RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES









Census REF HF 3007 . U55x 1948a BC-IP v. 9

RHODE ISLAND

counties

RHODE ISLAND

- 1. Bristol
- 2. Kent

- 3. Newport
 4. Providence
 5. Washington



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-000

RHODE ISLAND

Rețail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Rhode Island showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the State during 1948 aggregated \$708.8 million, an increase of 157 percent over the \$275.4 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the State showed a 198 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$712.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$239.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$45.5 million in 1948 compared with \$19.0 million in 1939. Hotel receipts moved from \$3.1 million in 1939 to \$8.0 million in 1948. Amusement businesses in the State recorded receipts of \$18.7 million in 1948 compared with \$7.6 million in 1939.

Employment in the State also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 39,057 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 30,999 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 31,174 and 24,322. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 10,917 full- and part-week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 7,626 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 6,871; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 5,607.

These preliminary figures have been compiled from similar releases being made available for each county in Rhode Island. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Rhode Island, will be included in a State Bulletin to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available in preliminary and final form for each of the States.

A single copy of the preliminary release for the State of Rhode Island as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

RHODE ISLAND

Trade group and kind of husiness		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workwee nearest Nov	k ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	10,317	708,791	9,655	39,057	30,999
Food group	3,028 2,058 296 812 487 389 1,062 314 363	58,875 73,251 68,702 38,038 98,260 30,595 41,088	2,937 2,063 240 646 388 280 1,143 260 335	6,755 7,268 7.198 4,420 2,376 2,809 1,107 1,927 1,682	4,871 5,703 5,668 3,281 2,227 2,630 896 1,703 1,019
All other retail stores	1,508		1,363	3,515	3,001
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	1,128	712,500	679	10,917	x
Merchant wholesalers, total	941 189 49 80 128 495	13,893 41,584 26,754	623 163 33 35 65 327	8,312 1,562 187 1,195 1,099 4,269	x x x x x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesale	102 46 39	63,229	2 38 16	1,608 158 839	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, total	3,770	45,475	3,735	6,871	6,089
Personal services	2,624 205 510 431	27,465 6,397 7,382 4,231	2,597 162 522 454	4,651 944 819 457	4,162 763 756 408
HOTELS	90	8,024	72	1,248	1,178
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	41	190	52	13	11
AMUSEMENTS	286	18,668	175	2,630	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-001

BRISTOL COUNTY, R. I.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Bristol County, Rhode Island, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.5 million, an increase of 184 percent over the \$5.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$989,000 in 1948 compared with \$259,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,002 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 715 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bristol County, Rhode Island, which also includes data for Barrington town, Bristol town, and Warren town. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bristol County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Rhode Island to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bristol County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BRISTOL COUNTY, R. I.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	378	16,530	367	715	553
Food group	119	5,523	118	153	113
Eating and drinking places	62	1,084	53	105	87
General merchandise grp, general stores	19	609	21	60	28
Apparel group	30	825	29	34	31
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	17	1,533	11	69	62
Automotive group	12	2,304	9	73	70
Gasoline service stations	39	816	43	26	20
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	980	14	38	35
Drug and proprietary stores	15	633	16	39	24
All other retail stores	49	2,223	53	118	83
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	3,039	12	154	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	124	989	119	133	122
Personal services	88	628	83	104	96
All other service trades	36	361	36	29	26

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BRISTOL COUNTY, R. I.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	housand businesses		FuIl workweek employees	
Barrington town: Retail trade Selected service trades	36 11	1,742 44	37 10	49	43 2	
Bristol town: Retail trade Selected service trades	175 52	6,058 312	172 50	284 31	245 2 5	
Warren town: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	167 9 61	8,730 1,558 633	158 7 59	382 99 99	265 x 95	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid airectly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-002

KENT COUNTY, R. I.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Kent County, Rhode Island, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$53.1 million, an increase of 220 percent over the \$16.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.0 million in 1948 compared with \$0.6 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 3,034 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,764 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Kent County, Rhode Island, which also includes data for East Greenwich town, Warwick, and West Warwick town. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Kent County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Rhode Island to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Kent County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

90579

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP KENT COUNTY, R. I.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended				
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
RETAIL TRADE, total	988	53,140	949	2,621	1,936				
Food group	301	15,157	299	478	345				
Eating and drinking places	208	5,465	204	641	434				
General merchandise grp, general stores.	38	1,709	32	194	84				
Apparel group	45	2,907	39	193	123				
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.		2,765	30	171	155				
Automotive group	41	6,874	27	241	234				
Gasoline service stations	129	3,731 4,961	129	129	102 156				
Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores	33 25	1,540	29 27	106	68				
All other retail stores	133	8,031	133	267	235				
WHOLESALE TRADE	27	6,443	18	160	x				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	239	2,038	247	253	217				
Personal services	163	1,172	160	172	144				
Business services	7	70	7	13	10				
Automotive repairs and services		579	50	48	45				
Other repair services	28	217	30	20	18				
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	8	37	9	-	-				
AMUSEMENTS	67	862	43	136	x				

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE. KENT COUNTY, R. I.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of		ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
East Greenwich town: Retail trade Selected service trades	83	7, 046	72	371	31.0
	3 ⁴	276	36	31	29
Warwick: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	444	16,978	439	843	617
	7	817	6	25	x
	87	649	89	74	62
	50	402	27	39	x
West Warwick town: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	331	23,639	321	1,210	870
	15	78 ¹ 4	5	18	x
	98	812	101	103	87
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade3/ Selected service trades	130	3,477	117	197	139
	5	784	5	18	x
	20	301	21	45	39

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

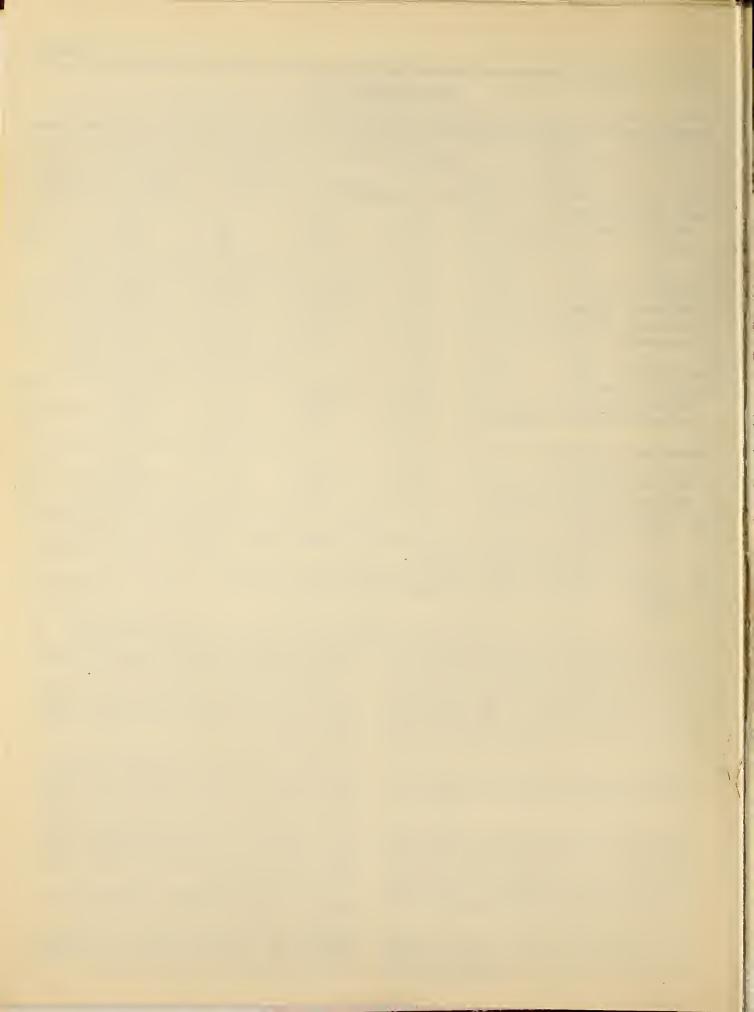
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-003

HEMPORT COUNTY, R. I.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Newport County, Rhode Island, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$42.0 million, an increase of 143 percent over the \$17.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Eusiness was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$17.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$5.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Eusiness recorded receipts totaling \$2.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.9 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 3,033 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,281 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Newport County, Rhode Island, which also includes data for the city of Newport. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Newport County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Rhode Island to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Newport County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

90579

Table 1. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP NEWPORT COUNTY, R. I.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and arms of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	766	41,957	740	2,332	1,881
Food group Eating and drinking places	208 148	14,836 4,037	212 160	581 554	4 <i>5</i> 3 439
General merchandise grp, general stores Apparel group	18 69	2,195 2,752	13 59	210 131	149 107
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp. Automotive group.	34 25	1,653 5,012	30 15	92 155	87 153
Gasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group	77	2,354 2,292	78 17	110	90
Drug and proprietary stores	25 140	1,541 5,285	29 127	108	67 214
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	35	17,780	37	309	X
Merchant wholesalers	28	10,752	36	252	x
Other wholesale	7	7,028	1	57	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	212	2,234	213	392	370
Personal servicesBusiness services	146	1,525	140	313	29 ⁸
Automotive repairs and services Other repair services	36 24	428 200	40 28	51 20	48 16
HOTELS	27	1,140	24	142	119
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	9	35	11	1	1
AMUSEMENTS	20	769	15	158	x

Not available. x

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. 2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

NEWPORT COUNTY, R. I.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	City and trade group 1 Number of estab-lishments lishments etors of unincorpor business		Active propri- etors of	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group			businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Newport: Retail trade Selected service trades Amusements	496	30,776	461	1,651	1,388	
	165	1,959	163	352	335	
	9	612	2	111	x	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps Amusements	270	11,181	279	681	493	
	47	275	50	40	35	
	9	35	11	1	1	
	11	157	13	47	x	

x Not available.

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1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Cenaus.—The 1948 Censns of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

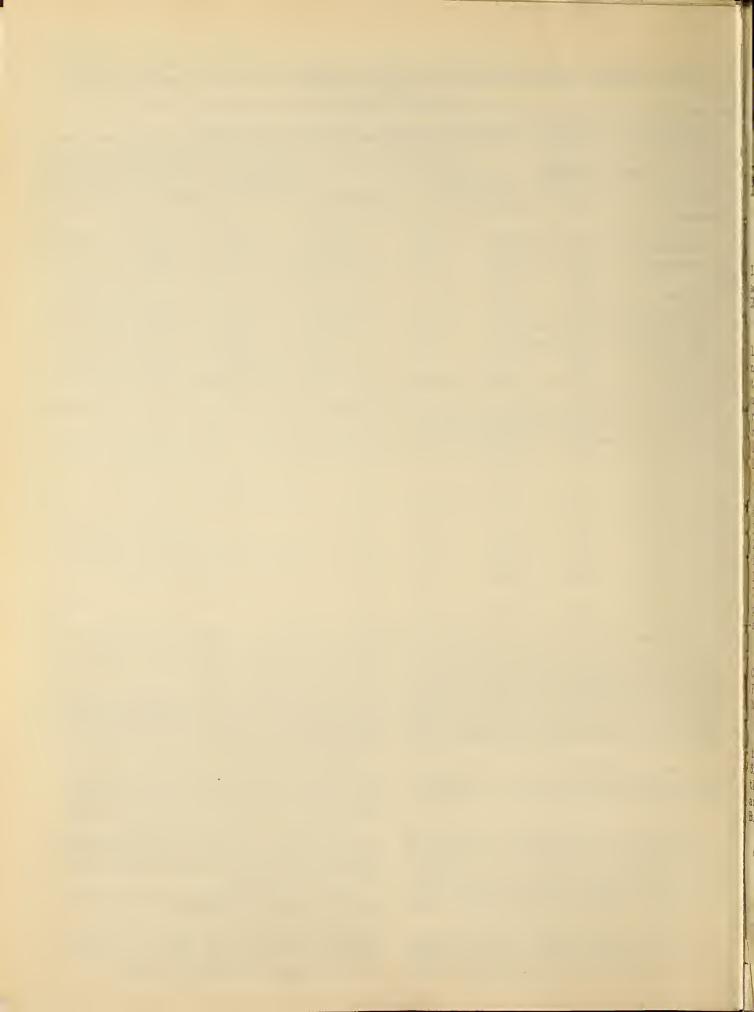
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors. :. " represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-004

PROVIDENCE COUNTY, R. I.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Providence County, Rhode Island, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$559.6 million, an increase of 152 percent over the \$221.9 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 197 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$682.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$230.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$39.0 million in 1948 compared with \$16.6 million in 1939. Hotel receipts moved from \$2.6 million in 1939 to \$6.0 million in 1948. Amusement businesses in the county recorded receipts of \$16.4 million in 1948. No comparable figures for 1939 are available.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 31,535 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 25,193 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable figures for 1939 were 26,090 and 20,254. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 10,198 full— and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 7,203 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 5,949; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 5,020.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Providence County, Rhode Island. The report also contains data for Burrillville town, Central Falls, Cranston, Cumberland town, East Providence town, Johnston town, Lincoln town, North Providence town, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Providence County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Rhode Island to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Providence County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

90592

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP PROVIDENCE COUNTY, R. I.

			<u> </u>		
Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended . 15, 1948
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	7,539	559,607	6,985	31,535	25,193
Food group Eating and drinking places	2,239 1,493	142,455 45,222	2,155 1,501	5,186 5,543	3,695
General merchandise grp, general stores.	200	66,155	160	6,511	4,455 5,249
Apparel group	623	60,319		3,971	2,942
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	377	30,052		1,938	1,819
Automotive group	276	79,557	197	2,189	2,032
Gasoline service stations	727	21,156	790	758	618
Lumber-building-hardware group	220	28,988	179	1,366	1,238
Drug and proprietary stores	283	20,520 65,183	246 974	1,345 2,728	796 2,349
ATT Office regate booles	1,101	0,200	//4	2, 120	~9,547
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	1,036	682,191	609	10,198	x
Merchant wholesalers	860	327,958	557	7,679	x
Groceries, foods	157	75,091	129	1,332	x
Dry goods, apparel	48	13,304	33	179	x
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g, and heat'g.	75	38,557	32	1,078	x
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies.	123	25,776	61	1,035	X
Waste materials dealers	68	17,479	64 238	439	X
All other merchant wholesalers)09	157,751	2,50	3,616	x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices	100	194,129	2	1,596	x
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	45	63,149	37	156	X
Other wholesale	31	96,955	13	767	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	3,071	39,015	3,029	5,949	5,258
Personal services	2,141	23,409	2,129	3,958	3,533
Business services	188	6,228	146	919	743
Automotive repairs and services	393	5,825	389	684	631
Other repair services	349	3,553	365	388	351
HOTELS	29	6,028	17	1,053	1,013
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	6	14	6	1	œ
AMUSEMENTS	174	16,369	98	2,248	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. 2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Page 3
Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

PROVIDENCE COUNTY, R. I.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of		es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trace group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees
Burrillville town: Retail trade Selected service trades	127	5,277	113	244	191
	29	241	29	38	38
Central Falls: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	322	12,028	317	480	334
	18	4,3 8 1	16	124	x
	117	1,120	120	203	180
Cranston: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	431	24,866	418	1,103	856
	15	6,340	11	118	x
	139	1,321	145	171	151
Cumberland town: Retail trade Selected service trades	116 24	3,313 173	118 25	161 13	124
East Providence town: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	328	24,120	317	1,024	808
	29	47,577	10	515	x
	119	1,203	118	174	166
	40	448	18	66	x
Johnston town: Retail trade Selected service trades	111	3,379 455	113 28	1 <i>5</i> 0 67	112 61
Lincoln town: Retail trade Selected service trades	101 29	3,918 237	109 28	409 34	338 33
North Providence town: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	164	7,661	162	370	294
	5	687	2	17	x
	47	338	48	44	42
Pawtucket: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	1,022	88,668	936	4,820	3,535
	74	37,388	43	769	x
	438	4,692	439	747	642
Providence: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	3,823	325,027	3,500	19,434	16,126
	798	551,819	453	8,049	x
	1,791	26,744	1,749	4,139	3,667
	57	6,300	35	827	x

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

PROVIDENCE COUNTY, R. I. - Continued

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group establishments		(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Woonsocket: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	750	51,499	648	2,861	2,135	
	77	24,977	60	430	x	
	283	2,244	276	292	245	
	16	865	8	233	x	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	244	9,851	234	479	340	
	25	247	24	27	24	

x Not available.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Census. However, "castom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-38-005

WASHINGTON COUNTY, R. I.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Washington County, Rhode Island, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$37.6 million, an increase of 172 percent over the \$13.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,094 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,339 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Washington County, Rhode Island, which also includes data for Westerly town. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Washington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Rhode Island to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single lopy of the preliminary release for Washington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 125. D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WASHINGTON COUNTY, R. I.

		Number of and receipts		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	646	37,557	614	1,854	1,436
Food group	161	11,352	153	357	265
Eating and drinking places	147	3,067	145	425	288
General merchandise grp, general stores	21	2,583	14	223	158
Apparel group	45	1,899	38	91	78
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	24	2,035	15	106	104
Automotive group	35 90	4,513	32	151 84	141 66
Gasoline service stations		2,538	103		
Lumber-building-hardware group	23	3,867	21	191 84	152 64
Drug and proprietary stores	15	1,307	17		
All other retail stores	85	4,396	76	142	120
WHOLESALE TRADE	14	3,047	3	96	ж
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	124	1,199	127	144	122
Personal services	86	731	85	104	91
All other service trades	38	468	42	40	31
HOTELS	29 18	675 104	28 26	26 11	23 10
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	10	104		chicale	

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE WASHINGTON COUNTY, R. I.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 2	Full workweek employees	
Westerly town: Retail trade Selected service trades Hotels	245 65 15	18,448 622 395	215 70 16	958 95 14	755 81 13	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades Hotels	401 59 14	19,109 577 280	399 57 12	896 49	681 41 10	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid wirectly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fn11 workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.





SOUTH CAROLINA

counties

SOUTH CAROLINA

1.	Abbeville
2.	Aiken
3.	Allendale
4.	Anderson
5.	Bamberg
6.	Barnwell
7.	Beaufort
8.	Berkeley
9.	Calhoun
10.	Charleston
11.	Cherokee
12.	Chester
13.	Chesterfield
14.	Clarendon
15.	Colleton
16.	Darlington
17.	Dillon
18.	Dorchester
19.	Edgefield
20.	Fairfield
21.	Florence
22.	Georgetown
23.	Greenville

24.	Greenwood
25.	Hampton
26.	Horry
27.	Jasper
28.	Kershaw
29.	Lancaster
30.	Laurens
31.	Lee
32.	Lexington
33.	McCormick
34.	Marion
35.	Marlboro
36.	Newberry
37.	Oconee
38.	Grangeburg
39.	Pickens
40.	Richland
41.	Saluda
42.	Spartanburg
43.	Sumter
44.	Union
45.	Williamsburg
46.	Tork



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-000

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SOUTH CAROLINA

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the State during 1948 aggregated \$1,141,200,000, an increase of 244 percent over the \$332,200,000 sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the State showed a 234 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$991,600,000 in 1948 as compared with \$297,200,000 in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$57,900,000 in 1948 compared with \$15,700,000 in 1939. Hotel receipts moved from \$3,700,000 in 1939 to \$9,400,000 in 1948. Amusement businesses in the State recorded receipts of \$12,400,000 in 1948 compared with \$4,900,000 in 1939.

Employment in the State also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 63,874 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 49,965 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 43,997 and 33,113. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 13,725 full- and part-week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 8,892 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 13,980; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 8,135.

These preliminary figures have been compiled from similar releases being made available for each county in South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for South Carolina, will be included in a State Bulletin to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available in preliminary and final form for each of the States.

A single copy of the preliminary release for the State of South Carolina as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

SOUTH CAROLINA

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
		dollars)	Nov. 1948	employees1	employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	20,948	1,141,201	19,192	63,874	49,965
Food group	7,802 2,747 1,405	276,927 44,947 156,472	7,388 2,748 1,044	10,466 6,663 14,272	7,135 5,419 8,994
Apparel group	931 917	77,052	768 756	4,582 4,155	3,394 3,907
Automotive group	1,046 2,519 718	208,865 67,525 92,451	855 2,495 603	7,505 3,859 4,883	7,224 3,121 4,420
Drug and proprietary stores	561 2,302	35,097 110,075	489 2,046	2,905 4,584	2,426 3,925
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	1,598	991,602	1,056	13,725	х
Merchant wholesalers, total	890 175 76 33 9	461,138 116,417 33,392 14,734 1,089 15,844	573 129 71 29 9	9,791 2,214 1,087 202 36 893	x x x x
Electrical merchandise	36 41 39 121 257	24,887 37,953 21,740 39,844 155,238	17 11 19 60 174	438 768 512 1,314 2,327	x x x x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices Petroleum bulk plants, terminals Agents, brokers (merchandise) Assemblers of farm products	111 339 157 101	101,658 126,127 230,152 72,527	220 168 95	1,440 1,507 528 459	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, total	4,541	57,879	4,502	13,980	12,748
Personal services	2,829 112 1,047 553	36,956 2,910 12,576 5,437	2,765 84 1,090 563	10,997 505 1,805 673	10,048 440 1,677 583
HOTELS	183	9,381	147	2,283	2,138
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	173	1,648	165	228	207
AMUSEMENTS	491	12,398	345	1,845	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-001

ABBEVILLE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Abbeville County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.2 million, an increase of 268 percent over the \$2.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$276,000 in 1948 compared with \$105,000 in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.0 million in 1948, a decrease from the \$1.3 million reported in 1939.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 488 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 370 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Abbeville County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Abbeville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Abbeville County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Abbeville County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP ABBEVILLE, COUNTY, S. C.

Number of establishments							
Total workweek w	Trade group and kind of business				proprie- tors of	workweek ended	
Food group					porated businesses	employees1	workweek
Eating and drinking places	RETAIL TRADE, total		234	9,213	233	413	308
Eating and drinking places	Food group		87	2,739	93	82	50
General merchandise grp, general stores 15 1,063 11 69 39 Apparel group			24	433	27	34	26
Apparel group 7 468 8 22 12 Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp 10 837 5 34 33 Automotive group 10 1,179 13 57 57 Gasoline service stations 45 502 46 21 17 Lumber-building-hardware group 12 896 10 44 38 Drug and proprietary stores 7 336 6 28 19 All other retail stores 17 760 14 22 17 WHOLESALE TRADE 6 989 6 15 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total 34 276 36 60 55 Personal services 25 197 26 53 48 All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7	General merchandise grp, general stores		15	1,063	11	69	39
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp 10 837 5 34 33 Automotive group		1	7	468	8	22	12
Automotive group			10	837	5	34	33
Gasoline service stations 45 502 46 21 17 Lumber-building-hardware group 12 896 10 44 38 Drug and proprietary stores 7 336 6 28 19 All other retail stores 17 760 14 22 17 WHOLESALE TRADE 6 989 6 15 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total 34 276 36 60 55 Personal services 25 197 26 53 48 All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7			10	1,179	13	57	57
Drug and proprietary stores			45	502	46	21	17
Drug and proprietary stores 7 336 6 28 19 All other retail stores 17 760 14 22 17 WHOLESALE TRADE 6 989 6 15 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total 34 276 36 60 55 Personal services 25 197 26 53 48 All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7	Lumber-building-hardware group		12	896	10	44	38
All other retail stores 17 760 14 22 17 WHOLESALE TRADE 6 989 6 15 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total 34 276 36 60 55 Personal services 25 197 26 53 48 All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7			7	336	6	28	19
WHOLESALE TRADE 6 989 6 15 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total 34 276 36 60 55 Personal services 25 197 26 53 48 All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7	All other retail stores		17	760	14	22	17
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total			6	989	6	15	x
Personal services	SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total		34	276	36	60	55
All other service trades 9 79 10 7 7	Personal services		25	197		53	48
	All other service trades		9	79	10	7	7

x Not available.

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE ABBEVILLE COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Abbeville: Retail trade Selected service trades	109 19	6,359 207	10 <i>5</i> 20	325 45	247 42	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	125 15	2,8 <i>5</i> 4	128 16	r 88 15	61 13	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planued for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Ceusus of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Ceusus. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Ceusus publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Ceusus figures will be issued in a series of Business Ceusus bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishmeuts.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, basiness services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a cousiderable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the unmber of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returued goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishmeut.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-002

AIKEN COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Aiken County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$17.3 million, an increase of 179 percent over the \$6.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$815,000 in 1948 compared with \$215,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,039 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 789 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Aiken County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Aiken and North Augusta. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Aiken County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Aiken County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP AIKEN COUNTY, S. C.

THE VEHICLE AS STANDARD TO ANDREAD AND ASSESSED TO A STANDARD ASSESS					Martina St. Semigra Trage on Graphic States
Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1945	
frade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	503	17,337	460	814	635
Food group	201	5,388	186	154	121
Eating and drinking places	51 45	484 2,331	47 35	67 157	48 98
Apparel group	8	365	9	15	9
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.		716	16	38	33
Automotive group	20 86	2,859 1,629	20 81	118 82	112
Lumber-building-hardware group	17	1,274	15	62	68 61
Drug and proprietary stores	12	513	, 9	56 65	27
All other retail stores	49 19	1,778 6,242	42 16	76	58 x
WHOLESALE TRADE	87	815	93	149	135
Personal services	54	488	57	110	97
All other service trades	33	327	36	39	38
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	5	21	5	3	3

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE AIKEN COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Aiken: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades		8,887 5,278 525	124 8 40	494 - 52 103	380 x 95	
North Augusta: Retail trade Selected service trades	20 8	709 53	16	47 7	38 4	
Remainder of county: Retail tradeWholesale trade2/ Selected service trades	341 8 41	7,741 964 237	320 8 44	273 24 39	217 x 36	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-003

ALLENDALE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Allendale County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.1 million, an increase of 215 percent over the \$1.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$199,000 in 1948 compared with \$43,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 255 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 200 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Allendale County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Allendale County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Allendale County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP ALLENDALE COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of hypings	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	129	4,149	120	207	158	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	46 10 13 60	1,239 108 311 2,491	44 10 12 54	57 18 17 115	35 14 15 94	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	24	199	24	48	41	

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

1948 CL ÚS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

KETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-004

ANDERSON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Anderson County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$52.5 million, an increase of 255 percent over the \$14.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$20.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$9.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.7 million in 1948 compared with \$0.7 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 4,016 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,846 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Anderson County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Anderson, Williamston, and the part of the city of Honea Path located in Anderson County. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Anderson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Anderson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

ANDERSON COUNTY, S. C.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	735 247	52,475	6 62 217	3,037 527	2,424
Food group	78	12,419 1,488	81	231	198
Eating and drinking places		7,875	32	688	468
General merchandise group, general stores	39	3,327	34	248	184
Apparel groups	42	3,887	27	217	202
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance group	49	10,056	41	374	367
Automotive group	117	3,364	118	196	146
lumber-building-hardware group	24	3,066	23	209	158
Drug and proprietary stores	20	1,514	20	100	71
All other retail stores	80	5,479	69	247	220
	44	20, 359	33	381	x
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	26	13,014	17	274	x
Other types of wholesale	18	7,345	16	107	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	177	2,700	168	598	565
Personal services	114	1,770	109	` 486	455
All other service trades	63	930	59	112	110
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	5	50	6	5	5
AMUSEMENTS	23	599	17	118	X

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

ANDERSON COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of urincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
- , , ,	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Anderson:						
Retail trade	298	34,898	246	2,199	1,776	
Wholesale trade	33	15,048	24	309	х	
Selected service trades	76	1,608	69	361	348	
Honea Paths (part) Retail trade	49 13	· 2,578 87	44 12	160 24	103 23	
Williamston: Retail trade Selected service trades	43 12	1,789 249	40 14	97 56	71 54	
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade	345 11 76	13,210 5,311 756 50	332 9 73 6	581 72 157 5	474 x 140 5	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by businesa establiahmenta for that Census The figurea shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Busineaa Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a aufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail tradea; all wholesale tradea; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "cuatom tradea" and "aervicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade eatablishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establiahments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or eatabliahment. The establishment count reflects the number of placea in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipta from repaira and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." representa owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employeea, whether regular or aeasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of houra typically worked in a week by employeea of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

or Release April 6, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-005

BAMBERG COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Bamberg County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.7 million, an increase of 196 percent over the \$2.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$343,000 in 1948 compared with \$63,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 507 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 361 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bamberg County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Bamberg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bamberg County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bamberg County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BAMBERG COUNTY, S. C.

Trade record and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	emprojecs	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	202	7,703	175	396	312
Food group	49	1,626	45	75	52
Eating and drinking places	28	286	27	38	27
General merchandise grp, general stores	19	913	15	76	47
Apparel group	11	443	9	25	19
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	8	216	. 5	13	13
Automotive group	11	1,606	6	69	68
Gasoline service stations	30	603	30	32	25
Lumber-building-hardware group	13	809	13	25	22
Drug and proprietary stores	9	206	8	12	11
All other retail stores	24	995	17	31	28
WHOLESALE TRADE	10	2,281	7	39	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	50	343	49	72	63
Personal services	30	167	30	54	47
All other service trades	20	176	19	18	16

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BAMBERG COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Offy and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars) unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Bamberg: Retail trade Selected service trades	79	3,433	72	204	153	
	18	155	16	33	29	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	123	4,270	103	192	159	
	32	188	33	39	34	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports aubmitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trsdes; all service trades in the following four groups—personsl aervicea, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered see radio brosdcssting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "custom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 dats, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, s business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for s wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locationa, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 ssles and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude asles and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of psid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nesrest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employeea, whether regular or seasonal, sre those who in the November 15 pay period were psid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-006

BARNWELL COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Barnwell County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.1 million, an increase of 143 percent over the \$2.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$225,000 in 1948 compared with \$109,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the wholesale and service trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 88 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 63 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939. Retail establishments reported 244 paid employees for the November 15, 1948 workweek, a decrease from the 262 paid employees reported for the same week in 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Barnwell County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Barnwell County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Barnwell County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BARNWELL COUNTY, S. C.

The decrease and bind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov, 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	194	5,126	177	244	181
Food group	70	1,315	62	57	36
Eating and drinking places	20	139	18	19	12
General merchandise grp, general stores.	25	955	18	47	28
Apparel group		ided with ".	All other	r retail	stores"
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	8	205	1 6	14	14
Automotive group	9	856	10	24	24
Gasoline service stations	32	472	29	21	17
Lumber-building-hardware group	8	475	10	18	14
Drug and proprietary stores	6	195	8	15	11
All other retail stores	16	514	16	29	25
WHOLESALE TRADE	6	1,866	2	42	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2 total	38	225	35	46	33
Personal services	25	138	22	37	25
All other service trades	13	87	13	9	8
AMUSEMENTS	6	33	3	5	x

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Cenaus.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to iuclude only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were iu excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Ensiness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the unmber of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the eud of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-007

BEAUFORT COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Beaufort County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.7 million, an increase of 288 percent over the \$2.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$266,000 in 1948 compared with \$63,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 542 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 298 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Beaufort County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Beaufort. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Beaufort County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Beaufort County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BEAUFORT COUNTY, S. C.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	192	9,727	195	482	410
Food group	71	2,655	72	70	58
Eating and drinking places	28	548	25	85	69
General merchandise grp, general stores.	29	1,570	32	113	80
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	9	499	13	23	22
Automotive group	8	2,200	6	84	84
Gasoline service stations	13	468	13	29	26
Lumber-building-hardware group	7	647	7	36	35
All other retail stores	27	1,140	27	42	36
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	35	266	30	60	58
Personal service	21	165	18	44	43
All other service trades	14	101	12	16	15

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE BEAUFORT COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Beaufort: Retail trade Selected service trades	83 27	6,947 207	89 22	379 50	324 48	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	109	2,780 59	106	103	86 10	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Ensiness Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of basiness companies or organizations, since the Censas figures represent information reported separately for each basiness location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multimait organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-008

BERKELEY COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Berkeley County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.9 million, an increase of 263 percent over the \$1.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$296,000 in 1948 compared with \$50,000 in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$0.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 346 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 281 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Berkeley County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Berkeley County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Berkeley County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

BERKELEY COUNTY, S. C.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	226	6,890	211	277	226
Food group		2,371			27
Eating and drinking places		146		5/1	23
General merchandise grp, general stores.		1,078			30
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.		389		24	
Automotive group		1,389		· .	_
Gasoline service stations		191		. 6	, 2
Lumber-building-hardware group		522		47	46
All other retail stores	20	804	17	39	33
WHOLESALE TRADE	5	854	4	16	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	33	296	32	53	50

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-11 39-009

CALHOUN COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Calhoun County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.2 million, an increase of 133 percent over the \$1.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$82,000 in 1948 compared with \$69,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 316 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 265 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Calhoun County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Calhoun County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Calhoun County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CALHOUN COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948					
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars) unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948		Total employees 1	Full workweek employees					
RETAIL TRADE, total	121	4,155	120	221	141				
Food group	69 5 11 36	1,223 50 239 2,643	64 5 13 38	42 11 8 160	26 8 6 101				
WHOLESALE TRADE	10	4,074	9	80	х				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	18	82	20	15	12				

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-010

CHARLESTON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Charleston County,

South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to

1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today

by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$112.8 million, an increase of 244 percent over the \$32.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$103.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$36.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$6.3 million in 1948 compared with \$1.9 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 10,790 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 7,030 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Charleston County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Charleston. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Charleston County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Charleston County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

CHARLESTON COUNTY, S. C.

					200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	1,825	112,776	1,698	6,910	5,692
Food group	648 314 62 124 78 52 169 58	29,518 5,581 11,209 10,120 7,305 20,771 5,433 8,364 3,870	626 319 41 111 79 32 168 45 43	1,204 987 1,095 613 476 686 347 591 399	898 808 797 481 464 673 297 512 314
All other retail stores	263	10,605	234	512	448
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	182	103,259	122	2,324	X
Merchant wholesalers, total	135 35 9 14 24 9	64,452 24,706 2,282 8,210 6,381 1,441 21,432	95 29 16 6 9 6 29	1,880 696 45 192 267 86 594	x x x x x x x
Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesalers	17 30	6,750 32,057	17 10	61 383	x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total	454	6,275	418	1,556	1,432
Personal services	283 17 84 70	4,125 347 992 811	263 12 74 69	1,189 65 179 123	1,117 59 167 89
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	21	201	16	26	25
AMUSEMENTS	33	1,433	25	216	x

x Not available,

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. -- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

CHARLESTON COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales Active propri- etors of		ended nearest Nov. 15, 194		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Charleston: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	1,098	87,721	995	5,595	4,620	
	155	79,277	110	1,983	x	
	320	5,004	292	1,236	1,141	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps.	727	25,055	703	1,315	1,072	
	27	23,982	12	341	x	
	134	1,271	126	320	291	
	21	201	16	26	25	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

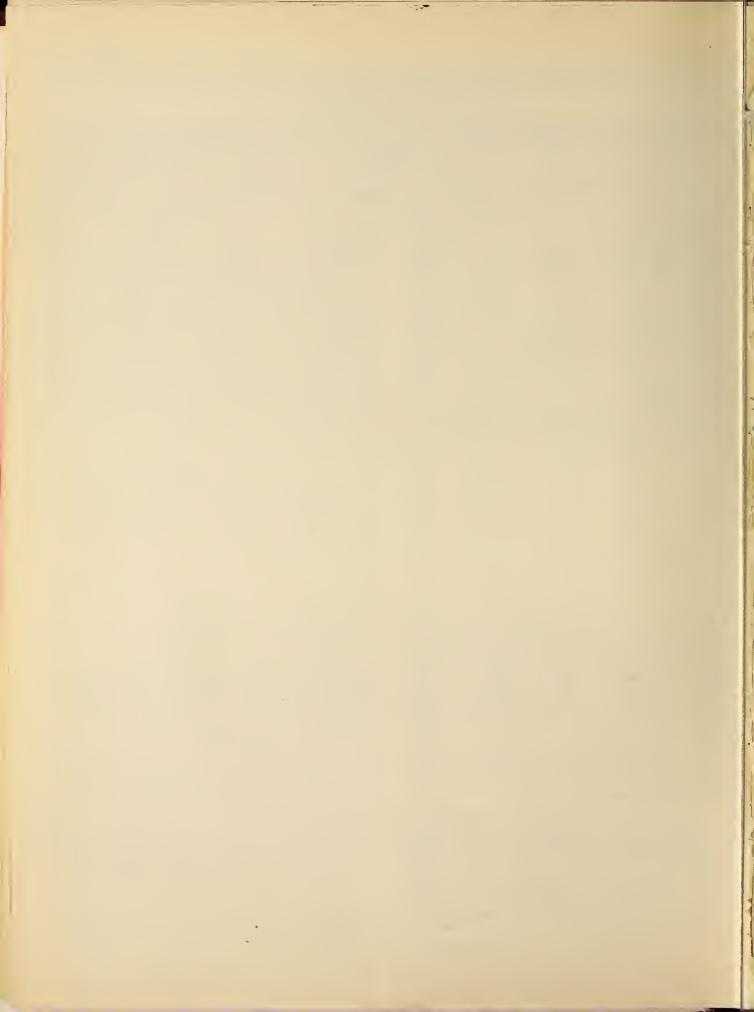
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-011

CHEROKEE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Cherokee County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.6 million, an increase of 232 percent over the \$4.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$833,000 in 1948 compared with \$202,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,202 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 831 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Cherokee County. South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Gaffney. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Cherokee County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Cherokee County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census. Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CHEROKEE COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of and receipts un		Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business			unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	304	14,639	272	795	562	
Food group	111	4,053	108	131	80	
Eating and drinking places	43	646	45	45	33	
General merchandise group, general stores	14	1,793	6	211	121	
Apparel group	15	893	13	51	36	
Furniture-home furnishings- appliance group	18	1,132	17	59	50	
Automotive group	16	1,943	า่า	71	66	
Gasoline service stations	39	1,026	32	60	49	
Lumber-building-hardware group.	8 5	1,170 385	4	61	48 26	
Drug and proprietary stores All other retail stores	35	1,598	32	37 69	53	
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	4,463	17	111	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	69	833	77	296	281	
Personal services	45	673	48	181	168	
All other service trades	24	160	. 29	115	113	
AMUSEMENTS	9	268	6	46	X	

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE CHEROKEE COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group^1 .	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Gaffney: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	173	11,896	153	678	472	
	11	3,936	12	101	x	
	48	702	53	176	164	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade2 Selected service trades	131	2,743	119	117	90	
	5	527	5	10	x	
	21	131	24	120	117	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The fignres shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Fusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fall workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

BETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-012

CHESTER COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Chester County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.6 million, an increase of 225 percent over the \$5.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$671,000 in 1948 compared with \$202,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,108 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 902 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Chester County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Chester. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Chester County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Chester County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CHESTER COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	279	16,562	259	777	574
Food group	111	5,217	100	157	111
Eating and drinking places	29	514		56	36
General merchandise grp, general stores.	15	1,842	10	200	111
Apparel group	13	999	10	56	43
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	10	939		44	42
Automotive group	17	2,483		79	70
Gasoline service stations		1,299		58	46
Lumber-building-hardware group	13	1,418		47	46
Drug and proprietary stores	6	452		31	26
All other retail stores	28	1,399	27	49	43
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	9,312	14	173	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	59	671	60	158	1.53
Personal services		469	39	132	127
All other service trades	20	202		26	26
AMJSEMENTS	7	128	6	13	х

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

CHESTER COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Office and trade group.	lishments (Thousand dollars) businesses Nov. 1948		Total 2/	Full workweek employees		
Chester: Retail trade Selected service trades		10,911 545	1 22 39	597 126	439 122	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades		5,651 126	137 21	180 32	135 31	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Businesa. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishmenta for that Census The figures ahown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buainesa Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Business covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeaale tradea; all service tradea in the following four groupa—peraonal services, business services, automobile repairs and aervices, and miacellaneous repair aervicea; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusementa, including motion picture theatera. Some important services not covered are radio broadcaating and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "cuatom tradea" and "aervices incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the aervice tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual salea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholeaale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establiahmenta" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents salea of merchandiae and receipts from repaira and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned gooda and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salea and excise taxea collected from customera and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-013

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Chesterfield County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$15.4 million, an increase of 267 percent over the \$4.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.3 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$437,000 in 1948 compared with \$132,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 993 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 607 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Chesterfield County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Cheraw. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Chesterfield County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Chesterfield County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CHESTERFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweek nearest No	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Totai employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	341	15,424	323	825	.580
Food group	121	3,276	119	141	92
Eating and drinking places	24	426	25	67	46
General merchandise grp, general stores	21	1,791	15	203	90
Apparel group	19	707	20	51	31
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	14	755	10	36	34
Automotive group	28	3,527	33	137	130
Gasoline service stations	48	1,295	38	67	54
Lumber-building-hardware group	14	1,214	16	36	33
Drug and proprietary stores	14	493	14	34	29
All other retail stores	38	1,940	33	53	41
WHOLESALE TRADE	17	7,369	11	50	×
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/total	50	437	49	118	106
Personal services	37	360	38	114	102
All other service trades	13	77	11	4	4

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1946 Sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Cheraw: Retail trade Selected service trades	94	5,911	89	352	259	
	22	205	20	60	55	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	247	9,513	234	473	321	
	28	232	29	58	51	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of homs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-014

CLARENDON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Clarendon County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.9 million, an increase of 197 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts

totaling \$243,000 in 1948. compared with \$47,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 488 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 405 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Clarendon County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Clarendon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Clarendon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CLARENDON COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of and receipts		Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	188	8,901	185	441	321	
Food group	67	2,164	67	90	57	
Eating and drinking places	8	134	7	19	13	
General merchandise group,	21	1,680	25	93	43	
general stores Furniture-home furnishings-	. 34	1,000	35	72	43	
appliance group	, 5	199	6	10	8	
Automotive group	16	2,037	12	79	78	
Gasoline service stations	23	854	24	61	47	
Lumber-building-hardware group.	7	538	6	31	30	
Drug and proprietary stores	6	267	8	24	16	
All other retail stores	22	1,028	20	34	29	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	19	243	20	47	45	

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-015

COLLETON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Colleton County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.7 million, an increase of 255 percent over the \$3.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$455,000 in 1948 compared with \$92,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 812 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 597 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Colleton County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Walterboro. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Colleton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Colleton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

COLLETON COUNTY, S. C.

Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
273	11,659	258	659	548
83	2,170	75	66	56
25	605	23	112	96
54	1,801	52	114	67
14	951	15	68	44
9	591	9	31	30
10	2,314	12		96
34	828	29	54	50
11	1,201	11	44	42
7	501	6	47	42
26	697	26	27	25
10	3,334	8	55	x
39	455	35	98	93
23	282	21	86	84
16	173	14	12	9
17	149	19	18	17
	273 83 25 54 14 9 10 34 11 7 26 10 39 23	Number of estab- lishments (Thousand dollars) 273 11,659 83 2,170 25 605 54 1,801 14 951 9 591 10 2,314 34 828 11 1,201 7 501 26 697 10 3,334 39 455 23 282 16 173	Number of establishments 1948 sales and receipts proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948 273 11,659 258 83 2,170 75 25 605 23 54 1,801 52 14 951 15 9 591 9 10 2,314 12 34 828 29 11 1,201 11 7 501 6 697 26 697 10 3,334 8 39 455 35 23 282 21 16 173 14	Number of establishments 1948 sales and receipts proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948 workween nearest Nov. 1948 273 11,659 258 659 83 2,170 75 66 25 605 23 112 54 1,801 52 114 14 951 15 68 9 591 9 31 10 2,314 12 96 34 828 29 54 11 1,201 11 44 7 501 6 47 26 697 26 27 10 3,334 8 55 39 455 35 98 23 282 21 86 16 173 14 12

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

COLLETON COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments (Thousand Nov. 1948	businesses	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Walterboro: Retail trade Selected service trades	118 29	8,492 377	105 26	553 93	441 91	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	1 <i>55</i> 10	3,167 78	153 9	126 5	107	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-016

DARLINGTON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Darlington County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$25.1 million, an increase of 249 percent over the \$7.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$15.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$5.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,922 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,274 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Darlington County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Darlington and Hartsville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Darlington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Darlington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DARLINGTON COUNTY, S. C.

					The state of the s
	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	612	25,113	603	1,458	1.056
Food group	268	6,556	267	285	160
Eating and drinking places	91	887	102	124	94
General merchandise grp, general stores	28	4,901	15	410	229
Apparel group	12	414	16	22	9
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	24	1,198	28	69	60
Automotive group	29	3,813	27	146	144
Gasoline service stations	54	1,215	48	88	75
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	2,254	12	139	134
Drug and proprietary stores	10	630	11	39	34
All other retail stores	80	3,245	77	136	117
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	32	15,726	29	194	х
Merchant wholesalers	14	6,912	8	112	x
Other types of wholesalers	18	8,814	21	82	х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	127	1,059	136	270	222
Personal services	74	682	81	212	177
All other service trades	53	377	55	58	45
AMUSEMENTS	14	353	10	47	X

Not available.

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
of the trade group	lishments (Thousand dollars) thintorporated businesses Nov. 1948		Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees		
Darlington:		,				
Retail trade	162	7,808	149	482	330	
Wholesale trade	13	7,697	15	112	ж	
Selected service trades	48	351	52	84	63	
	·					
Hartsville:						
Retail trade	156	12,282	155	801	604	
Wholesale trade	14	6,902	10	68	x	
Selected service trades	50	513	54	155	139	
Remainder of county: 2/						
Retail trade	294	5,023	299	175	122	
Wholesale trade	5	1,127	4	14	x	
Selected service trades	29	195	30	31	20	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previons Business Censnses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; botels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fn11 workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-017

DILLON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Dillon County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.0 million, an increase of 242 percent over the \$3.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$13.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$6.2 in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$492,000 in 1948 compared with \$100,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,039 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 668 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Dillon County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Dillon. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Dillon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Dillon County as well as an order plank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DILLON COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cimpadycoo	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	314	12,975	313	775	532	
Food group	118	3,317	119	141	73	
Eating and drinking places	44	361	43	48	35	
General merchandise grp, general stores	12	1,349	8	139	69	
Apparel group	15	803	14	69	37	
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	13	690	12	34	27	
Automotive group	15	2,132	11	108	108	
Gasoline service stations	37	678	. 38	31	27	
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	1,765	16	109	89	
Drug and proprietary stores	6	3 58	6	35	31	
All other retail stores	39	1,522	46	61	36	
WHOLESALE TRADE	20	12,999	191	145	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	62	492	68	119	102	
Personal services	40	320	45	98	84	
All other service trades	22	172	23	21	18	
AMUSEMENTS	12	205	8	28	x	

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

DILLON COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Dillon: Retail trade Selected service trades	144	8;073	131	518	380	
	38	378	42	96	83	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	170	4,902	182	257	1 <i>5</i> 2	
	24	114	26	23	- 19	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-018

DORCHESTER COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Dorchester County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.7 million, an increase of 263 percent over the \$2.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$372,000 in 1948 compared with \$58,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 498 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 328 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Dorchester County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Summerville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Dorchester County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Dorchester County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

DORCHESTER COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	270	8,679	246	381	299
Food group	110	2,673	103	93	59
Eating and drinking places	28	206	24	30	21
General merchandise grp, general stores.	33	1,227	33	53	38
Apparel group	8	4,50	8	23	15
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	7	350	8	27	27
Automotive group	9	1,370	3	52	50
Gasoline service stations	34	785	32	37	31
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	545	7	22	20
Drug and proprietary stores	7	321	5	28	23
All other retail stores	24	752	23	. 16	15
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	1,317	4	31	х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	42	372	42	86	85
Personal services	23	237	23	77	77
All other service trades	19	135	19	9	8
AMUSEMENTS	9	117	9	19	х

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

DORCHESTER COUNTY, S. C. (Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Summerville: Retail trade Selected service trades	74 13	4,088 184	63 [†] 11	217	180 57	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades		4,591 188	183 31	164 29	119 28	

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-019

EDGEFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Edgefield County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.3 million, an increase of 215 percent over the \$2.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$216,000 in 1948 compared with \$57,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 320 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 208 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Edgefield County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Edgefield County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Edgefield County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP EDGEFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business		(Thousand dollars)		Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	179	6,315	181	275	212
Food group	76	1,692	73	51	34
Eating and drinking places	11	123	11	18	13
General merchandise grp general stores. Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	14	675 208	13 4	54 18	33 14
Automotive group	14	1,395	18	35	33
Gasoline service stations	23	359	24	19	16
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	1,002	12	38 18	36 14
Drug and proprietary stores	5 19	208 653	20	24	19
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	39	216	38	45	35
Personal services	24	125	23	32	24
All other service trades	15	91	15	13	11

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUNEAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series UC-11-39-020

FAIRFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Fairfield County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade-from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.5 million, an increase of 188 percent over the \$2.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$230,000 in 1948 compared with \$84,000 in 1939. Wholesales sales in the county reached a total of \$1.8 million in 1948. No comparable figures for 1939 are available.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the retail and service trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 449 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 351 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939. Wholesale establishments reported 29 paid employees for the November 15, 1948 workweek.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Fairfield County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Winnsboro. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Fairfield County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Fairfield County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FAIRFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	'Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	eaded .
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	192	7,531	178	387	297
Food group	60	1,843	57	68	50
Eating and drinking places	27	394	26	41	35
General merchandise grp, general stores.	36	2,168	29	137	82
Apparel group	8	281	10	9	5
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	7	231	5	11	10
Automotive group	11	1,221	6	47	45
Gasoline service stations	16	370	20	22	21
Lumber-building-hardware group	6	322		19	17
Drug and proprietary stores	5	225		20	20
All other retail stores	16	476	15	13	12
WHOLESALE TRADE	8	1,843	6	29	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	34	230	33	62	54
AMUSEMENTS	5	81	3	13	x

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales			ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trace group	lishments (Thousand dollars) businesses Nov. 1948	businesses	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Winnsboro: Retail trade Selected service trades Amusements	82 23 5	4,811 206 81	68 22 3	297 59 13	214 51 x
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	110 11	2,720 24	110	90	83 3

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1936, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

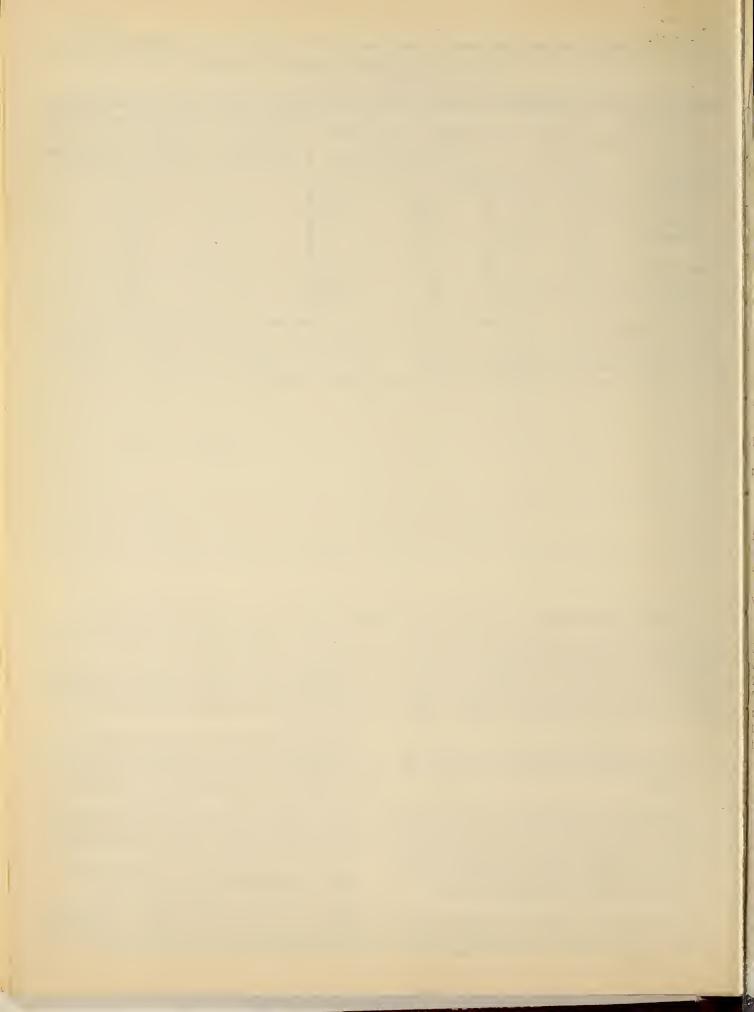
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-021

FLORENCE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Florence County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$50.1 million, an increase of 243 percent over the \$14.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county related a total of \$70.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$17.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.4 million in 1948 compared with \$0.6 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 4,311 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,802 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Florence County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Florence and Lake City. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Florence County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Florence County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FLORENCE COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	k ended
Trace group and kind or business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	1,032	50,099	961	3,054	2,386
Food group	396 144 40 67 55 42 99 39	11,401 1,954 7,726 4,581 3,049 8,334 2,993 3,752 1,197	387 149 16 60 53 25 98 36 21	440 317 818 305 160 342 187 159	283 275 542 215 141 330 157 156 102
All other retail stores	125	5,112 70,161	116	216 698	185
Merchant wholesalers	46 10 5 31	18,528 8,631 1,034 8,863	30 9 3 18	407 207 41 159	x x x x
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesalers	18 26 22 203	5, 993 35, 033 10,607	8 36 11	86 46 159	x x x
Personal services	117 9 50 27	1,200 134 744 369	111 9 51 26	402 14 94 49	341 13 78 47
AMUSEMENTS	27	585	14	96	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE FLORENCE COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade ${ t group}^1$	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1	
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees
Florence:					
Retail trade	421	31,053	371	2,052	1,672
Wholesale trade	59	27,116	23	521	x
Selected service trades	112	1,818	108	439	384
Lake City: Retail trade	163 32	7,551 341	141 33	439 66	317 52
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	448 53 59 8	11,495 43,045 288 103	449 62 56 5	563 177 54 16	397 x 43 x

Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5.000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

. This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1927, and 1929. 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cen-sns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

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other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

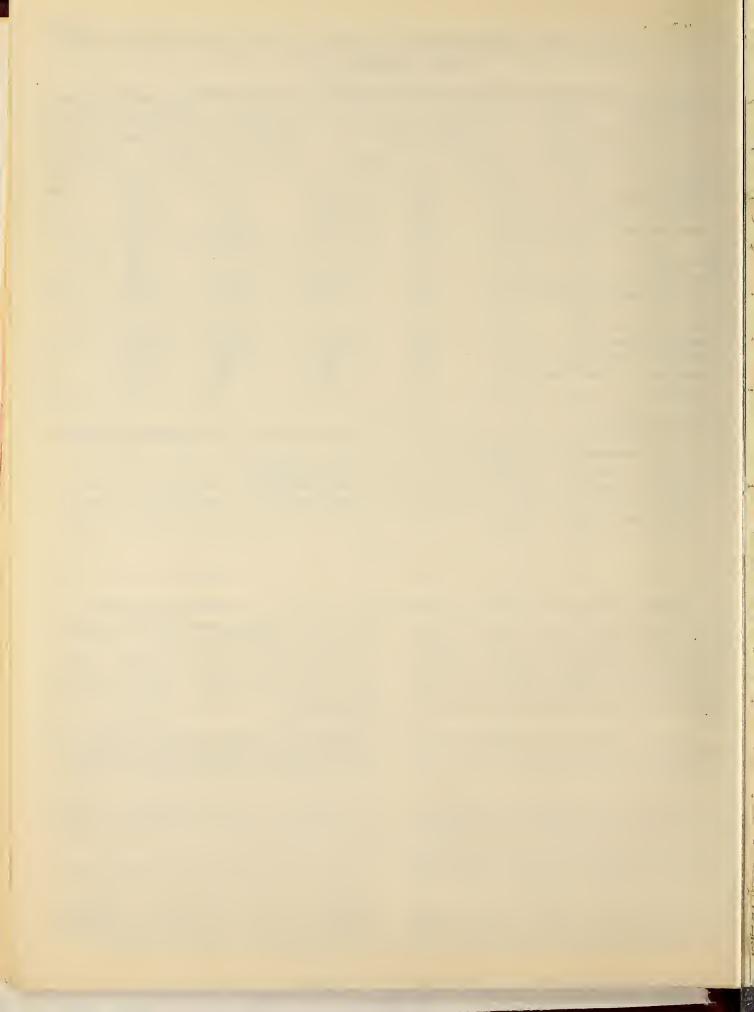
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business ness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. - "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they ex-clude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

-"Active proprietors..." represents owners and Proprietors. partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-022

GEORGETOWN COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Georgetown County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.7 million, an increase of 277 percent over the \$3.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$529,000 in 1948 compared with \$109,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 971 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 539 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Georgetown County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Georgetown. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Georgetown County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Georgetown County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washwington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

GEORGETOWN COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	348	14,723	311	762	578
Food group	142	4,345	137	152	89
Eating and drinking places	49	432	41	58	43
General merchandise grp, general stores	20	1,283	18	123	77
Apparel group	14	815	9	46	32
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	14	770	8	47	47
Automotive group	19	3,108	12	116	110
Gasoline service stations	33	957	33	65	56
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	1,100	8	61	43
Drug and proprietary stores	8	465	8	40	35
All other retail stores	39	1,448	37	54	46
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	3,273	8	75	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	62	529	58	134	123
Personal services	40	385	36	114	105
All other service trades	22	144	22	20	18
HOTELS	8	167	9	38	38

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GEORGETOWN COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948			
City and trade group	lishments businesse		lishments (Thousand Nov. 1		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Georgetown: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades.	146	10,384	. 126	548	439		
	11	2,471	2	52	x		
	39	386	36	102	93		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trade	202	4,339	185	214	139		
	7	802	6	23	x		
	23	143	22	32	30		

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Busineas covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal aervices, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair aervicea; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is aimilar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom tradea" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the aervice trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the atandard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and

"chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or aeasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

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GREENVILLE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Greenville County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$132.5 million, an increase of 251 percent over the \$37.7 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 199 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$176.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$58.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$8.4 million in 1948 compared with \$2.0 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 7,567 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 5,971 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 5,569 and 4,152. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 1,993 full— and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 1,070 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 2,052; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 1,101.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Greenville County, South Carolina. The report also contains data for the city of Greenville and the part of the city of Green located in Greenville County.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Greenville County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Greenville County is well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP GREENVILLE COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	1,494	132,545	1,292	7,567	5,971
Food group	489	28,122	451	1,150	806
Eating and drinking places	210	5,671	218	737	617
General merchandise grp, general stores.	63	19,214	29		1,407
Apparel group	77	9,339	40	543	373
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	82	9,422	55	562	539
Automotive group	104	24,661	85	669	641
Gasoline service stations	184	6,803	182		294
Lumber-building-hardware group	57	13,406	36	699	633
Drug and proprietary stores	50	4,220	40	282	250
All other retail stores	178	11,687	156	517	411
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	216	176,021	100	1,993	x
Merchant wholesalers, total	128	65,082	63	1,353	x
Groceries, foods	30	16,601	19	398	x
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heating.	. 19	15,679	6	257	x
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies	17	4,133	7	155	x
Automotive parts, accessories	13	2,761	7	189	x
All other merchant wholesalers	49	25,908	24	354	x
Manufact'rs, sales branches, offices	37	32,169	_	405	x
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	32	57,330	24	92	x
Other types of wholesale	19	21,440	13	143	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	486	8,377	466	2,052	1,863
Personal services	283	5,400	264	1,599	1,465
Business services	19	609	14	94	73
Automotive repairs and services	125	1,615	132	254	229
Other repair services	59	753	56	105	96
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	12	91	15	11	10
AMUSEMENTS	33	1,114	26	160	x

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

GREENVILLE COUNTY. S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees	
Greenville:						
Retail trade	714	89,280	569	5,315	4,267	
Wholesale trade	174	159,590	74	1,743	x	
Selected service trades	260	5,544	243	1,383	1,259	
reer: (part)						
Retail trade	106	10,039	88	692	524	
Selected service trases	37	490	30	115	93	
Remainder of county: 3/						
Retail trade	674	33,226	635	1,560	1,180	
Wholesale trade	42	16,431	26	250	x	
Selected service trades	189	2,343	193	554	511	
Tourist courts and camps	12	91	15	11	10	

: Not available.

229

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

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The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Preions Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933,
35, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered lestablishments in the following trades, as defined by the andard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of e Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all olesale trades; all service trades in the following four onps—personal services, business services, antomobile retrs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; prist counts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picton theaters. Some important services not covered are radio adcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educatial, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. ever, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transporion," which are no longer included in the standard classifiion of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cenln a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1989 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

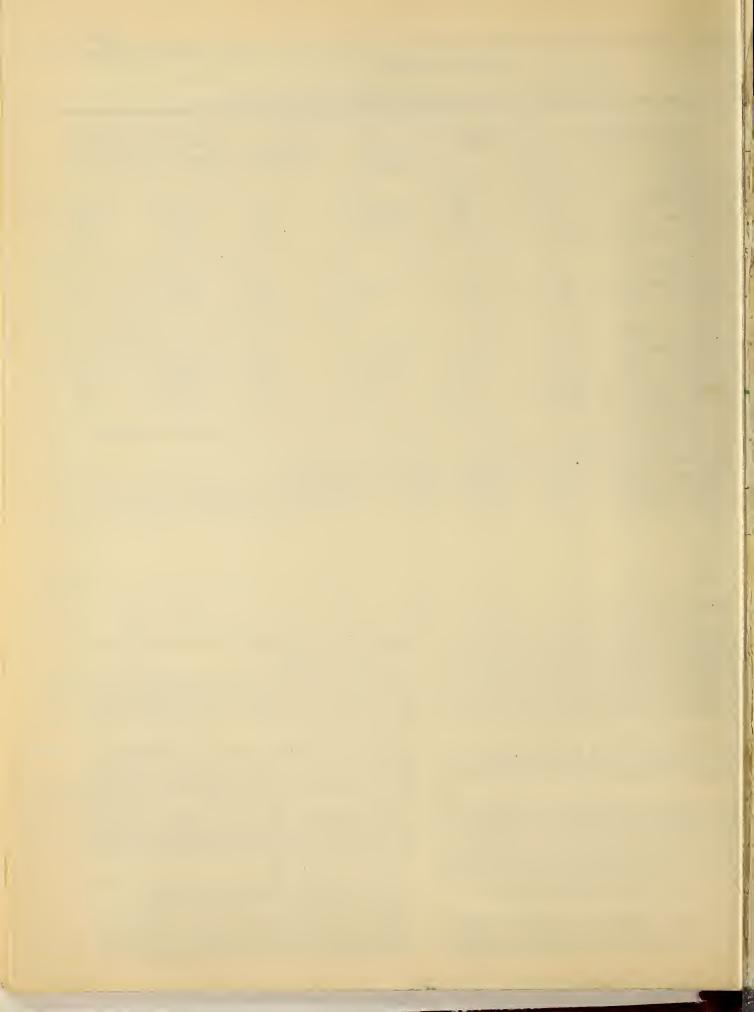
Establishment definition.—For Censns purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Censns of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-024

GREENWOOD COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Greenwood County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$30.7 million, an increase of 241 percent over the \$9.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.4 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,152 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,676 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Greenwood County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Greenwood. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Greenwood County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Greenwood County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP
GREENWOOD COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	471	30,672	406	1,671	1,338
Food group	151	7,150	136	296	205
Eating and drinking places	62	1,251	65	151	127
General merchandise grp, general stores.	23	4,214	13	350	225
Apparel group	25	1,838	18	118	80
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	26	2,310	18	121	115
Automotive group	26	5,457	20	165	164
Gasoline service stations	71	1,790	68	100	82
Lumber-building-hardware group	14	2,991	7	171	165
Drug and proprietary stores	14	1,109	14	83	73
All other retail stores	59	2,562	47	116	102
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	26	7,555	19	139	Æ.
Merchant wholesalers	15	4,076	10	94	*
Other types of wholesalers	11	3,479	9	45	2%
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	125	1,395	130	342	310
Personal services	75	927	75	289	257
All other service trades	50	468	55_	53	53

Z Not available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE GREENWOOD COUNTY. S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Greenwood: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	240	22,502	187	1,255	1,015		
	16	4,651	12	80	x		
	84	829	88	201	181		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	231	8,170	219	416	323		
	10	2,904	7	59	x		
	41	566	42	141	129		

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the aunual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fn11 workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-025

HAMPTON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hampton County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.9 million, an increase of 321 percent over the \$1.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$358,000 in 1948 compared with \$57,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 418 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 207 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hampton County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hampton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hampton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAMPTON COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	211	5,878	182	285	220
Food group	66	1,401	57	50	33
Eating and drinking places	23	143	21	15	8
General merchandise grp, general stores	36	1,009	28	66	40
Apparel group	6	87	5	5	2
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	10	266	11	11	10
Automotive group	10	1,389	11	66	65
Gasoline service stations	28	333	27	19	15
Lumber-building-hardware group	8	641	4	28	28
Drug and proprietary stores	6	198	5	14	10
All other retail stores	-18	411	13	11	9
WHOLESALE TRADE	11	2,077	10	42	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, & total	37	358	37	91	79
Personal services	, 22	208	21	74	65
All other service trades	15	150	16	17	14

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-026

HORRY COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Horry County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$28.7 million, an increase of 250 percent over the \$8.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$18.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.2 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,741 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 894 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Horry County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Conway. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Horry County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Horry County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HORRY COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	and receipte		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses	G	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	686 262 117 35 23 23 29 87 16 17 77 41 15 26 100	28,695 6,148 1,400 5,322 1,472 1,371 5,127 1,668 1,980 1,082 3,125 18,011 4,927 13,084 1,146	Nov. 1948 641 255 107 28 23 24 91 5 14 71 28 11 17	1,290 140 123 325 81 68 200 80 101 93 79 232 157 75 219	1,041 106 100 203 64 66 195 53 101 90 63 x x
Personal services	65 35 49 32 25	720 426 1,418 353 489	64 36 45 31 18	1/2 69 39 35	39 66 38 x

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

HORRY COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Conway: Retail trade	148	13,726	132	737	583	
	19	11,629	9	151	×	
	41	404	45	107	100	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	538	14,969	509	553	458	
	22	6,382	19	81	x	
	59	742	55	112	81	
	32	353	31	39	38	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Ensiness covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-027

JASPER COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Jasper County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.5 million, an increase of 483 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$109.000 in 1948 compared with \$4.000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 159 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 54 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jasper County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jasper County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jasper County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JASPER COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948				
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	113	3,543	90	143	117			
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	39 13 16 45	779 138 350 2,276	27 11 15 37	29 19 11 84	14 15 11 77			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	17	109	18	16	16			
Personal services	12	81 28	12 6	13 3	13 3			

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-028

KERSHAW COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Kershaw County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.5 million, an increase of 255 percent over the \$3.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$436,000 in 1948 compared with \$188,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 861 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 683 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Kershaw County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Camden. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Kershaw County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Kershaw County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP KERSHAW COUNTY, S. C.

		Number of and receipts		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	C P = C J C C C	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	309	13,527	271	698	533
Food group	134	3,940	125	125	94
Eating and drinking places	25	389	29	43	. 37
General merchandise grp, general stores.	13	1,914	9	184	93
Apparel group	10	377	9	22	13
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	10	549	7	30	30
Automotive group	20	2,499	14	105	98
Gasoline service stations	43	1,173	37	51	44
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	1,122	10	67	65
Drug and proprietary stores	9	386	4	31	25
All other retail stores	33	1,178	27	40	34
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	4,885	9	67	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	45	436	45	96	90
Personal services	30	323	29	77	73
All other service trades	15	113	16	19	17

X Not available,

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE KERSHAW COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts Active propriestors of ended nearest Nov.			
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Camden: Retail trade Selected service trades		9,719 366	132 32	578 87	450 81
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades		3,808 70	139 13	120	83 9

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be iasued in a series of Busineas Census bulletins which will ahow additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of eatablishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Businesa Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered all establiahmenta in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Induatrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeaale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "aervicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual salea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other tradea. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

sus of Buainess publications.

"Number of establiahmenta" is the number of separate businesa locations, rather than the number of businesa companies or organizationa, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establiahment. The establishment count reflects the number of placea in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizationa, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipta from repaira and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductiona for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salea and exciae taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." representa owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employeea of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRFIIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-029

LANCASTER COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lancaster County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$19.6 million, an increase of 300 percent over the \$4.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$766,000 in 1948 compared with \$126,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,264 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 812 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lancaster County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Lancaster. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lancaster County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lancaster County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LANCASTER COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cimpleyout	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	357	19,607	307	988	736
Food group	145	5,036	142	135	100
Eating and drinking places	46	876	42	90	66
General merchandise grp, general stores	23	2,996	10	284	154
Apparel group	19	1,200	16	79	53
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	21	1,429	15	73	69
Automotive group	24	3,863	14	132	129
Gasoline service stations	35	953	34	54	40
Drug and proprietary stores	10	560	7	41	33
All other retail stores	34	2,694	27	100	92
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	4,810	7	86	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	64	766	72	190	179
Personal services	48	531	54	178	168
All other service trades	16	235	18	12	11
AMUSEMENTS	12	271	9	38	X

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

LANCASTER COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Lancaster: Retail trade Selected service trades	178	12,916	140	714	536		
	40	540	46	151	145		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	179	6,691	167	27 ¹ 4	200		
	24	226	26	39	3 ¹ 4		

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth yesr thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the yesrs 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeasle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal aervices, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture thesters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cuatom tradea" and "services incidents! to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

s considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 ssles and receipts" represents ssles of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of psid employees..." represents all employees on the psy roll for the psy period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or acasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-030

LAURENS COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Laurens County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$21.7 million, an increase of 234 percent over the \$6.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$969,000 in 1948 compared with \$360,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,502 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,110 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Laurens County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Clinton and Laurens. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Laurens County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Laurens County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25. D. C. BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

LAURENS COUNTY, S. C.

The second set him of hydrones	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp: workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	460				
Food group	163	5,916	161		
Eating and drinking places	59	843	55	117	76
General merchardise grp, general stores	i 391	2,577	31	240	122
Apparel group	30 23	1,288	24	83	59 71
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	23	1,634	19	75	7.7
Automotive group	25 61	3,484	19	143	137
Gasoline service stations	16	1,407 2,241	17	80	137 64 73
Lumber-building-hardware group	13	2,241	1 1/.	, -	1.7
Drug and proprietary stores	첫	1,600	25	73	47 62
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	13 31 22 12	9,296	14 25 21 10 11 86	ıií	x
Merchant wholesalers	l ĩã	6,893	10	73	x
Other wholesale	10	2,403	11	38	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	91	969	86	203	185
Personal services	91 63 28	601	55	159	143
All other service trades	28	368	31	44	42
AMUSEMENTS	13	285	TO	43	X

[,] Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LAURENS COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of				ees, workweek t Nov. 15, 1948	
Offy and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Clinton: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	115 8 32	7,537 3,401 459	93 11 25	473 46 78	342 x 74	
Laurens: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	Inc	luded with "	Remainder of		399 97	
Remainder of County: Retail trade Wholesale trade2/ Selected service trades	14	4,003 5,895 111	208 10 24	177 65 18	113 x 14	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ Except as indicated above, includes figures for establishments not located in citie of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previons Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Ceneus.—The 1948 Censns of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of basiness companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nuincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-031

LEE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Lee County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.5 million, an increase of 124 percent over the \$2.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts total-

ing \$190,000 in 1948 compared with \$77,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county decreased over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the retail trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 327 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 370 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939. The selective service trades reported 48 paid employees for the week of November 15, 1948; the comparable figure for the same workweek in 1939 was 43.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lee County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Bishopville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lee County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lee County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

LEE COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	c ended
		(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Chipadyces	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	219	6,527	217	327	222
Food group	107	1,956	114	59	31
Eating and drinking places	25	138	26	22	19
General merchandise grp, general stores	16	996	15	91	33
Apparel group	5	261	6	13	11
Automotive group	10	922	8	30	26
Gasoline service stations	21	428	22	18	16
Lumber-building-hardware group	7	685	4	31	31
All other retail stores	28	1,141	22	63	55
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	35	190	37	48	37
Personal services	20	127	23	43	32
All other service trades	15	63	14	5	5

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

LEE COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated		es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948	
Offy and trade group	lishments (Thousand dollars) thricorpolate businesses Nov. 1948	businesses	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Bishopville: Retail trade Selected service trades	88 20	4,823 154	77 20	278 42	196 34	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	131 15	1,704 36	140 17	49 6	26	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by businesa establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a aufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered all establishmenta in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; sll wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervices, business aervices, automobile repairs and aervices, and miscellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineaa Census. However, "cuatom tradea" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the aervice trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the psy period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or measured, sre those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-032

LEXINGTON COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lexington County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.6 million, an increase of 315 percent over the \$4.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.2 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,138 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 639 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lexington County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Batesburg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lexington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lexington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LEXINGTON COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		Number of and receipts		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employee.
RETAIL TRADE, total	475	16,605	429	771	602
Food group	239	5,629	220	188	129
Eating and drinking places	45 23	589 1,497	43 18	68 118	58 73
Apparel group	10	435	10	25	16
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	16	990	12	56	51
Automotive group	17	2,865	13	106	103
Gasoline service stations	66	1,451	. 68	87	67
Lumber-building-hardware group	17	1,367	10	48	48
Drug and proprietary stores	14	5]4	13	35	23
All other retail stores	28	1,268	22	40	34
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	21	4,646	19	104	x
Merchant wholesalers	13	3,459	12	90	x
Other wholesale	8	1,187	7	14	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	91	1,173	92	263	232
Personal services	46	707	42	204	176
All other service trades	45	466	50	59	56
AMUSEMENTS	16	191	10	43	x

x Not available. -

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LEXINGTON COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	200 00001010			ees, workweek t Nov. 15, 1948				
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees				
Batesburg: (part) Retail trade Selected service trades		4,005 103	50 12	232 21	180 17				
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	412 77	12,600	379 80	539 242	422 215				

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensivess. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Ceusus publications, but the chauges are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensivess Census bulletius which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provisiou of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Busiuess covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Basiness Censas. However, "castom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censas. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

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other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

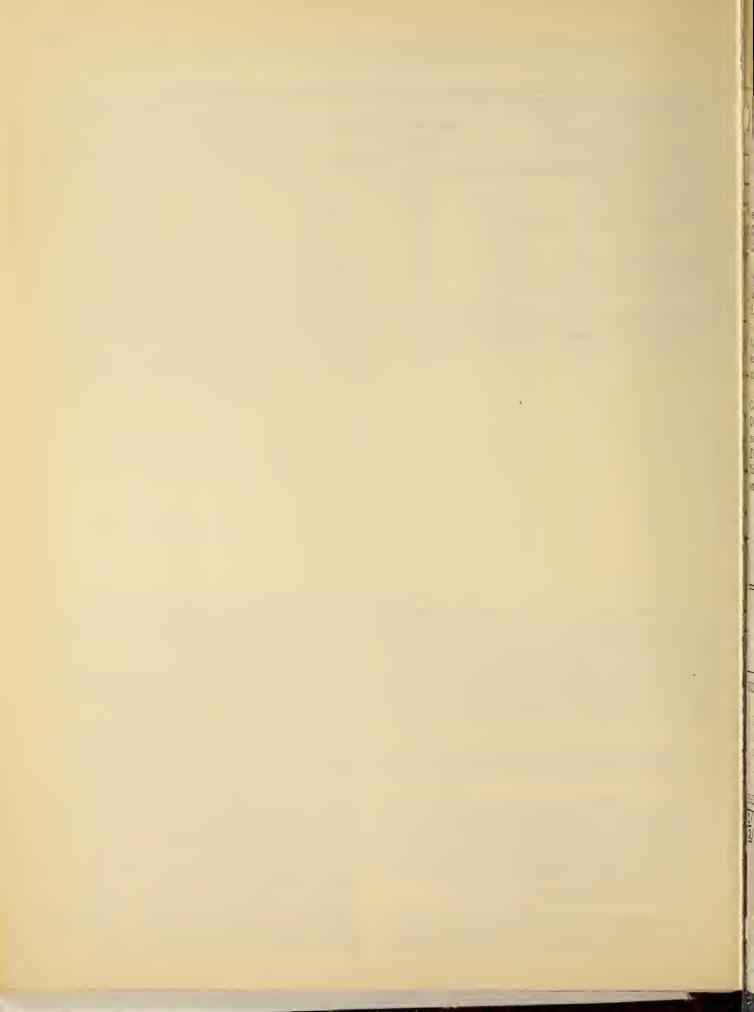
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the unmber of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nniucorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-033

McCORMIĆK JOUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in McCormick County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.8 million, an increase of 211 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$83,000

in 1948 compared with \$19,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 137 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 112 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on McCormick County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for McCormick County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for McCormick County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

McCORMICK COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	CMP LOJCOO	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	86	2,753	87	123	75
Food group Eating and drinking places	32 11	767 196	30 13	27 19	13 11
Gasoline service stations	8 35	150 1,640		9 68	45
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	12	83	10	14	14

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-034

MARION COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Marion County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.5 million, an increase of 224 percent over the \$5.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$32.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$11.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$772,000 in 1948 compared with \$183,000 in 1939.

Retail trade establishments in the county reported 945 paid employees for the work-week ended nearest November 15, 1948. Wholesale trade establishments reported 129 paid employees for the same week in 1948. For the selected service trades, paid employees numbered 185 for the November 15, 1948 workweek.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Marion County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Marion and Mullins. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Marion County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Marion County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MARION COUNTY. S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	392	16,510	358	945	713
Food group	148	3,688	137	129	83
Eating and drinking places	59	299	54	67	44
General merchandise grp, general stores	22	2,450	9	273	- 160
Apparel group	11	595	10	39	25
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	16	1,236	17	75	70
Automotive group	18	2,080	15	102	99
Gasoline service stations	44	741	41	45	43
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	2,236	8	90	90
Drug and proprietary stores	10	614	16	44	42
All other retail stores	52	2,571	51	81	57
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	31	32,107	38	129	· X
Merchant wholesalers	10	6,511	8	89	x
Other types of wholesale	21	25,596	30	40	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	83	772	83	185	162
Personal services	52	556	52	161	14.5
All other service trades	31	216	31	24	17

x Not available.

Et.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MARION COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
lishments (Thousand dollars)		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees		
123	6,588	103	418	307		
12		15	76	x		
39	395	44	94	85		
129	7,580	119	441	346		
32	273	27	78	65		
140	2,342	136	86	60		
19	23,669	23	53	x		
12	104	12	13	12		
	123 12 39 129 39	123 6,588 12 8,438 39 395 129 7,580 32 273 140 2,342 19 23,669	Number of establishments	Number of establishments		

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which oue is plauued for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Ceusus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Ceususes were taken for the years 1929, 1983, 1985, and 1989.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous rspair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiuess Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a cousiderable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment conut.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the anunal sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRFLIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-035

MARLBORO COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Marlboro County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by The Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.7 million, an increase of 219 percent over the \$4.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$18.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$783,000 in 1948 compared with \$159,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,218 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 886 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Marlboro County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Bennettsville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Marlboro County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Marlboro County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.
Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MARLBORO COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	333	13,670	300	895	629	
Food group	122	3,667	108	190	109	
Eating and drinking places	48	510	46	70	61	
General merchandise group, general stores	32 9	2,494 288	22 8	289 16	156	
Furniture-home furnishings appliance group	7	911	7	35	34	
Automotive group	15	1,420	12	56	50	
Gasoline service stations	48	1,031	49	57	46	
Lumber-building-hardware group.	10	1,633	10	104	103	
Drug and proprietary stores	8	372	6	32	26	
All other retail stores	34	1,344	32	46	36	
WHOLESALE TRADE	26	18,130	21	121	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total.	66	783	63	202	193	
Personal services	39	473	35	176	171	
All other service trades	27	310	28	26	22	

Not available.
Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MARLBORO COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
	lishments			Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Bennettsville: Retail trade Selected service trades	127	8,741	115	589	429		
	35	500	35	144	139		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	206	4 , 929	185	306	200		
	31	283	28	58	54		

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each connty in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Fusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic*services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Census. However, "Custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-036

NEWBERRY COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Newberry County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$17.0 million, an increase of 209 percent over the \$5.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$621,000 in 1948 compared with \$232,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,104 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 761 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Newberry County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Newberry and Whitmire. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Newberry County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Newberry County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

NEWBERRY COUNTY, S. C.

THE THE PARTY AND THE PARTY AN					
		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	351	17,002	344	931	717
Food group	116.	4,484	115	156	ili
Eating and drinking places	34	448	. 35	48	36
General merchandise grp, general stores	39	2,212	35	208	118
Apparel group	20	1,384	16	92	67
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	16	1,246	14	64	55
Automotive group	23	2,864	19	127	126
Gasoline service stations	49	987	50	66	55
Lumber-building-hardware group	13	1,073	19	60	60
Drug and proprietary stores	9	577	7	48	39
All other retail stores	32	1,727	34	62	50
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	66	621	75	173	156
Personal services	47	543	53	158	144
All other service trades	19_	78	22	15	12

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

NEWBERRY COUNTY, S. C. (Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees		
Newberry:							
Retail trade	162	11,080	146	703	557		
Selected service trades	36	494	38	148	132		
Whitmire:							
Retail trade	44	2,369	43	115	88		
Selected service trades	8	45	9	12	12		
Remainder of county: 3/							
Retail trade	145	3,553	155	113	72		
Selected service trades	22	82	28	13	12		

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-037

OCONEE COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Oconee County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$15.4 million, an increase of 258 percent over the \$4.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$564,000 in 1948 compared with \$186,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,114 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 720 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Oconee County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Walhalla. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Oconee County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made

available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Oconee County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP OCONEE COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		r of	1948 salcs and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
		lishments (Thous dollar		porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total		327	15,379	313	888	661
Food group		109	3,681	101	146	81.
Eating and drinking places		40	490	41	77	61
General merchandise grp, general stores		25	2,639	15	207	132
Apparel group		8	334	8	20	13
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp		18	1,177	16	63	58
Automotive group		22	2,755	23	134	122
Gasoline service stations		49	898	52	50	35
Lumber-building-hardware group		16	1,747	15	103	83
Drug and proprietary stores		8	358	7	22	16
All other retail stores		32	1,300	35	66	60
WHOLESALE TRADE		14	3,879	17	72	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total		55	564	56	154	143
Personal services		38	463	39	134	125
All other service trades		17	101	17	20	18
AMUSEMENTS		11	248	12	28	x

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

OCONEE COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of			
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Walhalla: Retail trade Selected service trades	62	3,621	52	237	179	
	12	122	12	25	22	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	265	11,758	261	651	482	
	43	442	44	129	121	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for esch county in the United Ststes, presents preliminsry results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trsdes, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trsdes; all wholessle trsdes; all service trsdes in the following four groups—personal services, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

s considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 dats, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, s business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from s recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for s wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain attre" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 ssles and receipts" represents ssles of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-038

ORANGEBURG COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Orangeburg County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$30.8 million, an increase of 221 percent over the \$9.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$20.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$7.3 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,406 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 1,626 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Orangeburg County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Orangeburg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Orangeburg County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Orangeburg County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

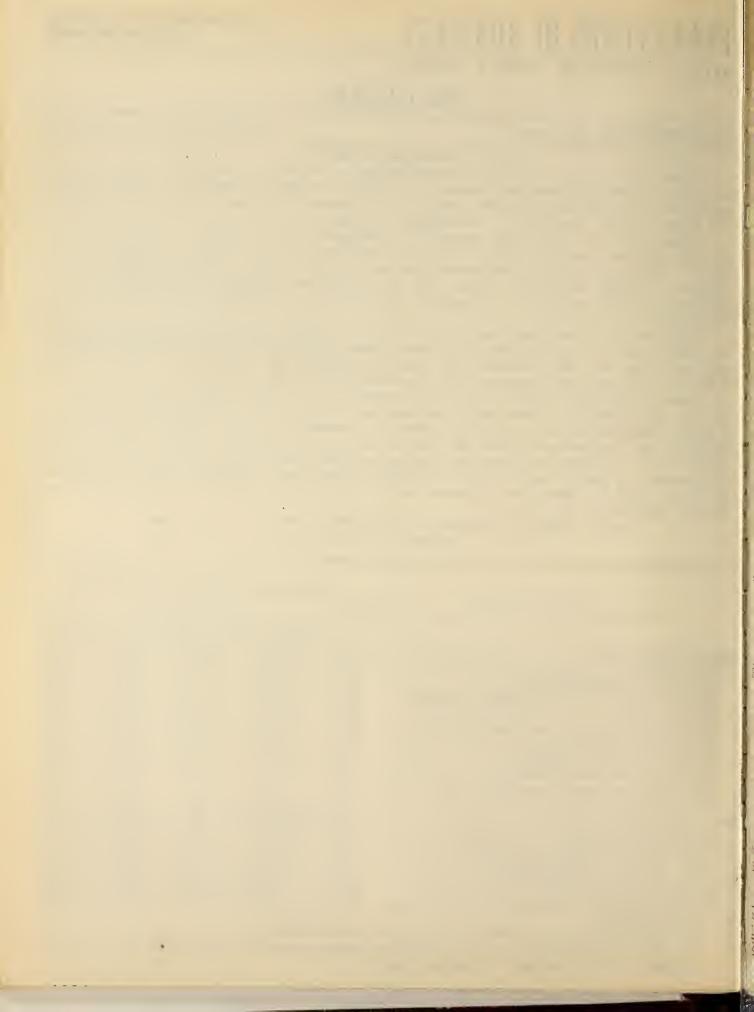
Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP ORANGEBURG COUNTY, S. C.

) The decrease of his dead of his issue		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- ; lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	702	30,782	653	1,572	1,150
Food group	300 57	7,432 1,165	289 52	260 181	139
General merchandise grp, general stores.	61	3,788	56	332	171
Apparel group	33	2,172	29	1 <u>3</u> 6	91
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	29	1,519	26	79	73
Automotive group	35	7,058	26	260	233
Gasoline service stations	90	2,043	88	92	67
Lumber-building-hardware group	25	2,540	22	94 80	90
Drug and proprietary stores	21	943	15		59
All other retail stores	51	2,122	50 41	58	51
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	59	20,485	25	550 451	X X
Merchant wholesalers Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	36 16	4,206	īź	53	**************************************
Other types of wholesalers	7	4,869	4	46	₹ .
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	126	1,136	115	284	254
Personal services	42	765	77	230	201
WIT ONTEL DELATOR OFGEDOOOOOOOOOOO	- T Gard	ما ا مان	20	24	23

Not available

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.



PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-039

PICKENS COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Pickens County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.9 million, an increase of 245 percent over the \$4.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$474,000 in 1948 compared with \$193,000 in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.3 million in 1948, a decrease from the \$1.8 million reported in 1939.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,031 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 762 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Pickens County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Easley. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Pickens County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Pickens County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

PICKENS COUNTY, S. C.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	01.02	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	326	16,870	295	869	617
Food group	97	5,285	92	226	136
Eating and drinking places	41	563	33	77	53
General merchandise grp, general stores.	27	1,498	20	143	81
Apparel group	15	1,161	17	70	41
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	18	1,295	15	60	55
Automotive group	21	2,510	15	82	77
Gasoline service stations	56	1,279	57	78	62
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	1,040	17	43	35
Drug and proprietary stores	10	596	9	34	30
All other retail stores	26	1,643	20	56	47
WHOLESALE TRADE	8	1,298	3	22	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	63	474	65	140	127
Personal services	50	396	50	130	117
All other service trades	13_	78	15	10	10

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

PICKENS COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	tors of ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees	Full workweek employees	
Easley: Retail trade Selected service trades	104	7,605	91	401	295	
	20	136	21	64	63	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	222	9,265	204	468	322	
	43	338	44	76	64	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Censns figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 24, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39=040

RICHLAND COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Richland County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$119.1 million, an increase of 239 percent over the \$35.1 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 320 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$199.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$47.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$8.6 million in 1948 compared with \$2.7 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 7,612 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 6,487 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable figures for 1939 were 4,799 and 3,954. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 3,134 full— and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 1,538 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 2,011; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 1,529.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Richland County, South Carolina. The report also contains data for the cities of Columbia and Eau Claire.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Richland County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Richland County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP RICHLAND COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	1,468	119,138	1,249	7,612	6,487
Food group	509	21,967	461	923	694
Eating and drinking places	231	6,075	233	1,129	996
General merchandise grp, general stores.	46	14,159	19	1,490	1,080
Apparel group	87	11,310	50	691	570
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	71	7,194	53	539	516
Automotive group	59	26,286	40	865	847
Gasoline service stations	139	6,545	130	405	355
Lumber-building-hardware group	34	5,990	20	405	357
Drug and proprietary stores	46	4,052	31	381	339
All other retail stores	246	15,560	212	784	733
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	266	199,282	150	3,134	х
Merchant wholesalers, total	199	130,092	130	2,375	x
Groceries, foods	48	23,571	56	493	x
Dry goods, apparel	7	1,658	9	27	x
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heating.	23	20,767	12	342	x
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies	43	16,451	16	470	x
Automotive parts, accessories	io	2,747	4	164	x
All other merchant wholesalers	68	64,898	33	879	x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices	36	31,772	_	510	x
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	14	19,012	12	127	х
Other wholesale	17	18,406	8	122	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	388	8,643	370	2,011	1,901
Personal services	246	5,173	234	1,516	1,442
Business services	21	643	14	153	136
Automotive repairs and services	71	1,811	71	223	212
Other repair services	50	1,016	51	119	111
HOTELS	13	1,924	9	557	523
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	12	107	9	27	23
v Mot available	L	L	Ļ		

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

RICHLAND COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Columbia:						
Retail trade	1,107	109,692	904	7,190	6,136	
Wholesale trade	249	190,388	139	2,915	x	
Selected service trades	327	7,974	303	1,909	1,803	
Hotels	13	1,924	9	557	523	
Eau Claire: Retail trade Selected service trades	63 14	2,930 268	62 13	100 46	90 45	
Remainder of county: 3/						
Retail trade	298	6,516	283	322	261	
Wholesale trade Selected service trades	17 47	8,894 401	11 54	219 56	x 53	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

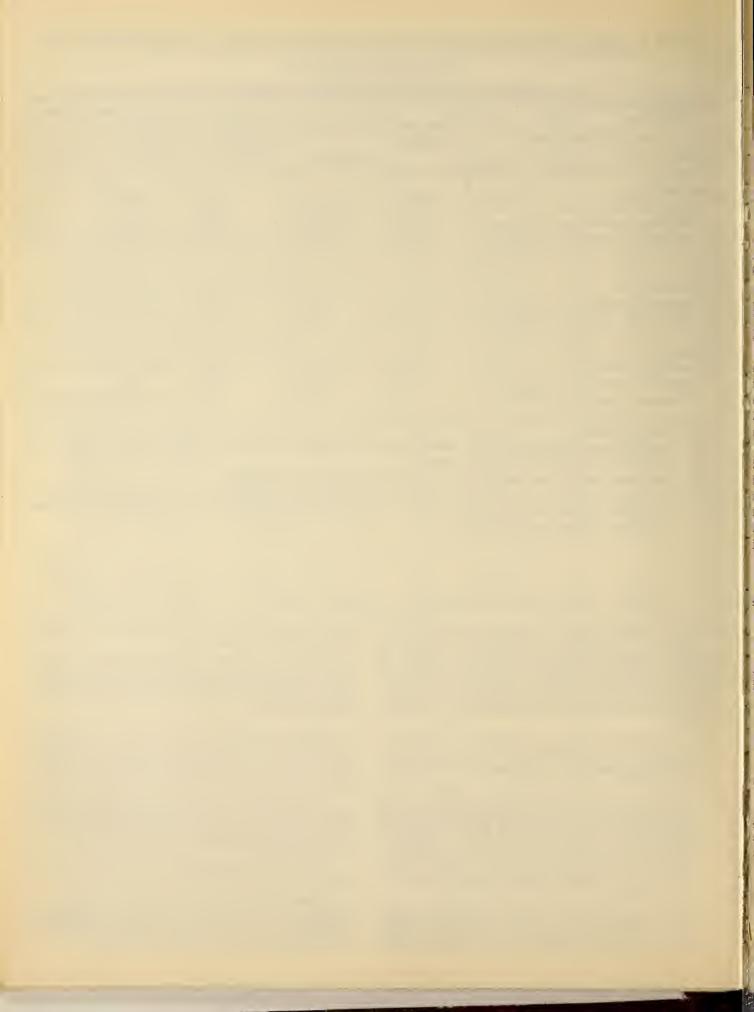
"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

10.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-041

SALUDA COUNTY, S. C.

Retail and service establishments located in Saluda County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.3 million, an increase of 258 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$161,000 in 1948 compared with \$64,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for retail trade. Establishments in this trade reported a total of 142 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 86 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939. Service establishments reported 26 paid employees for the November 15, 1948 workweek, a decrease from the 52 employees reported for the same week in 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Saluda County, South Carolina. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Saluda County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Saluda County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

SALUDA COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948					
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
RETAIL TRADE, total	142	4,282	148	142	101				
Food group		883	54	21	11				
Eating and drinking places		174	12	21	15				
Gasoline service stations		343	28	22	· ·				
All other retail stores	53	2,882	54	78	58				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total		161	21	26	18				
Personal services	15	102	12	20	12				
All other service trades	7	59	9	6	6				

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-042

SPARTANBURG COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Spartanburg County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$101.3 million, an increase of 272 percent over the \$27.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$132.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$25.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$5.4 million in 1948 compared with \$1.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 8,184 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 5,235 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Spartanburg County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Spartanburg, and Woodruff. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Spartanburg County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Spartanburg County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SPARTANBURG COUNTY, S. C.

The second secon					
Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and arms of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	1,348	101,265	1,255	5,597	4,482
Food group	455 219 77 50 52 67 207 47 29 145	23,182 4,001 14,528 10,812 6,682 19,295 5,413 7,394 2,670 7,288	427 231 42 37 37 64 216 44 31 126	863 640 1,197 537 404 739 289 346 233	566 491 837 437 381 698 231 334 199 308
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	111	132,716	54	1,295	x
Merchant wholesalers, total	56 9 9 5 33	48,456 11,286 10,231 1,251 25,688	26 3 4 3 16	888 259 235 51 343	x x x x
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesale	20 19 16	16,204 49,743 18,313	10 15 3	130 51 226	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	389	5,379	404	1,292	1,177
Personal services	225 164	3,126 2,253	232 172	947 345	861 316
HOTELS		Data withhe	eld to av	void discl	.osure.

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

SPARTANBURG COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Spartanburg: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Hotels	572 83 200 7	68,696 115,163 3,670 498	498 39 208 5	4,128 1,114 948 143	x	
Woodruff: Retail trade Selected service trades	61 19	4,505 172	60 21	22 1 41	144 31	
Remainder of county: 2/ Retail trade	715 28 170	28,064 17,553 1,537	697 15 175	1,248 181 303	x	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Included figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Ceneus.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; of the Brechtive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

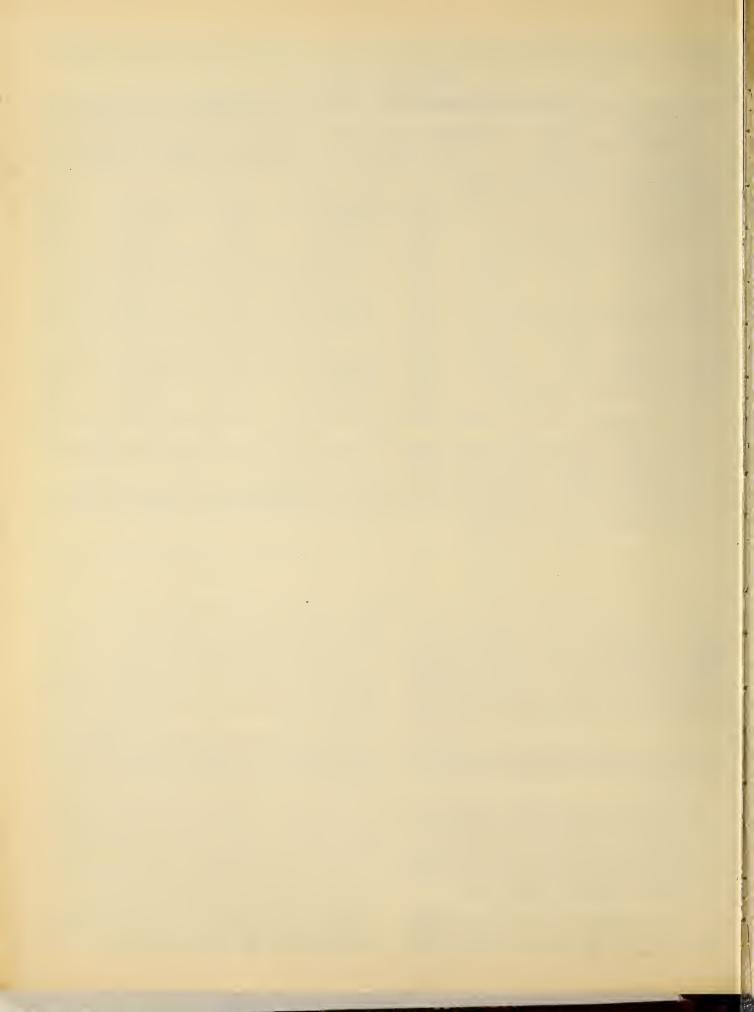
other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multipnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-043

SUMTER COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Sumter County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$28.2 million, an increase of 182 percent over the \$10.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$27.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$6.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.4 million in 1948 compared with \$0.4 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,675 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 1,870 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sumter County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Sumter. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sumter County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sumter County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

SUMMER COUNTY, S. C.

Made was and hind of huginoss	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	cmproje co	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	537	28,230	457	1,827	1,348
Food group	222	6,957	191	310	211
Eating and drinking places	68	967	66	195	168
General merchandise grp, general stores	46	5,366	191 66 39 25 13 16 44	. 531 82	272
Apparel group	30 19	1,470 1,859	25	02	10
Automotive group	27	4,411	16	94 187	172
Gasoline service stations	21 48	1,958	44	128	70 86 172 98 91
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	1,958 1,885 847	7	9 <u>1</u> 78	91
Drug and proprietary stores	13 58	847	9 47	78	70
All other retail stores	58	2,510		131	110
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	46	27,617	25	483	X
Merchant wholesalers	30 16	18,074	15	422 61	X
Other wholesale		9,543	10		X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	122	1,390	124	365	328
Personal services	70	781	69	256	229
All other service trades	52	609 123	55 8	109 16	99 15
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	9	123	U	10	1)

Not available.

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

SUMTER COUNTY. S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments (Thousand dollars)		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Sumter: Retail trade Selected service trades	322 97	23,901 1,234	258 96	1,639 337	1,234 302	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	215 25	4,329 156	199	188 28	114 26	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Ceusus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1985, and 1989.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Iudustrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and televisiou, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment conut.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRFIIMINARY

For Release March 30, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-044

UNION COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Union County. South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$15.0 million, an increase of 183 percent over the \$5.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$819,000 in 1948 compared with \$262,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,171 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 861 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Union County. South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Union. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Union County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy, of the preliminary release for Union County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

> Table I.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP UNION COUNTY, S. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employed ended nearest	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	278	14,962	250	811	588
Food group	107	4,497	98	146	91
Eating and drinking places	40	615	44	78	60
General merchandise group,					
general stores	18	2,212	5	192	107
Apparel group	13	854	10	49	42
Furniture-home furnishings					
appliance group	12	788	13	49	47
Automotive group	13	2,101	7	86	86
Gasoline service stations	36	1,018	38	50	38
Lumber-building-hardware group.	9	1,382	10	86	57
Drug and proprietary stores	10	566	7	39	33
All other retail stores	20	929	18	36	27
WHOLESALE TRADE	12	5,104	9	66	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total.	72	819	77	294	273
Personal services	52	701	52	276	257
All other service trades	20	118	25	18	16

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

UNION COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1 Number of establishments (Thousand dollars)	Number of and receipts		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees			
Union: Retail trade	138	10,945	117	651	499	
	12	5,104	9	66	×	
	46	688	50	263	245	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	140	4,01 7	133	160	8 9	
	26	131	27	31	28	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which oue is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Ceusus of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Ceusus. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Ceusus publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Ceusus figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Ceusus bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Ceusus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Eusiness Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other chauges in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include ouly enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-39-045

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Williamsburg County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.7 million, an increase of 287 percent over the \$3.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$456,000 in 1948 compared with \$87,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 959 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 530 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Williamsburg County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the city of Kingstree. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Williamsburg County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Williamsburg County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, S. C.

Number of establishments Number of establish										
Total businesses Mov. 1948 Morkweek employees RETAIL TRADE, total				proprie- tors of	workweel	ended				
Food group 184 3,646 172 142 88 Eating and drinking places 65 336 63 24 20 General merchandise group, general stores 41 1,993 36 153 74 Apparel group 12 954 8 55 38 Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp 19 878 18 56 52 Automotive group 23 2,932 20 133 127 Gasoline service stations 37 755 38 49 34 Lumber-building-hardware group 12 906 11 31 29 Drug and proprietary stores 9 325 6 23 20 All other retail stores 43 2,001 36 56 53 WHOLESALE TRADE 23 9,613 26 103 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2 total 40 323 39 114 94	Trade group and kind of business			porated businesses		workweek				
Food group 184 3,646 172 142 88 Eating and drinking places 65 336 63 24 20 General merchandise group, general stores 41 1,993 36 153 74 Apparel group 12 954 8 55 38 Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp 19 878 18 56 52 Automotive group 23 2,932 20 133 127 Gasoline service stations 37 755 38 49 34 Lumber-building-hardware group 12 906 11 31 29 Drug and proprietary stores 9 325 6 23 20 All other retail stores 43 2,001 36 56 53 WHOLESALE TRADE 23 9,613 26 103 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2 total 40 323 39 114 94	RETAIL TRADE, total	445	14,726	408	722	535				
Eating and drinking places		184	3,646	172	142	88				
Apparel group			336	63	24	20				
Apparel group			1,993	36	153	74				
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp 19 878 18 56 52 Automotive group			954							
Gasoline service stations			878	18		52				
Lumber-building-hardware group. 12 906 11 31 29 Drug and proprietary stores. 9 325 6 23 20 All other retail stores. 43 2,001 36 56 53 WHOLESALE TRADE. 23 9,613 26 103 x SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2 total. 65 456 65 134 108 Personal services. 40 323 39 114 94	Automotive group	23	2,932		133	127				
Drug and proprietary stores			755	38		34				
Drug and proprietary stores	Lumber-building-hardware group	12	906	11		29				
All other retail stores			325	_		20				
WHOLESALE TRADE			2,001	36	56	53				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total			9,613		103	x				
Personal services	SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	65	456	65	134	108				
			323	39	114	94				
			133	26	20	14				

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY, S. C.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments			Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Kingstree: Retail trade Selected service trades	132 30	7,952 279	114 29	436 105	330 83	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades		6,774 177	294 36	286 29	205 25	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previons Business Ceususes were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issne, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusious as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment conut.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to iuclude ouly enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were iu excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the uumber of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 6, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 39-046

YORK COUNTY, S. C.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in York County, South Carolina, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$44.2 million, an increase of 309 percent over the \$10.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$23.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$7.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 3,182 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,814 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on York County, South Carolina, which also includes data for the cities of Clover, Fort Mill, Rock Hill, and York. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for York County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Carolina to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for York County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP YORK COUNTY, S. C.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and wind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	725	44,208	664	2,422	1,796
Food group	282	11,514	286	387	247
Eating and drinking places	96	1,725	102	203	168
General merchandise group, general stores	31	5,095	21	562	283
Apparel group	33	2,297	25	140	99
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp	40	3,624	24	198	190
Automotive group	42	6,385	39	212	204
Gasoline service stations	66	2,137	68	124	100
Lumber-building-hardware group	33	5,092	21	296	263
Drug and proprietary stores	15	1,157	14	98	86
All other retail stores	87	5,182	64	202	156
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	51	23,899	30	223	x
Merchant wholesalers	29	5,791	16	140	х
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	1.1.	3,674	10	42	x
Other wholesale	1.1.	14,434	年	47	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	166	2,218	173	537	500
Personal services	97 69	1,513 705	96 77	451 86	421 79
AMUSEMENTS	15	372	8	62	x

x Not available. -

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Orly and trace group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Clover: Retail trade Selected Service trades	74 15	3,801 115	64 . 14	160 14	132	
Fort Mill: Retail trade Selected service trades	64	4,233 1 65	56 21	21 0 51	154 46	
Rock Hill: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	317 32 97 10	27,474 12,613 1,639 261	276 20 98 3	1,580 171 420 44	1,171 x 397 x	
York: Retail trade Selected service trades	89 12	5,252 105	78 13	357 31	266 26	
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	181 19 23	3,448 11,286 194	190 10 27	95 52 21	73 * 20	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5.000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census unletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1938, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Ceusns of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issne, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, unoprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1989 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

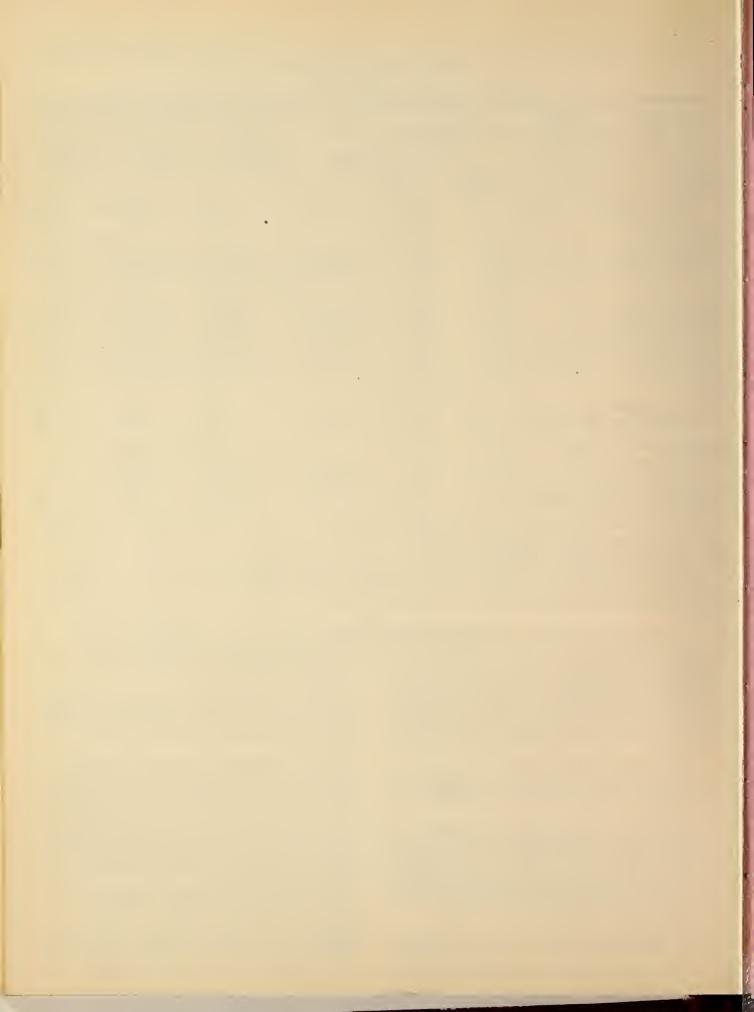
other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Ceusns purposes, a business establishment is defined to iuclude only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusns of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of basiness companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each basiness location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchaudise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.





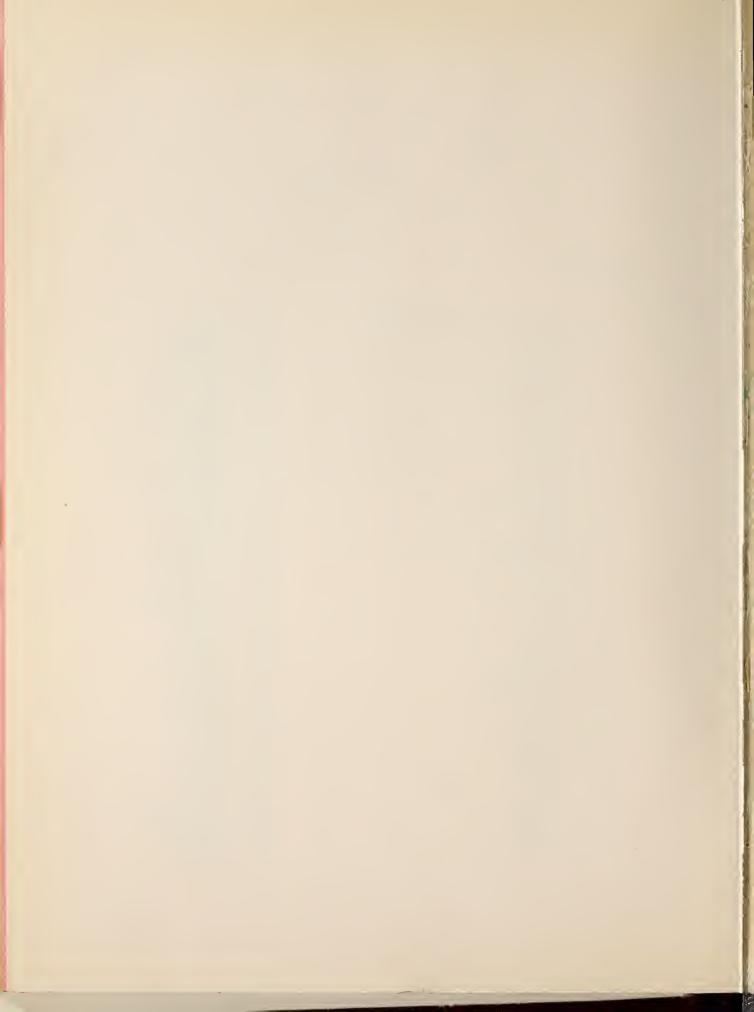


SOUTH DAKOTA

counties

SOUTH DAKOTA

1.	Armstrong	(not	printed)	35.	Hyde
2.	Aurora	(=====	prince,	36.	
3.	Beadle			37.	
4.	Bennett			38.	
5.	Bon Homme			39.	
6.	Brookings			40.	
7.	Brown			41 .	
8.	Brule			42	
9.	Buffalo			43.	
1Ó.	Butte			44.	
11.	Campbell			45.	
12,	Charles Mix				Marshall
13.	Clark			47.	
14.	Clay				Mellette
15.	Codington			49.	
16.	Corson			50.	
17.	Custer			51.	
18.	Davison			52.	
19.	Day			53.	
20.	Deuel			54.	
21.	Dewey			55.	
22.	Douglas			56.	
23.	Edmunds			57.	Shannon
24.	Fall River			58.	
	Faulk			59.	
26.	Grant			60.	
	Gregory			61.	
28.	Haakon			62.	Tripp
29.	Hamlin			63.	
30.	Hand			64.	
31.	Hanson			65.	
32.	Harding		٠	66.	
33.	Hughes			67.	Ç
34.	Hutchinson			68.	
) 4 •	HUUCHIIHOH				-2000011



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-000

SOUTH DAKOTA

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in South Dakota showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the State during 1948 aggregated \$618.8 million, an increase of 265 percent over the \$169.4 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the State showed a 494 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$792.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$133.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$19.5 million in 1948 compared with \$7.0 million in 1939. Hotel receipts moved from \$2.5 million in 1939 to \$5.5 million in 1948. Amusement businesses in the State recorded receipts of \$7.0 million in 1948 compared with \$2.9 million in 1939.

Employment in the State also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 29,240 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 22,547 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 17,798 and 13,849. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 8,030 full—and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 4,984 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 2,735; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 2,245.

These preliminary figures have been compiled from similar releases being made available for each county in South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for South Dakota, will be included in a State Bulletin to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available in preliminary and final form for each of the States.

A single copy of the preliminary release for the State of South Dakota as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SOUTH DAKOTA

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	8,961	618,827	8,592	29,240	22:547
Food group	1,652 1,629 387 372 417 626	106,980 41,788 69,209 25,362 25,126 108,625	1,674 1,725 294 345 371 016	4,108 5,636 4,586 1,325 1,263 3,398	2,770 4,260 3,165 1,079 1,006 3,174
Gasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores All other retail stores	1,232 1,421 274 951	43,593 138,640 16,296 43,208	1,246 1,237 267 817	1,620 4,310 1,047 1,947	1,213 3,645 679 1,556
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	1,813	792,828	1,015	8,030	x
Merchant wholesalers, total	367 99 30 36 202	179,783 52,670 26,241 18,724 82,148	228 74 8 13 133	4,072 1,195 471 472 1,934	x x x x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices Petroleum bulk plants, terminals Agents, brokers (merchandise) Assemblers of farm products	39 611 57 739	39,427 72,188 179,152 322,278	2 498 45 242	552 854 616 1,936	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, total	2,083	19,477	2,143	2,735	2,322
Personal services Business services Automotive repairs and services Other repairs and services	1,136 70 409 468	10,814 1,066 4,313 3,284	1,137 68 447 491	1,931 202 344 258	1,670 141 309 202
HOTELS	189	5,473	168	1,075	830
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	224	1,555	212	153	106
AMUSEMENTS	331	6,984	284	1,311	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-002

AURORA COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Aurora County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1946 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.0 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.3 million in 1948 as compared with 30.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$83,000 in 1948 compared with \$35,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 149 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 83 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Aurora County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Aurora County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Aurora County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP AURORA COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	70	3,002	75	116	65	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	8 '10 13 39	420 191 303 2,088	9 11 13 42	16 22 9 69	8 11 5 41	
WHOLESALE TRADE	17	3,325	12	26	X	
SPLECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	10	83	12	7	5	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1927, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades: all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-003

BEADLE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Beadle County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$24.1 million, an increase of 260 percent over the \$6.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$20.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$921,000 in 1948 compared with \$344,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,753 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,076 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Beadle County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Huron. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Beadle County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Beadle County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BEADLE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and grad of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	CIMP TO JC CO	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	272	24,090	264	1,306	1,017
Food group. Eating and drinking places. General merchandise group, general stores Apparel group. Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp Automotive group. Gasoline service stations. Lumber-building-hardware group. Drug and proprietary stores. All other retail stores	49 55 9 16 17 22 30 41 6	4,601 1,675 3,325 1,908 1,052 4,041 1,046 4,534 536 1,372	50 57 5 12 18 21 30 36 6	181 227 260 102 47 154 68 161 43	122 174 182 91 38 141 45 136 37 51
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	62	20,239	25	288	х
Merchant wholesalers	23 21 18	6,476 7,736 6,027	7 5 13	149 7 1 68	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total	74 .	921	77	159	136
Personal services	40 34	634 287	40 37	132 27	110 26

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BEADLE COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	estau-		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Huron: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	196	20,612	187	1,176	928	
	37	12,254	18	226	×	
	53	828	55	156	134	
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade	76	3,478	77	130	89	
	25	7,985	7	62	x	
	21	93	22	3	2	

Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Gensus of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ Includes employees paid for ress than the full solution of located in cities 3/ Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5.000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Enginese. The information is based on reports submitted by business satablishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census publications be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Cossus figures will be issued in a series of Euclisses Consus bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1943 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cansus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses wers taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Ceneus.—The 1948 Census of Ensiness covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nowprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "castom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

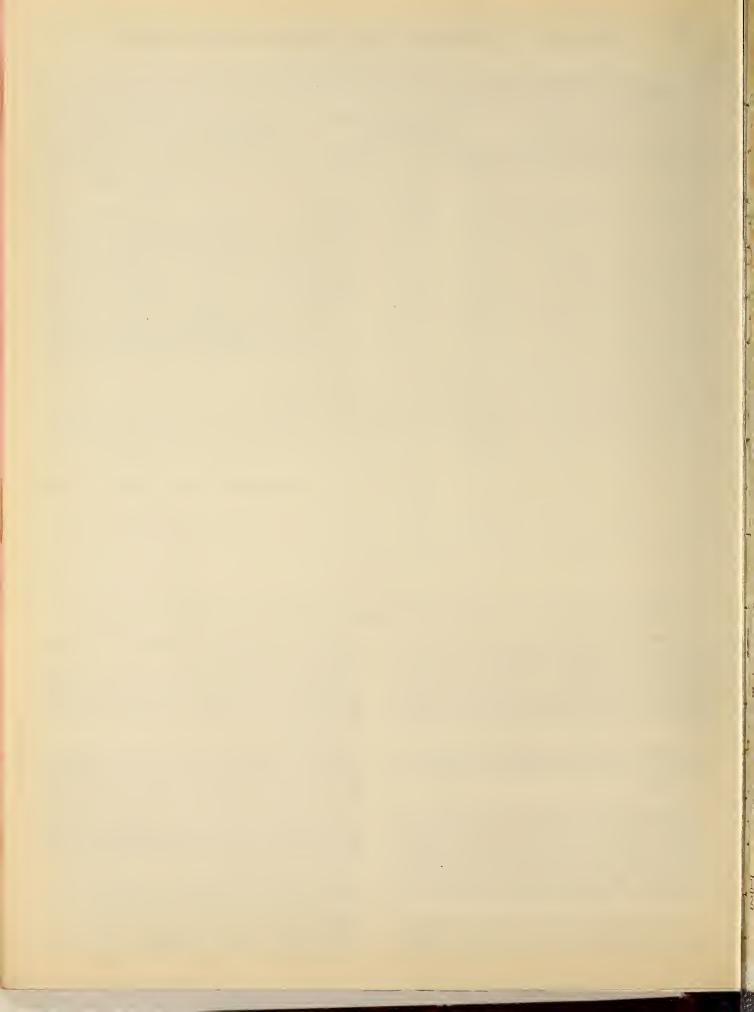
other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to sstablishment count.

Establishment definition. For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for astablishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in fature Census of Basiusss publications

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Cansus figures represent information reported separately for each business location or astablishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multimuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts .- "1948 sales and receipts" represents salss of marchandise and racsipts from repairs and other services to customsrs. The figures refisct deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salss and siciss taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. ... "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nuincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release

March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-004

BENNETT COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and service establishments located in Bennett County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.3 million, an increase of 360 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$39,000

in 1948 compared with \$17,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 112 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 46 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bennett County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bennett County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bennett County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BENNETT COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	54	2,276	55	104	74
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	12* 10 6 26	420 2 2 5 370 1 , 261	11 10 6 28	14 34 12 44	12 20 11 31
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	11	39	14	8	6
Personal services	5 6	21 18	5 9	5 3	4 2

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades: all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 14, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-005

BON HOMME COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Bon Homme County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.0 million, an increase of 344 percent over the \$1.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$163,000 in 1948 compared with \$67,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported 430 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 265 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bon Homme County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bon Homme County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bon Homme County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BON HOMME COUNTY. S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employe ended nearest	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	estab- un		Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	145	8,016	138	360	239
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	20 22 20 83	996 515 402 6,103	18 23 21 76	65 60 15 220	36 44 10 149
WHOLESALE TRADE	27	6,452	17	54	х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	32	163	32	16	14
Personal services	18 14	85 78	19 13	10 6	පි 6
AMUSAMAN'TS	6	43	6	12	7.

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services: hotels: tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For ReleaseMarch 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-006

BROOKINGS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Brookings County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.7 million, an increase of 221 percent over the \$5.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$18.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$494,000 in 1948 compared with \$173,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,265 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 825 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Brookings County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Brookings. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Brookings County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Brookings County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BROOKINGS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor- porated businesses	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov. Total employees	Full workweek
		dollars)	Nov. 1948		employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	228	16,677	221	935	670
Food group	41	3,595	39	144	110
Eating and drinking places	47	1,192	56	262	146
General merchandise group, general stores	8	1,845	4	137	92
Apparel group	10	577	7	31	29
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp	9	442	11	25	22
Automotive group	18	2,739	20	97	90
Gasoline service stations	27	989	26	58	44
Lumber-building-hardware group	39	4,038	32	125	107
Drug and proprietary stores	7	386	7	21	13
All other retail stores	22	874	19	35	17
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	38	18,615	22	245	x
Merchant wholesalers	5	1,017	4	24	x
Other wholesale	33	17,598	18	221	х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	60	494	61	85	75
Personal services	33	286	33	57	52
All other service trades	27	208	28	28	23

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

Gian and anada annual	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group 1	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Brookings: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	127	12,037	123	790	551	
	19	11,807	13	154	x	
	37	413	38	75	66	
Remainder of county:2/ Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	101	4,640	98	145	119	
	19	6,808	9	91	x	
	23	81	23	10	9	

x, Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of tha 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "sarvices incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

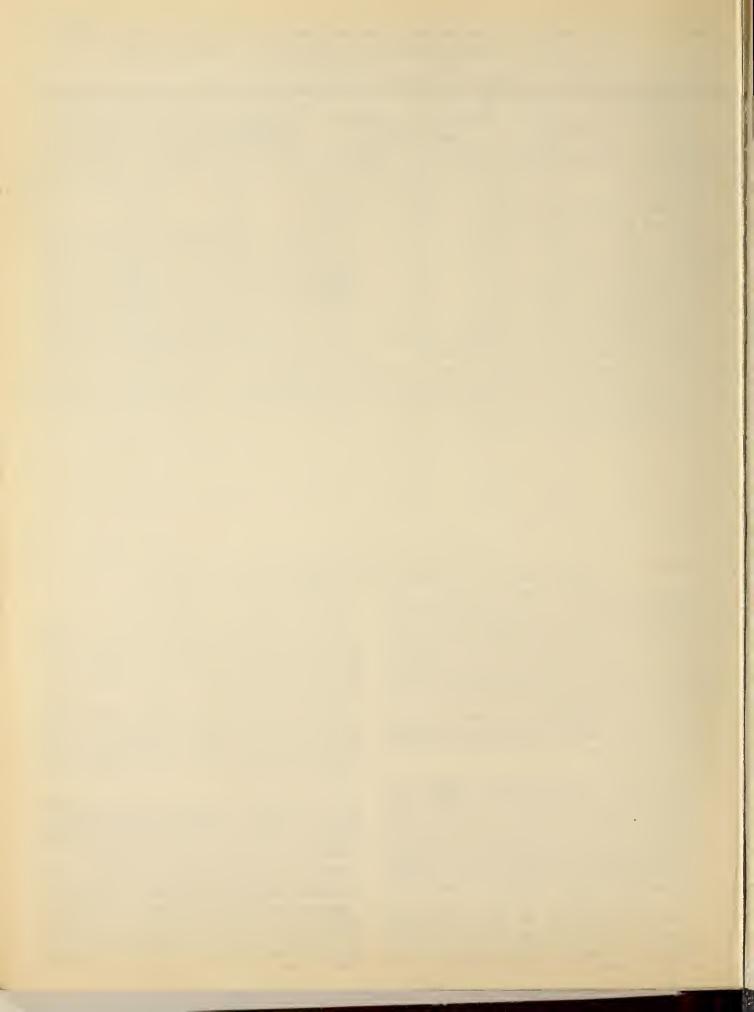
a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for raturned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-007

BROWN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Brown County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$46.1 million, an increase of 315 percent over the \$11.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$69.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$13.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.0 million in 1948 compared with \$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 3,606 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,227 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Brown County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Aberdeen. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Brown County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Brown County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington, 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BROWN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended			
Trace group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees1	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	439	46,118	407	2,439	1,986			
Food group Eating and drinking places General merchandise group, general stores	83 81 17	7,231 3,010 8,170	83 83 8	252 437 535	184 327 399			
Apparel group. Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp Automotive group.	28 23 28	3,476 2,168 8,061	21 30 18	202 115 295	168 105 288			
Gasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores	47 57 11	2,135 7,139 1,013	45 46 10	82 250 67	69 219 55			
All other retail stores	127	3,715 68,980	63	204 850	172 x			
Merchant wholesalers	41 10 5 7 6 13	22,758 10,157 5,234 894 2,840 3,633	22 10 1 1 3 7	514 167 85 62 110 90	x x x x x			
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals Assemblers of farm products Other wholesale	28 50 8	3,379 19,821 23,022	21	45 123 168	X X			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	122	2,005	133	317	292			
Personal services	58 64	1,283 722	64 69	255 62	207 5.1			
AMUSEMENTS	19	540	14	1.18	¥.			

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. 2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.--CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2.500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

BROTH SOUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments businesse	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Aberdeen: Attail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	2 90	38,861	269	2 ,127	1,740	
	54	45,936	22	666	x	
	82	1,674	90	299	275	
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	149	7,257	138	312	#45	
	73	23,044	32	184	x	
	40	331	43	18	16	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

 $^\prime$ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the tall abbunded, not located in cities of 3/ Includes figures for establishments other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5.000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cen-sns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Pre-vious Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

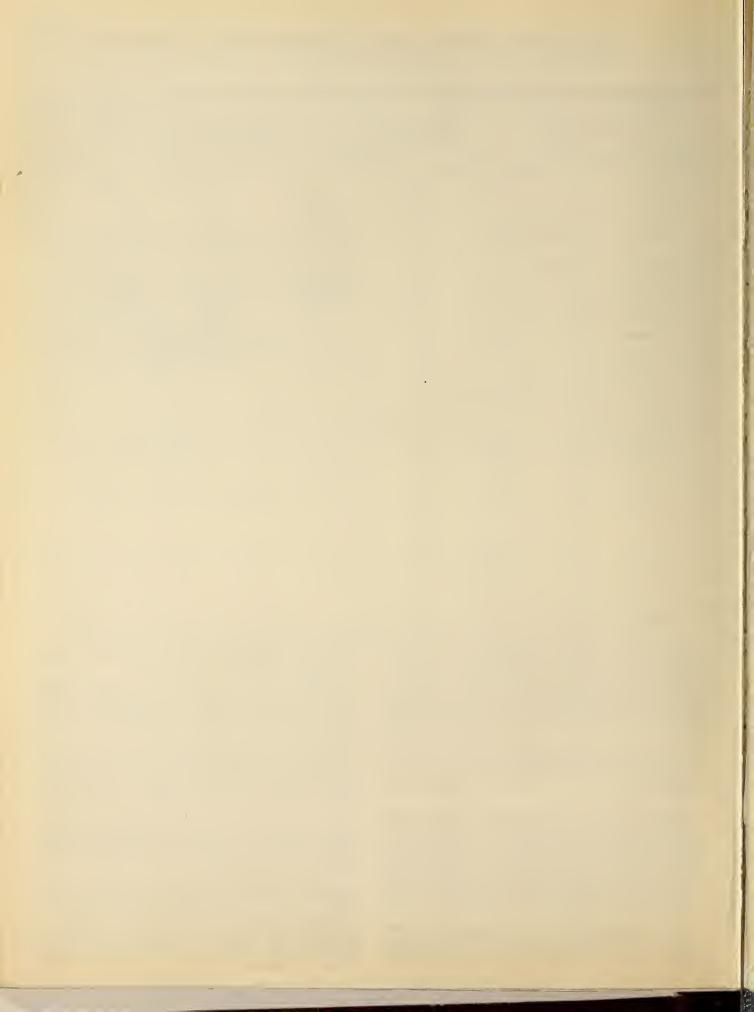
This coverage is similar to that of the 1989 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cen-sus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in fature Censas of Basiness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-"Number of establishments" is the number of business companies or organizations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. - "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs ices to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors .- "Active proprietors ... " represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted t portion of their time to the business in November 1948. the major



RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-008

BRULE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Brule County. South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.0 million. an increase of 312 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$12.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$205,000 in 1948 compared with \$71,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 434 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 260 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Brule County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Brule County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Brule County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BRULE COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	103	7,027	100	307	217	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	15 16 12 60	1,701 560 534 4,232	14 17 13 56	65 64 22 156	45 48 15 109	
WHOLESALE TRADE	24	12,734	28	97	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2 total	33	205	31	30	22.	
Personal services	19 14	144 6 1	17 14	24 6	18 . 4	
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	5	54	4	10	1	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Rolease Series BC-1P-40-009

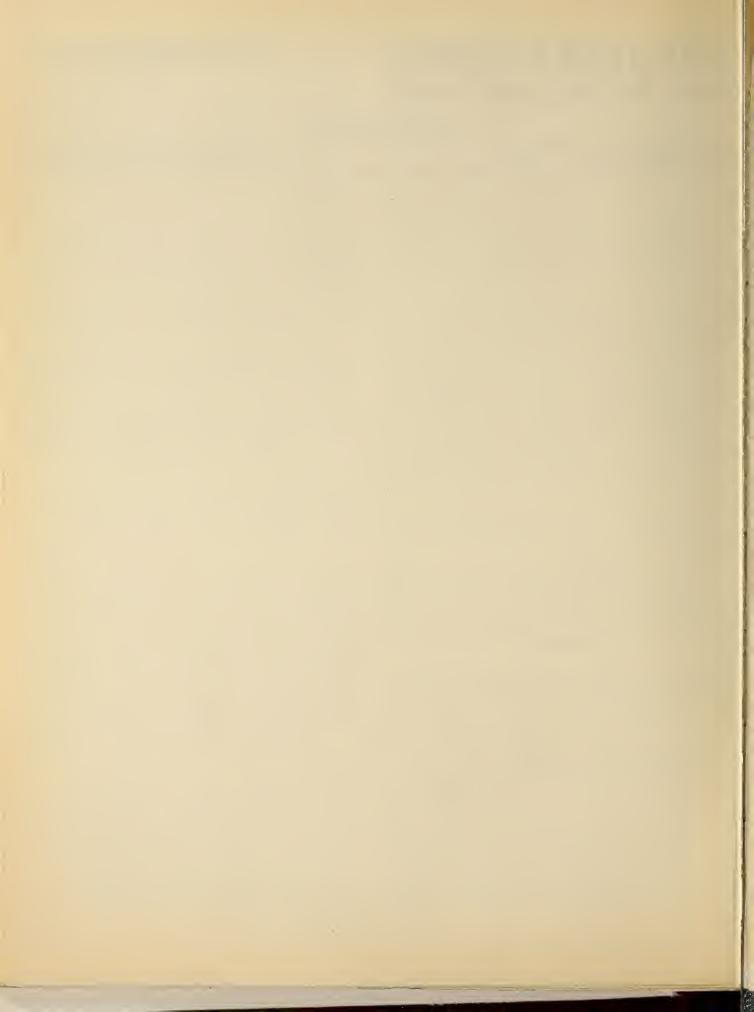
BUFFALO COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Buffalo County, South Dakota, showed an expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Seven retail establishments reported 1948 sales aggregating \$186,000, an increase of 94 percent over the \$96,000 reported by eleven establishments in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Retail establishments reported seven active proprietors of unincorporated businesses in 1948 as compared with eleven proprietors in 1939. Nine paid employees were reported for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, five worked the full workweek, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable figures for 1939 were five and three.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Buffalo County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Buffalo County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Buffalo County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-010

BUTTE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Butte County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.7 million, an increase of 224 percent over the \$3.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$14.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$229,000 in 1948 compared with \$93,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 508 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 363 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Butte County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Butte County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Butte County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BUTTE COUNTY. S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	and receipts		unincorporated businesses	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	143	10,664	146	jŧSO	351	
Food group	22 29 28	1,908 519 1,125 7,112	27 20 33 66	63 38 37 282	54 30 27 240	
WHOLESALE TRADE	23	14,291	11	63	X	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total.	37	229	41	25	20	
Personal services	24	140 89	27 14	18 7	14 6	

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 16, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-+C-011

CAMPBELL COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale; and service establishments located in Campbell County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.8 million, an increase of 260 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$46,000 in 1948 compared with \$11,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 77 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 46 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Campbell County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Campbell County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Campbell County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CAMPBELL COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948				
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lisbments	-	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	44	1,807	45	62	40			
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	10 9 7 18	508 180 167 952	10 11 7 17	18 10 2 32	9 3 - 28			
WHOLESALE TRADE	8	4,131	3	13	x			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	9	46	10	2	1			

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the Jull workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 16, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-012

CHARLES MIX COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Charles Mix County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.3 million, an increase of 506 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$266,000 in 1948 compared with \$67,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 509 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 240 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Charles Mix County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Charles Mix County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Charles Mix County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trace group and true of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cinp 20 J C CB	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	188	10,335	. 183	423	278
Food group Eating and drinking places	39 33	2,192 978	43 35	60 131	44 78
General merchandise grp, general stores	6	588	5	30	24
Apparel group	7	213	9 8	9	6
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp Automotive group	12 14	211 916	15	17 18	15
Gasoline service stations	20	833	19	33	22
Lumber-building-hardware group	37	3,357	32	85	61
Drug and proprietary stores	5	302	6	23	10
All other retail stores	15	745	11	17	14
WHOLESALE TRADE	36	9,187	16	62	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total	41	266	41	24	18
Personal services	24	126	24	12	8
All other service trades	17	3140	17	12	10
HOTELS	6	50	3	13	11
AMUSEMENTS	7	83	-8	16	X

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenens of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Ceneus. The figures shown are preliminary, and are embject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bullstins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of setablishments.

The 1948 Cansus of Businsse was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Enginess Causus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter: Pravious Businsse Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1988, 1985, and 1989.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholseale trades; all eervice trades in the following four groups—personal services, business estrices, automobile repairs and services, aud miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, ucuprofit, accounting, and domestic eervices.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1989 Business Cassus. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cousse. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to setablishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business satablishment is defined to include ouly enterprises conducted from a recognisable place of business, provided that the annual salss wers in excess of \$5,000 for a wholssale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysie of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of satablishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizatious, since the Cenens figures represent information raported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and securive offices of multiunit organizatious, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 salss and receipts" represents ealss of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salss and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-LO-013

CLARK COUNTY, S. DAK,

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Clark County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Eureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.2 million, an increase of 313 percent over the \$1.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$8.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$109,000 in 1948 compared with \$42,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 264 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 210 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Clark County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Clark County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Clark County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Eureau of the Census. Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CLARK GOUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	109	6,177	101	208	164,	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gazoline service stations All other retail stores	21 17 18 53	971 380 1,082 3,744	22 17 16 46	26 41 24 117	18 37 22 87	
WHOLESALE TRADE,	28	8,095	15	£;4.	X	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	15	109	12	12	8	
AMUSEMENTS	8	106	10	19	X	

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades: all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect aeductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release Harch 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-014

CLAY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Clay County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.3 million, an increase of 217 percent over the \$2.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$212,000 in 1948 compared with \$119,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 460 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 309 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Clay County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Vermillion. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Clay County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Clay County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CLAY COUNTY, S. DAK.

TOT THE PARKET							
Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid comployed to workweek ended nearest how 10, 1948			
	cstab- lishments	Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Tc al employees 1	tili sorkweek mgiogees		
RETAIL TRADE, total	106	7,334	106	406	292		
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service statiors All other retail stores	17 15 20 54	1,390 441 661 4,842	16 17 18 55		41 40 21 190		
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	2,924	12	16	x		
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	24	212	26	38	35		
Personal services	13 11	105 107	15 11	22 16	19 16		

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

CLAY COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Vermillion:		7 0(7		- (-		
Retail trade	60	5,965	58	362	273	
Selected service trades	14	162	15	30	27	
Remainder of county: 3/						
Retail trade	46	1,369	48	44	19	
Selected service trades	10	50	11	8	8	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek,

Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Basiness covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their cime to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-015

CODINGTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Codington County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$26.2 million, an increase of 240 percent over the \$7.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$32.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$5.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$823,000 in 1948 compared with \$290,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,856 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,211 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Codington County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Watertown. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Codington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Codington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CODINGTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Treate group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	288	26,201	275	1,270	1,071
Food group Eating and drinking places General merchandise group, general stores	53 60 8	3,531 1,614 4,447	54 65 1	152 198 285	110 165 216
Apparel group Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp Automotive group	14 14 25	1,375 1,330 4,065	15 14 26	58 60 137	52 60 130
Gasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores All other retail stores	28 36 6 44	1,983 5,564 457 1,835	32 26 4 38	69 196 25 90	52 - 187 - 22 - 77
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	55	32,106	24	484	x
Merchant wholesalers	24 31	10,990 21,116	10 14	302 182	x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	76	823	87	102	91
Personal services	35 41	490 333	40 47	72 30	65 26
HOTELS	5	243	3	45	44

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE CODINGTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

Caty and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948					
	lishments) ,m, b	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees				
Watertown: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Hotels	214 37 65 5	24,316 27,393 775 243	197 19 74 3	1,204 448 99 45	1,024 x 88 44				
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	74 18 11	1,885 4,713 48	78 5 13	წნ 36 3	47 x 3				

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This scries of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades, all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Rusiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Leusus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

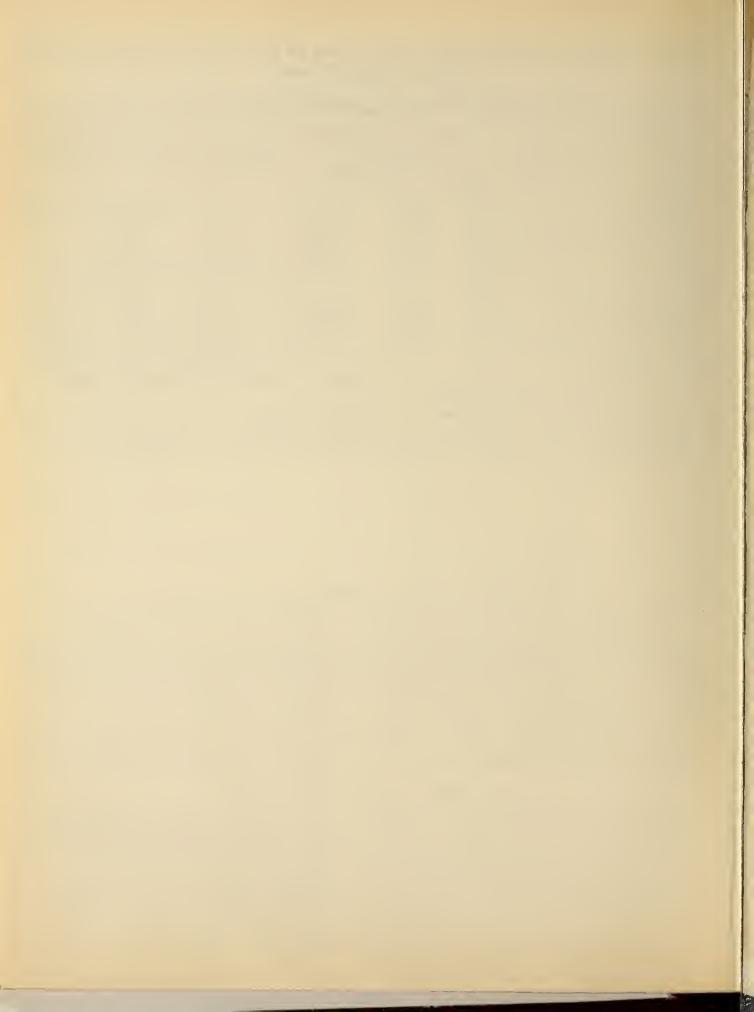
a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.



1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-016

CORSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Corson County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.0 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.7 million in 1948 as compared with

\$0.2 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 127 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 71 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Corson County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Corson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Corson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

CCRSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employed	es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	69	2,966	68	103	79
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	21 10 10 28	656 128 406 1,776	21 9 13 25	15 18 7 63	77
WHOLESALE TRADE	19	6,707	6	24	15 pr Little

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect ueductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-017

CUSTER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Custer County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Eusiness released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.8 million, an increase of 138 percent over the \$1.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$514,000 in 1948 as compared with \$212,000 in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$95,000 in 1948 compared with \$47,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 260 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 156 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Custer County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Custer County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Custer County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CUSTER COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	90	3,831	96	241	205	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	16 22 20 32	991 691 398 1,751	19 19 24 34	28 126 24 63	21 109 20 55	
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	514	9	5	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total.	13	95	18	14	14	
Personal services	12	69 26	12	11 3	11 3	
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	18	100	16	2	cio	

x Not available.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-018

DAVISON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Davison County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Dapartment of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$26.9 million, an increase of 268 percent over the \$7.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$15.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$796,000 in 1948 compared with \$360,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,659 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,247 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Davison County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Mitchell. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Davison County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Davison County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DAVISON COUNTY, S. DAK.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	235	26,941	215	1,308	1,056
Food group	36	3,222	43	116	72
Eating and drinking places	40	1,472	49	231	181
General merchandise group, general stores	14	4,145	4	249	172
Apparel group	16	2,143	9	140	131
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance group.	11	1,416	6	65	63
Automotive group	17	7,371	14	189	183
Gasoline service stations	31	1,098	33	61	38
Lumber-building-hardware group	18	2,891 619	8	87	81 29
Drug and proprietary stores	[6]		~ .6	32	29
All other retail stores	46	2,564	4.5	138	106
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	45	15,460	40	220	x
Merchant wholesalers	22	4,659	19	151	х
Other types of wholesale	23	10,801	21	69	Х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	69	796	63	131	82
Personal services	40	475	37	99	58
Business services	5	46	5	6	5
Automotive repairs and services	11	131	1 .9	13	13
Other repair services	13	144	12	13	0
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	8	75			

Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE DAVISON COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
offy and frade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Mitchell:						
Retail trade	196	24,355	180	1,216	987	
Wholesale trade	40	14,322	38	214	x	
Selected service trades	62	750	56	127	81	
Remainder of county:						
Retail trade	39	2,586	35	92	69	
Wholesale trade	5	1,138	2	6	x	
Selected service trades	7	46	7	4	1	

x Not available.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Censns of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Censns. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Censns publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Censns figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Ensiness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-019

DAY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Day County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.0 million, an increase of 255 percent over the \$3.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$161,000 in 1948 compared with \$115,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 508 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 339 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Day County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Day County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Day County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DAY COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employed ended acarest	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	189	10,982	192	438	329
Food group	34	1,782	37	98	70
Eating and drinking places	31	646	34	69	45
Furniture-home furnishings-					
appliance group	8	429	6	10	9
Automotive group	20	2,485	23	65	58 34 62
Gasoline service stations	28	1,371	30	45	34
Lumber-building-hardware group.	33	2,775	34	75	
Drug and proprietary stores	6	248	5	19	11
All other retail stores	29	1,246	23	57	40
WHOLESALE TRADE	34	7,469	15	5 5	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	33 15	161	33 14	15	11
Personal services	18	97 64	14	13	10
All other service trades	7	75	19	2 5	5
HOTELS	7		7		
AMUSEMENTS	7	121	7	20	x

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-020

DEUEL COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Deuel County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.1 million, an increase of 242 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$102,000 in 1948 compared with \$37,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 220 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 114 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Deuel County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Deuel County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Deuel County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DEUEL COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employe ended nearest					
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	_	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
RETAIL TRADE, total	113	4,097	107	165	109				
Food group	24	960	23	38	19				
Eating and drinking places	16	269	19	22	12				
Gasoline service stations	16	312	16	5	3				
All other retail stores	57	2,556	49	100	75				
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	3,657	6	43	x				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	18	102	20	12	4				

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1920, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-021

DEWEY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Dewey County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.0 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$41,000 in 1948 compared with \$13,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 98 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 85 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Gensus report on Dewey County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Dewey County, will be included in a Builetin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Dewey County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

DEWEY COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Nermh on all		Active propri-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	and receipts (Thousand dollars)	etors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	72	2,963	W.	79	63	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	12 35 35	728 87 319 1,829	17 9 11 34	24 11 9 35	16 11 8 28	
WHOLESALE TRADE	979	3,873	9	1 22	X	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2		مام چانسان در ادر ادر ادر ادر ادر ادر ادر ادر ادر	Tole	Ş	2	

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 16, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-022

DOUGLAS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Douglas County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.4 million, an increase of 240 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$144,000 in 1948 compared with \$22,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 162 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 126 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Douglas County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Douglas County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Douglas County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DOUGLAS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	78	3,3 98	78	119	68	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail storests	16 7 12 43	699 130 188 2 , 381	16 8 12 42	24 10 6 79	14 8 2 44	
WHOLESALE TRADE	22	3,620	14	33	4 x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total.	23	144	24	10	6	
Personal services	11 12	49 95	11 13	4 6	2 4	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 14, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-023

EDMUNDS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Edmunds County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.3 million, an increase of 382 percent over the \$1.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$101,000 in 1948 compared with \$33,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported 268 paid employees for the work eek ended represt Nevember 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 118 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary rigures have been derived from a Census report on Edmunds County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Edmunds County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Edmunds County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP EDMUNDS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	96	5,290	102	212	157	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	11 21 14 50	597 417 434 3,842	12 22 14 54	20 32 18 142	10 24 14 109	
WHOLESALE TRADE	33	7,015	23	50	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	19	101	20	6	5	
Personal services	13	53 48	· 13	4 2	3 2	

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1940 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-024

FALL RIVER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Fall River County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.8 million, an increase of 290 percent over the \$2.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$234,000 in 1948 compared with \$78,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 468 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 258 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Fall River County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Hot Springs. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Fall River County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Fall River County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .-- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FALL RIVER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trace group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	153	7,755	152	413	328
Food group	24	1,815	27	73	62
Eating and drinking places	34				
General merchandise group, general stores		icluded with	MAIL oth	ner retail	L stores"
Apparel group	8	420	9	22	19
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp	7	369		15	11
Automotive group	11	1,241	7	48	47
Gasoline service stations	24	691	24	23	14
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	892	12	. 40	32
Drug and proprietary stores	6	445	6	29	19
All other retail stores.	24	1,133	. 21	55	41
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	1,797	18	30	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	30	234	27	25	21
Personal services	22	197	19	23	20
All other service trades	8	37	é	2	1
HOTELS.		Data withhe	eld to a	void discl	osure.
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	13	83	12	1	1

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

FALL RIVER COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated		Paid employees, workweek aded mearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Ozty and trace group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Total employees2	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Hot Springs: Retail trade Selected service trades Hotels	83	5,627	81	297	229		
	19	177	17	21	17		
	5	53	1	19	19		
Remainder of county: 3/ Retail trade Selected service trades	70	2,128	71	116	99		
	11	57	10	4	4		

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

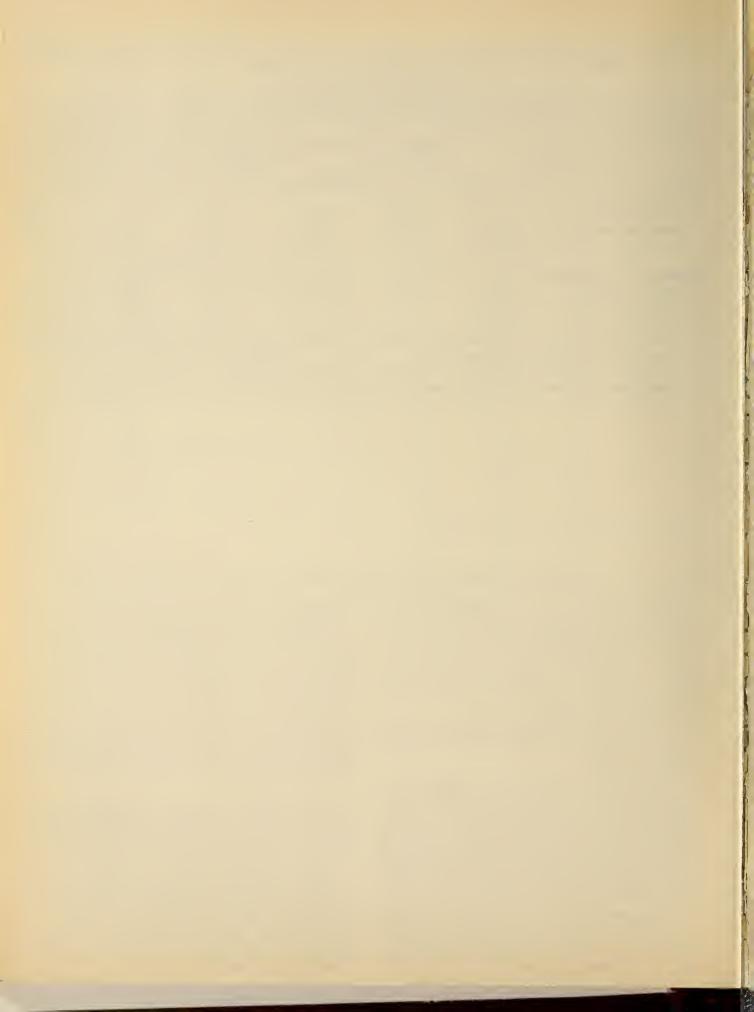
a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.



PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23. 1950

Release Series BC-1P- LO-025

FAULE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Faulk County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.9 million, an increase of 333 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$99,000 in 1948 compared with \$23,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 189 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 114 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Faulk County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Faulk County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Faulk County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FAULK COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of pusiness	Number of and estab- lishments (Ti	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand		Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	95	3,949	97	132	87
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	16 21 10 48	644 272 276 2,757	18 27 8 50	1.8 30 6 78	11 15 56
WHOLESALE TRADE	34	6,730	20	52	The state of the s
SILECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	17	99	1.9	5	<u> </u>
AMUSEATEWIS	6	-59	5	12	SP S

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Gensus of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P40-026

GRANT COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Grant County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.2 million, an increase of 243 percent over the \$2.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$157,000 in 1948 compared with \$79,000 in 1939.

Amployment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 383 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 297 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Grant County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Milbank. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Grant County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Grant County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

GRANT COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of and receipts	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek eaded nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		(Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	143	7,151	140	302	237
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	33 19 15 76	1,523 393 396 4,839	33 24 13 70	62 51 15 174	43 41 11 142
MHOLESALE TRADE	30	5,425	17	68	x
SALICTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	34	157	- 38	13	10
Personal services	15 · 19	·59 ·98	15 23	7	5 5

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GRANT COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Motail trade	74 16	5,415 77	67 19	258 10	204 7
Retail trade	69 18	1,736 80	73 19	44	33 ` 3

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Ceusus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Ensiness Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Ceususes were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Staudard Iudustrial Classification Maunal, May 1949 issue, of the Escentive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Ceusus. Rowever, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Ceusus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include ouly enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the anunal sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Ensimess publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizatious, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-027

GREGORY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Gregory County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.0 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$1.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$183,000 in 1948 compared with \$51,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 321 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 173 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Gregory County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Gregory County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Gregory County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP
GREGORY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-lishments (Thousand dollars)	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	136	5,965	132	255	178
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	28 23 20 65	1,148 532 494 3,791	27 23 19 63	58 61 17 119	38 36 12 92
WHOLESALE TRADE	31	6,867	18	50	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total Personal services	40 20 20	183 110 73	38 18 20	16 12 4	14 11 3
AMUSEMENTS	5	38	2	8	x

x Not available.

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1920, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-028

HAAKON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Haakon County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.7 million, an increase of 311 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$69,000 in 1948 compared with \$19,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 158 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 116 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Haakon County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Haakon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Haakon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAAKON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
				Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	57	3,748	51	135	114
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	12 13 7 25	675 318 249 2,506	10 12 7 22	21. 29 6 79	17 26 5 66
WHOLESALE TRADE	11	1,499	5	16	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	13	69	11	7	6

x Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-029

HAMLIN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hamlin County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.2 million, an increase of 300 percent over the \$1.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$8.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$155,000 in 1948 compared with \$47,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 250 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 149 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hamlin County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hamlin County will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hamlin County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAMLIN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active propri- etors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments			Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	123	5,207	121	197	144
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service statiors All other retail stores	22 24 21 56	723 467 681 3,336	24 24 22 51	21 43 23 110	14 25 14 91
WHOLESALE TRADE	25	8,033	13	48	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	30	155	35	5	3
Personal services	16 14	51 104	17 18	2 3	2
AMUSEMENTS	9	132	8	13	х

x Not available.

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-030

HAND COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and service establishments located in Hand County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.5 million, an increase of 364 percent over the \$1.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$163,000 in 1948 compared with \$33,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 250 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 156 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hand County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hand County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hand County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAND COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)		Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	74	6,481	73	236	186
Food group	15 13 7 39	979 330 484 4,688	14 17 5 37	36 54 14 132	21 43 13 109
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	23	163	24	14	14
Personal services	10 13	49 114	11 13	9	9 5

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-031

HANSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Hanson County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.8 million, an increase of 200 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.9 million in 1948 as compared with

\$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 103 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 87 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hanson County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hanson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hanson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HANSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		(Thousand	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	55	1,817	49	79	50
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	12 11 7 25	472 157 106 1,082	12 12 8 17	21 8 3 47	10 4 - 36
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	2,860	7	24	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-032

HARDING COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Harding County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1,3 million, an increase of 225 percent over the \$0.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was

taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported 42 paid employees for the work-week ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 24 employees

reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Harding County, South Dakota, Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Harding County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Harding County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Eureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HARDING COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	32	1,285	39	42	39	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	11 6 5 10	353 72 51 809	13 7 5 14	10 8 - 24	8 8 23	

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-033

HUGHES COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hughes County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.3 million, an increase of 268 percent over the \$2.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$345,000 in 1948 compared with \$151,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 664 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 375 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hughes County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Pierre. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hughes County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hughes County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

HUGHES COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended			
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	C 2 - 0 / 0 - 0	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	125	10,342	122	524	425			
Food group	17	2,086	16	86	61			
Eating and drinking places		738	32	112	78			
Gasoline service stations		666	•	29	23 263			
All other retail stores	68	6,852	57	297	263			
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	27	6,293	19	85	x			
Merchant wholesalers	7	1,518	5	38	x			
Other types of wholesale	20	4,775	14	47	х			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	34	345	32	55	48			
Personal services	•	197	17	44	38			
All other service trades	1 - '	148	15	11	10			
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	6	39	6	3	2			

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE HUGHES COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total pemployees	Full workweek employees		
Pierre: Retail trade Tourist courts and camps	97 6	9,410 39	9 <u>1</u> 4 6	485 3	397 2		
Remainder of county: Retail trade	28	932	28	39	28		

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Ensiness Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basimess locations, rather than the number of basiness companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each basiness location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Fall workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 24, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-034

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

HUTCHINSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hutchinson County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.6 million, an increase of 336 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.3 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$194,000 in 1948 compared with \$72,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 474 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 255 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hutchinson County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hutchinson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hutchinson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

90245

HUTCHINSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	171	9,609	182	402	258
Food group	26	1,396	24	59	27
Eating and drinking places	20	662	25	80	47
General merchandise grp, general stores	13	885	22	46	25
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	10	193	4	15	1
Automotive group	9	1,140	10	2.7	26
Gasoline service stations	24	463	25	1.5	7
Lumber-building-hardware group	35	3,708	36	114	98
Drug and proprietary stores	6	212	5	13	9
All other retail stores	28	950	31	33	18
WHOLESALE TRADE	30	9,288	14	62	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	41	194	41	10	9
Personal services	21 20	88 106	20 21	8 2	7 2

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The fignres shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," .*hich are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude fales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-035

HYDE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Hyde County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.0 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.3 million in 1948 as compared with

\$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 136 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 87 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hyde County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hyde County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hyde County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HYDE COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees		
RETAIL TRADE, total	44	3,028	42	126	100		
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	7 7 7 23	515 154 226 2,133	7 11 6 18	21 20 7 78	16 12 6 66		
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	1,288	2	10	x		

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

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This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-036

JACKSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Jackson County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.2 million, an increase of 340 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.2 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 110 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 55 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jackson County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jackson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jackson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JACKSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194			
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees		
RETAIL TRADE, total	60	2,169	55	99	85		
Food group Eating and drinking places	7 1 <i>1</i> ,	348 282	6 13	- 5 34	4 25		
Gasoline service stations	19 20	547 992	20 16	27 33	25 24 32		
WHOLESALE TRADE	11	1,531	6	11	x		
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	7	40	7	7	4		

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-037

JERAULD COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Jerauld County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.5 million, an increase of 250 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.9 million in 1948 as

compared with \$0.8 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 206 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared

with a total of 113 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jerauld County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jerauld County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jerauld County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JERAULD COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	65	3,476	60	163	118	
Food group	13 11 6 35	793 265 156 2,262	11 10 6 33	38 30 3 92	28 27 2 61	
WHOLESALE TRADE	1.5	3,914	9	43	×	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	11	34	11	6	5	

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-038

JONES COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Jones County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.3 million, an increase of 283 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$48,000 in 1948 compared with \$15,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 107 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 61 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jones County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jones County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jones County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JONES COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	49	2,329	43	87	63	
Food group Esting and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	9 7 11 22	252 147 332 1,598	10 7 7 19	7 22 11 47	1 19 · 7 36	
WHOLESALE TRADE	12	2,461	10	17	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	7	.48	8	3	2	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-039

KINGSBURY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Kingsbury County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.3 million, an increase of 304 percent over the \$2.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$10.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$217,000 in 1948 compared with \$68,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 410 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 334 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Kingsbury County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Kingsbury County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Kingsbury County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP KINGSBURY COUNTY, S. DAK.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	165	9,326	156	291	216
Food group	31	1,664	29	62	46
Eating and drinking places	26	488	29	45	35
General merchandise grp, general stores.	5	485	1	25	13
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	12	519	10	22	16
Automotive group	8	1,773	9	29	19
Gasoline service stations	30	893	25	27	23
Lumber-building-hardware group	34	2,885	37	59	50
Drug and proprietary stores	6	183	6	6	4
All other retail stores	13	436	10	16	10
WHOLESALE TRADE	36	10,138	14	107	х
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	38	217	39	12	11
Personal services	21	92	21	10	10
All other services trades	17	125	18	2	1

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census: The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively manor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels. tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store warehouses."

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-040

LAKE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lake County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.0 million, an increase of 224 percent over the \$3.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$12.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$340,000 in 1948 compared with \$128,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 794 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 509 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lake County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Madison. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lake County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lake County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LAKE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	workweel	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
Trade group and aris or publication	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	160	11,043	146	561	438			
Food group Eating and drinking places	30 40	1,770 883	29 1 ₁ 1 ₄	79 106	52 · 79			
General merchandise group, general stores Apparel group	5	794 676	2	66	33			
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp Automotive group	Include	ed rith "Al	l other	retail sto ! El				
Gesoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group	26 26	2,072 686	27		12 93			
Drug and proprietary stores	Include	ed with "Al	l other	retail st	ores"			
All other retail stores	19	1,114	18	58	49			
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	31	12,666		173 18	X			
Merchant wholesalers	5 26	974 11,692	3 15	155	x x			
SELECTEL SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	49	340	54	60	40			
Personal services	24 25	156 184	26 28	29 31	26 14			
APUSdrailTS	6	156	6	35	x			

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

LAKE COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of and receipts un		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group			businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Madison: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	90	8,589	79	467	372	
	. 15	8,012	11	140	x	
	. 34	281	38	47	38	
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	70	2 , 454	67	94	66	
	16	4 , 654	7	33	x	
	15	59	16	13	2	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: sll retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic sarvices.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

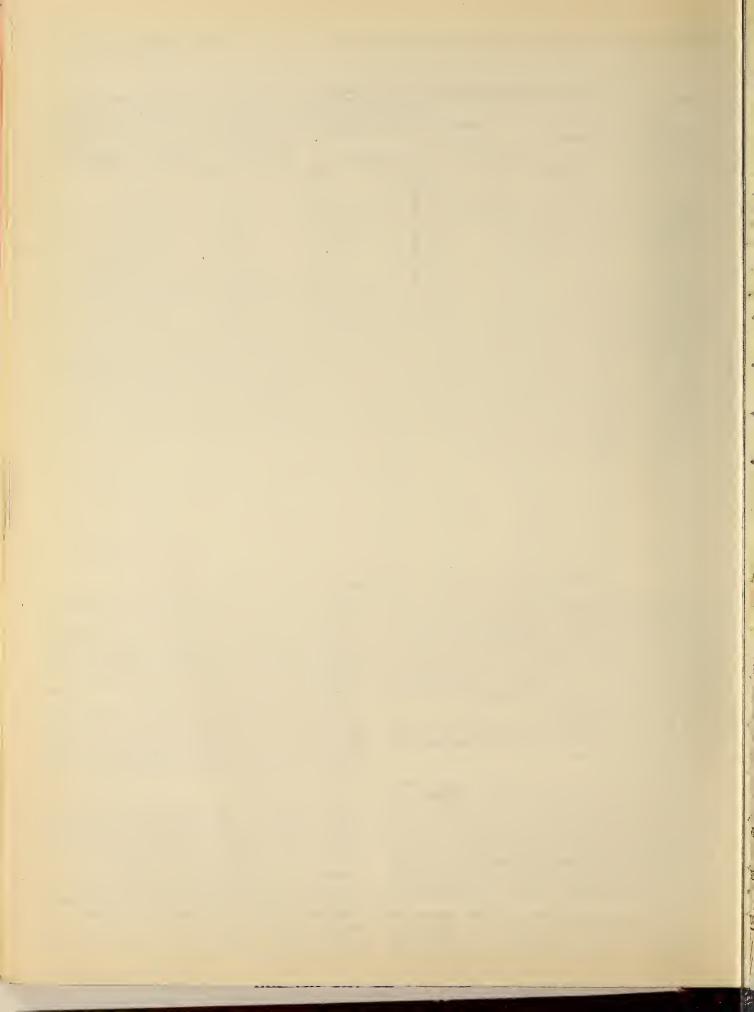
Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiss and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect daductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Activa proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or sessonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 5, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-041

LAWRENCE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lawrence County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.3 million, an increase of 101 percent over the \$7.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$514,000 in 1948 compared with \$341,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 941 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 842 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lawrence County, S. Dak, which also includes data for the cities of Deadwood and Lead. Firely figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lawrence County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lawrence County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LAWRENCE COUNTY, S. DAK.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	268 57 38 11 22 17 25 36 11 10 41 25	14,305 3,626 792 1,299 953 779 3,213 1,025 758 667 1,193 4,991 3,665	266 29 99 54 1 7 9 4 4 5	762 120 136 96 49 59 107 34 26 54 81 106 98	582 85 108 74 39 43 102 22 40 47 x
Other wholesale	13 12 63 47 16 22	1,326 514 378 136 107	9 60 46 14 24	73 56 17 8	59 46 13

Not available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

LAWRENCE COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts Active proprietors of unincorporated		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees
Deadwood: Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	94 30 6	6,896 312 25	81 28 6	350 47 2	293 38 2
Lead: Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	72 • 12 Incl	3,180 82 uded with "F	67 13 emainder of	196 6 county"	139 6
Remainder of county: 3/ Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	102 21 16	4,229 120 82	118 19 18	216 20 6	150 15 2

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Except as indicated above, includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of sepsrate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the psy period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-042

LINCOLN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lincoln County, South

Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948

according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the

Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.4 million, an increase of 352 percent over the \$2.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$231,000 in 1948 compared with \$79,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 455 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 359 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lincoln County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the City of Canton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lincoln County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lincoln County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LINCOLN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Manda are and hind of hygineen	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	177	10,441	163	391	296
Food group	37	1,979	36	67	41
Eating and drinking places	24	1434	25	69	53
General merchandise group, general stores	Include	d with "All	i other	retail sto	
Apparel group	5	230	5	12	8
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp	7	232	7	. 4	4
Automotive group	14	2,435	19	47	45
Gasoline service stations	29	1,329	29	49	37
Lumber-building-hardware group	34	2,722	21	92	73
Drug and proprietary stores	6 21	232 848	16	11 40	
All other retail storesma					27
WHOLESALE TRADE	22	6,466	12	47	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	36	231	- 36	17	15
Personal services	22	74	22	5	4
All other service trades	14	157	14	12	11
AMUSEMENTS	10	340	7	38	x

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

LINCOLN COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated		ees, workweek t Nov. 15, 1948	
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Canton: Retail trade Selected service trades	66	5,583	62.	186	149	
	18	135	18	14	12	
Remainder of county: 3/ Retail trade Selected service trades	111	4,858	101	205	147	
	18	96	18	3	3	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio brosdcasting and televiaion, medical and health, legsl, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic aervices.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom tradea" and "aervica incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the atandard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

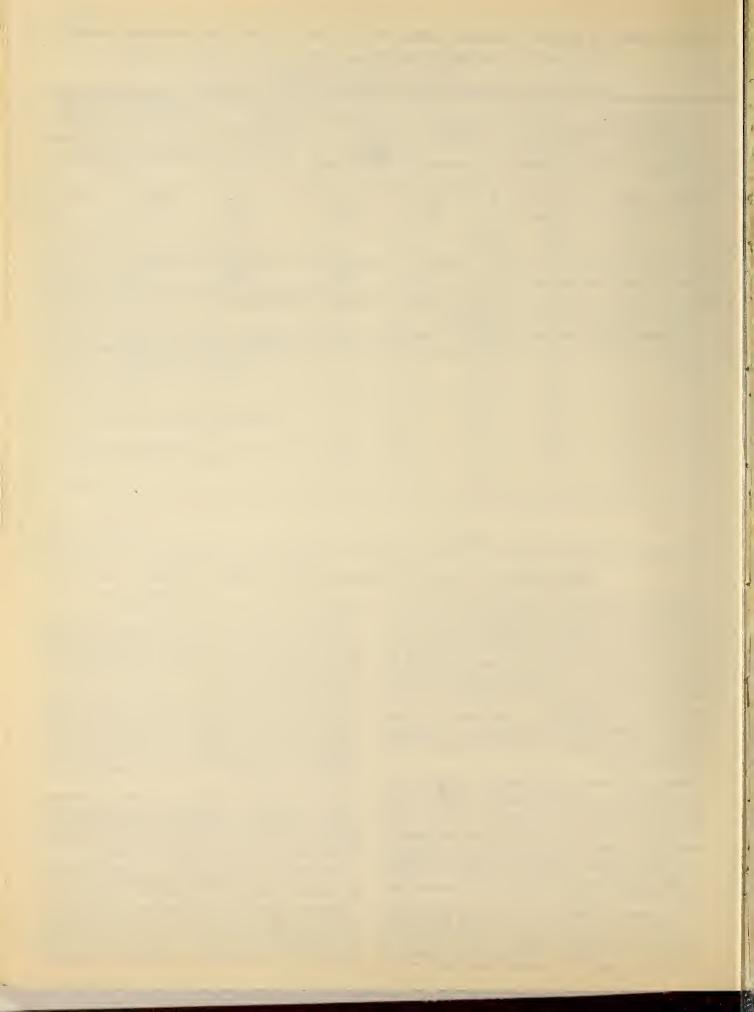
"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for esch business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-043

LYMAN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Lyman County, Jouth Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.9 million, an increase of 263 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 117 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 79 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lyman County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lyman County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lyman County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LYMAN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales Active propri- and receipts etors of		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	estab-	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	73	2,895	66	81	55	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	13 14 14 32	616 191 278 1,810	12 15 12 27	13 21 8 39	10 11 6 28	
WHOLESALE TRADE	17	5,641	14	36	х	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -- The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-044

McCOOK COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in McCook County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.2 million, an increase of 288 percent over the \$1.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$87,000 in 1948 compared with \$51,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 348 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with

a total of 223 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on McCook County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for McCook County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for McCook County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP McCOOK COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	137	5,184	141	278	198
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	16 23 18 80	794 630 504 4, 256	21 22 19 79	28 62 12 176	25 41 9 123
WHOLESALE TRADE	29	6,162	18	67	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	24	87	25	3	3
Personal services	14	46 41	14	1 2	1 2
AMUSEMENTS	6	62	9	13	х

x Mot available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-045

McPHERSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in McPherson County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.1 million, an increase of 410 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$117,000 in 1948 compared with \$25,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 261 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 133 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on McPherson County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for McPherson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for McPherson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP
McPHERSON COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of		es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	. I am lecelous i		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	89	5,077	89	196	154	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	1/2 14 10 52	719 201 394 3,683	1/ 16 11 48	22 24 8 142	17 14 7 116	
WHOLESALE TRADE	28	7,534	17	58	Z	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	20	11.7	22	7	7	
Personal services	8 12	46 71	9 13	3 4	3	

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-046

MARSHALL COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Marshall County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.7 million, an increase of 219 percent over the \$2.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 305 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 232 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Marshall County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Marshall County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Marshall County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MARSHALL COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	lishments unincorpora	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	122	6,707	118	258	211	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	21 25 25 51	1,196 373 781 4,357	21 26 26 45	47 37 28 146	36 32 26 117	
WHOLESALE TRADE	27	5,488	14	47	x	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-047

MEADE COUNTY. S. DAK.

Retail and service establishments located in Meade County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.0 million, an increase of 233 percent over the \$2.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$226,000 in 1948 compared with \$146,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 369 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 235 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Meade County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Sturgis. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Meade County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Meade County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MEADE COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	144	6,976	142	334	257
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	35 27 23 59	1,927 468 742 3,839	35 25 23 59	63 97 23 151	46 78 19 114
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total.	25	2 26	26	35	34
Personal services	16 9	120 106	18 8	25 10	24 10
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	7	16	5		-
AMUSEMENTS	7	83	4	18	х

x Not available.

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MEADE COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of 1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated		es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948	
	lishments		businesses Nov. 1948	esses Total Full	
Sturgis: Retail trade	86	5,008	81	271	204
Remainder of county: Retail trade	58	1,968	61	63	53

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Busineas Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; sll service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educationsl, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sslea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customera. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nesrest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-048

MILLETTE C. UNTY, 5. DAK.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Mellette County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. 3. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1748 aggregated \$1.1 million, an increase of 175 percent over the \$0.4 million in 1739, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.2 million in 1948 as com-

pared with \$0.2 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 60 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 46 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Mellette County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Mellette County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Mellette County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Mashington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MILLIANT COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employee ended nearest	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	44	1,118	40	45	22
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	8 9 7 20	216 105 158 639	7 9 7 17	7 16 1 21	5 3 1 13
NHOLISALE TRADE	8	1,239	6	15	х

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulleting which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRFIIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-049

MINER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Miner County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.8 million, an increase of 336 percent over the \$1.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$111,000 in 1948 compared with \$65,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 243 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 137 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Miner County, Idaho. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Miner County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Idaho to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Miner County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. -- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MINER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
102	4,760	107	201	141	
18 15 13 56	780 260 328 3,392	21 15 15 56	33 42 15 111	17 30 8 86	
24	4,665	17	34	x	
24	111	23	8	8	
12 12	65 46	11 12	L+ L+	4 4	
	estab- lishments 102 18 15 13 56 24 24	Number of establishments and receipts	Number of establishments	Number of establishments 1948 sales and receipts etors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948 employees	

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1920, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees.." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 3, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-050

MINNEHAHA COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Minnehaha County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$86.3 million, an increase of 231 percent over the \$26.1 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 473 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$252.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$44.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$4.0 million in 1948 compared with \$1.4 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 4,819 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 3,708 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable figures for 1939 were 3,172 and 2,596. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 2,623 full-4 and part-week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 1,274 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 683; the comparable figures for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 486.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Minnehaha County, South Dakota. The report also contains data for the city of Sioux Falls.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Minnehaha County, will be fincluded in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Minnehaha County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MINNEHAHA COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	lumber of and receipts estab-		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	813	86,305	721	4,819	3,708
Food group	168	14,572	165	628	361
Eating and drinking places	165	5,394	167	817	707
General merchandise grp, general stores.	17	12,989	7	1,156	749
Apparel group	45	5,105	34	259	210
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	31	4,742	23	256	229
Automotive group	50	18,241	33	616	595
Gasoline service stations	94	3,718	94	171	124
Lumber-building-hardware group	100	12,138	72	432	374 82
Drug and proprietary stores	117	2,519 6,887	19	1 <i>5</i> 7	277
All other retail stores	TT (0,007	101	221	211
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	189	252,871	99	2,623	x
Merchant wholesalers	102	97,897	62	2,037	x
Groceries, foods	14	14,005	8	342	x
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heating.	12	17,708	1	327	x
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies	17	16,071	8	331	x
Automotive parts, accessories	12	7,153	6	262	x
All other merchant wholesalers	47	42,960	39	775	Х
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices	20	20,827	-	287	х
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	31	7,902	23	139	x
Other wholesale	36	126,245	14	160	x
0/					
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, total	236	4,046	233	683	605
Personal services	138	2,278	129	474	434
Business services	21	451	20	84	58
Automotive repairs and services	50	698	58	65	58
Other repair services	27	619	26	60	55
AMUSEMENTS	38	1,446	28	267	x

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE MINNEHAHA COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments (Thousand dollars)		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees	
Sioux Falls: Refail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	586 144 189 24	75,748 235,621 3,738 1,298	487 71 184 13	4,402 2,413 651 226	3,408 x 578	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	227 45 47 14	10,557 17,250 308 148	234 28 49 15	417 210 32 41	300 x 27	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The fighres shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

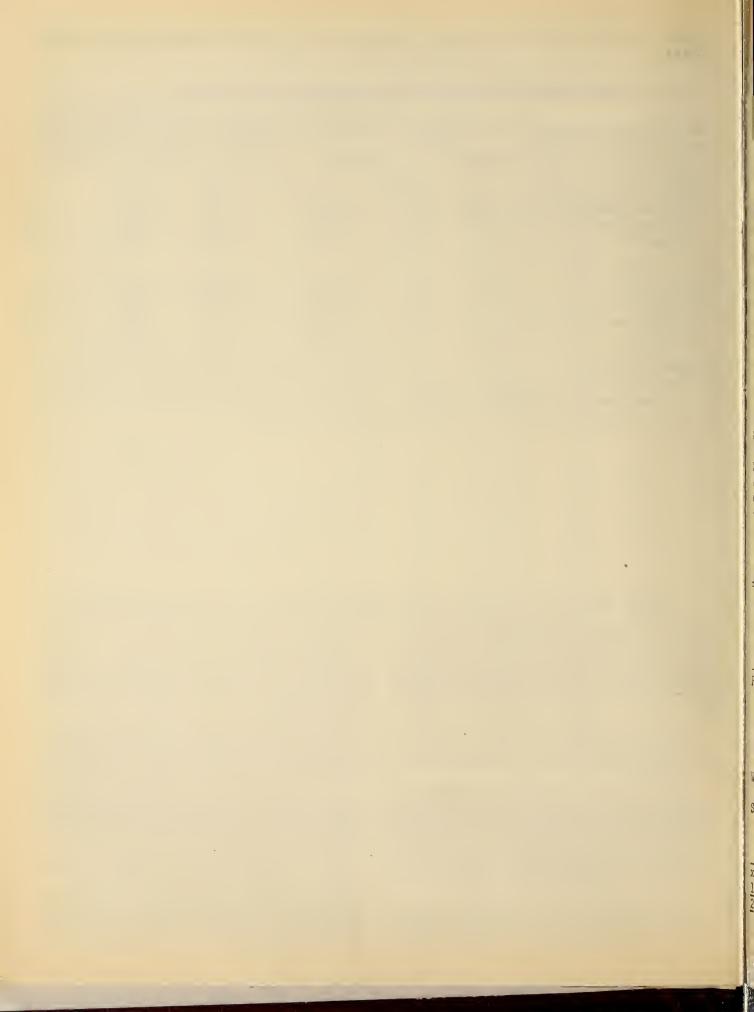
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRFLIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-051

MOODY COUNTY. S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Moody County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.2 million, an increase of 226 percent over the \$1.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$145,000 in 1948 compared with \$73,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 346 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 229 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Moody County. South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Moody County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Moody County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MOODY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948				
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	110	6,201	103	281	193			
Food group	19	968	16	49	30			
Eating and drinking places	20	440	20	55	29			
Gasoline service stations	12	544	11	21	17			
All other retail stores	59	4,249	56	156	117			
WHOLESAIE TRADE	22	7,597	16	49	X			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	24	145	25	16	15			
Personal services	14	68	13	12	11			
All other service trades	10	77	12	4	4			

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-052

PENNINGTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Pennington County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$43.5 million, an increase of 278 percent over the \$11.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$32.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$4.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.6 million in 1948 compared with \$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,906 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,535 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Pennington County, South Dakota, which also includes data for Rapid City. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Pennington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Pennington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP PENNINGTON COUNTY, s. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	O P = 0 , 0 00	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	460	43,457	425	2,127	1,740
Food group	82	6,059	80	195	162
Eating and drinking places	95		97	435 351	377
General merchandise group, general stores	95 13	3,207 5,799		351	236
Apparel group	28	1,796	18	103	86
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance: group	23	1,973	18	125	100
Automotive group	37	10,710	30	314	293
Gasoline service stations	73	3,537	78	145	116
Lumber-building-hardware group	34	6,397	28	212	191 75
Drug and proprietary stores	11 64	1,389	6 6 2	121	75
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	78	2,590 31,994	35	495	104 x
Merchant wholesalers	39	11,997	17	312	x
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	22	5,037	15	68	ж
Other types of wholesale	17	14,960	1 3	115	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES. 2/total	102	1,627	104	284	250
Personal services	50	866	51	192	169
Business services	14	217	13	37	29 47 5 58
Automotive repairs and services	26	427	28	50	47
Other repair services	12	117	12 61	64	5
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	63	621 582	20	95	58 X
Wat eveileble	L	702		72	λ.

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Cemsus of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE PENNINGTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees	
Rapid City:						
Retail trade	324	40,218	298	1,975	1,636	
Wholesale trade	55	17,806	21	414	x	
Selected service trades	90	1,563	92	278	244	
Tourist courts and camps	44	528	43	54	50	
Amusements	11	511	12	78	×	
Remainder of county:						
Retail trads	136	3,239	127	152	104	
Wholesale trade	23	14,188	14	81	x	
Selected service trades	12	64	12	6	6	
Hotels	7	47	7	3	2	
Tourist courts and camps	19	93	18	10	8	
Amusements	11	72	8	17	×	

x Not available.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports shownitted by business establishments for that Census. The fignres shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27. 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-053

PERKINS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Perkins County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.1 million, an increase of 479 percent over the \$1.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$146,000 in 1948 compared with \$37,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 391 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 183 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Perkins County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Perkins County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Perkins County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census. Washington 25, D. C.

Table I. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

PERKINS COUNTY, S. DAK.

TERRING WONTE, 5. DAK.									
	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948					
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
RETAIL TRADE, total	102	8 , 065	94	331	275				
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	16 18 15 53	1,132 592 376 5,965	17 17 16 44	47 74 6 204	32 69 5 169				
WHOLESALE TRADE	15	9,713	7	42	x				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total.	19	146	25	18	14				
Personal services	9 10	99 47	13 12	17 1	13 1				

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-054

POTTER JOUNTY, S. DAL.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Potter County South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.8 million, an increase of 383 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$109,000 in 1948 compared with \$36,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 286 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 146 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Potter County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Potter County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Potter County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

POTTER COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	89	5,797	. 89	238	188	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	12 20 9 48	984 562 224 4 , 027	14 17 10 48	39 49 8 142	30 39 7 11	
.HOLESALE TRADE	25	5,438	14	40	8.	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	22	109	22	8	6	
Personal services	12 10	56 53	12	5 3	2	

x Not available.

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

Release Series BC-1P-40-055

For Release March 23, 1950

HOBERTS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Roberts County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.1 million, an increase of 237 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$169,000 in 1948 compared with \$82,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 600 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 361 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Aoberts County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Sisseton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Roberts County, will be included in a bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data and States. A single copy of the preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Roberts County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Oensus, Washington 25, D. C.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-055

ROBERTS COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Roberts County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.1 million, an increase of 237 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$169,000 in 1948 compared with \$82,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 600 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 361 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Roberts County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Sisseton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Roberts County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Roberts County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

CENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Cenperes tigures represent information regation or establishment. The establishment of places in business at the end of l948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- 1948 sales and receipts ales of merchanteceipts "represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the riod were paid for working at least the mumber of hours typically worked in a meek by employees of the reporting establishment.

> a sufficient number of establishments. formation for all places where there are additional detailed kind-of-business inness Census bulletins which will show ures will be issued in a series of Busispect to coverage. The final Census figexpected to be relatively minor with re-Census publications, but the changes are are subject to revision in the final The figures shown are preliminary, and business establishments for that Census. mation is based on reports submitted by the 1948 Census of Business. The infor-States, presents preliminary results of is planned for each county in the United This series of releases, of which one

> The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censuses were taken for the Business Censuses were taken for the years 1933, 1935, and 1939.

accounting, and domestic services. health, legal, educational, nonprofit, broadcasting and television, medical and important services not covered are radio including motion picture theaters. Some tourist courts and camps; and amusements, miscellaneous repair services; hotels; automobile repairs and services, and personal services, business services, ice trades in the following four groupstrades; all wholesale trades; all serv-Office of the President: all retail Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive the Standard Industrial Classification in the following trades, as defined by of business covered all establishments Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

ROBERTS COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales and receipt		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Offy and trade group	lishments	stab- unincorporated -		Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Sisseton: Retail trade Selected service trades	63	5 , 204	63	272	218	
	18	101	18	17	16	
Remainder of county: 2/ Retail trade Selected service trades	141	4 , 942	130	198	128	
	27	68	. 26	7	4	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each conuty in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of Jnne 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1989.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishmeut is defined to include ouly enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Censns figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors..."Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending uearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

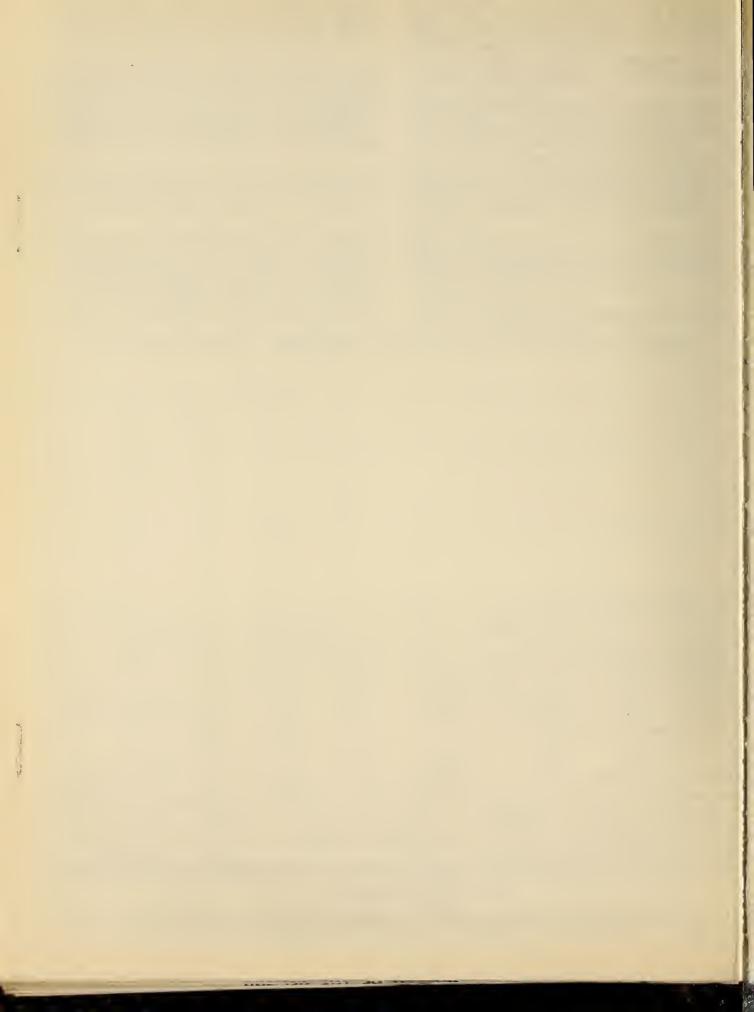
Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP ROBERTS COUNTY, S. DAK.

1						
100	Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweeh nearest Nov	ended
-	Trade group and aims of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
1	RETAIL TRADE, total	204	10,146	193	470	346
L	Food group	34	1,553	* 37	62	34
1	Eating and drinking places	48		49	76	45
4	General merchandise group, general stores	7	1,457		80	78
100	Apparel group	Inc	luded with		ner retail	stores
	Furniture-home furnishings-appliance grp	6	208	6	11	9
3	Automotive group	10	1,227	12	42	39
P	Gasoline service stations	33	900	31	30	17
	Lumber-building-hardware group	44	3,162	35	1.27	1.01
1	Drug and proprietary stores	5	202	6	20	9
	All other retail stores	17	609	11.	22	14
	WHOLESALE TRADL, total	46	9,108	22	106	X
	Merchant wholesalers	5	845	3	13	X
	Other wholesale	41	8,263	19	93	x
- Contract	,					
1	SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	45	169	44	24	20
	Personal services	21	90	21	17	14
	All other service trades	24	79	23	7	E
	AMUSEMENTS	5	51	6	5	300

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 40-056

SANBORN COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Sanborn County, South Daketa, showed a substantial expansion in dellar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.7 million, an increase of 311 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$41,000 in 1948 compared with \$29,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 185 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 171 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sanborn County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sanborn County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sanborn County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

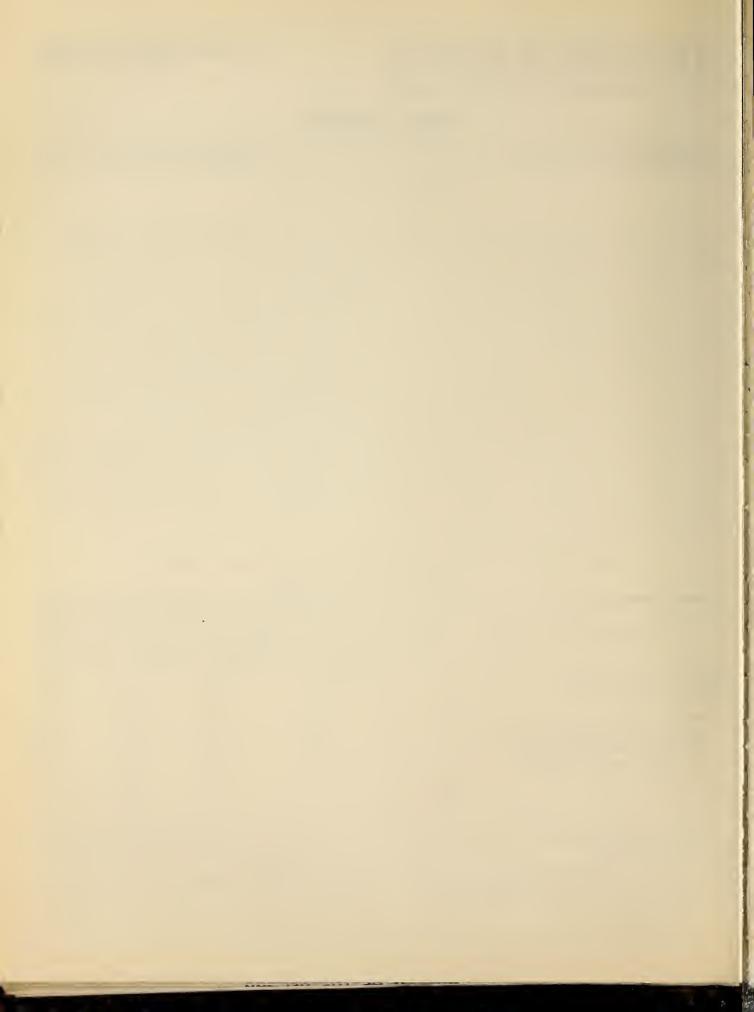
Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SANBORN COUNTY, S. DÁK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948					
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
REPAIL TRADE, total	67	3,657	62	125	105				
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	13 13 6 37	837 289 295 2 , 236	10 15 5 32	28 32 11 54	24 26 10 45				
WHOLESALE TRADE	1.8	3,379	. 1	55	2.				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/ 00000000000000000000000000000000000	10	41	10	5	3.				

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-057

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SHANNON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Shannon County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$612,000, an increase of 103 percent over the \$301,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Shannon County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Shannon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Shannon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SHANNON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	•	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	21	612	25	21	10
Food group Eating and drinking places	7	267	h "All other	7	l l
Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	7	156 189	9 7	5	3 6

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1920, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRFLIMINARY

For Release March 29, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-058

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SPINK COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Spink County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.6 million, an increase of 293 percent over the \$2.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$17.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$416,000 in 1948 compared with \$121,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 622 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 451 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Spink County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Spink County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Spink County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

48742

Months are and hind of hyginess	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cinprojecto	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	187	10,646	163	449	370
Food group	29 41 6 5 8 11 24 44 6	1,866 1,082 680 314 445 962 790 3,990 268 249	28 38 4 8 10 19 37 5	57 127 44 17 14 31 23 116 15	37 98 37 13 11 30 21 109 10

All other service trades.....x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

66

37

29

52

21

31

17,239

13,228

4,011

416

183

233

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planted for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The linal Census which will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of sstablishments.

WHOLESALE TRADE, total........

Assemblers of farm products.....

Other wholesale.....

SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total.....

Personal services.....

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist contrist and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "castom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

36

14

22

54

22

32

136

76

60

37

20

17

x

X

X

32

20

12

Establishment definition.—For Cousas purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of nusiness, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments is other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cousas of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Community of the community of the community of the separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For ReleaseMarch 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-059

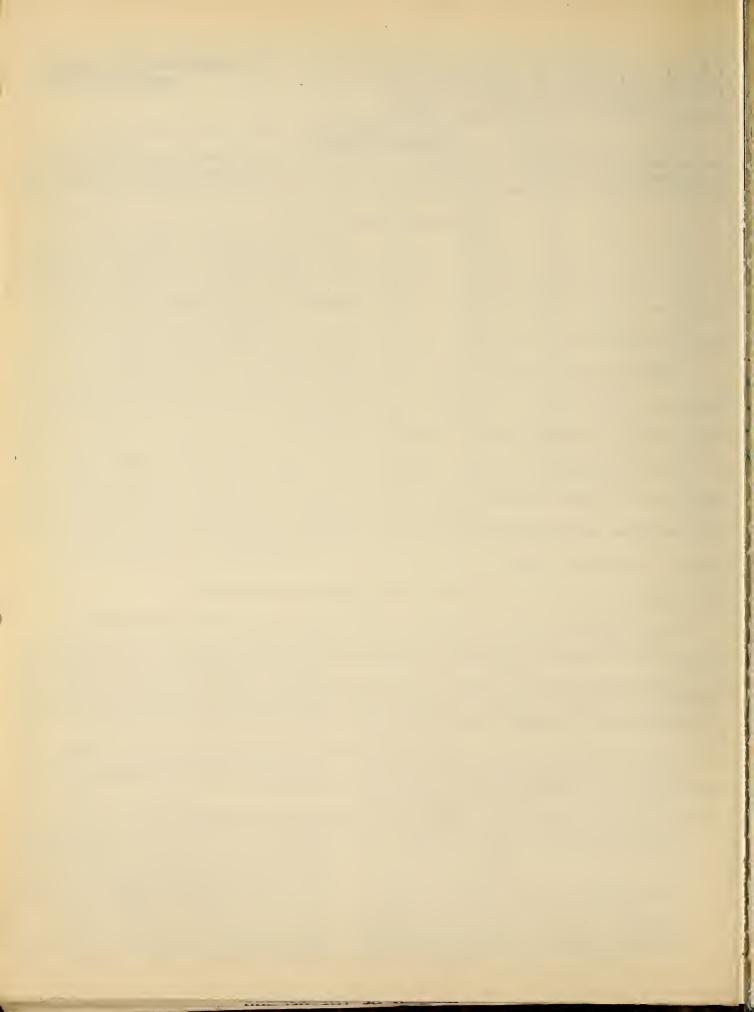
STANLEY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Stanley County, South Dakota, showed an expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Seventeen retail establishments reported 1948 sales aggregating \$893,000, an increase of 176 percent over the \$323,000 reported by twenty-seven establishments in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Retail establishments reported eighteen active proprietors of unincorporated businesses in 1948 as compared with twenty-four proprietors in 1939. Forty-three paid employees were reported for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, thirty-eight worked the full workweek, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable figures for 1939 were twenty-eight and twenty-four.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Stanley County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Stanley County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Stanley County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-060

SULLY COUNTY, S. DAY.

Retail and wholesale establishments located in Sully County, South Debota, slowed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.1 million, an increase of 425 percent over the \$0.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.3 million in 1948 as compared with

0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 90 paid employees for the workwee'r ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 39 employees reported for the weet of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sully County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sully County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sully County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SULLY COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	34	2,133	34.	78	57
Food group Eating and drinking places	8 6	407 136	7 7	11	8 13
Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	5 15	120 1,470	5 15	1 48	35
WHOLESALE TRADE	10	4,294	. 5	12	X

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-061

TODD COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Todd County, South Dakota, showed an expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$742,000, an increase of 81 percent over the \$409,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county decreased over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 17 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 35 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Todd County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Todd County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Todd County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP TODD COUNTY, S. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	_	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	28	742	24	17	12	
Food group Eating and drinking places	8 Incl	304 uded with '	6 'All other re	6 3		
Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	7 13	98 340	7 11	7	2 7	

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-062

TRIPP COUNTY, S. DAN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Tripp County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.4 million, an increase of 300 percent over the \$2.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$12.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$210,000 in 1948 compared with \$89,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 539 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 349 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Tripp County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Tripp County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Tripp County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP TRIPP COUNTY, S. DAK.

	STAND WILLY SON MICHIGAN ACTIONS	CALLET ON A PROPERTY OF STREET			COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	137	10,448	132	438	359
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	26 24 17 70	1,597 654 1,142 7,055	29 25 17 61	59 106 34 239	44 72 28 215
WHOLESALE TRADE	29	12,668	22	68	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	25	210	24	33	32
Personal services	16 9	151 59	15 9	. 28 5	27 5

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1920, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees.." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-063

TURNER COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Turner County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.7 million, an increase of 341 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$7.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$292,000 in 1948 compared with \$98,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 509 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 304 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Turner County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Turner County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Turner County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

TURNER COUNTY, 5. DAK.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
frade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	201	9,666	196	402	273
Food group Eating and drinking places	39 32	2,041 525	40 38	75 90	47 54
Ceneral morchandise grp, general stores Apparel group	7.	737 125	3 9	38 2	21
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp Automotive group	14	446 1,219	1 <u>1</u>	22 31	14 30
Pasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group		597 2,836	26 31	26 86	23
Drug and proprietory stores	9 23	289 851	9 21	12 20	5 16
WHOLESALE TRADE	34	7,294	15	81	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	66	292	68	26	16
Personal services	30 36	115 177	29 39	11 15	10 6
ALUBRO PETS	7	59	7	10	x

Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Bee Teneral Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information ie based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Censue publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census bulleting be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-busineee information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cen-sus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter: Pre-vious Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1983, 1935, and 1989.

Scope of the Census. —The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service tradee in the following four groups—personal services, business servicee, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; botels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important servicee not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health. legal. educabroadcasting and television, medical and health, letional, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic servicee. legal, educa-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businese Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a coneiderable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholeeale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Businees publicatione. Establishment definition .- For Census purposes,

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in businese at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiee and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salee and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents ownere and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employeee of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 23, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-064

UNION COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Union County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.3 million, an increase of 277 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$369,000 in 1948 compared with \$101,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 411 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 312 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Union County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Union County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Union County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table I.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP UNION COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1943		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	149	8,276	145	349	232	
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	27 26 22 74	1,278 509 835 5,654	27 33 19 66	53 58 26 212	34 33 19 146	
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	5,816	13	34	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	35	369	40	28	26	
Personal services	18 17	87 282	19 21	11 17	11 15	
AMUSEMENTS	5	66	5	13	X	

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect ueductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-065

WALWORTH COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Walworth County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.1 million, an increase of 379 percent over the \$1.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$259,000 in 1948 compared with \$75,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 614 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 244 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Walworth County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Mobridge. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Walworth County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Walworth County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

WALWORTH COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of estab-lishments (Thousand		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business			unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	128	9,092	136	458	344	
Food group	22	1,489	24	64	44	
Eating and drinking places	28	886	30	130	102	
Gasoline service stations		273	9	16	10	
All other retail stores	69	6 , 444 .	73	248	188	
WHOLESALE TRADE	29	9,521	17	87	х	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	30	259	27	69	41	
Personal services	12	170	10	55	36	
All other service trades	18	89	17	14	5	
HOTELS	6	97	8	21	18	
AMUSEMENTS	6	91	5	10	×	

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

WALWORTH COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

1	Number of			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group ¹	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Mobridge: Retail trade Selected service trades	72	6,104	74	362	283	
	15	199	13	65	39	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	56	2,988	62	96	61	
	15	60	14	4	2	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek,

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-ofbusiness information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups-personal services, business aervices, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair aervicea; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Cens. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidental to sus. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition .-- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cen-

sus of Busineas publications.
"Number of establiahments" is the number of separate buainess locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizationa, since the Cenaus figurea represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding adminiatrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts .-- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to cuatomers. The figurea reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customera and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors .- "Active proprietors ... " represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948. ..

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-066

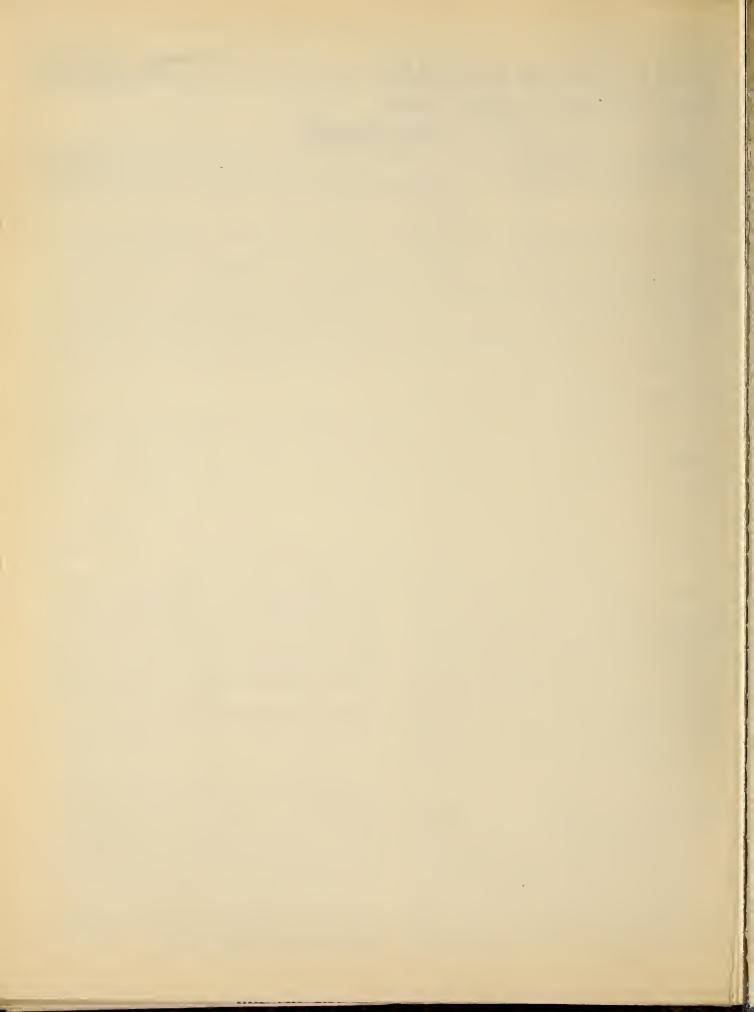
WASHABAUGH COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Washabaugh County, South Dakota, showed an expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Nine retail establishments reported 1948 sales aggregating \$171,000, an increase of 114 percent over the \$80,000 reported by thirteen establishments in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Retail establishments reported ten active proprietors of unincorporated businesses in 1948 as compared with twelve proprietors in 1939. Only one part-time employed was reported for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Washabaugh County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Washabaugh County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Washabaugh County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.



PRELIMINARY

For Release April 10, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-40-067

YANKTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Yankton County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$17.9 million, an increase of 281 percent over the \$4.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$11.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$606,000 in 1948 compared with \$167,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,138 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 712 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Yankton County, South Dakota, which also includes data for the city of Yankton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Yankton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Yankton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP YANKTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	179	17,852	157	933	749
Food group	26	2,814	22	144	103
Eating and drinking places	27	713	27	90	73
General merchandise grp, general stores	13	2,381	8	158	110
Apparel group	9	1,292	9	72	51
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	10	749	9	22	22
Automotive group	18	2,966	17	79	76
Gasoline service stations	21	618	22	25	23
Lumber-building-hardware group	25	3,711	18	156	124
Drug and proprietary stores	5	301	7	18	16
All other retail stores	25	2,307	18	169	151
WHOLESALE TRADE	25	11,571	19	122	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	36	606	41	83	74
Personal services	24	404	26	62	56
All other service trades	12	202	15	21	18

x Not available.

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

YANKTON COUNTY, S. DAK.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars) unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Yankton: Retail trade Wholesale trade	146	16,935	121	905	733	
	18	9,774	16	109	x	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade	33	917	36	28	16	
	7	1,797	3	13	x	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release March 22, 1950

Release Series EC-1P-40-068

ZIEBACH COUNTY, S. DAK.

Retail establishments located in Ziebach County, South Dakota, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.1 million, an increase of 450 percent over the \$0.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a combined total of 40 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 15 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Ziebach County, South Dakota. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Ziebach County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of South Dakota to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Ziebach County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

ZIEBACH COUNTY, S. DAK.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employee eaded nearest	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	25	1,147	22	40	31
Food group	7	301	- 9	8	7
Eating and drinking places	5	55	4	7	5
Gasoline service stations	In	cluded with	"All other	retail ston	9s ¹¹
All other retail stores	13	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9	25	19

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.





TENNESSEE

counties

TENNESSEE

1.	Anderson
2.	Bedford
3.	Benton
3. 4. 5. 6.	Bledsoe
4 ·	Blount
۶.	
77	Bradley
7. 8.	Campbell
8.	annon
9. 10.	Carroll
10.	Carter
11.	Cheatham
12.	Chester
13.	Claiborne
13. 14.	Clay
15. 16.	Cocke
16.	Coffee
17.	Crockett
18.	Cumberland
19.	Davidson
20.	Decatur
21.	De Kalb
22.	Dickson
23.	Dyer
24.	Fayette
25.	Fentress
26.	Franklin
27.	Gibson
28.	Giles
29.	Grainger
30.	Greene
31. 32.	Grundy
32.	Hamblen
33.	Hamilton
33. 34.	Hancock
35	Hardeman
36	Hardin
35. 36. 37. 38.	Hawkins
38	Haywood
39.	Henderson
40.	
40.	Henry

41 .	Hickman
42.	Houston
43.	Humphreys
44.	Jackson
45.	Jefferson
46.	Johnson
47.	Knox
48.	Lake
49.	Lauderdale
50.	Lauderdale Lawrence
51.	Lewis
52.	Lincoln
53.	Loudon
54.	McMinn
55.	McNairy
56.	Macon
57.	Madison
58.	Marion
59.	Marshall
60.	Maury
61.	Meigs
62.	Monroe
63.	Montgomery
64.	Moore ·
65.	Morgan
66.	Obien
67.	Overton
68.	Perry
69.	Pickett
70.	Polk
71.	Putnam
72.	Rhea
73.	Roane
74.	Robertson
75.	Rutherford
76.	Scott
77.	Sequatchie
78.	Sevier
79.	Shelby
80.	Smith



TENNESSEE ---- cont'd

- Stewart 81.
- 82. Sullivan
- 83. Sumner
- 84.
- Tipton Trousdale 85.
- 86. Unicoi
- 87. Union
- 88. Van Buren
- 89. Warren
- 90. Washington
- 91. Wayne
- 92. Weakley
- 93. White
- 94. Williamson
- 95. Wilson



RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 29, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-000

TENNESSEE

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Tennessee showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the State during 1948 aggregated \$2,074,200,000, an increase of 242 percent over the \$606,500,000 sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the State showed a 306 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$3,406,300,000 in 1948 as compared with \$839,500,000 in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$126,400,000 in 1948 compared with \$36,400,000 in 1939. Hotel receipts moved from \$10,000,000 in 1939 to \$23,100,000 in 1948. Amusement businesses in the State recorded receipts of \$27,000,000 in 1948 compared with \$9,900,000 in 1939.

Employment in the State also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 117,724 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 98,009 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 76,897 and 61,765. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 40,813 full—and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 23,742 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 25,829; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 16,557.

These preliminary figures have been compiled from similar releases being made available for each county in Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Tennessee, will be included in a State Bulletin to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available in preliminary and final form for each of the States.

A single copy of the preliminary release for the State of Tennessee as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP TENNESSEE

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	und receipts	unincor-		
	lishments	(Thousand	porated businesses	Total 1	Full workweek
		dollars)	Nov. 1948	employees 1	employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	32,602	2,074,189	32,325	117,724	98,009
Food group	11 757	457.068	11,914	15,455	11,387
Food group	11,757 5,360	114,555	5,459	17,879	15,303
Eating and drinking places	2,694	351,938	2,448	27,980	21,684
General merchandise grp, general stores		141,581	1,165	9,237	7,215
Apparel group	1,414				6,553
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	1,462	121,034	1,397	7,076	11,301
Automotive group	1,541	369,760	1,538	11,852	
Gasoline service stations	3,200	112,557	3,299	6,331	5,347
Lumber-building-hardware group	1,434	171,397	1,435	8,805	8,026
Drug and proprietary stores	1,013	62,551	1,057	5,093	4,215
All other retail stores	2,727	171,748	2,613	8,016	6,978
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	3,510	3,406,328	2,467	40,813	х
Monchart wholeseless total	2,022	1,748,816	1,474	28,530	x
Merchant wholesalers, total			174	3,979	x
Groceries, confectionery, meat	250	253,104	286		x
Farm products, edible	274	105,877		3,509	1
Tobacco	28	31,354	33	323	х
Furniture, home furnishings	40	11,296	21	489	х
Automotive supplies	222	50,179	152	2,443	х
Electrical merchandise	97	97,202	33	1,787	X.
Hardware, plumbing, heating	. 60	96,781	20	2,968	х
Lumber, construction materials	87	43,198	60	1,625	X
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies	312	113,812	172	3,723	х
All other merchant wholesalers	652	946,013	523	7,684	x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices	373	636,041	23	6,372	х
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	344	172,753	283	1,900	x
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	426	734,894	447	2,442	x
Assemblers of farm products	345	113,824	240	1,569	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, total	7,897	126,377	8,102	25,829	24,034
DEEDOTED DERIVIOR TRADED, COURT	1,071		0,200	~,,~,	
Personal services	4,856	73,904	5,022	19,496	18,206
Business services	340	12,714	256	1,959	1,781
Automotive repairs and services	1,511	27,968	1,568	2,943	2,745
Other repairs and services	1,190	11,791	1,256	1,431	1,302
HOTELS	315	23,111	262	6,320	5,915
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	364	3,923	360	562	491
AMUSEMENTS	931	26,962	662	3,983	ж
x Not available.				/	7

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-001

ANDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Anderson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$29.7 million, an increase of 851 percent over the \$3.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.1 million in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.2 million in 1948. No comparable figure for 1939 is available.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the retail and service trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,693 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 327 employees reported for the week of November 15,1939. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 35 paid employees for the week of November 15, 1948.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Anderson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Clinton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Anderson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Anderson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

ANDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	.1======		porated businesses Nov. 1948	Chiprojeco	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	377	29,663	372	1,490	1,217
Food group	147	10,857	156	351	277
Eating and drinking places	64	1,903	58	296	216
General merchandise grp, general stores.	25	2,421	15	191	132
Apparel group	14	1,951	10	101	73
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	17	867	- 17	54	48
Automotive group	17	3,583	13	153	144
Gasoline service stations	39	2,077	53	94	90
Lumber-building-hardware group	9	833	7	38	37
Drug and proprietary stores	16	1,522	12	149	145
All other retail stores	29	3,649	31	63	55
WHOLESALE TRADE	6	3,204	1	35	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	82	1,064	87	203	188
Personal services	54	768	58	160	149
All other service trades	28	296	29	43	39
AMUSEMENTS	19	240	6	95	X

x Not available

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE ANDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	- unincorporated		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Clinton: Retail trade Selected service trades	79	6,241	71	325	270	
	24	230	21	58	/ 54	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	298	23 , 422	301	1,165	947	
	58	834	66	145	134	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-002

BEDFORD COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Bedford County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.6 million, an increase of 232 percent over the \$4.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$684,000 in 1948 compared with \$191,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,036 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 555 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bedford County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Shelbyville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bedford County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bedford County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BEDFORD COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	306	13,553	317	795	617
Food group	118	3,251	129	123	76
Eating and drinking places	45	566	48	80	67
General merchandise grp, general stores	18	1,254	10	133	79
Apparel group	12	631	10	30	22
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	21	1,267	22	76	62
Automotive group	15	3,136	16	113	109
Gasoline service stations	30	786	33	55	45
Lumber-building-hardware group	17	1,421	19	84	77
Drug and proprietary stores	8	350	9	32	26
All other retail stores	22	891	21	69	54
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	4,359	17	86	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	79	684	85	155	136
Personal services	41	386	43	121	106
All other service trades	38	298	42	34	30

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BEDFORD COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total 1 employees	Full workweek employees	
Shelbyville: Retail trade	,200	11,839	206	723	566	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	106	1,714	111	72	51	

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Businesa Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaua of Buainess covered all establiahmenta in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Induatrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholeaale tradea; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal aervicea, buainess services, automobile repaira and aervices, and miscellaneous repair aervicea; hotela; tourist courts and campa; and amuaements, including motion picture theaters. Some important aervices not covered are radio broadcaating and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is aimilar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment ia defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholeaale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establiahmenta" is the number of separate businesa locations, rather than the number of businesa companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents salea of merchandiae and receipta from repaira and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductiona for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salea and exciae taxea collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1946.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." representa all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of houra typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-003

BENTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Benton County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.7 million, an increase of 208 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$119,000 in 1948 compared with \$59,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 191 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 118 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Benton County, Tennesse. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Benton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Benton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BENTON COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	-	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees		
RETAIL TRADE, total	117	3,678	114	169	122		
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	45 16 15 41	964 152 214 2,348	44 13 15 42	25 26 15 103	15 16 12 79		
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	2 ^j t	119	23	22	20		

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-004

BLEDSOE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Bledsoe County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.3 million, an increase of 283 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 77 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 37 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bledsoe County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bledsoe County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bledsoe County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BLEDSOE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		r of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of		
		ab- ents	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total		67	2,282	61	77	66
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores		31 5 6 25	627 66 167 1,422	28 4 6 23	10 9 8 50	8 8 7 43

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-005

BLOUNT COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Blount County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$27.1 million, an increase of 330 percent over the \$6.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,796 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 872 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Blount County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Alcoa and Maryville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Blount County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Blount County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BLOUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	410	27,121	418	1,500	1,258
Food group	173	7,423	179	208	167
Eating and drinking places	45	1,522	46	191	162
General merchandise grp, general stores.	24	3,461	17	296	207
Apparel group	12	1,077	12	90	68
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	21	2,007	21	96	92
Automotive group	22	4,923	22	219	218
Gasoline service stations	54	1,855	58	91	72
Lumber-building-hardware group	21	2,070	26	121	104
Drug and proprietary stores	10	955	9	90	83
All other retail stores	28	1,828	28	98	85
WHOLESALE TRADE	14	4,801	9	93	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	85	1,129	89	203	190
Personal services	56	718	59	161	149
All other service trades	29	411	30	42	41
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	10	50	7	8	5

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BLOUNT COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
offy and trade group	lishments		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Alca: Retail trade	277	3 650	20	00	00	
Selected services trades	27 5	1,650 23	30	99 5	92	
Maryville: Retail trade Selected service trades	160 62	18,698 916	144 66	1,118 175	941 162	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	223 18 10	6,773 190 50	244 19 7	283 23 8	225 23 5	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each constry in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Fusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Precutive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 exclading administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fn11 workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-006

BRADLEY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Bradley County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$18.4 million, an increase of 276 percent over the \$4.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$910,000 in 1948 compared with \$275,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,304 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 683 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Bradley County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Greveland. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Bradley County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Bradley County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP BRADLEY COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	O.I.P.Z.O.J.O.O.	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	329	18,415	318	972	766
Food group	111	4,461	108	141	98
Eating and drinking places	54	1,106	54	122	110
General merchandise grp, general stores.	18	1,418	10	152	75
Apparel group	20	1,021	19	64	45
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	17	871	19	. 52	45
Automotive group	23	3,784	21	154	152
Gasoline service stations	45	1,113	46	72	60
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	2,439	18	127	101
All other retail stores	25	2,202	23	88	80
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	20	4,966	21	96	x
Merchant wholesalers	12	2,611	11	68	x
Other types of wholesalers	8	2,355	10	28	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	85	910	91	236	226
Personal services		643	53	188	179
All other service trades	47 38	267	38	48	47
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	5	21	6	1	1

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

BRADLEY COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Cleveland: Retail trade Selected service trades	224	15,641	207	889	700	
	69	816	73	223	214	
Remainder of county: Retail brade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	105	2,774	111	83	66	
	16	94	18	13	12	
	5	21	6	1	1	

- See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.
- 2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Pusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nouprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-1-1007

CAMPBELL COUNTY. TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Campbell County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$15.2 million, an increase of 245 percent over the \$4.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$498,000 in 1948 compared with \$104,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 943 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 547 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Campbell County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of La Follette. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Campbell County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Campbell County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CAMPBELL COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and Find Of Dusiness	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Oling mo y o co	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	351	15,157	342	779	657
Food group	152	4,891	157	122	89
Eating and drinking places	73	1,159	76	126	102
General merchandise grp, general stores	33	2,303	22	127	101
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	16	888	9	35	30
Automotive group	19	2,338	19	82	74
Gasoline service stations	25	662	27	33	24
Lumber-building-hardware group	13	1,763	9	184	184
Drug and proprietary stores	5	376	5	22	19
All other retail stores	15	777	18	48	34
WHOLESALE TRADE	9	3,432	6	49	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	57	498	56	115	101
Personal services	42	388	42	98	90
All other service trades	15	110	14	17	11
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	7	165	7	18	17

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE CAMPBELL COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
		estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
La Follette: Retail trade Selected service trades	101 31	8,769 283	94 29	520 61	464 - 54	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	250 26	6,388 215	248 27	259 5 ¹ 4	193	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for esch county in the United Ststes, presents preliminsry results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by businesa establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Busineas Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Busineas Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Buainesa covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Clasaification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeaale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, buainess services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educationsl, nonprofit, secounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidents! to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, s business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of psid employees..." represents all employees on the psy roll for the pay period ending nessest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or sessional, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working st least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-008

CANNON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Cannon County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.6 million, an increase of 333 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$93,000 in 1948 compared with \$33,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 121 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 62 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Cannon County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Cannon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Cannon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

CANNON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	105	2,605	119	108	83
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations	47 6 9 43	513 70 126 1,896	50 6 11 52	13 11 9 75	10 10 3 60
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES ² /	14	93	18	13	11

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-009

CARROLL COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Carroll County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.0 million, an increase of 287 percent over the \$3.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$10.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$444,000 in 1948 compared with \$107,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 860 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 465 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Carroll County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Carroll County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Carroll County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	331	11,999	332	606	453
Food group Eating and drinking places	139 33	3,497 409	134 33	121 80	67 63
General merchandise grp, general stores	33 10	1,258 319	32 10	105	60 11
Apparel groupFurniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	16	685	16 17	27 114	23
Automotive group	18 33 22	2,800 837 1,525	37 28	47	44 46
Drug and proprietary stores	9	311 358	9 16	21 21	14 15
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	34	10,426	24	176	х
Merchant wholesalers Other types of wholesale	9 25	2,487 7,939	8 16	57 119	x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES,2/total	70	لميكيك	80	78	66
Personal services	48 22	333 111	56 24	72 6	60 6

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Ceusus of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Ceusus. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Ceusus publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Ceusus figures will be issued in a series of Business Ceusus bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist contra and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Ceusus. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Ceusus purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only euterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Business publications.

"Number of establishmeuts" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinuit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchaudise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees ou the pay roll for the pay period ending uearest November 15, 1948. "Fall workweek" employees, whether regular or seasoual, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-010

CARTER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Carter County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$20.3 million, an increase of 290 percent over the \$5.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$950,000 in 1948 compared with \$205,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,223 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 638 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Carter County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Elizabethton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Carter County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Carter County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

CARTER CCUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and hind of huginage		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	401	20,270	402	1,032	911
Food group	184	5,173	193	124	103
Eating and drinking places	47	763	52	106	96
General merchandise grp, general stores	23	2,684	18	217	157
Apparel group	16	901	11	52	45
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	18	1,326	15	69	65
Automotive group	23	3,981	23	134	132
Gasoline service stations	36	1,019	39	62	56
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	2,738	9	170	168
Drug and proprietary stores	7	616	6	42	39
All other retail stores	37	1,069	36	56	50
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/Aotal	80	950	78	191	184
Personal services	47	776	43	175	168
All other service trades	33	174	35	16	16_

I/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

CART'ER COUNTY, TENH.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of	f ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments busines	lishments (Thousand Nov. 19		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Elizabethton: Retail trade Selected service trades	202	16,381	189	880	774	
	65	875	63	184	177	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	199	3,889	213	152	137	
	15	75	15	7	7	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Dervice Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Census. However, "Cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-011

CHEATHAM COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Cheatham County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.2 million, an increase of 256 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$33,000 in 1948 compared with \$18,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 135 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 68 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Cheatham County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Cheatham County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Cheatham County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CHEATHAM COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and Arid of Dastness	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	104	3,228	107	131	83
Food group	41	798	44	18	10
Eating and drinking places	18	184	18	16	11
Gasoline service stations	10	311	12	23	17
All other retail stores	35	1,935	33	74	45
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	8	33	11	4	3

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release

April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-012

CHESTER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Chester County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.2 million, an increase of 320 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$186,000 in 1948 compared with \$44,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 312 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 133 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Chester County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Chester County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Chester County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CHESTER COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	128	4,245	136	218	174
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	52 21 8 47	1,191 224 181 2,649	50 21 10 55	22 41 4 151	15 25 4 130
WHOLESALE TRADE	15	6,097	14	60	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	34	186	37	34	27
Personal services	16 18	108 78	17 20	26 8	19 8

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRFLIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-013

CLAIBORNE COUNTY. TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Claiborne County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.2 million, an increase of 265 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$157.000 in 1948 compared with \$24.000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 282 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 162 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Claiborne County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Claiborne County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Claiborne County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CLAIBORNE COUNTY. TENN.

Trade group and kind of hysiness	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments (Thousand b		unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	207	6,190	210	221	188
Food group	69	921	71	16	12
Eating and drinking places	22	229	22	32	21
General merchandise grp, general stores	51	2,410	47	69	64
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	7	225	8	6	6
Automotive group	6	683	8	22	22
Gascline service stations	26	518	29	13	12
Lumber-building-hardware group	8	630	8	28	25
All other retail stores	18	574	17	35	26
WHOLESALE TRADE	6	4,206	9	41	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	19	157	24	20	19

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 26, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-014

CLAY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Clay County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.6 million, an increase of 220 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$46,000 in 1948 compared with \$17,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 60 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 28 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Clay County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Clay County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Clay County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CLAY COUNTY, TENN.

The state of the s					
Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Carpera	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	104	1,581	114	56	41
Food group	41	280	40	3	3
Eating and drinking places	12	89	16	9	6
Gasoline service stations	10	122	11	7	4
All other retail stores	41	1,090	47	37	28
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	15	46	18	4	3
Personal services	10	37	12	4	3
All other service trades	5	9	6	-	-
AMUSEMENTS	8	93	9	3	x

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-015

COCKE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Cocke County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.7 million, an increase of 295 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$429,000 in 1948 compared with \$116,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 598 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 392 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Cocke County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Newport. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Cocke County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Cocke County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP COCKE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	C 2 - 0 , 0 - 0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	284	8,687	276	455	355
Food group	142	2,407	131	58	39
Eating and drinking places	42	512	41	72	66
General merchandise grp, general stores.	19	1,035	11	89	54
Apparel group	10	4 7 8	14	25	16
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	8	445	10	17	16
Automotive group	11	1,253	16	64	64
Gasoline service stations	26	568	28	27	21
Lumber-building-hardware group	9	1,371	12	54	42
All other retail stores	17	618	13	49	37
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	4,143	7	50	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	37	429	44	93	91
Personal services	21	347	26	82	81
All other service trades	16	82	18	11_	10

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. -- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

COCKE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active proprietors of unincorporated	Paid employe ended neares	ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group	1 i a base a base a base a constant	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Newport: Retail trade Selected service trades.	120 31	6 , 739 408	126 36	398 93	309 91
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades.	16 4	1,948 21	150 8	57	46 -

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Ensimess publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-016

COFFEE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Coffee County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.2 million, an increase of 352 percent over the \$2.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$471,000 in 1948 compared with \$113,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 933 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 441 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Coffee County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Tullahoma. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Coffee County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Coffee County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP COFFEE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietions of unincor-	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended
		tab- ments (Thousand dollars)		Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	282	12,167	283	664	531
Food group	105	2,918	106	83	59
Eating and drinking places	50	804	47	114	94
General merchandise grp, general stores	15	871	11	100	62.
Apparet group	11	656	1.2	45	33
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	13	696	14	36	31
Automotive group	18	3,523	17	131	1,31
Gasoline service stations	32	842	35	48	39
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	730	12	59	44
Drug and proprietary stores	5	271	5	17	12
All other retail stores	21	856	24	31	26
WHOLESALE TRADE	17	5,450	13	142	· x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	53	471	58	127	119
Personal services	37	377	40	119	111
All other service tradesx Not available.	16	94	18	8	8

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE COFFEE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		moer of and receipts etors of ended hearest Nov.		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Tullahoma: Retail trade Selected service trades	135	6,943	123	414	343
	29	275	31	96	95
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	147	5,224	160	250	188
	24	196	27	31	24

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be isaued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered sll establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: sll retail trades; all wholeaale trades; sll service trades in the following four groups—peraonal services, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — Active proprietors... represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nesrest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or messonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at lesst the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY-

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-017

CROCKETT COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Crockett County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.8 million, an increase of 300 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.5 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$135,000 in 1948 compared with \$96,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 353 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 179 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Crockett County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Crockett County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Crockett County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	c.mp20,000	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	192	6,848	189	269	184
Food group	81	2,011	84	37	23
Eating and drinking places	19 18	127 1,090	22 14	7 66	37
Apparel group	10	278	10	11	6
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	7	336	7 8	10	9
Automotive group	9	724 418	16	39 14	35 9
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	1,154	12	60	4.1
Drug and proprietary stores	6	221	7	10 15	5 15
All other retail stores	9	489	9	7.5	15
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	4,497	7	62	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	30	135	32	22	17
Personal services	21	92	23	19	15
All other service trades	9	4,3	9	3	2

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935. and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment const.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fall workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-018

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Cumberland County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.5 million, an increase of 400 percent over the \$1.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts total-

ing \$179.000 in 1948 compared with \$47.000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 375 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 199 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Cumberland County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Cumberland County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Cumberland County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP CUMBERLAND COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and bind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	nearest Nov. 15, 19	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	C.mp z o j c c c	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	204	7,478	224	344	309
Food group	87	2,008	93	48	37
Eating and drinking places	41	520	48	61	52
General merchandise grp, general stores	11	463	11	27	22
Apparel group	8	562	10	25	19
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	5	329	5	12	12
Automotive group	8	1,703	12	80	79
Gasoline service stations	17	434	20	16	15
Lumber-building-hardware group	8	1,043	8	46	45
Drug and proprietary stores	Inc		"All othe	er retail	stores#
All other retail stores	19	416	17	29	28
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	27	179	27	31	30

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-019

DAVIDSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Davidson County,
Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948
according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by
the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$276.8 million, an increase of 205 percent over the \$90.8 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 247 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$454.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$131.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$24.3 million in 1948 compared with \$7.8 million in 1939. Amusement businesses in the county recorded receipts of \$4.1 million in 1948. No comparable figure for 1939 is available.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 16,431 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 13,960 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 12,239 and 10,326. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 8,361 full—and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 4,660 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 4,961; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 3,640.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Davidson County, Tennessee. The report also contains data for the city of Nashville.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Davidson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Davidson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

DAVIDSON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended
11 ade group and kind of business		(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1.	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	3,022	276,771	2,838	16,431	13,960
Food group	848 742 100 163 117 115 304 111 136	58,916 16,519 41,560 24,631 16,104 51,676 13,904 16,553 8,660	96 287 117	2,385 2,734 3,698 1,694 1,053 1,382 790 736	1,779 2,408 2,979 1,409 1,002 1,324 667 691 585
Drug and proprietary stores	386	28,248		1,242	1,116
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	559	454,416	352	8,361	x
Merchant wholesalers, total Groceries, foods Dry goods, apparel Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heat'g. Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies Automotive parts, accessories All other merchant wholesalers	392 63 25 45 88 33 138		251 56 16 14 48 21 96	6,717 1,375 360 1,616 1,053 459 1,854	x x x x x x
Manufactirs sales branches, offices Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesale	74 75 18	105,275	7 82 12	1,148 217 279	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	1,013	24,277	990	4,961	4,649
Personal services	597 78 202 136	3,741 5,793	592 51 193 154	3,322 578 773 288	3,118 523 739 269
HOTELS		Data withheld to avoid disclosure.			
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	38	712	41	106	100
AMUSEMENTS	78	4,126	53	587	x

x Not available,

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek,

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

DAVIDSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	estab- uninc		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Nashville:						
Retail trade		237,293	2,005	14,142	12,129	
Wholesale trade	553	449,252	348	8,234	x	
Selected service trades	847	21,680	820	4,469	4,189	
Hotels	26	4,205	21	1,202	1,136	
Remainder of county:						
Retail trade	794	39,478	833	2,289	1,831	
Wholesale trade	6	5, 164	4	127	Ж	
Selected service trades	166	2,597	170	492	460	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek,

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census rigarres will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

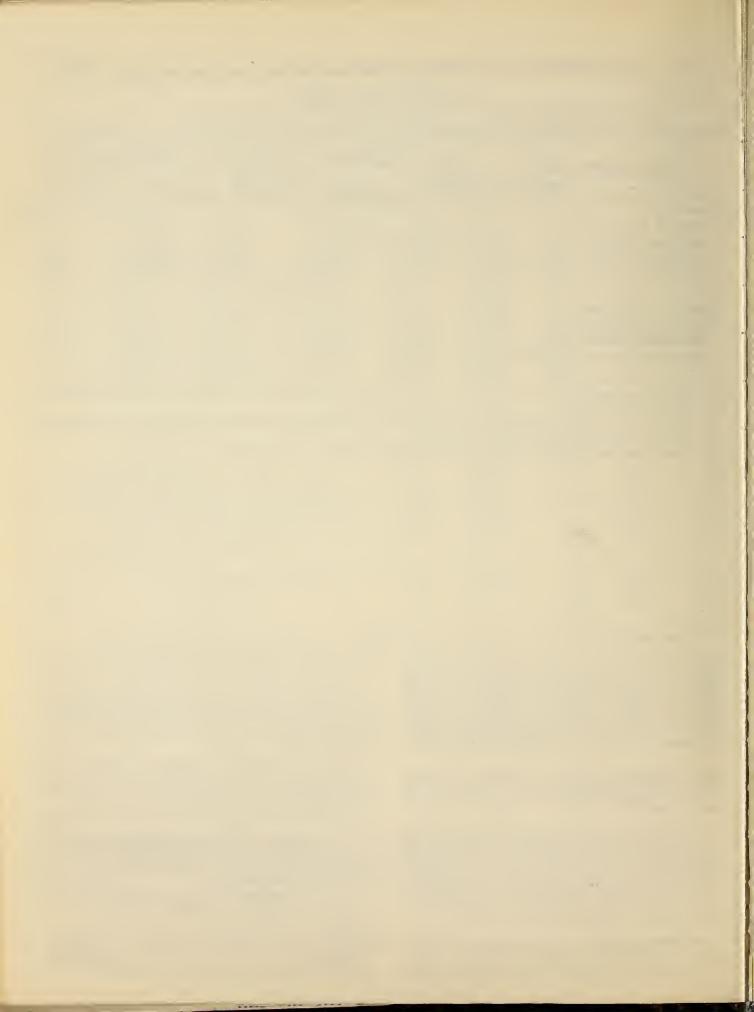
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-020

DECATUR COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Decatur County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.5 million, an increase of 338 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$106,000 in 1948 compared with \$25,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 191 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 81 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Decatur County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Decatur County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single dopy of the preliminary release for Decatur County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DECATUR COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	121	3,482	118	160	111
Food group	57 16 9 39	709 118 265 2,390	54 15 9 40	22 12 22 104	11 8 11 81
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	23	106	21	31	25
Personal services		79 27	11 10	29 2	24 1

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-021

DE KALB COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in De Kalb County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.1 million, an increase of 158 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$139,000 in 1948 compared with \$43,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 165 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 84 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on De Kalb County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for De Kalb County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for De Kalb County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DE KALB COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lisuments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	134	3,118	143	149	110
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	52 8 13 61	705 94 178 2,141	54 10 14 65	10 19 7 113	7 15 6 82
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	24	139	23	16	13
Personal services	16 8	115 24	15 8	14 2	12

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-022

DICKSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Dickson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.5 million, an increase of 215 percent over the \$2.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$322,000 in 1948 compared with \$79,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 529 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 300 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Dickson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Dickson. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Dickson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Dickson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DICKSON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov, 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	220	8,464	229	420	320
Food group		2,301	85	63	50
Eating and drinking places		386	30	56	38
General merchandise grp, general stores.		1,281	26	68	41
Apparel group		430	8	. 26	24
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.		429	7	24	22
Automotive group	11	1,273	15	42	41
Gasoline service stations	24	610	27	32	26
All other retail stores	28	1,754	31	109	78
WHOLESALE TRADE	11	2,255	8	36	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	40	322	39	73	65
Personal services	.24	181	25	55	52
All other service trades	16	141	. 14	18	13

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE DICKSON COUNTY. TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948		
City and trade group	lishments		businesses Nov. 1948	Total 1 employees	Full workweek employees	
Dickson: Retail trade	93	6,042	91	347	269	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	127	2,422	138	73	51	

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for esch county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buaineas Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeaale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal services, business aervices, automobile repaira and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineaa Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In s number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the psy period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-023

DYER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Dyer County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$25.7 million, an increase of 257 percent over the \$7.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$14.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$6.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,109 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,353 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Dyer County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Dyersburg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Dyer County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Dyer County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, Do Ce

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP DYER COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of hyginese	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	C	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	386	25,665	354	1,500	1,174
Foed group	157	6,070	145	174	122
Eating and drinking places	58	1,097	57	202	156
General merchandise group, general stores	18	1,632	14	216	94
Apparel groupecoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoc	19	2,341	19	194	149
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance group q.	17	1,596	16	100	96
Automotive groupo	29	5,276	25	223	,210
Gasoline service stations	28	1,380	27	95	71
Lumber-building-hardware group	20	3,227	17	171	166
Drug and proprietary stores	11	555	1.2	43	38
All other retail stores	29	2,491	2.2	82	72
WHOLESALE TRADE, totalo	43	14, 878	30	316	2
Merchant wholesalers	1.5	5,393	13	140	25
Other types of wholesalers	28	9,485	17	176	28
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	87	1,180	98	293	283
Personal services	56	829	62	256	248
All other service trades	31	351	36	37	35
AMUSEMENTS	12	294	10	56	X

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweeke

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

DYER COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ors of ended nearest Nov. 15, 19		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Dyersburgs Retail trade	199	19,163	183	1,233	978	
	27	9,570	19	190	*	
	58	891	70	204	195	
Remainder of countys Retail trade	1 87	6,502	171	267	196	
	.16	5,308	11	126	*	
	29	289	28	89	88	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Tradese

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revi-Sion in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Busineas Census bulletins which will ahow additional detailed kind-ofbusiness information for all places where there are a aufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buaineaa Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups-personal servicea, buaineas services, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters.' Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-1 ces

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition .- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterpriaes conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cen-

aus of Business publications.
"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts .- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipta from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allow-ances; they exclude aales and excise taxes collected from customera and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." representa owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. - "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 4, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-024

FAYETTE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Fayette County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.6 million, an increase of 280 percent over the \$2.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$131,000 in 1948 compared with \$39,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 435 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 237 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Fayette County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Fayette County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Fayette County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FAYETTE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	0.mg = 0 , 0 0 0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	209	7,556	208	394	302
Food group	91	2,045	89	56	40
Eating and drinking places	30	377	33	48	32
General merchandise grp, general stores.		1,871	46	96	58
Apparel group		394	3	40	26
Automotive group		1,043	5	47	46
Gasoline service stations	19	463	17	24	23
Lumber-building-hardware group	7	857	6	61	59
All other retail stores	9	506	9	22	18
WHOLESALE TRADE	15	2,634	14	16	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	25	131	25	25	24
Personal services	16	109	16	24	23
All other service trades	' 9	22	9	1	1

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-025

FENTRESS COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Fentress County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.9 million, an increase of 225 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$81,000 in 1948 compared with \$11,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 167 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 87 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Fentress County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Fentress County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Fentress County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FENTRESS COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cing Lo Jooo	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	131	3,921	133	151	132
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	49 8 12 62	668 122 194 2,937	47 8 13 65	16 19 7 109	10 16 7 99
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	17	81	16	16	13

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-026

FRANKLIN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishment located in Franklin County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.3 million, an increase of 277 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$438,000 in 1948 compared with \$144,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 781 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 431 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Franklin County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Winchester. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Franklin County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Franklin County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP FRANKLIN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov, 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businessès Nov. 1948	Chipadycco	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	251	11,294	255	638	493
Food group	87	2,439	83	95	69
Eating and drinking places	31	407	37	50	40
General merchandise grp, general stores.	27	1,563	23	119	78
Apparel group	10	375	10	18	14
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	15	868	16	50	34
Automotive group	13	2,180.	11	101	94
Gasoline service stations	37	999	39	65	48
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	1,547	16	84	77
Drug and proprietary stores	7	332	9	18	12
All other retail stores	12	584	11	38	27
WHOLESALE TRADE	16	3,763	12	59	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	54	438	59	84	73
Personal services	40	392	45	78	68
All other service trades	14	46	14	6	5

Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

[/] See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of			ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Winchester: Retail trade Selected service trades	99	7,163	98	434	341	
	27	214	29	40	33	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	152	4 , 131	157	204	152	
	27	224	30	44	40	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a aeries of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Business was taken under the proviaion of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Busineas Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Buainess covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal aervices, business services, automobile repaira and servicea, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcaating and television, medicai and health,

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard clausification of the aervice trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic serv-

ices

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. —For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholeaale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRFILMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P41-027

GIBSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Gibson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$25.8 million, an increase of 323 percent over the \$6.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$27.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$6.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,008 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 948 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Gibson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Humboldt, Milan, and Trenton. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Gibson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Gibson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP GIBSON COUNTY, TENN

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	J	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	011800054670005414494949494949494949494949494949494949	25,773	646 196 196 529 3466 424 1257 161 1047	1,430 173 220 247 75 84 154 201 106 334 102 45 187 244 221 23	1,091 111 171 143 51 80 146 168 53 88 ** ** ** 215 194 21

x Not available

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. $\frac{2}{2}$ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GIBSON COUNTY. TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	ended nearest Nov. 15, 19	
City and trade group	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	Thousand Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
Humboldt: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service Trades	144	6,965	159	482	347
	12	3,458	12	31	x
	35	358	39	96	80
Milan: Retail trade Selected service trades	112	5,648	122	384	305
	27	202	31	38	36
Trenton: Retail trade Selected service trades	101	5,713	109	285	222
	35	243	38	67	63
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade	244	7,447	256	279	217
	63	23,699	31	303	x
	49	261	53	43	36

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Eusiness in the coverage of Service Trades.

 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{1}}$ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{1}}$ Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on re-ports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cen-sus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Pre-vious Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. - "1948 sales and receipts" represents es of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

-"Active proprietors..." represents owners partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted to portion of their time to the business in November 1948. the major

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fall workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-028

GILES COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Giles County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.0 million, an increase of 225 percent over the \$4.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$12.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$813,000 in 1948 compared with \$234,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 940 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 564 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Giles County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Pulaski. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Giles County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Giles County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

GILES COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	296	12,999	310	630	506
Food group	91	2,657	98	82	63
Eating and drinking places	46	698	45	95	69
General merchandise grp, general stores.	40	1,574	37	119	71
Apparel group	17	839	20	34	27
Furniture-home furnishgs_appliance grp.	13	759	12	36	33
Automotive group	12	3,104	17	95	94
Gasoline service stations	33	934	35	42	33
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	1,375	16	74	71
Drug and proprietary stores	6	356	9	20	15
All other retail stores	23	703	21	33	30
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	29	12,030	33	178	x
Merchant wholesalers	15	4,501	18	80	X
Other types of wholesale	14	7,529	15	98	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	72	813	76	132	125
Personal services	38	472	41	1.01	96
All other service trades	34	341.	35	31	29

x Not available.

1/ lad udes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See Coneral Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the Congregae of Service Trades.

Table 2. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

GILES COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Pulaski: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	157	10,267	166	537	452	
	23	11,046	26	137	x	
	48	662	50	113	109	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	139	2,732	144	93	54	
	6	984	7	41	x	
	24	151	26	19	16	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate basiness locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors..." Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-029

GRAINGER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Grainger County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.1 million, an increase of 133 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 88 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 49 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Grainger County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Grainger County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Grainger County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP GRAINGER COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of and receipts		Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	-	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	95	2,102	88	88	68	
Food group	39 9 9 38	427 147 263 1,265	33 10 6 39	9 19 9 51	7 13 8 40	

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 27, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-030

GREENE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Greene County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$19.5 million, an increase of 268 percent over the \$5.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$23.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$7.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$987,000 in 1948 compared with \$192,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,409 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,213 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Greene County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Greeneville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Greene County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Greene County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

GREENE COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	estab- Lishments (Thousand dollars)		Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	343	19,535	353	954	764
Food group	144	4,116	150	133	92
Eating and drinking places	30	708	30	90	74
General merchandise grp, general stores.	41	2,500	38	194	121
Apparel group	12	1,094	9	69	49
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	12	1,726	17	66	62
Automotive group	22	3,898	23	145	142
Gasoline service stations	35	1,401	38	65	51
Lumber-building-hardware group	17	2,054	19	94	83
Drug and proprietary stores	6	469	10	22	20
All other retail stores	24	1,569	19	76	70
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	27	23,342	18	275	x
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	9	12,792	10	126	x
Other types of wholesale	18	10,550	8	149	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	84	987	90	180	176
Personal services	43	635	49	148	145
All other service trades	41	352	41	32	31

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GREENE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

1	Number of 1948 sales		Active proprietors of	ended nearest Nov. 15, 194		
City and trade group ¹	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	urincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees2	Full workweek employees	
Greeneville: Retail trade Selected service trades	175 63	16,214 881	174 66	900 173	722 170	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	168 21	3,321 106	179 24	54 - 7	42 6	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for esch fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervices, business services, automobile repairs and aervices, and miscellaneous repair aervicea; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important aervices not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic serv-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the stsndard classalfication of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions sawell as other changes in the standard classification may have

s considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholessle trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

sus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 ssles and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents sll employees on the pay roll for the psy period ending nesrest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or sessonal, are those who in the November 15 psy period were psid for working at lesst the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-031

GRUNDY COUNTY. TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Grundy County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.1 million, an increase of 288 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$128,000 in 1948 compared with \$17,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 152 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 77 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Grundy County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Grundy County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Grundy County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP GRUNDY COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	140	3,094	139	137	108
Food group	69	1,010	70	28	25
Eating and drinking places	24	132	24	14	9
Gasoline service stations	15	420	16	16	11
All other retail stores	32	1,532	29	79	63
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	19	128	22	15	14
Personal services	11	50	13	8	7
All other service trades	8	78	9	7	7

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades: all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release

April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-032

HAMBLEN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hamblen County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$17.2 million, an increase of 341 percent over the \$3.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$16.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$4.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$747,000 in 1948 compared with \$127,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,302 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 725 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hamblen County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Morristown. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hamblen County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hamblen County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP
HAMBLEN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and hind of hypiness	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	OF = 0 / 0 0 P	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	274	17,249	259 108	864 130	684 97
Food group Eating and drinking places General merchandise grp, general stores.	26	1,855	27	79 177	97 62 109
Apparel group	10 15	1,032	10	533	741 30 116
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp. Automotive group	19	4,496	38	141	116 52
Gasoline service stations Lumber-building-hardware group	11	1,172	14	85	81
All other retail stores	33 32	1,747 16,829	30 28	104 290	96 **
Merchant wholesalers	17	8,324	15	232	X
Other types of wholesalers	61	747	63	148 129	134 116
Personal services	ŽĮ	215	23	19	18
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPSAMUSEMENTS	13	27 326	10	31	× ×

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

HAMBLEN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated		ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total] employees	Full workweek employees
Morristcwn: Retail trade	223	16,389	214	845	670
Remainder of county:	51	860	55	19	<u> 14</u>
1/ Includes employees paid for	and chin	404	my was	19]	

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1936, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—persoual services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, uonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services iucidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the anunal sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors..."Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasoual, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 29, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-033

HAMILTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Hamilton County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$180.6 million, an increase of 200 percent over the \$60.2 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$12.8 million in 1948 compared with \$4.2 million in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$264.6 million in 1948. No comparable figure for 1939 is available.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 11,042 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 9,529 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 7,833 and 6,423. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 3.786 full— and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 2,242 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 2,718; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 1,823.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hamilton County, Tennessee. The report also contains data for cities of Chattanooga and East Ridge.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hamilton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hamilton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAMILTON COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid emp: workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	2,347	180,600	2,191	11,042	9,529
Food group	800 494 75 122 112 88 236	40,965 12,536 24,940 14,522 12,025 28,472 9,777	750 486 50 77 105 80 236	1,560 1,995 2,328 943 902 956 535	1,146 1,768 2,000 718 866 907 473
Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores All other other retail stores	79 93 248	10,841 5,839 20,683	73 101 233	503 462 858	482 392 777
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	337	264,554	215	3,786	x
Merchant wholesalers, total Dry goods, apparel Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heat'g. Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies. Automotive parts, accessories All other merchant wholesalers	226 11 26 34 16 139	151,302 2,317 18,696 11,843 4,447 113,999	142 6 8 17 11 100	2,903 61 359 323 223 1,937	x x x x x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices Agents, brokers (merchandise) Other types of wholesale	48 48 15	45,068 52,474 15,710	5 50 18	605 107 171	x x x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	713	12,828	701	2,718	2,524
Personal services Business services Automotive repairs and services Other repair services	435 48 128 102	7,603 2,239 2,004 982	429 42 124 106	1,968 337 282 131	1,833 310 266 115
HOTELS	Data wit	thheld to a	void dis	closure	
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	35	409	37	49	46
AMUSEMENTS	50	2,271	30	350	x

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2.500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

HAMILTON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
offy and frade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Chattanooga: Retail trade	1,823 325 619 25 Incl	165,562 256,434 12,150 2,920 uded with "R 2,057	203 603 17	10,430 3,649 2,609 767 county**	9,016 x 2,419 712
East Ridge: Retail trade Selected service trades Tourist courts and camps	47 13 11	1,431 116 159	48 14 11	71 26 17	61 26 17
Remainder of county: 3/ Retail trade	477 12 81 24 9	13,607 8,120 562 250 214	510 12 84 26 8	541 137 83 32 9	452 x 79 29 x

Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

'Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workloom.

3/ Except as indicated above, includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Ceusus. The ports submitted by onsiness establishments for that Ceusns. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Ceusus publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Ceusus figures will be issued in a series of Business Ceusus bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Ceusus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cen-sus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter: Pre-vious Business Ceususes were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1985, and 1989,

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Ceusns of Business covered Scope of the Consus.—The 1948 Ceusns of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nouprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1989 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services includental to transport tation, "which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

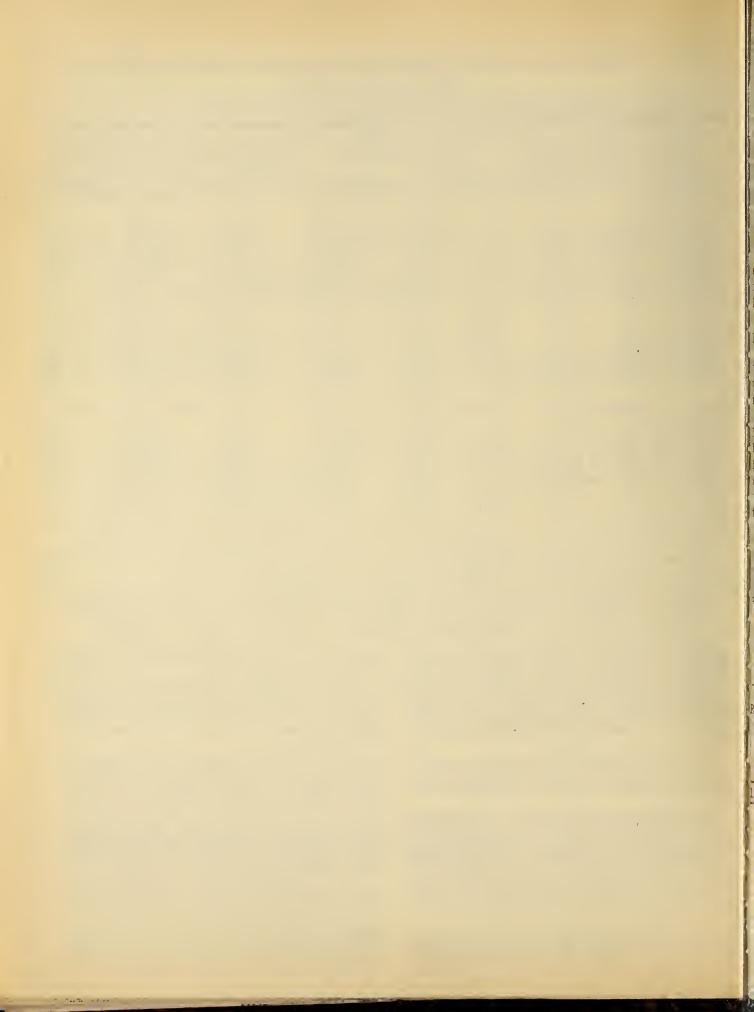
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the anual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Ceusus of Business ness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Ceusns figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchaudise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

-"Active proprietors..." represents owners and Proprietors. partners of nuincorporated bisinesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the bisiness in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 26, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-034

HANCOCK COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Hancock County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.3 million, an increase of 225 percent over the \$0.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 30 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 12 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hancock County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hancock County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hancock unty as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HANCOCK COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Care	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	83	1,279	89	30	28
Food group All other retail stores	29 54	176 1,103	29 60	1 29	1 27

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 4, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-035

HARDEMAN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Hardeman County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.2 million, an increase of 227 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$257,000 in 1948 compared with \$89,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 408 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 275 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hardeman County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hardeman County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hardeman County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	214	7,171	227	354	236
Food group	90	2,217	93	65	31
Eating and drinking places		347	26	35	24
General merchandise grp, general stores.		1,082	32	52	31
Apparel group		350	8	31	16
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	1	209	6	12	10
Automotive group		1,238	9	42	38
Gasoline service stations		518	26	26	20
Lumber-building-hardware group		8.59	14	57	47
Drug and proprietary stores		181	8 5	14 20	8
All other retail stores	0	170)	20	14
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	1,754	7	7	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	37	257	42	47	41
Personal services	28	157	34	32	27
All other service trades		200	8	15	ĩ4

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on this second

 $^\prime$ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on re-ports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Cen-sus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Pre-vious Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; pairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; noters; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications ness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors .- "Active proprietors ... " represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked or seasonar, are paid for working at least the number of hours typicar in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-036

HARDIN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Hardin County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.9 million, an increase of 321 percent over the \$1.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$134.000 in 1948 compared with \$47,000 in 1939. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.3 million in 1948. No comparable figure for 1939 is available.

Employment in the county rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the retail and service trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 316 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 190 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 16 paid employees for the week of November 15, 1948.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hardin County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hardin County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hardin County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HARDIN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	2.24	5,942	229	283	215
Food group	99	1,294	99	33	20
Eating and drinking places	33	448	32	45	32
General merchandise grp, general stores.	27	817	31	38	24
Automotive group	11	1,226	16	40	39
Gasoline service stations	21	442	21	26	22
Lumber-building-hardware group	11	764	10	38	36
All other retail stores	22	951	20	63	42
WHOLESALE TRADE	8	1,253	6	16	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	27	134	28	33	28
Personal services	19	110	19	33	28
All other service trades	8	24	9	rino.	_
AMUSEMENTS	6	92	3	21	x

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-037

HAWKINS COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Hawkins County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.1 million, an increase of 224 percent over the \$2.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$267,000 in 1948 compared with \$95,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 409 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 252 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hawkins County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hawkins County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hawkins County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAWKINS COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		Number of and receipts estab-		Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cinp L O J O GO	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	24,2	8,113	256	378	298
Food group	130 10 34 7 8 23 10 20	2,013 285 1,348 949 1,201 643 800 874	126 10 29 7 13 25 16 30	4.7 58 78 36 56 22 37 44	28 46 43 34 56 19 34. 38
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	29	267	27	31	29

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

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1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-038

HAYWOOD COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Haywood County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.0 million, an increase of 267 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$314,000 in 1948 compared with \$138,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 759 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 508 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Haywood County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Brownsville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Haywood County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Haywood County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HAYWOOD COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	229	10,990	236	538	388
Food group	93	3,442	98	88	57
Eating and drinking places	16	304	16	50	37
General merchandise grp, general stores	34	1,356	37	83	46
Apparel group	15	774	18	67	41
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	10	328	9	22	22
Automotive group	10	1,859	7	80	54
Gasoline service stations	20	873	21	44	41
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	1,030	11	51	43
Drug and proprietary stores	6	279	7	23	.19
All other retail stores	13	745	12	30	28
WHOLESALE TRADE	28	9,378	22	119	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/	26	314	27	102	95

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE HAYWOOD COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	of ended nearest Nov. 15, 194		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948		FuIl workweek employees	
Brownsville: Retail trade	132	8,084	133	497	363	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	97	2,906	103	41	25	

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Ensiness Censns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Ensiness Censnses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Censns. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-039

HENDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Henderson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.3 million, an increase of 284 percent over the \$1.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$339,000 in 1948 compared with \$58,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 533 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 260 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Henderson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Lexington. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Henderson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Henderson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

HENDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	206	7,254	215	366	253
Food group	92	1,574	93	46	24
Eating and drinking places	26	305	28	49	33
General merchandise grp, general stores	27	955	26	78	41
Apparel group	7	256	13	12	5
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	5	262	6	11	10
Automotive group	10	2,160	11	76	72
Gasoline service stations	11	283	12	16	12
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	676	9	30	26
Drug and proprietary stores	6	211	6	19	11
All other retail stores	12	572	11	29	19
WHOLESALE TRADE	12	5,256	8	102	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	34	339	35	65	58
Personal services	20	187	19	51	45
All other service trades	14	152	16	14	13

x Not available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Z/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

HENDERSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales				ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Lexington: Retail trade Selected service trades		5,886 320	102 25	331 64	238 57
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	114	1,368 19	113 10	35 1	15 1

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issne, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the auuual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publicatious.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRFLIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950 Release Series BC-1P-41-040

HENRY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Henry County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.8 million, an increase of 205 percent over the \$4.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken, Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$8.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$614,000 in 1948 compared with \$166,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 994 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 724 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Henry County. Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Paris. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Henry County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Henry County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1 .- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HENRY COUNTY, TENN.

			1		
Trade group and hind of huninger		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov, 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	305	12,813	314	714	560
Food group	110	3,134	114	91	63
Eating and drinking places	52	692	57	95	84
General merchandise grp, general stores	23	1,419	17	144	88
Apparel group	18	907	22	51	38
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	14	1,138	9	66	64
Automotive group	11	2,015	15	74	70
Gasoline service stations	32	867	32	52	42
Lumber-building-hardware group	15	1,154	17	45	36
Drug and proprietary stores	10	430	11	34	26
All other retail stores	20	1,057	20	62	49
WHOLESALE TRADE, total.	30	8,413	20	149	x
Merchant wholesalers	14	2,857	13	72	x
Other types of wholesale	16	5,556	7	77	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	75	614	81	131	119
Personal services	41	407	43	119	108
All other service trades	34	207	38	12	11

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

HETRY COUNTY, TERM.
(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active proprietors of unincorporated	f ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Faris: Retail trade Selected service trades	186 58	10,954 554	196 64	648 126	516 116	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	119 17	1,859 60	118 17	66 5	44	

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a aeries of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Busineas Censusea were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: sll retail trades; all wholeasle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervices, buainesa services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theatera. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineaa Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. —For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

sus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of psid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the psy period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or sessonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were psid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-041

HICKMAN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Hickman County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.0 million, an increase of 300 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$169,000 in 1948 compared with \$24,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 205 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 88 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Hickman County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Hickman County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Hickman County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HICKMAN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousaud dollars)	Active proprie- tors of unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
				C	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	136	4,039	148	183	133
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	42 24 9 61	678 245 229 2,887	41 23 10 74	23 20 16 124	12 14 13 94
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	20	169	22	22	18

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-042

HOUSTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Houston County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. Sinction Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.2 million, an increase of 140 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 68 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 33 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Houston County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Houston County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Houston County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP HOUSTON COUNTY, TENN,

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
		(Thousand dollars)		Cp.zo, ces	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	56	1,218	55	68	38
Food group	25 6 5 20	393 81 134 610	22 8 7 18	14 11 9 34	5 8 8 17

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 11-0/3

HUMPHREYS COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Humphreys County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.6 million, an increase of 254 percent over the \$1.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$112,000 in 1948 compared with \$53,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 278 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 146 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Humphreys County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Humphreys County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Humphreys County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

HUMPHREYS COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of hysiness	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of		
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	CP - C J C CC	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	129	4,570	133	264	202
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	37 20 14 58	1,227 300 333 2,710	41 18 17 57	34 51 17 162	19 41 12 130
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES ² /	17	112	19	14	10

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-044

JACKSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Jackson County, Tennessee, showed an expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.0 million, an increase of 100 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$69,000

in 1948 compared with \$18,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 101 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 51 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jackson County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jackson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jackson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JACKSON COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	C	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	76	1,977	86	89	72
Food group	27 5 44	324 54 1,599	29 5 52	8 1 80	4 1 67
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	11	69	13	12	12

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-045

JEFFERSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Jefferson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.9 million, an increase of 306 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$186.000 in 1948 compared with \$80.000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 325 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 172 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Jefferson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for Jefferson City. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Jefferson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Jefferson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

JEFFERSON COUNTY, TENN.

	and comparement of the chief of				PRETOTEM COME STREET, SHARE
Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp: workweek nearest Nov.	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	176	6,861	170	296	233.
Food group	65	1,917	62	67	46
Eating and drinking places	21	267	23	42	31
General merchandise grp, general stores.	19	811	16	31	21
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	7	293	7	13	12
Automotive group	11	1,778	13	49	47
Gasoline service stations	24	393	23	25	22
Lumber-building-hardware group	11	755	9	33	28
Drug and proprietary stores	5	250	6	19	12
All other retail stores	13	397	11	17	14
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	32	186	33	29	28
Personal services	25	156	26	28	27
All other service trades	7	30	7	1	

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE JEFFERSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 Sales		Active propri- etors of ended nearest Nov. 15		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Jefferson City: Retail trade Selected service trades	54 12	2,826 115	51 14	1 <i>5</i> 1 20	124 19
Remainder of county: Retail trade	122 20	4,035 71	119 19	14 5	109

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planued for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census refigures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issne, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nouprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Ceusus. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Ceusons. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment conut.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishmeuts" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-046

JOHNSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Johnson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.1 million, an increase of 343 percent over the \$0.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$109.000 in 1948 compared with \$30,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 142 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 84 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Johnson County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Johnson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Johnson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP JOHNSON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		Number of estab-lishments (Thousand dollars)		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
				Cimprojess	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	122	3,075	121	123	94
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	66 9 11 36	731 80 290 1,974	64 9 11 37	. 18 9 90	5 13 7 69
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	16	109	15	19	16

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 22, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-047

KNOX COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Knox County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$192.8 million, an increase of 242 percent over the \$56.4 million sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 298 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$268.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$67.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$19.5 million in 1948 compared with \$4.1 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 12,214 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these,10,201 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures for 1939 were 8,210 and 6,618. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 4,578 full- and part-week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 2,358 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 2,962; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 1,867.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Knox County, Tennessee. The report also contains data for the city of Knoxville.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Knox County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Knox County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP KNOX COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended			
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	O	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, Stotal	2,216	192,786	2,021	12,214	10,201			
Food group Eating and drinking places	783 412	40,327 12,310	790 387	1,448	1,019			
General merchandise grp, general stores	67	35,190	38	3,285	2,665			
Apparel group	115	13,198 14,207	60 91	816 823	622 724			
Automotive group	107 231	30,321 10,674	97 233	862 623	828 544			
Lumber-building-hardware group	100	13,653	82	804	727			
Drug and proprietary stores	57 236	5,997 16,909	52 191	552 1,066	493 944			
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	345	268,426	191	4,578	x			
Merchant wholesalers, total	245 73	145,512 35,153	156 77	3,299	x x			
Groceries, foods	10	6,730	7	124	x			
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heating. Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies.	22 52	30,869 18,895	5 28	690	x			
Automotive parts, accessories All other merchant wholesalers	22 66	5,568 48,297	13 26	264 765	x x			
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	52 14	53,828 16,915	4 7	851	x x			
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	34	52,171	24	244	x			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	641	19,470	611	2,962	2,756			
Personal services	374	7,752	355	2,029	1,870 168			
Business services	36 142	1,432	25 142	178 473	446			
Other repair services	89	2,191	89	282	272			
HOTELS	20	2,558	13	720	677			
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	. 38	307	38	34	22			
AMUSEMENTS	95	2,899	65	431	x			
	- C	J.,		d				

x Nct available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

KNOX COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of		
City and trade group.	lishments (Thousand dollars) that trade group establishments (Thousand dollars)		businesses	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Knoxville: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Hotels Amusements	1,675	174,122	1,451	11,340	9,498
	332	263,819	186	4,436	x
	557	18,651	522	2,836	2,643
	20	2,558	13	720	677
	77	2,614	54	370	x
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Amusements	541	18,664	570	874	703
	13	4,607	5	142	x
	84	819	89	126	113
	18	285	11	61	x

x Not available.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

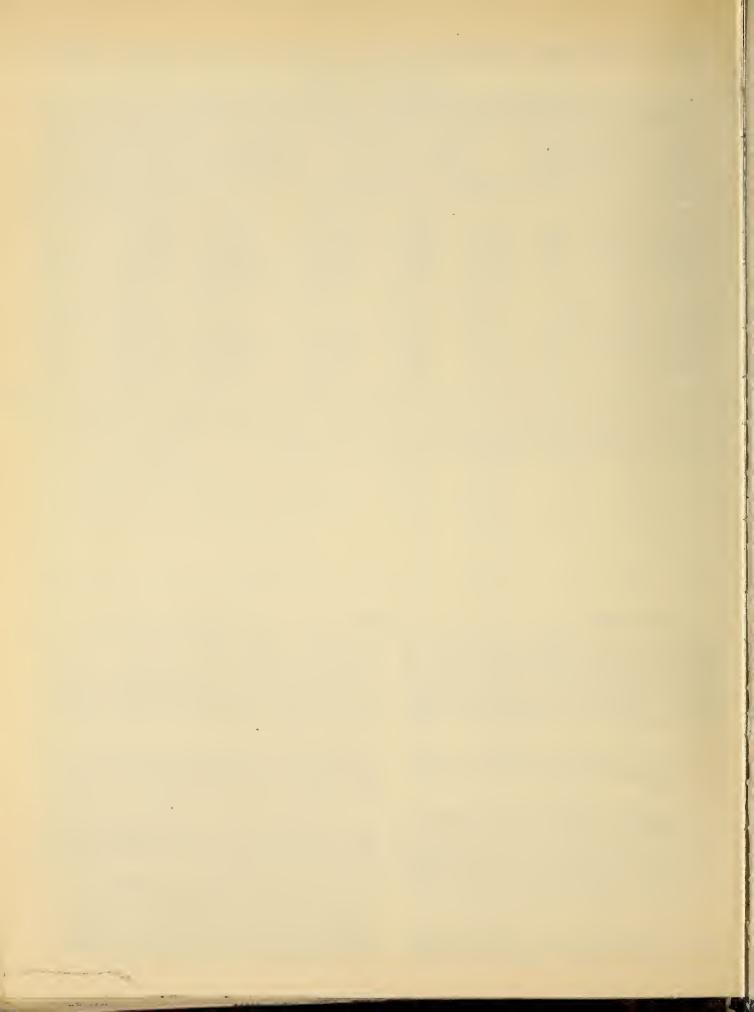
"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.



RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-048

LAKE COUNTY, TENN.

PRFIIMINARY

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lake County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.2 million, an increase of 265 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$4.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$173,000 in 1948 compared with \$71,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 404 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 325 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lake County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lake County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lake County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LAKE COUNTY, TENN.

		Number of and receipts		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	155	6,161	148	300	223
Food group	49	1,539	49	55	34
Eating and drinking places	30	398	29	43	36
General merchandise grp, general stores.	9	619	9	41	24
Apparel group	10	313	8	28	15
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	12	421	11	18	15
Gasoline service stations	12	461	10	30	27
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	950	11	38	35
Drug and proprietary stores	6	202	6	21	14
All other retail stores	15	1,258	15	26	23
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	4,126	7	71	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	22	173	27	33	31
Personal services	15	102 71	20 7	23 10	22
x Not available.					

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-049

LAUDERDALE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lauderdale County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.0 million, an increase of 224 percent over the \$3.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$354,000 in 1948 compared with \$104,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 981 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 629 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lauderdale County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Ripley. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lauderdale County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lauderdale County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LAUDERDALE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		Number of and receipts		workweel	Paid employees, workweek ended earest Nov. 15, 1948	
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	O	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	279	12,005	296	764	531	
Food group Eating and drinking places	104	3,203	108	106	71	
Eating and drinking places	47	524	51	84	58	
General merchandise grp, general stores	47 32 11	1,750 459	34	753	33	
Apparel groupFurniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	13	526	51 30 11 15	199 53 22	19	
Automotive group	13 11	1,940	1 14	95	71 58 95 20 19 94 33 94 29	
Gasoline service stations	20	670	14 22	40	33	
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	2,072	20	95	94	
Drug and proprietary stores	10	450	12	47 23	29	
All other retail stores.	15	411	13 12	23		
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	29	5,985		132	X	
Merchant wholesalers	22	1,201	8	126	X	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	52	4,784 354	55	26 106 85	81	
Personal services	34	287	36	79	75	
All Other Service trades	34 18	287 67	36 19	6		
AMUSEMENTS	10	140	5	29	X	

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LAUDERDALE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts			es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
Offy and trade group	lishments (Thousand dollars) thin the option of the composition of the	Total employees ²	Full workweek		
Ripley: Retail trade Selected service trades	100 24	7 , 079 194	109	509 .54	378 51
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	179 28	4,926 160	187 30	255 31	153 30

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This aeries of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports aubmitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a aeries of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censua of Buainess was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buainess Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establiahmenta in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair servicea; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Cenaus. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cenaus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or aeasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full work week.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-050

LAWRENCE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lawrence County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.0 million, an increase of 242 percent over the \$3.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$628,000 in 1948 compared with \$139,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 885 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 389 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lawrence County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Lawrenceburg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lawrence County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lawrence County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LAWRENCE COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	346	13,025	347	656	536
Food group	143	2,714	145	76	60
Eating and drinking places	29	4.60	30	66	54
General merchandise grp, general stores	34	1,386	26	107	67
Apparel group	17	788	13	69	48
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	21	1,111	24	41	39
Automotive group	24	2,415	26	90	80
Gasoline service stations	35	755	33	46	41
Lumber-building-hardware group	14	2,151	17	88	81
Drug and proprietary stores	8	241	8	19	15
All other retail stores	21	1,004	25	54	51
WHOLESALE TRADE	27	5,999	22	105	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	93	628	102	124	105
Personal services	37	302	38	84	73
All other service trades	56	326	64	40	32

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LAWRENCE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales and receipts		Active propri- etors of unincorporated		ees, workweek t Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Lawrenceburg: Retail trade Selected service trades	159	9,938	1 65	556	453
	61	529	66	116	98
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	187	3,087	182	100	83
	32	99	36	8	7

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports aubmitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the proviaion of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Busineas covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal aervices, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and smusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents a ales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowances, but not for trade-in sllow-snces; they exclude asles and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to sny taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employeea, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-051

LEWIS COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Lewis County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.0 million, an increase of 329 percent over the \$0.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$88,000 in 1948 compared with \$9,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 191 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 50 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lewis County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lewis County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lewis County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LEWIS COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cingado	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	87	2,960	89	169	132
Food group	26 12	759 166	28 16	27 19	20 12
Eating and drinking places	9	137	8	9	8
All other retail stores	40	1,898	37	114	92
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	14	88	14	22	21
Personal services	9	79	8	22	21
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Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on the last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-052

LINCOLN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Lincoln County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.5 million, an increase of 221 percent over the \$3.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$627,000 in 1948 compared with \$82,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 927 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 578 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Lincoln County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Fayetteville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Lincoln County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Lincoln County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LINCOLN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of hyginess		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	262	12,472	285	657	479
Food group	118	2,919	128	78	54
Eating and drinking places	32	541	36	55	le le
General merchandise grp, general stores	18	1,232	14	112	70
Apparel group	13	852	18	54	32
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	12	828	13	32	32
Automotive group	7	2,381	7	99	94
Gasoline service stations	26	928	28	45	33
Lumber-building-hardware group	18	1,613	19	123	76
All other retail stores	18	1,178	22	59	4
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	22	9,123	16	150	2%
Merchant wholesalers	11	2,422	7	69	25
Other types of wholesale	11	6,701	9	81	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	59	627	67	120	111
Personal services	32	376	38	86	80
All other service trades	27	251	29	34	31

, Not available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LINCOLN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 194		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Fayetteville: Retail trade Selected service trades	129 37	9 ,7 86 502	139 43	5 7 5	426 95	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	133 22	2,686 125	146 2 4	82 	53 16	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for esch county in the United Ststes, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports aubmitted by businesa establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Busineaa Cenausea were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonsl aervices, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Cenaus. However, "custom tradea" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cenaus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

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a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholessle trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent informstion reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 salea and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners snd partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at lesst the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-053

LOUDON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Loudon County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.4 million, an increase of 293 percent over the \$2.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$446,000 in 1948 compared with \$104,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 621 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 345 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Loudon County, Tennessee, which also includes data for Lenoir City and Loudon. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Loudon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Loudon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP LOUDON COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	247	11,372	256	535	424
Food group	95	3,463	99	91	57
Eating and drinking places	34	434	35	51	45
General merchandise grp, general stores.	16	957	12	68	42
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	12	565		30	27
Automotive group	17	2,462	21	83	82
Gasoline service stations	38	784	40	51	43
Lumber-building-hardware group	12	1,401	13	62	57
Drug and proprietary stores	7	409	11	41	31
All other retail stores	16	897	14	58	40
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	51 37 14	446 386 60	51 36 15	86 81 5	82 78 4

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE LOUDON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 19	
Offy and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Lenoir City: Retail trade	100 28	6,144 296	101 27	. 32 <u>1</u> 67	250 63
Loudon: Retail trade Selected service trades	61 16	3,409 121	70 17	138 18	116
Remainder of county: Retail trade		1,819 29	85 7	76 1	58 1

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek,

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail tradea; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal servicea, businesa aervices, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair servicea; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Businesa Census. However, "custom tradea" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. —For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual salea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishmenta" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repaira and other services to cuatomers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and exciae taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting eatablishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-054

McMINN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in McMinn County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$16.1 million, an increase of 216 percent over the \$5.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$704.000 in 1948 compared with \$186,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,289 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 765 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on McMinn County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Athens and Etowah. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for McMinn County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for McMinn County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP McMINN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of			Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business		estab- lishments (Thousand dollars)		Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	315	16,127	316	952	746
Food group	87	4,026	88	140	102
Eating and drinking places	39	797	47	122	105
General merchandise grp, general stores	30	1,689	25	191	105
Apparel group	15	878	15	64	49
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	22	1,190	21	66	62
Automotive group	22	3,169	21	136	132
Gasoline service stations	40	1,084	444	65	51
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	1,618	13	67	59
Drug and proprietary stores	12	466	12	35	30
All other retail stores	32	1,210	30	66	51
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	20	6,107	17	191	x
Merchant wholesalers	15	4,712	13	178	X
Other types of wholesale	5	1,395	Li	13	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	78	704	86	146	133
Personal services	53	526	59	132	121
All other service trades	25	178	27	14	12
v Not orosiloblo					

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. — CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

McMINN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	ade group Number of estab-lishments 1948 sales and receipts unit		Active proprietors of	etors of ended nearest Nov.	
City and trade group			unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees
Athens:					
Retail trade	136	9,731	127	590	491
Wholesale trade	15	4,867	13	140	x
Selected service trades	44	547	51	112	105
Etowah:					
Retail trade	80	3,617	82	268	197
Selected service trades	18	105	18	20	15
Remainder of county:3/ Retail trade	99	2,779	107	94	58
Wholesale trade Selected service trades	5 16	1,240 52	17	51 14	13

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulleting which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment connt.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the unmber of business companies or organizations, since the Ceusus figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors..."Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 12, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-055

McNAIRY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in McNairy County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$7.5 million, an increase of 341 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$214,000 in 1948 compared with \$53,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 408 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 187 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on McNairy County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for McNairy County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for McNairy County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

McNAIRY COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and hind of hydrogram	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	C.mp = 0 , 0 de	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	177	7,476	174	306	228
Food group	71	1,646	70	37	30
Eating and drinking places	16	181	13	47	25
General merchandise grp, general stores.	29	1,462	35	59	35
Apparel group	6	199	4	12	8
Automotive group	9	2,128	10	67	64
Gasoline service stations	26	756	23	42	33
Lumber-building-hardware group	9	542	7	22	18
All other retail stores	11	562	12	20	15
WHOLESALE TRADE	11	1,875	7	61	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	32	214	36	41	32
Personal services	19	167	22	38	30
All other service trades	13	47	14	3	2
TOURIST JOURTS AND CAMPS	5	26	5	2	2
37					p-re-co-contraction

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit. accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-056

MACON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Macon County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.3 million, an increase of 130 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$111,000 in 1948 compared with \$33,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 144 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 59 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Macon County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Macon County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Macon County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MACON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cimp = 0 , 0 00	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	- 1 30	2,342	143	129	104
Food group	75 6 8 41	618 58 87 1,579	82 7 9 45	15 15 7 92	10 14 4 76
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total		111	21	15	12
Personal services	11 8	32 79	11 10	7 8	4 8
AMUSEMENTS	7	77	5	13	X

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Not available.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release

April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-057

MADISON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Madison County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$43.1 million, an increase of 248 percent over the \$12.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$33.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$8.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.5 million in 1948 compared with \$0.5 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 4,165 paid employees for the work-week ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,394 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Madison County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Jackson. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Madison County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Madison County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, Do Co

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MADISON COUNTY, TENN.

Active Paid employees, proprieworkweek ended 1948 sales tors of Number of nearest Nov. 15, 1948 and receipts Trade group and kind of business estabunincorlishments Ful1 porated Total workweek employees1 (Thousand businesses employees dollars) Nov. 1948 RETAIL TRADE, total................... 43,125 2,892 652 626 2,324 Food group 225 214 370 265 Eating and drinking places...... 2,830 5,999 134 130 442 394 General merchandise group, general stores.... 42 37 515 321 3,978 Apparel group..... 329 37 261 32 Furniture-home furnishings-appliance group.... 25 29 1,948 148 133 Automotive group..... 9,056 2,367 38 35 305 295 Casoline service stations...... 142 61 166 61 Lumber-building-hardware group...... 4,083 23 19 265 249 Drug and proprietary stores..... 17 17 112 70 All other retail stores..... 2,770 240 46 56 194 WHOLESALE TRADE, total...... 97 82 608 33,442 X Merchant wholesalers.......... 61 18, 324 48 514 X 3,635 9,217 2,266 2,539 12 11 44 x 18 19 33 x 17 6 X 182 189 665 630 Personal services..... 497 61 99 1,706 521 101 Business services..... 10 66 8 50 22 25 Automotive repairs and services..... 36 354 38 52 176 42

Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweeke

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MADISON COUNTY. TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948		ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948 FuIl workweek employees
Jackson: Retail trade	453	39,133	428	2,763	2,234
	91	31,759	74	564	*
	148	2,322	154	623	591
Remainder of countys Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	199	3,992	198	129	90
	6	1,683	8	44	*
	34	217	35	42	39

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censua of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Businesa Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933. 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Censua.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal servicea, buainess services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and smusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidents! to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a conaiderable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, s business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excesa of \$5,000 for a wholeaale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detsiled analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of eatabliahmenta" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establiahment. The eatsblishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 aalea and receipta" represents sales of merchandiae and receipta from repairs and other services to customers. The figurea reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aalea and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any tsxing agency.

Proprietora. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the msjor portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the psy roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or aeasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-058

MARION COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Marion County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.3 million, an increase of 246 percent over the \$2.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$276,000 in 1948 compared with \$61,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 437 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 281 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Marion County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Marion County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Marion County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MARION COUNTY. TENN.

	Number of	Number of and receipts		Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
-RETAIL TRADE, total	247	8,272	231	376	281
Food group	84 53 36 8 10 34 7 7	2,197 673 1,689 369 1,320 1,005 321 264 434	75 56 31 5 15 29 7 8 5	57 97 95 18 34 31 15 17	36 82 55 17 33 28 7 11
WHOLESALE TRADE	6	2,383	4	27	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	44	276	44	34	28
Personal services	30 14	157 119	30 14	26 8	22 6
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	9	104	9	11	11.

Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the rull workwood.
2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business. The information is based on re-ports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establish-

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Ensiness Cen-sns be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Pre-vious Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939,

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal service es, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; botels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Ensiness publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment The establishment count reflects the number of places in basiness at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. - "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors .- "Active proprietors ... " represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted t portion of their time to the business in November 1948. the major

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-059

MARSHALL COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Marshall County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.5 million, an increase of 250 percent over the \$3.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.1 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$506,000 in 1948 compared with \$127,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 688 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with

a total of 500 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Marshall County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Lewisburg. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Marshall County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in the preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Marshall County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP
MARSHALL COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	CMP20jesb	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	182	10,528	189	549	442
Food group	54	2,507	55	86	60
Eating and drinking places	17	477	20	78	66
General merchandise grp, general stores	23	1,151	18	93	51
Apparel group	9	389	9	25	20
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	13	989	17	42	39
Automotive group	13	2,456	12	101	97
Gasoline service stations	20	816	19	38	35.
Lumber-building-hardware group	10	1,059	12	43	39
All other retail stores	23	684	27	43	35
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	2,005	13	37	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	52	506	58	102	86
Personal services	34	339	40	81	71
All other service trades	18	167	18	2]	15

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MARSHALL COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948	
				Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees
Lewisburg: Retail trade Selected service trades	102	8,652	103	484	396
	36	420	41	93	82
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	80	1,876	86	65	46
	16	86	17	9	4

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenaus of Business. The information ia based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figurea shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Busineaa Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Busineaa Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Induatrial Classification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervicea, business aervices, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "custom trades" and "aervicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the atandard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Cenaua purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterpriaes conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual salea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establiahmenta" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipta from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aalea and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or aeaaonal, sre those who in the November 15 pay period were psid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employeea of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-060

MAURY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Maury County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$24.6 million, an increase of 219 percent over the \$7.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$10.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.4 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,893 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,334 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Maury County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Columbia and Mount Pleasant. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Maury County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Maury County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MAURY COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	456	24,615	454	1,371	1,124
Food group	150	5,469	156	187	136
Eating and drinking places	80	1,342	85	231	196
General merchandise grp, general stores.	47	2,661	39	238	156
Apparel group	19	1,892	17	121	98
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	18	1,243	21	53	47
Automotive group	31 44	5,831	29	199	192
Gasoline service stations	44	1,371	40	69	61
Lumber-building-hardware group	18	2,542	14	115	107
Drug and proprietary stores	12	661	15	50	38
All other retail stores	37	1,603	38	108	93
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	10,429	17	218	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	106	1,220	114	304	273
Personal services	66	842	72	240	218
All other service trades	40	378	42	64	55
AMUSEMENTS	12	347	9	50	×

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE MAURY COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments (Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Columbia: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	236	18,843	233	1,079	909	
	12	7,348	11	176	x	
	69	993	78	249	225	
Mount Pleasant: Retail trade Selected service trades	77	3,139	69	195	145	
	24	169	2 3	42	37	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	143	2,633	152	97	70	
	6	3,081	6	4 2	x	
	13	58	13	13	11	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenaua of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishmenta for that Census The figurea ahown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with reapect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Busineas Census bulletins which will ahow additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a aufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buaineas Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered sll establishments in the following tradea, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholeasle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcssting and television, medical and health, legsl, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineaa Census. However, "custom trades" and "aervicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the atandard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholeasle trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establiahments" is the number of separate businesa locations, rather than the number of businesa companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establiahment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents salea of merchandiae and receipta from repaira and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude salea and exciae taxea collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-061

MEIGS COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Meigs County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$934,000, an increase of 349 percent over the \$208,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 36 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 6 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Meigs County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Meigs County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Meigs County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MEIGS COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	49	934	52	36	29
Food group	27 22	360 574	29 23	8 28	4 25

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-062

MONROE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Monroe County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$8.2 million, an increase of 273 percent over the \$2.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$2.0 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$425,000 in 1948 compared with \$125,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 542 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 277 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Monroe County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Sweetwater. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Monroe County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Monroe County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MONROE COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	196	8,235	207	431	339
Food group	76	2,132	82	63	46
Eating and drinking places	22	493	22	71	59
General merchandise grp, general stores.	25	876	23	51	31
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	6	500	6	28	25
Automotive group	8	876	9	37	36
Gasoline service stations	25	745	31	33	22
Lumber-building-hardware group	11	1,472	10	81	75
Drug and proprietary stores	8	280	8	20	14
All other retail stores	15	861	16	47	31
WHOLESALE TRADE	6	2,015	2	35	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	43	425	45	76	75
Personal services	27	251	26	62	62
All other service trades	16	174	19	14	1,3
AMUSEMENTS	6	98	5	30	х

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

MONROE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated		ees, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
Orey and crede group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
Sweetwater: Retail trade Selected service trades	61	4,211	55	2 8 7	221
	20	201	23	50	49
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	135	4,024	152	144	118
	23	224	22	26	26

. 1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be isaued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Cenauses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-

This coverage is aimilar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other tradea. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate busi-

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-063

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Montgomery County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$22.6 million, an increase of 283 percent over the \$5.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$32.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$8.9 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 2,037 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 1,158 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Montgomery County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Clarksville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Montgomery County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Montgomery County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov.	ended
		(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cimp Lo Jooo	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	407 168	22,590 5,531	397 171	1,270 180	1,032
Eating and drinking places	96 15	1,114 3,300	96 5	158 323	130 240
Apparel groupFurniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	14 11	1,510 822	10 8	95 53	80 50
Automotive group	24 31 16	3,732 973 3,458	19 33 20	153 51 124	142 43 113
Drug and proprietary stores	6 26	677 1,473	5 30	45 88	41 79
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	45 21	32,069 17,875	39 14	487 342	x
Other types of wholesale	24 99 55	14,194 1,132 759	25 109 63	145 280 218	257 200
All other service trades	始	373 473	46 7	62 44	57 x

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Clarksville: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	256	19,842	234	1,190	987	
	45	32,069	39	487	x	
	84	1,021	94	264	242	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	151	2,748	163	80	45	
	15	111	15	16	15	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures ahown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censua of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Cenauses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Clasaification Manual, May 1949 iasue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groupa—peraonal aervices, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important aervices not covered are radio brosdcssting and television, medical and health, legsl, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Buaineas Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Censua purposea, a business establishment is defined to include only enterpriaea conducted from a recognizable place of busineas, provided that the annual salea were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-064

MOORE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Moore County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$800,000, an increase of 340 percent over the \$182,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$25,000

in 1948 compared with \$2,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 31 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 16 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Moore County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Moore County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Moore County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census. Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP MOORE COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	28	800	29	23	16
Food group	8 20	269 531	10 19	4	3 13
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	10	25	10	8	6
Personal services	5 5	19 6	5 5	8	6

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-065

MORGAN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Morgan County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$3.3 million, an increase of 230 percent over the \$1.0 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$51,000 in 1948 compared with \$19,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county decreased over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 135 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 208 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Morgan County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Morgan County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Morgan County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

MORGAN COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of hyginess		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	CP = 0) 0 00	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	155	3,348	121	127	101
Food group	53 22 9 38	1,073 264 262 1,749	52 23 8 38	23 13 12 79	14 12 12 63
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	15	51	17	8	6

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-066

OBION COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Obion County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$17.2 million, an increase of 213 percent over the \$5.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$16.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$7.0 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$640,000 in 1948 compared with \$256,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,325 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 959 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Obion County, Tennessee, which also includes data for Union City. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Obion County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Obion County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP OBION COUNTY, TENN.

RETAIL TRADE, total	3, d 1948
Food group	111 week oyees
Food group	738
Eating and drinking places	99
General merchandise grp, general stores. 26 1,391 24 115 Apparel group	75
Apparel group	66
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp. 22 1,495 24 67	68
	53
Automotive group	128
Gasoline service stations	61
Lumber-building-hardware group 24 2,779 31 130	119
Drug and proprietary stores 10 452 11 41	32
All other retail stores	37
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	x
Merchant wholesalers	x
Other types of wholesale	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	111
Personal services	98
All other service trades	13

Not available.

/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

OBION COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek
Union City: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	169	12,549	177	708	550
	29	11,084	19	162	x
	40	422	40	87	82
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	173	4,643	174	240	188
	17	5,053	13	96	x
	33	218	34	32	29

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for esch county in the United Ststes, presents preliminsry results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establiahments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Businesa Censusea were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service tradea in the following four groups—peraonal aervices, buainess services, sutomobile repairs and aervices, and miacellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture thesters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcaating and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is aimilar to that of the 1939 Busineas Cenaus. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. —For Census purposes, s business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businessea who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-067

OVERTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Overton County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.5 million, an increase of 275 percent over the \$1.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$152,000 in 1948 compared with \$28,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 263 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 110 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Overton County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Overton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Overton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP OVERTON COUNTY, TENN.

Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses	C P 0 , 0 00	Full workweek employees
154	4,450	162	218	185
60	875	62	33	27
		1		21
				19
		,		31
		1		27
7	571	6	29	28
12	503	12	31	23
21	152	24	45	45
15 6	141	18 6	42 3	42
	estab- lishments 154 60 13 35 5 6 16 7 12 21 15	Number of estab-lishments (Thousand dollars) 154	Number of establishments	Number of estab-lishments 1948 sales and receipts tors of unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948 154 4,450 162 218

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-068

PERRY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Perry County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.6 million, an increase of 167 percent over the \$0.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling

\$33,000 in 1948 compared with \$22,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 64 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 40 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Perry County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Perry County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Perry County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

PERRY COUNTY, TENN. Active Paid employees, proprieworkweek ended 1948 sales Number of and receipts tors of nearest Nov. 15, 1948 Trade group and kind of business estabunincor-Fu11 lishments porated Tota1 workweek employees 1 businesses (Thousand employees dollars) Nov. 1948 RETAIL TRADE, total..... 1,578 79 55 47 72 392 Food group..... 41 43 4 9 8 6 93 5 Eating and drinking places..... 1,093 31 42 37 All other retail stores..... 25 SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/..... 9 5 12 33

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business

in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-069

PICKETT COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Pickett County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$884,000, an increase of 166 percent over the \$332,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 28 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 5 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Pickett County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Pickett County, will will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Pickett County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP PICKETT COUNTY, TENN.

ç		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cimpadjeon	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	69	884	74	28	23
Food group	37 32	189 695	39 35	1 27	1 22

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE. SERVICE TRADES

PRFIIMINARY

For Release

April 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-070

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

POLK COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Polk County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, J. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.0 million, an increase of 150 percent over the \$2.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts total-

ing \$74,000 in 1948 compared with \$63,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 348 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 266 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Polk County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Polk County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Polk County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP POLK COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and bind of husiness	Number of	1948 sales	nd receipts tors of		loyees, c ended , 15, 1948
Trade group and kind of business		(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	151	5,969	164	338	289
Food group	25 41 7 9	1,061 310 2,429 313 949 302 605	44 26 45 9 15 11	35 51 107 14 58 16 57	20 41 96 13 54 15
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	16	74	16	10	9

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 1, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-071

PUTNAM COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Putnam County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.5 million, an increase of 291 percent over the \$3.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$8.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$593,000 in 1948 compared with \$139,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose; over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 964 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 498 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Putnam County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Cockeville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Putnam County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar datawill be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Putnam County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP PUTNAM COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	330 105	12,464 2,696	376 117	686 89	574 54
Food group Eating and drinking places	50 54	801 2,101	5 <u>i</u> 66	139 119	122 95
Apparel group	5	122 776	15	6	34
Automotive group	16	2,127 1,401	23	39 84 75	79
Lumber-building-hardware group Drug and proprietary stores	47 11 6	1,358	49 17	75 62	79 61 59 19 46
All other retail stores	22 26	726 8,425	27 29	19 54 129	46 ×
Merchant wholesalers	20	5,367 3,058	24	99 30	X X
Other types of wholesale SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	78	593	76	149	140
Personal services	78 43 35 13	424 169	36 16	123 26	22
APPODEMINITO CODO COMO COMO COMO COMO COMO COMO COM	13	232	TO	19	X

Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek. See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

PUTNAM COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active proprietors of ended nearest Nov. 15, 1		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees
Cookeville: Retail trade Selected service trades	150	8,886	178	575	488
	52	488	48	130	123
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	180	3,578	198	111	86
	26	105	28	19	17

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Ceusus be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Ceususes were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, anomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist contrs and camps; and ammsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nouprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed aualysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Ceusns figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehonses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-072

RHEA COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Rhea County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.8 million, an increase of 183 percent over the \$2.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.3 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$201,000 in 1948 compared with \$89,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 426 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 316 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Rhea County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Rhea County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Rhea County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP RHEA COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	144	6, 302	153	350	308
Food group	56 19	1,860 374	57 21	42 46	34 36 19
Eating and drinking places	14	458	16	21	
All other retail stores	55	4,110	59	241	219
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	1,264	පි	26	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	34	201	31	50	43

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-073

ROANE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Roane County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.8 million, an increase of 311 percent over the \$3.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$684,000 in 1948 compared with \$143,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,101 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 557 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Roane County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Harriman and Rockwood. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Roane County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Roane County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP ROANE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	O P 2 0 3 0 0 0	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	348	14,800	330	825	644
Food group	117	4,010	109	120	83
Eating and drinking places	71	1,035	77	133	107
General merchandise grp, general stores	25	1,820	17	144	86
Apparel group	12	519	7	39	28
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	20	1,061	21	59	50
Automotive group	19	3,257	12	133	128
Gasoline service stations	41	1,262	40	63	46
Lumber-building-hardware group	14	939	15	59	59
Drug and proprietary stores	8	559	11	47	33
All other retail stores	21	338	21	28	24
WHOLESALE TRADE	18	6,228	12	119	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	63	684	64	157	146
Personal services	46	559	46	138	128
All other service trades	17	125	18	19	18
AMUSEMENTS	13	249	6	59	X

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE ROANE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Harriman:						
Retail trade	123	8,016	111	469	364	
Wholesale trade	12	4,876	7	93	x	
Selected service trades	34	368	33	90	87	
Rockwood:						
Retail trade	74	3,770	73	229	186	
Selected service trades	15	187	15	45	43	
Remainder of county:2/						
Retail trade	151	3,014	146	127	94	
Wholesale trade	6	1,352	5	26	ж	
Selected service trades	14	129	16	22	16	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Includes figures for establishments, other than wholesale, not located in cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and wholesale establishments not located in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Businesa. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are aubject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with reapect to coverage. The final Census figures will be isaued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the Preaident: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervices, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair servicea; hotels; tourist courta and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered ser radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

sus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxea collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-074

ROBERTSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Robertson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.9 million, an increase of 213 percent over the \$3.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$10.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$575,000 in 1948 compared with \$172,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 940 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 566 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Robertson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Springfield. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Robertson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Robertson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be made by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

ROBERTSON COUNTY, TENN.

Trade seems and kind of hyginoge	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194					
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees				
RETAIL TRADE, total	298	11,942	314	621	505				
Food group	133	3,337	142	89	66				
Eating and drinking places	40	438	41	63	50				
General merchandise grp, general stores	18	1,119	14	109	76				
Apparel group	- 11	496	10	37	3 ¹ 4				
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	9	775	7	lili					
Automotive group	13	2,367	20	97	97				
Gasoline service stations	33	697	32	34	25				
Lumber-building-hardware group	1.1	1,398	1.4	82	56				
Drug and proprietary stores	9	496	12	26	25				
All other retail stores	21	819	22	40	32				
WHOLESALE TRADE	28	10,171	34	187	26				
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	57	575	58	132	126				
Personal services	26	385	28	111	105				
All other service trades	31	190	30	21	21				

x. Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE ROBERTSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	etors of ended nearest Nov. 15, 19		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Springfield: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	144	9,469	141	567	462	
	23	8,297	31	149	x	
	30	451	31	121	116	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	154	2,473	173	54	43	
	5	1,874	3	38	*	
	27	124	27	11	10	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Buainess Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaus of Buainess covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale tradea; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service tradea, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

sus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other servicea to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL. WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For ReleaseApril 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-075

RUTHERFORD COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Rutherford County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$22.2 million, an increase of 264 percent over the \$6.1 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$9.7 million in 1948 as compared with \$3.3 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$1.1 million in 1948 compared with \$0.3 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 1,618 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 957 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Rutherford County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Murfreesboro. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Rutherford County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Rutherford County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP RUTHERFORD COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid empl workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments			Compadia	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	383	22,236	418	1,173	962
Food group	156	5,423	169	152	106
Eating and drinking places	46	872	45	133	119
General merchandise grp, general stores	21	1,653	19	167	98
Apparel group	13	1,508	9	108	96
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	18	1,093	18	58	52
Automotive group	22	4,690	25	173	156
Gasoline service stations	52	1,710	64	105	94
Lumber-building-hardware group	20	2,887	27	145	135
Drug and proprietary stores	9	575	11	39	38
All other retail stores	26	1,825	31	93	68
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	30	9,676	39	204	X.
Merchant wholesalers	17	5,149	23	136	X
Other types of wholesalers	13	4,527	16	68	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	106	1,135	124	241	223
Personal services	60	689	73	163	157
All other service trades	46	446	51	78	66

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE RUTHERFORD COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Murfreesboro: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	213	17,967	238	1,036	861	
	23	8,291	31	176	x	
	79	966	96	219	202	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	170	4,269	180	137	101	
	7	1,385	8	28	x	
	27	169	28	22	21	

x Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenaus of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Buainesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Businesa Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Businesa Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Censua of Businesa covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Clasaification Manusl, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: sll retail tradea; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervicea, buainess servicea, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair servicea; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important aervices not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Buaineas Cenaus. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Cenaus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

s considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. — For Censua purposea, a business eatablishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholessle trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of eatablishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or eatablishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 salea and receipts" represents sales of merchandiae and receipta from repaira and other servicea to customers. The figurea reflect deductiona for returned gooda and allowances, but not for trade-in allowancea; they exclude salea and exciae taxea collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." representa ownera and partnera of unincorporsted businesaes who devoted the major portion of their time to the businesa in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 13, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-076

SCOTT COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Scott County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Eusiness released today by the Eureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.0 million, an increase of 233 percent over the \$1.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts total-

ing \$181,000 in 1948 compared with \$25,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 214 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 122 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Scott County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Scott County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Scott County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SCOTT COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp. workweek nearest Nov.	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	118	5,018	121	200	178
Food group	31 29 9 49	790 414 260 3,554	30 28 12 51	32 36 14 118	25 32 13 108
SELECTED SERVICE STATIONS, 2/ total	16	181	18	IÝ	14
Personal services	9 7	53 128	8 10	8 6	8 6

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. -- "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 29, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-077

SEQUATCHIE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, and service establishments located in Sequatchie County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.6 million, an increase of 433 percent over the \$0.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$33,000 in 1948 compared with \$25,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 70 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 28 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sequatchie County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sequatchie County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sequatchie County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SEQUATCHIE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts (Thousand dollars)	Active proprie- tors of unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
				O P	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	47	1,589	48	64	52
Food group	16 8 2 3	381 146 1,062	16 8 24	17 3 44	12 3 37
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES ² /	11	33	10	6	4

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-078

SEVIER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Sevier County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$9.9 million, an increase of 330 percent over the \$2.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.4 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$258,000 in 1948 compared with \$50,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 530 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 204 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sevier County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sevier County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sevier County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

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	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cinpac) out	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	231	9,893	252	488	401
Food group	87	2,879	90	64	42
Eating and drinking places	32	820	35	130	118
General merchandise grp, general stores.	12	957	13	55	37
Apparel group	6	306	8	17	11
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	12	595	19	39	32
Automotive group	10	1,427	10	46	46
Gasoline service stations	25	857	28	36	30 38
Lumber-building-hardware group	8 6	1,234	13	48 1 14	13
Drug and proprietary stores	33	300 518	30	39	34
WHOLESALE TRADE.	6	1,788	7	23	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	40	258	48	19	17
Personal services	27	185	35	16	14
All other service trades	13	73	13	3	3
HOTELS	9	808	7	103	103
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	56	364	53	25	23
AMUSEMENTS	15	146	14	19	x

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Ceasus of Eusiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to te relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census te taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935. and 1939.

Scope of the Cenaua.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Precutive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "aervices incidental to transportation, "which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending mearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 29, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-079

SHELBY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Shelby County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$475,800,000, an increase of 238 percent over the \$140,600,000 sales in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales volume in the county showed a 338 percent rise over the same period, reaching a total of \$1,904,100,000 in 1948 as compared with \$435,200,000 in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business reported receipts totaling \$29,100,000 in 1948 compared with \$10,000,000 in 1939. Amusement businesses in the county recorded receipts of \$6,000,000 in 1948. No comparable figure for 1939 is available.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the trades covered by the Census of Business. Retail trade establishments reported 28,108 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Of these, 24,526 worked the full week, and the remainder part of the week. The comparable total and full workweek figures from 1939 were 19,326 and 16,471. Wholesale trade establishments reported a total of 14,972 full—and part—week employees for the week of November 15, 1948, compared with 9,429 for the same week in 1939. For the selected service trades, November 15, 1948, paid employees numbered 6,685; the comparable figure for 1939, adjusted for change in scope between the two Censuses, was 4,791.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Shelby County, Tennessee. The report also contains data for the city of Memphis.

Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Shelby County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Shelby County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SHELBY COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincorporated businesses	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov Total employees	Full workweek
		dollars)	Nov. 1948	CPEO,COD	employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	4,117	475,752	4,019	28,108	24,526
Food group	1,135	88,323	1,201	3,269	2,724
Eating and drinking places	840	26,961	862	4,642	4,177
General merchandise grp, general stores	200	121.587	185	9,206	
Annarel aroun	1				7,897
Apparel group	258	39,278	202	2,551	2,047
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	216	22,123	201	1,467	1,394
Automotive group	154	77,138	128	1,800	1,717
Gasoline service stations	349	17,101	334	1,052	927
Lumber-building-hardware group	175	22,177	135	1,089	993
Drug and proprietary stores	252	14,534	245	1,223	1,007
All other retail stores	538	46,530	526	1,809	1,643
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	.914	1,904,069	624	14,972	x
Merchant wholesalers, total	543	978,916	415	70 1.76	30
Groceries, foods	70	69,111		10,416	X
Hardware, elec'l, plum'g and heat'g.			59	1,837	X
Mach'y, equip't, industrial supplies	40	79,108	20	1,689	X
Form products indible	108	51,510	52	1,527	х
Farm products, inedible	74	584,347	98	958	X
All other merchant wholesalers	251	194,840	186	4,405	x
Manufact'rs' sales branches, offices	170	466,035	L	3,570	ж
Petroleum bulk plants, terminals	20	28,033	18	367	×
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	155	420,845	169	473	X
Assemblers of farm products	26	10,240	18	146	X
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SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	1,297	29,092	1,275	6,685	6,309
Personal service	891	18,356	914	5 71.E	4,897
Business service	94	4,304	67	5, 145 664	600
Automotive repairs and services	151				
Other repair services	161	4,242	132	570	532
10001 DOT A TOQUES 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	707	2,190	162	306	280
HOTELS	D	ata withhel	d to avo	id disclo	sure.
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	17	462	15	93	85
				1.0	
AMUSEMENTS	95	5,951	75	749	ж
x Not available	Action of the second				

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page that changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

SHELBY COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Memphis: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades Hotels	3,528 888 1,224 40 78	452,457 1,898,354 28,481 8,201 5,480	3,391 601 1,197 33 64	27,092 14,813 6,607 2,278 684	23,690 x 6,241 2,155	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	589 26 73 17	23,295 5,715 611 471	628 23 78 11	1,016 159 78 65	836 x 68 x	

x Not available.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census unlletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Basiness was taken under the provision of the Act of Jane 19, 1948, which provides that the Basiness Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previons Basiness Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services hat covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Bnsiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

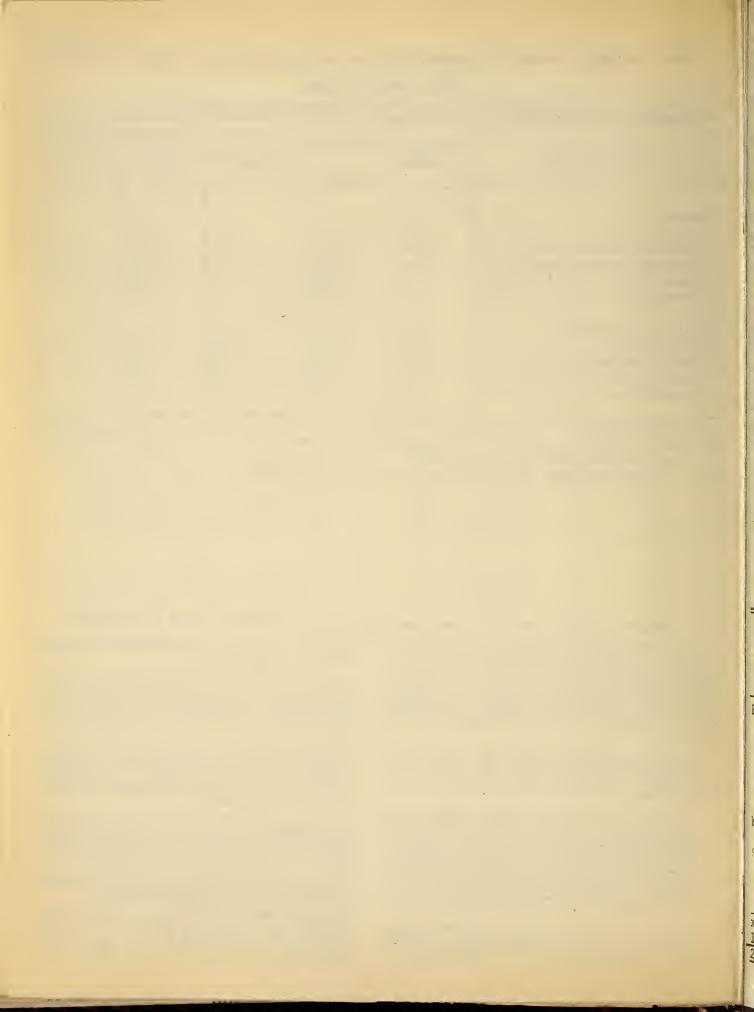
Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.



RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-080

SMITH COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Smith County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$5.0 million, an increase of 178 percent over the \$1.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$278,000 in 1948 compared with \$44,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 374 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 168 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Smith County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Smith County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Smith County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

SMITH COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov, 15, 194	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	145	4,971	159	, 182	161
Food group Eating and drinking places Gasoline service stations All other retail stores	40 15 12 78	803 209 256 3,703	42 19 12 86*	12 20 15 135	9 17 10 125
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	5,846	12	175	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	30	278	35	17	15
Personal services	12 18	75 203	12 23	7 10	, 6

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services. automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services: hotels: tourist courts and camps; and amusements. including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 15, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-081

STEWART COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Stewart County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U, S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.3 million, an increase of 188 percent over the \$0.8 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 86 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 51 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Stewart County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Stewart County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Stewart County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP STEWART COUNTY, TENM.

, Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Comproject	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	102	2,326	105	86	65
Food group	46 10	455 103	46 11	10 13	5 11
Eating and drinking places	17	215	18	8	5
All other retail stores:	29	1,553	30	55	44

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing

1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. -- "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-082

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SULLIVAN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Sullivan County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$67.2 million, an increase of 286 percent over the \$17.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$37.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$8.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$3.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.6 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 5,389 paid employees for the work-week ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,952 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Sullivan County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the cities of Bristol and Kingsport. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Sullivan County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Sullivan County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

SULLIVAN COUNTY, TENN.

Tools group and kind of hyginog	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	808	67,212	738	3,884	3,220
Food groupaccocceccocceccocceccocc	331	12,966	348	430	292
Eating and drinking places	114	2,750	123	390	321
General merchandise group, general stores	30	11,558	27	1,026	758
Apparel group	48	5,354	28	302	238
Furniture-home furnishings-appliance group	42	4,866	24	282	273
Automotive group	48	12,810	74.3	447	439
Gasoline service stations	69	3,320	72	174	148
Lumber-building-hardware group	33	7,715	20	427	406
Drug and proprietary stores].9	1,984	13	153	135
All other retail stores	74	3,899	61	259	210
WHOLESALE TRADE, total	69	37,764	45	792	X
Merchant wholesalers	60	24,087	36	682	X
Agents, brokers (merchandise)	9	6,997	8	24	X
Other types of wholesale	22	ద్, దక్షిం	2	85	25
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	212	3,176	220	713	650
Personal services	126	2, 393	128	613	572
Business services	9	1.62	7	22	19
Automotive repairs and services	44	360	4.7	51.	45
Other repair services	33	261	38	27	24
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	8	95	10	1.7	1.5
AMUSEMENTS	23	944	1.5	137	***************************************

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

Z/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

SULLIVAN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Bristol: Retail trade	188	22,569	340	1,498	1 ,22 8	
	40	22,789	27	381	x	
	71	997	70	235	227	
Kingsport: Retail trade	261	36,415	233	2, 009	1,762	
	40	14,975	10	411		
	100	1,827	100	407	3 74	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	359	8 , 22 8	265	287	230	
	4]	352	41	71	59	
	8	95	1.0	17	15	

x Not awai labis.

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes apployeds paid for less than the full workweek.

3/ Includes "Remainder of county".

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census he taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issne, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amnsements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. Nowever, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-083

SUMNER COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Sumner County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$12.2 million, an increase of 239 percent over the \$3.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$11.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$865,000 in 1948 compared with \$136,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 825 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 699 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Summer County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Gallatin. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Summer County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Summer County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP SUMNER COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid empi workweek nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cingadjood	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	370	12,229	374	493	423
Food group	166	3,680	169	80	64
Eating and drinking places	47	479	49	49	45
General merchandise grp, general stores	35	1,261	30	79	52
Apparel group	8	470	9	21	20
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	15	1,231	13	68	63
Automotive group	13	2,307	13	64	63
Gasoline service stations	36	743	35	35	32
Lumber-building-hardware group	16	1,055	19	46	46
Drug and proprietary stores	9	387	11	23	18
All other retail stores	25	616	26	28	20
WHOLESALE TRADE,	19	11,767	11	242	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	123	865	125	90	88
Personal services	45	361	45	65	64
All other service trades	78	504	80	25	24
AMUSEMENTS	8	122	7	21	X

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE SUMNER COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active proprietors of			
		lishments (Thousand dollars)		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Gallatin: Retail trade Selected service trades	119	7,941	109	375	334	
	44	452	43	69	69	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	251	4,288	265	118	89	
	79	413	82	21	19	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for esch county in the United Ststes, presents preliminsry results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year theresfter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, sutomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 dsta, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.--"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 24, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-084

TIPTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Tipton County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$14.0 million, an increase of 289 percent over the \$3.6 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$10.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.6 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$329,000 in 1948 compared with \$119,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 899 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 497 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Tipton County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Covington. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Tipton County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Tipton County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP TIPTON COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweek nearest Nov	ended
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	295 1146 369 10 153 147 215 251 251 214	14,032 3,195 533 2,624 421 1,761 7,769 2,231 1,834 10,796 2,807 7,989 130 260	312 125 39 52 12 12 23 13 10 17 26 8 18 56 37	660 102 72 168 16 13 69 45 107 30 38 157 48 109 82 66 16	513 61 52 126 12 11 64 36 104 19 28 x 71 58 13

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE TIPTON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group es	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of urincorporated	ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
	lishments (Thousand dollars)		businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees		
Covington: Retail trade Selected service trades	127 31	9,912 279	.126	526 74	426 67		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	1 6 8 20	4,120 50	186 19	134 8	87 4		

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for esch county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reporta submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will ahow additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censua of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: sll retail trades; all wholeaale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervices, business services, automobile repairs and services, snd miscellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 dsts, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the sn-nual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for s wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repsirs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowsnees, but not for trade-in allowsnees; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nesrest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-085

TROUSDALE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Trousdale County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$2.2 million, an increase of 214 percent over the \$0.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.2 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$67,000 in 1948 compared with \$36,000 in 1939.

Retail trade establishments in the county reported a total of 92 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. Wholesale trade establishments reported 94 paid employees for the same week in 1948. For the selected service trades, paid employees numbered 20 for the November 15, 1948 workweek.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Trousdale County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Trousdale County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Trousdale County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

TROUSDALE COUNTY, TENN.

Though the state of the state o								
		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948				
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees			
RETAIL TRADE, total	61	2,184	67	92	71			
Food group Eating and drinking places All other retail stores	7	457 132 1,595	17 9 41	15 15 62	9 9 53			
WHOLESALE TRADE	7	5,440	13	94	х			
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES2/	10	67	10	20	15			

x Not available,

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-086

UNICOI COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Unicoi County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.5 million, an increase of 282 percent over the \$1.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$238,000 in 1948 compared with \$69,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 397 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 226 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Unicoi County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Erwin. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Unicoi County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Unicoi County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP UNICOI COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	163	6,489	174	326	299
Food group	79	1,374	84	21	18
Eating and drinking places	24	418	28	38	31
Apparel group	5	250	4	11	10
Automotive group	9	1,096	7	46	46
Gasoline service stations	ll	301	14.	22	16
All other retail stores	35	3,050	37	188	178
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES	20	238	17	71	68

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

UNICOI COUNTY, TENN. (Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees l	FuIl workweek employees		
Erwin: Retail trade	74	5,357	83	298	275		
Remainder of county: Retail trade	89	1,132	91	28	24		

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Censns of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tonrist conrts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors..."Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Fnll workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **BUREAU OF THE CENSUS**

PRFIIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-087

UNION COUNTY, TENN,

Retail establishments located in Union County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$1.1 million, an increase of 120 percent over the \$0.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was

taken.

Employment in the county decreased over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 13 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15. 1948. This compared with a total of 16 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Union County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Union County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Union County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25. D. C.

Table 1.- CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP UNION COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Cinprojeco	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	58	1,055	56	13	9
Food group	27 31	346 709	29 27	2 11	2 7

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades: all wholesale trades: all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-088

VAN BUREN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail establishments located in Van Buren County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$564,000, an increase of 382 percent over the \$117,000 in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trade. Retail establishments reported a total of 13 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 8 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Van Buren County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Van Buren County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Van Buren County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP VAN BUREN COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	30°	564	30	13	10
Food group	20 10	244 320	20 10	1 12	10

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. - The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groupspersonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-089

WARREN COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Warren County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.6 million, an increase of 330 percent over the \$2.7 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$3.1 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.7 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$589,000 in 1948 compared with \$140,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 829 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total

of 347 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Warren County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of McMinnville. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Warren County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Warren County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WARREN COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	k ended	
Trade group and kind of business	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	274	11,641	288	647	509	
Food group	118	2,953	126	77	51	
Eating and drinking places	31	436	32	63	47	
General merchandise grp, general stores.	20	1,410	15	147	94	
Apparel group	10	413	13	23	14	
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	15	963	16	42	38	
Automotive group	12	1,559	13	67	65	
Gasoline service stations	24;	564	23	23	19	
Lumber-building-hardware group	18	2,344	21	153	144	
Drug and proprietary stores	5	303	4	22	21	
All other retail stores	21	696	25	30	16	
WHOLESALE TRADE	8	3,100	10	48	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	68	589	71	1.34	127	
Personal services	33	371	34	110	106	
Business services	5	42	4	6	6	
Automotive repairs and services	22	161	24	14	13	
*Other repair services	8	15	9	4	2	

x Not available.

^{1/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.
2/ See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

WARREN COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

C	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of		es, workweek Nov. 15, 1948
City and trade group 1	lishments	- unincorporated		Total employees ²	Full workweek employees
McMinnville: Retail trade Selected service trades		10,219 494	181 55	600 129	478 ¹ 122 <i>1</i>
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades		1,422 95	107 16	47 5	31. 5

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Buainess. The information is based on reports submitted by business establiahments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Businesa Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered sll establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—peraonal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture thestera. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic serv-

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the aervice trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

s considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repsirs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and sllowsnces, but not for trade-in allowsnces; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing sgency.

Proprietors. - "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of paid employees..." represents sll employees on the psy roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonsl, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working st least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 20, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-090

WASHINGTON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Washington County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$44.2 million, an increase of 227 percent over the \$13.5 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$42.4 million in 1948 as compared with \$8.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$2.2 million in 1948 compared with \$0.7 million in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 3,849 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 2,411 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Washington County, Tennessee, which also includes data for Johnson City. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Washington County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Washington County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.-CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

WASHINGTON COUNTY, TENN.

The second secon					
	Number of	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ¹	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	36 27 34 35 27 11 73 74 13 135 135 135 135	44,218 7,661 26,3942 62,860 21,860 21,863 21	581 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280	2,630 340 357 257 257 268 915 3133 224 2740 474 388 96	2,133 176 296 402 139 87 305 107 322 111 188 x x 416 347 69

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE WASHINGTON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

1	Number of	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948			
City and trade group 1	estab- lishmeats (Thousand dollars)		unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees		
Johnson City: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	400	38,422	345	2,462	1,996		
	66	40,238	52	719	x		
	110	2,034	110	457	402		
Remainder of county: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	235	5,796	236	168	137		
	8	2,152	5	26	*		
	25	180	29	17	14		

Not available.

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports cubmitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the finel Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The finel Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletine which will show additional detailed kind-ofbusinese information for all places where there are a sufficreat number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Businees was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 end for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929,

1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census. -The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industriel Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: ell retail trades; all wholeeale tredea; ell cervice trades in the following four groupe-personel cervices, businece servicee, automobile repaire end aervices, end miscelleneous repair servicee; hotels; tourist courts and campe; and amusements, including motion picture theetere.' Some important services not covered are redie broadceeting end televicion, medical and heelth, legal, educationel, nonprofit, accounting, and domeetic serv-1 ces

Thre coveress is eimiler to that of the 1939 Business Cen-s. However, "custom trades" and "assvices incidental to aus. However, "cuetom tradee" and "aervices incidental to trensportation," which are no longer included in the etandard clessification of the carvice trades, ere not covered by the 1948 Cansus. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. - For Census purposes, a business esteblishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the anaual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesele trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Consus figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipte from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude seles and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors .- "Active proprietors ... " represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. - "Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pey roll for the pay period ending measest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether reguemployees, whether regular or ecasonal, ere those who in the November 15 pay period were peid for working at least the number of houre typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting cetablishment.

1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 19, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-091

WAYNE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail and service establishments located in Wayne County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$4.2 million, an increase of 367 percent over the \$0.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$96,000 in 1948 compared with \$63,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 204 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 87 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Wayne County, Tennessee. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Wayne County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Wayne County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WAYNE COUNTY, TENN.

Trade group and kind of business	Number of estab- lishments	1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 194	
		(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	165	4,151	168	182	142
Food group	77	1,238	73	32	22
Eating and drinking places	20	107	24	18	10
General merchandise grp, general stores	24	461	26	24	18
Apparel group	5	138	3	13	8
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	5	247	5	11	10
Gasoline service stations	12	277	13	31	27
All other retail stores	22	1,683	24	53	47
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	24	96	26	22	17
Personal services	16	61	15	16	11
All other service trades	8	35	īí	6	6
AMUSEMENTS	6	43	6	12	х

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

2/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Eusiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935. and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; tools; tonrist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Ensiness Censns. However, "cnstom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Censns. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade—in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the basiness in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P- 41-092

WEAKLEY COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Weakley County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$11.6 million, an increase of 197 percent over the \$3.9 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.8 million in 1948 as compared with \$2.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$710,000 in 1948 compared with \$211,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 778 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a

total of 476 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Weakley County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Martin. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Weakley County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Weakley County as well as an order blank for other rea releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WEAKLEY COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprie- tors of	Paid emp workweel nearest Nov	ended	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948		Full workweek employees	
RETAIL TRADE, total	335	11,583	358	570	435	
Food group	120	3,044	123	103	65	
Eating and drinking places	50	539	47	61	50	
General merchandise grp, general stores	34	1,133	38	85	54.	
Apparel group	11	417	12	28	20	
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	13	667	13	23	22	
Automotive group	15	1,767	17	73	70	
Gasoline service stations	33	862	37	55	39	
Lumber-building-hardware group	21	1,750	25	62	61	
Drug and proprietary stores	10	475	16	27	17	
All other retail stores	28	929	30	53	37	
WHOLESAIE TRADE, total	43	6,788	45	102	x	
Merchant wholesalers	13	2,152	15	37	x	
Other types of wholesale	30	4,636	30	65	x	
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	84	710	101	106	94	
Personal services	50	469	60	89	78	
All other service trades	34	241	4.1	17	16	

x Not available.

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2. - CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE

WEAKLEY COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of 1948 sales		Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
City and trade group	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Martin: Retail trade Selected service trades	91 25	4,556 290	89 27	257 63	213 57	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	244 59	7,027 420	269 74	313 43	222 37	

^{1/} See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Ensiness. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Ensiness Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Ceusns of Basiness covered all establishmeuts in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, somprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. —"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

^{2/} Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PRELIMINARY

For Release May 8, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-093

WHITE COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in White County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census. U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$6.1 million, an increase of 336 percent over the \$1.4 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$1.6 million in 1948 as compared with \$0.5 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$234,000 in 1948 compared with \$59,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 411 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 164 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on White County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Sparta. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for White County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for White County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP

WHITE COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincor- porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	176	6,142	192	320	237
Food group	80	1,581	93	41	21.
Eating and drinking places	14	123	15	27	17
General merchandise grp, general stores	19	587	18	35	20
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	11	1,025	10	47	42
Automotive group	10	1,196	12	46	45
Gasoline service stations	22	461	27	23	19
Drug and proprietary stores	5	240	4	20	17
All other retail stores	15	929	13	81	56
WHOLESALE TRADE	10	1,646	10	45	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/ total	27	234 -	29	46	43
Personal services	17	133	19	38	35
All other service trades	10	101	10	8	8
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1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

WHITE COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group	Number of estab-	1948 sales	Active propri- etors of	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	unincorporated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	FuIl workweek employees	
Sparta: Retail trade	101	4,392	103	251	199	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	75	1,750	89	69	38	

1/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releases, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Census of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The fignres shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Business was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Business covered all establishments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Mannal, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal services, business services, antomobile repairs and services, and miscellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courts and camps; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Business Census. However, "custom trades" and "services incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as

other changes in the standard classification may have a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition.—For Census purposes, a business establishment is defined to include ouly enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establishments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Censns figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multinnit organizations, and "chain store" warehouses.

Sales and receipts.—"1948 sales and receipts" represents sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors.—"Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of nnincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of honrs typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-094

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Williamson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$10.0 million, an increase of 213 percent over the \$3.2 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$5.9 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.3 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$557,000 in 1948 compared with \$138,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 916 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 466 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Williamson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Franklin. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Williamson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Williamson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENN.

		1948 sales	Active proprietors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	247	9,981	249	·533	407
Food group	106	2,592	115	70	47
Eating and drinking places	31	312	33	49	34
General merchandise grp, general stores.	20	1,106	16	95	53
Apparel group	10	561	9	40	35
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp.	7	619	4	30	28
Automotive group	14	1,465	10	68	62
Gasoline service stations	21	649	26	46	29
Lumber-building-hardware group	14	1,269	12	81	74
All other retail stores	24	1,408	24	54	45
WHOLESALE TRADE	13	5,866	7	240	x
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES, 2/total	40	557	50	143	130
Personal services	19	370	25	116	112
All other service trades	21	187	25	27	18

x Not available.

[/] Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

^{2/} See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

Table 2.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948 FOR CITIES OF 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group 1	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	FuIl workweek employees	
Franklin: Retail trade Selected service trades	121	7,420	110	456	349	
	26	464	3 ⁴	135	126	
Remainder of county: Retail trade Selected service trades	126	2,561	139	77	58	
	14	93	16	8	4	

1/ See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of relesses, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenaus of Business. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figures shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figures will be issued in a series of Business Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Cenaus of Buainesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Censua be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Cenauses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Cenaua of Buainess covered all establiahments in the following trades, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, May 1949 isaue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholessle trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal servicea, business services, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair services; hotels; tourist courta and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important aervices not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domeatic services.

This coverage is similar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "cuatom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the atandard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions sawell as other changes in the atandard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. --For Census purposes, a business eatablishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade eatablishment and \$500 for establishmenta in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Cenaus of Business publications.

aus of Business publications.

"Number of eatablishments" is the number of separate businesa locations, rather than the number of business compsnies or organizationa, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or establishment. The establishment count reflecta the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizations, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 aales and receipta" representa sales of merchandise and receipta from repairs and other services to customers. The figures reflect deductions for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude aales and exciae taxes collected from customera and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment. — "Number of psid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending nearest November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employeea, whether regular or aeaaonal, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of hours typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting establishment.

RETAIL, WHOLESALE, SERVICE TRADES

PRELIMINARY

For Release

April 17, 1950

Release Series BC-1P-41-095

WILSON COUNTY, TENN.

Retail, wholesale, and service establishments located in Wilson County, Tennessee, showed a substantial expansion in dollar volume of trade from 1939 to 1948 according to preliminary figures from the 1948 Census of Business released today by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Retail sales in the county during 1948 aggregated \$13.6 million, an increase of 312 percent over the \$3.3 million in 1939, when the preceding Census of Business was taken. Wholesale sales in the county reached a total of \$6.2 million in 1948 as compared with \$1.8 million in 1939. The service trades included in the Census of Business recorded receipts totaling \$748,000 in 1948 compared with \$202,000 in 1939.

Employment in the county also rose over the 9-year period between 1939 and 1948 for the above trades. Establishments in these trades reported a combined total of 944 paid employees for the workweek ended nearest November 15, 1948. This compared with a total of 474 employees reported for the week of November 15, 1939.

These preliminary figures have been derived from a Census report on Wilson County, Tennessee, which also includes data for the city of Lebanon. Final figures, superseding the preliminary data for Wilson County, will be included in a Bulletin for the State of Tennessee to be issued in several months. Similar data will be made available this year in preliminary and final form for each of the counties and States. A single copy of the preliminary release for Wilson County as well as an order blank for other area releases may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 1.—CENSUS OF BUSINESS PRELIMINARY RESULTS FOR 1948, BY TRADE GROUP WILSON COUNTY, TENN.

	Number of	1948 sales and receipts	Active proprie- tors of unincor-	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15, 1948	
Trade group and kind of business	estab- lishments	(Thousand dollars)	porated businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees 1	Full workweek employees
RETAIL TRADE, total	314	13,577	345	674	534
Food group	102	2,793	110	89	63
Eating and drinking places	41	708	41	117	96
General merchandise grp, general stores	45	1,408	48	112	66
Apparel group	7.6	738	17	43	31
Furniture-home furnishgs-appliance grp	18	945	20	37	31
Automotive group	1.5	3,256	22	95	89
Gasoline service stations	34	1,010	37	52	47
Lumber-building-hardware group	17	1,539	22	66	60
All other retail stores.	26	1,180	28	63	51
WHOLESALE TRADE total	21	6,197	13	135	X
HELCHAIL MHOTESATEL 200000000000000000	11	3,463	6	98	X
Other types of wholesale	10	2,734	7	37	X
SELECTED SERVICE TRADES 2/total	78	748	90	135	126
rersonal services	38	472	46	114	106
All other service trades	40	276	44	21	20
TOURIST COURTS AND CAMPS	L 5	26	4	10	7

x Not available.

Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

See General Description on last page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

WILSON COUNTY, TENN.

(Data omitted for trade groups where necessary to avoid disclosure)

City and trade group ¹	Number of estab-	1948 sales and receipts	Active propri- etors of unincorporated	Paid employees, workweek ended nearest Nov. 15,1948		
	lishments	(Thousand dollars)	businesses Nov. 1948	Total employees ²	Full workweek employees	
Lebanon: Retail trade Wholesale trade Selected service trades	164	10, 819	190	563	458	
	16	5,234	8	117	x	
	54	641	61	126	119	
Remainder of county: Retail trade	150	2,758	155	111	76	
	5	963	5	18	x	
	24	107	29	9	7	

X Not available

See General Description on this page for changes from the 1939 Census of Business in the coverage of Service Trades.

2/ Includes employees paid for less than the full workweek.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PRELIMINARY RELEASES FOR THE 1948 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

This series of releasea, of which one is planned for each county in the United States, presents preliminary results of the 1948 Cenaus of Businesa. The information is based on reports submitted by business establishments for that Census. The figurea shown are preliminary, and are subject to revision in the final Census publications, but the changes are expected to be relatively minor with respect to coverage. The final Census figurea will be issued in a series of Busineas Census bulletins which will show additional detailed kind-of-business information for all places where there are a sufficient number of establishments.

The 1948 Census of Businesa was taken under the provision of the Act of June 19, 1948, which provides that the Business Census be taken for 1948 and for each fifth year thereafter. Previous Business Censuses were taken for the years 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939.

Scope of the Census.—The 1948 Census of Buainess covered all establishments in the following tradea, as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Manuai, May 1949 issue, of the Executive Office of the President: all retail trades; all wholesale trades; all service trades in the following four groups—personal aervicea, buainess servicea, automobile repairs and services, and miacellaneous repair aervices; hotels; tourist courts and campa; and amusements, including motion picture theaters. Some important services not covered are radio broadcasting and television, medical and health, legal, educational, nonprofit, accounting, and domestic services.

This coverage is aimilar to that of the 1939 Busineas Census. However, "custom trades" and "servicea incidental to transportation," which are no longer included in the standard classification of the service trades, are not covered by the 1948 Census. In a number of localities, these exclusions as well as other changes in the standard classification may have

a considerable effect in comparing 1948 with 1939 data, particularly with respect to establishment count.

Establishment definition. -- For Censua purposes, a business establishment is defined to include only enterprises conducted from a recognizable place of business, provided that the annual sales were in excess of \$5,000 for a wholesale trade establishment and \$500 for establishments in other trades. A detailed analysis of coverage will be provided in future Census of Business publications.

"Number of establiahments" is the number of separate business locations, rather than the number of business companies or organizations, since the Census figures represent information reported separately for each business location or eatablishment. The establishment count reflects the number of places in business at the end of 1948 excluding administrative and executive offices of multiunit organizationa, and "chain atore" warehouses.

Sales and receipts. -- "1948 aales and receipts" represents salea of merchandiae and receipts from repairs and other servicea to customers. The figures reflect deductiona for returned goods and allowances, but not for trade-in allowances; they exclude sales and excise taxes collected from customers and paid directly to any taxing agency.

Proprietors. — "Active proprietors..." represents owners and partners of unincorporated businesses who devoted the major portion of their time to the business in November 1948.

Employment.—"Number of paid employees..." represents all employees on the pay roll for the pay period ending neareat November 15, 1948. "Full workweek" employees, whether regular or seasons!, are those who in the November 15 pay period were paid for working at least the number of houra typically worked in a week by employees of the reporting eatablishment.











