

Asia - Political - Govern '4

NO.14 JULY 8, 1968

Geographic Report

ASIA:

CIVIL DIVISIONS



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Within the Government additional information on this study may be obtained from the Office of the Geographer, Room 8744, Department of State, Washington, D. C. 20520 (Telephone: Code 182, Extension 4508).

Geographic Report

No. 14

ASIA: CIVIL DIVISIONS

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ASIA: CIVIL DIVISIONS

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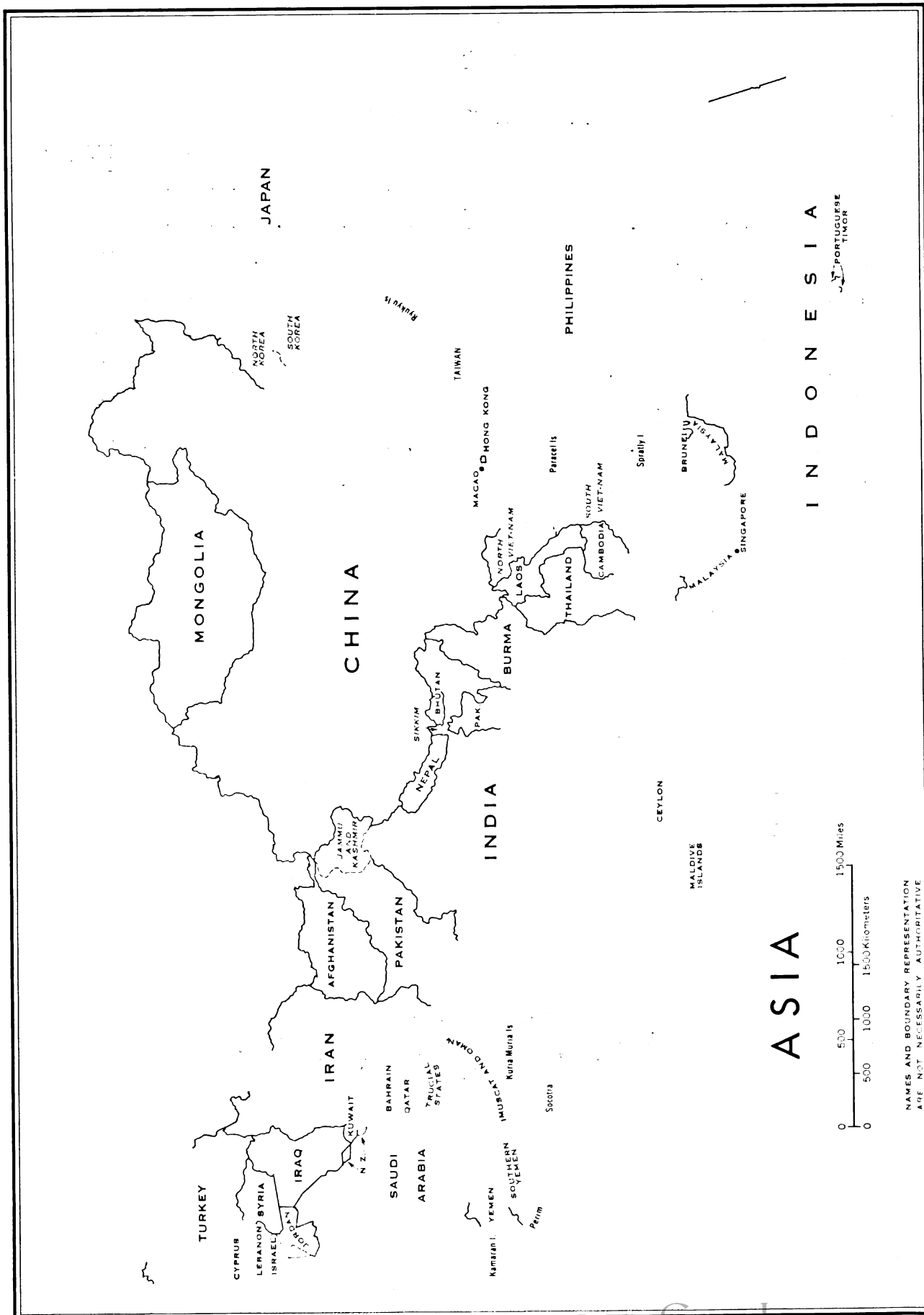
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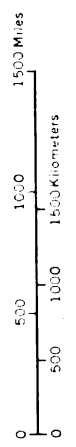
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The Geographer
BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE AND RESEARCH
Office of Strategic and Functional Research
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE



ASIA

I N D O N E S I A



NAMES AND BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION ARE NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITATIVE

ASIA: CIVIL DIVISIONS

In scope this report covers the civil divisions of Asia. Politically, the area comprises 32 independent states and 4 regimes not recognized by the United States Government (Communist China, Mongolia, North Korea, and North Viet-Nam), ranging in size from the Maldive Islands, 115 square miles, to Communist China with an area of 3,691,502 square miles. Also included are 17 independent areas.

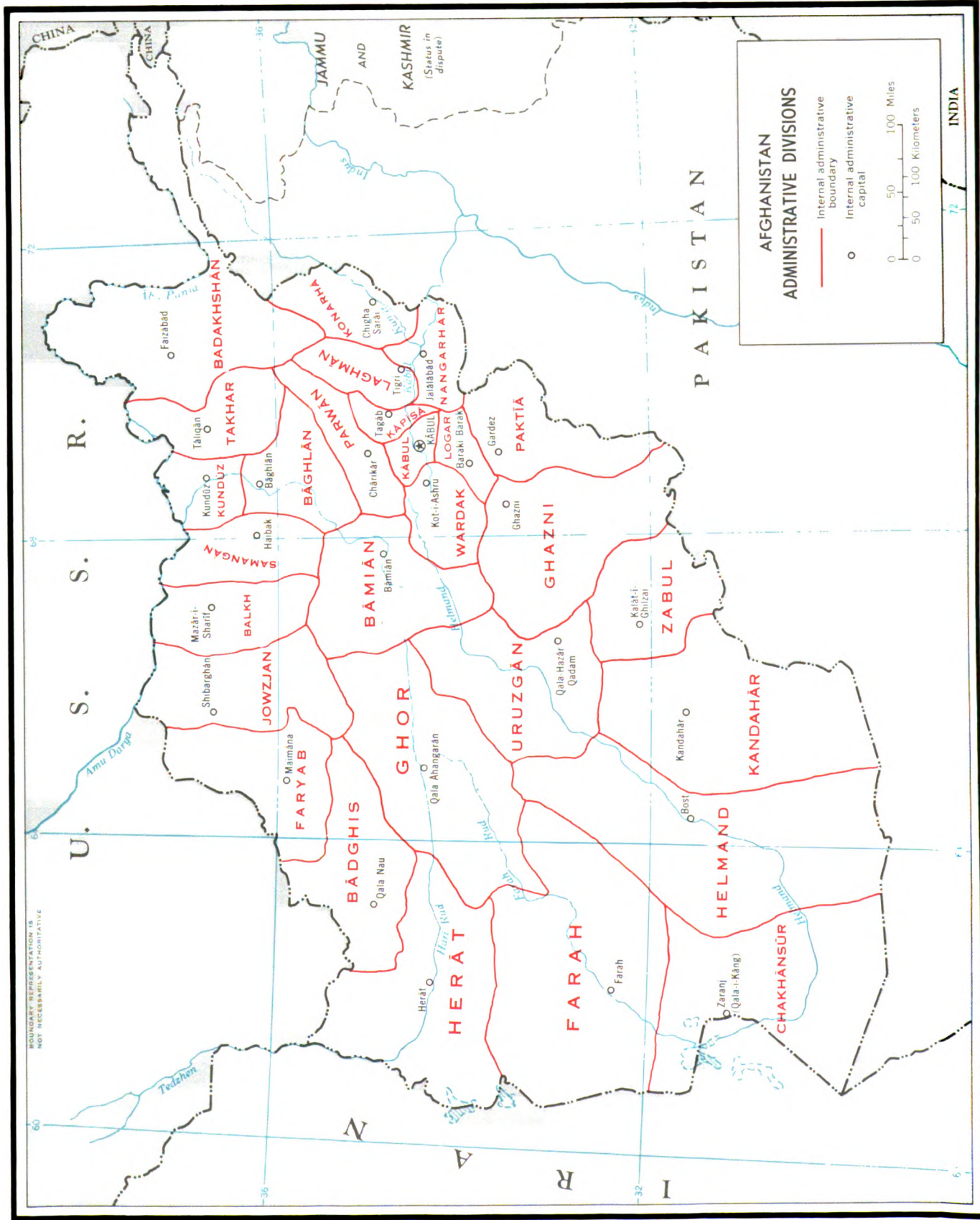
The primary emphasis of the report concerns the identification of first-order internal administrative divisions of the entities. In the absence of administrative divisions, reference is made to whatever system may be used to subdivide the area.

Below the first-order level, an effort is made to denote the terminology used to refer to the lower-level administrative divisions. However, no attempt has been made to name them other than for Jammu and Kashmir, Macao, Pakistan, and Portuguese Timor.

The first-order administrative divisions of a country represent full coverage of the national territory, thus precluding any gaps or overlaps in the area of the entity. Divisions defined as first order are not always equal in rank. These divisions, however, are always considered first order in that no one entity at such level has complete jurisdiction over another entity of the same level. Nevertheless, there may be varying degrees of local autonomy, as where the national government exercises more authority over one division than another.

It should be noted that descriptive administrative terminology is not always consistent from one country to another. A term used to denote one level of administration in one state may serve to define a different level in another state. Examples are: district--first order in Ceylon and Cyprus, second in Burma and Bhutan; municipality is first order in the Republic of China, second in Brunei, and third in Afghanistan.

Included with the administrative structure as additional information is the formal name of the entity (in parentheses under the entity heading), the capital city, and the area and population of the entity. Further, comments precede each entity tabulation to clarify any confusing aspects of the internal administrative structure.



AFGHANISTAN

(Kingdom of Afghanistan)

First-Order Division: province (velāyat) - 28

Second-Order Division: county (ūlūs-vāli) - 194
(1964)

Third-Order Divisions: township ('alaqehdari) - 98
(1964) municipality - 26

Capital: Kābul

Population: 15,751,000 (1967 est.)

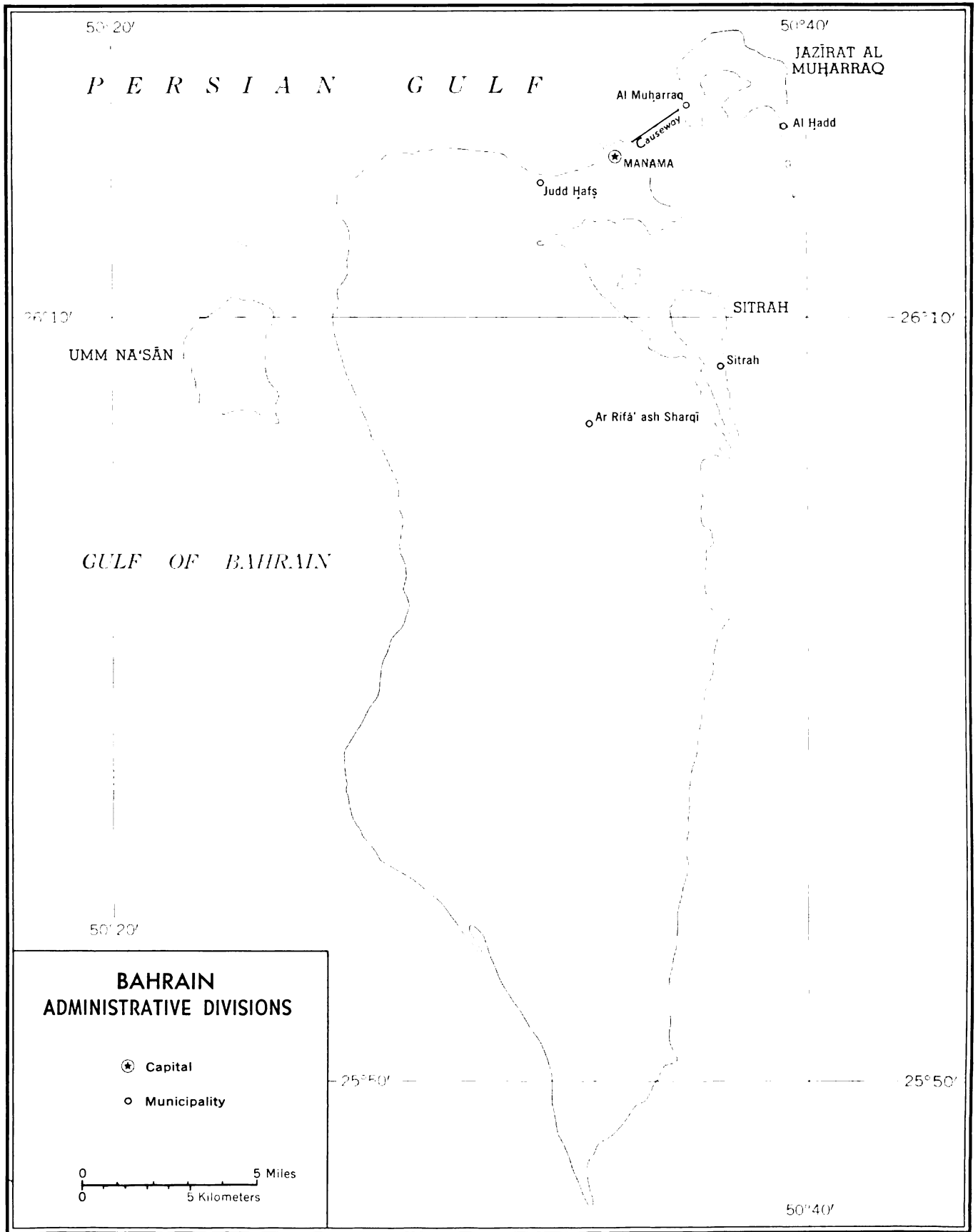
Area: 251,000 square miles

Comments:

1. Since the map was printed, information was received that the name of the capital of Helmand Province has been changed from Bost to Lashkar Gah.

Provinces:

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. Badakhshān | 15. Kandahār |
| 2. Bādghis | 16. Kāpīsā |
| 3. Bāghlān | 17. Konarhā |
| 4. Balkh | 18. Kundūz |
| 5. Bāmiān | 19. Laghmān |
| 6. Chakhānsūr | 20. Logar |
| 7. Farah | 21. Nagarhār |
| 8. Faryab | 22. Paktiā |
| 9. Ghazni | 23. Parwān |
| 10. Ghor | 24. Samāngan |
| 11. Helmand | 25. Takhar |
| 12. Herāt | 26. Uruzgān |
| 13. Jowzjan | 27. Wardak |
| 14. Kābul | 28. Zabul |



BAHRAIN

(Shaykhdom of Bahrain)

First-Order Division: municipality - 6

Capital: Manama (Al Manāmah)

Population: 195,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 231 square miles

Comments:

1. Bahrain is a British protected state.
2. The Ruler of Bahrain resides at Al Muḥarraḡ.
3. The six principal cities and towns comprise the municipalities. Some sources deny the administrative significance of the municipalities.
4. Internal boundaries do not exist because jurisdiction of the municipalities corresponds with the built-up area immediately adjacent to the municipality.

Municipalities:

1. Al Ḥadd
2. Al Muḥarraḡ
3. Ar Rifā' ash Sharqī
4. Judd Ḥafṣ
5. Manama
6. Sitrah

BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION IS NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITY

BHUTAN
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Internal administrative boundary
- o Internal administrative capital

0 10 20 30 Miles
0 10 20 30 Kilometers

C H I N A

I N D I A

S I K K I M

PAKISTAN

TONGSA
DZONG

PUNĀKHA

WANGDŪ
PHODRANG

THIMPHU
TA-GA NA

RIMPBU
DZONG

Tongsa Dzong

Punākha

Wangdū Phodrang

THIMPBU

Paro

Ta-ga Dzong

Wund Chu

Sankush

Tsiu

BHUTAN

(Kingdom of Bhutan)

First-Order Division: province - 6

Second-Order Division: district - 15
(1964)

Third-Order Division: village - 126
(1967)

Capital: Thimphu

Population: 750,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 19,305 square miles

Comments:

1. The capital city is often spelled Thimbu; however, the Board on Geographic Names has approved Thimphu.
2. Thimphu is the official capital: Paro is the administrative capital and summer capital.

Provinces:

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Punākha | 4. Thimphu |
| 2. Rimp̄hu Dzong | 5. Tongsa Dzong |
| 3. Ta-Ga-Na | 6. Wangdũ Phodrang |

BRUNEI

(Sultanate of Brunei)

First-Order Division: district - 4

Second-Order Division: municipality - 4
(1968)

Capital: Brunei (town)

Population: 104,000 (1966 est.)

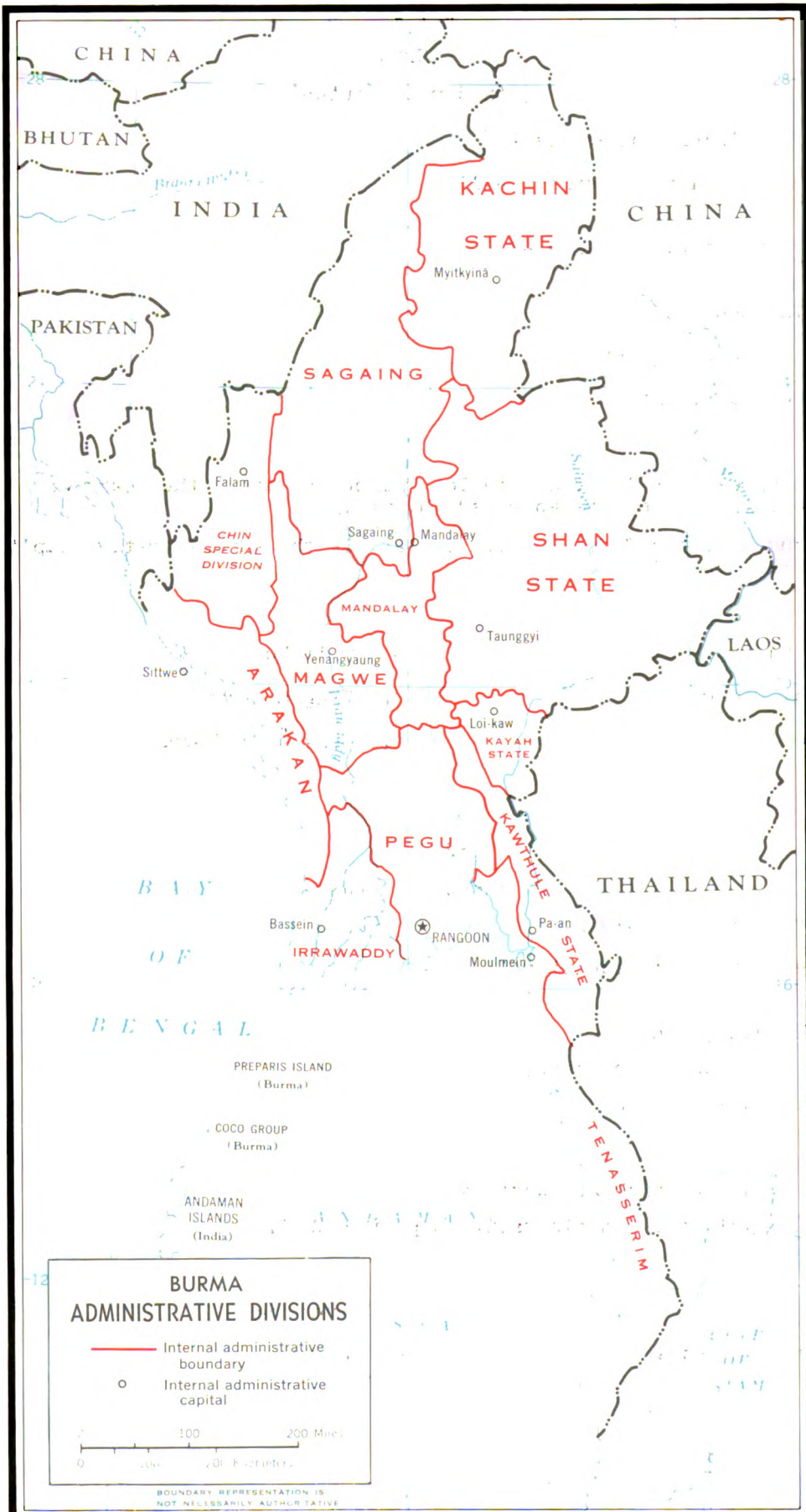
Area: 2,226 square miles

Comments:

1. Brunei is a British protected state.
2. See Malaysia for administrative map of Brunei.

Districts:

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| 3. Belait | 4. Temburong |
| 1. Brunei and Muara | 2. Tutong |



BURMA

(Union of Burma)

First-Order Divisions: division (taing) - 7
special division - 1
state - 4

Second-Order Division: district (kayaing) - 33
(1967)

Third-Order Divisions: (municipality - ?
township - ?
village - ?

Capital: Rangoon

Population: 25,811,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 261,789 square miles

Comments:

1. Constitutionally, first-order administration in Burma is defined as 1) Burma proper, administered centrally from Rangoon; 2) the four states, administered by State Supreme Councils appointed by the central government; and 3) the special division administered by the Chin Affairs Supreme Council. This reflects the strong authority of the central government in the administration of the country.
2. Legally the division (taing) is second-order, but it is subordinate to the central government, i.e., Burma proper, and not to the state or special division. However, to provide complete areal coverage of Burma, the 7 divisions are considered to be first-order for all practical purposes.

Divisions (except as noted):

1. Arakan
2. Chin Special Division
3. Irrawaddy
4. Kachin State
5. Kawthule State
6. Kayah State
7. Magwe
8. Mandalay
9. Pegu
10. Sagaing
11. Shan State
12. Tenasserim



**CAMBODIA
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS**

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative capital
- Kep Autonomous municipality

0 25 50 Miles
0 25 50 Kilometers

BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION IS NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITATIVE

CAMBODIA

(Kingdom of Cambodia)

First-Order Divisions: province (khet) - 19
independent municipality - 4

Second-Order Division: district (srok) - 103
(1967)

Third-Order Division: commune (khum) - ?
(1967)

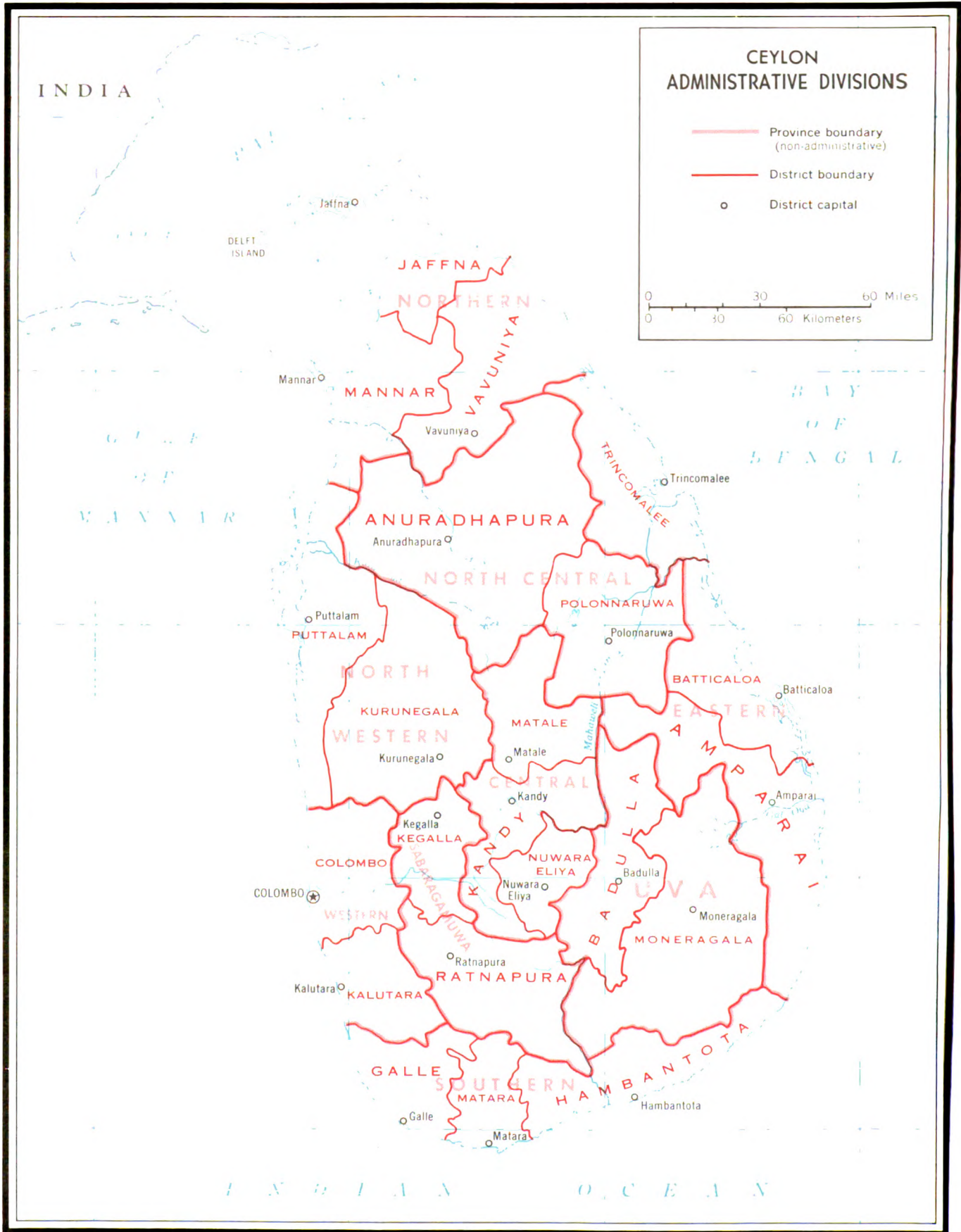
Capital: Phnom Penh

Population: 6,415,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 70,000 square miles

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Battambang | 13. Oddar Meanchey |
| 2. Bokor (municipality) | 14. Phnom Penh (municipality) |
| 3. Kampot | 15. Preah Vihear |
| 4. Kandal | 16. Prey Veng |
| 5. Kep (municipality) | 17. Pursat |
| 6. Koh Kong | 18. Ratanakiri |
| 7. Kompong Cham | 19. Siem Reap |
| 8. Kompong Chhnang | 20. Sihanoukville (municipality) |
| 9. Kompong Speu | 21. Stung Treng |
| 10. Kompong Thom | 22. Svay Rieng |
| 11. Kratie | 23. Takeo |
| 12. Mondolkiri | |



CEYLON

(Dominion of Ceylon)

First-Order Division: district - 22

Second-Order Divisions: municipal council - 10
(1967) town council - 66
urban council - 36
village council - 430

Capital: Colombo

Population: 11,741,000 (1967 est.)

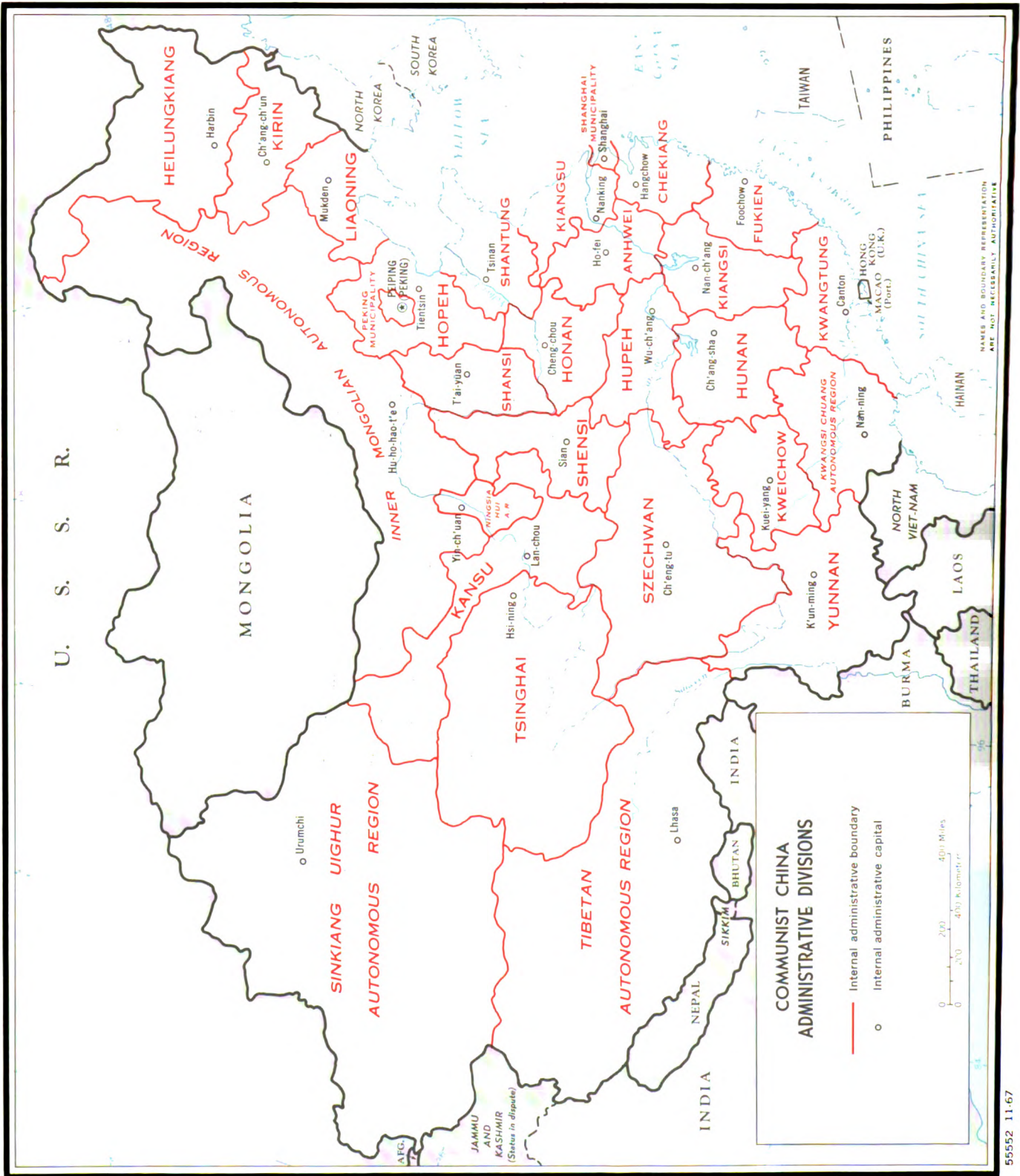
Area: 25,322 square miles

Comments:

1. The designation "Dominion of Ceylon," although officially correct, is rarely used.
2. Nine provinces are often incorrectly designated as the first-order divisions. However, these provinces are used only for certain legal and statistical reporting purposes. The names of the nine provinces appear on the map.

Districts:

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. Amparai | 12. Kurunegala |
| 2. Anuradhapura | 13. Mannar |
| 3. Badulla | 14. Matale |
| 4. Batticaloa | 15. Matara |
| 5. Colombo | 16. Moneragala |
| 6. Galle | 17. Nuwara Eliya |
| 7. Hambantota | 18. Polonnaruwa |
| 8. Jaffna | 19. Puttalam |
| 9. Kalutara | 20. Ratnapura |
| 10. Kandy | 21. Trincomalee |
| 11. Kegalla | 22. Vavuniya |



CHINA, COMMUNIST

(People's Republic of China)

First-Order Divisions: autonomous region (tzu-chih-ch'ü) - 5
municipality (shih) - 2
province (sheng) - 21

Second-Order Divisions: administrative district (hsing-cheng-ch'ü) - 1
(1964) autonomous district (tzu-chih-chou) - 29
league (meng) - 7
municipality (shih) - 167
special district (chuan-ch'ü) - 155

Third-Order Divisions: administrative town (chen) - 1
(1964) autonomous banner (tzu-chih-ch'i) - 3
autonomous county (tzu-chih-hsien) - 62
banner (ch'i) - 50
control bureau (kuan-li-chü) - 2
county (hsien) - 1,992
ward (ch'ü) - 379

Capital: Peiping (Peking)

Population: 800,000,000 (1968 est.)

Area: 3,691,502 square miles

Comments:

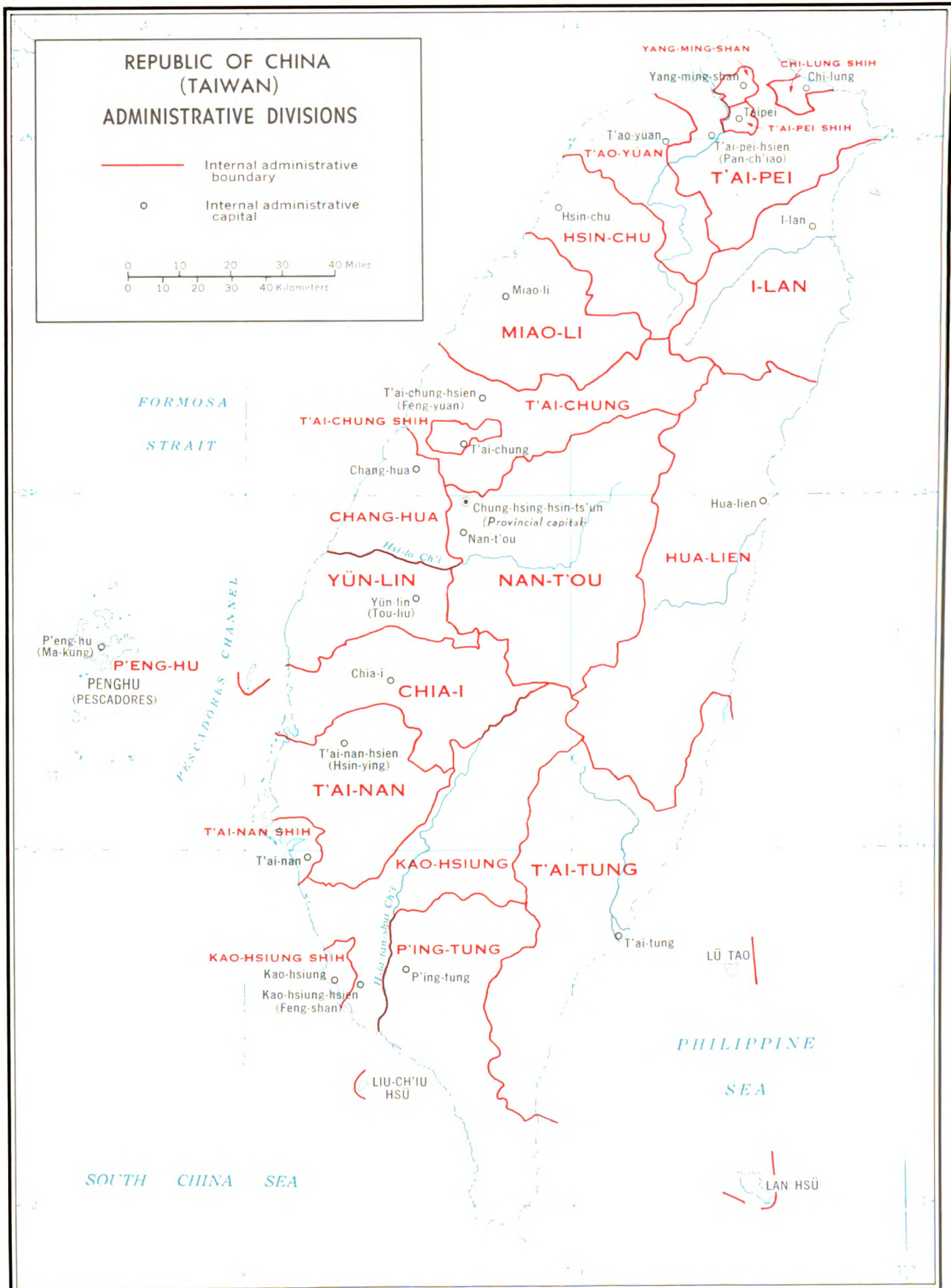
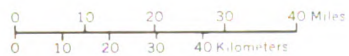
1. The United States does not recognize the Communist-controlled regime styling itself as the "People's Republic of China", which controls mainland China.
2. A banner is historically defined as a Mongolian military district.

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Anhwei | 15. Kwangtung |
| 2. Chekiang | 16. Kweichow |
| 3. Fukien | 17. Liaoning |
| 4. Heilungkiang | 18. Ningsia Hui (autonomous region) |
| 5. Honan | 19. Peking (shih) |
| 6. Hopeh | 20. Shanghai (shih) |
| 7. Hunan | 21. Shansi |
| 8. Hupeh | 22. Shantung |
| 9. Inner Mongolia (autonomous region) | 23. Shensi |
| 10. Kansu | 24. Sinkiang Uighur (autonomous region) |
| 11. Kiangsi | 25. Szechwan |
| 12. Kiangsu | 26. Tibet (autonomous region) |
| 13. Kirin | 27. Tsinghai |
| 14. Kwangsi Chuang
(autonomous region) | 28. Yunnan |

REPUBLIC OF CHINA
(TAIWAN)
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative capital



CHINA, REPUBLIC OF

First-Order Divisions: county (hsien) - 16
municipality (shih) - 5
special administrative district (kuan-li-chü) - 1

Second-Order Divisions: township (chen) - 318
(1956) ward (ch'u) - 42

Capital: Taipei (provisional)

Population: 13,246,000 (1967 est.)

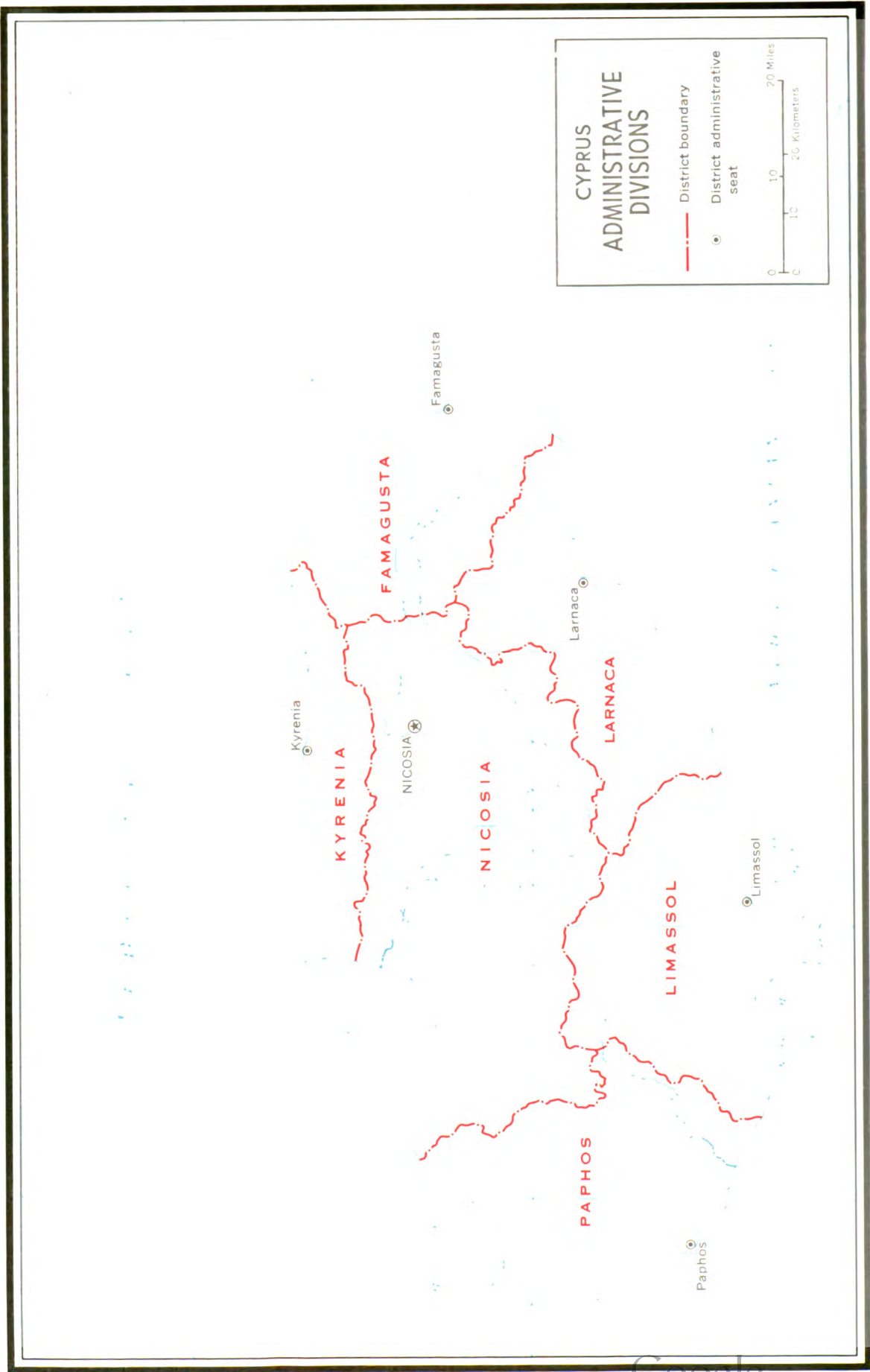
Area: 13,952 square miles

Comments:

1. The Government of the Republic of China moved to Taipei on December 8, 1949. The United States Government recognizes it as the only legal Government of China, entitled to represent China in all international bodies and activities.
2. Taiwan is the name of the island and theoretically it is a province of the Republic of China which includes the provinces of mainland China as well.
3. Chung-hsing-hsin-ts'un is the provincial capital.
4. Yang-ming-shan is the site of the Presidential Residence and the residence of other government officials.
5. Officially, Taiwan Province (sheng) is the first-order division: county, municipality, and special administrative district is the second-order: and township and ward is the third-order. Practically this is not so, as Taiwan Province is virtually coextensive with the area administered by the Republic of China. Hence, the Province is not considered in this listing as an internal administrative division; the second-order divisions become first-order for local government.

Counties (except as noted):

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1. Chang-hua | 12. P'ing-tung |
| 2. Chia-i | 13. T'ai-chung |
| 3. Chi-lung (shih) | 14. T'ai-chung (shih) |
| 4. Hsin-chu | 15. T'ai-nan |
| 5. Hua-lien | 16. T'ai-nan (shih) |
| 6. I-lan | 17. T'ai-pei |
| 7. Kao-hsiung | 18. T'ai-pei (shih) |
| 8. Kao-hsiung (shih) | 19. T'ai-tung |
| 9. Miao-li | 20. T'ao-yüan |
| 10. Nan-t'ou | 21. Yang-ming-shan (special
administrative district) |
| 11. P'eng-hu | 22. Yün-lin |



**CYPRUS
ADMINISTRATIVE
DIVISIONS**

- District boundary
- District administrative seat



CYPRUS

(Republic of Cyprus)

First-Order Division: district - 6
Second-Order Divisions: town - 6
(1956) rural municipality - 10
village - 617

Capital: Nicosia

Population: 614,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 3,572 square miles

Districts:

1. Famagusta
2. Kyrenia
3. Larnaca
4. Limassol
5. Nicosia
6. Paphos

GAZA STRIP

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: 455,000 (1966 est.)

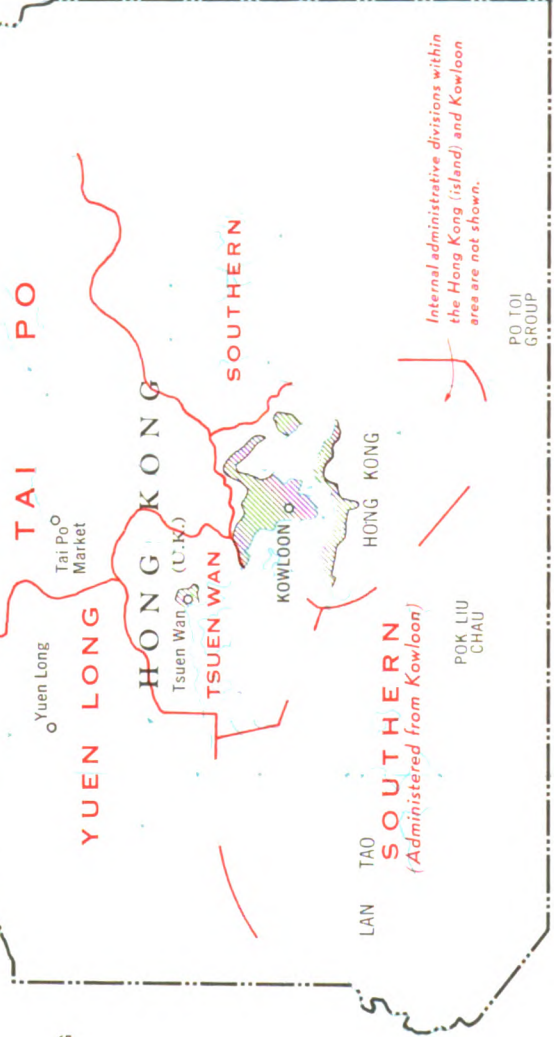
Area: 90 square miles

Comment:

1. Part of the former Palestine mandate: includes city of Gaza and surrounding territory as bounded by the Mediterranean, United Arab Republic, and Israel.

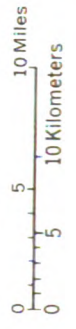
C H I N A

C H I N A



HONG KONG AND MACAO ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative capital



CHI-AO TAO

NEI-LING-TING

CHINA

LAN TAO

HONG KONG

PO TOI GROUP

SOUTHERN
(Administered from Kowloon)

POK LIU CHAU

HONG KONG

KOWLOON

TSUEN WAN

YUEN LONG

TAI PO

Tai Po Market

YUEN LONG

TSUEN WAN

KOWLOON

SOUTHERN

HONG KONG

POK LIU CHAU

LAN TAO

NEI-LING-TING

CHI-AO TAO

TA-HENG-CH'IN TAO

TAN KAN SHAN

CH'UN-TAO

TAN-KAN

WAN-SHAN

CH'UN-TAO

NAMES AND BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION ARE NOT NECESSARILY AUTHENTIC

HONG KONG

(Colony of Hong Kong)

First-Order Divisions: district - 4
urban council - 1

Capital: Victoria ^{1/}

Population: 3,834,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 398 square miles

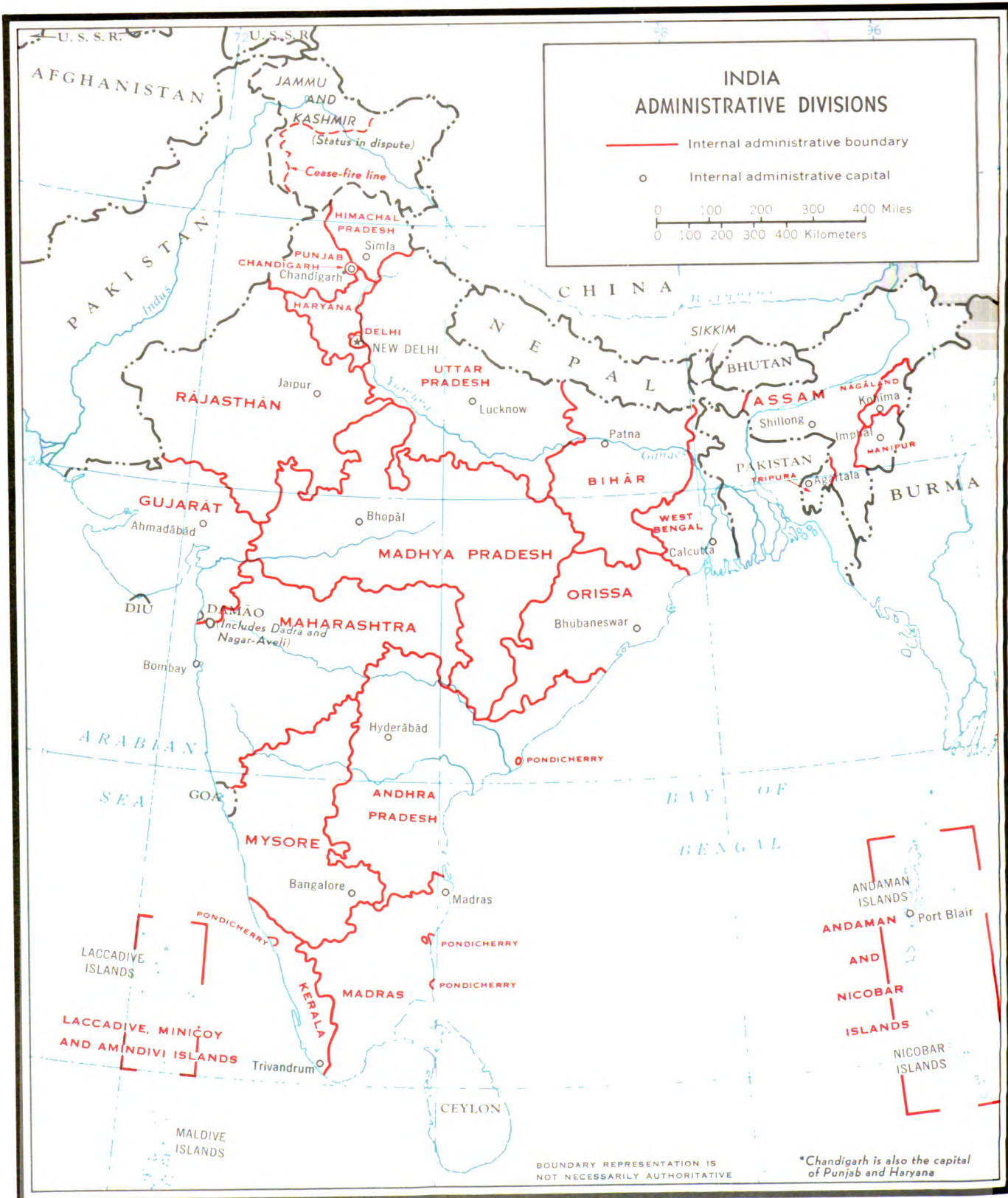
Comments:

1. Hong Kong is a British colony.
2. The administrative structure of Hong Kong is not entirely explicit, in fact, some sources deny the existence of any administrative divisions. However, it is generally acceptable to attribute some type of administrative divisions to Hong Kong.
3. The 4 administrative districts collectively comprise the New Territories, which is an area leased from China.

Districts (except as noted):

1. Kowloon-Victoria (urban council)
2. Southern
3. Tai Po
4. Tsuen Wan
5. Yuen Long

1. Victoria, the colonial capital, has been inadvertently omitted from the map. It is located immediately south of Kowloon, at the site of the shaded area on Hong Kong island.



INDIA

(Republic of India)

First-Order Divisions: state - 16
union territory - 10
Second-Order Divisions: district - 317
(1965) division - 6
Third-Order Divisions: subdivision (tahsil or taluka) - ca. 1,268
(1965)
Fourth-Order Divisions: municipality - 1,483
(1965) village council (panchayat) - ca. 203,000

Capital: New Delhi

Population: 511,115,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 1,176,252 square miles

Comments:

1. Jammu and Kashmir is a territory in dispute between India and Pakistan; Therefore, Jammu and Kashmir is carried as a separate entity in this atlas.
2. The Union Territory of Goa, Damao, and Diu, and the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Aveli, are de facto part of India.
3. There exists a three-tier system, panchayati raj, government by and through autonomous village bodies.
4. The administrative structure presented above is very general as the specifics become very complex.

States (except as noted):

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Andaman and Nicobar Islands
Island (union territory) | 13. Laccadive, Minicoy, and Amidivi
Islands (union territory) |
| 2. Andhra Pradesh | 14. Madhya Pradesh |
| 3. Assam | 15. Madras |
| 4. Bihār | 16. Maharashtra |
| 5. Chandīgarh (union territory) | 17. Manipur (union territory) |
| 6. Dādra and Nagar Aveli
(union territory) | 18. Mysore |
| 7. Delhi (union territory) | 19. Nāgāland |
| 8. Goa, Damão, and Diu (union
territory) | 20. Orissa |
| 9. Gujarāt | 21. Pondicherry (union territory) |
| 10. Haryana | 22. Punjab |
| 11. Himachal Pradesh (union territory) | 23. Rājasthān |
| 12. Kerala | 24. Tripura (union territory) |
| | 25. Uttar Pradesh |
| | 26. West Bengal |

INDONESIA
(Republic of Indonesia)

First-Order Divisions: metropolitan district (daerah khusus ibukota) - 1
province (daerah tingkat I) - 23
special autonomous district (daerah istimewa) - 2

Second-Order Divisions: district - 5
(1967) municipality (kota madya) - 49
second-level area (kabupaten) - 220

Third-Order Division: village (desa) - 47,305
(1961)

Capital: Djakarta

Population: 112,311,000 (1966 est.)

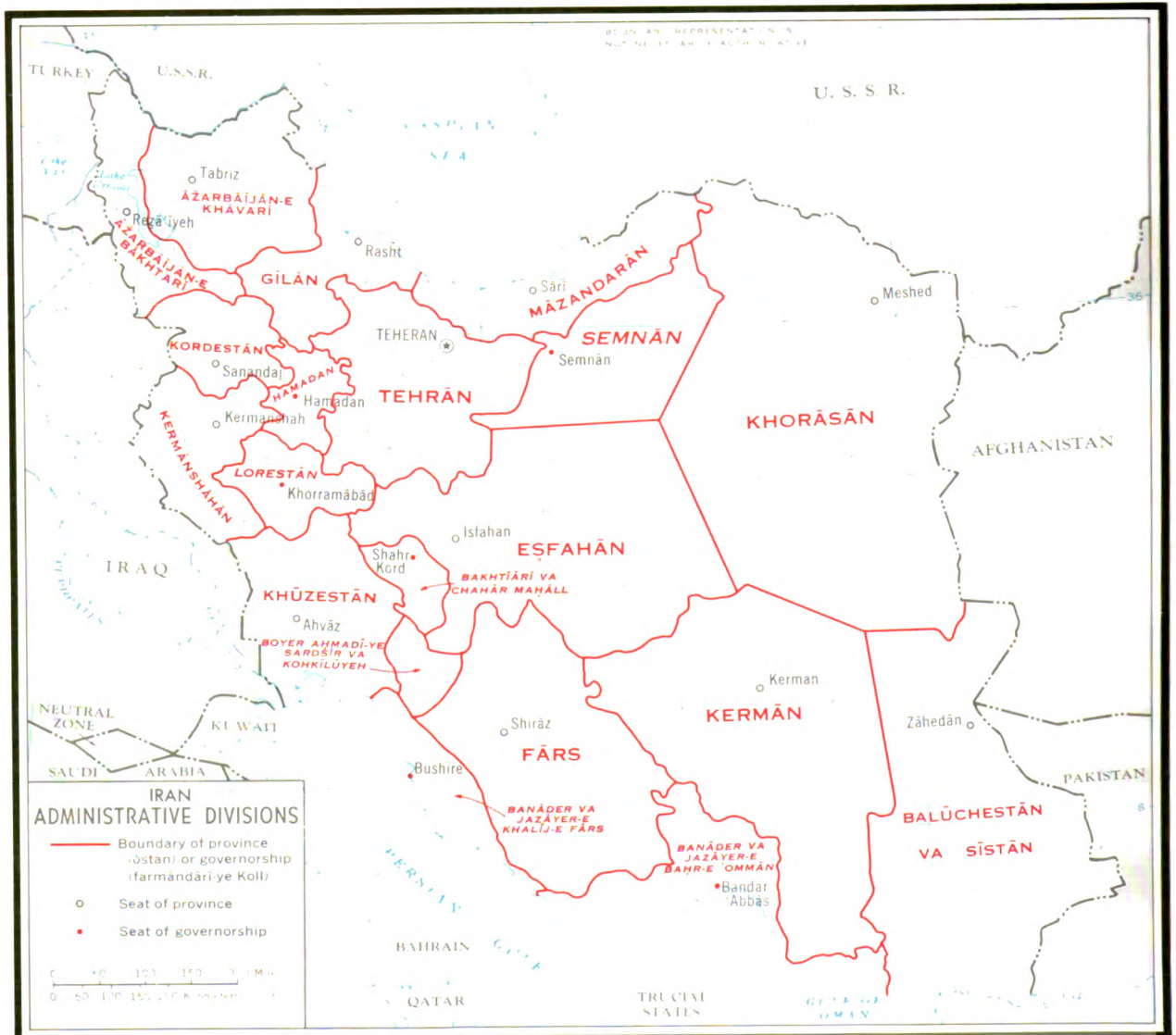
Area: 735,268 square miles

Comments:

1. Interchangeable with the term province is the term "first-level area."
2. Kabupaten more accurately is the former regency, but it is also used to identify a second-level area. Daerah tingkat II more accurately defines a second-level area.
3. The 5 second-order districts are in Djakarta.
4. Although there is enabling legislation for third-level areas (daerah tingkat III), they have yet to be created.
5. There is speculation that the capital of Irian Barat has reverted from Sukarnapura back to the previous name of Kotabaru. However, it is unverified at this date.
6. Some sources list Padang as the capital of Sumatera Barat.

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1. Atjeh (special autonomous district) | 13. Kalimantan Tengah |
| 2. Bali | 14. Kalimantan Timur |
| 3. Bengkulu | 15. Lampung |
| 4. Djakarta Raya (metropolitan district) | 16. Maluku |
| 5. Djambi | 17. Nusa Tenggara Barat |
| 6. Djawa Barat | 18. Nusa Tenggara Timur |
| 7. Djawa Tengah | 19. Riau |
| 8. Djawa Timur | 20. Sulawesi Selatan |
| 9. Irian Barat | 21. Sulawesi Tengah |
| 10. Jogjakarta (special autonomous district) | 22. Sulawesi Tenggara |
| 11. Kalimantan Barat | 23. Sulawesi Utara |
| 12. Kalimantan Selatan | 24. Sumatera Barat |
| | 25. Sumatera Selatan |
| | 26. Sumatera Utara |



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IRAN

(Empire of Iran)

First-Order Divisions: province (ōstan) - 14
governorship (farmandari-ye koll) - 7

Second-Order Division: district (shahrestān) - 145
(1968)

Third-Order Division: subdistrict (bakhsh) - 454
(1968)

Fourth-Order Division: village - 49,875
(1966)

Capital: Teheran (Tehrān)

Population: 26,315,000 (1967 est.)

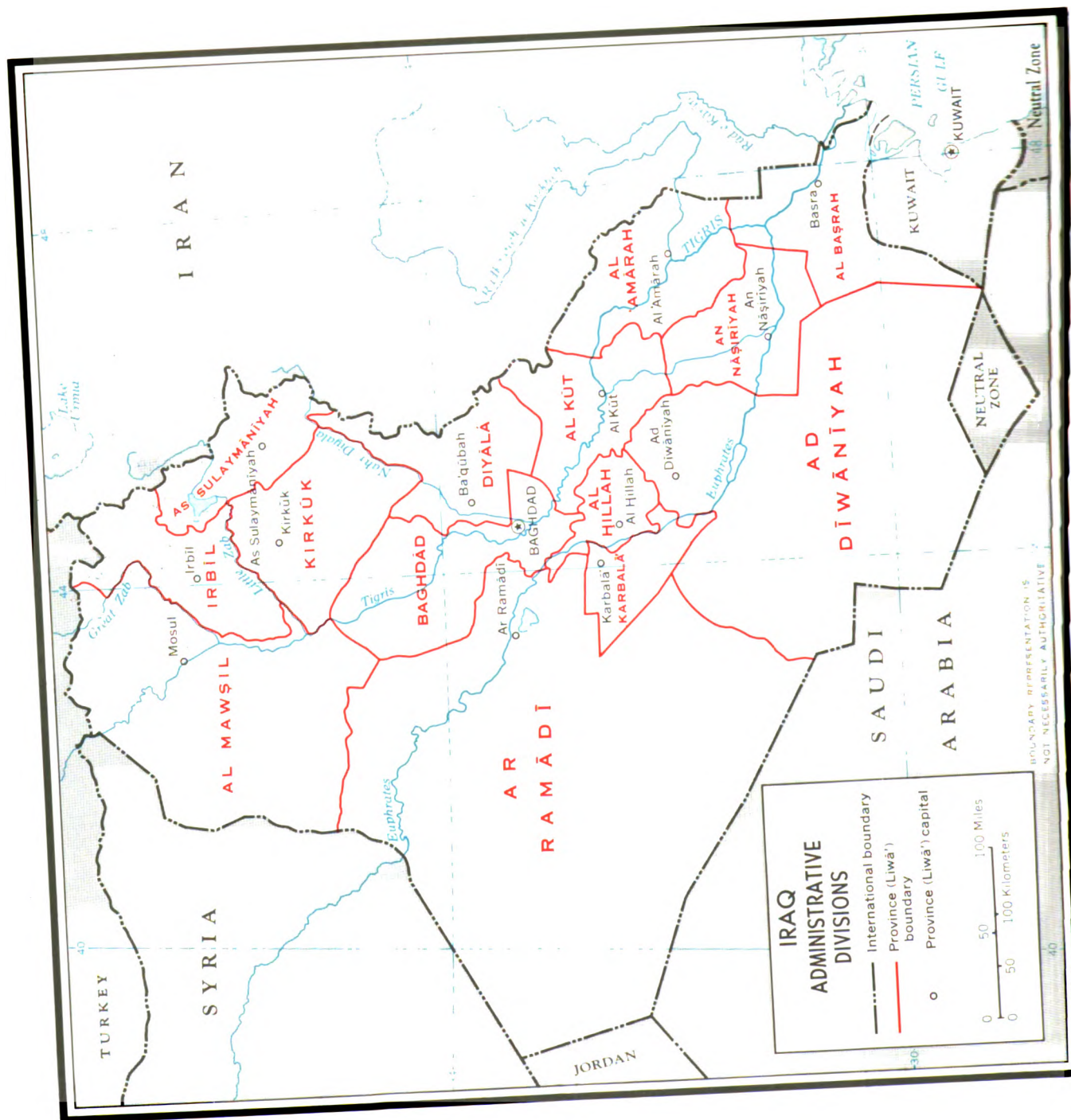
Area: 636,363 square miles

Comments:

1. Since the map was printed new information has been received.
 - a) The governorships of Banāder va Jazāyer-e Khalīj-e Fārs and Banāder va Jazāyer-e Bahr-e 'Ommān have been combined into the province of Banāder va Jazāyer-e Khalīj-e Fārs va Daryā-ye 'Omān. The administrative center is Bandar 'Abbās
 - b) Ilām Governorship was formed from the districts of Ilām, Dehlorān, Mehran, and Badreh in Kermānshāhān Province. Abdanan is the administrative center.
 - c) Yesuj is the administrative center of Boyer Ahmadi-ye Sardsir va Kohkiluyeh
2. The districts of Zanjan (Gīlān Province) and Yazd (Esfahan Province) are considered to be independent and for all intents and purposes governed as though they were provinces or governorates. However, they are still legally districts.
3. The Province of Tehrān is often referred to as Central Province.

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 1. Āzarbāijān-e Bākhtari | 10. Hamadān (governorship) |
| 2. Āzarbāijān-e Khāvari | 11. Ilām (governorship) |
| 3. Bakhtiari va Chahār Mahāll
(governorship) | 12. Kermān |
| 4. Balūchestān va Sīstān | 13. Kermānshāhān |
| 5. Banāder va Jazāyer-e Khalīj-e
Fārs va Daryā-ye 'Omān | 14. Khorāsān |
| 6. Boyer Ahmadi-ye Sardsir va
Kohkiluyeh (governorship) | 15. Khūzestān |
| 7. Esfahan | 16. Kordestān |
| 8. Fārs | 17. Lorestān (governorship) |
| 9. Gīlān | 18. Māzandarān |
| | 19. Semnān (governorship) |
| | 20. Tehrān |



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IRAQ

(Republic of Iraq)

First-Order Division: province (liwā') - 14

Second-Order Division: sub-district (qaḍa') - 61
(1953)

Third-Order Division: county (nāḥiya) - 169
(1953)

Capital: Baghdad

Population: 8,380,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 167,567 square miles

Provinces:

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1. Ad Dīwānīyah | 8. Ar Ramādī |
| 2. Al 'Amārah | 9. As Sulaymānīyah |
| 3. Al Baḡrah | 10. Baghdad |
| 4. Al Ḥillah | 11. Diyālá |
| 5. Al Kūt | 12. Irbīl |
| 6. Al Mawṣil | 13. Karbalā' |
| 7. An Nāṣirīyah | 14. Kirkūk |

IRAQ-SAUDI ARABIA NEUTRAL ZONE

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: Void of inhabitation except for periodic wanderings of nomads.

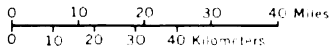
Area: Approximately 1,359 square miles

Comments:

1. Jointly administered by Iraq and Saudi Arabia.
2. See map of Iraq for location of the neutral zone.

**ISRAEL
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS**

- District boundary
- o District center



BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION IS
NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITY

MEDITERRANEAN
SEA

NORTHERN
Haifa
Nazareth
HAIFA
CENTRAL
TEL AVIV
Tel Aviv-Yafo
Ramla
JERUSALEM
Jerusalem

Beersheba

SOUTHERN

UNITED
ARAB
REPUBLIC

LEBANON

SYRIA

JORDAN

ISRAEL

(State of Israel)

First-Order Division: district (mehoz) - 6
Second-Order Division: sub-district - 12
(1965)
Third-Order Divisions: municipal council - 26
(1965) local council - 103
regional council - 49

Capital: Tel Aviv (Tel Aviv-Yafo)

Population: 2,716,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 7,992 square miles

Comments:

1. In 1950 the Israeli Parliament proclaimed Jerusalem the capital; however, the United States does not recognize it as such.
2. Regional councils were formed in 1965 through the grouping of 669 village councils.
3. The conventional district names are followed by the official version.

Districts:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Central (HaMerkaz) | 4. Northern (HaZafon) |
| 2. Haifa (Hefa) | 5. Southern (HaDarom) |
| 3. Jerusalem (Yerushalayim) | 6. Tel Aviv |

ISRAEL-JORDAN DEMILITARIZED ZONES

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: uninhabited

Area: indeterminate

Comment:

1. Includes the Latrun no-mans-land as well as the other smaller no-mans-lands between Israel and Jordan, the Area-between-the Lines (ABL) in and around Jerusalem and the Mount Scopus enclave created by the 1949 armistice agreement.

ISRAEL-SYRIA DEMILITARIZED ZONES

First-Order Division: none

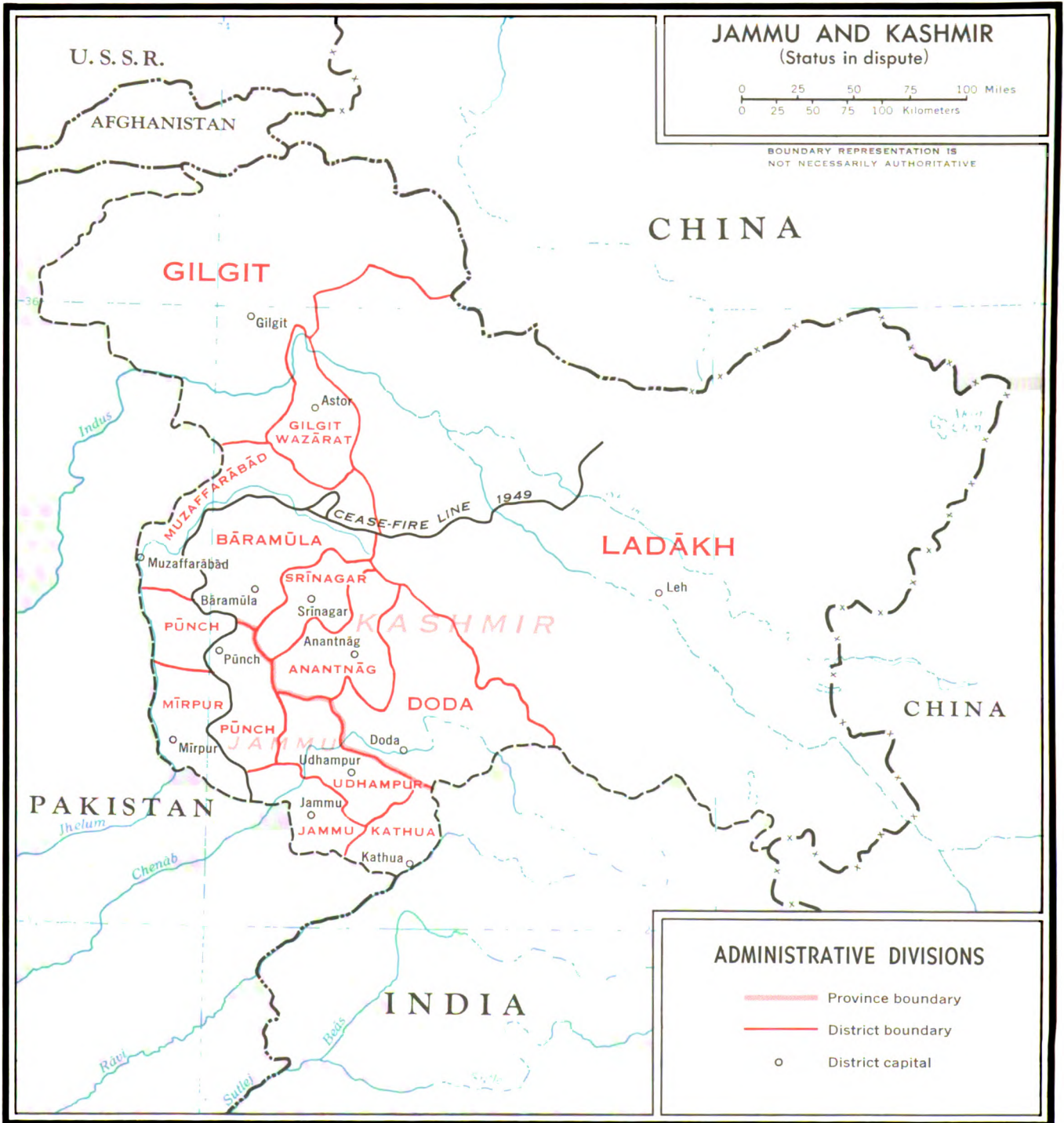
Capital: none

Population: uninhabited

Area: indeterminate

Comment:

1. Includes the three demilitarized zones between Israel and Syria created by the 1949 armistice agreement.



JAMMU AND KASHMIR

First-Order Divisions: agency - 1
province - 2

Second-Order Divisions: district - 13
(1968)

Capital: Srīnagar (summer capital of Indian-held part)
Jammu (winter capital of Indian-held part)
Muzaffarābād (Pakistani-held part)

Population: 3,729,000 (1964 est. of Indian-held part)
1,033,608 (1963 est. of Pakistani-held part)

Area: 86,024 square miles

Comments:

1. The status of Jammu and Kashmir is in dispute between India and Pakistan.
2. How the civil divisions of the disputed area should now rank depends on the view taken of the dispute and/or the civil division system that existed in India before the 1947 partition.

Administrative Divisions:

1. Gilgit (agency)
2. Jammu (province)
 - Jammu (district)
 - Kathua
 - Mīrpur
 - Pūnch (Indian-held)
 - Pūnch (Pakistani-held)
 - Udhampur
3. Kashmir (province)
 - Anantnāg
 - Bāramūla
 - Doda
 - Gilgit Wazārat
 - Ladākh
 - Muzaffarābād
 - Srīnagar

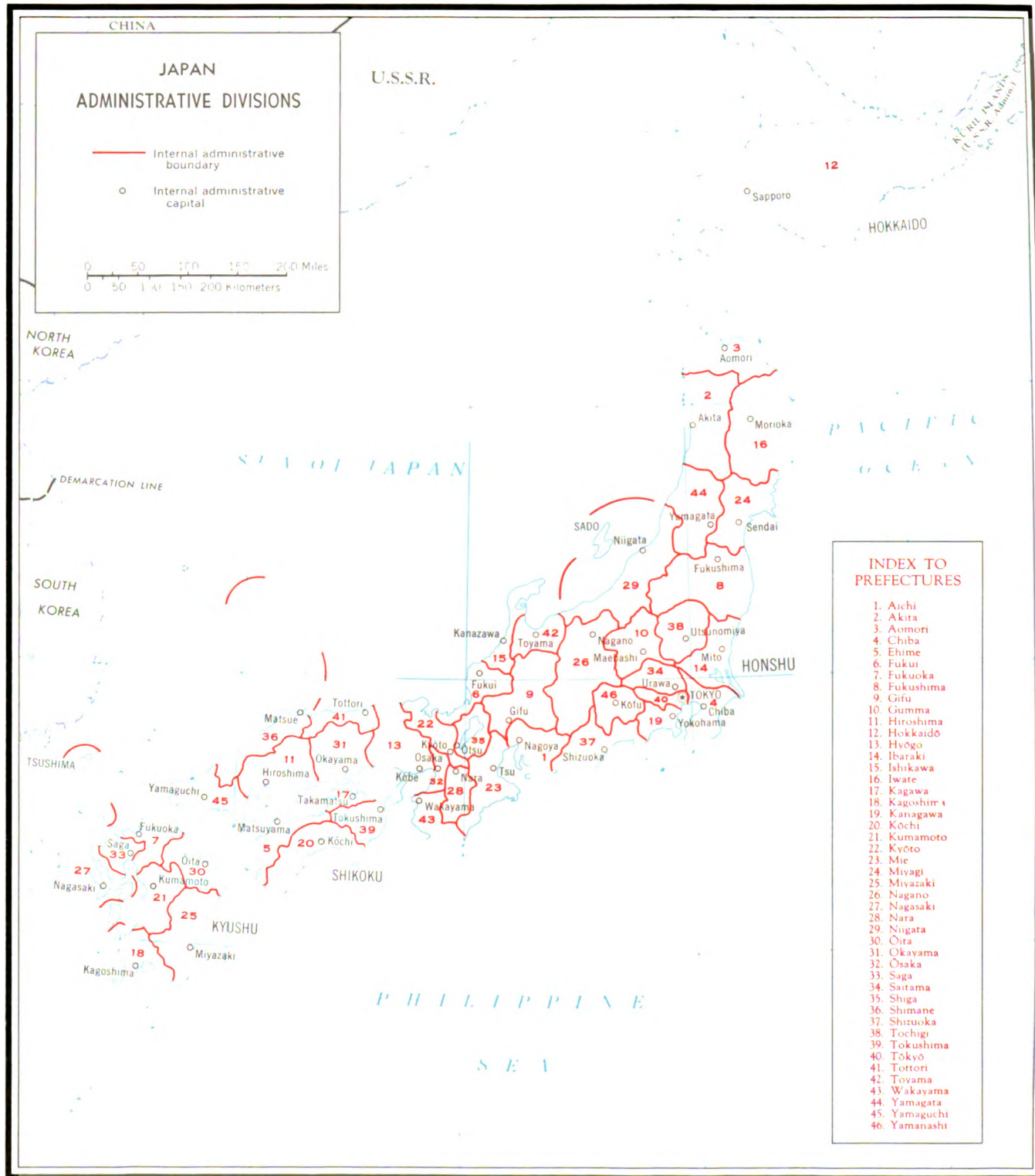
CHINA

JAPAN
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative capital

0 50 100 150 200 Miles
0 50 100 150 200 Kilometers

U.S.S.R.



INDEX TO PREFECTURES

1. Aichi
2. Akita
3. Aomori
4. Chiba
5. Ehime
6. Fukui
7. Fukuoka
8. Fukushima
9. Gifu
10. Gumma
11. Hiroshima
12. Hokkaido
13. Hyogo
14. Ibaraki
15. Ishikawa
16. Iwate
17. Kagawa
18. Kagoshima
19. Kanagawa
20. Kochi
21. Kumamoto
22. Kyoto
23. Mie
24. Miyagi
25. Miyazaki
26. Nagano
27. Nagasaki
28. Nara
29. Niigata
30. Oita
31. Okayama
32. Osaka
33. Saga
34. Saitama
35. Shiga
36. Shimane
37. Shizuoka
38. Tochigi
39. Tokushima
40. Tokyo
41. Tottori
42. Toyama
43. Wakayama
44. Yamagata
45. Yamaguchi
46. Yamanashi

JAPAN

First-Order Divisions: metropolis (to) - 1
prefecture (ken) - 42
territory (do) - 1
urban prefecture (fu) - 2

Second-Order Divisions: city (shi) - 560
(1965) rural district (gun) - 575
town (chō or machi) - 1,998
village - 819

Capital: Toyko (Tōkyō)

Population: 100,020,000 (1967 est.)

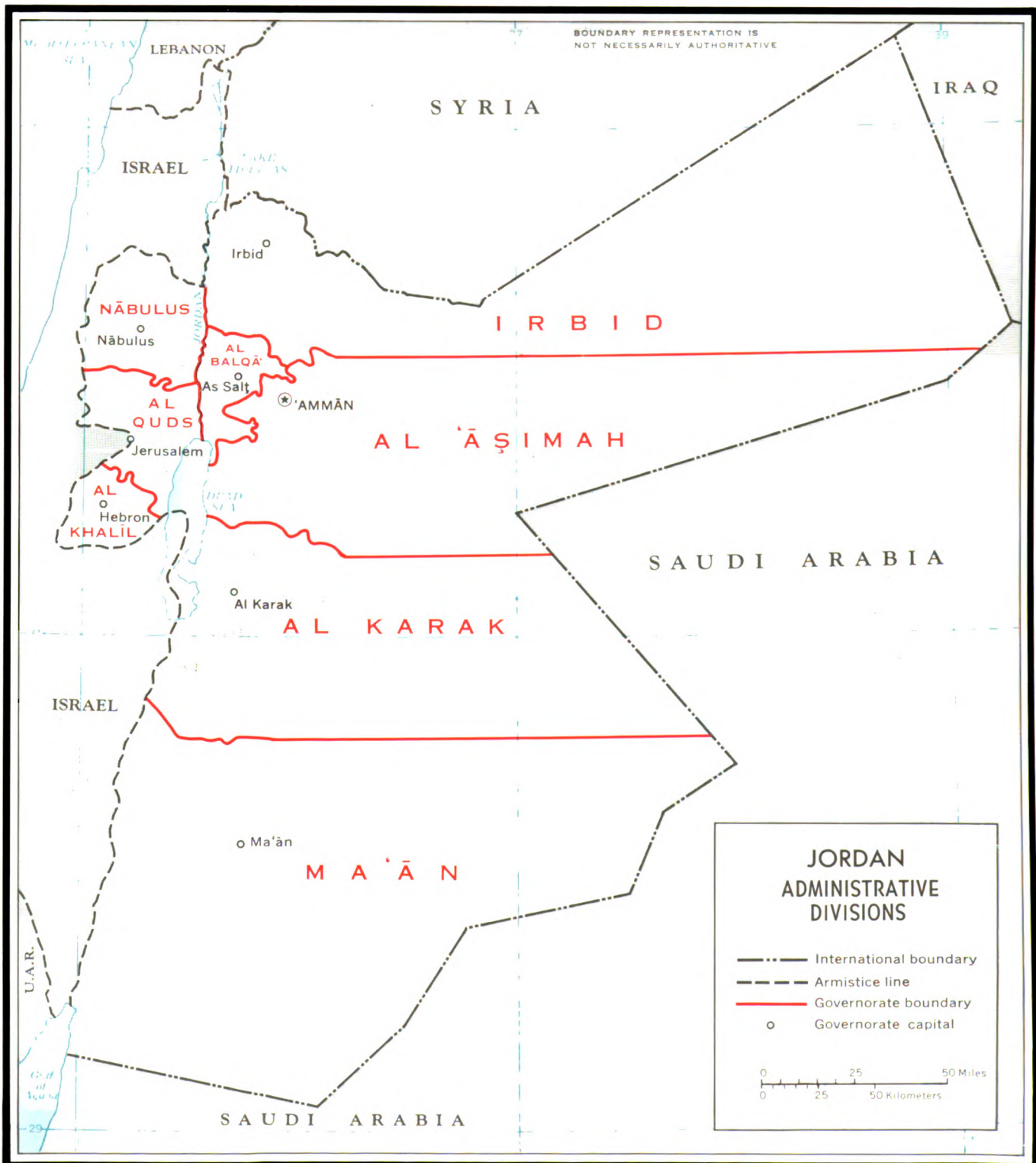
Area: 142,726 square miles

Comments:

1. The long-form name, Japanese Empire, was officially abolished by the 1947 Constitution, and a new name has not been created.
2. The precise hierarchy of the second-order divisions has not been ascertained here.

Prefectures (except as noted):

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Aichi | 17. Kagawa | 32. Ōsaka
(urban prefecture) |
| 2. Akita | 18. Kagoshima | 33. Saga |
| 3. Aomori | 19. Kanagawa | 34. Saitama |
| 4. Chiba | 20. Kōchi | 35. Shiga |
| 5. Ehime | 21. Kumamoto | 36. Shimane |
| 6. Fukui | 22. Kyōto (urban
prefecture) | 37. Shizuoka |
| 7. Fukuoka | 23. Mie | 38. Tochigi |
| 8. Fukushima | 24. Miyagi | 39. Tokushima |
| 9. Gifu | 25. Miyazaki | 40. Tōkyō (metropolis) |
| 10. Gumma | 26. Nagano | 41. Tottori |
| 11. Hiroshima | 27. Nagasaki | 42. Toyama |
| 12. Hokkaidō (territory) | 28. Nara | 43. Wakayama |
| 13. Hyōgo | 29. Niigata | 44. Yamagata |
| 14. Ibaraki | 30. Ōita | 45. Yamaguchi |
| 15. Ishikawa | 31. Okayama | 46. Yamanashi |
| 16. Iwate | | |



JORDAN

(Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan)

First-Order Division: governorate (muḥāfaẓat) - 8

Second-Order Division: district (liwā') - 5
(1967)

Third-Order Division: sub-district (qaḍa') - 14
(1967)

Fourth-Order Division: county (nāḥiya) - 20
(1967)

Capital: Amman ('Ammān)

Population: 2,123,000 (1967) est.)

Area: 37,297 square miles

Comment:

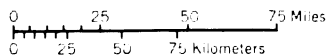
1. Below the first order division there are gaps in the areal coverage of the entities at each administrative level in most instances.

Governorates:

1. Al 'Āṣimah
2. Al Balqā'
3. Al Karak
4. Al Khalīl
5. Al Quds
6. Irbid
7. Ma'ān
8. Nābulus

**NORTH KOREA
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS**

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative capital



NAMES AND BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION ARE NOT NECESSARILY AUTHENTICATIVE

(Democratic People's Republic of Korea)

First-Order Divisions: province (do) - 9
special city (t'ukpyŏlsi) - 3
special district (chigu) - 1

Second-Order Divisions: city (si) - ca. 13
(1967) county (gun or kun) - 200

Third-Order Divisions: urban ward (kuyŏk) - 9
(1967) village (ni or ri) - 4,000

Capital: P'yŏngyang

Population: 12,400,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 46,768 square miles

Comments:

1. The U.S. Government does not recognize the Communist-controlled regime styling itself as "The Democratic People's Republic of Korea".
2. Some sources note that Hamhŭng-si and Ch'ŏngjin-si are second-order and not first-order divisions. Their status is not definite, but they seem to fill the same criteria as does P'yongyang-si, i.e., large urban center.

Provinces (except as noted):

1. Chagang-do
2. Ch'ŏngjin-si (special city)
3. Hamgyŏng-namdo
4. Hamgyŏng-pukto
5. Hamhŭng-si (special city)
6. Hwanghae-namdo
7. Hwanghae-pukto
8. Kaesŏng-chigu (special district)
9. Kangwŏn-do
10. P'yŏngan-namdo
11. P'yŏngan-pukto
12. P'yŏngyang-si (special city)
13. Yanggang-do



KOREA, SOUTH

(Republic of Korea)

First-Order Divisions: province (do) - 9
special city (t'ŭkpyŏlsi) - 2

Second-Order Divisions: city (si) - 25
(1957) county (gun or kun) - 202

Third-Order Divisions: town (ŭp) - ?
(1967) township (myŏn) - ?

Fourth-Order Divisions: village (ri) - ?
(1967) sub-village (pan) - ?

Capital: Seoul (Sŏul)

Population: 30,067,000 (1967 est.)

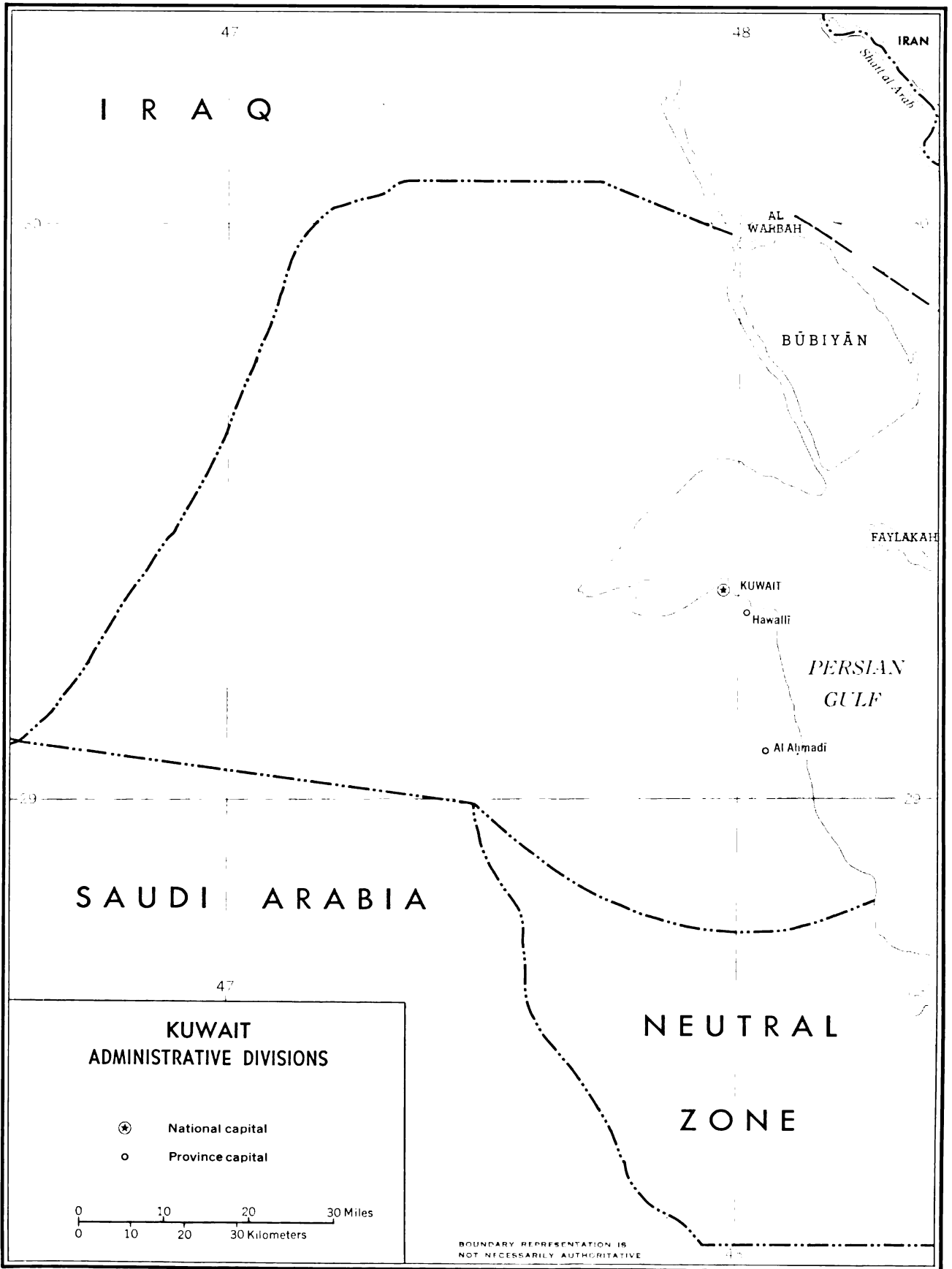
Area: 38,031 square miles

Comments:

1. The placement of the fourth-order divisions in the administrative hierarchy is not precise.

Provinces (except as noted):

1. Cheju-do
2. Chŏlla-namdo
3. Chŏlla-pukto
4. Ch'ungch'ŏng-namdo
5. Ch'ungch'ŏng-pukto
6. Kangwŏn-do
7. Kyŏnggi-do
8. Kyŏngsang-namdo
9. Kyŏngsang-pukto
10. Pusan-si (special city)
11. Sŏul-t'ŭkpyŏlsi (special city)



KUWAIT

(State of Kuwait)

First-Order Division: province - 3

Capital: Kuwait

Population: 491,000 (1966 est.)

Area: ca. 6,000 square miles

Comment:

1. Interprovincial boundaries have not been delimited.

Provinces:

1. Al Ahmadī
2. Hawallī
3. Kuwait (Al Kuwayt)

KUWAIT-SAUDI ARABIA NEUTRAL ZONE

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: uninhabited

Area: 3,563 square miles

Comments:

1. The Neutral Zone is jointly owned and administered by Kuwait and Saudi Arabia.
2. Currently, the Kuwaiti and Saudi Governments are in the process of equally dividing the area.



LAOS

(Kingdom of Laos)

First-Order Division: province (khoueng) - 16

Second-Order Divisions: district (muong) - 115
(1967)

sub-district (dan) - 27
(1963) (kong) - 18

Third-Order Division: canton (tasseng) - 910
(1967)

Fourth-Order Division: village (ban) - 11,863
(1967)

Capital: Vientiane (administrative)

Luang Prabang (royal)

Population: 2,700,000 (1966 est.)

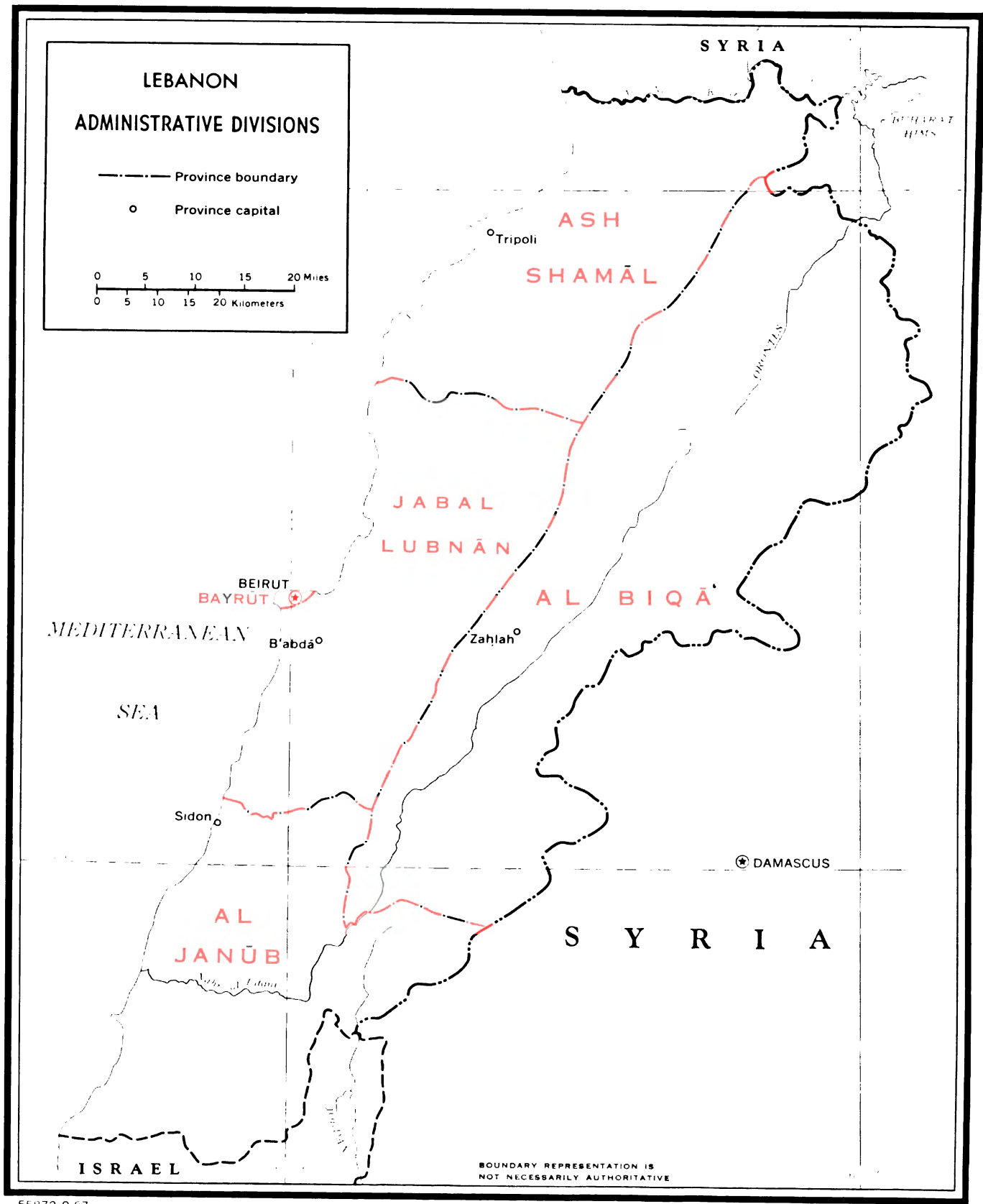
Area: 91,428 square miles

Comments:

1. The map shows the Province of Xiangkhoang: the approved U.S. Board on Geographic Names spelling is Xieng Khouang.
2. The second-order sub-districts, dan and kong, are administratively the equivalent of the muong, but the kong and dan are smaller in size, with the dan being the smallest and is located along the international border.

Provinces:

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Attopeu | 9. Saravane |
| 2. Borikhane | 10. Savannakhet |
| 3. Champassak | 11. Sayaboury |
| 4. Houa Khong | 12. Sédone |
| 5. Houa Phan | 13. Sithandone |
| 6. Khammouane | 14. Vapikhamthong |
| 7. Luang Prabang | 15. Vientiane |
| 8. Phong Saly | 16. Xieng Khouang |



LEBANON
(Republic of Lebanon)

First-Order Division: province (muḥāfaẓat) - 5

Second-Order Division: district (qaḍa') - 24
(1955)

Third-Order Divisions: municipality - ?
town council - ?
village council - ?

Capital: Beirut (Bayrūt)

Population: 2,460,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 4,015 square miles

Comment:

1. The third-order divisions are not explicit as to their function and rank.

Provinces:

1. Al Biqā'
2. Al Janūb
3. Ash Shamāl
4. Bayrūt
5. Jabal Lubnān

MACAO

(Province of Macao)

First-Order Division: overseas province - 1

Second-Order Division: municipality (concelho) - 2
(1968)

Third-Order Divisions: borough (barrio) - 4
(1961) parish (freguesia) - 2

Capital: Macao (Macau)

Population: 280,000 (1965 est.)

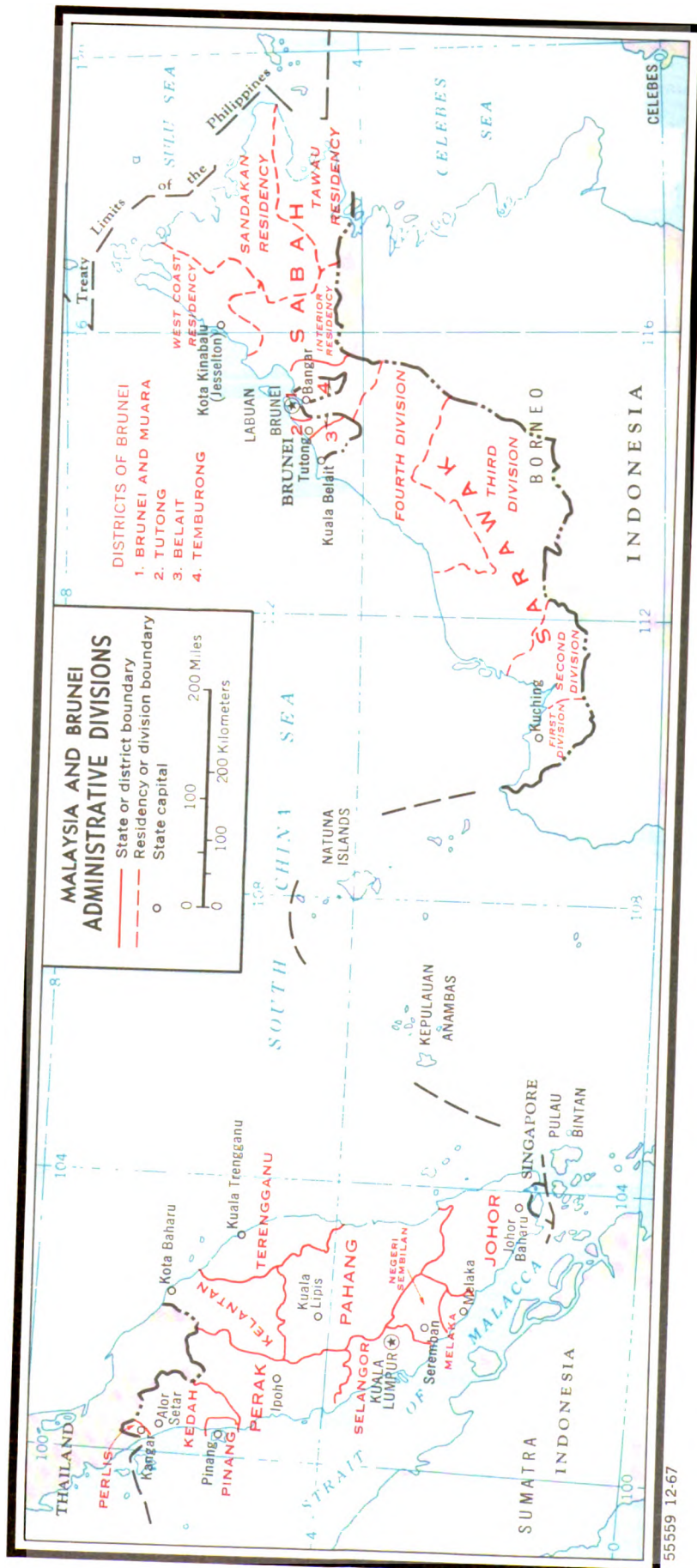
Area: 6 square miles

Comments:

1. Macao is a Portuguese Overseas Province, and since 1951, an integral part of Portugal entitled to representation in the National Assembly. Therefore, the first-order division is technically, overseas province. Locally, the two municipalities are the first-order divisions.
2. Peninsular Macao forms a municipality and is divided into four boroughs. The other municipality is formed by the islands of Coloane and Taipa, each of which is in turn a parish
3. See the map of Hong Kong for the administrative divisions of Macao.

Municipalities:

1. Ilhas
2. Macau



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MALAYSIA

First-Order Division: state - 13

Second-Order Divisions: district - 67
(1967) division - 5
residency - 4

Capital: Kuala Lumpur

Population: 9,906,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 128,328 square miles

Comments:

1. Malaysia has no long-form name.
2. Districts exist only in peninsular Malaysia.
3. The name of the Fifth Division in Sarawak was inadvertently omitted.
It lies immediately north of the Fourth Division.

States:

1. Johor
2. Kedah
3. Kelantan
4. Melaka
5. Negeri Sembilan
6. Pahang
7. Pinang
8. Perak
9. Perlis
10. Sabah
11. Sarawak
12. Selangor
13. Terengganu

IHAVANDIFFULU ATOLL

TILADUMMATI ATOLL

MALCOLM ATOLL

MILADUMMADULU ATOLL

NORTH MALOSMADULU ATOLL

FADIFFOLU ATOLL

SOUTH MALOSMADULU ATOLL

HORSBURGH ATOLL

MALE ATOLL

ARI ATOLL

SOUTH MALE ATOLL

FELIDU ATOLL

NILANDU ATOLL

MULAKU ATOLL

KOLUMADULU ATOLL

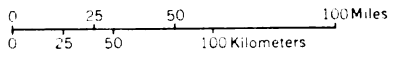
HADDUMMATI ATOLL

SUVADIVA ATOLL

ADDU ATOLL

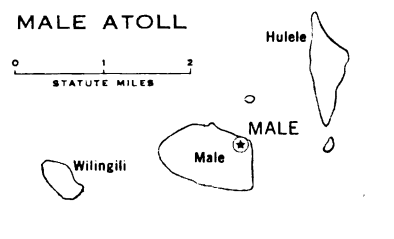
MALDIVE ISLANDS ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

ARI ATOLL Internal administrative name



0 25 50 100 Miles
0 25 50 100 Kilometers

MALE ATOLL



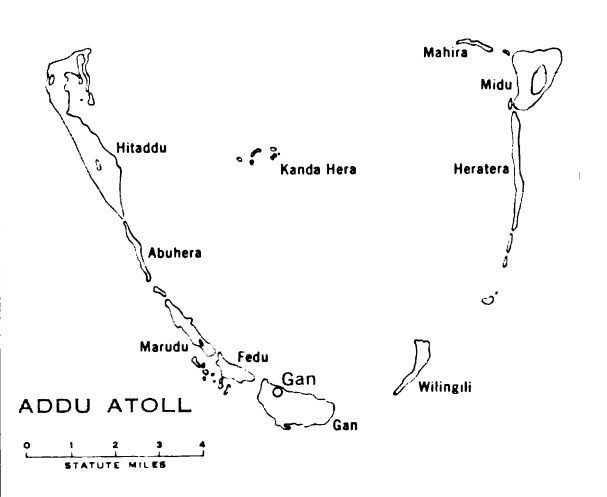
0 1 2 3
STATUTE MILES

Hulele

MALE

Wilingili

ADDU ATOLL



0 1 2 3 4
STATUTE MILES

Hitaddu

Abuhera

Marudu

Fedu

Gan

Gan

Wilingili

Mahira

Midu

Heratera

INDIAN OCEAN

MALDIVE ISLANDS

First-Order Divisions: atoll - 19
city - 1

Capital: Male

Population: 100,833 (1966 census)

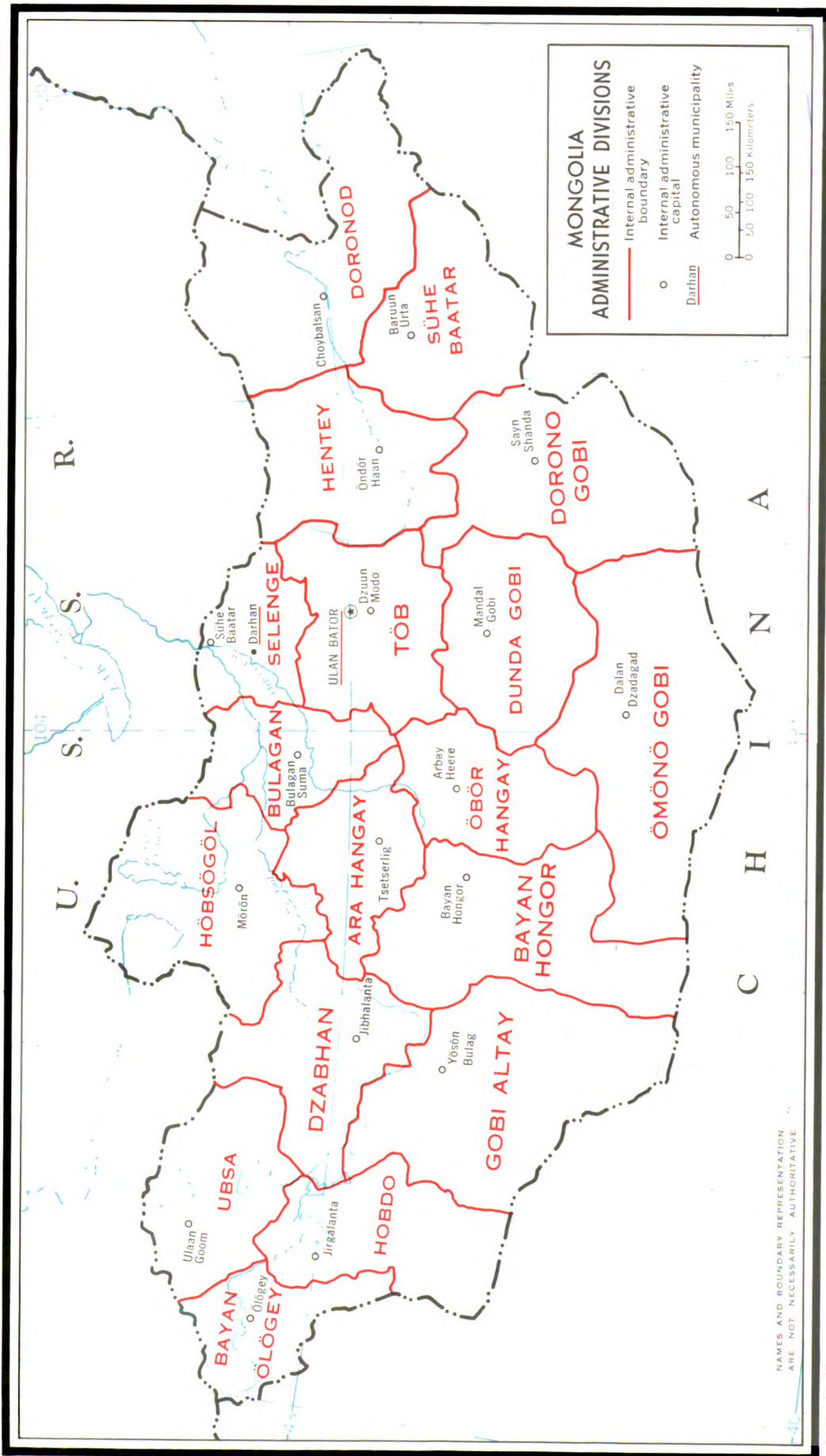
Area: 115 square miles

Comment:

1. The Maldivian Islands has no long-form name.

Atolls (except as noted):

1. Addu
2. Ari
3. Fadiffolu
4. Felidu
5. Haddummati
6. Horsburgh
7. Ihavandiffulu
8. Kolumadulu
9. Malcolm
10. Male
11. Male (city)
12. Miladummadulu
13. Mulaku
14. North Malosmadulu
15. North Nilandu
16. South Male
17. South Malosmadulu
18. South Nilandu
19. Suvadiva
20. Tiladummati



NAMES AND BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION ARE NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITY

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MONGOLIA

(Mongolian People's Republic)

First-Order Divisions: province (aymag) - 18
autonomous municipality - 2

Second-Order Divisions: sub-district (somon) - 322
(1957) urban district (khoron) - 9

Capital: Ulan Bator (Ulaan Baatar)

Population: 1,140,000 (1966 est.)

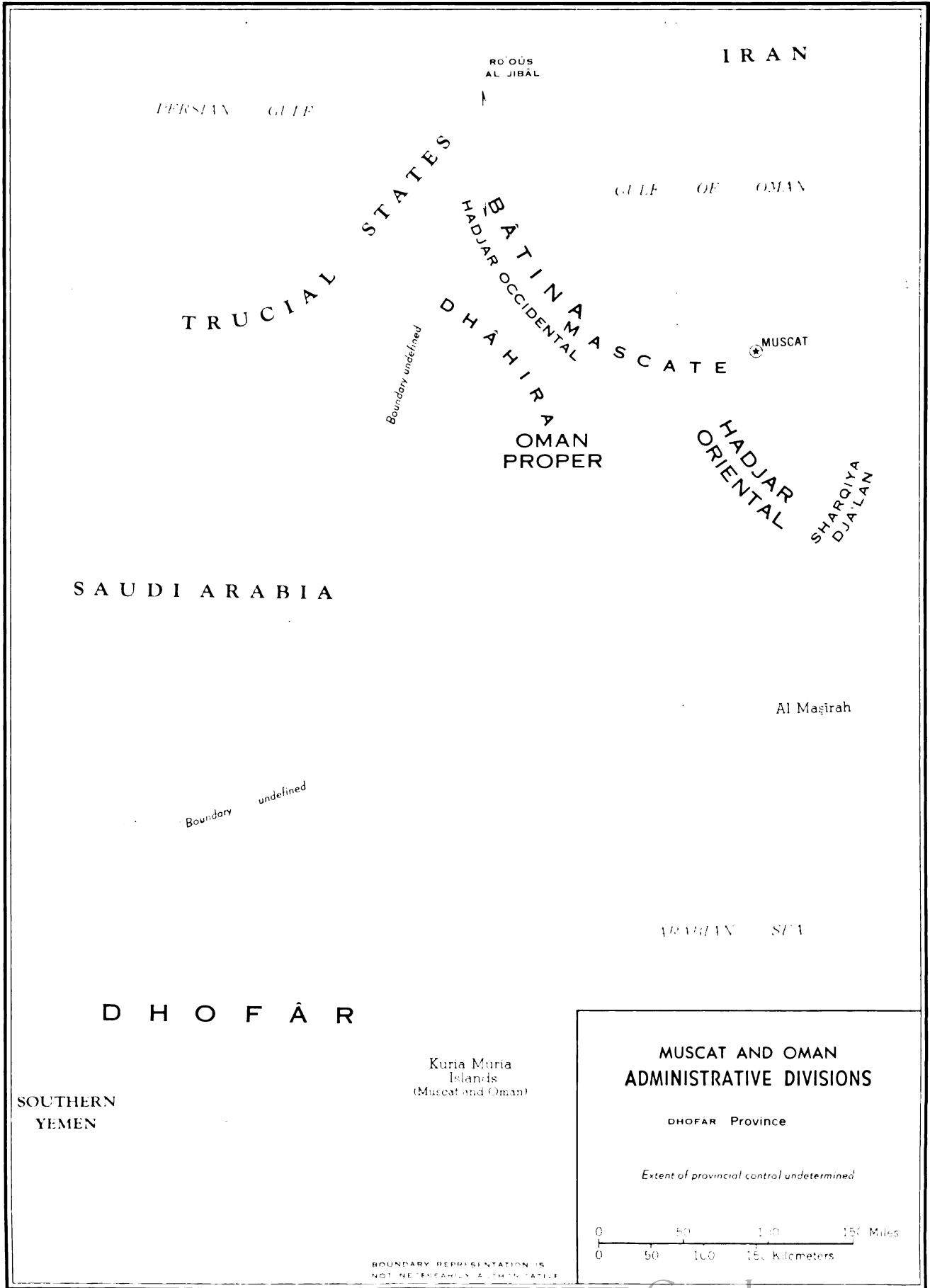
Area: 604,247 square miles

Comment:

1. The United States Government does not recognize the Mongolian People's Republic.

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Ara Hangay | 11. Hentey |
| 2. Bayan Hongor | 12. Hobdo |
| 3. Bayan "Ol"bgey | 13. H"obs"og"ol |
| 4. Bulagan | 14. "Ob"or Hangay |
| 5. Darhan (autonomous municipality) | 15. "Om"on"o Gobi |
| 6. Doronod | 16. Selenge |
| 7. Dorono Gobi | 17. S"u"he Baatar |
| 8. Dunda Gobi | 18. T"o"b |
| 9. Dzabhan | 19. Ubsa |
| 10. Gobi Altay | 20. Ulan Bator (autonomous
municipality) |



(Sultanate of Muscat and Oman and Dependencies)

First-Order Division: province (liwā') - 10

Capital: Muscat

Population: 565,000 (1966 est.)

Area: ca. 82,000 square miles

Comments:

1. The administrative structure of Muscat and Oman is very rudimentary; in fact, most sources deny the existence of the administrative divisions. However, there does appear to be some form of governmental authority in these entities.
2. Dhofâr is the most well developed of the provinces in an administrative sense.
3. The boundaries and administrative seats of the provinces are unestablished.
4. Kuria Muria Islands were ceded to Muscat and Oman by the British in November 1967. The Islands were previously part of Aden and the Protectorate of South Arabia, which is now the independent country of Southern Yemen.
5. Some sources list Sharqiya Dja'lan as one unit; here they will be considered as separate entities.

Provinces:

1. Bâtina (Al Bâṭinah)
2. Dhâhira (Az Ḥāhirah)
3. Dhofâr (Ḥufâr)
4. Dja'lan
5. Hadjar Occidental (Al Ḥajar Al Gharbī)
6. Hadjar Oriental (Al Ḥajar Al Sharqī)
7. Mascate (Masqat)
8. Omân Proper ('Umān Al Wusṭá)
9. Ro'oûs Al Jibâl (Ru'ûs Al Jibāl)
10. Sharqiya (Ash Sharqīyah)

NEPAL

(Kingdom of Nepal)

First-Order Division: zone (anchal) - 14

Second-Order Division: district (jilla) - 75
(1967)

Third-Order Division: village council (panchayat) - ca. 3,665
(1964)

Capital: Kathmandu

Population: 10,294,000 (1966 est.)

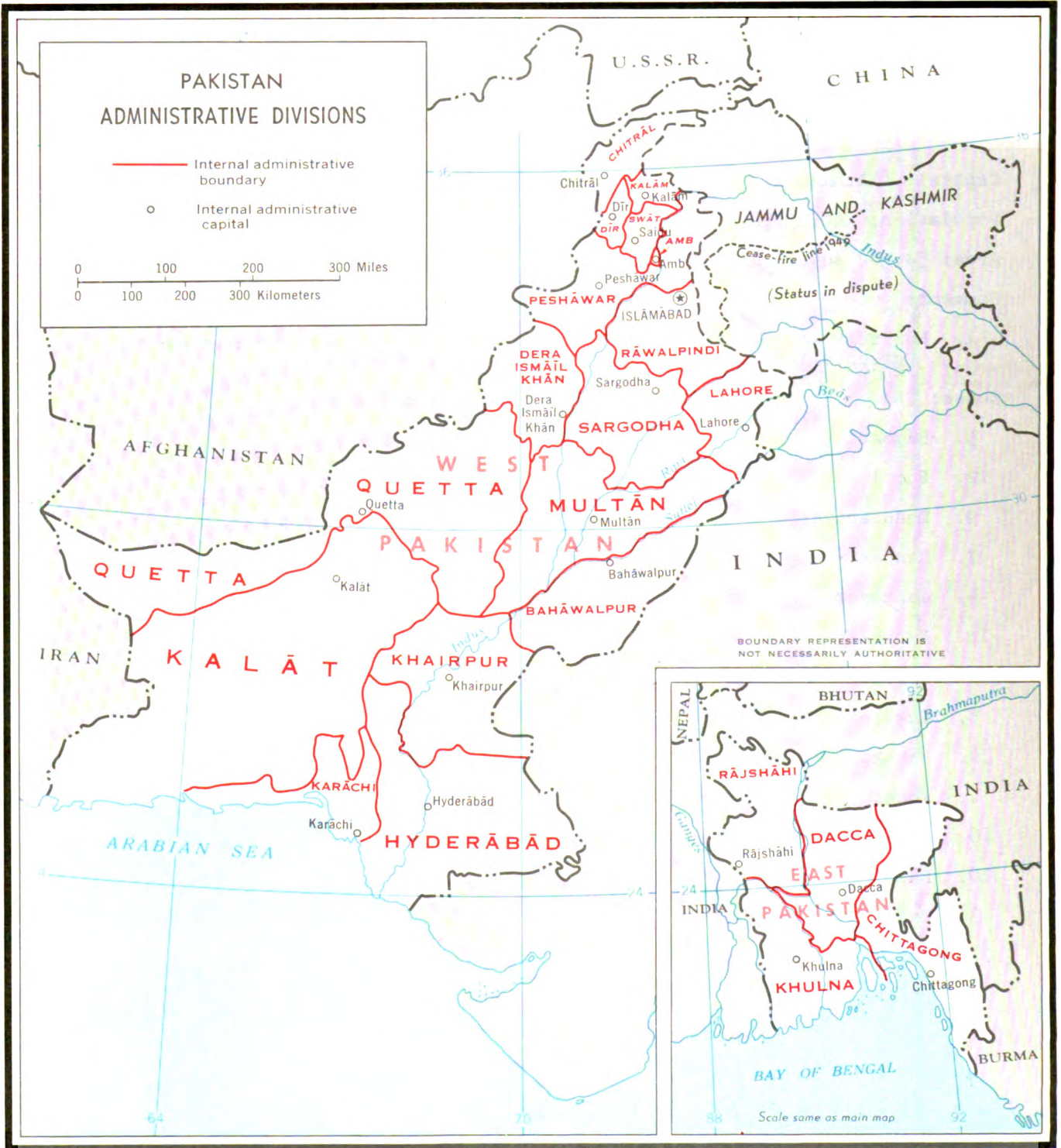
Area: 54,362 square miles

Comment:

1. For some administrative purposes in each zone, districts have been grouped into sections.

Zones:

5. Bāgmati
12. Bheri
9. Dhāulagiri
7. Gandaki
4. Janakpur
11. Karnali
2. Kosi
8. Lumbini
14. Mahakali
1. Mechi
6. Nārāyani
10. Rāpti
3. Sagarmatha
13. Seti



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PAKISTAN

(Islamic Republic of Pakistan)

First-Order Division: province - 2
Second-Order Division: division - 16
(1968)
Third-Order Divisions: district - 68
(1966) special area - 5
agency - 7
Fourth-Order Division: sub-district (tahsil or thana) - ?
(1968)

Capital: Islamabad (Islāmābad)

Population: 107,258,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 365,529 square miles

Comments:

1. Population and area figures exclude the disputed area, Jammu and Kashmir.
2. The capitals of East and West Pakistan are Dacca and Lahore, respectively.
3. The special areas of Amb, Chitrāl, Dīr, Kalām, and Swāt appear on the map but they are not first-order divisions. They are administered by political agents from Peshāwar Division.

Provinces and Divisions:

I. East Pakistan (province)

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| 1. Chittagong (division) | 3. Khulna |
| 2. Dacca | 4. Rājshāhi |

II. West Pakistan (province)

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Bahāwalpur (division) | 7. Lahore |
| 2. Dera Ismaīl Khān | 8. Multān |
| 3. Hyderābād | 9. Peshāwar |
| 4. Kalāt | 10. Quetta |
| 5. Karāchi | 11. Rāwalpindi |
| 6. Khairpur | 12. Sargodha |

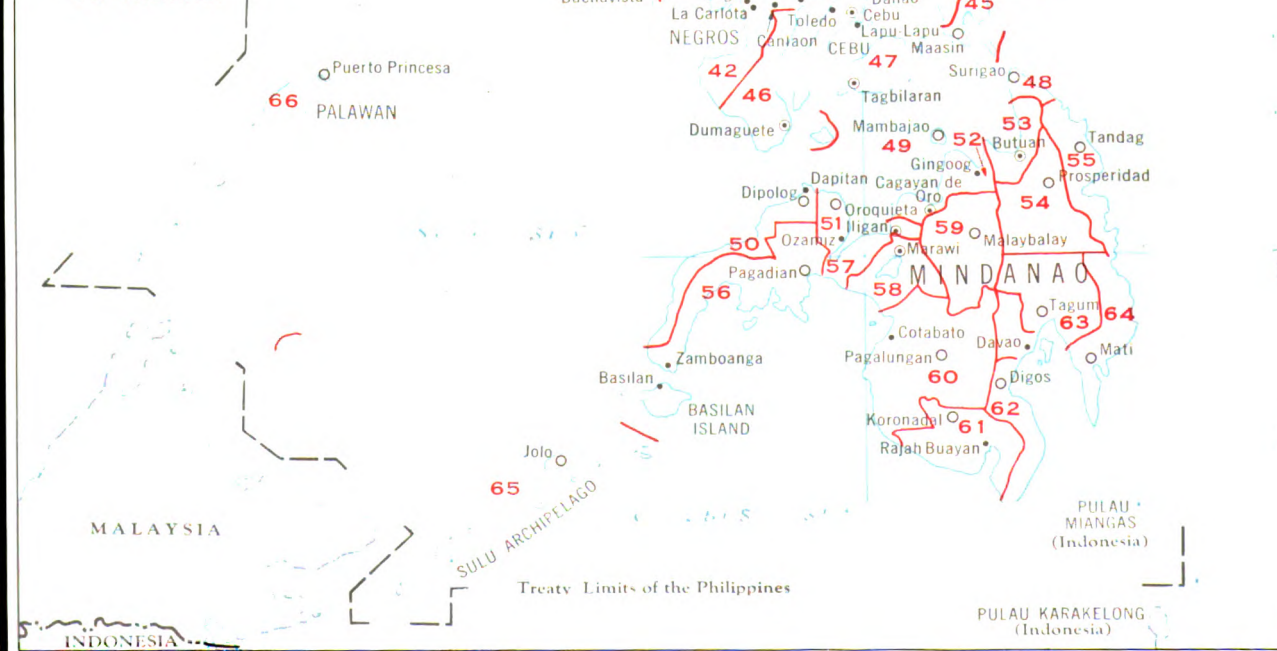
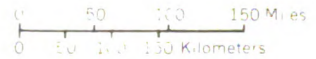
Treaty Limits of the Philippines

INDEX TO PROVINCES

1. BATANES
2. CAGAYAN
3. ILOCOS NORTE
4. ABRA
5. KALINGA-APAYAO
6. MOUNTAIN
7. ILOCOS SUR
8. LA UNION
9. BENGUET
10. IFUGAO
11. ISABELA
12. NUEVA VIZCAYA
13. PANGASINAN
14. NUEVA ECIJA
15. QUEZON
16. ZAMBALES
17. TARLAC
18. BATAAN
19. PAMPANGA
20. BULACAN
21. RIZAL
22. CAVITE
23. LAGUNA
24. BATANGAS
25. CAMARINES NORTE
26. CAMARINES SUR
27. CATANDUANES
28. MINDORO OCCIDENTAL
29. MINDORO ORIENTAL
30. MARINDUQUE
31. ALBAY
32. SORSOGON
33. ROMBLON
34. MASBATE
35. SAMAR DEL NORTE
36. SAMAR OCCIDENTAL
37. SAMAR ORIENTAL
38. AKLAN
39. CAPIZ
40. ANTIQUE
41. ILOILO
42. NEGROS OCCIDENTAL
43. CEBU
44. LEYTE
45. SOUTHERN LEYTE
46. NEGROS ORIENTAL
47. BOHOL
48. SURIGAO DEL NORTE
49. CAMIGUIN
50. ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE
51. MISAMIS OCCIDENTAL
52. MISAMIS ORIENTAL
53. AGUSAN DEL NORTE
54. AGUSAN DEL SUR
55. SURIGAO DEL SUR
56. ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR
57. LANAO DEL NORTE
58. LANAO DEL SUR
59. BUKIDNON
60. COTABATO
61. COTABATO DEL SUR
62. DAVAO DEL SUR
63. DAVAO DEL NORTE
64. DAVAO ORIENTAL
65. SULU
66. PALAWAN

PHILIPPINES ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Province boundary
- Province capital
- ◉ Province capital/
chartered city
- Chartered city



Treaty Limits of the Philippines

PARACEL ISLANDS

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: no indigenous population

Area: undetermined

Comment:

1. Disputed islands in the South China Sea. The United States recognizes no sovereignty claims over the islands.

Islands:

1. Amphitrite Group
2. Crescent Group
3. Lincoln Island
4. Passu Keah
5. Pyramid Rock
6. Triton Island

PHILIPPINES

(Republic of the Philippines)

First-Order Divisions: chartered city - 49
province - 66

Second-Order Divisions: municipalities - 1,326
(1967) city or municipal district - ?

Third-Order Division: borough (barrio) - 28,700
(1967)

Capital: Quezon City

Population: 35,576,000 (1968 est.)

Area: 115,707 square miles

Comments:

1. Quezon City has been declared the capital, but all government activities thus far remain in Manila proper.
2. CC: This abbreviation identifies a chartered city.

PHILIPPINES (continued)

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| 4. Abra | 27. Catanduanes |
| 53. Agusan del Norte | 22. Cavite |
| 54. Agusan del Sur | Cavite (CC) |
| 38. Aklan | 43. Cebu |
| 31. Albay | Cebu (CC) |
| Angeles (CC) | 60. Cotabato |
| 40. Antique | Cotabato (CC) |
| Bacolod (CC) | 61. Cotabato del Sur |
| Bago (CC) | Dagupan (CC) |
| Baguio (CC) | Danao (CC) |
| Basilan (CC) | Dapitan (CC) |
| 18. Bataan | Davao (CC) |
| 1. Batanes | 63. Davao del Norte |
| 24. Batangas | 62. Davao del Sur |
| 9. Benguet | 64. Davao Oriental |
| 47. Bohol | Dumaguete (CC) |
| 59. Bukidnon | Gingoog (CC) |
| 20. Bulacan | 10. Ifugao |
| Butuan (CC) | Iligan (CC) |
| Cabanatuan (CC) | 3. Ilocos Norte |
| 2. Cagayan | 7. Ilocos Sur |
| Cagayan de Oro (CC) | 41. Iloilo |
| Calbayog (CC) | Iloilo (CC) |
| Caloocan (CC) | 11. Isabel |
| 49. Camiguin | 5. Kalinga-Apayao |
| 25. Camarines Norte | La Carlota (CC) |
| 26. Camarines Sur | 23. Laguna |
| Canlaon (CC) | 57. Lanao del Norte |
| 39. Capiz | 58. Lanao del Sur |

PORTUGUESE TIMOR
(Province of Timor)

First-Order Division: overseas province - 1
Second-Order Division: circumscription (circunscrição) - 1
(1968) municipality (concelho) - 10
Third-Order Division: parish (freguesia) - ?
(1966) district (suco) - 40

Capital: Díli

Population: 560,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 7,332 square miles

Comment:

1. Portuguese Timor is an overseas province, and since 1951, an integral part of Portugal entitled to representation in the National Assembly. Therefore, the first-order division is technically, overseas province (provincia ultramarinas). In practice, the above second-order divisions are indeed the first-level administrative divisions.

Municipalities (except as noted):

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Baucau | 7. Liquiçá |
| 2. Bobonaro | 8. Manatuto |
| 3. Cova-Lima | 9. Oé-cusse (circumscription) |
| 4. Díli | 10. Suro |
| 5. Ermera | 11. Viqueque |
| 6. Lautém | |

QATAR
(Shaykhdom of Qatar)

First-Order Division: none

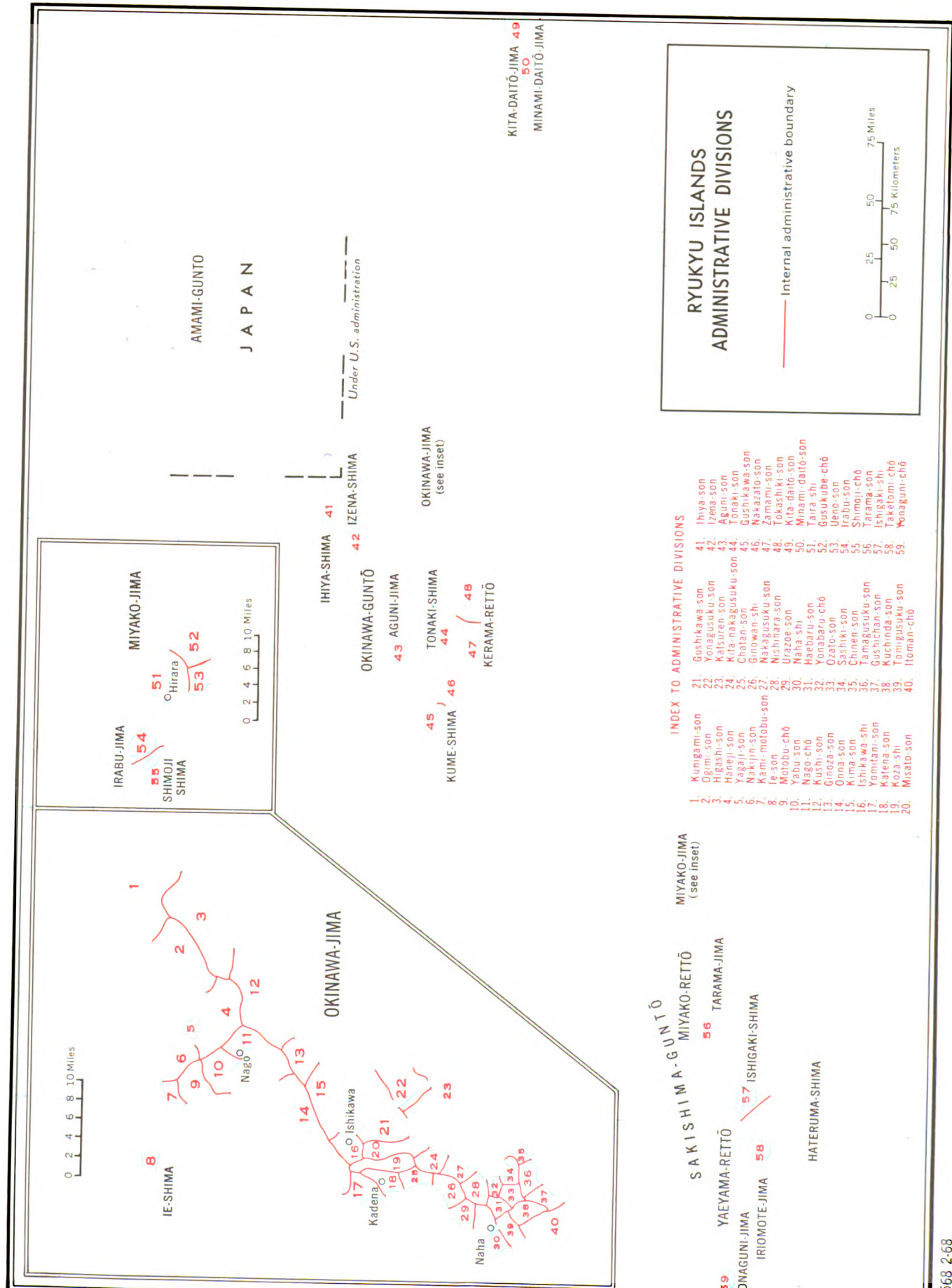
Capital: Doha

Population: 75,000 (1967 est.)

Area: ca. 4,000 square miles

Comment:

1. Qatar is a British protected state.



**RYUKYU ISLANDS
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS**

— Internal administrative boundary



INDEX TO ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

1. Kunigami-son
2. Oigimi-son
3. Higashi-son
4. Haneji-son
5. Yagaji-son
6. Nakijin-son
7. Kami-motobu-son
8. Ie-son
9. Motobu-chō
10. Abur-son
11. Nago-chō
12. Uchi-son
13. Oroza-son
14. Kina-son
15. Ishikawa-shi
16. Yonidani-son
17. Katsur-son
18. Katsuri-son
19. Katsur-son
20. Misato-son
21. Gushikawa-son
22. Yonagusuku-son
23. Katsuren-son
24. Kita-nakagusuku-son
25. Chatan-son
26. Ginowan-shi
27. Nakagusuku-son
28. Nishihara-son
29. Urazoe-son
30. Naha-shi
31. Haebaru-son
32. Yonabaru-chō
33. Ozato-son
34. Sashiki-son
35. Chinen-son
36. Tamagusuku-son
37. Gushichan-son
38. Kuchinda-son
39. Tomigusuku-son
40. Itoman-chō
41. Ihiya-son
42. Izena-son
43. Aguni-son
44. Tonaki-son
45. Gushikawa-son
46. Nakazato-son
47. Zamami-son
48. Tokashiki-son
49. Kita-daitō-son
50. Minami-daitō-son
51. Taira-shi
52. Gusukube-chō
53. Ueno-son
54. Irabu-son
55. Shimoji-chō
56. Tarama-son
57. Ishigaki-shi
58. Taketomi-chō
59. Nonaguni-chō

MIYAKO-JIMA
(see inset)

SAKISHIMA-GUNTŌ
MIYAKO-RETTŌ

TARAMA-JIMA

ISHIGAKI-SHIMA

HATERUMA-SHIMA

YAEYAMA-RETTŌ

YONAGUNI-JIMA

IRIOMOTE-JIMA

IHIYA-SHIMA 41

OKINAWA-GUNTŌ

AGUNI-JIMA 43

TONAKI-SHIMA 44

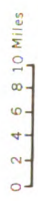
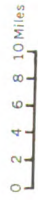
KUME-SHIMA 45

KERAMA-RETTŌ 47, 48

OKINAWA-JIMA
(see inset)

KITA-DAITŌ-JIMA 49

MINAMI-DAITŌ-JIMA 50



RYUKYU ISLANDS (Southern)

First-Order Divisions: city (shi) - 6
(1965) town (chō) - 8
village (son) - 45

Capital: Naha

Population: 952,000 (1967 est.)

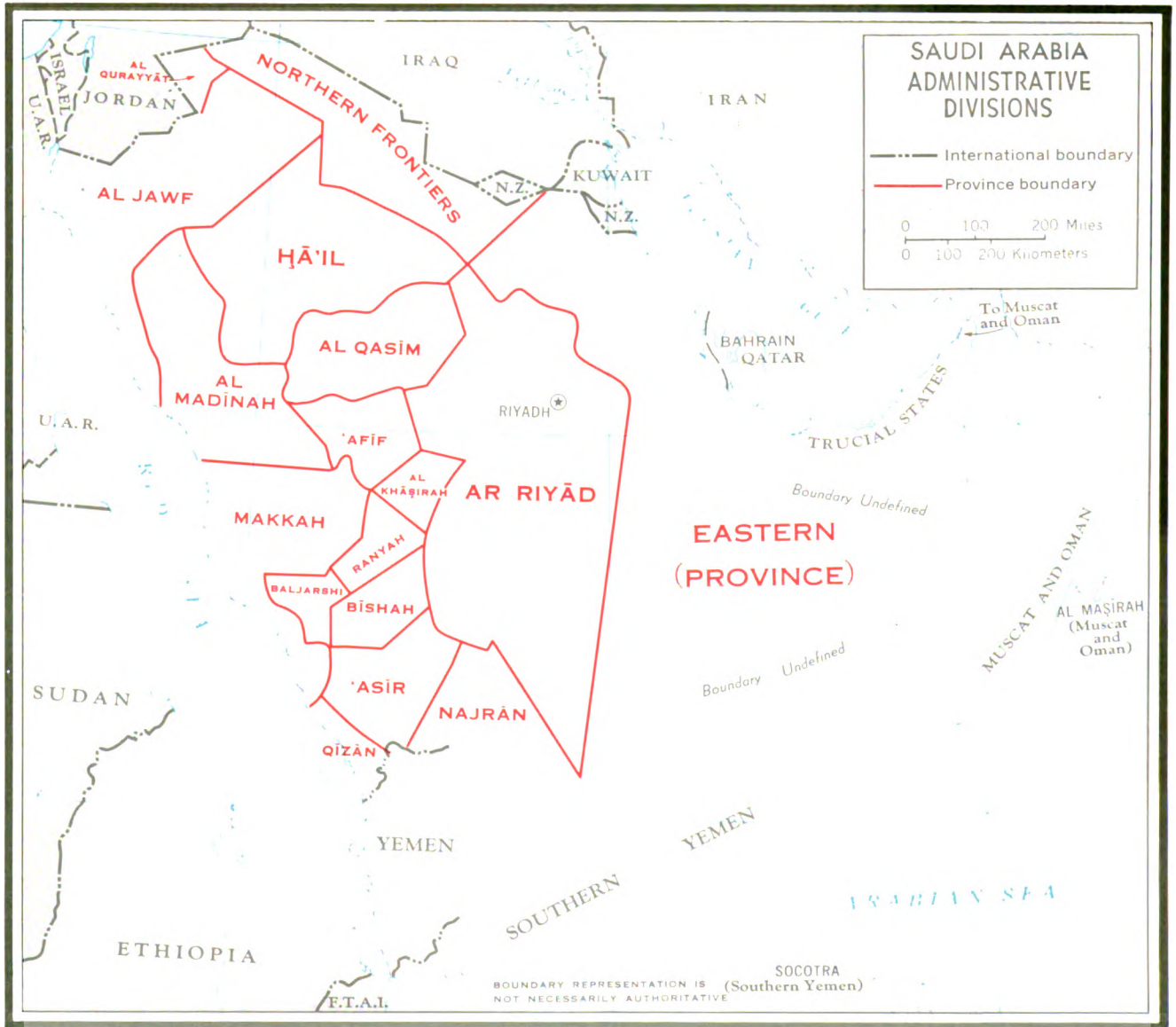
Area: 848 square miles

Comments:

1. The United States has administrative authority over the Ryukyus, south of 29° N. Administrative responsibility is delegated to the Department of the Army.
2. The first-order divisions above, are in actuality the third administrative level of the previous Japanese administrative hierarchy. The US-administered Islands are coextensive with the former Okinawa Ken.

Villages (except as noted):

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 43. Aguni | 7. Kami-motobu | 33. Ozato |
| 25. Chatan | 23. Katsuren | 34. Sashiki |
| 35. Chinen | 15. Kima (Kin) | 55. Shimoji (town) |
| 26. Ginowan (city) | 49. Kita-daitō | 51. Taira (city) |
| 13. Ginoza | 24. Kita-nakagusuku | 58. Taketomi (town) |
| 37. Gushichan | 19. Koza (city) | 36. Tamagusuku |
| 45. Gushikawa, Okinawa-jima | 38. Kuchinda | 56. Tarama |
| 21. Gushikawa, Kume-shima | 1. Kunigami | 48. Tokashiki |
| 52. Gusukube (town) | 12. Kushi | 39. Tomigusuku |
| 31. Haeburu | 50. Minami-daitō | 44. Tonaki |
| 4. Haneji | 20. Misato | 53. Ueno |
| 3. Higashi | 9. Motobu (town) | 29. Urazoe |
| 8. Ie | 11. Nago (town) | 10. Yabu |
| 41. Ihiya | 30. Naha (city) | 5. Yagaji |
| 54. Irabu | 27. Nakagusuku | 17. Yomitani |
| 57. Ishigaki (city) | 46. Nakazato | 32. Yonabaru (town) |
| 16. Ishikawa (city) | 6. Nakijin | 22. Yonagusuku |
| 40. Itoman (town) | 28. Nishihara | 59. Yonaguni (town) |
| 42. Izena | 2. Ogimi | 47. Zamani |
| 18. Katena | 14. Onna | |



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SAUDI ARABIA

(Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)

First-Order Division: province (manāṭiq idārīyah) - 17

Second-Order Divisions: town - 841
(1965) village - 5,274

Capital: Riyadh

Population: 6,870,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 873,000 square miles

Comment:

1. Mecca, because of its importance as a religious center, is often cited as a capital city but no government offices are there.
2. There are no administrative centers for the provinces.

Provinces:

1. 'Afīf
2. Al Jawf
3. Al Khāṣīrah
4. Al Madīnah
5. Al Qaṣīm
6. Al Qurayyāt
7. Ar Riyād
8. 'Asīr
9. Baljarshī
10. Bīshah
11. Eastern (Province (Al Minṭaqah ash Sharqīyah)
12. Ḥā'il
13. Makkah
14. Najrān
15. Northern Frontiers (Minṭaqat al Ḥudūd ash Shamālīyah)
16. Qīzān
17. Ranyah

BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION IS NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITATIVE



SIKKIM ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- Internal administrative boundary
- Internal administrative headquarters

0 5 10 20 Miles
0 5 10 20 Kilometers

SIKKIM

(State of Sikkim)

First-Order Division: district (tahsil) - 4

Capital: Gangtok

Population: 183,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 2,818 square miles

Comment:

1. Sikkim is a protectorate of the Government of India.

Districts:

1. Eastern
2. Northern
3. Southern
4. Western

SINGAPORE

(Republic of Singapore)

First-Order Division: none

Capital: Singapore

Population: 1,956,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 225 square miles

Comment:

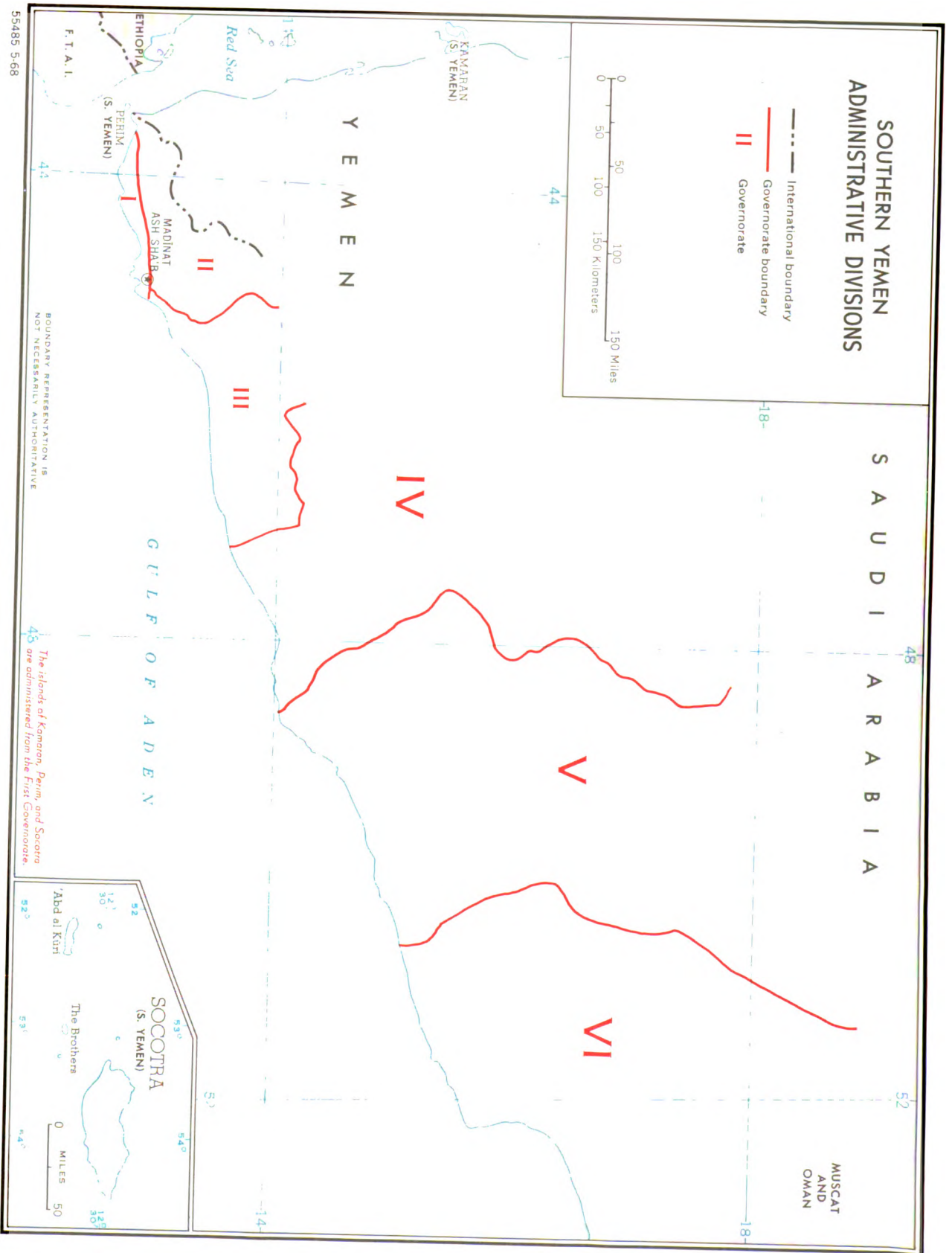
1. Electoral divisions are the only subdivisions of Singapore. There are six.

Electoral Divisions:

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Bukit Panjang | 4. Katong |
| 2. City | 5. Serangoon |
| 3. Jurong | 6. Southern Islands |

SOUTHERN YEMEN ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS

- International boundary
- Governorate boundary
- Governorate



BOUNDARY REPRESENTATION IS NOT NECESSARILY AUTHORITATIVE

The islands of Kamoran, Perim, and Socotra are administered from the First Governorate.

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SOUTHERN YEMEN

(People's Republic of Southern Yemen)

First-Order Division: governorate - 6

Capital: Madīnat ash Sha'b

Population: 1,146,000 (1966 est.)

Area: ca. 111,000 square miles

Comment:

1. The governorates have no other names, except first, second...sixth.

SPRATLY ISLANDS

First-Order Division: none

Capital: none

Population: no indigenous population

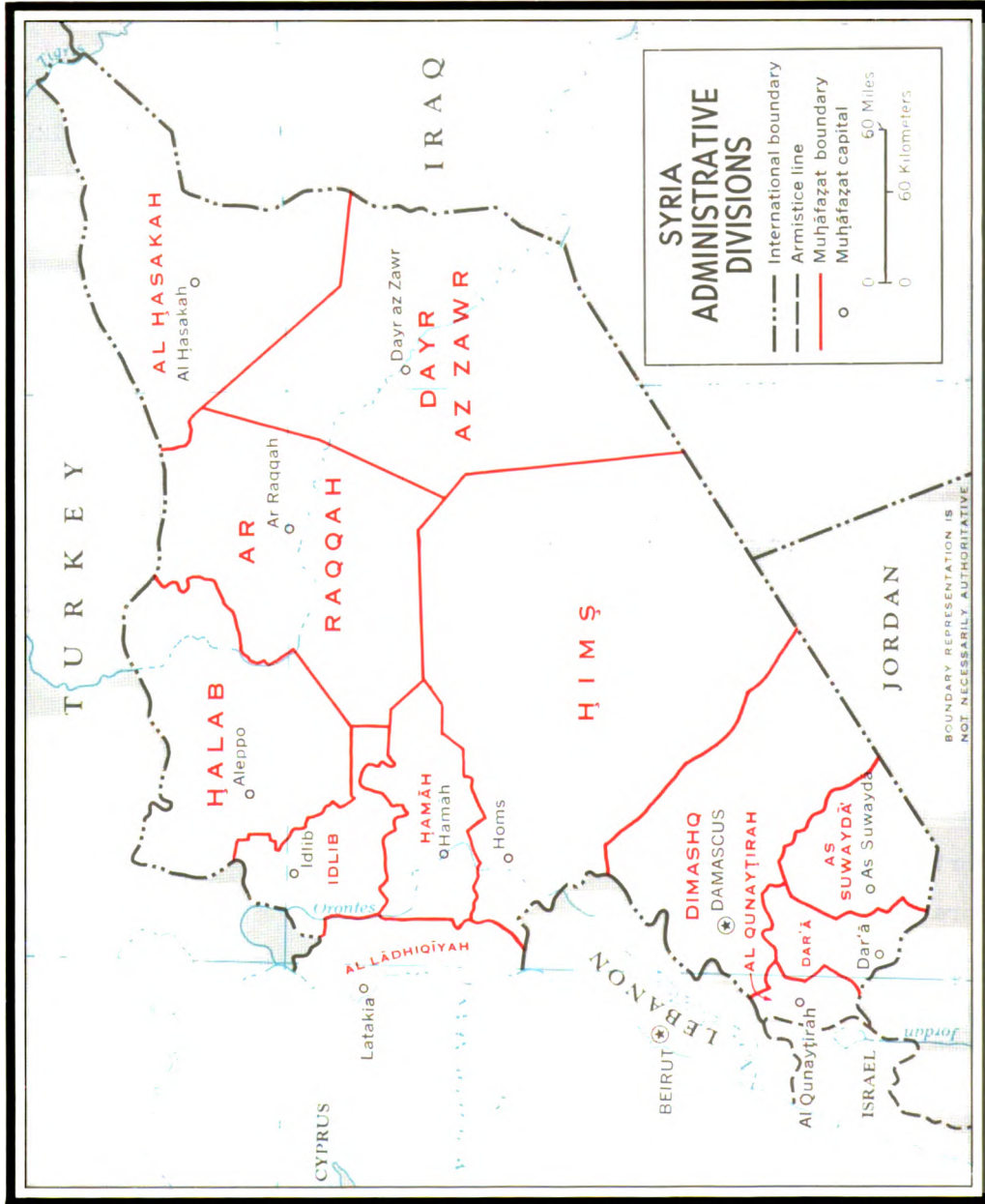
Area: undetermined

Comment:

1. Disputed islands in the South China Sea. The United States recognizes no sovereignty claims over the islands.
2. The term "Spratly Islands" is not official, but it is a collective term used to describe the islands within the vicinity of Spratly Island.

Islands:

1. Amboyna Cay
2. Dangerous Ground
3. Loaita Bank
4. North Danger
5. Spratly Island
6. Thitu Reefs
7. Tizard Bank



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SYRIA

(Syrian Arab Republic)

First-Order Divisions: governorate (muḥāfazat) - 12
municipality (madīnat) - 1

Second-Order Division: sub-district (mantika) - 42
(1964)

Third-Order Division: county (nāḥiya) - 113
(1964)

Fourth-Order Division: village - ?

Capital: Damascus (Dimashq)

Population: 5,400,000 (1966 est.)

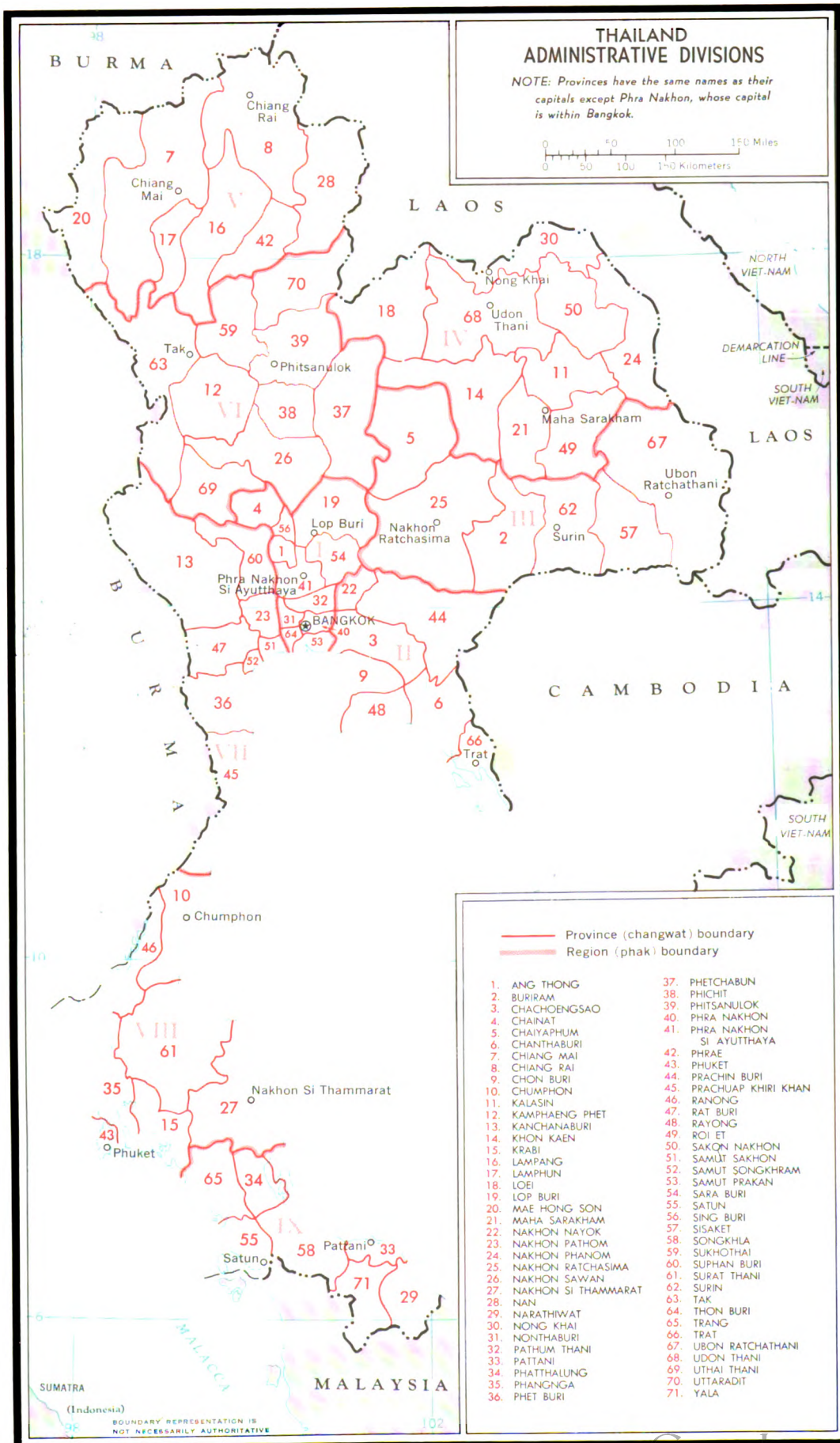
Area: 71,498 square miles

Comments:

1. There are 6 villages attached directly to the governorate administrative center and they are called a "county of a governorate center."
2. There are 36 villages attached directly to the sub-district administrative center and they are called a "county of a sub-district center."
3. Some counties are directly subordinate to the governorates.

Governorates (except as noted):

1. Al Ḥasakah
2. Al Lādhiqīyah
3. Al Qunayṭirah
4. Ar Raqqah
5. As Suwaydā'
6. Damascus (municipality)
7. Dar'ā
8. Dayr az Zawr
9. Dimashq
10. Ḥalab
11. Ḥamāh
12. Ḥimṣ
13. Idlib



THAILAND
(Kingdom of Thailand)

First-Order Division: province (changwat) - 71

Second-Order Division: district (amphur) - 509
(1964)

Third-Order Division: commune (tambon) - 4,888
(1964)

Fourth-Order Division: village (muban) - 41,537
(1964)

Capital: Bangkok

Population: 32,680,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 198,455 square miles

Comments:

1. The phak was abolished as a first-order administrative division in 1956. However, phaks continue to serve as administrative divisions for subordinate field offices of various government ministries.
2. Communes contain 8 to 10 villages and are the highest level of local government able to hold elections, and the lowest level over which the central government asserts effective control.

Provinces:

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Ang Thong | 20. Mae Hong Son | 38. Phichit | 55. Satun |
| 2. Buriram | 21. Maha Sarakham | 39. Phitsanulok | 56. Sing Buri |
| 3. Chachoengsao | 22. Nakhon Nayok | 40. Phra Nakhon | 57. Sisaket |
| 4. Chainat | 23. Nakhon Pathom | 41. Phra Nakhon
Si Ayutthaya | 58. Songkhla |
| 5. Chaiyaphum | 24. Nakhon Phanom | 42. Phrae | 59. Sukhothai |
| 6. Chanthaburi | 25. Nakhon
Ratchasima | 43. Phuket | 60. Suphan Buri |
| 7. Chiang Mai | 26. Nakhon Sawan | 44. Prachin Buri | 61. Surat Thani |
| 8. Chiang Rai | 27. Nakhon Si
Thammarat | 45. Prachuap Khiri
Khan | 62. Surin |
| 9. Chon Buri | 28. Nan | 46. Ranong | 63. Tak |
| 10. Chumphon | 29. Narathiwat | 47. Rat Buri | 64. Thon Buri |
| 11. Kalasin | 30. Nong Khai | 48. Rayong | 65. Trang |
| 12. Kamphaeng Phet | 31. Nonthaburi | 49. Roi Et | 66. Trat |
| 13. Kanchanaburi | 32. Pathum Thani | 50. Sakon Nakhon | 67. Ubon Ratchathani |
| 14. Khon Kaen | 33. Pattani | 51. Samut Sakhon | 68. Udoh Thani |
| 15. Krabi | 34. Phatthalung | 52. Samut Songkhram | 69. Uthai Thani |
| 16. Lampang | 35. Phangnga | 53. Samut Prakan | 70. Uttaradit |
| 17. Lamphun | 36. Phet Buri | 54. Sara Buri | 71. Yala |
| 18. Loei | 37. Phetchabun | | |
| 19. Lop Buri | | | |

TRUCIAL STATES

First-Order Division shaykhdом - 7

Capital: Each shaykhdом has its own capital

Population: 130,000 (1966 est.)

Area: ca. 32,000 square miles

Comments:

1. The Trucial States is a British protected state.
2. Internally, each shaykhdом is independent of any other shaykhdом.
3. Other terms of reference for the area are: Trucial Shaykhdoms, Trucial Oman, and Trucial Coast.

Shaykhdoms:

1. Abu Dhabi
2. Ajman
3. Dubai
4. Fujairah
5. Ras Al Khaimah
6. Sharjah
7. Umm Al Qaiwain

TURKEY

(Republic of Turkey)

First-Order Division: province (il) - 67
Second-Order Division: district (kaza) - 546
(1967)
Third-Order Division: commune (nahiya) - ?
Fourth-Order Division: village (koy) - ?
Capital: Ankara
Population: 33,823,000 (1967 est.)
Area: 301,380 square miles

Provinces:

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. Adana | 23. Elâzığ | 45. Manisa |
| 2. Adiyaman | 24. Erzincan | 46. Maraş |
| 3. Afyon | 25. Erzurum | 47. Mardin |
| 4. Ağrı | 26. Eskişehir | 48. Muğla |
| 5. Amasya | 27. Gaziantep | 49. Muş |
| 6. Ankara | 28. Giresun | 50. Nevşehir |
| 7. Antalya | 29. Gümüşhane | 51. Niğde |
| 8. Artvin | 30. Hakkâri | 52. Ordu |
| 9. Aydın | 31. Hatay | 53. Rize |
| 10. Balıkesir | 32. İçel | 54. Sakarya |
| 11. Bilecik | 33. Isparta | 55. Samsun |
| 12. Bingöl | 34. İstanbul | 56. Siirt |
| 13. Bitlis | 35. İzmir | 57. Sinop |
| 14. Bolu | 36. Kars | 58. Sivas |
| 15. Burdur | 37. Kastamonu | 59. Tekirdağ |
| 16. Bursa | 38. Kayseri | 60. Tokat |
| 17. Çanakkale | 39. Kırklareli | 61. Trabzon |
| 18. Çankiri | 40. Kırşehir | 62. Tunceli |
| 19. Çorum | 41. Kocaeli | 63. Urfa |
| 20. Denizli | 42. Konya | 64. Uşak |
| 21. Diyarbakır | 43. Kütahya | 65. Van |
| 22. Edirne | 44. Malatya | 66. Yozgat |
| | | 67. Zonguldak |



VIET-NAM, NORTH

(Democratic People's Republic of Viet-Nam)

First-Order Divisions: autonomous region - 2
municipality - 2
province (tinh) - 15
special zone - 1

Second-Order Division: district (chau or huyen) - 223
(1967) province (tinh) - 8

Third-Order Divisions: village (xa) - 5,328
(1958) ward - 4

Capital: Hanoi

Population: 19,500,000 (1966 est.)

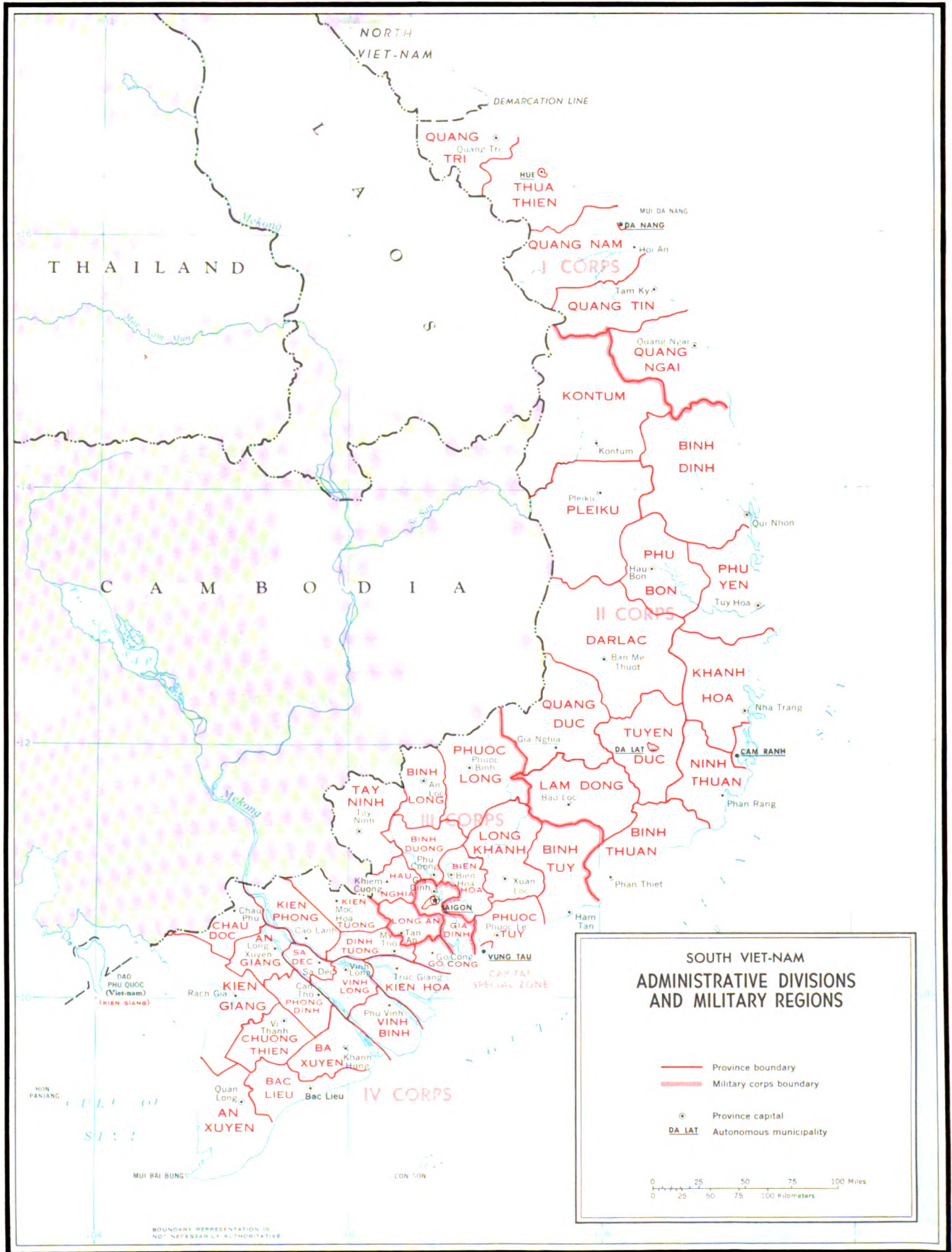
Area: 60,156 square miles

Comments:

1. The U.S. Government does not recognize the Communist-controlled regime styling itself as "The Democratic People's Republic of Viet-Nam" which controls northern Viet-Nam.
2. Since the publication of the map, four provinces were combined into two provinces. On April 19, 1968, Hai Duong and Hung Yen became Hai Hung; Phu Tho and Vinh Phuc became Vinh Phu. The new administrative centers are unknown at this time.

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Ha Bac | 14. Tay Bac (autonomous region) |
| 2. Ha Tay | Lai Chau (province) |
| 3. Ha Tinh | Nghia Lo (province) |
| 4. Hai Hung | Son La (province) |
| 5. Haiphong (municipality) | 15. Thai Binh |
| 6. Hanoi (municipality) | 16. Thanh Hoa |
| 7. Hoa Binh | 17. Viet Bac (autonomous region) |
| 8. Lao Cai | Bac Thai (province) |
| 9. Nam Ha | Cao Bang (province) |
| 10. Nghe An | Ha Giang (province) |
| 11. Ninh Binh | Lang Son (province) |
| 12. Quang Binh | Tuyen Quang (province) |
| 13. Quang Ninh | 18. Vinh Linh (special zone) |
| | 19. Vinh Phu |
| | 20. Yen Bai |



**SOUTH VIET-NAM
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS
AND MILITARY REGIONS**

- Province boundary
- Military corps boundary
- Province capital
- DA LAT** Autonomous municipality

0 25 50 75 100 Miles

0 25 50 75 100 Kilometers

VIET-NAM, SOUTH

(Republic of Viet-Nam)

First-Order Divisions: province (tinh) - 44
autonomous municipality - 6

Second-Order Division: district (quan) - 228
(1967)

Third-Order Division: canton (tong) - 319
(1967)

Fourth-Order Division: village (xa) - 2,545
(1967)

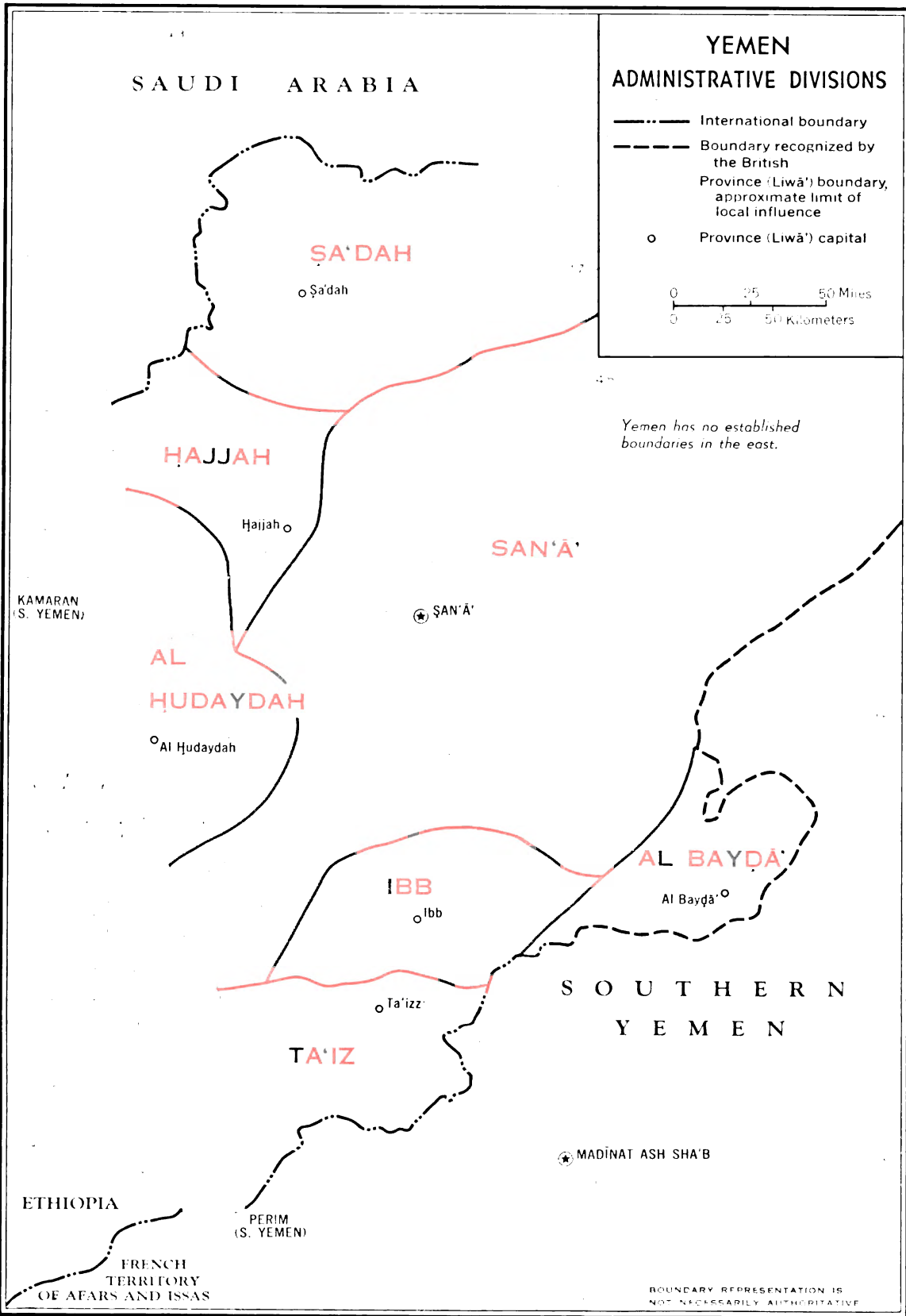
Capital: Saigon (Sai Gon)

Population: 16,973,000 (1967 est.)

Area: 66,280 square miles

Provinces (except as noted):

- | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. An Giang | 17. Dinh Tuong | 35. Phuoc Long |
| 2. An Xuyen | 18. Gia Dinh | 36. Phuoc Tuy |
| 3. Ba Xuyen, | 19. Go Cong | 37. Pleiku |
| 4. Bac Lieu | 20. Hau Nghia | 38. Quang Duc |
| 5. Bien Hoa | 21. Hue (autonomous
municipality) | 39. Quang Nam |
| 6. Binh Dinh | 22. Khanh Hoa | 40. Quang Ngai |
| 7. Binh Duong | 23. Kien Giang | 41. Quang Tin |
| 8. Binh Long | 24. Kien Hoa | 42. Quang Tri |
| 9. Binh Thuan | 25. Kien Phong | 43. Sa Dec |
| 10. Binh Tuy | 26. Kien Tuong | 44. Saigon (autonomous
municipality) |
| 11. Cam Ranh (autonomous
municipality) | 27. Kontum | 45. Tay Ninh |
| 12. Chau Doc | 28. Lam Dong | 46. Thua Thien |
| 13. Chuong Thien | 29. Long An | 47. Tuyen Duc |
| 14. Da Lat (autonomous
municipality) | 30. Long Khanh | 48. Vinh Binh |
| 15. Da Nang (autonomous
municipality) | 31. Ninh Thuan | 49. Vinh Long |
| 16. Darlac | 32. Phong Dinh | 50. Vung Tau (autonomous
municipality) |
| | 33. Phu Bon | |
| | 34. Phu Yen | |



YEMEN

(Yemen Arab Republic)

First-Order Division: province (liwā') - 7

Second-Order Division: district (qaḍā') - ?

Third-Order Division: sub-district (nāḥiyat) - ?

Capital: Ṣan'ā'

Population: 5,000,000 (1966 est.)

Area: 75,290 square miles

Provinces:

1. Al Bayḍā'
2. Al Ḥudaydah
3. Ḥajjah
4. Ibb
5. Ṣa'Dah
6. Ṣan'ā'
7. Ta'izz ^{1/}

^{1/} Ta'izz is the correct provincial name; not Ta'iz that appears on the map.

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