persons about
 "the Conditions of peace treaty in the war (between
 Japan and China) sending post cards to them and
 asking to answer for the question of the said peace
 conditions" (fictions).

The reason of the prohibition was that if such
 matters were made public it would relax the
 tension of the ^{feeling of the} people for ~~the~~ war, because it
 would naturally lead people think the peace
^{was} near at hand and also it would give bad
 impression to international nations.

Summary:

no 13

order dated 7th Feb. 1938

"The contents of 5 year ^{industrial} plan of Manchuria" in the explanation made in the Diet by the Vice-President of the Bureau of the Manchurian Affairs.

no 15 order dated 23th Feb. 1938

Cable from Harrow A.P. that "The German Ambassador in China told Chiang-Kai-Shek on the 20th Feb that Japan would be ready to begin peace negotiations if China would join in to the Anti-Comintern-pact and put the Communists from the territory of China out".

Summary:

no 36 order dated 7th July 1938

The news that "Chiang-Kai-Shek made public the statement titled "Message addressed to Japanese Nation" accusing of Japanese unlawful war of aggression against China."

no 71. dated 31st Dec. 1938.

The fact that the statement made public by Mr Wang-Chao-Ming (or Wang-Ching-we) and his activities."

Summaries:

✓ no 108. dated 18th April 1939.

News from Hongkong that "Chiang-Kai-shek is trying to get some chance of attaining peace between Japan and China through the arbitration of some third power, and his fundamental principles of the peace treaty"

~~If such news published it would give very bad influence to the feeling of Japanese so it was prohibited to be appeared in the papers.~~ ~~don't give opinion, merely put down~~ ~~for any reason, censoring it~~ ~~was done~~

✓ no 115. dated 2nd May 1939.

News relating to the Escape of Wang-Chao-Ming (or Wang-Ching-wei) from Indo-China

and his later movements")

✓ no 121. dated 17th may 1939

" The Statement made by Chiang-Kai-shek addressed to various prefectural and city governments in China and to Chinese subjects in general"

Prohibited not to appear on the papers

no 221. dated 10th Nov. 1939.

The news " ISHIWATA ~~the~~ the ex finance - Minister of Japanese Government going over to China " the object of his going was to prepare the work to set up the New government in China, If this news published on papers it would be detrimental to the execution of the plan.

Summary only

Item Nos. 69 and 39.

Item No. 69.

(T. N. Regarding the Speeches of Prime Minister KONOYE)

Telephone

To Principal Daily Papers Published in Each Prefecture of Tokyo (8 papers) Osaka, Aichi and Fukuoka.

From Department of the Interior.

O'K'd by ^{the} seals of

The Director of the Police Bureau,

The Head of the Archives Section,

The Secretary, and

The Procurator.

"Concerning Prime Minister KONOYE'S speeches

published today, it is requested that

special care be taken, in editing articles,

not to publish the following items and
any matter that may be inferred from the
following items:

" I. Whether there were international
complications at the back of the circumstances
that have necessitated the publication of
KONOYE'S speech.

" II. The names and movements of
any intelligent man of the same opinion
in China, who has relations with the

premier's speech."

The Matters to be Attended to, in Handling Articles

" I. With respect to its contents of fundamental

principles in diplomatic relations regulation

with the new Chinese government, changes

may be made to the extent of writing as

plainly as possible so that everybody

can understand it. (i.e., to such an

extent as facilitating a sentence, or changes

made,

(in phraseology) However, the contents

^{this}
of articles should not be concretely
amplified for publication.

"II. In case news or editorials which
have relating to this matter are
published in addition to this article,
it is requested that this office be
first approached beforehand."

Item No. 39.

The Speech of Prime Minister KONOYE

December 22nd, 1938.

"The Japanese government, as clarified

in the two previous statements ^{issued} July this
year, is constantly determined to sweep
thoroughly by force the anti-Japanese
National government (Chinese), and at
the same time, to dash forward to
the establishment of New Order in East
Asia, in concert with those intelligent
persons of the same opinion in China.

Now, there is something by which we can
perceive that the tide of regeneration is

refluent, and the time is at last ripe for
the establishment of the New Order — in
various parts of China. Hereupon, the
Imperial government wishes to announce
its fundamental principle in adjusting its
relations with regenerated China to the whole
world, whereby our true intention to be
thoroughly understood.

"The three countries — Japan, Manchukuo
and China — aim to get united together for

a common object of establishing New Order
in East Asia and ^{mutually} give actual results to
friendly relations, its joint front against
Communism, and economic coalition.

For these purposes, China will have to depart from
time-honored narrow-mindedness, first of
all, and abandon the foolishness of anti-
Japanese sentiment and ^{the} regrets for Manchukuo.

Frankly speaking, Japan wants China to
voluntarily open an integral diplomatic relation

with Manchukuo.

"Secondly, as East Asia cannot permit Comintern influence to exist, and as Japan complies with the Tri-partite anti-Comintern Pact, conclusion of Sino-Japanese anti-Comintern Pact ^(between Japan, Germany and Italy) will make itself an indispensable condition in adjustment of a diplomatic relation between Japan and China.

And, in consideration of the actual condition existing in China, and in order to ^{fully} guarantee

principle,
this object of anti-Comintern / Japan will
demand the stationing of Japanese anti-
Comintern army in specific points for the
duration of the said pact, and Japan will
designate Inner Mongolia as a specific anti-
Comintern area.

"As for Sino-Japanese economic relations,
Japan has no intention to practise economical
monopoly in China, nor will she demand
China to restrict the interest of a bona-fide

Third country which comprehends the new East Asia and acts in compliance with the new situation. Japan hopes only for an effective coalition and collaboration between Japan and China. That is, Japan wants China to promote the two nations' economical interests by permitting the freedom of residence and business to Japanese subjects on the principle of equality; and to positively give Japan the facilities for developing and

utilizing natural resources in the area of North China and Inner Mongolia, in consideration of the historical and economical relations between Japan and China.

"What Japan expects of China is as outlined above. If China should come to understand the true intention of Japan, it will become automatically clear that Japan's demand is neither territory nor reparation.

Indeed, Japan's demand is the minimum

guarantee enough to perform a certain function

for China as a partner in establishing New

Order. Japan will ^{not only} respect China's sovereignty,

but also remove extraterritoriality which

is necessary for perfecting China's independence,

and give positive consideration to the

return of settlements.

(Item # 130)

Publication Prohibited On
The Production Control and Distribution
Control of Opium In Inner Mongolia.

Date: May 30th, 1938.

This instruction was given, over the telephone, due to the request made by Lieutenant Colonel FUKUYAMA of Information Bureau of the War Department, to principal newspapers published in TOKYO, OSAKA, AICHI and FUKUOKA Prefectures.

THE TEXT OF THE INSTRUCTION.

"It is requested that all the newspapers refrain from publishing articles which relate

to the production control and distribution control of Opium in Inner Mongolia, until the local Authorities announce release of the news. The War Department has requested us to issue this instruction."

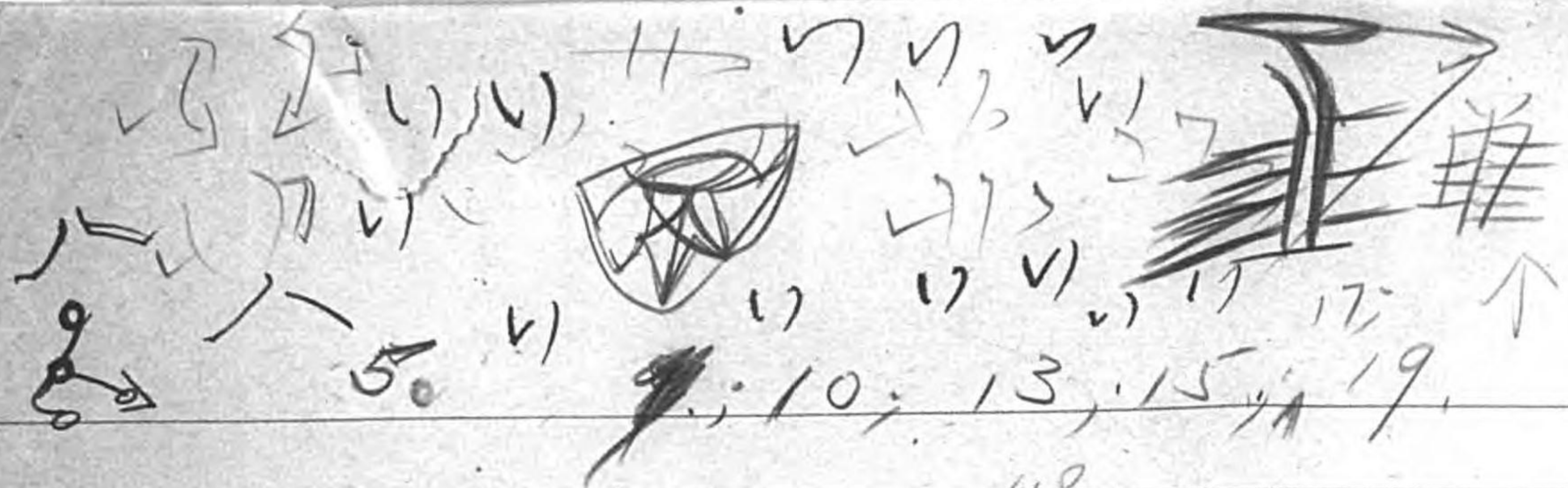
RELEASE OF THE NEWS.

According to a telephonic message received from Lieutenant Colonel FUKUYAMA, the Department of the Interior issued another instruction on June 12th, 1938, which follows:

" Information concerning the production

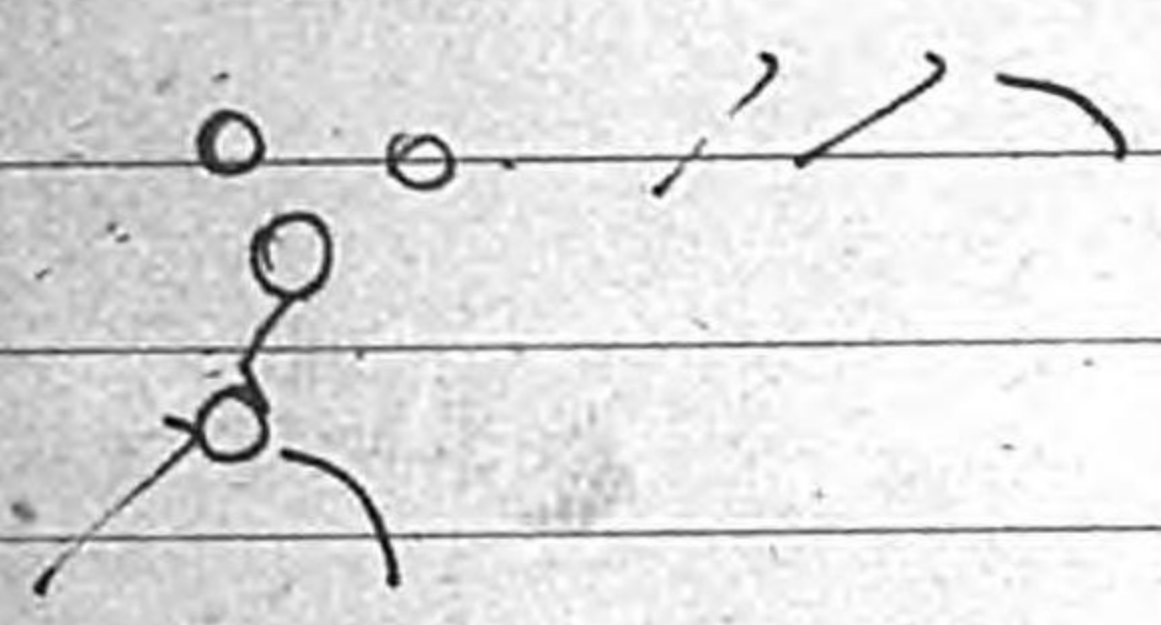
control and distribution control of Opium
in Inner Mongolia which has been withdrawn
from publication heretofore can be released
for publication hereafter within the limits of
the news released by the local Authorities.

(T. N. The "local Authorities" signifies the
Imperial army headquarters in Inner
Mongolia.)



~~9~~; 10; 13; 15; 19;
 23, 36, 39, 44, 50, 53,
 62, 69, 74, 81.

- 9 -



23-4561-65

By N.V.
 - Nov. 3. 9. 50. 70. 13. 15. 36. 71. 108.
 108. 115. 121. 221.

By T.T. Nov. 44. 50. 53. 62. 69. 39. 81. 129. 130.

Summary

Item #62.

(T.N. Mitigation of Sentences ordered
by an Imperial Message on
the Convicted Persons in MAY
15TH Incident and KETSUMEI-DAN
Incident Cases.)

Nov. 17th, 1938.

Instructions:

Consult personally with the 8 papers published
in Tokyo! (Telephone to the KOKUMIN!)

Consult over the telephone with the chiefs of
police-stations of OSAKA, AICHI, FUKUOKA,
IBARAKI, FUKUSHIMA, HIROSHIMA and
TOTTORI Prefectures.

Telegraph to the police stations of all other
prefectures, as a reference!

The Head of the Archives Section,

The Secretary and the Procurator.

"It is reported that special mitigation of sentences
was ordered today by an Imperial message on

the convicted persons in May 15th Incident and

KETSUMEI-DAN Incident cases. It is requested

that all articles concerning this matter be

handled with utmost care on the following

points:

I. Any matter that may hint praising

the convicted persons as if the recently ordered

mitigation of sentences approvingly justified

their offense, or as if their conducts were

renovator-like or patriotic shall not be

published.

" II. Any matter that may affirm or praise crimes of this nature or that may suggest or instigate crimes of this nature shall not be published.

" III. In consideration of the present crisis, any matter that may unnecessarily stimulate public sentiment or that may cause social uneasiness shall not be published.

" Furthermore, special care should be

likewise,
taken in case speeches or impressions of
the convicts' relatives and friends are
published in the press."

(T.N. Mitigation of Sentences)
KETSUMEI-DAN Incident.

INOUE, Akira and two other persons (murder)
Life sentence be mitigated to 20 year
imprisonment.

SHIMOTO, Yoshitaka and another person (murder)
15 year imprisonment be mitigated to
11 years, 7 months and 3 days.

KUKITA, Sukehiro and two other persons (murder)
6 year imprisonment be mitigated to
5 years, 3 months and 16 days (15, 14 days
respectively for the 2nd and 3rd persons in
this group)

IKEBUKURO, Shōhachirō (murder)

8 year imprisonment be mitigated to
6 years, 4 months and 3 days.

MAY 15TH INCIDENT.

TACHIBANA, Kōzaburō. (Violation of Explosives
Control Act, murder, and attempt to
commit murder)

20 year imprisonment be mitigated to
15 year imprisonment)

HAYASHI, Shōzō and two other persons (ditto)

9 years, 3 months and 8 days' imprison-
ment be mitigated to 7 years, 2 months
and 22 days.

IKEMATSU, Takeshi (ditto)

11 years, 6 months and 8 days' imprison-
ment be mitigated to 8 years, 10 months
and 29 days.

HORIKAWA, Hideo (ditto)

6 years, 3 months and 8 days' imprisonment be mitigated to 5 years, 8 months and 10 days.

昭和十四年以前

記事編輯上
注意事項
原案書類

極秘

2636

內務省警保局圖書課

14094

MARCHWOOD

+ St. John's Church Spire

イングランド南岸

ササンプトン港

1937年ノ英國海圖第2041號ヨリ採ル

PORT OF SOUTHAMPTON

Surveyed by Comm^r J.A. Rupert-Jones R.D., R.N.R. 1931.
With additions and corrections to 1936.

The Topography is taken chiefly from the Ordnance Survey.

Civic Centre Tower :- Lat. 50° 54' 26" 9 N., Long. 1° 24' 21" 6 W.

All Bearings are True. (thus:-126° etc.) and are given from Seaward.

Underlined figures on the dry banks express the heights in feet above the datum of the soundings.

All other heights are expressed in feet above High Water Springs.


SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS

(Under Eleven in Fathoms & Feet)

reduced approximately to the level of Mean Low Water Springs

Natural Scale $\frac{1}{7,600}$

Conspicuous Objects

Spire, Christ Ch.	Vane, Harbour Board Offices
Dome, West Station	Spire, St. Mary's Ch.
Chimney, Power St. th	Berthing F.S.
Chimney (Pirelli General Cable Works)	Chimney, Refuse Destructor
Spire, St. Michaels Church	Chimney (Rolling Mills)
Spire, Holy Rood Church	F.S., Netley Castle
Tower, Civic Centre	Spire, St. John's Ch. (Marchwood)
F.S., Solent Mills	 All Saints' Church

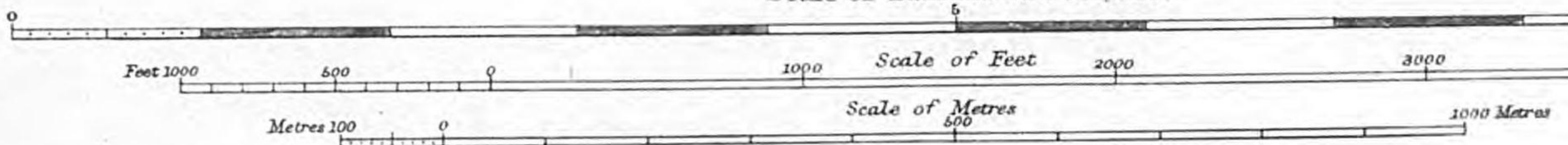
Tidal Information

Place	Lunital Intervals		Height above datum of soundings			Datum to which Soundings are reduced
	H.W.F. & C.	L.W.F. & C.	Mean H.W. Springs	Mean H.W. Neaps	Mean Level	
Southampton	X ^h 55 ^m XII ^h 57 ^m	XVI ^h 29 ^m	13½ feet	11½ feet	7 feet	{ Zero of the Southampton Harbour Board's tide gauge on the Town Quay or 22.05 f ^t below Ordnance B.M. at S.E. corner of French Street Southampton, or 6.75 f ^t below Ordnance Datum.

米換算

FATHOMS	1	2	3	4	5
FEET	6	12	18	24	30
1	0.3	2.1	3.9	5.8	7.6
2	0.6	2.4	4.2	6.1	7.9
3	0.9	2.7	4.5	6.4	8.2
4	1.2	3.0	4.8	6.7	8.5
5	1.5	3.3	5.1	7.0	8.8

Scale of Latitude and Distance



26'

9

了の十二ノ千石十ノ時平ノ

田舎深草のりや友

善祝行始回洋也

新聞記の二箇ニハ

善祝行動の善祝の心ニ於テ其抑入スルイ可也

善祝行の心ニ深伸即善祝の心ニ當場ニ回スルハ

善祝行の心ニ善祝の心ニ當場ニ回スルハ

内務省



松平の案を以て
御覽すべし
爲念

内務省

東京、大阪、愛知管下各主要日刊社
ニ対スル電話通達ノ案

秩文宮殿下御帰朝ノ御日程、御至路、御乗

船ニ付テハ、將來ニ亘ル事項ヲ掲載セザル様

宮内省ヨリ希望申越、次第モ有之候ニ付テハ記

事編輯上時ニ御留意相成度

八月二十七日

十時五十分 齋藤 (天野)

九時三十分 警視廳 (松井)

九時五十分 大阪 (所管)

内務省

圖書課長 大坪

事務官

官

理事官

市内ハ社
及大隊
紅之平
西
丸
シ
ク
シ

OK

本朝午未重時に於て 在り白口新報社外報部長に於て 左記

記事（ベルリン特派員特電）掲載するに於て、

ア、その中、以て 本報の「美」の「日」表に 誤りあるに過ぎ

ず。理部一、要旨を以て 記事不掲載を 依頼す。

ノ、その中 記事掲載を 希望し、取扱は、し、た、キ、旨、回、答、

新報社

記

(事務原書)

秘文宮殿下ニ近イ
新地 ヒツトラー
總統ト申

百語 遊ハサハ、
申言定ト

遊言 曰此の遊言ニ
此ノ入者ノ有者
調査トシテ
産何様

、持り申
アト申モ
曰此ノ遊言ハ
早表ニ由
務者ヲ
注記

了ルニ
申遊言
ノ見
人ニ
モ
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、
回
答
ヲ
得
ル

逕啓 千代田 内務省

加賀

大坂	午後五時三十分	中尾
京都	午後七時十分	山口
神戶		杉田
北陸		安田

東京、大阪、東京、神戶、名古屋、下松、

三原、日刊社、東京、通、東京

社、又、宮、下、而、向、新、日、程、等、(其、之、記、事、取、取)

二、三、千、八、先、自、今、日、起、迄、以、下、親、該、新、聞、不、知、也、日

其、北、村、者、^(ト、ニ、シ、テ)、以、多、他、迄、而、新、聞、一、音、回、信、了、之、趣、

に、毛、右、之、趣、を、記、事、に、向、合、し、而、以、之、を、以、て、追、記、事、場、

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圖書課長評

事務官

理事官

昭和二十一年九月

内務省

車庫、方取、表、福、各、音、下、表、
至、日、刊、北、の、時、の、事、法、用、書、送、書、

圖書、事、法、の、以、下、記、事、締、結、止、任、意、の、費、金、を、得

圖書、事、法、の、以、下、記、事、締、結、止、任、意、の、費、金、を、得

圖書、事、法、の、以、下、記、事、締、結、止、任、意、の、費、金、を、得

圖書、事、法、の、以、下、記、事、締、結、止、任、意、の、費、金、を、得

内務省

七ノハ
保
濟
婚
止
特
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注
意
和
燭
子

警視廳 在也

福
岡
縣
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愛
知
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町
田
二
二
〇

圖書課長

事務

理事

官

大牟田市に於て赤痢性伝染病発生

九月三日午前十時半福岡府衛生課長

官

官

因に敵軍スパイの新出ナリト知ル新南紙取替方ニ果テ件
目下大牟田市に多数ノ罹病者發出中ニ傳ル赤痢性

伝染病ニ關シ全ノ傳染系統ヲ調査スル水道ニ於ケル

水源池ヲナリタルモノ如ク認めラレ

右ニ關シ或ハ敵軍ノスパイニ新出ニ能ハズノ噂巷間ニ

流布ノ模様モリ蓋シ新南紙ニ於ル記事掲載セラル

ニ於テハ時局柄南地方ノ民心ヲ多ク動搖シ隘ミケル虞アリ

アルヲ認め、各地各新聞紙ニ於テスパイニ新出ニ能ハズヤノ

記事掲載セラル様適宜ニ懸望上取替中ニ有之共及以

將來此ノ懸望ニ背キテ新南紙ニ掲載ヲ見タルモノアル場合ニ生

程急ニ其文ヲ取替ナリ行政及分ノ稟申張ニ付テ之付テ、生

内務省

圖書課

事務

50

際、尚地方現下、特種多様之市考、慮上、發案、
今、申、屬、至、亦、存、福、事、情、具、申、也。

内務省

圖書課長了 事務官 理事官

為急同盟通信社之電書法係(加急)

內務省

平業

左記福岡府特高課長より電法申取ノ事件ニ付之様ニ次ノニ要旨ヲ電法回示可也
一人心ヲ極度ニ刺戟スル事ハ人心ヲ惑乱スル如ク如キ記事ノ出サレ本有ニ於テモ尤モ
注意ヲ拂ヒツル所ナリ目下ノ現状ニ於テハ敢テ人全志的ニ差正セテ手配ヲ為ス意
留メ有也 將來生ノ中亦多ク思ハル如ク 新聞記事ノ現行名場合等 具體的ノ事例
又生ノ名場合以上ノ事 即亦 告知セ
二 貴局ニ於テ目下 採リツル 新支北トノ 惡語方法ハ 良策ト考ル 尚他府及地方
新聞ノ通信支局等ニ日 極急ニ 徹底ヲ圖ルニ 於テハ 一層 良果アルニ 思フ
九月三十日午後三時半 福岡府特高課長 (徳永 和郎)

大牟田市ニ流行ノ 赤痢性傳染病 發生原因ハ又ハイノ
此為ナリトスル 新聞記事 取録方ニ 關スル件

管下大牟田市ニ 目下猖獗ヲ見ツ、アル 赤痢性傳染病ニ 關シ
之ノ 傳染経路等 調査スルニ 水道 飲料水 等 事リタルモノ 如ク
認メラルルニ 一、 水源地ニ 如何ナル 事情ニ 因リ 力リク 之ハ 明瞭

内務省

本島目下極力調査中ニ在リテ島下ノ民心著ク不安ニ觀
ルツ、凡現況ナリ

然レ水源地ニ病菌入りタル経路ニ關シ或ハ敵五スパイノ

投入ニ因ルカ如ク浮説甚多、從リツ、アリ一層不安ヲ馳リツ、凡

折柄 本島九州日日新聞及大阪朝日新聞等ニ 何人カカ

水源地ニ病菌ヲ投入シタルニ能ハルヤノ疑ヲ 縣警署ニ書シ

兵隊ニ協力極力多因調査中、如ク新聞記事掲載ヲ見

ルニ優放全ク之ヲ於テ、種々揣摩シテ予々表シ人民ヲ不安感

ニ馳リシムル者アリト認メ 本日地元新聞記者等ニ 至因ニ目

下調査中ニシテ 詳カクサルヲ以テ スパイ等カ 病原菌ヲ

水源地ニ投入スルカ如ク 所謂 刊マニ事ヲ 報イザル者 絶法

ヲ逆ゲ、生キタルカ 右ニ關シ 福島島下ニ 配付スル他 亦發

散介 新聞地方等ニ 及、其他一般ニ 民心保持上 全島

各處 存心ニ 於テ 甚止 其他ノ 道中ノ 手配 仰存 以上

圖書課長了事事務官

理事官

供覧



事務上の整理及びその必要に付の上
記事面之整理が于其の如く見受けるに於て是等急務として自治政
府の行政に必要にして採用の得ざる無事ノ指導の云々は其の如く推察
せらるるに云々之を整理するに如何やト回答し置かざり

朝の新事見 政治新聞 (二頁右部) 十五日
七時半頃

山西省之自治政府樹立せし、生ノ政策トシテ採

用せらるる 政治経済新聞 他方針中 金融之果

是事ノ功之 果也

紙幣は 貨幣銀行發行の疎弊と流通せしめ
従来の通貨整理は 両方に兌換回収す。事に
なるをぬる

一 記事の掲載は 甚く之に及ばず、照合あり
（或は記事の整理もナリト）

同盟会
同報ノマース
アイルモ没
ニシカ上目
電款アリ

58

内務省

圖書課長

王日事案不付上等警察官(吾木) 事務

事務官

中央官、改定、文藝、書物、社、書法

理事官

通達を指示す

東京市中内費行主要評議 雑誌社への對する電話案内

雑誌社への於ける記事掲載資料 トリテ諸名士への對する

人今治戦後ノ婚和ノ条件等ノ關シ葉書回文ノ一方法

ニ依りて意見蒐集中ナリ之加、新聞記事等、他途

より平和ノ到来ヲ思ヒ之ルニ如キ事項ノ誌上發表ハ

現下ノ情勢上時期尚早ニシテ對內的ニハ國民ノ

内務省

警察ヲ弛緩セシムル虞アリ之ナラバ、對外的ニモ、惡
影響ヲ及ボス所甚敷モ、アリト認メラルニ依リ其ノ
社ニ對シテ右蒐集記事ノ掲載中止ヲ起シ該致
量ニ付テハ萬一貴社ニ於テモ本用攝入企圖
有之テハ口當分ノ向此種記事掲載ヲ留保相
成ニ攝此際特ニ編輯上御配慮相望ス

斯如キ記事掲載

圖書課長 **(大坪)**

事務官 **(中)**

理事官 **(岡崎)**

内務省

十月二十七日午後三時五分 櫻井 昭彦 (理事) 呈 北

子 昭彦

子 昭彦

子 昭彦

方 昭彦 (理事)

方 昭彦 (理事)

方 昭彦 (理事)

東京府立図書館、東京府立図書館、
主要日刊北支事務通達書

平日 **(西岡)** 義、令人合之、
青木全画院院長 君 為

之、
北支全體工作等、
義、
認、
摘、
裁、
為

十月二十七日午後三時五分
日 昭彦 呈 北
全體、
財政之

之、
美、
義、
事、
務、
之、
抽、
出、
之、
呈、
北



猪止特之印任意
和成子

内
務
省

Printed document

"Miscellaneous basic documents re
news publication and precautions", 3 vols
Home Ministry, Police dept. 1939, 1940,
1942 — secret.

[Signature]

同監国

内務省

青木正徳院議長は、この年、豫め、本國の豫止地
との金融架け渡しの問題に關し、現地情報として
左の如き報告を行つた。

北支には行政執行の困難と、同支の治安
の悪化と、突如として生じた。この問題
の背景、銀行は河北、直隸、中央、支那
中部の各銀行の支那の銀行の信用

と申すは、

而して之等が、
一、おのゝろは、
二、おのゝろは、
三、おのゝろは、

諸君の、
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二、おのゝろは、
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二

内務省

圖書課長

三月廿一日

事務官 界

北村



理事官

東京市内蔵(11北)築地橋通子

報告書 三月廿一日 号 1150 号 1150

印 封 上 海 中 文 新 興 政 権 上 題 之 記 号 11

信 王 帝 王 が 新 興 政 権 樹 立 上 干 渉 上 在 上 記 号

如 中 憲 上 誌 上 記 号 11 号 1150

科 上 記 号 11 号 1150 今 上 中 國 誌 上 取 扱 上 記 号

内務省

地令の點、如半記述の爲に
標榜の記号
緯緯止内相高相
相

警保局長	
圖書課長	
事務官	

道府縣	
月日	
刊版	

上海に中支新興政權

唐紹儀、李思浩兩氏參加せん

政府現地案を慎重協議



政府は併呑公使、日領事官等がもたらせる中支新興政權に中支經濟發展に關する現地案につき四相協議を期して慎重協議を遂げた上二十九日の開議に附屬、既に三十一日の臨時會議に附して大體同意を得たが政府案の骨子は大體次の如きものと見られてゐる。

- 一、近く生誕する中支新興政府は防共親日を標ぼうするものである以上我が國としてはあくまで協力を惜しまずその圓滿なる發展を期すること
- 一、新興政權の所在地は上海とし、區域は現在の我が國領地内となる區域であるが、住民に對しては國民政府時代の如き政府並に軍國の苛政請求を廢し、住民の福利を顧ることを第一義とする
- 一、北支政權との關係については將來併合されることであるが、一應は獨立政權の形式において生誕せしめること

一、中支經濟開發については取あへず野戰により廢棄と化した都市の復興を第一とし次で交通、運輸、通信、電力、水道など公共的性質を帯びたるものより順次に行ふこととし可及的速かに着手すること

なほ中支新政府の委員長には元國務總理唐紹儀氏が就任し、元財政部長、中國銀行總裁、幣制整理委員會委員長唐紹儀氏が委員として唐委員長を助け、北支の王西敏氏の如き協助者とするものと見られる【委員は唐紹儀氏(上)と李思浩氏】

圖書課

内務省

圖書課長

三月二十一日午後三時五十分

事務官界

事務官 (北村)

理事官

理事官 (北村) 事務官 (北村)

昨日京大蔵院より京大蔵院より午後三時五十分事務官

今日午後三時五十分事務官 (北村) 事務官 (北村)

裁せしむ 既之而之知、コト、恩料 せしむる

命令及注意

本署(一)記(二)記(三)記

中日支日近來有相為之語法之對之北支源財

政府一部要(一)記(二)記(三)記(四)記(五)記(六)記(七)記(八)記(九)記(十)記

如何之派之對外的之如他者之念甚大也

有之中之思科(一)記(二)記(三)記(四)記(五)記(六)記(七)記(八)記(九)記(十)記

りてハ特ニ而為之相又也

一六
二二
三三
九九

日	朝日	茂木	立所
日	中島	立所	
有	清子	立所	
松	小松		
都	古木		
中	兒玉		
子	馬場		

内務省

大石

圖書課長

二月七日

内務省

事務官

理事官

警視廳主社大改彙知福岡各主要日刊社指導案

本日、象議院第四分科會ニ於テ對滿事務局次長

ノ為ニタル滿洲國五年計畫内容説明中速記

ヲ中止シテ為ニタル箇所ハ^{新聞紙ニ}掲載セサル

編輯上注意相成度

對滿事務局ニ照會セリニ速記ヲ
止メテ、說明見箇所ハ、鐵、鹽、金
石炭等、数字的說明ニシテ秘密
ヲ要スルモノナル趣ニ有也

本件ハ同監通信社ヨリ伺出タル
モノニテ同社政治部(長野)ニ對シ
テハ直接電告指導案又

2.7. 嶺南 9.80. 聖祝 大 堀中
" 10.03. 大改 厚地
" " " 彙知 福賴
" 12. " 福岡 日野

圖書課長

安部 乙上

事務官

理事官

同盟 東亞 第十七號

十三年二月八日

安寧不問可然哉

◎困難を克服して増産に邁進

滿炭の石炭増産計畫

大改(阿部) 安部乙上

議案 同盟以外ノ形式ヲ付ス

新京八日發同盟

滿洲國政府は日本に於ける

石炭不足及び滿洲國に今後勃興すべき石炭液
化、製鐵事業その他の重工業の需要に應ずる

レバ

爲石炭五ヶ年計畫を當初の二千七百萬キロ噸
より更に追加増産一千萬キロ噸合計三千七百
キロ噸の出炭を滿炭に對して命令したが滿炭
では

一、時局柄機械手當の不足

二、労働力の低下

三、鐵道運費の高値と國內輸送力の不足

等の理由によりこの増産計畫は行悩んである
が滿炭ではこれらの困難を克服して一意増産
の遂行に邁進し、目下鐵道運費の値下げ問題
も何等か解決すべき氣運にある上勞工協會の
創立により労働力の低下も相當緩和を見る可
く機械手當は日滿兩國政府當局より相當の便
宜を與へられるものと見られる 後三〇〇

内務省

圖書課長

三月十日午時

時平



事務官 印

理事官



在子(子北) 方取 務官 御意

右子 梨日利北 対 対 務官 指 進 事 案

別紙

特 報 更 云 請 之 关 之 由 若 事 案 之 報 進 之 不

務 官 之 上 之 料 之 由 若 事 案 之 報 進 之 不

ヲ 獨 裁 セ ザル 標 記 事 案 指 上 申 込 意 和 成 至

大 阪 府 警 署 福 岡 (山 本) 茨 城 (三 田 光)

日野 啓
日野 啓
日野 啓

日野 啓
日野 啓

◎血盟團や五一五に

法相から特別減刑奏請

中野 河也

今回の恩赦は政治犯に限られたものだけに主なるものとしては五一五事件海軍側、二二六事件關係者等非常に小範圍だが、鹽野法相は減刑令第二條に依つて今回の恩赦に浴し得ない者の中で特に氣の毒な事情のある者、政治に關し罪を犯した者、その動機が私利私慾を圖るものでなく國家革新のために犯したものに對しては事情を參酌して特別減刑を行ふ事に決定した、これに依ると先づ濱口首相を東京驛頭で狙撃した佐郷屋留雄(三一)(同人はさきの皇太子殿下の御生誕で恩赦に浴し死刑から無期懲役になつてゐる)を初め血盟團事件の盟主井上日召(五三)小沼正(二八)(二五郎(二七)の無期組古内榮司(三八)

續
サ

中野 河也
日野 啓

社會 第廿號ノ二

四元義隆（三一）の懲役十五年組、五一五事
件民間側被告の愛郷塾頭橋孝三郎（四六）奥
田秀夫（二九）池松武志（二九）川崎長光（
二八）林正之（四六）の残留組に對しては近
く在監刑務所長の上申を待つて法相から特別
減刑を奏請する事になつた

△（お断り）

本日社會二十號「血盟團や五一五に法相から特別減刑奏請」の記事は當局の注意により全文を取消し左の如く改め書き換へます

◎法相特別減刑を奏請せん

今回の恩赦は政治犯に限られたるものだけに主なる者としては五一五事件海軍副三二六事件關係者等非常に小範圍だが鹽野法相は減刑令第二條によつて今回の恩赦に浴し得ない者のうちで特に氣の毒な事情のあるもの政治に關し罪を犯したるもの、その動機が私利私慾をはかるものでなく國家革新をめざして犯されたものに對してはその事情を斟酌して特別減刑を奏請することになる模様である

◎植田全權の講話

新京十一日發同盟 滿洲國駐劄全權大使植田
大將は十一日紀元の佳節に當り左の如き講話
を爲した

「本日紀元の佳節に當り帝國憲法發布五十周
年の御慶祝を普く衆庶に頒たせ給ふ大御心
を以て畏くも恩赦の殊典を行はせ給ふた事
は寔に懇懽感激に堪へない所であります、
今回の恩赦は本日公布されました、濫刑及
び復讐の外近く恩赦令に基き個々の者に對
しましても特別減刑特別復讐の恩赦に浴せ
しめられると拜聞してゐるのであります
我が在滿同胞並びに關東州民におきまして
も内地及び他の外地ともにこの德澤に浴す
ることとなつたのであります

續くマ

フロック電話指導案 一月二十一日

昨日

東京、大阪、愛知、福岡各府縣ニ於テ及發行ノ主要日刊

社ニ對シ左記ノ通り電話指導致置候ニ付テハ貴庁

ニ於テモ記事取締上御含置相成度

記

別紙ノ通

- 石川 (三十三分) (在野)
- 北海道 (三十分)
- 新潟 (三十分) (在野)
- 福岡 (五十分) (在野)
- 大阪 (五十分) (在野)
- 香川 (三十分) (在野)
- 老島 (三十分) (在野)
- 宮城 (三十分) (在野)
- 妻小 (三十分) (在野)

圖書課長

事務官

理事官

車庫内(八社)及古坂、吾妻、御台
多摩川沿河沿河指通り案

二十一日 U.P. 通信社 北橋口要根ヨリ 野田支
支

大隈、藤、今石、対し、田中、支那、下、新、工、誌

判、心、さ、ん、意、思、し、首、都、者、さ、し、ト、ノ、通、信

了、ら、ぬ、趣、上、右、記、事、の、終、了、指、牙

包現(全) 台六五〇
吾知果(町田) 台六五五
大坂(中野) 台七〇〇
富岡(山本) 台七四五

二四廿三

也 丁 二 叔 記 子 緯 轉 一 出 在 意 和 成 文

丁 巳 年 十 月 十 日

丁 巳 年 十 月 十 日

丁 巳 年 十 月 十 日

丁 巳 年 十 月 十 日

政治
新聞
社
長
の
手
紙

政治

【三ノ一〇一〇本社特電】(廿三日)
日渡(廿二日)U・P通信社漢口電
報は左の如く報じてゐる
去る廿日のヒットラー總統の演
説終了後トラウトマン駐支ドイ
ツ大使は蔣介石と會談した、ト
ラウトマン大使は蔣介石に對し
て支那が共產黨を驅逐して防共
協定に加盟するならば日本は支
那と和平談判に關する意思ある
旨を通告した

東京新聞
13.2.23
第22125号

圖書課長

事務官

理事官

機

監

内

務

省

（同盟通信社電話）

二月二十四日午前十一時十分

（ニューヨーク二十三日發）漢口北設A、P電ニ依ルニ二十三日

夕北ヲ空襲シタ支那爆撃機數百ハ一萬五千呎ノ高

度飛行テ無事漢口ニ歸還シタ。尚空襲部隊飛行

士ノ報告ニ依ルバ夕北飛行場カラ數条ノ黒煙カ捲上ルヲ

認メタカ恐ラクタメ大ノ損害ヲ受一タト推察セル。同報

告ハ夕北飛行場ニハ日本飛行機四十台カ地上ニ待機シ

内務省

更ニ多ク飛行機ノ格納庫ニ並ニテ居ラト附加一テ居
ル、尚漢口在留ノ外国人専門家ハ孰レモ煤油機ノ往
復一千二百哩飛行ハ支那動カト蓄積シテ居ル。

真ニ日英東朝、東日、讀賣ニ對シテ記事掲載セ
ルハ、極電話指導セリ、

圖書課長

事務官

理事官

内務省

参考

香港二日費

同盟ニ於テ費リヲ
取止メタリ

支那側の確報によれば今固成立を見込

米支^(資)借款契約の内容大綱は左の如く

である

一 金額一億六千米弗

一 担保借款総額中の六割は現銀を以

て米國に輸送す

残余は支那に於ける礦物の採掘権を

米國に附与す

全國の礦物採掘権は米國單獨に

供給する

3

1111

局長

内務省

事務官

理事官

三月三日午後六時
大臣宛の連日午後六時

右所長宛
信方宛
福岡(山本)

東京市内某(八北)署迄指通す
東京市内某(八北)署迄指通す

本日、衆議院予養(細川會)の事務小笠原

代議士より金、現送、中野お替相塔、之

行見込等之付竹筒同く趣たんが右記事取

扱之上等、十八の各ハ宛年七月十日附呈上、後右

八回年十月五日附呈上、抵濁也せん、採記

◎衆議院豫算總會(三)

衆議院豫算總會は午後四時十三分三度開會

小笠原氏

物資需給關係から物價の騰貴を招き爲替の維持が困難となり豫算の圓滑なる遂行が出來ないやうになる心配はないか

賀屋藏相

資金の調整生産力の擴充等について國民の協力を仰ぎ支障をからんことを期したい

小笠原氏

臨時軍事費のうち今後一ヶ年間に現實に支拂はれる金額はどれ位の見込であるか

賀屋藏相

臨時軍事費と一般豫算と合せて今後一ヶ年間の公債發行額は大体五十億圓とみてゐる
續くカ

今程五、六、七、八、九、十、十一

小笠原氏

臨時軍事費のうち海外よりの輸入に仰ぐ金額はどれ位であり又物價騰貴の對策について如何なる方策を有するか

賀屋藏相

どれ位海外の輸入に仰ぐかはいへないが生産力の擴充をはかり代用品を奨励し又物價については配給機構の改善消費の節約に努めたい

小笠原氏

今回の豫算を施行して爲替相場の上は景氣あることはないか

賀屋藏相

斷じて影響することのないやう爲替相場の堅持に努める決心である

小笠原氏

本豫算による海外よりの物資の輸入及び海外擁は昨年より相當に増加すると思ふか
何

續くマ