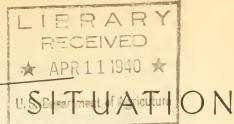
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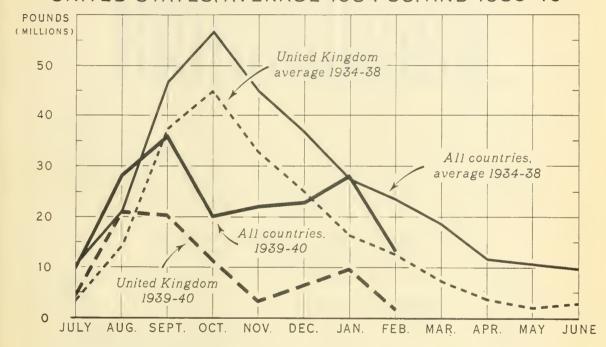
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TS-14

BHE

March 30, 1940

FLUE-CURED TOBACCO: TOTAL EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES, AVERAGE 1934-38, AND 1939-40



U S DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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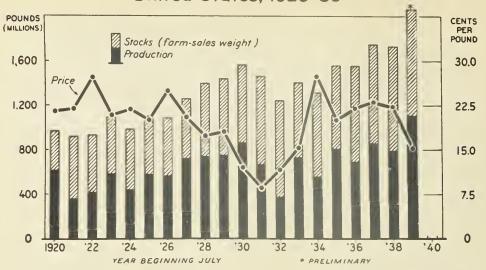
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Normally exports of flue-cured tobacco to the United Kingdom, which is the largest foreign buyer, are heaviest from August through January. During August 1939, total flue-cured exports, as well as exports to the United Kingdom alone were above the 5-year (1934-38) average August exports. This was probably due in part to rumors of war. Beginning with the declaration of war in September, purchases for British account ceased because of the British policy of conserving dollar exchange for war necessities, and as a result all United States tobacco markets were closed by September 14. High costs of war risk insurance and curtailment of shipping facilities adversely affected exports to other European countries.

ON JANUARY I, 1940, IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM WERE RESTRICTED TO LEAF BROUGHT IN UNDER LICENSE AND SHIPMENTS ALREADY ON THE HIGH SEAS. DURING JANUARY 1940, LICENSES FOR APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLION POUNDS OF TOBACCO WERE ISSUED FOR PURCHASES MADE PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 9, 1939, AND IT IS REPORTED THAT LICENSES WILL BE ISSUED FOR ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES OF LEAF PURCHASED PRIOR TO THIS DATE.

INCREASED SHIPMENTS TO CHINA AND AUSTRALIA BRING THE TOTAL JANUARY 1940 EXPORTS UP TO THE LEVEL OF THE 5-YEAR PERIOD 1934-38, ALTHOUGH IN OTHER MONTHS SINCE AUGUST EXPORTS WERE MUCH BELOW THE 5-YEAR AVERAGE.

Flue-cured Tobacco: Supply and Price in the United States, 1920-39

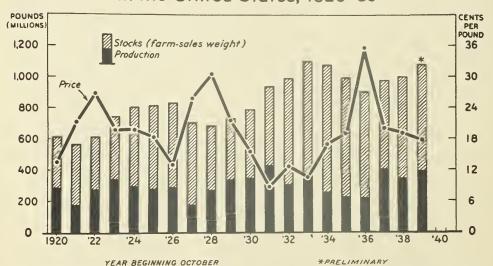


U. S DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

HEG. 26476-B BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

FIGURE 1.- NORMALLY A CHANCE IN THE SUPPLY OF FLUE-CURED TOBACCO RESULTS IN A PRICE CHANCE IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION. THIS WAS THE CASE IN NEARLY ALL OF THE YEARS INCLUDED IN THIS CHART, BUT IN SDME YEARS THE EFFECTS OF SUPPLY CHANCES WERE DEFSET BY CHANCES IN CENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS OR BY DIHER FACTORS. IN 1933, FOR EXAMPLE, NOTWITHSTANDING A MATERIALLY LARCER SUPPLY, THE PRICE INCREASED SUBSTANTIALLY, AND IN 1934 THE INCREASE IN PRICE WAS DUT OF PROPORTION TO THE MODERATE DECREASE IN SUPPLY. THE RECORD 1939 SUPPLY, TOCETHER WITH REQUICED EXPORT DUTLETS, RESULTED IN A PRICE OF ABDUT 15.2 CENTS PER PDUND. IN 1933 THE PRICE WAS 15.3 CENTS.

Burley Tobacco: Supply and Price, in the United States, 1920-39



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

NEG. 26619-8 BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL SCONONICS

FIGURE 2.— BURLEY TDBACCO, WHICH IS CONSUMED ALMOST ENTIRELY IN THE UNITEO STATES, ALSO DEMONSTRATES THE CLOSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TOTAL SUPPLY AND PRICE. THE VARIATIONS WHICH OCCUR IN STOCKS RESULT MAINLY FROM CHANCES IN THE PRODUCTION OF THE PRECEDING YEARS, SINCE DISAPPEARANCE IS FAIRLY STABLE. THE UPWARD TREND OF CONSUMPTION OF BURLEY TOBACCO IN CICARETTES HAS BEEN LARGELY DFFSET BY DECREASES IN PRODUCTION OF CHEWING TOBACCO. THE LARGE 1939 SUPPLY, ALTHDUCH NOT A RECORD SUPPLY, RESULTED IN A SEASON AVERACE PRICE OF ABOUT 17.5 CENTS PER POUND, DR 1.5 CENTS BELDW THE PRICE RECEIVED FOR THE 1938 CROP.

THE TOFACCO SITUATION Spring Cutlook Issue

Summary

An abnormally large prospective supply and reduced export outlets make the outlook for flue-cured tobacco appear generally unfavorable for the 1940-41 season. A large prospective supply of Eurley, although not of record proportions, indicates that the market situation in 1940-41 may not be greatly different from that of 1939. The outlook for fire-cured, dark air-cured, and cigar types is relatively favorable on the basis of March 1 acreage intentions.

Reduced exports and the large 1939 production (1,132,436,000 pounds) of flue-cured tobacco are expected to result in flue-cured stocks as of July 1, 1940 totaling 1,450,000,000 pounds, an amount more than 53 percent larger than flue-cured stocks a year earlier. (Even if the United Kingdom had taken normal amounts of the 1939 production, stocks as of July 1, 1940 would still be about 35 percent above those of July 1, 1939). Burley stocks, estimated at 7,756,000,000 peunds as of October 1, 1940, are about 10 percent larger than those of October 1, 1939.

The effects of large stocks of flue-cured and Burley will be partly offset during the 1940-41 season by a prospective reduction in acreage as a result
of the adjustment program of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. Even
with the adjustment program and the approximate marketing quotas of 660 million
pounds and 315 million pounds for flue-cured and Burley respectively, supplies
of these types, especially flue-cured, will be excessive in 1940-41 because of
accumulated stocks.

Assuming a 1933-37 average yield, acreage intentions as of March 1 indicate a 1940 production of 27 million pounds of Maryland tobacco, which

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appears to be well in line with recent disappearance if consideration is given to the adverse effects of the war upon exports.

Domestic demand conditions are not expected to be greatly different 1940-41 than in 1939-40. Cigarette consumption probably will increase some what, and other recent trends in tobacco consumption are expected to continue to depend largely on the import policies of foreign Governments and other highly uncertain factors, but the possibilities of material improvement in the present unfavorable expert situation during the coming season are not very great.

March 1 intentions reports for the fire-cured and dark air-cured typo indicate acreages about equal to these of 1939. If these acreage intentions are adhered to by the growers, supplies well in line with recent decreasing exports of leaf and decreasing consumption of dark tobacco products should result.

Acreage intentions for eight types are not significantly different from those of 1939. Increases of 4.3 percent and 7.1 percent respectively are indicated for filler and binder types. A decrease of 10.1 percent is shown for wrapper types. Increases in the expected acreages of filler and binder a decrease in the expected acreage of wrapper will about offset expected decreases as of October 1, 1940 in stocks of filler and binder and an increase wrapper. There may be a moderate increase in eight consumption again in the 1940-41 season.

FLUE-CURED, TYPES 11-14

Allotments reduce prospective acreage in 1940

The 1940 allotted flue-cured acreage of about 755,000 acres is only 6 porcent of the acreage grown in 1939 and 87 percent of the 5-year (1934-38) average. The marketing quota is approximately 660 million pounds. However, a yield equal to the high 1935 yield of 928 pounds is obtained, production w

be about 700 million pounds. On the other hard if a yield as low as that of 1932 (605 pounds) is obtained, production will be about 457 million pounds. In any event large stocks, which are expected to be about 1,450,000,000 pounds at the beginning of the 1940-41 season, will cause the supply to be abnormally high. If production equals the marketing quota, the supply will be 39 percent above the 5-year (1933-57) average; if a high yield is obtained the supply will be 42 percent above the 5-year average; and even if abnormal conditions should cause the low yield of 605 pounds per acro, the supply still will be 26 percent above the 5-year average for the years 1933-37.

Abnormally high stocks complicate supply situation

The stocks of 1,450,000,000 pounds which appear probable on July 1, 1940 are more than 500 million pounds larger than stocks held by dealers and manufacturers on July 1, 1939. These stocks include about 175 million pounds owned by the Commedity Credit Corporation and under option to British manufacturers until July 1, 1941. Even if the United Kingdom had taken normal amounts, stocks on July 1, 1940 would still be about 330 million pounds above stocks on July 1, 1939; and supplies in 1940, on the basis of varying yields, would still be from 200 million to 400 million pounds above the 1933-37 level and 200 million pounds above the 1938 supply level.

Additional provisions made for establishing acreage allotments in 1940

Though the marketing quota of approximately 660 million pounds will do much to reduce supplies of flue-cured tobacco in 1940, a further voluntary reduction in acreage may be desirable. To help in adjusting flue-cured supplies to disappearance, a change in the provisions for establishing flue-cured acroage allotments, (whereby farmers who desire to grow less tobacco than their 1940 alletments may do so without affecting the size of their future allotments, will be effective in 1941 and later years. If a producer grows as much as half of his 1940 allotment, his 1941 alletment and allotments for later years will be determined as if an acreage as large as the allotment of 1940 had been grown; if less than half of his allotment is grown in 1940 his future allotments will be determined as if one-half of his 1940 allotment had been grown, unless it is found that no effort was made to grew tobacco in 1940. These now measures in determining future acreage allotments may cause a voluntary reduction in the 1940 flue-cured acreage below allotments, and thereby help to reduce production below the 660 million-pound queta, which in turn will reduce the abnormally high supplies now in prospect.

Small increase in domestic consumption in prospect

Although general business conditions and consumers' income may not be greatly different in 1940-41 than in 1939-40, some additional increase in cigarette consumption seems probable. The year beginning July 1, 1938 witnessed an increase of 2.2 percent in tax-paid withdrawals of cigarettes over the year beginning July 1, 1937, or an increase in withdrawals from 164 billion to 168 billion. The 8 months, July 1939 to February 1940, showed a further increase of 6.0 percent over the same 8 months beginning July 1938, or an increase from 109 billion to 116 billion.

Export situation continues uncertain

Stocks of flue-cured tobacco from all sources in the United Kingdom the beginning of the 1939 European War were said to be sufficient for about years. Because of the preference for American tobacco, the British restrictions on imports of American tobacco may be lifted upon the approach of the exhaustion of existing stocks in the United Kingdom. The revenue derived be the United Kingdom from the high tariff on American tobacco might also be a element conducive to an early removal of present restrictions.

On the other hand, Empire flue-cured production of about 164 million pounds for the crop year 1938-39 is 2-1/2 times as great as in the year 1933. Further increases in Empire production may reasonably be expected becan of the preferential tariff which is 2 shillings less per pound than on American tobacco, and because of a warting measure tending toward self-sufficiency.

Increased imports from Turkey into the United Kingdom are made possible through trade agreements between the two countries and it is probable that similar arrangements will be made with Greece. It is possible that between and 30 million pounds of Oriental tobacce will be imported by the United Kindom under these special arrangements, whereas the average 1933-37 imports whereas than 1,000,000 pounds annually.

It appears, therefore, that even an increased Empire production and creased imports of Oriental leaf will not entirely replace imports of flue-cured tobacco from the United States, which averaged about 200 million pounduring the 5 years, 1934-38; reached a high of 237 million pounds in 1937-3 and were 228 million pounds in 1938-39.

Trade sources indicate that tebacco interests in the United Kingdom have approached the Government concerning the resumption of purchases of American leaf, at least to a percentage of pre-war totals. Increased consution in the United Kingdom because of increased industrial production, and taste for American tebaccos which trade sources believe can not readily be changed, are indications which appear favorable to a resumption of imports (United States tebacco when present stocks are nearer depletion.

Licerses have been issued by the United Kingdem for the shipment of about 10 million pounds of United States tobacco since January 1, 1940 and is expected that licenses will be issued for additional quantities of leaf which were purchased prior to the withdrawal from the markets of British buy on September 9, 1939.

Returns to growers larger in 1939-40 than can be expected in 1940-41 season

All fluo-cured markets were closed by the middle of February. The record 1939 crop of 1,152,436,000 pounds indicated by sales data was sold at an average price of about 15.2 cents and resulted in returns to growers of a than 171 million dellars. The returns to growers for the 1939 flue-cured crwere about 2 percent below the returns for the 1938 crop, and 14 percent below

Flue-cured tobacco: Production in specimen committee, ...

| | | | Year beginning July | ning July 1/ | | L |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| Country | 1934 | IL M | : 193 | 193 | : 1938 | 1959 2/ |
| | 1,000 pounds | 1,000 pounds | 1,000 pounds | S I, OUU pounds | 000 | 2001 |
| British Empire sources: | ۲۱۱۲ ۲ | 5.557 | 5,198 | 5,980 | 3,922 | 1 |
| Australia | 22,101 | 35,199 | 24,596 | 55,374 | 78,174 | 81,706 |
| Canada | 468 | 906 | 257 | 133 | OTO | |
| Cyprus Tradia 3/ | 13,500 | 16,400 | 19,500 | 45,300 | 45,000 | 431 |
| SQ. | 1 1 | 1 0 | ספל קאר ר | 3/0 | 3/ 2,000 | |
| Northern Rhodesia | | 01,210 | 7, 202 | 2,370 | 3,500 | |
| Nyasaland | 1,495 | 20,109 | 417.00 | 25,342 | 26,168 | |
| Southern Rhodesia | ۲۷, | 00.00 | 3,200 | 3,800 | 1,750 | |
| Union of South Africa | 62. | 83,790 | 77,137 | 138,867 | 1.63,746 | |
| STATISTICAL TENOT | | | | | | |
| Other foreign sources: | 1 1 | 1 1 | 335 | 583 | 1,524 | |
| Argentina | 000 01(1 | 000.591 | 180,000 | 210,000 | 81,500 | 106,000 |
| China 3/ | 7,000 | 7.063 | 7,670 | 9,126 | 10,997 | 24,365 |
| Chosen Chosen | 117 606 | 51,288 | 48,893 | 62,172 | 64,773, | _ |
| Japan | 7,000 | 7,000 | 1,950 | 7,700 | 12,500 | 4/35,000 |
| Manchuria 5/ | | 000 | 000 1 | 3,300 | 000,4 | |
| Netherlands Indies 2/2/ | ٦ , | 1,262 | 1,936 | 2,885 | 960,4 | 5,620 |
| Taiwan | 10/ | 229,613 | 2147,751 | 295,766 | 179,390 | |
| Total reporting countries : 556 | 55 | 811,195 | 682,850 | 866,302 | 785,731 | 1,111,594 |
| United States Silventing countries 816 | 816, | 1,124,598 | 1,007,741 | 1,300,935 | 1,128,55/ | 2 10 20 |
| TOOT STORY THE TOO THE THE THE THE THE | the harvesting | ing season in | both Northern and | rn and Southern | rn Hemispheres | . In Mor- |

thern Hemisphere, data for 1934, for example, are for crops harvested in summer and fall of 1934; in Southern Hemisphere they are for crops harvested in spring of 1935. For many countries bordering on the Equator, har- $\frac{2}{3}$ / Freliminary. Data for earlier years may be revised on basis of later information. $\frac{5}{4}$ / Estimated. $\frac{5}{4}$ / Of this amount, 10 to 15 million pounds produced from flue-cured sood, is sun-cure vest started late in 1934 and was completed in early months of 1935.

Of this amount, 10 to 15 million pounds produced from flue-cured sood, is sun-cured.

5/ Grown in Java. Compiled from official sources, reports of United States consuls, commercial attaches, agricultural attaches, and commodity specialists in foreign countries. the returns for the 1937 crop. With these two exceptions, the returns to growers of flue-cured tobacco were higher in 1939 than in any year since 191 However, the supply situation brought about by the record crop of 1939, and the uncertain export situation, make price prospects for the 1940 crop appea unfavorable.

Flue-cured tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1933-37, annual 1938-39, and indications for 1940 1/

| | : | | | weight e | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|
| P | : | : | : | Easc | d on all | otted ac | reage |
| Type | :Average :1935-37 | : 1052 | : 1.939 | : speci: | fied yiel | lds, mar | ketin |
| | :1933-37 | : Tage | : 2/ | : quot | n, and p | robable | stock. |
| | 0 | | ÷ t | :1940 3/ | :1940 4/ | :1940 5/ | :1940/ |
| | :Million | Million | Million | Million | Million | Million | Mill. |
| | : pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pour |
| Flue-cured, types 11-14 | | | California de la calenda de la | | | | |
| Production | .: 730.1 | 795.7 | 1,132.4 | 635.0 | 700.6 | 456.8 | 660) |
| Stocks (July 1) | .: 789.2 | 954.5 | 946.5 | 1,450.0 | 1,450.0 | 1,450.0 | 1,45(|
| Supply | | | 2,078.7 | 2,085.0 | 2,150.6 | 1,906.8 | 2,110 |
| Disappearance | | | 628.7 | | | | |
| Price (cents) | .: 21.6 | 22.2 | 15.2 | | | | |
| | : | | | | | | |
| 1/ It is new expected | that aero | oago inc | reases t | o small g | growers v | will res | ult ir |
| a total fluc-cured acre | eago all- | tmont in | 1940 of | approxim | nately 78 | 55,000 a | cros. |
| 2/ Preliminary. Produ | action and | d price i | indicate | d by sale | os data. | | |
| 3/ Production based or | a 5-year s | worago j | rield, l' | 933-37. | of 841 pc | ounds; 4 | / high |
| 1935 yield of 923 pound | ds; and 5, | / 1932 y: | ield of | 305 pound | ds, which | n is the | lowes |
| yield obtained during t | the past | decade. | | | • | | |

BURLEY, TYPE 31

Crop in 1939 larger than first anticipated

Sales data indicate that the 1939 crop of Burley was about 590,734,000 pounds instead of the production of 361,434,000 pounds previously estimated. The 1939 production, therefore, is an increase of 15.3 percent over the 1938 production instead of the 6.6 percent increase reported earlier.

Supply in 1939 largost since 1933

6/ Approximate marketing quota.

The 1939 production, estimated at 390,734,000 pounds, is the largest since 1931 with the exception of the 402-million-pound production of 1937. This production, tegether with the 1939 stocks of 684,100,000 pounds, brought the 1939 supply to 1,074,800,000 pounds, which is the highest since the recorsupply of 1,097,800,000 pounds in 1933, and 3.4 times as large as 1938 disappearance.

Flue-cured tobacco: Exports from the United States to principal importing countries, by months, July-December, 1938-39, and January-February 1939-40

| al | 60 . | 66 | 996 | 551 | 570 | 806 | 4,20 | 563 | ,286 | 29,465 |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Total | 1,000 | 8,166 | 31,9 | 53,651 | 69,870 20,431 | 22,7 | 17,074 22,862 | 256, | 22, | 123 |
| Other | 1,000 | 1,739 | 1,603 | 1,028 | 1,929 | 2,256 | 1,905 | 10,530 | 1,320 | 1,231 |
| Canada: | 1,000 1b. | 296 | 1491 | 27 | 340 659 | 21,047 | 207 | 1,382 | 243 | 147 |
| Aus- c | 1,000 1 | 1,754 2,006 | 1,510 | 1,440 | 2,120 | 1,719 | 1,58 th 2,792 | 10,127 | 1,343 | 889 |
| China | 1,000 1b. | 139 | 3,183 | 2,830 | 5,928 | 5,767 | 7,373 | 25,220 | 1,907 | 9,717 |
| ther Curope | 1,000 1b. | 271 | 157 | 180 | 164 | 655 | 1,288 | 2,726 | 642 | 240 92 |
| Irish Other (Free Europe | 1,000 1b. | 16 | 7 ⁴ 1 202 | 2,477 | 2,173 | 2,191 | 1,001 | 7,021 | 180 | 342 |
| Fin- | | 33 | 49 | 53 | 321 145 | 348 139 | 1 1 | 728 | | 1 |
| Scandi- navia | 1,000 1b. | 189 924 | 350 | 321 | 1,005 | 1,253 | 299 | 3,417 | 727 | 1,820 |
| Bel- | | 67 | 364 | 130 | 1,526 | 1,624 | 32 | 2,292 | 102 445 | 136 |
| Ger- | 1,000 | 358 | 54 | 231 | 25.0 | 221 | 227 | 1,347 | 1,1440 | t12t1 |
| Nether- | 1,00 | 513 | 267 | 687 | 739 | 6,893 | 727 | 3,625 | 573 | 276 |
| United | | 2,759 | 23,275 | .45,825 .20,433 | :53,366 | :30,000 3,421 | 32,43 ⁴ 6,230 | .187, 659 : 67,276 | 13,989 | :14,183 :1,741 |
| | month | July 1938 1939 | Aug. 1938 1939 | Sept. 1938 | 0ct. 1938 1939 | Mov. 1938 1939 | Dec. 1938 1939 6-mo.,- | | Jan. 1939 1940 | Feb. 1939 1940 |

1/ Norway, Sweden, and Denmark. Z/ Including Hong Kong and Kwantung.

Adjustment program in 1940 expected to reduce supply

As a result of the large 1939 Burley crop, stocks on October 1, 1940 are expected to be about 10 percent larger than on October 1, 1939. The approximate marketing quota of 315 million pounds will result in a supply less than 1 percent below the large supply of 1939. If yields as high as those of 1937 are obtained, the supply in 1940 will be 1.6 percent above the large supply of 1939. A further reduction in production in 1940 would be necessary to bring supply in line with disappearance. The provisions for voluntary acreage reduction in 1940, as stated under the discussion of flue-cured, also apply in the case of Burley.

Domestic demand may be slightly larger in 1940

Domestic demand for Burley tobacco may be slightly larger in 1940 than in 1939 because of the possible moderate increase in cigarette consumption. However, it appears that any such increase is amply provided for in the adjust/program even if a yield as low as that obtained in 1936 (727 pounds) is obtained.

The exports of Burley during October-February 1939-10 show an increase of about 1 million pounds, or an increase of 23.5 percent over the same months a year earlier, the result of much larger takings by Portugal during October and November 1939 and in January 1940. Even though the early months of the present crop year do show this increase in Burley exports, the exports for the season are not likely to be much above the recent annual average of about 11 million pounds. Exports in recent years have gone principally to Belgium, Portugal, and the Netherlands. Normally, about 3 percent of the crop is exported.

Burley markets closed for season

The majority of the Burley markets closed between February 5 and February 16, and the last market closed February 23. For the first time in several years average prices were higher after the markets reopened on January 8, following the holiday closing, than they were prior to the holiday closing. The 1939 crop was considered better in quality than the 1938 crop in many respects. Sales data indicate a season average price of about 17.5 cents compared with 19 cents received for the 1938 crop. In comparison with the depressed prices of flue-cured, Burley prices remained relatively stable.

Returns to growers for the 1939 crop were about 68 million dellars compared with 64 million dellars for the 1938 crop and 81 million dellars for the 1937 crop. The 1939 Burley growers were in a more favorable position than the 1939 flue-cured growers since Burley tobacco is almost all consumed in the United States whereas flue-cured is a predominant export crop. The lower prices of Burley in 1939 compared with 1938 can be attributed largely to the large supply. Prices in the 1940-41 season, in comparison with prices in 1939-40, will turn largely on quality and yield per acre.

Season average prices per 100 pounds of Burley tobacco by grades on representative markets, 1938 and 1939

| United States: | (r^p | Type 3 | : United States : | Crop | of- |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------|
| standard : | | | : standard : | 1938 | 1939 |
| grades 1/ : | 1938 | 1939 | : grades 1/ : | 1000 | |
| 61 4400 1/ | Dollars | Dollars | B B | Dollars | Dollars |
| Leaf: | | | :Lugs or Cutters:: | | |
| BlF | 28.00 | 24.50 | : ClL : | 29.50 | 27.50 |
| BIF | 24.50 | 20.00 | : ClF : | 29.50 | 26.50 |
| B2F | 26.00 | 23.50 | : C2L : | 28.50 | 26.50 |
| B2R | 22.00 | 18.50 | : C2F : | | 26.00 |
| B3F | 23.50 | 20.50 | : C3L : | | 25.50 |
| | 19.50 | 16.00 | : C3F : | | 24.50 |
| | 17.00 | 14.00 | : C3R | 24.00 | 22.50 |
| B3G | 12.25 | | : C3G : | 14.75 | |
| B3GF | : | 12.00 | : C3GF | | 14.50 |
| B3GR | : | 12.00 | : C4ī. | 24.50 | 23.00 |
| B4F | : 20.00 | 17.50 | : C4F | 23.00 | 21.50 |
| P4R | : 15.75 | 13.50 | : C4R | 20.00 | 19.50 |
| B4D | 12.25 | 11.25 | : C4G | 12.75 | |
| B4G | 9.75 | | : C4GF | | 11.25 |
| B4GF | | 9.25 | : C5L | : 18.50 | 18.50 |
| B4GR | | 9.50 | : C5F | : 16.50 | 16.50 |
| B5F | : 14.50 | 13.75 | : C5R | : 13.75 | 13.75 |
| B5R | : 12.00 | 11.25 | : C5G | 9.25 | |
| B5D | 9.25 | 9.25 | : C5GF | : | 8.75 |
| B5G | 7.00 | | :Flyings: | • | |
| B5GF | | 7.25 | : XlL | : 28.50 | 26.50 |
| B5GR | | 7.25 | : XlF | : 28.00 | 26.00 |
| Tips: | • | | : X2L | : 27.00 | 24.50 |
| T3F | : 19.00 | 17.00 | : X2F | : 26.50 | 25.00 |
| T3R | : 15.25 | 12,75 | : XZL | : 24.00 | 22.00 |
| T3D | : 12.75 | 11.75 | : Y37 | : 23.00 | 21.50 |
| T4F | : 14.25 | 13.50 | : 2238 | : 21.00 | 20.00 |
| T4R | : 11.50 | 10.75 | : 7.4L | : 19.50 | 18.00 |
| T4D | 9.25 | 9.25 | : 24F | : 18.00 | 17.50 |
| T4G | 7.75 | | : X4R | : 15.50 | 15,50 |
| T4GF | | 7.25 | : 74G | : 11.50 | |
| T4GR | | 8.50 | : X4GF | : | 11.25 |
| T5F | : 10.50 | 10.25 | : X5L | : 14.00 | 13.75 |
| T5P | : 8.75 | 8.75 | : X5F | : 12.50 | 12.50 |
| T5D | 7.25 | 7.50 | : X5R | : 10.75 | 11.25 |
| T5G | 6.00 | | : X5G | : 9.00 | |
| T5GF | : | 5.75 | : | : | |
| T5GP. | : | 0.25 | | : | |
| 1001. | : | | * | : | |
| 7/ 7/200 +0 0+00 | accase amodo | mo slea for D. | ralow tobacco. | | |

1/ Key to standard grade marks for Burley tobacco:

| Group | Quality | Color | Color |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| A - Wrappers | 1 - Choice | L - Buff or Straw | G - Green |
| B - Leaf | ? - Fine | F - Tan | (L) Light-Shade |
| T - Tips | 3 - Good | R - Red | (F) l'edium Shade |
| C - Lugs or Cut | ters 4 - Fair | D - Park Red | (R) Dark Shade |
| X - Flyings | 5 - Low | | |

Burley tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1933-37, annual 1938-39, and indications for 1940 1/

| | | and the second section of the second | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|---|-----------|-----------|---|-------------|-------------|
| | : | | rm-sales | | | | |
| | : | : | : | Base | d on allo | otted ac | reage |
| | :Average | : 1938 : | : 1939 | : speci: | fied yiel | lds, mar | keting |
| Type | :1933-37 | | | | a, and p | | |
| | : | | | | : 1940 : | | |
| | : | | | | : 4/ | | |
| | :Million | | Million | Million | Million | Million | Millio |
| | :pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds |
| Burley, type 31- | : | | | | | | |
| Production | | 339.0 | 390.7 | 296.7 | 335.6 | 269.0 | |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) | | 660.7 | 684.1 | 755.0 | 756.0 | 755.0 | |
| Supply | :1,007.3 | 999.7 | 1,074.8 | 1,052.7 | 1,091.6 | 1,025.0 | 1,071. |
| Disappearance | : 306.4 | | 318.3 | , | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , -5.0 | , , , , , , |
| Price (cents) | : 20.5 | | 17.5 | | | | |
| | • | | -1.5 | | | 1 | |
| 1/ It is now expecte | ed that a | creage ir | icreases | to small | l growers | s will r | esult i |
| a total Burley acreas | e allotm | ent in 19 | 140 of an | proximat | tely 370 | .000 acr | es. |
| 2/ Preliminary. Pro | duction a | and price | e indicat | ted by sa | iles data | 2. | |
| 3/ Production based | on 5-year | average | vield o | of 1933-7 | 37 of 802 | nounds | |
| 4/ high 1937 wield o | £ 907 no | māa. end | 1 5/ 700 | 3076 | 7 3 - 6 76 | - positions | , |

MARYLAND, TYPE 32

high 1937 yield of 907 pounds; and 5/ low 1936 yield of 727 pounds.

Approximate marketing quota.

The indicated 1940 acreage of Maryland tobacco as of March 1 is 37,800 acres, or 1 percent under the 1939 acreage of 38,200 acres. With the average 1933-37 yield of 713 pounds, the prospective 1940 production is 27,000,000, or 9.4 percent below the 1939 production of 29,800,000. With a high yield, such as was obtained in 1936, the 1940 production would be 31,000,000 pounds or 4 percent above the 1939 crop. Stocks as of January 1, 1941 are expected to be somewhat smaller than on January 1, 1940, and the supply available in 1940 might be slightly below supplies in recent years.

Stocks as of January 1, 1940 were about 3,000,000 pounds smaller than had been expected earlier in the season, largely because of an increase of 1,823,000 pounds in exports in the calendar year 1939 over the calendar year 1938. Almost 3 times the normal exports were taken by Switzerland and the Notherlands during the last half of the calendar year 1939, probably in anticipation of increased transportation difficulties later as a result of war conditions. In earlier years France was the principal importer of Maryland leaf, but Switzerland and the Netherlands have been the principal importers in recent years.

Primarily as a result of increased exports, disappearance in 1939 was 5 percent greater than in 1936. In recent years the tendency has been to substitute other types, such as light Java, for Maryland tobacco, especially in the Netherlands.

Exports from the Unitel States to principal importing countries, by months, July-December, 1933-39, and January-February, 1939-40 Maryland tubacco:

| Total | 1,000 | 92 | 123 | 238 | 1,047 | 240 | 988 | 2,189 | 251 | 436 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Other countries | 1,000 1b. | 1 03 | 1 1 | ;= | 1 50 | ~ ~ | 1 1 | H 80 | 22 | 1 |
| Other : Algeria, Europe: and : | 1,000 15. | 1 80 | 1 2 1 | 188 | 265 15 | 99 | 46 | 395 30 | 29 | 1 |
| Other | 1,000 1b. | 1 1 1 1 | 1 60 | 1 1 | 4 | | 7 | 11 | 1 1 | 1 |
| : mited: | 1,000 1b. | 6 1 | 1 ~ | 1 00 | 20 03 | 1 1 1 1 1 3 | i | 32 | Ц С; | |
| candi- nuvia | 1,000 1b. | 7 2 | 22 | T 6 | 2 5 | | 46 | 102 71 | 22 | 15 |
| Germany | 1,000 | rc 41 | CV | 1 1 1 1 1 | F 1 | | 89 | 62 | 1.7 | 1. |
| Nether- | 1,000 | 6. C.6 | 18 | 66 | 3225 | 52 | 233 | 513 | 14 | 213 |
| Bolgium | 1,000 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 22 23 | 10 | 64 | 26 | 22 | 148 | 81 | 1 |
| :Switzer-: Belgium: lands | | 62 80 | 79 | 99 | 104 | 58 | 245 643 | 647 | 125 | 203 |
| France | | | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 4 1 | 249 | 25 | 74 | .c. 278 74 | 16 | 4 |
| Yeer and month | | July : 1938 : 1039 : | Aug | Sept. : 1958 : 1959 : | Oct. : 1958 : 1939 : | Nov. 1938: 1939: | Dec. 1938 | July-Dec. 1958 : 2 | Jan. 1930 | Feb. 1926 1940 |

1/ Norway, Sweden, and Denmark, 2/ Exports by countries not available at time of release of this TOBACCO SITUATIOI. Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commorree. Domestic consumption may be increased somewhat in 1940 because of the anticipated increase in the consumption of cigarettes and the increasing use of low grades in filler blends. In view of prospective production and probable stocks, the 1940 supply, while slightly below that of the past 2 years, is well in line with disappearance in recent years.

The auction floor markets will probably open early in May for sales of the 1939 crop. Trade sources indicate that floors other than those at Hughesville and Marlboro will be opened during the coming selling season. A portion of the crop will be sold in Baltimore as in the previous season.

Maryland tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1933-37, annual 1938-39, and indications for 1940

| | | | | - | | |
|--------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | : | Farm | -sales-we | eight equi | valent | |
| | • | • | • | : Based o | n prospec | tive |
| Type | :Average | : | : | :acreage, | specific | ed yields, |
| | :1933-37 | : 1938 | : 1939 | : and pro | bable sto | cks |
| | • | : | : 1/ | : 1940 | : 1940 | : 1940 |
| | : | • | • | : 2/ | : 3/ | : 4/ |
| | :Million | Million | Million | Million | Million | Million |
| | :pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds |
| Maryland, type 32- | : | | | | | |
| Production | : 25.1 | 29.2 | 29.8 | 27.0 | 31.0 | 21.2 |
| Stocks 5/ | : 33.6 | 37.7 | 36.3 | 34.0 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Supply | | 66.9 | 66.1 | 61.0 | 65.0 | 55.2 |
| Disappearance 5/ | | 30.6 | 52.1 | | | |
| Price (cents) | : 19.6 | 18.8 | | | | |
| | : | | | | | |

1/ Preliminary. Production indicated December 1, 1939.
2/ Production based on 5-year average, 1933-37 of 713 pounds; 3/ high 1936 yield of 820 pounds; and 4/ the low yield of 560 pounds obtained in 1930.
5/ January 1 of year following production, and disappearance beginning January 1 of year following production.

FIRE-CURED TOBACCO, TYPES 21-24

No significant charge in 1940 acreage intentions

Acreage indications as of March 1, 1940 show a 1.9 percent increase in type 22 and a 0.7 percent decrease for type 23. For types 21 and 24 no change from the 1939 acreage is indicated. A slight increase in stocks is expected as of October 1, 1940 but the 1940 production is expected to be about the same as disappearance in 1939 and supplies are not expected to be excessive in relation to disappearance. The 1939 position of fire-cured tobacco was better than in any of the recent years. With average yields and acreage indications as of March 1, 1940, the 1940 production will be only slightly smaller than the present estimate of disappearance in 1939. With high yields, production will be 6 percent greater than the 1939 disappearance. If present acreage intentions are carried out, fire-cured supplies should be fairly well in line with the decreased disappearance of recent years, but if growers plant an acreage above March 1 indications,

recent

prospects are for a crop above disappearance which might result in unfavorable prices in 1940. It rould be noted, however, that a factor of strength in the 1939-40 marketing situation will be largely absent in 1940-41. This factor is the shortage of good tobacco, especially of snuff grades, resulting from the extensive damage from wild fire in the 1938 season. This shortage, which probably has stimulated prices paid during the present season, will be largely made up by the 1939 crop.

Decreases indicated in domestic consumption

Tax-paid withdrawals of snuff, the principal dark-fired product, have averaged about 37 million pounds annually during the past 8 years. A decline of 1.2 percent in tax-paid withdrawals of snuff occurred during the current 8 months, July-February, compared with the same 6 months in 1938-39. Consumption of Italian-type cigars, made principally of fire-cured tobacco, has also declined in recent years.

Emorts adversely offected

Foreign demand for fire-cured types of tobacco has been declining for a number of years. In the more recent years about 50 percent of the crop has been exported. Virginia fire-cured, type 21, has gone principally to the United Kingdom, Germany, the W therlands, and Norway. Belgium, the Netherlands, Germany, the United Kingdom, and Switzerland are large inporters of Mentucky and Tennessee fire-oured, types 22-24, but France has always taken more than all of these countries comfined. Average imports by France, 1928-37, were 21,830,000 pounds; in 1938, France imported 17,733,000 pounds. Since the beginning of the present exporting year, October 1939, exports to France ceased entirely until February, when the French buyers returned to the markets following the allocation of 160 million francs, or approximately \$3,600,000, for the purchase of American tobacco. It now appears that French purchases will be made in the usual amounts at least for the next few months. Total emports of fire-cured tobacco for the 5 months beginning October 1939 are 37 percent less than for the same 5 menths beginning October 1938. Exports for the remaining 7 months of the crop year arc expected to show some improvement because of the resumtion of French purchases.

Fire-cured sales practically completed

All Virginia markets for type 21 have been closed, with sales for the season averaging 11.2 cents compared with a season average price of 10.7 cents for the past two seasons.

About 75 percent of the 55,600,000-pound crop of Mentucky and Tennessee fire-cured, type 22, has been sold since the opening of the markets on January 30. The everage price received for all sales through March 13 surraged about 10.5 cents, which is considerably above the season average price of 7.7 cents received for the 1938 crop.

It has been estimated by members of the trade that between 75 and 80 percent of the 1939 crop of Mentucky and Tennessee fire-cured tebacco,

Fire-cured tobacco: Exports from the United States to principal importing countries, by months, July-December 1938-39, and January-February 1939-40

| : Total | 1,000 | lb. | 3.529 | 2.274 | | 1,485 | 1,471 | 4,099 | 5,290 | | | 3,157 | • | 23 | 2,196 | | .25 | 1,711 | | | 9 71 | 16,099 | , , | 2.734 | 3,057 | | 2,455 | T(16+/) |
|------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------|--|--------|--------|-------|------|-------|-----------|---|------------|-------|------|---------------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|------|--------------|---------|
| .coun- tries | 1,000 | 1b. | 516 | 376 | | 55 t | 179 | 553 | 597 | | 358 | 255 | | 5 | 247 | | 436 | 144 | | | 77 | 798 | - | 44.3 | 764 | | 331 | 01 |
| Other Europe | 1,000 | 1b. | 686 | 95 | | 240 | GB . | 214 | 75 | | 230 | 95 | | 162 | 194 | | 218 | 74 | | | 7.5 | 628 | 2 | 26 | 10 | | 1,261 | |
| Scandi- navia 1/ | 1,000 | 1b. | 504 | 336 | 1 | 300 | 208 | 218 | 1,076 | | 1,774 | 797 | | 924 | 102 | | $\overline{}$ | | | | LC | 3.817 | > | 676 | 1,066 | | 37 | |
| Switzer- land | 1,000 | Ib. | 50 | 13 | (| 7.7 | 1 2 | 391 | 893 | | 1,016 | 794 | | 215 | 84.0 | | 319 | 277 | | | 0 | 2,819 | l | 8 | 375 | | 144 | |
| Ger- many | 1,000 | T D • | 319 | 677 | ŗ | 1.4.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C. | 177 | 213 | 36 | | 245 | - | | | | | 227 | 1 | | | 1.503 | 940 | , | 9 | i | | 75 | |
| First | 1,000 | Tp. | 529 | 205 | t C | 002 | 007 | • | 1,921 | | 1,969 | 818 | | 1,182 | 200 | | 146 | 13 | | | 6,163 | 3,710 | ` | 164 | 424 | | 52 | |
| United Kingdom | 1,000 | T D. | 614 | 129 | (| / O T | # O | 4.1 | 14 | | ರು | | | | 1 | | 332 | 204 | | | 1,281 | 395 | | 336 | 27 | | 502 | |
| Bel- gium | 1,000 | TD | 408 | 443 | r C | 190 | 160 | 382 | 678 | | 372 | 230 | | 653 | 283 | | 360 | ٦ | | | • | 1,855 | | 253 | 344 | | 42 | |
| Fin- land | 1,000 | TD | 1 | 1 | | 72 22 | 0 | i i | 1 | | 12 | 68 | | i | 20 | | - | t t | | | 12 | 136 | | | i | | 7 | |
| France | 000ر1: | TO | 23 | !!!! | | - | 4 | 1 | | | 70 | 1 1 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | 93 | Н | | 229 | 1 | | 4 | |
| Year and month | • | . V[til], | 1938 | 1939 | Aug. | 1939 | Sept. | 1938 | 1939 | 0ct. | 1938 | 1939 | | 1938 | 1939 | nec. | 1938 | 1939 : | 6-mo.: | July-Dec.: | 1938 : | 1939 : | Jan. : | 1939 : | 1940 : | Feb. | 1939 1940 | |

1/ Norway, Sweden and Denmark. 2/ Exports by countries not available at time of release of this TOBACCO SITUATION. Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, type 23, or approximately 17 million pounds, had been sold by March 18, at a price near to 7.3 cents. If prices are naintained at this average for the remainder of the sales, the season average price may be slightly above the 6.9 cents which was received for the 1938 crop.

About one-third of the 1,328,000-pound Kentucky fire-cured crop of type 24, as estimated December 1, had been sold by February 23, at prices slightly below the season average price of 7.1 cents obtained for the 1938 crop. Sales so far this season have been much slower than those during the same period last season and almost one-half of the offerings have been lugs.

Fire-cured tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1935-37, annual 1938, 1939, and indications for 1940

| | | Farm-s | ales-weig | ht equiva | lent | |
|-----------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | • | • | : | :Based on | . prospect | ive acre- |
| Tyne | :Average | • | : 1939 | :age, spe | cified yi | elds and |
| | 1933-37 | - | : 1/ | : pro | bable sto | cks |
| | * ~) | • | • | :1940 2/ | : 1.940 3/_ | :1940 4/ |
| | :Willion | Million | Million | Million | | Million |
| | | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds |
| 10002 2220 | • DDCLICES | 10000000 | | | | |
| types 21-24- | : 119.4 | 82.0 | 98.5 | 94.9 | 101.7 | 83.8 |
| Production | | 168.3 | 136.2 | 139.0 | 159.0 | 139.0 |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) | | 250.3 | 254.7 | 233.9 | 240.7 | 222.8 |
| Supply | | 114.1 | 95.7 | -JJ+J | • | |
| Disappearance | | | 5/9.9 | | | |
| Price (cents) | : 10.4 | 8.0 | 21 3.3 | | | |
| | : | | | | | |

^{1/} Preliminary. Production indicated December 1, 1939.
2/ Production based on 5-year average yield, 1933-37 of 815 pounds; 3/ high 1934 yield of 874 pounds; and 4/ low 1930 yield of 720 pounds.
5/ Average price of warehouse sales in Kentucky to March 1, 1940 and in Virginia for the season ending March 1940.

Season average prices per 100 pounds of fire-cured tobaccos by grades on representative markets, 1938 and 1939 season to date

| United States : | Crop | of - | : United St | | Crop o | of - |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|-------|
| standard : grades 1/ : | 1938 | 1939 2/ | : standar : grades | , | 1938 | 1939 |
| | Dollars | Dollars | : | | Dollars | Dolla |
| Wrappers: : | Service of the servic | | :Thin Leaf (Co | | | |
| AlF45 | | 27.00 | : C4L45 | · : | 12.25 | 11.7 |
| AlD45 | | 28.50 | : C4F45 | : | 12.00 | 11.7 |
| A2F45 : | | 24.50 | : C4D45 | : | 10.75 | 11.7 |
| A2D45 : | | 25.50 | : C4N45 | : | 10.00 | 10.0 |
| A3F45 : | | 20.50 | : C4G45 | : | 8.75 | 9.5 |
| A3D45 : | 23.50 | 21.00 | : C5L45 | : | 10.75 | 10.2 |
| Heavy Leaf: : | | | : C5F45 | : | 10.00 | 10.2 |
| Bl.F45 : | | 25.00 | : C5D45 | : | 8.75 | 9.7 |
| B1D45 : | | 26.00 | : C5M45 | : | | 8.7 |
| B2F45 : | 22.00 | 20.50 | : C5G45 | : | 6.75 | 7.5 |
| B2D45 : | 23.50 | 23.00 | :Lugs: | : | | |
| B3F45 : | 16.25 | 16.50 | : XlF | : | 11.00 | 11.7 |
| B3D45 : | 18.75 | 19.00 | : XlD | : | 11.00 | 12.5 |
| B3M45 : | 14.00 | 13.25 | : X2L | ; | | 10.5 |
| B3G45 : | 14.50 | 15.25 | : X2F | : | 9.75 | 10.2 |
| B4F45 : | 3.0 5. | 13.00 | : M2D | : | 9.50 | 11.0 |
| B4D45 | 7.6 6.5 | 14.75 | : %3L | : | 9.00 | 9.0 |
| B4M45 | 10.50 | 11.00 | : X3F | : | 8.50 | 9.0 |
| B4G45 | 10.25 | 11.25 | : X3D | : | 7.75 | 9.0 |
| B5F45 | 10.00 | 11.00 | : X3N | • | 7.50 | 8.0 |
| B5D45 | 9.75 | 11.75 | : X3G | | 6.50 | 7. |
| B5M45 | | 9.00 | : X4L | • | 8.25 | 8.0 |
| B5G45 | 7.75 | 9.00 | : X4F | | 7.00 | 7. |
| Thin Leaf: | . • | | : M4D | • | 6.00 | 7. |
| ClF45 | 0.0 L/0 (0 0) | 21.50 | : X4W | | 5.75 | 6. |
| C2F45 | 18.25 | 17.25 | : X4G | : | 4.50 | 5. |
| C2D45 | 18.25 | 17.50 | : X5L | • | | 6.8 |
| C3L45 : | | 14.25 | : X5F | | 5.25 | 6.2 |
| C3F45 : | 14.25 | 14.25 | : X5D | • | 4.00 | 5. |
| C3D45 : | 13.50 | 14.50 | : K5M | • | | 5.2 |
| C3N45 : | 12.50 | 12.25 | | • | 3.25 | 4. |
| C3G45 : | 73 05 | 3.0 0.5 | : 250 | | 0.20 | Τ. |
| | 1.1. • & ∪ | 10.00 | • | • | | |
| 1/ Key to standard | grade marks | for fire | cured tobacco | | | |
| Group | Qua. | Litar | Color | | Lengtl | ı |
| A - Wrappers | | Choice | L - Ligh | | 46 - 24" 1 | |
| E - Heavy Leaf | 2 - 1 | | F - Brow | | 45 - 20" 1 | |
| C - Thin Leaf | 3 - (| | D - Dark | | 44 - 16" t | |
| X - Lugs | 4 - 1 | | M - Mixe | | 10 (| 0 50 |
| Tugo | 5 -] | | G - Gree | | | |

^{2/} Season through March 14, 1940.

DARK AIR-CURED TOBACCO, TYPES 35-37

Acreage intentions about same as in 1939

No material change is expected in the 1940 acreage of dark air-cured tobacco. The March 1 indication for One Sucker, type 35, is 20,500 acres, or a reduction of 2.4 percent below the acreage of 1939. There is no indication of change from the 1939 acreage for Green River, type 36, and Virginia sun-cured, type 37. With average yields the production of dark air-cured tobacco in 1940 will be well in line with declining disappearance in recent years.

Declines indicated in domestic consumption; recent expert increases of the Sucker believed temporary

The principal dark air-cured product is chewing tobacco, the manufacture of which showed a docline of 6.7 percent during the 6 months July-December 1939 from the same 6 months in 1938. Twist, however, showed an increase of 8.6 percent in the same period.

Exports of One Sucker, October-September 1938-39 were more than 8 times as large as during the previous year, on account of much larger takings by Belgium during April and June. Imports by Belgium have continued comparatively large during the first months of the export year beginning October 1939. However, this increase appears to have been a temporary measure which cannot be construed to mean any real improvement in export demand for dark types, because of the continued decrease in consumption of dark tobacco products in many parts of the world.

Exports of Green River have shown a sharp decline of 76 percent since the beginning of the present marketing season in October 1939, through February 1940. The United Kingdom is the principal importer of Green River.

Black fat, of which One Sucker is a component part, has shown declines in exports since 1936 and a further decline during the first 5 months of the present export year.

Dark air-cured sales practically completed

Incomplete sales data indicate an underestimate of production as of December 1, for all types of dark air-cured tobacco. Production of One Sucker may be slightly more than 21, million pounds, Green River 18 million pounds, and Virginia sun-cured 3 million pounds. Warehouse sales to March 1 in Kentucky and for the season in Virginia report prices of 6.8 cents, 7.4 cents, and 12.2 cents, respectively, for One Sucker, Green Piver, and Virginia sun-cured. Season average prices for the 1933 crop were, respectively, 5.9 cents, 9.6 cents, and 12.7 cents. The Green River crop was found to contain a large percentage of so-called gray-faced tobacco unsuited to the needs of some manufacturers.

Dark air-cured tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1933-37, annual 1938-39, and indications for 1940

| | • | Faru- | sales—weig | ht equivale | ent | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|-------------|------------|--------|
| | : | : | | : Based | on prosp | ectiv |
| Type | : Average | 1938 | 1020 1/ | : acrea | age, spec | ified |
| -0.70 | : 1933-37 | : 1770 | 1939 1/ | :yields, a | end probab | le st |
| | • | : | | : 1940 2/: | 1940 3/ | : 194 |
| | : Million | Million | Million | Million | | |
| | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | poul |
| One Sucker, type 35- | • | | | | | |
| Production | 17.1 | 15.8 | 18.5 | 17.0 | 18.6 | 15 |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) : | 30.7 | 33.6 | 28.9 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30 |
| Supply | 47.8 | 49.4 | 47.4 | 47.0 | 48.6 | 45. |
| Disappearance : | | 20.5 | 17.4 | | · | 17 |
| Price (cents) | 9.1 | 5.9 | 5/ 6.8 | | | |
| Green River, type 36 | : | | | | | |
| Production : | 15.2 | 14.8 | 15.3 | 14.7 | 16.2 | 12. |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) : | 32.9 | 23.6 | 24.2 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28. |
| Supply : | 48.1 | 38.4 | 39.5 | 42.7 | 44.2 | 40. |
| Disappearance : | 18.3 | 14.2 | 11.5 | | | ,,,,,, |
| Price (cents) | 9.3 | 9.6 | 5/ 7.4 | | | |
| Virginia sun-cured, : | | | | | | |
| type 37- | | | | | | |
| Production : | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1. |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) : | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3. |
| Supply | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 4. |
| Disappearance : | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 7.7 | 2.2 | 4. |
| Price (cents) : | 10.6 | 12.7 | 5/ 12.2 | | | |
| Total dark air-cured, : | | , | 2) 210 (10 | | | |
| types 35-37- : | | | | | | |
| Production : | 34.9 | 32.8 | 36.3 | 33.9 | 37.3 | 29. |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) : | 66.5 | 60.4 | 56.1 | 61.0 | 61.0 | 61. |
| Supply | | 93.2 | 92.4 | 94.9 | 98.3 | 90. |
| Disappearance : | 38.6 | 37.1 | 31.4 | 7 | / / | , |
| Price (cents) : | 9.3 | 8.0 | 5/ 7.5 | | | |
| | , , , | • • | 21 1.0 | | | |

^{1/} Preliminary. Production indicated December 1, 1939.

2/ Production based on 5-year average yields 1933-37 for One Sucker, Green Riw and Virginia sun-cured, which were, respectively, 830 pounds, 815 pounds, and pounds; 3/ high yields, respectively, of 908 pounds (1937), 900 pounds (1939); and 4/ low yields, respectively, of 730 pounds (1936), 700 pounds (1936) pounds (1936), and 545 pounds (1932).

5/ Average prices for warehouse sales in Kentucky to March 1, 1940 and in Virginia for the season ending March 1940.

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Loans, if any, en 1940 dark crop will be restricted

It has just been announced by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration that if a loan is offered on the 1940 crop of dark tobacco, it will be available only to farmers who have planted within their Agricultural Conservation Program allotments. Furthermore, if a loan is offered, the rate will be lower than the previous loan rate if the 1940 crop is increased substantially over the 1939 crop.

All dark tobaccos: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and season average price, average 1933-37, annual 1938, 1939, and indications for 1940

| | | | - 7 | alat comit | olon+ | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Farm-sales weight equivalent : : Based on prospective acre- | | | | | | | | |
| | : | • | • | : Based o | n prospec | tive acre- | | | |
| | • | : | • | | | ields, and | | | |
| Type | .Average | : 1938 | : 1939 | : prob | able stoc | ks | | | |
| | .1933-37 | : | : 1/ | : | | • | | | |
| | : | : | : | :1940 2/ | :1940 3/ | :1940 4/ | | | |
| | :Million | Million | Million | Million | Million | Million | | | |
| | :pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | pounds | | | |
| Fire-cured, types 21-24 | : | | | | | | | | |
| and dark air-cured, | | | | | | | | | |
| types 35-37 | : | | | | | | | | |
| Production | : 154.3 | 114.8 | 134.8 | 128.8 | 139.0 | 112.9 | | | |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) | | 228.7 | 192.3 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | | | |
| Supply | | 343.5 | 327.1 | 328.8 | 339.0 | 312.9 | | | |
| | | 151.2 | 127.1 | | | | | | |
| Disappearance | | | . 5/ 8.6 | | | | | | |
| Price (cents) | .: 10.1 | 0.0 | . 27 | | | | | | |
| | : | | | | | | | | |

1/ Preliminary. Production indicated December 1, 1939. December 1939 estimates of production now appear somewhat lower than actual production as indicated by sales data of the dark types, but it is not yet known just how much larger the production is.

2/ Production based on 5-year average yield, 1933-37; 3/ high yield; and 4/ low yield as shown in preceding tables for fire-cured and dark air-cured.
5/ Average price for warehouse sales in Kentucky to March 1, 1940 and Virginia for the season ending March 1940.

CIGAR TOBACCOS, TYPES 41-62

March 1 indications are for an acreage increase in 1940 over 1939 plantings of 4.3 percent in filler, an increase of 7.1 percent in binder, and a decrease of 10.1 percent in wrapper. In the case of filler the total indicated increase is in Pennsylvania Seedleaf, type 41. Increases are shown for all types of binder, while a decrease is indicated in the 1940 acreage of Connecticut Valley shadegrown wrapper, type 61.

Assuming 1933-37 average yields, the production of filler in the 1940 season would be about the same as in 1939 while an increase would take place in binder types and a decrease in wrapper types. In each case the production, if average yields are obtained, would be slightly below the estimated 1939 disappearance. With high yields, the production of each cigar class will be

larger than the 1939 disappearance. Large stocks of binder types are know be held on farms in the Southern Wisconsin areas and the 1939 disappearance shown may be larger than actual disappearance.

Tax-paid withdrawals show a consistent and steady increase practical every month in 1939 over each month in 1938. The increase continues in Jap ary and February of 1940 over January and February, 1939. In view of the generally higher level of consumers! income compared with most months of 13 a further increase in cigar consumption may occur during 1940. Tax-paid was drawals totaled 5,510,000,000 cigars in the calendar year 1939, an increas 3.5 percent over 1938. Manufactures of scrap chewing tobacco, on the other hand, declined 9.6 percent during the last half of 1939 from the last half 1938.

Cigar tobacco: Domestic supplies, disappearance, and scason average pri average 1933-37, annual 1938, 1939, and indications for 1940

| | Farm-sales-weight equivalent | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------|--|--|
| m | • | : | : | | prospect | ive ac | | |
| Туре | · Average: | 1938 | : 1939 | : age, specified yields, | | | | |
| | 1933-37 | 1300 | : 1/ | and pro | bable sto | cks 2/ | | |
| | | | : | :1940 3/ | :1940 4/ | | | |
| | Million | | Million | Million | | Millid | | |
| Fillon tomas 42 (5 | pounds | peunds | pounds | pounds | peunds | pound | | |
| Filler, types 41-45- | 4.6 | | | | | | | |
| Production | 42.3 | 45.6 | 53.0 | 53.5 | 58.2 | 43, | | |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) 2/ | 137.8 | 154.9 | 147.5 | 144.0 | 144.0 | 144. | | |
| Supply | 210.1 | 200.5 | 200.5 | 197.5 | 202.2 | 187. | | |
| Disappearance | | 53.0 | 56.5 | | | | | |
| Binder, types 51-55 - | 9.0 | 12.3 | dem cycle stee | | | | | |
| Production | 70 4 | 0/550 | | | | | | |
| Stocks (Oct 1) 2/ | 38.4 | 6/ 53.0 | 61.4 | 64.6 | 67.8 | 54. | | |
| Stocks (Oct. 1) 2/ | 181.3 | 138.0 | 116.6 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105. | | |
| Supply | 219.7 | 191.0 | 178.0 | 169.6 | 172.8 | 159. | | |
| Disappearance: Price (cents): | 54.6 | 74.4 | 73.0 | | | | | |
| Wrapper, types 61-62 -: | 12.3 | 9.6 | Am 977 90 | | | | | |
| Production | | 0/00 | 7.2 | | | | | |
| Stecks (Oct. 1) 2/ | 7.8 | 6/9.0 | 11.6 | 9.6 | 11.4 | 8. | | |
| Supply | | 9.2 | 10.8 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12. | | |
| Disappearance: | 20.0 | 18.2 | 22.4: | 22.2 | 24.0 | 20. | | |
| Price (cents): | | 7.4 | 9.8 | | | | | |
| Tiloc (cents): | 76.9 | 73.5 | 90 10 90 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

^{1/} Preliminary. Production indicated December 1, 1939. 2/ Stocks held on farms not included; stocks for types 45 and 62 are as of July 1. 3/ Produce based on 5-year average yield 1933-37 of 1,151 pounds for filler, 1,485 pours for binder, and 984 pounds for wrapper; 4/ high filler yield of 1,251 pound (1936), binder of 1,559 (1936), and wrapper of 1,168 pounds (1929); and 5/ w filler yield of 945 (1933), binder of 1,257 pounds (1938), and wrapper of 8 pounds (1937).

6/ Including loss after harvest as a result of hurricane and flood as follo: Broadleaf (type 51), 3,820,000 pounds; Havana Seed (type 52), 1,547,000 pours

and Shade (type 61), 588,000 pounds.

GENERAL STATISTICAL DATA

Tobacco acreages in the United States, t, types, average 1933-37, annual 1938 and 1939, and 1940 prospective acreage as of March 1

| annual 1990 and 1999; and 19 | , | | 2 | | |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------------------|
| | 21 | | Acreuge | | |
| 0 | 1 | : | 1939 | Jojt0 5 | |
| | Average 1933-37 | 1938 : | 1/ : | Prospective | : Change :from 1939 |
| | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | |
| | acres | acres | acres | acres | Percent |
| sal flue-cured, types 11-14 | : : 366.6 | 912.1 | 1,234.4 | 3/ 238.4 | - 32.1 |
| 1d and Middle Belt, type 11 | | 347.0 | 439.n | 317.0 | - 27.8 |
| estern North Carolina, type 12 | ' | 293.0 | 405.0 | 263.0 | - 35.1 |
| outh Carolina, type 13 | | 168.5 | 235.0 | 164.0 | - 30.2 |
| eorgia-Florida, type 14 | 78.9 | 103.6 | 155.4 | 94.4 | - 39.3 |
| Ftal fire-cured, types 21-24 | : 146.6 | 112.5 | 115.4 | 116.4 | ÷ •9 |
| irginia, type 21 | 25.5 | 50.4 | 22.4 | 22.4 | 0.0 |
| y. and Tenn., tyre 22 | : 84.1 | 62.7 | | | ÷ 1.9 7 |
| y. and Tenn., type 23 | : 33.5 | 27.8 | 26.8 | | 0.0 |
| enderson, type 24 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.0 | |
| Frley, type 31 | 366.0 | 406.9 | 416.3 | 3/ 390.4 | - 6.2 |
| ryland, type 32 | 36.6 | 37.5 | 38.2 | 37.8 | - 1.7 |
| Ital dark air-cured, types 35-37 | .: 42.C | 40.0 | 41.8 | 41.3 | - 1.2 |
| ne Sucker, type 35 | | 20.2 | | | - 2.4 |
| reen River, type 36 | .: 18.4 | 17.0 | | | 0.0 |
| ia. sun-cured, type 37 | •: 3•3 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 0.0 |
| Stal cigar filler, types 41-45 | .: 36.7 | 38.8 | 44.6 | 46.5 | ÷ 4.3 |
| 'a. Seedleaf, tyne 41 | | - \ · · · | | - | ÷ 7.1 |
| liami Valley, types 42-44 | .: 14.7 | _ | | | 0.0 |
| a. and Fla. sun-grown, type 45 | | | - | 1.4 | 0.0 |
| | : | 42.2 | 40.6 | 43.5 | ÷ 7.1 |
| Stal cigar hinder, types 51-55 | | | | | ÷ 3.6 |
| Conn. Valley Broadleaf, type 51 | | | | · | ÷ 9.3 |
| John. Valley Havana Seed, type 52. 1. Y. and Pa. Havana Seed, type 53 | | _ 1. | 1.8 | _ | ÷ 16. |
| Southern Wisconsin, type 54 | 7.6 | , | | | ÷ 4.6 |
| Vorthern Wisconsin, type 55 | ' \ | | - | - | ÷ 10.0 |
| 102 02.02.22 11.2000.20.22.5, 11.0 9.2 9.5 0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0 | : | | | | 7.0.7 |
| ptal cigar wrapper, types 61-62 | | - | | | - 10.1 |
| Jonn. Valley Shadegrown, type 61 | .: 5.8 | | | | → 14.5 |
| Fa. and Fla. Shadegrown, type 62 | .: 2.2 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2 3.2 | 0.0 |
| Total, all types | : 1 528.6 | 1.600. | 5 1.942.2 | 2 1,524.1 | - 21.5 |
| / Indicated December 1. | •• 1, 1000 | .,000 | | | |
| A THOTOGOOD DOLONICOT T. | | | | | |

[/] Indicated December 1.
/ Indicated March 1, 1940.

[/] The 1940 acrears allothents of the Agricultural Majust ant Administration re-approximately 755,000 heres for fluc-cured and approximately 370,000 heres or Burley.

Tax-paid withdrawels of tobacco products, July-February, and production of manufactured tobacco, July-December, in the United States

1938-39 and 1939-40 1/

| 0 | Tax-pa | id withdra | wals | | Pr | roduction | - |
|---|----------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Products | | uly-Feb. | | Manu- factured | Trily Doc | | |
| | 1938-39 | 1939-40 | Change | tobacco | 1938 | 1939 | Cha |
| : | Millions | Millions | Percent | | 1,000 pounds | 1,000 pounds | Perc |
| Large cigars .: Small cigars .: Small ciga- | 103 | 3,708 95 | - | :Plug :: :Twist: | | 25,902 | - 6 + 8 |
| rettes: Large ciga- : | | 116,003 | | :Fine-cut :Scrap | 2,293 | 2,219 | - 3 |
| rettes: Manufactured : | | 2 | | chewing: | 23,655 | 21,395 | - 9 |
| tobacco <u>2</u> /: Snuff <u>2</u> /: | 201,751 | 201,426 24,802 | - 0.2 - 1.2 | Smolting . | 101,534 | 103,668 | + 2 |

1/ Tax-paid withdrawals include products from the Philippine Islands and Puerto Rico. 2/ Thousand pounds.

Tobacco: Exports by types from the United States, marketing year through February, average 1933-37, 1930-39 and 1939-40

| 9 | Expo | orts (export | weight) Oct | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Type | Average 1933-37 | : : 1938-39 | Quantity | 9–40 :Change f : 1938–3 |
| : | 1,000 pounds | 1,000 pounds | 1,000 pounds | Percen |
| Flue-cured 1/ | 252,829 4,655 | 308,314 4,520 | 181,825 5,583 9,410 | - 41. + 23. - 34. |
| Va. fire-cured Id. 2/ | 19,320 4,715 1,062 | 14,402 4,383 507 | 2,504 621 | - 42. - 9. |
| ne Suckerreen River | 269 951 548 | 370 1,269 1,696 | 1,290 303 279 | + 248. - 76. - 83. |
| Clack fat and dark African Periode Stems, trimmings, and scrap | 3,68 <u>1</u> 20 9,857 | 3,024 86 10,259 | 2,748 37 12,594 | - 9. - 57. + 22. |

l/July-February.

^{2/} January-February, average 1934-38, 1939 and 1940.

Tobacco: Supply and price, by classes and types, $1920-39 \frac{1}{2}$

| | : | Flue-c. | ared, | : Fire-c | ured, | | | : Maryland, : type 32 | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | Year | | Price | Supply: | 21-24 Price | | | Surply | Price |
| | • | Mil.lb. | | | | · | | Mil.lb. | Cents |
| A | v. 1926-24: 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 | 977 969 917 929 1,098 | 22.6 21.5 21.9 27.2 20.8 21.6 | 426 482 334 420 444 409 | 14.2 10.4 17.2 16.0 12.7 | 665 611 562 610 740 801 | 20.4 13.5 21.5 26.8 20.0 20.1 | 35 44 33 31 29 37 | 21.8 17.8 16.9 23.8 27.7 22.7 |
| 4.7 | 1928 | 1,256 1,102 1,084 1,258 1,397 1,439 | 20.1 20.0 24.9 20.5 17.3 18.0 | 374 426 433 358 319 333 | 12.1 10.2 7.8 15.1 14.2 13.3 | 752 313 830 702 632 732 | 21.7 18.0 13.1 25.9 30.5 21.8 | 42 40 45 42 41 41 | 24.4 23.7 20.2 23.4 27.2 27.7 |
| A | //- | : 1,569 : 1,464 : 1,241 : 1,409 | 14.9 12.0 8.4 11.6 15.3 27.3 | 335 314 360 332 337 333 | 7.9 8.5 5.1 6.2 9.1 10.8 | 976 788 935 986 1,098 1,073 | 12.8 15.5 6.7 12.5 10.5 16.9 | 54 37 50 61 61 62 | 18.7 26.6 15.0 16.8 17.8 17.5 |
| Å | 1936 1937 | : 1,564 : 1,554 : 1,750 : 1,740 | 20.6 20.0 22.2 23.0 22.2 15.2 | 285 341 308 290 250 235 | 9.2 12.3 10.7 8.0 | 988 991 901 974 1,000 | 19.1 35.7 20.1 19.0 | 67 69 64 67 66 | 20.0 25.4 17.2 18.8 |

Continued -

Tobacco: Supply and price, by classes and types, 1920-39 1/
- Continued

| | . Do | role . | - | ~ | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| | : Dan : air-cu | | : P:170: | Cj.ga | ar leaf, to | | | |
| Year | types | | : Filler, 1 | Synes 5 | | der, : 51-55 : | : Wrapper, 61-65 | type |
| | Supply | Price | Supply | Price | Supply | | Supply | P1 |
| | Mil.lb. | Cents | Mil.lb. | Cents | Mil.lb. | Cents | : Shppry : Mil.lb. | C€ |
| . 1922 : 1923 : | : 212 : 228 : 184 : 213 : 228 : 209 | 11.8 8.2 14.0 14.4 10.6 11.6 | 3/ 202 3/ 294 3/ 273 3/ 270 3/ 201 3/ 294 | 14.7 13.5 13.2 15.2 16.5 14.9 | 290 267 279 290 310 304 | 19.5 24.6 14.2 20.5 21.9 16.2 | 3/ 29 3/ 24 3/ 30 3/ 29 3/ 32 3/ 30 | 74 75 70 70 83 73 |
| Av. 1925-29: 1925 : 1926 : 1927 : 1928 : 1929 : | 204 198 146 126 | 9.6 8.1 7.2 10.2 11.7 10.8 | 3/ 243 3/ 264 3/ 268 3/ 223 3/ 220 218 | 12.4 10.7 9.9 13.7 14.9 | 267 311 278 252 243 249 | 18.5 15.3 20.2 19.0 17.8 20.4 | 3/ 23 3/ 25 3/ 20 3/ 20 3/ 23 26 | 77 83 83 86 76 55 |
| Av. 1930-34: 1930 : 1931 : 1932 : 1933 : 1934 <u>4</u> / : | 124 134 119 110 | 6.1 8.0 3.4 4.1 7.3 7.6 | 226 211 240 262 212 207 | 6.8 8.3 6.8 4.5 5.4 9.0 | 264 256 280 291 257 238 | 10.4 15.4 8.8 6.9 8.6 12.1 | 24 23 25 24 23 21 | 62 68 62 50 57 75. |
| Av. 1935-39: 1935 : 1936 : 1937 : 1938 : 1939 <u>5</u> / : | | 8.0 15.3 8.1 8.0 | 207 214 212 206 201 201 | 9.7 11.0 9.9 12.3 | 195 217 198 189 191 178 | 12.8 14.7 13.4 9.6 | 19 19 19 18 18 | 79. 82. 89. 73. |

I/ This table is prepared on a crop-year basis as follows: Flue-cured, July-June Maryland, beginning January 1 of year following production; types 45 and 62, July June; all other types, October-September.

5/ Preliminary.

^{2/} Type 65 is primed Havana Seed, which has not been reported separately since 19 3/ Stocks of type 45 are reported with wrapper, type 62, 1920-26; therefore, the supply of filler is smaller and the supply of wrapper is larger than the data ind cate for these years.

^{4/} Includes amounts not marketed under agreements with Agricultural Adjustment Administration contracts as follows: Fire-cured, 6,500,000 lb.; Burley, 18,000,000 lb.; dark air-cured, 2,000,000 lb.