THE BEE.

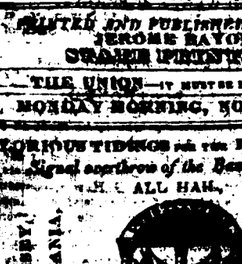
EDITED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON.
STRAKER PRINTING.

"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 3, 1834.

GLORIOUS TIDINGS for the DEMOCRACY!
The Signal overthrow of the Bank Tories!!

HAIL, ALL HAIail,



It is with pleasurable feelings that we communicate to our democratic friends the results of the elections in Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, and a part of Ohio. Sanguine as we were in our anticipations of the strength of our cause—a cause founded upon justice and reason, we never expected a signal victory over the incredible efforts of the bank—all its affiliated and hired satellites, assisted by panic, pressure, lies, and all kinds of deception, freely, ingeniously and perseveringly practiced, as the one we are now about to record. The issue of this contest will form an epoch in American history as illustrious and memorable than that in which the declaration of independence of the thirteen colonies was given to the world. It has virtually been a second contest for independence, in which the present generation have shown that they have not degenerated from their noble progenitors in those great measures which are essential not only to accomplish but to preserve human liberty.

But of all the triumphs which have just been won, we regard the result of the election in New-Jersey as the most conclusive. It establishes that great republican principle, the responsibility of the representative. It will teach certain statesmen a useful lesson. It shows the necessity of yielding to the popular will. Had New-Jersey (in the words of Mr. Ritchie) sanctioned by her voice the conduct of her representatives in the late contest, obedience to instruction would have been shaken to its centre. If her senators had escaped the admonition, who would not have been tempted to imitate their example? Who would have obeyed where no punishment awaits the disobedience?

We shall begin our list of successes with the achievements of the Pennsylvania Democracy—which is, in the battles of Republicanism against the aristocracy, what the Macedonian phalanx was against the troops of the Asiatic Kings and Satraps. We congratulate and give the whole result as far as heard from.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Democratic Majorities.

1st District—Joel B. Sutherland, re-elected by a majority of 1425.

2d District—Michael W. Ash, elected over Watmough (bankite) by a majority of 1159.

5th District—Jacob Fry, *majority 772.*

6th District—D. D. Wagener, majority overwhelming.

8th District—Edward B. Hobley, majority 1100.

9th District—Henry A. Muhlenberg, majority 2500.

11th District—Henry Logan, majority 603.

13th District—James Miller, majority 300.

14th District—Joseph Henderson, majority large.

15th District—A. Beaumont, majority 900.

17th District—Jos. S. Anthony, majority 2311.

18th District—John Laporte, *increased majority.*

19th District—Job Mann, majority about 400.

20th District—Adam Ramsey, majority not less than 1400.

23d District—John Klingensmith, majority about 1000.

30th District—Calvin Blackman, majority about 1000.

VOTE OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURG.

Mr. Dunlop	1093 votes.
Mr. Guthrie	563 do
The Whig ticket about	550 do
Anti-masons about	530 do
The Jacksonian	500 do
	575 do

It is believed now the (Pittsburg Statesman, Whig paper) that the whole Jackson ticket is elected, with the exception of Messrs. Denny and Bayne—the former for congress, the latter for the legislature.

We have no direct intelligence from the 23d and 25th Districts, represented by Messrs. Harrison and Galbraith; but from letters received previous to the election, we have no doubt that these faithful representatives are re-elected. The democracy has made a new acquisition of strength from the bank in the six new members elected from the 2d, 8th, 11th, 18th, 19th and 20th districts, marked thus.* We think it not improbable that this gain is increased by the success of the Democratic candidate in the 24th district. If so, it will make a difference of 14 votes in favor of the administration, being a change of 7 members. The vote of this state in the present congress was 17 for the bank, 11 against it. It will be in the next, 18 against and 10 for the bank.

The promotion in Pennsylvania have succeeded only, as far as we have heard, in the double district of Philadelphia—the triple district of Lancaster, by a diminished majority—the Harrisburg district reduced from nearly 1600 to a few hundred above 400—the Chambersburg district—the Washington district, where the democrats have carried every thing but the congress ticket; M'Kennan, the candidate of the anties, succeeded by 120 majority.

*New members elected in place of friends of the bank.

NEW-JERSEY.

RETURNS RECEIVED.

	Democratic majority in 1832.	Democratic majority in 1833.	Democratic majority in 1834.	Democratic members of the legislature.	Democratic members of the legislature.	Bank members of the legislature.
Morris	14	—	—	5	4	—
Somerset	84	—	—	5	4	—
Hunterdon	181	—	—	6	4	—
Warren	300	—	—	4	3	—
Essex	1327	—	—	7	2	2
Monmouth	30	—	—	4	4	—
Gloucester	368	—	—	1	1	—
Bergen	23	—	—	1	1	—
Cumberland	—	288	—	—	—	4
Salem*	—	122	—	—	—	4
Essex*	—	1365	—	—	—	6
Burlington*	—	450	—	—	—	6
Cape May*	—	175	—	—	—	2
Middlesex*	—	198	—	—	—	5
	4013	2594				29

1490 maj. for democratic congress ticket.

The Legislature in joint ballot will stand, 35 democrats, 25 bank whigs—Democratic majority, 6.

* A gentleman in this city, who is a native of New-Jersey, and who is familiar with this part of the state, assures us that in those counties there is a very great preponderance of the laboring classes, who to his knowledge were threatened to be discharged from employment in case they voted for the Jackson ticket. He says that although in general these democrats, they were obliged to succumb on account of their poverty. Had it not been for a rumor to such effect to have been given in as his firm conviction, that our majority would have been greater.

OHIO.

In County of Hamilton, including the city of Cincinnati:

COVERNOR.

Lucas (Jackson) 4253. Findlay (Whig) 4228.

Majority for Lucas 127.

CONGRESS.

Vinton (Whig) 4231. Storer (Whig) 4327.

Majority for Storer 96.

Four out of the eight members of the legislature elected are Jacksonians, together with the sheriff, coroner, auditor, recorder, commissioner and surveyor.

Thus, in the very place—in the strong-hold of bankism—in a county where the bank count more than one-half of the votes—where have the democratic party succeeded in reducing the bank fall 127 votes majority over the bank candidates, and have hereby succeeded in electing a majority of the state legislature, we are sorry to see, indebted by shameful party dissensions—dissensions which have arisen from the ambition of the politicians, and the prejudice existing against the administration of the bank in its attempts to subjugate the people to themselves of by representation, and the prejudice existing against the administration of the bank in its attempts to subjugate the people to themselves of by representation.

[illegible]

[illegible]

We have from the Cincinnati papers, in Ohio, [illegible] which has always been held the most doubtful of any represented by a Democrat in Congress,) that the present excellent Representative, Mr McLean, is re-elected. A letter from Columbus, to a gentleman in this city, gives assurance of this fact, and it is confirmed by the following returns of part of Franklin county, which has been considered a strong anti-Jackson county.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Returns from 16, out of 19 townships.

CONGRESS.

McLean (Jackson)	1096
Olds (Bank)	901

GOVERNOR.

Lucas (Jackson)	1039
Findlay (Bank)	933

GEORGIA.

Full returns from this state give an aggregate majority of more than two thousand for the democratic republican ticket.

We would call the attention of the public to the sale to-day by Messrs. Tricou & Canonge, of some very valuable and beautiful furniture belonging to W. G. Hewes, Esq. See auction head.

We see in the Philadelphia papers, the announcement of the death of LEWIS KER, formerly a distinguished lawyer of this city.

The Pennsylvanian says:—The Baltimore Patriot, and other papers of the same kidney, will please to take notice that the falsehoods of the Commercial Intelligencer of this city, respecting Colonel Page, have been denied repeatedly, and are again denied. Counsel Page never made use of the expressions attributed to him. If there is any decency in the opposition presses, they will disabuse their readers on this subject.

The Louisiana and another paper in this city, repeated this slander with comments. Will they have the candor to publish this refutation?

We have received the United States Military Magazine for October. It contains among other interesting articles, another set of Reminiscences from Arthur Tremain; a biography of General Leavenworth; Buonaparte's officers in the United States. The greater portion of these articles are made up from original communications by officers in the military service.

We have also before us, the New York Literary Gazette. Its candid and impartial review of new works, should render it very popular.

We are indebted to Benjamin Levy for the North American Review for October. Its contents are—

I. *Periodical Literature of the United States.*—The Republic of Letters; being a weekly Republication of Works of Standard Literature.

II. *Diplomatic Correspondence.*—The Diplomatic Correspondence of the United States of America, from the *signing of the definitive Treaty of Peace, 10th September* 1783, to the Adoption of the Constitution, March 4th, 1789, being the Letters of the Presidents of Congress, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, American Ministers at Foreign Courts, Foreign Ministers near Congress, & Reports of the Secretary for Foreign Affairs on various Letters and Communications, together with Letters from Individuals on Public Affairs. Published under the direction of the Secretary of State, from the original Manuscripts in the Department of State, conformably to an Act of Congress, approved May 5th, 1832.

III. *The Italian Drama.*—Tragedie di Alessandro Manzoni, Milanese, Il Conte di Carmagnola e l'Adelchi, aggiuntevi le poesie varie dell'istesso, ed alcune prose sulla Teorica del Dramma tragico.

Tragedies by Alexander Manzoni of Milan, entitled, The Count of Carmagnola and the Adelchi: to which are added miscellaneous poems, and some remarks on the theory of the Tragic Drama by the same author.

IV. *Kay's Travels in Caffraria.*—Travels and Researches in Caffraria; describing the character, customs, and moral condition of the tribes inhabiting that portion of Southern Africa, &c.

V. *Hayward's Physiology of Man.*—Outlines of Human Physiology; designed for the use of the higher classes in Common Schools. George Hayward, M D.

VI. Slavery in Rome.—The Influence of Slavery on the Political Revolutions in Rome. A Lecture, delivered before a Society of Young Men in Massachusetts.

VII. *Coleridge's Poems.*—The Poetical Works of S T Coleridge; complete in one vol.

VIII. *Outre Mer.*—Outre Mer, a Pilgrimage beyond the Sea; Nos I and II.

IX. *The Washington Papers.*—The Writings of Geo. Washington; being his Correspondence, Addresses, Messages, and other Papers, official and private, selected and published from the original Manuscripts; with a Life of the Author, Notes and Illustrations; by Jared Sparks.

X. *Temperance.*—Fifth Annual Report of the New York State Society for the promotion of Temperance, presented by the Executive Committee. February 25, 1834.

Major Noah repeats the following curious fact in relation to the present Duke of Orleans, the heir apparent of the French throne:

The family of the Duke of Orleans, (the present King,) outlawed by the revolution of '93, lost their civic rights.—They did not recover them until 1814, by the forced, but not legal entry of the Bourbons.

The present Duke of Orleans, eldest son of Louis Philippe, was born at Parma or Palermo in 1810, while his father was no longer a Frenchman.

The Civil Code, Articles 9 and 10, says that every individual born in a foreign country of a French father who has lost his civic rights is not a *Frenchman*, "unless by a declaration made before a French authority in the year which succeeds to the age of his majority (21) he indicates his desire to become a Frenchman." But the Duke of Orleans is 24 years of age and has not made this declaration. Legally he is not a Frenchman. If his father by his arrival to the throne has become so, the son has not. This question has been agitated at an interesting moment.

The *Charte* of 1830 says, that tribunals extraordinary shall never be established. In 1832, after the troubles in June, Louis Philippe declared Paris in a state of siege. He supported himself on the 11th Article of a law of 1793—The Journalists examined this law for a long time forgotten, but never formally abrogated, and discovered in the article the expatriation of all the family of the Duke of Orleans. For the law is applicable to the King and his family as well as to the people. It is for this reason, that no princess of Europe, personally endowed as the young Duke is with attractions, has wished to unite herself with a prince whose succession to the throne is rendered doubly uncertain by the facts above stated.

Sheridan Knowles appeared at Boston in the Hunchback, and was well received. After the conclusion of the Performance, he was loudly called for by the audience, and the Commercial Gazette says:

"He began in his honest open, good natured way—by saying Ladies and Gentlemen, I don't know why you have called me out here, and can only say I can find no words to thank you for this kind reception, (great applause.) Indisposed as I am, were it not for your kind indulgence, I should not have been able to have performed this evening at all, and on some other occasion I trust I shall be better deserving of your approbation. I thank you most unfeignedly, and feel more than ever gratified that this reception is in the city of Boston. After a long pause to allow the acclamation to subside, and in the fulness of his honest Hibernian heart, he concluded as follows:—Well, the least said, is the soonest mended: if I keep on, I shall commit some foolish blunder, so I'll close wind up by saying God bless you all."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BEE.

Sir,—In my peregrinations I very frequently hear it stated by individuals of profound Whiggish principles as well as to some rationality, that the majority required by the administration in the elections now in progress is composed entirely of what they are pleased to call the *low Irish* and other aliens, whom it may have pleased to have become citizens of these United States. Now, Sir, it would be gratifying to see a comparison made between the number of such individuals who may have come into the United States for the last three years, and the gain of the administration ticket during the same period.

Yours, &c.

(For the Bee.)

MR. EDITOR,

As I have not observed the name of R. Morse, announced in your paper to represent the first Ward, and as this gentleman will undoubtedly receive the support of many voters, I beg that you will insert this paragraph in order to make it known, more particularly to the French population. It would be unnecessary to dwell on the qualifications or abilities of Mr. Morse, as they are well known to every citizen of this ward; suffice it to state that his interests are deeply involved in our prosperity, then the rest of the opposition candidates, and we have not the slightest doubt that every exertions will be made on his part to promote and support our interests. At the present crisis it becomes every man to examine into the merits of each aspirant to a seat in our council, and we are firmly convinced that the character and merits of this gentleman will bear the strictest scrutiny.

A VOTER.

MONTREAL (Tex.) Oct. 16th.

A RISE IN THE MISSISSIPPI.

This river has risen during the last week, about four feet, and is yet rising slowly. We presume this rise is from the upper Mississippi, as there are no large boats from the Ohio river as yet.

WASHINGTON, November 20.

The following Banks have been selected by the Secretary of the Treasury as Depositories of the Public Money:

Bank of Augusta, at Augusta, Georgia.

The Merchants' and Manufacturer's Bank, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.—*Globe.*

PROSPECTS.—The Philadelphia Inquirer predicted on the 10th, that "State is redeemed; that they (the so-named Whigs) would be able to elect at least 18 members of Congress, and probably 22."—The fact is, they will not be able to secure half that number.

HAZZAZZAS!—On Thursday last, "half past one o'clock" the N. Y. Star shouted out a "glorious Whig victory in New Jersey!—New Jersey is safe." "Next day it sufficed down into the pulling chimney. "Full returns are not yet in from N. Jersey, but there is every reason to apprehend that the Tory ticket has succeeded"—and then sinks into some ridiculous tale about the "Hicksites and Orthodox," &c. &c. And most ridiculous of all is, that it attempts to cover its great defeat in N. Jersey, by a "Triumph in Tennessee."—"The war carried into Africa.—In Nashville for an election of Mayor, Erwin, the Opposition candidate, has succeeded by a vote of two to one over the Jackson candidate."—Most brilliant and unparalleled triumph indeed!

But, the most ridiculous of all these vaunters is the U.S Telegraph—which on Saturday last, put forth this magnificent puff:

"The news of to-day is most cheering. The country is redeemed from the corrupt influence which has threatened to overthrow our institutions. The regency will be in a decided minority in the next Congress.

"The changes, as far as ascertained, are

Maine,	1
New Jersey	6

Making a change of fourteen votes in the House of Representatives; which of itself will give an Opposition majority of two. But we may expect a change of

2 in Mississippi,
7 in New York,
2 in Kentucky,
3 in Ohio,
3 in Maryland

17.—Equal to a majority of thirty-four more, to say nothing of the changes anticipated in Virginia, North Carolina, and other States.

"The days of corruption are numbered, if the Opposition be wise, patriotic and conciliatory—of this, we now entertain great hopes.

"GEORGIA ELECTIONS.—Private accounts from Georgia, of the returns from thirty-nine counties, give a majority to the State Rights party of 1700."

General Puff ought to have known before this time never to count his chickens, &c. &c. The Maine 1, is to be effected by the Louisiana 1. The New Jersey 6 is to be transferred to the other side of the account. The State Rights ticket of 9 in Georgia has been swept away by a majority of 5 or 6 thousand. The anticipated changes in Maryland and Kentucky have already been doubly offsetted by the actual votes of Pennsylvania. The eggs in Mississippi, New York and Ohio, are not yet hatched—nor are those in Virginia—and we can assure him, that for every change he contemplates here, we can count up two. The Delegation from the Old Dominion against the "corruption" of the Bank, and the aspirations of the ambitious leaders of the Coalition, will be stronger in both Houses of Congress, than it is at present—or, else we read to very little purpose the Signs of the Times. We repeat with the Telegraph "The news of today is most cheering!" The results are most auspicious. We shall have not only a larger majority in the next House of Representatives—but we shall carry the Senate. Bell has been displaced—Sprague, Fitzwilliam and Poindexter, will certainly be superseded—and if the People of Virginia are true to themselves, Mr Leigh will not be re-elected. The fate of the Bank will be sealed, now and for ever.—Neither the Bank nor a Bank, nor any Bank of the U. S. will ever be chartered in defiance of the Constitution—let any Developements or any Alternatives be held up to us, by the most luxuriant imagination!—*Mich. Eng.*

(*From the Bengal annual.*)

ORIENTAL SONG.

A maiden asked of a youth one day,
Who had wandered to where the sun beams fall:
On the north, and south, and west, to say
Which he deemed the loveliest clime of all.

I have roamed to the south, and the distant west,
And the chilly north, but the brightest spot
Was that with the fairest one's presence blest,
And the darkest of all where she was not.

Our hearts are sad in the merriest lands,
If she be not by, each joy to share;
And oh! we would fly to the driest sands,
And live contented if she be there.

Young Ke, who of my soul how dear
Would I deem the gloomiest dungeon ground,
If thou like the full-orbed moon, wert near,
To scatter the light of thy beauty round.

Dict. James P. McFarlane will be strongly supported a th ensuing election to represent the first ward in the city council by

MANY VOTERS.

Mr Editor,

Please announce in connexion with Dr. McFARLANE the name of T. R. HYDE, as a candidate for Alderman of the first ward.

MANY CITIZENS.

☞ *A CARD.*

MADAM HUNLEY respectfully informs her friends and the public that she has removed to No. 117 Canal street, for the purpose of accommodating 15 or 20 gentlemen with BOARD, with or without Lodging, and solicits a share of patronage. nov 3

THEODORE NICOLET & CO. have removed their *counting house to No. 98 Bienville street.* nov 3

LANDING per ships Pactolus and Oceana, from Liverpool,—8 cases of Velvetseens, put up in pieces for the Mexican trade,
4 large bales of white Shirting, put up for Mex'n trade,
25 cases of fine assorted Prints, do do
3 ditto of fine printed Shawls, do do
4 ditto of Mazulipatan Handkerchiefs,
10 trunks Madras Hdkfs,
3 ditto fine mourning ditto,
1 ditto Gaze de Milan, 4 cases assorted Stockings,
8 bales printed fancy Drills, 8 bales heavy Cottonade,
3 bales Guernsey Frocks, &c. &c.
IN STORE—5 bales fine French Prints, each bale containing 3 small trumps; 3 bales printed French Robes, &c. for sale by KENNEDY, DUREL & CO.
nov 3 50 Toulouse street

EXCHANGE on London, for sale at the Mechanics and Traders' Bank. CHAS BRIGGS,
nov 3 Cashier.

BILLS of Exchange on England, Natchez, Nashville and Mobile, purchased at the Mechanics and Traders' Bank. CHAS BRIGGS,
nov 3 Cashier.

TALLOW CANDLES—40 boxes Tallow Candles No 6, landing and for sale by L G SASSINOT,
nov 3 90 St Louis street

NOTICE.—L. DE CHAZEY, Dancing Master at the Convent of Opelousas, having the intention of spending the winter in this city, has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he will be at all times ready to attend to the calls made in the families. Having obtained some success in his profession, he will endeavor to increase the confidence that has been bestowed to him up to this day.

Apply at Mr. Nerse, Bourbon street, between St Louis and Conti streets. nov 3

MR. MONTILLY, pupil of the Conservatoire of Music at Paris, and professor of Piano Forte since ten years in this country, known in the parishes of Jefferson and St Charles by the distinguished pupils that he has made, and now residing in New Orleans, offers his services to those who wish to take lessons on the Piano Forte. Apply at his domicil, St Louis street, No 22, Lepretre's buildings, between Royal and Bourbon streets.

Refer to Judge J P Canonge, Messrs P Soulé, Labatut, J Duossan, and J B Labranche. nov 3

MADEIRA WINE—8 pipes Sicily Madeira Wine of a superior quality, just received, entitled to debenture, and for sale by L G SASSINOT,
nov 3 90 St Louis street

Joseph Abat, vs. the testamentary heirs of widow Larche.

IN THE PARISH COURT—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, will be sold at the New Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, in this city, on Saturday the sixth day of December next, at one o'clock p m. the following described property, to wit—

A Lot of Ground situated in Dorleire street, No. 13, measuring sixty-eight feet more or less front, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, French measure, together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

nov 3 G W MORGAN, Sheriff.

Detained at the jail of the parish of St. John the Baptist, two american negroes named *Colphd* and *Ben*. Colphd is 5 feet 7 or 8 inches in height, speaks but English; says he belongs to Mr A B Roman, of New Orleans. Ben is 5 feet 7 inches high, speaks but English, says he belongs to Mr Edmond Forstall, of New Orleans. The owners of said negroes are requested to claim them, conformably to law. Parish of St John the Baptist, October 28, 1834. For A. [illegible] sheriff.

nov 3 Lucas [illegible] A. LUMINAIS, sheriff.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.

COTTON—Import from the 11th to the 14th instant. 1049 bales. We have no change to notice in relation to this article since our report of the 11th instant.—The sales consist of 1460 Uplands at 13 1-2 to 15 cents. Some new crop reached 16 cents; 900 New Orleans at 14 to 15 1-2 cents. A small parcel of new crop Georgia 17 cents, and 150 Alabamas at 14 to 16 cents. Total 1900 bales. The stock continues very small, and prices remain steady.

From Levy's Price Current.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 1.

REMARKS.

The Mississippi here is still without perceptible change, 12 1-2 feet below high water mark; the Upper Mississippi and the Ohio are both represented, by persons just arrived, to be very low, the latter having but 25 inches water on the bars. The weather, in general, has been favorable to outdoor affairs, but the last day or two has been rather warm and close.

COTTON.—Arrived since the 24th ultimo of Louisiana and Mississippi, 10628 bales; Tennessee and North Alabama, 174; Mobile, 294; Lake, 257—together, 11353. Cleared in the same time: for Liverpool, 1544; Havre, 1102; New-York, 629; Boston, 516; Baltimore, 11—together, 2803 bales;—making an addition to stock of 7540, and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on ship-board not cleared on the 30th ult., a stock of 34498 bales. This has been a week of considerable activity in the Cotton Market; the reviving demand, spoken of in our last, at the close of the week, has since been followed up; and the result is the transfer of a large amount, say 12000 bales, generally, at an advance of from 1-4 a 1-2 cent on last week's prices; sales of inferior to second quality, ranging from 13 1-2 a 14 1-4, and for Prime and Choice, from 14 a 15 cents; and operations limited to the extent mentioned only in consequence of the shortness of the supply. Choice Cotton remains scarce and is steady at former prices. We subjoin the annexed particulars of a portion of the sales, viz.: 1561 at 13 3-4, 500 at 14 1-8, 300 at 13, 100 at 15, 100 at 14 7-8, 50 at 16, 540 at 14, 861 at 13 3-4, 697 at 14 1-4, 767 at 13, 128 at 13 1-2, 162 at 14 3-8, 528 at 14, 189 at 14, 55 at 12 1-2, 284 at 15, 395 at 13 1-8, 47 at 12 5-8, 1418 at 14 1-2, 930 at 14 1-8, 40 at 15, and 200 at 16 cents per lb., all of Louisiana and Mississippi. The Liverpool Classification has not been altered.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Ordinary,	11 1-2a 12	fair demand.
Middling,	12 1-2a 13	
Fair,	13 1-2a 14	
Good Fair,	14 1-2a 15	
Good and Fine,	15 1-2a 16	

NEW-ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

La. and Miss. choice,	11 — 16	fair demand.
——— ——— Prime,	15 a—	
——— ——— Seconds,	13 1-2a14 1-2	
——— ——— Inferior,	11 a12 1-2	

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand 1st October, 1834,	bales	1786
Arrived this week,	11263	
Arrived previously,	20952	172
		22
Exported this week,	2971	
Exported previously,	12.81	1384
Stock on hand,	bales	34498

SUGAR—Sales of both old and new crop (several lots of which have come into market,) are made within the range of our quotations from all we can learn, the present crop promises to be one of great yield, and the quality of what has been received is very highly spoken of. Cleared this week: for New York, 3 hhds. 20 bbls.; Baltimore, 197 hhds. 127 bbls.; Pensacola, 4 hhds.

MOLASSES—A few bbls. of indifferent quality still find their way to market. Cleared this week, for Baltimore, 246 bbls.

TOBACCO—We have not heard of the sale of a single hhd. this week, and believe there is none offering; it is in good demand. Arrived this week, 7 hhds.

The error in our Tobacco Tables, alluded to in our last, occurred by adding the number of hhds. cleared prior to taking stock, in that week, to the stock found; it was a very palpable error, and one that should have been corrected earlier. The true stock, on the 1st October, was 216 hhds. Arrived since, 39—together, 255. Deduct 131 hhds. cleared since that time, and we find the present stock to be 124 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

Stock on hand 1st October, 1834,	Hhds.	216
Arrived this week,	7	
Arrived previously,	32	39
		255
Exported this week,	00	
Previously,	131	131
Stock on hand,	Hhds.	124

FLOUR—The stock in market is not very large at this moment, but is accumulating; the demand is but moderate at $4 50 per bbl., small lots, $4 75. Arrived this week 7447 bbls.

PORK.—The demand for Pork, though on the increase, is confined to small sales, generally, to fill the orders for the Planter's use. Arrived this week, 127 bbls.

BEEF is scarce, but the limited demand that continues to be felt, renders sales of little importance, and prices without change. Arrived this week 69 bbls.

LARD—We quote Lard at 7 a 7 1-2 cents per lb. with a fair supply and rather a dull market. Arrived this week, 3147 kegs.

WHISKEY is worth from 30 a 31 cents per gallon; it is still scarce, but not in very great demand. Arrived this week, 218 bbls.

BUTTER—The market continues abundantly supplied and the demand limited. Arrived this week, 186 kegs.

BAGGING and BALE ROPE—The first of these articles, though no longer scarce, still goes off pretty freely at 25 cents—and the latter remains dull at 7 a 9. Arrived this week, 441 pieces Bagging, 54 coils Rope.

LEAD continues to meet with ready sale on arrival. The last that came in was taken immediately at $4 31 1-4 per 100 lbs. which is, however, a reduction on the previous sale. Arrived 2282 Pigs.

SALT—Transactions continue to be inconsiderable, without change in price. There is no Turks' Island in market.

COFFEE.—The demand for good green Coffee is quite active, while other sorts are almost entirely neglected.—Present quotations for Havana Green 12 a 13 3-4 cents. No St. Domingo in the place.

FISH—For Mackerel there is a very good inquiry at our quotations, No. 1, $7 50 a 8 00; No. 2, $6 50 a 7 00, and for No. 3, $5 50 per bbl. Herring are worth 80 cents, and Codfish $1 00 a $1 12 1-2 per box.

CANDLES, Sperm.—Sales continue to be made at our previous quotations.

CORN is now selling in the Ear per bbl. at 87 1-2 cents; Shelled in sacks as last quoted. Arrived 3680 bbls.

HAY—From the number of late arrivals, has been quite plenty. We quote cargo sales at 75 cents per 100 lbs.

OATS have declined in price and are now selling for 81 25 per sack of 2 bushels.

LIME, Thomaston, in considerable quantities, has lately arrived, and is now selling for $1 75 a $2 per cask.

STOCKS.—The fact, as we remarked last week, of money being plenty, still operates to keep Stocks out of the market, and consequently there is but little doing.

FREIGHTS.—There has been a good many vessels taken up this week, but the arrivals have so augmented the number of vessels in port, that the demand, when in reference to the whole, is quite slack, and we might add, for vessels of the smaller class particularly. No alteration in rates, for which see Table.

FREIGHTS.—Coll.

To Liverpool, Cotton per lb.	9-16d.
France—Havre, Cotton per lb,	1 1-4 cent.
Cowes, &c., Tobacco per hhd.	
Northern Ports in the U. S., Cotton, per lb.	1-2 cent.
do. do. Tobacco, per hhd.	$3.
do. sugar per hhd., from the coast,	$4 a $4 50.
do. do. from the city,	$4 00.

NOTICE.—The subscribers have the honor to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just formed a partnership under the firm of Pascalet & Michon, and that they will continue to keep a general assortment of GROCERIES at the old stand lately under the firm of Beausier & Pascalet, situated at the corner of Chartres and Toulouse streets.

J. B. MICHON,
M. J. M. PASCALET.

They offer for sale, the following articles:

200 Holland Cheese,
200 boxes Colin's Sardines,
400 lbs. Lyon Sausages,
200 do. Arles Sausages,
10 boxes Orange Flowers, triple,
10 ditto Cherries preserved in brandy with syrup,
10 ditto Preserved Fruits,
5 ditto Huckleberry Syrup,
12 ditto assorted Mustard.
Old Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gin, Anger's Guignolet, Dubied's Absynth, Kirsch of the Forêt Noire; Bordeaux Aniseed, all kind of Wines, &c.

☞ The whole warranted of the first quality, and imported by the last arrivals.

PASCALET & MICHON.

RECEIVED per ships Corinthian, Pactolus and Oceana from Liverpool, and Everett and Unicorn from Boston, & by other late arrivals, the following Goods expressly selected for this and the Mexican markets, viz: 36 inch bleached and brown mantas or cotton sheetings; 28 inch bleached do do; bleached and dyed cotton platillas; 6-4 cambric muslins; 6-4 japan and Lappet muslins; bleached cordad robes; prints, dark and light grounds, fancy style; do navy blue and white, and black and white; Labretos; printed robes; printed muslins, printed vestings; Madras handkerchiefs; Turkey red dyed do; 8-4 dyed and bordered cotton shawls, assorted; Muleskins, assorted; dyed striped satteens; diagonal cantoons for pantaloons; silk hose, English patent; castores or printed flannels; broad cloths superfine, assorted colours; Crequelins; Osnaburgs; India blue nankeens, and Russia sheetings, for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & Co,
nov 1 112 Royal street

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The engine of the steamboat Friend will be sold on the 6th of November, at 10 o'clock, in the city of Lafayette, at the Port, to pay the expenses of salvage, and the rights and damages of Mr Chenoweth, to whom it had been sold by a former adjudication—the purchaser not having complied with the conditions of sale.

[illegible] LAUDUMIEY & J DAVENPORT.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Grand Turk, Shaw, Havre,	J Mager
Ship Herald, Hall, Havre,	J A Merle & co
Ship Chester, Watson, Philadelphia,	S Thompson
Brig Emilie, Sent, Havana,	J Pratts & Son

ARRIVED.

Towboat Post Boy, Auble, from the Passes—Towed to sea Packet ship Alabama; brought up ship Creole, Page from New York—Reports towboat Natchez coming up with a sp Gen Williams, Holdridge, from Liverpool, brig Paragon at McCalls, coaling more in the river; nothing else in the river.

Towboat Hatchez, Martin, from the Passes, brought up ship Gen Williams, 60 days from Liverpool.

Ship Creole, Page, 19 days from New York, to order,—Cargo assorted mdse to E L Tracy; J J Ward & co; A Fisk, Watt & co; W & J H Leverich; Thomson & Grant; Roy, Gathney & co; J Calles & co; J McNiven; A Lanfear; J Lallande; B Walton & son; G Withers and co; M Bauman; A Fisk; A B Homer; J A Merle & co; V Daviji; Neugnene; W & J H Leverich; T Tasselon; Ewing & Evenger; Wilcox and Fearn; Adams, Buckner and co; E Martineau; E L Dunn; W Holmes & co; Peters and Millard; P Pescoria; Yorke and McAlbester and co; P Laidlaw.

Ship Gen Williams, Holdridge, from Liverpool, 31st August to B Boo'h & co:—Cargo assorted dry goods to A & J Dennistoun and co; B & J Currel; J G Washington; N & J Duck and co; Stetson and Avery; Whiting, Stark & co; B Booth and co; B and J Currel; Kitkman, Knettle & co; Brander and McKenna; Bullitt, Shipp and co; Watson & co; J Kohn and Border; Livaudais, Charbonnet & co; S B Slocomb; Hyde and co; B F West, Hermann & co; Kennedy and Durell; F Frey & co; J Edersby; G Vance; J Ramsey; H V Garreston; the master and order—19 steerage passengers.

Steamer Bunker Hill, Tufts, from Natchez with full cargo of cotton; 523 Reynolds, Byrne and co; 289 A Fisk, Watt & co; 462 Bullitt, Shipp and co; 161 Adams, Buckner and co; 104 Harris, Wright and co; 190 J Linton; 800 sacks oats A Commerger; 6 bales mdse 1 bale 1 bbl 1 rck mdse 1 iron wheel to order—Passengers Messrs Cotton, S Whiteman, Townsend, G Wyman, T S Stenbeck, N Robin, G W McFadden, W M Wood and 8 on deck.

Steamer Chesapeake, Wright, from Alexandria, with 727 bales cotton to sundries.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Creole left New York on the 19th in company with ships Mohawk, Olympia, and Neva for this port; ship Mississippi, Mary and Maria, for this port to sail next day; spoke nothing during the voyage.

Hence at Providence, Oct 13, brig William.

A GENERAL LIST

Of vessels up or under way for this port.

At New-York—Ship Mohawk, Stevens, sailed 19th Oct.
Ship Mississippi, Minor, to sail on the 20th Oct.
Ship (new) Shakespeare, Collins, with dispatch.
Ship Mississippi, Robinson, to sail 20th Oct.
Ship Neva, Norvell, sailed the 19th do.
Ship Clarissa Andrews, Thompson " 19th do.
Ship Robert-Bowne, Mansfield, soon.
Ship Olympia, ——, sailed on the 19th Oct.
Ship Mary & Maria, to sail on the 20th Oct.
Ship America, Tompkins, to sail 1st Nov.
Ship Brunette, Fawkes, to sail 24th Oct.
Brig Hunter, Hewes, cleared 16th Oct.
Brig Franklin, Burton, cleared on the 19th Oct.
Brg Flora, Baker, to sail 21st do.
Schr. North-America, Champlain, 12th do.
Schr Brazoria, Rowland, sail 14th Nov.

At Boston—Ship Burlington, Evans, to sail 13th Oct.
Ship Senator, Stacy, to sail on the 20th Oct.
Ship Tamenend, Giddeon, sailed 4th Oct.
Ship Mattakeeset, Dron, to sail on the 14th;
Ship Timoleon, Windsor, " " 18th,
Ship Nantasket, Davis, soon.
Ship Ohio, Buttler, to sail on the 10th Oct.
Ship Hamilton, Balls, to sail on the 30th Sept.
Brg Everett, Fitch, with dispatch.
Brig Grand-Turk, Bailey, to sail on the 23d Oct.

At Baltimore—Schr Fredericksburg, ——with dispatch.
Ship Cornelia, Hammer, cleared 15th Oct.

Philadelphia—Barque Josephine, Johnson
Ship Chandler Price, Mathieu.
Ship Benjamin-Morgan,
Barque Hercules, Marks.
Brig Ann and Leah, G Hamilt, soon.

At Norfolk—Brig Tribune, Smith.
Brig Uncas, Booth, sail about the 20th Oct.

At Newport—Schooner Mary, Collins

At Liverpool—Ship David Cannon, Cain.
Ship Elizabeth, Hudson,
Ship Jane, Mitchell, sailed on the 14th Sept.
Barque Elizabeth, Hobson,
Ship Dale, Burton, to sail on the 10th Sept.
Ship Home, Hill,
Ship Ambassador, Upton,
Ship Caledonia, Duncombe,
Ship Jupiter, ——ading on the 13th Sept.
Ship Alexander, Lucke'st, sailed on the 11th Sept.

At Nantz—Ship Cecilia, ——, to sail on the