THE DAILY BEE.
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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 26.

The Northern Mail failed yesterday from Charleston. The mail due the day before came through.

MEXICO.

...by the Tennessee were received ... We have dates from Vera Cruz ... last and from the city of Mexico to the ... instant. A severe shock of an earthquake was felt at Vera Cruz last Saturday, ... past o'clock, A. M. It lasted 30 ... and caused much fright, but no ...

...d time to gather from the press any ... idea of the condition of affairs in ... because the organs on either side ... to the last degree, and the ... are compelled to refrain ... comment whatever, and to publish ... meagre outlines of such intelli... as the government thinks proper to ... Fortunately, however, letter-... are not thus hampered, and we are ... enough our attentive and reliable ... to supply the deficiencies of ...

Our Mexican Correspondence.

MEXICO, June 19th, 1858.

... by the papers that for the last ... Miramon has been besieging by ... Degollado, General-... Government, and Blanco, one ... The place is defended by ... Ysassi, Blanzarte and Cardenal. ... the last account had got possession ... portion known as the Edifice of San ... nothing further is known of the ...

... Zuloaga, dangerously ill of a brain ... Miramon, the only man in Mexico, since he ... and intelligent. But no single in... help Mexico out of her troubles, ... inherent. She needs a different ... another Constitution, and above ... vitality and vigor into the ... mass of her effete population. Of ... can accomplish nothing.

... that the Vera Cruz *Progreso* re... the capture of Guadalajara by the ... Degollado. This, we suspect, ... rather, as our correspondent's let... the latest possible intelligence ... seat of war, and at that time noth... the capture.

... in Mexico.—We take occasion ... the families desirous of obtain... ... of a capable and faithful ... teacher, Mr. S. Ruiz, No. 144 St. Ann ... Mr. R. gives instruction on the ... guitar, flute and violin. He is a thor... and best—as the utmost at... pupils. His terms are liberal. ... ...

... CELEBRATION.—We tender our ... invitations to attend a temperance ... Sheppler, at Jefferson and Lake Pont... Railroad Hotel, to be given by the ... of Jericho, on Mon ... evening, the ...

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... SUMMER RETREAT.—H. Vignie, ... us to call public attention to the sale ... summer residence at Lewisburg, La., ... train. For further particulars see advertisement in our anzeux columns.

... SALE.—N. Vignie, Esq., will sell, ... at the Rotunda of the St Louis Hotel: ... attractive two story brick dwelling-house, with ... verandah etc., located at the south corner of ... and Bumaine streets.

... globe building on Villere street, close ... Canal, for sale.

... Apply to Mr. Young and highly recommended. ... several city servants.

... attention of buyers is called to the ... sale of a valued assortment of Foreign ... American Dry Goods THIS DAY, at ten o'clock, ... Vincent & Co., at their auction room, No. 38 Camp ... corner Bienville street. See advertisement.

The richest man in England is the Marquis of Westminster. His wealth is estimated at $11,000,000 sterling, or $105,000,000, and his annual income at $5,000,000.

GOLD.

The Pennsylvania *Inquirer* observes that gold is now a very extensive article of purchase and sale, of commerce, of import and export. This is mainly owing to the unanticipated auriferous discoveries in California and Australia, both of which may possibly be surpassed by the mines of Fraser and Thompson's rivers. The gold products of the United States alone, from the year 1804 to 1857 inclusive, has been $439,883,599. The Cincinnati *Railroad Record*, a paper of high and reliable character, says that it has a mine take to suppose that California is our only resource for gold and silver—for the precious metals are produced in eight States;" and within the period above named the following were the aggregate yields:

Virginia	$1,460,321
North Carolina	9,497,666
South Carolina	1,366,979
Georgia	6,815,135
Tennessee	20,162
Alabama	166,264
New Mexico	45,297
California	409,378,669

It is clear that the mines of the Carolinas and Georgia would be more extensively worked were not the labors of diggers and washers much better paid in California. But what is the nature of our foreign trade in gold? The reply is at hand, and the following is the result of the exportation of specie from 1821 to 1858, arranged in periods of five years each:

	EXPORTS.	IMPORTS.
1823 to 1827 (inclusive)	$35,326,926	$34,859,852
1828 to 1832 "	21,017,539	46,366,763
1833 to 1837 "	34,486,819	63,269,743
1838 to 1842 "	34,548,984	41,399,754
1843 to 1847 "	21,366,792	66,180,351
1848 to 1852 "	199,916,146	39,668,892
1853 to 1857 "	340,993,051	31,489,809
Exports	$477,654,947	
Imports		$324,859,794

Excess of exports.....$152,694,854

Our loss in specie by trade in these thirty-five years was *one hundred and sixty millions of dollars!*

Now, as we had not, according to the *Railroad Record*, one-fourth of that when we began, it is obvious that we should have been absolutely bankrupt but for the domestic produce of gold for exportation. *With that*, however, we have really gained largely. Let us now see how much we have gained. In the first place we must deduct what we had on hand in 1823. According to the best authorities this was $36,000,000. We have, then, this result, 'taking the amount of gold *since produced* only into view:

Specie on hand in 1823	$ 36,000,000
Since produced	468,000,000
Aggregate	$438,000,000
Excess of exports	160,113,215
On hand	$367,886,785
Gain since 1823	$367,886,785

By the arrival of the last steamer, with the California mails, we learn that the mines of Fraser and Thompson's rivers are quite as rich as they were reported to be a few weeks previously. Miners are looking into the El Dorado of British Oregon from every quarter, and particularly from San Francisco; and the Hudson's Bay Company affords them every facility, and discourages immigration in the hope of securing permanent settlement and location. But most of the gold hunters are in the habit of regarding it merely as mainly gained by renewed exertion. Frederickson here understand this well enough, in spite of the treachery of they assembled and resolved peremptory payment of (re-)entry; and they mean to force it to do so. In this they were seconded by the English, ... Swiss, Belgians, and even a few Mexicans in the teeth of the ... the government issued orders ... the stores of the recusants, but ... declared that they would yield to ... detachments of troops were ... stores which in the meritorious of ... being sent to and carried off. ... government passed a decree of ban ... every foreigner who refused to pe... be sent without the display of ... The order of injurious results ... three days, and to em... Mr. Hencken and Mr. Orrway ... against this unjust and ... The former has stood nobly ... country. His firmness and ... the warmest admiration of the ... and were it possible, most of ... Frederickson would place them... protection.

... aware that the French journal... was suspended at the request of ... the editor of that sheet had the ... interests of 5000 Frenchmen, ... most of the Minister. The ... was followed by the birth ... ancellent sheet—but ... unpleasant code, sedanese, the ... been suspended. Finally, a ... of our city, started a ... of *Les Deux Mondes* ... number appeared, ere it was ... of the Mexican Yankee, however, ... Negro persecutors, appealed as ... to Juarez, and although he hafe... ... was annulled.

... that Luis Potosi, that Geo. Ormsby ... system of extortion to a frightful ... imposed a forced loan, then came ... upon capital and finally ... to pay his troops, declared ... foreigners refused to submit to ... and kindness enraged at their ch... to such an infamous outrage. He ... highly respectable Foglish mer... ... dressed in an uniform, and car... ... in spite of the energetic ... Englishman. After humiliating Mr. ... bench of five or six miles, ... him to return to the ... the late Mr. Orrway addressed ... government. No reply has been ...

... is not water, and its domain. ...

... of our correspondent we ... the Zuloaga government will not ... to resist the depressing ... his empty treasury and military. ... truth is that the government ... power beyond the federal dis... that it wields is chiefly derived from ... and the material aid contrib... the clergy. The people—so far as ... ression—are opposed to it, and the ... fight on any side that pays well, ... bribes an unlimited license to plun... ... war now raging in Mexico ... ... whenever either of the ... ... a longer raise money either ... ... loans on a system of extortion. ... Zuloaga party, being the most ... ... to find itself in ... ... and as it includes by far ... numbers of rogues and desperadoes ... ranks, we may be tolerably sure ... ... whenever the sinews of ... administration of Juarez—the Constitutional President—would be as acceptable ... other man in Mexico, since he ... and intelligent. But no single in... help Mexico out of her troubles, ... inherent. She needs a different ... another Constitution, and above ... vitality and vigor into the ... mass of her effete population. Of ... can accomplish nothing.

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WAR.

We find the following in the St. Louis *Republican*, of the 21st inst.:

LEAVENWORTH, June 18th, }
For U. S. Express to Boonville, June 19. }

Parties arrived in this city last evening, having, in charge the Camp Scott mail of May 31st, en route for Independence.

The express report the roads between the points and Fort Laramie very heavy, and much cut up by the trains.

The mail stands as far as Fort Laramie, under the escort of a company of infantry previously reported.

The Utah news had been anticipated.

General Harney was met yesterday forty miles from this point.

Private advices from the army to May 30th mention the arrival of Lieut. Armstrong at Camp Scott, with seventy-five head of cattle.

The Peace Commissioners and Captain Hawkins, with five hundred head additional, were within three days march of the camp.

The order, an officer, high in command, expressed the conviction that the troops would not be employed against the Mormons.

LEAVENWORTH, June 18.
For U.S. Express to Boonville, June 20. }

The Leavenworth Times of this morning contains a letter from Fort Bridger, May 31st, which says that Gilbert and Gardner, principal Mormon Elders had consented to place themselves into the custody of the United States Marshal, and have his writ served provided they were tried by a jury in no way connected with the army.

The civil officers were to leave in a few days for Salt Lake City. Gov. Cumming would then declare the road open for travel.

A party of Mormons had arrived in camp ragged and half starved. They belonged to the faction opposing Brigham Young, and represent the church torn by dissensions. They wished to return to the States.

The reception of Col. Johnston's commission of Brigadier-General caused much satisfaction to the army.

Capt. Newton, of the engineer corps, had rendezvoused Camp Scott.

It was reported that a permanent post would be established at Fort Bridger, of which Col. Hoffman would take command.

The Widow of General Gaines.

"The widow of General Gaines," says the Richmond *Dispatch*, "applied to the late Congress for the small pension of twelve hundred dollars a year, in consideration of the services rendered to the country by that heroic and distinguished commander. Congress, which only exercises economy upon deserving objects, which voices itself a fixed salary greater than nine-tenths of the members could obtain by any vocation at home, and then adjourns two months sooner than when it received a per diem, refused the proposed pension of Mrs. Gaines to the pitiful pittance of six hundred a year. General Gaines was one of the most skilful, intrepid, and faithful of our military men; he spent a long life in the service of the republic, and spent it usefully and honorably to himself and his country. Yet Congress, which, in a solemn, corporate justly observes, would, perhaps, gulp down, without wincing, a dozen railroad, land, and other jobs, amounting to millions of dollars, in the course of a single day, could waste a week to debate the pension of the widow of a gallant soldier, whose services to his country were worth more than those of all the politicians by whom the nation has ever been governed.

"There was a great deal of star talk in the late Congress, and a vast amount of the cheap patriotism of the hip; but the manner in which the widow of Gen. Gaines is requited shows the real estimate placed upon patriotic sentiment. If the future heroes of the republic expect that when they fall in the battle-field or die in the harness, their families will be provided for by a grateful country, they may take warning by the treatment of Gen. Gaines, and anticipate no other reward than the self-approval of their own minds."

The Value of Cuba.—The Detroit *Free Press* says that the purchase of Cuba is a *Union* measure with signal ability. There is no estimating the millions it will be worth to the shipping, bread-raising, and manufacturing States, who even now, in her colonial bondage, buy and sell with her to such a vast and profitable extent. But the *Free Press* has not gone far enough in this line of profits. It says, of its political importance:

Cuba would undoubtedly be one of the strongest of the *Union* States—regarding the constituency in the light of internal stability. Reporting it in the light of external strength, Cuba is the very key of the Gulf.

We apprehend that the day is not distant when Cuba or America. The commotion and sensation newspapers—those that thrived on internal strife and blood-and-murder rumors—are rapidly dying out. Their business has failed, and the political public have no further use for them. The St. Louis *Republican* mentions, among others who have left for other parts, the names of Redpath, Phillips, of the *Tribune*, Thacher, and Hinton, of the *Missouri News*.

According to the City Superintendent of Education of New York, the female public schools in that city are of considerably higher grade than the male schools; that their superiority is not limited to particular branches of study, being as good in mathematics as in most other branches. Eighteen girls' schools are superior in average attainment to the best boys' school.

The Fecundity of Flies.—The flies are beginning to become numerous and troublesome. The streets and the houses will soon be full of them. The ingenuity of man has not yet invented agents that can destroy them as fast as they come. Nor is this to be wondered at, when it is known that from a single fly more than two millions of these pests are produced in one summer. The rapidity and the multiplicity with which they increase may be learned from the following table:

A fly lays four times the summer, each time eighty eggs, which makes.....320
Half of these are supposed to be females, so that each of the four broods produces thirty:
1. First eighth, or the forty females of the first brood, also lay four times in the course of the summer, which makes.....12,800
The first eighth of these, or 1,600 females, three times.....204,800
The second eighth, once.....204,800
The third and fourth eighth at least once each.....256,000
2. The second eighth, or the forty females of the second brood, lay three times, the produce of which is.....9,600
One-sixth of these, or 1,600 females, three times.....204,800
The second sixth, twice.....307,200
The third, once.....128,000
3. The third eighth, or the forty females of the third brood, lay twice, and produce.....6,400
One-fourth of these, or 1,600 females, twice.....256,000
3. The fourth eighth, or forty females of the fourth brood, once.....3,200
Half these, or 1,600 females, at least once.....128,000
Total produce of a single fly in one summer.....2,089,320

The French Navy.—We learn from an article in the *National Intelligencer* that there are in the French navy six organized corps, the numbers and effective force of which were, on the 1st of January, 1857, as follows: Seamen, 61,158; four regiments of marines, 14,761; three regiments of artillery, 3,614; one battalion of mounted police, 323; one discipline company, 316; and a convict guard of 643 men. At the same date of January, 1857, the corps of officers comprised two admirals, 13 vice-admirals, 23 rear-admirals, 114 post captains, 341 frigate captains, 678 lieutenants, 557 second lieutenants, 230 midshipmen. There are besides naval engineers, hydrographic engineers, and directors of works, numbering over 2000 officers. The fleet in 1857 consisted of 10 ships-of-the-line of 120 guns, 10 of 100 guns, 15 of 90 guns, 6 of 80 guns, 17 frigates of 60 guns, and 16 of 40 guns; 9 corvettes of 30 guns, and 13 of 24 guns; 30 brigs of 20 guns, 10 corvettes of 16 guns, 30 brigs of 16 guns, 19 brigantines of 6 guns, 40 steamers of 6 to 10 guns, 40 vessels of 4 guns, 40 steamers of 300 horse power and under, 20 corvettes of 300 tons, 30 transports of 300 tons, 3 steam frigates of 140 horse power, and one of 220; 6 corvettes of 320 horse power, and 33 steamers of 160 horse power and less; making in all 338 vessels of all kinds, carrying about 10,000 guns. The annual budget of the Navy Department for ten years, from 1848 to 1858, has ranged from $30,000,000 to $68,000,000. That for 1857 was $36,000,000.

The United States Steam Frigate Niagara a "Total Failure."—The London *Times* has no great opinion of George Steers's new steamer, the Niagara, and pronounces it a failure—an opinion which has been previously expressed in this country by persons professedly experienced in building war vessels. The *Times* says:

So much has been said about this Niagara, that such exaggerated rumors have been afloat respecting her general capacity as a war steamer, that many of our readers may be surprised to find that a war steamer she is almost a total failure. There have been bad bargains out of our own dockyards, but we believe, we trust, we hope, we never yet gave so far aside produce a wall-sided frigate of almost double the tonnage of a line-of-battle ship, with only a single tier carrying 12 guns on her upper deck, and none at all on her lower. Any other navy would have laughed at the idea of such a ship being the vessel fixed for carrying at least 100 of the heaviest ordnance used in warfare. Nor does even the cabin in either body call admiration, and the whole has been hurriedly and clumsily arranged. Her engines, of course, any chance of ample room in a heavy sea in a great measure overboard. Still, strange to say, we believe it will be found that she is a much stronger vessel than the Agamemnon, her sister screw, to have given sports would be built expressly for enormous coils to a much greater extent than is perceptible on board the latter.

Warren Is.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* has the following significant paragraph:

The editor of the Richmond South, Mr. Hunter's organ, (only lately on a visit to Washington) goes South to Virginia, and abandons his friend, only lately so warmly drawn against the Douglas Democrats. He now begs they may not be proscribed.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Public School Examination.—Yesterday closed the annual review of the Second District public schools—the Girls' High School bringing up the rear, and putting the "cap sheaf" to the pleasure and pride which all must have felt in the examinations of this year. The young ladies were examined yesterday in history, geography, arithmetic, philosophy and rhetoric, (in English) and though we were in the suburbs of the multitude of "teachers-ed," we heartily sympathized in the gratification and interest which pervaded the assemblage. The questions were good. Recently established by the directory of optional compositions, by recitations and dialogues, as follows: Compositions.—"Kindness," by Miss F. A. Childress; "Visitor in a School-room," by Miss A. S. Moody; "Pleasures of Conversation," by Miss H. Brophy; "Genius," by Miss Minnie McGarity. Recitations—by Miss La. Smith and Miss D. Lombard. Dialogue—one by Misses Wade and Moody, another by Misses Bohne and McGarity. In a word, the fair students acquitted themselves handsomely, and were immensely applauded.

Those who have sown and those who have reaped are now in a field looking forward with the most pleasing anticipations to their "harvest home" on Monday next.

In the Third District the Fillmore Boys' School, on Bagatelle street, has been under inspection the past two days. The higher classes were examined yesterday—the primary the day before. The result of the whole proved that though this school is the largest in the city, numbering at present over 600 scholars, the field of mind there collected has been carefully and ably cultivated. The principal is Mr. T. McConnell. His assistants are: Mr. John Fay, Misses Hagan, Miss Ellen O'Brien, Miss Mary, Miss Burnes, Miss Cooper, Miss Page. Madame Darcourcel, French teacher.

Fancy Business Cards.—Sen. T. G. Hunt.—Twenty-four citizens, and stockholders, were yesterday summoned and ordered to be sworn in as jurors in the case of Hunt vs. Hunt, a colored man, for the purpose of forming a tribunal to try capital crimes of slaves.

Larceny.—Charles Lefebvre, against John O'Brien, and of forgery against Charles Rebeton, were examined.

The Grand Jury came into Court with a true bill against F. G. Kelly for setting fire to a mansion house. The jurors were then discharged to the 1st of July.

The murder case of John Behere was continued.

Adam Fraitz was brought into Court for trial for murder. His counsel moved a continuance, but the Court overruled the motion, and the trial took place. It resulted in a verdict of not guilty.

Recorder's Court.—D. G. Russell was yesterday arraigned on the charge of having forged a telegraph despatch purporting to have been sent by R. B. Hodge & Co., of Nashville, to Messrs. Hunt & Brother, of this city, and payable at sight, for the sum of $1,000, and by means of which he succeeded in obtaining from Messrs. Hunt & Brother the sum of $500, and from Messrs. Hyde & Goddard the sum of $100. The prisoner was then committed to prison in default of bail in the sum of $2,000.

A note for the sum of $500, subscribed by Richard Wilson, and payable at the Union Bank, was discounted by Messrs. Hunt & Brother, and the proceeds of the same were handed over to the prisoner, Russell, who, it appears, forged the name of Wilson to the note.

Counterfeiting.—Jacob Spenth, of Lafayette, was yesterday arraigned before the Recorder, charged with having in his possession counterfeit coin, with intent to pass the same. The prisoner was held to bail in the sum of $1,000.

Criminal Court.—Before Judge Canon.—Yesterday, 25th instant, at the rendezvous of the undersigned, the following proceedings:

A note for the sum of $400, subscribed by Richard Wilson, and payable at the Union Bank, was discounted by Messrs. Hunt & Brother, and the proceeds of the same were handed over to the prisoner, Russell, who, it appears, forged the name of Wilson to the note.

A note for the sum of $500, subscribed by Richard Wilson, and payable at the Union Bank, was discounted by Messrs. Hunt & Brother, and the proceeds of the same were handed over to the prisoner, Russell, who, it appears, forged the name of Wilson to the note.

A note for the sum of $1000, subscribed by Richard Wilson, and payable at the Union Bank, was discounted by Messrs. Hyde & Goddard, and the proceeds of the same were handed over to the prisoner, Russell, who, it appears, forged the name of Wilson to the note.

A note for the sum of $600, subscribed by Andrew Dupuy, and payable at the Union Bank, was discounted by Messrs. Hunt & Brother, and the proceeds of the same were handed over to the prisoner, Russell, who, it appears, forged the name of Andrew Dupuy to the note.

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Dallmyer Hospital Train Information!

There daily has been 6 Conveyors made in Memphis, Tenn., which will pass one to 10 quarts adapted, and as readily applied to the wounded, and be an equal comfort to the wounded, and wounded, and especially to the wounded, and especially to the wounded, and especially to the