MINUTES OF MEETING OF THE CONDISSION OF FINE ARTS Held in Washington, D.C., March 24, 1948.

The sixth meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts during the fiscal year 1948 was held in its office in the Interior Department Building on Wednesday, March 24, 1948. The following members were present:

Mr. Clarke, Chairman,

Mr. Finley.

Ir. Aldrich,

Mr. Reinhard,

Mr. Sterne.

Mr. Murphy,

Mr. Lawrie,

also H. P. Caemmerer, Secretary and

Administrative Officer,

The meeting was called to order at 9:30 a.m.

- 1. APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF PRECEDING NEETING: The Minutes of the Meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts, held on February 18, 1948, were approved.
- 2. DESIGN FOR KEY MANSION MARKER: Mr. H. T. Thompson, Assistant
 Superintendent, National Capital Parks, submitted a design for a small triangular
 park area to mark the site of the Francis Scott Key Mansion on the west side
 of the New Bridge, near M Street. In addition to a standard National Park
 Service marker (heretofore approved by the Commission of Fine Arts), there is
 to be a flagpole on which is to be flown the United States Flag of 15 stars and
 15 stripes, which was in use when Key wrote the Star Spangled Banner in
 1814. The Commission approved the plans (Exhibit A).
- 3. LANDSCAPE PLANS FOR THE WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS: Mr. Harry T. Thompson,
 Assistant Superintendent, National Capital Parks, submitted two landscape
 and planting plans for the White House Grounds. These were inspected by
 Mr. Clarke, and on his recommendation the Commission approved:
 - (a) Plan N.C.P. 14.3-149, for the North Lawn area
 - (b) Plan N.C.P. 14.3-146 for the East Wing Lawn area.

A report was sent to Mr. Thompson accordingly (Exhibit B).

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- 4. DESIGNS FOR NEW COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS ON SIXTRENTH STREET: The Commission ratified the action of the Chairman with regard to a letter sent to Mr. John Nolen of the Board of Zoning Adjustment (Exhibit C) approving architectural designs for (a) a 4-story office building for the Motion Picture Association of America (proposed to be situated at the southwest corner of 16th and I Streets); and (b) an 8-story general purpose office building, with space for a bank on the first floor (proposed to be situated at the southwest corner of 16th and K Streets), concerning which certain changes were recommended.
- 5. PAINTINGS BY CEZANNE: Mr. Clarke brought to the attention of the Commission a copy of an extract of a Will (received from Mr. William Adams Delano) offering several paintings by Cezanne for placing either in the White House or the American Embassy in Paris, or else sold (Exhibit D).

The matter was referred to Commissioner Finley for report at the next meeting.

- 6. SOUTH PORTICO OF THE MHITE HOUSE: Mr. Clarke presented an extract from a letter which he received from Mr. Woodford Patterson, retired Secretary of Cornell University, now living in Newark Valley, New York, commenting on the second-floor porch of the South Portico of the White House (Exhibit E).
- 7. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH DEVELOPMENT: Mr. A. S. Thorn, Assistant Supervising Architect, accompanied by Mr. C. David Persina, Chief, Design Division, and Mr. S. E. Janders, Chief Jite Planner, Public Buildings Administration, submitted progress plans for the development of the National Institute of Health, at Bethesda, Md. They had largely to do with the design of the roadway system for the grounds in particular relation to sites for new buildings. Mr. Sanders explained the preliminary studies.

The Commission approved (a) the general layout of roads, as shown in the preliminary studies, as well as (b) the sites for the proposed new buildings.

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It was indicated that the proposed new Hospital and Research Laboratory is to be located on the axis of the Administration Building of the old group.

A report was sent to Commissioner Reynolds (Exhibit F).

8. CREAT FLAZA DEVELORMENT: Mr. A. S. Thorn, Assistant Supervising Architect, accompanied by C. David Persina, Chief, Division of Design, and Mr. S. E. Sanders, Chief Site Flanner, of the Public Buildings Administration, presented several schemes for the development of the Great Plaza in the "Triangle" south of Pennsylvania Avenue opposite the Department of Commerce.

Scheme No.1 suggested parking space for 751 cars; scheme No.2 suggested parking space for 1195 automobiles, which is about the number parked on the Plaza at the present time; and Scheme No.3 suggested parking space for 1794 automobiles on two levels.

The Commission considered each of the plans. Nr. Finley expressed regret that an open-air garage has been planned for the Creat Plaza, which originally was intended as a park space to be used for passive recreation and accordingly landscaped appropriately.

Lieut. Col. Lavonne I. Cox, and Lieut. Col. Vernon A. Shurm, Assistants to the Engine er Commissioner, and Walter T. Vanaman, Assistant Director, Motor Vehicle Parking Agency, District of Columbia, were present and set forth the need of parking space for automobiles in the Central Area of Washington.

Major General U. S. Grant III, Chairman of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, reported that at a recent meeting his Commission had agreed to accept Scheme No.2, provided the Commission of Fine Arts concurred. He spoke of the Plan for the Great Plaza at the time it was adopted in 1926, and said he felt the Government had made appropriate use of the "Triangle" since only six-story buildings were built; commercially developed, the buildings would have been 10 to 12 stories high, and consequently even more parking space would have been required.

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After careful consideration, the Commission recommended that further study be given to Scheme No.2, so as to preserve a mall in the form of a central turf panel not less than 140 feet wide easterly from the Oscar Straus Memorial Fountain. A report was sent to Commissioner Reynolds accordingly (Exhibit G).

A proposed arrangement for a bus terminal at the east end of the Great Plaza was agreed to, and will be indicated on the new drawing.

9. AMERICAN CELETERIES IN EUROPE: Brig. Gen. Thomas North, Secretary of the American Battle Monuments Commission, in company with Mr. John F. Harbeson, Architectural Consultant, submitted several designs for American Cemeteries, together with certain architectural elements, including chapels, all in connection with World War II in Europe. Before considering architectural drawings, Mr. Harbeson requested advice concerning sculptors and painters for several of the cemetery chapels, and the following named were approved:

The Commission approved Malvina Hoffman as sculptor for collaboration with Delano & Aldrich; and either Eugene Savage or Allyn Cox as mural painters.

The Commission approved Carl Milles as sculptor for collaboration with Holabird & Root, architects.

The Commission approved Theeler Tilliams as sculptor for collaboration with Perry, Shaw & Hepburn, architects.

The Commission considered revised designs submitted by Holabird & Root for the American Cemetery at Henri Chapelle. The Commission were in accord with the plans and elevation and with the general conception of the sculpture as shown on the architects' drawings. However, before approving the plans, the Commission felt there should be an agreement between the architects and the sculptor, Carl Milles, since the sculptural elements form so integral a part of the composition.

The Commission considered designs for the St. James Cemetery Chapel, and

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gave general approval to the same (Mr. Aldrich not voting), with the suggestion that the windows in the west facade be omitted and sculptural relief substituted for the windows over the entrance. The designs are to be resubmitted.

A Report was sent to General North (Exhibit H):

10. TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SCLDIER, WORLD WAR II: Brig. Gen. G. W. Horkan, in charge of the Memorial Division, Office of the Quartermaster Ceneral, War Department, in company with Mr. W. M. Hines, Public Information Officer, and others of that Office, conferred with the Commission on the subject of a Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, World War II, for which legislation has been enacted by Congress, as follows:

Public Law 429, 79th Congress. An Act
To provide for the burial in the Memorial Amphitheater of the
National Cemetery at Arlington, Virginia, of the remains of an unknown
American who lost his life while serving overseas in the armed forces
of the United States during the Second Morld War.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Mar is authorized and directed (1) to cause to be brought to the United States the remains of an American who lost his life while serving overseas in the armed forces of the United States, during the Second Morld Mar, and whose identity has not been established; and (2) to provide for the burial, with appropriate ceremonies of such unknown American in the Memorial Amphitheater of the National Cemetery at Arlington, Virginia, near or beside the reamins of the Unknown American Soldier of the First World War.

Sec.2. There is authorized to be appropriated such sum as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act. Approved June 24, 1946.

General Horkan said: "After World War I, an unknown soldier was selected and the body was transported to Washington and buried in the Cemetery at Arlington. There was erected, of course, a very suitable and beautiful memorial. These gentlemen had a great deal to do with that.

We are faced now with the same problem after World Mar II. There has been a bill passed by the Congress providing for the selection and return to this country to be interred or reinterred in Arlington an unknown seldier. The selection of that soldier will not/quite as simple this time as it was last time.

On V-J Day we had some three hundred thousand dead buried in 454 cemeteries scattered in 86 countries throughout the world. The time of the selection of this body and the time it will be brought back to Mashington are highly improbable.

We have some 20,000 unidentified bodies in our possession now. We are using every

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scientific means to identify/bodies. Consequently, we cannot bring a body back to Washington to be buried as an unknown soldier until we have exhausted every means known to identify those that are now unknown. The time element is very problematic.

Now, as to the question of where he is to be buried, the law provides that he will be buried in Arlington, and the law states it is to be at the side or near the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of World War I. That is going to present some architectural problems and some engineering problems.

We have developed no plan to date on this burial. Consequently, we have nothing to present to you in a concrete manner. However, we did want to discuss with you informally the matter and to give you some of the views that have been advanced. One is that the World War II Unknown would be interred right beside the existing monument of the tomb of the World War I Unknown. That has certain advantages in that you would be able to use the existing tomb for the two by simply changing the inscription.

Other theories or other plans have been advanced, namely, to go probably back of the existing tomb and reinter the body very closely to the existing one, and, again, the tomb oculd be used to commemorate both bodies.

Chairman Clarke remarked, "General, measured in terms of sentiment and not architecture (because that is a measure of the matter) would it be your judgment that the public would be most sympathetic to that idea of having the Unknown Soldier of World "ar II buried next to the Unknown Soldier of World War I? . . . "

General Horkan replied, "We have thought about it, but this is going to be a public relations problem more than really an architectural problem. Consequently, anything that we do from a public relations standpoint must have the blessing of this group. In other words, it must be at least architecturally right before it can be all right from a public relations standpoint. It is going to be a wide-open question, and, as a matter of fact, this is the first time we have discussed it. . . "

It was pointed out that a World War II Monument would have to be the equal of the World War I Monument, and be in a location comparable to it.

Chairman Clarke said the Commission would visit the fomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington and give careful consideration to the problem.

11. INSCRIPTION ON THE STATUT OF NATION HALE: The Commission inspected the inscription of the statue of Nathan Hale, which had been gilded by George M. O'Toole, 818-18th Street, N.W., Washington. Ar. Lawrie considered the work satisfactory. However, he expressed regret that the inscription had been sandblasted instead of carved.

The Secretary reported that the statue is to be dedicated on Sunday, April 18th.

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12. OCJUPATION SHRVICE LEDAL FOR THE NAVY: Under date of March 23, 1948, the following letter was received from the Acting Secretary of the Navy, Honorable John N. Brown:

There is transmitted a plaster model of the obverse of a proposed Occupation Service Medal to be used by the Navy, the reverse to be identical with the reverse of the China Service Medal.

The design of the obverse was prepared by Mr. Thomas Hudson Jones of the Heraldic Section of the Office of the Quartermaster General, U.S.Army.

This model is submitted for your comments as to the merits of the design under the provisions of Executive Order No.3524, of July 28, 1921."

The Commission inspected the model; Lr. Lawrie gave it particular attention. The obverse showed Neptune rising from the sea and pointing to the occupation area.

The Commission disapproved the model. It seemed to the Commission that the figure of Neptune resembles a portrait rather than a mythological character and that his posture with outstretched arm and hand seems awkward. Also, the lettering on the obverse did not conform to that on the reverse.

The Commission suggested that Mr. Jones be requested to make two or three pencil sketches for a new model. These would be brought to the attention of the members of the Commission, during the absence of Chairman Clarke in Durope. Mr. Clarke said he would return from France by the end of April.

A report was sent to Acting Secretary of the Navy Brown (Exhibit I).

- of art, submitted by Director Wenley at the Freer Gallery and approved them.

 (Exhibit J)
- 14. NEXT LEMTING OF THE COLLISSION: The Commission decided to hold their next meeting in Washington on Friday, May 7, 1948.

The Commission adjourned at 4:30 p.m. After luncheon at the National Callery of Art, the Commission were invited by Ir. Finley to inspect the Exhibition of paintings from Germany on display there. Thereupon the Commission went to the Arlington National Cemetery to see the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

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The Commission of Fine Arts Washington

March 25, 1948.

Dear Mr. Thompson:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at there meeting on March 24, 1948, approved a design which you submitted for an historic marker, including flagpole, to commemorate the site of the Francis Scott Key Mansion.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Mr. Harry T. Thompson,
Assistant Superintendent,
National Capital Parks,
National Park Service,
Department of the Interior,
Washington, D. C.

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For the Commission of Pine orts:

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r. Marry T. Thoroson, essistant ouperintenct of, Kathonal Capital Purks, I athonal Park Service, Department of the Interior, Capington, D. C.

The Commission of Fine Arts Washington

March 25, 1948.

Dear Mr. Thompson:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on March 24, 1948, inspected the plans which you submitted for planting and landscape improvements of the White House Grounds.

The Commission approved plan, N.C.P. 14.3-149 for the North Lawn; also Plan N.C.P. 14.3-145 for the East Wing.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke,
Chairman.

Mr. Harry T. Thompson,
Assistant Superintendent,
National Capital Park,
National Park Service,
Department of the Interior,
Washington, D. C.

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For the Commission of Time Arts:

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The Commission of Fine Arts

Washington

March 1, 1948.

Mr. John Nolen, Jr.
Director of Planning
National Capital Park and Planning
Commission
Washington 25, D. C.

Subject: 16th Street Office Buildings

Dear Mr. Nolen,

Mr. Caemmerer has referred to me your letter of February 26th with which you submitted, for the consideration of this Commission, plans for (a(a 4-story office building for the Motion Picture Association of America (proposed to be situated at the south west corner of 16th and I Streets), and (b) an 8-story general purpose office building with space for a bank on the first floor (proposed to be situated at the south west corner of 16th and K Streets). The Commission are pleased to give consideration to these matters, upon the request of the Board of Zoning Adjustment and the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, inasmuch as the development of 16th Street is of such vital concern to the National Capital.

Inasmuch as you desire prompt action in these matters I have not held these two submissions over for the next meeting of the Commission, but rather taken them up informally with architect members. Our recommendations follow.

Office Building for the Motion Picture Association:

The plans prepared by Mr. Aymar Embury call for a building eminently satisfactory in design, one which will serve to embellish 16th Street in a manner thorcughly appropriate and in accord with the best standards of architectural design. The Committee of Architects of the Commission of Fine Arts and the Chairman recommend to the Board of Zoning Adjustment and to the National Capital Park and Planning Commission that the plans for this building be approved.

Office Building 16th and "K" Street:

This proposed building, from plans by Robert Scholz, is to be located diagonally opposite the Hotel Statler, The Committee of Architects of the Commission of Fine Arts and the Chairman recommend to the Board of Zoning Adjustment and to the National Capital Park and Planning Commission that the plans for this building be approved subject, however, to the following:

- 1. That the principle material of construction be limestone.
- 2. That the granite base and granite trim around the two entrances be of a light color (Chelmsford pink or equal granite).
- 3. That the projecting or overhanging metal sheds at the two entrances be omitted.
- 4. That a belt-course of satisfactory design be carried around the building just below the first facor windows, as indicated on the sketch and as shown in section on the "K" Street elevation only.

Very truly yours,
Gilmore D. Clarke,
Chairman.

P.S. Plans returned herewith

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To G.D.C.

from Wm. Adams Delano 3/12/48

Paragraph Seven: My daughter Matilda Sofia shall be allowed to retain for her use and enjoyment throughout her life, or so long in her lifetime as she may wish to my paintings by the great French master Cezanne. I give and bequeath, at the death of my said daughter, indifferently as to whether she survive or predecease me, eight of these my paintings by Cezanne, and these the most valuable, to the President of the United States of America and his successors in office for the adornment of the White House at Washington. The President, or his delegate shall choose these said eight paintings from among the number in my possession. These paintings should be placed in one or more rooms of the White House in which there are no other paintings. The bottom of the canvas should be at the height of about m: 1.70 from the floor. The pictures should be at a distance from one another, and so placed in relation to the furniture as to seem like pictures in the wall: - windows displaying views of the outside. No ropes, or other means by which they are fixed or held in their places should be left visible. Shown in this way and with due attention to the colour or colours on the walls, and not elsewhere in this room (or rooms) these pictures will be seen to possess a docorative value of the highest order. Should the President refuse this said gift and bequest I in this event, with the same reservations as stated hereinabove, give and bequeath these said eight pictures to the United States of America for the adornment of the building occupied by the Embassy of the Up S. A. in Paris. And should this last said offer meet with rejection, I in this event order and direct that these eight pictures shall be sold at public auction in the City of New York and the money resulting from this sale shall be accounted for as belonging to the rest, residue and remainder of my possessions held or existing outside the Kingdom of Italy.

HENRY MOSES

Lawyer, Co-Trustee

Charles Loeser of Florence, Italy.

EXHIBIT D

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nother, and so placed in relation to the furniture as to seen the fictures in the all: - mindows displaying views of the outside. To ropes, or other means or which hey are fixed or held in their places thought be loft visible. Sham in this way and with mie attention to the colour or solours on the walls, and wit else introdu this room (or rooms) those pictures will be seen to possess a docor tiv value of the highest order, thould the Freeident refuse this said gift and bequest I in this event, "ith the same received to stated hereinspove, give and bequeath spess said eight victures to the United States of smerrica for the adsrmaent of the publishing corupted by the Malasing of the data. I. in Paris. ad should this list laid offer west with rejection, I in this svent order and direct that brose et mi bictures shall be sold at sucies and so in the she share of new York and the sone resulting from side shall be encounted for as belonging to the rest, restone and remainder of my possessions held or emisting outsine the inguou of bulg.

Lawrer, Co-Trust

Tharles Prodes of Choresca, Italy.

The Commission of Fine Arts

February 29, 1948.

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Caemmerer.

The following is suggested to be included in the Minutes of the next meeting of the Commission:

"I quote from a letter I received from Woodford Patterson, Esq., retired Secretary of Cornell University, now living in Newark Valley, N.Y.:

"The picture of President Truman's back porch, which the A.P. sent out 3 weeks ago, proved the truth of what the Commission of Fine Arts had said in its disapproval of this project, namely, that it would dwarf and distort the noble columns of the south portico. Against their clean uprightness, as now can be seen, this perverse in-trusion of horizontal beam and railing is a restless disfigurement of what had been a composed unit of design. The antiquarian's objection to meddling with a cherished historic monument may seem only sentimental and vulgat. But every lover of simple beauty ought to condemn this selfish display of bad taste."

Gilmore D. Clarke.

EXHIBIT E

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interest in 101: Mr. Garanerer.

The following is suggested to be included in the Minutes of the next meeting of the Commission:

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Gilmore D. Clarke.

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The Commission of Fine Arts Washington

March 25, 1948,

Dear Mr. Reynolds:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on March 24, 1948, considered "progress plans" submitted by your Office, particularly with reference to roadway lay-out, and change in location of some of the proposed buildings.

The Commission approved the plans, it being understood they are preliminary.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Hon. W. E. Reynolds, Commissioner, Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency, Washington, D.C,

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Dear ifr. Reynolds:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on Marca 24, 1948, considered "progress plans" submitted by your Office, particularly with reference to roadway lay-out, and charge in location of the proposed buildings.

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Tilmore D. Jares,

Hon. M. J. Reynolds, Commissioner, Public Puildings & Aministration, Pederal Horks Agency, Parkington, T.G.

The Commission of Fine Arts Washington

March 25, 1948.

Dear Mr. Reynolds:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on March 24, 1948, considered schemes (Nos. 1, 2 and 3) submitted by your Office for a proposed plan of development of the Great Plaza in the "Triangle" south of Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite the Department of Commerce building.

The Commission noted with regret that the schemes suggest a continuance of the use of the Great Plaza for the parking of many automobiles. But while the need of parking space in the Central Area of Washington is recognized, the Commission believe it possible to prepare a design that will have combined with it both landscape treatment and parking features. However, the Commission disapprove Scheme 3, with its proposed one-story projection, to provide in all for 1,794 automobiles in the Great Plaza.

The Commission recommend a restudy of Scheme 2, so designed as to preserve a mall in the form of a central panel east of the Oscar Straus Memorial Fountain. It is understood that this will limit the number of automobiles to slightly less than 1,000.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman,

Honorable W. E. Reynolds, Commissioner, Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency, Washington, D. C. The Commission Time Inte

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Dear Ir. Termolds:

The Commission of Pine Arts, so their meeting on Narch 24, 1945, considered schemes (Nos. 1, 2 and 3) submitted by your Office for a projessed plan of development of the Prest Plans in the "Triangle" south of Fennsylvania Ivenue, appealte the Department of Commerce building.

The arriasion notes with regret the soleman suggest of continuance of the use of the freat Place for the meriting of many automobiles. But while the need of parting soles is the dentral red of Cashington is recognized, the continuation is selected to prepare a destination will have combined with it with landscape treatment and parting features, however, the lognistic disastrove determs 3, with its proposed one—story projection, to partine in all for 1.79th automobiles in the freeze flare.

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C O P Y

MARCH 30, 1948

Dear General North.

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on March 24, 1948, were pleased to consider with you and with Mr. Harbeson, Consulting Architect, further drawings for the American Cemeteries of World War II in Europe.

The Commission approve Malvina Hoffman, Sculptress, for collaboration with Delano & Aldrich, architects; and either Eugene Savage or Allyn Cox as mural painter.

The Commission approve Wheeler Williams, Sculptor, for collaboration with Perry, Shaw & Hepburn, architects. The selection of Rrancis Scott Bradford, mural painter, has been held in abeyance pending the submission of samples of his work.

The Commission do not approve Janet de Coux, Sculptress; it is suggested that Voorhees, Walker, Foley and Smith, Architects, submit the names of other sculptors for consideration.

With regard to the revised designs submitted by Holabird and Root for the American Cemetery at Henri Chapelle, the Commission of Fine Arts are pleased with the plans and elevation at the scale submitted and with the general conception of the sculpture as shown; the Commission believe, however, that the sculptural elements form such an important and integral a part of the composition that an understanding between the architects and the sculptor in this matter is deemed necessary before approval of the preliminary designs may be given.

With regard to the designs for the St. James Cemetery Chapel, by William T. Aldrich, Architect, the Commission (Mr. Aldrich not voting) give general approval to the designs, with the suggestion that the windows in the west facade be omitted. The Commission favor the introduction of sculptural bas-relief over the entrance doorway. Resubmission of this design is desired.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Brig General Thomas North, Secretary American Battle Monuments Commission Pentagon Building Washington, D. C. Sincerely yours, /sgd/ Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman

A O O

MARCH 30, 1948

Dear General North,

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on Larch 24, 1948, were pleased to consider with you and with Mr. harbeson, Consulting Architect, further drawings for the American Cometaries of World Mar II in Europe.

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for the Commission of Pine Arts:

Brig General Thomas North, Secretary American Battle Vonaments Commission Pentagon Building Vashington, D. C.

Sincorely yours, /slw/ Cilmore D. Clarke, JUS coan The Commission of Fime Arts
Washington

March 25, 1948.

Dear Mr. Secretary:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on

March 24, 1948, considered the plaster model of the obverse

of a proposed Occupation Service Medal to be used by the

Navy, submitted with your letter of March 23d.

The model was brought to the particular attention of the Honorable Lee Lawrie, sculptor member of the Commission.

The Commission disapproved the model. The figure of Neptune resembles a portrait rather than a mythological figure and his posture with outstretched arm and hand seems awkward. Also, the lettering on the obverse does not conform to that of the reverse as proposed.

The Commission suggest that the eculptor, Thomas Hudson Jones, be requested to make two or three pencil sketches for a new model. Upon receipt of the sketches, the Commission will give them prompt attention.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Honorable John N. Brown, Acting Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D.C. The Jummission of Time Arts

Larce 25, 19:: *

Dear ir. Lecrobary:

The Commission of Fine arts, at their merting on arrow 24, 1948, considered the plaster wodel of the coverse of a proposed Occupation Vervice medal to be used by the Mary, submitted with your letter of March 230.

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Theore D. Clarie,

Fonerable John M. Brown, Coling Service Sary, Mariangton, L.U.

The Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, The Commission of Fine Arts, and Miss Katharine N. Rhoades, or Mrs. Eugene Meyer, as provided in Paragraph 4 of the Codicil to the Will of the late Charles L. Freer, have examined the following objects:

- 1 Bronze vessel of the type kuang, Chinese, Shang dynasty.
- 1 Bronze animal, Chinese, Late Chou dynasty.
- 1 Bronze vessel of the type hu, Chinese, Chou dynasty.
- 1 Marble carving, Chinese, Shang dynasty.
- 1 Painting, Chinese, Ch'ing dynasty, by Wu Chung-pai tau.
- 1 Manuscript (Mihr & Mushtari), Persian, dated 959.
- 1 Gold Bracelet, Syrian, 10th-11th century,

Which have been recommended for purchase for the Freer Gallery of Art by Mr. A. G. Wenley, Director, and they hereby approve the purchase.

	For	the Regents	of the	Smithsonian	Institution
March 24, 1	948.	Gilmore D.	Clarke,	Chairman	
	Fo	or the Commis	ssi.on of	Fine Arts.	

EXHIBIT J

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The Jegents of the Emithsonian Institution, the Commission of Time Tris, and Miss Katharine M. Phusdes, or Mrs. Sugers Teyer, as provided in Paragraph A of the Godick to the Mil of the idea Charles L. Preer, have exemined the following objects:

- 1 Bronze vecsel of the bronze vecse, hang dynasty.
 - 1 Bronze ariash, Chinese, Lis Chow Cyracty.
 - I Bronze vessel of the type by, Chiesse, Chou rynasty.
 - l Marble carving, Chinose, Shang dynasty.
 - 1 Pair Sing, Chinese, Chiing dynasty, by Nu Shung-pei tau.
 - 1 Hanuscript (Wilm & Bushwari), Persian, deted 959.
 - 1 fold Fragelet, Frian, 10th-11th century,

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the appropriate the territorial residence and the control observe and the cont	For the Logarto of the mitraculan	
Appaired that the control of the con	Filmore U. Clarks. That here	seron 24, 1948.

o TTOIL

MINUTES OF MEETING OF THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Held in Washington, D.C., May 7, 1948.

The seventh meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts, during the fiscal year 1948, was held in its Office in the Interior Department Building on Friday,

May 7, 1948. The following members were present:

Mr. Clarke, Chairman,

Mr. Finley,

Mr. Aldrich,

Mr. Reinhard,

Mr. Murphy,

Mr. Lawrie.

also H. P. Caemmerer, Secretary and

Administrative Officer.

The meeting was called to order at 9:30 a.m.

- 1. APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF PRECEDING MEETING: The Minutes of the Meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts, held on March 24, 1948, were approved.
- 2. PRODUCTION OF MEDALS: Under date of April 3, 1948, the following letter was received from Honorable Workst A. Harness, House of Representatives:

Dear Mr. Caemmerer:

I attach a detailed report from the Secretary of the Navy received in response to my recent inquiry regarding that Department's policy and method of procuring service medals.

Reference to the Commission is made in this instance in view of the fact that the Secretary seems to imply that the Commission has shared in the formulation of policy and standards which preclude procurement from private manufactures.

I shall greatly appreciate it, therefore, if you will fully explain the Commission's viewpoint and position in the matter.

The Secretary indicates that private manufacturers are unable to produce medallic art of quality comparable to that produced by the United States Mint. I naturally assume that the Mint maintains very high standards, but I have the distinct impression that there are private manufacturers equally able to meet any practicable standards. I shall greatly appreciate it, therefore, if you will comment particularly upon that phase of the matter.

Will you please return the attachment with your reply.

Sincerely yours,

Forest A. Harness

The Secretary stated that he acknowledged receipt of the correspondence and then referred copy of it to the members of the Commission for comment.

THE COUNTY OF THE SECOND STREET, STREE Tole in militarton, ower, let !, 1940.

the saventh resting of the Comit sion of Pine ortes, thing the flacal year lary, was nold in its Office in the Interior Department Inilian on Friday, the following members pere wellshi: 187 7, 1840.

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The meeting was colled to order of 9:50 n.m.

The finites of the Deckins 1. APPRIVE OF LUTTE BUT PRECEDENCE VITTE 1. or the Commission of the rete, note on the last, here approved.

E. ISUNDING OF EDELO: Under date of speil 5, 1965, the following letter

una received input compracts Wormest L. Limess, Tours of Sepresentatives;

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I will greatly suggested it, therefore, if you will really emoleta

the Commission's rie with and position in the matter.

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The secretary stated that he adinowhead receipt of the corr sportence

and their referred copy of it to the memorra of the Corminaton for communit,

The Commission discussed the subject and concurred in a report by
Mr. Lawrie. His report was embodied in a letter sent to Congressman
Harness (Exhibit A and B) with enclosure.

3. DAUCHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION OFFICE BUILDING: The firm of Eggers & Higgins, Architects, of New York City, submitted a design for an addition to the Office Building wing of the Daughters of the American Revolution, between Constitution Hall and Continental Hall. It is to be built of limestone to match that part of the existing Office Building.

The Commission inspected the design and approved it (Exhibit C). Later in the day, the Commission visited the D. A. R. buildings and considered the addition in relation to the main buildings.

- 4. SHIPSTEAD-LUCE ACT SURMISSIONS: The Commission advised with regard to the following submissions by the Inspector of Buildings of the District of Columbia:
- (a) Application No.1194. Sign on proposed Hot Shoppe Restaurant at 1623 H Street, N.W. The Commission approved the design to be placed over the main entrance, but requested that the plaques proposed to be placed on the piers, each side of the entrance, be omitted.
- (b) Application No.1193, 2300 Calvert St., N.W. Construction plans for proposed branch bank of the American Security and Trust Company, at this location were inspected. The Commission approved the plans, with the proviso that the lettering shown near the top of the building be removed, for although intended to be a frieze is clearly an advertising sign. The Commission indicated the location of a sign over the main entrance.
- (c) Application No.1185. Sign for the Metrppolitan Bank Building, 613

 15th Street, N.W. The design showed the proposed sign to be 30 feet long
 and 2' 9" high. The Commission disapproved it, since it exceeds the 25 square

Tr. Lawrie. His report was emodied in a litter rent to Congression Larners (Philit 1 and 2) with saclosure.

S. Jaydards OF is tabled at the hors of he washing the firm of derivers a Higgins, architect, or her york dit; submitted a design for an addition to the priise multiing sing of the daughters of the merican flevolution, between Commutation laid and Continents Ital. It is to be built of limistons to match that part of the emisting Chrice Euilding.

The Commission inspireted the modern and approved it (Exhibit 3), Later in the day, the Commission visited the or ballaings and considered the addition in relevior to the main ouldings.

- A. SHIPSTHAD-ANTE NOT COALISTENS: The Commission devised with rejord to the Cherrict of the Cherrict of the Cherrict of the Cherrict of the Cherrich of the Cherry o
 - (a) indication (c.1194. sign on arcrossed Not Scope westermant at lots otreet treet, i.i., we Roradiscon opened the wesign to be placed over the meth entrance, out requests o that the placed to so placed on the piers, each pide of the orithere, se omitted.
- (a) application so, list, sour selection class despending and trust company, at this for proposed oration osal of the Lagric a security and Trust company, at this location were inspected. The commission approved the plans, with the previous tile top of the baileting as recoved, for attaces the total time of the baileting as recoved, for attaces in the security an advertising of the somitation invicated the location of a in over the main entrance.
 - (c) toutiestion No.1125. Sign for the metropolites Book willing, old 15th threat, i.e. The cesten showed the proposed sign to Je 30 fret long on bich. The cesten classoproved it, since it exceeds the MS a quare

foot limit allowed by the Commission in the Shipstead-Luce Act area.

5. DESIGN FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE GREAT PLAZA: Mr. A. S. Thorn, Acting Supervising Architect, Public Buildings Administration, submitted in behalf of that Office a revised design for development of the Great Plaza opposite the Department of Commerce Building. The design was designated as Scheme 2-A, and proposed to provide parking space for 986 automobiles. There are about 1195 cars parked there at the present time.

The design provides for a central grass panel, 140 feet wide, extending eastward from the Oscar Straus Memorial Fountain, lined with trees and shrubbery in addition to the parking spaces. The Commission approved the design, subject to the omission of two roads across the panel, and subject also to the submission of architectural and planting details (Exhibit D).

- 6. PAINTINGS FOR POST OFFICE ANNEX IN SAN FRANCISCO: Mr. A. S. Thorn,
 Afting Supervising Architect, Public Buildings Administration, submitted a
 letter, with photographs (Exhibit E), in behalf of that Office, requesting
 advice as to some mural paintings for the Rincon Annex Post Office at
 San Francisco, California. Specifically, advise was requested as to the
 following questions:
 - (a) Has the artist, by deviating from the approved cartoon, exceeded the license normally permitted him in the development of the final mural?
 - (b) What changes, if any, should be made in this mural which in the Commission's opinion would be a reasonable interpretation of the approved cartoon and still overcome our objections and similar objections expressed locally?

The Commission discussed the subject, and the conclusions reached were embodied in a report to Commissioner Reynolds (Exhibit E-1)

7. DESIGN FOR CHURCH BUILDING: The Secretary submitted a design for a proposed church building of the Second Church of Christ Scientists, to be built at First and C Streets, N.E.

The Commission inspected the design and disapproved it, because of poor

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- (b) Est enampes, if only skelld or made in this level which in the conduction of the light orest certain and still everyone or objection or distinct objections or reason locally?

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design and of a type (a suggested colonial with church steeple) that would be inappropriate adjacent to the Senate Office Building.

The Commission took note of the fact that this church building is designated for the location that has been recommended by the Commission of Fine Arts for the proposed Senate Office Annex, provided for by Public Law 169, 80th Congress. Therefore, the Commission advised that the Senate Office Building Commission be consulted by the Church Building Committee before action is taken with reference to a revised design (Exhibit F).

8. PAINTING OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE: Chairman Clarke stated that he had received a letter from Harry 3. Moskovitz, 6242 Larchwood Avenue, Philadelphia, stating that he wished to be included in the list of painters recommended to paint the portrait of the retiring Secretary of Agriculture, Clinton P. Anderson. A list had been sent to the Department of Agriculture by the Chairman (Exhibit G), in which the Commission concurred.

The Commission reviewed talist of paintings by Mr. Moskovitz, and decided to have his name included among those recommended to paint the portrait of Secretary Anderson. The Department of Agriculture was informed accordingly (Exhibit G-1), as well as Mr. Moskovitz.

9. NAVY OCCUPATION SERVICE MEDAL: Commander Evan T. Shepard, of the Navy Department, in Company with Mr. Arthur DuBois, of the Military Planning Division, War Department, submitted a revised model by Thomas Hudson Jones, sculptor, for the proposed Navy Occupation Service Medal.

Mr. Lawrie inspected the model, and upon his recommendation the Commission approved it (Exhibit H).

Mr.DuBois stated that the date 1945 might have to be omitted, since there were enlistments in 1946. In that event, the Commission suggested that the trident of Neptune could be raised.

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10. MEMORIAL BOOK ON SCULPTURE: The Commission expressed their appreciation to the National Sculpture Society on the publication of the book entitled "Enduring Memory." The Commission felt it should be of real help to committees having to do with War Memorials (Exhibit I)

11. ANDREW W. MELLON MEMORIAL FOUNTAIN: Mr. Finley submitted preliminary sketches for a proposed fountain, to be the gift of residents of the State of Pennsylvania primarily, in memory of the late Andrew W. Mellon, designed by Eggers & Higgins, Architects, of New York City; in accordance with authorization by Congress it is to be placed on the triangle in front of the National Gallery of Art.

Several alternate schemes for sculpture, designed by Sidney Waugh, sculptor, were shown and considered. These received the particular attention of Mr. Lawrie.

A preliminary sketch was tentatively agreed upon, and Mr. Finley said he would advise Mr. Eggers accordingly.

- 12. AMERICAN MILITARY CENETERIES:
- (a) At site of Ancient Carthage, in Tunis, Africa. The Commission considered two schemes prepared by Moore & Hutchins, Architects, of New York City, for an American Military Cemetery at the site of Ancient Carthage in Tunis, Morthern Africa, presented by Brig. Gen. Thomas North, Secretary, and Mr. John F. Harbeson, Consulting Architect, of the American Battle Monuments Commission. Mr. Harbeson explained the drawings by saying:

"In both schemes (marked A and B) there is parking on the far side of the road, and entrance is made through a court. There is an office and records building and a memorial feature. There is a terrace across the top (here) with the chapel projecting so as to overshadow the corner and the museum at one end. There are some kinds of memorial features in there which are not yet studied. The flagpole is placed there (indicating), so it is partly connected with the memorial feature and partly with the graves area below. The terrace is at this place (indicating). The architects treat that as a covered arbor. It is possible that all of this could be left out, because olives do grow there, and it would be

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a means of taking care of that without a lot of expensive planting. It is difficult to realize that mass planting could be had, although there was some grass there.

Chairman Clarke asked, "How far from Carthage is this?"

Mr. Harbeson replied, "It is just outside of Carthage, out it is
in Tunis. The other site we had hoped to get was on the bluff overlooking
the Roman amphitheater. You could see the sea there. The archaeological
people have found marble slabs, etc., at that location and asked us not
to locate there. As to the second site, the archaeological people do
not object to it."

The second scheme (B) indicated a somethat different arrangement of the memorial features.

Continuing, Mr. Harbeson said, "We favored scheme A, the first one, which makes use of the high ground. In the other Scheme (B) a good deal of grading would be necessary to build that up, and it did not seem to pay for itself in what was gained."

Chairman Clarke remarked, "I like the one on the left better (Scheme A), and I liked it better before Mr. Harbeson expressed his opinion that he liked it better. I think it is rather interesting. It sort of reflects the pattern of the old Roman city in a sense, which has some historic significance."

Commenting on the planting, Mr. Harbeson said, "In their treatment of the gardens they have kept very well to what is possible down there in Tunis. In the spring the grass is quite green, but you would never know it in August. While we were there we came upon a grass, called St. Augustine grass, I believe, which does very well in Florida and climates of that type.

Chairman Clarke replied, "Yes, I know what you mean. I still think, however, that you would have to put in an automatic sprinkling system."

Mr. Harbeson stated, "Fortunately there is water in that area."

After consideration of the two schemes, the Commission recommended the adoption of Scheme A(Exhibit J).

(b) Manila, Philippine Islands: Mr. Harbeson said, "This is the largest of the World war II Cemeteries; it is planned for 23,000 graves. It was designed by Gardner A. Dailey, architect, of San Francisco, and is the first one to get away from the rigid acix. The graves are arranged in concentric circles. There are three schemes. The cemetery is about 24 miles out from the center of Manila. Not much can be done in the way

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Cheirman Cherre replies, "Yes, I know fast you reem. I sull think, however,

ir. Marosson at 1901, "Portunetell there is water in the masons."

After consideration of the two echemos, the Jounission recommend the

(b) Menila, Chilipping Tolonds: The Corbosom oil, This is and it of the college o

of grading, because rock comes fairly close to the surface.

"There are three schemes, and we would like to recommend one of them for certain reasons. We come in here (indicating) and the memorials buildings are here, spreading out here, if necessary, around this little knoll. This is the road, here, and it is the main entrance from Manila. The motor traffic would be stopped there (indicating) and from there on the people would walk to the memorial area and to the crosses and only officials would be brought in by motor car. The area has a nice natural promontory. There is an existing memorial growth of trees, because this at one time was a military reservation. It is a quarter of a mile from the graves area to the chapel."

Chairman Clarke remarked, "It would take a pretty huge element of architecture to justify that kind of a wall (calling attention to a wall that would have on it the names of soldiers buried there), wouldn't it?"

Mr. Harbeson replied, "Yes, of course, this being the largest cemetery; and since the appropriation is based on the number of soldiers to be buried, the architect has a very large appropriation to work on. His museum will provide space for 19,000 names, so he will have to have a certain amount of wall space. His thought was that he could put the museum away over there (indicating). It seems a little separated. His idea in this case was to have these things all with roofs but pretty much open underneath so you can go through."

Chairman Clarke said, "My own thought is with all of the curvature you need something on a straight line to resolve it. That looks a little weak to me.

I like all of this, but when you combine it with that, you do not see anything but trees. I could see that form with some other plan, but all this going around and around just does not resolve. I do not see any reason why he should not start it there (indicating). You would not have to walk up there; and should not the chapel and the names be associated pretty closely?"

General North agreed, and said, "In our estimation, the chapel takes the place of the name on the headstone of the man whose body has not been identified."

Chairman Clarke said, "I think he should try to put those together. I think that is a little out of scale, though. I think he could squeeze that

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up a bit. He could bring the scale down by bringing another row of trees along that walk. That would help the scale tremendously, swinging it around and bringing all of his architecture together here (indicating). I think the straight line with that and all of those elements are very handsome, but as it is the scheme does not hold together as a composition. Also, there is too much paving.

Mr. Murphy suggested that a little more rigidity be brought into the scheme.

After further consideration, the Commission advised that the scheme be given further study, - a restudy of the relationship of the buildings and a restudy of the roads and planting; for resubmission as a preliminary design to the Commission.

Mr. Harbeson was satisfied with this, and said, "Now, would it be possible, with this in mind, for us to go ahead with the grading plans for the burial areas?"

Chairman Clarke replied, "I think that would be very handsome. I think those curves are very handsome."

A report was sent to General North (Exhibit K).

13. PAINTINGS BY FRANCIS SCOTT BRADFORD: Mr. Harbeson said that Francis Scott Bradford has been proposed as a collaborator with Perry, Shaw & Hepburn, architects of Boston, for the cemetery at Cambridge, England, but the Commission asked to see samples of his work.

Photographs of paintings by Mr. Bradford were thereupon inspected.

Chairman Clarke said, "In my opinion, I think he would be very competent.

That looks very handsome. He can do things in a classic way or a free way.

The other members of the Commission concurred (Exhibit L).

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Figure 2 cores of 1 this is no of the standard to be the standard of the stand

14. SCULPTURE BY JANET DECOUX: Mr. Harbeson said, "You will remember that Ralph Walker asked if he might have as a collaborator Janet decoux, and we brought you last month Janet deCoux's training statistics and also a series of photographs of her work. You turned down Janet deCoux, and now he has sent a letter asking again that she be considered." Mr. Harbeson then read a letter that he had sent in reply on the subject.

Chairman Clarke stated, "As I remember, we did not take any very definite action. I think what the Commission felt was that while Miss deCoux might be competent, there are a great many others, at least in our opinion, who are more competent sculptors who might be selected to do the work. When you have, say eighteen cemeteries, it seems a simple matter to pick eighteen cutstanding sculptors who could work with an architect. I do not think normally the Commission would be inclined to turn Miss deCoux down, except for the fact that there are a great many more competent sculptors with more experience who could do the work better. I can understand, of course, why some sculptors and architects would not work together.

Mr. Lawrie said, "I think if Walker sees something that he wants in the ability of Janet deCoux he ought to be permitted to try it out, and I would suggest that we hold our opinion until she submits something that is satisfactory." Mr. Reinhard concurred in this by saying, "That is what I think."

The Commission thereupon agreed to accept the suggestion made by

Mr. Harbeson to Mr. Walker, that if Miss deCoux would present sculpture that is

satisfactory to him, which in turn would be acceptable to the Commission of

Fine Arts and to the American Battle Monuments Commission, there would be no

objection to taking Miss deCoux as sculptress for his project. (Exhibit M)

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colinite action. I wint the dominate for that while miss about of the compatent, there are a presturant object, at that while miss about that se compatent, there are a presturant object, at least in ever opinion, as the more compatent confiners and city to be selected to to the tori. Then you are, say the team constants, it seems a might matter to itel difftent and are suitable to the matter to itel difftent and and work at a matter to matter to thick distributed to the matter to thick at the matter to the thick contains the face of the presture of the matter that and the face of the same are presture and and the train of the same will that contains and are the object to the same contains and are than of the same and are than of course, while contains and are the object. I can andered and, of course, while contains and are the object.

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15. AMERICAN MILITARY CHARTERIES IN HAWAII AND PUERTO RICO: During the discussion of World War II Cemeteries that are now being planned for Europe and Africa, the Commission called attention to those intended for Hawaii and Puerto Rico, which are under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General, Department of the Army, and will thus be developed under Army Regulations.

The Commission expressed their appreciation of the simple, uniform manner in which the Cemeteries under the jurisdiction of the American Battle Monuments Commission are being developed, and felt the Cemeteries in Hawaii and Puerto Rico should be developed similarly. The Commission decided to bring the matter to the attention of Secretary of Defense Forrestal (Exhibit N).

15. ARLINGTON NATIONAL CELETERY: During the discussion of World War II
Cemeteries, Chairman Clarke stated that, while in France recently, he inspected
several of the World War I Military Cemeteries, particularly those at Suresnes
and Belleau Wood, and was much impressed with their dignity and simplicity,
particularly with regard to the headstones, which are alike for officers
and privates.

The Commission felt it would be very desirable to have similar regulations with regard to headstones adopted for the Arlington National Cemetery. The erection of large, massive monuments allowed officers under existing regulations should be prohibited, as they are a blot in the landscape. The matter was called to the attention of Secretary of Defense Forrestal by letter (Exhibit C).

17. ARTICLE ON CIVIC ART: Chairman Clarke stated that, before leaving for Europe early in April, he had asked Mr. Caemmerer to write an article on Civic Art in Washington, which could be reviewed by the Commission at this meeting. The question has been in the minds of the members of this Commission as to the type of article that is wanted for the proposed publication of the Mational Capital Park and Planning Commission, entitled "The Plan of the National Capital and its Environs."

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Mr. Caemmerer stated that he had submitted a copy of the draft of the article to General Grant, and to one of the members of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Mr. A. P. Greensfelder, of St. Louis, who had suggested the article; that he had just received a telegram from Mr. Greensfelder stating that the "draft of article is excellent."

The members of the Commission, individually, offered suggestions, which were embodied in a final draft. The article was thereupon sent to General Crant, with the request that a printed proof thereof be submitted to the Commission of Fine Arts in due time (Exhibit P). (See also P-1)

18. STATUE OF CEMERAL JOSE GERVASIO ARTIGAS: The Commission inspected a portrait statue of General José Gervasio Artigas, which Uruguay proposes to present to the United States. The statue is 11 1/2 feet high, cast in bronze, the General being in military uniform. He is considered the "George Washington" of that country. Mr. Lawrie considered the statue to be a fine piece of sculpture.

In the meantime a request was received from Senator Chapman Revercomb, Chairman of the Committee on Public Jorks, United States Senate, requesting a report on Senate Bill 2591, "To provide for the acceptance on behalf of the United States of a statue of General José Gervasio Artigas." The bill provides for a pedestal, site and landscaping, at the expense of the United States Government, and subject to the approval of design by the Commission of Fine Arts.

The Commission recommended enactment of the legislation, whereby erection of the statue in the District of Columbia would be authorized.

The Commission inspected several park reservations in the vicinity of the Pan American Union, and advised that the statue should be erected in proximity to it. A report was sent to Senator Revercomb (Exhibit Q)

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in restrict to it. . resort has calt to smatch into (Talutt).)

19. STATUE OF GENERAL SHOON BOLIVAR: Chairman Clarke stated that he had received a letter several weeks ago from Mr. John C. Crane of the Simon Bolivar Memorial Foundation, regarding a statue of General Simon Bolivar to be presented to the National Capital by Venezuela. It is to be similar to a statue of General Bolivar which is to be dedicated by President Truman at Bolivar, Missouri, this summer, though the pedestal will be different.

Mr. Clarke said that Mr. Crane is anxious to have the General Simon Bolivar statue placed on the triangle at 18th and C Streets, N.W., where it would face the Pan American Union grounds, and that he would like to have the entire reservation dedicated to General Simon Bolivar, since he is the greatest of the South American Liberators.

The Commission felt the reservation in question should be properly landscaped, but felt that there should be legislation by Congress pertaining to the statue of General Simon Bolivar before there is definite action by the Commission of Fine Arts concerning it.

- 20. FREER GALLERY OF ART FURCHASES: The Commission inspected a number of works of art proposed for purchase by Director Wenley, and approved them (Exhibit R).
- 21. NEXT MEETING OF THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS: The Commission decided to hold their next meeting in Jashington on June 8, 1948.

The Commission adjourned at 4:00 p.m. The Commission were invited by Mr. Finley to have luncheon at the National Gallery of Art. The Commission had the pleasure of having Mrs. Lawrie as their Juest at the luncheon.

19. SIGNIC OF ESTAD SHOW SOLIVAR: Chairmen Civrie risted that he can received a letter ago from it. Tolan d. Crame of the limon Poliver Lemonial Countaition, regarding a stribue of General Limon Lolivar to be presented to the Lational Sepital by Feneruela. It is to be similar to a statu of General Solivar union is to be decidated by Irasandorf Transmit to deliver, liescard, this carrier, though the pedestal ails be different.

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21. HERE PRESENCE OF THE COLLEGE OF THE Condition decided to hold their next meeting in deciding to a Tune 3, 1943.

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THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

WASHINGTON

Honorable Forest A. Harness House of Representatives

Dear Mr. Harness:

I am pleased to forward herewith further details concerning the procurement of medals by the Navy Department.

I have caused an investigation to be made of this matter covering a period of over 30 years. Prior to 1928 medals were procured from commercial sources and it was the experience of the Navy Department that this procurement policy was not satisfactory because of the attendant difficulties in procuring, firstly, appropriate designs which were acceptable to the Fine Arts Commission, secondly, in procuring medals, the workmanship of which was deemed in Leeping with the standard required. It was also found that subsequent reorders of certain modals purchased on competitive bids were not satisfactory since lower bids from a different company than the one which supplied the original order resulted in procurement of medals which were not of the same finish and quality and necessitated almost the same amount of clerical work and inspection as the first order.

As the result of above difficulties the Lavy Department in 1930 adopted the policy that all Mavy decorations and medals should be produced from the United States Mint at Philadelphia. Subsequent to the adoption of this policy many of the problems previously experienced disappeared. The quality of the work performed by the Mint has been consistently of the highest order and, in the opinion of the Mavy Department, superior to the workmanship on the medals previously produced from commercial concerns. Further, the manufacture of medals at the lint has enabled the Mavy Department to standardize its medals as to uniformity in color and design both of which are considered most essential in the type of medals issued to members of the Maval service.

During World War II the quantities of medals required appeared to make a deviation from this policy necessary, and accordingly, orders were placed with the Army for the procurement of certain medals. In June of 1946 it appeared that the Army was having some difficulty in placing contracts for these medals for various reasons. Therefore, it was decided by the Mavy Department that in order to meet its requirements, the order for all medals in excess of the 2,300,000 included for the Mavy in Army contracts would be cancelled. The Army consented to the revision and the Mavy placed that portion of the revised order with the United States Mint.



The allegation that the cost of medals from the Treasury Department exceeds that of the commercial sources supplying the Army with medals cannot be substantiated by comparison of costs for the Victory Medal now being supplied to the Navy from both sources. Thile the medals furnished the Lavy and War Departments are identical in design there are certain considerations which do not make the Navy Department and the War Department prices strictly comparable. The Mint price includes all costs to the Government except the cost of boxes while the War Department price includes the cost of boxes but not the cost of ribbon or the administrative expense of procurement.

It has been determined that the cost of medals to the War Department will be approximately $48\frac{1}{2}\phi$ per medal. The cost to the Navy Department for medals procured from the Treasury Department will be approximately 39¢ per medal. In order that these may be compared as closely as possible, the cost of the items enumerated in the above paragraph have been considered in the following table and the conclusion drawn that there is a saving of about $8\frac{1}{2}\phi$ per medal for those medals delivered to the Mavy Department by the Treasury Department:

mar Department average cost	\$0.484	
Add: Cost of Ribbon, not included in above	•020	•504
Navy Department average cost	0.390	
Add: Cost of Boxes	•029	-419
Approximate savings to the Navy per medal, com- pared with cost if War Department had centrally		
procured medals	• •	•005

The above cost to the Government of the War Department's procurement does not reflect cost for inspection service nor procurement.

It was the original intent of the United States Mint to manufacture all many medals. However, designs for certain of the medals were so late in being approved by the Army, Mavy, and Fine Arts Commission that it will necessitate a certain amount of sub-contracting in order for the Mint to complete the contract by 30 June 1948.

In the interest of unity of the armed services, a joint Army and Navy Board for consideration of policies with regard to medals and awards has been set up. In addition, Section 213 of the National Security Act of 1947 designated.



"coordination of procurement" as a function of the Muntions Loard. It is anticipated that studies in regard to future procurement of all materials will be made by Joint Army-Navy Committees under the Munitions Board and will result in a clearly defined procedure for the procurement of medals.

I trust the foregoing satisfactorily answers your inquiry.

Sincerely yours,



May 7, 1948.

Dear Congressman Harness:

Your letter of April 3, with a report, which is returned herewith, from the Secretary of the Navy, concerning the policy of the Navy Department in procuring service medals, has been carefully considered by the Commission of Fine Arts.

The Commission have always advised that medals be designed by a qualified sculptor or medallist. A medal should be a work of art, and that is the first step in obtaining it. The second step is the reduction of the sculptor's model to medal size. This is accomplished by a precision machine that makes a true copy in steel, proportionately smaller in every dimension, from which the dies are made. Next, a powerful minting machine strikes the medals.

The United States Mint is, very naturally, well equipped in that respect. Nevertheless, the Commission of Fine Arts, for many years, have been of the ppinion that private firms should be allowed to submit bids for the production of medals, assuming that they are able to comply with the specifications. A large nember of eminently satisfactory medals have been supplied by private contractors in the past.

The Commission have noted that there is to be a Joint Army-Navy Committee under the Munitions Board to study the question of procedure in the procurement of medals. This Commission will be pleased to cooperate in this matter.

> For the Commission of Fine Arts: Sincerely yours.

Honorable Forest A. Harness,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

EXHIBIT B

House of Representatives.

Washington, D. C.

Tay 7, 1948.

Dear Jongressman Harress:

Your letter of April 3, with a report, which is returned herewith, from the Secretary of the Mavy, concerning the policy of the Mavy Department in procuring service metals, has been carefully considered by the Commission of Fine Arts.

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For the Commission of line rts: lincerely yours,

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Mouse of Representatives,

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E TITTLE WALL

COPY

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

WASHINGTON

May 10, 1948.

Dear Sirs:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on
May 7, 1948, approved the design which you submitted for an
addition to the office Building wing of the Daughters of the
American Revolution buildings.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Messrs. Eggers & Higgins, Architects,

542 Fifth Avenue,

New York, New York.

T. TIE SO MOTHER TO MA

LOTO ILELL

May 15, 1946,

Dear Sirs:

The Commission of Time wris, at a lair a subject of an any 7, 1945, approved the design which you spendster for an admition to the office Suilding wing of the Jaughters of the American Revolution buildings.

For the Commission of Mile arest

Singerely yours,

Ollmore D. Clarke,

mesers. Lagers & Higgins, Architects,

542 Fifth Avenue,

Lew York, her York.

The Commission of Fine/Arts

Washington

May 10, 1948

Dear Mr. Reynolds:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, approved the revised preliminary design(Scheme - 2#A) which was submitted in your behalf by representatives of your office, for the development of the Great Plaza of the Triangle east of the Department of Commerce, subject to the omission of the two roads crossing the proposed center grass panel.

This approval is conditioned upon the submission and subsequent approval of detailed drawings for this development.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Hon. W. E. Reynolds, Chairman, Commissioner of Public Buildings, Federal Works Agency, Washington, D.C.

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For the Commission of the inter

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Milmore D. Marke, Mairtan.

> Hon. Leymolds, Mainmen, Commissioner of Public Holldings, Jølersl Lecks Agency, Jøshington, J.C.

COPY

The Commission of Fine Arts

Washington
May 5, 1948.

SA - San Francisco, Calif.
Rincon Annex Post Office
Murals

Mr. Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman Commission of Fine Arts Washington, D, C.

Dear Sir:

In 1941 the Public Buildings Administration entered into a contract with an artist for twenty-seven murals depicting events in the history of San Francisco which were to be painted on the walls of the Rincon Annex Postal. Station in that city. The contract provides that the preliminary designs, cartoons and final murals shall meet the approval of the Commissioner of Public Buildings.

The artist has completed and we have approved twenty-one of these murals. He has also completed four other murals which have not been approved. We request the Commission's advice on the following two murals:

Panel No. 25 - "Maritime and General Strike"

In January 1947, before preparing the full-size cartoon for this panel, the artist requested that he be permitted to change the subject matter. The request was granted with the stipulation that he should "indicate only factual incidents, and these should not be objectionable to any nation, race, or group of citizens." The photographs of the full-size cartoon did not contain specific reference to any particular organization or persons and we, therefore, approved it.

Photographs of the full-size cartoon and of the completed mural are attached.

We have not approved the final mural as we feel that the artist has introduced elements of a controversial nature, which we object to and which have at least in part been protested by local organizations.

The artist has recently been advised that our objections to this panel would be overcome by:

- a. The elimination of the service cap and uniform on the first figure to the right of the panel.
- b. The elimination of the letters "M.G.S." in the extreme right foreground and the two names and other wording below the wreath adjacent.
- c. The elimination of the flag or banner with its inscription shown to the fight of the American flag.

We request that the Commission give us its opinion on the following questions:

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The Commission of Fine urus .ashington .ashington

SA - San Francisco, Calif. Riscos Inner Post Office

b. Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman Commission of Tine Arts Washington, D. C.

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- c. The elimination of the flag or samer with its inscription shown to the fight of the American flag.

he request that the Commission give us its opinion on the following questions:

- 1. Has the artist, by deviating from the approved cartoon, exceeded the license normally permitted him in the development of the final mural?
- 2. What changes, if any, should be made in this mural which in the Commission's opinion would be a reasonable interpretation of the approved cartoon and still overcome our objections and similar objections expressed locally?

Panel No. 22 - "The Culture of San Francisco"

Photographs of the full-size cartoon and of the completed mural are attached.

We approved this cartoon. We believe the final mural is a reasonable interpretation of the cartoon. We note, however, that the artist has introduced the names of individuals as titles of the books in the central background, which is inconsistent with our policy and we intend to have these names obliterated. However, before taking action of the final mural, we would appreciate receiving the Commission's comments on its.

Very truly yours,

W. E. Reynolds

Commissioner of Public Buildings

CC: Mr. Thorn
Mr. Wetzel

AST:ama:bj

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Very trulg yours,

. E. Teynolds

Corndissioner of Public Buildings

CC: Mr. Thorn Mr. Jetzel

id:sma:TBA

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

WASHINGTON

May 12, 1948

Mr. W. E. Reynolds Commissioner of Public Buildings Public Buildings Administration Federal Works Agency Washington, D.C.

> SA - San Francisco, California Rincon Annex Post Office Murals

Dear Sir:

The Commission of Fine Arts considered your communication of May 5, 1948, including photographs (a) of cartoons for mural panels numbered 22 and 25 and (b) of the completed but yet unaccepted murals in panels numbered 22 and 25, at a meeting held in Washington on May 7, 1948.

While the Commission of Fine Arts were not asked to express an opinion concerning the original designs for the proposed murals for the Rincon Annex Post Office in San Francisco, they are willing, nevertheless, to answer the questions raised in your letter, acting under the authority of the Act establishing the Commission of Fine Arts on May 7, 1910.

Panel No. 25 - "Maritime and General Strike"

It is the considered judgment of this Commission that an artist, in developing the final design for a mural from an approved sketch or cartoon, has the right to modify it slightly in order to improve the mural artistically as to color, to composition, and to design. However, it is our opinion that the artist may not modify the final work which in any way changes its subject matter or its meaning. By the introduction in the mural

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May 12, 1947

Mr. 1. L. seynolds Commissioner of Public Builtings Poblic Bailtings Administration Pederal orks Agency Eshington, D.C.

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of (a) an American soldier, of (b) "M.C.S.", of two names, and of other wording below the wreath, and of (c) the flag or banner shown to the right of the American flag, all of which we understand were not shown in the approved cartoon, this artist, in our judgment, has exceeded the license normally granted to artists.

Therefore, it is the opinion of this Commission that:-

- the elimination of the service cap and uniform on the a. first figure to the right of the panel,
- the elimination of the letters "M.C.S." in the extreme right foreground and the two names and other wording below the wreath adjacent, and
- c. the elimination of the flag or banner with its inscription shown to the right of the American flag,

would, in a large measure, overcome the objections which, it is our understanding, have been raised concerning this panel.

Panel No. 22 - "The Culture of San Francisco"

This Commission are of the opinion that the artist exceeded his authority in substituting books for the glass beaker and other elements shown above what appears to be a portrait of Robert Louis Stevenson.

The Commission of Fine Arts are of the opinion that the names shown on the backs of the books of the completed work should be removed in order that this mural may be in the spirit of the approved cartoon. While the Commission prefer the original conception of this small element in the composition, as shown in the cartoon, they would be satisfied if the books are shown without the names of individuals who are not portrayed in the mural.

Very truly yours,

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Landa and St. 5 and the restriction of the state of (a) the state of the state of the state of according added the condition the condition of the first section of the of the resolution of the state of the midther on to their sections and the contract in the able to be come a first of a decimal included of medically information which old off sections The roll regulation of the art of the second of the all thatics of the street at the united to the terms in he that out of practice tentre the elicities it as a total of the entrese and browns the being a company of the busy energy digita bullow but weren't as parently unit -quinarit ati film green of the film of the filming but . In section as a so white a cot mote mate and , is the term accours by the coist some state, in is our un bretanning, M.V. been ritere concerne tilleren d. Control of the state of the south - Al well from enic description are of the control of the articulars which inedo, is the many a secondary of the system of a simple simple . men wook alimi the communition of the area are of the opinion buct whom bedeling to sell in palood and no storm and the resorm negligible a take of remover in order to in the march of your in the solar of the spanward outpour. This the Jonaic ... prefer the critique. at awards as especial angulos sit as opened a three cuts to potternous the services, of agreement a stationard in the books are thorn without the names of individual and are not paramyor in the man in Very trait moure,

es office service.

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS WASHINGTON

May 10, 1948.

Dear Mr. Hummer:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, considered the design submitted by the Foster Engineering Company, Ltd., 4741 East Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana, for the proposed Second Church of Christ Scientist, to be built at C and First Streets, Northeast, Washington, D.C.

The Commission disapproved the design, because it is unsatisfactory for an important church building in that part of the City. The design does not show the degree of competency which is bequired for buildings in Washington.

The location in question, as above mentioned, is under consideration for use by the Federal Government as an Annex to the Senate Office
Building. Therefore, before proceeding with plans, the Commission suggest that your Building Committee communicate with the Senate Office Building Commission. Enclosed is a copy of Public Law 169, 80th Congress, on the subject.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman,

Mr. J. Earl Hummer, Chairman, Building Committee, 111 C Street, N.E., Washington, D.C.

EXHIBIT F

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Dear in Juster:

The Constraint of Fire Orth, at their modific male of July, one derign submittee by the Poster agircering Company, Etd., A741 Sast Mashington Street, Indianapolis, Iraiana, for the proposed Succept Church of Christ Schutts, to be built so 6 and First Schutts, Fortheast, washington, D.C.

The Jonalstian dive proved the design, occause it is unsatisfactory for an imported temperate the initial in that part of the July. The enign does not show the degree of competency much is required for buildings in estangton.

The location in gasalon, as above was loned, is under considerables for use by the Foderal Covergence as an innex of the Courts office Rullding. Therefore, enters proceeding with where, whe Corriented as suggest that your Publishing Considers with the Lene Ciffice Rullding Consistion, andoned is a copy of Rublic Law 189, 30th Congress, or the stoject.

For the Commission of the arts:

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Chimpes . Clarke, Mainers,

ir. J. Ind Rumer, dairen, dairen, Enilding Considere, 111 Street, 1.2., ashin ton, D.C.

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145 East 32d Street, New York 16, N.Y. April 30, 1948.

Dear Mr. Thatcher:

This will acknowledge your letter of April 27th, indicating that Secretary Anderson plans to leave the Department in the near future and that, in accordance with the custom of the Department, you are anxious to have his portrait painted.

The Commission do not know about the work of Mr. Harry S. Moskovitz of Philadelphia. This does not mean that he is not a competent portrait painter, but we do not know anything of his work.

The following named are competent portrait painters, any one of whom the Commission are glad to recommend; the names are not given in any particular order, so that you may be free to make a selection of any one whom you think would prove satisfactory:

Wayman Adams--Carnegie Hall, New York City, Louis Betts---912 Fifth Avenue, New York City Sidney E. Dickinson--Carnegie Hall, New York City, Charles Hopkinson--Fenway Studios, Boston, Mass. John C. Johannson,--12 West 9th Street, New York City.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

GILMORE D. CLARKE.

Chairman.

Mr. Arthur B. Thatcher, Chief, Office of Plant & Operations, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.

EXHIBIT G

lab dect Bin Street, New York lo, N.Y. April DO, 1942.

Dear of Misteler:

This will acknowledge your latter of spril 27th, indicating that secretary anderson plans to leave the department in the meer future and that, in accordance with the custom of rose Department, you are anxious to have his portrait painted.

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Regent Adams-Jarnegte Hell, New York Dity, Louis Butts--DIL Higth Avenue, 1000 York Dity 81 may E. Dickinson--Carnegte Mall, New York Dity. Cherles Hopkinson--Konway Studies, Poston, Mess. John G. Johannson,--12 West Stp Street, New York City.

Ter the Commission of The Arts:

Simoerely yours,

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la. Arthur 1. Thatcher, Oblet, office of Plant & Operations, U. Jepartment of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

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THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

WASHINGTON

May 10, 1948,

Dear Mr. Thatcher:

I have to inform you that the Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, considered the application of Mr. Harry S. Moskovitz to paint the portrait of Secretary of Agriculture Clinton P. Anderson. The Commission reviewed a list of Paintings by Mr. Moskovitz, and recommend that you add his name to the list of painters sent to you on April 30th.

Sincerely yours,

H. P. Caemmerer,

Secretary.

Mr. Arthur B. Thatcher, Chief, Office of Plant & Operations, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

THE COLUMNSTON OF FINE ALMS

WASHINGTON

Mar 10, 1948,

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Sincerely yours,

H. P. Seemmorer, Secretary,

> Mr. Arthur R. Thatcher, Uniei, Office of Plant & Operations, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. U.

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS WASHINGTON

May 7, 1948.

Sir:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting today, approved a revised model for the Occupation Service Medal of the Navy, by Thomas Hudson Jones, sculptor. The model was submitted by Mr. Arthur E. DuBois, of the Military Planning Division.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

The Honorable

The Secretary of the Navy

Washington, D.C.

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THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS WASHINGTON, D.C.

May 7, 1948.

Dear Sirs:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting day,
were delighted to examine a copy of your recent publication
entitled "Enduring Memory." It is a most interesting book
and the illustrations of sculpture are indeed those of
masterpieces. The Commission are convinced that the book
will be real help in the problem of selecting designs for
War Memorials. In itself the book is a contribution to the
literature on sculpture.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

The National Sculpture Society, 1083 Fifth Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

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COPY
THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS
WASHINGTON

May 17, 1948.

Dear General North:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7,

1948, were pleased to inspect two schemes (marked A and B) for
an American Military Cemetery, designed by Moore & Hutchins,

architects, of New York City, at the site of Ancient Carthage,
in Tunis, Northern Africa.

The Commission approve Scheme A as the basis for further development. It was noted that it makes use of the high ground. Also, it seems to reflect the pattern of the old Roman city, which has historic significance.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Brig. Gen. Thomas North, Secretary,
The American Battle Monuments Commission,
Washington, D. C.

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Sear Jeneral North:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their mostle, on ray 7, 1948, were pleased to inspect two schemes (merhed 2 and 3) for an inertican fillitary Jewetery, designed by Hoore & Altahirs, architects, of Naw York Hilly, at the side of Andreas Carthage, in Junis, Morebern Alrica.

The Commission approve behave A as the basis for further development, it was noted that it makes all of the high ground. Also, it seems to reflect the pattern of the old Koman city, which has bistoric significance.

For the Commission of Pine arts:

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Brig. Gen. Dears North, Subreting, The Commission, washington, ...

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1948.

Dear General North:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, were pleased to consider with you and Mr. Harbeson three schemes presented for the American Military Cemetery at Manila, Philippine Islands, designed by Gardner A. Dailey, architect, of San Francisco.

The Commission took note of the fact that this is to be the largest of the American Military Cemeteries of World War II, to provide for 23,000 graves. Also, the Commission noted that the graves are arranged in concentric circles, and that the Cemetery is thus a departure from the rigid axis. This the Commission consider interesting, but it presents problems with relation to location of the chapel and the museum, and arrangement of the approach, that will require further study. As shown in the schemes they seem detached from the graves area.

The Commission recommend a restudy of the relationship of the buildings and a restudy of the roads and planting, for resubmission.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Brig. Cen. Thomas North, Secretary, American Battle Monuments Commission, Washington, D.C.

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

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The Journa seion recommend a restudy of the relative time the considerion.

For the Commission of Fine tries:

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Tubrore D. Olerke, Greiwan.

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS Washington

May 17, 1948.

Dear General North:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, inspected photographs of mural paintings by Francis Scott Bradford, who has been proposed as a collaborator with Perry, Shaw and Hepburn, architects, of Boston, for the American Military Cemetery at Cambridge, England.

The Commission were well pleased with the photographs, which indicate that Mr. Bradford is a competent mural painter. The Commission therefore concur that he be chosen to collaborate with the architects above mentioned.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Brig. Gen. Thomas North, Secretary,
American Battle Monuments Commission,
Washington, D.C.

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The Corrission were well pleased with the photographs, which indicts that in a redford is a commetent murel painter. The Josephsian that he policy of open to collaborate alto the architects above mentions.

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THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS WASHINGTON

May 17, 1948.

Dear General North:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their meeting on May 7, 1948, gave further consideration to the suggestion by Ralph Walker, architect, that Janet de Coux, sculptress, be chosen to collaborate with Voorhees, Walker, Foley & Smith, in providing sculpture for the American Military Cemetery at Hamm.

The Commission concur in the recommendation of Mr. Harbeson in this matter, namely, that if Mr. Walker feels confident that Janet de Coux, working in collaboration with him and under his direction, is capable of doing sculpture that will be of a character that will meet the approval of the American Battle Monuments Commission and of the Commission of Fine Arts, there will be no objection to having her chosen as the sculptress for this project.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Brig. Gen. Thomas North, Secretary,
American Battle Monuments Commission,
Washington, D. C.

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Dear Jenural Worth:

The Commission of Fine Arts, at their mosting on May 7, 1948, gave further consideration to the suggestion by Malph Malker, architect, that Manch de Coux, sculptress, be chosen to collaborate with Voorhees, Walker, Foley a Match, in providing sculpture for the American Militery Cemetery at Bann.

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For the Commission of line inter

incerely yours,

Tilmore U. Marku, Chairman.

Frig. Gen. Thomas Forth, Sequetary, serican Tattle Communication, sahington, T. C.

THE CONTISSION OF FIRE ARTS WASHINGTON

May 18, 1948

Dear Mr. Secretary,

For several months the Commission of Fine Arts have advised the American Battle Monuments Commission concerning the designs for World War II Cemeteries, including the chapels and other appropriate embellishments to be included therein. Plans are being adopted that will reflect the talent of leading architects and artists of this country who have been engaged to prepare plans for American Military Cemeteries in Europe, in Africa, and in the Phillipine Islands.

This Commission have been informed recently that the proposed permanent World war II Cemeteries in Hawaii and in Puerto Rico do not come under the jurisdiction of the American Battle Monuments Commission, but rather will be developed by the Department of the Army in accordance with the existing regulations pertaining to "War Department" cemeteries. If this assumption is correct, the Commission of Fine Arts would regret if these two cemeteries were not made to conform with the world War II Cemeteries situated in other parts of the world. The high standards of design which obtain in the World War I Cemeteries in Europe mark them as the most distinguished and dignified among the cemeteries of the world; the Battle Monuments Commission are continuing the notably high standards of excellence in the layout and design of World War II Cemeteries.

This matter is respectfully brought to your attention in the hope that a directive may be issued with a view toward having the World War II Cemeteries, in those areas under the jurisdiction of the Army, developed in a mamner so as to conform to the same high standards of excellence as those under the jurisdiction of the American Battle Monuments Commission.

If this Commission can be of assistance to representatives of your Department we shall be ready and willing to serve.

For the Commission of Fine Arts;

Sincerely yours,

Gilmote D. Clarke,
Chairman.

Hon. James Forrestal, Secretary of Defense, Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT N

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into a steel is respectfully brought to your actually in the hope that a directive may be issued with a vice toward marker a election as II Geneterille, in those arms ander the jurishication of the Army, towards ander the manner actual to contain to the arms high abenduras on oxide the contains ander the jurishing tion of the characters in the contains.

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COPY THE CONLISSION OF FINE ARTS WASHINGTON

May 18, 1948.

Dear Mr. Secretary,

In connection with the establishment and the subsequent development of American Military Cemeteries of World War II by the American Battle Monuments Commission, in cooperation with The Commission of Fine Arts, the thought has been expressed by the members of this Commission that certain changes are desirable in the existing regulations pertaining to the development of the Arlington National Cemetery, more particularly with regard to the erection of officers' monuments.

The most dignified section of the Arlington National Cemetery, in the judgment of this Commission, is that in which the soldiers of the Civil War are buried; it is marked by the low well-spaced headstones, by grass, and by a canopy of trees. This area alone compares favorably with the World War I Cemeteries in Europe which are notable for their serene beauty and the eminent dignity of their simplicity.

A few weeks ago, on a visit to France, I took the opportunity to visit the American Military Cemeteries at Suresner, at Belleau Wood, and at Bony, where I was deeply impressed by the uniform simple white marble crosses marking the graves of both officers and enlisted men who lie side by side; in my judgment, these are the most dignified and notable among the cemeteries of the world.

For many years the Commission of Fine Arts have abhorred the practice in the Arlington National Cemetery of permitting for officers bulky and undistinguished monuments in great variety, rather than to require uniformity for all ranks (with certain obvious exceptions) so as to secure the dignity and the simple grandeur which obtains in the cemeteries in Europe where lie the heroic dead of the American Army and Navy of World War I.

The Commission of Fine Arts hope that this suggestion of making changes in the existing regulations for the monuments for officers in Arlington may appeal to you, and that you may find it desirable to take such action as may be appropriate in the interests of having this National Cemetery developed in a manner more singularly appropriate for the military establishment.

If the Commission of Fine Arts may be helpful in connection with the problem referred to in this letter, or in any other related matter, we shall be pleased to confer with the appropriate representatives of the Department of National Defense whom you may designate.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Hon. James Forrestal, Secretary of Defense, Washington, D.C.

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The Commission of Fine Arts Washington

May 11,1948.

Dear General Grant:

In accordance with your request, I have
Pleasure in sending to you an article entitled "Civic Art in
Washington," prepared for the Commission by Mr. Caemmerer for
the proposed publication of the National Capital Park and Planning
Commission on " A Comprehensive Plan for the District of Columbia
and Environs."

I trust the subject matter of the article is along the lines suggested by you and that it will meet your requirements without radical alteration. The statement has been edited by the writer following a review by members of the Commission, a number of whom contributed certain paragraphs.

The Commission would like to have a proof of the article for review before publication.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Major Ceneral U. S. Grant III (Retired)
Chairman, National Capital Park and
Planning Commission
Washington, D.C.

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CIVIC ART IN WASHINGTON

Under the term Civic Art we include those buildings, monuments, institutions and the like that contribute to the beauty of a city, as well as those amenities that provide for the welfare and happiness of its people. Thus the term is used in a larger sense than it was some decades ago when attention was given primarily to beautifying the central portion of a city or town, without much regard to the appearance of the rest of it.

Civic Art in the City of Washington has undergone a development different from that of other cities and towns of this country. They, for the most part, were founded as settlements and grew haphazardly. They developed commercially and industrially before their civic leaders realized that something was lacking to make things agreeable and enjoyable for its citizens,—in other words, civic art as such was almost entirely lacking.

In the case of Washington, the City began with a Plan—a masterpiece in civic design, the work of an engineer—artist, Pierre Charles L'Enfant. He provided locations for public buildings with ample landscape setting, wide streets and avenues; public squares and reservations he embellished with fountains and other monuments; and he planned for a uniformly developed city as the home of this Government. He was familiar with Paris and with Versailles, where he spent his youth, and during his training he had studied the great works of art of the past.

Then, under the direction of President Washington and Secretary of State Jefferson, a monumental type of public building was selected for the Government establishments, namely the classical, as exemplified in the President's House, begun in 1792, and the United States Capitol, the cornerstone of which was laid by President Washington on September 18, 1793.

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In November, 1800, the City of Washington became the seat of the Federal Government, but little was done to develop the L'Enfant Plan, and in a few years, or at most a few decades, it was practically forgotten. However, the National Capital idea was never lost sight of. The great master-architect Latrobe worked on both the Capitol and the President's House during the Administrations of Jefferson and Madison, and what is known as the old portion of the Capitol Building was completed by the distinguished New England architect, Bulfinch, in 1827. Thereupon, President Jackson adopted the design of the monumental classical Treasury Department building in 1836. The cornerstone of the Washington Monument was laid in 1848. By the admission of California in 1849 as the thirty-first State, the Union extended its boundaries from the Atlantic to the Pacific; thereupon, in 1850, the old Capitol was found to be too small, and designs were adopted for enlarging it to its present size. Construction work continued during the War between the States by direction of President Lincoln, and the statue of Freedom was set in place in December, 1863. Following the Civil War, improvements were undertaken to make the City worthy of a great Nation, under what is known as the "Boss Shepherd Regime" during the Administration of President Grant. Still further improvements were made following the Centennial Celebration in 1900, when the United States had become a world power, through plans of the Senate Park Commission of 1901, which revived and restored the L'Enfant Flan of 1791 and extended it over the entire District of Columbia.

Americans throughout the country know something about the City of Washington and hear more about it than of any other city or town, excepting possibly their own. They have a patriotic desire to see their National Capital, and come here

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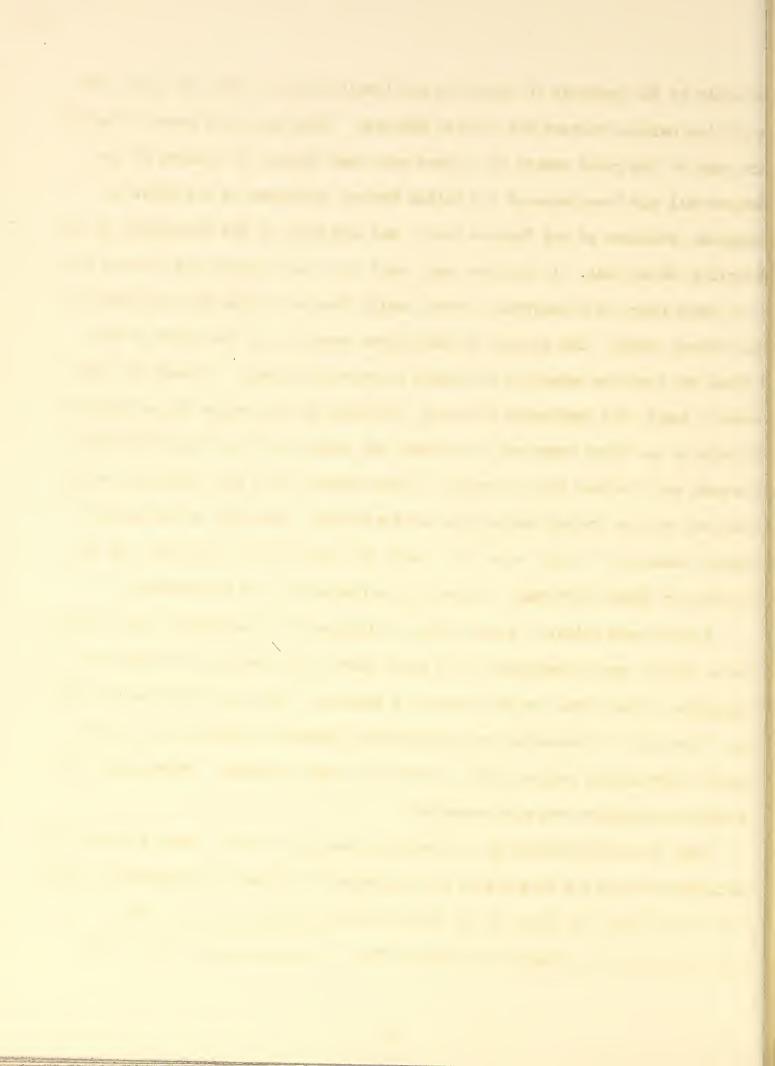
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annually by the hundreds of thousands for inspiration; in 1947, by count, over a million persons visited the Lincoln Memorial. They know that here in Washington many of the great events of history have been enacted by leaders of the Nation—all the Presidents of the United States, statesmen in the Halls of Congress, Justices of the Supreme Court, and officials of the Government in the Executive Department. It has been well said that the Pageants and Parades that have taken place on Pennsylvania Avenue would form an outline of the History of the United States. The visitor to Washington sees here at the Heart of the Nation the numerous memorials dedicated to great Americans. He sees the tall, stately shaft, the Washington Monument, dedicated to the Father of our Country. It catches the first beams of the morning sun coming over the City that bears his name and its last rays at sunset. Three-fourths of a mile westward, on the main axis of the Central Composition of the National Capital, is the notable Lincoln Memorial. On the cross—axis, with the "White House" opposite, is the memorial to Thomas Jefferson, author of the Declaration of Independence.

A great many public and semi-public buildings of a monumental type, beautiful in design, were completed by the early part of the Twentieth Century, and
Washington became known as the "Athens of America." But the criticism was made
soon after that it presented an imperialistic flavor—beautiful in the center
but the surrounding region shabby and even in slum condition. Furthermore, practically all improvements were westward.

Upon the establishment of the National Commission of Fine Arts in 1910, the Commission recognized this defect and undertook to improve the appearance of the City by fostering the plans of the Senate Park Commission of 1901, which, as heretofore stated, included the L'Enfant Plan. A beginning was made on the



development of Anacostia Park, some six miles in length, east of the Capitol, and a beginning was also made in the "Fort Drive," which is ultimately to encircle the City. Westward from the Washington Monument a large swampy area was reclaimed by the United States Engineers, and with the advice of the Commission was developed into Potomac Park, of some 600 acres, with the Lincoln Memorial at the terminus of the Mall.

In the year 1926, Congress created the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, with authority to maintain a Comprehensive Plan and plan for the "Washington of the Future," including the metropolitan area. The two Commissions cooperate closely in the work incident to the task of making the City of Washington an ever greater and more beautiful capital city. The Commission of Fine Arts is particularly concerned with projects pertaining to the Fine Arts, problems related to the Arts of architecture, sculpture, painting and landscape architecture.

In providing Civic Art for the National Capital, the City of Washington itself is considered as a work of art, a well-designed and beautiful fabric begun in the days of President Washington, which is today still incomplete. Due regard is given to the geographical location of the City, here at the "Gateway to the South;" in its latitude Washington is 300 miles south of Rome, about the same as the City of Naples. To mitigate the heat of summer, the Commission of Fine Arts have encouraged the erection of fountains in all parts of the City, as indeed L'Enfant had intended. A further use of water, as an element of Civic Art, is offered by the City's 31 miles of waterfront, along the shores of the

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Potomac, and its tributary, the Anacostia River. The shoreline of Washington awaits further development; it still presents, in part, a rather shabby appearance.

As Washington has spread into the adjacent areas of Meryland and Virginia, the construction of bridges has become an important factor in the development of the City. This phase of Civic Art has for its outstanding achievement the Arlington Memorial Bridge, crossing the Potomac between the Lincoln Memorial and the Arlington National Cometery. The Francis Scott Key Bridge, a mile northward, extends from historic Georgetown to Virginia. The John Philip Sousa Bridge, named in honor of the distinguished band leader, was completed a few years ago and crosses the Anacostia River from the terminus of Pennsylvania Avenue. Other bridges, to facilitate travel between Washington and Maryland and Virginia, are contemplated in the near future.

The population of the City of Washington, during the past two decades, has doubled, and today it is a city of fully a million inhabitants; the metropolitan area, including the City, has about a million and a quarter persons. It extends half way to Baltimore on the north, to Mount Vernon on the south, and an equal distance of about 15 miles east and west, comprising an area of about 900 square miles. The rapid growth of the City creates civic problems and those of Civic Art accordingly, and the time to plan for them is now. As residents have relocated to the newer sections of the City, they have left blighted areas, which materially detract from the beauty of the City as a whole. The Redevelopment Program, authorized by Congress, is planned to remedy this defect. Also, Congress has directed that all alley dwellings shall be abolished; this has been somewhat delayed, however, due to the housing shortage.

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en de la companya de la co Similarly, in order that the City of Washington may present an organic whole, the National Capital Park and Planning Commission and the Commission of Fine Arts are sponsoring a "decentralizing project" by the development of East Capital Street for monumental public and semi-public buildings, and will be carried out subject to the approval of Congress.

Coincident with the problem of decentralization, so as to relieve congested areas in the center of the City, a series of "Underpasses" have been planned (several of them completed) at important street intersections, to facilitate traffic along arterial highways. Their architectural appearance is reviewed by the Commission of Fine Arts.

A further decentralization program pertains to the selection of sites for monuments and memorials in the newer sections of the City. In the center of the National Capital one may see fully a dozen generals on horseback in an area of two or three square miles. Committees on monuments and memorials dislike going to newer sections of the City to select a site. Yet the world-famous Adams Memorial, by Augustus Saint-Gaudens, is some three or four miles from the center of the City, in Rock Creek Cemetery, and is visited by thousands of persons each year. Instead of portrait statues, the Commission of Fine Arts now favor the symbolic type of monument.

Street lighting contributes to Civic Art and is indeed a phase of it when properly designed lamp posts, and other appropriate lighting fixtures, are considered. For the City of Washington there was designed many years ago, that is about the year 1912, a lamp standard by the distinguished painter member of the Commission of Fine Arts, Frank Millet, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster that year. It was adopted for use on residential streets and

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parks, and has been copied in several cities throughout the country. It is simple in design, 10 feet 3 inches in height, with grooved pole surmounted by a glass globe. A double light lamp-standard, 15 to 18 feet high, designed by the late Henry Bacon, architect of the Lincoln Memorial, was adopted about the year 1932 for use on commercial streets.

The improvement of the Entrances to Washington is a phase of Civic Art of great importance to the National Capital. These projects have had the cooperation and assistance in particular of the Garden Club of America. Among the entrances to the National Capital to be mentioned are the: Wisconsin Avenue, Georgia Avenue, Sixteenth Street, Chevy Chase Circle, in Northwest Washington; Pennsylvania Avenue and Anacostia in the Southeast. All of these are approaches to the District of Columbia from Maryland. From the Virginia side there are the Highway Bridge, the Arlington Memorial Bridge, Lee Highway, Francis Scott Key Bridge and Chain Bridge.

The Smoke Nuisance is perhaps in itself not a subject for this chapter on Civic Art, but lest it be overlooked, a few words concerning it should be included, since it has a bearing on the objects of Civic Art.

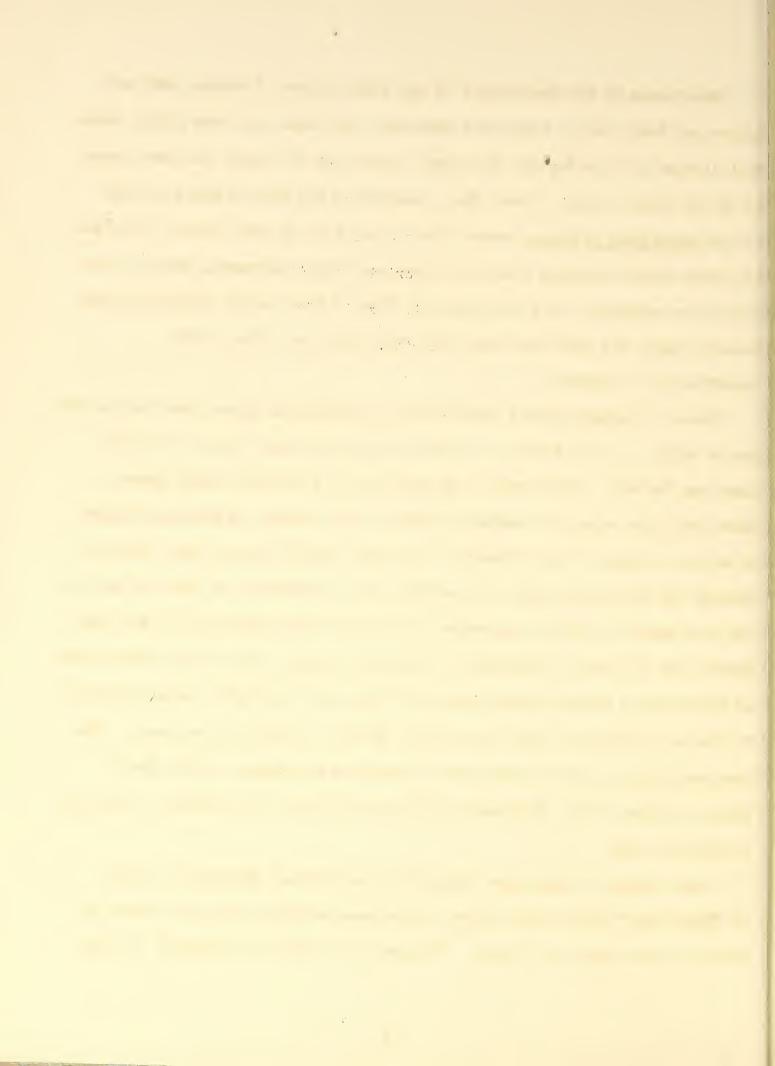
To protect monumental buildings in Washington, as well as to protect the health of its citizens, smoking chimneys have been declared a nuisance. To remedy such "nuisance" the Commission of Fine Arts have for years recommended that smokeless combustion should obtain at all times. The heating plant designed and built for the Government a few years ago, at Fourteenth and C Streets, Southwest, is a model in this respect. The short smokestacks made possible by induced draft project above the plant only about 30 feet.

¥ , Experience in the development of the great cities of Europe, such as London and Paris (which Washington resembles more than any other city), shows that instead of planning for what some thought was too large, has been found to be not large enough. Victor Hugo, describing the City of Paris of 1482 in his Notre Dame de Paris, states that it was then "a great city." This was ten years before Columbus discovered America. Baron Haussmann, who is given credit for enlarging and beautifying the City of Paris about 1850-1870, made notable plans, but time has shown that even they have proven to be insufficient in extent.

There is needed perhaps first of all an Auditorium where great Conventions may be held. A great Stadium is needed where such great events as Olympic Games may be held. Also, much to be desired, is a National Opera House.

These are a few among the needed projects of the future. A National Gallery of Art was urgently looked forward to for many years, but has been provided through the munificent gift of a building and a collection of works of art by the late Andrew W. Mellon and works of art from other donnors. The National Gallery has an annual attendance of 2,000,000 persons. At a recent Exhibition of Masterpiecos rescued during World War II, nearly 1,000,000 persons visited the National Gallery of Art to see them, during a period of five weeks. The Corcoran Gallery of Art specializes on American Paintings, and the Freer Gallery of Art, of the Smithsonian Institution, has a world-famous collection of Oriental Art.

The visitor to Washington finds that our National Capital is a City of "Standards," where great projects have been developed along the lines of dignity, good order, and beauty. "Sky-scrapers" are not permitted, so that

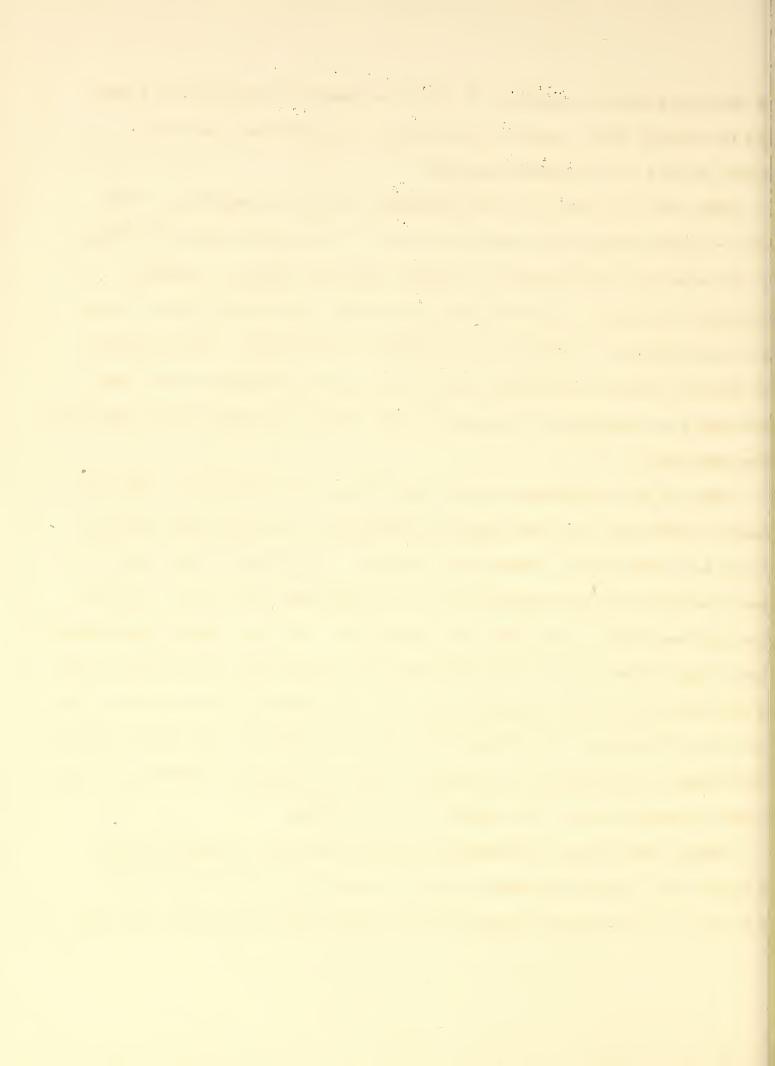


the City has a uniform sky-line. In fact, the Commission have adopted a rule that no building shall compete in importance with either the dome of the Capitol or with the Washington Monument.

Under what is known as the "Shipstead-Luce Act," the Commission of Fine Arts are given authority by Congress to advise on the height, exterior design, and the material of construction of private buildings adjacent to public buildings and parks in specified areas of the City. Advertising signs in that area are limited by the Commission to 25 square feet in size. If it were not for this law, Pennsylvania Avenue would today look like Broadway in New York. Individuals on occasion have resented the Act, but the decisions of the Commission have prevailed.

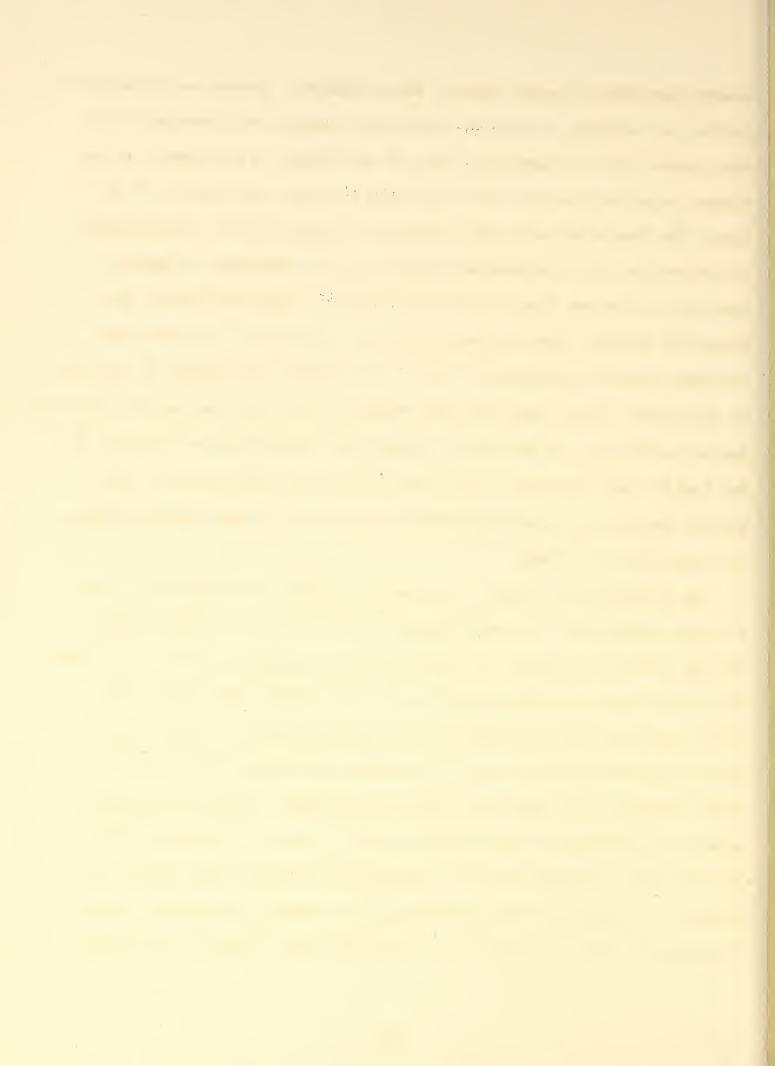
Thus, in the development of Civic Art for the City of Washington, the Commission of Fine Arts have been helpful in keeping, as one might say, unworthy things out of Washington. Occasionally projects, which come in the category of "monstrosities", are proposed but when it has been made known to the promoters that the Commission of Fine Arts would oppose them, that has usually been the end of them. About 25 years ago a group proposed a slaughterhouse on the Virginia side of the River not far from where the west end of the Arlington Memorial Bridge is now built. The Commission of Fine Arts protested vehemently, and when the matter was brought to the attention of Congress, leaders in Congress threatened to bring a stop to appropriations for completion of the Bridge.

During recent years the Commission of Fine Arts have witnessed material changes in the general character of artistic creation, particularly within the field of architecture; changes in our economic and in our social life are



Clearly manifested in every phase of human endeavor. Insofar as the National Capital is concerned, changes in architectural expression fortunately have been gradual, for the Commission have not sanctioned the abandonment of the classic background that had its origin here following the founding of the City. The Commission have urged adherence to beauty of form, to excellence of proportions and to permanence of materials, all attributes of design exemplary of the art of architecture of the past. These attributes, the Commission believe, must continue to dominate the design of our important buildings erected as important elements in the future development of the City of Washington. Thus, among the newer "classic" buildings there are the National Academy of Sciences, by Bertram G. Goodhue, the Federal Reserve Building, by Dr. Paul P. Cret, adjacent to it, both forming part of the frame for the Lincoln Memorial, and the Folger Shakespeare Library on East Capitol Street, also designed by Dr. Cret.

As architectural designs of monumental buildings are simplified, room is made available for rich embellishment by the sculptor and the painter, thereby providing a greater distinction in our buildings, a distinction which will tend to make them wholly American in their flavor. The strict and rigid compliance with the tenets of the classical school in architecture are being superseded by designs for monumental buildings that indicate a fresh approach. As to designs, the Commission make a distinction between monumental buildings for major locations and to general Government office buildings for secondary locations. Modernistic buildings that are not in harmony in design with their surroundings are naturally disapproved, since they would be out of harmony in the Washington scene. There is no reason,

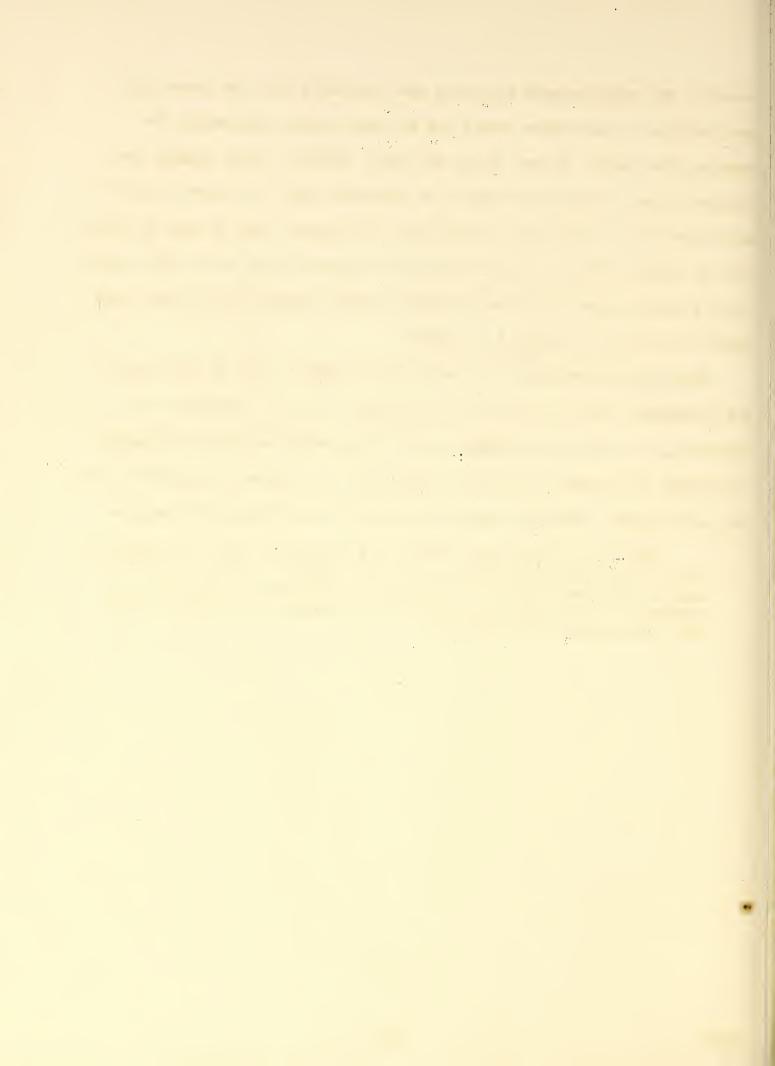


however, why well-designed buildings that harmonize with the prevailing architecture in Washington should not be functionally successful; for example, the Federal Reserve Board building. Radical street changes and changes in park reservations are to be deplored, for high regard should be maintained for the statement of President Washington, made on June 1, 1799, when he advised "that no departure from the engraved plan of the City ought to be allowed, unless imperious necessity should require it, or some great public good is to be promoted thereby."

The City of Washington has grown with the Nation, and as the home of the Government the high standards established for it by Washington and Jefferson, with the aid of L'Enfant, are being maintained by the agencies authorized by Congress to attend to plans for the further development of our National Capital. Of this, former President Herbert Hoover well said,—

"This is more than the making of a beautiful city. Washington is not only the Nation's Capital, it is the symbol of America. By its dignity and architectural inspiration we stimulate pride in our country, we encourage that elevation of thought and character which comes from great architecture."

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NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C.

May 20, 1948.

Mr. Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman, Commission of Fine Arts Interior Department Building Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Mr. Clarke:

Thank you very much for your letter of May ll and the enclosed article entitled "Civic Art in Washington," prepared for your Commission by Mr. Caemmerer at the request of this Commission.

While we have not yet had an opportunity to review the article, I want to assure you that before publication a proof of the article will be made available to your Commission for review.

We appreciate very much the cooperation of your Commission in the preparation of this article.

Sincerely yours,

U. S. Grant, 3rd, Major General, U.S.A., Ret. Chairman.

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 The Commission of Fine Arts

Washington

S. 2591

May 10, 1948.

Dear Senator Revercomb:

Your communication of May 3, with which you submitted for report a copy of Senate Bill No. 2591, to provide for the acceptance on behalf of the United States of a statue of General Jose Gervasio Artigas, received the attention of the Commidsion of Fine Arts at their meeting on May 7, 1948.

The Commission favor the enactment of the proposed legislation. During the meeting on May 7, the Commission inspected the statue and they were well pleased with it. The statue should be placed in proximity to the grounds of the Pan American Union. A specific location would be chosen upon the enactment of the legislation by the Congress, whereupon the Commission would also advise as to a pedestal.

For the Commission of Fine Arts:

Sincerely yours,

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman.

Honorable Chapman Revercomb, Chairman, Committee on Public Works, Room 412 Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. The Commission of rise the

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Dear Senator Jevercom:

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 30, 1948

Mr. Cain (by request) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Works

A BILL

To provide for the acceptance on behalf of the United States of a statue of General Jose Gervasio Artigas, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept on
- 4 behalf of the United States the bronze statue of General
- 5 Jose Gervasio Artigas, as a gift from the people of Uruguay,
- 6 and erect the same on a suitable site to be selected by the
- 7 Director of the National Park Service, Department of the
- 8 Interior, with the approval of the Commission of Fine Arts
- 9 and the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, in
- 10 a public park or other federally owned property in the Dis-

- 1 trict of Columbia. Such statue shall not be erected until
- 2 the plans and specifications for the pedestal and landscaping
- 3 have been submitted to and approved by the Commission
- 4 of Fine Arts. The preparation of the plans and specifications
- 5 for the pedestal and landscaping and the erection of the
- 6 statue shall be under the supervision of the Director of the
- 7 National Park Service.
- 8 Sec. 2. There is authorized to be appropriated such
- 9 funds as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this
- 10 Act, including the design and construction of a suitable
- 11 pedestal for such statue, the landscaping of the adjacent area,
- 12 and the necessary plans therefor.



To provide for the acceptance on behalf of the Gervasio Artigas, and for other purposes. United States of a statue of General Jose

By Mr. Cain

APRIL 30, 1948

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Works

The Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, The Commission of Fine Arts, and Miss Katharine N. Rhoades, or Mrs. Eugene Meyer, as provided in Paragraph 4 of the Codicil to the Will of the late Charles L. Freer, have examined the following objects:

- 1 Jade. Chinese, late Chou dynasty, 5th to 3rd century B. C.
- 1 Bronze Mirror. Chinese, T'ang dynasty.
- 1 Painting. Chinese, Yuan dynasty, 14th century. By Wang Meng.

which have been recommended for purchase for the Freet Gallery of Art by Mr. A. G. Wenley, Director, and they hereby approve the purchase.

April 30, 1948.

A. Wetmore, Secretary,
For the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

May 7, 1948.

Gilmore D. Clarke, Chairman,
For the Commission of Fine Arts.

Katharine N. Rhoades.

The Regerts of the Smithsonian Institution, the Commission of Fine Arts, and Miss Katharine W. Phoades, or Mrs. Turene Heyer, as provided in Paragraph 4 of the Codicil to the mill of the lats Charles L. Freer, have examined the following objects:

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