

OLIVER M. FREEMAN

the National Arboretum

National Arboretum Contribution No. 1 August 1953



## Annotated List of the Plants Growing Naturally at the National Arboretum

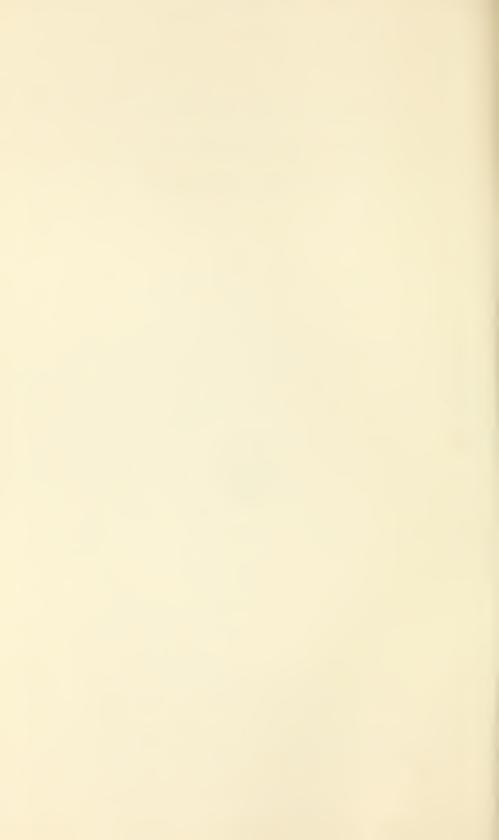
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NATIONAL ARBORETUM
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WASHINGTON, D. C.



# Annotated List of the Plants Growing Naturally at the National Arboretum

OLIVER M. FREEMAN 1

An understanding of why plants native to the eastern United States are now either abundant, rare, or absent at the National Arboretum depends on a knowledge of the soils, moisture, drainage, and general land usage previous to and after purchase of the Arboretum tract by the Federal Government in 1927.

Before 1927 about half of the 420-acre area was used for field crops and truck gardens. This brought in the usual weeds associated with such activities. Before erection of a fence in 1934 and 1935, the wooded areas were burned over nearly every year, destroying much of the leafmold that is required by many of the choicest plants. The need for leafmold is especially noticeable with rattlesnake-plantain, *Goodyera pubescens*, which was undoubtedly abundant many years ago. Only one plant of this little orchid was found in 1949.

Many of the original colonies of native plants have been destroyed by encroachment of Japanese honeysuckle, *Lonicera japonica*. Erosion of cultivated and other disturbed soil has undoubtedly changed the flora in small areas. Also, some changes are being made each year by road construction,

grading, and landscaping.

The area is composed of rolling land with relatively few level fields between the higher elevations. The southwestern part of the grounds is dominated by Mount Hamilton (alt. 239 feet), most of which is covered with the original trees. The east-central part is dominated by Hickey Hill, which overlooks the Anacostia River. Hickey Run flows through the center from a northwesterly to a southeasterly direction, forming a broad valley between the two elevations named above.

Soils range from sandy loam to heavy clay. There are several small areas of gravel and others of ironstone concretions. Layers of sand, gravel, and ironstone resting on clay have given rise to numerous springs, hillside seepages, and swamps, providing suitable spots for plants requiring wet soil. Along the eastern edge of the area is the Anacostia River with its steep wooded banks and tidewater plant associations at their bases. These areas of wet soil have developed a flora quite distinct from that found in the normal woodlands. The soil reactions range from neutral to slightly acid, becoming very acid in the leafmold deposits associated with mountain-laurel.

The plants listed are those known to be growing naturally as of this date within the fenced boundaries of the Arboretum or upon the narrow strip of alluvial flats between the unfenced eastern boundary and the stone wall along

the Anacostia River from Hickey Run to the Licking Banks Spring.

This list includes the plants reported in unpublished lists prepared in 1918 by Ivar Tidestrom and in 1934 and following years by E. C. Leonard, except

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Retired.

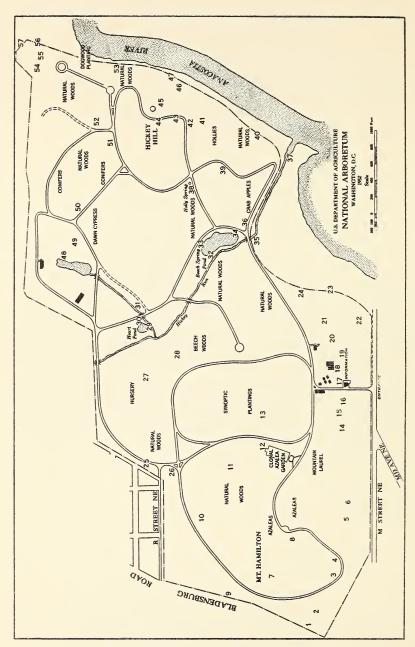


FIGURE 1.—Locations for specific plant occurrences referred to in text.

those obviously collected outside of the above-described area. All of the collectors, including the present writer, have deposited specimens with the National Herbarium of the Smithsonian Institution or with the Herbarium of the United States National Arboretum. Since preparation of the manuscript, the inclusion of several plants hitherto omitted has resulted from the suggestions of P. L. Ricker, President, Wildflower Preservation Society, as a result of his familiarity with plants of the Washington district and the Arboretum. A few plants of special interest growing only just outside the Arboretum property lines will be mentioned in the list with appropriate notation. For convenience of reference, botanical nomenclature follows that of the eighth edition of Gray's Manual of Botany.

The locations referred to by number in these notes are indicated on the accompanying map (fig. 1). They are taken from a more accurate grid survey prepared by the writer in 1950, which is available for reference purposes at the Arboretum.

## **EQUISETACEAE**

#### LYCOPODIACEAE

Lycopodium complanatum var. flabelliforme Fern.

GROUNDCEDAR, GROUNDPINE.

Occasional in thickets having a moist acid soil.

#### **OPHIOGLOSSACE**AE

Botrychium dissectum forma obliquum (Muhl.) Fern......GRAPEFERN.
Rare, found in locations 12 and 45. This species matures its spores in autumn.

#### OSMUNDACEAE

Osmunda claytoniana L. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . INTERRUPTED-FERN.

Steep bank near river, location 46.

Osmunda regalis var. spectabilis (Willd.) Gray............ROYALFERN.
Rare, found in wet soil.

## POLYPODIACEAE

1 OL 11 OD MOLME
Asplenium platyneuron (L.) Oakes
Athyrium filix-femina var. asplenioides (Michx.) FarwLADYFERN.  Moist woods and ravines.
Athyrium thelypterioides (Michx.) Desv
Dennstaedtia punctilobula (Michx.) Moore
Dryopteris hexagonoptera (Michx.) C. ChriBROAD BEECHFERN. Woods.
Dryopteris noveboracensis (L.) GrayNew York Fern. Frequent in moist woods and low ground.
Onoclea sensibilis L
Polystichum acrostichoides (Michx.) Schott
Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum (Desv.) UnderwBRACKEN.  Common in dry sandy soil.
PINACEAE
Juniperus virginiana var. crebra Fern. & Grisc North Eastern redcedar. Frequent in woods and fields.
Pinus rigida Mill
Pinus virginiana Mill
ТҰРНАСЕАЕ
Typha angustifolia L
Typha latifolia L

#### **SPARGANIACEAE**

Sparganium americanum Nutt......Burreed. Wet soil. Sparganium eurycarpum Engelm. Wet soil, mostly along river. ALISMATACEAE Margin of ponds and in swampy places. Sagittaria latifolia var. pubescens (Muhl.) J. G. Sm...Downy ARROWHEAD. Shallow water or muddy soil. Margin of river and ponds. HYDROCHARITACEAE Elodea canadensis Michx......ELODEA. The two ponds near Hickey Run, locations 30 and 32. GRAMINEAE Agropyron repens (L.) Beauv......QUACKGRASS. Common in open ground. Agrostis alba L. (A. palustris of the 1919 "Flora of the Common in fields. Common in open ground. Agrostis perennans (Walt.) Tuckerm......Autumn bentgrass. Frequent in woods. Agrostis tenuis Sibth. (A. capillaris of the 1919 "Flora of the Grasslands. Dry sterile soil in several places, especially on Mount Hamilton and Hickey Hill. Andropogon elliottii Chapm......ELLIOTT BLUESTEM. Occasional in sterile, open ground. Andropogon scoparius Michx.....Little bluestem. Dry fields and open woods.

Andropogon virginicus L
Anthoxanthum odoratum L
Aristida dichotoma Michx
Aristida longespica Poir. (A. gracilis Ell.) Poor soil, occasional.
Aristida oligantha Michx.  Open ground.
Aristida purpurascens Poir.  Woods and banks.
Bromus commutatus Schrad
Cinna arundinacea L
Moist woods.
Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers.  (Capriola dactylon (L.) Ktze.)
Lawns, roadsides, and waste places.
Dactylis glomerata L
Danthonia spicata (L.) Beauv
Deschampsia flexuosa (L.) Trin WAVY HAIRGRASS, CRINKLED HAIRGRASS. Occasional in dry soil.
Digitaria filiformis (L.) Koel
Digitaria ischaemum (Schreb.) MuhlSMOOTH CRABGRASS. Old fields and waste places.
Digitaria sanguinalis (L.) Scop
Echinochloa crusgalli (L.) Beauv
Eleusine indica (L.) Gaertn
Common along paths and in fields.

Elymus virginicus L
Elymus virginicus var. glabriflorus (Vasey) Bush Roadside, location 44.
Eragrostis capillaris (L.) Nees
Eragrostis megastachya (Koel.) Link (E. cilianensis Lutati)STINKGRASS.  Open ground and waste places.
Eragrostis pectinacea (Michx.) Nees (E. caroliniana (Spreng.) Scribn.) Frequent.
Festuca obtusa Biehler Occasional in woods.
Festuca octoflora Walt.  Open ground.
Glyceria striata (Lam.) Hitchc
Gymnopogon ambiguus (Michx.) B.S.PBearded skeletongrass.  Occasional in woods.
Holcus lanatus L. (Notholcus lanatus (L.) Nash)Velvetgrass. Occasional, open ground.
Leersia oryzoides (L.) Swartz  Tidewater mud near pistol range, location 40.
Leersia virginica Willd.  Wet soil in woods.
Lolium perenne L
Melica mutica Walt
Miscanthus sinensis Anderss
Muhlenbergia schreberi J. F. Gmel
Panicum anceps Michx
Panicum boscii Poir. Common in woods.

Panicum boscii var. molle (Vasey) Hitchc. & Chase Frequent, same habitat as the species.

Panicum clandestinum L.

Moist open ground.

Panicum columbianum Scribn.

Rare in sandy soil.

Panicum commutatum Schultes

Woods.

Panicum commutatum var. ashei (Pearson) Fern.

Frequent in dry open woods.

Panicum depauperatum Muhl.

Poor soil in open woods.

Panicum dichotomiflorum Michx.

Old fields and cultivated ground.

Panicum dichotomum L.

Near pistol range, location 40.

Panicum lanuginosum var. fasciculatum (Torr.) Fern. (P. buachucae var. silvicola Hitchc. & Chase)

Open woods.

Panicum lindheimeri Nash

Moist open ground.

Panicum microcarpon Muhl.

Wet places and along streambanks.

Panicum polyanthes Schultes

Frequent in open ground.

Panicum scoparium Lam.

Wet ground along streams and borders of woods.

Panicum sphaerocarpon Ell.

Frequent in open ground.

Panicum stipitatum Nash

Wet soil near pistol range, location 40.

Panicum villosissimum Nash

Dry open ground.

Paspalum ciliatifolium var. muhlenbergii (Nash) Fern.

Open woods and old fields.

Paspalum laeve Michx.  Open ground.
Paspalum laeve var. pilosum Scribn.  Rare in moist ground.
Paspalum setaceum Michx.  Rare in open poor soil.
Phleum pratense L
Poa annua L
Poa compressa L
Poa cuspidata Nutt.  Open woods, occasional.
Poa pratensis L
Poa trivialis L
Setaria glauca (L.) Beauv.  (Chaetochloa lutescens (Weigel) Stuntz)BRISTLY FOXTAIL.  Common everywhere.
Sorghastrum nutans (L.) Nash
Spartina pectinata Link (S. michauxiana Hitchc.)Prairie cordgrass. Wet soil, occasional.
Sphenopholis nitida (Spreng.) Scribn. Shaded ground, not common.
Stipa avenacea L
Triodia flava (L.) Smyth (Tridens flavus (L.) Hitchc.)Purpletop.  Common in open ground.
Tripsacum dactyloides L
Uniola laxa (L.) B.S.P

#### **CYPERACEAE**

Bulbostylis capillaris (L.) C. B. Clarke Frequent in disturbed sandy soil.

Carex annectens Bickn. Frequent in fields.

Carex artitecta Mackenz.

Occasional in woods.

Carex blanda Dewey

Thin woods and open fields.

Carex bushii Mackenz.
Occasional in fields.

Carex cephalophora Muhl.
Wooded banks of streams.

Carex complanata Torr. & Hook.

Meadows and thin woods.

Carex crinita Lam.

Wet soil.

Carex digitalis Willd.

Occasional in woods.

Carex emmonsii Dewey
Dry hillsides.

Carex laevivaginata (Kukenth.) Mackenz.

Common in wet soil.

Carex laxiculmis Schwein.

Wooded hillsides.

Carex lupulina Muhl. Wet soil.

Carex lurida Wahlenb. Common in wet places. Carex muhlenbergii Schkuhr Rare, found in open poor soil. Carex rosea Schkuhr Wooded slopes. Carex rostrata Stokes Rare, found in muddy places along river. Carex scoparia Schkuhr Low ground. Carex striatula Michx. Woods and fields. Carex stricta Lam. Low ground along river. Carex styloflexa Buckl. Low wooded ground along river. Carex swanii (Fern.) Mackenz. Dry wooded banks. Carex tribuloides Wahlenb. Rich open woods. Carex vulpinoidea Michx. Common in wet places. Cyperus dipsaciformis Fern. Frequent in dry woods. Fields and waste places. Cyperus filiculmis Vahl Dry sandy soil. Cyperus ovularis (Michx.) Torr. Frequent in dry fields and woods. Cyperus rivularis Kunth Margin of woods. Cyperus strigosus L. Common in fields and meadows. Dulichium arundinaceum (L.) Britt......Three-way sedge. Frequent in wet places.

Eleocharis obtusa (Willd.) Schultes......BLUNT SPIKESEDGE.

Frequent in wet soil.

Eleocharis tenuis (Willd.) Schultes Occasional in moist ground.
Rhynchospora gracilenta Gray
Thinly wooded hillsides.  Scirpus americanus Pers
Scirpus atrovirens var. georgianus (Harper) Fern. Low ground along river.
Scirpus fluviatilis (Torr.) Gray Marshes along river.
Scirpus polyphyllus Vahl Common in wet soil.
Scirpus rubricosus Fern. Springy slopes.
Scirpus validus Vahl (S. validus var. creber Fern.) Wet soil along margin of river.
ARACEAE
Arisaema triphyllum (L.) Schott (including all varieties based on size and color)
Frequent in rich moist woods.  Peltandra virginica (L.) Schott & Endl
Symplocarpus foetidus (L.) Nutt
COMMELINACEAE
Commelina communis L
PONTEDERIACEAE
Pontederia cordata L
JUNCACEAE
Juncus acuminatus Michx
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## Juncus biflorus Ell.

Moist soil along drainage lines.

Juncus effusus var. solutus Fern. & Wieg. Frequent in moist soil.

Juncus tenuis Willd.

Common in sandy soil and along paths.

Luzula bulbosa (Wood) Rydb.

Open woods and clearings.

Luzula echinata (Small) F. J. Hermann Common in woods.

Common in woods.
LILIACEAE
Allium vineale L
Asparagus officinalis L
Erythronium americanum KerYELLOW ADDERSTONGUE.
Found only along Hickey Run, at the point where the adjacent slopes meet the flood plain of the creek, location 37.
Hemerocallis fulva L
Medeola virginiana L
Polygonatum biflorum (Walt.) Ell
Smilacina racemosa (L.) Desf
Smilax glauca Walt
Smilax rotundifolia L
Uvularia perfoliata L
Uvularia sessilifolia L

## DIOSCOREACEAE

## SALICACEAE

Populus canescens (Ait.) J. E. Smith
Mount Hamilton and Anacostia River front.
Populus deltoides Marsh
Vicinity of pistol range, location 40.
Salix fragilis L
Occasional in wet soil.
Salix humilis Marsh
Frequent in dry woods and fields.
Salix nigra MarshBLACK WILLOW.
Low ground and along streams.
JUGLANDACEAE
Carya cordiformis (Wang.) K. Koch
Carya tomentosa Nutt. (C. alba of authors)
Common in woods.
Juglans nigra LBLACK WALNUT.
Hickey Run valley and Mount Hamilton.
BETULACEAE
Alnus serrulata (Ait.) Willd. (A. rugosa of most authors)HAZEL ALDER.
Common in wet soil and along streams.
Betula lenta LSWEET BIRCH.
Three plants below the Anacostia River overlook were planted but appear as if native, location 47. Also three smaller plants were placed on the north slope of Mount Hamilton, location 10.
Betula nigra L
Frequent in wet or moist soil.
Corylus americana Walt
FAGACEAE
Castanea dentata (Marsh.) Borkh
Castanea pumila (L.) Mill

Fagus grandifolia EhrhBEECH.  Numerous fine old specimens.
Quercus alba L
Common in wooded areas.
$\times$ Quercus bernardiensis W. Wolf (Q. stellata $\times$ Q. prinus) Occasional in woods.
imes Quercus bushii Sarg. (Q. marilandica $ imes$ Q. velutina)  Occasional where the two species grow together.
Quercus falcata MichxSouthern Red OAK.  Common in woods and fields.
Quercus marilandica MuenchhBLACKJACK OAK. Frequent in dry woodlands.
Quercus palustris Muenchh
Quercus phellos L
Quercus prinus L. (Q. montana Willd.)SWAMP CHESTNUT OAK.  Common in dry soils.
Quercus rubra L
Occasional in woods.
Occasional in woods.
$\times$ Quercus saulii Schneid. (Q. alba $\times$ Q. prinus)
$\times$ Quercus saulii Schneid. (Q. alba $\times$ Q. prinus)  Occasional in woods, as in ravine northeast of the gatehouse, locations 20 and 19.
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X Quercus saulii Schneid. (Q. alba X Q. prinus)  Occasional in woods, as in ravine northeast of the gatehouse, locations 20 and 19.  Quercus stellata Wang
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Maclura pomifera (Raf.) Schneid
Morus alba L
Morus rubra L
URTICACEAE
Boehmeria cylindrica (L.) Sw
Pilea pumila (L.) Gray
Urtica gracilis Ait
SANTALACEAE
Comandra umbellata (L.) Nutt
LORANTHACEAE
Phoradendron flavescens (Pursh) Nutt
On a single tree of Nyssa sylvatica near Licking Banks Spring, location 53.
ARISTOLOCHIACEAE
Aristolochia serpentaria L
POLYGONACEAE
Polygonum arifolium L
Polygonum aviculare L
Polygonum convolvulus L
Polygonum cuspidatum Sieb. & Zucc
Polygonum lapathifolium L

Polygonum pensylvanicum LPennsylvania smartweed. Common.
Polygonum persicaria L
Polygonum punctatum Ell
Polygonum sagittatum LArrowleaf tearthumb. Wet soil.
Rumex acetosella L
Rumex crispus L
Rumex obtusifolius L
Tovara virginiana (L.) RafVIRGINIA TOVARA.  Moist woods and thickets.
CHENOPODIACEAE
Chenopodium album L
Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Chenopodium paganum Reichenb
AMARANTHACEAE
Acnida cannabina L
Amaranthus graecizans L. (A. blitoides S. Wats.)Tumbleweed.  Occasional in waste places.
Amaranthus hybridus L
PHYTOLACCACEAE
Phytolacca americana LPokeweed
Common everywhere.

## **AIZOACEAE**

AIZUACEAE
Mollugo verticillata L
PORTULAÇAÇEAE
Claytonia virginica L
Portulaca oleracea L
CARYOPHYLLACEAE
Agrostemma githago L
Arenaria serpyllifolia LTHYMELEAF SANDWORT.
Cultivated ground.
Cerastium nutans Raf. (C. longepedunculatum of authors.)
Occasional in woods and fields.
Cerastium viscosum L
Common.
Dianthus armeria L
Meadows and lawns.
Paronychia fastigiata (Raf.) Fern.  (Anychia polygonoides Raf.) Forked chickweed, nailwort.
Frequent in woods and fields.
Saponaria officinalis L
Silene antirrhina L
Common in cultivated ground and waste places.
Silene caroliniana WaltPEATPINK SILENE.
Frequent on dry hillsides.
Silene stellata (L.) Ait. f
Stellaria graminea LLITTLE STARWORT.
Margin of Beech Spring Pond, location 34.
Stellaria media (L.) Cyrillo

Common everywhere.

Stellaria pubera Michx
RANUNCULACEAE
Anemone virginiana L
Anemonella thalictroides (L.) Spach
Clematis dioscoreifolia var. robusta (Carr) Rehd. (C. paniculata Thunb.) Escape from cultivation; established in a few places.
Clematis virginiana L
Delphinium ajacis L
Hepatica americana (DC.) Ker
Ranunculus abortivus L LITTLELEAF BUTTERCUP. Frequent.
Ranunculus bulbosus L
Ranunculus recurvatus Poir.  Frequent, especially on slopes of Mount Hamilton.
Ranunculus sceleratus L.  Muddy places.
Thalictrum dasycarpum Fisch. & LallPURPLE MEADOWRUE.  Moist soil, thickets, and riverbanks.
Thalictrum polygamum Muhl
Xanthorhiza simplicissima Marsh
BERBERIDACEAE
Podophyllum peltatum L

Forms large colonies in woods.

## MAGNOLIACEAE

MAGNOLIACEAE
Liriodendron tulipifera LTuliptree, Yellow-poplar, Tulip-poplar.  Common in woods.
Magnolia virginiana L
ANNONACEAE
Asimina triloba (L.) Dunal
LAURACEAE
Lindera benzoin (L.) Blume
Sassafras albidum (Nutt.) Nees
PAPAVERACEAE
Corydalis flavula (Raf.) DC
Papaver dubium L
Sanguinaria canadensis L
CAPPARIDACEAE
Cleome spinosa Jacq
CRUCIFERAE
Arabis canadensis L
Barbarea verna (Mill.) Aschers
Brassica rapa L. (B. campestris L.)
Capsella bursa-pastoris (L.) MedicSHEPHERDS-PURSE. Common.

Cardamine parviflora var. arenicola (Britt.) O. E. SchulzBittercress.
Frequent in woods and fields.
Dentaria laciniata Muhl
Wooded areas.
Draba verna L
Frequent in cultivated soil.
Lepidium campestre (L.) R. BrField Pepperweed.
Common in fields.
Lepidium virginicum LVIRGINIA PEPPERWEED.
Common everywhere.
Rorippa islandica var. fernaldiana Butt. & Abbe <sup>2</sup> YELLOWCRESS.
Wet soil.
Sisymbrium officinale (L.) Scop
Common in cultivated soil.
Sisymbrium thalianum (L.) J. GayMouse-ear cress.
Abundant. One of our best examples of a winter annual.
SAXIFRAGACEAE
Heuchera americana L
Shaded banks.
Saxifraga virginiensis Michx
Open hillsides and thin woods.
HAMAMELIDACEAE
Hamamelis virginiana L
Scattered through woods.
PLATANACEAE
Platanus occidentalis L
Low ground along streams.
ROSACEAE
Agrimonia parviflora Ait
Meadows and thickets.
Agrimonia rostellata Wallr.
Occasional in woods.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A plant that appears to be *Rorippa sinuata* (Nutt.) Hitchc. has become established in the nursery beds west of the greenhouses, location 18.

Woods. Several trees to 25 feet noted.
Crataegus pruinosa (Wendl.) K. Koch
Duchesnea indica (Andr.) Focke
Fragaria virginiana Duchesne
Geum virginianum L. (G. hirsutum Muhl.)
Potentilla canadensis L. (P. pumila Poir.)
Potentilla norvegica L. (P. monspeliensis L.) Roadsides and fields.
Potentilla recta L.  Cultivated fields and meadows.
Potentilla simplex Michx. (P. canadensis of authors, not Linnaeus) OLDFIELD CINQUEFOIL. Fields and roadsides.
Prunus americana Marsh
Hickey Run valley.  Prunus angustifolia Marsh
Prunus persica (L.) Batsch
Prunus serotina Ehrh
Pyrus arbutifolia (L.) L. f. (Aronia arbutifolia (L.) Ell.). RED CHOKEBERRY.  Moist thickets east of Hickey Run.
Pyrus communis L
Pyrus coronaria L. (Malus coronaria (L.) Mill.). WILD SWEET CRABAPPLE. Southwest slope of Mount Hamilton extending eastward to hills above the river.
Pyrus malus L. (Malus pumila L.)

Amelanchier canadensis (L.) Medic. Juneberry, Serviceberry, Shadblow.

Pyrus melanocarpa (Michx.) Willd. (Aronia melanocarpa (Michx.) Ell.)BLACK CHOKEBERRY.
Thickets.
Rosa carolina L. (R. humilis Marsh. in part.)
Dry banks.
Rosa eglanteria L. (R. rubiginosa L.)Sweetbrier.
Old fence rows and thickets.
Rosa virginiana MillVIRGINIA ROSE.
Swampy places.
Rubus argutus Link
Old fields and fence rows.
Rubus argutus × R. flagellaris
Found in Magnolia Swamp only, locations 54 and 55.
Rubus cuneifolius Pursh
Rare in poor dry soil.
Rubus flagelaris Willd. (R. procumbens of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Fields and roadsides.
Rubus hispidus LSWAMP BLACKBERRY.
Introduced into native azalea garden with collected plants.
Rubus occidentalis L
Old fields and thickets.
Rubus phoenicolasius Maxim
Southwest base of Mount Hamilton.
LEGUMINOSAE
Amphicarpa bracteata (L.) Fern
Woods. Cleistogamous flowers, developed at the end of slender leafless branches, produce single-seeded pods in the soil or leafmold.
Amphicarpa bracteata var. comosa (L.) Fern. (A. pitcheri T. & G.)3
PITCHERS HOGPEANUT.  Moist soil along watercourses or swamp margins.
Apios americana Medic
Wet soil along river and streams.
Baptisia tinctoria (L.) R. BrWILD-INDIGO.
Dry hillsides.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Both species and variety frequently grow together and hybridize freely, giving rise to many intermediate forms that have confused botanists for many years.

Cassia fasciculata Michx
Cassia nictitans L
Cassia nictitans var. hebecarpa Fern. (C. marilandica of authors, not Linnaeus)  Low ground along Hickey Run.
Cercis canadensis L
Clitoria mariana L
Crotalaria sagittalis L
Desmodium ciliare (Muhl.) DC. (D. obtusum (Muhl.) DC.). TICKCLOVER.  Open dry ground.
Desmodium laevigatum (Nutt.) DC. Riverbanks and rich woods.
Desmodium laevigatum × D. viridiflorum  Frequent where the two species grow together. This is an excellent example of natural hybridization.
Desmodium marilandicum (L.) DC. Open ground.
Desmodium nudiflorum (L.) DC. Frequent in woods.
Desmodium paniculatum (L.) DC. Woods and thickets.
Desmodium perplexum Schub.  A variable species, probably of hybrid origin. Thin woods and open ground.
Desmodium rotundifolium DC.  Dry wooded hillsides.
Desmodium viridiflorum (L.) DCVELVETLEAF TICKCLOVER.  Common in dry open woods.
Galactia volubilis (L.) Britt
Lathyrus latifolius L

Lespedeza capitata Michx
Lespedeza cuneata (Dumont) G. Don
Occasional in fields, but likely to become abundant.
Lespedeza hirta (L.) Hornem.
Frequent in open woods.
Lespedeza procumbens Michx.
Dry fields and open woods.
Lespedeza repens (L.) Bart.
Roadsides and open woods.
Lespedeza stipulacea Maxim
Common along roads and in fields.
Lespedeza striata (Thunb.) H. & A
Lawns, fields, and roadsides.
Lespedeza virginica (L.) Britt.
Meadows and margins of woods.
Medicago lupulina L
Roadsides and cultivated ground.
Medicago sativa L
Occasional in meadows.
Melilotus alba Desr
Along roads and in waste places.
Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam YELLOW SWEETCLOVER.
Roadsides and waste places.
Phaseolus polystachios (L.) B.S.P
Mount Hamilton, location 8.
Robinia pseudoacacia L
Common in woods, fields, and thickets.
Strophostyles helvola (L.) Ell
Occasional in open places.
Strophostyles umbellata (Muhl.) Britt.
Frequent in open dry soil.
Stylosanthes biflora (L.) B.S.P
Frequent in dry soil.
Tephrosia virginiana (L.) Pers
Frequent in dry open woods.

Trifolium arvense L
Trifolium hybridum L
Trifolium pratense L
Trifolium procumbens LLOW HOP CLOVER. Fields and waste places.
Trifolium repens L
Vicia angustifolia Reichard
Vicia caroliniana Walt
Vicia villosa Roth
LINACEAE
Linum medium (Planch.) Britt
Linum striatum Walt.  Occasional in open moist soil.
OXALIDACEAE
Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) WiegWOODSORREL.
Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg

Occasional in rich woods. SIMAROUBACEAE Ailanthus altissima (Mill.) Swingle......AILANTHUS, TREE-OF-HEAVEN. Frequent in woods and thickets. POLYGALACEAE Polygala sanguinea L. (P. viridescens L.).....BLOOD POLYGALA. Frequent in dry open ground. **EUPHORBIACEAE** Acalypha gracilens Gray......SLENDER COPPERLEAF. Cultivated ground. Acalypha rhomboidea Raf. (A. virginica of authors, not Linnaeus) Disturbed soil. Woods and fields. Pistol range ridge, locations 42 and 41 only. Euphorbia maculata L. (E. preslii Guss.) Frequent in open ground. Euphorbia supina Raf. (E. maculata of authors, not Linnaeus) SPOTTED SPURGE. Common. **ANACARDIACEAE** Rhus copallina L......Flameleaf Sumac. Thickets and margins of fields. Fields and thickets. Common everywhere. Rhus typhina L.....STAGHORN SUMAC. Occasional in fields and woods. Rhus vernix L......Poison-sumac. Magnolia Swamp in northeastern part of grounds, locations 55 and 56 only. Formerly there was a single large plant in a springy place near the summit of

Mount Hamilton, east side, above the azaleas.

## AQUIFOLIACEAE

Ilex opaca Ait
Ilex verticillata (L.) GrayWINTERBERRY, BLACK ALDER.
Occasional in wet soil. A staminate plant is growing naturally in the holly-magnolia area, location 41.
CELASTRACEAE
Celastrus scandens L
Mount Hamilton and other wooded areas.
Euonymus americanus L
ACERACEAE
Acer campestre LHedge Maple.
Numerous plants along the southwest base of Mount Hamilton, location 2. Seeds apparently originated in Mount Olivet Cemetery across Bladensburg Road.
Acer negundo L
Acer rubrum L
Acer saccharinum L
Frequent in low ground. Some trees have been known to flower during the last few days of January in mild winters.
BALSAMINACEAE
Impatiens capensis Meerb. (I. biflora Walt.)Spotted touch-me-not. Wet and moist soils.
RHAMNACEAE
Ceanothus americanus LJersey-tea, ceanothus, redroot. Occasional in woods.
VITACEAE
Parthenocissus quinquefolia (L.) PlanchVIRGINIA-CREEPER. Woods and thickets.
Vitis aestivalis Michx

Vitis labrusca LFox grape.
Swamps and watercourses.
Vitis vulpina L. (V. cordifolia Michx.)Frost grape.
Occasional on banks and in woods.
TILIACEAE
Tilia neglecta Spach (T. americana of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Hickey Run valley.
MALVACEAE
Abutilon theophrasti Medic
Common in cultivated ground.
Hibiscus moscheutos L. (H. palustris of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia." not Linnaeus)
Margin of streams and in swamps.
Hibiscus syriacus L
Established near old dwelling sites, location 17.
Hibiscus trionum L
Occasional in cultivated soil.
Malva neglecta Wallr. (M. rotundifolia of authors, not Linnaeus) RUNNING MALLOW.
Occasional in waste places.
Sida spinosa L
GUTTIFERAE
Ascyrum hypericoides L
Common in woods and fields.
Hypericum canadense LStJohns-wort.
Occasional in roadside ditches.
Hypericum denticulatum Walt
Frequent in moist soil.
Hypericum gentianoides (L.) B.S.P.  (Sarothra gentianoides L.)
Frequent in poor thin soils.
Hypericum mutilum L.
Wet soil especially near water.

Occasional in fields. Hypericum spathulatum (Spach) Steud. (H. prolificum of American authors) ..... SHRUBBY ST.-JOHNS-WORT. Occasional along roadsides. Hypericum virginicum L. (Triadenum virginicum (L.) Raf.) MARSH ST.-JOHNS-WORT. Occasional in wet soil. CISTACEAE Dry hillsides. Lechea leggettii Britt. & Hollick. Occasional in dry soil. Lechea racemulosa Michx. Rare in dry soil. VIOLACEAE Occasional in rich woods. Viola fimbriatula Sm. Dry fields and banks. Viola kitaibeliana var. rafinesquii (Greene) Fern.....Johnny-Jump-up. Fields and other open ground. Viola palmata L. (V. stoneana of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.") Mount Hamilton and other wooded areas. Viola papilionacea Pursh Common everywhere. Viola pedata L.....BIRDSFOOT VIOLET. Occasional in dry soil. Viola primulifolia L. Magnolia Swamp only, location 55. Viola sagittata Ait......Arrowleaf violet. Fields and thin woods. Viola triloba Schwein. Woods.

## **PASSIFLORACEAE**

PASSIFLORACEAE
Passiflora lutea L
South and east slopes of Mount Hamilton.
LYTHRACEAE
Cuphea petiolata (L.) Koehne
NYSSACEAE
Nyssa sylvatica MarshBLACKGUM, SOURGUM, BLACK TUPELO. Frequent in woods.
ONAGRACEAE
Circaea quadrisulcata var. canadensis (L.) Hara. Enchanters-Nightshade. Frequent in woods.
Gaura biennis L.  Rare in cultivated soil and along roadsides.
Ludwigia alternifolia var. typica Munz
Ludwigia palustris var. americana (DC.) Fern. & Grisc. (Isnardia palustris  L.)
Oenothera biennis L
Oenothera fruticosa L
Oenothera laciniata Hill Frequent in cultivated soil.
ARALIACEAE
Aralia nudicaulis L
Aralia spinosa LDevils-walkingstick, Herculesclub.  Northwest slope of Mount Hamilton.
Hedera helix L

# UMBELLIFERAE Angelica venenosa (Greenway) Fern. (A. villosa (Walt.) B.S.P., not

Lag.)
Occasional in woods,
Chaerophyllum procumbens (L.) Crantz
Occasional in wet soil.
Cicuta maculata L
Cryptotaenia canadensis (L.) DCHonewort.  Moist soil.
Daucus carota LWild Carrot.
Common everywhere.
Sanicula canadensis L
Taenidia integerrima (L.) Drude Occasional in dry woods.
Zizia aurea (L.) W. D. J. Koch
CORNACEAE
Cornus amomum Mill
Frequent in woods and along watercourses.
Cornus florida L
ERICACEAE
Chimaphila maculata (L.) Pursh
Epigaea repens L
Gaultheria procumbens L
Gaylussacia baccata (Wang.) K. KochBLACK HUCKLEBERRY.  Dry thin woods.
Gaylussacia frondosa (L.) T. & G
22

Kalmia latifolia L
Frequent in dry open woods.
Leucothoe racemosa (L.) Gray (Eubotrys racemosa (L.) Nutt.). Fetterbush. Dry woods and slopes.
Lyonia ligustrina (L.) DC. (Xolisma ligustrina (L.) Britt.). MALEBERRY. Frequent in moist woods.
Lyonia mariana (L.) D. Don (Neopieris mariana (L.) Britt.). STAGGERBUSH. Dry ridges.
Monotropa uniflora L
Rhododendron nudiflorum (L.) Torr. PINXTERBLOOM AZALEA, "HONEYSUCKLE."
Woodlands and clearings.
Vaccinium atrococcum (Gray) Heller Downy blueberry. Woods and thickets.
Vaccinium atrococcum × V. vacillans
Shrub about 3 feet. Frequent where the two species grow together. This hybrid was verified by making crosses artificially and growing the seedlings to maturity.
Vaccinium stamineum L. (Polycodium stamineum (L.) Greene). Deerberry. Common in dry woods.
Vaccinium vacillans Torr
PRIMULACEAE
Anagallis arvensis L
Lysimachia ciliata L
Lysimachia nummularia L
Lysimachia quadrifolia L
EBENACEAE
Diospyros virginiana L

### **OLEACEAE**

Chionanthus virginicus L
Fraxinus americana L
Fraxinus pennsylvanica Marsh
Syringa vulgaris L
GENTIANACEAE
Sabatia angularis (L.) Pursh
APOCYNACEAE
Apocynum cannabinum var. pubescens (Mitchell) A. DCHEMP DOGBANE. Fields and woods.
Vinca minor L
ASCLEPIADACEAE
Ampelamus albidus (Nutt.) Britt. (Gonolobus laevis of authors). HONEYVINE.  Southern edges of locations 3 and 4.
Asclepias amplexicaulis Sm. Occasional in woods.
Asclepias incarnata var. pulchra (Ehrh.)SWAMP MILKWEED.  Occasional in moist or wet soil.
Asclepias purpurascens L
Asclepias syriaca L
Asclepias tuberosa L
Asclepias viridiflora Raf

## CONVOLVULACEAE

Convolvulus arvensis L
Common in sandy areas.
Convolvulus sepium L
Cuscuta gronovii Willd
Cuscuta pentagona Engelm. (C. arvensis Beyrich)
Ipomoea coccinea L
Ipomoea hederacea (L.) Jacq. Frequent in cultivated soil.
Ipomoea lacunosa L. Waste places.
Ipomoea pandurata (L.) G. F. W. MeyBigroot morning-glory. Fields and dry banks.
Ipomoea purpurea (L.) Roth
POLEMONIACEAE
POLEMONIACEAE  Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L
Phlox paniculata L

## 

Rich woods.
Cunila origanoides (L.) Britt
Frequent on dry hillsides.
Glechoma hederacea LGill-over-the-ground.
Frequent, often forming a dense ground cover.
Hedeoma pulegioides (L.) PersAMERICAN FALSE-PENNYROYAL. Woods, fields, and roadsides.
Lamium amplexicaule L
Lamium purpureum L
Lycopus virginicus L
Mentha arvensis var. villosa (Benth.) S. R. Stewart (M. canadensis L.)
Occasional in moist soil.
Mentha spicata L
Monarda punctata L
Sandy soil in location 36.
Perilla frutescens var. crispa (Benth.) Deane (P. frutescens of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Southwest corner of the grounds near Bladenshurg Road location 2
Southwest corner of the grounds near Bladensburg Road, location 2.
Prunella vulgaris L
Prunella vulgaris L
Prunella vulgaris L
Prunella vulgaris L. Selfheal. Common everywhere.  Pycnanthemum flexuosum (Walt.) B.S.P. Mountain-mint.
Prunella vulgaris L. Selfheal.  Common everywhere.  Pycnanthemum flexuosum (Walt.) B.S.P. MOUNTAIN-MINT.  Frequent in woods and meadows.
Prunella vulgaris L
Prunella vulgaris L. Selfheal.  Common everywhere.  Pycnanthemum flexuosum (Walt.) B.S.P
Prunella vulgaris L

Scutellaria integrifolia L.  Frequent in woods and on banks.
Scutellaria lateriflora L
Rare, found in wet soil near river wall, in northeastern part of location 40.
-
Trichostema dichotomum L
SOLANACEAE
Datura stramonium L
Cultivated ground and waste places.
Lycium halimifolium Mill
Vicinity of old building sites.
Physalis heterophylla Nees
Mount Hamilton and other wooded slopes.
Physalis virginiana Mill.
South bank of Heart Pond, location 29, and probably elsewhere.
Solanum carolinense L
Common.
Solanum dulcamara LBitter nightshade.
Occasional in cultivated soil and in thickets.
Solanum nigrum LBLACK NIGHTSHADE.
Common.
SCROPHULARIACEAE
Chelone glabra LTurtlehead.
Frequent along watercourses.
Gerardia pedicularia L. (Aureolaria pedicularia (L.) Raf.)Gerardia.
About 50 feet beyond fence, location 57.
Gerardia tenuifolia Vahl (Agalinis tenuifolia (Vahl) Raf.)GERARDIA.
Occasional in dry soil.
Gerardia virginica (L.) B.S.P. (Aureolaria villosa (Muhl.) Raf.)
Frequent in woods.
Linaria canadensis (L.) DumontOLDFIELD TOADFLAX.
Common in sandy soil.
Linaria vulgaris HillButter-and-eggs.
Occasional in waste places.
1

Lindernia anagallidea (Michx.) Pennell ( <i>llysanthes attenuata</i> of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")FALSE-PIMPERNEL.
Occasional in muddy soil.
Mimulus ringens L
Paulownia tomentosa (Thunb.) Steud
Penstemon laevigatus Ait
Verbascum blattaria L
Verbascum thapsus L
Veronica arvensis L
Veronica officinalis L
Veronica peregrina L
Veronica serpyllifolia L
BIGNONIACEAE
Campsis radicans (L.) Seem. (Bignonia radicans L.) TRUMPETCREEPER. Woods and thickets.
Catalpa bignonioides Walt
Catalpa speciosa Warder
OROBANCHACEAE
Epifagus virginiana (L.) Bart. (Leptamnium virginianum (L.) Raf.) BEECHDROPS.
Frequent under beeches.
ACANTHACEAE
Ruellia caroliniensis (Walt.) Steud

## **PHRYMACEAE**

FIIKIMACEAE
Phryma leptostachya LLOPSEED.
Woods and thickets.
PLANTAGINACEAE
Plantago aristata MichxBottlebrush indianwheat. Cultivated ground.
Plantago lanceolata L
Plantago major L
Plantago rugelii Decaisne Common.
Plantago virginica L.
Cultivated ground and other disturbed soil.
RUBIACEAE
Cephalanthus occidentalis L
Diodia teres Walt
Diodia virginiana L.
Common around Beech Spring Pond, location 32, and between greenhouses, location 18. Unknown at the Aboretum previous to the summer of 1945.
Galium aparine L
Galium circaezans Michx
Galium pilosum Ait.  Frequent in woods and fields.
Galium tinctorium L. (G. claytoni Michx.)
Galium triflorum Michx
Houstonia caerulea L. (Hedyotis caerulea (L.) Hook.)

Houstonia purpurea L. (Hedyotis purpurea (L.) T. & G.) Woods and thickets. Occasional in woods. CAPRIFOLIACEAE Lonicera japonica Thunb...................JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE. Common everywhere. Lonicera sempervirens L......Trumpet honeysuckle. South slope of Mount Hamilton and elsewhere in woods and on banks. Rarely flowers because of aphis injury. Field margins and in thickets. Triosteum angustifolium L.....Narrowleaf Horsegentian, feverwort. Along north edge of former Morris Place in locations 15 and 16. Frequent in woods. Wet soil on slope opposite the Cryptomeria planting in location 45. Viburnum dentatum L......Southern Arrowwood. Frequent in woods and along watercourses. Viburnum prunifolium L......BLACKHAW. Woods and thickets. CUCURBITACEAE Sicyos angulatus L.....Bur-cucumber. Occasional in thickets along watercourses. CAMPANULACEAE Frequent in disturbed soil. Lobelia puberula Michx. Rare, found on southeast slope near the base of Mount Hamilton. Specularia perfoliata (L.) A. DC. (Triodanis perfoliata (L.) Nieuwl.) VENUS LOOKINGGLASS. Common in woods and in cultivated soil.

### COMPOSITAE

Achillea millefolium L
Ambrosia artemisiifolia var. elatior (L.) DescourtilsCommon ragweed.  Common.
Ambrosia trifida L
Antennaria neglecta Greene
Antennaria parlinii var. arnoglossa (Greene) FernEVERLASTING. Occasional on wooded hillsides.
Antennaria plantaginifolia (L.) Hook. Woods.
Anthemis arvensis L
Arctium minus (Hill) Bernh
Artemisia annua L
Artemisia vulgaris L
Aster divaricatus L
Aster lateriflorus (L.) Britt.  Moist fields and woods.
Aster patens Ait. Wooded slopes.
Aster pilosus Willd.  Open woods and fields.
Aster puniceus L. Swampy places.
Aster simplex var. ramosissimus (T. & G.) Cronq. (A. paniculatus Lam.) Woods and fields.
Baccharis halimifolia L

Bidens bipinnata L
Bidens frondosa LBEGGARTICKS.
Damp woods and fields.
Cacalia atriplicifolia L. (Mesadenia atriplicifolia (L.) Raf.) PALE INDIAN-PLANTAIN.
Occasional in woods.
Chondrilla juncea L
Chrysanthemum leucantemum var. pinnatifidum Lecoq. & Lamotte.  OXEYE-DAISY.
Fields and meadows.
Chrysopsis mariana (L.) Ell
Cichorium intybus L
Cirsium arvense (L.) Scop
Cirsium discolor (Muhl.) Spreng.  Common in disturbed soil.
Cirsium vulgare (Savi) TenoreBULLTHISTLE. Frequent in waste places.
Coreopsis lanceolata L
Coreopsis major Walt.  Several plants in native azalea garden in location 5.
Coreopsis verticillata L.  Dry open woods.
Eclipta alba (L.) Hassk.  Occasional in moist soil.
Elephantopus carolinianus Willd
Erechites hieracifolia (L.) Raf
Erigeron annuus (L.) Pers

Erigeron canadensis L
Erigeron pusillus Nutt.
Common in nurseries, on sandy point near Hickey Run outlet, location 36, and in field east of R Street, location 26.
Erigeron strigosus Muhl. (E. ramosus (Walt.) B.S.P.)DAISY FLEABANE. Common.
Eupatorium album LEUPATORIUM. Thin woods and fields.
Eupatorium coelestinum L
Low ground and along watercourses.
Eupatorium hyssopifolium L.
Frequent in meadows.
Eupatorium hyssopifolium var. laciniatum Gray (E. torreyanum Short)  Common in fields.
Eupatorium perfoliatum LBoneset.
Frequent in fields and thickets.
Eupatorium pilosum Walt. (E. verbenaefolium Michx.)
Dry open woods.
Eupatorium pubescens Muhl.
Fields and woods.
Eupatorium purpureum L
Eupatorium rotundifolium L. Thin dry woods.
Eupatorium rugosum Houtt. (E. urticaefolium Reich.). WHITE SNAKEROOT. Frequent in woods.
Eupatorium serotinum Michx.
Rare, found in edge of woods in location 51.
Galinsoga ciliata (Raf.) Blake (G. parviflora var. hispida DC.)  Common.
Gnaphalium obtusifolium LSWEET EVERLASTING. Woods and fields.
Gnaphalium purpureum LPurple cudweed.
Common in disturbed soil.
Helenium nudiflorum Nutt
Occasional in fields.
- Canada - C

Helianthus divaricatus L
Helianthus tuberosus LJERUSALEM-ARTICHOKE.  Low grounds and thickets.
Hieracium gronovii L
Hieracium venosum L
Hypochoeris radicata L
Krigia biflora (Walt.) Blake (Cynthia virginica (L.) D. Don) Location 6.
Krigia dandelion (L.) Nutt. Occasional in woods.
Krigia virginica (L.) Willd
Lactuca biennis (Moench.) Fern. (L. spicata sensu Hitchc.). WILD LETTUCE. Fields and waste places.
Lactuca canadensis L. (L. sagittifolia Ell.)  Cultivated soil and waste places.
Lactuca floridana (L.) Gaertn. Woods and fields.
Lactuca floridana var. villosa (Jacq.) Cronq. Woods and thickets.
Lactuca saligna L
Lactuca scariola L
Liatris graminifolia (Walt.) WilldGrassleaf Gayfeather. Frequent in dry soil.
Madia sativa Molina
Mikania scandens (L.) Willd

Prenanthes alba L
Prenanthes serpentaria Pursh
Rudbeckia laciniata L
Rudbeckia serotina Nutt. (R. hirta of most authors)BLACK-EYED-SUSAN. Occasional in old fields.
Senecio smallii Britt
Senecio vulgaris L
Sericocarpus asteroides (L.) B.S.P
Silphium trifoliatum L
Solidago altissima L
Solidago bicolor L
Solidago erecta Pursh Open dry ground.
Solidago graminifolia (L.) Salisb. Fields and thickets.
Solidago juncea Ait
Solidago nemoralis Ait.  Frequent in dry soil.
Solidago odora Ait. (S. suaveolens Schoepf.)Sweet Goldenrod.  Frequent in dry woods. The entire plant when crushed emits an odor similar to anise.
Solidago rugosa Ait.  Thickets and margin of woods.
Solidago ulmifolia Muhl.  Moist woods.

Sonchus arvensis L
Near greenhouses, location 18.
Sonchus oleraceus L
Common in cultivated ground.
Taraxacum erythrospermum Andrz. (T. laevigatum of many authors)
Common everywhere.
Taraxacum officinale Weber (Leontodon taraxacum L.)  Common dandelion.
Common.
Verbesina occidentalis (L.) Walt
Meadows and thickets.
Meadows and thickets.
Meadows and thickets.  Vernonia glauca (L.) Willd
Meadows and thickets.  Vernonia glauca (L.) Willd. IRONWEED.  Margin of woods and in fields.
Meadows and thickets.  Vernonia glauca (L.) Willd

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