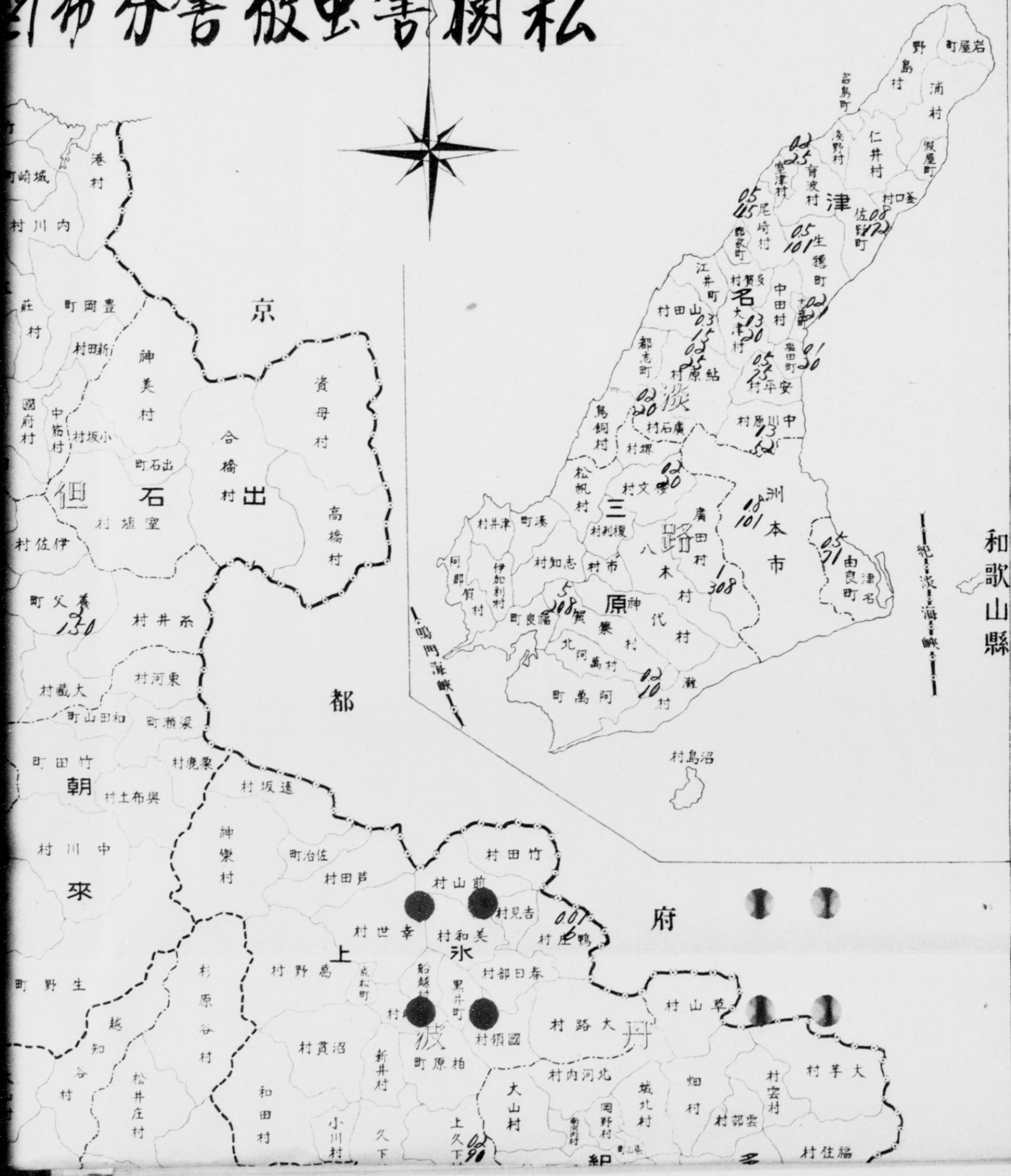


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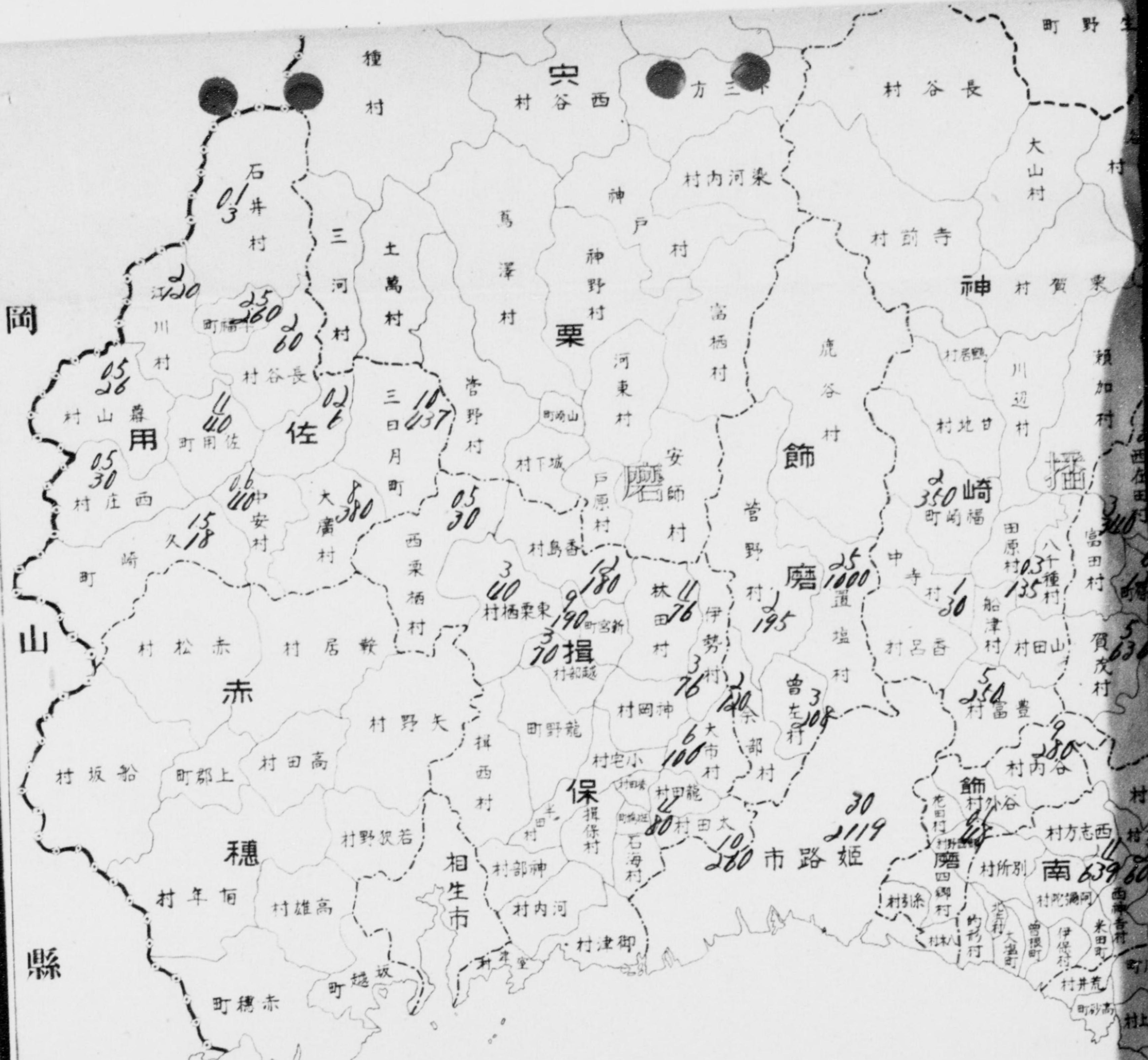
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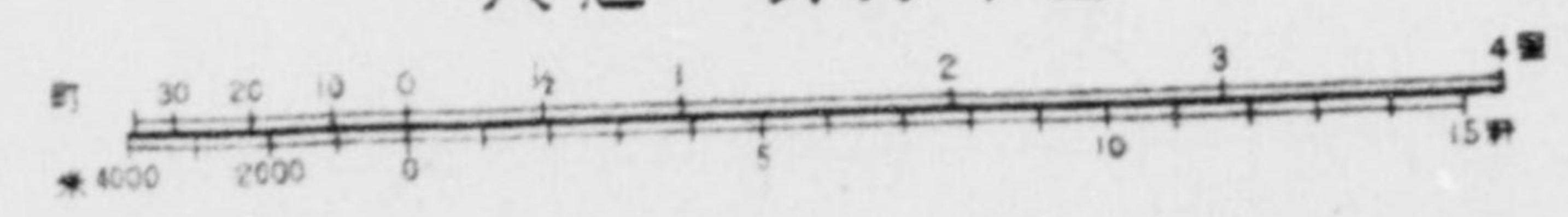
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製作 東京都千代田区丸之内三ノ十二株式会社日本地形社代表者齊藤隆朗

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大阪灣



SUBJECT	FROM	TO	DATE
<u>Pine Bark Beetle Damage Survey</u>	HMGT	KMGR	3 Feb 49
<u>Farm Cooperative Narrative Report</u>	HMGT	8th Army	4 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Agricultural Co-op Narrative Report</u>	HMGT	KMGR	5 Feb 49
<u>Agricultural Land Reform</u>	KMGT	Kyoto-fu	11 Feb 49
<u>Progress of Land Reform in Hyogo Prefecture - Jan 1948</u>	HMGT	8th Army	11 Feb 49
<u>Progress of Japanese Agricultural Cooperative Association in Hyogo Prefecture - Jan 1947</u>	HMGT	8th Army	11 Feb 49
<u>Letter of Transmittal Association - Organization of Agricultural Cooperative</u>	KMGT	I Corps	11 Feb 49
<u>Agricultural Research and Extension</u>	KMGR	K. Region	11 Feb 49
<u>Narrative Agricultural Land Reform Report for Jan 1949</u>	SMGT	I Corps	12 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Monthly Reports on Land Reform (Narrative)</u>	HMGT	KMGR	14 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Japanese Land Reform Narrative Report</u>	OMGT	8th Army	15 Feb 49
<u>Monthly Narrative Report on Land Reform for Jan 1949, Osaka Prefecture</u>			
<u>Land Reform Narrative Report</u>	HMGT	8th Army	16 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Japanese Agricultural Cooperative Narrative Report</u>	OMGT	8th Army	16 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Monthly Reports on Land Reform</u>	KMGR	I Corps	21 Feb 49
<u>Narrative Report on Agricultural Cooperative Associations for Jan 1949</u>	SMGT	I Corps	21 Feb 49
<u>Transmittal of Japanese Agricultural Cooperatives Reports</u>	KMGR	I Corps	25 Feb 49

Feb

File

Reports control
Symbol QNR-08

HEADQUARTERS
WAKAYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25

GMM/ay

004

3 March 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Agricultural Co-op Narrative Report

TO : Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 25

In compliance with Operational Directive No. 3, Headquarters 8th Army, dated 9 January 1948, paragraph 5 c, transmitted herewith Monthly Narrative Report on Agricultural Associations in this prefecture.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl
Narrative Report (7 copies)

/s/ HAROLD C. DAWSON
/t/ Major, USAF
Adjutant

Reports Control
Symbol QNR -08

WAKAYAMA PREFECTURE
AGRICULTURAL COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION
NARRATIVE PROGRESS REPORT
Month of February 1949

1. Three villages in three different guns were visited during February, 1949, making a total of 234 places inspected since the inception of the program. Inspections show that 267 agricultural cooperative associations and 10 federations have been approved by the administrative authorities as of 28 February 1949.

2. The list of agricultural cooperative officials approved as of 28 February, 1949 is as follows:

a. Total number of officials:	3,835
b. Total number of Nogiyokai officials:	283
c. Total number of Non-Nogiyokai officials:	3,552
d. Percentage of Non-Nogiyokai officials to total number of officials:	92.6 %

3. Out of the 213 Nogiyokais which have been dissolved, 110 Nogiyokais have been liquidated with the approval of the administrative authorities as of 28 February 1949.

4. From 16 February to 19 February 1949, the Prefectural Agricultural Cooperative Section, in close cooperation with the Educational Federation of Cooperatives, held short-term training courses in bookkeeping in order to help new cooperative officials to audit accounts.

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

JCG/WJC/sy

25 February 1949

014

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Japanese Agricultural Cooperatives Reports

TO : Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

1. Reference: Headquarters Eighth Army O.D. No.3, subject:
"Japanese Agricultural Cooperative", dated 9 Jan 48.

2. Inclosed herewith are the Japanese Agricultural Cooperative
Reports (Reports Control Symbol QNR-08) Period 1 - 31 January 1949
for Kinki Region with the exception of report for Kyoto Team, which
was forwarded under separate cover:

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

HARRY H. JACKSON
1st Lt INF
Asst Adjutant

5 Incls:
a/s

MSB
FIL
MSB

51

HEADQUARTERS
 SHIGA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
 APO 25 Unit 3 (Otsu, Honshu)

REPORT CONTROL
 SYMBOL QNR-08

319.1

21 February 1949

SUBJECT: Narrative Report on Agricultural Cooperative
 Associations for January 1949.

THRU: Commanding Officer, Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 25

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301.
 (Attn: Mil Govt Sec)

1. There was a total of 159 Nogyokais in this prefecture, of which 92 have completed the transfer of assets to cooperative.

Twenty (20) of the remaining 67 will be completed by the end of February. The settlement of Nogyokai assets held outside of Japan (Manchuria, China, Formosa and Korea which are being repaid by Central Government funds) has complicated the settlement at an earlier date.

2. The problem of settlement is greatest where more than one cooperative has been formed where previously there was one Nogyokai.

3. Total assets transferred from Nogyokai to Cooperatives to date 159,217,000 yen.

4. 250 Pamphlets were distributed to cooperatives during January.

5. Following Cooperatives were visited during the month.

Echigawa Cooperative - Echi gun
 (Farmers Recreation Centre)

Iwane Cooperative - Koga gun
 (Agricultural Industries - Farm electrification)

E. D. LUCAS
 Lt. Col, GAV
 Commanding

HEADQUARTERS
SHIGA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25 Unit 3 (Otsu, Honshu)

File

21 February 1949

319.1

Misc

SUBJECT: Letter of Transmittal

THRU: Commanding Officer, Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 25

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301.
(Attn: Mil Govt Sec)

Submitted herewith is Agricultural Cooperative Associations Report (QNR-08) - Narrative, complied with O. D. 3 dated 9 January 1948 for the month of January.

Incl
As indicated

E. D. LUCAS
Lt Col, CAV
Commanding

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

JCG/WJC/ay

21 February 1949

319.1

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Monthly Reports on Land Reform (Narrative)
(Reports Control Symbol QNR-08)

TO : Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

FILE
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4

1. In compliance with paragraph 3, Operational Directive number 10 for 1947, inclosed herewith are the land reform narrative reports from Kinki Region for the month of January 1949.

2. These reports are forwarded with the exception of Kyoto Team, which has been forwarded to your headquarters by separate letters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

5 Incls:
As indicated above

54

3191

HEADQUARTERS
OSAKA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25

HCK/ak/jt

16 February 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Japanese Agricultural Cooperative
Narrative Report

THROUGH: Commanding Officer
Kinki Mil Govt Region
APO 25

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army, APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Sec

In compliance with paragraph 5, Operational Directive No. 3 for
1948, submitted herewith is Agricultural Cooperative Narrative Report
for January 1949.

1 Incl:
As above (6)

FRANK KOWALSKI, JR
Colonel, Infantry
Commanding

Reports Control Symbol QNR - 08

16 February 1949

Agriculture Cooperative Narrative Report for January 1949

1. Six (6) agricultural cooperative associations were approved, bringing to 343 the total number of cooperatives organized as of 31 January 1949.

2. Liquidated assets of 23 Nogyokai associations were transferred to cooperatives. The transactions, totalling 142,647,000 yen (5,320,000 yen immovable assets, 137,327,000 other assets) were duly authorized by Prefectural Government. Slow progress in the liquidation of Nogyokai assets is attributed to demands of the current staple food delivery program on farmers' time, impeding their participation in the liquidation process as required by law.

3. Prefectural Government approved dissolution of 631 practice associations.

4. The Central Cooperative Bank, Osaka Branch, has completed transfer of liquidated assets of the Osaka Prefectural Nogyokai Associations to the purchase, sales, credit and transportation federations of cooperatives specified in SCAP transfer authorization dated 23 December 1948. This transaction marks the first transfer of liquidated Nogyokai assets to be authorized by SCAP since the inception of the Agricultural Cooperative Program. Assets transferred included funds, raw materials and end products. Application to transfer remaining assets is being prepared for submission to SCAP in February. The Bank holds weekly liquidation meetings with the Nogyokai.

5. The Reclamation Bureau, Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, has granted a 3,000,000 yen subsidy to the "Shitenno" Reclamation Cooperative Association, Hanyu Village, Ninamikawachi-gun, in recognition of the exemplary progress made by the associations. Prefectural Government has added 40,000 yen. The increased agricultural production achieved by this association, resulting from reclamation of 8 cho of land and installation of a complete irrigation system, is remarkable considering that it has only 49 members. The accomplishments of the association have attracted nation-wide attention.

6. The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry; the Ministry of Welfare; Osaka, Nara, and Mie Prefectural Governments; and Kyoto and Osaka Universities are cooperating in the presentation of an Agricultural exhibition at Ayame-ike Park in Nara Prefecture. The exhibition will be patterned after the American State and County Fair.

Reports Control Symbol
QNR - 03

File

NARA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25, Unit 4

File

EMH/an

16 February 1949

319.1-(c)

File

SUBJECT: Land Reform Narrative Report

TO : Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTENTION: Mil Govt Section

File

1. In compliance with paragraph 3, Operational Directive No 10, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 18 January 1947, subject: "Japanese Land Reform", transmitted herewith Reports Control Symbol QNR-03 for month of January 1949.

2. Okanishi-mura, Kitakatsuragi-gun.

Land available for transfer.....	85 cho
Land purchased to date.....	85 cho
Land sold to date.....	85 cho
Average price.....	10,849 yen for paddy land per cho
	5,742 yen for up land per cho
Number of tenants purchased land	321
Percentage of tenancy land that will remain.....	19%
Building lots sold to date.....	1,759 tsubo
Money collected to date for price of lands, etc.....	812,632 yen

3. Tenma-mura, Takaichi-gun.

Land available for transfer.....	91.5 cho
Land purchased to date.....	91.5 cho
Land sold to date.....	91.5 cho
Average price.....	10,494 yen for paddy land per tan
	9,452 yen for up land per tan
Number of tenants purchased land	443
Building lots sold.....	8,833 tsubo
Money collected to date for prices of lands, etc.....	257,045 yen
Money paid to date for prices of land, etc.....	103,051 yen

HEADQUARTERS
OSAKA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25

HOK/ak/km

15 February 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Japanese Land Reform Narrative Report

THROUGH: Commanding Officer
Kinki Mil Govt Region
APO 25

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army, APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Sec

In compliance with paragraph 3, Operational Directive No. 10 for 1947,
inclosed herewith is Land Reform Narrative Report for January 1949.

1 Incl:
As above

FRANK KOWALSKI, JR.
Colonel, Infantry
Commanding

Reports Control
Symbol QNR-03

319.1 msc

HEADQUARTERS
WAKAYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25

14 February 1949

~~0046~~
SUBJECT: Transmittal of Monthly Reports on Land Reform (Narrative)

TO : Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 25

Transmitted herewith monthly narrative reports on land reform program
in this prefecture.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl
Narrative Rpt. (2 villages)

HAROLD C. DAWSON
Major, USAF
Adjutant

WAKAYAMA PREFECTURE
AGRARIAN REFORM PROGRESS REPORT, January 1949
(Narrative Village Information)

SHIRASAKI-MURA, HIDAKA-GUN

1. General description of village

a.	Number of farm families -----	208
	Number of non-farm families -----	351
b.	Area of paddy land -----	27.3 cho
	Area of upland -----	26.7 "
c.	The composition of farm families before Land Reform	
	Tenants -----	36
	Part-tenants -----	52
	Cultivating owners -----	120
	Non-cultivating resident landlords -----	-
	Non-cultivating non-resident landlords --	21
d.	Before Land Reform	
	Area rented by tenants -----	4.5 cho
	Area rented by part-tenants -----	9.0 "

2. Description of Land Reform progress

a.	Total area available for purchase -----	9.0 cho
	Total area purchased to date -----	10.8 "
	Percentage of purchased area to total ----	130 %

b.		<u>OWNER-OPER-</u>	<u>TENANT</u>		<u>PERCENTAGE OF TENANT</u>
		<u>ATED LAND</u>	<u>LAND</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>LAND TO TOTAL</u>
	Area of land before L. R.	40.4 cho	13.5 cho	53.9 cho	25.0%
	Area of land after completion of L.R.	50.8	3.1	53.9	5.8

c. Average price per tan purchased

Paddy land -----	¥785.50
Upland -----	327.32

d. Payment method for the land purchased by tenants

All the tenants are paying for the land in lump sum payments.

3. Actual present problems or difficulties encountered by the local land commission or farmers.

Being just a small fishing village and feeling a shortage of arable areas, the inhabitants of this village are very desirous to get more land. The former Army Aeronautic Fuel Reservoir, occupying 28 cho in area, is situated in this village and still under the custody of the Occupation Forces.

WAKAYAMA PREFECTURE
AGRARIAN REFORM PROGRESS REPORT, January 1949
(Narrative Village Information)

HIIZAKI-MURA, HIDAKA-GUN

1. General description of village

a.	Number of farm families -----	362
	Number of non-farm families -----	321
b.	Area of paddy land -----	83.0 cho
	Area of upland -----	38.3 "
c.	The composition of farm families before Land Reform	
	Tenants -----	3
	Part-tenants -----	234
	Cultivating owners -----	125
	Non-cultivating resident landlords -----	-
	Non-cultivating non-resident landlords ---	53
d.	Before Land Reform	
	Area rented by tenants -----	1.1 cho
	Area rented by part-tenants -----	27.8 "

2. Description of Land Reform Progress

a.	Total area available for purchase -----	115.0 cho
	Total purchased to date -----	17.1 "
	Percentage of purchased area to total ----	114 %

b.	<u>OWNER-OPER-</u>	<u>TENANT</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE OF TENANT</u>	
	<u>ATED LAND</u>	<u>LAND</u>		<u>LAND TO TOTAL</u>	
	Area of land before L. R.	92.4 cho	28.9 cho	121.3 cho	23.8%
	Area of land after completion of L. R.	109.1 "	12.2 "	121.3 "	10.0

c. Average price per ten purchased

Paddy land -----	¥827.60
Upland -----	354.20

d. Payment method for the land purchased by tenant

All the tenants are paying for the land in lump sum payment.

3. Actual present problems or difficulties encountered by the local land commission or farmers.

The purchasing program of this village progressed satisfactorily completed by the 5th period. The disposition of the land owned by Japanese residing abroad, 3.2 cho in area and 24 cases, is still pending.

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Houshu)

JCG/sy

319.1

11 February 1949

SUBJECT: Agricultural Research and Extension.

TO : All Team Commanders, Kinki Region

1. A recent survey of the Prefectural Research and Extension program in Kinki Region, by a SCAP official, disclosed a general laxity of prefectures in setting up a uniform workable program. In no case should this program be used as a political football.
2. Some of the common deficiencies noted during this survey were:
 - a. Use of extension personnel in the staple food collection program.
 - b. A tendency to set up separate extension and research sections.
 - c. Failure to appoint qualified personnel to the section.
 - d. Failure to use the budget from closed experimental stations.
 - e. Failure to build up at least one station in the prefecture.
3. Pages 19 through 21 of the Natural Resources Weekly Summary, Number 170, contain a model law as drawn up by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. This model law is a draft of the suggested prefectural law which has been drawn up by the Ministry on the basis of therevised outline of extension work at prefectural level and should be very helpful in exercising surveillance over this program.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

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George Minarik
 GEORGE MINARIK
 Captain CE
 Adjutant

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Report Control
Symbol QNR-08

3 19. 1 Misc

KYOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

ELC/DKM/th

11 Feb 1949

SUBJECT: Letter of Transmittal

TO : Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301
Attn: Military Government
Economics Division

The inclosed narrative report, Control Symbol QNR-08, is submitted
in compliance with OD 3, Hq. Eighth Army, dated January 1948.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:
As indicated

THOMAS R. HARBIN
1st Lt, Inf
Adjutant

Report Control
Symbol QNR-08KYOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

ELC/DKM/th

11 Feb 1949

NARRATIVE REPORT: Organization of Agricultural Cooperative Association
REPORT PERIOD : January 1949
PREFECTURE : Kyoto-fu

Four villages were inspected during the report period for the progress being made in the organization of Agricultural Cooperative Associations.

1. Hosami-mura, Amada-gun (20 Jan 1949)

A. The chairman of the cooperative association is ARAKI, Shinzaburo and the village headmaster is NAGAZAWA, Kikuji.

B. The promoters of the agricultural association for this village were organized on 16 December, 1947 with 26 members elected. The preliminary meeting was held on the 20 January 1948, with 515 members attending. There were 16 members elected to draft the constitution and on the 12 of February 1948 the general meeting was held with 543 members present. Not until 18 June, 1948, however, was the constitution approved.

C. There are 7 directors of which 1 was formerly of Nogyokai, and 3 auditors, 1 of which was formerly of Nogyokai. This is a former Nogyokai.

D. The qualifications for membership are to:

1. Must live in the village
2. Must cultivate 1 tan or more

E. The membership is composed of:

1. 519 voting members
2. 17 associate members
3. No families with 2 or more members of Coop.
4. 18 woman members
5. 6 farmers who do not wish to join Coop. Reason None.

Narrative Report, "Organization of Agriculture Cooperative Association",
dtd 10 Feb 1949 - Cont'd

2. Takahara-mura, Funai-gun (14 Jan 1949)

A. The chairman of the cooperative association is NAGAI, Hanzaburo and the village headmaster is YAMANE, Toranozyo.

B. The promoters of the agricultural association for this village were organized on 29 January, 1948 with 21 members elected. The preliminary meeting was also held on the 29 January, 1948 with 67 members attending. There were 15 members elected to draft the constitution and on the 12 of February, 1948 the general meeting was held and it wasn't until June, 1948 that their constitution was approved.

C. There are 11 directors, of which 2 were formerly Nogiyokai and 3 auditors of which 1 was formerly of Nogiyokai.

D. The qualifications for membership are to:

1. cultivate one tan or more of land for a minimum of 90 days a year.

E. The membership is composed of:

1. 686 voting members
2. 27 associate members
3. 1 Family with more than 2 or 2 members of Coop.
4. 27 Woman members

In this village there are no farmers that do not desire to join the Coop.

F. This is a capital stock organization with 756 shares valued at ¥200 a share. The maximum amount one member can hold is 50 shares. The individuals pay ¥100 down on each of their shares and at the next general meeting they will decide when to pay the balance of ¥100 per share. This association is a member of all federations of the Prefecture and Gun.

G. Of the 14 clerks employed by the new Coop. 13 were formerly clerks of Nogiyokai.

H. All business is the same as the average associations with only minor difficulties from time to time. As any business has.

I. The transferring of assets from Nogiyokai was made on 19 December 1948 with a surplus of ¥5,780. There were no difficulties encountered.

J. The financial standing at present is shown below.

Narrative Report, "Organization of Agriculture Cooperative Association",
dtd 11 Feb 1949 - Cont'd

- E. The membership is composed of:
 1. 134 voting members
 2. No Associate members
 3. No families with 2 or more members of Coop.
 4. 3 woman members
 5. No famers are against joining Coop.

F. This is a capital stock organization with 134 shares valued at ¥300 a share. The maximum amount that one member can hold is 50 shares. The face value is ¥300 of which all has been paid. This Coop belong to 2 prefectural federations, Banking and selling federation and Investment federation but does not belong to a Gun federation. This village is in the area of Kyoto City which is not a Gun.

G. There is 1 clerk employed by the new Coop. He was transfered from Nogiyokai.

H. There is no business in this Coop that is not the same as the average association.

I. The transferring of assets from Nogiyokai was made on the 31st of August, 1948 with a profit of ¥3,200. There were no difficulties encountered.

J. The financial standing at present is: See remarks

Remarks: Finances are handled by the Main Office of the Kyoto City Agricultural Cooperative Association.

4. Saga-Ukyo-ku, Kyoto City (27 Jan 1949)

A. The chairman of the cooperative association is YASUDA, Masateru.

B. The promoters of the agricultural association for this village were organized on 10 of January 1947 with 1 member present. This association is part of the Kyoto City Ukyo-ku agricultural cooperative association which has 1 person from each section of Kyoto City making up the promoters. The preliminary meeting was held on the 24 of May 1948 with 168 members attending. There was 1 member from Saga elected to help draft the constitution and on the 15 of August, 1947 the general meeting was held with 209 members present. On 20 March, 1948, the constitution was approved.

Narrative Report, "Organization of Agriculture Cooperative Association".
dtd 11 Feb 1949 - Cont'd

C. There are 2 directors of which neither was formerly of
Nogyokai and no auditors in this village. This is a former Nogyokai.

D. The qualifications for membership are to:
1. Cultivate 1 tan of land
2. Engage in farming for at least 90 days in one year

E. The membership is composed of:
1. 228 voting members
2. No associate members
3. No familers with 2 or more members of Coop.
4. 4 woman members
5. 2 farmers who do not wish to join cooperative.
They have no reasons

F. This is a capital stock organization with 228 shares valued at
¥300 a share. The maximum amount that one member can hold is 50 shares.
The face value is ¥300 of whih all has been paid. This Coop belongs to
2 prefectural federations, the Banking and selling federation and Invest-
ment federation, but does not belong to a Gun federation. This village
is in the area of Kyoto City which is not a Gun.

G. Of the 3 clerks employed by the new Coop. all of them were
transferred from Nogyokai.

H. There is no business connected with this Coop that is not
the same as the average association.

I. The transferring of assets from Nogyokai was made on 31 August
1948 with a profit of ¥3,200. There were no difficulties encountered.

J. The financial standing at present is: See remarks.

Remarks: Finances are handled by the Main Office of the Kyoto City
Agricultural Cooperative Association.

319.10

Report Control
Symbol QNR-08HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

403.

11 February 1949

SUBJECT: Progress of Japanese Agricultural Cooperative Association in
Hyogo Prefecture - January 1949.TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

1. In compliance with Operational Directive No.3, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 9 January 1948, the following villages were inspected during the report period:

- a. Hirafuku Mura, Sayo Gun
- b. Egawa Mura, Sayo Gun

2. Hirafuku Mura, Sayo Gun:

- a. There is one agricultural cooperative in this village and its membership is composed of 338 full members, of whom 68 are women. There are no associate members.
- b. The assets have been transferred from the former Nogyo-kai and the transfer has been approved by the Prefectural Cooperative Section.
- c. The Cooperative employs 8 full time employees including two agricultural technicians.
- d. The assets are valued at 3,491,000 yen and a revaluing fund of 110,000 yen is maintained.

3. Egawa Mura, Sayo Gun: cooperative in this village has 686 members, including 3 associate members and 99 women.

- a. The one agricultural cooperative in this village has 686 members, including 3 associate members and 99 women.
- b. The assets are valued at 12,356,000 yen and have been transferred to the Cooperative from the former Nogyo-kai. The transfer of assets has been approved by the Prefectural Cooperative Section.

Ltr. Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APO 317, file 403., subj: "Progress of Japanese
Agricultural Cooperative Association in Hyogo Prefecture - January
1949 1949," dtd 11 Feb 49, cont'd.

c. In addition to the usual function of credit, marketing, and
purchasing, the Cooperative provides guidance in improving agricultural
methods, improvement in stock breeding practices, and transportation.

4. In each of the cooperatives visited, the members take no interest
in the management of the affairs of the association. The cooperatives in
general appear to be stagnant and devoid of new ideas for improving the
present organization..

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

LOUIS C. HUTTON
Major. Cavalry
Executive Officer

Report Control
Symbol QNR-03

319. *Misc*

HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

403.1

11 February 1949

SUBJECT: Progress of Land Reform in Hyogo Prefecture - January 1949.

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

1. In compliance with Operational Directive No.10, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 10 January 1947, the following villages were inspected during the report period:

- a. Hirafuku Mura, Sayo Gun
- b. Egawa Mura, Sayo Gun
- c. Akamatsu Mura, Ako Gun

2. Hirafuku Mura, Sayo Gun:

a. The purchase and resale of 23.08 cho of land has been accomplished with a minimum of difficulty. Five cases were appealed to Local Land Reform Commission and all were rejected. No appeal was made to the Prefectural Land Reform Commission.

b. Meetings are now held very seldom inasmuch as there is little business awaiting the commission.

c. No consolidation of small land holdings has been effected.

d. Of a total of 124.3 cho of arable land, 10 cho is still tenanted.

e. No land is being reclaimed in this area.

3. Egawa Mura, Sayo Gun:

a. The purchase and resale of 33.8 cho of land was completed with very little difficulty. One case was appealed to the Local Land Commission.

b. No attempts were made to recall any member of the commission.

Ltr. Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APO 317, file 403.1, subj: "Progress of Land Reform in Hyogo Prefecture - January 1949." dtd 11 Feb 49, cont'd.

c. Of 334.6 cho of arable land, 38.1 cho is still tenanted.

4. Distribution of Ownership:

Tenant	10
Landlord	2
Owner cultivator	420
<hr/>	
Total	432

4. Akamatsu Mura, Ake Gun:

a. The purchase and resale of 87.8 cho of land was accomplished, but not without considerable difficulty. 9 cases were appealed to the Local Land Commission and all were rejected. Two of these 9 cases were appealed to the Prefectural Land Reform Commission, where both were rejected.

b. Of the total of 326 cho of arable land, 40.8 cho is still tenanted. Inasmuch as the 40.8 cho is composed of small holdings of tenanted land which fall within the 6 tan limit that may be retained, it is believed that the figure will not be reduced to the desired 8% of the total arable land.

c. In order to transfer 87.8 cho, 4,000 separate purchases were made, which clearly illustrates the small size of individual plots and the need for consolidation. No consolidation was effected by this commission.

d. Population Data:

	Farm Families		Population	
	Before L/R	After L/R	Before L/R	After L/R
Tenant	195	48	1,276	307
Landlord	89	23	564	148
Owner operator	287	501	1,828	3,178
Total	571	572	3,668	3,633

Ltr, Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APC 317, file 403.1, subj: "Progress of Land Reform in Hyogo Prefecture - January 1949," dtd 11 Feb 49, cont'd.

5. In compliance with Operational Directive 10/1, 1948, it is reported that no former military land has been transferred since October 1948.

6. In compliance with Operational Directive 10/3, 1948, it is reported that no progress has been made in reducing the percentage of arable land which is still tenanted.

7. In compliance with Operational Directive 10/6, 1948, the following table shown the present status of Demonstration and Extension Farmland:

	(Unit in cho)				
	Total Area	Area to be purchased	Area purchased to date	Area resold	Area not to be purchased
Owned by absentee landlord	4.6	4.6	4.6	2.6	0
Residential non-cultivating landlord	13.3	7.5	7.5	3.9	5.8
Owner cultivator	18.4	2.1	2.1	0.3	16.3
State owned	4.7	1.7	0	0	3.0
Prefecture, city, town, & villages owned land	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6
Others	0.9	0	0	0	0.9
TOTAL	42.7	16.4	14.4	7.0	25.6

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

A/ LOUIS C HUTTON
/T/ LOUIS C. HUTTON
 Major, Cavalry
 Executive Officer

319.1 *Misc*

Report Control
Symbol QNR-03

KYOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

ELC/DKM/th

11 Feb 1949

NARRATIVE REPORT: Agricultural Land Reform

REPORT PERIOD : January 1949

PREFECTURE : Kyoto-fu

Investigation of the progress being made under the Land Reform Program was made in 4 village during the month of January 1949. The following is statistical data was gathered at the meeting held by the local Land Commissions.

1. Hosami-mura, Amada-gun (20 Jan 49)

A. (1) A comparison of the Land Reform Program as to the conditions before the law and at the present:

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>	<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>
There were:	There are:
10 Non-residen LL	0 Non-residen LL
105 Resident LL	0 Resident LL
500 Owner-Operat.	625 Owner-Operat.
20 Tenant	0 Tenants

(2) The area under cultivation is 282.70 cho of which, 164.10 cho is Paddy land and 118.60 cho is Uplands.

<u>Before Land Reform</u>		<u>After Land Reform Started</u>	
There were:	(cho)	There Are:	(cho)
Rented by tenants	32.01	Rented by Tenants	6.05
Rented by Part Owner- Part Operator	54.28	Rented by Part-Owner- Part Operator	21.22
Total	<u>86.28</u>	Total	<u>27.27</u>

B. At the time that the Land Reform Program went into effect it was estimated that there was 36.28 cho available for purchase by the government.

- Estimates were:
- a. 6.79 cho Non-resident LL
 - b. 29.49 cho Resident LL

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

There have been no difficulties in relation to purchase of the land. The estimated land has been disposed of 100%.

The resale of land to date has been 36.38 cho which includes all government purchased land and land taken up by the government for failure to pay taxes. There were no difficulties in reselling the land.

C. The comparative per cent of total area rented by the tenant is as follows:

Before Land Reform Program Started After Land Reform Started

There were:	There are:
86.29 cho or 30.5% was rented	27.27 cho or 9% is rented

There were 16 tenants that submitted applications for a total of 12.50 cho and 140 Owner-Operators for a total of 23.78 cho. Altogether this figure is 36.38 cho available.

D. The price payed for land by grade is:

	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Gov't Subsidy per tan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Upland	68		¥ 620 per tan
Paddy	72		¥ 918 per tan

E. There was an election of commission of which there were candidates of the following categories:

	<u>Candidates</u>	<u>Elected</u>
Tenants	5	5
Land Lord	3	3
O-Operator	5	2

The chairman is a Owner-Operator

F. The holdings of the land lords before and after the Land Reform Program are comparatively different:

	<u>Before</u>	<u>After</u>
Non-resident Landlords	1.30 cho	0 cho
Resident Landlords	3.5 cho	1.30 cho renting 0.60 cho (operating 0.70 cho

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

G. There were 1.70 cho of church land of which 1.30 cho was purchased and 1.30 cho resold.

H. The land Reclamation Program has progressed very rapidly. of a total area of 37.00 cho (including 6.00 cho of state land) 31.00 cho have been resold all but 4.90 cho.

I. The cash payments involved in the buying of land under the Land reform Program show a total of ¥201,812.00 of which ¥199,700.00 has been paid and the balance will be paid by the end of March, 1949.

J. There is none of this land under the 24 year installment plan.

2. Takahara-mura, Funai-gun (14 Jan 1949)

A. (1) A comparison is made on the progress of the Land reform program as to the conditions before the law and at present:

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>		<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>	
There were:		There are:	
82 Non-Resident Land Lords		0 Non-Resident Land Lords	
56 Resident Land Lords		7 Resident Land Lords	
392 Owner-Operators		561 Owner-Operators	
157 Part Owner-Part Tenant		37 Part Owner-Part Tenant	
<u>605</u>	TOTAL	<u>605</u>	TOTAL

(2) The area under cultivation is 395.26 cho of which 321.34 cho is Paddy Land and 73.92 cho is upland.

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>		<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>	
There were:		There were:	
Rented by tenants	110.65 cho	Rented by tenants	14.80 cho
Rented by Part tenants	263.97 cho	Rented by Part tenants	359.82 cho
TOTAL	<u>374.62 cho</u>	TOTAL	<u>374.62 cho</u>

narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

B. At the time that the Land Reform Program went into effect it was estimated that there was 65.99 cho available for purchase by the government. Estimates were:

- a. Non-resident LL 20.61 cho
- b. Resident LL 45.28 cho

The resale of land to date has been 76.06 cho which, includes all the government purchased land and land taken up by the government for taxes. There were no difficulties confronted in resale of this land.

C. The comparative percent of total area rented by the tenant is as follows:

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>	<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>
There were: 125.91 cho of the total 395.26 cho or 31% was rented	There are: 49.85 cho of the total 395.26 cho or 12% is rented

There were 120 tenants that submitted applications for a total of 14.35 cho and 235 Owner-Operators with a total of 61.71 cho. Altogether this figure is 76.06 cho available.

D. The price paid for land by grade is:

	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Gov't Subsidy per tan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Paddy Lan	79	¥720 and ¥198	¥918
Upland	69	¥408 and ¥119	¥527

E. There was an election of Commissions of which there were candidates of the different categories:

<u>Candidates</u>	<u>Elected</u>
Tenants 5	5
L. Lords 3	3
O-Operators 2	2

The chairman is a Tenant farmer.

F. The holding of the land lords before and after the Land Reform Program are comparatively different:

	<u>Before</u>	<u>After</u>
Non Res Lendlord	2.54 cho	0
Res Landlord	4.04 cho	1.97 cho

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

G. There were 6.11 cho of church land of which all has been released under the Land Reform Program.

H. The Land Reclamation Program has progressed very rapidly. Of an Area of 8.80 cho available 6.50 cho has been purchased by the government and it is estimated that the balance will be released by the end of March, 1949. The holdup is the Provisions of the Land Reclamation Laws.

I. The each payments involved in the buying of land under the Land Reform Program shows a total of ¥565,975 of which ¥50,000 has been paid and the balance will be paid by the end of March 1949.

J. Under the 24 year plan of finance there is an estimated 6 cho. Attempts are being made to stimulate cash settlement.

3. Ukyo-ku, Hanazono, Kyoto City (27 Jan 1949)

A. (1) A comparison is made on the progress of the Land Reform Program as to the conditions before the Law and at the present.

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>	<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>
There were:	There are:
90 Non-resident LL	0 Non-resident LL
21 Resident LL	5 Resident LL
42 Owner-Operat.	12- Owner-Operat.
90 Tenant	28 Teant

(2) The area under cuttivation is 64.22 cho of which 25.71 cho is Paddy land and 38.55 cho is Plands.

<u>Before Land Reform Program</u>		<u>After Land Reform Program Started</u>	
There were:	(cho)	There are:	(cho)
Rented by tenant	34.00	Rented by tenants	4.00
Rented by Part Owner- Part Operator	20.00	Rented by Part Owner- Part Operator	10.00
Total	<u>54.00</u>	Total	<u>14.00</u>

B. At the time that the Land Reform Program went into effect it was estimated that there was 45.30 cho available for purchase by the government.

Estimates were:

- a. 43.10 cho Non-resident LL
- b. 2.20 cho Resident LL

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

There have been no difficulties in relation to purchase of the land. The estimated land has been disposed of 100%.

The resale of land to date has been 44.30 cho. The remaining 2 cho will be disposed of by the end of February, 1949. There were no difficulties in reselling the land.

C. The comparative per cent of total area rented by the tenant is as follows:

<u>Before Land Reform Started</u>	<u>After Land Reform Started</u>
There were:	There are:
64.22 cho of which 54.00 cho or 84.5% was rented	14.00 cho of which 64.22 cho or 21.8% is rented

There were 70 tenants that submitted applications for a total of 31.06 cho and 32 owner-operators for a total of 14.24 cho. Altogether this figure is 45.30 cho available.

D. The price payed for land by grade is:

	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Gov't Subsidy per tan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Upland	73 *¥18.00	864	252
Faddy	80 *¥24.00	960	264
			1,114
			1,224

E. There was an election of commission of which there were candidates of the following categories:

	<u>Candidates</u>	<u>Elected</u>
Tenants	1	1
Land Lord	1	1
O-Operator	0	

The chairman is a land Lord.

F. The holdings of the land lords before and after the Land Reform Program are comparatively different:

	<u>Before</u>	<u>After</u>
Non-residen Landlords	10.00 cho	0 cho
Resident Landlords	3.00 cho	0.40 cho

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - Cont'd

There have been no difficulties in relation to purchase of the land.

The resale of land to date has been 105.27 cho. There were no difficulties in reselling the land.

C. The comparative per cent of total area rented by the tenant is as follows:

<u>Before Land Reform Started</u>	<u>After Land Reform Started</u>
There were:	There are:
147.18 cho of total 234.22	32.59 cho of total 234.22
cho or 67% was rented	cho or 14% was rented

There were 43 tenants that submitted applications for a total of 19.50 cho and 61 owner-operators with a total of 95.12 cho. Altogether this figure is 714.62 cho available.

D. The price paid for land by grade is:

	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Gov't Subsidy per tan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Paddy	89 *22 ¥880	¥242	¥1122
Upland	79 *24 ¥1152	¥336	¥1488

E. There was an election of commission of which there were candidates in the following categories:

	<u>Candidates</u>	<u>Elected</u>
Tenants	2	2
Land Lords	1	1
O-Operator	1	1

The chairman is a land Lord.

F. The holdings of the landlords before and after the Land Reform Program are comparatively different:

	<u>Before</u>	<u>After</u>
Non-resident Landlords	2.10 cho	0
Resident Landlords	4.30 cho	0.60 cho

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 49 - cont'd

G. There was 2.40 cho of church land of which all was purchased and resold.

H. The Land Reclamation Program has progressed very rapidly. Of a total area of 0.5 cho 0.4 cho has been purchased and will be resold by 31 May, 1949.

I. The cash payment involved in the buying of land under the Land Reform Program shows a total of ¥513,000 of which ¥9,000 has been paid and the balance will be paid by the end of April, 1949.

J. There is no land under the 24 year installment plan.

4. Saga Ukyo-ku, Kyoto City (27 Jan 49)

A. (1) A comparison of the Land Reform Program as to the conditions before the Law and at the present.

<u>before Land reform Program</u>	<u>After Land reform Program started</u>
There were:	There are:
70 Non-resident LL	0 Non-resident LL
43 Resident LL	22 Resident LL
64 Owner-Operat.	130 Owner-Operat.
54 Tenant farmer	9 tenant farmer

(2) The area under cultivation is 234.22 cho of which 165.08 cho is paddy land and 69.14 cho is Upland.

<u>Before Land reform Program</u>		<u>After Land reform Program Started</u>	
There were:	(cho)	There are.	(cho)
Rented by tenant	21.50	Rented by tenants	2.73
Rented by Part Owner- Part Operator	109.08	Rented by Part Owner- Part Operator	29.41
Total	<u>130.58</u>	Total	<u>32.14</u>

B. At the time that the Land Reform Program went into effect it was estimated that there was 114.63 cho available for purchase by the government.

Estimates were:

a. 38.50 cho	Non-resident LL
b. 76.13 cho	Resident LL

Narrative Report, "Agricultural Land Reform", dtd 11 Feb 1949 - Cont'd

G. There was 6.89 cho of church land of which all was purchased and resold.

H. Of a total area of 5.98 cho which is available for reclamation none of this has been purchased or resold because of a petition against this total area. The area is being used cooperatively by the villagers but has no owner. The petition for ownership is held in court.

I. The cash payments involved in the buying of land under the Land Reform Program shows a total of \$1,360,000 of which \$160,000 has been paid and the balance will be paid by the end of this year.

J. There is no land on the 24 year installment plan.

Reports Control
Symbol QNR-08

GMM/ay

319.1

File

HEADQUARTERS
WAKAYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25

File

5 February 1949

004

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Agricultural Co-op Narrative Report

TO : Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 25

In compliance with Operational Directive No. 3, Headquarters 8th Army, dated 9 January 1948, paragraph 5 c, transmitted herewith Monthly Narrative Report on Agricultural Associations in this prefecture.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl
Narrative Rpt (6 copies)

HAROLD C. DAWSON
Major, USAF
Adjutant

Reports Control
Symbol QNR-08

WAKAYAMA PREFECTURE
AGRICULTURAL COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION
Month of January 1949

1. Five cities, towns or villages in three different guns were visited during January, making a total of 231 places inspected since the inception of the program. Inspections show that 264 agricultural cooperative associations and 10 federations have been approved by the administrative authorities as of 31 January 1949.

2. The list of agricultural cooperative officials approved as of 31 January 1949 is as follows:

- a. Total number of officials: 3,811
- b. Total number of Nogyokai officials: 283
- c. Total number of Non-Nogyokai officials: 3,528
- d. Percentage of Non-Nogyokai officials to total number of officials: 92%

3. Out of the 213 Nogyokais which have been dissolved, 87 Nogyokais have been liquidated with the approval of the administrative authorities as of 31 January 1949.

4. From 24 January to 27 January the prefectural cooperative officials, together with four chiefs of the cooperative federations, held conferences in each gun to exchange view points on democratic management of the new cooperatives.

Reports Control Symbol
QNR-08

NARA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 25, Unit 4

EMH/an

319.1-(c) *MHC*

4 February 1949

SUBJECT: Farm Cooperative Narrative Report

TO : Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTENTION: Mil Govt Section

File

1. In compliance with Operational Directive No. 3 (48), Headquarters Eighth Army, the following report is submitted.

2. At the end of January 1949, a total of 197 farm cooperatives had been formed, of which 158 were farm cooperatives, 30 reclamation, 7 live stock, 1 produce and 1 mushroom farm cooperative. Of the above total 53 have not completed transfer of assets.

3. Uta-cho. Deposits and loans increased about 2,000,000 yen in the last four months. Some loss is expected because of high expenditure in management. Branch offices in this community are working together efficiently.

4. Okanishi-mura. This cooperative completed transfer of assets. Their main job at present is lending 600,000 yen to members, distributing incentive goods, and purchasing fertilizer for farmers. This cooperative sold 200,000 yen c. "Agricultural Recovery Bonds" to farmers. Farmers interviewed were well informed as to the workings of the cooperative. They did not think the ex-Nogyokai was influencing the new cooperative. Meetings to further educate and strengthen the organization are planned.

5. Prefectural government is sponsoring meetings in 52 farm cooperatives, 10 February to 15 April 1949. These meetings will be attended by military government personnel when possible.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

15
JOSEPH W. DONOVAN
Capt, Inf
Adjutant

720.5

HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

~~403~~

3 February 1949

MB File
H
Kla

SUBJECT: Pine Bark Beetle Damage Survey

TO: Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 25

In compliance with paragraph 5b, Operational Directive No. 40,
Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 30 June 1948, damage survey maps for
January 1949 are transmitted herewith.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Incl 1:
as indicated.
(duplicate)

LOUIS C. HUTTON
Major, Cavalry
Executive Officer

403

1st Ind

MEB/sy

Hq Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 25, 7 Feb 49

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

I Incl:
n/e

G. M.

SY

319
Agricultural

HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

403.

26 January 1949

SUBJECT: Monthly Progress Report, Statistical, Agricultural Cooperative.

TO: Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 301

In compliance with instructions received by telephone (Economics Section, Kinki MGR), an additional copy of the above mentioned report is attached hereto.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Louis C. Hutton
LOUIS C. HUTTON
Major, Cavalry
Executive Officer

06198

HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

20 January 1949

403.

49/E/A/1

SUBJECT: Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture.

TO: Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 301

1. Experiments with 2,4-D weed killers on paddy rice have been completed at the Hyogo Prefectural Agricultural Experiment Station under the Guidance of Hyogo Military Government Team. Results of the experiments are very encouraging and are described in detail in Inclosure #1, attached hereto.

2. Sufficient increases in yield were obtained to indicate that the use of 2,4-D would do much to overcome the present food shortage in Japan. In one field where rice was planted closely in rows, an increase in yield of 18.2% was obtained. The average increase of all fields tested was in excess of 7%. This included tests at the Experiment Station and at five farms distributed throughout Hyogo Prefecture in locations which represented the various climatic conditions found in this prefecture.

3. If 2,4-D was used throughout Japan, and the minimum average increase (5.8% on the five farms mentioned in paragraph 2) was obtained, it is believed that the resultant increase in yield of 18,400,000 bushels would eliminate the need for importing food from the United States worth approximately \$42,890,000.

4. At the estimated cost of \$4.00 per gallon for the 887,500 gallons needed to treat the 7,100,000 acres of rice in Japan, the total cost of such treatment would be approximately \$3,550,000. This would result in a potential saving to the United States Government of \$39,000,000. (see par. 5, Incl 1).

5. It is believed that the knowledge gained in the first year of test on rice is sufficient to permit general increases in excess of 10% by employing unorthodox planting methods made possible by 2,4-D. If general increases of 10% were maintained, the increased production of 31,700,000 bushels of rice would be worth \$73,900,000, still at the same cost of \$3,550,000 for treatment.

Ltr. Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APO 317, file 403.. Subj: "Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture," 49/E/A/1, dtd 20 Jan 49.

6. Although it is believed that the average Japanese farmer is sufficiently interested in 2,4-D to use it if it were made available, an education program would probably be necessary before the optimum results could be obtained. The present extension program could be used to good advantage furthering such an education program.

7. All 2,4-D products used in the tests reported were produced in the United States. Similar tests conducted simultaneously of several Japanese pseudo 2,4-D products resulted in a decreased yield in each case.

8. It has been ascertained that 2,4-D could be produced in Japan under license from the American Chemical Paint Company, the exclusive patent holder, or could be imported from the United States where it is produced by at least seven different chemical companies.

9. It is recommended that sufficient quantities of 2,4-D to permit limited use by the Japanese farmers be imported from the United States. It is believed that a 10% sample, requiring some 100,000 gallons of a 41% amine salt formulation, would definitely establish the value of 2,4-D as a means of increasing crop yields in Japan.

10. It is further recommended that the necessary licensing arrangements be made to permit manufacture of 2,4-D in Japan if the need for 2,4-D is established by the limited use recommended above.

Incl 1:
as indicated.

/s/ George L. Atwood
/t/ GEORGE L. ATWOOD
Lt.Col., CAC
Commanding

BASIC: Ltr, Hyogo Mil Govt Team, 403, subj: "Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture", dtd 20 Jan 49.

403 1st Ind ELT/tn
 Hq Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 301, 3 Feb 49
 TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

1 Incl: J. E. E.
 n/c

AG 403 - BA 2nd Ind ELT/tn
 Hq I Corps, APO 301, 4 Feb 49
 TO: CG, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Forwarded for your information.
2. The information contained in the basic letter and inclosure is the result of intelligent research and investigation by occupation personnel. It is felt that if the indications developed by these trial experiments are borne out by further tests, that a substantial advance may be made in overcoming the food shortage in Japan.
3. If further information is desired concerning the above experiments, the officer who directed the program can be made available for a more complete report.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

1 Incl: /s/ William A. Franks
 n/c /t/ WILLIAM A. FRANKS
 Major, AGD
 Asst Adj General

AGMGEN 403 3rd Ind
SUBJECT: Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture
(20 January 1949)

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343, 17 Feb 1949

TO: Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500
(Attn: Agricultural Division, NRS)

1. Attention is invited to the basic communication and the attached inclosure which reports on extensive research and experiments conducted with 2,4-D products (weed killer) on paddy rice, which were carried out by the Hyogo Prefectural Experiment Station under the guidance of Hyogo Military Government Team.

2. Since the report indicates that this has possibilities of increasing rice yields it is suggested that additional study and research be conducted by the National Government in various experimental and research institutions under the supervision of the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Director of Agricultural Improvement Service. It is recommended that all possible assistance be given in obtaining 2,4-D products to carry out additional experiments.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

1 Incl:
n/c

/s/ Monroe N. Hiney
/t/ MONROE N. HINEY
Major AGD
Asst Adj Gen

Ltr. Hyogo Mil Govt Team, 403, subj: Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture, 20 January 1949

AG 403 (20 Jan 49)NR/A

4th Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS, APO 500,
5 March 1949

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Results of the experiments with 2,4-D (Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) reported in the basic letter were noted with interest by personnel of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. Personnel of the Hyogo Military Government Team, who sponsored these tests, displayed exceptional interest, initiative, and enthusiasm in this measure as one means to increase food production. However, recommendations for the extensive use of new methods of crop production in Japan must be based on precise experimental trials of greater magnitude and of longer duration than those reported.

2. The estimates made in the basic letter of probable dollar savings to the United States Government that could result from the use of 2,4-D in Japan are not warranted by the limited data available. Accepted agricultural experimental procedure in the United States, and many other countries, are that data must be obtained from replicated tests for a period of two or more years before recommendations are made for the widespread use of a new practice under test. For example, inadequate study was given to the problem of controlling weedy grasses which generally are among the more serious pests in irrigated rice fields. Since most weedy grasses are ineffectively controlled by 2,4-D, dependence upon this chemical rather than cultivation for weed control may therefore actually reduce yields in many instances.

3. Other factors that must be considered before the use of 2,4-D could be recommended on a widespread basis include:

a. Inadequate drainage of a large percentage of the paddy area in Japan which might make the effective use of the chemical doubtful.

b. The shortage of irrigation water in Japan in some years which might make the drainage of paddies impracticable, even where drainage could be accomplished.

c. Delayed maturity of the rice crop after use of the chemical which might prevent the planting and harvesting of a second crop on areas normally producing two crops per year.

4. General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, will:

AG 403 (20 Jan 49)NR/A, 4th Ind, 5 Mar 49
Subj: Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture.

a. Endeavor to procure for the Japanese agricultural experiment stations an adequate supply of 2,4-D for continued experimental work in representative areas throughout Japan in order to exploit further the possibilities of this chemical.

b. Coordinate with agricultural research specialists of the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry to check further the probable effect of 2,4-D on rice production in Japan, particularly on yield.

5. An application for approval of a license agreement between the American Chemical Paint Company and Ishihara Industrial Company, Tokyo, is at present under consideration by General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. Such a license, if approved, would give to the Japanese company the right to produce the herbicide in Japan in accordance with the patents and experience of the American Chemical Paint Company.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

1 Incl
w/d

/s/ J W Williams
/t/ J W WILLIAMS
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

AGMGEN 403

5th Ind

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343, 12 Mar 1949

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

430

BASIC: Ltr, Hyogo Mil Govt Team, 403, subj: "Experiments with 2,4-D on Paddy Rice in Hyogo Prefecture," dtd 20 January 1949.

AG 403 - BA

6th Ind

EHN/mso

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

MAR 17 1949

TO: CO, Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 25

Your attention is directed to the 4th indorsement.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

A. SEIPEL
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj General

403

7th Ind

MES/hn

Hq Kinki Mil Govt Region, APO 25

TO: Commanding Officer, Hyogo Mil Govt team, APO 317

G M

[Handwritten signature]
MEB

MG

729.5

HYOGO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

RBE/to

5 January 1949

403.

SUBJECT: Pine Bark Beetle Damage Survey

TO: Commanding Officer
Kinki Military Government Region
APO 301

In compliance with paragraph 5b, Operational Directive No. 40,
Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 30 June 1948, damage survey maps for
December 1948 are transmitted herewith.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Incl 1:
as indicated.
(duplicate)

LOUIS C. HUTTON
Major, Cavalry
Executive Officer

AG 729.5 - BA
Hq I Corps, APO 301,
TO: CG, Eighth Army, APO 343

1st Ind

EHN/mo

JAN 11 1949

1 Incl:
n/c

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ADM. ASST.	
ASST ADM.C	
SUPPLY	
G. AFF	
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