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NO. 92

AUSTRIA IS DRAWING APART FROM GERMANY ON PEACE QUESTION

Berlin Paper Says Michaelis Would Not Tell Czernin Germany's Terms and Czernin Said He Could No Longer Deal With Michaelis

London, Oct. 16.—The Deutsche Tages Zeitung, of Berlin, as quoted in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, says that Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, recently requested the German Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, to state Germany's peace terms, urging that Germany make concessions in the West. Count Czernin received a vague reply, whereupon he stated that he could no longer negotiate with Dr. Michaelis, inasmuch as the Chancellor made vague statements when clearness and frankness were imperatively necessary.

This statement of The Tages Zeitung is not denied, the dispatch says, and has made a great sensation, being peculiarly illustrative of the fervent desire for peace on the part of Austria.

New York, Oct. 16.—Peace for humanity and civilization—not favored alone to France or the United States or the Entente—but peace that will guarantee to nations large and small universal respect for right and justice, is the goal toward which war-torn France is striving, delegates attending the Southern Commercial Congress in this city were told yesterday by Stephen Lauzanne, editor of Le Matin, of Paris.

The occasion was the "Press of the Allies Luncheon," in honor of the distinguished journalist, given by the congress.

"We have suffered much and expect to suffer still more," M. Lauzanne declared. "We are fighting to save humanity from degradation, for humanity would be degraded if Germany were to win this war. France is in for all the war."

Must Be Returned.
London, Oct. 16.—The editor of The Amsterdam Telegraph in a letter to The London Times writes:

"The German Foreign Secretary could hardly throw over his Imperial master when he (Kaiser Wilhelm) declared in August, 1888, a few months after his accession to the throne: 'We had rather sacrifice on the battlefield our 13 army corps and 42,000,000 inhabitants than to give up a single stone of what we were won.'"
"These words were uttered in public by this Hohenzollern at Strassburg in regard to the territory torn from France which Kuehlmann now calls 'a glorious inheritance.' It is glorious only because of the mineral wealth of Alsace-Lorraine, which enabled Germany to prepare herself for the present war. Without that mineral wealth Germany would be in great difficulty to prepare for another, her next war. Therefore, apart from justice and right, the return of these two provinces to France will be fundamental security for future peace."

PAINLEVE CLEARS NAME OF M. MALY

Charges Against the Former French Minister of Interior Quite Unfounded

Paris, Oct. 16.—Premier Painleve communicated to the cabinet yesterday the result of the inquiry he made in to the charges against Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior, accused by Leon Daudet, editor of L'Action Francaise, of having betrayed secrets to Germany. The Premier said his investigation had shown that all the accusations, whether of communicating military and diplomatic documents to the enemy or of complicity in military disturbances, were quite unfounded.

The Premier said the Government had resolved not to interfere with or tolerate interference with judicial procedure, which would be followed to its proper goal in absolute independence, in conformity with the ministerial decision. The Government considered it to be its duty, however, to clear up, in the interest of internal peace and the nation's morale, accusations the falsity of which had been established, and which were left to the judgment of the public conscience.

HON. J. L. PERRON FOLLOWS LAURIER

Montreal, Oct. 16.—A weekly paper here on Saturday published a story that the Liberal party in this province was divided and that a new wing was being formed under the leadership of Hon. J. L. Perron.

Mr. Perron has issued this statement: "The story, as far as I am concerned, is absolutely false. I stand as a staunch supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, because I believe in his capacity of statesmanship."

French War Vessels Destroyed Two More Teuton Submarines

Paris, Oct. 16.—French warships destroyed two Teuton submarines in the Western Mediterranean in the last week of September, according to information received to-day by the Ministry of Marine here.

Britain is Cutting Wheat Consumption To Less Than Half

Washington, Oct. 16.—Under new war rationing regulations, Britain has begun the task of reducing her wheat consumption for the forthcoming year to less than half the normal consumption before the war began, the Government of the United States has been officially informed.

Arrangements for Financing Canada's Exportable Wheat

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The Minister of Finance announced to the press to-day that the financing of the exportable surplus of the Canadian wheat crop of this year has been satisfactorily arranged. This announcement follows upon the conference recently held here between Lord Reading, representing the Imperial Government, the Dominion Government and the executive officers of Canadian Bankers' Association. Since the conference the matter has been under consideration with Lord Reading through the Minister of Finance, resulting in the official statement of to-day.

The amount involved is over \$350,000,000, and the satisfactory arrangement made for its financing is of the utmost importance to the western farmers, who are thus assured of the price fixed for their grain, and will operate to the advantage of the whole of Canada by reason of its relation to general business conditions throughout the Dominion.

CANDIDATE WITHDRAWS.

Penticton, Oct. 16.—Mr. McEachern, of Hedley, who had been nominated as Liberal candidate in the Similkameen constituency against Rev. W. A. McKenzie for the approaching by-election has withdrawn from the contest.

RAIDS BY BRITISH WHILE BETTER WEATHER AWAITED; CASUALTIES GROW FEWER

London, Oct. 16.—The military situation on the battlefronts in the western war area was virtually unchanged overnight, so far as the official statements reveal.

The German reports have begun to lay stress on the violence of the artillery fire in Flanders, but there are no indications that the bombardment has yet been worked up to the point where the British forces find themselves ready for a renewal of their drive.

Evidently much depends upon the weather in this region. In the

ALLIES' WEIGHT IS BY FAR SUPERIOR

Striking Estimates Prepared by a New York Banking Institution

New York, Oct. 16.—The Associated Press to-day carries the following: "The war is costing the belligerent nations of the world at the rate of \$150,000,000 a day, or \$6,500,000 an hour, and the United States is paying at least one-quarter of this staggering sum, according to the estimates made to-day by the Mechanics and Metals National Bank of New York. The estimated daily cost at the beginning of the war was \$50,000,000, and a year ago it was \$100,000,000.

"This country's rate of expenditure is greater than that of any other nation. Great Britain is next and Germany next.

"By August next, according to the bank's figures, the total cost to the world will be \$155,000,000,000. Already the expenditures have exceeded \$100,000,000,000, of which all but a fraction has been translated into permanent national indebtedness. The interest on the German public debt now is calculated to be more than 10 per cent. of the normal income of the German people, as compared with less than one-half of one per cent. in the case of the people of this country.

Great Wealth.
"The developed national wealth of the Allies is placed at \$500,000,000,000 by the bank, while that of the Teutonic Powers is \$120,000,000,000.

"About 53,000,000 men to-day are engaged in the war. To what extent the Allies have gained superiority over the Germans is shown by the bank in striking fashion. With no more than 2,000,000 Americans enlisted, the total military strength of the Allies is 33,000,000 against a total for Germany, Austro-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey of 20,000,000. The population of the 14 Entente countries from which the ranks of their armies may be replenished is altogether 1,300,000,000, against a population of less than 150,000,000 in the Central European countries."

Violent Artillery Fighting Again on Bainsizza Plateau

Rome, Oct. 16.—Violent artillery fighting has been resumed on the Bainsizza Plateau, over which the Italians conducted their recent offensive operations. The War Office here reported to-day in the following communication:

"In the Trentino there was moderate activity. North of Len Zumo enemy patrols were driven back in an encounter of advanced posts.
"On the Carso and Julian fronts, from Paralba to Rombon, there was desultory artillery fighting. On the Bainsizza Plateau, intense artillery duels occurred along the front lines and on the lines of communication. On the Carso there was the usual destructive and harassing fire."

PRISONERS OF WAR CONFERENCE HELD

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—A conference on prisoners of war, which will consider questions relating to the exchange of prisoners and the supplying of food parcels to soldiers held in enemy countries, opened here last night. Representatives of the Russian, Austrian, German and Turkish Governments participated.

BOND ISSUE TO PROVIDE FOR BUILDING SHIPS ON THIS COAST PLAN URGED

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—It is improbable that there will be any additional shipbuilding contracts let on this coast unless a shipbuilding loan for the Imperial authorities should be financed in this country. This is the news which is brought by J. A. Cunningham, president of the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association, who has just returned from the East, where he went some weeks ago in connection with the future of the shipbuilding industry here. The shipbuilding contracts already let on this coast are well advanced.

At Ottawa he took the subject up with the chairman of the Munitions Board and found that the money allowances were nearly exhausted. Great Britain was given a letter of credit in New York for what she borrowed and this goes to pay for the munitions, etc., which she contracts for in that country. If Canada is prepared to do the same, Great Britain and the Allies are prepared to get war supplies here.

Mr. Cunningham said he intended to suggest to the Boards of Trade and the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association that they press the Government to bring in a shipbuilding bond issue, in which event the money would be spent here, as all bond issues have been, thus benefitting manufacturers and labor.

FLAVELLE TRIUMPHS, SAYS GEN. HUGHES

Union Government Fruition of Plans Flavelle Laid, Says Minister

Lindsay, Ont., Oct. 16.—That union government was not necessary and that party government in Canada has not had a fair show in the past is the opinion of Lieut.-General Sir Sam Hughes in a long interview published to-day in The Lindsay Warrier, of which Sir Sam at one time was editor. Personally, the former Minister of Militia thinks the Union Government is a "splendid triumph for the plans laid long ago by Sir Joseph Flavelle and Sir Thomas White."

"It is more than a year since the movement to form a National or 'National Trust' Government as it is sometimes called, was proposed by Sir Joseph Flavelle and his friends. It is understood that the undertaking at that time involved the replacement of Sir Robert Borden by Sir Thomas White."

The Government had done its full duty during the last year, said Sir Sam, "and there was no pressing need for coalition or union." He admitted that, as men, the new Cabinet had good qualities.

"Some weeks ago," he said, "when General Newburn and Colonel Ballantyne, both my boys, were individually condemning conditions under Borden, and when each asked me why I did not break out and take hold of things myself, I thanked them for their confidence and loyalty, but showed that the results might be the placing of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in power."

Sir Sam said he would give his support to Liberals or Conservatives who are advocating active and not passive war measures. He had himself received and refused from tens of thousands of sources requests and demands to come out and lead an aggressive fight for the war.

SHAUGHNESSY ISSUES A CALL TO QUEBEC TO AID ARMY OF CANADA

Duty of Every Loyal Canadian to Assist Authorities in Putting Conscription Measure into Effect With Smoothness and Impartiality

Montreal, Oct. 16.—A statement counselling all French-Canadians to accept the selective Military Service Act now that it is law, urging the extension of the measure if necessary to all branches of industry furnishing war materials and suggesting punishment for all "frothy jingoes" whose only contribution to the war is their language, was issued to-day by Lord Shaughnessy, head of the Canadian Pacific Railway, to the French press of Quebec province:

"There is a germ in my system that renders obnoxious every form of legislation calculated to invade the personal liberty of the subject, save such as may be necessary for the safety of the nation and for the peace, health and general welfare of the people," Lord Shaughnessy says.

PREMIER MURRAY MEETS COLLEAGUES

Cabinet Meeting at Halifax; Expected He Will Enter Dominion Cabinet

Halifax, Oct. 16.—At 10 o'clock to-day the Government of Nova Scotia was called together in an important session for the announcement of whether Premier Murray will enter the Borden Government or remain in his present position as head of the Provincial Cabinet. After a short session the caucus was adjourned until to-night because some of the members invited to attend had not been able to reach Halifax.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, who is not without great influence among the Liberals of Nova Scotia, came with Mr. Murray from Ottawa and was present at conferences held yesterday. It is said Mr. Murray not only looks with favor upon the Union Government, but that he would gladly take a share in the solution of the tremendous problems with which that Government will be faced.

Among the Liberals who reached Halifax yesterday was E. M. Macdonald, who remains the uncompromising opponent of union government and who at the same time is said to be willing to assume the Premiership of this province should Mr. Murray enter the Dominion Cabinet.

Mr. Maclean, who remains in non-communicative regarding his position, the generally accepted opinion being that he will be willing to enter the Borden Cabinet provided Mr. Murray yields to the pressure being exerted to have him remain in control of provincial affairs. Mr. Maclean would be Mr. Murray's first choice should the provincial vacancy be made, but it is said there is a considerable element of the party to whom this would be objectionable. A story has gained credence around the city to-day to the effect that the present members of the Murray-Cabinet would prefer Mr. Fielding if an outsider is to be brought in.

The Election.
Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Returning officers for the coming election are now under consideration by the Government and the list is expected to be ready shortly. The Government also has the date of the election under consideration. This probably will be in December.

In connection with the overseas military vote, three scrutineers remain to be appointed as representing the Government. Three already have been named as representing the Opposition.

SALE OF LIQUOR TO RETURNED MEN IN HALIFAX CITY

Halifax, Oct. 16.—The alleged sale of liquor to soldiers landing here from hospital ships has roused the returned soldiers' reception committee and temperance organizations to demand action by the authorities. According to members of the reception committee there are about 200 bootleggers plying their trade in Halifax. Six hundred returned soldiers landed at the pier last week were held over for a few days and being without funds, the military authorities arranged that each should get a payment of \$10. The first night many of the men returned to the pier in bad condition as a result of liquor and the staff there was kept busy all night attending to them. Next day men with perhaps one leg gone could be seen with bandages on their heads from injuries suffered by falls.

It was alleged that liquor had been put in eggshells and sold to the soldiers. Halifax is a "dry" town.

"Enforced military service in time of peace as it existed in some foreign countries would come within my category of objectionable measures, because it has the effect of taking a man from his ordinary vocation and for given periods making him subject to military regulation, under the control of military officials, not because of any danger impending, but because that within his lifetime something may occur to involve the nation in war, making trained military forces necessary. The encouragement of the military spirit in normal times is not best for the people, whose aim should be the promotion of a policy making for peace, prosperity and happiness. But it may be said that if one nation neglects its military establishments, its aggressive and covetous neighbor, with its trained army and ever-ready implements of war, will one day seek a cause of quarrel and overpower it.

"The gravity of this contingency admitted, it becomes apparent that the efforts of nations must be not only to create and maintain military forces sufficient for defence if there be attacks, but strong enough to assume the offensive if that appears to be the best plan.

"Should it be conceded that the safety of the nation demands an unremitted condition of military preparedness, it may properly be asked where the limit is to be placed, because there must be a limit—a military autocracy will ensue, such as that which the Allies are determined to destroy in Germany at very serious cost.

National Spirit.
"If the people are to be free from this menace of militarism there must be a pride of country and a national spirit of patriotism that will provide all the necessary men, money and materials with the least possible delay whenever they may be needed to defend the rights and liberties of the nation, all citizens bearing their respective shares of the burden, as nearly as possible in like proportion.

"At the outbreak of the present war Britain's navy was ready and the splendid accomplishments of that arm of the service, saving as they did a situation fraught with most serious danger, always will be a source of gratification and pride, but the regular land forces consisted of a mere handful of men, barely sufficient for the maintenance of order at home, and it became a matter of momentous importance that a large army of citizen-soldiers should be organized, equipped, trained and forwarded to the fighting front with the utmost promptness. This work was undertaken by the late Lord Kitchener and immediately all the Overseas Dominions of the Empire expressed their willingness and, indeed, a determination to supplement and to assist the army of the King by sending troops and meeting other requirements to the limit of their respective resources. Canada was among the first to declare that the war in which Britain and France were engaged for the defence of humanity and liberty was Canada's war also, a declaration that was scented throughout the Dominion from coast to coast by an overwhelming majority of her people. The men of Canada responded nobly to the call for volunteers and the overseas army went to the firing line, where its prowess and bravery won for it universal admiration. Thousands of men made the supreme sacrifice and are buried in the battlefields. Other thousands were wounded or taken prisoner, thus being put out of service, and a great many others, after a long period in the trenches, require rest and recuperation.

(Concluded on page 4.)

\$1,000,000,000 FOR BIG NEW AMERICAN LOAN BY TO-NIGHT
Washington, Oct. 16.—Treasury officials declared to-day that "unless all signs fail" the Liberty Loan will have reached its first \$1,000,000,000 in subscriptions by to-night.

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WOULD HAVE FOUGHT AT DISADVANTAGE
Position of Russian Fleet When Germans Landing on Oesel Island.

Petrograd, Oct. 16.—The landing of German troops on Oesel Island could have been avoided only by risking battle under unfavorable conditions which might have resulted in the opening of the Gulf of Finland to the enemy, Admiral Verdevsky, Minister of Marine, said today. The blow was a hard one for Russia, he continued, but the Russian fleet apparently was in no position to hinder the Germans. "Since March," he said, "I have several times drawn attention to the possibility of such a blow, and I also discussed the situation with Premier Kerensky, but no one paid any attention to the Government's warning. Although we are at war, our political differences have been given first place in the minds of the people. The Germans have taken this into account and events show that they have been able to take full advantage of it."

The German naval power is four times greater than that of Russia, the Admiral continued. The naval forces in the Gulf of Riga did everything possible to prevent a landing of the Germans and will continue to carry out all orders of the Minister of Marine. The Minister sees no immediate danger of a German attempt to enter the Gulf of Finland. He expresses the belief that owing to the lateness of the season the German operations will be localized.

The Petrograd Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has issued an appeal to the army and the fleet to obey their commanders and to fight to save the capital and repel the Germans in the Gulf of Riga.

Back to Petrograd.
Petrograd, Oct. 16.—Mlle. Virubova, who has been called "the female Rasputin of Russia" and who was a close friend of the former Emperor, has returned to Petrograd with the other exiles sent to Helsinki, Finland, by the Provisional Government. They were returned by the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates of Helsinki, which refused to permit them to stay in Finland.

The members of the party who were ordered sent out of Russia owing to their connection with the former Imperial family, have been a month in Finland. They spent some time on a yacht of the former Emperor in Helsinki harbor. Mlle. Virubova declared that they were always in fear that the people would attack them. During the latter part of their stay they were kept in a prison. Soldiers protected them against the populace who attacked the prison several times, and the officers in turn protected the exiles from the soldiers.

FOOD CONTROL PLANS IN DUNCAN DISTRICT
Committee Will Be Named to Act With Provincial Association

Duncan, Oct. 16.—The King's Daughters have made arrangements for their annual sale on the first Saturday in December.

At a meeting Mrs. Elkington and Mrs. Macdonald were appointed to represent the order at the conference of women of the district to elect a permanent district committee to act under the Provincial Food Control Association. This meeting will be held on Thursday next. Two representatives from each of the women's organizations are invited to attend.

The report of the recent provincial executive meetings of the order was read by Mrs. Christmas. This showed the keen interest taken by the members of the order in various parts of the province in the hospital in Duncan owned by the King's Daughters of British Columbia. The new wing which has been under construction during the summer will be completed in about a month. Owing to the fact that the insurance on the furnishings has been put into effect as touching the new building and the several collections have been made since the fire; the mortgage on the hospital has been reduced to \$2,500. While the heavy burden of both buildings and maintenance has in the past fallen almost entirely on the local circles of the order, it is hoped that the other provincial branches will now bear their share and wipe the debt entirely away. Were this done and insurance premiums paid and extensive furnishings and equipment provided, the institution would then be almost self-supporting.

Game and Fish.
Pheasants are almost as plentiful as on an average year, and several guns have shot the limit allowed on any day, i.e. 6 birds.

Fishing at Cowichan Bay is good, boats taking three and four cohoes each. The Tacoma, the Bartlett and the Stewart spoons are all being used. The Bay is also filled with perch and other less important fish which provide amusement for the small boys on the wharf and landings.

Supplies Plentiful.
Salmon, tomatoes, cucumbers and beans are so plentiful throughout this district that, as one lady expressed it, "We use all we can, we sell all we can, we give away all we can, we fill all our bottles and we still have so many left we do not know what to do with them."

Salmon are fried, baked, boiled, and served cold with salad dressing and sliced cucumber and sliced tomatoes, served hot with boiled rice, made into fish cake with egg and bread crumbs and spices. Salmon pie baked with a covering of sliced tomatoes and a little finely chopped onion covered with bread crumbs dotted with butter makes another variation.

Tomatoes fried in dripping or butter are good. Tomatoes cooked with pearl barley flavored with nothing but salt and pepper make a good wholesome dish that should please the Food Controller.

Tomatoes may be cooked with gravy and water or soup stock for about one and a half hours. If wished, finely chopped onion and any cold cooked vegetables—cauliflower, peas, beans—may be added and mace used as flavoring and chopped parsley may be added. To this add hot rice that has cooked for 20 minutes, a little butter, and some grated cheese, and let the whole simmer for 10 minutes together. The rice should then have absorbed all the liquid. Serve very hot with grated cheese and chopped parsley. In Italy this is called risotto and takes the place of meat at a meal. It requires a little practice to make these dishes really well.

In the countries of Southern Europe they use rice, macaroni or some of its allied preparations, with gravy, olive oil or stock and grated cheese in the preparation of many delicious dishes at meals where meat is not used.

Mushrooms are to be had for the gathering. The maple mushrooms, while coarser and larger than the field mushroom, are more plentiful and have almost as good a flavor, but they should not be used if they are old.

A small quantity of fresh meat and a fairly large quantity of vegetables if properly cooked make a good stew. A few mushrooms added will make this most interesting. Recooked meat does not make a good stew.

Mushrooms fried in dripping, olive oil or butter are delicious with brown bread and butter.

If mushrooms are the least bit old they ought to be soaked for half an hour after they are peeled in water to which a little vinegar has been added.

In Spain they cook tomatoes, rice, onions, red peppers and soup stock. The rice is cooked with the onions and peppers in a frying-pan in dripping or olive oil; the tomatoes are cooked in the soup stock or in water, and the boiling tomatoes put into the frying pan with the cooked rice and the rice then swells and the dish is an almost dry pile of rice and tomatoes made very hot with the peppers. Grated cheese may be put over it and it is served very hot.

PROOF GERMANY'S MAN-POWER FAILING
Forty-Seven-Year-Old Men Are Called; War Office Reports.

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—The German Government has extended military service to men 47 years old and is calling up those who heretofore have escaped service on account of military unfitness.

The army includes a large number above the legal limit of 45 years on the ground that although nobody above that age should be mobilized, yet no requirement existed for discharge of a soldier reaching that age.

British Report.
London, Oct. 16.—The following report from Field-Marshal Haig was issued here last night:

"Later reports show that the number of prisoners we captured in yesterday's raid southeast of Monchy-le-Preux was 64, including two officers."

"A hostile raiding party was repulsed last night east of the Shrewsbury Forest."

"On the battlefield the activity of our own and the enemy's artillery continues. The hostile artillery also has shown more activity during the day in the neighborhood of Lens and in the Nieuport sector."

"Aviation—Yesterday there was a slight improvement in the weather, and artillery work and photographic work were carried out by our aeroplanes. One and one-half tons of bombs were dropped on the Ledeghem railway station and hostile billets east of Lens."

"In air fighting three German aeroplanes were brought down and one was driven down out of control. Two of our machines are missing."

French Report.
Paris, Oct. 16.—The following official report was issued here last night:

"In the region of the plateau between Alilles and Cromme the artillery activity was violent during the day; Patrol encounters took place in the Champagne region west of Auberive. There was an intermittent cannonade on the rest of the front."

"Two German captive balloons were brought down to-day, one by our special guns and the other by one of our aviators."

Belgian communication: "Yesterday one of our patrols carried out a reconnoitring expedition against enemy organizations north of Dixmude. There were bombardments at various points along our front. Our artillery shelled enemy installations in the neighborhood of the Handzame Canal."

"To-day there was great artillery activity and violent bomb fighting before Dixmude during the whole morning. The Germans launched several thousand projectiles of all calibres and numerous aerial torpedoes against our lines. Our artillery replied very energetically, in co-operation with our trench guns, which only ceased action after having silenced the enemy artillery and bomb-throwers early in the afternoon."

Italian Report.
Rome, Oct. 16.—The War Office here reported last evening:

"On the Trentino and Carnia fronts there was considerable activity by our reconnoitring patrols. Enemy attacks in the Lavarina, Arsa and Pella, Valleys were foiled."

"There was lively action of a local nature by the infantry along the entire Julian front. On the southern slopes of Monte Rombo we captured prisoners in a successful surprise attack. Between Castagnavizza and Selo a raid of arditi on the enemy lines brought us other prisoners."

"In the Brestovizza Valley large parties of the enemy, protected by bursts of violent artillery and machine gun fire, approached our lines, but were driven back. Near Lovatka, after lavish artillery preparation extending from west of Flondar to the sea, enemy troops made an attack, which was broken up. The enemy left prisoners in our hands."

Austrian Report.
Vienna, Oct. 16.—A communication issued by the War Office here last evening said:

"Italian theatre—During the continuance of the unfavorable weather yesterday there was increased fighting activity on Monte San Gabriele and in the Wippach Valley. Enterprises undertaken by our storming troops were successful. Italian thrusts were repulsed."

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MANY LOST LIVES AS RESULT OF WORK OF ENEMY U BOATS

London, Oct. 16.—Two hundred and fifty lives were lost when the steamship Medie was torpedoed on September 23 in the Western Mediterranean, says a Reuter dispatch from Paris.

The explosion of the torpedo detonated the munitions in the ship's cargo. There were more than 500 passengers on board the vessel, including soldiers and prisoners of war.

The Medie was a French vessel of 4,477 tons. She was built in 1912, and her home port was Marseilles.

Charles Gordon, of Philadelphia, is the only survivor of a steamship, name not given, which recently was torpedoed without warning. The vessel sank within a few minutes.

The Times announces the death of Claude Arthur Askew and Alice, his wife, novelists and dramatists. Major Askew was attached to the Serbian army. Both were drowned in the Mediterranean on October 5, as the result of an enemy submarine attack while going to Corfu.

Greek Officials.
Athens, Oct. 16.—A painful impression has been created here by the torpedoing of the Italian steamship Bari, on which were a number of Greek officials from Turkey whose names do not appear on the list of 50 survivors who were landed at Corfu. One hundred and twenty are said to have been landed on the Gallipoli peninsula.

There have been no previous advices of the sinking of the Bari. The only steamship of that name listed in available records is a small one of 324 tons gross which formerly was known as the Lubuz and was built at Fiume in 1873.

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MARSHAL JOFFRE VISITS AMERICANS

American Training Camp in France, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 16.—(By the Associated Press.)—Marshal Joffre spent the entire day with the American troops. He reviewed Major-General Sibert's contingent and inspected the training schools and the other camps.

Marshal Joffre was accompanied by General Pershing and two other officers, and the party received ovations at the many French villages through which they motored. The Marshal in addressing the officers said that the United States had come to help deliver humanity from the yoke of German insolence, and added: "Let us be united; victory surely will be ours."

HOW HANNA WILL HANDLE POTATOES

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—In the course of an interview to-day, Food Controller Hanna said that while it is not proposed to fix the price of potatoes, the "spread" between the price paid the producer and the price paid by the consumer will be fixed. By means of fixing the spread and licensing dealers throughout the country, the Food Controller will be in a position to control the potato market to as great an extent as is possible.

When asked concerning oleomargarine, the Controller said the statements made by him in Montreal last week apparently had been misunderstood. He pointed out that he was expressing his personal views when he said that this article of food should be admitted free. Whether that would meet the approval of the Cabinet remained to be seen.

The suggestion by the Food Controller that the duty on oleomargarine should be removed will be considered by the Cabinet this week.

AGAINST PARTICIPATION.
Petrograd, Oct. 16.—The Orthodox Council, at a meeting in Moscow, has decided against permitting the clergy to participate in the Provisional Government.

NAVAL RESERVE MEN MAY BE KEPT AFTER THE WAR HAS ENDED

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—It is announced that authority has been given to the Department of Naval Service to retain the services of all Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve men for a time not exceeding six months after the termination of the war.

THEIR PEACE IDEAS IN SOUTH GERMANY

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—There seems to be a growing movement in South Germany against the non-annexation and non-indemnities basis of the Reichstag peace resolution. The Bavarian Centrum recently proclaimed opposition to the attitude of the Centrists in the Reichstag and now the Liberal First Vice-President of the Bavarian House of Deputies, Herr von Casselmann, has delivered a speech rejecting the idea of a renunciatory peace. He favors the idea that a resolution should be adopted not inconsistent with such territorial alterations as are necessary to the security of the German frontiers.

URUGUAY'S STAND OF BENEFIT TO ENTENTE

Montevideo, Oct. 16.—A Presidential decree issued here sets forth that the rules of neutrality will not be applied to the Governments of the Entente Powers.

Uruguay recently severed relations with Germany.

The treat that its lovers learn to expect from a cup of "SEAL BRAND" COFFEE, is always realized to the full for "Seal Brand" holds its aroma and flavour to the last spoonful in the air-tight can.

In 1/2, 1 and 2 pound tins. Whole-ground-pulverized—also fine ground for Percolators. Never sold in bulk.

CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS SCENE OF FIRE

Over Half Destroyed; Several Thousand Cattle Perished in Flames

Kansas City, Oct. 16.—More than one-half of the Kansas City stock yards, the second-largest in the United States, was destroyed by fire early today. It was estimated after the fire had been brought under control, after raging for two hours, that several thousand head of cattle had been destroyed. Some estimates ran as high as 10,000. There were 47,000 cattle in the yards at the close of business yesterday, it was stated, and while it was possible to liberate most of them, so rapidly did the flames gain headway that many were caught and burned.

Hundreds of cattle liberated from the burning structures reached the downtown sections of both Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kas.

It was the third disastrous fire in the history of the Kansas City, Kas., stockyards. The blaze was discovered by two patrolmen in Kansas City, Kas., and before they could summon apparatus the fire had become unmanageable. Fire departments from both Kansas Cities combated the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown. The other two were caused by careless throwing away of cigarette stubs.

No estimate of the financial loss was available early today.

By 7 o'clock the fire had been extinguished after the firemen had been fighting it with approximately 100 pieces of fire apparatus and with dynamite.

No definite estimate as to the loss will be made until insurance adjusters have taken a census of the number of cattle burned, since the fire was confined to the cattle pens, which comprised the larger part of the yards.

The thousands of cattle which were liberated from the pens are being corralled. Owners are finding difficulty identifying their property as a large

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.
Presumed to have died—Acting-Cpl. W. Brown, Vancouver; Pte. T. Clayton, Vancouver.

Killed.—Pte. C. A. Saker, England; Sgt. W. J. Kerr, Ottawa; Sgt. A. H. Cavill, Hamilton, Ont.

Died of wounds.—Pte. F. J. Tingley, Grenfell, Sask.

Wounded.—Pte. E. A. Roach, Montreal; Hon. Capt. Chaplain D. G. Ross, Scotland; Lance-Cpl. E. Lemay, Montreal; Sgt. W. C. Rae, Montreal.

Ill.—Pte. O. J. A. Renaud, Halleybury, Ont.; Pte. H. A. Primrose, Quinby, Iowa; Pte. R. E. Butler, Lorneville, Ont.; Pte. D. Langevin, Langevin, Que.; Pte. W. Austin, Novar, Ont.; Pte. W. W. Addison, Winnipeg.

Mounted Rifles.
Killed—Pte. E. W. Hanna, Toronto; Pte. L. Millard, England.

Artillery.
Died of wounds—Cpl. G. Daniel, Winnipeg.

Died.—Pte. J. H. Gallagher, Trenton, Ont.

Wounded.—Sgt. E. Stagg, England; Gnr. G. W. Phillips, Kingston, Ont.; Gnr. T. Mitchell, Montreal.

Engineers.
Wounded—Spr. W. Boyle, Lansing, Mich.; Spr. L. Lewis, Little Current, Ont.

Services.
Wounded—Spr. F. G. Brooks, Kingston, Ont.; Pte. A. M. Mitchell, Lac du Bonnet, Man.; Pte. J. Dougherty, Ireland.

35 YEARS IN JAIL.

Marshfield, Mo., Oct. 16.—Claude Pierson was found guilty of kidnapping Lloyd Keet by a jury here last night. He was sentenced to 35 years' imprisonment.

WORK STOPPED ON VANCOUVER SEAWALL

Effect of Judgment Given by Supreme Court of Canada

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—More delay and legal complications are in sight in connection with the construction of the sea-wall across False Creek here, just west of the Main Street bridge. The Supreme Court of Canada, in a judgment handed out at Ottawa yesterday, allowed the appeal taken by the firm of Champion & White against the judgment of the Appeal Court of British Columbia, given last spring, which dissolved at that time the injunction against the city taken out by Champion & White to prevent the city proceeding with the construction of the sea-wall. The immediate effect of the reversing of this judgment of the Appeal Court of British Columbia by the Supreme Court of Canada will be to stop work on the sea-wall, which is now almost 90 per cent. completed, and put the status of the undertaking back to where it was when the injunction against the city was first granted.

Back of this successful appeal of Champion & White is a determined effort on their part to retain control of the entire 399 feet waterfrontage of their valuable property at the north end of the Main Street bridge and the west side of Main Street.

According to this verdict by the Supreme Court of Canada, to which two of the five judges, Justices Davies and Duff, dissented, all the work done in the construction of the sea-wall since Champion & White secured an injunction against the city has been done illegally.

ROWELL'S RESIGNATION.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—Hon. N. W. Rowell has sent from Ottawa a letter to the Liberal members of the Ontario Legislature announcing his resignation as leader of the Liberal party in the province.

TWO ARBITRATORS FOR C. N. R. PURCHASE; THIRD TO BE NAMED

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—The Ottawa correspondent of The Winnipeg Free Press wires:

"The Mackenzie & Mann interests have named ex-Judge Phippen, Toronto, as their arbitrator with Chief Justice Sir William Meredith, for the Government in determining the value of the \$50,000,000 par value stock of the Canadian Northern which the Canadian Government will acquire under the legislation of the past session. These two gentlemen will appoint a third, but in the event of a disagreement, Chief Justice Cassels, of the Exchequer Court, will nominate the third arbitrator."

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The Ottawa Journal-Press says that Mackenzie & Mann will appoint F. H. Phippen, Toronto, as their member of the board of arbitration which is to fix the value of the \$50,000,000 of Canadian Northern stock. The Government representative is Chief Justice Sir William Meredith.

Sir William and ex-Judge Phippen are to appoint a third arbitrator. If they fail to agree upon a man the choice will be left with Sir Walter Cassels, Chief Justice of the Exchequer Court.

Hon. Frank Cochrane, who has resigned from the portfolio of Minister of Railways and Canals, will immediately take up his duties as chairman of the board that is to administer the Canadian Northern system.

BERLIN PAPER TRIES TO COERCE SWITZERLAND

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger has started a campaign against Gustav Ador, head of the Swiss political department, because of his remarks that as a condition for a just peace Belgium must be restored and compensated. The Lokal Anzeiger demands the retirement of Ador and suggests that the Ministers at Berne of the Central Powers sever relations with the Swiss political department until he resigns.

MICHAELIS GOES TO POINTS IN RUSSIA

German Chancellor Does Not Seem to Be Thinking of Retiring

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—No steps in the ministerial crisis and no action on the resignation of Admiral von Capelle, German Minister of Marine, are expected by the German newspapers until Kaiser Wilhelm returns to Berlin from his Balkan trip. Dr. Michaelis, the Imperial Chancellor, meanwhile has left the capital to study conditions in the occupied districts of Russia as if nothing were more remote from his mind than the thought of retirement.

The demand for the dismissal of Chancellor Michaelis was the leading theme at the opening session of the Socialist convention at Wurzburg, Bavaria, Saturday, at which Philipp Scheidemann, the majority Socialist leader in the Reichstag, was a speaker. Frederick Ebert, a Socialist member of the Reichstag, assailed those members of the party who were attempting to prolong the war. He declared also that the advocates of a so-called German peace were working in their own pecuniary interests and not for the Fatherland. Scheidemann said that the war profiteers were investing millions of marks in the German press, which accounted for the increasing number of newspapers attacking the advocates of a moderate peace.

The convention was far less imposing in size than the peace-time conventions. Foreign delegations were missing and there were barely 250 German delegates, owing to the decrease in war membership through the defection of the Independent Socialists and the absence of hundreds of thousands of Socialists at the front.

Will Disappear.

Amsterdam, Oct. 16.—In a speech at the Wurzburg conference, Herr Ebert, president of the German Socialist Party, said speedy conclusion of peace was a vital necessity for the workmen in all the countries, and that the policy of the mailed fist would disappear after the horrors of this war.

"If a ballot were taken to-day," he added, "nine-tenths of the people would approve peace by agreement."

Herr Scheidemann, referring to the Capelle incident, said that unfortunately it could not be discussed in public. "The fact is," he continued, "that if they wanted to catch all who were connected with similar incidents, they would have to take action against 300 at the same time. Every day soldiers come to us with complaints and we have opened a special bureau to investigate them. The main thing is not to talk or write about grievances but to combat them."

WORKERS' COMPLAINTS.

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—Field-Marshal von Hindenburg and General von Ludendorff have received leaders of the German trades unions, who laid before them complaints against the regulations issued by department heads of the army limiting, or in some cases paralyzing, the freedom of action of the unions. The outcome of the conference has not been announced, but The Vorwaerts, of Berlin, believes that the grievances of the unions will be investigated.

CANADIANS IN STATES ELIGIBLE FOR FORCES ORDERED TO RETURN

New York, Oct. 16.—All the New York papers carry a three-column advertisement signed by Charles J. Doherty, Canadian Minister of Justice, and addressed to all Canadian residents of the United States who come within the scope of the Canadian Military Service Act, ordering their return to Canada on or before November 10. The order, which is peremptory in tone, calls for the return of "all male British subjects, unmarried on July 6, 1917, or widowers having no children, ordinarily resident in Canada or who have resided in Canada at any time since August 4, 1914, and who at the time of the proclamation were at least 20 years old and were born not earlier than 1883, and who do not come within any of the exemptions prescribed by the Act."

JUDGMENTS GIVEN IN SUPREME COURT

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The Supreme Court of Canada pronounced judgment in the following cases yesterday:
Genll vs. B. C. Electric Railway Company, appeal from B. C., allowed with costs. Justices Davies and Duff dissenting.
Salter vs. B. C. Electric Railway Company, appeal from British Columbia, allowed with costs. Justices Davies and Duff dissenting.
Champion vs. Vancouver, appeal from British Columbia, allowed. Justices Davies and Anglin dissenting.
Union Bank vs. Ritchie Contracting & Supply Company, appeal dismissed with costs.
U. S. Fidelity & Guarantee Company vs. Deisler, appeal and cross-appeal from B. C., dismissed with costs.
Canadian Collieries Co. vs. Dixon, appeal from B. C., dismissed with costs.
Duplessis vs. Edmonton Portland Cement Co., appeal from Alberta, dismissed with costs.

LONDON NOW FACES A TAXICAB STRIKE

London, Oct. 16.—The London taxicab drivers at a meeting last night decided upon a strike next Monday owing to the refusal of the Home Secretary to sanction a 50 per cent. increase in fares.

"The Fashion Centre"
Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd.
1008-10 Government Street

An Extensive Showing of Cosy, Warm Wool Sweater Coats

At \$6.75, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.75
\$10.75, \$12.75 and Up to \$16.75



We are showing a most remarkable range of Women's and Misses' Warm Wool Sweater Coats in a large and attractive range of styles and weaves, at prices that will prove most interesting. Included are Coats of brushed wool, Shetland wool and cashmere knit St. Margaret Coats. All are new and excellent value at \$6.75 to \$16.75.

West Electric Hair Curlers Card of Five for 30c

Make a soft, beautiful wave in a few moments, without application of heat. Will not cut, break or injure the hair; nothing to get out of order. No matter what style of hair dressing you prefer, these curlers will make your hair more beautiful and give you a more stylish coiffure.

Wool Knitted Caps at \$1.00 \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75

Wool Knitted Caps in various styles, in colors white, green, rose, saxe, grey, gold, that are good value at \$1.00, \$1.25 \$1.50 and \$1.75

Jaeger Wool Tams at \$1.50

Colors of white, rose, saxe.

A Large Assortment of New Stamped Nightgowns Ready to Embroider at 90c to \$1.75

Stamped Gowns, with round or V-shaped neck, at 90c and \$1.25
Stamped Gowns, round neck, Empire style, at \$1.50
Stamped Gowns, Empire style, with V-neck for crochet edge, at \$1.75
Stamped Gowns, with directions for crochet yoke, at \$1.75
Peri-Lusta Crochet Cotton, in white and colors. All sizes in stock.

Shot Silk Petticoats, Special \$4.50

A special group of Shot Silk Petticoats, of various two-tone colorings, with black hairline stripe, and deep flounce. Special value at \$4.50

Wrapperette Dressing Sacques A new lot of Fancy Floral Wrapperette Dressing Sacques, in light and dark patterns, shown for the first time to-day. At \$1.00 to \$1.50	Wrapperette Dressing Gowns Wrapperette Dressing Gowns of fancy floral designs in both Empire and plain styles, light and dark colors. At \$1.25 to \$1.75
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AMERICAN BANKS. Washington, Oct. 15.—President Wilson last night sounded a call for the mobilization of all the nation's gold reserve under the supervision of the Federal Reserve Board. In a statement through the Board the President called upon all eligible non-member state banks and trust companies to join the Federal Reserve system without further delay, that they may contribute their share "to the consolidated gold reserves of the country and aid more effectively in the vigorous prosecution and successful termination of the war."	VILLISTAS HANGED. Juarez, Oct. 15.—Passengers arriving here from the south report seeing the bodies of twenty Mexicans hanging to telegraph poles along the Mexican Central Railway. Mexican officials say the bodies are those of Villa followers who a few days ago attacked a military train, mistaking it for a passenger train.
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CANADIAN REPATRIATED. Toronto, Oct. 16.—An order of repatriation from Switzerland has been issued on behalf of Major A. E. Kirkpatrick, Toronto, who was taken prisoner at the battle of St. Julien, April 24, 1915.	MEETINGS ON PRAIRIES. Regina, Oct. 16.—Two meetings in the interests of union government will be held next week, one in Winnipeg and one in Regina, at which it is expected Hon. Arthur Meighen and Hon. J. A. Calder will be present. Telegrams were received by the presidents of the Conservative and Liberal Associations here asking them to get together and make arrangements.
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NO PATCHED-UP PEACE. London, Oct. 16.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., speaking to the workers of Loughborough, said they did not want a patched-up peace which would only bring on another war ten years hence.	CROP ON PRAIRIES. Toronto, Oct. 16.—Chairman Smithers, of the Grand Trunk, who has reached this city on his return from a tour of the West, says the Western crop will easily be 210,000,000 bushels. The crop experts estimate it at 175,000,000 bushels.
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\$50.00 REWARD!

For the best title to this advertisement we offer \$50.00

CONDITIONS:—

- Your answer must contain not more than 5 words but may be less than 5 words.
- Mail your answer on a plain sheet of paper with your name and address at the bottom of the page to the Advertising Department, Cowan Company, Limited, Sterling Rd., Toronto, Ont.
- Your answer must be in before November 1st.
- The winning title will be published in the newspapers throughout the Dominion, with the successful competitor's name and address, during the first two weeks in November.
- The successful competitor will have a cheque for \$50.00 mailed to him or her on November 5th, 1917.
- The Cowan Company, Ltd. reserves the right to be the sole judge in this contest, and their decision will be final.

COWAN'S COCOA

Look for this advertisement and look for this brand.

"Perfection Brand" Purest and Best



The Daily Times

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Announcement

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS

Notices of ratepayers, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion: As reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word, per insertion.

LET US HAVE IT ALL

Compulsory military service is only one aspect of national war organization. It is only one cog in a machine. It deals with what Sir William Robertson estimated to be only twenty-five per cent. of the force of a nation at war. The other seventy-five per cent. remains to be mobilized and this must be on the compulsory basis. A nation at war cannot operate on compulsion for field service only. It cannot take men by force and put them on the battlefield and leave everything else on a voluntary basis. If it nationalizes its man-power it must nationalize its material resources; it must nationalize its food services; its munition services and the several funds now being maintained by voluntary effort.

The Government Cost-of-Living Commissioner reports that in many items the cost-storage establishments of Canada carry larger stocks this fall than they did last year. Now is the time for the Union Government to protect the public against food profiteering during the winter by taking over those concerns. This affects a very important part of the seventy-five per cent. of a nation's war organization and there should be no hesitation in carrying it out. Indeed, it concerns the most important aspect of a nation at war, not even excluding the army and navy.

The Government also should ensure an adequate supply of fuel for the people. Prices are being fixed by the Fuel Controller, but whether this will solve the fuel supply problem time will tell. If it will not do so, the Government must take over the coal mines of the country and operate them. And it should nationalize its munition industry. Incredible though it sounds, it is a fact that here is not a national munition plant in operation in the Dominion to-day. Even Serbia had several such plants, and, if we are not mistaken, Montenegro had one also. Canada's magnificent machine shops were handed over to private firms because, forsooth, it "would never do" for the country to go into competition with private capital!

And, most assuredly, now that the state is making military service compulsory, it must make the surrender of all excess war profits compulsory. Sir Joseph Flavelle's company last year made about ninety per cent. on the capital invested. The state should take every cent above and beyond a fair peace profit from every firm which has been enhancing its wealth out of the agony of its country and its country's allies, and use the proceeds in making adequate provision for soldiers' dependents, increasing the pensions scale and lowering the burden of taxation and cost on the country generally.

These are a few essential features of national organization for war. They imply compulsion all along the line and in some instances to an extreme measure, but they constitute the necessary and inevitable complement of compulsory military service. All Canada should be in the war—Canada as home as well as Canada in the trenches.

THE MYSTERY THEATRE.

A semi-official source at Washington sheds some light upon what the censorship has made the mystery theatre of the war—the military situation in Macedonia. He says that in two months the Allies will have an army of 1,250,000 composed of the 650,000 troops already there and 600,000 Greeks now rapidly being organized by the Venizelos Government. He predicts that the campaign that will be conducted by this great army will have two aspects—an advance into Serbia and an invasion of Bulgaria and Turkey.

How far this revelation is correct remains to be seen. While undoubtedly the chief cause of the comparative inactivity of the Allies in Macedonia has been the uncertain situation in Greece, there have been other formidable obstacles. One of these concerned tonnage. The requirements of an army of half a million men or over are enormous and call for a large amount of shipping, for which, however, in the present situation there is an even more urgent call from the Atlantic. Salonica is a long way from the United States, Great Britain and even France, while Italy, with a vast campaign on her hands, has been scarcely in a position to send military material to Greece. Other difficulties are the physical characteristics of the country. The chief avenues of invasion into Serbia and Bulgaria are the valleys of the Vardar and Struma, which are difficult to penetrate, and operations there would require a great amount of artillery pressure. Nevertheless, notwithstanding the activities of German submarines, Sarrail must have collected a vast amount of war material in Macedonia or at some base convenient to it. The fire at Salonica suggests an attempt by Hun agents to destroy the Entente supplies.

One part of the programme as outlined from Washington is a certainty, and that is a Greek campaign against Bulgaria and Turkey. The Venizelos Government intends that Greece shall atone for the treachery of Constantine and strike with all her power in pursuance of the treaty with Serbia which that German puppet tore into shreds. The Premier's first step on taking the reins of office was to proclaim into existence the Parliament of 1915 which Constantine dissolved. His next was to announce that the treaty with Serbia was in force. His third was to take immediate steps for the organization of the Greek army on a striking basis. Whether there will be 600,000 men in the army is questionable. That is a very large number for a country of Greece's resources. It is greater than Bulgaria or Serbia was able to mobilize. But in any case it will be a strong force and thoroughly equipped.

But events elsewhere may make a spring campaign in the Near East unnecessary. If Cadorna were able to deliver the complete victory for which he is apparently about to strike the connection between Germany and Turkey soon would be severed, for the destruction of the enemy's armies in the Julian Alps would either knock Austria out of the war or pave the way for a campaign in the interior of the Dual Monarchy which would have that result. In such a case Bulgaria and Turkey would be isolated and neither would wait for a knock-out.

ITS NEW "SYNDICATE."

The Cologne-Gazette, which is par excellence the organ of the war party in Germany, has been indulging in another pipe dream. Its latest rhapsody is a proposed alliance between Germany, Russia and Japan, a "syndicate" for the division of the earth. This is how The-Gazette "dopes" (the slang is quite appropriate) a new outlook for Deutschland Ueber Alles:

"If the Russian chooses the Englishman as his friend the world power of Germany is relegated to a misty distance. It is indeed doubtful whether, in that event, our object can ever be achieved. Moreover, in addition to this loss, we shall have for a long time to come to reckon with continental struggles which will cost blood, money and strength, and the result of which—with Germany standing at the side of Austria-Hungary against Russia, France and England—cannot be calculated."

If there is a way to effect from without, in favor of the rising world powers, the comparatively rapid dissolution of the British Empire, it is only by means of a German-Russian-Japanese world coalition. Of course, such a coalition is at bottom another syndicate for the division of the world. "The utmost German devotion to peace would not dispose of the aggressive imperialism of the others, but would merely permit Germany's development to decay. We have the choice between being full partners in the future syndicate for division of the world or being despised outsiders."

"If we succeed, by means of Russian and Japanese advances, with German and German-Turkish protection of their flanks, in destroying the English positions in the Middle and Far East, the ultimate reconciliation of Russian and North American Imperialism will be facilitated, because North America will then be unable to co-operate with Great Britain in the Pacific Ocean. "Perhaps in the later future—to mention only one of the numerous possibilities—the North American-Far Eastern line of separation will run straight across the Australian continent, which, as is widely known, is eagerly coveted by the Japanese. "If we are able to overthrow the British, and thus to render Russia and Japan decisive service in Asia against England, we ought to be able to obtain permanent recognition of our Turkish and Near Eastern policy and to make the Western edge of the Persian mountains the frontier between the quadruple alliance's sphere of interest and Russia's sphere of interest. Obviously either the man who wrote that is crazy or he believes his readers are crazy. A competent alienist probably would say that both are crazy. But crazy or sane, he presents Germany with a sombre outlook, for he says that unless she can become one of the "syndicate" she will be undone, and as there will be no such combination Germany may consider herself doomed. Obviously The Cologne-Gazette has no confidence in the present "syndicate" of Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey.

THE NEXT LOAN. The campaign for the fourth Canadian domestic loan, soon to be launched, will be conducted mainly through The Canadian Press, Ltd., whose co-operation was sought by the Government when plans for the issue were begun. As The Canadian Press, Ltd., is an association composed of practically all the daily newspapers of Canada, it is in a position to place the advantages of the loan and its importance as a patriotic measure before the Canadian people as no other agency can.

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The action of the Government in enlisting the assistance of the Canadian Press and the growing reliance that is being placed upon the columns of the newspapers of Canada in the promotion of other measures, indicate its appreciation of the essential part that is being played by these agencies of publicity in the nation's efforts in the war. Were it not for the press nine-tenths of the people of Canada would be unaware to-day that the Military Service Act, 1917, was proclaimed into operation last Saturday; in fact, were it not for the newspapers the country would be scarcely a factor in the war in any case.

The domestic loan about to be issued will be the most important flotation Canada will have made since she became a confederated Dominion. Upon the measure of its success will depend many things, not the least of which will be the quantity of munition contracts and other war orders that will come to this country from the United Kingdom and France. Unless Canada can give those two powers the credits they require their orders necessarily must be placed elsewhere, which means that they will go to the United States, which is almost daily furnishing the advances the Allies need. Even now a number of Canadian factories are closing down because the orders are going to the United States. If this process continues the economic effect on Canada will be serious. The President of the Vancouver branch of the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association, who has just returned from Ottawa, says that it is unlikely the British authorities will give orders for more ships in this Province unless Canada can help to finance them as she has been helping to finance British and French munition contracts. This is a cogent reason why British Columbia particularly should strongly support the forthcoming loan.

Those whom Evangelist Oliver regards as candidates for the Hell so picturesquely described by him on Sunday may take consolation from reading a description of the places of torment the "Holy Men" of Islam and High Priests of Buddhism have reserved for the accommodation of Dr. Oliver along with others whom they classify as unbelievers. When it comes to "scarefying" things the vivid Oriental imagination has the Western fancy with its "commonplace" pyrotechnics faded almost to impotence. That, perhaps, is one of the reasons why both Islam and Buddhism have made such strides among the uncivilized and unenlightened peoples of the earth—outpacing all the other sects combined. And they will keep gaining as long as their rivals continue to mix paganism with Christianity. Why not have the stocks, pillory, the stake and the other accompaniments of the old-time general acceptance of the Dantean theory of Inferno?

A correspondent misinterprets our comment on The Los Angeles Times squib on British Columbia in yesterday's issue. The reference to the colors under which our southern contemporary operated was to the symbol of its peculiar journalistic order, at the time when its columns were flooded with sensational pro-Germanism and

with advocacy of a policy of surrender to Germany, which the nation proudly refused to adopt.

The Government finds it necessary to use newspaper advertising space to promote its great war measures. In this it is following the excellent example of our merchants. This goes to show that the public generally is usually several laps ahead of the Government.

THE OYSTER. The British oyster has always been held in high esteem abroad as well as at home. Juvenal, in the Rome of A.D. 60, paid him poetic panegyric. Dr. Baster, quoted by Dr. Johnson, recommends the oyster as a digestive and a tonic. "To the valetudinary afflicted with a weak stomach, oppressed with phlegm or the like, twelve raw oysters in the morning or an hour before dinner, are more healing than any drug or medicine that the apothecary can compound."

Press Comments

HOW GERMANS LOVE IRELAND. (Westminster Gazette.) Two more cases are reported in which not only have ships been sunk but their boats remorselessly shelled and drowning men left to their fate, the victim in either case being an Irish schooner. In the first the Jane Williamson, of County Wicklow, fell in with a U boat off the Cornish coast at 4 o'clock in the afternoon recently. The submarine shelled the schooner and sank her. Meantime the crew had taken to their boat, but the submarine, after sinking the schooner, shelled the open boat. At 3 o'clock next morning the boat was picked up by a British trawler. The master, mate and one seaman had been badly wounded; the other three members of the crew lay dead at the bottom of the boat. Later on Tuesday the schooner William, of Dublin, was attacked by a U boat. After she had been sunk by gunfire, her crew were fired on with shrapnel, one man being wounded. In face of such murderous outrages as these, we can hardly be surprised at the bitter feeling against German seamen which is felt, not only by Allied seamen, but by the great bulk of those who get their living by going down to the sea in ships.

NO MORE HUN DIPLOMACY.

(Westminster Gazette.) We see from the recent revelations of Kaiserdom how deep are its roots and how subtle and poisonous is the atmosphere in which it spreads. Things which we had thought of as abstract and incredible become suddenly real and vivid as we read these passages from past history. We find the whole modern world to have been involved in the falsity, treachery, and secrecy of a few individuals who arrogantly disposed of great nations as if they were pawns in their game of grab. To get rid of this and to be able to live in a world which is worthy of rational and intelligent beings must from henceforth be the dominant purpose of this war, and for that purpose, if it is clearly presented to them, the working classes of all the Allied countries will be prepared for the uttermost sacrifice and effort.

SOLDIER-PRIESTS. (The Literary Digest.) In France more than 25,000 priests and church students are fighting in the trenches, when they are not ministering to their dying companions-in-arms. They are serving as common soldiers with knapsack and rifle, and their presence heartens the poltroons when they go over the top. "They are not chaplains," says Sterling Hellig, in The New Orleans Times-Picayune. "They are simple soldiers by universal military-service law, without choice, in the name of equality. They look like soldiers, they are soldiers, but a form crawls among the wounded on the battlefield at dusk and murmurs: 'I am a priest. Receive absolute absolution. Be at peace.'"

The writer believes that much of the heroic courage that has been displayed by the French soldier may be traced to the fact that fighting side by side with them are these men of the church.

THE OYSTER. The British oyster has always been held in high esteem abroad as well as at home. Juvenal, in the Rome of A.D. 60, paid him poetic panegyric. Dr. Baster, quoted by Dr. Johnson, recommends the oyster as a digestive and a tonic. "To the valetudinary afflicted with a weak stomach, oppressed with phlegm or the like, twelve raw oysters in the morning or an hour before dinner, are more healing than any drug or medicine that the apothecary can compound."

WHEN THE B. A. S. WAS HERE. (London Daily Chronicle.) It seemed strange to read in this exciting week a long cable from the East of a battle, not between armies, but between a hunter and a rogue elephant. But the wires do occasionally carry the unexpected. When the British Association met in the Dominion of Canada, the president of the Natural History section, expecting important news from his family, opened a cable and read, "The Duck-billed Platypus is oviparous!" It was a message, not from home, but from Australia, whither an investigator had been dispatched to study the habits of the hairy mammal which lays eggs.

ONE THING CERTAIN. (Portsmouth Review.) One thing seems certain: the upshot of this struggle will decide whether or no Germany shall hold sway over the white races. And there will be no "next time." For if the Teutons realize their central Europe, a federal state will be created with a population of 170-180 millions and an army of fifteen million men. To hinder that, the only means at present conceivable is the dismemberment of the Central Empire, and so far as one can now judge, this would prolong the war for years, necessitate the re-establishment of harmony between the Government and Labor, and a radical change in the conduct of the struggle. To my thinking there is no third solution. "Moral guarantees" are not obtainable between this and the close of the campaign, and would be worthless if they were. Unless, then, the Allies are able and willing to carry on the war to this consummation, the sacrifices already made will have been offered up in vain.

The Laugh Line

THEN THINGS HAPPENED.

"Though she was old she wasn't by any means incapable of supporting herself; and at the fresh, youthful age of 79 she went into the business of providing tax for perspiring cyclists, and storing the cycles for those travelers who decided that they had better return by train. Her first customers were four young men who left their cycles in her charge while they explored the neighborhood. For each cycle she gave them a ticket with a number upon it. "The old lady led the tourists returned. "You'll know which is which," she told them, "because I've fastened duplicate tickets on them." They gratefully thanked her; and when they found their cycles they discovered that the tickets were neatly pinned into each back tire.

DISCOVERY IN SCIENCE.

"Your son, I think, made some experiments while at college?" "Yes, he discovered what he calls his scientific paradox."

"Indeed! What is the nature of it?" "He succeeded in demonstrating that debts are expanded by contracting them."

WHERE IT WAS. "Well, Mary," said the minister kindly, "you didn't come to our little gathering last night after all. How was that?" "Please, sir, I had a little gathering of my own that prevented me."

"If you please, sir, it was on the back of me neck, sir."

AS INSTRUCTED. A shoemaker in a Midland city, getting on well in the way of business, became proud. One day there were a lot of customers in the shop when the shop boy came in to say that the mistress bid him say dinner was ready.

"What's for dinner?" asked the shoemaker. "Herrings," answered the boy.

"Right," said the shoemaker, and when he went in to dinner he reprimanded the boy for not mentioning something decent and big, telling the boy in future always to mention a good feed when there were any people in the shop.

A few days after the boy came to say that dinner was ready. "What's for dinner?" asked the shoemaker. "Fish, sir," answered the boy.

"What sort of fish?" "A whale, sir," replied the boy.

Referring recently to the flightiness of some girls, due possibly to the unsettled times through which we are passing just now, the Rev. E. J. Hardy, senior chaplain to the forces, told a good story of a very prim and proper suburban father and his daughter, a typical "Flirting Flo."

"Look here, my dear," said her dad. "I'm going to take you in hand. I'll get hold of a staid, sensible, middle-aged man for you as a husband—a man of about fifty, let us say."

"Well, daddy, if it's all the same to you," replied the impudent miss, "I'd much prefer two—twenty-five years old each."

LIEDER. He is the sorriest of kings, Whose fame must fast diminish, Who spends his time in starting things His subjects cannot finish.

THE WATER CURE. Doctor—Your throat is in a very bad state. Have you ever tried gargling with salt water? Skipper—Yes, I've been torpedooed six times.—Punch.

COCKNEY LANGUAGE LESSON. Emma—An' wot der they eye, Bert, for 'er live? Bert—Vivve. Emma—An' wot's 'er die? Bert—Anjoordvree.—Sketch.

LOVE POEM. Now autumn's here, Each long, chill night, We yearn for thee, Oh, Ann Tharcite.

HER EXCUSE. Dora—I'm surprised that you'd let a man kiss you on such short acquaintance. Betty—With, he said it was my own fault that I hadn't met him sooner.—Boston Transcript.

THE DIFFERENCE. "What does your daddy do?" "He runs a street car." "Mine does, too, but he don't always catch it."—Florida Times-Union.

THE NEAR-MILITANT. "Has Harold enlisted?" "No, but he carries a swagger stick."—Baltimore American.

QUICK WORK. "I've heard a great deal about the law's delay," said the confirmed motorist. "The best way, everybody is qualified to speak on that subject."

"Well, I'm not. Time and again I've been arrested, tried and fined for speeding, all in less than an hour."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

PICKED A GOOD TIME. Smithers got a job in a coal yard running empty freight cars down a hill. The boss warned him to keep the brake on and be careful or there would be a smash. Smithers said he would look out for a second. Smithers did his best. Then one of the cars came down the hill like the wind, crashed through the wooden bunker and landed on their sides in the creek. The boss yelled and waving his arms, ran full tilt from the office, but Smithers forestalled him quietly.

"You needn't come cussin' and swearin' at me," he said. "I've quit."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

BIDDY'S PHILOSOPHY. A back Bay woman had been notified by her cook that she would "be layin'" when her week was up. A little later, however, the cook changed her mind. "I can't understand you, Bridget," said her mistress. "Here I've trotted all over town trying to find a new cook, and now you tell me this. How did you happen to arrive at this new conclusion?"

"Well, mum," replied Bridget, "I see when you were out, Biddy, I see, 'e'd better wur-uk for the divil ye know than for the divil ye don't know." So it's stayin' I'll be, mum."

Nobody ever thinks it worth while to save a dime out of his last dollar.

SHAUGHNESSY ISSUES A CALL TO QUEBEC TO AID ARMY OF CANADA

(Continued from page 1.)

Further Support. "They call to us for further support of men to fill the gaps in their depleted ranks, and failure to respond to that call would not only be a lasting disgrace to Canada, but might be a matter of no small moment in determining the outcome of the struggle. "Although we are remote from the scene of conflict, and therefore out of direct touch with its horrors, it is absurd to assume that our interest in the outcome is different in any degree from that of any of the people of the Central Powers were to succeed in defeating Britain and her Allies, our freedom would be gone. We would be under the thumb of a relentless foe and we would be reduced to a species of vassalage. All our independence, all our hopes and aspirations and those of our children for generations to come, are bound up indissolubly in the defeat of our enemies. All Energies. "To the accomplishment of this purpose let us continue to bend all our energies. Notwithstanding the apparent margin provided the number of men sent overseas, our military authorities, having the most accurate information, declare that further reinforcements are essential and they cannot be secured by voluntary enlistment. In the circumstances conscription, however pronounced may be our antipathy to legislation of that description, should be accepted, not as an invasion of the personal liberty of the subject, but a measure designed to preserve it. We must continue to equip, arm and to support our own troops and to give such material assistance to the Allies as is possible by most strenuous effort. Indeed, if it be necessary, the scope of the conscription measure should be enlarged so as to compel service in all branches of industry furnishing war materials and supplies. Should Be Suppressed. "Frothy jingoism and incendiary speeches, emanating as a rule from those whose only contribution to the war is in the form of language and which may tend to encourage domestic strife, should be suppressed and every utterance that savors of disloyalty should bring prompt punishment to the offender. "Conscription is now the law of the land and no matter what his views about the policy of the Government or motives and methods alleged to have attended our recruiting and other war activities during the first three years of the war, it is now the sacred duty of every good Canadian loyally and willingly to assist the authorities in putting the selective conscription law into effect with smoothness and impartiality, reserving his criticism of policy and practice until the war is over. Different Conceptions. "The man with a substantial income feels the effect of an income tax, while one with little or no income, having nothing to pay, can accept it with equanimity, and for somewhat similar reasons the man with one or more sons is apt to have a conception of conscription quite different from that of the man who has neither son nor grandson to contribute. "The latter class should be moderate and consider well their public utterances on the subject. Those who, like myself, have seen all their relatives of military age go overseas and who have experienced the sadness of losing them and separation, can not help feeling compassion for parents whose affection for their sons makes them exaggerate the terrors of military service. If, being fit for service and having none of the recognized grounds on which to demand immunity, they are unwilling to take any posts that may be assigned to them in their hour of danger, they are neglecting their duty as citizens and selfishly evading their share of the burden that the country has to bear."

THERE HAVE. To the Editor.—I have read quite a lot of Walter Foster's letters in The Times and they had such an impression on me that I had almost forgotten everything he had written. The one thing that I remember was where he tried to illustrate a point by explaining that a certain Biblical hero slew a giant with a stone. Now I have another illustration that it would be as well for Walter to remember, and it is this: A certain Biblical hero slew thousands of people with the jaw-bone of an ass, and I understand there have been thousands of people slain with the same weapon ever since.

TOM DOOLEY.

SAANICH SCHOOL-GARDEN WORK. To the Editor.—In a recent issue of your paper appeared a letter from Councilor C. B. Jones in which he indignantly questions the right of a civil servant to criticize the action of Saanich Council regarding grant to school-garden work. It may not be polite for a Government servant publicly to criticize, but it is less so for a steward of municipal finance to attempt to deny any ratepayer his prerogative to discuss municipal matters publicly or privately regardless of official capacity of such critic. Mr. Jones endeavors also to take credit for economic aspirations of the Council. I consider it would be beneficial to the pocket of ratepayers if they discussed municipal affairs more freely through the medium of the press, instead of passively accepting the meagre report which it suits the Council to publish. The claim of Mr. Jones to economy on the part of the Council is more absurd than amusing, as I know from personal knowledge, not newspaper reports, that economy is a most elastic term in Saanich, inconsistently embracing both unjustifiable expenditure and concentrated meanness—of which no ratepayer need be proud.

Moderation. Victoria, B. C., Oct. 15, 1917.

THE GUNS-IN-SUSSEX. Light green of grass and richer green of bush Slope upwards to the darkest green of fir; How still! How deathly still! And yet the hush Shivers and trembles with some subtle stir, Some far-off throbbing, like a muffled drum. Beaten in broken rhythm overseas, To play the last funeral march of some Who die to-day that Europe may be free.

The deep-blue heaven, curving from the green, Spans with its shimmering arch the flowery zone; In all God's earth there is no gentler scene. And yet I hear that awesome monotone, Above the circling midge's piping shrill, And the long droning of the question 'What's the best?' Above all sultry summer sounds, it still Murmurs its ceaseless menace to me, And as I listen all the garden fair Parks to plains of misery and death, And looking past the roses I see there Those northward furrows, with the rising breath Of all things foul and black. My heart is not Within me as I view it, and I cry, 'Better the misery of these men's lot Than all the peace that comes to such as I!'

And strange that in the pauses of the sound I hear the children's laughter as they roam, And then their mother calls, and all around Rise up the gentle murmurs of a home, But still I gaze afar, and at the sight My whole soul softens to its heart-felt prayer, 'Spirit of Justice, Thou for whom they fight, Ah, turn in mercy, to our lads out there!'

"The forward peoples have deserved Thy wrath, And on them is the Judgment as of old, But if they wandered from the hallowed path, Yet is their retribution manifold, Behold all Europe writhing on the rack, The sins of fathers grinding down the neck. How long, O Lord!" He sends no answer back. But still I hear the mutter of the guns. —Arthur Conan Doyle, in The Times.

A VERSATILE CRIPPLE. An extraordinary case is that of Jean Ledrans, a French mechanic, now a country farmer. He has lost both hands in the war. Ledrans was mobilized at the outbreak of war in the artillery. He took part in numerous hot engagements, was once wounded, and received the Military Cross and Legion of Honor for gallantry, chiefly at the capture of a German stronghold after he was promoted second lieutenant. Being known as an expert grenadier, he was chosen to train recruits in bombing. While giving instruction a grenade he held burst, killed six men, and wounded Ledrans in five places. He lost his right eye, and both his hands were blown off. Immediately after his recovery, the peasant girl to whom he had been engaged married him, and he settled on his father-in-law's farm. This brave son of France, who lost his hands a little over a year ago, is now able to write perfectly well, to drive a horse and cart, drive a plough, hoe and dig the fields, and harness and unharness a horse. All the appliances which he uses on his stumpy of his forearms have been devised by himself.—Tit-Bits.

Many a convincing political speaker can't get a hearing at home.

COST OF COAL IN WASHINGTON STATE. Seattle, Oct. 16.—By an order issued by David Whitcomb, State Fuel Administrator, a maximum was established on the average cost of coal in the dealers' yards to-day, plus a margin based on the retail margin for the year 1915 and the retail margin for July, 1917. No dealer will be allowed a retail margin greater than that of July of this year. The order was issued by Whitcomb a few hours after his arrival home from Washington, D. C., where he went two weeks ago to confer with Dr. H. A. Garfield, National Fuel Administrator.

RECRUITING IN STATES. Boston, Oct. 16.—Captain Kenneth D. Marlett has been placed in command of the British and Canadian recruiting work in New England. Captain Marlett, who has been touring this section in the interests of recruiting for several months, participated in the fighting at Messines, Ypres and on the Somme. Under the American Army's squadrons will hold meetings in all New England cities.

WIN-WAR CANDIDATE. Clinton, Ont., Oct. 16.—J. J. Mcarner, of Zurich, who has represented this riding since 1911 as a Conservative, was unanimously nominated yesterday as a Win-the-War candidate in South Huron at an open convention held under the auspices of the Conservative Association. A resolution was adopted pledging support to the Union Government.

IOWA GOES "DRY." Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 16.—Returns today from more than two-thirds of the precincts of this state on the voting on prohibition held yesterday indicate that the amendment forbidding the sale of liquor was adopted by a majority of about 10,000.

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Women's Smart Coats in New Brown and Green Plaids, To-morrow \$17.50

MRS. MARGARET JOSEPHINE BLAIR



Professor and Director of the Department of Domestic Art in the University of Minnesota.

Lectures in the Spencer Tea Room Again To-morrow Afternoon at 3 o'Clock

Her subject will be

DRESS

Those women who heard Mrs. Blair speak to-day on the subject of "Health" will need no second invitation to come and hear this lecture on "Dress" to-morrow. There are also many women in Victoria who heard Prof. Blair when she was here on a former visit to this store, and they will welcome the opportunity to hear her again.

This lecture is a most instructive one, and many valuable hints on correct color, correct corseting and proportionate lines according to the natural build of the body will be given.

The lecture is free. There is nothing to sell or exploit. Mrs. Blair is brought to this store as part of the service it renders to the Victoria public, and we invite all ladies to attend.

—Tea Room, Second Floor

These are good serviceable Coats, tailored from nice quality materials in new brown and green plaids. The styles feature deep collars, belts and wide hip pockets, making most attractive models, such as most women will appreciate. Early choosing will prove that. Practically all sizes can be had.

See these interesting models to-day.

—Selling, First Floor

New Plaid Golf Skirts

Skirts specially designed and tailored for sports wear. Made from beautiful quality wool-fabrics, in plaids, stripes and checks of various shades. Styles, qualities and values that will interest you. Come in and see them.

Prices Range \$10 to \$17.50

—Selling, First Floor

A Large Shipment of Women's Novelty Sweaters Guaranteed by the Makers to Be 100 Per Cent. Pure

That is the strongest statement we can make apart from style. They are made by British white labor, in clean, healthy factories, from a beautiful grade of wool, one hundred per cent. pure. The styles, too, are new and most attractive, featuring plain weaves with large convertible collars; pocket and cuffs of brush-finished wool. In shades of apricot and mustard, with sky blue trimmings; Novelty crossover belt. Another style is in a close, plain weave, with Novelty striped trimmings on collar, cuffs and sash. The shades are plain saxe, dark and light green, rose and canary. The same shades also with white stripe. Warm, comfortable garments. **\$10.50**

Caps to match **\$1.25**

—Selling First Floor

Winter Weight Flesh Color Coutil Corset

\$2.50

A new D. & A. model, specially designed for this season, and made from a heavy winter weight coutil, in flesh color. Fitted with strong front steel, double boned throughout, low bust and long hips. Neatly trimmed with embroidery. All sizes. Specially good value at **\$2.50**

—Selling, First Floor

New and Dainty Lingerie Waists to Sell at

\$1.75

A shipment of about one dozen different styles; all new and most attractive. Very neat designs in embroidered front voiles, with square collars. Some hemstitched and trimmed with fine laces. Splendid value at **\$1.75**

—Selling, First Floor



Leckie Boots Made Specially for the Spencer Store

These Boots were made specially for the Spencer Stores, by J. Leckie & Co., of Vancouver. They are good, serviceable Boots, thoroughly reliable, and we believe will add to the Spencer reputation for good values. The Boots also do great credit to the firm responsible for their manufacture. We recommend our customers to investigate the quality and values when interested in a new pair of Boots.

Men's All Box Calf Blucher Boots, with selected heavy upper stock. Double oak soles. Men's sizes, a pair **\$6.50**
Boys' Box Calf Blucher Boots—
Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair.....**\$4.25**
Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair.....**\$3.85**
Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair.....**\$3.25**

Boys' Oil Chrome Blucher Boots—
With extra clump sole; studded with nails. This is really a wonderful Boot for wear, for boys who are out in all weathers. Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair.....**\$4.35**
Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair.....**\$3.85**
—Boots, Main Floor

Newest Models in Boys' Overcoats



Smart loose-fitting Raglan sleeve, with belt and two-way collars; also models with pinch-backs and belt. Good serviceable materials, including diagonals, fancy mixtures and English coatings. Warm, cosy coats, to suit every class of boy or youth. Prices range **\$6.95 to \$15.00**

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor

Inexpensive Brassieres

Brassieres of good heavy cotton, yoke of eyelet embroidery back and front; sizes 34 to 44, **\$1.00**
Brassieres of strong cotton, trimmed with eyelet embroidery and linen lace; sizes 34 to 44, at **75¢**
Brassieres of heavy cotton, yoke of embroidery, neck and arm holes edged with narrow lace; sizes 34 to 44, **85¢**
Brassieres of strong white cotton, trimmed with embroidery and lace; all sizes 34 to 44. Special **50¢**
Brassieres of white cotton, front fastening, trimmed with insertion and edging; sizes 34 to 44. Very special at **65¢**

—Whitewear, First Floor

Pillow Slips, Towels and Flannelette Sheets Suitable for the Sailors' Club Linen Shower Thursday

This Linen Shower will be held at the Royal Naval Institute, Admirals' Road, Esquimalt, when gifts of Pillow Slips, Towels and Flannelette Blankets will be specially welcomed. This store's special service is at your disposal. Buy your goods and leave us your card and we will forward the goods for you at the correct time.

You will notice the following articles are exceptionally good values, and prices within the reach of all.

Plain and Hemstitched Pillow Cases in sizes 40 to 46, in a fine quality cotton and neatly hemmed, and a quality that will give good service. Our price, each, **35¢**, or half dozen for **\$2.00**
Honeycomb Towels with the fringed ends and the type of towel that gives good service yet inexpensive. Priced according to size at a dozen, **\$1.10, \$2.00** and **\$3.00**
Turkish Towels, in many fine weaves and in various sizes in both English and Canadian makes. Splendid drying towels and will give good service at each, **20¢, 35¢** and **50¢**
Huckaback Towels—Just the kind that makes good bedroom towels, evenly woven and a nice-bedroom size. Special at, each, **25¢** and **30¢**
Flannelette Sheets, in both grey and white, and for medium sized beds; made extra long. Our No. 1 quality priced at, the pair **\$2.25**

—Staples, Main Floor

45c Matting Wednesday 32c Yd

About 500 yards selected for a one-day sale only. A nice serviceable quality, in shades of blue, green, red and gold. This offer will enable you to cover your floors at small cost. In fact, it's the lowest-priced floor covering on the market. Yard, **32¢**

—Carpets, Third Floor

18 Dozen Silk Floss Filled Cushions, 18 Inches Square, Wednesday Special at 75c

—Drapery, Third Floor

A Splendid Range of Shades and Values in

Sweater Coats for Girls

These are garments that most school girls need, and we are experiencing a big demand for them—for several reasons. They are warm and serviceable, attractive and low in cost.

We would suggest that you bring your girls along and choose early, while assortments of colors and sizes are at their best. A neat coat style with turn-down collar, in a nice even weave. The shades are rose, Paddy, olive, emerald, cardinal, Copenhagen, brown and white.

Sizes 6 to 10 years, each, **\$2.75** and **\$2.90**
Sizes 8 to 10 years, each, **\$3.90** and **\$4.50**
Coat style, with belt and pockets, in shades rose, dark saxe, cardinal and white. Sizes 2 to 4 years. Each, **\$3.00** and **\$4.50**
Cap and Scarf to match, extra, at each, **\$1.00**

—Selling, First Floor

Your Children Need Warm Underwear Like the Following Makes

Penman's Vests and Drawers for Children—Sizes 9 to 12 years. A nice natural wool grade; warm and comfortable. Prices, according to size, at a garment, 85c to **\$1.40**
Watson's All-Wool Combinations, in natural and white. High neck, long sleeves and ankle length. Button across back style. Prices range 25c to **\$3.75**
Zenith Combinations, high neck, long sleeves and ankle length. Sizes 3 to 9 years. Priced, a suit, 1.25 to **\$1.95**
Zenith Vests and Drawers, high neck and long sleeves. Drawers to button at side and ankle length. Sizes 3 to 9 years. A garment, 65c to **\$1.25**
Watson's All-Wool Vests for Infants, buttoning right down front. Sizes 3 months to 4 years. Each, 75c to **\$1.25**
Watson's All-Wool Ruben Vests, with double fronts. Each, 85c to **\$1.25**
Nazareth Waists, in heavy fleec-lined cotton. Sizes 20 to 28. White only. Each **50¢**

—Women's Knit Underwear, First Floor

Your Boy Will Appreciate These Sweaters—They Are So Warm and Cosy

Boys' Sweaters, heavy woven rib cotton, with roll collar, in colors fawn, grey and mole. Sizes 24, 26 and 28, each **85¢**
Sizes 30 and 32, each **95¢**
Fine Cashmere All-Wool Jersey Sweaters, in navy, brown and white. Each, **\$1.75** to **\$2.50**
Cashmere or worsted, in sizes 30 to 34; Jersey style or without buttons on shoulder. Each, **\$2.15** to **\$2.75**
Sweater Coats, cotton and wool mixtures, also all-wool; plain and combination shades, with military or shawl collar. Sizes 24 to 34 chest. Priced, according to quality and size. Each, **\$1.15** to **\$4.00**

Heavy Ribbed Cotton Sweaters, with wool collar, to wear up or down; combination colors of mole and moss, grey and navy. Sizes 24 to 32. Each, **\$1.15** to **\$1.25**

English Wool Mixture Jersey Sweaters, in colors navy, brown and grey. Sizes 26 to 32. Each, **\$1.00** to **\$1.45**

Boys' English Worsteds Sweaters, all-wool, button on shoulder style; in colors navy, brown and grey. Sizes from 22 to 32 chest. Priced from **\$1.30** to **\$2.10**
A better grade in same style, in colors navy, brown, and grey. Priced from **\$1.75** to **\$2.75**

—Selling, Main Floor

A Full Range of Hand-Printed Bedspreads

—One of the best ranges of Bedspreads we have ever opened up. The colorings are the daintiest we have seen for many seasons. The colorings are all hand-printed on a strong quality cotton. A cloth that will give good service and many years of hard wear. Designs that will go with almost any room without clashing. We invite your inspection. Prices according to size—
\$2.50, \$3.25 and \$4.25 Each

—Staple Dept., Main Floor

Automatic Bachelor Buttons

Save a lot of time sewing on buttons—just push one piece through the cloth and press on the top—and the button is on. Artisans, soldiers, sailors and working men will prove this a great convenience. Keep a few always in your pocket for emergency. Send a box to your boy at the front. 12 in a box for **10¢**

—Notions, Main Floor

Brushed Wool Scarves

New designs and shapes in all the wanted colors—yellow, melon, paddy, saxe, heather mixtures, white and stripes. Each Scarf finished with heavy knotted fringed ends. Splendid values, **\$1.00** to **\$3.00**

—Selling Main Floor

Latest Cloth Covered Novels, 40c Each, 3 for \$1.15

Love in the Wilderness By Gertrude Page
The Pathway By Gertrude Page
Paddy the Next Best Thing By Gertrude Page
Captain Desmond, V. C. By Maud Diver
The Great Amulet By Maud Diver
Candles in the Wind By Maud Diver
The Night Riders By Ridgwell Cullum
Daddy Longlegs By Jean Webster
A Girl of the Limberlost By Gene Stratton Porter
Michael O'Halloran By Jas. Stratton Porter
The Ne'er Do Well By Rex Beach
The Beetle By Richard Marsh
A Man's Man By Ian Hay
The Right Stuff By Ian Hay
A Safety Match By Ian Hay
His Official Finances By Berta Ruck
The Courtship of Rosamond Fayre By Berta Ruck
Tower of Ivory By Gertrude Atherton
The Crimson Azaleas By H. de Vere Stacpoole
Bachelors' Buttons By E. Burke
Pam By Baroness Von Hutton
What Became of Pam By Baroness Von Hutton
What I Found Out in the House of a German Prince By an English Governess

—Books, Main Floor

Millinery Velvets

Millinery Velvets—In new Fall shades, 18 and 24 inches wide. A yard, **\$1.50, \$2.00** and **\$3.00**
Black Silk Pile Velvets—For millinery, also for coat collars and trimmings. A yard, **\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.75** to **\$4.50**

—Velvets, Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Kirkham's Store Bulletin

Featuring Specials for To-morrow

GROCERY SPECIALS	
Rogers' Golden Syrup, In glass jars, Reg. 35c, for	25c
Sold only with other goods.	
Pumice Scouring Soap Reg. 3 for 25c; 6 for	25c
Arab Dates, 2 pkts.	25c
B. C. Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs.	\$2.05
Wagstaff's Grape Juice, 25c bottle for	19c
Epps' Old Country Cocoa, 1/4-lb. cans	15c
New Spinach, 1b.	6c
Potatoes, 12 lbs.	25c

SPECIAL	
Wealthy Apples Per box	99c
Sunkist Grape Fruit, each	5c
Dessert Peaches, basket	24c

TOBACCO SPECIAL	
M. B. Imperial Mixture, reg. 25c tins, for	30c
M. B. Imperial Mixture, reg. 50c tins, for	40c
M. B. Imperial Mixture, reg. \$1.00 tins, for	80c
M. B. Imperial Mixture, reg. \$1.50 tins, for	\$1.45

HARDWARE SPECIAL	
Fancy Cups and Saucers, reg. \$2.50 dozen, for	\$1.85
Clothes Horses, 3-rung, reg. 90c, for	64c
Scrub Brushes, reg. 20c, for	12c

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ADVANCE NEWS OF THE FALL FASHIONS

Conservatism is the Keynote of the Day; Enter the High Collar

New York, Oct. 9.—"Fashion will out" is a new adaptation of an old saying that is perfectly true these days of strenuousness. Fashion has ever shown herself to be an ever-ready ally of patriotism, and it is with the slogan of "Preparedness" that she has advanced ideas for the fall wardrobe of the Woman Patriot.



When the Tunic Points the Way to Slimness.

designs of the fashion world. There are smart dresses to be worn on the street without a coat, there are stunning coats, and there are suits to please the most fastidious. So, you see, we can all plunge into the planning of our wardrobes with the assurance that the styles of early autumn are ready for our inspection.

Conservatism is the keynote, conservatism developed to the nth degree. A charming example was a blue serge and satin dress I saw the other day. The narrow skirt was of satin, with a tunic of the serge slashed in the front. Instead of a collar, there was a band of white Hercules braid following the line of the neckline. This square meshed braid takes the exact shape of the bias collar, making it especially suitable for this use.

Side Drapery Versus Straight Silhouette.

The side drapery and the straight silhouette are still battling for supremacy. The long tunic is particularly smart for the walking costume. The beige serge dress illustrated here is



The Smartness of Black Satin.

stunning, each detail being so carefully worked out as to make a perfect whole. The long tight sleeves are quite a feature this autumn. The novel shaping of the collar, the use of tucks instead of buttons, and the touch of embroidery on the skirt, all make for that distinction so eagerly sought by the woman of taste.

Heroes and Colorings.

Just at present there is quite a vogue in Paris for naming the suits and dresses after prominent Americans. Wilson, Pershing, Roosevelt and Lincoln have all been so honored! In the lovely new colors decreed by Fashion



"THE GIFT CENTRE"

Although Swiss Watches have advanced 35 per cent, we are still quoting prices on our Swiss Watches based upon figures before that 35 per cent increase. Therefore, it is apparent, the time to buy a Watch is NOW

Mitchell & Duncan Limited, JEWELERS
 Successors to Shortt, Hill & Duncan, Ltd., Central Building, View and Broad Streets.
 C. F. R. and B. C. Electric Watch Inspectors.

they are quite irresistible. Gray, in every shade, is fashionable. Smoke, mist, steel, chinchilla and the gray-browns, such as castor and beaver, are the dominating colors for street costumes. Mutton gray, rust brown, and terra cotta are especially smart. I saw a charming dress, at one of the big hotels the other evening, of champagne-colored jersey cloth combined with raven-blue satin. Indeed, the softness of the vivid autumn colorings is one of the most striking things about the present mode. Of course, our national colors are displayed everywhere, but not so obviously as at first. We are using a great many of the different shades of red and blue, so that one need not go dressed as the American flag in order to "show one's colors."

Beads and More Beads.

Everything is beaded, from slippers to hats and back. It is not particularly surprising for the effect gained by a handful of beads in harmonious colorings against a somber background are the latest arrivals. Sometimes the formalities of a belt is entirely dispensed with, these tube-shaped beads simulating a belt and buckle. Iridescent beads, bronze green and green purple, made a simple little frock of dull green crepe de Chine quite marvellous. Beading and embroidery promise to play an important part in the scheme of things this year as last.

The All-Black Costume.

Beige is being worn for street costumes almost as much as the ever popular blue. Favorite combinations are navy blue or black and beige. All-white dresses are also very popular. Made on youthful lines they are as becoming and proper for the debutante as for her mother. Of course, black satin, Georgette crepe and velvet will be worn a great deal this winter for the more dressy costumes. The black gown illustrated here has long biped drapery which seems to emphasize the slowness of the silhouette. The high collar has come into its own again. It has indeed, been banished too long, for it certainly gives an air of trimness to the costume, not obtained by the comfortable open neck. This one is of the black satin of the dress, and fastens with tiny black jet buttons.

Exit Straw Hats.

We are saying good-by to the straw hats. Everywhere one sees the hat of velvet, duvety or black velvet. While the latter is a general favorite still, there are very clever affairs of green, yellow, blue and brown to harmonize with the costume worn. Purple velvet hats are especially smart worn with the blue serge dresses.

A SOLDIER'S GRASS WIDOW.

Her soldier boy to the war has gone, And Sally Brown's left all forlorn; But how the billy Baches will run When they see Bill behind his gun.

Poor Sally says, "O, strike me blue! I really don't know what to do; I've dug the ladders, stacked the wood, And garden-watered all I could."

The postman dare not pass the gate When William's letter turns up late; He finds when none, it's more discreet To scout along the other street.

Her lady friend across the way Says, "Buck up, Sally, let's be gay, My hubby's now a soldier, too, So I can sympathize with you."

You must not, Sally, get down-hearted, It's not for long that you'll be parted; The time will pass, if a very soon, When you'll take another "DINGOON."

THREE GENERATIONS OF WOMEN

The young women of this generation, their mothers and grandmothers have proved from actual experience that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes the suffering caused by female ills and restores them to a healthy condition. This famous medicine contains no narcotics or habit-forming drugs—but is made from medicinal roots and herbs, nature's remedy for disease. If you are suffering from any form of female ills, it will pay you to give it a trial.

SAANICH NURSES ARE DOING GOOD WORK

Victorian Order Branch Meeting Last Evening Hears Reports and Talks of Finances

Sixty-three visits and the examination of 222 school children constituted the work of the two nurses of the Saanich branch of the Victorian Order of Nurses during the month just closed. The report was submitted at a general meeting of the branch at Tolmie School last night.

The meeting discussed finances. During the month the sum of \$53 was collected in fees. The grant from the Saanich School Board was \$75, and another \$50 was to come later. As long as good results are shown it is felt that the Saanich Council will support the undertaking, but the committee is planning a membership campaign with a view to strengthening its resources in this direction. In winter gone by the municipality has paid as much as \$1,400 for the care of indigent patients, and it is expected that the nurses this year will be able to save the municipality considerable expense in this direction.

In the nurses' report it was stated that Tolmie, McKenzie Avenue, Tillamook, Royal Oak and Craigflower school children had been examined. Defects in teeth were frequent, and the tests for eyesight showed that generally speaking the children were not up to standard.

Mr. Greig was elected secretary to succeed Miss Giffin, resigned; Councilor William Carey was elected treasurer. Mesdames Darbyshire, Provis and Thompson were appointed a committee of three from Ward II. to work with the management committee.

During the evening the Reeve of the municipality of Eyebrow, Sask., W. McLaughlin, spoke enthusiastically and appreciatively of the work of the Victorian Order nurses in that part of the country. The people had only needed a little information as to the character of the nurses' duties to make them ready to adopt the idea readily, and the funds for the work had been put up by the Council without demur. It was a great boon to the people in the scattered farming settlements to feel that they had such an organization working among them. In the adjacent municipality of Esquimalt there was a ten-bed Lady Minto Cottage Hospital, in charge of the Victorian Order, and nearly self-supporting.

Social Personal

Mrs. N. Shakespeare, 436 Duquoin Street, will be at home to her lady friends from 3 to 6 on Thursday afternoon next.

Mrs. Maclure, of Vancouver, who has been visiting in the city with her son, St. Maclure, expects to go on to California to stay with her daughter, Mrs. McLagan, who is now living in the south.

Mrs. J. C. Abel and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Green and family, Kobe, Japan; Mrs. R. S. Davis, Vancouver, B. C.; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Downey; Corporal F. W. R. Downey, Lethbridge, Alta., have all registered within the last few days at the Glenisfield Inn.

Mrs. St. Clair Stobart, author of "The Flaming Sword in Serbia and Elsewhere," is speaking at the Canadian Club luncheon in Vancouver on Thursday, her subject to be "War Experiences in Belgium and France, and as a Major in the Serbian Army in the Retreat."

Pte. Joseph O'Leary, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, spent last Sunday in town the guest of his uncle, Capt. O'Leary, Work Street, and of his cousin, Detective O'Leary, of Empress Avenue. Pte. O'Leary belongs to the Army Medical Corps, and left on Sunday night to rejoin his unit in the east. He is one of three brothers who are in the service and has three first cousins who are also serving the colors, one of whom is a son of Capt. and Mrs. O'Leary, of this city.

The collection of reprints of famous historical pictures given by the National Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire to the Provincial Normal School, and exhibited in this city during the summer months, has now been placed in the institution in Vancouver for which it was originally intended. The pictures were presented to the principal at the I. O. D. E. conference held here last May, and on Friday of this week in connection with the meeting of the Literary Society students will be given the opportunity of viewing the interesting display.

A delightful linen shower was given last Saturday night, October 13, by the girls of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church and members of the Swastika Club to Miss Winnie Peatt, of Springfield Avenue, Victoria West, in honor of her approaching marriage. The interesting affair took the form of a surprise party at the home of Mrs. H. McKay, of Seakirk Avenue. The home was beautifully decorated for the occasion by autumn leaves and flowers and evergreens. The presentation was made by Miss McKenzie in characteristic fashion and Miss Peatt was completely overcome with surprise. The evening was spent with music and social games, after which all sat down to a sumptuous supper. There was a large gathering of young people, among whom Miss Peatt is a general favorite, all of whom join with happy good wishes for the coming important event in her life. The evening's proceedings were brought to a close by the singing of Auld Lang Syne.

Gordon S. Spence LIMITED
 Store Hours, 9.30 a. m. to 6 p. m. 7
 Friday, 9.30 p. m.; Saturday, 1 p. m.

Redfern and Warner Corsets

THE CAREFUL FITTING you will receive in our Corset Department will insure ideal comfort as well as fashionable contour. This is why our intelligent co-operation in the selection of Corsets is appreciated by our customers.

We carry only good Corsets, Redfern Corsets and Rust-Proof Corsets are unusual.

It is true economy to buy a Redfern—it is the last word in fashion—it is beautiful to see; it wears splendidly.

From \$5.50 Upward

EVERY WARNER RUST-PROOF CORSET is guaranteed not to rust, break or tear. Tub it as often as you wish.

From \$1.50 Upward

Because these Corsets are so superior in their fitting qualities they conform to the figure and wear longer than you expect them to. Models for every age, every style, every size.

Featuring Trimmed Millinery at \$7.50, \$10 and \$12.50

Crepe de Chine Bows and Ties

In the newest plain shades and combination colors, at 50c each.

Plain Crepe Windsor Ties, in various wanted colors, at 75c each.

Phone 1876 Sayward Building
 First Floor, 5329 1211 Douglas Street

PANTAGES VAUDEVILLE

The new bill of Pantages vaudeville which will open with the matinee performance to-morrow promises to be another programme of exceptional merit. It has been pronounced well-balanced and attractive throughout.

Tom Edwards, ventriloquist marvel, who is assisted in a novelty act by Miss Alice Melville, takes top position in the new offering. Not so long ago Tom was arrested in New York, the story goes. Members of the child welfare league of that city became suspicious of the poles that seemed to be coming from his hand bag and soon he discovered that he was being followed by an indignant crowd which caused his arrest by the first cop that had in sight. Investigation at the police station revealed his innocence of any cruelty intent by disclosing in the contents of the bag only a mechanical doll. His accusers may have looked foolish at the discovery, but even at that, they had the laugh on Tom, for, anything like that, his name will go down on the police records as a disturber of the peace—and he is guilty of such a "crime" at every performance on the Pantages circuit. His act creates a furor wherever he goes, but he need fear no serious consequences so long as he pays the fine demanded by his popularity by responding to the generous encores accorded his act. Miss Melville is an exceedingly capable assistant.

Teddy McNamara, an old favorite in this city, and particularly throughout this coast, will be seen in the leading part in a gorgeous music and comedy production called, "The Count and the Maid." Teddy has been one of the most popular juvenile comedians that the stage has ever produced. He has hundreds of personal friends in this city. He is supported in the production by a bevy of pretty girls in singing and dancing numbers who wear stunning costumes in elaborate and pleasing settings.

Silber and North in "Bashfoolery" have one of the finest mirth-producing acts that has ever been presented by two people. It is amusing and refined. Aileen Stanley is known as the sweetest singer of vaudeville. She will offer a repertoire which is certain of meeting with the approval of all her hearers, and the Four Earles will present a whirlwind novelty of grace and dexterity while suspended in midair.

The fifth episode of the popular

Cordially invite your inspection of New and Exclusive Blouses, Neckwear, Boudoir Caps and Novelties. Manufacturers and Importers. 736 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 4019. Store formerly occupied by Sam Scott.



Model

Opening Announcement

Cordially invite your inspection of New and Exclusive Blouses, Neckwear, Boudoir Caps and Novelties. Manufacturers and Importers. 736 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 4019. Store formerly occupied by Sam Scott.

PERS

The breathe-able remedy for coughs, colds, catarrh, laryngitis, bronchitis, asthma and chest troubles. All dealers 50c. box.

AT THE HOTELS

Mrs. Butler, of Alberni, is stopping at the Strathcona.

E. Harris, of New Westminster, is at the Dominion Hotel.

R. A. Dalzell, of Seattle, arrived yesterday at the Empress Hotel.

R. Perry Hughes, of New York, is staying at the Empress Hotel.

T. J. McPhee, of Annapolis, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

C. F. Bagnall, of Parksville, is a new arrival at the Dominion Hotel.

Byron S. Wise, of Portage, Wn., is registered at the Dominion Hotel.

J. A. Riggs, of Vancouver, registered at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.

H. Alexander is down from Shawnigan and is at the Strathcona Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Gooch, of Yokohama, are guests at the Empress Hotel.

J. Morley Holland, of Montreal, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

R. M. Maugulin, of Hallinger, Texas, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrey and family, of James Island, are at the Dominion Hotel.

H. W. Tripp and C. Abbott, of Ganges, are new arrivals at the Strathcona Hotel.

A. A. Haskett and family, of Winnipeg, are staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

Miss R. Rivas, of New York, and Miss Helen Francis, of Montreal, are

amongst yesterday's registrations at the Dominion.

Mrs. W. D. Denholm and family, of Courtenay, are staying at the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. W. E. Gardner and E. Seelers, of Portland, are guests at the Strathcona Hotel.

U. C. Billingsley, of Haywood, California, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ives, of North Vancouver, arrived at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.

Mrs. C. E. Asser, of "The Hall," Thetis Island, is stopping at the Strathcona Hotel.

C. R. Wilson and family have arrived from San Francisco and are registered at the Dominion Hotel.

W. A. Huntley and Mrs. Huntley, of Portland, Ore., who are motoring over the Georgian Circuit, are now at the Dominion Hotel.

TO RELIEVE CATARRHAL DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES

If you have Catarrhal Deafness or head noises go to your druggist and get 1 ounce of Parmitin (double strength), and add to it 4 pint of hot water and a ounce of granulated sugar. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day.

This will often bring quick relief from the distressing head noises. Clogged nostrils should open, breathing become easy and the mucus stop dropping into the throat. It is easy to prepare, costs little and is pleasant to take. Any one who has Catarrhal Deafness or head noises should give this prescription a trial.

"Sedentary work," said the lecturer on physical culture, according to Judge, "tends to lessen the endurance." "In other words," butted in the smart eek, "the more one sits the less one can stand." "Exactly," retorted the lecturer, "and if one has a great deal one's standing is lost completely."

726 YATES STREET Phone 3983

Scurrah's LTD.

Correct Hats and Garments for Women

A Special Purchase of Women's Winter Suits

Thirty-Five Only—All New Exclusive Styles and Specially Priced for a Rapid Clearance



It is on rare occasions that we purchase Suits other than through the regular channels. In this instance we were offered a complete line of traveler's samples by one of the big Eastern concerns from whom we habitually buy. The styles and qualities being above reproach, and the price being extraordinarily low, we took advantage of the offer, and now afford our patrons a chance to benefit by our buying.

Serges, velours and broadcloths are the materials. The styles show the influence of the vogue for the tight sleeves, the narrow skirt and higher waist-line. Prices range from \$60 to the very moderate figure of

\$25.00

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY MEMBERSHIP GROWS

Important Constitutional Point Settled at Last Night's Regular Meeting

MRS. MARGARET JENKINS RESIGNED PRESIDENCY

There were times last night when knitting needles were held rigid and energy transferred to other themes engaging the attention of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Great War Veterans' Association. The occasion was the fortnightly meeting of the organization in the Assembly Hall of the O'Neill Building. From the outset of the proceedings there was an obvious atmosphere of suppressed excitement merely awaiting the moment when full play could be given. Upwards of two hundred women, many of whom were standing, despite several loads of chairs shipped in from neighboring premises, had gathered for the business of the evening.

It will be recalled that at one of the earlier meetings of the newly-formed body a somewhat heated discussion found its termination in the very near vote of 70 to 58. The majority of two determined that eligibility for membership should be extended to near relatives and to those somewhat more removed from the immediate family circle of the soldier who was either fighting or honorably discharged. From that time on the desire has apparently existed for another test of the mind of the organization on this to them most vital matter.

Want to Get Good Start. Aggravating this smouldering spirit of unrest one section of the membership aligned itself on a definite stand that office in the Auxiliary should not be held by any of its members not in a position to claim the nearest relative with active service to his credit in the present conflict. While the point at issue was declared many times last night to be one of principle only, possession of the contrary view by other members present was responsible for numerous interjections that occasionally bordered on the personal. Good humor, however, and a real enthusiasm at the back of it all saved a situation that with less at stake would have led to a blind alley.

The main issue, then, centred upon the Presidency of the Auxiliary. Mrs. Margaret Jenkins was appointed to the presidency and her letter resigning that important office commenced the business of the evening. Mrs. Jenkins apparently had no immediate relative answering to the required classification for office. Either due to the knowledge that there did exist an evenly-balanced view on the subject of office holders in the organization or discovery on her part that her public duties would not permit of sufficient service to the Auxiliary, she decided upon graceful retirement. On principle this was more or less welcomed by about half the gathering. The other half was more inclined to recognize Mrs. Jenkins' sterling qualities and unanimously agreed upon by all—and to turn the deaf ear to the technicality. The resignation, however, was accepted.

Amendment to Constitution. The discussion revolved around a proposed amendment to the constitution sponsored by Mrs. R. S. Day. She made it perfectly clear that her object in introducing it was merely to maintain the stand she had taken at the inaugural meeting. There had been a good deal of support to her ideas on that occasion and she opined that the narrow margin of two votes as affecting qualification for membership was one warranting more deliberation. It was not a question of obstruction to

the progress of the organization but purely an endeavor on her part to see that the Auxiliary started in fair weather, equipped with the best machinery to look after the welfare of the men under whose banner they had gathered. The soldiers' interest could be the better looked after, she said, by those women who were nearer to the sufferings of war.

While admission to membership could be more elastic, qualification for office would need the drawing in of the circle, permitting the right only to those who were either mothers, daughters, sisters or wives. The membership, by virtue of the amendment passing, will still be classed "active" and "associate," the reference being to the near and more distant relatives respectively. Four associate members will be admitted to a seat on the Executive Board. Mrs. Beaumont Boggs drew attention to the fact that the original idea of the institution was to confine it to close relatives of Canadian Expeditionary Force men. It was quite possible, she declared, for an alien mother-in-law to have sons of her own in the German army fighting in the enemy's lines against the son-in-law who would have provided her with a standing in the auxiliary. A natural sympathy for civilization's enemy would be difficult to reconcile with the objects of the new branch of the Great War Veterans' Association.

Down to Business. With her husband and four sons at the front, Mrs. Kenworthy saw a good deal beyond the narrow confines of the meeting hall and made a valiant attempt to pour oil on the somewhat troubled waters. She pointed out that the main concern of the auxiliary as quickly as possible should be the trimming down of the rough edges of discussion and the total elimination of battles royal between prejudice, principle and personality. She had learnt a great deal of the lesson of life in her coming and goings among the homes of the soldiers in Victoria. Another lady said her struggles for existence and those of many others could be lightened by the efficient working of the auxiliary, and it was perhaps these notes of caution which applied the brake to a regular run-away discussion, happily tempered, however, by little jabs of humor.

H. W. Hart, of the Great War Veterans' Association, urged the auxiliary to appoint as their guiding spirit a president who possessed the faculty of good management and discretion. Their branch of the G.W.V.A. was an important one. By their actions more or less would those of the parent body be judged. It was imperative that the meetings be devoted to earnest work and not to the narrow side issues which led to nowhere but disaster. He supposed that a good number of them were apprehensive as to how they would fare during the coming winter. Several cries of "that's right" strengthened his argument and appeal for harmony.

Planning Future. Mrs. H. Hildreth, in her capacity of second vice-president, performed the onerous duties of chairman. Her task was by no means an easy one, yet it was discharged with a good deal of tact. With a classified membership of two hundred and fifty, continually growing, the auxiliary expects to have the whole of the organization work complete within the next month and plans laid for a good winter's work. There were four nominations for president, the choice of whom will engage the attention of the members at the next regular meeting two weeks hence.

A new lodger had arrived at Mrs. Jenkins', and like the majority of his fellow-boarders, he had to be early astir. The first morning he stumbled over a tin bath on the top stair. Lodger and bath rolled with a frightful clatter down the stairs, and as the man picked himself up, he heard a drowsy "Right-o!" from one of the other residents in the house. The victim of the accident complained of the carelessness of the individual who had put the bath on the stairs, and was astonished to hear his landlady chuckle. "That was Mr. Brown," she explained, genially. "He's such a 'easy sleeper' that only a noise like somebody falling downstairs can wake 'im. That's what 'e calls 'is alarm clock!"

ART DEALER TELLS OF RUG SITUATION

Persian Weavers Now Use Native Dyes in Place of German

New York is gathering together not only the choicest examples of the furrier's art, but also the curios and collections which formerly belonged to older countries. For that reason a Persian art dealer, G. Khan Pera, reached Victoria yesterday, en route to New York.

It is a number of years since he was back in Kurdistan, his home being in the vicinity of Tabriz, for he is a merchant of Petrograd. He left the Russian capital during strenuous times, just before the recent military revolt, when the city was filled with an atmosphere of unrest. However, he says there is not as much disturbance of business conditions as might be expected in a city which is the centre of political intrigue, and most of the firms are carrying on their affairs irrespective of the turmoil. There is a large foreign element—British, French and American—in Petrograd now, many engaged in military work, he states.

The Land of Rugs. In the mountain recesses of Kurdistan roam the flocks of sheep from the wool of which some of the most wonderful Persian rugs are knotted. This wool is carried miles on camel and mule back, rail and steam, finally reaching civilization after passing half way around the world. These rugs form a staple of the articles handled by Mr. Pera. "The high grade rugs," he says, "will be very expensive in the future, the difficulties of supply greatly adding to the cost of delivering them in western countries. They are made from the finest wool and all hand-worked by artizans. Rugs with floral ornamentation are chiefly made in Armenia and Kurdistan. Now that the German dyes are no longer available, the dye-salesman, who prepares his product from vegetation, will resume his old trade, and the fast dyes which only perish with the material will be used once more. Transportation and civil disturbance in the train of war will make it very difficult to secure genuine Persian rugs before long. The ebb and flow of war has dealt harshly with the districts which formerly were engaged in weaving, or rather knotting the rugs and carpets, and many have perished who were formerly occupied in this ancient industry.

Difficult to Obtain. "Stocks in most of the cities have declined as transportation became more uncertain. Whether the industry will revive depends on the political settlement of Western Asia after the war. Before 1914 it looked as if the whole of Northern Persia round the Caspian would fall to Russia. Now it is not so certain."

A travel companion from Petrograd is Miss Vera Smirnova, a young contralto, who has taken the Russian capital by storm. She made her debut only two years ago, yet has been received with widespread enthusiasm, and has been instrumental in raising many thousands of roubles for Russian funds, particularly war charities.

Ringworm on Child's Head

Caused Great Distress and Spread to Neck and Ears—Cure Was Speedily Effected When Right Treatment Was Recommended

Grand Bend Ont., Oct. 16.—There is no disease of the skin more obstinate than ringworm, and the mother who writes this letter does so fully realizing what it will mean to other anxious mothers to know about Dr. Chase's Ointment.

This remarkable cure was brought about two years ago, and as there has been no return of the distressing disease can be no doubt that the cure is permanent.

Mrs. D. Stebbins, Grand Bend Ont., writes: "I am going to tell you of my experience with Dr. Chase's Ointment. My little girl had sores come out on her head which looked like ringworms. They were spreading fast, and I tried home treatment, but nothing helped her. I took her to the doctor, and he opened some of the sores, which were as big as the yolk of an egg. The salve he gave me to put on was very severe, and the poor child would cry for an hour or more after an application. For six weeks it continued to spread all over her head, and came down to her neck and ears. She suffered terribly. At last some kind ladies told me about Dr. Chase's Ointment, so I got a box, and the first time I put it on she was relieved of pain, and the second time the swelling was all gone. Before we had finished the first box the sores were nearly all gone. I have told all the people around here about your Ointment, and I cannot praise it too much. It is now two years since my little girl was troubled in this way, and it never came back, so you can see she is completely cured. You are at liberty to use this statement for the benefit of others who may be suffering in a similar manner."

Joseph Brenner, J. P., endorses this statement as follows: "This is to certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. D. Stebbins, of Grand Bend, Ont., and believe her statement with reference to Dr. Chase's Ointment to be true and correct."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Be suspicious of the druggist who tries to talk you into accepting a substitute.



"Darkness . . . but look! In Heaven, a light,
And it's shining down . . . God's accolade!
Lift me up friends. I'm going to win—my cross!"

From "Tricolor," by Robert Service

To the sick and the wounded, the British Red Cross ministers according to the highest traditions of the Hospitallers, or Knights of St. John of Jerusalem.

Small wonder, then, that their insignia dawns upon many a sufferer's returning consciousness as God's Accolade!

To Canada is given the privilege of once more leading the Empire in aiding the work of the British Red Cross, by contributing generously to its cause.

On "Our Day"—October 18 Let Your Gift Be Generous

A Few Facts About the Work of the British Red Cross

The British Red Cross Society is the only institution which carries voluntary aid to the Sick and Wounded of the British forces on land and sea in every region of the War.

Its work is therefore the concern of all classes of British subjects, whether living in the British Isles, in the Dominions and Colonies beyond the seas, or in foreign countries.

IN GREAT BRITAIN

\$100,000 for initial outlay in providing and equipping after-care institutions for totally disabled men.

\$100,000 for materials for Red Cross Working Parties.

40,000 books and magazines supplied weekly for the sick and wounded.

460 Motor Ambulances, Cars, etc., for Home Service.

28 Command Depots and Conval-

escent Camps regularly visited and supplied with Comforts and Games.

The home (London, Eng.) administration and management expenses (excluding hospitals) for the year ended 20th October, 1916, represent 2.92 per cent. of the total expenditure, or less than 3 cents on the dollar. Audited accounts have been supplied to the Canadian Red Cross Society.

Red Cross work costs over \$300,000 per week or \$30 a minute.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY MOGULS WILL GATHER AT SEATTLE

Preliminary Plans to Be Discussed for Opening of the Season

President Frank Patrick, of the Pacific Coast Hockey Association, has called a special meeting of that organization to take place in Seattle on Tuesday, October 23, for the purpose of discussing the prospects for league hockey on the Pacific Coast this coming winter. It is expected that at this meeting the magnates will finally decide on the make-up of the league for the coming season.

At this time the hockey situation is decidedly unsettled, owing to conscription both in Canada and the United States. By the time this meeting takes place, however, it will be known just what members of the different clubs in the Pacific Coast circuit will be called to the colors, and the directors of the league will therefore be able to go ahead with their plans and make all arrangements that are necessary.

The annual meeting of the Pacific Coast Hockey Association will be held in Vancouver in November. Officers will be elected and the schedule for the season drawn up, as well as other important business transacted.

OCTOBER EVENTS IN PUGILISTIC ANNALS

1902—Joe Gans knocked out Kid McPartland in the fifth round at Fort Erie. A big bunch of Buffalo boxing bugs turned out for this fight, for the little negro was then at the beginning of his championship career, having won the lightweight title with a punch at Fort Erie a few months before, when Frank Erne lost his laurels in about the shortest time on record. Kid McPartland was one of the best lightweights of the day and had seldom been decisively defeated, although he had lost a decision to Kid Lavigne. Many of the fans confidently expected the Kid to restore the lightweight honors to the pacific race, but they were disappointed. McPartland was a skilful, scientific boxer, but no match for the clever Baltimore black. In the fifth chapter McPartland took the full count. McPartland had fought Gans twice before, losing the decision in one contest and getting a draw in the other. Gans died of consumption five years ago, while McPartland is now a ring referee in New York City.

1904—Brooklyn's Tommy Sullivan defeated Abe Attell in five rounds at St. Louis.

BENDIGO THE BOXER BECAME EVANGELIST

One of the most remarkable men of the ring, William Thompson, better known as Bendigo, was born in Nottingham, England, 106 years ago. The champion was the youngest of twenty-one sons, and was one of a bunch of triplets. The triplets were nicknamed Shadrack, Meshack and Gedreah, and the latter was abbreviated to Bendigo, the name which Thompson adopted when he became a professional boxer. He lived to be seventy, and in his latter years, after having won notoriety as the champion boxer-fighter of England, he reformed and became an itinerant evangelist.

His mother, to whom he was deeply attached, was a wild sort of a woman who was always ready to pull the hair of some of her neighbors. She always declared that when "Bendigo" was fighting she could tell how the battle was going by the ticking of her clock. "When Bendigo was winning," she explained, "the clock says, 'Bendigo wins, by—! Bendigo wins by—!'" And when Bendigo is getting the worst of it I hup an smash its— face!" She was a fine old lady, in spite of her unconventional language, and with twenty-one sons and several daughters she could point the finger of scorn at the ladies of the neighborhood who were addicted to race suicide. When in his cups Bendigo carried on regardless. When arrested he always sent out for a bunch of flowers, which he presented to the judge when his case was called, and this, with his pious expressions of repentance, usually got him off with a light fine. The ring-to-day produces no such characters, although John L. Sullivan, in his youth and under a full head of steam, could give a pretty fair imitation of old Bendigo.

VANCOUVER STAR IS JOINING THE FORCES

Another well-known amateur baseball star has set out on his bit in the great struggle overseas in the person of "Skis" McLeod, star right-hand twirler of the Arnold & Quigley Club of the Commercial League of Vancouver. "Skis" packed his baseball duds last week-end and donned khaki. He is now quartered at Hastings Park, where he is undergoing training preparatory to going overseas.

McLeod is one of the best amateur twirlers in the Northwest. He is one of the many Commercial leaguers who have enlisted for the battle overseas. Altogether some seventy members of Commercial League teams are now in the service. Several have paid the supreme sacrifice and others have been wounded.

FAMOUS ATHLETE



TOM LONGBOAT

A report was sent out from Toronto last night to the effect that Tom Longboat, the famous Indian runner, had been killed. Later a further dispatch was received stating that there was no truth in the story, and that Longboat, who competed in a track meet on the western front recently, is in the best of health.

SOCCER MEETING TO BE HELD ON FRIDAY

Every Chance Presented for City to Have a Live Season of Sport

Postponement of meetings is a custom very much in vogue if one may judge from the activities of some sporting organizations. In the case of the Soccer Association, however, the delay appears to have been unavoidable.

It was originally announced in these columns that the Victoria and District Football Association would hold a meeting of all those interested in the game on Wednesday evening of this week. This was conditional on the executive being able to secure the Foresters' Hall for the occasion. Subsequent negotiations terminated when it was found that Friday next was the only one on which the building would be available.

An official of the Association made the statement to-day that the meeting would be held at 8 o'clock on that day. There has been a great deal of undue delay in getting the soccer league underway this year. On the mainland the teams in the Vancouver circuit have been playing league fixtures for some weeks and interest in the game has been thoroughly stimulated, while Victoria has scarcely made a start. A break was noticeable last Saturday when no less than six teams got into the swing and by their afternoon's work showed clearly that the city is not lacking in the playing material. All that is wanting appears to be a little organization. This can be easily acquired if there is a good representation of soccer enthusiasts from all the bodies that may be expected to enter teams for the season at Friday's meeting.

At the present time there is no scarcity of naval and military men in Victoria and the next few months are likely to see their numbers increased by leaps and bounds. Even with the present quota there is sufficient material to put a first class league in playing order. It might be expected that teams would be entered from the "Navy," Garrison, Esquimalt, Military Convalescent Hospital, Resthaven, Canadian Army Medical Corps, Canadian Army Service Corps, 2nd Depot Battalion, V. I. A. A., the Rovers and possibly one or two other civilian clubs.

RULES SUSPENDED.

Montreal, Oct. 16.—The Montreal Jockey Club, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General, announces that during the cessation of racing in Canada, the clause in the King's Plate conditions restricting the period in each year in which a "King's Plate" candidate may remain out of Canada is suspended. This will permit owners and breeders, who so desire, to race outside of Canada during the period of the war, and to take their "King's Plate" candidates of this future along with other horses for training purposes. The sole condition in the Provincial Nursery Stake is also suspended for the same period.

TANK REPAIRS NEEDED.

For a week or two the tank at the new Drill Hall will be in charge of workmen who are attending to certain repairs which were greatly needed. During this period the sessions for swimming enjoyed by members of the V. I. A. A. will be suspended.

GRIP ON THE CLUB SHOULD BE FIRM

Some Players Swing Too Far, Others Not Far Enough, Says Quimet

The best way to go about handling a driver easily is to grip it firmly but not tightly, says Francis Quimet.

One of the biggest mistakes a player will make is that of squeezing the grip too hard. This makes him take his club back altogether too quickly, and, consequently, the club head is "late" coming down and likewise "late" going through. "In other words, all the necessary power has been spent too soon.

The club head must be moving rapidly when it comes to the ball. If the head is carried back too fast, it is impossible to bring it through quick enough. The tight grip tightens the arms, and the time for the arms to be rigid is at the moment of impact. One doesn't have to think of the grip. That will take care of itself. Personally I have found that it is easier to "lose" the shot if the club head is carried back slowly because then it can be started down with increasing speed. The grip, I find, tightens just before hitting the ball, and does so unconsciously.

Overswing.

Other faults that are frequent are overwinging or not swinging far enough back. The overwinging is the fault of too-much looseness, and will cause wildness from the tee. However, this is a fault easily remedied, and is found more in younger players than others. Constant play will tighten their swing sufficiently.

The half-swing is probably the most accurate swing of all. It is mighty hard to be wild with such a short back-swing, but the player suffers in the matter of length. In playing a full shot I believe it is always well to get the hands just above the shoulders and to keep the shaft of the club on a horizontal. It is a rare sight, indeed, even among the leading players, to see such a swing, and it represents the highest possible development of the perfect swing.

Pivoting.

Another important feature, and one which is overlooked, not only in the drive, but in the other shots as well, is the pivoting of the feet. If the feet pivot as they should the player will not encounter difficulty in obtaining a free and easy swing. In taking the club back, allow the left foot to turn on the ball of the foot, so that the left knee is bent in toward the right knee.

This naturally shifts the weight on the right leg, making it straight and supporting the greater part of the body. On the down swing the right foot does the same as the left, moving toward the left knee, etc., and all the weight is on the left leg and forward.

ROTARIANS PREPARE FOR A SUCCESSFUL BASKETBALL SEASON

The Victoria Rotarians have commenced their season's activities in the realm of sport, with basketball assuming a very prominent position on the programme.

Under the leadership of Jimmy Adam, as captain, and Art Fraser as manager, practices have been inaugurated and are being held in the gymnasium of the local Y. M. C. A. at 8 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday evenings of each week.

Jimmy Adam, an enthusiastic and player, needs no introduction to local sportsmen, and his invitation to members of the club to get busy and turn out to practice should meet with an immediate response.

WILL MANAGE LEAGUE

Definite announcement was made last week that Mike Finn would manage the Chattanooga Southern League team next season, succeeding Norman Elberfeld. Finn's terms were accepted on September 25. For two years past Finn has acted as scout for the Detroit Tigers in Southern and college territory. He managed Mobile and Memphis previously to that, and his experience as a manager dates back 20 years. His successes have been many and his failures few. The Detroit Club always has worked more or less with Chattanooga and the presumption is that Finn as Chattanooga's leader will call on Detroit for talent to give him a winner.

MULFORD IS FIRST.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—Ralph Mulford won first honors in the Grand Prix race meet at the Speedway Saturday by taking the first 50-mile event, finishing second in the other and third in the 20-mile dash.

The spectators were given a thrill in the final 50-mile event when cars driven by Tom Milton and Tom Alley collided while speeding at the rate of 100 miles an hour. Neither was hurt, except for a few minor bruises.

NAVY VERSUS V. I. A. A.

The executive of the V. I. A. A. is negotiating with the Naval men now in port for a Rugby or soccer match to be played in the city on Saturday next.

TWO LONG YEARS HE SUFFERED

"Fruit-a-tives" Made Him Feel As If Walking on Air

Orilla, Ont., Nov. 28th, 1914.

"For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. One day I saw your sign which read 'Fruit-a-tives make you feel like walking on air.' This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and now I feel fine, I have a good appetite, relish everything I eat, and the headaches are gone entirely. I recommend this pleasant fruit medicine to all my friends."

DAN McLEAN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ANNUAL MEETING IS FIXED FOR SATURDAY

B. C. A. A. U. Delegates Will Arrive in City for 10 o'Clock Session

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Amateur Athletic Union which was to have been held in this city on Friday evening next has been postponed until the following day and will take place in the club rooms of the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. This announcement was made following the receipt of a telegram from Vancouver, in which it was pointed out that it would be impossible for all the mainland delegates, including those from New Westminster and Vancouver, to reach the capital in time for the meeting if it were held on Friday evening.

A fairly large party is expected to visit Victoria for this, the most important yearly gathering of the association. The election of officers will of course form part of the regular business, but no definite statement has been made public regarding any other matters that may be dealt with. It is thought probable, however, that a considerable amount of legislation will have to be enacted before the delegates, both mainland and local, will feel satisfied with the standing of the organization.

The representations to the annual gathering will not be confined strictly to delegates proper of the B. C. A. A. U. In addition to these there will be members of the British Columbia Football Association and from the British Columbia Swimming Association. The programme of these clubs is closely allied with the action of the B. C. A. A. U. and it is for this reason that they will have delegates in attendance at Saturday's gathering.

METROPOLIS DEFEATED ALL-MILITARY TEAM

Baseball is by no means dead so far as Victoria is concerned no matter what may have happened to the big leagues. In fact local fandom is having a greater opportunity to follow the fortunes of Victoria participants in the game, at the present time, than was offered during the summer months when the American game was supposed to be at its height.

An interesting contest was played at the Willows Camp on Sunday afternoon when the Metropolis Club and the All-Military met for a match that resulted in a win for the civilians in the one-sided score of 12-2. Without a doubt the winners had it all over their opponents who were able to do little against the pitching of Todd with Forts forming the battery for the winners.

For the All-Military West and O'Brien were again on deck and although the former pitched a fair game he was hit a good deal by the civilian sluggers. Had the Army pitcher been given competent field support the team might have made a better showing. That part of the club, however, was not doing the class of fielding that might have been expected. As a whole the play was good. At the commencement of the game the class of ball displayed was unmistakably ragged but as the match progressed this showed signs of improvement, and met with a better response from the line of fans who witnessed the course of proceedings.

Another baseball game has been fixed for Saturday next when the Metropolis boys will meet the Willows Infantry team at 2 o'clock on the grounds at the Royal Athletic Park.

SOUTHERN SWIMMER IS REPORTED KILLED

London, Oct. 16.—Cecil Healy, Australian swimming champion, fell in action recently, according to advices received here. He was an adjutant with the Australian forces and was killed at Messines. He was holder of the 150 yards record in open water.

At Stockholm in the Olympic games

NO MORE TOURNAMENT PLAY, SAYS CHAMPION

Tennis Fixtures Throughout U. S. Will Be Cancelled Unless War Ends Soon

"Unless the war ceases within the next year, tennis will be killed all over the country so far as tourney play is concerned," says Johnny Strachan, California tennis champion who has just returned from the East after participating in the huge patriotic tournament for the raising of \$100,000 to equip an ambulance unit for the United States army.

"President Ade, of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, figures to cancel all play unless the war ends," says Strachan. "It is the purpose of the association to enlist all tennis players in the ambulance unit, and the cancelling of the tournaments will be one move in this direction. The opinion prevailing throughout Eastern tennis circles is to abandon tournament play entirely. So many of the bright lights in the tennis world are unable to compete that it is unfair to allow titles to be passing among mediocre players."

Strachan is loud in his praise of the manner in which the patriotic affair was handled. The sum of \$100,000 was realized for the ambulance unit equipment, he states, and a campaign will begin soon to enlist tennis players all over the country.

"Tennis players will be given the preference in the racket unit," remarks Strachan. "It is intended by those in charge to confine enlistments entirely to men interested in tennis, but of course the prime movement is to get the necessary number of men. So many prominent 'tennisers' have already enlisted in other branches of the service that it is going to be hard to drain what is left into the ambulance unit," states Strachan.

Strachan's stay in the East was crammed with excitement. From the time he left San Francisco until he returned there was never a dull moment. Strachan lost but three matches during the two months of strenuous play, two to Lin Murray, former Stanford player, and one to S. Howard Voshell. From August 5 until September 23, Strachan played once and twice a day.

According to Strachan a sum of \$11,000 was made during the six days' play in the national tournament.

Rain No Interference.

It made no difference whether the thermometer read 115 or whether it was raining. Play kept on just the same. Strachan states that on several days his clothes were just drenched from the rain, but the spirit of determination to go through with the scheduled play caused the men not to stop.

The gathering of \$100,000 in so short a time is really a great accomplishment and one tennis devotees can well be proud of. But five players toured the country and drew capacity crowds every place. Fred Alexander and Harold Throckmorton, of New York; Mary Browne, of Los Angeles; Mollie Bjurstedt, of Norway, and Johnny Strachan, of San Francisco, made the complete tour. Of course several hundred players took part in the national championship in New York.

Some of the San Francisco men who played were Nassau, South Hampton, Brooklyn, Boston, Godney Farms, Montclair, Rochester, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Scranton, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

(Section 30.)
In the Matter of Part of Lot 1, of Sub Lot 1, Fernwood Estate, Victoria City, Map 238:

Proof having been filed of the loss of Certificate of Title No. 1066A, issued to Thomas S. Gore on the 8th day of May, 1914, I hereby give notice of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue to the said Thomas S. Gore a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu thereof.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. this 15th day of September, 1917.

J. C. GWYNN,
Registrar-General of Titles.

NOTICE

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Puckle, late of the City of Victoria.
Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness forthwith to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against the said Estate are requested to send particulars of their claims, duly certified, to the undersigned, on or before the 21st day of October, 1917.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1917.

YATES & JAY,
Solicitors for the Executors,
415-7 Central Building, Victoria, B. C.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

(Section 34.)
In the Matter of Part (100 feet by 110 Feet in the Southwesterly corner) of Lot 32 of Section 75, Fernwood Estate, Victoria City, Map 17:

Proof having been filed of the loss of Certificate of Indefeasible Title No. 881, issued to Harry Fuller on the 10th day of June, 1914, I hereby give notice of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue to the said Harry Fuller a fresh Certificate of Indefeasible Title in lieu thereof.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. this 15th day of September, 1917.

J. C. GWYNN,
Registrar-General of Titles.

LAND ACT

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RENFREW.

TAKE NOTICE that Stuart Stanley McDermid, of Vancouver, Land Surveyor, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at Post planted about 25 feet west of the S. E. corner of Sec. 12, Township 11, Renfrew District; thence north-easterly 45 chains more or less to the boundary of the Indian Reserve and being composed of all that portion of the S. E. of Sec. 12 covered by water and not heretofore Crown Granted.

STUART STANLEY McDERMID,
Agent for Goodwin Gotherd Johnson
May 7, 1917.

ELECTING A QUEEN COW.

In the Rhone Valley, Switzerland, an extraordinary ceremony is carried out every summer. This is the choosing of a queen cow by the cows themselves. A large number of cows are assembled in a field to choose their queen. The queen cow is the one which is strong enough to fight all the other cows off the pasture and remain in possession of it herself. The owners of the cows are not allowed to encourage their heifers in any way.

The honor of owning a queen cow is keenly coveted by the local herdsmen, and they do everything they can in order to turn their animal out a winner. In their eagerness to bring their heifers fit and well on the day of battle, many of the herdsmen feed them for a week or a fortnight beforehand on bread and wine. The cows descend from a fighting race, and are always eager to have a scrap. The "election" of the queen cow often lasts the greater part of the day, and is watched by crowds, who come to the scene from miles around.—Tit-Bits.

REPORTS.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, maximum yesterday, 57; minimum, 45; wind, 8 miles W.; weather, clear.
Vancouver—Barometer, 29.94; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 44; wind, 16 miles W.; weather, clear.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.89; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 40; wind, 10 miles W.; weather, fair.
Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, maximum yesterday, 44; minimum, 36; wind, 4 miles N.; rain, .45; weather, raining.
Tatoosh—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 45; wind, 34 miles W.; weather, clear.
Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 29.84; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles N. W.; weather, fair.
Seattle—Barometer, 29.94; temperature, maximum yesterday, 56; minimum, 46; wind, 12 miles S. E.; rain, .08; weather, cloudy.
Calgary—Temperature, maximum yesterday, 44; minimum, 38; rain, .08.

TEMPERATURE.

Place	Max.	Min.
Barkerville	50	38
Grand Forks	63	45
New Hazelton	45	34
Pentlitz	64	44
Princeton	55	41
Nelson	51	39
Prince George	50	38
Edmonton	46	28
Qu'Appelle	46	28
Winnipeg	46	28
Toronto	60	40
Ottawa	58	38
Montreal	56	36
St. John	52	32
Halifax	49	30

MUNICIPAL VOTERS' LIST, 1918

All persons, whether male or female, desiring to qualify as voters at the Municipal Election to be held in January next, either as

- (1) Assessed owners of property held under agreement to purchase;
- (2) Authorized representatives of corporations;
- (3) Householders; or
- (4) Licensees.

may obtain the necessary forms for that purpose at the office of the City Assessor, at the City Hall, who is authorized to take the necessary declarations in that behalf.

(NOTE.—By a recent amendment to the "Municipal Elections Act," persons desiring to qualify as assessed owners under agreement to purchase land or real property must prove, by declaration filed with the Clerk or Assessor (in addition to the requirements previously in force), that there are no taxes delinquent for more than one year with respect to such land or real property.)

The time within which such assessed owners (assessed holders) or representatives of corporations may qualify as voters expires on November 30, 1917, at five o'clock p. m.

Declarations of householders and licensees must be delivered to the undersigned before five o'clock p. m. on the last day of October, 1917, and no such declaration will be accepted unless so delivered within two days after it is made.

The office of the City Assessor will be kept open in the evenings between the hours of seven and nine o'clock from October 24th to October 31st, inclusive, for the convenience of persons desiring to register.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk,
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C.,
October 1, 1917.

RE THE ESTATE OF DAVID MCINTOSH, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against this estate are requested to send particulars thereof, duly verified, to Ellis Flint McKim and Helen Lydia McIntosh, the executors of this estate, whose address is 1135 Emma Street, Victoria, B. C., and that all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said executors on or before the 15th day of November, 1917, and that after that date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been then filed with them.

JACKSON & BAKER,
Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE

Estate of Charles Ball, Late of the City of Victoria, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the late Charles Ball, who died at the City of Victoria, on or about the 21st day of July, 1914, are required, on or before the 1st day of November, 1917, to send to the undersigned, solicitors for Hannah Ball and Percival Robert Brown, executor and executrix of the last Will and Testament of the said Charles Ball, full particulars of their claims against the Estate of the said Charles Ball, deceased.

Take notice that after such last mentioned date the executors and executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of September, A. D. 1917.

RODWELL & LAWSON,
918 Government Street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the Executors and Executrix.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

(Section 35.)
Notice Under Section 35.

TAKE NOTICE that an application has been made to register Charles Thomas Erout as the owner in Fee-simple under two Tax Sale Deeds from the Collector of the Corporation of the Township of Esquimalt to Charles Thomas Erout, bearing date the 26th day of September, A.D. 1917, in pursuance of a Tax Sale held by said Collector on or about the 1st day of September, 1916, of all and singular certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying, and being in the District of Esquimalt, in the Province of British Columbia, more particularly known and described as: Lots Thirty-two (32) and Thirty-three (33), of Section Twenty-six (26), Map 424.

You and those claiming through or under you and all persons claiming any interest in the said land by descent whose title is not registered under the provisions of the "Land Registry Act" are required to come to the office of the Tax Collector within 30 days of the service of this notice upon you. Otherwise you and each of you will be for ever estopped and debarred from setting up any claim to or in respect of the said land, and I shall register the said Charles Thomas Erout.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, at the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 9th day of October, A.D. 1917.

J. C. GWYNN,
Registrar-General.

To Bernard Von Arnim, of Berlin, Germany; Registered Owner, and Alvo Von Alvensleben, Assessed Owner.

We Meet All Competition In FOOTWEAR

Men's Waterproof Boots, all good makes. Boys' Boots, the wear-well brand, at \$4.00. Ladies' Dark Tan Boots, medium heel, Noolin soles. We Have a Lot of Children Shoes at Old Prices.

Maynard's Shoe Store

Tel. 1232. 649 Yates St.



NEWS IN BRIEF

Baby Buggy Tires put on to stay at the Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant.

Warning to Housekeepers—Butter may be \$1 per pound by Christmas. Better put some down now. Earthen Crocks make the best containers. Six gallons, with cover, \$2.10; 5 gall., \$1.75; 4 gall., \$1.40; 3 gall., \$1.05; 2 gall., 70c. R. A. Brown & Co., 1362 Douglas St.

Your Xmas Photos for the Trenches.—Several styles, finished in "sepia," reduced from \$8.00 to \$5.00 per dozen for October only, at the Skene Lowe Studio, 654 Yates St., cor. Douglas. Sit early in the month.

Anti-Combine, Fire Insurance; 7 old established companies, Duck & Johnson, 415 Johnson.

Flower Pots With Saucers—4-in., 10c; 5-in., 15c; 6-in., 20c; 7-in., 25c; 8-in., 30c; 10-in., 50c. R. A. Brown & Co., 1362 Douglas St.

Furnaces Installed—Watson & McGregor, Ltd., phone No. 745.

Liberals Meet Thursday Evening, at Arcade Building, 8 p. m.

A Sale of Work and Afternoon Tea will be held in the Knights of Columbus Hall, 726 Fort Street, Tuesday afternoon, October 16. Soldiers' comforts will also be on sale. Military five hundred will be played in the evening. The proceeds are to be devoted to Poor Clare Nuns Monastery.

Manser Sign Co.—Quality signs and showcards for every business.—New address 1235 Government Street, Phone 2857.

Con-a-Mora Assembly—Alexandra ballroom, every Tuesday evening. Ozard's orchestra, Mrs. Boyd.

Many Tenders Opened.—A long list of tenders were opened in the City Council last evening, and referred to a committee to report at the special meeting of the Council set for Thursday evening.

Will Keep the Horse.—Instead of selling the black horse which has been used for the City Pound, it has been turned over to the Police Department, and will be used by them for mounted constables.

Too Young for Service.—Pte. F. J. Smith, brother of Fireman Smith, of the James Bay Fire Hall staff, has been returned to Canada on account of being too young for service. He arrived in France, but was sent back before getting to the front. He is now eighteen years of age.

Navy League Tag Day.—In view of several applications being from the City Council from Navy League branches in Canada, for a tag day, it was decided to ask the president of the B. C. Federated Navy League to meet the Council on Friday afternoon, and straighten the subject out. The provisional date set is November 23.

To Clean Up Esplanade.—On Alderman Walker's initiative the City Council last evening decided to obtain a report upon the cleaning up of the fresh-shore lots on Belleville Street, known as the Esplanade, of which the city is trustee. Alderman Walker said the condition was a disgraceful eyesore, at the front door of Victoria.

Victoria Wood Co. STOVE \$6.50 LENGTHS, cord \$1.00 KINDLING \$1.00 8 bundles. 809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

Tie Up with the VICTORIA HOME BASE OF THE RED TRIANGLE as a permanent member and help to fill the places of the 600 who have gone to the Front. The Young Men's Christian Association Offers many advantages to boys and men, and needs the moral and financial support of every citizen.

Meeting of Men's Liberal Association, Arcade Building, Thursday, October 13, 8 p. m.

Returns to Battery.—Wounded in September last year, Lance-Corpl. Herbert G. Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Smith, 608 Head Street, Esquimalt, has returned to his battery at the front, No. 2 Siege Battery, R. C. G. A.

No Rebating to Bartenders.—The City Council decided last evening not to rebate the odd 50 cents of the license fee to bartenders for the unexpired term of the license on the ground that the fee is only nominal and a charge for registration, the cost of which has already been absorbed.

Exempt From Road Tax.—While the City Council last evening instructed the tax collector not to press the collection of road tax from returned soldiers, it appears they cannot be admitted to the municipal roll as householders without the prior payment of the tax.

Lunch at Mill.—On invitation of J. O. Cameron the Rotary Club will hold its mid-week lunch this week at the Canadian Puret Sound Lumber Mill. After the meal members of the club will be shown over the big mill which is at present being operated by the Camerons.

Is Annoyed With Association.—A letter attacking the management of the Children's Aid Society was read in the City Council last evening from Helena Therissa Davis, 1624 Hillside Avenue, who appears to have had some experience with the Society. She expressed a preference for Ross Bay cemetery for any child of hers who had only before the future of growing up in the home. The Council heard the long letter in silence, and filed it. The secretary of the Children's Aid Society submitted her report for the month, and stated that \$58 was for lumber for alterations to provide for increased accommodation and fire protection as recommended in Chief Davis's report based on the Grand Jury presentation. Alderman Johns stated that a deputation from the society would wait on the Council on Friday.

Winter Hosiery For Ladies With a stock more extensive than ever and bought considerably ahead of our requirements we are in a position to offer you some excellent Hosiery Values. Cashmere Hose, Penman make, full fashioned and seamless, 75c. Cashmere Hose, in similar high grade makes, \$1.00 and 90c. Fleeced Cotton, at 50c and 25c. Lisle Hose, all shades and grades from 25c. G.A. Richardson & Co. Victoria House 538 Yates St.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right." The Car That Combines Style—Utility—Economy. Overland Model 90 Touring. \$1,150. For your own satisfaction you should make no definite promise to buy a car until you have seen this new Model 90 Overland. It is the smartest utility car ever produced. The smoothest, best value car on wheels. See it, and the other new Overland models at our Johnson Street Salesrooms to-day. THOMAS PLIMLEY CYCLES 727-735 Johnson St., Phone 697

English Knitting Wools, 25c. a hank at The Beehive.

A Meeting of the Victoria Lodge of the R. C. Association of Stationary Engineers will be held on Thursday, 18th, at 8 p. m., in rooms, Union Bank Building. All members are asked to be present.

R. F. C. Recruit.—Harold T. Blackmore, formerly a member of Mrs. Roberts' Orchestra, was one of the party of R. F. C. recruits which left on Saturday night for Toronto.

Pleasant Tuesday Evenings.—For the people, Congregational Church, commencing this evening from 8 to 9 p. m. Solos by Mrs. Macdonald Fahey, Speaker, Rev. Charles Croucher, Mrs. Roberts' Orchestra will give selections.

Court of Revision.—A Court of Revision will be held at the Court House, Victoria, November 19, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of hearing and determining any or all objections against the placing or retention of any names on the registers of voters for the electoral districts of Victoria and Esquimalt.

Telephone Honor Roll.—The roll of honor of the B. C. Telephone Company has been added to recently to the extent of several names, the total now reaching a total of 92 men who have volunteered for service overseas. Four men, A. C. Robb, J. S. Barter, A. C. Day and H. S. Maclean, are shown as having been killed in action. Quite a large number have been wounded and several have been taken prisoner.

This is Wool Week at The Beehive.

Promises Publicity for City.—A letter has been received from W. E. Duperow, formerly of this city, and now general passenger agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, promising to have exhibited at various points on the line in Western Canada pictures of Victoria and district. The views exhibited by the Victoria and Island Development Association at San Francisco will supply suitable material.

Proportional Representation.—E. S. Woodward, Honorary Secretary of the local Proportional Representation Society, wrote to the City Council last evening pointing out that under a recent amendment of the Municipal Act, the Council is entitled to adopt the proportional system at elections on a three-fifths vote of the Council. The Society offered the services of its members with a view to the introduction of the system here. The subject will be discussed by the Council at an early meeting.

New Westminster Tax Sale.—J. C. Blair, tobacconist, of New Westminster, purchased the old Dominion Trust block at the adjourned city tax sale on Saturday for slightly less than \$8,000. It is a substantial six-story block, located at the corner of Sixth and Columbia Street. The liquidator of the Dominion Trust Company made no effort to redeem the property. If this property is not redeemed by the Dominion Trust estate within the next year Mr. Blair will have secured a property valued at between \$50,000 and \$75,000, for less than \$10,000, including this year's taxes. This year's tax sale was concluded on Saturday, some 300 unimproved lots being retained by the city for lack of bidders. The sale has proved a substantial success. About \$95,000 was realized in tax arrears collections and purchases at the tax sale as against an estimate of \$75,000.

"Sister Susie" Again.—The Sister Susie Club, which last year was well to the fore with entertainments of a very successful character in aid of its splendid war-work, will hold a cabaret and war bazaar at the Empress Hotel ballroom on Saturday, November 3, at 8 p. m. It will be recalled that last year the club held an event of the kind about the same date, the proceeds of which provided ten prisoners of war with weekly parcels for six months. The last acknowledgements of these parcels were received in September. This year it has been decided to devote the proceeds to the use of the Widows and Orphans' fund. The cabaret will be under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard, and the finest talent of the city has promised to support the concert. One of the principal numbers will be two selections from the Arion Club, which has kindly consented to take part.

Magistrate Jay commented on the incident severely, saying that teaching a three-year-old child to fight his playmate was a poor way to train a child. The evidence was heard in the first case under the Prohibition Act, arising from a raid on the Wilson cafe on October 6. The facts presented against Ethel Cook and J. Trantuffill, the proprietors, connected the former only with knowledge of the whisky. The latter was away at the time. She had put the whisky in an ice chest pending decision as to what was to be done with it, and in some way the bottle had been moved under a table. It was not alleged that the spirits had been used.

R. C. Lowe appeared for Cook, and J. A. Alkman for Trantuffill, and the Magistrate adjourned the case till Friday in order to have cases submitted on the question of joint responsibility of proprietors in liquor cases.

Thursday's Tag.—Both by posters and newspaper advertising attention is being focussed for the next few days on the Empire wide collection for the British Red Cross Society on "Our Day," October 18. The arrangements for the street collection in Victoria are well advanced, and the tags which are a new design have arrived. Any ladies who have not yet been asked to tag on the 18th, and who are willing to assist in this work are requested to send in their names either to the convenors of the Red Cross Branch in the district in which they reside, or to Mrs. Fleming at the Temple Building, telephone 5052. There are still some tags required and in addition it is necessary to have a few volunteers in reserve to fill any emergency requirements that may arise on the date of the collection.

EIGHTY SOLDIERS ARE EXPECTED HOME

Eleven Victorians in List of Those to Arrive Saturday Next

The Provincial Returned Soldiers Commission has been advised by the Discharge Depot, Quebec, that the following returned soldiers left there by the noon train on 15th instant for British Columbia, and are due to arrive in Vancouver by the 8 a. m. train on Saturday next and in Victoria by the 3 p. m. boat the same day: Adam Erwin, box 179, Victoria, B. C.; Edmund Allen, 1618 Fell Street; Arthur Leadbetter, 1211 Pembroke Street; Albert Taylor, 1027 Queen's Avenue; Henry Tidbury, 1058 Figgard Street; James Heatley, General Delivery; Fred Abrams, General Delivery (stopover seven days, Belleville); Charles Dundas, 1231 Beach Drive, Oak Bay; John Ridd, 1912 Oak Bay Avenue; Sidney Jackson, General Delivery; J. Carpenale, General Delivery; and Sidney Smith, General Delivery, all of Victoria.

John Till, John Hrough, Herbert Forest, Robt. Orr, Elliott Peet, Chas. Smith, Thomas Wilson, Thomas Lawson, Pte. Sydney Brookfield, Edgar Mahy, Adam Dundas, Arthur Calderhead, Wm. Hooper, Herrick Duckworth, George Shaw, Richard Mattock, Harry Owens, Harold Fielding, Daniel Cummings, Harold Walmesley, Robt. Band, Robt. McGougan, Alfred Cornish, Thomas Laynes, Frank Conley, Wm. Jones, Edwin Bell, Charles Turner, Wm. Morrison, Wm. Montgomery, Fred Clarkson, James Russell, Alex. Macaulay, John Myers, Hugo Bradys, James Fauley and Wm. Taylor, all for Vancouver.

For other parts of the province are Walter Cambridge, Angus McLennan, Hugh Durkin, Edmund Brown, Wm. Nevard, W. Patchell, and Albert Eden, all for New Westminster; Frank McCoy, George Mossman, and Joseph Meek, all of Ladysmith. For various points are Charles McInnes, of Nelson (stopover, Ottawa, three days); Pte. A. Latremblie, of Kamloops; Chas. Millerin, of Cranbrook; Alex. McKay, of Merritt; Samuel Balleur, of Prince George; Wm. Plowman, of Rutland; James Greer, of Gateway (stopover, Brandon, three days); Frank Hayward, of Naramata; Dudley Harrow, of Golden; Donald McAuley, of Fort George; Harry Reynolds, of Maple Grove; John Thompson, of Prince Rupert; Carl Casparson, of Cloverdale; Daniel Thomas, of Lulu Island; Edward McAdam, of Merritt; John Laurenson, of Prince Rupert; Richard Baumber, of Golden; Richard Bernard, Ladysmith; Wm. Collins, Grand Forks; Eugene Gilbert, Dawson City; Michael Morning, Nanaimo; Allan Anthony, of White Rock, preceded party.

DISAPPROVED ACTION

Magistrate Lectures Father on Teaching Small Child to Fight; Prohibition Act Case.

In imposing a fine of \$10 on Michael McGrath, charged under the Public Morals by-law with using insulting language to a woman, Magistrate Jay this morning in the City Police Court said: "You had better go home, and try and exercise more control upon your temper."

There had been a neighborly quarrel, accompanied by unduly emphatic language, and then the accused put up his three-year-old child to punch a neighbor's child of the same age. The reason for this conduct arose from the throwing of a piece of glass at the child previously, which annoyed the father. In the box he added that his temper was often strained by the undignified epithets thrown at his two children by the neighbors, who would not leave them at peace to play in their own back yard.

He was not able to explain satisfactorily an invitation to fight extended to a workman who happened to be in the house adjoining, and from that circumstance the City Prosecutor drew the impression that accused must have been thoroughly angry at the time. Magistrate Jay commented on the incident severely, saying that teaching a three-year-old child to fight his playmate was a poor way to train a child.

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PTE. ARMIT BRINGS DECORATION HOME

Distinguished Conduct Medal for Taking Part in Raid on German Trench

DRUMMER SMITH HAS A BATTERED TRUMPET

Owing to the danger of submarines the big ship on which the recently returned men crossed the Atlantic was obliged to change her course on several occasions, with the result that the trip occupied eleven days. One of the accompanying vessels, which came over was torpedoed, it was said, on her return trip to England. Several splendid concerts were given on the ship, the men of the party having their share of honors in the programmes given, one of these, Joseph R. Chamberlain, an accomplished violin, cello and piano player, being in considerable demand. The trip across the Dominion was greatly enlivened by the songs of the men, led in each case by the popular violinist.

Again the veterans told of the splendid treatment accorded them at all of the larger points on the prairies. At Winnipeg they were treated to a theatre party and a supper. Regina also gave a hearty welcome to the men from British Columbia. The Sons of England Society at Medicine Hat presented each man with a certificate much after the same style as is given out in Vancouver by the council. A great crowd met the men at the station at Revelstoke and loaded the soldiers with a much appreciated supply of home-grown apples; then home, and either duty or hospital.

The conducting official was an artillery officer home on furlough for treatment. While his home is in the East, it is his first trip to the Coast. After a day or two in Victoria he will return to the East on his way back to the firing line.

Pte. T. N. Armit.

It was a bombing raid engineered by the grenade section of the 2nd C. M. R.'s at Roclin Court near Arras, in November a year ago, that Pte. T. N. Armit, of Victoria, won the D. C. M. "With a party of twenty-two N. C. O's and men with an officer," said the decorated man, "we were ordered to make an attack on a section of enemy trench, which had never before been penetrated. With our faces blackened we started across No. Man's Land in single file at midnight. The way had been prepared by a box barrage fire and as soon as this was finished we made a rush for Helia's trenches, of which we had a plan, which had been prepared by the aeroplane observers.

We were right into them before the Hun became aware of our approach. Four or five of the occupants were bayoneted before we had a casualty. The raid only lasted about twenty minutes, but in that time sixteen of our men had been wounded. Four of them, including Corp. Knox, of the 54th Battalion, of Victoria, died on the way back to our own lines. We succeeded, however, in gaining the information as to the enemy's trench, for which we were sent, in addition to capturing a German prisoner who was greatly desired by our officers."

Awarded the D. C. M.

Pte. Armit was awarded the D. C. M. for "carrying on" after his right shoulder had been blown away by a bomb. Corp., now Lieut., Manning, of Vernon, was decorated with the D. C. M. in the same action. In October, 1915, Pte. Armit lost the third finger of his right hand at Dicky Bush. He left Victoria for the front in June two years ago, and altogether spent some ten months in the trenches.

Sapper Bagnall.

Leaving Victoria with a draft of the 88th Battalion, and being transferred to the 7th Sapper C. F. Bagnall, of Parksville, served twenty-five months in France with the 3rd Canadian Division Signalling Company. He was wounded on March 2 this year by a machine-gun bullet in the knee, while engaged in burying a telephone cable. At the third battle of Ypres he was obliged to work two days and nights without stop in stringing communication wires under fire. The men engaged in this work were usually kept very busy in repairing phone wires which had been broken by gun-fire. The interruption of phone connection with headquarters during an engagement might, he intimated, prove very disastrous. Sapper Bagnall expects to spend a further three months in hospital, as the injured knee is still in bad condition.

Died With Men.

The late Col. Kimball, of the 54th Battalion, "Kootenay Cougars," was universally liked by his men, according to a statement made by two or three of the men of that unit who were on the train. Orders had been received by the colonel to make an attack, preparatory to which a gas attack had been made which was apparently successful. The engineers reported that a second launching of gas towards Fritz was slowly returning. But the attack was ordered by headquarters. Seizing a rifle, Col. Kimball said: "If my men are going I'm going too," and was off over the top. He led his soldiers as far as the wire entanglements where he met instant death. Pte. F. Setter, of Cranbrook, got a charge of shrapnel in the leg the first night he was in the trenches on the Somme on September 14 last year. Since that time he has had five operations in which eight pieces of bone have been removed from the injured member. Drummer F. Smith.

Drummer F. Smith, of Victoria, went over with the 8th Fusiliers, but on account of his youth he was prevented

Amuse Yourself With Music This Winter

To enable you to become a proficient performer on any one of the musical instruments we carry in stock, we are this week making a special inducement offer. Here it is:

We give six lessons and an instruction book free with any instrument you choose. Instruments include Violin, Guitar, Mandolin, Ukulele, Banjo, Banjoke, Accordion, Autoharp

See our Government Street window for further details of this Special Offer

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House 1121 GOVERNMENT ST. and 607 VIEW ST. In the New Spencer Building Also at Vancouver

from going to France. He stayed twenty months in England doing bugle duty in the different camps. The young drummer brings home with him a badly battered trumpet which was through the South African and a great part of the present campaign, during which time it was buried on several occasions, but is still capable of service. His father, a former Victoria City fireman, is in England with the C. A. S. C.

Had Ankle Broken.

Sergt.-Major A. Stafford, of Courtenay, and well-known here, was a member of A Company of the 6th D. C. O. R. when war broke out. He went to France with the 102nd, which he remained for nine months when he suffered a broken ankle. He served through the South African campaign, and in addition to wearing the customary medal given for that campaign, he is the possessor of the medal of the Order of St. John for ambulance work under heavy fire. Pte. A. H. Charles went overseas with the 11th C. M. R.'s but was kept in England owing to illness.

BATTALION "BROKEN UP"

102nd (North British Columbian) is Posted to 2nd Central Ontario Regiment.

The 102nd (North British Columbian) Battalion has lost existence as a separate unit on being posted to the 2nd Central Ontario Regiment. This battalion was largely recruited by its old commander, Lieut.-Col. John Warden, D.S.O., who spent several months in this work while on sick leave in British Columbia, following the wounds he received at the second battle of Ypres. "We are being shot round like orphans without a home, and feel keenly not having been left as a British Columbia battalion, knowing that the province has sent so many men," says the colonel in writing home to friends. The "breaking-up" of the 102nd now leaves only four active service battalions which, in composition, are strictly British Columbian—the 7th Battalion (1st B. C. Regiment), 16th, 29th, and 45th. The North British Columbian have a record of which they may well be proud.

Buy English Goods from The Beehive.

Noted Physician



JESSIE B. CONWAY, M.D.

Gave a very interesting talk to a large audience yesterday afternoon in the Victoria Club rooms. The people of Victoria showed the Doctor how they appreciated her lectures when she was here about a year ago by the hearty welcome she received upon her return. She is an excellent lecturer and each afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Victoria Club she will give a free lecture. Her subject for Wednesday is "The Cause of Rheumatism."

VICTORIA PUBLIC MARKET

Headquarters for Home Products COME TO MARKET

HAMSTERLEY FARM

The Finest Selection of Jams, Jellies, Marmalade, Fruit in Syrup and Overseas Candy in the City COME TO MARKET

ROCK SIDE POULTRY FARM

SPECIAL! SPECIAL! SPRING DUCKLINGS SPRING CHICKENS BROILERS YOUNG FOWL At prices to suit everybody. Come to the Public Market for Quality.

"QUALITY FIRST"

Cut Flowers Plants Shrubs Ferns Trees Rock Plants Fruit Trees

Quadra Greenhouse Co., Ltd. Victoria, B. C. Write for New Catalogue Experienced Gardeners Recommended

Madrona Farm New Laid Eggs

Are famous for the flavor and freshness of their fresh eggs. STALL 9

"Sailors' Club"

Royal Naval Institute, Admirals' Road, Esquimalt, B.C.

A Linen Shower will be held on Thursday Afternoon, Oct. 18

From 3 to 6 o'clock. MRS. D. DOIG has kindly consented to arrange a Musical Programme. TEA PROVIDED FREE.

URGENT NEEDS—Flannelette Blankets (small size), Pillow Slips, Bath Towels, Roller Towels, Face Towels.

Beauty Culture Electricity is the ONLY SAFE and PERMANENT method of removing superfluous hair. Chemicals only stimulate the growth. ABSOLUTE CURE GUARANTEED. Unanimously recommended by the medical profession. MISS HANMAN Qualified London Specialist, Phone 2845, 228 Campbell St.

A woman is interested in a man as long as he knows something she wants to find out.

SNAPS

4-Roomed House and Lot, 60 x 155, on Ester Road. Lot is level and free from rock.
Only \$575.00

Two Level Lots, on Foul Bay Road, on corner. Small building, which could be used as a dwelling.
Only \$750.00.

INSURE

Your House and Furniture in the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. before it is too late.

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE
640 Fort Street.
Exclusive Agents.

EMBARGO RETARDS SHIPBUILDING IN JAPANESE YARDS

Plants Curtailing Work Owing to Shortage of Steel and Materials

Fearing there is little chance of a satisfactory settlement of the steel embargo, leading shipbuilding yards in Japan, which have hitherto been obtaining the greater part of their steel and iron from the United States, are now gradually curtailing their work on account of the shortage of available materials. On the other side of the Pacific the belief seems to prevail that Japan will be unable to secure steel in large enough quantities to carry on her original shipbuilding programme. As there is no way in which Japan can obtain steel except from America, the leading shipbuilding firms are experiencing a considerable handicap in the industry. With 15,000 workmen directly engaged in shipbuilding and an additional 12,000 employed in necessary departments of the trade, the Kawasaki Dock Company, of Kobe, Japan's foremost shipbuilding firm, has a grave problem on its hands in order to keep all these workmen in employment until sufficient steel is available. Steel mills have been newly established and existing ones have been extended in an attempt to produce enough steel to meet the demand in Japan. Many months, however, will elapse before any material development can be made.

Although the Kawasaki dock boasts that it has enough steel to last for the next year, the firm is gradually curtailing its work. Because of shortage of materials consequent upon the steel embargo, other leading shipbuilding firms, such as the Mitsui Bishi Engineering & Iron Works, at Nagasaki and Kobe, the Osaka Iron Works, Osaka, the Amano Shipbuilding Company and others are planning to check operations until the steel embargo is modified.

WALLACE SHIPYARDS BUILT FOUNDRY ON INDUSTRIAL ISLAND

The Wallace Shipyards Limited, of North Vancouver, are erecting a large foundry building on Industrial Island, False Creek. The main foundry will measure 73x200 feet and there will, in addition, be pattern shops, brass foundry and office buildings. The foundry building will contain three large casting-pits for special marine work. Coke ovens will be installed and up-to-date equipment is provided for the handling of coke and pig-iron on the loading platform. The new plant will be used in connection with contracts received by the firm for the construction of marine engines.

MOTORSHIP ANVIL IN DISTRESS OFF CALIFORNIA COAST

San Diego, Oct. 15.—In danger of foundering, and with more than 50 persons aboard, the motorship Anvil is reported in distress down the Lower California coast, and needs assistance back to San Diego. J. B. Franklin, charterer of the ship, sends word to that effect by way of a fishing schooner arriving from the Lower California coast.

LABOR BOARD IS NOW SITTING AT PORTLAND

Portland, Ore., Oct. 15.—Members of the Federal Adjustment Board commenced their work in Portland yesterday. They will examine into the strike situation in the steel and wooden shipyards. More than seven thousand men are on strike and work stopped on a score of vessels in an advanced stage of construction. The board is expected to remain here a week before going to San Francisco. The findings and recommendations of the members will not be made public until investigations on the Pacific Coast are completed, it was announced.

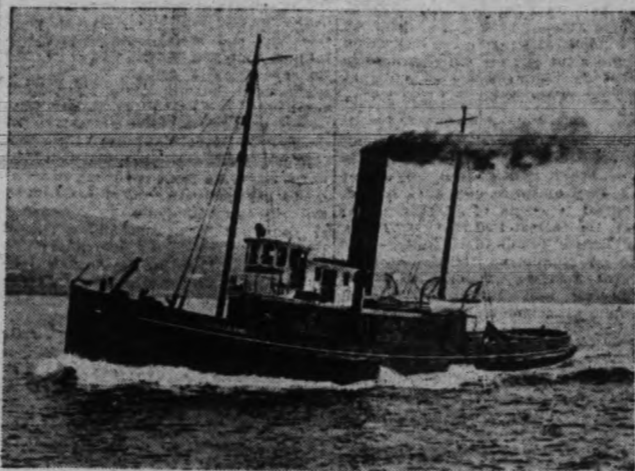
PLAN DEVISED TO PUNISH GERMANY FOR U BOAT CRIMES

London, Oct. 15.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—A great mass meeting of sailors and firemen was held at Cardiff to devise post war punishment for Germans for their U boat crimes. A resolution was adopted asking employers to refuse to employ Germans on land or sea, requesting the public to refuse to buy German goods and desiring master mariners to refuse to salute the German flag, the boycott to continue two years and an additional month to be added for every future crime.

WATERHOUSE GETS TWO.

The interned German vessels taken over by the United States in Philippine waters have not all been assigned to the Robert Dollar and Pacific Mail Steamship companies. Frank Waterhouse & Co., of Seattle, has also come in for its share of the vessels, the Andalusia and the Sachse, having been assigned to the latter company.

ACQUIRED BY GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC



FAMOUS TUG LORNE

STRIKERS ADOPT VIOLENT METHODS

Non-Union Workmen Injured at Portland During Hostile Demonstration

Portland, Ore., Oct. 15.—E. P. Daniels, aged 28, a non-union workman, was sent to the Emergency Hospital, and eight strikers were sent to jail late yesterday, following a crowd and several hundred striking shipyard workmen to "rush" non-union workmen coming off shift at the plant of the Northwest Steel Company. Daniels was badly beaten over the head with clubs. The police said eight strikers attacked him at once. The strikers congregated down town and marched in a body to the plant in South Portland. Police reserves were rushed to the scene and tried to head the strikers away from the shipyard, but small groups broke through and surrounded the works. None entered. Strikers tried to board trolley cars on which workmen were leaving the shipyard, but were kept off by the police. A trolley of one car was thrown off the wire and the car stopped, but the strikers were kept off by the police. Daniels was pursued by the police, but beaten before the police could get to the scene. One of the strikers, Frank Novorra, was found to be armed with a knife.

Boilermakers Vote. Seattle, Oct. 15.—Although officials of the union refused to talk for publication, members of the Boilermakers who voted last night on a plan to return to work in the steel shipyards pending adjustment of their wage demands by the Federal Board now in Portland, stated the vote was almost unanimous against the proposal and that the Boilermakers will not work until their demands are met in full.

AMERICANS TO PAY TRANSPORTATION TAX

A special war tax of 3 per cent. of the cost of all rail and steamship tickets will become effective in the United States on November 1. Shippers forwarding commodities of all kinds will also have to pay a special tax of 3 per cent. of the freight rate as an additional charge. The passenger fare from Seattle to Seaside, Valdez and Cordova, for instance, is \$50, but in accordance with the new law, travellers bound from Seattle for these ports will have to pay a war tax of \$4. The rate from Seattle to Skagway is \$35, and the tax will mean an extra payment of \$2.64. The tax will mean an advance in the cost of the trip from Seattle to Ketchikan, from \$24 to \$25.92. The tax on freight will mean that the shipper must pay an additional \$1.50 when the charges are \$50, and additional \$2 when the charges are \$100, and an additional \$3 when the charges are \$200, or 3 per cent. of the freight rate. The steamship or railroad company will collect the tax in accordance with its published rates, and pay the amount received to the Government through the collector of internal revenue.

WIRELESS REPORTS

Oct. 15, 3 a.m.
Point Grey—Clear; N. W. strong; 29.90; 45; sea rough.
Cape Lazo—Cloudy; N.E. fresh; 29.92; 44; sea moderate. Spoke str Jefferson, 3 a.m.; Seymour Narrows, southbound; str Princess May, 3.05 a.m., off Cape Mudge, southbound.
Pachena—Clear; N. W. fresh; 29.98; 46; sea moderate.
Datova—Clear; N. W. light; 29.1; 47; sea smooth.
Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.84; 50; sea smooth.
Triangle—Cloudy; N. W. moderate; 30.17; 45; light swell.
Dead Tree Point—Overcast; N. W. light; 30.11; 36; sea smooth.
Ikeda Bay—Clear; calm; 29.80; 42; sea smooth.
Prince Rupert—Clear; W.; 30.00; 40; sea smooth.
Noon.
Point Grey—Clear; N. W., strong; 29.95; 48; sea rough.
Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W., fresh; 29.99; 50; sea moderate. Spoke str Prince George, 10.39 a. m., Seymour Narrows, southbound.
Pachena—Clear; N. W., fresh; 30.02; 57; sea rough.
Datova—Clear; N. W., light; 29.88; 58; sea moderate.
Alert Bay—Clear; calm; 29.90; 52; sea smooth.
Triangle—Cloudy; N. W., strong; 30.20; 45; sea rough.
Dead Tree Point—Overcast; N. E., light; 30.22; 45; sea smooth.
Ikeda Bay—Cloudy; N. W., fresh; 29.92; 46; sea moderate.
Prince Rupert—Clear; N. W.; 30.11; 50; sea smooth.

TIDE TABLE.

October.					
Date.	Time H.	Time L.	Time H.	Time L.	Time H.
1	5:54 1.3	3:38 4.8	14:20 8.3	21:10 1.9	23:10 8.4
2	5:50 1.3	3:34 4.8	14:19 8.3	21:09 1.9	23:09 8.4
3	5:46 1.3	3:30 4.8	14:18 8.3	21:08 1.9	23:08 8.4
4	5:42 1.3	3:26 4.8	14:17 8.3	21:07 1.9	23:07 8.4
5	5:38 1.3	3:22 4.8	14:16 8.3	21:06 1.9	23:06 8.4
6	5:34 1.3	3:18 4.8	14:15 8.3	21:05 1.9	23:05 8.4
7	5:30 1.3	3:14 4.8	14:14 8.3	21:04 1.9	23:04 8.4
8	5:26 1.3	3:10 4.8	14:13 8.3	21:03 1.9	23:03 8.4
9	5:22 1.3	3:06 4.8	14:12 8.3	21:02 1.9	23:02 8.4
10	5:18 1.3	3:02 4.8	14:11 8.3	21:01 1.9	23:01 8.4
11	5:14 1.3	2:58 4.8	14:10 8.3	21:00 1.9	23:00 8.4
12	5:10 1.3	2:54 4.8	14:09 8.3	20:59 1.9	22:59 8.4
13	5:06 1.3	2:50 4.8	14:08 8.3	20:58 1.9	22:58 8.4
14	5:02 1.3	2:46 4.8	14:07 8.3	20:57 1.9	22:57 8.4
15	4:58 1.3	2:42 4.8	14:06 8.3	20:56 1.9	22:56 8.4
16	4:54 1.3	2:38 4.8	14:05 8.3	20:55 1.9	22:55 8.4
17	4:50 1.3	2:34 4.8	14:04 8.3	20:54 1.9	22:54 8.4
18	4:46 1.3	2:30 4.8	14:03 8.3	20:53 1.9	22:53 8.4
19	4:42 1.3	2:26 4.8	14:02 8.3	20:52 1.9	22:52 8.4
20	4:38 1.3	2:22 4.8	14:01 8.3	20:51 1.9	22:51 8.4
21	4:34 1.3	2:18 4.8	14:00 8.3	20:50 1.9	22:50 8.4
22	4:30 1.3	2:14 4.8	13:59 8.3	20:49 1.9	22:49 8.4
23	4:26 1.3	2:10 4.8	13:58 8.3	20:48 1.9	22:48 8.4
24	4:22 1.3	2:06 4.8	13:57 8.3	20:47 1.9	22:47 8.4
25	4:18 1.3	2:02 4.8	13:56 8.3	20:46 1.9	22:46 8.4
26	4:14 1.3	1:58 4.8	13:55 8.3	20:45 1.9	22:45 8.4
27	4:10 1.3	1:54 4.8	13:54 8.3	20:44 1.9	22:44 8.4
28	4:06 1.3	1:50 4.8	13:53 8.3	20:43 1.9	22:43 8.4
29	4:02 1.3	1:46 4.8	13:52 8.3	20:42 1.9	22:42 8.4
30	3:58 1.3	1:42 4.8	13:51 8.3	20:41 1.9	22:41 8.4

The time used in Pacific standard for the month of October is as follows: From 8 to 24 hours, from midnight in mid. night. The figures for daylight save to determine high water from low water. Where blank occur in the table, the figure or figures continuously during two consecutive tidal periods without turning. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot, above the average level of lower low water. Equipment.—To find the depth of water on the sill of the dry dock at any tide, add 19.0 feet to the height of high water as above given.

LINCOLN SMITH LEAVING C.P.R. TO ENTER BUSINESS

Popular Steamship Man Will Become Managing-Director of Peter McQuade & Sons

Lincoln Smith, for many years associated with the C. P. R. steamship service, latterly as assistant to Capt. J. W. Troup, manager of the B. C. Coast Steamship service, is about to resign from his duties with the company to become managing director of the firm of Peter McQuade & Sons, ship charterers of this city. It is understood that Mr. Smith will hand in his resignation within the next few days when the successor to his office will be announced. During his long period of service with the C. P. R. in Victoria, Mr. Smith has been the right hand man of Capt. Troup, and his thorough grip of maritime matters generally will doubtless prove of inestimable value to him in his new sphere of activity. Of the most genial disposition, tactful, generous, and a man of sterling business qualities, Mr. Smith is unquestionably one of the most popular officials in the C. P. R. steamship service. Having from Owen Sound, Ont., Mr. Smith joined the C. P. R. service at an early age and his organizing ability soon won him recognition in the service. Before coming to the Coast he spent considerable time in the Nelson district in an administrative capacity in connection with the operation of the Kootenay service. For some years past he has been associated with Capt. J. W. Troup in a confidential capacity, and during his period of service has won a host of friends who will wish him every success in his new venture.

FAMOUS TUG LORNE PURCHASED BY G.T.P.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has purchased the tug Lorne and two barges for operation in the coastwise trade between the Queen Charlotte Islands and Prince Rupert. Capt. C. H. Nicholson, manager of G. T. P. coast steamships, is in the city to-day completing the details of the purchase. The Lorne is a famous tugboat and in her day was the most powerful craft used for deep-sea towing purposes along this section of the coast. About three years ago the Lorne, while towing the barge America across the Gulf, was blown ashore with her bow on the reefs of San Juan Islands and was badly battered by successive storms. She was eventually salvaged and towed to Victoria, being acquired by Alexander McDermott, of the Victoria & Vancouver Stevedoring Co.

ATTEMPTS SALVAGE OF ANCIENT BARQUE

Diver Locates Wreck of Old Union Which Sank Forty-Three Years Ago

In a venture made profitable by war prices for copper and coal, William Benjamin, diving expert of Seattle, is salvaging the remnants of the old barque Union, which foundered at San Juan Island waters 43 years ago while bound from Nanaimo to San Francisco. Benjamin's operations are believed to set a new record on the Pacific. As far as is known the Union wreck is the most ancient to figure in salvage operations on this coast. Benjamin has been searching for the wreck on and off, for the past five years, and succeeded in discovering its location at the beginning of this month, when he started salvage work. The wreck contains 600 tons of the best Nanaimo coal, all in as good condition as the day the Union sailed from the Vancouver Island coal port on her way to the Golden Gate. The Union drove ashore on one of the San Juan group and later slid off into ten fathoms of water. The coal is in large chunks and consequently is rather difficult to salvage, but Benjamin proposes to employ a large claim shell-dipper to bring it to the surface. The fuel will be loaded into scows and placed on the market. Benjamin began his salvage operations with a small gas boat named the Igloo, and he has now acquired the old steam freighter, Seattle Spirit from the Port Blakeley Mill Company to carry on the work. When the diver first descended to the wreck he discovered one of the vessel's two copper pumps sticking up through the coal, and removing it, he presented it to the Cary-Davis Towing Company, of Seattle, in return for a copper deck pump which the company had presented to him. On getting down to the wreck, Benjamin found that the salt water had eaten away all the iron in the old barque. The anchor had been reduced to almost nothing, and the chains were practically gone. The Union had a lot of copper in her. The copper, like the coal, is as good as it was the day she went down, showing absolutely no sign of deterioration. The vessel's upper works disappeared long ago.

BIG N. Y. K. LINERS WILL BE POPULAR IN THIS SERVICE

As announced in The Times of September 28, the large Japanese liners Fushimi Maru and Katori Maru, 21,120 and 19,100 tons displacement respectively, are to be operated on the North Pacific route of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and the first of these vessels is shortly expected to make her initial appearance at this port. Although the N. Y. K. Company may ultimately decide to place other European Line ships on this route, W. R. Dale, local agent, is not yet aware that the Kashima Maru and the Suwa Maru, ships of similar tonnage, have been assigned to this run, despite reports to the contrary. That trans-Pacific passenger travel is intensely congested is shown by the fact that all the cabins on the Fushimi Maru have been taken for her maiden trans-Pacific voyage. She carries 121 saloon, 60 second and 130 third class passengers. Both vessels are very speedy and can cross the Pacific in twelve days.

RAILWAYMEN'S DISPUTE.

Montreal, Oct. 15.—It is learned here that the conductors and trainmen of the C. P. R. have not asked for a board of arbitration. Persistent rumors were current that a board would be demanded by the men.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Belmont building will be raised half-mast high at 12:45 p. m. to the top at 12:55 p. m. and will be dropped at 1 p. m. daily. F. NAPIER-DENISON, Superintendent. The Observatory, Gonzales Heights.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC Sailings From Victoria for OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT AND ANYOX

Every Monday and Thursday at 10 a.m.
SWANSON BAY 10 a.m. Thursday
ALASKA AND YUKON 10 a.m. Oct. 29, and Nov. 12
QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS 10 a.m. Oct. 22 and Nov. 5
VANCOUVER 10 a.m. Monday and Thursday
SEATTLE 10 a.m. Sunday and Wednesday
Direct connection at Prince Rupert with the GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY FOR ALL EASTERN DESTINATIONS
Reservations and full information on application to City Passenger and Ticket Office, 900 Wharf Street. Phone 1243

BEACHES COMMITTEE TO MEET TO-MORROW

By-law to Define Its Powers to Be Taken Up; Agreement Holders' Franchise

After an interval of several weeks, the Victoria-Saanich Beaches and Parks Committee, has been called together for to-morrow afternoon. There are several matters referred to the committee, but the most important reason for which the meeting is summoned is to get together on the by-law which has to be passed by both councils before the body, which has hitherto been a voluntary organization thwarted at every turn by limitation of jurisdiction, becomes, according to statute, a definite entity charged with specific powers. The draft has been approved by the solicitors of both municipalities. The committee has an interesting letter from a summer resident at Cordova Bay, who made a number of suggestions with regard to the improvement of conditions at the bay to the Saanich Council. By that body the letter has been sent to the Beaches Committee. This afternoon the special committee appointed to get the building by-law amendment into shape for the special council meeting is holding a session. Advantage is to be taken of the amendment to the Municipal Elections Act to clear up the ambiguity with regard to the declaration taken by agreement holders in order to secure the franchise. Prior to the meeting of the Court of Revision on the Voters' Lists on December 10 it is proposed that each agreement holder's declaration shall be scrutinized, and a report made by the collector on all those which are more than one year delinquent in payment of taxes, so that he may report thereon to the Court of Revision to deal with in regard to retaining their names on the roll. These declarations can be made before a number of officers specified in the Act, but in practice are generally made before a civic official who possesses magisterial jurisdiction, and the legal advice is that it is no part of the duty of the officer receiving the declaration to ascertain the facts declared before him. The initiative for this action comes from City Clerk Dowler, who has been in correspondence with the city solicitor on the matter. When the correspondence was reported to the City Council last evening it was resolved to obtain a report on the subject between November 20, when the list closes, and December 10, for the advice of the Court of Revision.

DAY STEAMER TO SEATTLE THE S.S. "Sol Duc"

Leaves C. P. R. Wharf daily except Sunday at 10:30 a.m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Takush Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS INLET Canneries, NACAS OCEAN FALLS and BELLA COOLA.
S.S. "Venture" sails from Vancouver every Tuesday at 11 p.m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, SURF INLET, Hartley Bay, STERNA RIVER Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson and NAAS RIVER Canneries.
S.S. "Chelohin" leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 p.m. EAST DIRECT SERVICE to OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANTOX, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namu, Swanson Bay, Butedale.
GEO. McCREGOR, Agent, 1005 Government St. Phone 1935.

SAILINGS TO NORTHERN B. C. PORTS

The Union Steamship Company of B. C. Limited
S.S. "Camosun" sails from Victoria, Evans-Coleman Dock, every Wednesday at 11 p.m., for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Solihwa, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Takush Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS INLET Canneries, NACAS OCEAN FALLS and BELLA COOLA.
S.S. "Venture" sails from Vancouver every Tuesday at 11 p.m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, SURF INLET, Hartley Bay, STERNA RIVER Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson and NAAS RIVER Canneries.
S.S. "Chelohin" leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 p.m. EAST DIRECT SERVICE to OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANTOX, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namu, Swanson Bay, Butedale.
GEO. McCREGOR, Agent, 1005 Government St. Phone 1935.

TWO PROVINCIAL JAILS WILL CLOSE

Possibility That Kamloops and Nelson Institutions Will Still Do Duty
Deputy Attorney-General Johnson stated this morning that it has been definitely decided to close two provincial jails at the end of the present month. The one is the institution situated on Wilkerson Road, Saanich, and the other is at New Westminster. The Government has under consideration the advisability or otherwise of taking similar action with regard to the provincial jail at Kamloops and at Nelson. Mr. Johnson was not in a position to make any definite announcement on the fate of the two latter when asked by a Times representative this morning. All to Okhalla. The plan outlined by the Attorney-General's Department is that prisoners detained at the institutions affected by the Government's action will be sent to Okhalla prison farm. At the four jails named there are some fifty officials and attendants employed. There is a strong possibility that some of that number would find billets at the prison farm by reason of the additional charges at that point, although in keeping with the Government's plan to curtail expenditure it is scarcely likely that the staff at Okhalla will be augmented to any extent on the advent of prisoners from Wilkerson Road and New Westminster. The Kamloops Jail. Following an earlier report concerning the Kamloops institution and the possibility of it being closed, The Telegram observes editorially: The cost of maintenance of Kamloops jail for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1916, was \$18,000; the estimated expenditure for this year is \$12,600. Against this must be placed the services and earnings of the prisoners. On the farm connected with the jail large quantities of vegetables and fruits are grown—sufficient to supply the jail, the provincial home with its 140 inhabitants, and to furnish seed potatoes to the Government for distribution. Twenty tons of potatoes were supplied for seed in 1914 and 1915, and last year the sale of twenty tons turned into the treasury \$300. Prison labor is also used to harvest the ice for the provincial home and the court house. In winter five men and a team are occupied a day a week, removing ash from the home, and a gang is employed at the court house an average of a day per week. All this service would have to be paid for if Kamloops jail were closed. "It is hoped that the Government will very thoroughly investigate the matter before deciding upon action."

SWEDISH MAIL POUCHES IN HANDS OF BRITISH

Washington, Oct. 15.—Swedish Minister Ekengren to-day laid before Secretary Lansing the situation regarding the Swedish diplomatic mail pouches removed from an American-bound steamer by British naval authorities and now held at the British Embassy here. Statistics on Sweden's food supply asked for by the American Government are among the documents seized. The British Government has offered to release the pouches if Sweden, as a demonstration of good faith, will consent to disclose their contents. The Swedish legation has asked the Stockholm Foreign Office for instructions regarding disposition of the pouches. They were seized while traveling with the Swedish Commercial Mission to the United States soon after it had been disclosed how Sweden's legations in Argentina and Mexico had been acting as secret channels of communication for Germany. At the legation it was said to-day no cables at all had been received from the Foreign Office. FOR AMERICAN LOAN. Paris, Oct. 15.—The French Government has authorized subscriptions in France to the Liberty Loan by American soldiers. The Government in this instance waives the application of the general decree against subscriptions to foreign loans in France and the interdiction of exportation of moneys. This privilege is limited to American soldiers.

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For thirty-two years Giant Powders have been made in Canada. They were the first high explosives manufactured in the Dominion.

For years the Giant chemists studied the needs of British Columbia land clearers. They prepared an explosive especially for stump blasting—Giant Stumping Powder, the first of its class. Hundreds of tons of this improved explosive are used every year by British Columbia farmers, lumbermen, and contractors.

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GIANT STUMPING POWDER

which goes further and breaks up the stumps better than ordinary explosives.

"The farmer," says Prof. G. E. Bailey, "should use an explosive prepared especially for his work—one that stands all ordinary shocks of handling and transportation and does not easily freeze."

Thousands of farmers have seen this advice and have found that Giant Stumping Powder always saves them money, time and labor.

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THE OUTLOOK ON THE WAR

From The Manchester Guardian.

The good U boat return for last week and the statement published today that has been made to a news agency by a high Admiralty official encourage us to hope that we are now getting the measure of the most menacing attack that has ever been made on modern England. Alone of the nations at war, this country can be fatally wounded by a successful attack on its communications at sea, and that Germany should have resorted to this form of warfare is the highest compliment that could have been paid to sea-power. Our success in dealing with submarines is only relative as yet, not absolute; and nothing has happened that would justify the least relaxation of any of the several forms of insurance that we have taken out against these attacks. We can, however, say with some confidence that the U boat campaign, though it may inconvenience us, is not, if we go on as we are doing, likely to injure our military position seriously or to change the course of the war. Hindenburg is a military man, and thinks of the sea in the idioms of the land. The way in which the U boat campaign recommended itself to his mind was like this: Here am I, faced by the serious decline in manpower, while my enemy, thanks to his command of the sea, is constantly pouring fresh reinforcements of men and guns into France; I cannot afford the men for attacks on a great scale, which, moreover, have no chance of success; the only course for me is to cut the enemy's communications, and that must be done by submarines sinking anything and everything. Already it is possible to say that these calculations have failed. We must not regard the relative failure of the U boat campaign as a merely negative success. It is a defeat for the Germans as positive as the defeat they suffered in the so-called battle of Calais. It condemns them to a growing inferiority on the west front, which they recognize to be the one that matters most. On success here depends the whole prestige of the military rulers of Germany with the German people.

There is a tendency to blame Russia for the failure of some of our military hopes on the west front. But if Russia had been conducting an offensive with her old vigor, we doubt whether the situation in Flanders would really have been much easier for us. There is no evidence that there has been, on the balance, any effective increase of the German strength on the west at the cost of the east. The great gainers by the breakdown of Russia's military strength have been the Austrians and the great losers the Italians, who in the fighting on the Bainsizza Plateau and the arso have had to deal with the main fighting strength of the Austrians. Our problem on the west is much what it would have been in any case, unless, indeed, which is not at all likely, the Russians had not only been able to recover all the ground they had lost but had also invaded Hungary and East Prussia. It is well that we should face these facts, and the chief fact about the war on the west front is that we have still to solve the problem of attacking such positions as the Germans have made for themselves except at a cost in life that is prohibitive. Even if the Russians had been in fighting form the problem would only have been fractionally easier, for in the main the problem of attack is not one of the numbers of men on either side. It is one of tactics, and it is becoming clear that the preponderance of artillery in which we had hoped to have the key of victory will not alone give us what we want. Indeed, it is to be questioned whether it is not possible to have too much artillery fire. The same artillery which makes the enemy's trenches untenable also retards our rate of advance; and the shell-holes that a heavy bombardment of the countryside makes are a very fair substitute for the works above ground that have been destroyed. We have a great deal of work yet to do.

It is just to recognize the gravity of our task, for otherwise there is danger of doing a serious injustice to the army in France. We are confronted by precisely the same problems that worried us in the Boer war, where we were frequently held by forces of one-tenth of our strength. If in that war we had never made up our armies mobile but had gone on accumulating men for the direct frontal assaults, the war might have lasted twice as long as it did and our losses would have been proportionately heavier. Are we sure that this is not what we are doing in France? Our line is clearly impregnable to the enemy's attacks, and so also, we may now hope, are our sea communications. But our frontal attacks might be made with twice the number of men and still give us no guarantee of success. Clearly, for us as for the Germans, the most promising solution of the problems of attack is the war on communications. There is no "way round" as in South Africa, unless, indeed, it is by the sea (which is also the "way round" that the Germans are trying in their submarine campaign). But there is a "way over" by means of supremacy in the air. If we have a chance of attaining such supremacy in the air that the German airman cannot rise at all, that we are free to bombard the German communications at our will, that we can choose the point of attack without the Germans knowing anything of our intentions, of course, it is a good plan, not to create a single man in direct frontal attacks.

'No Peace Till It Is Conquered'

From The Boston Transcript.

Mr. Asquith is no longer a controlling force in the British Government, but his well-known sense of the just word, his power over effective English, his deep knowledge of every moral and intellectual aspect of the great question, as well as his representative position in the Liberal party, would properly render him a competent spokesman for Great Britain in rejoinder to the German and Austrian replies to the Pope. It did not take Mr. Asquith long, in the speech which he made at Leeds last night, to dissipate the "nebulous and unctuous generalities" of the German note to Benedict XV. It was enough for him to ask these questions:

"Is there any reason to think that Germany has learned the lesson of the inevitable consequences of international spoliation? Is Germany ready to restore what (in 1871) she took from France? Is she ready to give Belgium complete independence, political and economical, without fetters or reservations, and with as complete an indemnity as any merely material compensation can provide for the devastation of her territory and the sufferings of her people? A definite reply to these questions would be worth a whole column of pious platitudes."

These searching questions put to rest at once the suggestion which came from Bernese yesterday, evidently as the result of German official prompting, that Germany would evacuate Belgium under a stipulation of the Germans' privilege (they call it a "right") to "develop their economic enterprises freely in Belgium," and with a guarantee from Belgium to Germany that "such menace as that which threatened Germany in 1914" would be excluded in the future! These two insolent propositions, involving double lies, and in reality propositions of victory and not even of a drawn game, are absolutely negative to Mr. Asquith, who says that France must have Alsace and Lorraine, that Belgium must have "full independence without fetters or reservations," that Poland and Serbia shall be free, and that the barbarous aggression which decreed the present war must be rebuked and destroyed forever.

In the assertion of all these principles, America stands absolutely with Mr. Asquith. President Wilson, it seems, wants to go a little further, and to insist upon parliamentary reform—upon a democratic basis of government—in Germany. We doubt whether he will be able to force any particular form of government on the German nation. The one and the only thing is to defeat Germany in the war. When that is done, and only then, a lasting peace will come. The American attitude is truly and most eloquently declared in ex-President Taft's magnificent address at Montreal yesterday as president of the Unitarian general conference. In this address, Mr. Taft said:

"The present is not the opportunity for an intervening peacemaker, who must assume that compromise is possible. The Allies are fighting for a principle—the maintenance of which affects the future of civilization. If they do not achieve it they have sacrificed the flower of their youth and mortgaged their future for a century, and all for nothing. The Allies cannot concede peace until they conquer it. When they do so it will be permanent. Otherwise they fail. . . . The Allies' purpose is to end the military policy and foreign policy of Germany, which looks to the maintenance of a military and naval machine with its half-trigger preparation for use against her neighbors. How is the change to be effected? By defeating Germany in this war."

That is all. It is a good deal, but it must be done, and it will be done. Whatever effort, whatever sacrifices, are necessary to that end the Allied peoples are ready to make. Mr. Taft speaks for the American people in that regard. They are not in this grim business to be fooled by German camouflage or to be wheedled by academic pacifism at home. "No peace until it is conquered," is their word.—Boston Transcript.

"How's your brother Bill getting on?" asked a neighbor of a small boy. "Oh, he's gone to the front," was the answer. "And your brother Bert?" "He's gone to Africa." "And what about Jack?" "They've sent him to Egypt." "And what are you going to do, my little man?" "Well, I've written to ask if they'll let me mind India."

Making an Officer

What "Puts the Wind Up"

By "Cadet" in The London Chronicle.

Officers are made with remarkable celerity these days; and the man who applies for a commission has to cram into a short period (less than six months) what pupils at Sandhurst and Woolwich spread over several years. The need, of course, is more immediate, and although the course seems dangerously rapid, one has to bear in mind that the great majority of the men now passing through cadet schools have had a lengthy experience of actual warfare, so that what they may lack in theory is made up for by practical knowledge. Many of the men in my hut, for example, have been in the army since the outbreak of the war; several of them were pre-war soldiers and fought in the Boer War; and some of them have fought in Gallipoli and on the Somme. It is obvious that men with that experience are better fitted to go through a rapid course of training for commission than boys—fresh from school and with no fighting experience other than that gained in scraps with other boys.

The course is a fairly hard one; the cadet has much to learn and much to do. I have served in the ranks of a Guards' regiment, in which the discipline was, of course, very strict, and I thought I was worked rather hard; but I had a comparatively "easy" time in the Guards compared with the

amount of work I now have to do as an "embryo officer and gentleman," as we delight to call ourselves. We drill as much as private soldiers do at a much quicker pace than they, as a rule, move; and we have to do an unaccountable amount of Swedish drill. An hour's "physical jerks" every day would "put the wind up" my old comrades in the Guards' regiment. I may add that it also "puts the wind up" us.

Our Pile of Books. When the cadets who form my company arrived at the camp they had a pile of books "dished out" to them; and a very alarming pile they looked. I received 14 books of varying thicknesses, the fattest and most terrifying being King's Regulations. There were books on Musketry, Trench Warfare, Physical Training, Topography, Field Engineering and Infantry Training, together with smaller books; and in addition to these we provided ourselves with manuals on various military subjects from the local bookshops. Each of us, glancing at the pile of books, and remembering the short period of training, had a sinking of the heart and a firm conviction that the end of the course would see us certified "R.T.U.," which means "Return to Unit," or, in other words, sent back to our regiments on the ground of incompetence or failure.

We have not got over those fears, and are midway on our progress towards commissions. We spend long, arduous days in the field and in the lecture-room, acquiring the most varied knowledge that ever entered the mind of man. We read maps (an extraordinarily fascinating job) and plan trenches. On the day on which this article was written we marched off to a field and built, out of sods of earth, rusty dixie-tins and jam jars, an incinerator, ovens, latrines and kitchens.

We talk more or less glibly of fascines, gabions, revetments, lunettes, abatis, berms and other weird terms used by field engineers; and our knowledge of topography is becoming impressive. We deal familiarly with representative fractions and scales, and can plot a map or tell you whether a river can be seen from a certain hill without going near the hill or the river. Contours (which I used to think were parish boundaries) have no terrors for us now. At least that is what we say. What really does "put the wind up" us is when we are called out to command the company during company drill. When your company commander calls out "Cadet, So-and-So," and tells you to march the company on to a marker, so that the platoons will be in close column, and you look at the marker, a little way off, and then look at the company and have to give your orders sharply and quickly, you suddenly conceive an intense desire for peace!

Another "winding" business is the job of putting a class through a Swedish drill. Your instructor calls you out and tells you to give the next exercise in the table for trained soldiers. . . . and you cannot remember what the next exercise is. . . . and the instructor makes pointed remarks about you! Or, to take another instance, you have to work out a "scheme." You have to prepare a plan of defence for a railway station in a certain time. You move over the ground, and you speculate on the nastiness of human nature which will indulge in wars, and you feel certain that your plan of defence will earn an almighty "strafing" for you. . . . and then you begin to understand what ought to be done, and you produce a plan which, while it is not quite what the company-

GILLETT'S LYE



HAS NO EQUAL
It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

commander would have designed (of course it isn't) is quite creditable. The ordeal of the "Final." And so, unceasingly, your days of hard work proceed, until the date of your final examination. You are handed printed lists of questions, drawn up by the War Office, which, at first sight scare the wits out of you. You glance at the questions temerarily and all you can see is "R. T. U.," hopping all over the paper. . . . If you get through, you go home on leave, waiting for the day when your name will appear in The Gazette as the holder of a second-lieutenancy. A day or two later, the commanding officer of the regiment to which you are attached instructs you to report for duty on such and such a date; and you do so. The length of your stay at your depot depends on circumstances, but it is hardly likely that the interval between leaving your cadet battalion and joining your regiment in France will be a long one. A hard, rushed life, you think! Perhaps; but it is a healthy one, and we are companionable, happy people, and we get on agreeably. And there is a compensation for the hard work. It consists of our "posh" clothes. When you see a swanky-looking lad in an officer's uniform, wearing a white band round his cap, you may know that he is one of us. He may carry himself as if he were Sir Douglas Haig, but that is the principal relaxation he has, and you need not grudge it to him, for in a very little while he will be a second lieutenant; and everyone knows that the average life of a second lieutenant these times is ten days!

He is not entitled to salutes from soldiers, but he very often gets them. The perkier moment in my life was when a sentry outside St. James's Palace saluted me. I felt like a Field-marshal.

THEREBY PLEASING MANY.

"Is Miss Howles an obliging singer?" "Oh, yes; half the time she refuses to sing."



Drawn from a photograph of an Extra Power installation

Have You a Troublesome Drive?

In every plant there is a power drive that is a bugbear. A drive that is hard on belts. A drive that is costly and troublesome. Try Extra Power on that drive in your plant.

Almost daily we hear from some customer whose hardest belting problem has been solved by Extra Power. It may be a "wet" drive. It may be a high speed drive. Or a drive with turns. Or just a long, hard pull.

Extra Power is efficient and economical on all kinds of drives—large and small, continuous and intermittent. But it is built good enough for the hardest drives. It has features of construction that make it a superbelt. And the harder the drive, the

more enthusiastic is the Extra Power user.

High quality, properly designed fabric—fine rubber—sound construction—these give Extra Power its long life. Rubber forced through and through the fabric prevents ply-separation. Adds flexibility, too, so that Extra Power hugs the pulleys. Solid rubber seal guards this belt at the seam. A friction surface grips the pulley, prevents slipping, delivers more power.

The next time that troublesome drive bobs up, phone or write for a Goodyear belting man. The nearest branch has a man trained in solving such problems as yours.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Branches: HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, MONTREAL, OTTAWA, TORONTO, HAMILTON, LONDON, WINNIPEG, REGINA, CALGARY, EDMONTON, VANCOUVER

Service Stocks in Smaller Cities

EXTRA POWER BELTING

(FRICTION SURFACE)



THERE'S NO DOUBT ABOUT POSTUM AS A HEALTH IMPROVEMENT OVER TEA & COFFEE

Nine Out of Every Ten of Possible Tenants for Your Furnished Rooms Are Readers of The Times Classified Ads

Victoria Daily Times

ADVERTISING Phone No. 1090

Rates for Classified Advertisements

Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, To Rent, Articles for Sale, Lost or Found, Business Cards, etc., per word per insertion, three insertions, 2c. per word; 4c. per word from month to month, 6c. per line per month.

No advertisement for less than 10c. No advertisement charged for less than one dollar. In computing the number of words in an advertisement, estimate groups of three or less figures as one word. Dollar marks and all abbreviations count as one word.

Help Wanted—Male

DICTIONARIES—It is easy to have complete dictionaries when they are printed. Digion Printing Co., 706 Yates Street. We specialize in Christian and Bible books. Samples 015-3

Help Wanted—Female

LADY CLERK wanted for grocery store. Apply Box 44, Times. 017-9

Situations Wanted—Male

EMPLOYERS needing qualified locomotive or stationary engineers and firemen. Phone 308, or write International Union of Steam Engineers, Box 32, 018-10

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—Large iron bed, wire and top mattress, \$5. Box 43, Times. 018-12

For Sale—Miscellaneous

WE ARE TAKING ORDERS for Ambassador Derard's new book, 'The Story of the Year in Victoria.' Hibben & Co., 125 Smith Premier Typewriter No. 4, \$17.50; one hand pipe threading machine up to 6 inches, \$35; one Calo motor, \$40; one 3 h. p. three-plate electric motor with starter, \$200; bull blocks, about 40 lbs. each, \$60 each; hand saw blocks, 12 1/2 inch platform scales, \$35; one machinist vice, 130 lbs., \$17.50; one 20-lb. anvil, \$25; a number of heavy blocks, single or double, or will exchange for anything of good value.

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Gent's bicycle, in good order; state make and price. Box 335, Times. 017-11

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Second-hand hand cultivator; state price. Box 43, Times. 018-13

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Soda fountain and showcases; at once; must be cheap for cash. Phone 411, Times. 018-13

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Any quantity chickens or ducks, cash paid at your house. Phone 3015, or write 65 Elliott Street, city. 018-17

Motorcycles and Cycles

A FULL LINE of the celebrated 'Brantford' bicycles, juvenile and adult, on view at 74 Yates St. 'Ride a bicycle' 74 Yates St. 018-23

Automobiles

FOR SALE—1917 McLaughlin Light Six, excellent order, price \$1,900. McLaughlin Motor Car Agency, 847-849 Yates St. Phone 488. 018-31



Found at Last The home of your heart's desire

Easily located through Times Want Ads

The builder, the real estate man, the private owner all use Times Want Ads to reach prospective buyers. Literally you have a list of all the 'Houses for Sale' in Victoria if you faithfully follow the Want Ads each day.

As rents increase, the advantage of being snugly established in one's own home becomes more and more apparent. Any intelligent husband and wife will admit that there's no comparison between rent receipts and an equity on a home. Every monthly payment made as rent is gone forever; the same amount paid on a home is that much money saved. The lesson to be learned plainly is 'own your own home—the quicker the better.'

Automobiles

REQ MOTOR CO., LTD., 387 View and 332 Fort. Cadillac Agency. H. A. Playfair, Mgr. Tel. 368. Distributors for Chrysler, Dodge Brothers, Chalmers, Hudson and Cadillac Motor Cars. See you saw it in the Times. 018-8

Personal

PURCHASED for D. J. Mason business, for \$250, eight horses, six wagons, one cart, one buggy, four sets harness, 2500 Maple Street, Victoria. Bhugwan Singh, Acher Singh, Sarban Singh, Har Singh, October 15, 1917. 017-35

Furnished Rooms

FOR RENT—Front room, suit married couple or two friends; reasonable rent. 324 Cecilia Road. 018-15

Unfurnished Houses

UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO RENT. DURBAN STREET—Five roomed bungalow, modern, a very comfy little home for some one, \$15. 018-15

Business Chances

FOR SALE—As a summer resort, boarding or lodging house, building known as Northern Hotel, Port Simpson, accommodation for sixty. Quick buyer gets property with equipment on hand, \$3,000, subject small ground rental H. B. Co. In first-class condition. Position excellent in the North. Possibility of great developments in fishing, mining, timber, etc. Apply to proprietor. 018-12

Private Auto for Hire

PRIVATE AUTO FOR HIRE. Special attention to—Boats, Trains, Afternoon Sight-Seeing Trips. \$1.50 per hour; 3 hours \$4.00. P. R. PIKE. Phone 3015. 018-13

Unfurnished Suites

ROOMS TO LET, or would share home with lonely woman. 423 Edward Street, Victoria. 018-17

Furnished Suites

THREE ROOMS, nicely furnished. Apply 2014 Fenwood Road. Moderate rent to a good tenant. 018-14

Lost

IRISH SETTER DOG, on Sunday, Phone number and name on collar. Anyone found harboring same will be prosecuted. Reward. 018-17

Found

LADY'S GOLD WATCH, Sunday afternoon, in vicinity of Douglas Street Baptist Church, or on Douglas Street Carey Road. Please return to Y. M. C. A. Reward. 018-17

Room and Board

TO LET—Centrally located, nicely furnished bedrooms, one single and one double, in a private family; breakfast if desired. Phone 3015. 018-17

Agents Wanted

AMAZING SPILLER—Tablets that wash clothes spotlessly clean without rubbing. Promise to solicit orders with ten cents will bring samples for four washings. Make dollar an hour. Bradley's Co., Brantford, Ont. 01-14

Exchange

FARMS and city property for exchange. Phone 518. 018-15

Houses Wanted

WANTED—For winter months, 5 or 6 roomed, furnished house, modern, fairly central; moderate rent. Apply H. C. Lenny, 423 Simcoe Street. 018-23

Livestock

FRESH MILK COWS FOR SALE—Prices from \$30 to \$100. Apply to Montrose Bros., Ltd., Ganges, B.C. 018-23

Poultry and Eggs

FOR SALE—Pure bred White Leghorn pullets. 422 Dallas Road. 017-23

Coming Events

EVERY CITIZEN is asked to give a helping hand to the Civic Retrenchment Association in order to protect his own interests in the city. Attend the public meeting, 3 p. m., Oct. 18, Odd Fellows' Hall, 1225 Douglas. 018-50

Dancing

FAY'S SCHOOL OF DANCING, 322 Fort Street, Mile Fay, late of the Alhambra Ballet, London. Operative, Russian and Italian ball, Oriental and classical dances. Children taken from 6 years up. Several pupils successful this year as solo dancers. For particulars apply 3 to 5 p. m., 018-15

Rooms Wanted

YOUNG LADY requires room with board in the vicinity of Peel Street, Oak Bay Avenue. Phone 4651. 017-11

Agricultural Implements

MITCHELL, GEORGE T., 816-12 Pandora, Agent for Massey-Harris farm machinery. General farm supplies. Tel. 1302. 018-12

Automobiles for Hire

CADILLAC AUTO & TAXI CO., 802 Broadway, corner of Government Street. F. R. Moore, Tel. 387 and 462. 018-12

Antique Dealers

MURDOCH'S, Phone 430, 715 Broughton St. Wanted to buy, old furniture, china and silver. 018-12

Bottles

THE RETURNED SOLDIERS' BOTTLE Agency, 1311 Bannard St. Bottles of all descriptions bought and sold. Tel. 144. Best prices given. 018-12

Baby Carriage Specialists

JONES & CO., T. H., 754 Fort St. Tel. 3965. All repairs executed. 018-12

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BATHS—Vapor and electric light, massage and chiropody. Mrs. Barker, Phone 525, 713 View Street. 018-12

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MODERN SHOE CO., Yates and Government. Makers and importers of high-grade footwear. Repairing. Tel. 1864. 018-12

Brokers

METAVISH BROS., 534 Fort, Custom brokers, shipping and forwarding agents. Tel. 2615. American Express representative. P. O. Box 1324. 018-12

Builders and Contractors

A. LOCKLEY, builder and contractor. Alterations and repairs, store and office fittings. 1281 Esplanade Road. CARPENTER AND BUILDER—T. Theiler. Alterations, repairs, jobbing, leaky roofs repaired and guaranteed. Phone 1794. Estimates free. 018-12

Candy and Chocolate Manufacturers

ROYAL CANDY FACTORY, 1229 Government. Mfgs. of chocolates and confectionery. S. Anilias. Tel. 1824. 018-12

Chartered Accountants

BAWDEN, KIDD & CO.—Chartered Accountants, Assessors, etc., 421 and 423 Central Building, Victoria, B. C. Phone 4286. 019-47

Chiropactors

KELLY & KELLY, Phone 4146 and 5454. Office, 202-3 Sayward Block. 018-12

Clothing

ARMY & NAVY CLOTHING STORE, 578 and 580 Johnson. Gent's furnishings, suits, shoes, trunks and suit cases. A. Lancaster, prop. Tel. 2609. 018-12

Housekeeping Rooms

TWO LARGE, furnished, housekeeping rooms, gas, coal range and phone. 908 Calceola Avenue. 018-41

To Let—Miscellaneous

ONE AND TWO-ROOM OFFICES to let in Times Building. Apply at Times Office. 018-12

Chiropractors

RADIANT HEAT BATHS, massage and chiropody. Mr. R. H. Barker, corner of National Hospital, London, 211 Jones Building, Phone 3444.

Chimney Sweeping

O'CONNELL, chimney sweep. Phone 4537R. CHIMNEY SWEEPING—C. White, Phone 3663. Satisfaction guaranteed. Town or country. 47 CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 1075 Quadra St. Phone 1618.

Curios

DEAVILLE, JOHN T., 718 Fort. Curious, furniture and books. Tel. 1377.

Collections

LET US COLLECT your bad accounts. No collection, no pay. The T. P. McConnell Mercantile Agency, 223A Pemberton Bldg. 624

Commercial Photographers

SHAW BROS., 304 Government. Tel. 1830.

Dentists

FRASER, DR. W. F., 301-2 Stobart-Pearce Block. Phone 4204. Office hours, 9.30 a. m. to 6 p. m. HALL, DR. LEWIS, dental surgeon, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephone: Office, 1577; Residence, 122.

Dressmaking

CROWTHER, M., 1315 Blanshard St., Dressmaker and costumer. EXPERT DRESSMAKING and ladies' tailoring; charges moderate. Miss Morris, 1780 North Hampshire Road, Oak Bay. Phone 3437Y. 44-47

Dyeing and Cleaning

VICTORIA DYE WORKS—The largest dyeing and cleaning works in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 209. J. C. Renfrew, proprietor.

Employment Agency

CHINESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—Phone 23. 2017 Douglas Street. WE HAVE A WAITING LIST of skilled and unskilled labor, clerks, bookkeepers, etc., both men and women, ready and anxious for employment. What do you need? Municipal Free Labor Bureau.

Detective Agency

PRIVATE DETECTIVE OFFICE, 312 Hibben-Bone Bldg., Day and night. Phone 3412.

Electrolysis

ELECTROLYSIS—Forty years' practical experience in removing superfluous hairs. Mrs. Barker, Phone 5525, 713 View Street.

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GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Geo. Crowther, 316 Wharf Street, behind Post Office. HALF-TONE and LINE ENGRAVING. Commercial and specialties. Designs for advertising and business stationery. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

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D. K. CHUNGKIAN, LTD.—Fish, poultry, fruit and vegetables. 608 Broughton Street. Phone 242. EAT FISH TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS—Fresh supplies daily, free delivery. W. S. Wigglesworth, 651 Johnson. Phone 651. CENTRAL FISH MARKET, 613 Johnson. Tel. 3988. W. T. Miller.

Foot Specialists

JOSEPH, MADAM, foot specialist. Corns permanently cured. Consultations free. Rooms 407-408, Campbell Building. Phone 3654. 624-625

Funeral Directors

B. C. FUNERAL CO. (Hayward's), LTD., 734 Broughton. Motor or horse drawn equipment as required. Embalmers. Tel. 2235. SANDS FUNERAL FURNISHING CO., LTD., 1612 Quadra St. Tel. 3306. THOMSON, FRANK L., 827 Pandora Ave. Fine funeral furnishings. Graduate of U. S. College of Embalming. Office Tel. 498. Open day and night.

Furniture Movers

JEEVES BROS. TRANSFER—Padded vans for moving, shipping and packing. Phones 2283 and 4218. MOVE YOUR FURNITURE by motor. Cheaper and quicker; prices reasonable. J. D. Williams. Phone 870.

Furrier

FORTER, FRED, 1216 Government St. Phone 1537.

Kindling and Millwood

KINDLING WOOD, 12-inch. Buchan Singh, Phone 771. CEDAR MILLWOOD, cedar blocks, double load, 41, single load, 21.50. 2116 Government Street. Phone 544. all 17

Hair and Skin Specialists

PLUMB-PHILP, skin-hair specialist, 501 Campbell Bldg. Phone 2416. 017-47

Hardware

B. C. HARDWARE & PAINT CO., LTD., 717 Fort Street. Hardware and paints, etc.; prices right. Tel. 82. 017-47

Healer and Medium

R. KNEESHAU, healer and medium, 1043 Sider St., off Cook. Consultations daily. Circles, Tuesday and Friday, 8 p. m. Take No. 6 car. Phone 2819L. 017-47

Horseshoer

JEFFREY & ROSKELLY, corner Gov. and Chatham Sts. Tel. 2065. 47 McDONALD & NICOL, 622 Pandora. Tel. 28 WOOD & TODD, 723 Johnson Street.

Junk

ALASKA JUNK CO.—Scrap metals, rubber, sacks, pipe, machinery, tools, etc. Phone 2702.

Ladies Tailoring

TREAT YOURSELF to a suit correctly cut and fitted; prices from \$25 to \$50. The Toronto Ladies Tailor, 154 Government, upstairs, No. 2. 018-47

Lime

LIME FERTILIZER for garden and farm. Apply it now. Lime Producers, Ltd., 315 Central Bldg. Phone 2009.

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NEW METHOD LAUNDRY, LTD., 101-11 North Park. L. D. McLean, Exp. laundresses. Tel. 508

Livery Stables

BRAY'S STABLES, Johnson, Livery, boarding, hacks, express wagons, etc. Phone 102

Legal

HADSHAW & STACPOOLE, barristers-at-law, 200 Union Bank Building.

Music

TED HUGHES, vocalist and pianist. Phone 3811. 028-47

Notary Public

AT N. B. W. & SONS, Public and Insurance Agent, Room 501, Hibben-Bone Bldg. City suburban and farm lands.

Nurserymen

BERRY-BEARING HOLLIES, roses, shrubs and herbaceous plants. Price list on application. Oakland Nursery Co., A. Ohlson, Prop., 1260 Hillside Ave. Phone 55-47

Oysters

ESQUIMALT OYSTERS, fresh from the beds daily, at all dealers.

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FOR PAINTING, kalsomining, papering, signs and showcards, get my figures. Phone Brook, Colquhoun, 7L. 02

Plumbing and Heating

HAYWARD & DODS, LTD., 927 Fort. Plumbing and heating. Tel. 1834. VICTORIA PLUMBING CO., 1052 Pandora Street. Phones 3402 and 1450L. HASSENPRATZ, A. E., successor to Cookson Plumbing Co., 1045 Yates St. Phone 3412. BRADEN, JOHN T., 1434 Blanshard. Plumbing and heating. Tel. 46L. 47 R. J. NOTT CO., LTD., 675 Yates St. Plumbing and heating. 47 HOCKING, James Hay, 375 St. James Street. Phone 571L. Ranges connected, coils made. COLBERT PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., LTD., 755 Broughton St. Tel. 582. SHERET, ANDREW, 1114 Blanshard. Plumbing and heating supplies. Tel. 624.

Plasterer

THOMAS, FRANK, plasterer. Repairing, etc.; prices reasonable. Phone 3137. Res., 1750 Albert Avenue, City. 014

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MEUGENS, Arcade Bldg. Portraits and enlargements. Special attention to children's portraits. ELITE STUDIO, 309 Government, 2nd floor. Finishing for amateurs. Enlargements.

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TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., 628 Fort Street. Business Office Phone 1900; Circulation Dept. Phone 246; Engraving Dept. Phone 1900. Editorial Rooms Phone 6. THE ISLAND MOTORIST, \$1.00 per year. The Motorist Journal. C. L. Harris, manager.

Real Estate and Insurance

THE GRIFFITH CO., Hibben-Bone Building, Victoria. CITY HOMES AND FARM LANDS—Fire, Life, Accident, Sickness, Automobile, Liability, Bonding, Plate-Glass, Elevator and Theft. Seven big insurance Co.'s represented. Timber and mining properties. Business opportunities. Estates managed. Rents collected. Store and office buildings promptly looked after. Money to rent. THE GRIFFITH CO., Victoria, B. C. WM. DUNFORD & SON, LTD., 211 Union Bank Bldg. Insurance brokers and exchange specialists. Tel. 452. R. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, 222 Government. Tel. 125. CROWN REALTY & INVESTMENT CO., Ltd. Government St. Houses to rent. Fire insurance. Coal and wood. W. H. Price, mar., and notary public. Tel. 540. DAY & BOGGS, 230 Fort. Real estate, insurance and financial brokers. Tel. 30. GILLESPIE, HART & TODD, LTD.—Fire, auto, plate glass, bonds, accident, marine, surgical insurance. 711 Fort Street. Phone 260. COLER, ARTHUR, 1206 Broad St. Tel. 65. LEMMING BROS., LTD., 521 Fort St. Fire and life insurance. Rents collected. Tel. 76.

Shorthand

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1011 Government Street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal. Phone 374.

Shoe Repairing

MANNING, R., 618 Trunche Alley. SATISFACTION in shoe repairing. Arthur Hibbs, 607 Yates, between Government and Broad Streets. SHOE REPAIRING promptly and neatly done, reasonably priced. H. White, 1811 Blanshard St., two doors from Telephone Office. ELECTRIC SHOE SHOP, 636 View St. P. West, retn. Also Shoe Shine Parlor. Phone 212.

Second-Hand Dealers

NATHAN & LEVY, 1422 Government. Jewelry, musical and nautical instruments, tools, etc. Tel. 544. WILL CALL EACH MONTH—Any future communication, address D. Louis, Jackson Apartments, 650 Jackson Ave., Vancouver. WANTED—Furniture, whole or part, fair price, cash down. Magnet, 650 Fort. Phone 214. READ THIS—Best prices given for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing. Phone 2907, or call 704 Yates Street. SHAW & CO. (the Lancashire firm) positively pay top cash prices for gentlemen's and ladies' cast-off clothing, boots, etc. Phone 31, or call 75 Fort Street. Night phone 729L.

SEWER PIPE and Tile Mfrs.

SEWER PIPE WARE, field tile, ground fire clay, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd. Broad and Pandora.

Sewer and Cement Work

BUTCHER, T., sewer and cement work. 230 Lee Avenue. Phone 1261L. 025

Ship Chandlers

McQUADE & SON, LTD., PETER, 1214 Wharf. Ship chandlers and naval stores. Tel. 61. MARVIN & CO., E. B., 1202 Wharf. Ship chandlers and loggers' supplies. Tel. 14 and 15.

Stenographer

MRS. E. EXHAM, public stenographer, 302 Central Building. Phone 2632. 47

Sporting Goods

PEDER BROS., 121 Government Street. Bicycles and complete line of sporting goods. Tel. 817.

Tailors and Costumers

BROWN, H. H., 730 Fort. Naval, military, civil and ladies' tailor. Tel. 1317.

Taxidermists

HIG GAME HEADS, rugs a specialty. All classes taxidermy. Wherry & Tow, 629 Pandora. Phone 321.

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ENGINEERS instructed for certificates, marine, stationary, Diesel. W. G. Winterburn, 603 Central Bldg. Phone 2474. 451L.

Trunk and Harness Mfrs.

F. NORRIS & BONS, 1230 Government St. Wholesale and retail dealers in suit cases, bags and leather goods. Tel. 410.

Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand; repairs, rentals; ribbons for all makes. United Typewriter Co., Ltd., 732 Fort Street, Victoria. Phone 478.

Window Cleaning

ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.—Phone 235. Floor, window cleaners and janitors. 346 Arnold.

Vacuum Cleaners

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your carpets. Satisfaction assured. Phone 4618.

Vulcanizing and Repairs

FEDERAL TIRE AGENCY—A. McGavin, 1011 Blanshard Street. Phone 3029. Federal tires and vulcanizing.

Watchmakers and Repairers

WENGER, J., 623 Yates Street. The best watch repairs on the market at wholesale prices. LITTLE & TAYLOR, 617 Fort St. Expert watchmakers, jewelers and opticians. Phone 871. WHITE, M., watchmaker and manufacturer. Jewels, all work guaranteed. Entrance Hibben-Bone Bldg. Y. W. C. A.—Main building and public dining room, employment bureau, touring aid work, etc., 812 Douglas Street. Annex, rooms without board, 754 Courtney Street.

Lodges

A. O. F.—Court Northern Light, No. 3285, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad Street, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, secretary. CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Columbia, 524, meets 4th Monday, 8 p. m., Orange Hall, Yates St. R. O. M. S. meets Wednesdays, 8 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas Street. D. G. M. meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p. m., in A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres. Mrs. Oddy, 722 Discovery; Sec. A. L. Harrison, 812 Fairfield, Visiting members cordially invited. K. O. F.—Par West Victoria Lodge, No. 1, 2nd and 4th Thursdays, K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited. ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Victoria Chapter, No. 17, meets on 2nd and 4th Mondays at 8 p. m. in the K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited. SOUS OF ENGLAND, W. S.—Alexandra, 116, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. President, E. W. Howlett, 1701 Second Street, secretary. J. Smith, 268 Esplanade Ave., Hillside. S. O. E. S.—Juvenile Young Men's Association, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, 7 o'clock. Secretary, W. S. Howlett, 1701 Second Street, City. SOUS OF ENGLAND R. E.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 131, meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in A. O. F. Hall, Broad St. W. J. Cobbett, Maywood, P. O. president; secretary, A. E. Brindley, 1477 Pembroke Street, City. THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—meets on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited.

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NEW METHOD LAUNDRY, LTD., 101-11 North Park. L. D. McLean, Exp. laundresses. Tel. 508

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TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., 628 Fort Street. Business Office Phone 1900; Circulation Dept. Phone 246; Engraving Dept. Phone 1900. Editorial Rooms Phone 6. THE ISLAND MOTORIST, \$1.00 per year. The Motorist Journal. C. L. Harris, manager.

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ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.—Phone 235. Floor, window cleaners and janitors. 346 Arnold.

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Lodges

A. O. F.—Court Northern Light, No. 3285, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad Street, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, secretary. CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Columbia, 524, meets 4th Monday, 8 p. m., Orange Hall, Yates St. R. O. M. S. meets Wednesdays, 8 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas Street. D. G. M. meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p. m., in A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres. Mrs. Oddy, 722 Discovery; Sec. A. L. Harrison, 812 Fairfield, Visiting members cordially invited. K. O. F.—Par West Victoria Lodge, No. 1, 2nd and 4th Thursdays, K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited. ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Victoria Chapter, No. 17, meets on 2nd and 4th Mondays at 8 p. m. in the K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited. SOUS OF ENGLAND, W. S.—Alexandra, 116, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. President, E. W. Howlett, 1701 Second Street, secretary. J. Smith, 268 Esplanade Ave., Hillside. S. O. E. S.—Juvenile Young Men's Association

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If you are obliged to hold your book further away from your face than formerly, it is time you were seeing me about glasses.

Clugston

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FROZEN TO DEATH IN ALASKA HILLS

Message From Prince Rupert Tells of Death of Two Men

Prince Rupert, Oct. 16.—Charles W. Williams, an old-time prospector of Stewart, and Roy Armentrout, who recently arrived from California, became lost in a snowstorm 4,000 feet up the mountains near Stewart, Alaska, and in a vain struggle to return to camp died in their tracks.

They had left Louis Watkins's camp near Portland City, on the east side of Cascade Creek, to visit a camp owned by Williams, seven miles distant, and to hunt goats. The following day the storm broke and it continued to rage for four days. Watkins went in search of the prospectors and about a mile distant was met by Williams's dog. Watkins followed the dog's tracks, finally coming across Armentrout's rifle. A short distance away lay Williams's body with his pack saddle near. A hundred yards distant the body of Armentrout lay at the foot of a glacier. There was evidence that he had made a brave fight to find his way back to camp, the tracks showing he had made repeated efforts to plow his way through nearly three feet of fresh snow.

AT WINDSOR ONE MAN WILLING TO SERVE

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 16.—One hundred and seventy-five young men between the ages of 20 and 24 presented themselves to Postmaster Wigle here yesterday under the new selective draft measure, and every man but one filed a claim for exemption.

The solitary volunteer was Alfred Napoleon Leclair, a French-Canadian, 21 years old.

At Vancouver, Oct. 16.—Since the Military Service Act came into force 608 men have signed the necessary report forms here. Of these 351 make claim for exemption and 257 express their willingness to serve.

At Calgary, Oct. 16.—Out of a total of 518 reports forms received so far by the Alberta registrar, J. M. Carson, 431 are claims for exemption and 85 reports for service.

IS REPORTED TWO BRITISH VESSELS SUNK BY U BOATS

New York, Oct. 16.—A report that the British steamship Memphis, of 6,395 tons, and the Bostonian, formerly the Cambrian, 5,300 tons, both of the Leyland Line, had been sunk, reached here to-day. At the offices of the International Mercantile Marine it was said no definite information had been received.



4X bread is the perfect bread. Everything's in it that should be in it—Nothing's in it that shouldn't be there. Get it at Your Grocer's or phone 444 and we will see that you are supplied.

SEASON LOCALIZES EFFORT OF GERMANS

Operation on Oesel Island; Enemy Claims Other Islands Occupied

London, Oct. 16.—The German operations in and around the Gulf of Riga, which have centred attention upon the northern Russian front for several days past, are not likely to be extended this fall to the Gulf of Finland, on the route to Reval, Kronstadt and Petrograd, in the opinion of Russian naval authorities. The lateness of the season will have the effect of localizing the German effort, the Minister of Marine believes.

More Troops. Petrograd, Oct. 16.—The German landing force on the Russian island of Oesel is developing its success, the War Office here announced to-day, and the Teutons are being reinforced with additional troops.

The Germans have instituted an offensive against the Svorb Peninsula, in the southwestern section of the island, with the object of capturing the Russian base at Serel. The batteries guarding the entrance to the Gulf of Riga, two German torpedo boats were sunk, two others were damaged and one Russian torpedo boat went to the bottom in an engagement on Sunday in Soela Sound, north of Oesel Island, the official statement announces. The Russian torpedo craft sunk was the Grom (destroyer of 1,100 tons, built in 1914-15, speed 34 knots, complement 93 men). More than a dozen German torpedo boats had forced their way through Soela Sound, supported by a German battleship, when they were met by the Russians and turned back.

German Statement. Berlin, Oct. 16.—German troops have taken full possession of the main portion of Oesel Island, at the entrance of the Gulf of Riga, the War Office here reports. The Russian troops have been isolated on Svorb Peninsula and are offering desperate resistance.

Runo and Abro, islands in the Gulf of Riga, have been occupied by German troops. The Germans have captured 2,400 prisoners on Oesel Island and 39 guns, 21 machine guns and several aeroplanes, the statement says. The essential part of the Germans' task on the island was accomplished in four days.

Award of \$500 will be offered by the King County Commissioners to any person who furnishes information leading to the arrest and conviction of the "slugger." The reward will be additional to the reward of \$200 offered on October 4 by Sheriff John Stringer.

SEATTLE OFFERING \$1,000 FOR ARREST OF "SLUGGER" NOW

Seattle, Oct. 16.—A reward of \$1,000 for the arrest and conviction of every "woman slugger" was offered here to-day for the city by Mayor H. C. Gill. The "slugger" has made numerous attacks upon Seattle women lately and several shots have been fired at him, but to no avail.

POLICE PROTECTION FOR PORTLAND YARDS

Portland, Oct. 16.—A cordon of police to-day was thrown about every shipyard in Portland where strike troubles which resulted in an outbreak of rioting yesterday seemed likely to flare into more disorder. No trouble of any kind was reported to-day, however, and as the day progressed and signs of disorder diminished the police gradually were withdrawn. Prompt action by the authorities yesterday and preparations made to quell any outbreak to-day are believed to have averted the crisis. Crowds of strikers gathered near the various plants to-day but no demonstrations were attempted.

\$50,000 DONATION TO GREAT WAR VETERANS

Toronto, Oct. 16.—Hon. T. W. McGarry, the Ontario Provincial Treasurer, to-day promised the Great War Veterans' Association \$50,000 for the year. This money will be for the Ontario Association's purposes and will be paid in four quarterly instalments. The money will be used for organization purposes, to stimulate the 45 branches already existing and 21 under formation, as well as others.

CHILEANS APPLAUD PERU FOR ACTION

Santiago, Chile, Oct. 16.—Replying to-day to the note sent by the Peruvian Government announcing the severance of diplomatic relations October 5 between Peru and Germany, the Chilean Foreign Minister said that Peru's action was applauded by the Chileans. The Foreign Minister added that his Government was gratified by the course taken by Peru, as it was a further step toward the unification of the South American Republics.

"THE FIDDLERS."

Montreal, Oct. 16.—"The Fiddlers" occupied the attention of the Protestant Ministerial Association at its meeting here to-day when a recommendation by the executive committee that the Government be asked to permit unhampered circulation of the banned book was debated at considerable length and finally defeated by a majority of one vote.

American Government Got More Money Than It Asked People for

Washington, Oct. 16.—The Government's latest offer of certificates of indebtedness, \$300,000,000 at 4 per cent, has been heavily over-subscribed.

MOVIE MEN FORM NEW ASSOCIATION

Body Came Into Existence at Meeting in Vancouver Last Night

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—The Moving Picture Theatre Exhibitors' Association of British Columbia, an organization of the owners and managers of moving picture theatres, was brought into existence at a meeting of movie men here last night. Similar associations have been formed in previous years, but for one reason or another died a natural death. It is expected that the new association, by reason of the common bond theatres have in their proposed fight against the new amusement tax, will have a more flourishing existence. While the organizers of the new body deny that it was created primarily for the purpose of carrying on the fight against the amusement tax, it was admitted to-day that this question would be one of the first to be taken up.

It also has been suggested that the new association would arrange for joint action in connection with protecting the interests of theatres in regard to the prices paid for films brought to the province. It had been said that the movie house owners proposed to take joint steps to prevent excessive bidding on films from the various exchanges and to endeavor to arrange for the setting of standard prices on films obtained from the exchanges. In this connection it is said that the exchanges in Western Canada also intend to form an organization to look after their own interests in this matter.

The officers elected are: President, J. R. Muir, Dominion Theatre, Vancouver; vice-president, Hector Quaglini, Colonial Theatre, Vancouver; secretary, Frank Goo, Broadway Theatre, Vancouver.

GERMAN REGIMENT SUFFERED AT HANDS OF BRITISH AIRMEN

London, Oct. 16.—British airmen in their recent attack on the Belgian town of Roulers caused the destruction of an arsenal in which was quartered a newly-arrived German regiment. This information was contained in a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News Agency and was reported by a trustworthy correspondent on the Dutch frontier. One of the first incendiary bombs dropped struck the arsenal, which immediately burst into flames. The confusion was added to by airmen who, descending to a low altitude, used their machine guns freely, thereby increasing the casualty roll, which the correspondent said was enormous.

REQUEST REMOVAL OF DUTIES ON MACHINERY USED ON THE FARMS

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—A resolution asking for the immediate removal of the customs duties from all agricultural implements and machinery and automobiles retailing at less than \$1,000 "as the most efficient way to encourage farmers to produce and at the same time lower the cost of production" was forwarded to Food Controller Hanna from a meeting of the Manitoba Food Control Advisory Committee held last evening.

Two resolutions sent in by the local Council of Women, one asking for Government control of cold storage plants and the other advocating the adoption of the "cash and carry" system by grocers and butchers, were dealt with, and forwarded to the Food Controller.

AMERICAN MINISTER TO ROMANIA URGED RUSSIANS TO FIGHT

Jassy, Roumania, Oct. 11.—Via Petrograd, Oct. 15.—Charles J. Vopicka, American Minister to Roumania, has made several visits to the front recently, exhorting the Russian soldiers to continue fighting. On one visit he spoke to 70,000 soldiers. There was a great demonstration at the conclusion of the speech, the enthusiastic soldiers carrying the Minister about on their shoulders. Every mention of the United States was applauded vigorously.

DETECTIVE EXONERATED IN VANCOUVER CITY

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—Allegations of graft against Detective McLaughlin, of the Vancouver force, were investigated at a special meeting of the Police Commission yesterday, and after a lengthy session the commissioners exonerated the detective, in whom they expressed every confidence. The charge against McLaughlin had been brought by an electrician named W. S. Clayton, who admitted having installed electric devices in a number of disorderly houses in the city to enable the inmates to elude the police. Clayton alleged that McLaughlin had accepted money for the protection of certain houses, and that he had persecuted the keepers and inmates of others.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLED TO-DAY

Vote of Credit is to Be Passed; the New Aerial Policy

London, Oct. 16.—Parliament reassembled here to-day after a recess of two months and began grappling with a big crisis of legislative and administrative work. Its most important duty will be the passing of a new vote of credit. This probably will bring up for discussion the general war situation, but it will be a few days before that business is reached.

To-day there were read the bill giving the Government control over all the petroleum and the Titles Deprivation Bill, which is aimed at those who take up arms against Great Britain and her Allies. Chief interest centres in the prospect that the Government will take advantage of the opportunity to announce the general policy of its air-service, a subject which has been brought into the foreground by the recent raids over London.

Redmond's Motion. John Redmond, the Irish leader, gave notice of the following motion: "The House deplores the policy which has been pursued by the Irish military Government and the Irish Empire demand the creation of an atmosphere favorable to a successful result of the deliberations of the Irish convention." Mr. Redmond will ask the Government to-morrow to afford an early opportunity for discussing his motion.

RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT TO MEET OCTOBER 20; KERENSKY TO ATTEND

Petrograd, Oct. 16.—The Provisional Government has postponed the opening of the Preliminary Parliament from October 18 to October 20. Premier Kerensky, who has recovered sufficiently from his recent illness to travel, will return to Petrograd to-morrow and will open the Parliament. Eight days before the opening of the Constituent Assembly, Parliament will suspend its labors. Members of the Parliament will enjoy parliamentary immunity and be exempted from military service. Any measure adopted by this body must bear the signatures of at least 30 members in order to become effective.

The War Ministry has sent special commissioners to each army at the front to make plans for re-victualling the troops in preparation for the coming winter campaign.

JUDGMENT RESERVED IN LIQUOR CASE IN NEW WESTMINSTER

New Westminster, Oct. 16.—Decision was reserved this morning in the case in which the B. C. Distillery Company was charged with infraction of the Prohibition Act in delivering 13 barrels of alcohol to the Kelly Douglas Company on October 5. The prosecution contended that although the alcohol had not been segregated but had been delivered from the company's general stock and that the transaction had not been completed until the Prohibition Act had come into force. The defence contended that the Act gives permission to transfer liquor from one bonded warehouse to another within the province and that there had been no violation of the measure. In any case the permission of the Dominion Government had been secured and if there was any violation of the measure it was merely technical.

BACK TO LETHBRIDGE.

Lethbridge, Oct. 16.—After an automobile chase of 75 miles in the early hours of Monday morning, Sergeant Bowker, of the Lethbridge police force, walked into a back room of the Hotel at Sunburst, Mont., and arrested Jones, alias Winter, William O'Brien and Conrad Huff, who it is alleged by the police, not six hours earlier had administered knockout drops to Charles Ellison, of Orion, relieving him of \$700 in Dominion Express travelers' cheques. It also is said they had forged the cheques to pay their taxicab driver \$24 at the line. They were brought back to Lethbridge for trial.

CHICAGO GRAINS ACTIVE AND HIGHER

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) Chicago, Oct. 16.—A demand for corn appeared shortly after the opening and continued to come in whenever any weakness was shown. The better tone of the Wall Street market also was given credit for some of the strength shown throughout the session. The strength in corn was not reflected in oats. December option made a 1 cent loss on the day's trading.

NEW YORK COTTON.

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) Open High Low Last Oct. 15 37.15 38.00 37.10 37.05 Nov. 38.50 39.00 38.45 38.35 Dec. 39.25 39.50 39.15 39.05 Jan. 39.75 40.00 39.65 39.55 Feb. 40.25 40.50 40.15 40.05 Mar. 40.75 41.00 40.65 40.55 Apr. 41.25 41.50 41.15 41.05 May 41.75 42.00 41.65 41.55 Spot 42.25 42.50 42.15 42.05

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, Oct. 16.—Raw sugar steady; centrifugal, 96.90; molasses, 96.00; refined steady; fine granulated, 98.25.

BONDS! BONDS!

Bonds are selling at very low prices, in some cases the lowest for many years. We will assist in the selection of high-grade Bonds with attractive yields. Direct Wires to All Principal Exchanges

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FINANCIAL NEWS

MONTREAL STOCKS

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) Montreal, Oct. 16.—The local market became more active to-day, and while price changes were irregular the balance was on the side of improvement. There was some liquidation in a few securities, but the leaders, such as the steel issues, were firm and closed at the best prices of the day. Brazilian Traction lost ground, making a new low on this movement. The paper group was more active than for some time and the price movements were irregular. Brompton lost over two points, while Biorion closed strong, three points above the opening. To-day's improvement in New York had a decided effect on sentiment and further advances are expected in the immediate future. War Loan bonds were quiet and unchanged.

NEW YORK STOCKS

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) New York, Oct. 16.—The market here continued its improvement in the afternoon, but more quietly. U. S. Steel preferred recovered two points and St. Paul preferred did better, an illustration that liquidation of investments was on the wane. Reading recovered three points from the low price of the day and most of the active rails made substantial gains. Recoveries of two to three points from yesterday's close were common throughout the industrial list by the middle of the afternoon and in the last half hour the market became more active on a further rise in prices. Total sales, 1,100,000 shares.

Table of stock prices for Montreal and New York, including columns for High, Low, Last, Bid, and Ask.

WERE STRONG TO-DAY

General Recovery Throughout the List at the Trading Session

Table of stock prices for various companies, including Algonquin, Am. Sugar, and others.

TO-DAY'S TRADING ON WINNIPEG MARKET

Table of trading data for Winnipeg, including various commodities and their prices.

NEW YORK BOND MARKET.

Table of bond market data for New York, including various government and corporate bonds.

CHINESE PREMIER AND PARTICIPATION

British Author From Peking Speaks of Situation in China

TUAN WOULD SEND TROOPS TO EUROPE

"Premier Tuan will send one or two complete army divisions to Europe to fight on the part of the Allies. His idea of Chinese participation is not only to provide coolie labor but combatants in the war, and some definite announcement may be expected immediately.

"This is the message of Edmund T. Backhouse, the well-known author and authority on Chinese affairs, who has just arrived from Peking in Victoria en route to take up his position in France as Director of Chinese Labor in that country.

Chinese Politics.

Mr. Backhouse is laying aside the pen to take up military service till the end of the war although he has two books in hand. Discussing public affairs in China, he states that the pro-German sympathy of certain officials of the Dutch legation accounts for the defeated General Chang, who led the revolt and ten days' restoration of the Manchurian dynasty, taking shelter in the Dutch legation, where he still remains. In a chat with The Times representative this morning he said in part:

"While the acting president, when he left Nanking to take up affairs of state, was adverse to Chinese participation he signed the documents placing China in a state of war against the Teutonic powers, holding the view that the Premier was the head of a responsible government and he was only the nominal head who must act as he was directed. Premier Tuan is strongly in favor of active participation, and with him in power the feeling against the German powers will be directed to favor the Allies. The late President, who lost prestige by the Manchurian rebellion, has retired to the British concession at Tientsin and dropped out of politics.

Problems of Government.

"The two chief factors facing China to-day are to allay the distrust of the North in Southern China. Cao Kun was in charge of a provisional government when I left, while the rebellion was threatening to spread and to bring the armies now recruited on a feudal basis into a national army managed from Peking.

"Both these questions are bound up with the issue of centralization versus decentralization. The former is essential to a strong nationality, the latter is favored by those who believe in a federal union something on the basis of the United States. The present Government wants to control China from Peking; the military chiefs, whose desires are backed up by bands of soldiers, support decentralization so that their influence may continue. There is only one real national army, the Peiyang, of about 120,000 men, which was the body used to quell the recent Manchurian rebellion. The organization of the remaining forces or their disbandment is a matter of necessity to the

peaceful future of China. With the army centralized in control and the South pacified the Premier could give greater attention to the support of Chinese interests abroad and participation in the war.

German Influence Checked. "So far as I could see in the recent revolt it was only welcomed in Peking, where the dragon flag was freely displayed during the short-lived outbreak. The majority of people killed were innocent bystanders, and its only importance to the outside world was the check given by its suppression to German influence."

Mr. Backhouse is contemplating issuing two books, one a romantic story of the late Dowager-Empress's household from documents supplied to him by a relative, and the other a life of President Yuan Shai Kai, based on official documents.

LILLOOET GROWERS APPEAL TO MINISTER

Hon. John Oliver Gets Prompt Action; Economies on Songhees Reserve

Hon. John Oliver received an urgent appeal for assistance from the Lillooet Growers' Association this morning asking that he intercede immediately with the Pacific Great Eastern Railway in an endeavor to secure more cars for the purpose of transporting the potato crop of the Lillooet district to the Coast market. Orders have already been placed with the P. G. E. for 45 cars and 60 more are yet required in order that the crop might be saved, since there are no warehouse facilities in the Lillooet district.

The Minister of Agriculture immediately got into touch by wire with General Manager Sperry, of the P. G. E., and during the noon hour he received the assurance that the cars would be available in time to get the crop through. Hon. Mr. Oliver has wired the Lillooet growers to that effect.

Big Savings. As a result of the reorganization work carried out last spring in connection with Government's rock reclamation on the Songhees Reserve the cost of operations has now been brought down to \$1.25 per yard. The Hon. John Oliver made a tour of inspection of the areas now undergoing transformation early this morning and expresses himself as highly satisfied with the progress being made.

It is interesting to note the varying cost of the work referred to since the summer of 1915. Two dollars and fifty cents per yard was the cost at that time. In January, 1916, it went up to \$2.50 and by the end of September last year the highest limit of \$3 was reached. For the first two months of this year, during the administration of the department by Hon. John Oliver, it dropped from \$2.50 to \$1.70. March saw a further reduction of \$1.40, and for the last three months the cost per yard has been more or less stationary at \$1.25.

GERMANS RECAPTURED.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—Two Germans who escaped in a boat from the detention camp on Angel Island in San Francisco Bay early to-day were captured within a few hours after their disappearance had been discovered.

CLASS A MEN NOT RUSHING TO COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS

One Hundred and Fifty-Six Exemptions and Six Soldiers So Far

MUCH QUIETER DAY AT REGISTRATION OFFICE

Up till 2:30 this afternoon one hundred and fifty-six men under the age of 34 years, unmarried or widowers without children had filled up forms of exemption under Class A of the Military Service Act. Six of the same class had reported for service. The grand total for the three days up till the time of going to press reached one hundred and sixty-two, Saturday's total of forms filled up at the Post Office for exemption was forty, yesterday's eighty-five, and so far to-day, thirty-one. There were two reports for service filed on Saturday, three yesterday and one this morning.

Many Men Know Fate.

It was anticipated by Postmaster Bishop that the pace set yesterday would be easily outdistanced to-day. Such was, however, not the case. For three hours this morning there were but seventeen applicants for forms, the last fourteen utilizing the lunch hour for the purpose of compliance with the programme laid down. So far as can be gathered approximately four hundred men under Class A have already made an appearance before the medical boards now in operation in the city. On this basis there are about two hundred and fifty men eligible for this call who know their fate as far as the verdict of the medical board is concerned. That being the case there is nothing to prevent them from attending to the little formality at the office of the postmaster. In order that there shall be no rush as the expiry date for registration draws near Mr. Bishop is anxious to see as many men as possible fill up their forms during the present week.

One Clerk Enough.

Yesterday the staff at the registration office consisted of two clerks, with assistance from the postmaster himself when necessary. The extremely quiet business to-day has resulted in the staff being reduced to one lone clerk. This morning's visitors to the office were for the most part just intent on doing what was required of them, passing little or no comment, save that of sundry inquiry as to modus operandi and so forth. While some of the reasons given as the basis of claims for exemption are still interspersed with one or two original ideas of duty to family and point of view of circumstances, for the most part they have the appearance of passing O. K. before the tribunal.

Simple Forms.

It should not be supposed that there is any difficulty in the filling out of either form. Simplicity has been the keynote in the preparation of both. The report for service form is decidedly short and sweet. There is the plain indication that the signer undertakes to report for duty just as soon as mailed notice is given. That and the particulars of name, age, address, occupation, etc., is about the total detail. The exemption form is somewhat longer and contains the description of claim for immunity under several heads and the regular ballot cross is all that is necessary to be placed against the cause applying.

PROPOSAL TO CHANGE WEEKLY HALF-HOLIDAY

Resolution to This Effect to Be Submitted to Board of Trade Meeting

On Thursday morning, at the adjourned quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade, which is to take place at 10:30, members will have opportunity to discuss the question whether the present Saturday half-holiday shall remain, whether it might be preferable, instead, to alter it to another day in the middle of the week, or whether the convenience of the general public would be best served by relinquishing a half-holiday, and substituting early-closing on each of the days of the week.

The Weekly Half-Holiday Act will be open for free and full discussion upon Beaumont Boggs moving, seconded by Mr. John Cochrane:

"Whereas the closing of retail stores in Victoria every Saturday afternoon is prejudicial to the best interests of the city.

"Therefore be it resolved, that immediate steps be taken to change the day of closing; and further,

"Be it resolved, that at the next Session of the Legislature efforts be made to have such changes made in the Weekly Half-Holiday Act as will meet the situation."

BODY FOUND.

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—The body of Ernest Tipper, aged about 35, a paper-hanger residing at 4255 Pandora Street here, was found near the Barclay Street entrance of Stanley Park shortly after 5 o'clock this morning. According to the police, the appearance of the body suggested that carbolic acid had been taken.

LOCAL NEWS

Joins Government Service.—For the past three years a member of the city treasurer's staff, F. H. Harrison has been appointed a clerk in the office of the Auditor of Disbursements in the audit branch of the Provincial Government. Prior to entering the city's employ Mr. Harrison had eight years' experience with the Bank of Montreal. He will take up his new duties at an early date. Mr. Harrison is well-known in the city. He is a thoroughly competent official and will take with him the good wishes of his colleagues at the City Hall.

Candy and Nerves.—Those varieties of candy which require considerable mastication are favored by progressive physicians as a remedy for nervousness. When the average man is mentally excited or depressed, he is likely to produce a cigar. This affords temporary relief, but a habit of eating simple candies is far better. Nature endows all of us with a love for sweets. She wisely provides a sedative for every disturbing influence. Fourteen gold and silver medals and numerous diplomas have been awarded Wiper's for purity and excellence of their manufactures. As far as possible Wiper's candies are made on the same day that they are offered to the public so that they may receive them in a fresh condition. Special for Friday and Saturday, K. Butter Tablets, 25c. per lb.; usual price, 35c. None more pure. Take home some of the candies that are made without substitutes. Wiper & Co., 1210 Douglas and 607 Yates St.

Esquimalt Police Court.—Louis Charsten was yesterday charged in the Esquimalt Police Court with having committed wilful and malicious damage to property and was fined \$10, with \$5 damages and 13 cents. It appeared that Charsten on Sunday visited the cabin of John Sibley near the plant of the B. C. Pottery, Esquimalt, and asked for a drink. This was refused, when the visitor then demanded whiskey. He was again refused and on attempting to make his way into the house found himself prostrated on the porch. He arose and commenced to kick the door from its hinges, having accomplished which he proceeded to enter. This time, however, the reception he received was such that he started for town, whither Mr. Sibley also wended his way, arriving eventually at the Police Station. Charsten was subsequently arrested and handed over to the Esquimalt authorities.

MANY VOLUNTEERS FOR "OUR DAY" TAG

All Victoria District Sectioned Off in Readiness for Thursday's Collection

Everything is in readiness for the "Our Day" collection to-morrow which is to be observed locally, following the precedent of the last two years, in aid of the British Red Cross Society. Last year, it will be remembered, Victoria sent a very handsome contribution in response to the appeal from the Grand Prior of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem and the chairman of the Council of the British Red Cross, and this year it is anticipated that nothing less liberal will be forthcoming to help these splendid organizations to carry on their magnificent work in behalf of the troops from every part of the Empire who are now fighting with the colors.

Mrs. Fleming, who is general convener for the Victoria district collections, will be assisted at headquarters, Temple Building, by Mrs. D. E. Campbell and Mrs. H. S. Heisterman. Each of the outlying sub-districts will have its sub-convener. All the downtown centres will be covered by a corps of tappers, and collectors will be out ready to receive contributions at 7 o'clock in the morning.

The tags this year are somewhat novel, being of white felt with a white cross painted thereon.

Outside stations are under conveners as follows: Esquimalt, Miss Pooley; Victoria West, Mrs. Grimison; Gorge, Mrs. Miller; Lake Hill, Mrs. Calvert; Fernwood, Mrs. Andrews; Oak Bay, Mrs. Bullock Webster; Junction, Mrs. Hodgins; North Ward, Mrs. Bradshaw; Fairfield, Mrs. Webb; James Bay, Mrs. Wilkinson; Cloverdale, Mrs. Tolmie; Hollywood, Mrs. Bengough; Mackenzie Avenue, Mrs. Rogers.

Down-town stations are: No. 1 (Blue Cross); No. 2 (Post Office); "Peter"; No. 3, Windsor Grocery and Belmont; Miss Fleming; No. 4, Weller's corner, Mrs. Hasell; No. 5, C.P.R. and Bank of Commerce, Mrs. Gardiner; No. 6, Williams' Drug Store, "Muggins"; No. 7, Union Bank; Mrs. Rowley; No. 8, Pitt-Rite corner, Mrs. Osborne; No. 9, Goodacre's corner, Mrs. Herbert Leiser; No. 10, Pantages, Mrs. Stanier; No. 11, Dean & Hiscock's corner, Mrs. Todd; No. 12, Spencer's corner, W.A.R.; No. 13, Times and Pemberton corners, Mrs. Gailher; No. 14, Y.W.C.A. corner, Y.W.C.A. workers; No. 15, Terry's, Mrs. Beilly; No. 16, Campbell's corner, Mrs. Rhodes; No. 17, Tea Kettle corner, Mrs. Wilders; No. 18, Cochrane's corner, St. Andrew's Red Cross workers; No. 19, B. C. Permanent Loan Building, Mrs. Bengough; No. 20, City Hall, Mrs. Malet; No. 21, Carnegie Library, Miss Taylor; No. 22, St. Andrew's Cathedral, Mrs. Caven.

TO SALONICA.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Dispatch of American troops to Salonica to assist in a big drive in the Balkans was urged upon President Wilson by Senator King, of Utah, yesterday. The senator also advocated a declaration of war against Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria, and proposed that definite promises of military co-operation should be obtained from the Japanese Mission now here.

SAANICH TAXES

Municipality Collects 65.7 Per Cent. of Total Within Rebate Period.

Within the period of rebate, which closed last Wednesday, the Saanich municipal staff collected 65.7 per cent. of the taxes, as compared with 61 per cent. in the corresponding period of 1916. A report upon the subject will be before the Council at its meeting this evening.

For general taxes, including debt, schools, etc., a levy of \$201,000 was authorized, and taxes representing \$132,059 gross, or \$110,049 net, have been paid, allowing the discount. In addition \$51,000 of arrears have been collected. Interest on all taxes to the extent of \$4,875 has been paid, and in answer to the local improvement levy \$5,728 has been received. The water frontage rate presents the most striking results, for not only has \$10,557 of arrears been paid due since the system was inaugurated, but \$14,198 gross, or \$11,821 net has been paid of this year's levy for waterworks purposes.

10,000 COAL MINERS IDLE IN ILLINOIS

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 16.—Because wage increases did not become effective to-day approximately 10,000 coal miners in Central Illinois are idle, it was admitted at the offices of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association.

Demand of ten cents a ton increase for digging coal, \$5 a day for day work and a 15 per cent. advance for yardage and dead work were to have been allowed by the operators, it was stated, contingent upon permission by the Fuel Administration for an increase in coal prices to absorb the wage increases.

NAVAL CO-OPERATION OF UNITED STATES

Washington, Oct. 16.—American naval co-operation with the Allies was further discussed to-day at a conference here between the British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice; the British naval attaché, Commodore Gaunt, Secretary Daniels and Admiral Benson, Chief of Operations of the United States navy.

The conference was generally regarded as a sequel to the discussion which has been going on between Secretary Daniels, Admiral Benson and Admiral Mayo, commander of the Atlantic Fleet of the United States, who recently has returned from a naval conference with the Allies in London.

CALGARY HAS FIRST SNOWFALL OF YEAR

Calgary, Oct. 16.—Calgary this morning experienced its first snowfall of the year. The weather is mild and little wind is accompanying the precipitation. According to reports received at the office of the general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the fall extends over the entire Alberta division of the C. P. R. An early report from Lethbridge stated a slight rain was falling there.

PROVINCIAL POLICE FOR PRINCE ALBERT

Prince Albert, Oct. 16.—The Prince Albert City Council has decided to discontinue with the services of the regular police force. Arrangements are being made with the Provincial Government to take over the police work of the city. As the headquarters of the provincial force for Northern Saskatchewan are located here, it had been considered for some time that considerable civic economy could be effected by making this arrangement. The change is to take place at the end of December, and additional men will be added to the provincial force. The present central police station will be handed over to the provincial police.

Royal Standard Flour

THE PEER OF BREAD FLOURS



It is a concrete fact that ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR has few equals in the whole world. A better Flour cannot be made.

What a pity if some of our Western home bakers are unconsciously using some other inferior flour, and paying as much as ROYAL STANDARD can be bought for.

Order ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR From Your Grocer. DO THIS TO-DAY

Make your Bread, and your Buns, and your Biscuits of it. You're going to like the results as well or better than any you have had before from any make of flour.

Look for the "Circle V" on Every Sack

MILLED IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Vancouver Milling and Grain Company, Ltd.

Vancouver Victoria New Westminster Nanaimo

Washing a Feather Pillow is "Some" Job

Our modern, new method, dry-room tumblers are what make our pillow-washing so successful. Our pillows are thoroughly washed, and then comes the big test—the drying.

Extreme heat combined with constant tumbling and a strong air draught which fluffs the feathers and removes every particle of dust. Result, complete satisfaction. Blankets, too, we do them exceptionally well and return them fluffy and new-appearing.

Let Us Have Your Pillows and Blankets Next Time

PROMPT SERVICE REASONABLE PRICES TIP-TOP WORK

New Method Laundry, Ltd.

1015-17 North Park Street
L. D. McLean, Mgr.

Phone 2300 Phone 2260

THE BANTLY SCHOOL OF MUSIC

BENEDICT BANTLY, PRINCIPAL,
1125 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

Violin, Piano, Organ, Vocal and Theory of Music taught by competent instructors.

WOOL WEEK AT THE BEEHIVE

Now is the time to stock up with English Socks and Stockings from a stock that has been bought for some time.

Pure Wool Socks
60c. 2 for..... \$1.15
Now worth 85c

All-Wool Stockings
55c. 2 for..... \$1.65
Now worth \$1.10

Home-Made Socks for Soldiers,
Purest Wool.
\$1.00. 2 for.... \$1.95

ROYAL CROWN SOAP

PURE SOAP

THE ROYAL CROWN SOAPS LTD. VANCOUVER B.C.

UTILIZE TIMES WANT ADS

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR SKIN!

An eminent specialist tells us that if only one-seventh of our skin were destroyed death would follow. It is obvious, therefore, that a diseased condition of even a small portion of the body's covering has injurious effects upon the health. Hence the necessity for keeping the skin free from disease, and for this purpose there is nothing so suitable as Zam-Buk.

Immediately a Sore, a Rash or any skin trouble makes its appearance it should receive prompt treatment with Zam-Buk. This rare herbal balm destroys all germs as soon as applied and prevents the disease spreading. Then Zam-Buk grows new tissue, which replaces the diseased, and the skin is quickly restored to health.

Zam-Buk contains absolutely none of the coarse animal fat or mineral drugs found in ordinary ointments, which invariably irritate and inflame and sometimes even poison the part they are intended to soothe and heal.

Speaking of Zam-Buk, the famous English Chemist, W. Lascelles Scott, says: "I have analysed Zam-Buk and find it exclusively of vegetable origin. I have no hesitation in certifying its purity and value for skin diseases and injuries."

Zam-Buk is found in the homes of the best people of the Dominion to-day, because of its unique composition, and once tried its reliability establishes it as their household balm for all time.

Zam-Buk is unequalled for eczema, ringworm, itching sores, abscesses, ulcers, boils, bad legs, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, scalds, and all skin injuries. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25. All dealers Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Send this advertisement and 1c. stamp (for postage) and free trial box will be sent you.



Zam-Buk

Dr. Oliver's Tabernacle

Cor. Pandora and Cook Streets

Lectures by Dr. French E. Oliver

TUESDAY, OCT. 16
7.30 p.m. "Is Christian Science Christian?"

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17
2.30 p.m. "Anti-Christ's"
7.30 p.m. "Kadesh-Barnea"

SPECIAL MUSIC BIG CHOIR

CEYLON TEA

Blended to suit Victoria water
Price 3 lbs. \$1.00

- "Dixi" Ceylon Tea 40c
- Per pound, 50¢ and
- Ogilvie's "Canada's Best" Flour \$3.10
- Sold only-by Ross' 49-lb. sack
- "Sunmaid" New Seeded Raisins 25c
- 15 oz. pkgs. 2 for
- New Walnuts 25c
- Per pound
- Ontario Cheese 30c
- Per pound
- "Auburn" Creamery Butter 50c
- Per pound
- Swift's Pure Lard, in bulk 85c
- Per pound 30¢. 3 lbs. for

Special Display of "Robbie Burns" Products this week.
See Our Window.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention

DIXI ROSS'

"Quality Grocers"

1317 GOVERNMENT STREET

Phones 50 51 52



A School Boot for Boys at a Special Price

Boys' Box Kip Blucher, double stitched, with heavy sole and toe box. Sizes 1-5½ at \$3.00

Sizes 11-13½, at \$2.50

Box Kip Blucher, slightly lighter than the style described above, strongly sewn, made with good weight outer sole. Sizes 1-5½ \$3.00

Sizes 11-13½, at \$2.50

Both of these lines are special values and quantities are limited to 90 pairs of each line. Order now while we have all sizes.

Mutrie & Son

1203 Douglas Street Phone 2504

New Novelty Silks 739 Yates

New Sweater Sets Phone 5510

Gordons Limited

Announcing the Arrival of New Bath Robe Blankets

We have just received a shipment of these popular Bath Robe Blankets. They will be on display in our Staple Section. Come early and make your choice.

Bath Robe Blankets, made of a heavy eiderdown fabric, wool finish. These come in navy blue, mauve and grey grounds, with floral design and border in white. Also in cinnamon brown, mid-brown, heather green, light and dark grey, claret and navy blue, with Navajo Indian designs in contrasting colors. Size 72x90. Complete with girdle and cord fastenings. Just the thing for a man's bath gown or smoking jacket. Each \$7.50

Bath Robe Blankets—This line is made of a slightly heavier eiderdown, wool finish. They come in very attractive shades of old rose, sage blue, mauve, light grey, with dainty floral designs and border in white. They are exceptionally suitable for ladies' dressing or bath gowns. Very warm and comfy. Size 72x90. Complete with girdle and cord fastenings. Each \$7.50

—Staples, in Basement

New Wool Blanket Coatings for Fall

Plain Blanket Cloths—These come in the regular blanket weight, in shades of navy, green and brown; 66 inches wide. Exceptional value at yard \$2.50

Plaid Coatings in rich dark tones of brown, green, red, navy and grey. These make both a smart and practical garment; 66 inches wide. Yard \$3.25

Wool Chinchillas—For real comfort and warmth this desirable coating appeals to everyone. Shown in plain shades of wine, nigger, dark green and grey; 66 inches wide. Yard \$4.50

—Coatings, Main Floor

Children's Smart Coats at \$9.75

These are made in many becoming styles to fit children from 8 to 14 years. They are well made from chinchilla and curl cloth and warmly lined. View these in our Children's Section, First Floor.

Continuing the Big Sale of High-Grade Laces and Trimmings Wednesday

"ASHCROFT POTATOES"

\$2.00 PER 100 LBS. Buy Early—Stock Limited.

Telephone 418 SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates Street

Perfection Oil Heaters \$5.50

No Smoke. No Smell. Nice Even Heat

DRAKE HARDWARE CO., LTD.

1418 Douglas Street Phone 1945

ASSOCIATION MEETING

A Meeting of the

VICTORIA MEN'S LIBERAL ASSOCIATION

will be held in the Association Rooms, Arcade Building,

Thursday, Oct 18

at 8 p.m., to discuss the Constitution

ALL MEMBERS ARE REQUESTED TO ATTEND

SUBSCRIBE

to the

VICTORIA PATRIOTIC FUND

Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

MAYNARD & SONS AUCTIONEERS.

Dispersion Sale of All Adult Registered Holstein Cattle

Instructed by the Rev. Father McDonnell (who has left for the Front), we will sell at his farm, Senonitz Farm, Chemainus, B.C., on

Thursday, Oct. 18

12.30 p. m.

Valuable Registered Holstein Cattle

Including: The highly-bred four-year-old bull, "Colony Cornucopia King," bred in New York State; seven-year-old cow, "Doralway," bred by E. J. Burrell, Little Falls, New York, bred Sept. 3rd, 1917; eight-year-old cow, "Doncliff's Axio DeKol," bred by Wm. Armstrong, Locust Hill, Ontario, bred Aug. 30th, 1917; seven-year-old cow, "Lakeside Model Veeman DeKol," from the great Powell herd, Syracuse, New York, bred June 14th, 1917. The dam of this cow's record is 20,961 lbs. butler from 47.2 lbs. milk, 7 days, 4 years A. R. O. Eight-year-old cow, "Miranda Douglas Segus," from the famous herd of Flat & Sons, Millgrove, Ontario; bred March 26th, 1917. Four-year-old cow, "Colony Sadie Kornadyke," bred at Colony Farm, Escondale, B.C.; bred June 3rd, 1917.

There are also two eighteen-month-old heifers from Doralway cow and Miranda Douglas Segus cow, and two heifer calves from Colony Sadie cow and Doralway cow; two eighteen-month-old bulls from Colony Sadie Kornadyke cow and Lakeside Model Veeman DeKol cow. The sire of these is the celebrated Colony Cornucopia King.

This is one of the most important offerings of highly-bred registered Holstein cattle ever offered to the public. The breeding of these animals includes the blood of the most famous strains of high-producing families.

Owing to the departure of the Rev. Father McDonnell for the Front, no attempt has been made to establish records, though the animals have been well kept, and with their breeding should be wonderful producers if given an opportunity in proper hands.

This Farm is situated one mile north of Chemainus on the E. & N. Railway, Vancouver Island, B.C. Trains leave Victoria at 9 a.m. and Nanaimo at 8.30 a.m. Take train to Chemainus Station. Terms of sale, cash.

Any further particulars can be had from

MAYNARD & SONS, Auctioneers, 726 View Street, Victoria, B.C.

AUCTION SALE

TO-NIGHT at 7.30 o'clock
1421 Government Street.

One Hundred Men's Suits and Fifty Overcoats

to be sold at auction, lot of Woolen Underwear, Gent's Furnishings and lot of high-class Jewelry. DON'T MISS THIS SALE. NO RESERVE. Consigned by I. Herman.

LEE SACKS, Auctioneer, Phone 4729.

STAMPED—READY FOR MAILING

Daily Times

APPLY OFFICE, 5c PER COPY

MUST AWAIT BOARD'S JUDGMENT IN CASE

Council Cannot Accelerate Johnson Street Bridge Proceedings

Finding that it cannot move further in the Johnson Street bridge matter till the Board of Railway Commissioners gives a judgment on the highway rights application, the City Council last evening determined to leave the question in abeyance for the present. This decision was reached after the reading of the Board's reply on the joint application as already reported in The Times.

Alderman Andros remarked that the public was a little tired of the delays, and wanted the Council to act. Had not the matter been sent back by the Board to the litigants with a view of their getting together? If they could not get together, then apparently a lawsuit could not be avoided. It seemed that the Board would not give a decision, and an action to assert their rights would be necessary. "The C. P. R. must build a bridge there soon," he said, "and we had better bring the issue to a focus. I recommend that another effort should be made to bring the parties together."

The City Solicitor advised that the matter being now sub judice, standing for the Board's judgment, no action could be taken.

"All we have to do," stated Alderman Sargent, "is to wait patiently and intelligently."

The letter was then received and filed.

MINING INSTITUTE

Twenty-Fifth Annual Meeting Will Be Held Nov. 7 at Merritt.

The twenty-fifth general meeting of members of the western branch of the Canadian Mining Institute will be opened at Merritt, Nicola Valley, B. C., on Wednesday afternoon, November 7, 1917, when routine business will be transacted and several papers having particular reference to the mining and metallurgical industries and others to mine-safety matters will be read and discussed.

At the close of the session at Merritt, adjournment will be made to Princeton, where sessions will be held on Saturday, November 10.

All members of the Canadian Mining Institute in good standing residing in Western Canada or the neighboring parts of the United States are, by virtue of such membership, also members of the western branch. Members are earnestly requested to make an effort to attend the ensuing meeting, and are cordially invited to contribute papers on matters relating to mining or metallurgy for reading at it; also, to kindly notify the secretary that they will do so, if such be their intention.

Non-members will also be heartily welcome to attend, and to take part in the discussion of the papers that shall be submitted to the meeting.

ARTHUR HEMINGWAY AUCTIONEER

Monday, October 22

1.30 p. m.

28 Very Heavy Milking Cows and Heifers

At Sahana and Kaita Singh's, Cedar Hill Road.

List on application to Auctioneer.

ARTHUR HEMINGWAY
Phone 2484 City Market Auction

TO APPEAL TO ALL COUNCILS TO AID CONSTRUCTIVE WORK IS WOMAN'S PART

Four Neighboring Coast Cities May Approach Food Controller on Potato Prices

The City Council last evening decided to approach the Councils of Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo, and ask them to co-operate in an appeal to the Food Controller to fix a maximum of \$1.50 per sack of one hundred pounds for potatoes retail.

An Important Issue.

The Mayor declared, in forwarding some newspaper cuttings to the Council pointing out that the shortage of wheat and surplus of potatoes, made it imperative to curtail the eating of cereals, now required for export, that the subject was a very important one. He urged that action should be taken before the farmers put their potatoes in the pits. From what appeared in the press he gathered the potato crop in all parts of the continent was very heavy, and that this situation was not merely limited to British Columbia. They should endeavor to force the consumption of potatoes in place of wheat. They would have noticed Lord Rhonda's observations about the demand in Great Britain for cereals, and the abundance of potatoes. He was informed the evaporators were closing down. The subject was one which deserved to be looked into.

Alderman Johns thought there were other matters which also wanted examination, such as coal prices.

The Lot Cultivator.

Alderman Sargent pointed out that it would not be very encouraging to the vacant lot cultivators, who had been urged to cultivate and raise potatoes, to find the Council taking the stand now proposed. He appreciated what Alderman Johns had said about coal, a matter which had been before the Council for several months, but upon which they had not made much progress hitherto. He thought action by the controllers would be the better course, rather than intervention by the municipal councils.

Slow Action.

Alderman Cameron said the controllers either had not the power, or if they had it, they did not exercise it like the controllers in the United States and Great Britain, as a consequence of which articles had been rising in value while nothing went down. He did not think any article had been reduced since the controllers were named.

Some discussion followed on prices of wheat, coal, etc. Alderman Walker denying that coal prices were irregular, and a motion in accordance with the Mayor's suggestion was adopted.

ALLEGES BREACH

Retail Merchants Association Objects to Acts of Second-Hand Dealers and Auctioneers.

Last evening the City Council had considerable sympathy with a complaint lodged by the Retail Merchants' Association to the effect that second-hand dealers and auctioneers plied their trade on Saturday afternoon and evenings, in defiance of the Weekly Half-Holiday Act. The Association declared they had aldermanic pledges in January that the aldermanic aspirants would see that the act was enforced.

Alderman Andros jumped up to deny that he had made any pledge.

The Solicitor advised that the trades named came within the scope of the Weekly Half-Holiday Act. It was decided that the Solicitor should make a written report to the Police Commissioners.

Value of Women

Women had never before had their value so revealed to them. Since the war they had been in demand in the industrial world to take the places of men called to arms. And they had had new opportunities opened to them by necessity, sometimes the opportunity by desire. So great had been the numbers called out that some of those who discussed the "after the war" forecast a sex industrial war. She had been told already that in one week in a certain munitions factory 40,000 women had been discharged. This showed, if the figures were true, on how vast a scale they were being employed in industrial occupations.

"It is no disgrace not to be prepared for war. But it would be a disgrace to us if we were not prepared for peace," said the speaker in urging the Women's Canadian Club to work and study the problems which were quite definitely showing themselves. She suggested that, following the precedent set by Women's Canadian Clubs in the Eastern and mid-Western provinces, the local organization might take up the study of the care of the child. This was a very important subject, and had to do definitely with the home.

If women did nothing else in a public sense they could falsify the statement that there was no public office without favor. She spoke scathingly of war-profiteering, and reminded her hearers that they should demand the same standard of honor in a man's public life as they would demand of him in his private life.

Conservation.

Mrs. Plumtre touched on the subject of conservation—not conservation of food, a subject which she would leave to abler speakers, but conservation of patriotism.

"If you are patriotic at all your are patriotic in peace as well as in war. Let us conserve some of our patriotism for the time after the war. What is going to happen to all those splendid women who have worked with such unflinching energy in getting out Red Cross and other war supplies to help the boys overseas? Are all these women going to cease work abruptly when peace comes and shut themselves up in airtight compartments? There are other fields lying ready for their activities." Patriotism should be permanent. All that energy which had been revealed in the newly organized channels must be concentrated and turned into other avenues where its

Mrs. Plumtre Addresses Women's Canadian Club; The Value of the Home

"The war has placed a new value on the home. The home is the cell from which the state is built, it is the very heart of Empire. And the women of Canada stand at the very centre of that which is the most valuable of all things to the State: the home."

This was the essence of Mrs. Plumtre's address to the Women's Canadian Club at the Empress Hotel yesterday afternoon. She spoke with a subject, "Women and War," very ably ranging over the vast field of effect as it related to women. In the end it came back to the reminder of the part which the Women's Canadian Clubs should take.

"This organization all through Canada has been constructive in its work in the past. They must maintain this stand in the future. Women have now all through the Empire a bond of sympathy which makes the prospect of constructive work even better to-day than in the past. . . . If the war has done nothing else it has had a sobering effect on us and has made us put a new value on the home."

How deep-grained was this love of home among the men who were fighting the Empire's battle could be seen in the popularity of such songs as "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Surely it was more than anything else for the principle of the integrity of home, the inviolability of the hearth that the soldier was facing sacrifice of life itself.

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"If you are patriotic at all your are patriotic in peace as well as in war. Let us conserve some of our patriotism for the time after the war. What is going to happen to all those splendid women who have worked with such unflinching energy in getting out Red Cross and other war supplies to help the boys overseas? Are all these women going to cease work abruptly when peace comes and shut themselves up in airtight compartments? There are other fields lying ready for their activities." Patriotism should be permanent. All that energy which had been revealed in the newly organized channels must be concentrated and turned into other avenues where its

Value of Women

Women had never before had their value so revealed to them. Since the war they had been in demand in the industrial world to take the places of men called to arms. And they had had new opportunities opened to them by necessity, sometimes the opportunity by desire. So great had been the numbers called out that some of those who discussed the "after the war" forecast a sex industrial war. She had been told already that in one week in a certain munitions factory 40,000 women had been discharged. This showed, if the figures were true, on how vast a scale they were being employed in industrial occupations.

"It is no disgrace not to be prepared for war. But it would be a disgrace to us if we were not prepared for peace," said the speaker in urging the Women's Canadian Club to work and study the problems which were quite definitely showing themselves. She suggested that, following the precedent set by Women's Canadian Clubs in the Eastern and mid-Western provinces, the local organization might take up the study of the care of the child. This was a very important subject, and had to do definitely with the home.

If women did nothing else in a public sense they could falsify the statement that there was no public office without favor. She spoke scathingly of war-profiteering, and reminded her hearers that they should demand the same standard of honor in a man's public life as they would demand of him in his private life.

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