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### AMERICA'S NATIONAL GAME By A. G. SPALDING

PRICE, \$2.00 NET

A book of 600 pages, profusely illustrated with over 100 full page engravings, and having sixteen forceful cartoons by Homer C. Davenport, the famous American artist

The above work should have a place in every public library in this country, as also in the libraries of public schools and private houses.

The author of "America's National Game" is conceded, always, everywhere, and by everybody, to have the best equipment of any living writer to treat the subject that forms the text of this remarkable volume, viz., the story of the origin, development and evolution of Base Ball, the National Game of our country.

Almost from the very inception of the game until the present time—as player, manager and magnate—Mr. Spalding has been closely identified with its interests. Not infrequently he has been called upon in times of emergency to prevent threatened disaster. But for him the National Game would have been syndicated and controlled by elements whose interests were purely selfish and personal.

The book is a veritable repository of information concerning players, clubs and personalities connected with the game in its early days, and is written in a most

interesting style, interspersed with enlivening anecdotes and accounts of events that have not heretofore been published.

The response on the part of the press and the public to Mr. Spalding's efforts to perpetuate the early history of the National Game has been very encouraging and he is in receipt of hundreds of letters and notices, a few of which are here given.

ROBERT ADAMSON, New York, writing from the office of Mayor Gaynor, says:—"Seeing the Giants play is my principal recreation and I am interested in reading everything I can find about the game. I especially enjoy what you [Mr. Spalding] have written, because you stand as the highest living authority on the game."

Barney Dreyfuss, owner of the Pittsburg National League club:—"It does honor to author as well as the game. I have enjoyed reading it very much."

WALTER CAMP, well known foot ball expert and athlete, says:—"It is indeed a remarkable work and one that I have read with a great deal of interest."

JOHN B. DAY, formerly President of the New York Nationals:— "Your wonderful work will outlast all of us."

W. IRVING SNYDER, formerly of the house of Peck & Snyder:-"I have read the book from cover to cover with great interest.

Andrew Peck, formerly of the celebrated firm of Peck & Snyder:—
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JOHN F. MORRILL, Boston, Mass., old time base ball star .- "I did not think it possible for one to become so interested in a book on base ball. I do not find anything in it which I can criticise."

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be read by every lover of the sport."

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Pittsburg Press:—"Historical incidents abound and the book is an excellent authority on the famous sport."

Philadelphia Telegraph:—"In this book Mr. Spalding has written the most complete and authoritative story of base ball yet published."

New York Herald:—"If there is anyone in the country competent to write a book on base ball it is A. G. Spalding, who has been interested in the game from its early beginnings."

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GEORGE C. RICE, Chicago Journal:—"I have read the book through, and take pleasure in stating that it is a complete history of the game from the beginning until the present time."

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## CONSTITUTION, BY-LAWS AND PLAYING RULES

OF THE

# UNITED STATES INTER-COLLEGIATE LACROSSE LEAGUE

1913

COMPILED BY
RODNEY O. WALBRIDGE

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#### History of Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse

The history of the organization which at present directs and controls intercollegiate lacrosse in the United States should properly form but a short paragraph to a record of the game extending through more than the last quarter of a century. As an incentive to the collection of any historical data which might be of interest to the followers of the game, particularly among the colleges, the following brief summary is given:

In 1877, due probably to the influence of the Boston Lacrosse Club, lacrosse was started at Harvard by the formation of a team among members of the class of 1880. Interest in the game developed gradually, until, in 1880, Harvard was represented by a regular 'varsity team.

New York University, Columbia, and Princeton organized teams shortly after Harvard, and in 1881 these teams met in a championship series, which was won by Harvard. This series led to the formation of a league in 1882, known as the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association, the charter members being the four colleges above mentioned.

In 1883, the Association was increased by the admission of Yale, whose team won the year's championship. In the following year Princeton finished at the head of the list.

Yale withdrew in 1885, and has never since placed a team upon the field.

After a few years, interest in the game seemed to slacken, leaving but one team in the Association, Princeton. In 1888 Johns Hopkins and Stevens were admitted to membership; in 1889 the application of Lehigh University was accepted. In 1891 Princeton withdrew, leaving Stevens, Johns Hopkins, and Lehigh as members of the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association. This combination continued until 1902, when Swarthmore College made its appearance as a member for the first time. There were no fur-

ther changes made in the membership of the Association up to the time of the consolidation with the Inter-university League.

About 1894, interest in lacrosse was revived, resulting in the formation of another league, called the United States Interuniversity Lacrosse League.

Cornell had taken up the sport in 1892, interest developing slowly through games with such colleges and universities as Toronto, Stevens, Lehigh, Columbia, and the Crescent A.C.

In 1898 the United States Inter-university Lacrosse League was formed, particularly active in its formation being Messrs. H. A. L. Sand of Harvard and R. H. E. Starr, who had just come from Harvard and was attending the Columbia Law School. The league was made up of Harvard, Columbia and Cornell as the charter members, Pennsylvania being admitted in 1899.

Mr. C. C. Miller was president of the United States Interuniversity Lacrosse League for four consecutive years, and his activity in connection with the game was a potent factor in maintaining the high standard of the game among the universities.

To further strengthen the game, Mr. Miller was the originator of the movement to effect a combination of the two leagues then in existence, namely, the United States Inter-university Lacrosse League and the Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association. The object of the combination was to standardize the rules, and through a single board of control do everything possible toward the strengthening of the game among the colleges.

In the spring of 1905, sufficient interest in the movement had been aroused to warrant the calling of a convention for the purpose of completing this organization. The convention met, elected officers and drew up a constitution.

On December 22, 1905, representatives from all the colleges in the two leagues met in convention in New York, and after declaring the action of the convention of the previous spring irregular, by reason of the fact that a number were not represented at that time, formally organized the United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse League. The colleges entering into this combination were Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Johns Hopkins, Lehigh, Pennsylvania, Stevens, and Swarthmore.

The first officers of the organization were as follows: President, H. A. L. Sands, Harvard, '95; vice-president, W. S. Finlay, Jr., Cornell, '04; secretary and treasurer, H. A. Pratt, Stevens, '04.

Mr. C. C. Miller and Dr. W. H. Maddren were the first members-at-large of the executive committee.

Hobart was admitted to the league in January, 1907; Pennsylvania withdrawing in December of the same year.

Following is a list of the officers since 1906:

- 1907—Dr. W. H. Maddren (Hopkins), president; E. W. Miller (Lehigh), vice-president; D. H. Weeks (Hobart), secretary-treasurer.
- 1908—W. S. Finlay, Jr. (Columbia), president; Edson Harris (Swarthmore), vice-president; C. E. Marsters (Harvard), secretary-treasurer.
- 1909—J. B. Carlock (Lehigh), president; D. H. Weeks (Hobart), vice-president; C. A. Sturken (Stevens), secretary-treasurer.
- 1910—C. E. Marsters (Harvard), president; J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), vice-president; T. K. Scott (Columbia), secretary-treasurer.
- 1911—W. C. Schmeisser (Hopkins), president; W. S. Finlay (Cornell), vice-president; H. H. Davis (Stevens), secretary-treasurer.
- 1912—H. H. Davis (Stevens), president; C. E. Marsters (Harvard), vice-president; J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), secretary-treasurer
- 1913—J. P. Broomell (Swarthmore), president; H. R. Walters (Lehigh), vice-president; R. O. Walbridge (Cornell), secretary-treasurer.

#### Northern Division Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League

By Spencer S. Kingman.

Every year shows an increasing interest in Lacrosse in the territory of the Northern Division of the Intercollegiate Lacrosse League, but probably the season of 1912 was marked by more active interest and enthusiasm in the sport than any previous year since the organization of the league. The game made its most notable strides in New England. Dartmouth, Trinity, and Amherst had men playing, though no teams were organized to represent these colleges. Andover Academy turned out a team of husky young fellows who gave the Harvard Freshmen several hard games during the season and also played one or two of the New York preparatory school teams. The notable event of the season, however, was the game for the championship of the league played off in the Harvard Stadium between Swarthmore, the southern champions, and Harvard, the victor of the Northern Division. This game did more toward spreading a wide knowledge of the sport than any previous single event held in New England in the past ten years. Crowds from Boston and the northern colleges witnessed the game and carried away a fine impression of good lacrosse played by two teams as expert in team play and stick work as are often seen among our college players.

Victory by a team in the Northern Division had not looked very probable at the start of the season. Cornell had several veteran players to start with, and she came out better on her southern trip than did either Hobart or Harvard. The men from Geneva had no very experienced men at the first of their season, and injury hindered their prospects of success still further. Harvard started with nearly an entire team of veterans, though much new material was taken on during the season. On her southern trip Cornell tied the strong Johns Hopkins team in a very inter-

esting game by a score of 2-2. The Ithacans were victorious over the Carlisle Indians, the Navy, and Stevens, but went down to defeat before the veteran team of the Mount Washington Club. Harvard was less fortunate. She started the season with an easy victory over the Springfield Lacrosse Club. The team started south full of confidence but met defeat at the hands of Johns Hopkins on a muddy field by the score of 4-5. The game with the less experienced Maryland Agricultural College team was easily won by Harvard, but Mount Washington won, again on a slippery field, by the score of 4-3. The northern teams now settled down to the serious practice for the league games which wind up the season. Hobart was defeated by Cornell in a practice game at the start of the season and again in the league game. As both Cornell and Harvard had the advantage of Canadian professional coaching they naturally stood a better chance of taking first place than did Hobart. Harvard had an added advantage in that all her league games were played on her own grounds. Then again the Crimson had played several games with her graduates and also a game with the Bronx Lacrosse Club, all of which the college men won. As Hobart was defeated both by Cornell and Harvard, the championship of the league was decided by a game between the two latter teams. Cornell was somewhat tired by a hard overnight journey on the train, but put up a splendid game against the eastern college, nevertheless. In spite of the Ithacans' clever stick work the superior training and condition of the Harvard team won the victory for the latter by a score of 14-o.

On the first of June the first game ever played for a champion-ship of the entire Intercollegiate Lacrosse League was fought out by Harvard and Swarthmore in the Harvard Stadium. Both teams were primed for the contest. The Harvard coaching staff had worked overtime keeping the team in shape during the two weeks intervening between the final game in the Northern Division and the play-off for the championship of both leagues. Swarthmore on the other hand, had had games up to within a week of the final contest. The game was played under almost ideal conditions and was hard fought from start to finish. Most of the

play centered around Gustafson, the Harvard captain, and in him the Crimson had a tower of strength despite the numerous and severe contusions he suffered early in the game. Both teams had very active attacks, and it was principally due to the close defense of her goal defenders and the phenomenal playing of Gustafson that Harvard won this, the best and most hard-fought game of lacrosse ever seen on Soldiers' Field.

According to present indications Cornell should be the 1913 defender of the league championship, if another game is played next year between the Northern and Southern Division winners. Cornell has nearly a whole team of veterans back in college this season: Hobart has a good nucleus for a team, and Harvard has only five veterans.

Lacrosse enthusiasts around Massachusetts are greatly cheered by the announcement that the Boston Lacrosse Club is no longer a thing of dreams but an active organization with games scheduled with several of the eastern clubs. The Boston club should do much toward awakening interest in the sport among the colleges of New England. Trinity College has also formed an organization that promises to be active and to represent the Connecticut college in games with Harvard and the New York clubs.

#### Southern Division Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League

By Thomas H. Hall, Jr.

The lacrosse season of 1912 at Swarthmore was marked by the winning of the championship of the Southern Division of the Lacrosse League, and marred by defeat at the hands of Harvard. champions of the Northern Division. Swarthmore opened the season with but few of her old men on the team and the vacancies were filled with men from the preceding year's scrub team. No freshmen making the team. Mr. Whitehead of Toronto again coached the team and proved his fitness by developing a combination with few stars, but one that played consistently and with good team work. The season opened with a victory over Cornell. who showed lack of early practice, Swarthmore winning handily by the score of 5-2. The next game was with the New York Lacrosse Club, who lost to Swarthmore through lack of condition. The game with the Navy was one of the hardest of the season and ended in a tie score 6-6, after playing two extra periods of time. This hard game was compensated the following Saturday by a very easy 15-4 victory over Lehigh. This was the first league game. The Johns Hopkins game was a beautifully played game throughout, and exciting to the finish, although Swarthmore outplayed Hopkins and deserved to win as the score of 4-2 indicated. The best league game was with Stevens. who sprung a surprise on Swarthmore, and was in the lead up until the last minute of play, when Capt. Roberts, who had been out of the game with a bad knee, threw away his crutches, entered the game and shot the winning goal after a hard uphill fight. The score was 3-2. This victory gave Swarthmore the championship of the Southern Division. The following Saturday Swarthmore defeated the Carlisle Indians in a game which was a repetition of the Stevens game, Swarthmore winning out in the last few minutes of play by the score of 5-3. The Mt. Washington

Club of Baltimore was too much for Swarthmore and won 8—2. Toronto University also defeated Swarthmore 6—1, but this game was played during Commencement week, after Swarthmore had practically disbanded. These were the only defeats of the season excepting the one by Harvard. On June first Swarthmore journeyed to Cambridge and played Harvard, the champions of the Northern Division. Harvard won by the score of 7—3. Their victory was due absolutely to the brilliant individual playing of their captain, who scored six of Harvard's seven points.

Of Swarthmore's players Captain Roberts and Waters were the star attack men, while Messner and McGovern starred in the defense. Charles Collins, however, was the most brilliant and aggressive player on the team and was certainly more than an equal of any man he met during the season. He was fast, powerful and heady, and developed into one of the best lacrosse players Swarthmore has had for a long time.

#### Twenty Years of Lacrosse in America

By John R. Flannery.

Lacrosse was played in this country as early as 1869 by some ex-Canadians, who had settled in New York and Brooklyn. Two teams were organized, the Manhattan and Knickerbocker, and games were played, but these were few and infrequent because of the difficulty of finding grounds for that purpose. The game languished in consequence of this circumstance and very little headway was made.

In 1870 the Shamrocks of Montreal and the Caughrawaga Indians made a short tour through New York State, playing two games at Saratoga, one at Troy, and the final game on the Capitoline grounds at Brooklyn. All these games were closely contested, as the teams were fairly matched in playing strength, and at Saratoga especially drew large and enthusiastic crowds, but the impression then made did not last because the few teams in existence in New York were unable to keep up the good work, and finally died out.

In 1877, lacrosse was again started in New York City by another lot of ex-Canadian players, who organized a team under the name of Ravenswood, taken from the locality where some of the men resided. The leaders in this movement worked hard and eventually got quite a few American boys interested in the game. Among them many of the students at New York University, to which institution must be given the credit of organizing the first college lacrosse team in the United States. During the winter of 1877-78 a series of athletic games was held at Gilmore's Garden (a place only remembered now by old New Yorkers), among which a lacrosse tournament was included. The entries for this tournament comprised the Ravenswoods, Elmiras, New York University and two Indian teams', Onondagas and Caughnawagas, the latter being returned the winners.

Early in 1878 the writer and Samuel Macdonald, former captain of the Montreal club, got the Union Athletic Club of

Boston interested in the game and from its members organized a team which made its debut on July 4 of that year on the Boston Common in a game with the Ravenswoods of New York. The latter team as a whole had much more experience than the Union A.C. players, but the latter had been well trained, and what they lacked in skill they more than made up in physical condition, the result being a victory of three goals to none over the visitors. This game was played in the presence of an attendance of more than 10,000 persons. The enthusiasm over the new sport and the success of their representatives was such that lacrosse at once gained a high position in public favor, and led to its introduction into Harvard during that year.

Later, in 1878, the Westchester Polo Club of Newport, prominent among whose members were the late Herman Oelrichs, James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York *Herald*, and the present August Belmont, got up a lacrosse tournament at Newport. The entries for these games were the Ravenswoods, the Union A.C of Boston, and the New York Lacrosse Club, a team organized that year from members of the New York A.C. The Ravenswoods this time turned the tables on the Unions, and also defeated the New Yorks, thus winning the beautiful cup presented by the Polo club.

The result of these games was the formation of teams in other locations, so that when the writer, who had come to New York early in 1879, took up the matter of organizing the old United States National Lacrosse Association, there were several clubs ready to help the project along. The Baltimore A.C. took up lacrosse this year and turned out a fine team, and the Ravenswoods disbanded, most of the latter's players joining the Brooklyn A.C.

During 1879 international matches were started, the Unions of Boston playing the Montreal team and the Brooklyns tackling the Shamrocks of the same city. Both games were played at Montreal and were won by the Canadians, although the American players put up a good fight in each contest.

In 1880 the Torontos were brought to New York by the late Erastus Wiman and played several games at Staten Island with

our local teams, winning all of them. During the same year the Brooklyn A.C. gave up lacrosse and its best players joined the New York team, which strengthened the latter so much that they had no difficulty in defeating their old opponents, the Union A.C., at the annual Newport tournament.

In 1881 the Shamrocks of Montreal, champions of Canada, visited New York and on the old Polo Grounds played the New York team for the championship of America. The visitors won by a score of three goals to one after a beautiful contest. There was a very large attendance, and the spectators generously applauded every fine play made.

In the spring of the same year the following teams were organized: Princeton University, Columbia University, Staten Island Athletic Club, Louisville Lacrosse Club, and several others

of minor note.

In 1882 the first Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association was formed, the members of which were Yale, Princeton, Harvard, Columbia and New York University. There was a dispute over the championship this year, and I do not recall how it was settled. In 1883 Yale won the championship, besides defeating the strong New York team in a match game.

In 1884 the Philadelphia L.C. and St. Louis L.C. were formed and Stevens Institute organized a team, but the event of the season was the sending of an American team to Great Britain. The trip was a very successful one, Uncle Sam's representatives winning fourteen out of fifteen games played. The following

men comprised the team:

GoalF. S. Wheeler, New York L.C.
Point David Brown, New York L.C.
Cover point
First defence E. P. Cottle, Yale University L.A.
Second defence
Third defence I (Gerndt, New York University L.C.
Center J. K. Simson, Union A.C.
Third attack
Second attackI. A. Stuart, Calumet L.C., Chicago.
First attack S. Johnson Poe, Princeton University L.A.
Outside home
Inside homeS. M. Johnson, Union A.C.

In 1884 the New England Lacrosse Association was also formed, and in 1885 the Metropolitan Lacrosse Association followed suit. The latter comprised teams from the New York L.C., Williamsburgh A.C., Stevens Institute and New York University.

In 1881 the late Herman Oelrichs presented a beautiful cup to the National Lacrosse Association to be competed for in an annual tournament. These tournaments were held for several years and were generally successful from a playing standpoint.

In 1886 Cornell University took up lacrosse, and in 1887 Rutgers and College of City of New York organized teams. I think Lehigh also first played the game this year. Several clubs were organized in and around Boston.

In 1888 Williams College, New Jersey A.C. and the Y. M. C. A. of Philadelphia organized teams the latter having for a few seasons a league of its own, composed of teams from its various branches in that city. In the same year the players who had represented the Williamsburgh A.C. reorganized as a separate team under the name of the Brooklyn L.C., and with the Staten Island A.C. (which had succeeded the New York L.C.) played many games for local honors.

During this year the writer made an attempt to organize a league among the athletic clubs in and around New York. A series of meetings were held by delegates from New York A.C., Manhattan A.C., American A.C., Olympic A.C., New Jersey A.C., Crescent A.C. and Flushing A.C. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and officers elected, but the association died a natural death when it was found that the players needed to make up the teams were not to be had. In 1889 and 1890 nothing of any importance occurred that I can recollect, excepting that the National Lacrosse Association was divided in two sections, the Eastern branch taking in the Druids of Baltimore, Staten Island A.C., Brooklyn L.C., and the Philadelphia L.C.

In 1891 the Brooklyns joined the New York A.C., the Philadelphias merged with the Athletic Club of the Schuylkill Navy, and the Manhattan A.C. organized a team. In the same year

the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States took charge of lacrosse and instituted a series of games for the championship. The foregoing three teams with one from Staten Island A.C. competed in this series. New York A.C. won after a hard struggle. The same club also won the championship in 1892.

In 1893 the Staten Island A.C. players joined the Crescent A.C. and subsequently played a series of games with the New Yorks, but were easily defeated by the latter in every contest. At the close of that season the writer, who had been in charge of lacrosse at New York A.C., was obliged, for business reasons, to give up further active connection with the game. The New York A.C. then withdrew from lacrosse, which was a serious blow to the game.

During the period covering the years 1883 to 1888 a good many of the principal teams in the United States disbanded, prominent among which were the Union A.C., Baltimore A.C., Louisville L.C., Columbia University A.A., Yale University A.A., Chicagos and Calumets of Chicago and St. Paul L.C. The latter three, however, resumed playing some three years ago.

Since my active participation in the game ceased I have not followed up the changes that have taken place as I used to do, and cannot therefore write authoritatively about them. Even as it is, I may be a little wrong in some of my dates, as my memory now is not as good about lacrosse matters as it was when I was a player.

In reading over this article I find that I have not referred in it to the Pennsylvania University team, organized in 1899, Johns Hopkins University in 1895 and Swarthmore in 1898. The first named only existed a few years, but the latter two are to-day and have been for years among the brightest stars in the intercollegiate firmament. The Mount Washington team of Baltimore has also been playing very good lacrosse for several years past.

I cannot here omit a reference to the splendid work that has been done by the players of the Crescent A.C. of Brooklyn, who have for many years borne the burden of keeping lacrosse alive and making it known to lovers of athletic sports in the greater city. Their many games with Canadian teams every season has

been of great benefit to lacrosse, and they have also extended great help to the college teams by playing matches with them every year before the regular intercollegiate games begin.

At the writer's suggestion a few years ago the Johns Hopkins and Mount Washington teams of Baltimore introduced lacrosse to the Cadets at Annapolis, where it has since been very successful. The writer also was partly instrumental in having the game taken up at West Point, but there it has not done so well on account of the restrictions at that institution.

At one time it looked as if the West Point team would be a strong rival of the Navy players, but eventually the players, after preparing a quite elaborate schedule of games, found themselves without time to practice and had to cancel all their dates. I am hopeful, however, that this state of affairs will before long be changed and the Army players have again an opportunity to put a team in the field. I have always believed that if lacrosse could be made a success at Annapolis and West Point and an annual contest be held between teams from both, same as in base ball and foot ball, it would have a decidedly beneficial result on the game.

Before closing I would like to say that it has always been a matter of deep regret to me that the colleges do not make greater efforts toward introducing the game at the preparatory schools. At these places the boys could begin while young to learn the game and when they went to college they would save the coaches a whole lot of time and labor, which is now spent in developing for their respective teams men who had no previous experience in the game.

#### Constitution of the United States Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League.

#### ARTICLE I.

This organization shall be called United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse League.

#### ARTICLE II.

The object of this organization shall be the fostering of the game of lacrosse in the collegiate institutions of the United States.

#### ARTICLE III.

Section 1. Its members shall be the lacrosse clubs, associations or teams representing the following collegiate institutions: Columbia University, Cornell University, Harvard University, Johns Hopkins University, Lehigh University, Stevens Institute of Technology, Swarthmore College, and Hobart College; together with such other collegiate institutions as may hereafter be admitted in the manner herein provided.

SEC. 2. Each member shall have two representatives, one graduate and one undergraduate; each of whom shall have a vote at all meetings of the league.

SEC. 3. In case any representative cannot be present at any meeting, he may be represented by proxy, provided that a written request to such effect be presented to the meeting.

SEC. 4. The representatives shall at the annual convention elect two members at large, neither of whom shall represent any member during his term of office. They shall hold office for two years, and shall each have a vote at all meetings of the league. In case of a vacancy, it may be filled at any meeting by ballot.

#### ARTICLE, IV.

SECTION I. Any collegiate institution desiring to be represented in this league shall present an official application to the Secretary

of the league who shall report the same to the annual convention. A ballot shall then be taken, and if the vote is unanimous, the collegiate institution shall be admitted to the league on compliance with the several provisions of the following section:

SEC. 2. No collegiate institution shall become a member of the league until said institution has signed an agreement to be bound by the Constitution, By-Laws and Playing Rules of the league, and has paid the annual dues in advance.

#### ARTICLE V.

Section 1. The officers shall consist of a President, a Vice-President and a Secretary-Treasurer. They shall be elected at the annual convention from the graduate representatives by ballot, and shall hold office for one year.

SEC. 2. Any vacancy occurring in any of said offices may be filled by any graduate representative appointed by the President and approved by two-thirds of the representatives, in writing.

#### ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. The President shall preside at all meetings of the league and shall, through the Secretary, call all meetings of the league.

Sec. 2. In case of the President's absence or resignation the Vice-President shall perform the duties of the President.

SEC. 3. The duties of the Secretary-Treasurer shall be as follows: (a) As Secretary he shall keep an accurate record of all official transactions of the league, and a Register containing the names of its members, together with the names of the officers of each, and name and addresses of managers of teams and of representatives. He shall also keep a record of names of teams, days and places of playing and results of games, and shall conduct all official correspondence of the league. He shall issue all requisite notices and notifications and shall report to the Annual Convention. (b) As Treasurer he shall receive and hold all funds of the league and disburse the same according to the direction of the Executive Committee. He shall keep a correct account

of all moneys received and disbursed by him, and shall report the same to the Annual Convention.

#### ARTICLE VII.

SECTION I. There shall be an Executive Committee, consisting of the President, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer and the members at large. They shall carry on the business of the league between the Annual Conventions, and may, at their discretion, or on written request of two-thirds of the members, all special meetings of the General Committee composed of all the representatives, which committee shall have the same powers as the Annual Convention with regard to the matters mentioned in the following section:

SEC. 2. The Executive Committee shall investigate and decide all complaints in regard to points of play, violations of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules or disputes arising thereunder. Such complaints must be presented in writing to the Secretary who shall on the approval of the President, at once call a meeting of the Executive Committee to consider the matter. The complainant and member complained against shall be given reasonable notice of the date and place of such meeting and the representatives of each may be present. At such meetings a majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 3. Any member may carry an appeal from the Executive Committee to the next Annual Convention on filing with the Secretary a notice of intention to so appeal, stating fully the grounds of such appeal.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

Section I. The league shall have jurisdiction over all its members.

#### ARTICLE IX.

SECTION I. The Annual Convention shall consider and finally dispose of all matters appealed to it as hereinbefore provided.

SEC. 2. The Annual Convention may by a two-thirds vote, (a) suspend or expel any member of the league for foul play or

unfair conduct of its team; whether such offence be committed by the team collectively or by individual members of such team; or (b) prohibit offending individuals from playing lacrosse on the 'varsity team of any member for the remainder of the season; or (c) suspend or expel a member of the league for violation of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules of the league.

#### ARTICLE X.

Section 1. The annual convention shall be held in New York City, at a time decided upon by a two-thirds vote of the previous convention; and notice of such convention shall be sent by the Secretary-Treasurer to every member of the league at least ten days before the date decided upon. Each member shall then immediately send to the Secretary-Treasurer the names of its representatives for the ensuing year.

#### **By-Laws**

#### ARTICLE I.

Section 1. The league, as at present constituted, shall consist of two sections—Northern and Southern. The Northern section shall include Cornell University, Harvard University, Stevens Institute of Technology, and Hobart College. The Southern section shall include Johns Hopkins University, Lehigh University, and Swarthmore College.

SEC. 2. Each team shall play one match with every other team in its section for the sectional championship; and such games shall be home and home games.

SEC. 3. The Executive Committee shall purchase two trophies before March 1st of every year, one to be awarded to each of the teams deemed by said committee winner of the championship of its section. Any member aggrieved by such award may appeal in the manner provided in Article VII, Sec. 3, of the Constitution, to the Annual Convention. Said trophies shall be of similar design, and neither shall exceed twenty dollars (\$20) in cost.

SEC. 4. Every member of the league shall pay annual dues of \$15, payable in advance at the Annual Convention. No additional assessment shall be made unless by the request of the Executive Committee and on written approval by all of the members.

#### ARTICLE II.

SECTION I. A majority of the representatives shall constitute a quorum of any meeting.

#### ARTICLE III.

SECTION I. The visiting team shall pay its own expenses, and the total receipts of any championship match shall go to the home club, unless other arrangements be made by the team's interested.

SEC. 2. Any team that shall without the consent of its adversary fail to appear at the time and place appointed for a championship match or shall refuse to play such match or shall withdraw from such match prior to its termination shall forfeit such match unless a satisfactory excuse in writing shall be filed with the Secretary-Treasurer within ten days after such date. The Executive Committee shall at once decide as to the sufficiency of such excuse and may require the team at fault to pay at once the expenses of the other. From such decision an appeal may be carried to the Annual Convention in the manner provided in Article VII, Sec. 3, of the Constitution. Any member whose team, shall without sufficient excuse forfeit more than one match shall forfeit its membership in the league.

SEC. 3. The teams winning the sectional championships may, if they so desire, play a match for the championship of the league. Such match shall be played on neutral grounds; and, if duly arranged for, shall be subject to the provisions of this article, except that the teams shall divide expenses and net receipts. The Executive Committee may on approval of all the members in writing purchase a trophy at a cost not to exceed twenty dollars (\$20), and award the same to the winning team. Such award shall be subject to appeal in the manner provided in Article VII, Sec. 3, of the Constitution.

#### ARTICLE IV.

Section I. All official correspondence between the Secretary-Treasurer and the members of the league shall be conducted through the managers of teams, and notices shall be sent to them.

#### ARTICLE V.

SECTION I. Each member of a team must be a bona fide student of some department of the collegiate institution he represents, and no such student shall be allowed to play more than the total number of four years of "'varsity lacrosse."

SEC. 2. Such student must be an amateur and must be eligible according to the rules and definitions of the collegiate institution

he represents; but the one year residence rule shall be strictly applied and construed only to men who have represented another institution in intercollegiate lacrosse.

SEC. 3. Each member shall be deemed to guarantee the eligibility of each of the members of its team; and any member proved to have allowed, to represent it, a player ineligible under the provisions of this article shall forfeit all matches in which such player competed, and may be suspended or expelled from the league.

# ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. The league hereby adopts the rules known as the American Lacrosse Rules.

# ARTICLE VII.

Section 1. No amendment or alteration shall be made in any part of the Constitution, By-Laws or Playing Rules of the league except at the Annual Convention and by a two-thirds vote of all the representatives and members at large. Notice of proposed amendments or alterations shall be sent by the introducer to the Secretary-Treasurer, who shall notify each member of the league at least ten days before the Annual Convention.

# **American Lacrosse Rules**

# RULE I.

THE CROSSE.

Section I. The crosse may be of any length to suit the player, and shall not exceed one foot in width. It shall be woven with cat-gut. ("Cat-gut" is intended to mean rawhide, gut or clock string; not cord or soft leather.) A string must be brought through a hole in the side of the tip of the turn, to prevent the point of the stick catching on opponent's crosse. A leading string resting upon the top of the stick may be used, but shall not be fastened so as to form a pocket lower down the stick than one of the length-strings. The length-strings shall be woven to within two inches of their termination, so that the ball cannot catch in the meshes. Metal of any kind shall not be allowed upon the crosse; splices must be made either with string or gut.

# RULE II.

THE BALL.

The ball shall be India-rubber sponge, not less than seven and three-quarters, nor more than eight inches in circumference and four and a half to five ounces in weight. In matches it shall be furnished by the home club, and shall become the property of the winning team.

# LACROSSE GOAL NET.

# RULE III.

GOALS.

SECTION I. Each goal shall consist of two poles six feet apart, and six feet high out of the ground, joined by a rigid top crossbar. The poles must be fitted with a pyramid-shaped netting (as shown in sketch) of not more than one and one-half inches mesh,

which pyramid shall extend and be fastened to a stake in the

ground at a point seven (7) feet back of the center of the goal, and said netting shall be so made as to prevent the passage of the ball put through the goal from the front, and the bottom of the netting must be held close to the ground with tent pegs or staples. They shall be placed at least 110 yards, and if the ground will permit, 125 yards, from each other. In matches, they must be furnished by the home club.

SECTION 2. The Goal Crease shall be a marked line, 18 x 12 feet, and the goal poles shall be placed six feet from the front and back lines and six feet from the side lines.

# RULE IV.

#### THE TEAMS.

Section 1. Twelve players shall constitute a full team; they shall be regular members, and in good standing, of the club they represent and of no other club.

Sec. 2. The players on each side shall be designated as follows:

"Goal Keeper," who defends the goal; "Point," first man from goal; "Cover Point," in front of point; "First, Second and Third Defence;" "Center," who faces; "Third, Second and First Attack," and the players nearest the opponents' goal shall be called "Outside Home" and "Inside Home."

# RULE V.

# FIELD CAPTAINS.

SECTION I. Field Captains, to superintend the play, shall be appointed by each club previous to the commencement of a match. They shall be members of the club for whom they act and of no other. They may or may not be players in a match, but neither team shall have as Field Captain a non-player without consent of the other team.

SEC. 2. Field Captains who are non-players shall not carry a crosse, nor shall they be dressed in lacrosse uniform, nor shall they in any manner obstruct the play or interfere with an opponent during the match.

- SEC. 3. They alone shall be the representatives of their respective teams in all disputes.
- SEC. 4. They shall "toss" for choice of goals, and none other than either of the said Field Captains, or the Referee, shall be allowed to claim "foul" during a match. The Field Captain shall report infringements of the laws during a match to the Referee. They shall also define the bounds of the playing field, and report same to the Referee.
- SEC. 5. If, after the commencement of a match, it becomes apparent that either Umpire is guilty of giving unjust decisions, the Field Captain of the side offended may enter a protest with the Referee against his conduct, and ask for his removal and the reversal of the Umpire's decision.
- Sec. 6. The Field Captain, as well as the members of his team, shall be answerable to the authority of the Referee, and shall be liable to expulsion from the field by the Referee.

# RULE VI

# REFEREE.

- SECTION I. The Referee shall be a disinterested party, and shall not be a member of either of the contending clubs, unless agreed upon by both clubs. The authority of the Referee shall commence from the time of the appointment, and shall continue until the end of the match.
- SEC. 2. The referees and umpires who are to act in the games on the official schedule shall be agreed upon at the annual convention. Alternates shall also be chosen, the expenses connected therewith to be shared equally by the two contesting teams,
- Sec. 3. In case principals and alternates fail to appear, the captains of the two contesting teams shall settle upon the referee and umpires.
- SEC. 4. Before the match the Referee shall see that properly qualified Umpires are selected, as provided for in Rule VII, and Time Keepers as provided for in Rule VIII.
- SEC. 5. When "foul" has been called by either Captain, the Referee shall immediately call "time" or blow his whistle (except

as provided in the following Section), after which the ball must not be touched by either party, nor shall the players move from the position in which they happen to be at the moment, until the Referee has again started the game.

Sec. 6. He shall not have the power to suspend play when the player who has been fouled is still in possession of the ball, or the ball remains in the possession of such player's side.

SEC. 7. The jurisdiction of the Referee shall not extend beyond the match for which he is appointed. At the commencement of each game, and after "fouls" and "ball out of bounds," he shall see that the ball is properly faced. He shall have the power to call a foul on any player or Field Captain of either side.

SEC. 8. Any side rejecting his decision, by refusing to continue the match, shall be declared losers. All disputed points, or matters of appeal, that may arise during his continuance in office shall be left to his decision, which shall be final, provided his decisions have been in accord with the Rules and Constitution.

SEC. 9. If "foul" has been claimed by either Field Captain and the game scored before the Referee has had an opportunity to call "time," the Referee shall decide whether or not a foul has been committed; and if he decides that a foul has been committed, he shall give a free throw, face the ball, or allow the goal if Section 6 is applicable.

SEC. 10. In the event of a complaint being made and proven against the decisions of either Umpire, the Referee shall dismiss the Umpire and appoint another, setting aside and reversing the decision objected to.

SEC. II. The Referee shall, in addition to his control of the players, have control and jurisdiction over the two Field Captains, and in the event of either Field Captain interfering with the players in the opposing team, or being guilty of threatening, profane or obscene language, or in any way violating any rule that would bring a player under censure, the Referee shall be empowered to order the Field Captain to leave the field, and the refusal on the part of any Field Captain to obey such a ruling, shall forfeit the match to the opposing team.

SEC. 12. In the event of Umpires not being appointed by consent of the clubs, it shall be the duty of the Referee to appoint one or more Umpires as may be required, neither of whom shall be one of the parties objected to by either club.

SEC. 13. The home club in all matches shall be responsible for keeping the grounds clear of spectators, and in cases where the spectators persist in crowding on the grounds, or in any way interfering with the players or the officials so as to delay the progress of, or affect the result of, the match, the Referee shall declare the match off, and on his reporting the circumstances to the Advisory Committee, they shall order the match to be played over on neutral grounds on a date to be fixed by them, or the match awarded to the club not at fault.

SEC. 14. Any goal scored after the Referee has blown his whistle or called time, shall not count.

Sec. 15. The Referee shall strictly enforce the whole of Rule X.

# RULE VII.

SECTION I. There shall be two Umpires, one at each goal. They shall be disinterested parties, and shall not be removed during the progress of the match, except by order of the Referee.

SEC. 2. They shall not change goals during the match, and shall stand behind the goals. In the event of the game being claimed, the Umpire at the goal shall at once decide whether or not the ball has passed through the goal, his decision simply being "goal" or "no goal," without comment of any kind. His decision shall be final, except as provided in Rule VI, Section 10.

# RULE VIII. TIME KEEPERS.

SECTION I. Two Time Keepers shall be appointed, one by each Field Captain, before the commencement of the match, whose duty it shall be to keep an accurate account of the time of each game, deducting time for stoppages in the actual play resulting from injuries to players, ball out of bounds, or disputes. They shall also keep a record of all time lost between games. They shall immediately report to the Referee any variance in their

time, and the matter shall be at once decided by him. The Referee shall compare the record of both Time Keepers immediately after each game. He shall be guided by them as to the duration of the match.

# RULE IX. THE GAME.

Section I. Before the match begins the Referee shall draw the players up in lines and see that the regulations respecting the ball, crosses and shoes are complied with. Disputed points, whereon the captains disagree, shall be left to his decision.

SEC. 2. The game shall be started in the center of the field by the Referee placing the ball between and touching the reverse surfaces of the crosses of the players facing, and when both sides are ready the Referee shall call "play." This is known as "facing." The players shall have their left side toward the goal they are attacking, and in every case the crosses must be drawn. The ball shall be faced in any part of the field in this manner whenever it is necessary. In all cases where the ball is faced no player shall be allowed within 10 feet of those facing the ball until it is in play.

Sec. 3. Games in all cases must be won by putting the ball through the goal from the front side.

SEC. 4. After the end of the first half the opposing teams shall change goals,

Sec. 5. Should the ball be accidentally put through a goal by one of the players defending it, it shall be a goal for the team attacking the goal. Should it be put through a goal by any one not actually playing it shall not count.

SEC. 6. In the event of the goal post being knocked down and the ball put through what would be the goal in the opinion of the Umpire at that end, if the goal posts were standing, it shall count a goal for the attacking side.

Sec. 7. In no case must the ball be faced closer to the goals than ten (10) yards in any direction.

Sec. 8. The goal keeper, while defending his goal within the goal crease, although not allowed to catch and throw with his

hand, may bat away with his hand or block in any manner with his crosse or body.

SEC. 9. Should the ball lodge in any place inaccessible to the crosse, or become ensnared in the goal netting, it may be taken out with the hand, and the player picking it up must face for it ten feet within playing limits with his nearest opponent. In case either uses a left-handed crosse, the Referee shall call "play" when both are ready and toss the ball up between them.

SEC. 10. Should the ball catch in the crosse netting, the crosse shall be immediately struck on the ground to dislodge it.

SEC. II. Ball thrown out of bounds must be "faced" at the nearest spot where it left the bounds and all the players shall remain in their places until the ball is faced.

SEC. 12. Players may exchange their crosses during a match.

SEC. 13. If the player should be in possession of the ball when "time" is called he must drop it on the ground. If the ball enters the goal after "time" has been called it shall not count.

SEC. 14. Should a player lose his crosse during the game he shall consider himself "out of play," and shall not be allowed to kick the ball or touch it in any way until he recovers his crosse.

SEC. 15. Any player considering himself purposely injured during the play must report to the captain, who shall report to the Referee.

Sec. 16. Captains may change the players on their teams at any time during the game, but no new player may go on the field until the player whose place he is taking has left it and both have so notified the Referee. No player having once left the game may return to it.

There shall be no change of players for or in the extra periods of a tie game, except in case of injury to a player, when the captain whose player is not injured may choose to drop a man or allow a substitute for the injured player.

SEC. 17. Should one team be deficient in the number of players, at the time fixed for starting a match, their opponents may, if they see fit, limit their own number, to equalize the sides, but no game shall be played with less than ten players on a side.

Sec. 18. No change of players shall be made after the match has commenced, except as herein provided, or by the consent of both captains.

SEC. 19. Should a foul be claimed and disallowed, the side against whom the foul has been claimed shall be allowed a free throw or the ball shall be faced, at the option of the Referee; should the foul be allowed the player fouled shall have a free throw, but in no case shall it be made within ten (10) yards of the goal. By a free throw it is understood that the player fouling and the one fouled shall be placed in the same positions as they occupied immediately previous to the foul, the player fouled having the ball on his crosse. At the word "play" from the Referee, each shall be allowed to play in any manner allowed by the rules of the game.

SEC. 20. A match shall consist of two thirty-five minute halves, with an intermission of ten minutes between halves, and the side scoring the greater number of goals shall be declared the winner. Time is to be taken out whenever time is called. In the event of a tie, play shall be continued after an intermission of ten minutes, for one-quarter hour, and the side having scored the greater number of goals at the end of this time shall be declared the winner. In the event of a tie at the end of this time, the Captains shall decide whether the game be postponed or playing continued until a goal be scored, or that it remain a tie.

SEC. 21. On the day selected, if one club only, with at least ten of its regular players and substitutes, put in an appearance, it shall be entitled to claim a victory by default. If its opponents refuse to fulfill their engagement, or do not appear upon the ground at the specified time, the club complying with the terms agreed shall be declared the winner of the match, unless the defaulting club is delayed by circumstances beyond its control.

### RULE X.

SETTLEMENT AND PENALTY FOR "FOULS."

For all fouls except Nos. 13 and 19, the Referee shall have power to suspend the offending player for the remainder of the game, or at his option to warn the offending player for the first offence and to suspend him for the remainder of the game for the second offence. If the player offends after being suspended once he shall be removed for the remainder of the match.

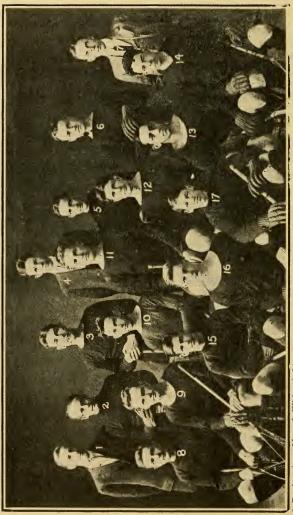
For violations of Nos. 13 and 19, the player shall at once be removed for the remainder of the match.

A player shall not:

- I. Hold an opponent's crosse with his hands, arms or between his legs; nor hold, strike or trip him with his crosse; run in front of him or interfere in any way to keep him from the ball until another player reaches it.
- 2. Hold, strike or trip an opponent, or push him with the hand.
  - 3. Wrestle with legs entwined, so as to throw an opponent.
- 4. Touch the ball with his hands, save as in Rule IX, or excepting goal-keeper as in Rule IX.
- 5. Throw his crosse at a player or at the ball under any circumstances.
- 6. Move from his position when "time" is called until the ball is again faced.
- 7. No player except the goal-keeper shall stand within the goal crease, nor shall he check the goal-keeper while the latter is within the bounds of the goal crease. Any goal made while an attacking player is within the goal crease or interfering with the goal-keeper while the latter is within the crease, shall be deemed a foul, and shall not be counted. The offending player and side shall be subject to the usual penalty for fouls. The goal-keeper, while within the crease, may not hold the ball on his crosse longer than is necessary to step out of the crease.
- 8. Use the check commonly known as the "square" or "crosse" check, which consists of one player charging into another with both hands on the crosse so as to make the stick meet the body of his opponent.
- 9. Jump at, or shoulder an opponent from behind while running for or after reaching the ball.
- 10. Interfere in any way with another player who is in pursuit of an opponent.

- 11. Deliberately kneel, lie down, or drop in front of an opponent when both are in pursuit of the ball.
  - 12. Attempt to influence the decision of the Umpire.
- 13. Use threatening, profane or obscene language to any player, or to the Referee, Umpires or Field Captains at any time during the match.
  - 14. Forcibly body check an opponent into a fence.
- 15. Charge into an opponent after he (opponent) has thrown the ball.
- 16. Wear any shoes except canvas shoes with flexible rubber soles, with or without rubber or leather cleats.
- 17. Persistently throw the ball out of bounds, lie on same, or in any way try to prolong the time of a game.
- 18. Check an opponent's crosse, or attempt to knock the same out of his hands in any way, unless both players are contending for the ball.
  - 19. Deliberately strike another with his crosse or otherwise.

The foregoing playing rules have been prepared after careful consideration of the rules now in use both in the United States and Canada, and after consultation with some of the best known living exponents of lacrosse. Such new provisions have been embodied into these rules as were necessary to make them conform to the present advanced state of the game.



1, Davies, Asst. Mgr.; 2, White; 3, Lincoln; 4, Kingman, Mgr.; 5, Parker; 6, MacKenzie; 7, Onthank, Asst. Mgr.; 8, Hodgden, 9, Simmons; 10, Blackett; 11, Gustafson, Capt.; 12, Hale; 13, Boyd; 14, Foristall; 15, Nichols; 16, Beatty; 17, Abbe. HARVARD UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

# U. S. I. C. L. L. Records

#### 1906

Columbia—12, Alumni, 1; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Lehigh, 6; 2, Stevens, 7; 8, College City of New York, 0; 0, Cornell, 3; 0, Hobart, 4; 2, Harvard, 3; 9, Pennsylvania, 0.

Cornell—3, Lehigh, 3; o, Johns Hopkins, 9; o, Swarthmore, 3; 3, Columbia, 0; 5, Onondaga Indians, 0; o, Hobart, 6; I, Harvard, 0; 2, Stevens, 2; I, Hobart, 5.

Harvard—I, Johns Hopkins, 7; 0, Mt. Washington, II; I, Swarthmore, 7; 3, University of Pennsylvania, 0; 3, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 6; 10, Hobart, 2; 3, Columbia, 2; I, Crescent A.C., 6; 0, Cornell, I.

Hobart—2, Onondaga Indians, 1; 5, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 4, Columbia, 0; 2, Harvard, 10; 3, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 3; 6, Cornell, 0; 2, Buffalo Lacrosse Club, 1; 2, Toronto University, 10; 2, Seneca Indians, 3; 2, Seneca Indians, 1; 5, Cornell, 1; 3, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 4.

Johns Hopkins—8, Pennsylvania, o; 7, Harvard, 1; 7, Cornell, o; 5, Lehigh, 1; 4, Stevens, 2; 5, Swarthmore, 4.

Lehigh—II, C.C.N.Y., o; I, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 5; 6, Columbia, I; 3, Cornell, 3; II, University of Virginia, I; I, Johns Hopkins, 5; o, Swarthmore, 7; 4, Stevens, 6.

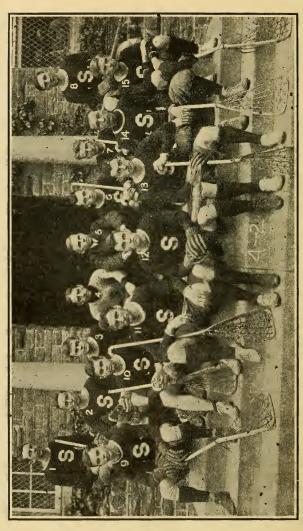
Stevens Institute—10, C.C.N.Y., 0; 1, Crescent A.C., 5; 4, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 7, Columbia, 2; 3, Swarthmore, 4; 2, Johns Hopkins, 4; 6, Lehigh, 4; 2, Cornell, 2.

Swarthmore—8, Pennsylvania, 1; 7, Harvard, 1; 4, Crescent A.C., 9; 3, Cornell, 0; 4, Stevens, 3; 14, C.C.N.Y., 0; 7, Lehigh, 0; 4, Johns Hopkins, 5; 3, Mt. Washington, 8; 3, Toronto University, 4; 5, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4.

## 1907

Columbia—11, Alumni, 3; 2, Hobart, 3; 2, Cornell, 4; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 5; 3, Harvard, 9; 2, Crescent A.C., 7; 1, Stevens, 8.

Cornell—9, Onondaga Indians, 0; 2, Seneca Indians, 0; 3, Hobart, 2; 3, Harvard, 2; 4, Columbia, 2; 4, Stevens, 3; 2, Hobart, 1.



1, Collins; 2, Sharpless, 3, McGovern; 4, Whithead, Coach; 5, Thatcher, Mgr.; 6, Luheres; 7, Farley; 8, Ownings; 9, Buckman; 10, Shepherd; 11, Messner; 12, P. Roberts, Capt.; 13, B. Roberts; 14, Blumhard; 15, Waters.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE LACROSSE TEAM.

Harvard—I, Johns Hopkins, 7; 4, Mt. Washington, II; 3, Swarthmore, 6; 5, Lehigh, 5; I, Stevens, 9; 5, Crescent A.C., 7; 9, Columbia, 3; 2, Cornell, 3; 6, Hobart, 10.

Hobart—o, Seneca Indians, 3; 2, Cornell, 3; 10, Harvard, 6; 3, Columbia, 2; 3, Toronto University, 5; 1, Cornell, 2.

Johns Hopkins—7, Harvard, 1; 12, Lehigh, 2; 3, Mt. Washington, 5; 9, Stevens, 0; 8, Swarthmore, 3.

Lehigh—5, C.C.N.Y., 1; 8, Mt. Washington, 5; 5, Harvard, 5; 2, Johns Hopkins, 12; 2, Stevens, 12; 7, Swarthmore, 1.

Stevens—9, C.C.N.Y., 1; 4, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 9, Harvard, 1; 12, Lehigh, 2; 0, Johns Hopkins, 9; 1, Mt. Washington, 7; 8, Columbia, 1; 5, Swarthmore, 6; 3, Cornell, 4; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 0.

Swarthmore—5, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4; 6, Harvard, 3; 3, Crescent A.C., 5; 1, Lehigh, 7; 3, Johns Hopkins, 8; 6, Stevens, 5; 3, Mt. Washington, 7; 9, Toronto University, 2; 9, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 4.

#### 1908

Columbia—8, Alumni, 2; o, Johns Hopkins, 11; o, Stevens, 2; 3, N. Y. L. C., 2; 3, C. C. N. Y. o; 1 C. C. N. Y., o; 2, Cornell, 13; 1, Hobart, 10; 1, Harvard, 10.

Cornell—5, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 13, Columbia, 2; 3, Hobart, 3; 11, Harvard, 15; 8, Hobart, 7.

Harvard—3, Hopkins, 6; 2, Mt. Washington, 5; 2, Lehigh, 3; 7, Navy, 1; 2, Stevens, 6; 15, Cornell, 11; 10, Columbia, 1; 3, Hobart, 1.

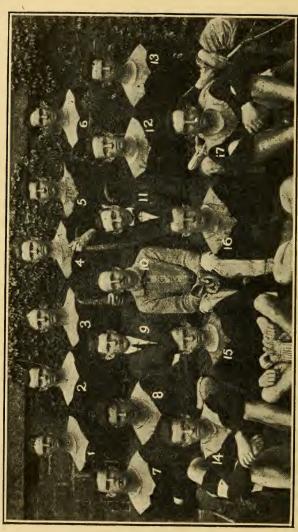
Hobart—10, Syracuse Rangers, 2; 10, Columbia, 1; 3, Cornell, 3; 3, Syracuse Lacrosse Club, 2; 7, Cornell, 8; 1, Harvard, 3.

Johns Hopkins—6, Navy, 1; 11, Columbia, 0; 6, Harvard, 3; 5, Lehigh, 2; 5, Stevens, 0; 4, Swarthmore, 3; 7, Mt. Washington, 4; 6, Toronto University, 9.

Lehigh—7, C. C. N. Y., 0; 3, Mt. Washington, 4; 3, Harvard, 2; 2, Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 9; 8, Stevens, 4.

Stevens—7, C. C. N. Y., 0; 4, Crescent A. C., 2; 2, Columbia, 2; 6, Harvard, 2; 0, Hopkins, 5; 4, Lehigh, 8; 2, Swarthmore, 8.

Swarthmore—9, Philadelphia Lacrosse Club, 6; 3, Mt. Washington, 4; 9, Lehigh, 4; 2, Crescent A. C., 4; 3, Hopkins, 4; 8, Stevens, 2; 2, Toronto University, 11.



1, F. B. Speed; 2, Schultz; 3, Raynor; 4, F. R. Speed; 5, Buck; 6, Carson; 7, Hart; 8, Kennedy, Capt.; 9, Coleman, Asst. Mgr.; 10, Grimes, Coach; 11, Terwilliger, Mgr.; 12, Williams, 13, Jay; 14, Martin; 15, St. John; 16, Dunbar; 17, Hardogen.

LEHIGH UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

#### 1909

Columbia-4, Lehigh, 0; 2, Swarthmore, 9; 4, Stevens, 5; 5, Cornell, 3; o, Mt. Washington A.C., 5; 2, Harvard, 5; 8, Flushing L.C., 0; 5, Hobart, 1.

Cornell-3, Columbia, 5; 8, Harvard, 2; 10, Stevens, 2; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 3, Hobart, 6.

Harvard—I, Johns Hopkins, II; 4, Lehigh, 3; 3, Navy, 6; 3, Stevens, 2; 5, Columbia, 2; 3, Hobart, 2; 2, Cornell, 8.

Hobart-1, Rochester L.C., 2; 2, Harvard, 3; 1, Columbia, 5; 3, Crescent A.C., 9; 2, Toronto University, 6; 6, Cornell, 3.

Johns Hopkins-7, Navy, 2; 9, Alumni, 3; 11, Harvard, 1; 6, Lehigh, 3; 8, Stevens, 3; 13, Swarthmore, 3; 5, Mt. Washington, 7.

Lehigh—3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 3, Stevens, 9; o, Columbia, 4;

3, Harvard, 4; 1, Crescent A.C., 7.

Stevens-2, Crescent A.C., 5; 5, Columbia, 4; 2, Harvard, 3; 3, Johns Hopkins, 8; 9, Lehigh, 3; 6, Swarthmore, 9; 2, Cornell, 10.

Swarthmore—9, Columbia, 2; 7, Alumni, 2; 5, Mt. Washington, 6, 3, Johns Hopkins, 13; 9, Stevens, 6; 5, Cornell, 3; 5, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 7; 3, Toronto, 4.

#### 1910

Columbia-1, C.C.N.Y., 1; 5, Bronx L.C., 2; 0, N.Y.L.C., 3; I, Lehigh, 8; 3, West Point, 4; I, Hobart, 10; o, Cornell, 11; 2, Harvard, 4.

Cornell--3, Rochester L.C., 0; 4, Crescent A.C., 6; 11, Columbia, 0; 7, Hobart, 4; 4, Harvard, 7; 4, Stevens, 1; 14, Hobart, 2.

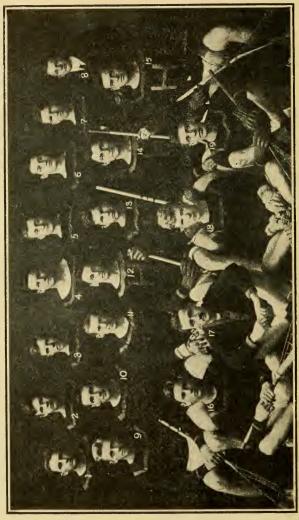
Harvard-3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 1, Navy, 0; 7, Swarthmore, 11; 2, Stevens, 4; 9, Springfield T. S., 3; 8 Hobart, 1; 4, Columbia, 2; 7, Cornell, 4; 0, University of Toronto, 5.

Hobart-13, Syracuse L.C., 1; 1, Rochester L.C., 1; 10, Columbia, 1; 1, Harvard, 8; 5, Crescent A.C., 9; 4, Cornell, 7; 0, Toronto University, 9; 2, Cornell, 14.

Johns Hopkins-6, Lehigh, 3; 6, Harvard, 3; 6, Stevens, 1; 3, Swarthmore, 16; 3, Alumni, 4; 6, Navy, 7.

Lehigh—3, Carlisle, 2; 8, Columbia, 1; 2, Navy, 4; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 9; 6, Stevens, 1.

Stevens-3, New York L.C., 4; 11, C.C.N.Y., 0; 6, Crescent A.C., 2; 4, Harvard, 2; 4, Swarthmore, 8; 1, Johns Hopkins, 6; 1, Lehigh, 6; 1, Cornell, 4; 6, Carlisle, 4.



1, Paulus; 2. Ellicott; 3. Easter; 4, Huck; 5, Price; 6, Holliday; 7, Richardson; 8, Burgan, Mgr.; 9, Angell; 10, Schmeisser; 11, Benedict; 12 Gail, Capt.; 13, Niles; 14, Sears; 15, Sutton; 16, Voshell; 17, Makel; 18, Troxell; 19, Everton.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

Swarthmore—4, Mt. Washington, 5; 11, Harvard, 7; 5, Carlisle, 3; 8, Stevens, 4; 7, Navy, 5; 9, Lehigh, 4; 16, Johns Hopkins, 3; 6, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 4; 3, Toronto University, 5.

# 1911

Cornell—0, Navy, 12; 2, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club; 3; 2, Johns Hopkins, 7; 2, Lehigh, 5; 14, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 1; 0, Crescent Athletic Club, 5; 3, Harvard, 10; 2, Stevens, 5; 7, Hobart, 4.

Harvard—7, Springfield Manual Training School, 2; 2, Johns Hopkins, 3; 2, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 3; 4, Navy, 2; 2, Carlisle Indians, 1; 7, Hobart, 0; 10, Cornell, 3.

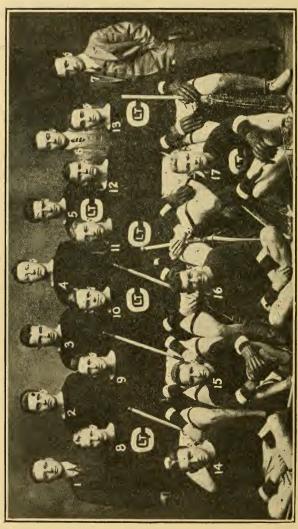
Hobart—I, Akron Indians, I; o, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 3; o, Harvard, 7; 2, Toronto University, 10; 5, Cornell, 9.

Johns Hopkins—2, Navy, 1; 1, Alumni, 2; 7, Cornell, 2; 3, Harvard, 2; 8, Carlisle Indians, 5; 11, Swarthmore, 7; 6, Lehigh, 4; 9, Stevens, 4.

Lehigh—I, Carlisle Indians, 7; 5, Cornell, 2; 2, Navy, 7; 4, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 6; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 2: 9, Stevens, 3; 4, Johns Hopkins, 6; 4, Swarthmore, 6.

Stevens—2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; o. Crescent Athletic Club 12; 3, Lehigh, 9; 7, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 9, Swarthmore, 10; 3, Johns Hopkins, 9; 5, Cornell, 2; 1, Carlisle Indians, 5

Swarthmore—6, New York Lacrosse Club, 3; 6, Crescent Athletic Club, 3; 7, Johns Hopkins, 11; 10. Stevens, 0; 6, Lehigh, 4; 1, Navy, 7; 3, Carlisle Indians, 8; 1, Mt. Washington Lacrosse Club, 11.



1; Tschirkey, Mgr.; 2, Etler; 3, Tilson; 4. Mossman; 5, Franklin; 6, Zang, Asst. Mgr.; 7, Robbins, Coach; 8, Nickerson; 9, Ashton; 10, Bond, Capt.; 11, Gridley; 12, Hamilton; 13, Kerr; 14, Herendeen; 15, Procter; 16, Lawless; 17, Dean.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY LACROSSE TEAM.

# U. S. I. C. L. L. Records of 1912

Cornell—2, Swarthmore, 5; 2, Johns Hopkins, 2; 5, Carlisle Indians, 2; 1, Crescent Athletic Club, 2; 5, Hobart, 4; 11, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 1; 0, Harvard, 13; 6, Hobart, 3.

Harvard—4, Johns Hopkins, 5; 9, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; 3, Mt. Washington Club, 4; 25, Springfield Lacrosse Club, 0; 15, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 14, Hobart, 2; 13, Cornell, 0; 7, Swarthmore, 3.

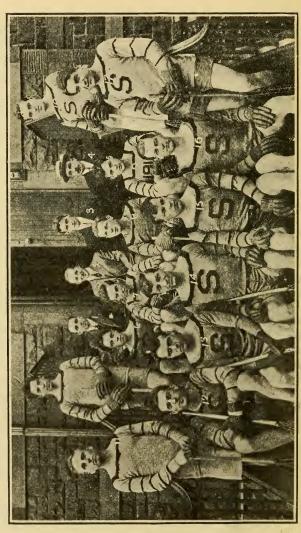
Hobart—7, Akron Indians, 0; 4, Cornell, 5; 2, Harvard, 12; 1, Crescent A.C., 9; 4, Rochester Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Toronto University, 8; 3, Cornell, 6.

Johns Hopkins—2, Alumni, 2; 2, Cornell, 2; 5, Harvard, 4; 4, Carlisle Indians, 8; 8, Stevens, 0; 2, Swarthmore, 4; 4, Lehigh, 9.

Lehigh—I, Navy, II; I, Mt. Washington, 7; I6, Baltimore City College, 5; 4, Carlisle Indians, 5; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, I; 4, Swarthmore, I4; I4, Stevens, 2; 9, Johns Hopkins, 3.

Stevens—3, New York Lacrosse Club, 4; 4, Crescent A.C., 8; 4, Crescent A.C. 2nd, 1; 0, Johns Hopkins, 8; 2, Lehigh, 14; 2, Swarthmore, 3.

Swarthmore—5, Cornell, 2; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 6, Navy, 6; 15, Lehigh, 4; 4, Hopkins, 2; 3, Stevens, 2; 5, Carlisle Indians, 3; 2, Mt. Washington L.C., 8; 3, Harvard, 7; 1, Toronto University, 6.



1. Bender, Asst. Mgr.; 2, Jones, Mgr.; 3, Byrne, Coach; 4, Traeger; 5, Segrave; 6, Van Sicklen; 7, Campbell; 8, Riggins; 9, Parsons; 10, Collins; 11, Moss; 12, Birkenstock; 13, Dickson; 14, Branch, Capt.; 15, Entwisle; 16, Henry; 17, Graesser. STEVENS INSTITUTE LACROSSE TEAM.

# Schedule for 1913

# HARVARD.

April 5-Hartford Lacrosse Club at Cambridge.

April 12-Maryland Agricultural College at College Park, Md.

April 14—Mt. Washington Club at Baltimore, Md.

April 16-U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis.

April 19—Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 26—Boston Lacrosse Club at Cambridge.

May 3—Stevens at Cambridge.

May 10-Hobart at Geneva.

May 12—Cornell at Ithaca.

# SWARTHMORE.

April 4—Cornell at Swarthmore.

April 12—New York Lacrosse Club at Swarthmore.

April 19—Stevens at Hoboken.

April 24—Navy at Annapolis.

May 3—Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

May 3—Lehigh at South Bethlehem.
May 10—Johns Hopkins at Swarthmore.

May 17—Carlisle Indians at Swarthmore.

May 24—Mt. Washington Club at Baltimore.

# CORNELL.

April 3—Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

April 4—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

April 5-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 7-Carlisle Indians at Carlisle.

April 26—Stevens at Ithaca.

May 3—Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge.

May 12-Harvard at Ithaca.

May 17—Hobart at Geneva.



1. Wheat; 2. Robbins; 3. Skinner; 4. Warner; 5. Church, Capt.; 6. J. Van Ingen; 7. McCain; 8, Partridge, Coach; 9. Hall; 10, Rankin, Mgr.; 11, Knapton; 12, J. C. Van Ingen; 13, Houk; 14, Urban; 15, Foley.

# HOBART COLLEGE LACROSSE TEAM.

# LEHIGH

April 3-Cornell at South Bethlehem.

April 5-Navy at Annapolis.

April 9-Maryland Agricultural College at South Bethlehem.

April 12—Mt. Washington at South Bethlehem.

April 19—Carlisle Indians at South Bethlehem.

April 26-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

May 3—Swarthmore at South Bethlehem.

May 10-Stevens at Hoboken.

# JOHNS HOPKINS.

Mar. 29—Alumni at Baltimore.

April 5—Cornell at Baltimore.

April 10-Navy at Annapolis.

April 12—Stevens at Baltimore.

April 19—Harvard at Baltimore.

April 26—Lehigh at Baltimore.

May 3-Carlisle Indians at Baltimore.

May 10—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

# STEVENS.

April 5—Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge.

April 12-Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.

April 19-Swarthmore at Hoboken.

April 26-Cornell at Ithaca.

May 3—Harvard at Cambridge.

May 10-Lehigh at Hoboken.

May 21—Hobart at Hoboken.

# HOBART.

April 19-Cornell at Ithaca.

April 26-Rochester Lacrosse Club at Geneva.

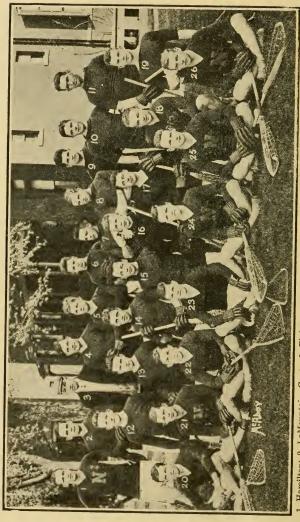
May 3-Akron Indians at Geneva.

May 10-Harvard at Geneva.

May 17-Cornell at Geneva.

May 21-Stevens at Hoboken.

May 26-Toronto at Geneva.



1. Hamilton: 2. LaMountain, Capt.; 3. Finlayson. Coach; 4. Gilchrist: 5. Hitchcock; 6. Maury; 7. Brown; 8. Spanagel; 9. Ring; 10. Wylie; 11. Meredith; 12. Wills: 13. Moore; 14. Little; 15. Mitchell; 16. Robinson; 17. Montgomery; 18. Junkin; 19. Starkey; 20. Sanborn; 21, Wiltse; 22, Davis; 23, Creighton; 24, McDonnell; 25, Gray; 26, McKee. McAboy, Photo. UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY LACROSSE TEAM.

# Standing of Teams in the United States Inter-Collegiate Lacrosse League Since Its Formation.

		name of the last o	<del></del>			
SEASON 1905.						
NORTHERN DIVISION. SOUTHERN DIVISION.					N.	
Won. Lost. P.C.		Won. Lost. P.O		P.C.		
Harvard 2	I	.667	Swarthmore 3	0	1.000	
Cornell 2	I	.667	Johns Hopkins 2	I	.667	
Columbia 2	I	.667	Stevens I	2	-333	
Pennsylvania o	3	.000	Lehigh o	3	.000	
SEASON 1906.						
NORTHERN DIVISION.			Southern Division.			
		P.C.	Won. Lost. P.C.			
Cornell 3	0	1.000	Johns Hopkins 3	0	1.000	
Harvard 2		.667	Swarthmore 2	I	.667	
Columbia I	2	.333	Stevens 1	2	-333	
Pennsylvania o	3	.000	Lehigh o	3	.000	
SEASON 1907.						
NORTHERN DIV	VISIOI		Southern Di	VISIO	٧.	
Won. Lost. P.C.		Won. Lost. P.C.				
Cornell 3	0	1.000	Johns Hopkins 3	0	1.000	
Hobart 2	I	.667	Lehigh I	2	-333	
Harvard I	2 ,	.333	Stevens I		.333	
Columbia o	3	.000	Swarthmore I		.333	
SEASON 1908.						
Northern Division. Southern Division.					r.	
Won. I	Lost.	P.C.	Won.			
Harvard 3	0	1.000	Hopkins 3	0	1.000	
Cornell 2	I	.667	Swarthmore 2			
Hobart I	2	-333	Lehigh I			
Columbia o	3	.000	Stevens o			



1, George; 2, Wounded Eye; 3, Williams; 4, Guyon; 5, Reed; 6, Garlow; 7, Broker; 8, Large; 9, Arcasa; 10, Bergie; 11, John; 12, Crane; 13, Vetternack; 14, Young Deer.

CARLISLE INDIAN SCHOOL LACROSSE TEAM.

1.000

.667

.333

.000

# SEASON 1909.

SEASON 1909.							
NORTHERN DIVISION.	Southern Division.						
Won. Lost. PC.	Won. Lost. PC.						
Harvard 2 I .667	Hopkins 3 o 1.000						
Columbia 2 I	Swarthmore*. I I .500						
Cornell I 2 .333	Stevens I 2 .333						
Hobart 1 2 .333	Lehigh* 0 2 .000						
* No game between Lehigh and Swarthmore.							
SEASON 1910.							
NORTHERN DIVISION. SOUTHERN DIVISION.							
Won. Lost. PC.	. Won. Lost. PC.						

# SEASON 1911.

I.000

.667

-333

.000

Swarthmore.. 3 o

Hopkins . . . . 2 I Lehigh . . . I 2 Stevens . . . 0 3

Harvard ..... 3

Cornell ..... 2

Hobart ..... I Columbia .... o 0

I

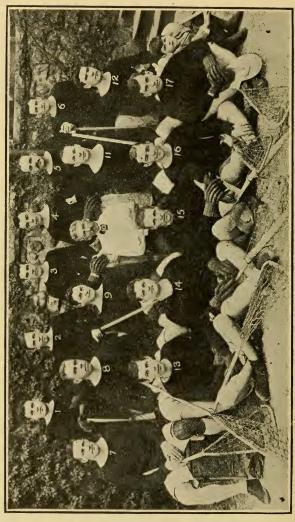
2

3

NORTHERN DIVISION.			Southern Division.		
Won.	Lost.	PC.	Won. Lost.	PC.	
Harvard 2	0			I.000	
Cornell I	I		Swarthmore 2 I	.667	
Hobart o	2	.000	Lehigh I 2	.333	
			Stevens o 3	.000	

# SEASON 1912.

Northern Division.			Southern Division.		
Won.	Lost.	PC.	Won.	Lost.	PC.
Harvard 2	О		Swarthmore 3		
Cornell I	I	. 500	Lehigh 2	I	.667
Hobart o	2	.000	Johns Hopkins 1	2	.333
			Stevens o		.000



1. Liffton; 2. S. Kennedy; 3, Wardell; 4, Oates; 5, Moses; 6, O'Rourke; 7. Cypiot; 8, Kieley; 9, Maddren; 10, Bass, Mgr.; 11, Wall; 12, Dobby; 13, Andrews; 14, DuFresne; 15, V. Kennedy; 16, Walbridge; 17, Thomas.

# CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB LACROSSE TEAM.

# Other Than League Teams

## 1908.

United States Naval Academy—1, Hopkins, 6; 1, Harvard, 6; 4, Baltimore City College, 2.

Mount Washington Club—4, Lehigh, 2; 5, Harvard, 2; 4, Swarthmore, 3; 13, N. Y. L. C., 0; 4, Hopkins, 7; 2, Crescent A. C., 6; 2, Toronto University, 6; 7, Philadelphia L. C., 4; I, Crescent A. C., 8.

Rochester Lacrosse Club—9, Hobart, 2; 13, Seneca Indians, 4; 2, Cornell, 5; 14, Syracuse, 4; 3, Oneidas, 1; 2, Seneca Indians, 2.

Baltimore City College—8, Hopkins Freshmen, 3; 10, Hopkins Sophomores, 4; 9, Hopkins Sophomores, 3; 12, Hopkins Sophomores, 5; 3, Mt. Washington Scrubs, 5; 4, Navy, 2.

Boys' High School, Brooklyn, N. Y.—1, Stevens Prep., 5; 4, Manual Training High School, 0; 2, Harvard Freshmen, 2; 3, Manual Training High School, 1; 4, Poly Prep, 1.

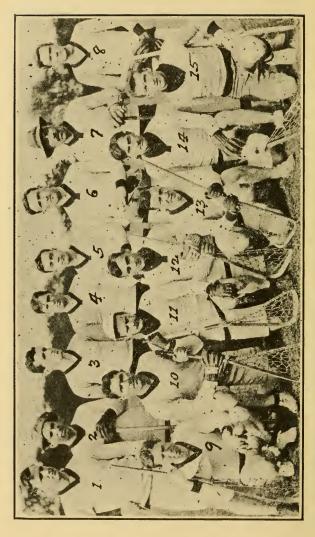
Poly Prep. School, Brooklyn, N. Y.—3, Flushing Lacrosse Club, 5; I, Flushing Lacrosse Club, 3; 2, Brooklyn H. S., I; I, Harvard Freshmen, 3; 2, Stevens Freshmen, 5; I, Alumni, 2; I, Boys' High School, 4.

#### 1909.

Crescent A.C.—5, Stevens, 2; 7, Lehigh, 1; 7, N.Y.L.C., 3; 3, N.Y.L.C., 2; 4, Rochester, 2; 9, Hobart, 3; 5, Mt. Washington, 3; 10, Toronto University, 4; 1, Toronto University, 1; 9, Mt. Washington, 2; 10, Brantford, 2; 5, St. Simons, 1; 6, Toronto A.A., 0.

# 1910.

United States Naval Academy—6, Mt. Washington Juniors, 0; 8, Johns Hopkins, 7; 6, Mt. Washington Seniors, 1; 0, Harvard, 1; 4, Lehigh, 2; 5, Swarthmore, 7; 2, Carlisle, 3.



1, Nelson; 2, Newman; 3, Cronan; 4, Steinert; 5, Luxenberg; 6, P. Baum; 7, Ruge; 8, Beattie; 9, Brisk; 10, McIntyre; 11, Moran; 12, Rosenblatt; 13, Jacoby; 14, Hicok; 15, Pasternak. NEW YORK LACROSSE CLUB TEAM.

United States Military Academy--4, Columbia, 3; 11, Boys' High, 0; 5, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 0; 5, New York Lacrosse Club, 3; 4, Hoboken Lacrosse Club, 3.

Mt. Washington Club—I, Navy, 6; 5, Swarthmore, 4; 3, Johns Hopkins, 6; 3, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 0; 1, Carlisle, 3; 3, Crescent A.C., 4; 5, Johns Hopkins Alumni, 1.

United States Indian School—2, Lehigh, 3; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 4, Stevens, 6; 15, Baltimore City College, 0; 3, Mt. Washington, 1; 3, Navy, 2.

Baltimore City College—8, Johns Hopkins Sophs., 1; 9 Maryland Agricultural College, 0; 3, Johns Hopkins Sophs., 1; 0, Carlisle, 13; 5, Mt. Washington Juniors, 0; 1, Mt. Washington, 3.

#### 1911.

United States Naval Academy—I, Johns Hopkins, 2; 12, Cornell, 0; 7, Lehigh, 2; 2, Harvard, 4; 6, Mt. Washington, 0; 7, Swarthmore, 1.

Crescent Athletic Club—9, Bronx L.C., 3; 14, Stevens, 0; 3, Swarthmore, 6; 7, New York L.C., 1; 5, Cornell, 0; 8, New York L.C., 2; 5, Mt. Washington, 3; 8, Toronto University, 3; 4, Toronto University, 1; 8, Mt. Washington, 1; 6, Montreal A.A., 3; 4, Montreal A.A., 3; 4, Toronto, 13; 7, Toronto, 3.

Baltimore City College—6, Maryland Aggies, 1; o, Carlisle, 10; 5, Mt. Washington, Jr., 1; 2, Johns Hopkins 2nd, 0; 4, Maryland Aggies, 1; 2, Mt. Washington, Jr., 3; 1, Johns Hopkins 2nd, 0; 4, Mt. Washington, Jr., o.

New York Lacrosse Club—2 Stevens, 1; 2, Crescent A.C., 7; 9, Bronx L.C., 4; 5, Hoboken L.C., 1; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 2, Lehigh, 3.

Springfield Training School—2, Harvard, 7; 5, Chicopee, o. Stevens School—2, Curtis H.S., o; 3, B.H.S., 3; 5, Stevens Freshmen, 3; 2, Harvard Freshmen, 4; 4, B.H.S., 3.

#### 1912.

United States Naval Academy—4, Baltimore City College, 2; 30, University of Maryland, 1; 11, Lehigh, 1; 6, Swarthmore, 6; 6, Crescent A.C., 4; 2, Mt. Washington Club, 4.



1. Ferrin; 2, Katz; 3, Alexander; 4, Fuller; 5, Fay; 6, Clarke; 7, Harrison; 8, Goldberg; 9, Gambi; 10, Tafel; 11, Van Houten; 12, Beattie; 13, W. Van Dreele; 14, G. Van Dreele; 15, Brisotti.

BRONX LACROSSE CLUB TEAM.

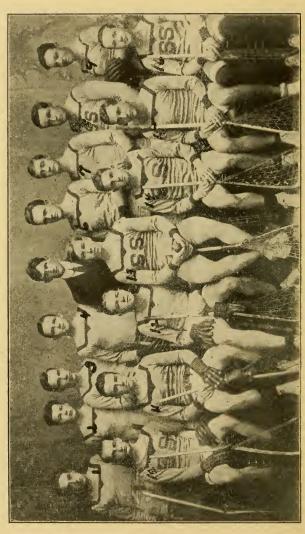
Crescent Athletic Club—11, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 0; 8, Stevens, 4; 9, New York Lacrosse Club, 1; 2, Cornell, 1; 4, Annapolis, 6; 10, Hobart, 1; 7, New York Lacrosse Club, 0; 4, Carlisle Indians, 3; 5, Toronto University, 5; 3, Toronto University, 1; 5, Mt. Washington Club, 2; 5, Shamrocks, 2; 8, St. Simon, 8; 9, Toronto Lacrosse Club, 3.

\* Baltimore City College—2, Navy, 4; 0, Carlisle Indians, 8; 3, Walbrook A.C., 2; 4, Lehigh, 15; 8, Maryland Agricultural College, 1; 0, Mt. Washington Club, 10; 5, Baltimore Polytechnic Ins., 1.

New York Lacrosse Club—4, Stevens, 2; 1, Swarthmore, 3; 1, Lehigh, 2; 3, Crescent A.C., 8; 2, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Crescent A.C., 5; 2, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 3; 5, Bronx Lacrosse Club, 2.

Bronx Lacrosse Club—o, Crescent A.C., 11; 7, Stevens Freshmen, 1; 3, Harvard, 15; 2, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 1, Stevens, 5; 3, New York Lacrosse Club, 2; 2, New York Club, 5; 5, Stevens, 2; 1, Crescent A.C., 5.

Carlisle Indians—10, Baltimore City College, 0; 2, Cornell, 5; 10, Maryland Agricultural College, 0; 5, Lehigh, 4; 8, Johns Hopkins, 4; 14, Walbrook A.C., 0; 3, Swarthmore, 5; 3, Crescent A.C., 4; 1, Mt. Washington, 11.



1. Jeanneret; 2, Zimber; 3, Beck; 4, Hartman; 5, Byrnes, Coach; 6, Remard; 7, Quick; 8, Blanchard; 9, Hallock; 10, Morseles; 11, McKay; 12, McGee; 13, Hutcheon, Capt.; 14, Schanze, Mgr.; 15, Aguelera; 16, Killgore. Manewal, Photo. SCFOOL LACROSSE TEAM STEVENS PREPARATORY

#### Schedule for 1913

Other than League Teams.

#### NAVY.

March 20-Baltimore City College at Annapolis.

April 5-Lehigh at Annapolis.

April 10-Johns Hopkins at Annapolis.

April 16—Harvard at Annapolis.

April 24—Swarthmore at Annapolis.

May I—Carlisle Indians at Annapolis.

May 8—Mt. Washington Club at Annapolis.

#### CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB.

April 5-Stevens at Bay Ridge.

April 12-Bronx L.C. at Bay Ridge.

April 19-New York Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

April 26—Trinity at Bay Ridge.

May 3—Cornell at Bay Ridge.

May 10-Boston L.C. at Bay Ridge.

May 17—New York Lacrosse Club at Bay Ridge.

May 24—Carlisle Indians at Bay Ridge.

May 30—Toronto University at Bay Ridge.

May 31—Toronto University at Bay Ridge.

June 7-Toronto L.C. at Bay Ridge.

June 14—Athletics at Bay Ridge.

June 21-Preston at Bay Ridge.

June 28-Montreal A.A.A. at Bay Ridge.

#### NEW YORK LACROSSE CLUB.

April 12—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

April 19—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

-Lehigh University at South Bethlehem.

May 10—Bronx Lacrosse Club at New York.

May 17—Crescent A.C. at Bay Ridge.

#### BALTIMORE CITY COLLEGE.

March 20—Navy at Annapolis.

March 29—Carlisle Indians at Carlisle.

April 16—Johns Hopkins 2nd at Baltimore.

April 19-Maryland Agricultural College at Baltimore.

April 26-Walbrook A.C. at Baltimore.

May 3—Mt. Washington Club at Baltimore.

May 9—Baltimore Poly. Inst. at Baltimore.

#### CARLISLE INDIAN SCHOOL.

March 20—Baltimore City College at Carlisle.

April 3—University of Maryland at Carlisle.

April 7—Cornell at Carlisle.

April 19—Lehigh at South Bethlehem.

May I-Navy at Annapolis.

May 3—Johns Hopkins at Baltimore.
May 17—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

May 17—Swarthmore at Swarthmore.

May 24—Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge.

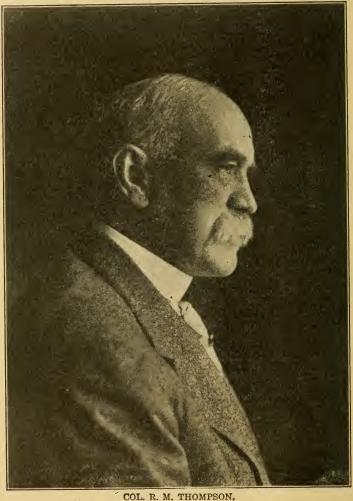
#### Lacrosse as Played by the Indians

Contrary to popular belief, lacrosse has by no means been abandoned by its originators, the American Indians. It is still played with great vigor by the various tribes on their reservations. Among the more civilized tribes located in the East, the game differs but little from that played in the American colleges. The Seneca Indians of New York State, for example, are frequently seen in competition with the Crescent Athletic Club and other Metropolitan teams.

On the reservations of the Western States, however, the game has not been subject to the refinements which have taken place in the more effete East. Among the Menominee Indians of Wisconsin, for instance, the game played to-day is practically the same as the game played by the early aborigines. The Menominees use a field about 250 yards long and there are no boundaries. At each end of the field is a pole ten feet high set in the ground. This is the goal, and the object of the game is to hit this pole with the ball. Frequently the game lasts all day without a single goal being secured. Any number can play on a side, so long as the sides remain even, and it is not unusual to have one hundred men taking part in the game.

The ball is made of cord, wound round and round until it is about the size and weight of a base ball. To the one making a goal a colored sash or belt is given. This is much honored and kept in the family for a long time. These prizes are made of brilliantly colored muslin and are put on exhibition before the game.

The sticks are made of white oak about three or four feet in length, bent on the end in a circular shape, strung with thongs in the fashion of a small butterfly net. On account of the line-up continually changing, team play is not much in evidence, and a fast player will sometimes run a long distance and rush in and try to score all alone while his team mates interfered for him on all sides.



COL. R. M. THOMPSON,
President New York Athletic Club,
Donor of Lacrosse Championship Trophy to Public Schools Athletic League,
New York.

#### Lacrosse for the School Boys

Through the generosity of Colonel Robert M. Thompson, beautiful prizes have been provided for competition among the scholars in the high schools of Greater New York. The championship prize was designed by Messrs. Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street, New York, and is thirty inches in height. It is a combination of silver and bronze, and represents an American Indian, seated on a rock, shielding his eyes with his left hand and holding a lacrosse stick across his lap. The same is supported by a silver base, entwined with laurel leaf border and Indian decorations in the form of raised bludgeons, scalp braids, binding, etc., artistically arranged. Between each of these bludgeons is a shield, set in the form of an arrow-head, upon which the winning school and team is inscribed each year. This, in turn, is supported by a graceful curved base with appropriate decorations, also of silver, with etching of figures, showing different playing positions of the game.

Raised on front of this is a carved shield with the following inscription:

#### LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP TROPHY

PRESENTED BY

ROBERT M. THOMPSON

TO THE

#### PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE

1910.

The entire trophy rests upon an ebony base. The design of this handsome prize is entirely new and unique, representing the idea of the Indian origin of the game,



COL. R. M. THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP TROPHY.

The individual prizes for the members of the winning team are beautiful gold medals with figure of an Indian in relief, holding a lacrosse stick, the lacrosse ball being represented by a pearl.

The winning school received a handsome bronze placque, suitably inscribed and mounted upon a solid piece of oak.



INDIVIDUAL LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP MEDAL,
PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE,
NEW YORK,
Donated Annually by Col. R. M. Thompson.



LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP PLAQUE, PUBLIC SCHOOLS ATHLETIC LEAGUE, NEW YORK.

Donated Annually by Col. R. M. Thompson.

### SPECIAL NOTICE

Owing to the progress that Lacrosse is making in the United States it is the intention of the publishers of Spalding's Athletic Library to make the Guide an annual hereafter that will embrace a complete account of the game as it is played in every section of the country, and with that object in view invite the managers of clubs to send items of general interest and pictures of teams (with names of individual players) to the undersigned. Such information should reach New York not later than November 1st of each year.

AMERICAN SPORTS PUBLISHING CO.

## Spalding Official Lacrosse Ball

No. **G.** Lacrosse Ball. Gray. Adopted by the N. A. L. U., and used in all match games. . . . . . . . Each, **75c**.



### **Spalding Lacrosse Gloves**

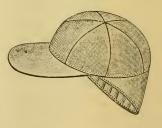


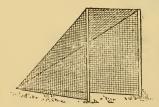
No. **5.** Well padded to protect the bones and joints in the players' hands. Per pair, **\$4.00** 

### Spalding Lacrosse Cap

No. LC. Neatly quilted; comes down low at back of head.

Each, \$1.00





### Spalding Regulation Lacrosse Goals

Complete, \$20.00

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A. G. SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

### Spalding (Ceel) Lacrosses

Ceel Lacrosses are made for A. G. Spalding & Bros. exclusively



CEEL No. CL Grade Lacrosses. Made specially for expert players by D. Ceel of Caughnawaga, Ontario, Canada, and unquestionably the finest lacrosses made, the special features being their perfect shape and balance. Ceel personally strings every stick himself. They are used exclusively by the New Westminster Team, Champions of the World and holders of the Minto Cup; also by the National Team of Montreal, Champions of National Lacrosse Union; Montreal Team of Montreal; Tecumseh and Toronto Teams of Toronto, etc.

No. CL-1. Defence Model. . Each, \$5.00

No. CL-2. Home Model. . . " 5.00 No. CL-3. Goal Model. . . " 6.00

No. O Lacrosses. Made by Peter Terehonton of Caughnawaga, one of the oldest and best stick makers of this famous Indian tribe. These sticks are second only to the Ceel line. The frames are made of specially selected hickory, strung with best quality clock cord; running strings of thoroughly stretched babish.

No. O. Defence Model. . . Each, \$4.00

No. O. Home Model. . . . " 4.00

No. I Lacrosses. Made by Tom Decarie, a brother of Ceel's. Frames of second growth hickory, strung with rawhide; with babish running strings. Each, \$2.00

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US A.G. SPALDING & BROS.
STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

#### Spalding Reversible Collar **Button Front Sweaters**

For base ball, automobiling, training purposes, reducing weight, tramping during cold weather, golfing, shooting, tobogganing, snowshoeing. High collar may be turned down quickly, changing into neatest form of button front sweater. Sizes: 28 to 44 inches. Carried in stock in Gray and White only.

See list below of colors supplied on special orders.



SPECIAL ORDERS-In addition to stock colors mentioned we supply these sweaters without extra charge, on special orders only, not carried in stock, in any of the following colors:

Maroon Scarlet Black Cardinal Navy Seal Brown
Columbia Blue Dark Green

N.B. - We designate three shades which are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, Maroon. Where RED is specified on order we supply Cardinal. Plain colors, other than the above, to order only, 50c. each garment extra.

We allow four inches for stretch in all our sweaters, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.

No. AWJP. Heaviest weight special quality worsted, with pocket on either side. . Each, \$10.00 ★\$108.00 Doz. No. WJP. Highest quality special heavy weight worsted, with pocket on either side. . . Each, \$8.00 ★\$87.00 Doz.

No. WJ. Same as No WJP, but without pockets. Each, \$7.50 ★\$81.00 Doz.

No. WDJ. Fine quality standard weight worsted. Same style as No. WJ, but lighter weight and without pockets. Each. \$6.00 \ \$63.00 Doz.

Above sweaters are all made with special high reversible style collar as shown in cuts of Nos. WIP and WI on this page.

Two pockets in either Nos. WJ or WDJ Sweaters if ordered at time sweater is made, not after, at an extra charge of 50c.



No. VG

No. WJ

No. DJ

SPECIAL NOTICE—Solid colored sweaters with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs furnished in any of the colors noted, on special order, at no extra charge.

The prices printed in italies opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more.

Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

ROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

#### Spalding Jacket and Vest Collar Sweaters

Sizes: 28 to 44 inches chest measurement.

We allow four inches for stretch in all our sweaters, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.

#### Spalding Jacket Sweaters WITH POCKETS

No. VGP. Best quality worsted, heavy weight, pearl buttons. Carried in stock in Gray or White only. See list below of colors supplied on special orders. With pocket on either side, and a particularly convenient and popular style for golf players. . . Each, \$6.50 ★ \$69.00 Doz.

#### WITHOUT POCKETS

No. VG. Same as No. VGP, but without pockets. Each, \$6.00 ★ \$63.00 Doz.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

n addition to stock colors mentioned, we also supply any of the weaters listed on this page, without extra charge, on special orders only, not carried in stock, in any of the following colors: MAROON NAVY BLUE DARK GREEN **BLACK** 

COLUMBIA BLUE

Other colors to order only, in any quality, 50c, each garment extra.



No. VGP



SCARLET

CARDINAL

No. VGP Sweater

#### Spalding Vest Collar Sweaters

SEAL BROWN

No. BG. Best quality worsted, good weight, extreme open or low neck. No buttons. Carried in stock in Gray or White only. See list above of colors supplied on special orders.

Each. \$5.50 ★ \$60.00 Doz.

Two pockets in No. BG Sweater, put in at time sweater is made, not after. Extra, 50c.



SPECIAL NOTICE. We will furnish any of the solid color sweaters listed on this page with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs in any of the above colors on special order, at no extra charge.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

### PT NO THE SPALDING ((())) TRADE-MARK GUARA

#### Spalding Roll Collar Sweaters

The Nos. AA. A and B Sweaters, listed below, are made of special quality worsted, exceedingly soft and pleasant to wear. For straight athletic wear there is no garment more useful than these regular roll collar sweaters which we have been making in our factories for over twenty-five years. Full fashioned to body and arms and put together by hand, not simply stitched up on a machine, as are the majority of garments sold as regular made goods. All made with 9-inch roll collars. Sizes: 28 to 44 inches.



No. AA. The proper style for use after heavy exercise, inducing copious perspiration, for reducing weight or getting into condition for athletic contests. Particularly suitable also for Foot Ball and Skating Heaviest sweater made. Carried in stock in White or Gray only. See list below of colors supplied on special orders.

Each. \$8.00 \* \$84.00 Doz.

No. A. '"Intercollegiate." Special weight worsted, lighter

than in No. AA. Carried in stock in Gray or White only See list below of colors supplied on special orders. Roll collar. Each, \$6.00 \* \$66.00 Doz.



No. B. Heavy weight, but lighter worsted than in No. A. Carried in stock in Gray or White only. See list below of colors supplied on special orders. Roll collar. . Each, \$5.00 \( \Delta \) \$54.00 Doz.

#### SHAKER SWEATER

No. 3. Good quality all wool sweater, Shaker knit, well made throughout. Sizes: 30 to 44 inches. Standard weight, slightly lighter than No B. Carried in stock in Gray or White only. See list below of collars supplied on special orders. Roll collar. . . . Each, \$4.00 ★ \$45.00 Doz.

We allow four inches for stretch in all our sweaters, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coat measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit. PLAIN COLORS-Sweaters on this page are supplied in any of the colors designated, at regular prices. Other colors to order only in any quality, 50c. each garment extra.

SPECIAL ORDERS—In addition to stock colors mentioned, we also supply any of the sweaters listed on this page, without extra charge, on special orders only, not carried in stock, in any of the following colors: BLACK CARDINAL SEAL BROWN MAROON

DARK GREEN SCARLET COLUMBIA BLUE NAVY N. B.-We designate three shades which are sometimes called RED. They are Scarlet, Cardinal, Maroon. Where

RED is specified on order, we supply Cardinal. SPECIAL NOTICE-Solid color sweaters with one color body and another color (not striped) collar and cuffs

furnished in any of the colors noted, on special order, at no extra charge.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

OMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US



A comment

#### SPALDING COAT JERSEYS

No. 10C. Worsted, same grade as No. 10P Plain (listed on Page 100). Solid stock colors (not striped), or one solid stock color body and sleeves with different stock color solid trimming (not striped) on cuffs, collar and front edging. Pearl buttons. Each, \$3.50 ★ \$39.00 Doz.

#### SPALDING STRIPED JERSEYS

Following sizes carried in stock regularly in all qualities: 28 to 44 inch chest. Other sizes at an advanced price.

We allow two inches for stretch in all our Jerseys, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coal measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fit.



No. 12PW. Good quality worsted; solid stock color body and sleeves, 6 in, stock color stripe around body. Colors as noted. Each, \$2.75 ★ \$30.00 Doz.

No. 10PX. Special quality worsted, fashioned; solid stock color body, with stock color striped sleeves, usually alternating two inches of same color as body, with narrow stripes of any other stock color. Colors as noted. . . Each, \$3.25 \* \$33.00 Doz. No. 12PX. Good quality worsted; solid color body, striped sleeves, usually alternating two inches of same color as body, narrow stripes of some other color. Colors as noted. Each, \$2.75 \* \$30.00 Doz.

STOCK COLORS of Nos. JOPX,
BLACK AND ORANGE Jerseys
NAVY AND WHITE
BLACK AND SCARLET
ROYAL BLUE AND WHITE
COLUMBIA BLUE AND WHITE
SCARLET AND WHITE
MAROON AND WHITE

Second color mentioned is for body stripe or for stripes on sleeves. Other colors than as noted above to order only, not more than two colors in any garment, 50c. each extra.

SPALDING COTTON JERSEYS



No. 12PW

Nos. 10 PX and 12 PX COTTO

No.6X. Cotton, as No. 6, but with striped sleeves in following combinations only: Navy with White or Red Stripe; Black with Orange or Red Stripe; Maroon with White Stripe. Ea., \$1.25 ★ \$13.20 Doz.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more.

Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

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### A. G. SPALDING & BROS STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

#### Spalding Worsted Jerseys

Following sizes carried in stock regularly in all qualities: 28 to 44 inch chest. Other sizes at an advanced price. We allow two inches for stretch in all our Jerseys, and sizes are marked accordingly. It is suggested, however, that for very heavy men a size about two inches larger than coal measurement be ordered to insure a comfortable fil.



durable, and at the same time they offer no restraint on the

free movement of the player

STOCK COLORS PLAIN COLORS—We carry in stock in all Spalding Stores our line of worsted jerseys (NOT Nos. 12XB, 6, or 6X) in following

NAVY BLUE BLACK GRAY MAROON

SPECIAL ORDERS

We also furnish, without extra charge, on special orders for one-half dozen or more, on carried in stock and NOT supplied in Nos. 12XB, 6, or 6X, the following colors, on orders for less than one-half dozen 10 per cent. will he added to regular price. ARDINAL RISH GREN. ORANGE PURPLE SCARLET YELLOW ROYAL BLUE SEAL BROWN COLUMBLA BLUE SEAL BROWN COLUMBLA BLUE SEAL BROWN

colors:

COLUMBIA BLUE OLD GOLD Other colors than as noted above to order only in any quality (EXCEPT Nos. 14P, 12XB, 6, and 6X), 50c, each extra.

N, B.—We designate three shades which are sometimes called RED. They are Searlet, Cardinal, and Maroon. Where RED is specified on order, Cardinal will be supplied.



SPALDING INTERCOLLEGIATE JERSEY

This jersey we consider in a class by itself. No other manufacturer makes a garment of anywhere near the same grade. We recommend it to those who really want the best. Jerseys are being used more and more by Base Ball Players, especially for early Spring and late Fall games. On account of the special Spalding knit they are very No. 1P. Regular roll collar. Full regular made; that is, fashioned or knit to exact shape on the

machine and then put together by hand, altogether different from cutting them out of s piece of material and sewing them up on a machine, as are the majority of garments known as Jerseys. Special quality worsted. Solid colors as specified above. Each, \$4.00 \( \structure \) 342 00 Dos. No. 1PF. Straight low collar. Quality of worsted and manufacture same as No. IP. Solid colors as specified above. . . Each, \$4.00 \* \$42.00 Doz.

No. 1PF Jersey with Necklace No. 1P Jersey with Woven Letter

No. 10P. Regular roll collar. Special quality worsted, fashioned. Solid colors as specified Each, \$3.00 \* \$30.00 Dos. No. 10PF. Straight low collar. Quality of worsted and manufacture same as No. 10P.

Solid colors as specified above. Each, \$3.00 \* \$30.00 Dos. No. 12P. Regular roll collar., Good quality worsted. Solid colors as specified above. Each, \$2.50 \* \$27.00 Dos.

No. 14P. Regular roll collar. Worsted. Solid colors: Navy Blue, Black, Gray, and Maroon Each, \$2.00 \* \$21.00 Dos

No. 12XB. Boys' Jersey. Regular roll collar. Worsted. Furnished in sizes 26 to 34 inches chest measurement only. Solid colors: Nav. Blue, Black, Gray, and Maroon only. No special orders. Each, \$2.00 \* \$21 00 Dos

Jerseys with Necklace—Nos. 1P, 1PF, 10P, 10Pf o 12P Jerseys with necklace stripe of any color specified above, at an extra charge of \$1.00 per garment

Woven Letters, Numerals or Designs We weave into our best grade Jerseys, No. 1P, Letters Numerals and Designs in special colors as desired Prices quoted on application. Designs submitted Prices Subject to Advance Without Notice.

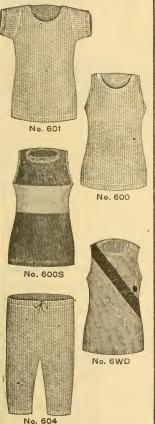
The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

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ARGE CITIES

#### ADE-MARK GUARAN HE SPALDING

#### Spalding Athletic Shirts and



STOCK COLORS AND SIZES. OUR WORSTED GOODS are fur-nished in Gray, White, Navy Blue, Maroon, and Black only. Stock sizes: Shirts, 26 to 44 inch chest. Tights, 28 to 42 inch waist. SANITARY COTTON GOODS. Colors: Bleached White, Navy, Black, Maroon, and Gray. Stock sizes: Shirts, 26 to 44 inch chest. Tights, 26 to 42 inch waist.

#### Spalding Sleeveless Shirts-Plain Colors

STOCK COLORS AND SIZES No. 600. Good quality worsted. Each, \$1.25 \* \$12.60 Doz. No. 6E. Sanitary Cotton. . . .50 +

Spalding Striped Sleeveless Shirts

No. 600S. Good quality worsted, with 6-inch stripe around chest, in following combinations of colors: Navy with White stripe; Black with Orange stripe; Maroon with White stripe; Red with Black stripe; Royal Blue with White Stripe; Black with Red stripe; Gray with Cardinal stripe.

Each, \$1.50 \( \subseteq \) \$15.00 Doz.

No. 6ES. Sanitary Cotton, solid color body, with 6-inch stripe

around chest, in same combinations of colors as No. 600S. Each, 75c. \* \$7.50 Doz.

Spalding Shirts with Sash

No. 600D. Good quality worsted, sleeveless, with woven sash of different color from body. Same colors as No. 600S. To order only; not carried in stock. . . . Each, \$2.00 \* \$21.00 Doz. No. 6WD. Sanitary Cotton, sleeveless, with woven sash of different color from body. Same combinations of colors as No. 600S. To order only; not carried in stock.

No. 6ED. Sanitary Cotton, sleeveless, solid color body with sash stitched on of different color. Same combinations of colors as No. 600S. . . . . . Each, 75c. \* \$7.50 Doz.

Spalding Quarter Sleeve Shirts

No. 601. Good quality worst-ed, stock colors and sizes. Each, \$1.50 \( \subseteq \text{S15.00 Doz.} \)

Each, \$1.50 \( \subseteq \text{S15.00 Doz.} \)

Each, \$2.75 Doz.

#### Woven Necklace on Shirts

We furnish either Nos. 600, 601 or 600S Shirts, on special orders only, with necklace woven of different color to body of shirt, in stock colors only, for an extra charge of \$1.00 per garment,

Spalding Full Sleeve Shirts
No. 3D. Cotton, Flesh, White, Black. Ea., \$1.00 \$\square\$ \$10.00 Doz.

Spalding Knee Tights

STOCK COLORS AND SIZES No. 604. Good quality worsted. Pair, \$1.25 \stacksquare \$12.60 Doz. No. 4B. Sanitary Cotton. ".50 \stacksquare 4.75

Spalding Juvenile Shirts and Tights
ONLY SIZES SUPPLIED: Chest, 26 to 30 inches, inclusive; Waist,
No. 65. Sleeveless Shirt, quality of No. 600.

Each, \$1.00

No. 65S. Sleeveless Shirt, quality of No. 600S. . No. 66. Quarter Sleeve Shirt, quality of No. 601. 1.25 1.25 No. 64. Knee Tights, quality of No. 604. . . 1.15

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with  $\bigstar$  will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

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#### RADE-MARK GUARAN THE SPALDING (





Spalding Worsted Trunks

No. 1. Best worsted, Black, Maroon, and Navy. Pair, \$2.00 No. 2. Good quality worsted, Navy, and Black. Special colors to order. Pair, \$1.00



#### Spalding Velvet Trunks



No. 3. Fine Velvet. Black, Navy, Royal Blue, Maroon. Special colors to ord Per pair, \$1.00 \ \$10.00 Doz. No. 4. Sateen, Black, White. Pair, 50c. \* \$5.00 Doz.

OLYMPIC RECORDS—Complete ac-count of the Olympic Games in Spalding Athletic Library, No. 17R. Price 25 Cents

#### Spalding Boys' Knee Pants

No. 2B. Boys' Leaders. Blue flannel Y.M.C.A. Knee Pants, stripe down side. . . . . . Per pair, \$2.50 No. 14B. Boys' Knee Pants, same quality as No. 4 Y.M.C.A. trousers, with stripe down side. Pair, \$1.00 \* \$10.80 Doz.

Spalding Basket Ball Pants No. 6B. Good quality, either Gray or White flannel, padded lightly on hips;

very loose fitting.

Per pair, \$1.75 \* \$18.00 Doz. Heavy Brown or White canvas, padded lightly on hips; very loses fitting. Per pair, \$1.00 \$\times \$9.60 Doz. No. 7B. White Silesia, hips padded; loose fitting. Pair, 75c. \$\times 57.80 Doz. No. 40P. Padded knee length pants. No. 407. Fadded thee length pains. White Silesia. Pr., \$1.00 ★ \$10.20 Doz. No. 40. Similar to No. 40P, but unpadded. Per pair, 75c. ★ \$7.80 Doz. Stripes down sides of an of above pants, extra. Per pair, 25c. ★ \$2.40 Doz. Spalding Basket Ball Pads and Protectors

No. 9KP. Solid leather knee cap, heavily padded with felt.

Per pair, \$3.50 \* \$39.00 Doz. Prs. No. KP. Made entirely of felt. Otherwise

similar to No. 9KP Per pair, \$2.00 \* \$21.00 Doz. Prs. No. KE. Combined leather knee pad

and elastic bandage.
Per pair, \$2.50 \(\pi\) \$27.00 Doz. Prs. No. 1. Knee Pad, knit knee piece, heavily

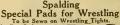


No. KE



No. 2. Men's Leaders. Blue or Gray flannel, stripe down side. Perpair, \$3.50 No. 3. No. 3. Flannel, good quality," No. 4. Flannel, medium quality.

Per pair, \$1.75 \* \$18.00 Doz.



No. B. Soft tanned horse hide cover, hair felt padding.Pr.,75c. No. 62. Covered with tan leather, padded. Pr.,50c. No. 61. Cloth cov. No. B

ered, padded with wool felt. Pair, 25c,



Y. M. C. A. Trousers

Regular worsted. Colors: Black, Navy or Maroon. Sizes: 28 to 42 inch waist. No. 1A. Best worsted, full fashioned. Per pair, \$4.00 No. 605. Good quality worsted.

Spalding Full Length Tights

Pair, \$2.00 \* 821.60 Doz. Cotton, full quality. No. 3A. White.

Black, Flesh. Pair, \$1.00 \* \$10.00 Doz.

#### Spalding Wrestling Full Tights

Not carried in stock. Supplied on Special Orders only. No. WA. Best worsted, knit to shape and put together by hand. Reinforced at knees, Regular colors and sizes.

Per pair, \$6.00

Spalding Special Combined Wrestling Supporter and Belt

No. WS. Mercerized silk elastic, strong and durable. The only

safe supporter for wrestling. . . . Each, \$2,00

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with \* will be quoted only on orders for one-half dozen or more. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

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No. 5B

### THE SPALDING (( TRADE MARK GUARA

#### DING ATH FIIC

Our "Highest Quality" Stockings are best quality worsted, have white mercerized cotton feet, with tripled toes and heels. They are heavy ribbed, full fashioned, hug the leg closely but comfortably, and are very durable.

No. 3-0. Best worsted, white mercerized feet. Carried in stock in Black, Navy Blue, and Maroon. See list below of note below regarding colors supplied on special orders. . . . . . . . . . . . Per pair, \$1.75 \* \$18.00 Doz.

No. 3-0C. Calf with one stripe 4 inches wide, best quality worsted, white mercerized feet. Made on special orders, See special note below regarding special orders. Per pair, \$1.75 \* S/8.00 Doz.

SPECIAL ORDERS-PLAIN COLORS-All Spalding Stockings (except No. 4R) are supplied in any of the colors designated, on special orders only, without extra charge. Other colors to order only in any quality except No. 4R, 25c. per pair extra.

STRIPES—Striped Stockings are supplied (except in No. 4RC) in any of the colors noted (not more than two colors) on special orders only, without extra charge. Other colors to order only in any quality except No. 4RC, 25c. per pair extra.

GRAY ROYAL BLUE PURPLE WHITE COLUMBIA BLUE YELLOW ORANGE DARK GREEN SEAL BROWN SCARLET IRISH GREEN OLD GOLD CARDINAL N. B.-We designate three shades which are sometimes called RED. They are

Scarlet, Cardinal, and Maroon. Where RED is specified on order Cardinal will be supplied.

SPALDING RIBBED STOCKINGS

STRIPE 4 INCHES WIDE AROUND CALF

Stock Colors carried in stock in following color combinations. Second color indicates calf stripe,

BLACK AND SCARLET BLACK AND ORANGE SCARLET AND WHITE

MAROON AND WHITE ROYAL BLUE AND WHITE NAVY AND WHITE COLUMBIA BLUE AND WHITE (except in No. 4RC).

SPECIAL ORDERS-See special note above regarding special orders (except for No. 4RC).

No. 1RC. Heavy weight, good quality worsted, white mercerized cotton feet, tripled toes and heels. . . . . . . . . . . . Per pair, \$1.10 \* \$12.00 Doz. es and heels. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Per pair, \$1.10 \* \$12.00 Dos.

Medium weight, all wool, white mercerized cotton feet, reinforced No. 2RC. Per pair, \$1.00 \* \$1020 Doz. toes and heels. No. 3RC. Good quality wool, with cotton strand added to increase strength, white Per pair, 75c. \* \$8.40 Doz. cotton feet with reinforced toes and heels. . . . No. 4RC. Striped Cotton, white feet. Furnished in stock colors only. No special orders. Per pair, 40c. \* \$1.20 Doz.

STRIPED 2-INCH ALTERNATE-Stockings striped alternately not carried in stock at our stores, but will be made on special orders at prices specified below. See special note above regarding colors supplied on special orders.

No. 1RC No. 1RS. Heavy weight, good quality worsted. Feet same as No. IRC. . . . . . Per pair, \$1.10 \* \$12.00 Doz No. 2RS. Medium weight, all wool. Feet same as No. 2RC. . . . 1.00 \* 10.20

No. 3RS. Good quality wool, with cotton strand added to increase strength. Feet same as No. 3RC. Pair, .75 8.10 " PLAIN COLORS, WITH WHITE COTTON FEET-REINFORCED AT TOES AND HEELS Carried in stock in following colors: BLACK, NAVY BLUE, MAROON. See special note above

regarding special orders (except for No. 4R). 

No. 3R. Good quality wool, with cotton strand added to increase strength. .60 \* 6.00 " Feet same as No. 3RC.

2.50 " No. 4R. Cotton. Stock Colors. No special orders. . . .25 \*

Special White Stockings

No. BB. Natural white stockings, light weight, worn under regular colored stockings. . . Per pair, 15c.

Spalding Heavy Cotton Socks for Athletes

No. SS. Good quality, ribbed and very tull in leg to allow for turn over. Supplied in either light, medium or dark gray. Particularly suitable for lawn tennis, rowing and tramping. . . Pair, 50c.

The prices printed in italics opposite items marked with 🛊 will be quoted only on orders for one- 🥌 half dozen or more at one time. Quantity prices NOT allowed on items NOT marked with \*

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FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORES SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

No. SS

### ACCEPT NO THE SPALDING ( TRADE-MARK QUARANTEES QUALITY

# SPALDING OLYMPIC CHAMPIONSHIP SHOES

All of these shoes are hand made. Finest kangaroo leather uppers and best white oak leather soles. They are the same style shoes that we supplied to the American athletes who were so successful at the last Olympic Games, and they are worn in competition by all prominent athletes in this country.



#### Spalding "Olympic Championship" Sprint Running

No. 2-0. Extremely light and glove fitting. Hand made steel spikes firmly riveted on. This shoe is worn by all champions in sprint and short distance races.

Per pair, \$6.00

#### Spalding "Olympic Championship" Distance Running Shoe

No.14C. For distance races on athletic tracks. Low, broad heel, flexible shank. Hand made steel spikes in sole. No spikes in heel.

Per pair. \$6.00



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#### Spalding MARATHON MARAGON Running Shoes Distance Long

No. MH. High cut, but light in weight. Well finished inside so as not to hurt the feet in a long race. Special leather soles, will not wear smooth; light leather heels; special quality black calfskin uppers. Hand sewed. Pair. \$5.00







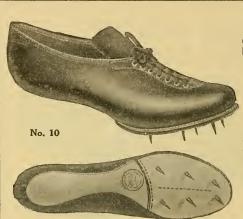
No. MO. Low cut. Blucher style. Otherwisethesame as No. MH. Per pair, \$5.00

Keep the uppers of all running shoes soft and pliable by using Spald-

ing Waterproof Oil. It will greatly add to the wear of shoes.

Per can, 25c.

G. SPALDING & BROS



# Spalding Outdoor Running Shoe

No. 10. Fine quality calfskin; light weight. Hand made steel spikes. Pair, \$5.00

### Spalding Outdoor Jumping Shoe

No. 14J. Good quality calfskin; partly machine made. Satisfactory quality; durable. Steel spikes.

Per pair, \$4.50



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# Spalding Outdoor Running Shoes



No.11T. Calfskin, machine made; solid leather tap sole holds spikes firmly in place. Pair, \$4.50 \$48.00 Doz.

No. 11. Calfskin,

Per pair, \$3.50 ★ \$36.00 Doz.

#### Juuenile Outdoor Running Shoes

No. 12. Leather, good quality, complete with spikes. Sizes 12 to 5 only.

Per pair, \$2.75

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STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

### **BOOKS FOR ATHLETES**

SPALDING "RED COVER" SERIES
No. 17R

### OLYMPIC G A M E S

By J. E. Sullivan, American Commissioner to the Olympic Games, Stockholm, Sweden,

1912. The only book that contains all the records made in Sweden, with winners at previous Olympiads and best Olympic records; list of members of the American team; how the team trained on the Finland, which was chartered especially to convey the athletes, and incidents of the trip; ceremonies at the opening, and other interesting accounts. Profusely illustrated with scenes at Olympic Games and pictures of prominent competitors,

PRICE 25 CENTS.



SPALDING ATHLETIC LIBRARY Group XII, No. 331

# SCHOOLYARD ATHLETICS

By J. E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer Amateur Athetic Union and Member Board of

Education of Greater New York. The great interest in athletics developed in public schools led to the compilation of this book with a view to systematizing events that form distinctive athletic features of school recreation. With its aid a teacher should be able to conduct meets. Directions given for becoming expert in various lines will appeal to the pupil. Chapters by leading athletes. Illustrated with photos taken in public school yards.

PRICE 10 CENTS.



### New Things in Athletics

If you want to know what is new in Athletic equipment or Base Ball equipment for this year—new bats, new mitts, new gloves, new masks, the latest in uniforms and shoes—send your name and address to the nearest Spalding store (see list on inside front cover) and you will receive a copy of the new Spalding catalogue free by return mail. It also contains group pictures of the world champions, the Boston Red Sox; the National League champions, the New York Giants, and action pictures of prominent players and world series scenes; also the latest in lawn tennis, golf and all spring and summer sports.

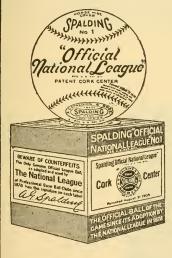
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A.G.SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

# Spalding "Official National League" Ball

#### Patent Cork Center

Patented August 31, 1909



No. 1 { Each, . . \$1.25 Per Dozen, \$15.00

Adopted by the National League in 1878, is the only ball used in Championship games since that time and has now been adopted for twenty years more, making a total adoption of fifty-four years.



This ball has the Spalding "Patent" Cork Center, the same as used since August 1, 1910, without change in size of cork or construction

Each ball wrapped in tinfoil, packed in a separate box, and sealed in accordance with the latest League regulations. Warranted to last a full game when used under ordinary conditions.

The Spalding "Official National League" Ball has been the Official Ball of the Game since 1878

Spalding Complete Catalogue of Athletic Goods Mailed Free.

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A.G.SPALDING & BROS.
STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

#### THE SPALDING RADE-MARK

### urand-Steel Lockers

Wooden lockers are objectionable. because they attract vermin, absorb odors, can be easily broken into, and are dangerous m account of fire.

Lockers made from wire mesh or expanded metal afford little secure Ity. as they can be easily entered with wire cutters. Clothes placed in them become covered with dust, and the lockers themselves present a poor appearance, resembling animal cages. Durand-Steel Lockers are made of finest

grade furniture steel and are finished with gloss black, furnace-baked japan (400°), comparable

to that used on hospital ware, which will never flake off nor require refinishing, as do paints and enamels.



Some of the 6,000 Durand-Steel Lockers Installed in the Public Cymnasiums of Chicago. 12'x 15'x 42', Double Tier.

Durand-Steel Lockers are usually built with doors perforated full length in panel design with sides and backs solid. This prevents clothes in one locker

from coming in contact with wet garments in adjoining lockers, while plenty of ventilation is secured by having the door perforated its entire length, but, if the purchaser prefers, we perforate the backs also.

The cost of Durand-Steel Lockers is no more than that of first-class wooden lockers, and they last as long as the building, are sanitary, secure, and, in addition, are fire-proof.

THE FOLLOWING STANDARD SIZES ARE THOSE MOST COMMONLY USED:

DOUBLE TIER SINCLE TIER 12 x 12 x 36 Inch 15 x 15 x 36 Inch 12 x 12 x 42 Inch 15 x 15 x 42 Inch

12 x 12 x 60 Inch 15 x 15 x 60 Inch 12 x 12 x 72 Inch 15 x 15 x 72 Inch

SPECIAL SIZES MADE TO ORDER,

We are handling lockers as a special contract business, and shipment will in every case be made direct from the factory in Chicago. If you will let us know the number of lockers, size and arrangement, we shall be glad to take up, through correspondence, the matter of prices.







Three Leckers in Single Tier

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FOR COMPLETE LIST OF STORES SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK

Prices in effect January 5, 1913. Subject to change without notice. For Canadian prices see special Canadian Catalogue,

### Spalding's New Athletic Goods Catalogue

The following selection of items from Spalding's latest Catalogue will give an idea of the great variety of ATHLETIC GOODS manufactured by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. SEND FOR A FREE COPY.

SEE LIST OF SPALDING STORES ON INSIDE FRONT COVER OF THIS BOOK.

Archery Ash Bars Athletic Library Attachm ts, Chest Weight Discs— Marking, Golf Rubber, Golf Shoe-Discus, Olympic Disks, Striking Bag Dumb Bells

Emblems

Felt Letters

Gloves-Base Ball

Boxing Cricket Fencing Golf

Hand Ball

Basket Ball Goli Clubs Golf Counters

Gut Preservative, Tennis Guy Ropes and Pegs Gymna'm Suits, Ladies'

Grips --Athletic Golf

Glove Softener Goal Cage, Polo

Embroidery Equestrian Polo mbroidery

Glasses, Base Ball Sun

Jackets, Fencing lavelins lerseys

Knee Protectors

Lacrosse Lanes for Spriots Lawn Bowls Leg Guards— Base Ball Cricket Field Hockey

Embroidered Felt

Mallets-Cricket questrian Polo Roque Markers, Tennis

Masks— Base Ball Fencing Mattresses Megaphones Mitts-Base Ball Handball Striking Bag

Monograms Mufflers, Knitted Nets-Cricket Golf Driving Tennis Volley Ball

Numbers, Competitors'

Chamois, Fencing Sliding, Base Ball Wrestling Paint, Golf Pants ants— Base Ball Basket Ball Bathing, Knee Boys' Knee Running
Pennants, College
Pistol, Starter's
Plastrons, Fencing
Plates— Base Ball Shoe

Marking, Tennis Pitchers' Box

Teeing Coff

Pitchers

Platforms, Striking Bag , Poles, Vaulting Polo, Equestrian Polo, Roller, Goods Posts-

Backstop, Tennis Lawn Tennis Protectors— Abdomen
Base Ball Body
Eye Glass
Indoor Base Ball
Thumb Protection, Running Shoes Pulleys and Axle, Tennis Push Ball Pushers, Chamois Puttees, Golf

Quoits

Racket Covers Racket Preses Rackets, Lawn Tennis Rackets Restrung Racks, Golf Ball. Rapiers Reels for Tennis Posts Referee's Whistle Rings-Exercising Swinging Roque

Rowing Machines

Sacks, for Sack Racing Sandow Dumb Bells Score Books— Base Ball Basket Ball Cricket Golf Tennis core Tablets, Base Ball

Shirts-Athletic . Base Ball Shoes— Base Ball Basket Ball Bowling Clog Cricket Cricket
Cross Country
Fencing
Foot Ball, Association
Foot Ball, College
Foot Ball, Rugby
Foot Ball, Socces

Gymnasium

Jumping Running

Skating

quash

Umpire Indicator Uniforms, Base Ball

Shot— Athletic Indoor Skate Rollers Skates, Roller Sleeve, Pitchers

Slippers, Bathing Squash Goods

Vaulting Volley Ball

S.op Boards

Supporters Ankle Wrist

Suspensories Sweat Band

Suits-

Striking Bags Stumps and Bails

Gymnasium, Ladies Swimming

Sweaters Swivels, Striking Bag Swords, Duelling Swords, Fencing

Take-Off Board
Tape—
Adhesive
Cricket, Measuring
Marking, Tennis

Measuring Steel
Tees, Golf
Tether Tennis
Tights—
Athletic
Full

ull, Wrestling

rousers, Y.M.C.A. runks— Bathing Velvet Worsted

Knee Toe Boarda

Volley Balf Straps— Base Ball For Three-Legged Race Spikes, Cricket Steel Cable, Tennis Net Sticks, Polo

Wands, Calisthenic Watches, Stop Water Wings Water wings
Weights, 56-lb.
Whistles, Rolerees
Wrestling Equipment
Wrist Machines

Bags—
Bat
Bathing Suit
Caddy
Cricket
Striking
Tennis
Uniform Balls-Base

Fencing Sticks Field Hockey Finger Protection Cricket Field Hockey Golf Hand Flage— College Foul, Base Ball Marking, Golf Foils, Fencing ndoor Medicine Playground

Squash

Volley
Water Polo
Ball Cleaner, Golf
Bandages, Elastic
Bar Bells
Bars, Horizontal
Bases— Base Ball Indoor athing Suits

Base Ball Cricket Indoor Batting Cage, Base Ball Belts

Leather and Worsted Bladders-Basket Ball Striking Bag Blades, Fencing

Caddy Badges

Base Ball University Water Polo Water Polo Center Forks, Iron Center Straps, Canvas Chest Weights Circle, Seven-Foot Clock Goll Coats, Base Ball Collars, Swimming Corks, Running Covers, Racket Crocket Goods Crouet Goods Crouet Goods Cross Bars

Hammera, Athletic Handle Cover, Rubber Hangers for Indian Clubs Hangers for India Hats, University Health Pull Hob Nails Hole Cutter, Golf Hole Rim, Golf Hurdles, Safety Hurley Goodg

> Indian Clubs Inflaters-Striking Bag

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ANY COMMUNICATIONS ADDRESSED TO US

A. G. SPALDING & BROS. STORES IN ALL LARGE CITIES

### Standard Policy

A Standard Quality must be inseparably linked to a Standard Policy. Without a definite and Standard Mercantile Policy, it is impossible for a

Manufacturer to long maintain a Standard Quality.

To market his goods through the jobber, a manufacturer must provide a profit for the jobber as well as for the retail dealer. To meet these conditions of Dual Profits, the manufacturer is obliged to set a proportionately high list

or Dual Froms, the maintacturer is conged to the a proportional fine manufacturer in the consumer.

To enable the glib salesman, when booking his orders, to figure out attractive profits to both the jobber and retailer, these high list prices are absolutely essential; but their real purpose will have been served when the manufacturer has secured his order from the jobber, and the jobber has secured

his order from the retailer.

However, these deceptive high list prices are not fair to the consumer, who does not, and, in reality, is not ever expected to pay these fancy list prices. When the season opens for the sale of such goods, with their misleading but alluring high list prices, the retailer begins to realize his responsibilities, and grapples with the situation as best he can, by offering "special discounts,"

which vary with local trade conditions.

Under this system of merchandising, the profits to both the manufacturer and the jobber are assured; but as there is no stability maintained in the prices to the consumer, the keen competition amongst the local dealers invariably leads to a demoralized cutting of prices by which the profits of the retailer are practically eliminated.

This demoralization always reacts on the manufacturer. The jobber insists on lower, and still lower, prices. The manufacturer, in his turn, meets this demand for the lowering of prices by the only way open to him, viz.: the cheapening and degrading of the quality of his product.

The foregoing conditions became so intolerable that 14 years ago, in 1899, A. G. Spalding & Bros. determined to rectify this demoralization in the Athletic Goods Trade, and inaugurated what has since become known as "The Spalding

Goods I rade, and inaugurated what has since become known as "The Spaiding Policy."

The "Spalding Policy" eliminates the jobber entirely, so far as Spalding Goods are concerned, and the retail dealer secures the supply of Spalding Athletic Goods direct from the manufacturer by which the retail dealer is assured a fair, legitimate and certain profit on all Spalding Athletic Goods, and the consumer is assured a Standard Quality and is protected from imposition.

The "Spalding Policy" is decidedly for the interest and protection of the users of Athletic Goods, and acts in two ways:

First.—The user is assured of genuine Official Standard Athletic Goods and the same prices to everybody.

Second.-As manufacturers, we can proceed with confidence in purchasing at the proper time, the very best raw materials required in the manufacture of our various goods, well ahead of their respective seasons, and this enables us to provide the necessary quantity and absolutely maintain the Spalding Standard of Quality.

All retail dealers handling Spalding Athletic Goods are requested to supply

All retail dealers nanding Spaiding Athletic Goods are requested to supply consumers at our regular printed catalogue prices—neither more nor less—the same prices that similar goods are sold for in our New York, Chicago and other stores. All Spalding dealers, as well as users of Spalding Athletic Goods, are treated exactly alike, and no special rebates or discriminations are allowed to anyone. This briefly, is the "Spalding Policy," which has already been in successful operation for the past 14 years, and will be indefinitely continued. In other words, "The Spalding Policy" is a "square deat" for everybody.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

By a.g. Spalding.









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GRAND PRIZE



GRAND PRIX

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THLETIC GOODS STANDARD OF THE WORLD

MAINTAIN WHOLESALE and RETAIL STORES in the FOLLOWING CITIES:

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ST. LOUIS

MILWAUKEE PHILADELPHIA DETROIT

KANSAS CITY SAN FRANCISCO

NEWARK BUFFALO CINCINNATI CLEVELAND SEATTLE

LOS ANGELES

SYRACUSE ROCHESTER COLUMBUS

MINNEAPOLIS INDIANAPOLIS ST. PAUL

BALTIMORE

PITTSBURGH ATLANTA

DENVER DALLAS

WASHINGTON LONDON, ENGLAND

LOUISVILLE

NEW ORLEANS

MANCHESTER, ENGLAND EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

MONTREAL, CANADA TORONTO, CANADA

GLASGOW, SCOTLAND SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA PARIS, FRANCE

Factories owned and operated by A.G. Spalding & Bros. and where all of Spalding's Trade-Merked Athletic Goods are made are located in the following cities

NEW YORK BROOKLYN

CHICAGO BOSTON

SAN FRANCISCO PHILADELPHIA

CHICOPEE. MASS. LONDON, ENG.