THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
JEROME BAYON.
STATE PRINTER.
THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."
THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 5, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. B. DAWSON.

FOR MAYOR:
JOHN H. HOLLAND.

FOR RECORDER
ANTONIO DUCROS.

FOR ALDERMAN—5th Ward,
ALFRED DUCROS,

FOR CONGRESS:
1st district—CHARLES CAYARRE'.
2d district—JAMES M. BRADFORD.

An Act of the Legislature, approved 14th March 1830.

"ART. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Mayor and Recorder shall be chosen from among the citizens who are *heads of families*, and resident within the city at the time of their election, and possess the *other qualifications required* by the existing laws."

Fellow citizens, if the law requires this as a condition in completing the eligibility of a candidate for the place of Mayor, judge if respect for public manners and morals, does not more imperiously exact that it should be found in a candidate for the office of Governor.

A few words is necessary only to answer a morning journal of yesterday, which lays great stress upon its statement, that Mr. Ducros is not a Jackson man. Well! Admitting that he is not, should this objection come from it? It we remember right it has always been in the interest of our opponents, and it stands as bad a chance to be considered as belonging to the democratic party as Mr. Culbertson himself does.

We repeat, Mr. Ducros is opposed to Dennis Prieur, who has attempted, with the Judas-Iscariot-faction, of which he is a prominent member, to destroy the unity of action of the party to which he *professes* to be attached.

We have been satisfactorily convinced that we wronged *Judge* OVERTON, by *repeating the charge made some years* ago against him, that he was a Nullifier, and attached to the political fortunes of Mr. Calhoun. It is with us a pleasure to do justice, when we feel assured, that through a misapprehension of facts, we have done an injury, and although our enemies may traduce our motives, and question the rectitude of our intentions, we nevertheless feel the proud consciousness of having the moral independence, despite of their ill-natured censures, to repair any wrong which we, as journalists, have inflicted.

We congratulate Judge *Overton* upon the prospect, now that his political opinions have been cleansed of the vile heresy of Nullification, that the democratic party will concentrate upon him. We shall for our part throw no impediment in the way, as matters now stand between him and us, should it be the general wish that he be supported.

The Baltimore *Chronicle* mentions that the ships Herald and Transport have been ordered to carry 500 soldiers to Savannah.

The Editor of that print gives no reason for such a movement of forces; but thinks it *possible* that it is destined for Alabama. We are indisposed to credit, for many causes, any such a belief.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To the Editor of the Bee:

The Constitution of the United States declares, that no person shall be a Senator, who shall not have been nine years a citizen of the U. S.

We have frequently heard the question asked, whether Judge Porter is a citizen of the United States? and whether he had dissolved his connection with the King of Great Britain and Ireland by taking the oath of allegiance to this country? We believe he has not taken this oath—and if not, it would be well to administer it to him before the election of Senator is brought on; otherwise, peradventure he may refuse to take it at all.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

The ship Grafton, at Boston, brings London papers to Oct. 8th inclusive. From the Boston Daily Advertiser, Morning Post, and Gazette, we extract the following summary of intelligence.

The London Globe says, the combinations among the working men in the manufacturing districts are beginning to produce defensive associations of the master manufacturers.

The London papers of the 8th and Paris papers of the 7th are occupied with speculations on the affairs of Spain, but add nothing of importance to the information previous to in our possession. The Marquis of Casa Yrujo had passed through Bordeaux on a special mission from the Queen to the French court. It is stated, that Don Carlos had repaired to Toledo, where he was about to cause himself to be proclaimed King, under the title of Charles V. All Catalonia, and the clergy generally, are said to be favorable to his cause. It is thought, that France will take a decided part in favor of the Queen. Some of the French papers assert, that Madame Bermudez is excluded from the council of regency: but a decree of the Queen, issued on the day of the King's death, confirms him in his post as minister.

The German papers continue to declare, that the Emperor of Austria is to assume the title of Emperor of Germany, and is to have an interview with the German Princes at Lintz or Vienna, and that a Congress of Ministers is to be held in the Austrian capital, as was stated in our former advices.—A conflict in which some blood was shed, took place between the military and the inhabitants of Durkheim in Bavaria, on the 28th of September.

On the arrival of the Emperor of Russia at Modlin, a deputation from Warsaw waited upon him, but he refused to receive them; declaring that he came merely to see his army, but would not return to Warsaw, until the inhabitants had re-established themselves in his good opinion.

There is nothing of interest from France. The King and Queen of Belgium were to visit Paris on the 16th of October, and were to remain a month in that capital.

It was reported in London on the 7th, that there had been an increase in the receipts from the customs and excise, particularly the former, during the preceeding quarter. Nothing was mentioned of the other branches of the revenue.

MADRID, Sunday, Sept. 29.

Bulletin of the 29th, in the afternoon, transmitted to the Secretary of State.

"My Lord,—I enclose to your Excellency the official part of the bulletin which was forwarded to me by the physicians of the King's Household, announcing to me the decease of the King our Sovereign; and as that fatal and painful event must be announced to the public, I beg of your Excellence to have it inserted in the *Gazette*. May God preserve you many years.

"At the Palace, Sept. 29.

"To his Excellency the Duke of Hijar.

The official part of said despatch is to the following effect:—

"My Lord—At the moment we announced, yesterday, to your Excellency, the situation of the King our Master, no material alteration was observed, but his state of debility continued. This morning we found his Majesty's right hand paralysed; and although that symptom appeared to be confined to the arm, we, nevertheless, remarked a fatal obstruction in the lungs.

We then applied blisters to his breast, and two others to his lower extremities, in addition to those which had been for several days previously applied to those parts, and to the back of his neck. We remained for some time by his Majesty's bed side, and saw him eat as on the preceeding days. We left him in the company of her Majesty, the Queen, in order to allow him to take a little rest, according to his habit; but within a quarter to three o'clock his Majesty experienced an attack of apoplexy, which in less than five minutes terminated so precious an existence.—God may keep you, &c.

MANUEL DAMIAN PERES.

"Pedro Castello,
"Sebastien a so Travieso.—Sept 26.

ROYAL DECREE.

"Within a quarter to three, on this day, it hath pleased God to call to him the soul of our dear and beloved husband King Ferdinand, whomow enjoys celestial bliss; and as Queen Regent (Gobernadora) during the minority of my august daughter, Donna Isabella II., I advise the council of it, with the grief I naturally feel for so sad an event; in order that the necessary measures, under existing circumstances, may be taken. (Signed with my Royal hand.)

"At the palace, Sept. 29.

"To the Duke President of the Royal Council."

OTHER DECREE.

"As Queen Regent of these Realms during the minority of my beloved daughter, Queen Donna Isabella II., and in order that the affairs of the State may not suffer from the death of my dear and beloved husband, my Lord King Ferdinand, who now enjoys celestial bliss, I hereby confirm the Secretary of State, Don Francisco de Zea Bermudez, Don Joseph de a Cruz, Count d'Ofalia, Don Juan Saulberto Gonzalez and Don Antonio Martinez, in their administrative functions; and my wish is that it shall be so, and that you communicate it to those whom it may concern.

"Signed with my Royal hand, at the Palace, Sept. 29, 1833.

"To Don Francisco de Zea Bermudez."

OTHER DECREE.

"Being pleased with the good and loyal conduct of the Authorities of the Kingdom, and desirous that the affairs of the State should not suffer from the death of my dear and beloved husband, my Lord King Ferdinand, who now enjoys celestial bliss; I do, as Queen Regent, and in the name of my dear daughter Queen Donna Isabella II., confirm all and every one of them in their respective functions, and order them to continue therein, giving peace and ministering justice to my people over whom they exercise power. My will is that it should be so, and that you communicate it to those whom it may concern.

"Signed with my Royal hand, at the Palace, Sept. 29, 1833.

"To the Duke President of the Royal Council."

LISBON, Sept. 25.—Yesterday there was a grand review of the army; Colonel Evans, M. P. was present, and remarked that he never was more astonished in his life than to see the order that both the regular corps and volunteers were in! He said that General Bourmont, with 30,000 men could never enter Lisbon, after the way they had fortified it, and with the people they had to defend it. The Emperor, as usual, is most active at the lines every morning by four or five o'clock.—Even yesterday morning, being the first after the Empress' arrival at the Palace after an absence of 20 months from her loving husband, who, amidst his difficulties at Oporto, devoted an hour every day to write to the Duchess,—yesterday morning his Imperial Majesty was on the lines at 5 o'clock. The next news which reaches you from this quarter will bring you that of Miguel's army being entirely broken up.—The city of Waterford steamer, which sailed from Crowes in company with the Soho and Salamander, has not yet arrived.

FROM THE WEST INDIES.

ST. VINCENTS.—A solemn protest has been adopted by the House of Assembly of this island, against the late act of the British Parliament, in which it is stated that the course pursued by the mother country is most fatal to the interests of the planters, and ruinous to the island; that the compensation to be allowed is not one tenth the value of the property, etc., and that they reserve the right of demanding a further compensation. The Council refuses to act on the protest. The Assembly, in transmitting the Protest to the Lieut. Governor, says:

"We assure your Excellency that, notwithstanding the precautionary mode of proceeding, there is a determination on the part of the Assembly to give their best support to such plans as may, from time to time, be proposed by the supreme government at home to carry into effect the abolition of slavery in this colony, and to lay the foundation of future happiness and prosperity."

DOMINICA.—Advices from this island have been received to the 18th ult. The same troubles exist in this island as in St. Vincents, with the addition that great fears were entertained that the cholera would make its appearance there.

ST. FRANCISVILLE, Nov. 20.

The 3d Judicial District Court is expected to commence its regular session, in this place, on Monday next, Hon. CHAS. BUSHNELL, presiding. From the numerous cases, of a long standing, it is reasonable to presume, that the court will be permitted to remain in session its full term, that being one month.—*Phœnix.*

THIBODAUXVILLE, Nov. 29.

DIED, in this parish on the 31st instant, Mr. ETIENNE DAROY, aged one hundred and ten years, and his daughter, MAGE DAROY, aged sixty-eight. She died exactly three hours before her father.

Mr Daroy was a native of Canada. At the age of eighteen he went to Europe, and after having travelled for some considerable time in England and France, he returned to America. In 1785 he fixed himself as a resident on the Bayou Lafourche, about a mile above Thibodauxville, where he has dwelt ever since. When a patriarch like Mr. Daroy goes down to the grave full of years, it is usual to speak of his virtues. We believe the highest eulogium we can bestow, will be to state that he was one of those good old Canadians who emigrated to Louisiana, and have always continued examples of honesty and uprightness. Not more than five minutes before he expired, he addressed his numerous family, who surrounded his bedside, and said, "I am about to make a long journey, and I shall carry with me, at least, the sweet consolation that I have nothing to reproach myself with." His intellectual powers remained perfect to the last moment.—*Intelligencer.*

Another death from accident—Yesterday as one of the plasterers employed at the new Exchange, had returned from dinner, he began to prepare the mortar; and when done, he thoughtlessly stepped backward on the scoffold, and immediately fell a descent of nearly 30 feet from the ceiling of the roof to the second story. Falling on a pile of scaffold boards and it is believed on his shoulders; he was immediately insensible; and before he could be carried to the lower story, he was lifeless. He was exposed in the centre apartment of the southern side of the Exchange, till the inquest was held.—The unfortunate deceased was an industrious workman; and has left a wife and a large helpless family, to crave the support of the benevolent. His name was James Urquhart; and he lived in Coffin street near Callowhill street, between Eleventh and Twelfth. It is said that he was not five minutes on the board before it fell; and that he did not live five minutes after his fall.—[American Sentinel.

From the *American Sentinel.*

The identity between electricity and terrestrial magnetism has long since been proved by experience; and has lately been more sensibly demonstrated by actual experiment—made by an instrument specially constructed for that purpose, called Saxon's Magnet.

The doctrine lately broached by Dr. Metcalf of New York in his "New Theory of terrestrial magnetism"—which we formerly noticed in the Sentinel—endeavoring to establish not only the identity between electricity and magnetism, but to demonstrate that they both emanate from caloric, is certainly not a new doctrine to any who are intimate with the writings of the Hutchinsonian philosophers. We have in our younger days read several works, wherein this new theory by Dr. Metcalf was fully broached and maintained even to a much greater extent than by the New York philosophor. The titles of some of these works have escaped our memory: but we distinctly recollect two such works wherein the theory was ingeniously divulged and discussed. They were Archdeacon Digby's "Lectures on the Pentateuch," and a "New theory of the Universe," by Felix Gallagher. These were printed during the eighteenth century; and certainly did not borrow their theory from Dr. Metcalf of the 33d year of the 19th century.

In the latter work, the author discusses his subject in an able and scientific manner; and although the term *caloric* was not then used by philosophers, Gallagher referred to precisely the same principle or substance under the designation *electric matter*—which indeed is a very appropriate title for that body producing electricity and magnetism; and is a *prima facie* evidence that the author considers them identical in every respect. But if we remember rightly—and it is about ten years since we read the work as a scholastic exercise, in a voluntary comparison of its tenets and tendency with those of the Newtonian philosophy—Gallagher not only proved by experiments and experience that the said electric matter is the basis of all electric or magnetic phenomena on earth, but of all similar phehomena in the heavens—that it

"Lives thro' all life, extends thro' all extent,
"Spreads undivided, operates unspent."

His theory is of a singular nature, and applicable to almost every relation of life, every perceptible object of sight or feeling. Discarding the terms attraction and gravitation of the Newtonian philosophy, as merely occult epithets without accurate ideas, or as words invented to cloak ignorance, he endeavored to ascertain what were really the principles of gravitation and attraction in all their ramifications or varities. He is led therefore to adopt two principles of nature producing all the celestial and terrestrial phenomena—those are otherial matter or *ether*, and electric matter or *caloric*. Ether is the basis of gravitation, and caloric of attraction. Ether is the air extending through all space; and is that composing the atmosphere around every opaque body in the heavens.—It is the medium of transporting the caloric through the universe to invigorate all its movements; and by the counteraction of the etherial and electric matter are all our planets, &c. supposed to retain their orbit and position.

But we do not mean to enter minutely into this theory, further than referring to it as more original and general than that broached by Dr. Metcalf. We wish to give honor to whom honor is due, and therefore although we are ourselves sufficiently apprized that Metcalf's theory is not new, we are willing to believe that it is bona fide new to him; and that he may thence be entitled to the merit of originality. Still the existence of the works of almost all Hutchinsonian philosophers will scarcely permit him even this acquiesced originality. If Dr. Metcalf or any friend of his will read these works—particularly the two which we have named above, the prior claim to the theory of identity between caloric and electricity and magnetism will be established not in favor of Metcalf.

A publication of Gallagher's New Theory of the Universe would be a useful addition to philosophic science among us. Most of its positions are at variance with the Newtonian philosophy; yet are supported with philosophic acumen and ability in an ingenious manner. The revolutions of the planets and of comets; the motions of the tide; the causes of electric concussions in heaven above and in the earth beneath; the agitations of the air and of water; the opacity and transparency of bodies, &c. are all amply and easily discussed in an analytic and methodic manner—one part appearing to be scientifically consequent upon the preceding part proved. Indeed his tenets are so concatenated with his theory, and his theory so consonant to personal experience and philosophic experiments that they will not easily be subverted.

Story of the Dutch and English Merchant.—It is evidently the nature of commerce to detach the mind from the pursuit of amusement: fatigued with promiscuous intercourse during the day, its votaries concentrate their desiers of relaxation within their home—at night they want rest rather than amusement—hence we usually find that a certain apathy to amusement, perfectly distinct from their gravity of disposition, is the characteristic of commercial nations.—It is not less observeable among the Americans and the Dutch, than it is among the English. They, indeed, have in their social state, great counterbalances to the commercial spirit. I had the honor of being introduced the other day to a young traveller from Amsterdam. "Have you been to the play since your arrival in London?" was the natural question. "No, sir; these amusements are very expensive." "True; but a man so enviably rich as yourself can afford it." "No sir," was his austere and philosophic reply. "I can afford the amuseiment, but not the habit of amusement. A witty countryman of your Excellency's told me that he could win over any Englishman I given at the Opera House. I selected for the experiment a remarkably quiet and decorous father of a family—a merchant. The Frenchman accosted him—"Monsieur never goes to the masquerades, I believe. It would be impossible to induce you to go." "Not quite impossible," said the merchant, smiling; "but I am too busy for such entertainments—besides, I have a moral scruple." "Exactly so. I have just bet *my friend here* three to one he could not persuade you to go the masquerade." "Three to one!" said the merchant; "those are long odds." "I will stake you the same bet," replied the Frenchman, gaily, "in guineas if you please." "Three to one!—done," cried the Englishman, and he went to the Opera House in order to win his wager. The masquerade in this case ceased to be an amusement—it had become a commercial speculation.—[Bulwer's England and the English.

DOMESTIC ANGOLA GLOVES.—"*you can have no more of a Cat than her skin,*" is an old adage, but we are now fully convinced that it is not a true one. A gentleman of this town exhibited in our Office a few days since, a pair of handsome gloves, very much of the appearance of the Angola in softness and complexion. We were rather surprised at the novelty of their being produced from the back of his common house *cat*, of the Maltese species. The fine hair was combed from her back at the season when she would naturally shed her coat, and the product of two years has enabled his wife to prepare this new and elegant species of domestic manufacture.—*Portsmouth (NH) Jour.*

CHINESE REVOLUTION.—History has handed to us a few curious particulars of the last days of the last of the Chinese Emperors, Wheytsong, who ascended the throne in 1623. He found himself at once engaged in a war with the Tartars, and attacked by a number of rebels in the different provinces of the empire. The former was soon vanquished; but the Emperor himself being next overpowered by the rebels, deserted by his subjects, betrayed by those in whom he placed the greatest confidence, and preferring death to the chance of falling into the hands of his enemies, retired with his Empress, whom he tenderly loved; and the princess their daughter into a garden. His grief was so great that he was unable to utter a single word. After a few silent embraces, the Empress hanged herself on a tree: Her husband staid only to write these words on the borders of his vest, viz: "*I have been lonely deserted by my subjects*; do what you will with me, but spare my people." He then cut off the young princess' head with one stroke of his scimitar, and hung himself on another tree in the seventeenth year of his reign. And thus ended the Chinese monarchy; to give place to that of the Tartars, which has continued ever since.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MARKET—Oct. 8.

COTTON.—The report from Liverpool is better. Our market remains much the same, both as to prices and transactions. SUGGO.—Nothing can be said of this commodity until the company's large sale, which commenced this morning, has made some progress.

LIVERPOOL, October 9th.—Prime fresh U. S. Flour continues to meet a free sale for exportation at 28s a 29s; a few hundred barrels sour have also been taken for the same purpose at 18s a 19s per bbl.

NATCHEZ MARKET—Nov. 28.

We have had cold, freezing weather for the greater part of the week; to-day, the weather has moderated. Our streets during the entire week, presented a lively appearance.

BACON.—Continues scarce—retail price 10 cents. No hams at wholesale.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE, Ky.—We have no alterations to make in remarks of last week, and will only add, that the sales are small and the market dull.

BUTTER—Goshen.—Has become more plenty, and can now be had at 25 to 31 1-4 cents. Western—at 12 1-2 to 15 cents.

LARD.—But little in market, and in demand. No alteration in prices.

COTTON.—The receipts have been heavy, but few sales, however, have been made, and a small amount only shipped. We have heard of sales of fair *Streets* to-day at 11 1-2 cents per lb. We make no change in our quotations of last week.

Shipped this week,	1002 Bales.
Shipped previously,	15447
	15447

CHARLESTON MARKET—Nov. 25.

COTTON.—There has been an active business doing in cotton during the week. On Thursday the market improved fully 1-4c to 1-2c on account of the news received from Liverpool, and since that time the transactions have been larger. One lot of 29 bales, very superior sold on Friday at 15 3-8. Holders are offering prime lots freely at 15. The stock on hand is light, and but little expected from the interior immediately. A gentleman from Columbia informs us, that there is not more than 2000 bales in that place and in the river, to come down at this time. We note sales of the week, to wit: —19 at 15 2-3: 835 at 15; 1153 at 14 2-4; 133 at 14 5-8; 1030 at 14 1-2; 99 at 14 3-8; 495 at 14; 11 at 13 3-4; 6 at 13. Arrived for the week ending Friday, 129 S I, and 9967 bales Uplands. Cleared same time, 273 S I and 7045 bales Upland Cotton.

NEW YORK MARKET—Nov. 20.

COTTON declines a little, though with pretty free sales to the manufacturers, at 14 a 15 1-2 cents for Upland of all sorts. Molasses and sugar are quite as well as last week. The last Tea sale exhibits a decline, after making liberal allowances for inferior quality.

Exchange on England 9⅜ 72. Money stocks have several of them run down 8 a 10 per cent. in as many days. U. S. Bank last sale 105 5-8.

Sales at the New-York Stock Exchange—Nov. 18.

140	shares United States Bank,		106
150	do	do do	105 1-2
100	do	do do (on time)	107
20	do	Life Insurance & Trust Co	136
5	do	New Orleans Canal,	110
164	do	do	109
50	do	N. O. City Bank,	109
50	do	do do (on time)	108 1-2

SAVANNAH MARKET—Nov. 23.

COTTON.—The transactions during the last week have been to a moderate extent, and the sales made will not exceed 2000 bales at improving rates, on all descriptions. The principle sales during the early part of the week when most of the business was done, were at 13 1-4 a 13 1-2 cents. On Thursday we received Liverpool accounts to the 5th of October, which quote an improvement of 1-2d per lb, since which a sufficiency has not been done in our market to establish rates. The stock continues light for the season, and the receipts quite small. We quote 12 3-4 a 14 1-2, the latter being the highest price obtained for choice. In Sea Islands the market remains about the same as our last. We quote 23 a 26 and upwards for choice.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship R Rowne, Baker, Liverpool, J H Field & Co
Ship Plymouth, Ackerman, Liverpool, Reynolds, Byrne & co
Ship Austerlitz, Hammond, Havre, F Perret & Co
Steamboat Chippewa, Barril, Mobile, master

ARRIVED,

Steamer Huntress, Herriman, towed to sea brig Romulous, schrs Francisco, Cliio and Josefa—brought up ship Ann Mary Ann, brigs Noble and Monticello—left the Bar on the 3d—reports outside, ship Calonet,—nothing new in the river.

☞ Experienced a very severe hail-storm at nine a. m. on Tuesday, at S W Pass,—the hail was as large as walnuts.

Ship Ann Mary Ann, Clark, 24 days fm Portsmouth—ship and cargo to the master. Memoranda: Spok on the 16th ult. in latitude 31 ?, longitude 67 30, brig Kent, 75 days from Buenos Ayres, for Boston; she had lost, about a week previous, both topmasts and topsail yards.

Barque Bourgainville, Henry, from Vera Cruz—in ballast.

Brig Monticello, Miller, from Thomastown—cargo, 1240 bbls lime to the master.

Brig Noble, Spring, from Thomastown via Savannah—cargo, 1600 casks lime to the master. Memoranda: On the 20th ult. a ship, name not known, ashore on the Tortugas—weather very hazy—could not learn her condition.

Felucca san Antonio, Garcia, from Havana—cargo.

Schr Powhattan, Allen, fm Thomaston, with lime.

Shr Columbus, Johnson, from Matamoras, to E W Gregory, with 23,000 specie to J W Zacharie, W Vance, J & J Daramon, V Aicerd, J Chmaron. Spoke schr Amos, Wright, fm Bristol bound to Havana.

Steamer Cora, Streck, fm Lafourche—cargo cotton, sugar and molasses to consignees.

Steamer Vincennes, Bruner, fm Manchester, Yazoo—cargo, 88 bales cotton, Reynolds, Byrne & Co; 34 Wilkinson, McNeil & Co; 40 J Linton; 22 Dart & Co; 10 Lockhart and Arrot; 20 Williams and Lee, 6 Maddox and Wood; 8 Bullitt, Shipp & Co; 91 to order—23 passengers.

Steamer Ohio, Hart, from Pittsburg—Cargo 730 bales cotton, assorted produce, horses, etc. to J Hagan & Co; Bier & Steever; A L M Damarin; Townsley, Prieur & Co; Tourne and Beckwith, A Fisk, Watt & Co; Martin, Pleasants and Co; M White; Lockhart and Arrott; Wilcox and Fearn; J W Breedlove; N & J Disk & Co; Carruthers, Harris & Co; Andrews and Brothers; Rhodes and Peters; Brander and McKenna; and owners on board.—Passengers 25,—70 way cabin, and 90 on deck.—Reports scant 5 feet water on the Cumberland Bar.

Steamer Cora, Streck, fm Bayou Lafourche—cargo, cotton, sugar, molasses, coffee, etc. to consignees.—11 pass.

Steamer Lady Franklin, Braddish, from Vicksburg—cargo, 774 bales cotton.

Steamer Bonnets O'Blue, Eastin, from Smithland, with 4 boats in tow loaded with assorted live stock—cargo, corn, cotton, and tobacco, to A Fisk, Watt & Co; and others—7 passengers.

Steamer Sangamon, Ross, from Manchester—cargo, 66 bales cotton, Wilkinson, McNeil & Co; 134 W Bogart; 6 Harris, Wright & Co; 106 A Fisk, Watt & Co; 22 Reynolds, Byrne & Co;—6 passengers.

Steamer Assiniboine, Bonnet, from Manchester—cargo, 279 bales cotton, to Wilkinson, McNeil & Co; Bullitt, Shipp & Co; Reynolds, Byrne and Co; A Fisk, Watt & and others—6 passengers.

Steamer Powhattan, Young, from Pittsburg—cargo, apples, glassware, etc. etc.—26 passengers;—23 on deck, and 39 way cabin, and 91 way deck passengers.

MEMORANDA.

Ship John Linton, Mansfield, was to sail from New York for this port on the 20th ult; ship Nashville, Rathborne, 25th; Ship Kentucky, Bunker, Dec. 1; Thomas-Haven, McKensie, 26th Nov.; brig Duroc, Hood; brig Mary, Bacon.

Up at Liverpool for this port, Oct. 10, ship Cordova, to sail soon.

Cleared at Boston for this port, 16th ult. ship Burmah.

SUNKEN ROCK NEAR THE BAHAMAS.

Extract of a letter from Mr. George Duncan, late commander of the brig Lorton of Liverpool, to the Secretary of Lloyd's—"You will oblige me as well as my seafaring brethren, traders to or about the Bahama Islands, by causing it to be made public that the brig Lorton, of Liverpool, from St. Domingo to Nassau, on the morning of the 2d July, struck on a sunken rock bearing from Egg Island N by W 8 miles, and immediately filled with water. The rock is about the size of a boat's bottom, and 6 feet below the surface of the water, with seven or eight fathoms of water on both sides of it.—The longitude of this rock is, by a good chronometer of Messrs. Mollineux & Sons, London, 77 1, 15, and latitude by a meridian altitude of the sun, 25, 35. The rock is not in any chart which I have seen, and the fishermen in the vicinity of the place, report that they did not know of it.

EXCHANGE OFFICE,
KEPT AT No. 28, BIENVILLE ST., by
nov 9 J. B. BERNARD.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

MISS CLARA FISHER!
The public are respectfully informed that
Miss CLARA FISHER
Is engaged for *Six Nights*, and will make her first appearance This Evening, *THURSDAY Dec 5th*, when
Will be enacted Sheridan's Comedy of the
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL!
Sir Peter Teazle, ... Mr. Russell,
Joseph Surface, ... H. G. Pearson,
Charles Surface, ... Field
Lady Teazel, ... Miss CLARA FISHER.
After which the
ACTRESS OF ALL WORK,
In which, *Miss Clara Fisher* will personate *Six different Characters!!*
☞ Miss CLARA FISHER'S second night on Friday.

ORLEANS THEATRE.

ON THURSDAY, DEC. 5, 1833,
Will be presented the grand opera in 2 acts, called
LE PHILTRE,
The evening's entertainment to conclude with
THE QUARANTINE,
A comic-vaudevil in one act, by M. Scribe.

DOMESTIC SHEETINGS,—4-4 brown sheetings, suitable for the Mexican markets, for sale by
dec 5 LINCOLN & GREEN.

MOLASSES—About 40 000 galls. Molasses deliverable in the vicinity of Baton Rouge. Apply to
d c 5 JOHN HAGAN & Co.

THE public are forewarned against negociating a bill drawn by A Vilatte to the order of and endorsed by L. A. Nadaud, at 4 months, dated 1st November, for the sum of three hundred dollars; said bill having been lost, payment not been made. The finder is requested to leave it at the office of this paper. dec 5-1t

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.
NOTICE.—The transfer books of this Institution in this city, in consequence of the meeting of the Stock holders to be held on the 14th inst. will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst.; and preparatory to each annual election of Directors, the books of transfer in this city will be closed from the 20th day of February to the 1st Tuesday in March of each year.
The Books of transfer opened by this Institution at the "Bank of America," New York,—"Granite Bank," Boston "Schuylkill Bank," Philadelphia, and at any other Northern banks where transfer books may be opened—will be closed from the 31st day of January to the 1st Tuesday of March in each year.
By order of the Direction.
JOSEPH SAUL, Cashier.
New Orleans, 2d Dec., 1833. dec 5

MECHANICS' & TRADERS' BANK,
NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 3, 1833.
IN conformity with the 9th section of the charter, Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of this institution, or their legal representatives, that an election for eleven Directors to serve the ensuing year, wild be held at the Banking House, on Monday the 7th day of January, 1834, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.
By order of the Board,
dec 5 JAS. B. HULLIN, Cashier.

NOTICE.—The Captain of steamboat winch, on the 22d November last, delivered a Red Cow to a negro boy, may apply to the undersigned, provided the expenses shall be paid; and if by the time prescribed by law, said cow has not been claimed, it will be sold at sale to satisfy the expenses. T. DEGAILLE,
dec 5 Suburb Saulet, old residence of Louis Fuche.

SICILY MADEIRA & HAVANA SEGARS.
90 bxs 1 doz each Sicily Madeira, entitled to drawback; and
50,000 Havana segars of different qualities and prices, for sale by VICTOR DELA COVA & BROTHER,
d c 5-4t 53, St Louis street.

THE BOOK OF POLITENESS.
THE GENTLEMAN AND LADY'S BOOK OF POLITENESS, and Propriety of Deportment, dedicated to the youth of both sexes—By Madame Celnart—translated from the sixth Paris edition, enlarged and improved—second American edition, just received and for sale by W. McKEAN,
dec 5 Corner of Camp & Commerce sts

CANTERBURY TALES, &c.
CANTERBURY TALES, (first series) by Sophia and Harriet Lee, revised, corrected and illustrated with a new preface, by Harriet Lee, in 2 vols.
THE FIVE SONS OF ST. ALBANS, a romance of the sixteenth century, by the author of "First and Last," in 2 vols.
LIFE OF OLIVER CROMWELL, by the Rev. M. Russell, L. L. D. and forming nos. 62 and 63 of the Family Library.
THE MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL REVIEW, and Journal of Practical Medicine.—No. 53.
MEMOIRS OF THE Court of King Charles the First, by Lucy Aikin, in 2 vols.
AMERICAN ORNITHOLOGY or the history of the Birds of the United States, illustrated with plates engraved and coloured from original drawings taken from nature, by Alexander Wilson, with a selection of the author's life by George Ord, F. K. S., in 4 vols. Just received and for sale by W. McKEAN,
dec 5 Corner of Camp and Common sts.

COURT OF PROBATES—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—Will be exposed for sale at Hewlett's New Exchange, on Thursday the 9th day of January 1833, at noon, for account of the succession of the late Jos. Conand, the following property, to wit:
A lot of ground, situated in St Louis street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, in front of the property of Mr. J. B. Lepretre, measuring 31 feet 11½ inches front, by 157 feet 2 inches in depth, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, designated by the No. 83, of the following description, to wit: on the ground floor, a store, fronting St Louis street; a large corridor, a large room over the store, with a closet under the stairs leading from the lower store to the room over it; yard paved with brick; four servants' rooms and closet; on the second story, a parlor, dining room, four bed-rooms, closet, office and gallery, with kitchen on the same plan, being in all 7 apartments and fire places.
Terms of sale: 1, 2 and 3 years credit, in approved notes with special mortgage until final payment.
By order of the court,
dec 5 W F C DUPLESSIS, Register.

PARISH OF ORLEANS.
COURT OF PROBATES.—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—Will be exposed for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets, on Saturday the 4th day of January next, at noon, for account of the succession of the late Samuel Livermore esq., the following described BANK and other funded STOCKS, to wit:—260 shares of the capital stock of the Union Bank of Louisiana, 105 shares in the New Orleans Building Company; 50 shares in the Mechanics and Traders Bank; 25 shares in the New Orleans Canal and Banking Company; 22 shares in the Commercial Bank; 20 shares in the New Orleans Rail Road Company, and one share in the Lake Hotel.
Terms cash—By order of the court.
dec 5 W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, Register.

John Moury vs. Capt. Hunter Steam Boat Highlander, and owner.—Thos. Standley vs. the same.
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias, to me directed, by the hon. G Preval, associate Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on monday, the 23d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, a. m. at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of St Louis and Chartre sts. the Steam Boat Highlander, her tackel apparel, and furniture; Seized to satisfy the judgments rendered by privilege against the said Boat.
The same being the second and last auction, she will be sold to the highest bidder, for what she will bring, at a credit of 12 months, with 5 per cent interest, from the day of sale; the purchaser giving bond and security on the property until final payment, agreeably to the act to amend the several acts enacted to organise the courts of this state, and for other purposes.
dec 6 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

LOUISIANA STATE BANK.
New Orleans, Dec. 3, 1833.
BILLS of EXCHANGE on Paris at such time as may suit purchasers, for sale by this bank.
dec4 RICHARD RELF, Cashier.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE Undersigned have this day formed a partnership under the firm of M. S. CUCULLU, LAPEYRE & CO.
M. S. CUCULLU,
J. M. LAPEYRE,
dec 4.—1m THOMAS CUCULLU.

NOTICE.—Persons to whom may be indebted the late Jacques Vionne, are requested to present their claims to John Freret, his testamentary executor, or to the undersigned, No. 79 Canal street.
dec 4—1 m. CHARLES L. GARNIER.

MRS. PRADAT, (*Elizabeth Isclin,*) my wife, having left my house on the 2nd december, inst., taking away with her my chattels, plated ware and most part of my household linen, I inform the public, that I will not pay any debts which she may contract, without my express and written authorization.
dec 4 V. PRADAT.

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA.
SEALED Proposals for the Carpenter's work of the Banking House, to be erected at the corner of Royal and Custom House sts., will be received until the 15th inst. Persons wishing to contract will apply for the specification, to the Architect, who will be found at the Bank every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, between 4 and 5 o'clock, P. M. J. B. PERRAULT,
dec 4 Cashier.

FRESH CURRANTS AND DRIED CITRON.—A choice supply of the above articles, just received and for sale by the subscriber, either by the single pound or quantity. Also an assortment of Fish Sauces, Walnut and Mushroom Ketchups, choice Brandy Fruits, &c.
WM. SMITH,
dec 4 Garden Seed Store, 85 Customhouse st.

SEA TOWING.
Steamer PILOT, Capt. Riddle,
Steamer POST BOY, Capt Davis; and
Steamer CALEDONIA, capt—
The subscriber has removed his Steam Tow-Boat office from No. 67 to No. 92 Levee street.
nov 29 WM. FITZ, Jr.

PLANTERS' ACCOMMODATION.
The steamboat AMULET, Capt. Basham, is now running as a regular packet between New Orleans & Point la Hache, touching at all the plantations on the coast. She leaves here every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 o'clock, A. M. and Point la Hache every Monday and Thursday at 7 o'clock, A M. For freight or passage, apply on board or to
nov 29 WM. FITZ, Jr. 92 Levee street.
N B. The Amulet's landing is at the first slip free port: during her absence planters and others may leave their orders and freight with the agent to be forwarded. The Amulet can at any trip bring 100 hhds sugar from any plantation, and deliver them on board vessels at the levee, on having timely notice.

FOR TAMPICO.
The schooner BONITA will sail for the above port on Sunday next. For passage only, apply to the captain on board.
dec 5 A. BARON.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
The remarkably fast sailing, copper fastened and newly coppered five oak built ship ULYSSES, capt. Kennedy, will stow about 1150 bales cotton,—Apply to capt Kennedy on board, or to
HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
dec 4 117 Royal street.

FOR HAVRE.
The first class coppered and copper fastened ship NATCHEZ, C. White, master, will meet with early dispatch, and can take 400 bales cotton. For freight of which or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to I. OGDEN & CO.
nov 30-10t 72 Canal st.

FOR NANTZ.
The ship CECILIA, Captain Angaud, will leave about the 8th December. For passage only apply to the master on board or to
nov 28 J. MAGER.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1. ship CUMBERLAND, Captain Hasty, wants 300 bales cotton to complete her cargo. For freight of which or passage, apply to
nov 22 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR HAVRE.
The ship SALEM,