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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 387.6 (13 Aug 46) ESS/IN
(SCAPIN 1131)

APO 500
13 August 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Reparations Selections of Steam-Electric Power Generating Plants.

1. The Imperial Japanese Government is notified that all steam-electric generating plants designated on the attached list are hereby taken into custody and control of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

2. This list designates plants subject to removal under the interim reparations program.

3. There will be made available to the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army, all personnel, equipment and supplies deemed necessary by him for the establishment of proper custody, control and protective maintenance.

4. Within seventy-two (72) hours of the time of receipt of this memorandum, the Imperial Japanese Government will have qualified representatives report to the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army, to receive detailed instructions to accomplish the purpose of this memorandum.

5. The Imperial Japanese Government will take action to stop immediately all removals of machinery and equipment from the plants, installations and facilities. No removals will be permitted without specific authority from the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army. Any equipment that has already been removed and is essential to the functioning of the plant must be returned or replaced without delay. Instructions for inventories of machinery and equipment to be made within the listed installations will be issued at a later date. All records and technical data pertaining to the machinery and equipment, including, manufacturers instruction books, arrangement drawings, detailed drawings, and operating instructions must be preserved and made readily accessible.

C/S

AG 387-6 #1
Line 46

BASIC: Memo to IJG, AG 387.6 (13 Aug 46)ESS/IN, (SCAPIN-1131), Subject:
"Reparations Selections of Steam-Electric Power Generating Plants,"
dated 13 August 1946.

6. Within 60 days of the date of this memorandum, each plant on the attached list must be prepared and held ready for immediate shut-down, if so ordered by General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. The Imperial Japanese Government will promptly take all steps necessary to rearrange the dispatching of power load in the area served by these plants so that the essential power demands of the areas will not be dependent on them. If specific plants cannot be brought to this state of readiness within the 60 day period, a written report covering each plant shall be submitted to the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army within 30 days from the date of this directive, outlining the difficulties involved including a proposed plan for rearranging the load distribution and the date on which this readiness will be accomplished.

7. In plants where construction is not complete, work will be continued until adequate protection has been provided for the machinery and equipment already installed. Wherever possible, you will endeavor to expedite and accept delivery of machinery or equipment needed to complete the plant at the site of construction. A report on undelivered purchase orders required to complete the plant will be prepared for submission on request.

8. Provisions of this memorandum shall not be construed to preclude immediate shut down and removal of specific plants that may be designated by subsequent memoranda.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:



JOHN B. COOLEY,
Colonel, TAGD,
Adjutant General.

1 Incl:
List of Power Plants

Inclosure 1

POWER PLANTS TO BE REMOVED FOR REPARATIONS

<u>NAME OF OWNER</u>	<u>NAME OF PLANT</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>CAPACITY</u>
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Ebetsu	Hokkaido, Sapporo-gun, Ebetsu-machi, Tsugari	37,500
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Tsurumi	Kawasaki-shi, Ookawa-cho, 3, Kanagawa-ken	178,500
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Shimizu	Shizuoka-ken, Shimizu-shi, Miho-kaijima	20,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Meiko	Aichi-ken, Nagoya-shi, Minato-ku, Isshu-cho	138,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Toyama	Toyama, Toyama-shi, Nakajima-Umemichiwari, 6	10,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Miyazu	Kyoto-fu, Yosa-gun, Miyazu-cho	13,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Ajikawa	Osaka-shi, Fukushima-ku, Shimo-Fukushima 5-7	16,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Sanban	Jodo-gun, Sanban-mura, Enami, 234 -Okayama-ken	51,500
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Matsue	Shimane, Matsue-shi, Higashi-tsuda-cho	14,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Saka	Aki-gun, Saka-mura 3293, Hiroshima-ken	64,200
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Ube-Nishi	Ube-shi, Okinoyama- Umetatechi, Yamaguchi-ken	14,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Onoda	Onoda, Onoda-shi, Okinoyama-Tankoumeta techi, Yamaguchi-ken	10,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Tokushima	Imabiraki Komatsujima-cho, Katsura-gun, Tokushima-ken	10,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Saijo	Kitagawa, Saijo-shi, Ehime-ken	32,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Tobata	Tobata-shi, Nakabaru, Sakinohama, 46, Fukuoka	133,000

Inclosure No. 1 to (SCAPIN-1131)

POWER PLANTS TO BE REMOVED FOR REPARATIONS (Cont'd)

<u>NAME OF OWNER</u>	<u>NAME OF PLANT</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>CAPACITY</u>
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Ainoura	Sasebo-shi, Hatanakamen, Tanakata, 165, Nagasaki-ken	64,500
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Kizugawa	Osaka-shi, Sumiyoshi-ku, Shibaya-cho, 38 Osaka-fu	63,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Minato	Oomuta-shi, Shin-minatomachi 1 Fukuoka-ken	116,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Amagasaki #1	Amagasaki-shi, Suehiro-cho, 1-2, Hyogo-ken	318,000
Nippon Hassoden (KK)	Shikamako	Shikama-shi, Nakajima, 2985, Hyogo-ken	65,000

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

APO 500

13 August 1946

Information of General Application pertaining to Directive number (SCAPIN 1131), file AG 387.6 (13 Aug 46) ESS/IN dtd 13 August 1946, subject: "Reparations Selections of Steam-Electric Power Generating Plants."

1. With reference to memorandum Number (SCAPIN 1131), from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to the Imperial Japanese Government, the following is published for the information of all concerned.
2. The purpose of issuing the referenced letter to the Japanese Imperial Government and the related letter to the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army, is to initiate the action necessary to prepare for ultimate removal of the subject steam-electric generating plants for interim reparations. Until such time as these plants are actually removed they must be properly maintained to prevent deterioration of the equipment.
3. The facilities of these power plants includes not only the equipment installed in the buildings but also yard equipment such as coal handling facilities, outdoor switchgear and transformers.
4. Removal of steam-electric power generating equipment cannot be accomplished without allowing an interval of time during which all necessary arrangements can be made to redistribute the power loads. This is to assure uninterrupted supply of electric power for essential demand without depending on the generating plants which have been selected for removal. Sixty days has been allowed for the readjustment period, although, in some cases, longer time may be necessary.
5. Essential electric power demand as used in the memorandum is defined as that which is required to supply the needs of the occupation forces and to supply normal civilian demands that affect the maintenance of the minimum economic welfare of the people.
6. Since the beginning of the occupation the Japanese Government and the Generating Companies have encouraged widespread use of electricity for the expressed purpose of utilizing surplus electric power to overcome shortages of coal and other fuels. They have encouraged, without any apparent limitation or plan, the installation of many inefficient make-shift salt manufacturing plants utilizing electric power for production of salt from sea-water. Many factories have electrified coal burning boilers and other industrial heating apparatus, while neither the Government authorities nor the operating companies took precautions to properly regulate such practices. Unlimited use of electricity for household cooking and heating has been permitted even where such practices were contrary to existing rules for controlling unsafe and disturbing uses of electric power. Such demands are abnormal when considering essential demands from a long range economic standpoint. Any practical use of surplus hydro-electric power to overcome shortages of other fuels can be justified. When hydro-electric power output is reduced during dry seasons, the use of steam generating facilities to supply electric power for the abnormal demands, that have developed since the beginning of the occupation, is not justified.

BASIC: Information of General Application pertaining to Directive Number (SCAFIN 1131), file AG 387.6 (13 Aug 46) ESS/IN.

These abnormal demands must not be interpreted as essential demand to justify indefinite need for or permanent retention of the subject power plants.

7. The directive does not intend to restrict the continued operations of these plants. The plants may continue to operate if necessary, however, when the actual date of removal has been decided, the plant must be ready for shut-down. By that time, the Japanese should have made arrangements to insure, by proper load dispatching, at all seasons the distribution of sufficient power to satisfy essential demands. The limited period of 60 days has been established by the directive in order that the Japanese will take direct and effective action to place the plants in a state of readiness for shutdown by the earliest possible date.

8. It is contemplated that the Japanese will furnish personnel and material required by you; that custodial personnel selected will be individuals previously employed in each factory who are familiar with its equipment and requirements for maintenance.

9. It is expected that the Japanese will perform proper maintenance of equipment to preserve it in good condition. Such maintenance is to include sufficient oiling and greasing, with necessary materials to be furnished by the Japanese Government, when not available at the plant.

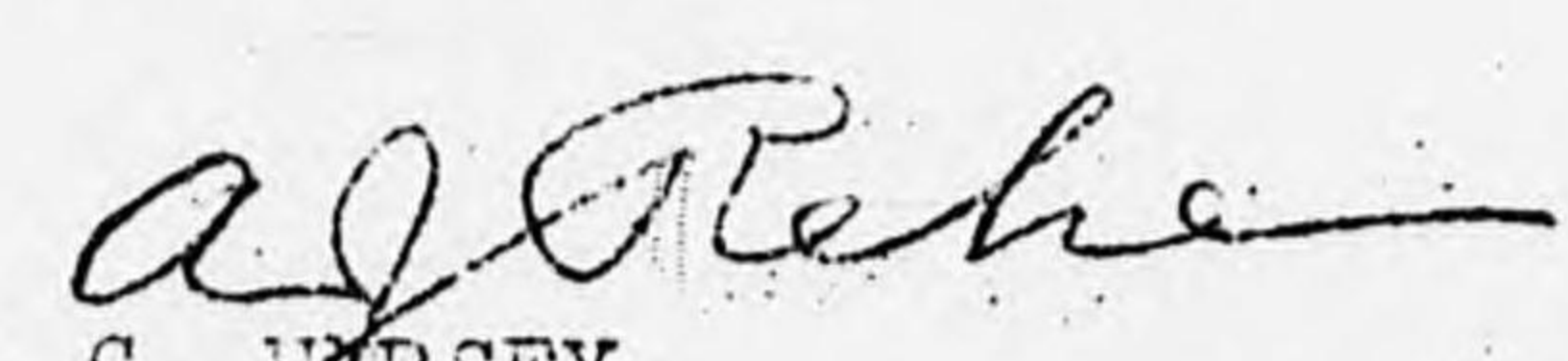
10. It is expected that a system will be established for spot checking each installation periodically. When corrective action can be accomplished locally by conference, it should be done. In cases of wilfull violation or neglect, immediate report should be made through military channels.

11. Of special importance is the preservation of all records pertaining to the construction and operation of these plants. Such things as foundation plans, arrangement drawings, detail drawings of the individual pieces of equipment, manufacturer's instruction books, operating instructions, records of past operation, and design data for the plant as a whole, will be invaluable during the process of dismantling and reerecting the plants. The same will be true of special instruments and tools which are required for operation and maintenance. The items of this nature located at the plants must be considered as a part of the facilities which are to be taken into custody and preserved.

12. Surveillance will be necessary to discourage replacement of experienced operating personnel with subsequent possible damage to equipment occasioned by personnel unfamiliar with the equipment.

13. A letter of command instructions pertaining to the execution of the subject memorandum follows through command channels.

Distribution same as (SCAFIN-1131),
less Imperial Japanese Government.

for 
R. G. WERSEY
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen