Wikidata and WFD reporting

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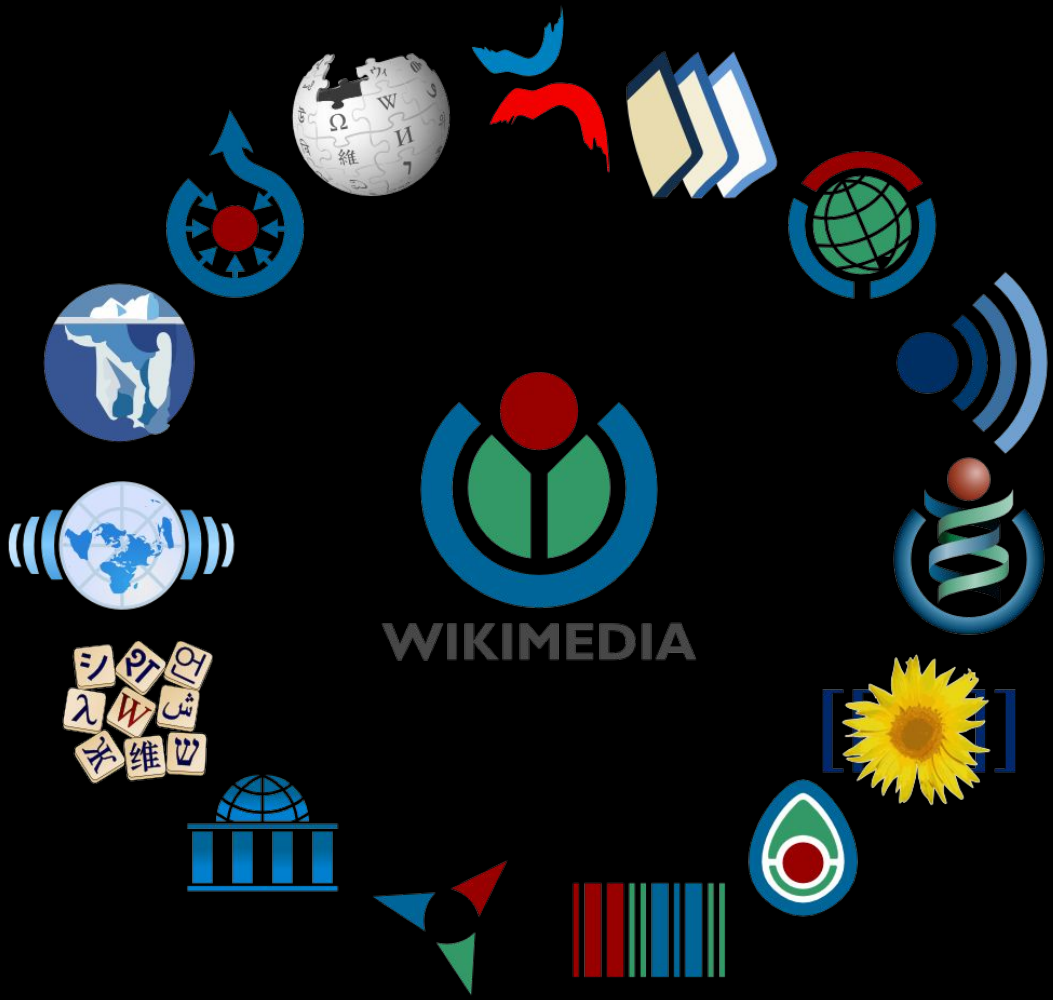
Brussels
2016-10-16

WIKIMEDIA SVERIGE

bit.ly/wmse-WFD2


WIKIMEDIA

WIKIMEDIA

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WIKIMANÍA 15
THE BEATLES

Reliability of Wikipedia

"Wikipedia hoaxes" redirects here. For a list of hoaxes that have occurred on Wikipedia, see Wikipedia:List of hoaxes on Wikipedia.

The **reliability of Wikipedia** (primarily of the English-language edition), compared to other encyclopedias and more specialized sources, has been assessed in many ways, including statistically, through comparative review, analysis of the historical patterns, and strengths and weaknesses inherent in the editing process unique to Wikipedia.[1] Recent incidents of conflicted editing, and the use of Wikipedia for 'revenge editing' (inserting false, defamatory or biased statements into biographies) have attracted frequent publicity.[2][3]

Vandalism of a Wikipedia article. The section on the left is the normal, undamaged version; and on the right is the edited, damaged version.

An early study in the journal *Nature* said that in 2005, Wikipedia's scientific articles came close to the level of accuracy in *Encyclopædia Britannica* and had a similar rate of "serious errors".[4] The study by *Nature* was disputed by *Encyclopædia Britannica*,[5] and later *Nature* replied to this refutation with both a formal response and a point-by-point rebuttal of *Britannica*'s main objections.[6] Between 2008 and 2012, articles in medical and scientific fields such as pathology,[7] toxicology,[8] oncology,[9] pharmaceuticals,[10] and psychiatry[11] compared Wikipedia to professional and peer reviewed sources and found that Wikipedia's depth and coverage were of a high standard. Concerns regarding readability were raised in a study published by the American Society of Clinical Oncology[12] and a study published in *Psychological Medicine* (2012),[11] while a study published in the *European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology* raised concerns about reliability.[13]

Wikipedia is open to anonymous and collaborative editing, so assessments of its reliability usually include examination of how quickly false or misleading information is removed. An early study conducted by IBM researchers in 2003—two years following Wikipedia's establishment—found that "vandalism is usually repaired extremely quickly—so quickly that most users will never see its effects"[14] and concluded that Wikipedia had "surprisingly effective self-healing capabilities".[15]

Several incidents have also been publicized in which false information has lasted for a long time in Wikipedia. In May 2005, an

Notability in the English Wikipedia

For other uses, see Notability (disambiguation).
For Wikipedia's guideline on notability, see Wikipedia:Notability.

In the context of the English version of the online encyclopedia Wikipedia, **notability** is an editorial metric to determine topics meriting a dedicated encyclopedia article.[1] Its application is described in the guideline Wikipedia:Notability.

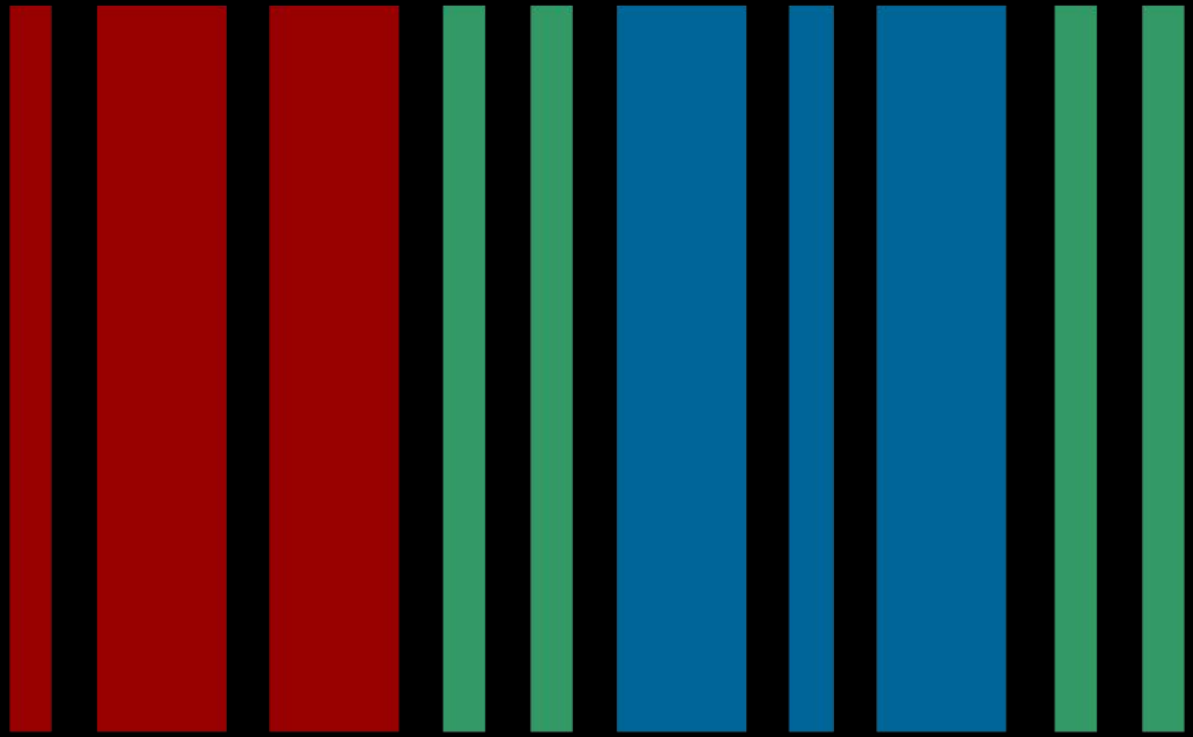
In general, notability is an attempt to assess whether the topic has "gained sufficiently significant attention by the world at large and over a period of time"[1][2] as evidenced by significant coverage in reliable secondary sources that are independent of the topic.[3]

Contents

History

The language of the criterion was modified and adapted to produce notability guidance in specific subject areas, before being introduced into the proposed notability guideline in September 2006. In response to growing concerns in 2006 about issues specifically affecting biographies of living persons, Wikipedia co-founder Jimmy Wales introduced a notability criterion via the core policy of "What Wikipedia Is Not". Wales commented that "I added Wikipedia is not a newspaper and especially not a tabloid newspaper and that we… attempt to make some sort of judgment about the long term historical notability of something…".[4] The criterion was subsequently refined into this Notability guideline;[*citation needed*] Wales was unsure if the policy changes would be accepted, but within weeks the policy had been "refined, copyedited, and extended to include heuristics for determining long-term notability".[4]

Government collaborations



WIKIDATA

WIKIDATA

A knowledge base which is:

- Open
- Collaborative
- Multilingual
- Secondary

European Environment Agency

Agency overview	
Formed	30 October 1993
Jurisdiction	European Union
Headquarters	Copenhagen, Denmark 55°40′52″N 12°35′12″E
Agency executives	Hans Bruyninckx, Executive Director Elisabeth Freytag-Rigler, Chairwoman of Management Board
Key document	Regulation (EC) No 401/2009
Website	www.eea.europa.eu

Europäische Umweltagentur
EUA

Die EEA am Kongens Nytorv 6 in Kopenhagen

Englische Bezeichnung	European Environment Agency
Französische Bezeichnung	Agence européenne pour l'environnement
Dänische Bezeichnung	Det Europæiske Miljøagentur
Organisationsart	Agentur der Europäischen Union
Status	Einrichtung des europäischen öffentlichen Rechts mit eigener Rechtspersönlichkeit
Sitz der Organe	Kopenhagen, Dänemark
Vorsitz	Hans Bruyninckx
Gründung	1990

www.eea.europa.eu

Europeiska miljöbyrån (Q632988)

Agency of the European Union *engelska* redigera

European Environmental Agency | European Environment Agency | EEA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officiell webbsida http://www.eea.europa.eu/ redigera

▸ 2 referenser

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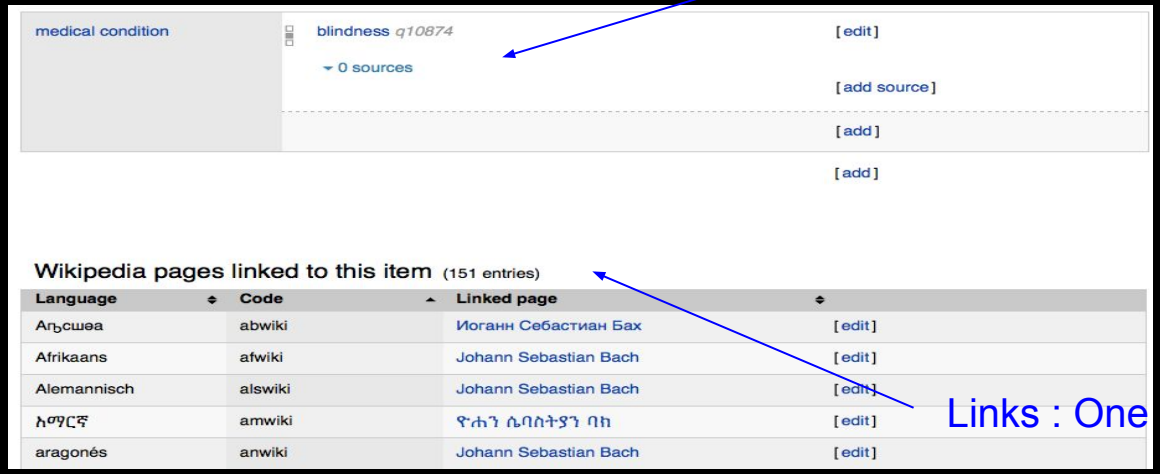
Label : One per item, per language

Item ID: one unique identifier “Qxxx” per item

Description : One per item, per language

Alias : Multiple per item, per language

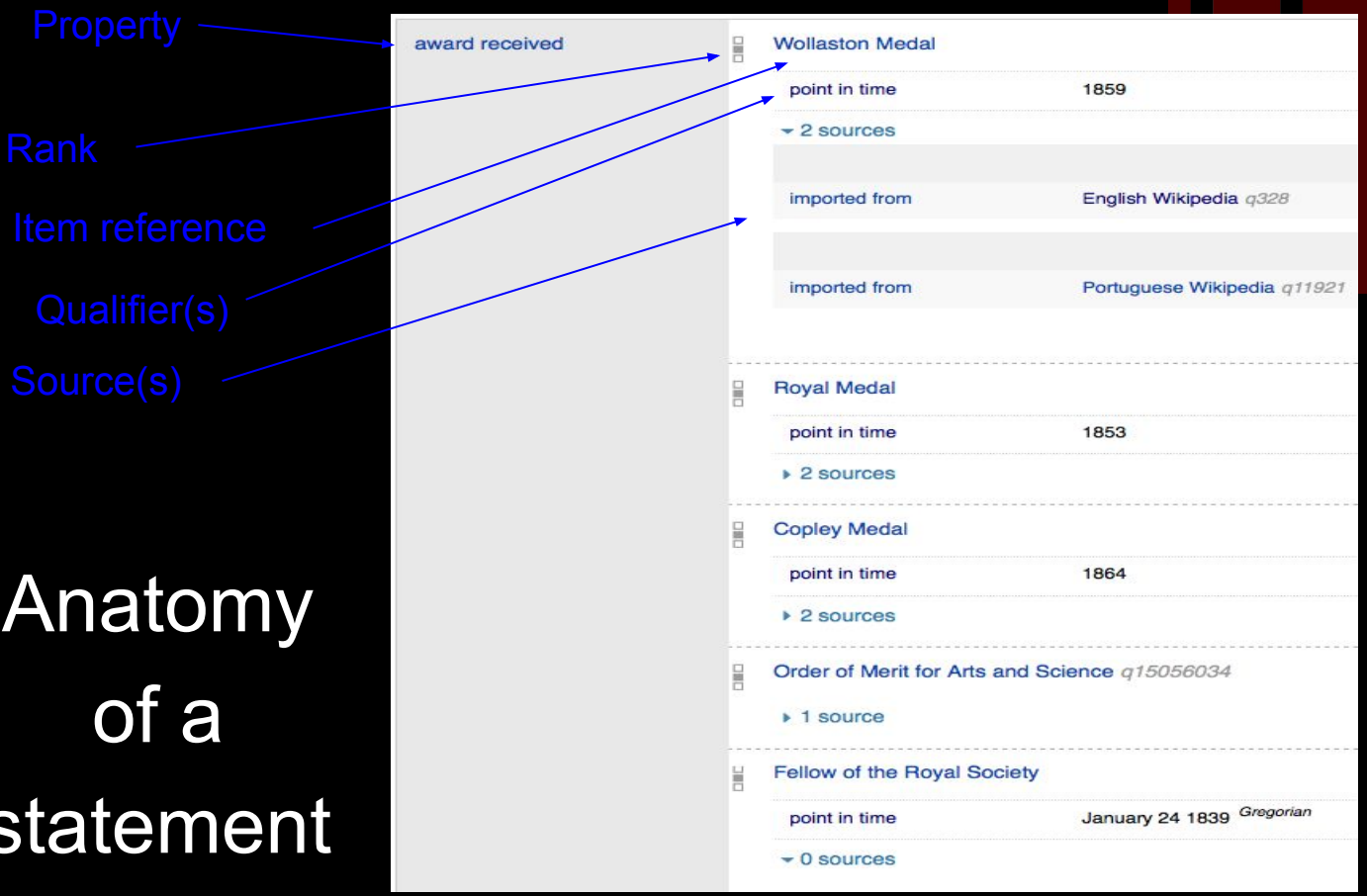
Statements : Multiple per item, per property



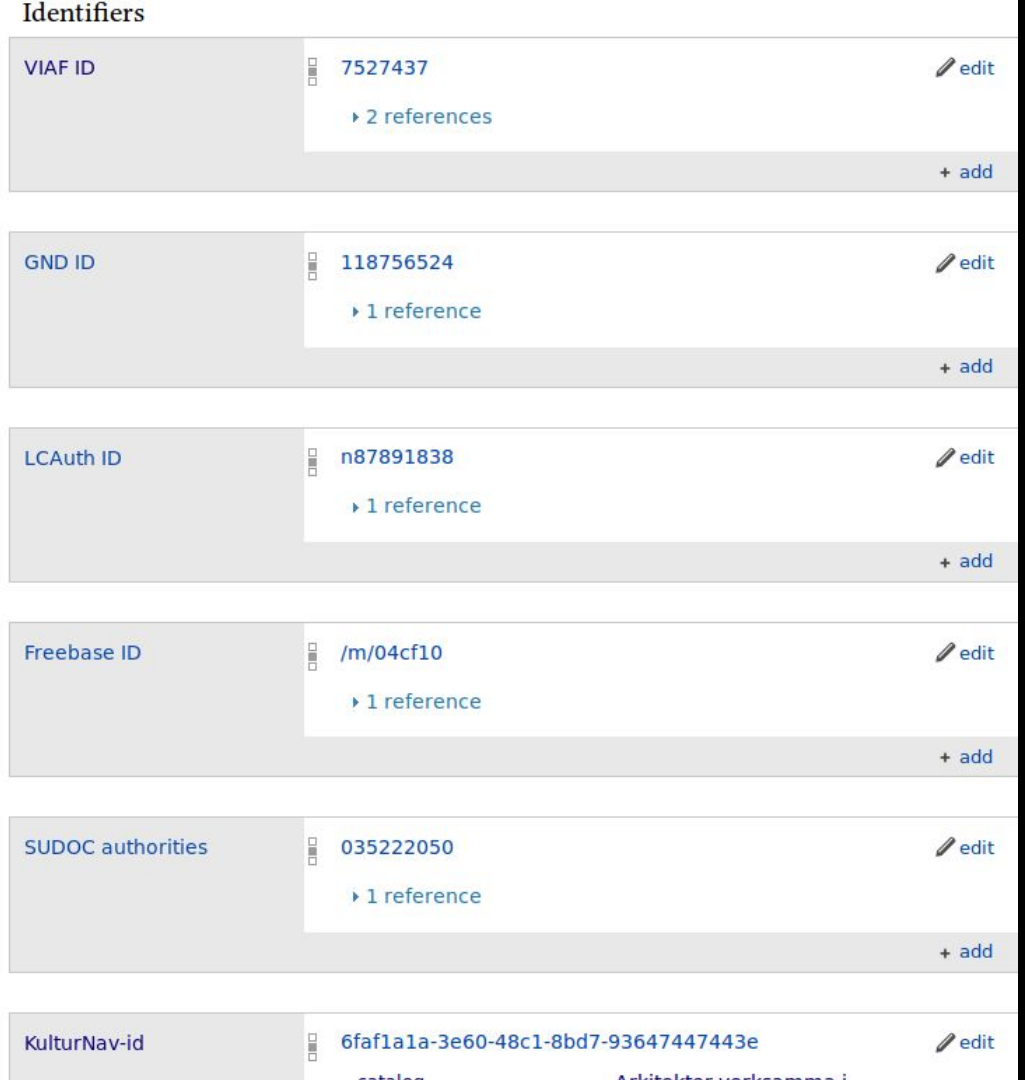
Anatomy of an item

Links : One per item, per language/project

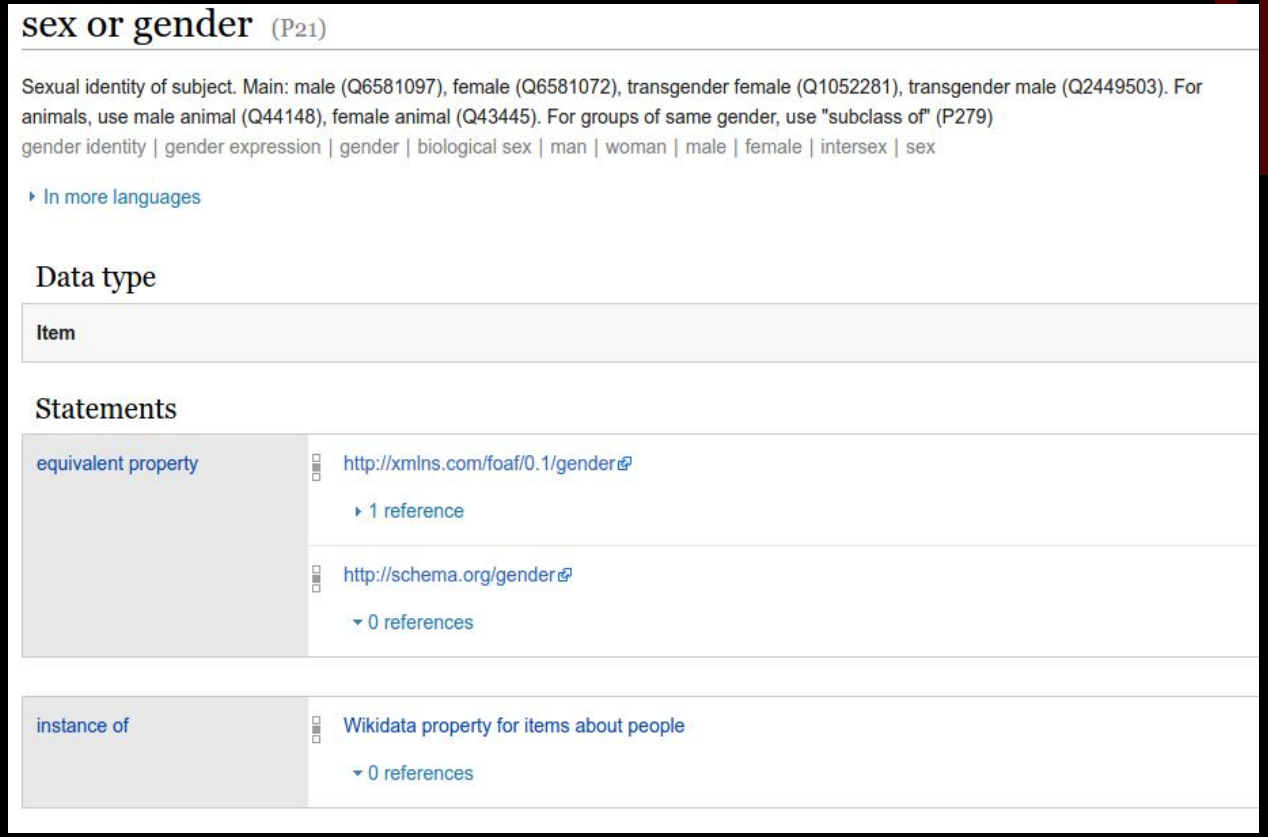
Anatomy of a statement



Referenced statements



A hub for identifiers



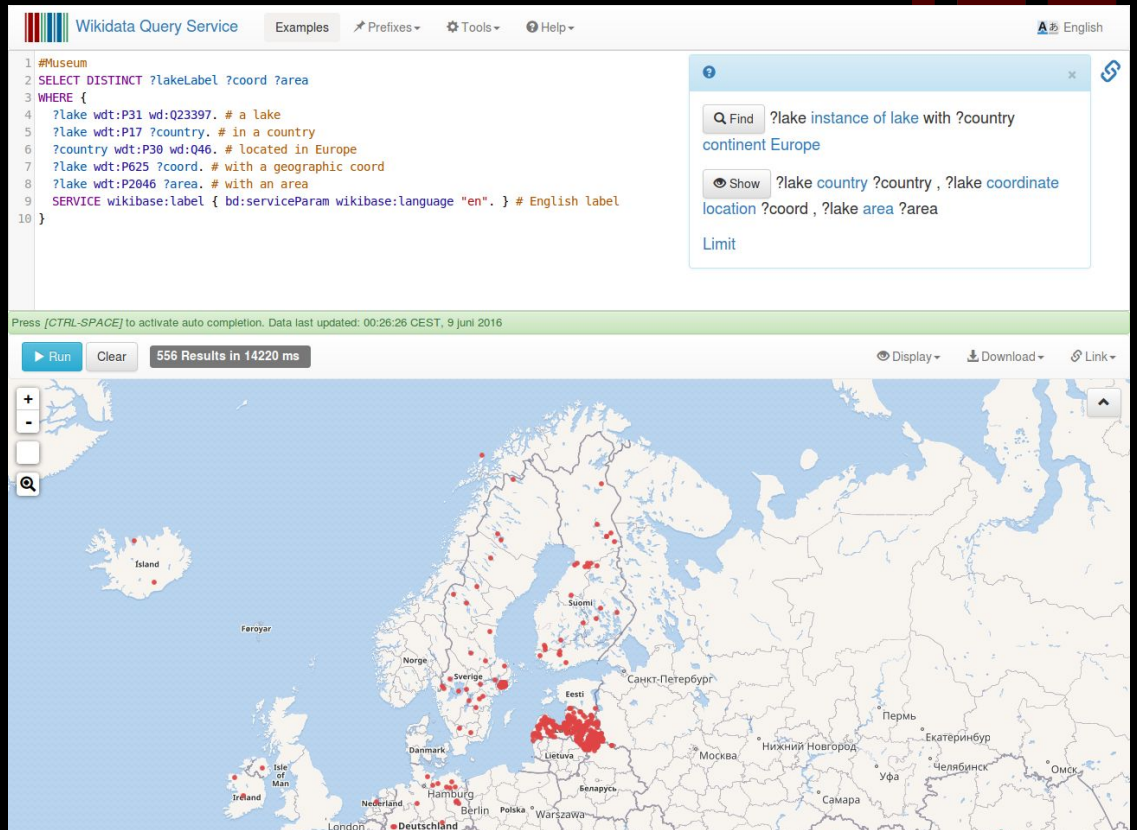
Everything is editable*

*almost

24,000,000 items
100,000,000 statments

All under a CC0 license

query.wikidata.org



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Vorsitz	Hans Bruyninckx
Gründung	1990

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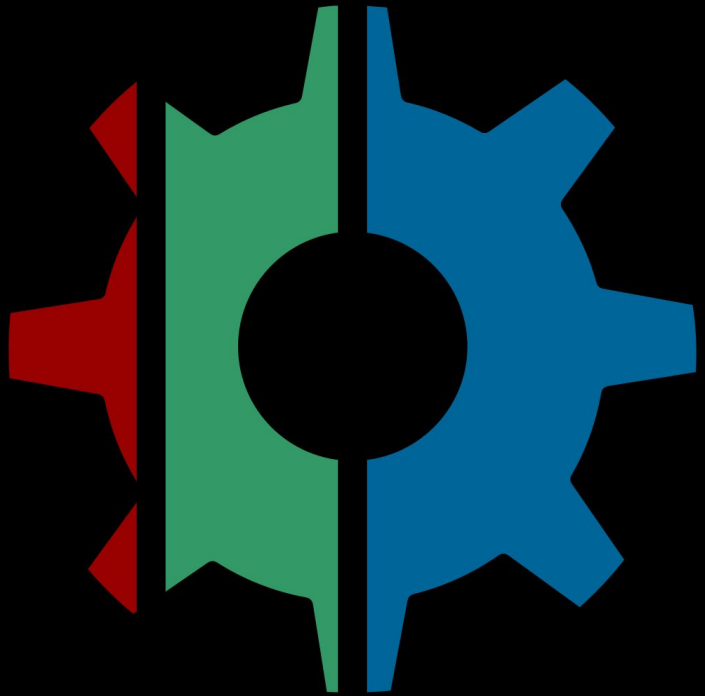
What is in it for you/us?

Putting Wikidata and
WFD data to work



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- Wikidata - SPARQL endpoint
- Wikidata - Contributing data
- Demo entry