

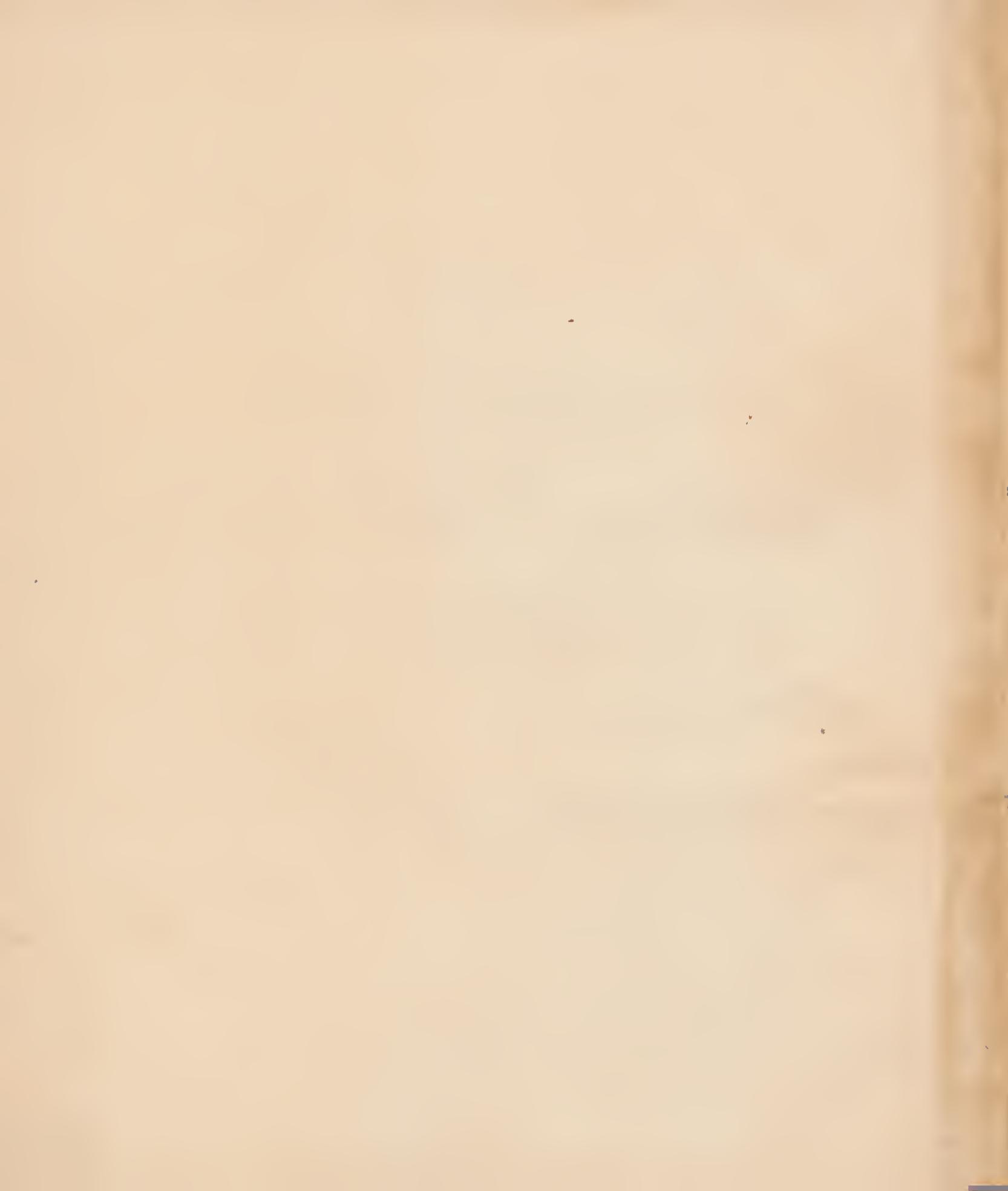




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Copie  
met origineele teekening  
door  
Syd<sup>m</sup> Edwards.

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DESCRIPTION  
OF A  
RARE SCARABÆUS  
FROM  
*POTOSI, IN SOUTH AMERICA* ;  
WITH  
ENGRAVED REPRESENTATIONS OF THE SAME ,  
COLOURED FROM NATURE .

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BY  
JOHN FRANCILLON .

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LONDON :  
PRINTED BY C. WHITTINGHAM  
—  
1795.

MOLTEIR/183A

194

ZUFÄLLIGE ZÄHLUNGEN

1. ZUFÄLLIGE ZÄHLUNG IN ZUFÄLLIGEN

195

2. ZUFÄLLIGE ZÄHLUNG IN ZUFÄLLIGEN

3. ZUFÄLLIGE ZÄHLUNG IN ZUFÄLLIGEN

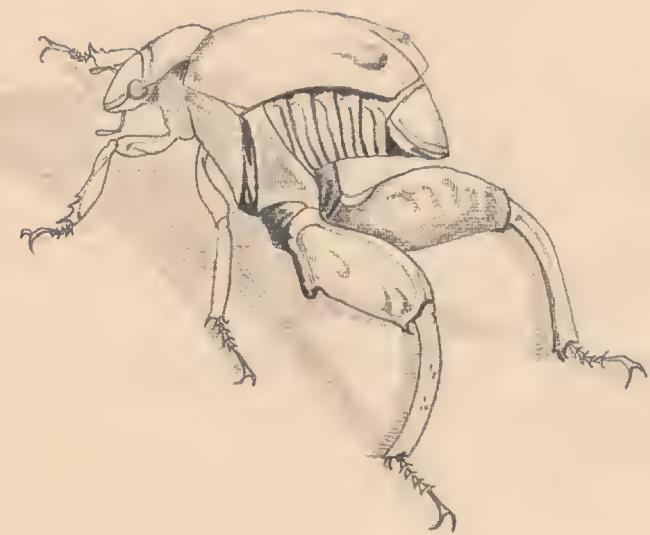
HOLZFRÄSER X 100

196

4. ZUFÄLLIGE ZÄHLUNG IN ZUFÄLLIGEN

197





A. Verschoor - de Gelder cop.  
April 1934.



John Edwards pinxit

Scarabaeus Kangaroo.

Le scarabée étoit trouvé sur  
Potow, près de Pérouz.

The Travellers is in the Cabinet of  
Mr. Fawcett, of Norfolk Street

28 Nov<sup>r</sup> 1792 London

*Chrysina*  
*mactopus* Francillon  
1795.

# *SCARABÆUS MACROPUS.*

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## CHARACTER GENERICUS.

*Antennæ clavatæ capitulo fiffili.*

*Tibiæ antice sæpius dentatæ.*

LIN. SYST. NAT. p. 541.

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## CHARACTER SPECIFICUS.

*Scarabæus scutellatus viridis nitens, subtus cupreo-auratus, pectore porrecto,  
femoribus posticis crassissimis.*

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**I**NSECTUM hoc, formæ insolitæ, et eximiæ pulchritudinis nullus unquam descripsit physicus. Creditur porro non aliud extare Specimen præter id quod depinximus, ab Ulysippone in Angliam illarum; quodque generasse aiunt Potosos in America Australi. Ostendit tabula naturalem infecti magnitudinem.

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## ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA AVIT

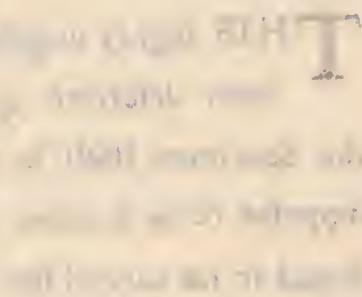
### ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA

ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA (L.) BULL. (1782) = ASTRÆUS HOMOLOGUS L. (1753)

M. — 100

### ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA

ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA (L.) BULL. (1782) = ASTRÆUS HOMOLOGUS L. (1753)



ASTRAEUS HOMOLOGA (L.) BULL. (1782) = ASTRÆUS HOMOLOGUS L. (1753)  
Stipe thick, dark brown, textured. Cap large, pale, lobed.  
A. B. Smith, 1859. See page 166. Illustration  
of a single specimen.

## *THE KANGUROO BEETLE.*

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### GENERIC CHARACTER .

*Antennæ* divided at the tip or head into several lamellæ .  
*Tibiæ*, or second joints of the fore-legs, generally toothed.

---

### SPECIFIC CHARACTER .

Scutellated bright-green beetle, gold-coppery beneath ; with projecting breast : the thighs of the hind-legs very thick .

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THIS highly singular and beautiful insect, which has not as yet been described by any systematic Naturalist, and of which the Specimen itself is unique, was received from Lisbon ; and is supposed to be a native of Potosi, in South America. It is represented in its natural size .













Overgedrukt uit het Verslag van de 89e Zomer vergadering der Ned.  
Ent. Ver., op 9 Juli 1934. Gepubliceerd in Tijdschrift voor Ento-

Original Drawing by SYD. EDWARDS for the Plate in :  
FRANCILLON, John. - Description of a rare Scarabaeus (Sc. macropus)  
from Potosi in South America, with engraved representation of the  
same, coloured from nature. London. 1795. 4<sup>o</sup> (2Sheats, 1 Pl. col.).

(FRANCILLON) Catalogue of the collection of foreign insects.  
London, 1818. 8<sup>o</sup>, (p.74).

Supplementa Entomologica Nr.12. 15. März 1926.

HORN, W. Über den Verbleib der entomologischen Sammlungen der Welt  
(ein Beitrag zur Geschichte der Entomo-Museologie). Mit 1 Porträt.  
Berlin-Dahlem Gosslerstr. 20.  
I.47.

FRANCILLON, John, Sammig. durch Stevens 1818 verauktioniert: ex  
parte an Brit. Mus., ex parte an Mus. Oxford.

Supplementa Entomologica Nr.17. 5. Februar 1929.

HORN, W. Nachträge und Verbesserungen zu meiner Arbeit &Ueber den  
Verbleib der entomologischen Sammlungen der Welt. &c.  
p.91.

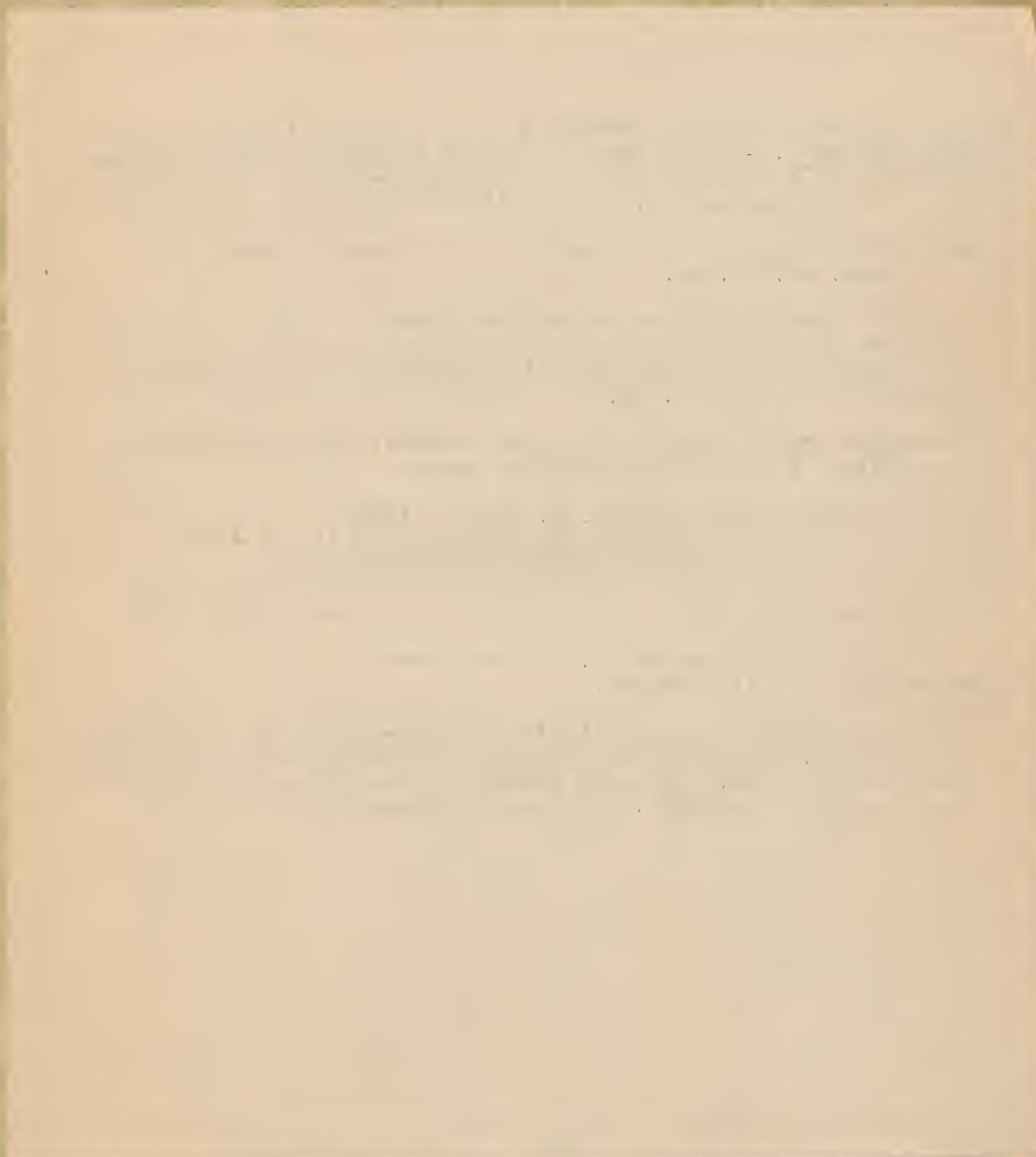
FRANCILLON, John, recte:... "durch Stevens 1818 verauktioniert".

Supplementa Entomologica Nr.12. 15. März 1926.

HORN, W. Über den Verbleib &c.

I.81.

MC LEAY, Alexander, Sammig. (1848) an seinen Sohn William Sharp  
Mc Leay Jr.: ex parte (Typen zu "Annul. Javanica") via East India  
Co. an Brit. Mus.; ex parte (1865) via dessen Vetter Sir William  
Mc Leay an Mc Leay Mus. (University) Sydney.



Overgedrukt uit het Verslag van de 89e Zomervergadering der Ned.  
Ent. Ver., op 9 Juli 1934. Gepubliceerd in Tijdschrift voor Ento-

Le Règne Animal, distribué d'après son Organisation, pour servir  
de Base à l'Histoire naturelle des Animaux, et Introduction à  
l'Anatomie comparée, par GEORG'S CUVIER. Edition accompagnée de  
Planches gravées, &c. par une Réunion de Disciples de Cuvier, &c.  
Paris, Masson et Cie, Libraires, &c. (1836-1846).  
Les Insectes. Avec un Atlas, par Mm. AUDOUIN, BLANCHARD, DOYERE,  
et MILNE-EDWARDS. Vol.I. Texte.

p.311.

LES CHRYSOPHORES,  
( Chrysophora. Dej. )  
Pl.41, fig.4.)

Dont les mâles ont les pieds postérieurs très grands, avec les cuisses  
grosses, les jambes arquées, et terminées à l'angle interne en une pointe  
très forte. (2)

(2) Melolontha chrysochlora, Latr.;  
Voy. de Mm. Humb. et Bonpl., II, XV, 1,  
fem., 2 mâle;  
Scar baens macropus, Shaw., Nat. mis.,  
CCCLXXX, IV.

(Plate 380 of SHAW's Vivarium naturae, or the Naturalist's Miscellany  
appeared in 1799; cf. Ind. Litt. Entom. HORN & SCHENKLING, IV, p.1121.)



Overgedrukt uit het Verslag van de 89e Zomervergadering der Ned.  
Ent. Ver., op 9 Juli 1934. Gepubliceerd in Tijdschrift voor Ento-  
mologie LXXVII, 1934. *Synt. 1934.*

Zoological Lectures, delivered at the Royal Institution by  
George SHAW, M. D. F. R. S. &c. With Plates from the first Authorities  
and most select specimens. Engraved principally by Mrs. Griffith.  
London. Printed for G. Kearsley, Fleetstreet, 1809. 82. Vol.I & II.

Vol.II. Lecture IX. p.96. Plate 113. Middle Figure: "Kangaroo Beetle".  
1809.

Plate Sig<sup>h</sup> 1808 Oct.

..... Among the exotic Scarabaei or Beetles many are found of a gigantic size in comparison with those species which are natives of Europe; some measuring four, five, or even six inches in total length. The genus is also extremely extensive, and so singular is the appearance of many, that hardly any variety of horn or process can be conceived, which is not found exemplified in some particular species. As a proof of this we may take a view of some of the exotic Beetles represented in the works of Monsieur Olivier, Mr. Drury and others. I shall also particularize one insect of this genus, which, I believe, exists only in the splendid collection of Mr. Francillon, and which, from its very peculiar appearance, has been named the Kangaroo Beetle.



Overgedrukt uit het Verslag van de 89e Zomer vergadering der Ned.  
Ent. Ver., op 9 Juli 1934. Gepubliceerd in Tijdschrift voor Ento-  
mologie LXXVII, 1934. Sept. 1934.

VERSLAG.

LXXVII

tion,  
te. &c.  
I, F. L. S.,  
of Phil-  
printed

ntary Ad-

ittaker,

.1831).

De heer Mac Gillavry deelt het volgende mede:

De allereerste uitgave van Petagna: Specimen insectorum ulterioris Calabriae, Napoli 1786, wordt wel door Hagen in zijn Bibliotheca entomologica genoemd, maar wordt merkwaardigerwijze door Horn en Schenckling in den Index litteraturae entomologicae weggelaten. Toen Spr., niet lang geleden, in de gelegenheid was, een exemplaar hiervan te verkrijgen, heeft hij het boek aangeschaft. Nu was er bij gezegd, dat er nog eene extra plaat in was, en ook dit had hem nieuwsgierig gemaakt. Het bleek, dat deze extra plaat niets met Petagna te maken had, maar eene gekleurde tekening was, op 28 Nov. 1792 vervaardigd naar een insect uit het cabinet van den heer Francillon. „Sydn (ey) Edwards pinx.” staat er op, en het dier

wordt genoemd *Scarabaeus Kanguroo*. Op het dorso staat: „Le scarabée étoit trouvé en Potosa, près de Peru” en verder: „The Scarabaeus is in the Cabinet of Mr. Francillon, of Norfolk street 28 Novr. 1792. London.”

Al heel spoedig was uit te vinden, dat het insect tegenwoordig *Chrysina macropus* Francillon heet. Het is door Francillon zelf beschreven in eene quarto publicatie, 1795, London: Description of a rare Scarabaeus from Potosi, in South America; with engraved Representations of the same, coloured from Nature, by John Francillon.

Dit geschrift schijnt zeldzaam te zijn, maar uit de bibliotheek van het Entomologisch Instituut te Dahlem-Berlin mocht Spr. het van Dr. Horn ter leen ontvangen. Daarbij bleek, zooals Spr. reeds vermoed had, dat de tekening van S. Edwards het voorbeeld was van eene der twee figuren op de plaat in Francillon's werk. Spr. liet eene copie van Francillon vervaardigen, die hij laat circuleeren. Er zal dus wel ergens nog eene tweede tekening van Edwards bestaan of bestaan hebben, die de onderzijde van den kever voorstelt.

De kever schijnt als zoovele andere merkwaardige groote insecten nog steeds zeldzaam te zijn en wordt als zoodanig telkens aangehaald, terwijl men daarbij min of meer geslaagde reproducties geeft van Edwards' tekening.

Het interesseerde Spr. ook, om te weten te komen, waar het type van Francillon gebleven was. Van Francillon bestaat, behalve bovengenoemd geschrift, alleen een verkoopscatalogus van 1818 bij Stevens. Dezen heeft Spr. niet te zien gekregen. Wel zegt Shaw in zijn „Zoological Lectures, delivered at the Royal Institution, Vol. II, Lecture IX, 1809”, dat het eenige exemplaar in de collectie Francillon was. Het zal er dus bij den verkoop ook nog wel geweest zijn.

Nu werd zeer veel van Francillon's entomologische nalatenschap gekocht door de musea van Oxford en London, maar het is toch mogelijk, dat de kever daar niet is terecht gekomen, maar in Sydney. Spr. vond in Griffith: The animal Kingdom (Cuvier) 1832 op p. 515 de opmerking „We believe this unique insect is in the collection of Mr. Mac Leay.” Volgens Horn's opgaven in de Supplementa Entomologica No. 12, 1926 en No. 17, 1929 is slechts een deel van Mac Leay's collectie in het British Museum gekomen, maar de hoofdzaak via familieleden aan het Mc. Leay Museum van de Universiteit van Sydney.

Verder is Spr. met zijne nasporingen nog niet gekomen. Toch leek het hem niet oninteressant, deze mededeeling te doen over de lotgevallen van tekening en kever.

The anim 1 Kingdon, arranged in conformity with its Organisation,  
by the Baron CUVIER, Member of the Institute of France, &c. &c. &c.  
with supplementary Additions to each Order, by Edward GRIFFITH, F.L.S.,  
A.S., corresponding member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Phil-  
adelphie, &c. and Others - Volume the Fourteenth. - London: Printed  
for Whittaker, Treacher, and Co. Ave-Maria-Lane. MDCCCXXXII.

The Class Insecta arranged by the Baron CUVIER, with supplementary Ad-  
ditions to each Order by Edward GRIFFITH, F.L.S., A.S., &c. and  
Edward TIDGEON, Esq. and notices of New Genera and Species by  
George GRAY, Esq. - Volume the First. - London: Printed for Whittaker,  
Treacher, and Co. Ave-Maria-Lane. MDCCCXXXII.

.515 Pl.4 Fig.1 Scarabaeus macropus Sh.Nat.Mis. (Sign. of Pl.1851).  
The Fig. is in the Negativ !

In consequence of the singularity of the insect, and the  
rarity of the tract in which it was originally published, we  
have deemed the insect described by Mr. Francillon, under  
the name of the kangaroo beetle, or scarabaeus macropus, to  
be very worthy of an introduction into our illustrations.  
This insect is supposed to have come from Patosi, in South  
America. It is of a bright green colour above, with the  
eltra smooth, and golden and copperish beneath, with the  
hind legs incrassated to a most extraordinary size.

We believe this unique insect is in the collection of Mr.  
Macleay. As an inhabitant of South America there can be  
but little doubt, since Humboldt has discovered a species  
very like it in form in Peru, which M. Latreille has described  
in a magnificent work published by himself and M. Hum-  
boldt, under the name of Melolontha chrysocloris. . .



Amsterdam, Z.  
J.W.Brouwersplein 9.  
15 Jan. 1934.

Dear Mr. FOULTON,

With the same post I send you a separate, bearing on the plication of the fore-wings of Lepidoptera. Perhaps though written in Dutch it will interest you.

Secondly I have to ask you some questions, which possibly you may be able to answer. In a volume, that had nothing to do with the subject, I found bound in, a magnificent drawing of Chrysina macropus Francillon. It is an original drawing by Sydney EDWARDS, 23 Nov. 1792, that apparently served for the plate in FRANCILLON's only entomological publication: "Description of a rare Scarabaeus (Sc. macropus) from Potosi in South America, with engraved representation of the same, coloured from nature." London 49, 1795.

Now the questions I should like to ask are:

I. Is the type in Oxford or in the British Museum, as both Institutes participated in the purchase of Francillon's collection (Catalogue of the collection of foreign Insects. London 1813, 82, pp.74)?  
~~XXXXX&XXXXX~~

II. Do you know something about this illustrator Sydney EDWARDS?

I hope you can find time to elucidate these questions.

With kind regards  
Yours truly

Sign. Dr. D. MAC GILLAVRY

P.S.

I herewith enclose a letter from my son.

To Prof. E.B.POULTON, M.A.,D.Sc.  
F.R.S.  
Wykeham House, Banbury Road, OXFORD.

Nice Cimiez  
Hermitage Hotel  
25 I 1934.

Dear Dr. Mac Gillavry,

Your letter with your son's, arrived just as we were on the point of starting to come here. We return to Oxford on Febr. 8 or 9 & I will take the earliest opportunity of replying to both letters. I shall, I expect, require to consult my friends in the British Museum about Sydney EDWARDS & the type of the Scarabaeid but I hope to be able to find out the facts.

With kind regards  
yours very sincerely  
Sign. E.B.POULTON.

To Dr.D.Mac GILLAVRY  
Amsterdam Z.  
J.W.Brouwersplein 9.  
HOLLAND

the first time in history, the world has been brought together by the  
use of a common language. This is the language of science, which  
has become the language of all men. It is the language of reason,  
of logic, of mathematics. It is the language of progress, of  
development, of civilization. It is the language of the future.  
It is the language of the world.

Amsterdam, Z. J.W.Brouwersplein 9  
26 April 1934.

Dear Mr. POULTON,

In continuation of my letter dd. 15 Jan. 34, I found the following remark in GRIFFITH The Animal Kingdom by Baron CUVIER, 1832. Insecta Vol.I. p.515.

"We believe this unique insect is in the collection of Mr. Macleay." And in Supplementa Entomologica No.12. 15 März 1926: p.81.

Mc LEAY, A. - Samml. (1848) an seinen Sohn William Sharp Mc LEAY Jr. ex parte (Typen zu "Annul. Javonica") via East India Go. an Brit. Mus.; ex parte (1865) via dessen Vetter Sir William Mc LEAY an Mc Leay Mus. (University) Sydney.

There is therefore a third possibility, viz. the Type of Scarab. macrorus being in Sydney, when it is not found either in Oxford or in the British Museum.

From the Entomol. Institut Berlin-Dahlem I saw the work of FRANCILLON. So I could ascertain that the dr wing I possess, is the original of the upper figure of the plate in FRANCILLON's work. There must be a second drawing of the under figure, representing the underside of the insect. But where shoul that be?

With kind regards  
Yours sincerely

Sign. Dr.D.Mac Gillavry.

To Prof. E.B.POULTON, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S.  
Wyeheam House, Banbury Road.  
OXFORD.

