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May 5, 1949

ACTIVITIES OF A MEMBER OF
EDUCATION BOARD
(from 22, March to 2, May)

Date		Action
March	22	attended "Regular Consultation of Education Board" at Honcho P.S. (agenda -- Fire of Kamihashi P.S., compensation of teachers)
"	23	attended as a representative for the Board to "Graduation of Higashidai P.S."
"	24	attended as a representative for the Board to "Graduation of Toyooka P.S."
"	25	attended to "Municipal Standing Committee" (a genda -- supplementary budget for the fiscal year 1948)
"	26	attended "Municipal Budget Committee"
"	28	attended "Municipal Accounting Committee"
"	29	attended "Municipal Assembly"
"	30	attended "Inargulation of Newly-appointed Teachers" interviewed the petition group of Korean Association
April	2	attended "Education Board Meeting" (agenda -- school sanitation, teachers consultants, codes of education)
"	3	attended "Physical Education Meeting" (inter-ward marason)
"	8	attended as a representative for the Board "National Meeting of Requirement for Educational Budget" at the National Plaza
"	9	attended "Meeting for School Sanitation All Japan" at Honcho P.S.
"	10	attended "Great Assembly of Women" at Yokohama First Girls' S.H.S., attended "Education Board Meeting" (adgenda -- estabilization of schools, transference of principals)
"	12	Inspected "Tsurumi Industrial S.H.S."
"	13	attended "Temporary Consultation of Education Board" (adgenda -- appointment of teachers' consultants, estabilization of schools, transference of principals & teachers)

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May	2	attended "Regular Conference of Education Board"

The KANAGAWA Prefectural Law passed the prefectural assembly 28 June, effective as from 7 July 1949. (ORO)

Memo for Record 1949

19 July 1949

Subject; Agricultural Extension Committee in Kanagawa Prefecture
(Source; Agr.Ext.Sect.,Kanagawa prefectural Government)

1) <u>The Ken(Prefectural) Extension Committee</u>

a) The Kanagawa prefectural agricultural committee consists of a chairman (Prefectural Governor) and nine regular members. Five out of the nine regular members are farmers, one an agricultural educator(Professor of the Hiratsuka city Agr. College), and three persons of learning and experience.

b) Appointment of the Committee members;

On 23 December 1948 the prefectural governor appointed farmer members from among those who had been elected by the District Extension Committee. The prefecture was divided into five(5) electoral districts to enable election of the farmer members. The farmer specified above is a person who resides in the Kanagawa prefecture and cultivates more than 1 tan(0.245 acre) of farm-land.

The committee members representing agricultural education and persons of learning and experience were selected and appointed by the prefectural governor.

c) The Term of Office;

lnitial term of office of the nine committee members is as follows;

<u>Five farmer committee-members</u>

one member....3 years
Two members...2 years
One member....1 year
4

One educator committee-members.... 3 years

Three Committee members of learning and experience

One member.... 3 years
One members... 2 years
One member.... 1 year

(The term of each member was determined by ballot, inserting term of office in the envelop.)

d) Paymemnt;

Members of the Ken committee serve without salary, but the travelling expenses(about Yen 1,000 per year per member) may be paid.

2) <u>The District(Chiku) Committee</u>

a) The Kanagawa agricultural extension district committees were established during October 1948. A district committee is organized by six or seven villages and total number of the district committee's in Kanagawa prefecture is 23 with 352 committee members.

b) The members were appointed by the prefectural governor from among those farmers who cultivate more than one tan of farm-land and were recommended by the mayor, town or village headman through the approval of the Municipal, town or village assembly.
One member per 300 households was appointed, totalling to 352 committee members in all.

c) The Term of office of the district committee members is one year. However, they may be re-elected.

d) The chairman of the district committee was appointed by the prefectural governor from among those who was elected by the mutual election of the committee members.

e) The district committee as a principle is convoked once a month by the chairman of the Committee.

(Extracted by Mr.Ono)

Mr. H. Poltz

City Election Management Commission

These are the papers submitted to you by the Commissions in response to your requests.

I hope that you can have your people translate the papers.

I. Kaminski

横選管第一九九号

昭和二十四年五月十八日

横浜市選挙管理委員会

委員長　伊東三省

第八軍司法政治部

ハワード・ポータ　殿

市選挙管理委員会の運営について

五月十三日貴軍司法政治部に出頭の際、左記事項について報告を求めら小たので別紙の通り回答致します。

記

一、本市選挙管理委員会の係員事務分担表。

二、區の選挙管理委員会は如何にして設置さ

黄　賓　右

る。

三、區の選挙管理委員会が決定した事項を市の選挙管理委員会が取消すことが出来るか。

四、市選挙管理委員会の運営（法の範圍内に於て）

事に付ての意見。

五月十三日貴軍司法政治部に出願の際、五月

市選挙管理委員会の運営にいふ

ハヤーイホーク

実人軍司法政治部

委員長 伊東三省

横浜市選挙管理委員会

昭和二十四年五月十八日

横浜市選挙管理委員会

1. 本市選挙管理委員会の係員事務分担表

選挙係	分担事務
係長	○選挙法改正に関する本市の統一的対策 ○其の他全般
A	○市委員会事務 ○五大都市選挙管理委員会連合会の事務 ○八市選挙管理委員会連合会の事務 ○名簿調製企劃事務 ○知事、市長、縣市議会議員選挙事務 ○選挙に関する請願、陳情、建議に関する事務
B	○本市十區書記長会事務 ○教育委員会委員選挙事務 ○衆、参議院議員選挙事務 ○諸文書(官報)整理保管事務 ○選挙に関する報告及照会 ○選挙公営に関する事務 ○選挙運動に関する事務
C	○政治資金規正法に関する事務 ○検察審査員候補者選定に関する事務 ○国民審査に関する事務 ○直接請求に関する事務 ○選挙管理委員会に係る文書の収受、発送、○訴訟に関する事務
D	○農地委員選挙事務 ○漁業調整委員選挙事務 [redacted] ○農業調整委員選挙に関する事務 ○Aの補助
E	○啓蒙宣傳に関する事務 ○各區連絡 ○印刷物等の割当配布 ○Bの補助
F	○Cの補助

庶務係	分担事務
係長	○選挙予算経理全般
A	○選挙に必要な物品の供給及び蒐集○選挙予算の執行（支出）
B	○選挙予算の編成 ○各区えの令達
C	○委員の報酬、費用辨償の支出に関すること ○Pの補助
D	○文書の収、発及整理 ○人事関係事務
E	○Cの補助
F	○Aの補助
G	○Dの補助

備考

庶務係はこの分担事務の外、本市総務局に於ける人事予算経理之書等の事務を担当する。

2. 區の選挙管理委員会は如何にして設置されるや

回答

區の選挙管理委員会の設置は地方自治法により規定されている。

即ち

地方自治法

第百五十五條 A

2. 政令で指定する市は、市長の权限に属する事務を分掌させるため、條例でその區域を分けて區を設け、區の事務所を置くものとする。

3. 法律又は政令で特別の定めをするものを除く外 行政區に関する規定は前項の區にこれを準用する。

A（政令は指定する市）の参照條文

黄 實 行

A（政令で指定する市）の参照条文

昭和二十二年政令第十七号

地方自治法第百五十五条第三項の市の指定

2. 地方自治法第百五十五条第三項の市を左の通り指定する。

京都市 大阪市 横浜市 神戸市 名古屋市

B（行政区に関する規定）の参照条文

1、地方自治法第二百七十六条

2、行政区に選挙管理委員会を置く。

3、区の選挙管理委員会が決定した事項を市の選挙管理委員会が取消すことが出来るか。

回答

政ヶ又は市町村長の权限に属する國又は当該都道府縣の事務につきその処分が成規に違反し又は权限を犯すと認めるときはその処分を取消し又は停止することができる。

2 市町村長は前項の例によりその管理に属する行政ヶの処分を取消し又は停止することが出来る。

逆挙管理委員会の運営についての意見

現在逆挙管理委員会は全國逆挙管理委員会その下に都道府縣及び市町村逆挙管理委員会が組織されているが実際には逆挙及び國民審査の投票は市町村逆挙管理委員会が執行するものであるからその実情に精通した市町村逆挙管理委

地方自治法及び地方自治法施行令の規定により取消すことが出来る。

地方自治法施行令

第百三十九條　地方自治法第一百五十五條第二項の市の議会の議員及び長の選挙、議会の解散の投票、議会の議員及び長の解職の投票、同法第二百十三條第四項の投票、並びにその市に関する同法第二百六十一條第三項の投票については市の選挙管理委員会は、區の選挙管理委員会を指揮監督する。その場合においては同法第百五十一條第二項の規定を準用する。

A参照條文

地方自治法

第百五十一條　都道府縣知事はその管理に属する行

黄　寶

貞会の委員中より代表として一二名程度を全國選
挙管理委員会に選出されることは管理委員会の
管理運営上多大の寄与をするものと深く確信する
ものであります
よって別紙の如く大大都市は衆議院、参議院に三
月二十九日請願書を提出した。

請願書

請願人

東京都千代田區丸ノ内
東京都選擧管理委員會
委員長　松崎權　四郎

京都市中京區寺町通御池上
京都市選擧管理委員會
委員長　北村平　三郎

大阪市北區中之島
大阪市選擧管理委員會
委員長　井上　五郎

横濱市西區老松町
横濱市選擧管理委員會
委員長　伊東　三省

神戸市兵庫區松本通
神戸市選擧管理委員會
委員長　大本　藤市

名古屋市中區南外堀町
名古屋市選擧管理委員會
委員長　青井恒次郎

全國選舉管理委員會委員に都道府縣及び五大都市選舉管理委員會委員中より各一名程度を選出することを請願致します。

請願の事由

全國選舉管理委員會委員に都道府縣及び五大都市の選舉管理委員會委員を選出することは、その運營について多大の寄與をするものと深く確信致します。

そもそも選舉、投票及び國民審査に關する事務及びこれに伴ふ豫算の要求並びにこれが制度に關する事項等は、都道府縣及び五大都市の特殊性を深く認識しその實情にそくした處置を取らなければ直接執行に當る管理委員會は到底滿足なる結果を得られるべきものでないと斷言するものであります。

特に今囘の衆議院議員總選舉の結果についてその感を深く致します。

このたび全國選舉管理委員會法の改正を企圖されているやに承つておりますが、此の際その實情に精通した經驗者たる都道府縣及び五

大都市選舉管理委員會の委員中より各一名程度を選出される
定されたく切にお願い致す次第であります。

昭和二十四年三月　日

右

青井恒次郎
大本藤市
伊東三省
井上五郎
北村平三郎
松崎權四郎

殿

May 5. 1949

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May	2	attended "Regular Conference of Education Board"

LEGAL AND GOVERNMENT DIVISION
INTRA-OFFICE ROUTING SLIP

O:

Col Link 4/1 3

Mr. Tilton _____

Mr. Porter _____

Mr. Nolan _____

maj. Thomas 2+4

Miss Burke _____

Secretaries _____

Cpl Parrella _____

name	Authority
Immovable Property Assessment Committee. ✓	City ordinanc
Cultural Policy Committee	Constitution of the comm
Committee for Planning publicity films on Municipal Administration	none
Committee to deal with Epidemics	city statute
Human Excrement disposal Committee	City regulati
✓ KANAGAWA Health Centre Operation Committee	#431 Sept 5-47 Regulation for Health Ce
Construction Planning Committee	city regulati
Committee for Selection of Prospective Tenants for poorer class houses.	approved by th
School Lunch Program Committee	city Statute
Historical Material Investigation Committee ✓	city statute
Clothing Rationing Consultative Committee	Regulations fo Clothing Rat Ministry of Commerce and #25-105

	Authority	function
ittee. ✓	City ordinance	Consultative organ of the mayor
	Constitution of the committee	ditto.
ms	none	to plan production of such film
n		
	city statute	to expedite enforcement of anti-epidemic measures.
ee	city regulations	to investigate & deliberate on disposal of human excrement when consulted by Mayor
Committee	#431 Sept 5-47 Regulation for enforcement of Health Centre Law	to advise the chief of the Health Centre concerning its operation.
	city regulations	to investigate and deliberate on overall construction program of the City
e Tenants	approved by the Mayor	to deliberate on method of selection in response to the Mayor's consultation
tee	city statute	deliberative organ to carry out school lunch programs.
ittee ✓ Sept	city statute	to investigate & deliberate on historical materials of the city for the Mayor
mittee	Regulations governing Clothing Rationing Ministry of Commerce & Ind Ord #23 -10 Sept 47	to investigate and deliberate on clothes rationing & registration of ration stores

Board of Education
Public Safety
Public Welfare Sections

List of Various Committees in th

	Authority
✓ Election Administration Committee	Local Autonomy Law
✓ Ward Election Administration Committee (Established in each ward)	ditto
✓ Minsei-iin Recommendation Committee	19 - 1948 - 26 Aug 48 Public Wds. Minsei-iin Law
✓ Ward Minsei-iin Recommendation Committee (Established in each ward)	Cabinet Order #226- ditto 10 Aug. 48 Welfare Commissioners Law 1948 - 29 July 1948
✓ District Farmland Committee (Established in 23 districts in Yokohama.)	Farmland Adjustment Law
✓ Food Coordination Committee	Food Maintenance Temporary Measures Law #182 - 20 Food Control Law Cabinet Order #247
✓ Ward Food Coordination Committee (Established in each ward)	ditto.
Committee to deliberate on how to increase staple food production	based on the Agricul Ministry's Program of in staple food pr
✓ District Land Reallocation Committee (7 such committees in various parts of Y'hama.)	Special City Plann Law #19 - OG 136 - 11

7 OCT 1948 (1)

arious Committees in the City of Yokohama

Authority	Function
Local Autonomy Law	to hold various elections
ditto	ditto
Public Welf. Minsei-iin Law 198 - 1948 Cabinet Order #226 - 10 Aug 48	Recommendations to the prefectural governor
ditto 10 Aug. 48 Welfare Commissioners Law Law 198 - 29 July 1948	Recommendations to the above-mentioned Municipal Recommendation Committee
Farmland Adjustment Law	to adjust farmland in conformity with Farmland Adjustment Law.
Food Maintenance Temporary Measures Law #182 - 20 July 48 Food Control Law Cabinet Order #247	to deliberate on production & collection of staple food in response to the Mayor's consultation.
ditto.	they are consulted by the ward master.
ease based on the Agriculture & Forestry Ministry's Program of 10 % increase in staple food production	to deliberate on production plan when consulted by the Mayor
Special City Planning Law New #19 - 10 Sept 1946 OG 136 - 115 Sept 46	Consultative organ of the Mayor
(Elect y'Lamas)	

Committee to deliberate on how to promote Commerce & Industry — City regulation

Besides, there are following committees which derive their authori

Committee to operate teaching centres of various handicraft wo

" to deliberate on citizens' livelihood

" for fresh food rationing.

There are 14 committees within the Municipal Council, namely:

General Affairs, Education, Welfare, Sanitation, Economics

Communications, Police, Fire fighting, Labor, Electricity,

Of these first 12 committees in order named derive their autho

The last two committees, namely those of Electricity and Speci

carrying on compaign for realization of the objectives for which

power business to the city and to help bring Special City project

All these committees above-mentioned, meet and discuss their

is not in session.

Social Education Advisory - Bd. of Education
Citizens Public Hall Advisory
Land Improvement Restrict Comm — Land Improvement

City regulation

This committee is devided into 3 separate committees, namely Commerce, Industry and Foreign Trade.

ittees which derive their authority from the Major's sanction.

centres of various handicraft work for export.

tizens' livelihood

oning.

n the Municipal Council, namely:

n, Welfare, Sanitation, Economics, Finance, Construction, Waterworks,

ire fighting, Labor, Electricity, Special City.

in order named derive their authorities from the municipal ordinances.

ly those of Electricity and Special City have been established with a view to

ion of the objectives for which they are created, that is, to transfer electric

help bring Special City project into realization, respectively.

ntioned, meet and discuss their respective function while the Municipal Council

Board of Education Law No 207, 1949

Land Improvement Law No. 195, 1949 elected

No1.

To Mr. Howard Porter

From Sanshō Sto-

a chief of committees of

the Yokohama Election Managmeants.

Subject: Concerning the managmeant of

the city election.

At the time when we were appearance for your Legal & Government Division, being we were requested to report you about the matter concerning the following subject, we will answer you as follows.

1. The figure concerning the allotmeant of work of this city election management committees, for each change.

2. How the election committees of ward should be established?

3. Can the city election committees cancel the decision decided by the ward election managment committees.

4 The opinion concerning the managmeant of the city election managment committees (within the limitation by law)

No 2.

Figure of Allotment regarding this city's election management committees.

election officer. allotted business for each charge.

chief. • The unifying counter plan concerning the amendment of election of this city.

• other general affairs.

A. • Business of the city committees

• The five big city's election management committees business.

• Eight city's election management committees incorporation council business.

•• Election business of governor, mayor. prefectural, city assembly.

• The petition, delivery, statement concerning election.

B. • This city's ten wards chief secretaries business.

• Educational committee's election business.

• The business concerning the election of the House of Representatives and councillors.

• Maintenance and preservation of document (official gazette)

• Inquiry and report in regard to election.

=

- Business concerning public management of election.
- Business concerning election campaign.

C. Business concerning the law regarding the amendment of the political funds.
- Business concerning selecting candidate for judicial examiner.
- Business concerning the national examination.
- Brosiness concerning the direct demand.
- Business concerning litigation.
- Business concerning sending, receiving the document as regards the election management committees.

D.
- Business of the agricaltural committee's election.
- Business of the fishing adjustment committee's election.
- Business of the agricaltural adjustment committee's election.
- reinforcement for A.

E. . Business concerning the stimulation and propagation.
. liaison business for each ward.
. Proportion and delivery of print.
. reinforcement for B.

F. . Reinforcement for e

Allated Business.

general affairs officer

a. chief general intendances including the election budget.

A . Collection and delivery of the things what are necessity for election,
. Enforcement of the election budget.

B. . Making up the election budget.
. transmission for each district.

e . Rewards and reparation for committee's expenditure.
. Reinforcement for B.

Nov

D. Receiving and issuing the document, and the maintenance.

. Business concerning personal affairs

E. Reinforcement for C.

F. Reinforcement for A.

G Reinforcement for D.

Remarks.

The general affairs section are also incharge of the documentary business, intendances, and the personal affairs budget of the general business bureau of this city except allotted work shown by the previous figure of allotment.

2. How the election management committees of ward shall be established?

The establishment of the ward election committees shall be decided according to the provision provided by the Local Autonomy Law. That is to say, Paragraph 155 Article 2 of the Local Autonomy Law;

A. The city which shall be assigned by the government ordinance shall establish the ward dividing its district according to

the paragraph provided by the Local Autonomy Law, and shall establish the office of ward in order to make business which shall belong. under jurisdiction of mayor allot.

B. The regulation concerning administrative ward shall apply to "the preceding ward" except the case which was provided by law or governmental ordinance.

a. Reference provission concerning the city to be assigned by the government ordinance.
Government Ordinance No 17, 1947.
Article 2. Paragraph 155 of the Local Autonomy Law, the assignment of the city.
The following cities shall be assigned as the cities provided by Article 2, Paragraph 155, of the Local Autonomy Law.
Kyoto, Osaka, Yokohama, Kōbe
Nagoya.

β. The provision to be refered of the regulatin concerning the administrative ward (district)
Paragraph 276 Local Autonomy Law.
① The election management committee shall be established in the administrative ward.

3. Can the city election management
comomittee cancel the dicision decided
by the ward election management comomittee?
Ans. It is possible to cancel it according
to the regulation of the executive ordinance
of the Local Autonomy Law, and the Local
Autonomy Law.
Paragraph No 139.
As regards the election of the city assembly
and its chairman, dissolution of the session
and the vote for release of the city
assembly and its chairman provided
by Article 2. Paragraph 155 of the Local
Autonomy Law, votes provided by Article 4
Paragraph 213, votes provided Article
3. Paragraph 261 concerning this city,
the city election managment commitees
shall direct and suipervise the ward
election managment commitees.
In this case Article 2, Paragraph.
151 of the same law shall be applied
1 Referential Provision
Local Autonomy Law.

1. The governer of metropolitan rural and urbon district, as regards the buseiness concerning metropolitan rural and urbon district or county to be under jurisdictin of city's, town's villages chief or the administrative agency to be under jurisdictin of governor, shall have a right to cancel or stop to enforce it's disposition in case it is recognized to be illegal or to infringe its power.

2. A chief of city, town and village shall have a right to cancel or to stop to enforce the dicposition decided by administrative agency which is to be under jurisdiction of him according to the instance of the preceiding article.

4. The opinion concerning the controlling of the election managment committee.

At the present time, though the election managment committees is consisted by All Japan Election Managment committees and metropolitan rural, urbon district and city, town village Election Managment Committees, but in actuality, being city, town, village election managment committees executs the votes of national examination, sending one or two delegations for all Japan managment committees who have thorough knowledge actually, is to be affected good to deal in conection with controlling and managment of managment committees.

Thereupon the six big cities delivered petition to the House of Representatives and the House of councillors on 29th of March, as follows.

Petitioner

a chief of committee

Gonshirō Matenzaki

Tokyo Metropolitan Election Management Committee

Tokyo to chigyoku ku Marunouchi

chief committee.

Kyoto city Election Management Committee

Kyoto - Chūkyō ku Teramachidōri Ihezumi

Heizaburo Kitamura.

chief committee

Ōsaka city Election Management Committee

Ōsaka - Kita ku Nakanoshima

Gorō Inoue.

chief committee

Sanshō Itō

Baris

No 10

Yokohama city Election Management Committee
Yokohama Nishiku Aimatsuchō
Sanshō Itō
a chief committee Tōichi Ōmoto
Kōbe City Election Management Committee
Kobe Hyōgo ku Matsumoto dōri
Tōichi Ōmoto
a chief committee
Nagoya City Elektion Management Committee
Nagoya Nakaku Minami Sotobori chō
Tsunejiro Aoi
We certify to petition you to elect one member of Japan Election Management Committee at least from metropolitan, rural, urban district and five great city's election management committee

Reason of Petition

We certify to believe that electing all Japan election management committee from election committee of five great cities and metropolitan rural urban district is to contribute much for the controlling of its election management.

No 11

Well, then, the management committees which is incharge of the direct enforcement should not be gained satisfactory result without taking disposition to be fit for recognizing deeply the speciality of five great cities and the ^metropolitan rural and urbon district as regards the business concerning election, vote, national examination and requesition of budget attended with and the items concerning these organization, etc. Especially, we felt deeply about the result of the House of Representatives Election this time.

We, though, hard that there is something report that you have a plan to amend the regulation concerning all Japan Election Management Committee, we hope with our full measure of decision that you would regulate to elect one member at least from the election committees of the five big cities and the metropolitan rural and urbon district who have thorough knowledge of it.

PORTER - CITY PROGRAM

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

35. Nishikubo Tomoe-Cho,
Shiba, Minato-Ku, Tokyo.

Oct 19th, 1948.

Dear Colonel,

I am asked to furnish you, for your information, my view in connection with lectures which Legal and Government Section, I understand, is planing to deliver for the benefit of the authorities of city, town and village.

It is my opinion that when viewed from an actu-al circumstances of authorities of local governments in general and the necessity of complete permiation of new system of local autonomy, the accentuation of principle of the new system based on the said laws from all angles would be most effective as well as will meet the expectation of listners.

From this point of view, I believe it is very important for the lecturer to take up the following itwms from the said laws and placing importance on these explains the true spirit of legislature and its enforcing methods, because the items I am about to mention below are, in my humble opinion, very significant in shawing in the highest degree the transformation of principle of local autonomy and when one understand these thoroughly one can not fail to clasp essential character of the system of new local autonomy.

However, I might add that this is a hurriedly prepared papers and I am fully conscious of my shortcoming

in the task of prepairing papers on this particular subject which may be of any use to you. In any case I submit this as merely for your personal information with my humble apology.

NOTE

Although city, town and village were each given a character of an autonomous body by the laws enacted during the year 1911, the sovereignty of the country belonged to the Emperor and all the political and economic functions were executed in the manner of centralization of power and autonomy itself was no more than ....be authorized... and extremely negative one. Its organization and operation had recieved a constant control and interference of the central government and no real autonomous system was possible to put into practice.

However, by the recent establishment of new Constitutional Laws and Laws Concerning Local Autonomy city, town and village came to find themselves for the first time as the possessor of essential character of real democratic autonomy.
The local authorities above all and general public must understand and thoroughly realize this important point and should themselves endeavour to develop autonomous system of their own city, town or village by their own efforts and strength.

Followings may be cited as maine points especially prepaired in the Laws concerning Local Autonomy for the establishment of democratic and independent autonomies of city, town and village.

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISION.

1. Article 2 of former SHICHOSON SEI provisioned that local public bodies "shall transact public business within the limits of laws and ordinances under the supervision of government". However, the Article 2 of the new laws have given a clear definition of independency of local autonomy by eradicating wordings of "within the limits of laws and ordinances under the supervision of government".(ART2)

PART 11. CHAPTER 2. PEOPLE.

As a propermeasure, following rules were provisioned with regard to the right of people for the democratization of local autonomy.

1, Equal right for man and woman by repealing distinc-tion of sex with regard to the competences of those who participate in various public posts in local governments. (Art. 11)

2. Following rights of general public were clearly defined with regard to the function of local autonomy.

A. Right to participate in the election.(Arts, 11 18)

B. Right to demand enactment, revision or abolition of regulations. (Arts, 12. 74.)

C. Right to demand audit public business. (Art,12, Parag 2. Art 75.)

D. Right to demand dissolution of assembly.(Arts 13 76)

E. Right to demand resignations of assemblyman, mayor or deputy mayor of town, chief of village and revenue officers of both, also election supervising officer, auditor as well as member

of public safety committee.(Art,13. Parag 2, Art,81. 86.)

CHAPTER 6. ASSEMBLY.

In the modern democracy the assembly possess an importance of essential character as a form of determina-tion of a public mind. It is essetial that local autho-rities as well as general public of new democratic Japan should clearly understand this particularly important point.

By the establishment of new Laws Concerning Local Automomy, the following may raughly be the maine points of revision pertaining to the structures and functions of local assemblies.

1. In order that the reflection of popular will may be widened a fixed number of members of assembly was in-creased, at the same time making it possible to inc-rease or decrease the number of the member by an Act to suit true circumstances of each respective district (Art, 91.)

2. With an amplification of competences of assembly, a fundamental rule of classification of functions was established for both legal and executive organs.

   A. Assembly is empowered with the rights to demand explanation of or express its opinion to chiefs of local authorities regarding business of local public bodies or the works mandated by the State. (Art, 99.)

   B. Exalted popular feeling and enlivened operation of assembly by enlarging the right ofdrafting bill or to demand convocation of assembly by member of the

same. (Arts, 101. 112.)

C. The assembly can investigate concerning business of each respective city, town or village, as well as demand attendance of electors and other who may be concerned or submittance of documents and records. (Art, 100.)

D. By the establishment of system of Standing Committee in order the assembly may carry on authoritative activities representing popular will and discharge its duties sufficiently even during the periods of prorogation of assembly. (Art, 109.)

E. Establisjment of library in the assembly, well stocked with official gazette, reports of central and local governments as well as other publications for the benefit of members for research works and study. (Art, 100.)

F. Besides setting up of Standing Committee for the purpose to elevate working of assembly the conference of established usage is to conven more than six times annuary. (Art,102.)

G. With the result of establishment of so-Colled presidental system in the assembly of local public body the executive organ need no necessity to attend confrence except to explain the nature of bill or answer questions only when requested its presence by the president of conference(Art, 121.) and to contact only through explanatory paper when no such request was forthcoming. (Art,122.)

Above are, in my humble opinion, the most significan reforms in contrast ~~to~~ with the former local system.

It is essential that the local authorities should clearly understand this particularly important purport and need to cooperate mutually so to avoid rivalry between assembly and executive organ.

CHAPTER 7. EXECUTIVE ORGAN.

Hitherto, the function of local autonomous admini--stration was carried on by the mayors of city and town, and village chief as its pivot.

One example of it was the chief executives of local public bodies were placed in a superior position aganist local assemblies with power to put original bill into practice, however, the new Laws Concerning Local Autonomy provisioned enlargement of the power of local assembly by placing it in the same footing with chief executive of local public body, and adjusted the relation between assembly and executive organ respecting execution of original bill, thus creating confrontation between the two with no confidence decision aganist chief executive on one hand and the right to dissolve assembly on the other.

The new laws enabled one to look forwards to harmonious development of local administration by preven--ting wilfulness of both parties through restrainig one another with a balance of power.

Since all these are very important for the deve--lopment of new local autonomy a complete understanding of the purport by the authorities concerned is absolutely imperative.

Following may be the ontline of changes of executive organ as a result of enactment of New Constitutional Laws and Laws Concerning Local Autonomy.

A. Selection of chief of local government to be effected by direct popular election and its fundation was made firm. (Const Laws 93.)

B. Establishment of fundamental rule of separation of powers in relation between chief executive and ~~asem~~ assembly.

C. Abolition of system of honorary post of chief exec-utive of local government, making it a full time job.

D. In order to ensure impartiality of election business and secure its precise management, supervising committee of election was set up as its executive organ, independent of the chief executives of local government.

E. In order to secure just administration and increase efficiency Auditor system was established as its executive organ, independent of chief executives of local governments.

CHAPTER 9. FINANCE.

Paragragh 2. Revenue.

Although a systematic order of establishment of independence character of local autonomous bodies is now completed by the enforcement of Laws Concerning Local Autonomy, its true establishment must necessarily depend on a firmness of financial fundation and that the local governments be made themselves financially also in the

position to administer with their own financial resources, independent of centralized control.

In order to expect administration of originality in the working of local publicbody, it is vitally necessary to devise some kinds of measures so that it may possess sufficient financial resources as backing.

In this sense The Local Finance Committee recently planed fundamental reforms of Local Tax System as well as other financial policies with the result that some measures of success were obtained such as "transference of Admission Tax to local body", Increase of Residence Tax" "Enactment of Sake Consumption Tax" "Increase of allocation of Apportionment Tax" "Increase of rate of various Supplementaly Taxes" etc. though it is far from sufficient to satisfy financial demands of city, town and village.

Followings are the rough calculation of budget of the local governments for the year 1948.

REVENUR

Classfication		Amount	percentage
Tax revenue		Y54.502.000.000	57.9%
	Supplimentally Tax	Y27.107.000.000	28.8%
	Independent Tax	9.436.000.000	10.0%
	Apportionment Tax	17.959.000.000	19.1%
Other revenue		Y39.601.000.000	42.1%
	Rent and Fee	Y5.834.000.000	6.2%
	Loan	13.893.000.000	14.8%
	State and Pref grant	18.669.000.000	19.8%
	Miscelleneous	1.205.000.000	1.3%
	Total....	Y94.103.000.000	100%

EXPENDITURES

Classification	Amount	Percentage
Office expense	Y17.774.000.000	18.9%
Police and fire	14.977.000.000	15.9
Public works	9.810.000.000	10.4
Education	21.806.000.000	23.2
Public health	2.173.000.000	2.3
Encouragement of industry	6.908.000.000	7.3
Transport and Gas	4.173.000.000	4.4
Loan	2.282.000.000	2.4
War damage recovery	7.863.000.000	8.4
Miscelleneous	3.738.000.000	3.9
Total.....	Y94.103.000.000	100%

Above figures, according to Local Finance Committee, are a rough estimate of all cities, towns and villages for the year 1948., and inspite of an information to the effect that the independence of local finance is established by the reformations of local finance and tax system in the last session of Diet, the year 1948 shaws deficit of total Y13.893.000.000 in the local finances and this has to be made up by public loans.

A firm establishment of independency of local finance is still left as a problem for the future.

With apologies,

I am, Dear Colonel,

Yours faithfully,

Shigeo, MATSUMURA
(Chief secretary of N.A.T.V.)

A MATTER CONCERNING THE
AGRICALTURAL ADJUSTMENT COMMITTEE.

There are two kinds of agricaltural adjustment committee in the city of Yokohama. One of them is the city local agricaltural adjustment committee and another is district agricaltural adjustment committee for each district.

1. Legal Foundation.

The Food Preserving Extraordinary Law.
Law No 182, promalgated on 20. July. 1948.
The Food Preserving Extraordinary Enforcement ordinance.
government ordinance 247
promalgated on 20. August. 1948.

2. The election of the district agricaltural adjustment committee.

As providing the law No 14th, the district agricaltural adjustment committee electris was held by Yokohama electris management committee, on 30th. of Nov. 1948.

A. The progression of the enforcement of election.

30. Sept. 1948.

Notification concerning proceedings, means, terms to be declared, was done.

5th. Oct. 1948.

Present date of drawing up of a register of elector's name.

From 5th. October
up to 14. October.

The terms to be declared for the purpose of registering the elector's name.

From 15th. Oct.
to 5th Nov.

The term to be drawn up of the register of elector's name.

5th. Nov.

The place to be published and the dates to be notified, of a register of elector's name.

From 7. Nov.
up to 15. Nov.

Term to be published of a register of elector's name.

Till 19th Nov.

Term to be decided of objection toward a register of elector's name.

20th Nov.

The date of decision for a register of elector's name.

30th Nov.

Date of election.

District (24 districts) public elected committees.

364 (2 seats are vacancies))

District (24 districts) general committees.

68. (4 seats are vacancies)

Total 432. (6 seats are for vacancies)

general committee is to be recommended by a chief of district and it must be supported by majority of public elected committee. (law No 13)

8. Election result.

number of voters	14549
number voted	13183
percentage	90.6%

3. The city local agricaltural adjustment committee.

Committees elected in 24 districts agricaltural adjustment committees are as follows.

committees	48
general committees	3
chief	1
total	52

4. Agricaltural plan.

As regards to the indication of agricaltural plan of the Yokohama local agricaltural adjustment committee.

From standpoints of Law No 5, mayer, basing on the plan of prefecture, decided agricaltural plan for each district seppately and shall indicate it to nine district chiefs throughout the city agricaltural adjustment committee's session. Each district chief shall make a agricaltural plan for each producer of district concerned seprately, and it shall be indicated to the farmer by the date indicated

throughout the district agricultural adjustment committee's council.

5. Expenditure.

(budget in fiscal year 1949)

The source of revenue.

¥ 1604,000 ((to be aided by the national treasury)

outgoing

¥ 2664565. (agricaltural adjustment expense)

net recult.

¥ 1060.565 (to be charged by city)

Agricaltural Adjustment Expense.

¥ 2664.565.

Detail of above.

1. Expenditure of the city agricaltural adjustment committee. ¥ 36/960.

① salaries for committees.

¥ 156.000 (¥ 3000 for one person. 52 persons)

② salaries for staffs.

¥ 12.000 (¥ 2000 for one person. 6 members)

③ indemnification for committee's trip expenditure.
¥52.000. (¥1000 for one person. 52 persons)

④ trip expenditure for inspection.
¥23100 (¥420 for one person. 55 persons)

⑤ session expenditure. ¥56400

⑥ ~~application~~ subsidy ¥62.400
(agricultural adjustment committee subsidy)

2. District Agricultural Adjustment Committee Expenses.
¥1541.660.

① Liaison confference expenditure.
¥65660, (Kōhoku Tozuka, Hodogaya, Naka, Nishi)

② District Agricultural adjustment committee subsidy.
¥1476.000.

Salaries for committees.
¥657.000. (¥1500 for each person
438 persons.)

salaries for staffs ¥120,000
¥1000 for each person. 120 persons
indemnification for committees trip expenses.
¥219,000 (¥500 each man, 438 persons)
committee expenses
¥480,000 (¥20,000 each district
24 district)

3. General Affairs Expenditure.

① trip expense, ¥126420
(trip expense of the engineer
of city district)

② wear and tear expenses ¥184,305
③ communication expenses ¥37,100.

④ expense for equipment ¥10,500
⑤ hire ¥52,700

4. Reward Material Expenses.
¥156,000.

5 Delivery Stimulation Expenses
¥134400

6 Printing Expenses ¥69,500

A register of committee's names -
Tokorozawa Local Agricultural Adjustment
Committee.

Chief Committee

Ishikawa Kyōichi 27 Aimatachō Naka Ku
Okanzaemon Horikiri 1044 Tomiokachō Kawasaki
Shōhei 3256 Futamatagawa Hodogaya
Sukemal Iida 26 Kitatsumachi Kōhoku
Ryōsuke Komatsubara
120 Shimomaterayoshichō Tsurumi
Asajiro Shimizu 1082 Kamisenzyoshichō Tsurumi
Yoichi Suzuki 1632 Sugatachō Kanagawaku
Isuke Hiramoto 708 Hamazawachō Kanagawa
Takeo Hirato 3-213, Minami Ōtamachi Minami
Hideo Miyamori 219 Mutsu Kawamachi Minami
Chōshiro Takahashi 217-3 Hodogayatsu Hodogaya
Heijiro Tachikawa 1-9 Hoshikawa Hodogaya
Seiji Kuritara 570 Shimomotokawai "
Kiyoo Ōtsuka 604 Tsurushimachō "
Misaburō Saito 2016 Futamatagawa "
Hanshiro Yamada 703 Futamatagawa "
Tatsujō Okada 610 Isogochōtsuchihama Isogo
Rikichi Sekiguchi 175 Obenochō Isogo
Naōkichi Ishii 3547 Kanamiya Kanazawa

Taro Sugiura	1053	Kamariya	Kanagawa	
Rihei Koigami	1-3K	Minami Tsumoshima	Kohoku	
Kazuo Kamimoto	729	Kozukue	Kōhoku	
Shōji Osawa	2773	Ikebichō	Kōhoku	
Shinatsu Hirano	354	Okumachō	Kōhoku	
Shōichirō Ebara	1889	Takaduchō	Kōhoku	
Sawaji Yamagawa	2582	Nishibachō	〃	
Tomokichi Minagawa	130K	Nakagawa	〃	
Jinichi Iwasaki	4842	Minamiyamada	〃	
Kichigorō Migata	375	Kayama	〃	
Ichirō Shimano	258	Kurosuda	〃	
Jūgen Matsuura	772	Narachō	〃	
~~1051~~	Nagatsuda			
Saburō Kubota	1651,	Nagatsuda	〃	
Shinji Kojima	1189	Higashihongō	〃	
Teiichi Saito	902	Nakagawa	〃	

Kenzō	Matsumura	4488	Eda Kō hoku	
Kōsei	Sekita	8043	Motoshikawa	〃
Kanekichi	Mitsuchi	155	Kosugaya	Totsuka
Katsuzo	Yamaguchi	259	Kajigayachō	〃
Yasuo	Koyasu	1780	Aotu	Totsuka
Tomoko	Watanabe	1781	Tajima	〃
Shigeji	Kaneko	3681	Tsukakachō	〃
Tokutaro	Saito	600	Kawakami	〃
Kaichi	Kaneko	1832	Totsuka	〃
Ryuzo	Uchida	4168	Totsuka	〃
Masao	Suzuki	623	Harajuku	〃
Ryō	Yamada	2068	Kagetori	〃
Shokichi	Okuda	3198	Nakada	〃
Machiyoshi	Haneda	3608	Kamiida	〃
Kakumosuke	Kadokura	575	Naze	〃
Tokitaro	Nakamura	1065	Shimbashi	〃
Minosuke	Ogawa	443	Migawara	〃
Taichi	Kikkawa	2478	Seya	〃