THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1832.

GOVERNOR.
J. B. DAWSON.

MAYOR.
Col. PEIRE.

RECORDER.
FELIX DE ARMAS.

☞ We are requested to announce that a great number of electors of the 4th Ward will support Mr. ANTONIO DUCROS at the next election of Aldermen.

A partial mail came to hand yesterday. We have Philadelphia and Baltimore papers of the 8th Charleston of the 7th instant. We received no New-York papers; but our Philadelphia exchanges contain New-York dates of the 29th, which supply no intelligence of an unusual character.

Loss of the Steamer Amazon.—By the arrival of the Hibernia yesterday, we learn that the steamer Amazon was sunk at Palmyra Island. Part of the furniture was got to shore. It is supposed the cargo was lost.

Cannot the Free Press come to our intent, in publishing the lying paragraph from the Courier and Enquirer? We all know that the American Theatre is not opened on Sunday; and the base publication of the false statement carries with itself, both text and commentary. What does the Free Press mean? Will not its *light comprehend* our object in reproducing the item?

The secular celebration was solemnized with general enthusiasm throughout the land; all the papers contain rival descriptions of the several pageants. But from all accounts it must have been commemorated with unequalled splendor in Philadelphia. Some of the papers contain several columns, setting forth the merry-makings of the day, the processions, the doings and the sayings. A sketch of the celebration is to be printed in pamphlet; this as well as the memories of that day will be bequeathed to posterity.

Exhibition of Glass Works.—The glass work operations of Mr. FINN, present one of the most curious and agreeable exhibitions that the city now affords. The complete power that he has acquired in modifying glass into a great variety of fanciful shapes, and the rapidity of the operation, is altogether incredible to those who have not witnessed it. The most brittle of all substances is formed into figures of different animals with as much facility as the most experienced painter could sketch their outlines with a brush. Deer, hounds, sheep, horses, carriages, trees and birds are made, possessing the spirit and accuracy of real life, and the finest specimens of hair, of all colours, are spun out as fast as thread is spun from a wheel. The exhibition is worthy the attention of the philosopher, while the fabrics themselves, afford the most delicate ornaments for the mantlepiece, or presents for favorites.

DISTRICT COURT.—The examination of Slocum for piracy and murder, was again commenced before the hon. J. Parson, at the district court room, on Saturday last. This is the most extraordinary case that we ever heard of. It appears that Mr. John Allen, of Newport, formerly fitted out a sloop for the coast of Africa, from which he received intelligence in 1825, being then on the South American coast. She has not since been heard from. About two months since, several sailors arrived at Newport, from Norfolk. They hired a carriage and proceeded to Portsmouth. They passed a house on their journey which one of the sailors observed was occupied by his uncle, and that it was the place where he spent his younger days. On returning to Newport, the same person took some opium and brandy, and soon became very much deranged. In this state he declared himself to be one of the crew belonging to the aforesaid sloop, and also that the said crew rose upon the officers, and that all were killed except himself. He further stated that he remained on board of the vessel for several days alone, and was taken and by a pirated cruiser. After recovering from his fit of delirium, he denied the assertions which he had made; but he was immediately arrested for the crime of piracy and murder. Mr. Allen (his uncle) the owner of the vessel, was sent for, and instantly recognized him as his nephew, who had sailed in his vessel. The sailor denied ever having seen Mr. Allen before. Mr. A. then stated that Slocum had slept in his house a few nights before, and seemed perfectly well acquainted with the house. Slocum however denied having any knowledge of Allen or his vessel. The mother of Slocum was then sent for, and immediately recognized her son, whom she thought dead. She said that there were several scars about his body, by which he was recognized; but on examining no such scars were found. The U.S. marshal recognized him as a lad whom he once knew in Portsmouth. After a most scrutinizing examination, at three different times, the judge discharged him on Monday last—the parties having failed to identify.—*Providence, R.I.*

We understand that a meeting of young ladies of the first respectability is about to be called for the purpose of devising some plan to improve the morals and habits of the young gentlemen. A preamble and resolutions are in preparation to be submitted, which will no doubt be carried. The object on the part of the ladies is, not to keep company with any young man who is in the habit of tipling; visiting taverns, theatres, oyster cellars, &c. whereby he disgraces himself and family, and lays the foundation of his future ruin. If this be so, it will do more good for the rising generation, than any measure heretofore adopted to check an alarming and growing evil.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

CHARGE OF MURDER.—The mate of the brig Triton, which arrived here on Monday last from Guayaquil, was apprehended yesterday on a warrant issued by the judge of U. S. district court, charging him with the murder of one of the crew on the high seas, on the outward voyage of the brig, the next day after she left this port. The information was given by the crew. The substance of the charge is, that the deceased was assaulted by the mate while the captain was in the cabin, and after being severely beaten with a rope's end, was ordered to go aloft and adjust some of the rigging.—While he was engaged in that duty, the mate ascended the shrouds, and again struck him several times with such violence that he fell into the sea and was drowned. The name of the mate is Thos. Soule. The name of the deceased was Phelps. The accused underwent an examination this morning before judge Betts, by whom he was fully committed for trial. Four of the crew appeared as witnesses against him. [The ex parte preliminary testimony of witnesses should always be received with some grains of allowance.]—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

A young lady named Hannah Rice, residing at Swanton Falls, Vt. put an end to her existence on the 13th ultimo, by drowning herself. It seems that she had been for some time in a delicate state of health and was subject to extreme depression of spirits. She left the house of her brother on the evening of the above day, and after being absent about an hour, her friends became alarmed, and commenced a search for her.—She was traced by her tracks in the snow to the river where her corpse was discovered, the water being only about twenty inches deep. Her parents reside in this state. Miss Rice is represented to have been a very interesting young lady, and was about 20 years of age.

We have read within a few days several recent letters from Paris. They have all been addressed to commercial gentlemen, and on affairs of commerce, but the writers, nevertheless, concurred in opinion that the government of Louis Philippe could not much longer continue. All France is dissatisfied, and the spirit that now finds a vent in murmurings and angry discussions in the Chamber of Deputies, will before long take bolder ground and precipitate another revolution. We shall rejoice at such an event on one account, and lament it on another. We shall rejoice, because it is apparent that the French nation have been deceived and betrayed by those they elevated to power through the revolution of July—we shall lament it, because another change in France will hasten a general war in Europe, and thus millions of human beings will be sacrificed in the struggles which must ensue between liberalism and despotism.—*Phil. Inq.*

From the London Observer.

FASHIONABLE DRAB HATS, SHOES &c. 89 LEVEE STREET, MALCOM McCALLUM, is just receiving from New-York by the ship Creole and Warsaw, a handsome assortment of fashionable drab hats of different shades and qualities and also fine pumps shoes and bregans. march 6.

BALE ROPE.—500 coils, of good quality, for sale by STETSON & AVERY, 81 Camp st. feb 14.

SPERMACETI, refined Whale oil, for sale by THAYER, HURD & Co. 29 Magazine

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miscellaneous contentions. At no period in any history, since the accession of the house of Hanover to the throne, has the aspect of public affairs been so clouded. Neither at the commencement of the reign was there the commencement of any calamitous war, as at the time when the late king ascended the throne, or at the period of the treaty of Utrecht, when the conquests and the glory of its conqueror, neither at the period of the invasion of the pretender, nor at the rebellion in Ireland in 1798, nor the burnings of the Luddites, nor the riots at Manchester, was there so much reason to feel apprehension for the safety and prosperity of England. We shall abstain from enumerating all the causes of our discontent, or all the sources of our sufferings. There is not an agreeable one, and there are we fear, few to whom we could on it communicate any thing with which they are unacquainted. It will, perhaps be more befitting to the occasion to say, that after long, long we are not depending—although ignorant of the extent of misery, we are not without hopes that strenuous efforts will be made to relieve it. Confiding in our gracious king—confiding in a patriotic ministry—confiding in a patriotic parliament—we look with confidence for such a just and equitable distribution of the means, and such strengthening and extension of the powers which Providence has conferred on them, that the distress, which may be alleviated by the exercise of charity and liberality, by their example. The times demand great sacrifices; and they must be made, or the consequences of our present position will prove most disastrous. The poor are already too much estranged from the rich. The contemplation of the barrier of the Dissenters which preys exclusively on the hungry and destitute, must tend only to increase the hatred with which the possessors of property are already regarded—hatred, and we are sorry to add, not unjustly. Unless speedy measures be adopted to mitigate the popular prejudice, and unless the wealthy, from their splendid stores, give more freely, to their less fortunate or less provident brethren, that the progress of the restlessness will give rise to scenes of riot and commotion such as no one has yet witnessed in this country.

The re-capture of the Frigate Philadelphia.—It will be seen from the message of congressional proceedings, that the bill appropriating $100,000 to the widow of Commodore Decatur, commander of the U. S. schooner Intrepid, and to the officers and crew of the same, for the capture and destruction of the frigate Philadelphia, in the harbor of Tripoli, has been taken up by the House in a manner which indicates its speedy passage. This subject has been before congress for several years past, and it is hoped will now be disposed of by the payment of the money specified in the bill. In truth, money cannot compensate for the glory which that achievement has conferred upon the American name, and the influence it has had in laying the foundation of our gallant navy. The bill provides that $31,412 42 shall be paid to the widow of Com. Decatur; 5,000 to the widow of Com. Preble; 12,554 96, in equal proportions, to James Lawrence, Joseph Bainbridge and Jonathan Thorn, or their legal representatives; 14,958 28, in equal proportions, to Lewis Heerman; Ralph Izard, William Wiley, William Hook, and Edward Keller, or their legal representatives; 12,215 93, to Thomas McDonough, Charles Morris, John Davis, John Rowe, Alexander Lawes, Thomas O. Anderson, James Metcalf, Nicholas Brown and Joseph Boyd, or their legal representatives; 11,974 89 to George Crawford, George Brown, John Newman, Paul Frazier, Solomon Wren, Duncan Mansfield, Sc. Catelino, Samuel Endicott, James Wilson, John Torn and Richard Doyle, or their legal representatives; and 12,773 52 to 42 seamen and mariners, or their legal representatives.—Total $100,000.

Among the names of the little band on board the intrepid, will be recognised those of four captains in our navy, either living or dead, viz. Decatur, the captor of the Macedonian; Lawrence, who in the hour of death bequeathed to his country the motto, "Don't give up the ship;" McDonough, the hero of Lake Champlain; Morris, distinguished by various acts of bravery and skill, and not least by the escape of the Constitution, when under his command, from several heavy ships of the enemy which had marked her for the prey.

HINT TO LOVERS.—BY MRS. C. HALL.

If a youth, wooingly disposed towards any damsel, as he values his happiness let him follow my advice; call on the lady when she least expects him; and take note of the appearance of all that is under her control, observe if the shoe fits neatly—if the gloves are clean, and the hair neat—and I would forgive a man for breaking off an engagement if he discovered a greasy novel hid away under the cushion of a sofa, or a hole in the furniture of the prettiest foot in the world. Slovenliness will ever be avoided by a well regulated mind, as would a pestilence. A woman cannot always be what is called "dressed," particularly one in middling or humble life, where her duty, and it is consequently to be hoped her pleasure, lies in superintending and assisting in all domestic matters; but she may always be neat, well appointed—and as certainly, as a virtuous woman is a crown of glory to her husband, as surely is a slovenly one a crown of thorns.

KINGSTON, (U. C.) Feb. 11.

On Monday last, between two and three o'clock, an officer's servant of the 68th regiment, stationed in this garrison, feeling a disposition to become a citizen of the U. States, availed himself of the use of his master's horse and berlin, and scorning a pedestrian excursion to the land of Jonathan, drove across the ice with the most perfect indifference. Before this there is little doubt of his having eased himself of the unnecessary incumbrance of a very valuable horse and servant and attended by a very fine Spaniel.

PRECIOUS METALS.—At the request of Mr. Huskisson, made a short time before his death, Mr. Jacobs, of Liverpool, compiled a history of the precious metals, which has been recently published in two volumes. Mr. Jacobs announces that the consumption of the precious metals has exceeded the production by one sixth of the whole stock of gold and silver in existence in Europe. The world was inquiring where all the precious metals went to, little imagining how great the consumption was. Mr. Jacobs proves that the annual consumption in England alone, is about twelve millions of dollars. He states the production of all the mines in America and Europe, at 103,736,000 pounds sterling, for twenty years—that is from 1819 to 1826, and the consumption at 152,562,220 pounds sterling. This is believed to show but little, if any hope of an adequate supply of the precious metals.

TRIBUTE TO WASHINGTON.—Among other anecdotes which the recent proposition to remove the bones of Washington, has elicited and revived, we are told by Mr. Howard, in a speech made in the house, that when the British fleet was passing up the Potomac during the late war, with hostile intent, the commander directed that when he arrived opposite Mount Vernon he should be informed of the fact. When he was told he was passing the tomb of Washington, the officers assembled upon deck, and passed by *uncovered, and in silence.*

MINA AND MRS. CHAPMAN.—The Evening Post of Saturday says: "A letter from Doylstown, Pa., under date of Thursday last, mentions that on the day previous, an argument took place in the court of Oyer and Terminer now sitting on the trial of Mrs. Chapman, on a motion to postpone Mina's trial to the April term. The reason adduced was that Mina could not have a fair trial, at this time, in consequence of the publication, in the Bucks County Republican, of Mrs. Chapman's letter. The postponement was granted on condition that the evidence of the witnesses from a distance, then present, might be now taken, should they be unable to attend in April. The orders of the court in relation to the publication of Mrs. Chapman's trial, given to the reporters, at the commencement were reiterated on Wednesday, and it was intimated that the Philadelphia paper would not be overlooked, if any remarks appeared calculated to prejudice public opinion respecting Mina. The evidence on the part of the prosecution was closed on the same day, and Drs. Togno, Franklin and Bache were heard for Mrs. Chapman. On Thursday the Mexican consul gave an account of Mina's visit to his office. The opinion in Mrs. C's guilt seems to be general, but there appears to be no evidence sufficient to convict her. It is presumed that the trial will not close before Tuesday or Wednesday next.

A paragraph in the Philadelphia Inquirer of Monday, states that Mrs. Chapman was acquitted of the charge of murder on Saturday last.—*Balt. Rep.*

Anecdotes connected with the appointment of General Washington to the command of the army, June 16, 1775.

In a manuscript Journal, under date of Nov. 4, 1825, I find a record of a conversation had with the venerable John Adams, at that time, relative to the appointment of Gen. Washington. It was in substance as follows:

The army was assembled at Cambridge, Mass., under Gen. Ward, and Congress was sitting at Philadelphia. Every day arrived new applications in behalf of the army. The country was urgent that congress should adopt the army; for until they had, it must be a band of armed rebels. The great trial seemed to be in this question,—Who shall be the commander in chief? It was exceedingly [illegible] to be the hinge on which the [illegible] Without union of the army there was no strength;—The multitude, and [illegible] must come to—The One hundred and [illegible] was one, and the right must be one. The members had talked, debated, considered and guessed, and yet the question lay [illegible] Mr. Adams took the speaker's chair and the manner of developing it was nearly as follows:

He was [illegible] Congress Hall [illegible] and said: "[illegible] Adams [illegible] fifty [illegible] Colonies of North America [illegible] election of a commander in chief [illegible] Adams. If like them, I think John Jay, but oh, whom shall you find as this commander. [illegible] Washington, of Virginia, a member of congress." "Our" replied S. A. quickly, "this will never unite, never, never." "I must, or I shall do, nothing," and for these reasons, the southern and middle states are both to enter heartily into the cause, and their arguments are patent; they say that New England holds the physical power in her hands, and they fear the result. A New England army, a New England commander, with New England perseverance shall unite, appease them. For this cause they hang back. Now the only way is, to allay their fears, and give them nothing to complain of; and this can be done in no other way but by appointing a southern chief over this force. Then all will be secure, then all will rush to the standard. This policy will blend us in one mass, and that mass will be resistless." At this sum. A. seemed greatly moved. They talked over the preliminary circumstances, and John asked his cousin to second his motion. Mr. Adams went in, took the floor, and put forth all his strength in the delineations he had prepared, all aiming at the adoption of the army. He was ready to own the army, appoint a commander, vote supplies, and proceed to business. After his speech some doubted, some objected, and some feared. His warmth mounted with the occasion, and to all these doubts and hesitations he replied, "gentlemen, if this congress will not adopt this army before ten moons set N. England will have a congress of her own, which will adopt it, and she, she will undertake the struggle alone, yes, with a strong arm and clear conscience will front the foe alone." This had the desired effect. They saw N. E. was not playing, and was not to be played with; they agreed to appoint a day. The day was fixed. It came. Mr. Adams went in, took the floor, urged the measure, and after debate it passed. The next thing was to get a lawful commander for the lawful army, with supplies, &c. All looked to Mr. Adams on this occasion; and he was ready. He took the floor, and went into a minute delineation of the character of Gen. Ward, throwing on him the epithets which, then, belonged to no one else.

At the end of this eulogy he said, "and this is not the man I have chosen." He then went into a delineation of the character of a commander in chief such as was required by the peculiar situation of the times at that juncture; and after he had presented the qualifications in his strongest language, and given the reasons for the nomination he was about to make, he said—"Gentlemen, I know these qualifications are high, but we all know they are needful at this crisis, in this chief. Does any one say they are not to be obtained in this country? I reply, they are, they reside in one of our own body, and he is the person whom I now nominate, GEORGE WASHINGTON, of Virginia."

Washington, who sat on Mr. Adams' right hand, was looking him intently in the face to watch the name he was about to announce; and not expecting it would be his own, he sprang from his seat the moment he heard it, and rushed into an adjoining room as quickly as though moved by a shock of electricity.

Mr. Adams had asked his cousin Sam to move for an adjournment as soon as the nomination was made, in order to give the members time to deliberate in private. They did deliberate, and the result is before the world.

I asked Mr. Adams, among other questions, the following:—"Did you never doubt of the success of the conflict?" "No, no," said he, "not for a moment. I expected to be hung and quartered, if I was caught; but no matter for that, my country would be free. I knew George III. could not forge chains long enough and strong enough to reach round these states."

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship James, Shackford, Havana, — J. A. Merle & co.
" Warsaw, Barstow, N. York, — Barstow & Adams.
Schr Felicie, Martinez, Havana, — W Tufts & co.
" Robert Centre, Johnson, Mobile, — Haynes & Geddes.
Steamer Hatchie, Feaster, Pearl River, — Master.

ARRIVED

Towboat Shark, Hourin, fm the Passes, having towed to sea brigs Virginia, for Havana; Romulus, for Providence, and Beaver, for Richmond. Brought up ship Florida, Tracy, fm N York; brigs Vigilant, Humfrick, from Stockholm; and Billow, fm N York. Left the bar at 1 p m on Tuesday—bark London still outside; 2 schrs inside the bar.—The Porpoise was towing in packet ship John Linton, Wybray, fm N York; another ship in the offing.

Packet ship Florida, Tracy, from New York, to P Laidlaw and J Webb—cargo to Whitall, Jaudon & co; J W Bull & co; T M Jones; Hyde & Goodrich; White & co; V Tufline; J H Field & co; Stetson & Avery; Thompson & Grant; T Cowait; G Brisle; Campbell & Smith; V Libeau; Harlow & Hutton; J S Shaw; Morgan & co; A Elliot; Callender & Doblois; S Luche; Hill & Henderson; V David; E Woodward; J & J Darramon; P Laidlaw; H Guildemee; Fetter; F Perret; J Wright & co; A Fisk, Watt & co; L C Forstall; T Soulet; J C Springer; E Harvey; H L Camp; W Alderson; J P Laboussie; P B Penny; L Mathews; J G Stevenson & co; L Bonnabel; J Foster, jr; Robinson & Chenery; T Thurnbull & co; Palmer & Southmayd; Bell & Buchanan; J Lully; J Dicks; Harris, Wright & co; Cooper, Caruthers & co; and order.

Brig Vigilant, Humfick, Stockholm—cargo.

Brig Billow, Hodlet, New York—cargo curb stone, hay, furniture, &c to J Robinson.

Brig Arcturus, Swan, fm Antwerp—reported.

Steamer Columbus, Manford, Bayou Sarah—cotton, &c to Reynolds, Byrne & co; A Ledoux; A Fisk, Watt & co; N Coxe; T A Blanc; J Hagan & co; E Forstall; Williams & Lee; M White; Allain, Perrault & Allain; Maurin and O'Dubigg; Bullitt & Shipp; Hyde & Goodrich; J Webb; N & J Beck & co; J Linton; Arnous & Pedroni; S Roux; A Martin; J Nicholson; B Cadillon. Passengers, Messrs C Shrop, Swothel, Davis, Morgan, Angelis, Rist, Lane, Deverich, Saunders, Monroe, Clark, Stewart, Landoux and daughter, and others.

Steamer Beaver, Kimball, fm Natchitoches—cotton, &c to R P Guillard & co; Maurin & O'Dubigg; Peyroux, Rivarde & co; J Hagan & co, Bullitt & Shipp; J Linton; A Fisk, Watt & co; owners on board; J G Stevenson; V David; order—35 passengers.

Steamer Hibernia, Hawes, fm Cincinnati—with the hull of steamer Patriot in tow—lard, pork, &c to Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; A Fisk, Watt & co; R C Smith; owners on board. Several passengers.

MEMORANDA.

Cleared at Philadelphia for this port, 1st March, ship Sargeant, Van Dyke.

Up at New York for this port, ship Alabama, Rocke, to sail on the 1st March; ship Cincinnati, Barstow, on the 8th.

Cleared at New York for this port, 28th, ship Huntsville, Stoddard.

Hence at Porto, 22d, ship Marion.

Up at Philadelphia, 2d March, for this port, ship Edward Bonaffee, and brig Compeare, to sail soon.

Passengers in the packet ship John Sergeant, capt Van Dyk, cleared at Philadelphia for this port, Mrs Todd, Mr Th Smith, Ms H S Wentz, Mr W Swain, Mr Haines.

CANDIDATES FOR ALDERMEN.

First District—M. MORGAN.
Second District—FELIX LABATUT.
Third District—DR. THOMAS.
Fourth District—ANTONIO DUCROS, E. A. CANON.
Fifth District—A. SUARES, JOHN CULBERTSON, M. ANDRY.
Sixth District—J. S. PETERS.
Seventh District—J. M. BACH, L. A. NADAUD.
Eighth District—E. BLANC, J. M. RAMOS.

CITY BANK,
New Orleans, March 12, 1832.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Bank will be ready to commence business on Monday the 19th instant, and that the board will meet on Wednesdays and Saturdays, for the purpose of discount. By order of the board,
mar 15. R. CLAGUE, Cashier.

[illegible] STREET [illegible] THE [illegible]

[illegible] BURKE'S [illegible]

[illegible] FOR BILOXI [illegible]

[illegible] FOR CINCINNATI [illegible]

[illegible] FOR [illegible]

[illegible] FOR NEW-YORK [illegible]

[illegible] FOR MOBILE [illegible]

FOR BALTIMORE—A REGULAR PACKET. The new copper fastened and fast sailing schooner LOUISIANA, Capt. A. Smith, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply on board at the basin, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH. 15 new Levee.

FOR BALTIMORE—A REGULAR PACKET. The very fast sailing copper fastened and copper fastened new brig INDES, Captain [illegible] will sail on Sunday next, as above, has a splendid cabin, and can comfortably accommodate ten or twelve passengers. Apply on board between Custom Houses and Levee streets, or to HARRISON, BROWN & CO. 117 Royal street. mar 14

FOR BALTIMORE—A REGULAR PACKET. The copper fastened, coppered, very fast sailing and superior packet brig BOWENS, Capt. [illegible] will positively sail on Sunday next the 17th instant. For freight of 50 bales cotton or deck of passage, having extensive and comfortable accommodations, apply on board, opposite Canal street, or to HARRISON, BROWN & CO. 117 Royal street. march 14.

FOR HAVRE. The fine and fast sailing packet ship HELVETIA, Milton master, will sail positively on the first April. For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to the Capt. on board, or to T. NICOLET & Co. mar 14.

FOR PHILADELPHIA—The packet brig SWAN, Benj. Smith, Master, having two thirds of her cargo engaged, can take the bulk, of 150 or 200 hhds sugar on the coast below the city, would be preferred, and will be despatched in 4 or 5 days.—For freight, apply to SAM. P. MORGAN & Co. Corner Camp & Gravier st. No. 43. march 13

FOR MOBILE. The fast sailing brig ARIS, Athern master, will take freight for Mobile, and will be despatched immediately, apply to T. NICOLET & Co. mar 13

FOR BALTIMORE—A REGULAR PACKET. The copper fastened, coppered and very fast sailing packet brig BOURNE, Capt. BESTHALL, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having extensive accommodations, apply on board, opposite the Custom House, or to HARRISON, BROWN & CO. 117 Royal st. march 10

TO-MORROW
NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.
4th Class for 1832.
The drawing will take place on Saturday 17th of March 1832.

PRIZES.	DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1 or	10,000	is	10,000
1 or	3,000	is	3,000
1 or	1,500	is	1,500
1 or	1,000	is	1,000
1 or	800	is	800
1 or	623	is	623
6 or	500	are	3,000
6 or	300		1,800
6 or	200		1,200
156 or	50		7,800
156 or	20		3,180
621 or	8		1,992
7800 or	4		31,200

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole Tickets $4 00
Halves 2 00
Quarters 1 00
J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*
feb 13 No. 119 Chartres street.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH LOTTERY.
Authorized by the state of Louisiana.—To be drawn on Tuesday, March 20, 1832.
D. MALCOLM, MANAGER.
And proprietor under the act authorising the Lottery.
30 *NUMBER LOTTERY—4 Drawn Ballots.*
HIGHEST PRIZE,
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

1 of	$10,000	6		300
1	3,000	6		200
1	1,500	12		100
1	1,200	18		60
1	1000	60		40
1	750	180		30
6	500	120		20
6	400	2,340		8
	15,660	4		

Price of Tickets: Whole Tickets $4, Halves $2, Quarters $1. Packages 10 Whole Tickets $48, warranted to draw not less than $24. Shares in proportion.
APPLY AT THE
MANAGER'S OFFICE, 60 Chartres-st.
N. B.—A Class of this Lottery will be drawn on Tuesday of each week during the season. mar. 15

J. J. R. PUTNAM.—*DENTIST.—No. 27, Canal street.* Hours of attendance from 9 o'clock A. M till 3 P. M. A. B. He will be absent at Mobile during the month of March. mar 30

STOCKS.—Just received, a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE STOCKS, *new style and superior make.* Gentlemen are requested to call and examine the same. Also, fine plain frilled and fancy fashionable Shirts, with a variety of fine summer clothing, landing from the Tennessee. W. C. NORRIS, march 15—1w No. 38, Chartres street.

500 WINDOW GLASS.
boxes Baltimore Window Glass, assorted sizes, landing from brig Julia, and for sale by
mar 14 3t A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

FOR SALE.—Old Medoc Wine, in casks, one year's importation, branded, B. Beyerman; some few dozens sparkling Champaign, first quality; also, negro's shirts and pantaloons, for sale by
march 14 J. M. FORTIER.

AN Instructress from the north, wishes a situation either in the city or country. Her charges will be moderate, she can produce good recommendations. Apply on Royal street, between St. Philip and Ursuline streets, opposite No. 30. march 14.

DEAR SKINS, 140 bales and pig lead, for sale by I. MAGER. [mar 13]

EXCHANGE on New-York, Boston, France, and London, for sale by
mar 13 T. NICOLET & Co.

JUST received and for sale by the subscribers, per brig Wm. Henry, a few natural presses and copying machines, Perryan pens, Lucifer watches, which ignite by friction. A large assortment of blank books, 100 reams rough edge foolscap paper.
E. JOHNS & Co. 113 Chartres st. and corner of mar 13 Camp and Common sts.

NOTICE.—The undersigned has lately arrived in this city, and has the honor of offering a fine assortment of crowfoot flower, and anemone, or wind-flower. Twenty five different species of garden seeds; and three species of fruit trees, such as pear, apple and cherry trees. The whole lately imported from France, in the best order. They are now opening in Royal, No. 282, opposite the furniture store in the same street. He will only remain eight days in town.
CHARPIN.
march 13

NOTICE.—The undersigned being on the point of passing over to France, notifies the public that the management of his business, during his absence, will remain with his nephew, A. Delpit.
J. DELPIT.
march 7

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY J. MOSSY.
WILL be sold this day Friday, 16th inst. at 10 o'clock, in Levee street, at Mr. J. B. Lebreton's store, at 4 o'clock p. m. in close a remarkable 22 cask line Bordeaux Claret Wine. mar 16

BY ISAAC M'COY.
Valuable lots in the Toulouse Faubourg.
Tomorrow, 17th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the exchange coffee house, will be sold
34 VALUABLE lots of GROUND, situated in square no. 60, fronting Livaudais, bounded by Magazine, Live Oak, Washington and 24th streets. Square forms the beautiful live oak square, and the lots measure from 31 1-2 to 34 feet front, by 120 to 150 feet in depth, as per plan. Terms 1-3 cash, at sale, balance in equal annual instalments at 1 to 10 years, for which secured by mortgage, but without any endorsement except on the notes of the first year. march 10

BY H. J. DOMINGUIN.
On Wednesday the 21st of March, 1832, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange,
WILL be sold in blocks or in lots, a parcel of GROUND, situated on the corner of Julia and Carondelet streets, fronting St. Mary, in the city of New Orleans, only 3 squares from the Basin of the Canal Bank, divided into four lots of Ground, designated as Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, agreeably to the plan exhibited at Hewlett's auctioneer.
The Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, measure each 29 feet 1 inch and one third front on Julia st. with a depth of 88 feet. No. 1 being the corner of Julia and Carondelet sts. No. 4 fronting on Carondelet st. measures 29 ft. 11 inches front with a depth of 87 feet 4 inches, the whole American measure.
N. B.—On Lot No. 1, there is a house filled in with tenants renting now for $26. The bonuses are paid.
Terms—One third cash, and the balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months, in approved endorsed paper secured by mortgage. Title acts of sale to be passed before L. T. Caire, Notary Public, at the costs of the purchasers.
march 14

BY T. MOSSY.
ON Saturday the 17th inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at Vito Vita's store, No. 15, Conti street, between Chartres street and the Levee, nearly opposite Richardson's hotel, will be sold without reserve, the following articles, Marble, Bronze, Alabaster and Ebony CLOCKS, Bronze candlesticks, China and Alabaster Vases, centre tables with Italian marble tops; cut glass, China tea and breakfast sets; 10 ancient oil paintings, by good Italian masters; one superb Platina for ornamention the dining table; a very large pair of alabaster vases with shades; lopez, mozaic, coral, and filigrim ear rings; musical boxes, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate. The goods are ready for examination, and the collection is such that amateurs will find that their time will not be misspent in the examination. mar 14

BY F. DUTILLET.
WILL be sold on Monday, 26th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, a handsome house, with four rooms, back gallery, two small closets, frame-built, 4 feet from the ground, kitchen, well and so forth.
Said house is about 250 feet from the river, on a lot 60 feet front on 120 in depth: No. 9 Elmire street, faubourg Montreuil. Terms: 1-4 cash, the balance at 6, 12 and 18 months, on approved endorsed paper, and mortgage to the satisfaction of the vender. For further particulars, apply to Bunel Correa, at Mr. Duralde's saw mill. march 13

BY F. DUTILLET.
ON Saturday 17th inst. at 12 o'clock, will be sold at the Exchange Coffee House, a Lot of Ground, front on the Bayou road and Plauche st. divided into 4 Lots, to wit:
No. 1 measures 31 feet 1 inch front on Bayou road, on a depth of 92 feet on one line, and 95 feet 11 inches on the other.
No. 2 measures 31 feet 1 inch, front on the Bayou road, on a depth of 95 feet 11 inches on one line, and 98 feet 10 inches on the other.
Nos. 3 and 4 measure each 20 feet 8 inches front on Plauché st. on a depth of 98 feet 5 inches; the whole conformably with the plan drawn by J. Pithé, City Surveyor, and deposited at the Exchange. These Lots are improved as a garden, and contain many fruit trees; they are the highest among Plauche's property of which they formerly constituted a part; during the late inundation they were a foot above the water mark. Terms: 1, 2 and 3 years, on notes endorsed to satisfy the vender, with mortgage until final payment. mar 12

BY T. MOSSY.
WILL be sold by auction on Monday, March 19th 1832, the LOTS depending from part of Griffon's estate, fronting the Bayou Road as far as the prolongation of Orleans street, according to the plan, which will be exhibited at the Exchange. The terms of sale are as follows: the purchasers shall furnish approved endorsed paper, bearing mortgage, and payable in one, two and three years. The deeds of sale will be drawn by L. T. Caire, N. P. at the expense of the purchaser, as well as the delivery of the property by the surveyor or his assistants. The principal dwelling shall be deliverable 30 days after sale. march 5

FAUBOURG WASHINGTON INCREASED.
HEWLETT & RASPILLIER will sell shortly at auction, the property belonging to Mr. A. Lassep, divided into lots, of which the situation is already known too advantageously as to require any particular recommendation. Persons who were prevented from purchasing at the remarkable sale, held on Friday last, and on which in many instances a handsome profit has been realized already, will find this an excellent opportunity for securing such lots, as are in every respect qualified for useful purposes or pleasant residences, and that too in a quarter, which is rapidly approaching that degree of prosperity, which has been assigned to it by nature. The owner of the above property, makes known to the public that conformably to an arrangement with his neighbour of Mr. Salkeld, English consul, this gentleman has consented to the immediate opening of some of the streets, which pass through his property, and will at a later period open the others. Persons who are inclined to buy, are invited to inspect the grounds and to convince themselves personally of the advantages which they combine. Further particulars will be given in the newspapers and by hand bills announcing the terms, and the day of the sale.
☞ All those lots are in front of a batture of 150 feet. march 7.

FOR SALE, that fine property in the suburb St. Mary, known heretofore under the name of RILLEAUX COTTON PRESS, fronting on Tchoupitoulas, Poydrass and Magazine streets. There are on the premises, capacious warehouses substantially built of bricks; and should the purchaser prefer a new distribution of said property, a vast quantity of good lumber from the present buildings could be employed in new buildings. The yards, entrances, and passages are all paved with round stone.
The situation of this property, in the centre of the most flourishing part of the city, deserves the attention of persons making a study of localities. Placed by the steamboat landing at the point of rendezvous of all the States, whose interest it is to be our tributaries, it affords in that respect advantages of position rendered scarce by the increase of business, and the immense inland connections of this city. The proximity of the river, the improved state of the pavement to Poydras st. affording to it in all seasons an activity denied to others by insurmountable difficulties in our municipal improvements, render this property a most eligible situation for the receiving or expedition of the vast quantity of produce coming to this city—and if entering the same branch of business does not benefit all concerned, a new destination of the premises would contribute to the improvement of this part of the city, already adorned by the splendid buildings of the Canal and Banking Company, in its immediate vicinity.
This property will be sold according to a plan made by L. Bringier, which will be exposed at the Exchange on Monday the 2d of April if not sold previously at private sale.
For further information respecting terms and delivery, apply on the premises or at Hewlett & Raspiller's auction office, St. Louis st. mar 6 15

IF MR GILBERT WAME is in the city, he will be pleased to call at No. 62, Toulouse street where something will be communicated to him. mar 15

CLARET, of superior quality, Montferrand (Medoc) of the years 1827 and 1829, received by brig Authentic, and for sale by
mar 15 T. B. LAPORTE.

FOR SALE, a Louis Mareigny's Faubourg, Grand Route, street, No. 45, 30 feet front; depth 78. On this lot is erected a house, with two rooms, a gallery and two closets, together with a kitchen. For terms apply to NEDALIE THOMAS, 28 Levee.

FRENCH BLANKETS.—40 bales, for sale by J. MAGER. (march 14)