







Industry Series Preliminary Report

Subdividers and Developers, Except Cemeteries

SIC 6552

During 1977, the establishments with payroll in this industry had business receipts of \$3.3 billion. Of this amount, \$2.0 billion were receipts for construction work, an increase of 52 percent compared with 1972. Their payments for construction work subcontracted to others amounted to \$841.2 million leaving net construction receipts of about \$1.2 billion. Total average employment in the industry showed a decrease of 32 percent from 1972 to 42.5 thousand employees. Payroll for 1977 amounted to \$454.2 million. Value added at \$826.5 million in 1977 was 113 percent more than in 1972.

The Subdividers and Developers, Except Cemeteries industry includes establishments primarily engaged in subdividing real property into lots, except cemetery lots, and in developing it for resale on their own account or for others. For a more detailed description, see the 1972 SIC Manual.¹

For this census, a "construction establishment" was defined as a relatively permanent office or other place of business at which or from which the usual business activities related to construction were conducted. A separate census report was required from each establishment but not from each construction site. Instead, the data for work at each site were included in the report from the appropriate office or branch office. Foreign construction activities were not included in this census.

The 1977 Census of Construction Industries is the sixth census of construction establishments in the United States. As in previous years, it was conducted jointly with the censuses of mineral industries, manufactures, retail trade, wholesale trade, and service industries under authority of title 13 of the United States Code. Although the first construction census was conducted covering 1929, only the data from the censuses of 1967 and 1972 are comparable with the 1977 data.

The 1977 estimates for establishments with payroll in all of the construction industries are based on reports from a probability sample of approximately 181,000 establishments selected from about 536,000 construction establishments with payroll. The sample included all construction establishments

with a payroll equivalent of 15 or more full-time employees and a sample of those with fewer employees. There were two exceptions: In SIC 1521, sampling was employed in establishments with less than 20 employees because of the large number of establishments in that industry; in SIC 1795, all known establishments were included because of the very small number of establishments in that industry. The data obtained from the sample were inflated to represent all construction establishments with payroll. Complete descriptions of the sampling and estimating procedures will be included in the final reports.

Since the data in this report are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability and may be expected to differ from results which would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules and procedures. The standard error shown in the tables is a measure of sampling variability, i.e., the variation that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population was surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error partially incorporates the effect of random errors of response, but it does not take into account the effect of any consistent biases due to those types of errors. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference is less than twice the standard error.

This report does not include figures for separate administrative offices, warehouses, garages, or other auxiliary units which service construction establishments of the same company. Data for separate central administrative offices and auxiliaries are collected in the enterprise statistics survey, a part of the economic censuses.



¹ Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 4101-0066. Price \$6.75. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0. Price 90 cents.

Table 1. Detailed Statistics for Establishments With Payroll: 1977, 1972, and 1967

(Thousands of dollars. Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see text)

Item	Subdividers and developers, except (6552)		cemeteries	Standard error of estimate (percent)		
	1977	1972	1967	1977	1972	1967
Number of establishments	5,276	7,914	5,401	3	3	4
Proprietors and working partners	1,768	1,933	1,215	7	7	6
All employees: March May August. November. Average.	38,642 44,561 45,304 41,523 42,544	55,697 62,124 68,111 60,609 62,314	20,656 22,772 23,815 22,245 22,508	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2
Construction workers: March May. August. November.	16,659 20,253 20,805 17,990	19,127 21,916 25,263 22,224	7,329 8,946 9,677 7,911	3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3
Average. Other employees: March.	18,954 21,984	22,389 36,570	8,525 13,198	2	3	2
May August November Average	24, 308 24, 500 23, 533 23, 602	40,208 42,848 38,385 40,034	13,768 14,013 14,314 13,961	3 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2
Payroll, all employees Payroll, construction workers Payroll, other employees	454, 172 163, 818 290, 354	476,746 151,433 325,313	149,234 52,521 96,987	2 3 2	2 3 2	2 3 2
First quarter payroll, all employees	98,529	(NA)	(NA)	2	(NA)	(NA)
Employer costs for fringe benefits	73,810 46,907 26,903	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	2 2 3	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
All business receipts Total construction receipts Receipts for work subcontracted in from others Other business receipts Land receipts	3,337,438 2,000,044 29,063 190,980 1,146,414	3,128,073 1,318,679 59,134 212,884 1,596,510	1,176,881 474,565 8,029 54,640 647,836	2 2 8 3 2	2 3 9 2 3	4 7 20 5
Net construction receipts	1,158,879	516,256	206,576	2	6	12
Value added	826, 492	387,401	157,373	3	6	15
Selected payments. Materials, components, and supplies. Construction work subcontracted to others. Selected power, fuels, and lubricants. Electricity. Natural gas. Gasoline and diesel fuel. Lubricating oils and greases.	1, 364, 532 460, 671 841, 165 62, 697 20, 615 5, 729 25, 323 7, 542 3, 489	1,144,162 1341,739 802,423 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	371,979 103,798 268,242 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2 3 2 2 2 8 3 3 4	3 4 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Rental payments for machinery, equipment, and structures	17,404 10,061 7,343	(NA) 26,783 (NA)	(NA) 7,411 (NA)	3 4 3	(NA) 3 (NA)	(NA) 9 (NA)
Selected purchased services	54,231 18,547 7,447 28,237	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2 3 4 3	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Capital expenditures	147,893 136,028 95,659 40,369 13,400 11,865 6,868 4,997	218,166 197,793 150,204 47,589 (NA) 20,373 8,010 12,363	53,105 48,745 30,894 17,851 (NA) 4,360 1,727 2,633	4 5 4 4 11 18 6	8 8 10 6 (NA) 7 11 9	7 8 8 2 (NA) 15 19 21
Fixed assets and depreciation: Gross book value of depreciable assets at end of year Accumulated depreciation at end of year Net value of depreciable assets at end of year Depreciation charges during year	1,010,822 274,036 736,787 62,984	906,544 257,838 648,706 62,047	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	3 3 3 3	4 5 5 4	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Structures, additions, and related facilities: Gross book value of depreciable assets at end of year	686,402 148,471 537,931 29,160	624,658 132,768 491,890 28,882	(AA) (AA) (AA) (AA)	3 3 4 3	6 6 6	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Machinery and equipment: Gross book value of depreciable assets at end of year Accumulated depreciation at end of year Net value of depreciable assets at end of year Depreciation charges during year	324, 420 125, 565 198, 855 33, 823	281,886 125,070 156,816 33,165	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	3 3 2 3	6 7 5 5	(NA) (NA) (NA)

¹ Includes data for power, fuels, and lubricants, now shown separately.

This report is one in a series presenting preliminary data collected in the 1977 Census of Construction Industries. The universe for this census included all establishments classified in the construction industries (SIC's 15, 16, 17, and 6552). This report will be superseded by a more detailed final report. In addition to data for establishments with payroll presented here, the final Industry Summary report and the reports in the Geographic Area Series will present limited data for construction establishments with no payroll during 1977.

The totals of construction receipts reported by all construction establishments in each of the several industry, State, or other groupings in this census contain varying amounts of duplication, since the construction work (and the receipts) of one firm may be subcontracted out to other construction firms and, therefore, will be included in the subcontractor's receipts. To avoid this duplication, a "net construction receipts" figure has been derived by subtracting the payments made for construction work subcontracted to others from the construction receipts.

Usually, "value added" is the best measure for comparing the relative economic importance of industries or areas. It eliminates the duplication in receipts because of subcontracting. It

also eliminates from the output measure the cost of materials, which differs in relative importance among areas and industries. For this census, "value added" is equal to all business receipts less payments for construction work subcontracted to others and payments for materials, components, supplies, and fuels. However, for industries for which land receipts are significant, "value added" is equal to all business receipts less land receipts, payments for construction work subcontracted to others, and payments for materials, components, supplies, and fuels.

The symbols in the tables mean:

- Represents zero.
- D Withheld to avoid disclosing figures for individual companies; figures are included in higher level totals.
- S Withheld because estimates did not meet publication standards on the basis of either the associated standard error or a consistency review.
- Z Standard error of estimate is greater than zero but less than 1 percent.
- a Sampling error is greater than 40 percent.
- NA Not available; data were not collected.

Note: Construction receipts for establishments with payroll by type of construction will not be provided for this industry.

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