





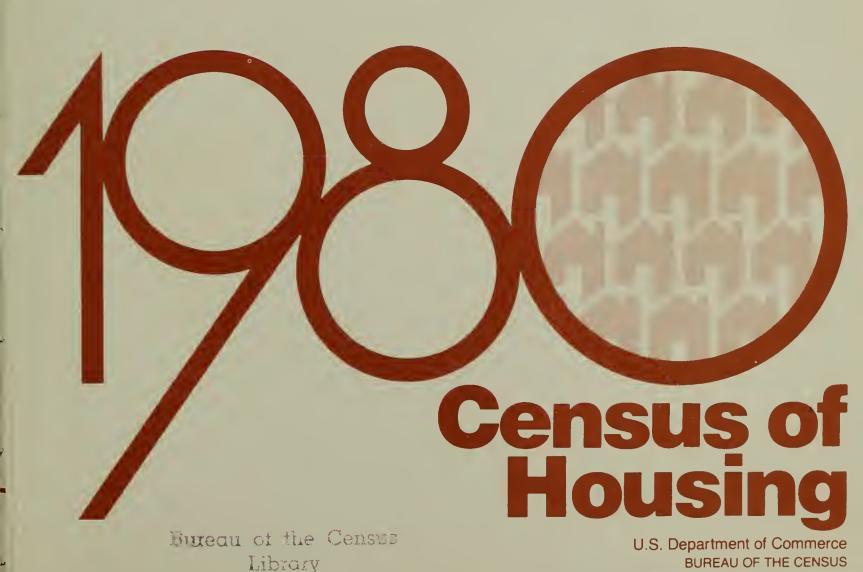
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# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

KENOSHA, WIS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







**VOLUME 2** 

### **Data Index**

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

KENOSHA, WIS.

HC80-2-201

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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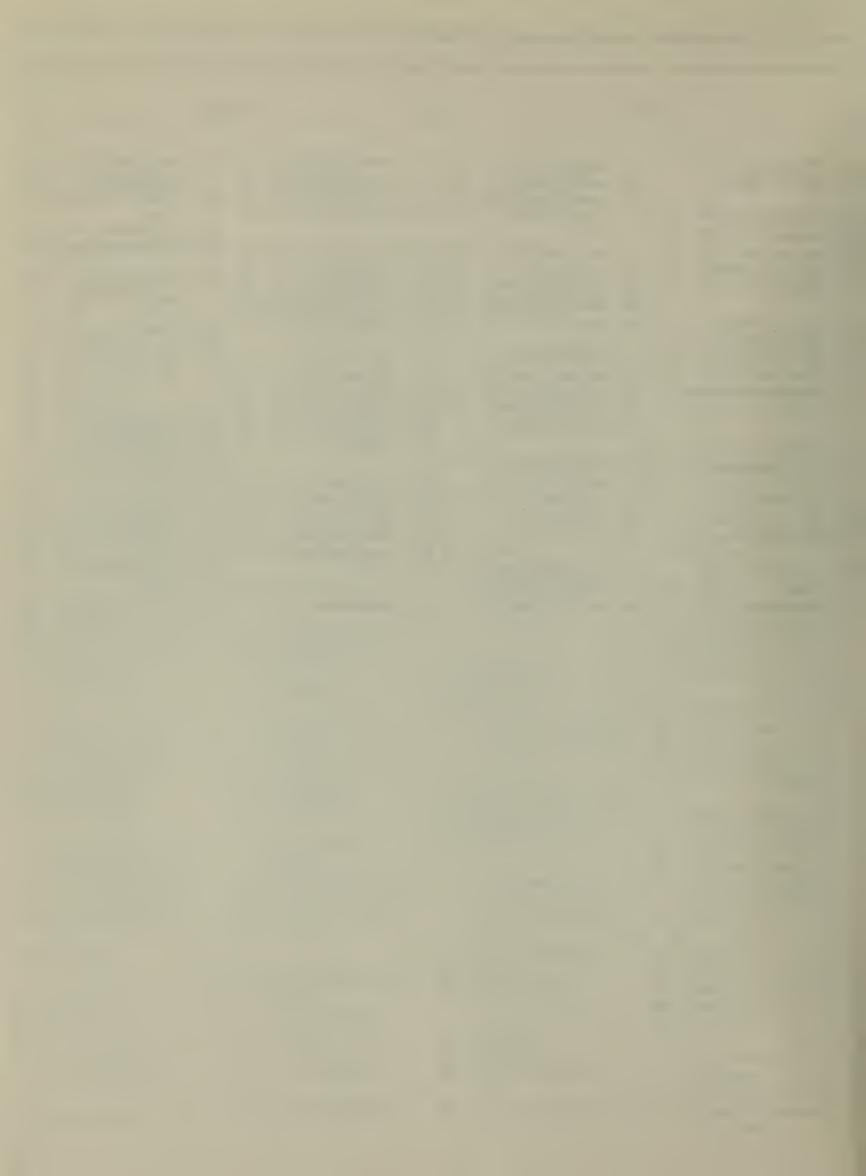
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#### Introduction

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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980-Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

#### CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

# DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

# KENOSHA, WIS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-201

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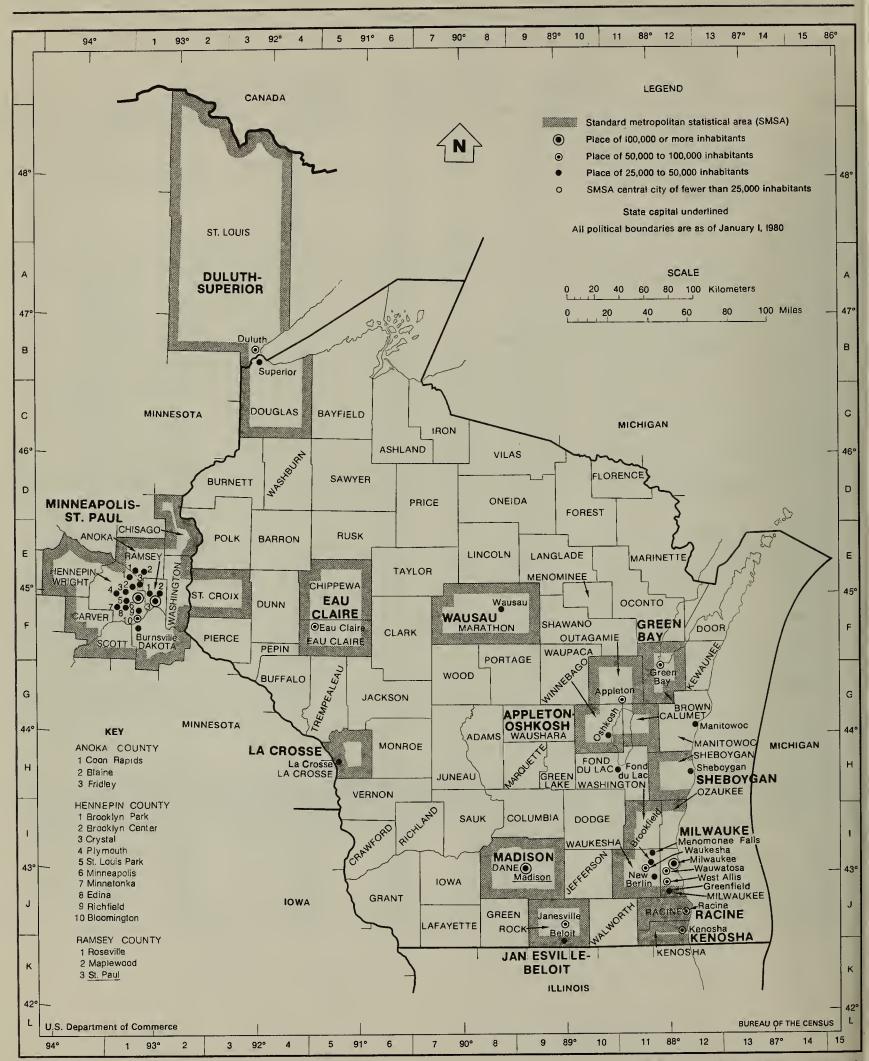
# Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	3	- 4	_ 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	_ _ _ 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2 2	- - -		- 5 -	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 -	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value			_ _		5 - -	6 -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income		- - -	  -  -	_ 4 4	5 - - -	6 - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	1	2	3	4	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4 - -	5 - · -	6 - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25 36	15 26 37	16 27 38	17 28 39	18 29 40	19 30 41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47 58	48 59	49 60	50 61	51 62	52 63

# Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	7	8 8	_ _	_	-	_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	 10 	- - - -	12 - 12 12	13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	- - -	9 –	- - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8		- - - -	- - - -	12 - - - -	-
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	_ _	_	9 -	-	=	_ 12	-
monthly owner costs	- - -	- - -	9 - 9	- - -	11 11 - 11	- - -	- - -
Rent asked	- -	-	9	10	11	12	-
household income			_	10	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	- 9 9	_ _ _	_ 11 11	- - -	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_ _	_ _
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	

# Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



#### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



## Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$59,999	\$60,000 ta \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)
Specified owner-occupled housing units	25 121	67	356	2 221	4 870	6 009	4 371	4 683	1 570	839	135	48 300	53 000
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	19 121 399 4 331 4 470 7 192 2 729 1 896 111 421 314 547 503 4 104 58 470 569 1 262 1 745 48.3	27 	134 8 7 37 39 43 112 - 8 8 39 37 110 4 2 12 46 46 57.8	1 244 42 228 160 413 401 298 13 45 26 84 130 679 17 59 62 179 362 179 362 58.9	3 168 103 842 433 1 091 699 480 22 91 83 150 134 1 222 16 134 173 344 555 52.9	4 617 138 1 155 845 1 764 715 428 44 130 54 90 110 964 - 156 162 296 350 48.2	3 591 53 890 868 1 397 383 265 20 69 48 85 43 515 63 143 215 46.0	4 057 51 844 1 267 1 556 339 168 8 46 25 458 2 2 25 161 45.0	1 371 2 244 489 531 105 82 4 20 32 18 8 117 - 19 21 30 47 43.8	787 2 115 318 319 33 19 2 17 - 33 5 19 9 44.4	125 6 43 73 3 10 - - 8 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	50 800 43 600 49 400 58 500 51 700 42 700 43 200 43 200 43 200 43 100 39 600 36 600 36 900 41 700 41 500 42 000 38 500 	56 000 45 300 53 200 63 300 57 500 45 900 45 400 44 800 37 200 48 800 43 500 43 800 44 800 47 200 48 800 48 800 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 40
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 424 6 443 4 481 6 001 5 772	2 29 5 18 13	22 87 69 89 89	190 415 371 399 846	352 1 107 662 1 215 1 534	563 1 417 1 097 1 377 1 555	366 1 227 759 1 206 813	586 1 414 875 1 148 660	214 470 382 358 146	113 235 213 172 106	16 42 48 19 10	51 700 51 100 50 400 49 300 42 400	57 200 55 600 56 800 52 800 45 700
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or mare rooms Median	327 3 419 8 523 6 947 3 352 2 553 5.5	14 27 7 14 5 - 4.2	66 98 74 72 34 12 4.7	98 630 746 431 223 93 5.0	87 1 121 1 862 1 127 467 206 5.2	41 915 2 482 1 750 536 285 5.3	21 364 1 889 1 206 577 314 5.5	210 1 203 1 781 872 617 6.0	- 44 201 401 462 462 6.8	10 49 144 153 483 7.8	- 10 21 23 81 8.1	28 300 38 600 46 100 50 600 56 400 70 600	29 800 40 100 47 800 54 000 60 500 78 100
BEDROOMS  None	16 619 6 487 13 461 3 882 656	21 24 8 14 -	8 71 129 113 35 -	169 1 102 711 222 17	8 202 2 018 2 042 523 77	80 1 674 3 331 816 108	54 833 2 804 571 109	22 554 3 128 825 154	- 112 947 433 78	- 39 316 395 89	- 2 61 48 24	22 500 33 300 39 900 51 500 55 400 62 900	22 500 33 800 42 100 55 200 63 500 72 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 ta March 1980	2 190 2 238 5 149 5 691 2 900 6 953	11 9 9 5 2 31	2 26 32 61 95 140	16 53 124 310 305 1 413	39 224 491 945 866 2 305	140 554 1 219 1 798 854 1 444	344 345 1 318 1 227 422 715	926 517 1 339 1 044 261 596	448 307 401 172 54 188	231 173 180 127 18 110	33 30 36 2 23 11	71 100 57 300 54 500 48 500 41 800 38 400	75 500 64 700 59 100 51 300 44 700 42 600
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 ta \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 ar mare Median	1 387 2 454 1 253 1 161 3 265 4 143 6 284 3 956 1 218 \$23 657 \$25 224	9 11 6 9 9 7 14 - \$14 583 \$19 509	64 101 19 15 40 67 31 4 15 \$11 711 \$15 538	295 574 133 152 351 282 288 136 10 \$14 285 \$16 262	338 729 364 346 856 848 845 437 107 \$18 895 \$20 135	318 504 338 282 927 1 194 1 568 740 138 \$22 580 \$23 267	168 232 220 192 515 717 1 345 803 179 \$25 836 \$26 690	134 224 126 140 464 780 1 515 1 046 254 \$27 914 \$28 609	41 67 38 23 63 190 462 475 211 \$32 518 \$33 916	9 12 9 - 32 55 199 267 256 \$39 598 \$50 456	11 - - 2 8 10 22 34 48 \$41 941 \$49 027	39 700 37 700 42 200 41 900 43 900 46 700 52 500 57 500 71 400	43 100 40 800 44 900 44 200 46 600 50 500 56 500 63 000 80 600
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 gercent 15 to 19 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 gercent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 30 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not camputed Median	15 359 5 371 3 422 2 580 1 592 898 1 450 46 18.3 9 762 4 210 1 879 1 243 648 485 357 914 26 11.8	15 8 - - 5 2 10— 52 37 8 - 7	159 48 45 19 16 15 16 - 18.5 197 10 19 15 9 36 - 13.7	942 354 170 133 88 69 128 - 18.4 1 279 381 226 196 107 123 89 153 4 15.8	2 627 877 533 508 337 130 240 2 19,1 2 243 785 472 308 206 140 103 227 2 13.6	3 779 1 392 860 560 378 228 350 11 17.9 2 230 936 413 323 174 92 54 238 —	2 804 1 024 668 447 322 109 228 6 17.8 1 567 800 303 188 61 21 56 138	3 200 1 012 720 603 296 227 332 10 19,0 1 483 775 287 175 287 175 287 175 60 65 29 78 14	1 108 397 257 214 75 50 103 12 17.9 462 269 95 28 9 9	625 235 148 96 56 55 32 3 17.6 214 146 25 15 10 4 7	100 24 21 - 24 10 19 2 25.8 35 10 13 - 5 3 3	50 500 50 100 51 300 51 200 49 200 50 100 49 700 77 000 44 700 44 100 43 200 37 700 37 700 37 900 41 800 75 600	55 800 55 400 56 900 55 400 55 400 57 000 54 900 77 600 48 700 52 300 48 700 48 700 40 100 41 100 42 500 42 100 44 200 78 800 
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare person: per roam Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per roam Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	25 102 646 19 - 25 121 24 332 13 934 5 879 962 3.8	58 2 9 67 58 17 2 2 3,0	354 2 2 2 356 306 135 22 41	2 215 59 6 2 221 2 073 996 171 176 7.9	4 870 115 - 4 870 4 637 2 431 575 176 3.6	6 007 214 2 6 009 5 867 3 482 1 161 263 4.4	4 371 131 - 4 371 4 284 2 698 1 311 120 2.7	4 683 92  4 683 4 587 2 627 1 559 133 2.8	1 570 17 - 1 570 1 556 897 609 31 2.0	839 12 - 839 831 534 389 9	135 2 - 135 133 117 80 11 8.1	48 300 47 000 18 100 - 48 300 48 600 49 700 57 100 43 200	53 000 49 400 19 100 - 53 000 53 400 54 900 63 800 46 600

# Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 235	569	960	2 105	3 109	2 657	1 425	548	350	63	449	236
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	4 045	29	110	566	1 050	929	665	253	196	42	205	258
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 031 1 404 452	8	10 23 26	178 187 55	399 369 78	264 325 67	115 254 87	21 119 58	25 74 47	8 14 10	6 31 24	241 266 293
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	799 359 <b>3 377</b>	16 13	26 22 29 407	61 85 6 <b>67</b>	156 48 <b>873</b>	206 67 <b>670</b>	168 41 <b>296</b>	46 9 132	38 12 <b>92</b>	10 - 18	92 52 <b>109</b>	269 228 <b>221</b>
15 to 24 years	1 024 1 147	7 22	131 68	152 304	264 363 79	278 197	133 92	36 56	6 35	_	17 10	240 219
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over	342 584 280	5 32 47	68 114 26	35 119 57	120 47	68 106 21	40 20 11	21 15 4	7 24 20	9 4 5	10 30 42	221 205 187
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	4 813 1 082 1 073	<b>427</b> 8	443 25 67	8 <b>72</b> 252 167	1 186 348 371	1 058 352 266	<b>464</b> 63 99	1 <b>63</b> 25 74	62 3 16	3 -	135 6 5	226 238 240
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	414 911	60	7 92	32 221	86 173	143 175	97 120	23 15	24 10	2 + -	2 45	273 217
65 years and over	1 333 <b>32.5</b>	354 <b>73.9</b>	252 <b>54.3</b>	200 <b>30.0</b>	208 <b>28.6</b>	122 <b>29.6</b>	85 <b>33.</b> 5	26 33.1	36.3	36.7	77 <b>61.2</b>	156
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	6 005 3 927	165 258	409 241	868 799	1 564 1 019	1 541 787	844 418	296 168	204 128	52 11	62 98	249 232
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 180 686	258 78 53	129 107	233 130	266 178	227 80	107 43	57 22	7	: <u>-</u>	76 62	219 206
1959 or earlierROOMS	437	15	74	75	82	22	13	5	_		151	188
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	201 712 3 094	43   129 333	76 211 448	33 95 815	34 174 968	103 393	55	19	8 - 18	7 -	- - 45	132 153 193
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	3 957 2 798 962	36 28	156 56	735 347 46	1 067 627 201	1 043 832 222	645 500 158	84 186 150	86 81 70	6 5 15	99 136 94	247 263 291
7 or more rooms	511 4.0	2.8	2.9	34 3.6	38 3.9	64 4.3	67 4.5	109 5.4	87 5.3	30 6.4	75 75 5.1	354
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	12 235 11 827 7 659	569 488 455	960 854 706	2 105 2 038 1 485	3 109 3 041 1 954	<b>2 657</b> 2 587 1 481	1 425 1 411 747	<b>548</b> 548 290	<b>350</b> 350 164	63 63 12	449 447 365	236 238 225
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 831 292	28	140	499 42	1 022	1 008 91	599 54	242 11	160	51 -	82 -	259 279
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	45 408 222	5 81 43	106 58	12 67 45	68 30	70 32	11 14 14	5 - -		-	2	277 170 166
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	179 7	38	43 5	20	38	38	-	- ~ -		-	2	180 147
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 <b>705</b> 1 605	158 136	175 146	<b>27</b> 8 266	<b>363</b> 354	<b>370</b> 342	190 190	<b>76</b> 76	<b>25</b> 25	14 14	<b>56</b>	228 231
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	113 100	5 22	29	17 12	19	39 28	26	-	7	-	-	283 148 145
BEDROOMS	207		300	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	
None 1 2	297 4 374 5 342	69 442 49	129 655 144	1 200 718	1 362 1 368	559 1 620	53 967	19 192	18 136	4 2	62 146	133 193 259
3 4	1 866 255 101	9	26 6	131 8 8	301 34	415 51 12	359 26 20	286 40 11	138 29 21	20 20 10	181 41 19	295 31 <b>5</b> 355
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	2 437	8	82		400	472	380	290	221	45	312	287
3 ond 4	3 703 1 699	54 44	299 200	227 844 498	1 021 425	848 291	358	158 43 7	40 44	2 4	79 12	228
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	1 302 2 548 462	58 210 195	71 172 111	220 237 46	399 833 19	354 642 37	138 183 332 34	50 -	6 31 8	5 7	36 5	238 239 112
Mobile home or troiler, etc YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	84	-	25	33	12	13	-	-	-	-	1	173
1975 to Morch 1980	1 744 1 374 2 002	242 55 113	147 31 29	106 126 185	366 395 647	379 424 551	373 208 245	59 59 110	35 39 62	7 10 10	30   27 50	249 256 250
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	1 186 1 339	7 2	56 110	160 325	280 341	551 289 255	135 139	49 90	94 33 87	2 11	114 33	255 229
1939 or earlierSTORIES IN STRUCTURE	4 590	150	587	1 203	1 080	759	325	181		23	195	210
1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor	12 173 62 30	560 9 9	942 18 6	2 091 14 7	3 102 7 -	2 651 6 -	1 417	548 - -	350 - -	63 - -	449  -	237 156 150
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	2 942 2 279 1 783	141 100 156	334 118 126	758 358 223	852 642 478	505 601 428	239 322 187	62 87 99	39 46 86	12 5 -		214 244 240
25 to 29 percent	1 110	81 37	85 45 156 53	168 93 222	300   163	428 253 155	113 125 180	69 39	34 34	7 5		240 237 253 235 262
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	1 238 1 564 623	18 20 16	43	259 24	317 341 16	231 455 29	245	68 106 18	36 68 7	10 17 7	449	262 214
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	21.6	21.1	20.3	18.9	20.5	22.4	23.9	26.2	25.1	34.0		
Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning	12 229 11 249 5 538	569 562 214	960 877 312	2 105 1 852 653	3 103 2 860 1 559	2 657 2 432 1 428	1 425 1 375 775	<b>548</b> 465 <b>167</b>	350 329 173	63 63 28	449 434 229	236 237 248
Central system	706	12	27	653 73	124	172	126	20	102	<b>28</b> 5	229 45	271

# Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupled housing units	30 367	1 870	3 133	1 624	1 479	3 940	4 886	7 467	4 475	1 493	23 178	24 793	1 285
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 65 years and over Female householder, no husbond present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Medion age	22 471 532 4 908 5 012 8 709 3 310 2 693 177 567 424 854 671 5 203 83 632 661 1 578 2 249 49.2	421 9 60 90 122 140 266 14 84 144 1 183 21 102 64 196 800 68.5	1 394 22 27 56 274 1 015 420 12 27 16 82 283 3 319 14 105 118 322 760 69.5	914 33 73 35 245 528 223 21 37 14 86 65 487 12 79 60 125 211 64.8	859 50 154 60 216 379 166 22 21 35 41 47 454 10 119 87 136 102 58.4	2 675 144 816 390 786 539 505 39 163 116 12 126 126 126 168 335 119	3 991 105 1 429 908 1 293 256 458 39 163 64 153 39 437 11 26 83 190 127 40.6	6 677 138 1 695 1 899 2 735 220 441 19 114 113 154 41 349 — 39 58 175 77 43.4	4 176 19 592 1 302 2 132 131 142 7 17 17 31 65 22 157 3 29 18 61 46 46.6	1 364 12 62 282 906 102 72 - 19 21 28 4 57 7 5 38 7	26 208 20 299 24 612 29 578 30 185 12 367 18 086 17 902 20 838 21 062 19 311 8 078 10 511 11 354 13 130 15 040 15 146 6 581	28 185 21 798 25 794 31 119 32 774 16 238 18 824 17 141 22 114 22 114 23 103 20 600 11 523 13 234 11 949 14 286 16 291 16 725 9 637	459 9 73 120 144 113 173 34 8 7 7 72 52 653 28 149 123 169 184 51.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to March 1980	3 117 7 867 5 463 6 814 7 106	83 278 293 342 874	181 371 430 705 1 446	169 257 222 406 570	165 390 239 309 376	550 1 185 668 655 882	678 1 615 881 920 792	816 2 312 1 520 1 693 1 126	374 1 227 844 1 338 692	101 232 366 446 348	23 021 24 455 24 991 25 385 16 767	24 431 25 605 26 398 26 876 20 821	122 320 270 222 351
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available  1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bortled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medion rooms	30 259 789 108 - 30 367 29 276 16 591 6 845 28 885 9 702 19 183 30 367 25 271 756 496 3 754 90 5.5	1 855 9 15 1 870 1 771 812 247 1 279 924 355 1 870 1 497 33 36 299 5	3 127 14 6 - 3 133 2 952 1 502 474 2 555 2 036 519 3 133 2 534 61 39 492 7 5.0	1 618 21 6 	1 464 31 15 - 1 479 1 363 790 302 1 411 808 603 1 479 1 181 22 29 245 2 25.2	3 918 111 22 3 940 3 775 2 023 702 3 882 1 853 2 029 3 940 3 317 92 59 449 23 5.3	4 864 177 22 4 886 4 731 2 642 1 014 4 835 1 302 3 533 4 886 4 165 141 19 57 504	7 445 215 222 - 7 467 7 291 4 235 1 899 7 457 1 210 6 247 7 467 6 292 218 1124 822 11 5.7	4 475 159 - 4 475 4 349 2 756 1 382 4 463 378 4 085 4 475 3 755 101 80 516 23 6.0	1 493 52 - 1 493 1 484 893 498 1 493 1 64 1 329 1 493 1 187 47 64 1 195 - 6.5	23 206 27 549 18 214 23 178 23 369 24 241 26 505 23 921 15 155 27 93 23 178 23 285 24 706 25 943 21 413 22 885	24 819 29 596 17 547 24 793 25 001 26 089 28 804 25 673 16 851 30 136 24 793 24 856 26 635 28 533 23 512 24 485	3 280 47 5 - 3 285 1 226 532 191 1 034 581 453 1 285 1 026 29 22 203 5 5.4
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	25 121	1 387	2 454	1 253	1 161	3 265	4 143	6 284	3 956	1 218	23 657	25 224	962
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median  Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	15 359 432 1 358 2 422 2 516 2 287 3 343 1 760 890 351 \$371 9 762 6 94 488 1 222 2 276 3 784 1 370 522 \$161	383 32 48 65 77 30 89 12 10 20 \$330 1 004 18 126 189 220 323 84 44 \$144	558 72 85 82 74 80 106 37 20 2 \$327 1 896 - 52 152 394 597 564 126 11 \$140	444 37 61 99 85 64 63 10 16 9 \$315 809 — — 30 135 298 275 47 24 \$145	551 83 113 136 102 61 25 29 2 \$329 610 - 16 33 65 182 270 37 7 \$152	2 094 73 196 337 366 322 567 175 50 8 \$362 1 171 6 2 54 175 304 441 159 30 \$155	3 071 112 330 412 499 552 678 303 142 43 \$367 1 072 	4 676 64 348 736 700 684 1 120 673 267 84 \$386 1 608 - 6 25 67 281 757 381 91 \$178	2 814 33 147 463 492 384 526 405 278 86 \$385 1 142 ————————————————————————————————————	768 9 60 115 87 69 133 120 78 97 \$437 450 — — 13 54 154 107 122 \$202	26 040 20 075 23 009 26 057 25 155 24 842 25 633 29 097 31 235 30 699  17 525 16 250 7 339 8 867 10 519 12 816 20 212 26 853 35 550 	27 855 19 577 24 874 27 431 26 796 26 316 27 473 30 609 32 290 48 682  21 086 15 845 8 982 12 381 14 253 16 566 22 044 27 534 43 299 	519 27 27 33 74 96 79 140 12 18 20 \$356 443 
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	15 359 5 371 3 422 2 580 1 592	383 - - - 8	558 - 2 23 49	444 5 21 53 63	551 - 35 123 143	2 094 136 389 501 572	3 071 636 797 850 473	4 676 1 945 1 513 827 237	2 814 1 962 584 203 47	768 687 81 	26 040 34 772 27 844 23 257 19 728	27 855 37 797 28 823 24 059 20 108	519 14 5 -
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	898 1 450 46 18.3 9 762 4 210 1 879 1 243 648 485 357 914 26	333 42 50+ 1 004 - 10 22 91 130 725 26 44.4	71 413 50+ 1 896 21 146 465 504 362 211 187 - 23.1	119 183 	101 149 29.1 610 49 339 203 12 7 -	273 223 25.2 1 171 393 606 160 9 3 3	201 110 4 20.6 1 072 712 327 31 2 - - - 10—	127 27 16.3 1 608 1 453 142 6 7 7 - -	12.5 1 142 1 124 1 18 	10— 450 438 12 - - - - - 10—	17 946 9 750 2500— 17 595 31 061 16 384 10 995 8 164 6 509 5 635 3 887 2500—	18 203 10 803 1 739  21 086 34 471 17 031 11 491 8 524 6 674 5 704 3 981 -141	14 432 42 50+ 443 - 15 33 10 18 338 26 50+

## Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Totol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	12 697	2 053	2 528	1 276	1 275	2 260	1 517	1 279	380	129	13 464	15 075	1 745
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	<b>4 352</b> 1 068	<b>238</b> 87	435 96	<b>347</b> 103	<b>423</b> 158	9 <b>42</b> 246	850 229	823 109	236 22	<b>58</b> 18	18 <b>997</b> 16 860	1 <b>9</b> 856 17 782	<b>324</b> 110
25 to 34 years	1 502 519	87 12	102 30	94 33	110 58	343 96	312 128	369 123	78 39	7	20 197 20 953	20 578 20 968	120 35 53
45 to 64 years	883 380 <b>3 456</b>	41 11 389	69 138 <b>574</b>	45 72 <b>373</b>	52 45 <b>380</b>	173 84 <b>774</b>	168 13 <b>473</b>	205 17 <b>346</b>	97 - 112	33  <b>35</b>	21 314 11 424 15 069	23 596 12 618 1 <b>5 92</b> 8	53 6 <b>371</b>
Male hauseholder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 031 1 182	113 99	192 178	118 138	164 127	212 346	140 156	77 97	15 34	- 7	13 910 15 600	14 421 16 000	135 117
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	350 608	31 74	14 66	18 78	45 25	83 123	69 98	62 81	16	12 16	19 344 17 276	20 194 18 542	31 54 34
65 years and overFemole householder, no husband present	285 <b>4 88</b> 9	72 1 <b>426</b>	124 1 <b>519</b>	21 <b>556</b>	19 <b>472</b>	10 <b>544</b>	10 194	29 110	32	36	7 123 8 <b>132</b>	10 268 19 216	1 050
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 087 1 081	309 146	299 368 91	132 171	121 115 54	155 175	27 63	33 21 18	15 15	11 7	8 769 10 387	9 895	375 247
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	420 940 1 361	23 255 693	295 466	82 119 52	114 68	106 70 38	31 51 22	34 4	2	- - 18	13 148 8 507 4 951	14 490 9 713 8 141	57 187 184
Median age	32.8	53.7	37.1	29.4	29.0	29.4	31.4	33.6	38.8	46.8	•••	•••	29.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	6 154	1 014	1 235	621	672	1 124	748	542	160	38	13 270	14 433	1 089
1975 to 1978	4 033 1 272	573 183	748 234	370 115	411 89	754 266	520 166	513 118	95 79	49 22	14 480 15 288	15 741 16 533	458 98
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	731 507	138 145	202 109	115 55	40 63	83 33	54 29	62 44	30 16	7 13	10 554 9 965	14 037 15 405	59 41
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 285 7 924	1 <b>915</b> 1 <b>420</b>	2 441 1 783	1 249 880	1 214 808	2 226 1 378	1 <b>497</b> 746	1 240 646	<b>374</b> 187	<b>12</b> 9 76	13 <b>607</b> 12 156	15 213 14 071	1 645 814
0.51 to 1.00	4 007 304	456 34	568 77	340 29	377 24	806 42	692 48	550 32	165 18	53	16 769 13 750	17 346 16 356	718 102
1.51 or more  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less	50 <b>412</b> 226	5 138 79	13 8 <b>7</b> 51	27 22	5 <b>61</b> 32	34 22	11 <b>20</b> 8	12 <b>39</b> 12	6	_	20 833 8 <b>716</b> 7 763	18 138 10 963 9 639	100
0.50 of less	179 7	54 5	36	5	29	12	12	25 2	6	- -	9 931 4 250	12 638 10 864	49 46 5
1.51 or more		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 250	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	12 691	2 053	2 528	1 276	1 269	2 260	1 517	1 279	380	129	13 462	15 076	1 745
Centrol heating systemAir conditioning	11 646 <b>5 631</b>	1 890 713	2 272 1 065	1 166 <b>594</b>	1 128 <b>557</b>	2 088 997	1 427 817	1 191 623	368 211	116 <b>54</b>	13 597 <b>14 491</b>	15 231 16 099	1 514 489
Central system Vehicles available	727 10 531	96 <b>93</b> 7	108 1 821	102 1 144	94 1 1 <b>91</b>	94 2 199	95 1 <b>493</b>	88 1 <b>244</b>	41 380	9 1 <b>22</b>	14 029 15 <b>37</b> 8	16 662 16 825	39 1 044
2 or more	6 516	750 187	1 530 291	891 253	843 348	1 335 864	666 827	412 832	47 333	42 80	12 758 20 318	13 903 21 568	757 287
Hause heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	12 691 9 675 236	2 053 1 647 13	<b>2 528</b> 1 957 33	1 276 1 027 30	1 <b>269</b> 943 15	<b>2 260</b> 1 643 55	1 517 1 093 33	1 279 1 011 29	380 273 21	<b>129</b> 81 7	13 462 13 047 18 000	15 076 14 732 19 403	1 745 1 435 16
Electricity  Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 618 1 110	263 130	351 171	121 88	193 111	299 256	221 162	134 105	24 58	12 29	13 459 16 239	14 489 18 015	170 124
Other	52 4.1	3.5	16 3.9	10 <b>4.0</b>	7 4.0	7 <b>4.2</b>	8 <b>4.3</b>	4.6	4.9	4.5	12 500	14 874	4.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 235	2 002	2 465	1 264	1 226	2 194	1 428	1 215	333	108	13 288	14 828	1 705
CONTRACT RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	879 1 769	468 412	210 524	64 98	30 168	39 258	38 140	13 109	10 31	7 29	4 833 9 505	7 781 12 854	184 319
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 842 3 077	585 274	853 521	479 362	404 363	691 675	415 475	322 329	63 62	30 16	12 525 15 127	13 971 16 189	629 352 121
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 710 333 126	116 41 7	238 21 17	173 16 2	200 32 2	344 68 23	267 46 20	283 70 33	89 34 5	5 17	16 916 18 403 22 308	17 791 20 277 28 662	121 18 12
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	25 25	<u>,</u> 14	<u>'</u> _	8	5	5	- 2	7	5	4	14 750 4 464	17 593 17 787	14
No cosh rent Median	449 \$192	85 \$155	81 \$172	62 \$193	22 \$200	91 \$204	25 \$212	49 \$221	34 \$238	<u>-</u> \$163	12 359	14 883	56 \$176
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	569 960	402 282	105 339	27 55	6 83	6 104	9 50	6 30	8 10	_ 7	4 197 7 403	5 696 10 079	158 175
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 105 3 109	363 321	546 599	241 427	213 369	304 688	223 389	136 268	55 9	24 39	11 489 13 906	13 494 15 329	278   363
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 657 1 425 548	299 157	452 231 58	248 118	337 130 35	584 241 103	345 243 82	341 192 108	51 106 20	7 10	14 944 17 250 17 149	15 423 18 027 17 812	370 190
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	350 63	66 13 14	54	66 15 5	26 5	65 8	55 7	78 7	35 5	9	20 119 19 750	21 089 31 026	76 25 14
No cosh rent Medion	449 \$236	85 \$190	81 \$215	62 \$233	22 \$241	91 \$246	25 \$254	49 \$270	34 \$308	\$235	12 359	14 883	56 \$228
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979			,		·	·		·					
Less thon 15 percent	2 942 2 279	9 70	92 121	55 188	133 279	541 952	776 480	939 179	289 10	108	24 088 17 407	26 544 17 344	12 18
20 to 24 percent	1 783 1 110	151 86	282 330	282 347	472 196	421 138	134 6	41 7	Ξ	=	13 435 11 001	13 234 10 793	59 81
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	696 1 238 1 564	62 254	305 819 435	193 124	91 28	40 11	5 2	-	Ξ	Ξ	9 742 7 001 3 862	9 608 7 077 3 075	56 227 1 022
50 percent or more Not computed Median	1 564 623 21.6	1 111 259 50+	435 81 36.0	13 62 26.1	5 22 22.0	91 17.7	25 14.4	- 49 12.2	34 10	- 10—	3 862 7 225	3 975 10 534	230 50+
	21.0	30 7	30.0	20.1	22.0	17.7	17.4	12.2	10		• • • •	••••	30 T

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

(Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)

	(OOIO OIE ESIIIIC	nes bosed on o	sumple, see iiiii	oduction. For m	eathing of Symbo	is, see illifodocti	on. For defining	nis of ferris, see	oppendixes A	unu oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 359	432	1 358	2 422	2 516	2 287	3 343	1 760	890	351	371
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	881 3 243	82 161	115 353 396	135 597	142 453	129 379	174 680	75 344	25 207	4 69	338 358
3 persons 4 persons	3 230 4 158	72 51	250	489 602	453 772	467 702	690 917	42 <b>7</b> 512	160 264	76 88	372 379
5 persons6 persons	2 342 948	55 11	147 50	380 134	373 218	356 157	550 204	254 90	143 65	84 19	380 369
7 persons8 or more persons	386 171	_	22 25	69 16	68 37	72 25	101 27	33 25	12 14	9 2	374 365
Medion	3.58	2.33	3.03	3.48	3.77	3.74	3.64	3.57	3.70	3.80	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	12 797	280	1 001	1 951	2 069	1 897	2 858	1 588	831	322	379
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	372 4 214	41	7 151	40 324	47 668	33 843	144 1 125	41 741	52 257	8 64	436 406
35 to 44 years	3 967 3 863	64 153	242 501	649 837	602 686	609 394	886 666	488 301	311 193	116 132	385 332
65 years and over	381 1 004	22	100 114	101 90	66 210	18 1 <b>70</b>	37 208	17	18 34	2	284 3 <b>64</b>
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 y.ors	109 365	14	7 29	7	24 60	14 70	20 121	33 38 33	2 12	2 8	408 397
35 to 44 yeors	269 226	7 20	13 52	30 26	73 53	48 38	43	33 6	20	2 7	362 314
65 years and over	35 1 <b>558</b>	111	13 <b>243</b>	14 381	237	220	277	8 <b>54</b>	25	10	266 <b>309</b>
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	49 435	ii	5 44	3 102	17 67	7 80	6	13	- 7	10	316 353
35 to 44 years	479 462	34 43	79 88	103 125	107 38	62 66	75 <b>74</b>	13 23	6	-	311 290
65 years and over	133 39.2	23 <b>51.0</b>	27 49.0	48 44.3	39.6	36.3	10 <b>36.2</b>	35.2	7 38.2	40.7	267
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	37.2	31.0	47.0	77.5	37.0	30.3	30.2	33.2	30.2	40.7	•••
1979 to March 1980	2 174 5 694	19 84	38 194	82 403	184 825	181 1 186	739 1 667	469 852	338 354	124	479 408
1975 to 1978	3 406	81	305 637	648	860 529	565	499	253	136	129 59 33	339 288
1960 to 1969	3 256 829	163 85	184	1 100 189	118	288 67	291 147	164 22	51 11	6	288
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	125 1 302	16 82 203	27 170	41 265	17 182	17 235 708	7 244	- 87	25	12	274 337 338
5 rooms6 rooms	4 979 4 520	81	597 398	986 656	920 703	708 706	985 1 122	396 510	152 253	32 91	380
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	2 483 1 950	33   17	114 52	330 144	425 269	326 295	565 420	453 314	195 265	42 174	402 442
Median	5.8	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.6	7.5	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 935	0	36	39	113	165	609	504	328	132	499
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 828 3 465	24 62 97	97 328	191 813	404 595	346 534	395 610	170 309	130 141	71	379 344
1950 to 1959	2 946 1 445	97 79	333 121	521 213	478 249	390 253	628 338	341 140	125	73 33 17	356 362
1939 or earlier	3 740	161	443	645	677	599	763	296	131	25	346
VALUE	15										102
Less than \$10,000	15 159	8 46 70	37	5 48	13	10	5	- 1	-	-	192 245
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	942 2 627	115	207 402	223 555	238 526	101 492	72 480 925	22 40	14	3	293 323 346 378 436
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	3 779 2 804	134 28	445 169	681 456	689 432	555 574	702	297 340	48 101	5 2	346 378
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	3 200 1 108	24 7	75 21	387 65	467 133	382 139	743 264	688 182	354 217	80 80	468 565
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	625	-	2 -	2 -	16	34	146	174 17	132 15	119	750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	\$50 500	\$38 300	\$40 700	\$45 200	\$47 000	\$49 800	\$52 400	\$65 400	\$76 600	\$101 800	•••
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent15 to 19 percent	5 371 3 422	281 34	944 165 97	1 527 418	1 151 579	666 647	536 954	172 434	45 143	49 48	298 390
20 to 24 percent	2 580 1 592	34 39	97 37	193 82	335 171	509 193	671 609	453 316	260 98	28 47	415 441
30 to 34 percent	898 1 450	16 24	48 67	62 133	108 163	64 208	198 364	194 191	150 194	58 106	481 430
Not computed Medion	46 18.3	12.0	12.7	7 13.2	9 15.9	- 18.7	11 21.3	23.0	24.9	15 29.6	421
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipmentSteam or hot water system	15 359 1 509	432 29	1 358 74	<b>2 422</b> 135	2 516 291	2 287 176	3 343 367	1 <b>760</b> 238	<b>890</b> 115	351 84	371 412
Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	13 119 197	332	1 179	2 191 24	2 115	2 020	2 849 25	1 455 27	737 31	241	368
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	119 415	27 38	20 72	21 51	11 70	2 64	18 84	9 31	2 5	9 -	406 280 333
Air conditioning	8 383 3 626	242 68	<b>735</b> 237	1 234 410	1 359 484	1 311 515	1 822 873	<b>943</b> 530	465 300	<b>272</b> 209	333 <b>374</b> 410
l or more individual room units	4 757 15 359	174 432	498 1 <b>358</b>	824 2 422	875 2 516	796 2 287	949 <b>3 343</b>	413 1 760	165 <b>890</b>	63 351	350 371
Utility gas 8ottled, tank, or LP gas	13 177 272	369	1 187	2 177	2 138 48	1 909 52	2 919 34	1 484 48	750 23	244	369 402
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	323 1 550	6 55	13	24 196	58 254	35 291	49 341	51 177	42 70	45	444 373
Other	37	-	6	8	18	-	-	-	5		313

## Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 ta \$124		\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	9 762	6	94	488	1 222	2 276	3 784	1 370	522	161
1 person	2 280	-	49	269	449	663	626	137	87	139
2 persons	4 364 1 387	6 -	38 7	173 22	598 80	1 170 230	1 685 655	529 288	165 105	156 177
4 persons	936 448 259	_	-	15   2	45 17	106 62 36	463 227	214 121	93 19	183 181
6 persons	85	-	-	/ -	26 7	9	89 39	63 15 3	38 15	184 184 225
8 ar mare persans Median	2.10	2.00	1.46	1.41	1.77	1.91	2.25	2.57	2.59	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	6 324		20	145	417	1 245	0 704	1 070	207	1/0
Married-cauple families 15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	0 324 27 117	-	32 	165	617 14	1 345	2 706 5 31	1 072 8 33	387 	169 124 177
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	503 3 329	-	=	63	7 248	91 494	232 1 595	123 682	48 247	183
65 years and aver	2 348 <b>892</b>	- 6	32 37	95 115	340 <b>208</b>	731 240	843 <b>18</b> 9	226 <b>84</b>	81 13	183 177 149 133 225 150 130 140
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 56	-	-	-	9	19	12	2 13	3	225 150
35 to 44 years 45 ta 64 years	45 321		13	12 21	8 65	12 102	13 76	- 34 35	10	130 140
65 years and averFemale hausehalder, no husband present	468 <b>2 54</b> 6	6 -	24 <b>25</b>	82 <b>208</b>	126 <b>397</b>	107 <b>691</b>	88 <b>889</b>	35 214	122	148
15 to 24 years	35 90	-	-	9	3	14	12 12		- -	134 140 176 159
35 ta 44 years 45 ta 64 years 65 years and aver	800 1 612	-	23	11 32 156	119 269	10 197 466	35 294 546	102 102 90	6 54 62	176 159 144
Median age	63.6	82.5	71.1	70.4	68.1	67.0	62.0	57.5	58.9	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	250			20	22	40	0.4	2)	07	2/4
1979 to March 1980	250 749 1 075	-	2   13   17	32 29 91	22 69 103	175 224	94 282 366	31 122 210	27 59 64	164
1960 ta 1969	2 745 4 943	-	21 41	130 206	306 722	556 1 279	1 169 1 873	428 579	135 237	164 165 156
ROOMS	7,70	Ĭ	77	200	722	1 2//	1 0/3	3,,	237	730
1 to 3 rooms	202 2 117	-	23 33	36	80 444	34 634	26 640	3 149	13	113
5 roams	3 544 2 427	6	18 20	204 179 62	385 235	918 486	1 548 1 041	404 458	86 125	140 159 170
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	869 603	-	-	7	69	139 65	316 213	210 146	135 163	186
Median	5.2	5.0	4.2	4.5	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.8	6.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	255	_	2	25	11	21	103	63	30	102
1970 to 1974	410 1 684	=	13	17 29	17 80	46 233	140 860	124 351	64 118	183 194 178
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	2 745 1 455	-	27	99 116	254 238	640 446	1 186 446	411 152	153 30	166
1939 or earlier	3 213	6	48	202	622	890	1 049	269	127	144 145
VALUE Less than \$10,000	52	_	23	6	21	2	_	_	_	88
\$10,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	197 1 279	- 6	23 24 24	65 217	59 335	31 426	18 245	- 16	_ 10	104 128
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	2 243 2 230	-	14	126 40	542 167	747 609	719 1 187	81 204	14 23	140 163 175
\$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 567 1 483	-	2 –	9 25	75 18	258 185	873 607	323 472	27 176	192
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	462 214	-	7 –	-	5	18 -	99 36	224 50	114 123	224 250+
\$150,000 ar mare	35 \$44 700	\$21 300	\$20 000	\$28 600	\$33 100	\$39 200	\$47 500	\$61 800	\$81 700	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	4 210	6	45	200	434	822	1 779	673	251	167
10 to 14 percent	1 879 1 243	-	22 11	80 72	247 190	495 348	651 414	275 153	109 55	157
20 ta 24 percent	648 485	-	- 2 7	40 54	104 93	214 106	222 157	50 57	18 16	146 147
30 to 34 percent	357 914 26	-1	7	30 12	59 95	105 184	114 441	26 130	16 45 12	145 168 242
Median	11.8	10-	10.5	12.7	13.6	13.2	10.8	10.2	10.2	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	0.7/0									
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnoce ar electric heat pump	<b>9 762</b> 989 8 146	6	94	488 18	1 222 57	2 276 200 1 935	3 784 354	1 370   184   1 142	<b>522</b> 176 329	161 181 161
Other built-in electric units Floar, wall, ar pipeless furnace	61 192	-	19	350 8 54	988 22 58	6 27	3 336 10 31	5	10	127 110
Other meansAir_conditioning	374 5 551		15	58 183	97 <b>670</b>	108 1 252	53 2 239	36 897	7 299	129 165
Central system  1 ar mare individual roam units	2 253 3 298	Ξ	4 7	25 158	143 527	378 874	1 000 1 239	514 383	189 110	179 153
Utility gas	<b>9 762</b> 8 064	6 6	<b>94</b> 79	488 446	1 222 1 066	<b>2 276</b> 1 959	3 784 3 100	1 370 1 033	<b>522</b> 375	161 158
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	141 80	=	-	7 8	12 28	31 6	45 21	28 5	18 12	173
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other	1 453 24	_	15	21 6	111	267 13	618	304 -	117	175 127

# Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0	wner-occupied	housing units				Re	nter-occupied h	nousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Tatal	1975 to March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	30 367	2 771	2 953	5 843	9 538	9 262	12 697	1 746	1 391	2 046	2 625	4 889
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	22 471 532 4 908 5 012 8 709 3 310	2 398 59 913 750 570 106	2 324 95 543 788 734 164	4 700 106 692 1 258 2 194 450	6 964 121 1 382 1 123 3 040 1 298	6 085 151 1 378 1 093 2 171 1 292	4 352 1 068 1 502 519 883 380	408 155 90 32 78 53	407 73 132 54 81 67	692 140 223 84 172 73	1 040 259 437 129 151 64	1 805 441 620 220 401 123
Male householder, no wife present  15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 ta 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over	2 693 177 567 424 854 671 5 203 83 632 661 1 578 2 249	164 26 31 47 48 12 209 5 74 15 89 26	237 30 54 74 68 11 392 15 95 92 142	387 16 115 72 104 80 756 22 70 139 263 262	929 50 187 130 343 219 1 645 18 172 187 540	976 55 180 101 291 349 2 201 23 221 228 544	3 456 1 031 1 182 350 608 285 4 889 1 087 1 081 420 940 1 361	471 136 169 64 61 41 867 131 118 52 157 409	368 128 44 68 	541 183 171 31 71 85 813 159 156 40 184 274	724 228 236 82 122 56 861 347 250 84 93 87	1 352 356 478 129 286 103 1 732 282 440 184 365 461
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT           1979 to March 1980	3 117 7 867 5 463 6 814 7 106	789 1 982 - -	347 861 1 745	47.8 461 1 175 991 3 216	724 1 880 1 407 2 093 3 434	796 1 969 1 320 1 505 3 672	6 154 4 033 1 272 731 507	38.5 1 098 648  -	737 446 208 - -	949 538 306 253	28.8 1 384 827 207 106 101	33.5 1 986 1 574 551 372 406
ROOMS 1 raam	14 98 551 4 773 10 061 7 915 6 955 5.5	14 32 301 552 859 1 013 6.1	21 54 362 1 075 764 677 5.5	16 58 554 2 522 1 596 1 097 5.4	8 23 226 2 216 3 462 2 220 1 383 5.2	6 24 181 1 340 2 450 2 476 2 785 5.8	206 712 3 119 4 013 2 885 1 080 682 4.1	18 154 695 622 193 46 18 3.5	28 102 405 540 222 67 27 3.8	33 130 558 674 465 119 67 3.9	40 97 506 834 725 249 174 4.3	87 229 955 1 343 1 280 599 396 4.4
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 259 17 013 12 457 718 71 108 72 36	2 771 1 418 1 323 30 - - - -	2 953 1 247 1 543 163 - - -	5 843 2 805 2 815 206 17 	9 526 5 687 3 631 190 18 12 6 6	9 166 5 856 3 145 129 36 96 66 30	12 285 7 924 4 007 304 50 412 226 179	1 688 1 247 412 24 5 58 45 13	1 380 961 408 7 4 11 - 11	2 005 1 319 651 35 - 41 15 26	2 554 1 404 1 036 102 12 71 27 42 2	4 658 2 993 1 500 136 29 231 139 87 5
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	4 281 9 412 5 532 5 813 3 212 2 117 2.77	178 696 602 709 418 168 3.35	278 646 524 708 416 381 3.54	496 1 668 1 163 1 267 809 440 3.15	1 564 3 302 1 826 1 692 688 466 2.47 27 100	1 765 3 100 1 417 1 437 881 662 2.42 26 991	5 164 3 632 1 862 1 163 541 335 1.83 27 025	924 560 151 79 25 7 1.44	666 429 148 93 44 11 1.57	923 523 212 235 125 28 1.69	798 808 492 269 110 148 2.14	1 853 1 312 859 487 237 141 1.95
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mabile hame ar trailer, etc	27 262 1 749 125 78 114 12 1 027	2 405 33 5 22 31 - 275	2 406 53 12 19 49 4	5 457 78 8 7 2 -	9 147 321 11 8 14 8 29	7 847 1 264 89 22 18 - 22	2 899 3 703 1 699 1 302 2 548 462 84	82 103 136 365 709 344 7	138 86 102 324 652 52 37	326 255 334 209 861 35 26	1 047 968 383 112 90 15	1 306 2 291 744 292 236 16 4
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam ar hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Flaar, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units Hause heating fuel	30 367 3 369 25 224 320 363 1 091 16 591 6 845 9 746 30 367	2 771 201 2 418 92 2 58 1 389 1 053 336 2 771	2 953 267 2 551 91 9 35 1 688 1 041 647 2 953	5 843 673 4 945 54 36 135 3 525 1 743 1 782 5 843	9 538 676 8 203 58 195 406 5 485 2 132 3 353 9 538	9 262 1 552 7 107 25 121 457 4 504 876 3 628 9 262	12 691 3 505 6 718 1 126 297 1 045 5 631 727 4 904 12 691	1 746 560 471 644 30 41 1 316 179 1 137	1 385 566 472 274 16 57 1 003 142 861 1 385	2 046 714 1 057 132 48 95 1 153 172 981 2 046	2 625 392 1 718 45 132 338 775 115 660 2 625	4 889 1 273 3 000 31 71 514 1 384 119 1 265 4 889
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Incoms in 1979 below poverty level Percent belaw paverty level HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	25 271 756 496 3 754 90 1 285 4.2	2 417 123 188 32 11 69 2.5	2 611 175 119 48 - 127 4.3	5 230 194 90 323 6 221 3.8	7 659 118 66 1 667 28 396 4.2	7 354 146 33 1 684 45 472 5.1	9 675 236 1 618 1 110 52 1 745 13.7	889 12 819 13 13 210 12.0	952 20 394 13 6 172 12.4	1 714 39 232 61 - 193 9.4	2 095 67 120 336 7 <b>402</b> 15.3	4 025 98 53 687 26 <b>768</b> 15.7
Less than \$5,000	1 870 3 133 1 624 1 479 3 940 4 886 7 467 4 475 1 493 \$23 178 \$24 793	65 93 103 75 299 519 977 488 152 \$26 678 \$28 451	117 183 124 115 404 445 800 571 194 \$25 776 \$27 503	228 407 254 252 639 860 1 524 1 296 383 \$26 672 \$28 082	589 1 159 596 488 1 373 1 576 2 243 1 089 425 \$21 713 \$23 508	871 1 291 547 549 1 225 1 486 1 923 1 031 339 \$20 503 \$22 083	2 053 2 528 1 276 1 275 2 260 1 517 1 279 380 129 \$13 464 \$15 075	350 383 106 180 318 226 130 53 - \$12 972 \$13 904	231 252 137 156 231 181 166 30 7 \$13 710 \$14 604	285 369 237 216 313 263 263 93 7 \$14 028 \$15 722	337 548 246 262 495 324 298 71 44 \$14 232 \$15 803	850 976 550 461 903 523 422 133 71 \$12 871 \$14 965

# Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	<b>30 367</b> 136	27 262 56	<b>2 078</b> 80	1 027	<b>12 697</b> 102	2 899 6	3 703	1 <b>699</b> 29	1 302 7	<b>2 548</b> 37	<b>462</b>	84
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	22 471	20 763	1 114	594	4 352	1 543	1 407	375	307	658	32	30
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	532 4 908 5 012	410 4 569 4 795	56 231 181	66 108 36	1 068 1 502 519	215 548 244	445 549 148	114 144 60	135 76 30	159 168 31	13 6	4
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	8 709 3 310 <b>2 693</b>	8 007 2 982 <b>2 127</b>	458 188 <b>431</b>	244 140 <b>135</b>	883 380 <b>3 456</b>	423 113 <b>63</b> 9	200 65 <b>901</b>	37 20 <b>603</b>	17 49 <b>433</b>	184 116 <b>756</b>	5 8 <b>82</b>	17 9 <b>42</b>
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	177 567 424	128 441 345	25 115 49	24 11 30	1 031 1 182 350	223 208 42	268 369 92	194 207 46	110 159 59	224 233 90	7 - 13	5 6 8
45 to 64 years65 years and over	854 671 5 <b>203</b>	642 571 <b>4 372</b>	160 82 <b>533</b>	52 18 <b>29</b> 8	608 285 <b>4 889</b>	98 68 717	122 50 1 395	108 48 <b>721</b>	105 - 562	143 66	23 39 <b>348</b>	9 14 <b>12</b>
Female householder, no husband present	83 632	60 490	3 73	20 69	1 087 1 081	113 220	347 449	262 116	163 115	1 134 191 160	11 15	- 6
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	661 1 578 2 249	605 1 329 1 888	45 146 266	11 103 95	420 940 1 361	78 163 143	155 204 240	46 162 135	61 103 120	74 259 450	6 49 267	- - 6
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	<b>49.2</b> 3 117	<b>48.8</b> 2 618	<b>52.7</b> 277	<b>54.</b> 6	<b>32.8</b> 6 154	<b>34.1</b> 1 146	<b>29.5</b> 1 837	<b>29.7</b> 924	<b>29.4</b> 724	<b>41.8</b>	<b>71.0</b> 223	<b>59.4</b> 30
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	7 867 5 463 6 814	6 891 4 882 6 456	516 334 267	460 247 91	4 033 1 272 731	910 388 192	1 144 331 237	519 132 67	454 84 36	784 288 182	193 29 17	29 20
1959 or earlierROOMS	7 106	6 415	684	7 7	507	263	154	57	4	24	-	5
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	14 98 551	11 29 355	3 38 137	- 31 59	206 712 3 119	13 18 256	5 77 602	52 162 497	32 - 103 451	76 255 1 021	28 87 271	10 21
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	4 773 10 061 7 915	3 612 9 068 7 515	543 773 305	618 220 95	4 013 2 885 1 080	620 838 605	1 272 1 331 337	645 257 42	497 202 17	885 239 68	45 18 7	49
7 or more rooms	6 955 5.5	6 672 5.6	279 4.9	4 4.2	682 4.1	549 5.1	79 4.4	44 3.7	3.6	3.4	2.9	3.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>30 259</b> 17 013 12 457	27 224 14 998 11 527	2 008 1 299	1 027 716 296	12 285 7 924 4 007	2 859 1 635 1 095	3 611 2 136 1 372	1 567 964	1 247 869	2 466 1 856	<b>451</b> 386	<b>84</b> 78
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	718 71	640 59	634 63 12	15	304 50	108 21	<b>8</b> 6 17	528 63 12	366 12	581 29 -	65	6
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use   0.50 or less   0.51 to 1 00	108 72 36	<b>38</b> 25 13	<b>70</b> 47 23	-	<b>412</b> 226 179	<b>40</b> 12 28	9 <b>2</b> 39 51	132 99 28	55 23 32	<b>82</b> 42 40	11 11 -	- - -
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more BEDROOMS	-	_	_	-	7 -	_	2 -	5	_	_	-	-
Nane 1 2	27 1 099 8 718	24 703 6 883	3 30 ì 1 097	- 95 738	302 4 394 5 468	13 368 1 094	27 946 2 025	86 744 719	42 593 610	96 1 343 938	38 359 43	- 41 39
3	15 275 4 436 812	14 606 4 277 769	483 151 43	186 8	2 048 336 149	1 003 279 142	671 32	130 15	57	167 4	16	4 -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 870	1 526	230	114	2 053	286	557	398	190	401	207	14
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	3 133 1 624 1 479	2 672 1 376 1 260	289 123 147	172 125 72	2 528 1 276 1 275	489 263 271	793 416 364	373 146 166	193 137 215	518 275 235	137 33 17	25 6 7
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	3 940 4 886 7 467	3 515 4 446 6 798	255 296 510	170 144 159	2 260 1 517 1 279	513 410 449	728 441 300	281 162 137	279 120 142	415 346 239	28 22 12	16 16 -
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	4 475 1 493 \$23 178	4 271 1 398 \$23 681	141 87 \$19 905	63 8 \$15 778	380 129 \$13 464	153 65 \$16 320	76 28 \$13 087	18 18 \$11 344	26 \$14 023	101 18 \$13 351	\$5 625	- \$11 250
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$24 793	\$25 336	\$21 389	\$17 269	\$15 075	\$18 429	\$14 087	\$13 075	\$14 665	\$15 622	\$8 005	\$11 976
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	<b>30 367</b> 3 369 25 224	<b>27 262</b> 2 879 22 834	<b>2 078</b> 454 1 475	<b>1 027</b> 36 915	12 691 3 505 6 718	2 899 336 2 025	<b>3 703</b> 622 2 552	1 699 472 923	1 <b>296</b> 535 416	2 548 1 297 629	<b>462</b> 239 97	84 4 76
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	320 363 1 091	296 345 908	18 14 117	6 4 66	1 126 297 1 045	34 159 345	16 71 442	135 22 147	257 35 53	569 10 43	115	- - 4
Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	16 591 6 845 28 885	14 943 6 302 26 078	1 025 212 1 820	623 331 987	5 631 727 10 531	1 002 185 2 626	1 066 114 3 073	452 89 1 334	873 53 1 070	1 910 225 2 148	287 48 208	41 13 72
1 2 or more House heating fuel	9 702 19 183 <b>30 367</b>	8 383 17 695 <b>27 262</b>	786 1 034 2 078	533 454 <b>1 027</b>	6 516 4 015 12 691	1 126 1 500 2 899	1 948 1 125 <b>3 703</b>	921 413 <b>1 69</b> 9	751 319 1 <b>29</b> 6	1 547 601 <b>2 548</b>	161 47 <b>462</b>	13 <b>72</b> 62 10 <b>84</b>
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	25 271 756 496	22 668 589	1 747 44	856 123	9 675 236	2 149 134	3 <b>279</b> 44	1 308 29	869 2	1 724 11	300 - 162	46 16
Electricity	3 754 90	463 3 459 83	27 260 -	35 7	1 618 1 110 52	531 21	59 321 ~	206 156	364 44 17	763 36 14	_	22
Water heating fuel Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas	30 359 24 588 759	<b>27 260</b> 22 094 586	2 072 1 778 81	1 027 716 92	12 669 9 725 332	<b>2 877</b> 2 089 168	3 697 3 391 35	1 699 1 373 49	1 <b>302</b> 867 12	2 548 1 661 54	462 311 6	84 33 8
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc Other	4 855 141 16	4 440 131 9	203 10 -	212 - 7	2 481 112 19	600 20 -	256 15 —	231 38 8	388 24 11	818 15 -	145  -	43 - -
Family householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	25 636 13 511 4 868	23 502 12 583 4 456	1 404 667 278	<b>730</b> 261 134	6 555 3 850 2 407	<b>2 006</b> 1 233 677	2 358 1 550 1 059	<b>722</b> 479 305	492 248 175	894 307 185	<b>39</b> 9 2	44 24 4
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	2 406 1 265 314	2 089 1 075 254	189 113 27	128 77 33	1 735 1 384 722	341 288 107	783 672 388	267 208 106	157 107 66	181 103 55	-	6
Income in 1979 below poverty level	4 731 1 285	3 760 1 077	674 152	297 56	6 142 1 745	893 300	1 345 643	977 368	810 136	1 654 198	423 90	40
Percent below poverty level	4.2	4.0	7.3	5.5	13.7	10.3	17.4	21.7	10.4	7.8	19.5	11.9

## Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Dato ore equitio	les bosed on o	sompic, see mine	duction. For me	offiling of Symbols,	, see illitodochol	r. For definition	is of ferrils, see	oppendixes A 0	10 0]	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	<b>30 367</b> 961	4 281	9 <b>412</b> 362	<b>5 532</b> 203	<b>5 813</b> 145	3 212 97	1 <b>37</b> 9 94	<b>522</b> 37	216 23	<b>2.77</b> 3.08	<b>93 467</b> 3 470
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	663 4 773 10 061 7 915 3 845 3 110 5.5	360 1 408 1 418 698 213 184 4.8	179 2 234 3 460 2 140 864 535 5.2	84 740 2 128 1 417 629 534 5.4	21 286 1 854 1 901 943 808 5.9	9 89 853 1 096 664 501 6.1	3 7 240 428 364 337 6.5	7 9 81 166 132 127 6.5	- 27 69 36 84 6.8	1.42 1.94 2.57 3.29 3.73 3.87	1 186 10 065 29 039 26 546 14 118 12 513
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 259 29 470 718 71 108 108	4 247 4 247 — 34 34	9 374 9 374 - - 38 38 - -	5 519 5 516 	5 798 5 777 21 	3 210 3 112 89 9 2 2 2	1 379 1 129 247 3 	\$16 253 247 16 6 6	216 62 114 40 - -	2.77 2.70 6.51 7.85 2.03 2.03	93 192 87 991 4 602 599 275 275
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	27 262 2 078 1 027	3 432 576 273	8 321 643 448	5 004 361 167	5 447 266 100	3 034 145 33	1 320 53 6	507 15 -	197 19 -	2.88 2.22 2.04	84 750 6 317 2 400
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 or more	25 121 67 356 2 221 4 870 6 009 4 371 4 683 1 570 839 135 \$48 300	3 161 33 143 592 919 662 397 289 93 25 8	7 607 13 131 799 1 625 1 953 1 179 1 274 434 162 37 \$46 000	4 617 -5 375 887 1 088 985 808 270 185 14 \$49 500	5 094 5 18 222 728 1 237 998 1 207 423 211 45 \$52 600	2 790 2 30 123 398 602 518 718 226 144 29 \$53 600	1 207 14 27 84 208 272 186 255 86 75	471 - 16 87 128 80 119 10 29 2 \$50 600	174 - 2 10 18 67 28 13 28 8 - \$48 600	2.89 1.54 1.77 2.15 2.43 2.86 3.12 3.46 3.46 3.73 3.69	77 758 161 827 5 315 13 317 18 771 13 942 16 020 5 204 3 682 519
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion income  Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentage of household income	<b>30 367</b> \$23 178	<b>4 281</b> \$8 508 25.3	9 412 \$20 007	5 532 \$26 229	<b>5 813</b> \$27 058	3 212 \$28 518	1 <b>379</b> \$29 171	\$31 264 13.8	\$30 862 13.7	2.77	93 467
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgage	18.3 11.8 <b>1 285</b> \$3 415 50+ 50+ 50+	25.6 25.0 <b>402</b> \$2 500 50+ 50+ 50+	18.8 12.2 <b>291</b> \$3 637 50+ 50+ 44.0	18.4 10— 149 \$2 865 50+ 50+ 35.0	18.4 10— 185 \$3 481 50+ 50+ 37.9	17.1 10— 152 \$5 441 50+ 50+ 35.0	15.9 10— <b>60</b> \$7 308 50+ 50+	15.5 10— <b>36</b> \$8 <b>7</b> 50 46.4 46.4	13.8 12.5 10 \$11 786 37.5 37.5	2.33	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	1 <b>2 697</b> 1 404	5 164 -	3 <b>632</b> 800	1 <b>862</b> 342	1 163 133	<b>541</b> 80	1 <b>54</b> 10	<b>107</b> 20	7 <b>4</b> 19	1. <b>83</b> 2.38	27 025 3 702
ROOMS 1 room	206 712 3 119 4 013 2 885 1 080 682 4.1	196 572 2 233 1 430 542 132 59 3.3	5 131 761 1 400 881 319 135 4.2	5 2 77 715 676 223 164 4.7	7 31 338 471 221 95 4.9	- 11 103 212 101 114 5.2	- - 20 47 39 48 5.8	- 6 - 47 13 41 5.5	- - 7 7 9 32 26 6.2	1.03 1.12 1.20 1.91 2.53 2.90 3.40	214 867 4 114 8 167 7 775 3 429 2 459
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 285 11 931 304 50 412 405	4 925 4 925 - - 239 239	3 524 3 519 5 108 108	1 814 1 809 - 5 48 46 2	1 148 1 115 26 7 15	539 425 103 11 2 2	154 87 67 - - -	107 41 60 6	74 10 48 16 - -	1.85 1.80 5.84 5.23 1.36 1.35 3.80	26 367 24 413 1 634 320 658 600 58
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attoched 2	2 899 3 703 1 699 1 302 2 548 462 84	645 1 094 801 684 1 501 399 40	844 1 148 425 398 728 55	605 727 231 107 186 2	349 485 134 101 88 6	258 153 80 12 38 -	75 51 15 - 7 - 6	49 45 13 - - -	74 - - - - -	2.45 2.16 1.61 1.45 1.35 1.08 1.56	8 157 8 707 3 375 2 165 3 912 543 166
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	12 235 569 960 2 105 3 109 2 657 1 425 548 350 63 449 \$236	5 085 513 759 1 130 1 338 759 293 80 51 7 155 \$202	3 483 45 144 617 963 891 445 140 82 7 149 \$245	1 783 11 25 214 368 544 329 118 83 9 77 \$269	1 090 	497 - 10 45 101 86 88 81 53 20 13 \$300	134 - 8 - 23 46 27 10 4 5 11 \$287	101 - - 6 10 27 29 16 8 5 - \$313	62 	1.80 1.05 1.13 1.43 1.72 2.14 2.44 2.96 2.98 4.82 1.97	25 663 634 1 271 3 559 5 987 6 150 3 745 1 822 1 160 289 1 046
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income	12 697 \$13 464 21.6 1 745 \$3 423 50+	\$ 164 \$9 524 23.7 632 \$2 656 50+	3 632 \$16 301 18.7 412 \$3 444 50+	1 862 \$17 145 19.6 269 \$2 946 50+	1 163 \$16 918 20.8 220 \$5 729 50+	\$17 977 21.4 129 \$6 399 50+	\$17 500 24.1 41 \$7 697 42.5	\$16 250 26.4 28 \$4 318 50+	\$25 000 16.1 14 \$5 000 50+	2.08	27 025  

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

L	Median	49.2	65.2 60.1 46.9 39.1 40.8 42.9	49.2 42.5 58.0					32.8	4,222,24 2,222,20 3,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,33,3	32.9 32.6 27.9 22.5	<b>2</b> 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	65 yeors and over	2 249	1 679 400 128 39 3 1,17 3 091	2 228 3 21		133 133 133 12 12 12 12 12 12 13	30.7 1 612 204 1204 1204 1243 177 185	481 8 26.2	1 361	1 248 102 11 11 1.05 1 426	1 320	1 33 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
nd present	45 to 64 years	1 578	684 263 263 47 47 1.71 3 128	1 578 22 -		<b>- 262</b> - 97 - 97 - 60 - 60 - 60 - 60 - 60 - 60 - 60 - 60	22.3 800 800 226 141 163 53 47	122	940	652 1652 79 34 34 1.22 1 392	916 3 24	28 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
older, no husband	35 to 44 years	199	72 115 172 104 69 3.33 2 338	661 22 1		864 844 844 844 844 844 844 844 844 844	25.8 90 18 18 145 1	15 6 12.7	420	89 94 116 58 27 27 2.73 1 163	420 33 -	414 46 108 37 37 53 67 67
Femole householder,	25 to 34 yeors	632	151 153 182 79 28 2.57 1 641	632		<b>55.</b> 85. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13.	28.7 3 <b>3.</b> 13 13.13	16.5	1 081	345 345 391 152 134 29 29 200 200 200 200 200	1 064 30 17	1 073 120 176 204 111 50 180 218
	15 to 24 years	83	15 34 13 13 2.28 219	11183		25 4 4 1 0 1 5 4 5 8 8 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	34.2 9 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2	14.5	1 087	447 414 414 137 30 30 7 1.73	1 004 23 83	1 082 95 127 202 202 90 90 156 334
	65 years and over	129	482 141 21 18 9 9 962	658	1	000 M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	46.8 46.8 92.8 93.8 93.8 94.9 68	18.2	285	221 43 15 6 6 1.14 1.14	269	28 22 24 23 24 25 25 25 26 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
e present	45 to 64 years	854	522 210 64 39 16 1.32 1 416	848		<b>25</b> 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	17.1 321 321 160 76 76 17 17 17	10.0	804	432 114 28 27 27 1.20 864	570 - 38	<b>58</b> 38. 38. 38. 38. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 4
eholder, no wife	35 to 44 years	424	249 30 107 26 10 10 103 801	419 6 5 1		269 269 274 274 274 274 274 274	20.2 45.2 7 7 7	10-	350	255 48 48 29 11 7 7 1.19 532	329	<b>34</b> 107 107 7 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Mole householder,	25 to 34 yeors	292	340 131 61 30 1.33 997	561		<b>24</b> 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	25.7 25.7 33 33 33 7	1 01	1 182	879 169 57 34 23 1.17 1 689	1 157 23 25 -	1 147 356 277 277 103 103 48 48 94
	15 to 24 yeors	171	87 23 23 6 7 7 7 7 1.53 358	771		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	24.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	2 20+	1 031	596 288 133 14 14 1.36	967	1 024 232 242 162 99 99 91 110
	65 yeors ond over	3 310	2 817 357 107 107 2.09 7 420	3 294		2 72 3 8 8 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	28.8 2 348 2 348 707 513 240 184	14.5	380	349 29 204 204 756	375	<b>3</b> 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
lies	45 to 64 yeors	8 709	3 261 2 144 1 615 958 731 28 826	8 688 257 21		2 192 2 259 2 259 2 278 1 107 2 223	13.8 3.329 2.450 2.450 566 147 48 13	79 10-	883	256 256 256 148 39 39 40 2.66	873 22 10	73 332 134 134 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137
Married-couple families	35 to 44 yeors	5 012	371 659 1 739 1 263 980 4.35 22 712	5 012 335 		3 967 3 967 1 674 1 022 608 287 287 213	16.5 503 378 378 90 19 9	10-	519	63 103 107 139 107 4.37 2 397	509 84 10	<b>457</b> 170 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Marri	25 to 34 yeors	4 908	929 1 188 1 845 713 233 3.68 17 983	4 895 128 13		4 331 4 214 7 1 034 1 125 624 311 235	20.8 117 63 22 22 13	12 -01	1 502	463 409 342 220 280 88 3.20 4 974	1 469 92 33	1 404 575 336 120 96 52 70 116
Married-couple families	15 to 24 years	532	264 150 150 86 32 2.51 1 575	525 2 7		372 372 372 373 379 52	25.7 27.7 24 14 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	<sup>0</sup>	1 068	2.52 308 196 196 17 2.52 2.53	1 043 44 25 7	1 031 309 273 173 71 71 71 81
	Totoľ	30 367	4 281 9 412 5 532 5 813 3 212 2 117 2 777 93 467	30 259 789 108		25 121 15 359 2 371 2 580 1 592 1 592 1 450	18.3 9 762 4 210 1 879 1 243 648 485 357	914 26 11.8	12 697	5 164 3 632 1 862 1 163 5 41 3 335 27 025	12 285 354 412 7	12 238 1 2 342 2 274 2 274 2 274 1 110 6 9 6 6 2 3 8 1 2 3 8 6 2 3 8
	The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 4 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 mer persons Medion Totol persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	Specified owner-occupied housing units  (ifth a martgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent or more	Medicomputed Medicomputed Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	35 percent or more	Renter-accupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 of more persons Median Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-accupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Male householder									Female hou			
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 281	1 680	87	340	249	522	482	2 601	15	151	72	684	1 679
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 247 34	1 662 18	87 -	340	244 5	522 -	469 13	2 585 16	15	151	72 -	684	1 663
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 432 576 273	1 296 265 119	62 9 16	271 58 11	192 29 28	361 115 46	410 54 18	2 136 311 154	15	111 21 19	53 10 9	568 79 37	1 389 201 89
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 207 1 217 369 295 552 349 222 34 36 \$8 508 \$11 261	245 334 161 93 358 240 203 24 22 \$15 111 \$15 288	18 6 9 15 24 7 8 - - \$14 250 \$13 927	2 14 29 21 135 102 35 - 2 \$19 119 \$19 107	12 14 13 21 68 45 63 - 13 \$19 539 \$20 721	84 56 56 20 121 86 74 18 7 \$17 206 \$16 660	129 244 54 16 10 - 23 6 - \$6 867 \$8 545	962 883 208 202 194 109 19 10 14 \$6 477 \$8 661	7 5 3	13 9 11 55 50 6 7 - \$14 432 \$13 995	12 8 8 8 11 20 - - 5 \$15 000 \$20 968	141 211 83 76 99 55 12 5 2 \$9 795 \$10 986	789 650 103 63 34 28 - 5 7 \$5 269 \$6 737
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 161	1 168	59	262	167	314	366	1 993	15	105	53	535	1 285
With a martgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or mare Median	881 82 115 135 142 129 174 75 25 4 \$338	548 30 70 38 97 107 116 70 16 4 \$368	57 - - 6 14 7 26 2 2 \$506	218 14 20 - 31 56 74 17 4 2 \$389	127 7 23 23 30 21 13 10  \$367	121 16 34 7 37 7 14 6 - - \$305	25   9   8   -	333 52 45 97 45 22 58 5 9	10 - 3 7 - - - - - - - - 3	93 - 54 16 14 9 - - - \$293	31 - - 6 8 17 - - - \$407	139 32 34 25 14 - 32 - 2 - \$257	60 20 11 15 2 - - 5 7 7 - \$245
Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 ar more Median	2 280 - 49 269 449 663 626 137 87 \$139	620 31 97 141 172 128 38 13 \$131	2 - - - - 2 \$225	44 - - 7 15 12 7 3 \$150	40 - - 12 8 7 13 - - \$125	193 - 13 21 29 67 44 9 10 \$138	341 - 18 64 97 83 59 20 - \$123	1 660 18 172 308 491 498 99 74 \$142	5 - - 3 2 - - - - \$121	12 - 7 - 5 - - - \$96	22 - - 6 6 10 - - - \$121	396 - 2 32 61 115 104 55 27 \$147	1 225 16 127 238 359 394 44 47 \$141
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	25.3 25.6 25.0 402 9.4	20.7 24.5 16.0 126 7.5	35.4 34.6 50+ 18 20.7	24.6 26.3 10— 2 0.6	18.9 20.6 10.0 5 2.0	14.3 19.1 12.0 57 10.9	20.3 17.8 20.6 44 9.1	28.6 27.5 29.0 276 10.6	48.3 50+ 14.2 7 46.7	24.3 24.4 10— 13 8.6	30.9 31.6 10— 12 16.7	21.7 26.1 19.8 91 13.3	31.4 44.4 30.9 153 9.1
Renter-occupied hausing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	5 164	2 383	596	879	255	432	221	2 781	447	345	89	652	1 248
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4 925 239	2 246 137	542 54	859 20	234 21	406 26	205 16	2 679 102	409 38	340 5	89 -	634 18	1 207 41
1, detached or attached	645 1 094 801 684 1 501 399 40	332 589 417 338 611 62 34	109 125 129 59 169	117 272 136 146 202 - 6	13 63 37 52 77 13	44 94 76 81 112 16	49 35 39 - 51 33 14	313 505 384 346 890 337 6	61 82 125 83 96 —	37 78 27 60 128 15	11 6 7 22 37 6	74 137 105 76 211 49	130 202 120 105 418 267 6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or \$49,999	1 334 1 370 647 521 813 298 155 13	299 469 299 295 599 254 148 13	84 166 60 104 159 23 	68 119 129 110 291 104 51 -	19 14 18 45 59 53 47 -	63 58 71 23 80 74 50 13	65 112 21 13 10 -	1 035 901 348 226 214 44 7	105 131 100 58 47 - -	19 105 110 44 61 6 -	7 15 18 7 36 6 	234 223 78 58 34 22 3 -	670 427 42 59 36 10 4
Medion	\$9 524 \$10 570	\$13 555 \$13 720	\$12 000 \$11 267	\$15 193 \$15 119	\$18 142 \$17 785	\$15 057 \$15 17 <b>8</b>	\$6 440 \$7 232	\$6 763 \$7 <b>8</b> 72	\$9 594 \$9 516	\$11 102 \$11 053	\$14 107 \$12 899	\$7 000 \$7 830	\$4 816 \$6 067
GROSS RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cash rent Median	5 085 513 759 1 130 1 338 759 293 80 51 7 155 \$202	2 351 113 362 532 661 398 127 54 42 7 55 \$209	596 7 107 106 159 151 41 16 2 - 7 \$223	871 22 68 250 306 137 44 18 18 - 8	252 5 68 28 67 42 22 6 7 7 7 - \$210	416 32 93 105 94 52 13 10 - - 17 \$178	216 47 26 43 35 16 7 4 15 -2 23 \$178	2 734 400 397 598 677 361 166 26 9	447 8 19 147 129 119 14 7 - - 4 \$227	345 -40 57 177 51 20 - - - - \$216	87 - 7 20 40 12 6 2 \$230	635 46 86 188 152 92 50 - - 21 \$196	1 220 346 245 186 179 87 76 19 9
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below paverty level	23.7 632 12.2	19.5 195 8.2	22.4 72 12.1	18.6 42 4.8	15.1 19 7.5	14.4 41 9.5	29.4 21 9.5	<b>27.2</b> <b>437</b> 15.7	26.2 83 18.6	23.4 12 3.5	18.9 7 7.9	27.9 166 25.5	29.4 169 13.5

#### Table A = 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	357	94	196	67	Vacant for rent housing units	1 170	624	424	122
ROOMS					ROOMS				
to 3 rooms	18 101	10 34	8 65		1 room	75	58 29	17	-
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	62 98	4 24	36 57 23	22 17	2 rooms3 rooms	92 404	262	60 112	30
7 rooms	58 20	22	23	13	4 rooms5 rooms	322 200	148 102	153 67	30 21 31 37
8 or more rooms Median	5.5	5.3	5.2	6.1	6 rooms	71 6	25	6	-
PLUMBING FACILITIES					Medion	3.5	3.4	3.7	4.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	337 20	94	176 20	67	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
3 , , ,	20	_	20		Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 119 51	601 23	396 28	122
BEDROOMS None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
2	28 135	10 41	18 76	_ 18	None	81	58	23	_
3 4	157	37	84 16	36 13	1	534 447	303 224	198 174	33 49
5 or more	6	4	2	-	3	89 19	39	25 4	33 49 25
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	96 40	24	44 28	28 8	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	40 54 39	16	31 22	7	1975 to March 1980	362 108	231 70	102	29 13
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	22 106	39	16 55	4 12	1960 to 1969	75 124	40 64	25 32 53	3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		•			1940 to 1949	120 381	46 173	55 157	19
1, detached or attoched	300	68	170	62	UNITS IN STRUCTURE	301	1/3	137	J,
2 or more Mobile hame ar trailer	40 17	26	9 17	5	1, detached or attached	143	57	50	20
FEATING EQUIPMENT					3 and 4	324 104	143 47	58   132   57	28 49
Central heating system	355	94	196	65	5 to 9	94 304	35 181	49 110	10
Other means	2	_	-	2	50 or more	201	161	18	22
PRICE ASKED						_	_	-	-
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	254	60	155	39	RENT ASKED				
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	11 23	_	11 2 <u>3</u>	=	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	1 166 106	<b>624</b> 56	<b>424</b> 28	118
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	17 31	4 12	7 17	6 2	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	219 377	117	96 107	77
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	39 27	7 18	21 6	3	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	275 168	140 101	125 64	10
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	47 38	10	22 36	15	\$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	21 -	17	4	-
\$100,000 or more Median	\$51 700	\$52 700	12 \$49 100	\$50 800	Medion	\$175	\$178	\$190	\$155

# Table A - 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price osked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	dSpecified	l vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	254	11	40	70	112	21	51 700	1 166	<b>10</b> 6	596	443	21	-	175
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	243 11	11	40 -	70 ~	112	21 -	53 200 10000—	1 115 51	80 26	583 13	431 12	21 -		177 90
BEDROOMS														
None	10 88 134 18	- 11 - -	- 16 18 6 -	10 32 28 -	- 27 69 12 4	- 2 19 - -	37 500 45 000 67 900 65 500 77 500	81 534 445 89 17	15 75 2 14 	16 296 226 41 17	50 159 200 34 -	4 17 - -	-	256 159 198 169 153
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	56 25 54 39 18 62	- - - - 11	- - - 11 7 22	2 8 14 11 11 24	35 17 40 15 - 5	19 - - 2 -	75 000 63 800 64 000 48 200 36 100 28 800	362 108 75 122 120 379	49 - 8 8 - 41	134 20 27 56 99 260	169 85 40 54 21 74	10 3 - 4 - 4	- - - -	179 254 202 195 165 157
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	254 	11	40	70 	112	21 	51 700 	139 1 027 -	16 90 -	72 524 -	43 400 –	8 13 —	=	165 177 -

## Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Kenosha city		Less thon	\$10,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$30,000 te	\$40,000 to	\$50,000 te	\$60,000 to	\$80,000	\$100,000 to	\$150,000	Medion	Meon
Specified owner-occupled housing units	Totol	\$10,000	\$19,999	\$29,999	\$39,999 <b>3 56</b> 0	\$49,999 4 364	\$59,999 <b>2 971</b>	\$79,999 2 214	\$99,999 <b>50</b> 5	\$149,999 189	or more	(dollars) 45 400	(dollars)
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 ta 64 years  55 years and over Mole householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over	11 513 250 2 654 2 455 4 484 1 670 1 150 52 237 179 350 332 2 900 411 902 1 186	15 - - 9 6 17 10 - 7 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	77 7 7 31 15 24 44 4 - 8 8 23 13 50 - 12 25 13	856 20 170 125 281 260 221 13 31 20 68 89 459 12 57 55 10 225	2 266 68 560 299 861 478 332 12 155 66 105 962 13 122 145 284 398	3 336 113 866 610 1 267 480 285 20 80 38 74 73 743 743 121 115 241	2 446 27 570 597 985 267 134 45 16 391 7 7 58 35 117	1 891 22 379 600 789 101 91 23 13 32 23 23 232	450 - 76 153 188 33 19 - 6 - 7 6 36 21	161 	15	47 600 43 500 46 800 52 200 48 500 41 300 38 700 40 400 42 200 39 200 37 600 36 500 40 300 39 300 41 300 41 300 39 000	50 200 44 600 48 900 54 800 51 400 43 200 40 700 38 900 41 500 41 800 36 400 41 500 41
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 441 3 653 2 417 3 778 4 274		7 38 13 63 50	119 283 210 229 695	228 730 483 888 1 231	438 1 000 683 1 008 1 235	259 727 511 885 589	281 675 363 565 330	84 140 113 95 73	25 43 36 27 58	51.9 - 6 - 9 	48 300 47 300 47 300 46 900 41 100	51 800 50 100 49 900 48 600 43 300
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	120 2 147 5 985 4 166 1 918 1 227 5.4	5 19 - 9 5 - 4.2	20 40 29 40 34 8 5.4	40 371 545 330 170 80 5.2	28 724 1 405 862 381 160 5.2	15 671 1 887 1 269 352 170 5.3	12 258 1 412 752 347 190 5.4	58 647 804 419 286 6.0	- 6 50 77 167 205 7.2	- 10 23 33 123 8.0	- - - - 10 5 7.3	27 900 38 900 45 000 46 500 50 400 60 300	30 800 39 200 45 800 48 400 53 600 65 600
BEDROOMS None 1	16 260 4 036 8 516 2 350 385	12 12 12 14 14	8 19 45 69 30	68 713 565 173	8 77 1 360 1 594 460 61	28 1 120 2 477 657 82	43 551 1 920 389 68	13 203 1 528 383 87	- 25 291 160 29	- 7 66 80 36	- - 6 4 5	22 500 34 700 39 200 48 100 48 000 53 800	22 500 35 700 40 400 50 100 52 600 63 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	850 1 155 3 060 3 814 1 549 5 135	6 5 - 5 - 22	- 12 27 23 109	- 36 34 186 106	27 164 347 671 466 1 885	53 412 893 1 386 575 1 045	121 236 1 013 894 247 460	428 207 648 517 117 297	156 68 79 83 11 108	53 27 25 45 4 35	6 - 9 - -	68 900 48 900 52 000 47 400 42 700 37 000	71 700 54 000 53 700 49 200 43 700 39 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean	836 1 508 842 715 2 155 2 594 3 890 2 384 639 \$23 321 \$24 644	7 11 6 - 5 - - 9 - \$10 417 \$17 599	29 46 13 13 22 29 19 - - \$12 019 \$14 297	183 328 103 92 276 220 208 118 8 \$16 476 \$17 415	219 527 278 261 619 570 658 354 74 \$19 101 \$20 483	221 344 259 159 687 882 1 128 587 97 \$22 878 \$23 631	100 143 123 130 337 469 975 595 99 \$26 378 \$26 884	70 81 35 60 189 364 741 520 154 \$29 375 \$29 974	7 21 19 — 12 55 127 149 115 \$35 682 \$39 030	7 6 8 5 34 42 87 \$46 701 \$57 408	- - - - - 10 5 \$42 867 \$55 314	39 200 37 400 40 600 39 600 42 300 44 400 49 400 51 600 65 000	39 800 39 400 42 000 41 800 43 400 46 600 51 100 54 600 71 200 
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not computed Median	9 322 3 423 2 074 1 585 890 473 859 18 18.0 6 241 2 725 1 242 767 403 291 228 585	32.5 333 20 6 - - 7 -	99 28 32 5 12 8 14 - 18.4 72 11 28 - - 3 7	681 291 115 89 59 47 80 - 17.2 855 298 140 126 60 59 57 115	1 932 672 388 355 252 88 177 - 18.8 1 628 366 216 140 107 70 141 - 13.1	2 738 995 626 408 298 150 250 11 17.9 1 626 704 305 220 134 163 -	1 880 786 431 303 184 49 127 16.8 1 091 557 224 133 32 9 39 97 7	1 500 484 367 316 72 7 18.6 714 399 133 72 23 41 14 32	370 128 84 80 13 26 39 - 18.4 135 94 27 - 7 7	112 34 31 29 - 13 5 - 18.5 77 50 7 - 7 7 7	5 5 5 - - 10 10 4 6 - - - - 10.8	47 000 47 500 48 000 48 100 43 500 43 800 46 700 48 600 46 000 42 200 42 100 40 100 37 500 37 200 40 800	49 700 49 400 51 000 51 500 45 200 49 600 49 100 58 100 48 600 44 900 43 200 42 200 41 000 39 300 41 800
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent below poverty level	15 563 412  15 563 15 308 9 685 4 026 556 3.6	38   38 38 13 	171 	1 536 40 - 1 536 1 491 783 130 113 7.4	3 560 80 - 3 560 3 487 1 956 473 116 3.3	4 364 186 - 4 364 4 309 2 721 993 179 4.1	2 971 74 - 2 971 2 942 2 083 1 081 58 2.0	2 214 32 - 2 214 2 181 1 496 933 59 2.7	505 	189 - - 189 189 160 138 - -	15 15 15 15 11	45 400 44 900 	48 000 45 000  48 000 48 100 49 900 56 900 41 800

# Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Kenosha city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	9 723	535	832	1 786	2 535	2 094	1 052	397	192	22	278	231
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	2 951 825 968 310 561 287 2 649 790 927 298 421 213 4 123 947 928 331 776 1 141	29 5 8 - 16 92 7 12 5 23 45 414 8 5 - 414 8 5 7	70 10 11 14 15 20 337 91 68 66 100 12 425 25 58 7 86 249 56.0	467 158 158 40 35 76 548 122 250 32 299 45 771 213 161 32 214 151 29.8	807 347 254 62 119 25 716 213 329 65 79 30 1 012 328 316 58 163 147 28.2	721 196 258 44 156 67 510 222 147 59 61 21 863 307 212 123 117 104 29.1	463 82 154 63 125 39 210 93 60 33 13 11 379 51 88 75 94 71	160 11 72 38 39 - 102 19 48 21 10 4 135 16 10 26 33.4	99 16 37 25 13 8 50 6 7 7 18 12 43 - 13 20 10	10 	125 	253 237 259 288 268 224 217 238 214 217 180 188 221 237 239 273 206 135
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	4 714 3 204 871 571 363	133 258 76 53 15	354 218 93 104 63	750 690 164 118 64	1 298 797 216 153 71	1 230 628 159 60 17	604 330 79 26 13	207 130 33 22 5	91 85 5 11 -	18 4 - - -	29 64 46 24 115	243 227 216 200 189
ROOMS 1 room	154 612 2 581 3 110 2 281 699 286 4.0	43 127 320 26 19 - - 2.8	50 197 420 120 45 - - 2.9	33 74 715 622 305 32 5	28 143 761 841 550 180 32 3.9	71 271 827 705 174 46 4.4	30 518 392 83 29 4.5	- 17 65 129 106 80 5.4	- 15 35 59 39 44 5.3	- - 4 - 10 8 6.2	32 52 77 75 42 5.2	129 145 184 246 260 275 356
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 723 9 379 6 122 2 989 232 36 344 212 127 5	535 454 421 28 - 5 81 43 38 -	832 753 635 118 - - 79 58 16 5	1 786 1 727 1 242 438 35 12 59 39 20	2 535 2 477 1 614 812 46 5 5 8 30 28	2 094 2 039 1 172 785 75 7 55 30 25	1 052 1 040 522 457 54 7 7 12 12 -	397 397 209 177 11 	192 192 88 93 11	22 22 5 17 - - - -	278 278 214 64 - - - -	231 233 220 254 280 230 172 167 182 145
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	1 433 1 337 113 96 5	143 121 5 22 -	166 139 - 27 5	249 237 17 12 -	325 316 19 9 -	304 278 39 26 -	139 139 26 	69 69 - - -	7 7 7 - -	-	31 31 - - -	219 222 283 148 145
BEDROOMS  None	250 3 673 4 196 1 406 157 41	69 427 39 - - -	103 603 112 14 	40 1 052 598 96 -	38 1 097 1 114 264 22 -	401 1 301 332 49 11	- 16 745 277 14	17 130 216 29 5	15 73 79 12 13	- 4 4 5 13 -	- 41 84 123 18 12	132 185 257 290 299 385
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	1 297 3 321 1 478 1 135 2 100 384 8	6 44 44 58 204 179	37 270 195 71 155 104	96 783 455 199 220 33	240 903 355 335 683 19	271 784 241 286 482 22 8	172 320 112 169 257 22	174 142 31 7 43 -	93 29 37 6 27 -	13 - 4 - 5 - -	195 46 4 4 24 5	278 227 206 236 234 105 288
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or ecrlier	1 444 1 096 1 451 800 1 049 3 883	220 55 113 7 - 140	144 25 17 38 86 522	75 94 133 110 266 1 108	298 334 491 204 277 931	292 317 426 214 219 626	314 168 154 75 100 241	49 54 76 33 44 141	25 29 19 54 25 40	- 5 5 - 3 9	27 15 17 65 29 125	245 255 247 252 224 205
STORIES IN STRUCTURE  1 to 3  4 or more  With elevotor  GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	9 661 62 30	526 9 9	814 18 6	1 772 14 7	2 528 7 -	2 088 6 -	1 044 8 8	397 - -	192 - -	22 - -	278 - - -	231 156 150
INCOME IN 1979  Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 235 1 786 1 461 939 553 1 030 1 305 414 22.2	122 100 148 81 37 11 20 16 21.3	254 103 117 77 38 149 53 41 21.6	594 313 196 151 77 187 244 24	662 499 409 247 134 273 300 11 21.2	379 455 321 216 130 206 375 12 23.2	140 236 145 97 91 137 192 14 24.9	53 50 71 45 16 60 84 18 26.7	27 30 54 20 25 4 32 - 23.6	4 - - 5 5 5 3 5 3 5	278	211 239 233 231 247 231 255 174
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system	9 717 8 975 4 413 513	535 530 182 12	832 759 294 27	1 786 1 570 535 44	2 529 2 340 1 327	2 094 1 933 1 105 104	1 052 1 022 606 86	397 342 110 18	192 186 104 68	<b>22</b> 22 8 5	278 271 142 38	231 232 243 265

Table B -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	ne in 1979					<u></u>	
Kenosha city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	18 174	1 111	1 884	994	881	2 496	2 978	4 492	2 626	712	22 869	24 106	731
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	12 978 320	234 5	775 4	<b>506</b> 25	<b>439</b> 12	1 <b>631</b> 108	2 352 62	<b>3 973</b> 83	2 409 17	659 4	26 163 20 429	<b>27 642</b> 21 927	248
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	2 957 2 680 5 117	18 60 67	6 26 174	23 11 104	95 25 120	517 207 474	859 528 773	1 062 1 032 1 656	351 662 1 301	26 129 448	24 758 28 848 30 144	25 948 30 423 31 880	21 79 80
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 904 1 619	84 <b>143</b>	565 <b>223</b>	343 1 <b>3</b> 9	187 <b>98</b>	325 <b>327</b>	130 <b>280</b>	140 282	78 10 <b>5</b>	52 <b>22</b>	12 208 18 605	15 926 <b>19 130</b>	63 <b>84</b>
15 to 24 years	91 348	11	11	6 25	7 14	30 115	24 104	6 71 70	7 3	5	19 076 20 425	18 358 21 167	21
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	243 510 427	12 55 65	51 161	49 52	15 24 38	64 102 16	51 67 34	70 96 39	24 53 18	13 4	21 895 19 145 9 572	22 897 20 426 13 944	5 48 10
Female heuseholder, no husband present	<b>3 577</b> 35	<b>734</b> 7	886 7	349	344	538 7	<b>34</b> 6	237	112	31	11 207 16 250	13 532 15 068	399 14
25 to 34 years	471 456 1 095	62 36 100	56 96	61 40 99	108 64 96	114 106	11 72	32 31	27 6	5	13 808 14 688	14 832 16 134	99
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	1 520 50.2	529 <b>70.3</b>	223 504 <b>69.5</b>	149 6 <b>5.9</b>	76 <b>58.1</b>	220 91 <b>44.4</b>	160 92 <b>40.3</b>	129 45 <b>43.8</b>	42 34 <b>48.0</b>	26 - <b>53.6</b>	15 683 6 739	17 206 9 667	99 116 <b>52.1</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								,		20.0		•••	
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	1 821 4 258	47 131	93 175	98 98	83 209	379 692	393 945	475 1 294	203 608	50 106	22 730 24 275	23 938 25 329	74 170
1970 to 1974	2 860 4 153 5 082	135 225 573	137 389 1 090	127 253 418	123 211 255	402 377	494 547	850 1 081	428 870	164 200	25 096 25 677	26 242 26 470	143 148
1959 or earlier SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	3 082	3/3	1 090	418	255	646	599	792	517	192	16 798	20 009	196
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 118 494	1 098	1 <b>880</b>	990	881 16	2 488 68	<b>2 958</b> 143	<b>4 485</b> 137	2 626 88	<b>712</b> 25	22 898 25 417	24 132 28 394	<b>726</b> 20
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	56	13	4	4	- 1	8 -	20	7	<u>-</u>	=	19 688	15 659	5 -
Heating equipment Central heating system	18 174 17 760 11 090	1 111 1 084 542	1 884 1 799	994 954	881 826	2 496 2 436	2 978 2 960	4 492 4 419	2 626 2 570	712 712	22 869 22 987	24 106 24 230	731 718
Air conditioning  Central system  Vehicles available	4 403 17 <b>042</b>	148 679	964 263 1 440	628 223 893	519 191 835	1 415 440 2 444	1 902 700 2 938	2 839 1 259 4 487	1 807 909 2 614	<b>474</b> 270 <b>712</b>	23 886 26 675 23 793	25 274 28 191 25 188	340 112 547
1 2 or more	6 392 10 650	518 161	1 189 251	668 225	545 290	1 297 1 147	934 2 004	885 3 602	266 2 348	90 622	16 106 28 187	17 334 29 901	325 222
House heating fuelUtility gas	18 174 15 947	923	1 884 1 568	99 <b>4</b> 842	881 719	2 496 2 181	2 978 2 665	4 492 4 039	2 626 2 367	<b>712</b> 643	22 869 23 264	24 106 24 473	<b>731</b> 619
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	78 81 2 062	3 6 179	10 17 289	- 6 146	162	6 26 283	22 	26 17 410	11 2 240	- 7 62	24 773 16 917 19 630	24 567 19 550 21 380	109
Other	6 <b>5.4</b>	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.8	6.4	40 906	42 040	5.3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 563	836	1 508	842	715	2 155	2 594	3 890	2 384	639	23 321	24 644	556
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	9 <b>322</b> 279	247 23	<b>351</b> 28	2 <b>73</b> 18	328	1 <b>349</b> 42	1 897 86	2 829 49	1 <b>658</b> 24	<b>390</b> 9	<b>25 638</b> 21 738	<b>27 143</b> 21 396	<b>331</b>
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	968 1 702	41 42	57 53	55 56	56 86	132 229	200 300	253 530	128 331	46 75	23 438 26 109	25 453 27 601	42 53
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 583 1 380 2 025	45 20 63	38 57 89	46 41 44	71 46 50	202 218 380	349 362 370	439 355 717	347 239 258	46 42 54	25 779 23 662 25 084	27 280 25 945 25 989	42 53 53 55 99
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	894 407	7 6	16 13	5 8	14 5	115	142 82	359 110	185 126	51 26	28 556 30 896	29 879 31 211	12
\$750 or more Median	84 \$355	\$319	\$349	\$308	\$315	- \$366	6 \$352	17 \$370	20 \$350	41 \$373	35 280	52 468	\$357
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	6 241	589 -	1 157 -	569 -	387 -	806 6	697 -	1 061	726 -	249	17 833 16 250	20 912 15 845	225
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	33 177 823	7 26	19 54	13 87	7 16	30 145	12 74	19 37	7 58	- - 6	6 827 11 635 11 078	7 826 14 225 14 284	7 6 36
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 482 2 617	143 155 208	231 390 385	221 196	42 102 193	212 316	74 136 353	154 550	87 340	25 76	12 217 20 157	15 872 21 537	54 95
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	836 267	28 22	71 7	33 19	27	97 -	103 19	264 37	147 87	66 76	27 169 38 276	28 282 46 272	20 7
Median	\$161	\$144	\$143	\$146	\$157	\$152	\$168	\$179	\$181	\$213	•••	•••	\$155
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	9 <b>322</b> 3 423	247	351	<b>273</b>	328	1 349 70	1 897 432	2 829 1 289	1 658 1 272	<b>390</b> 355	25 638 34 154	27 143 36 498	331
Less than 15 percent	2 074 1 585	=	_ _ 8	6 43	24 85	273 309	527 557	920 502	289 81	35	27 121 22 553	27 897 23 385	5
25 to 29 percent	890 473	8 -	33 32	42 79	88 54	410 168	226 104	77 36	6	_	18 755 17 154	18 496 17 286	9
35 percent or more Not computed	859 18	225 14	278 - 50+	98 - 32.6	77  28.1	119 - 25.3	47 4 19.9	5 - 15.7	10 - 11.5	- 10	8 374 2500—	9 835 4 447	296   14   50+
Median	18.0 6 241	50 + 589	1 157	569	387	806	697	1 061	726 715	249	17 833 30 773	20 912 33 616	225
Less than 10 percent	2 725 1 242 767	-	6 85 271	200 259	23 219 133	294 427 85	459 219 19	980 74 -	11	242 7 –	16 406 11 086	16 833 11 427	15
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	403 291	12 36	300 236	72 19	12	_ _	-	7	-	Ξ	8 439 6 778	8 814 6 829	-
30 to 34 percent	228 585	75 466	140 119	13 	-	-	_		_	Ξ	5 774 3 896	5 868 4 032	185
Not computed	11.6	44.6	23.6	16.5	13.9	11.3	10-	10—	10-	10-			50+

## Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
Kenosha city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or mare	Median (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	9 790	1 735	2 117	980	1 004	1 704	1 124	837	202	87	12 657	14 195	1 433
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-cauple families	2 982 825 993 310 567	1 <b>63</b> 75 61 7 15	350 90 71 23 47	<b>262</b> 92 73 24 21	317 124 77 37 49	631 173 212 61 125	<b>594</b> 174 209 67 131	<b>526</b> 71 235 79 133	118 19 50 12 37	21 7 5 - 9	18 348 15 926 20 054 20 227 20 779	18 724 16 421 20 394 20 010 21 765	222 98 80 23 21
65 yeors and over	287 2 654 790 927 303 421 213 4 154	5 <b>324</b> 99 99 18 49 59 <b>1 248</b>	119 <b>425</b> 136 135 7 59 88 <b>1 342</b>	52 296 100 113 16 54 13	30 284 119 113 28 20 4	60 629 167 282 81 89 10	13 373 110 112 66 75 10	8 234 52 51 59 43 29	59 7 15 16 21 -	30 - 7 12 11 - 36	10 938 14 982 13 761 15 053 20 110 16 454 7 375 7 766	12 165 15 543 14 033 15 078 21 766 17 210 11 019 10 082	295 111 110 18 35 21
Female househalder, no husband present	947 932 331 795 1 149 32.4	286 131 21 206 604 52.6	276 343 78 278 367 <b>35.7</b>	92 115 66 104 45 <b>29.4</b>	116 102 45 83 57 28.7	128 149 73 58 36 <b>29.3</b>	16 56 21 42 22 31.1	22 19 12 24 - 33.8	10 15 - - 35.0	11 7 - 18 39.6	8 093 9 886 12 528 8 284 4 870	9 565 11 753 14 174 9 465 8 402	343 230 55 143 145 28.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or earlier	4 733 3 215 886 585 371	871 477 162 126 99	1 012 632 198 175 100	461 285 96 97 41	550 336 60 25 33	868 583 163 62 28	545 408 105 40 26	287 402 80 45 23	109 53 22 8 10	30 39 - 7 11	12 602 14 089 12 161 9 728 8 911	13 559 15 341 13 489 13 065 15 839	928 351 77 44 33
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	9 442 6 156 3 013 232 41 348 216 127 5	1 602 1 190 373 34 5 133 79 49	2 050 1 460 502 75 13 67 45 22	955 661 267 27 - 25 20 5	956 615 316 20 5 48 32 16	1 674 1 063 581 30 - 30 20 10	1 104 557 522 14 11 20 8	818 447 345 19 7 19 12 7	196 101 82 13 - 6 - 6	87 62 25    	12 798 11 619 15 466 10 648 13 750 7 903 7 895 8 438 3 750	14 344 13 523 16 003 14 564 14 475 10 144 9 684 11 168 4 005	1 337 623 601 102 11 96 49 42 5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or mare Hause heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	9 784 9 042 4 441 7 862 5 347 2 515 9 784 7 734 60 1 246 706 38 4.0	1 735 1 591 560 80 718 603 115 1 735 1 431 207 97	2 117 1 935 909 88 1 503 1 312 1 191 2 117 1 665 17 297 126 12 3.8	980 887 463 64 871 724 147 980 802 18 92 58 10	998 901 452 71 929 681 248 998 775 5 152 66	1 704 1 575 782 60 1 648 1 104 544 1 704 1 294 5 223 175 7 4,2	1 124 1 081 648 69 1 100 558 542 1 124 866 8 162 83 5	837 804 446 59 811 297 514 837 680 7 89 61	202 194 135 21 202 31 171 202 153 - 12 33 4	87 74 46 9 80 37 43 87 68 - 12 7	12 650 12 800 14 096 13 504 14 758 12 627 20 094 12 650 12 403 11 806 12 944 15 195 11 750	14 196 14 337 15 694 15 976 16 071 13 853 20 787 14 196 14 098 16 287 15 189 	1 433 1 243 343 21 786 614 172 1 433 1 204 12 124 93
Specified renter-occupied housing units	9 723	1 727	2 094	980	995	1 692	1 114	837	202	82	12 652	14 188	1 433
CONTRACT RENT  Less than \$100	752 1 508 3 237 2 417 1 230 211 76 10 4 278 \$187	444 381 512 216 90 41 - - 43 \$151	184 457 763 445 160 21 12  52 \$170	48 86 400 278 127 11  - 30 \$188	16 136 351 296 163 8 - 5 - 20 \$199	19 236 568 505 262 40 15 - - 47 \$200	20 77 341 399 217 19 20 - 21 \$214	6 87 229 227 166 53 20 5 - 44 \$216	8 29 46 35 45 18 - - 21 \$216	7 19 27 16 - - 9 - 4	4 577 9 054 12 147 14 776 16 550 17 112 22 115 21 250 52 076 14 250	6 950 12 240 13 570 15 953 17 216 18 393 24 245 20 213 55 980 16 049	164 294 557 282 87 18 - - - 31
GROSS RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	535 832 1 786 2 535 2 094 1 052 397 192 22 278 \$231	387 270 329 275 237 127 59  43 \$179	105 300 486 508 383 185 43 32 - 52 \$212	17 47 198 356 198 74 60 - - 30 \$231	6 59 185 317 275 108 16 4 5 20 \$238	6 93 255 534 444 198 67 45 3 47 \$244	24 179 315 285 192 60 33 5 21 \$254	6 22 87 196 242 115 69 51 5 44 \$265	8 10 46 5 30 46 18 18 - 21 \$289	7 21 29 - 7 5 9 4	4 149 6 973 10 985 13 513 14 582 16 194 16 767 21 705 21 500 14 250	5 369 9 580 13 025 15 050 15 046 17 020 17 080 23 253 26 224 16 049	143 166 249 325 304 139 69 7 7 - 31 \$219
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Less than 15 percent	2 235 1 786 1 461 939 553 1 030 1 305 414 22.2	9 70 143 86 59 221 960 179 50+	83 112 262 287 247 711 340 52 35.6	/3 155 230 278 153 91 - 30 25.8	97 244 380 181 64 4 5 20 21.9	445 739 331 102 25 3 	625 373 90 - 5 - 21 14.3	670 93 25 5 - - 44 12.1	181  - - - 21 10	82      10—	23 478 17 016 13 128 10 868 9 524 6 801 3 756 6 591	25 959 16 701 12 773 10 509 9 356 6 799 3 836 10 614	6 18 49 76 56 193 868 167 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]										
Kenosha city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	9 322	279	968	1 702	1 583	1 380	2 025	894	407	84	355
PERSONS IN UNIT	507	20	(0)						_		
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	537 1 978 2 013	32 127 41	68 245 316	88 403 374	97 257	88 202	114 442	43 165	128	9	341 342
4 persons5 persons	2 441 1 405	36 43	169 102	408 260	303 428 277	274 462 190	366 542 348	256 252 113	66 126	17 18	345 369 355 352
6 persons	603	- - -	32 11	109 51	156 37	94 58	146 54	29 17	48 27	24 10	352 352 366
8 or more persons	111 3.55	2.35	25 3.04	3.46	28 3.81	12 3.77	13 3.67	19 3.43	5 3.52	4.39	338
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER						5	0.07	51.10	0.02	4.07	
Morried-cauple families	<b>7 601</b> 227	202	702	1 342 25	1 303 23	1 086 17	1 698 113	<b>808</b> 13	<b>382</b> 36	78	<b>362</b> 435
25 to 34 years	2 599 2 249	25 40	96 182	206 451	442 358	531 351	708 496	424 240	152 109	15 22	400
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 291 235	120 17	350 74	595 65	447 33	183	352 29	124	79	41	363 309 270
Male householder, no wife present	601 52	24	<b>63</b> 7	<b>60</b> 7	124 18	127	116	6 <b>9</b>	12	6 -	362 333 418
25 to 34 years	218 152	7	7 6	5 15	45 41	38 48	77 22	34 7	6	6 -	357
45 to 64 years65 years and over	147 32 1 120	17 - 53	33 10 <b>203</b>	19 14 <b>300</b>	20	35	17	6 8	- -	_	311 271
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	32 336	-	5 40	89	156 14 54	167 7 69	211 6 84	17 -	13 -	-	301 339
35 to 44 years	339 321	23 25	62	90 82	65	38 48	55 56	12	6	_	336 297 283
65 years and over	92 39.1	5 52.0	15 50.6	39 44.4	39.2	35.5	10 3 <b>5.4</b>	34.3	7 <b>35.</b> 6	- 44.5	283
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	1 316 3 318	4 46	20 113	49 239	102 531	122 750	492 1 052	303 403	203 150	21 34	474 399
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 925 2 185	42 112	179 488	469 818	546 325	326   156	209 190	101	35 13	18	325 280
1959 or earlier	578	75	168	127	79	26	82	72 15	6	-	268
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms	55	6	6	27	5	6	5	_	_	_	279
4 rooms5 rooms	749 3 552	42 154	77 463 297	181 778	67 648	157 502	155 661	52 262	18 78	- 6	352 329
6 rooms 7 rooms	2 613 1 446	52   10	297 93 32	420 223 73	447 246	375 184	659 338	242 241	95 111	26	362 391
8 or more rooms Medion	907 5.6	15 5.1	32 5.4	73 5.3	170 5.7	156 5.6	207 5.8	97 6.0	105 6.6	52 7.8	403
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980	732 988	-	18 46	12 134	43 250	59 174	245 254	216 57	115 49	24 24	496 368
1960 to 1969	2 180 1 938	38 61	245 247	580 383	377 313	354 226	346 417	170 223	58 60	12 8	330 344
1940 to 1949	738 2 746	35 145	57 355	113 480	95 505	137 430	189 574	83 145	24 101	11	375 339
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	5 99 681	25 38	28	5 22 181	11	8	5	-	-	-	275 244
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 932 2 738	91 88	142 299	421 507	175 386	74 354 347	66 345 719	28 227	8	5	294 320 347
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 880 1 500	18	338 118 37	367 172	466 280 232	390 169	431 371	211 302	65 175	23	370 433
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	370 112	-1	6	27	33	34	70 18	89 27	88 30	23	517 635
\$150,000 cr more Median	\$47 000	\$38 900	\$40 500	\$43 900	\$44 400	\$47 600	\$48 200	\$58 800	\$72 300	\$96 100	550
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS				·		·			·	,	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	3 423	200	659	1 093	749	376	230	84	14	18 {	289
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2 074 1 585	17	659 117 75	291	387	361 351	604 418	213 241	61	23	381 403
25 to 29 percent	890 473	28	75   32   27	56 38 83	85 75	136 30	391 118	136 108	20 65	6 12 21	422 465
35 percent or moreNot computed	859 18	15	58	7	83	126	257 7	112	104	-	419 286
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	18.0	10.2	12.6	13.2	15.5	19.3	22.1	23.1	24.5	21.3	
Heating equipment	9 322	279	968	1 702	1 583	1 380	2 025	894	407	84	355
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	654 8 480	18 247	35 919	1 600	147 1 406	74 1 285	166 1 818	87 781	44 363	23 61	395 353
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	23 26 139	6	6	12	-	-	6	5 8	-	-	246 408 349
Other meansAir conditioning Central system	5 <b>687</b> 2 378	183 61	5 <b>92</b> 182	24 9 <b>37</b> 323	30 9 <b>43</b> 340	21 9 <b>38</b> 355	35 1 188 582	13 5 <b>60</b> 315	268 152	78 68	349 360 390
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	3 309 9 <b>322</b>	122	410 968	614 1 702	603 1 583	583 1 380	606	245 894	116	10 84	342 355
Utility gas	8 315	240	860	1 544	1 420	1 190	1 834	778	374	75	354 363
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc	50 942	6 33	102	6 146	152	184	3 188	17 99	33	4 5	344 360 275
Other	6	••	-	6	-	-	-	-		-	275

## Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Doto are estimates	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Kenosha city										Wediair (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	6 241	6	33	177	823	1 482	2 617	836	267	161
1 person	1 496 2 834	- 6	7 19	82 85	344 394	480 768	450 1 177	83 294	50 91	141 156
2 persons	934 535	-	'7	10	46 12	149 42	482 299	181 139	59 43	176 176 186
4 persons 5 persons	274 137	-	-	_	11 16	29 14	144 53	86	4 14	184 186
6 persons	31	-	-	-	-	-	12	40 13	6	213
8 or more persons Medion	2.07	2.00	2.00	1.58	1.67	1.84	2.23	2.73	2.42	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	3 912 23	-	19	66	<b>381</b> 12	798	1 821	650 6	177	169 124
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	55 206	_	2	5	- <del>.</del>	10 27	15 115	25 58	6	192 183 177
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 193 1 435	<u>-</u>	19	41 20	166 203	282 479	1 129 557	444 117	131 40	150
Male householder, no wife present	549	6 -	-	61	165	159	110	41	7 -	132
25 to 34 yeors	19 27	_	-	7	8	12	7	7	=	182 120
45 to 64 years65 years and over	203 300	6		_ 54	54 98	74 73	55 48	13 21	7	141 123
Female househalder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	1 780	-	14 -	50	277	525	686	145	83 -	152
25 to 34 years	33 72	-	-	າງໍ	1 62	14	12 23	16	- 6 20	142 170
45 to 64 years65 years and over	581 1 094 <b>63.</b> 6	82.5	14 <b>73.2</b>	6 26 <b>70.7</b>	92 179 <b>67.4</b>	141 360 <b>68.2</b>	234 417	75 54 <b>57.3</b>	33 44 <b>60.2</b>	161 148
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	05.0	02.3	73.2	70.7	07.4	00.2	62.2	37.3	00.2	•••
1979 to March 1980	125	-	-	13	-	22	54	18	18	175
1975 to 1978	335 492	-	- - 7	6 21	19 48 199	99 88	128 191	62 120	21 24	167 173 167
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 593 3 696	6	26	21 116	557	304 969	777 1 467	226 410	59 145	156
ROOMS						_				
1 to 3 rooms	65 1 398	_	19	- 78	38 276	434	20 460	118	13	121 144
5 rooms	2 433 1 553	6 –	7 7 7	69 30	275 180	598 305	1 128 718	305 235	45 78	162 168
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	472 320	_	-	_	48 6	107	173 118	94 84	50 81	173 203
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	5.2	5.0	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.5	6.5	•••
1975 to March 1980	118	_	_	12	_	5	48	36	17	194
1970 to 1974	167 880	_	-	7 7	7 38	13 128	61 489	56 172	23 46	196 177
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	1 876 811	_	-	12 31	184 105	419 221	887 346	276 101	98 7	168 157
1939 or eorlier	2 389	6	33	108	489	696	786	195	76	145
VALUE Less thon \$10,000	33	_	6	6	21	-	_	-	_	105
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	72 855	- 6	13	20 63	27 231	15 336	10 198		- 8	115 134
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 628 1 626	_	14 -	62 20	399 102	520 438	573 876	54 171	6 19	141 164
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 091 714	_	_	- 6	36 7	142 31	666 283	227 301	20 86	178 205 237
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	135 77	-	-	~	Ξ	_	11 -	77 6	47 71	250+
\$150,000 or more Medion	10 \$43 000	\$21 300	\$29 100	\$30 000	\$32 700	\$37 700	\$45 600	\$57 800	10 \$77 500	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent10 to 14 percent	2 725 1 242	6	13 13	90 40	315 161	508 326	1 215 484	422 181	156 37	168 158
15 to 19 percent	767	-	- [	15	132	239 134	273 157	89	19	150 150
25 to 29 percent	403 291 228	-	-   -   7	18 8	48 52 41	71	127	39 27 20	6 13	156 156 147
30 to 34 percent	585	_	-	6	74	76 128	290	58	29	165
Not computed	11.6	10-	11.3	10—	13.0	13.6	11.0	10-	10	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	. 047				000	3 400	0.07	007	0/7	161
Heating equipment Steom or hot water system	6 241 489	6 -	33	177 7	823 35	1 482	2 617 155	836 96	<b>267</b> 84	161 179 161
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	5 585 11	0 -	26 - 7	159	731	1 333	2 415 5 15	732	183	148 148
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce  Other means  Air conditioning	40 116 2 999	-	-	11	18 39	31	27	8	168	131 165
Air conditioning  Central system  Lear more individual recompanies	3 998 1 648 2 350	-	-	90 20	480 112	916 269 647	1 718 760 958	626 373 253	114 54	178 178 155
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	6 241 5 327	6	33 33	70 1 <b>77</b>	368 <b>823</b> 727	1 482	2 617 2 190	836 686	267 200	161
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Flectricity	34 i 34 i 24	0 -	33	172	6	1 313	6	6	200	159 139 150
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	856 856	=	-	=	84 84	152	409 -	144	67	173
		-								

Table B -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Dolo ore estillio		vner-accupied h			Renter-occupied housing units						
Kenosha city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	18 174	1 009	1 368	3 284	5 905	6 608	9 790	1 444	1 101	1 457	1 867	3 921
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male hauseholder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Femole hauseholder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  65 years and over  5 to 64 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  65 years and over  65 years and over	12 978 320 2 957 2 680 5 117 1 904 1 619 91 348 243 510 427 3 577 35 471 456 1 095 1 520 50.2	862 17 337 294 182 32 59 14 17 15 13 - 88 3 20 6 47 12	1 035 59 293 357 298 28 99 13 24 34 28 - - 69 94 7 40.7	2 678 40 419 745 1 266 208 204 7 66 34 58 39 402 7 45 92 137 121	4 276 76 899 611 1 921 769 532 20 89 86 190 147 1 097 6 145 122 372 452 54.6	4 127 128 1 009 673 1 450 867 725 37 152 241 241 1 756 19 192 172 445 928 53.5	2 982 825 993 310 567 287 2 654 790 927 303 421 213 4 154 947 932 331 795 1 149 32.4	326 119 74 20 60 53 379 123 142 56 23 35 739 122 101 37 135 344	287 70 96 32 39 50 314 117 106 36 55 - 500 127 90 56 108 119 31.8	451 111 140 56 99 45 340 113 101 36 59 666 142 106 23 164 231 36.1	667 195 265 63 91 53 482 172 156 55 71 28 718 314 222 44 75 63 27.9	1 251 330 418 139 278 86 1 139 265 422 125 236 91 1 531 242 413 171 313 392 33.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 821 4 258 2 860 4 153 5 082	284 725 - - -	149 441 778 - -	291 592 534 1 867	481 1 116 683 1 253 2 372	616 1 384 865 1 033 2 710	4 733 3 215 886 585 371	869 575  	580 381 140 —	660 386 236 175	1 005 590 123 77 72	1 619 1 283 387 333 299
ROOMS 1 room	11 43 276 2 766 7 001 4 623 3 454 5.4	- 9 22 69 220 329 360 6.1	- 14 4 96 664 377 213 5.4	7 12 179 1 807 810 469 5.3	8 - 113 1 506 2 408 1 250 620 5.1	3 13 125 916 1 902 1 857 1 792 5.7	159 612 2 590 3 124 2 301 718 286 4.0	11 143 585 504 154 43 4 3.5	28 76 342 428 160 44 23 3.7	22 99 417 509 325 57 28 3.9	19 79 383 594 581 130 81 4.3	79 215 863 1 089 1 081 444 150 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	18 118 10 077 7 547 444 50 56 41 15	1 009 474 529 6 - - - -	1 368 485 746 137 - - - -	3 284 1 381 1 770 116 17 - - -	5 901 3 481 2 305 106 9 4  4	6 556 4 256 2 197 79 24 52 41 11	9 442 6 156 3 013 232 41 348 216 127 5	1 390 1 018 350 17 5 54 43 11	1 101 785 309 7 - - - -	1 419 942 457 20 - 38 15 23 -	1 806 1 001 733 65 7 61 27 34	3 726 2 410 1 164 123 29 195 131 59
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person  2 persons  3 persons  4 persons  5 persons  6 or more persons  Medion  Total persons	2 748 5 620 3 392 3 333 1 856 1 225 2.71 55 255	66 234 233 266 141 69 3.38 3 390	128 206 249 329 219 237 3.81 5 300	250 795 714 756 497 272 3.34	952 2 139 1 182 1 009 385 238 2.44	1 352 2 246 1 014 973 614 409 2.37	4 232 2 794 1 336 845 363 220 1.74 20 040	776 457 128 68 15 - 1.43 2 394	550 348 107 58 33 5 1.50	695 334 139 181 92 16 1.60 2 965	587 584 347 196 68 85 2.09	1 624 1 071 615 342 155 114 1.81
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc.	16 266 1 497 96 59 72 4 180	894 31 - 18 8 - 58	1 194 36 8 12 49 4 65	3 183 47 - 7 - 47	5 610 262 11 - 12 - 10	5 385 1 121 77 22 3 -	1 364 3 321 1 478 1 135 2 100 384 8	54 80 100 352 550 308	74 75 76 283 548 37 8	81 202 273 158 722 21	483 891 348 68 75 2	672 - 2 073 681 274 205 16 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas 6 ottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Incame in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent below poverty level HOUSEHALD INCAME IN 1979	18 174 1 601 16 053 36 70 414 11 090 4 403 6 687 18 174 15 947 78 81 2 062 6 731 4.0	1 009 30 936 5 	1 368 82 1 272 - 14 781 416 365 1 368 1 362 6 - - 54 3.9	3 284 115 3 064 19 15 71 2 252 1 210 1 042 3 284 3 117 21 49 91 6	5 905 306 5 486 - 24 89 3 940 1 686 2 254 5 905 4 965 20 6 914 - 220 3.7	6 608 1 068 5 295 12 31 202 3 507 663 2 844 6 608 5 507 27 17 1 057 	9 784 2 842 5 179 869 152 742 4 441 521 3 920 9 784 7 734 60 1 246 706 38 1 433 14.6	1 444 509 344 522 30 39 1 111 138 973 1 444 783 	1 095 455 376 204 12 48 822 90 732 1 095 755 14 307 13 6 143 13.0	1 457 518 777 89 31 42 819 106 713 1 457 1 271 5 171 10 - 154 10.6	1 867 292 1 251 28 53 243 556 88 468 1 867 1 551 31 81 197 7 7 325	3 921 1 068 2 431 26 26 370 1 133 99 1 034 3 921 3 374 10 46 479 12 641 16.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 or \$40,999 \$50,000 or \$40,999 \$50,000 or \$40,999 \$50,000 or \$40,999 \$50,000 or Median Mean	1 111 1 884 994 881 2 496 2 978 4 492 2 626 712 \$22 869 \$24 106	7 33 14 25 115 172 389 202 52 \$28 502 \$29 012	41 69 40 52 224 214 429 212 87 \$25 803 \$27 117	123 186 120 124 357 505 909 779 181 \$27 261 \$28 330	322 659 408 283 896 1 009 1 420 679 229 \$21 831 \$23 316	618 937 412 397 904 1 078 1 345 754 163 \$20 170 \$21 342	1 735 2 117 980 1 004 1 704 1 124 837 202 87 \$12 657 \$14 195	302 341 80 157 237 181 103 43 - \$12 469 \$13 529	198 198 111 126 206 134 121 - 7 \$13 363 \$13 888	241 272 166 182 202 213 149 25 7 \$13 180 \$14 497	270 468 158 190 355 184 171 50 21 \$12 993 \$14 425	724 838 465 349 704 412 293 84 52 \$12 142 \$14 304

## Table B — 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(	Owner-occupied h	Renter-occupied housing units									
Kenosha city	Total	l unit, detoched or attoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	18 174 100	16 266 42	1 <b>728</b> 58	180	9 790 60	1 364	3 321	1 478	1 135	<b>2 100</b>	<b>384</b>	8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	12 978 320 2 957 2 680	12 021 254 2 752 2 546	876 56 196 129	<b>81</b> 10 9 5	2 982 825 993 310	<b>685</b> 95 216 88	1 210 401 452 125	302 103 124 50	254 108 58 30	505 118 130 17	26 13	- - -
45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Male hauseholder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	5 117 1 904 <b>1 619</b> 91 348	4 732 1 737 <b>1 220</b> 66 248	341 154 <b>365</b> 25 93	44 13 <b>34</b> - 7	567 287 <b>2 654</b> 790 927	222 64 <b>251</b> 74 78	174 58 <b>793</b> 243 310	14 11 <b>561</b> 189 183	17 41 <b>39</b> 6 99 150	135 105 <b>600</b> 178 206	5 8 <b>45</b> 7	-   -   8   -
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	243 510 427 <b>3 577</b> 35	184 359 363 <b>3 025</b> 32	39 144 64 <b>487</b> 3	20 7 - <b>65</b>	303 421 213 <b>4 154</b> 947	29 31 39 <b>428</b> 60	84 113 43 <b>1 318</b> 339	46 103 40 <b>615</b> 235	56 91 - <b>485</b> 149	74 76 66 99 <b>5</b> 153	6 7 25 313	8 - - -
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over	471 456 1 095 1 520 50.2	381 411 943 1 258 <b>50.1</b>	73 38 128 245 <b>52.7</b>	17 7 24 17 <b>48.3</b>	932 331 795 1 149 <b>32.4</b>	151 39 107 71 <b>35.4</b>	432 148 195 204 <b>29.4</b>	99 39 134 108 <b>29.1</b>	110 45 73 108 <b>29.2</b>	140 60 237 405 <b>43.2</b>	49 253 71.7	- - - - 42.5
Medion age	1 821 4 258 2 860 4 153	1 519 3 758 2 525 3 970	254 418 299 169	48 82 36	4 733 3 215 886 585	433 484 165 114	1 686 1 018 272 227	820 439 103 59	636 392 75 28	984 689 257 146	166 193 14	8 - - -
1959 or eorlier	5 082 11 43	4 494 8 -	588 3 27	- - 16	371 159 612	168 5 16	118 5 66	57 49 154	32 95	62 194	6 87	- - -
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	276 2 766 7 001 4 623 3 454 5.4	143 2 233 6 271 4 357 3 254 5.4	122 459 685 232 200 4.9	11 74 45 34 - 4.4	2 590 3 124 2 301 718 286 4.0	116 294 417 335 181 5.1	531 1 093 1 268 291 67 4.5	458 523 239 17 38 3.6	381 431 179 17 - 3.6	860 744 189 51 - 3.4	244 31 9 7 - 2.9	8 - - - 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	18 118 10 077 7 547 444	16 266 8 880 6 949 399	1 672 1 086 529 45	180 111 69 	9 442 6 156 3 013 232	1 342 729 535 66	3 240 1 921 1 224 78	1 <b>364</b> 818 475 59	1 080 768 300 12	<b>2 035</b> 1 576 442 17	<b>373</b> 336 37 -	8 8 - -
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	50 <b>56</b> 41 15 -	38 - - - - -	12 <b>56</b> 41 15 -	-	41 <b>34</b> 8 216 127 5	12 <b>22</b> 12 10 -	17 81 39 42 - -	114 89 20 5	55 23 32 -	65 42 23 -	11 11 - -	- - - -
BEDROOMS None	19 580 5 275 9 380 2 491 429	16 290 4 225 8 935 2 402 398	3 262 958 385 89 31	28 92 60 -	255 3 678 4 220 1 439 157 41	5 183 494 522 124 36	27 854 1 791 625 24	83 6 <b>8</b> 4 584 113 9 5	42 508 534 51 —	82 1 111 786 121 -	16 338 23 7 -	- 8 - - -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 111 1 884 994 881 2 496 2 978 4 492	875 1 625 882 751 2 230 2 687 4 049	209 241 103 117 217 256 414	27 18 9 13 49 35 29	1 735 2 117 980 1 004 1 704 1 124 837	140 270 116 133 264 168 192	504 772 385 325 613 394 234	360 327 120 142 247 156 96	181 174 107 181 241 107 120	364 437 235 212 318 291 183	186 137 17 11 21 -	- - - - 8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	2 626 712 \$22 869 \$24 106	2 504 663 \$23 283 \$24 603	122 49 \$19 504 \$20 235	\$16 983 \$16 369	202 87 \$12 657 \$14 195	55 26 \$15 402 \$17 404	69 25 \$12 497 \$13 735	12 18 \$11 083 \$12 785	\$13 957 \$14 495	42 18 \$12 665 \$14 975	\$5 156 \$6 839	- \$23 750 \$24 010
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	18 174 1 601 16 053 36	16 266 1 221 14 646 34	1 728 376 1 251 2	180 4 156 	<b>9 784</b> 2 842 5 179 869	1 364 146 1 069 5	3 321 530 2 323	1 478 402 804 112	1 129 459 376 220	2 100 1 095 522 437	384 210 77 86	8 - 8 -
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Central system Vehicles avallable	70 414 11 <b>090</b> 4 403 <b>17 042</b> 6 392	66 299 10 119 4 237 15 385 5 588	95 <b>848</b> 138 <b>1 483</b> 699	20 123 28 174	152 742 <b>4 441</b> 521 <b>7 862</b> 5 347	29 115 570 115 1 187 641	68 391 <b>936</b> 95 <b>2 717</b> 1 792	13 147 <b>361</b> 58 <b>1 136</b> 808	32 42 <b>755</b> 40 <b>906</b> 662	10 36 1 582 194 1 751 1 312	11 229 19 157 124	- 8 - 8 8
2 or more  Hause heating fuel  Utility gas  Bottled, tonk, or LP gas  Electricity	10 650 18 174 15 947 78 81	9 797 <b>16 266</b> 14 267 43 74	784 1 728 1 520 22	69 180 160 13	2 515 <b>9 784</b> 7 734 60 1 246	546 1 364 1 116 19 20	925 <b>3 321</b> 2 987 10 37	328 1 478 1 143 23 175	244 1 129 755  313	439 2 100 1 475 - 575	33 384 258 -	8 - 8 -
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	2 062 6 18 174 16 592 112	1 876 6 16 266 14 874 55	179 - 1 728 1 591 44	7 - 180 127 13	706 38 <b>9 770</b> 8 023 125	202 7 <b>1 350</b> 1 223 21	287 3 315 3 141 11	137 1 478 1 196 43	44 17 1 135 776 5	36 14 2 100 1 434 39	- 384 253 6	- 8 -
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Family householder With own children under 18 years	1 401 63 6 <b>15 136</b> 7 853	1 278 53 6 13 900	83 10 - 1 120 528	40 - 116	1 513 90 19 <b>4 839</b> 2 854	106 - - 995	150 13 - 2 101 1 384	193 38 8 <b>596</b>	319 24 11 <b>402</b> 207	612 15 - <b>704</b> 226	125 - - 33	8 - 8 8
With own children under 6 yeors  Female householder, no husband present  With own children under 18 yeors  With own children under 6 yeors	2 963 1 674 902 198	7 262 2 700 1 468 774 159	240 171 102 27	63 23 35 26 12	1 814 1 499 1 205 672	610 341 <b>244</b> 207 90	943 <b>751</b> 645 377	410 257 <b>221</b> 184 95	154 <b>127</b> 88 66	117 <b>156</b> 81 44	2 - - - - 251	- - - -
Nonfamily householder	3 038 731 4.0	2 366 586 3.6	608 139 8.0	64 6 3.3	4 951 1 433 14.6	369 128 9.4	1 220 603 18.2	882 334 22.6	733 127 11.2	1 396 171 8.1	351 70 18.2	-

## Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Kenosha city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied hausing units	18 174 552	2 748	<b>5 620</b> 230	<b>3 392</b> 96	3 <b>333</b> 98	1 <b>856</b>	<b>808</b> 58	280 10	137	2.71 2.98	<b>55 255</b>
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	330 2 766	187 904	88 1 254	43	_	9 59	3	-	-	1.38	621
6 rooms	7 001 4 623 2 084	991 436 116	2 368 1 198 455	433 1 493 865 335	116 1 349 1 023 486	550 678 372	166 265 236	59 95 75	25 63	1.88 2.59 3.28 3.78	5 793 20 390 15 652 7 649
8 or more rooms	1 370	114 4.8	257 5.1	223 5.3	359 5.7	188 6.0	138 6.4	51 6.4	40 6.2	3.75	5 150
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 118 17 624	2 729 2 729	<b>5 598</b> 5 598	<b>3 392</b> 3 <b>392</b>	<b>3 318</b> 3 318	1 856 1 788	<b>808</b> 639	<b>280</b> 126	1 <b>37</b> 34	<b>2.72</b> 2.64	<b>55 102</b> 51 736
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	444 50 <b>56</b>	- 19	- 22	-	15	59 9 -	166 3 -	154 - -	65 38 -	6.48 8.50 <b>1.91</b>	2 896 470 <b>153</b>
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	56	19 - -	22 - -	-	15 - -	-	-	- -	- - -	1.91	153 - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more	16 266 1 728	2 159 525	5 050 529	3 076 270	3 082 228	1 740 110	768 40	273 7	118 19	2.80 2.14	49 420 5 346
WALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	180 15 563	2 033	4 812	46 <b>2 947</b>	23 2 976	6 1 <b>67</b> 9	740	-   265	-	2.13 2.82	489 47 049
Less than \$10,000	38 171 1 536	18 50 392	6 76 576	242	7	19 19 108	14 19 57	- - 12	- - 10	1.67 1.97 2.15	106 439 3 745
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	3 560 4 364 2 971	684 454 268	1 160 1 420 807	644 790 701	524 875 702	310 460 322	164 201 129	56 101 28	18 63 14	2.44 2.89 3.09	9 787 13 864 9 200
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	2 214 505 189	140 6 21	563 166 38	421 103 46	553 130 35	358 66 32	114 31 11	62	3 3 -	3.46 3.28 3.27	7 464 1 667 694
\$150,000 or more	\$45 400	\$38 100	\$43 800	\$46 900	\$49 300	\$48 900	\$46 100	\$46 700	\$44 900	4.18	83
All income levels in 1979	18 174 \$22 869	2 748 \$8 774	<b>5 620</b> \$20 020	3 <b>392</b> \$26 448	3 <b>333</b> \$26 998	1 <b>856</b> \$27 840	<b>808</b> \$28 559	<b>280</b> \$31 102	137 \$29 856	2.71	55 255 
household income	15.7 18.0 11.6	24.7 24.9 24.5	14.8 18.7 11.9	13.6 17.4 10—	16.1 18.0 10—	14.5 16.4 10—	13.8 15.3 10—	14.4 15.5 10	13.9 13.9		
Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	731 \$3 622	236 \$2500—	163 \$3 783	<b>51</b> \$2 880	<b>99</b> \$4 006	129 \$5 689	<b>41</b> \$6 477	\$9 375	\$13 750	2.29	
household incame	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 41.3	50 + 50 + 14.6	50+ 50+ 37.5	50+ 50+ 17.5	50+ 50+	45.0 45.0 –	- - -	•••	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	9 <b>790</b> 1 046	4 232	<b>2 794</b> 607	1 <b>336</b> 265	<b>845</b> 89	<b>363</b>	95 10	<b>89</b>	36	1.74 2.36	20 040 2 727
ROOMS 1 roam 2 rooms	159 612	149 486	5 119	5	- 7	-	_	-	-	1.03 1.13	164 757
4 rooms	2 590 3 124 2 301	1 918 1 159 412	590 1 109 722	36 547 559	29 217 366	11 79 161	6 34	6 - 47	7	1.18 1.86 2.53	3 385 6 168 6 080
7 or more rooms	718 286 4.0	99 9 3.3	183 66 4.1	126 63 4.6	172 54 5.0	76 36 5.1	27 28 5.8	13 23 5.3	22 7 6.0	3.11 3.59	2 379 1 107
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 442	4 010	2 709	1 300	840	363	95	89	36	1.76	19 514
1.00 or less	9 169   232   41 348	4 010   -   -   222	2 704 - 5 85	1 295 - 5 <b>36</b>	809 24 7	273 79 11	55 40 -	23 60 6	29 7	1.71 5.82 4.82 <b>1.28</b>	18 126 1 194 194 526
1.00 or less	343	222	85	36	5	- - -	-	-	=	1.27 4.00	475 51
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottached	1 364	299	403	282	161	108	37	38 38	36	2.45	3 907
2 3 and 4 5 to 9	3 321 1 478 1 135	995 714 617	1 040 362 336	638 184 90	427 114 80	140 76 12 27	43 15 - -	13	-	2.14 1.57 1.42 1.32	7 735 2 908 1 850 3 182
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	2 100 384 8	1 274 333 -	596 49 8	140 2 -	63	- - -	-	-	-	1.08 2.00	446 12
GROSS RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	9 <b>723</b> 535	<b>4 215</b> 479	2 773 45	1 316 11	836	363	95 -	89 -	36 -	1.73 1.06	19 869 604
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	832 1 786 2 535	694 955 1 108	112 556 774	150 276	14 78 259	6 41 97	11	6 10	- - -	1.10 1.44 1.71	1 030 2 981 4 927
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 094 1 052 397	575 223 71	726 309 93	435 248 96	203 156 63	75 60 57	39 19 6	27 22 11 8	14 15 -	2.15 2.48 2.86 3.01	4 840 2 744 1 261
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Medion	192 22 278 \$231	23 - 87 \$196	53 5 100 \$241	39 4 51 \$268	40 - 23 \$263	18 3 6 \$278	5 11 \$291	5 5 - \$303	- - \$313	5.17 2.02	646 139 697
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	9 790	4 232	2 794	1 336	845	363	95	89	36	1.74	20 040
Median income	\$12 657 22.2 1 433	\$9 275 23.6 518	\$15 504 19.0 <b>343</b>	\$15 916 21.5 222	\$16 272 21.8 171	\$17 578 21.0 96	\$13 125 31.3 <b>41</b>	\$14 417   29.7   <b>28</b>	\$18 929 18.6 14	2.08	
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	\$3 434 50+	\$2 654 50+	\$3 266 50+	\$3 155 50+	\$5 886 50+	\$6 190 50+	\$7 697 42.5	\$4 318 50+	\$5 000 50+	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbals, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	65 years Median and over	1 520 50.2	1 125 65.6 276 60.3 92 48.1 27 38.7 2 40.8 1.18	1 501 50.2 - 42.2 - 39.0				33.7 15 33.8 34 38.2			
sband present	45 to 64 65 years an	1 095	468 312 227 39 26 26 1.75 2 229	1 095 13 -		902 321 70 70 70 37	93	93 22.8 28.1 178 110 45 33 33 34 58	93 22.8 28.8 178 110 45 30 30 30 45 45 45 45 79	2,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Female householder, no husband	34 35 to 44 irs years	71 456	118 60 27 78 17 109 60 115 60 70 23 70 24 3 3.33 1.521	471 456 11 17		69 411 32 339 23 339 43 339 57 74 62 45 55 56 46 59		27.5 25.6 33 72 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			
Female ha	to 24 25 to 34 years	35 471	7 118 7 127 8 177 6 60 7 23 7 23 7 243 103 1 232	35 - 1				28.5		2	7
	65 years 15 and over	427	285 101 19 13 13 670	427		1 6 1 1 8 8 3 3 3	14.4	25 25 25 25 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	14.4 300 673 67 7 7 7 24 24 16.4	14.4 300 673 673 771 772 773 774 16.4 15.5 15.5 17.19 17.19	25 67 77 77 77 77 77 77 78 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
present	45 to 64 years	510	302 54 115 134 134 134 138	510		350 147 62 51 51 7 7 8 8 4	15.0	203 203 100 53 20 20 20 7 7	203 203 100 53 15 15 10 10.1	203 203 100 153 153 153 160 17 100 110 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	253 203 203 203 204 8 8 6 8 1.19 27 27 27 27 27 38 38 38 38 38
seholder	35 to 44 years	243	140 177 77 14 145 459	238				272 202 7 7 10-	- -	-	
	4 25 to 34 years	1 348	8 215 6 83 6 22 7 23 3 1 1.31 6 602	91 344				26.4 19.4 19.4 13.2		-	
	ars 15 to 24 ver years	904 91	625 28 202 26 65 65 6 65 6 12 3 2.09 2.17 380 2.17	968				28.2 23.4 44.5 11.13.2 11.13.2 11.13.2 11.14.4			
	45 to 64 65 years years and over	1 711	937 1 319 888 576 2.97 5	117 1		-		13.0 1933 366 93 32 32 32 32 11 11 53	13.0 62.9 82.3 36.9 93.3 93.3 11 11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	13.0 56.7 366.9 366.9 366.9 37.3 38.	13.0 5.25 5.55 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3
Married-couple families	35 to 44 45 to years	2 680 5	199 1 321 1 904 674 582 4.41 16	2 680 5 201 _		2 2455 2 249 1 021 1 021 1 021 1 05 1 105 1 111 7	15.0	8-	89879111110	7000000	8.284.09.11111
Married-co	25 to 34 35 years	2 957	560 725 1 094 425 153 3.68 10 786	2 944 93 13			7 06	20.6 5.55 7.56 7.56 7.56 7.56 7.56 7.56 7.	20.6 5.55 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.0 10 – 10 – 10 – 10 – 10 – 10 – 10 – 10	20.6 55. 35. 37. 10— 10— 993. 993. 137. 137. 3.27. 3.27.	20.6 25.5 35.5 37.7 10.1 10.1 137.3 3.10 3.227 3.227 3.227 3.227
	15 to 24 years	320	162 79 79 53 26 249 951	313		252 252 252 252 252 252 252 252 252 252			825	825 223 825 825 2233 2233 2253 2253 2255	24.1 10 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
	Total	18 174	2 748 5 620 3 332 3 333 1 856 1 225 55 255	18 118 494 56		15 563 9 322 3 423 1 585 1 585 1 890 873 873 859	- 22 27	18.0 <b>6.</b> 241 2. 725 1. 242 1. 242 4.03 4.03 2.28 5.85 11.6	18.0 6 241 2 725 1 242 1 243 403 291 228 585 1 1.6	18.0 1 242 1 242 7 725 1 242 7 725 4 03 9 790 9 790 1 365 2 28 1 336 1 336 2 20 1 336 1 336	18.0 1 242 1 242 1 242 7 74 4 0 22 1 336 1 36 2 20 1 3 6 1 3 6 2 20 1 3 6 1 3 6 2 20 1 3 6 1 3 6 2 2 2 1 3 3 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 6 4 7 9 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 6 3 6 6 3 6 6 3 6 6 3 6 7 9 0 4 7 9 0 2 7 8 6 3 8 8 6 3 8 8 6 3 8 8 8 6 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
4.	Kenosha city	Owner-accupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a mortgage less than 15 percent less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent of the state of		Normorgaged. Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 to 34 percent 35 percent 36 percent Median	Not computed Not computed Not computed Not computed Not computed Not computed Needian  Renter-occupied housing units	Normorigaged	Mornaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Mor campured Median PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons Amedian Total persons PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Mole hous	eholder			Female householder						
Kenosha city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	
Owner-occupied housing units	2 748	970	28	215	140	302	285	1 778	7	118	60	468	1 125	
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 729 19	965 5	28 _	215 —	135 5	302 -	285 -	1 764 14	7 -	118	60 -	468	1 111 14	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottoched  2 or more	2 159 525	699 237	19 9	162 46	91 29	185 110	242 43	1 460 288	7 -	97 21	43 10	385 77	928 180	
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	755	34 128	- 11	7	20	7 55	50	30 627	-	- 5	10	6	17	
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	772 259 190	182 103 38	' <u>-</u>	21 14	- 7	36 28	146 47	590 156	<u>-</u>	- 6	8 6	76 153 66	529 429 78	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	370 225	245 121	17	100 62	34 32	10 88 27	6	152 125 104	=	46 48 6	11 20	63 48 50	43 18 28	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	146 19 12	127 19 7	-	18	48	38 13 7	23 6 -	19	Ξ	<u>-</u>	- - 5	12	-	
Median	\$8 774 \$11 276	\$15 850 \$15 749	\$16 071 \$11 408	\$18 891 \$18 969	\$22 083 \$20 705	\$17 115 \$16 415	\$7 910 \$10 606	\$6 790 \$8 836	\$2500— \$1 705	\$15 104 \$15 193	\$17 917 \$22 865	\$10 189 \$11 032	\$5 280 \$6 553	
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 033	665	19	155	86	176	229	1 368	7	91	43	359	868	
With a mertgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	537 32 68	<b>303</b> 13 28	19 	136 - 7	64 - -	6 <b>2</b> 13 15	22 - 6	234 19 40	7 - -	79 - -	21 - -	<b>91</b> 14 34	36 5 6	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	88 97 88	16 61 76	6 6	21 33	8 20 30	- 14 7	8 - -	72 36 12	- 7 -	51 9 12	6	8 14 -	13 - -	
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	114 43 7	71 38 -	7	58 17 -	6 -	7 6 -	- 8 -	43 5 7		7 - -	15 - -	21 _ _	- 5 7	
\$750 or more Median Not mortgaged	\$341 1 <b>496</b>	\$372 <b>362</b>	\$379	\$413 19	\$357 <b>22</b>	\$311 114	\$281 <b>20</b> 7	\$290 1 134	\$325	\$289 12	\$428 22	\$246 <b>268</b>	\$277 832	
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	7 82	43	=	= =	- - 7		36	7 39	- -	- - 7	 - 6	- 6	7 20	
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	344 480 450	108 118 73	-	5 - 7	8 7	26 51 30	69 60 36	236 362 377	Ξ	5	10	56 80 71	174 267 306	
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	83 50 \$141	13 7 \$131	-	7 - \$182	- - \$113	7 \$140	50 6 - \$124	70 43 \$145	=	- \$96	- - \$121	41 14 \$147	29 29 29 \$145	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$141	\$131		φ102	ψ113	φ140	Ψ124	\$143		<b>470</b>	Ψ121	φ:4/	\$143	
Median selected monthly owner costs as percontage of household income in 1979	24.7 24.9 24.5	18.7 23.6 14.4	<b>37.5</b> 37.5	25.4 26.5 13.2	17.2 19.1 10—	13.5 17.6 11.4	17.9 16.9 18.0	29.3 26.6 30.3	<b>50</b> + 50 +	23.3 23.4 10—	23.7 24.0 10—	21.6 27.1 19.6	33.3 50.0 32.9	
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	<b>236</b> 8.6	61 6.3	11 39.3	-	5 3.6	35 11.6	10 3.5	175 9.8	100.0	<b>5</b> 4.2	10 16.7	<b>54</b> 11.5	99 8.8	
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	4 232	1 868	455	<b>73</b> 7	217	304	155	2 364	392	281	67	571	1 053	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 010 222	1 745 123	413 42	717 20	196 21	280 24	139 16	2 265 99	354 38	276 5	67 	553 18	1 015 38	
1, detached or ottoched	299 995	129 532	40 112	56 244	- 63 37	13 85 71	20 28	170 463	38 82	20 78	7	43 131	62 166	
3 and 4	714 617 1 274	382 309 485	124 48 131	119 137 181	50 61	71 74 61	31 - 51	332 308 789	115 78 79	17 55 111	7 22 25	90 60 198	103 93 376	
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	333	31 -	Ξ	Ξ	6 -	-	25 -	302 -	-	-	_	49 -	253	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 142 1 124	247 345	72 124	68 87	12 7	43 51 54	52 76	895 779 268	94 118 71	17 97 68	7 13 18	188 220 72	589 331 39	
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	505 425 681	237 226 502	48 75 122	106 99 261	16 28 57	20 52	13 4 10	199 179	58 45	44 49	7 22	42 27	48 36 10	
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	243 93 6	205 93 6	14 - -	80 29 -	53 44 	58 20 6	-	38 - -		- -	- - -	22 - -	- - -	
\$50,000 or more Median Meon	13 \$9 275 \$10 344	7 \$13 662 \$13 640	\$11 641 \$11 034	7 \$15 137 \$14 930	\$19 223 \$19 074	\$13 000 \$13 869	\$6 386 \$7 095	\$6 580 \$7 740	\$9 375 \$9 601	\$10 974 \$10 905	\$11 875 \$11 386	\$7 120 \$7 761	\$4 720 \$5 959	
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 215	1 868	455	737	217	304	155	2 347	392	281	67	<b>562</b> 40	1 <b>045</b> 339	
less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	479 694 955	92 302 431	7 77 88	12 68 196	5 66 25 59	23 79 85	45 12 37	387 392 524	8 19 125	38 54	7 20 28	86 188 144	242 137 126	
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 108 575 223	548 297 98	127 108 32	283 109 38	<b>34</b> 15	61 30 6	18 16 7	560 278 125	118 106 9	144 31 14	12	58 37	71 65 19	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499 \$500 or more	71 23	45 23 -	7 2 -	18 7 -	6 7 -	10	4 7 -	26 - -	7 - -	Ξ	=	-	-	
No cash rent	87 \$196	32 \$207	\$218	\$212	\$206	10 \$176	\$175	55 \$185	\$227	\$214	\$218	\$189	\$127	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Medien gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979.  Income in 1979 below poverty level	23.6 518	19.3 164	22.9 67	18.5 42	14.2 12	15.0 29	27.7 14	26.8 354	26.2 74	23.4 10	19.7	28.0 125	28.2 138	
Percent below poverty level	12.2	8.8	14.7	5.7	5.5	9.5	9.0	15.0	18.9	3.6	10.4	21.9	13.1	

## Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Kenosha city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Kenosha city	Totol	less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	163	50	102	11	Vacant for rent housing units	907	471	340	96
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	14 : 60	8 25	6 35	Ξ	1 room	21 89	6 29	15 60	-
5 rooms6 rooms	32 45	3 2	18 43	11	3 rooms	337 242	222 109	91 117	24 16
7 rooms8 or more rooms	12 - 4.7	12 - 4.2	- 5.1	-	5 rooms	187 31	99 6	57 -	31 25
Median	4.7	4.2	3,1	5.0	7 or more rooms Medion	3.5	3.4	3.5	4.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	146	50	85	11	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	17	-	17	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	859 48	448 23	315 25	96
None					BEDROOMS				
2	24 64	8 31	16 33	=	None	27	6	21	-
34	69 6	11 -	47 6	11	2	453 343	259 171	170 138	24 34 25 13
5 or more	-	-	-	-	3 4 5 or more	13	35	11 ~	13
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	14	3	4	7	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	_	_	_	-
1970 to 1974	10	7	10 24	<u>-</u>	1975 to March 1980	302	178	95	29
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	21 7	6 2	15 5	Ξ	1970 to 1974	18 56	8 36	10 20	
1939 or eorlier	80	32	44	4	1950 to 1959	94 95	47 46	42 36	13
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottached	131	28	92	11	1939 or eorlier	342	156	137	49
2 or more	28	22	6 4	=	UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	83	38	27	18
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 ond 4	299 93	131	119 50	49
Central heating systemOther means	163	50	102	11	5 to 9 10 to 49	86 148	43 32 66	44 82	10
None	_	-	_	_	50 or more Mobile home or troiler	198	161	18	19
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacont for sale only housing units	125 11	28 -	86 11	11	Specified vocant for rent housing units Less than \$100	<b>907</b> 96	471 56	<b>340</b> 21	96 19
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 ta \$39,999	23 11 12	4	23 3 10	4	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	204 328	114	90 94	67
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	17	6	ii -	=	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	217 55	113	94 37	10
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	12 23	_	5 23	7 -	\$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	7	3 -	4	-
\$100,000 ar more	\$41 600	\$50 800	\$38 000	\$71 100	Median	\$164	\$164	\$180	\$155

# Table B -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price osked	— Specified	vacont for s	ale only hou	ising units		Rent osked—Specified vocont for rent housing units						
Kenosha city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	125	11	34	29	51	-	41 600	907	96	532	272	7	-	164
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	114 11	າາົ	34 -	29 -	51 -	-	43 200 10000—	859 48	70 26	522 10	260 12	<del>7</del>	Ξ	167 89
BEDROOMS														
None	10 40 69 6	- 11 - -	- 10 18 6 -	10 6 13 -	- 13 38 - -	- - - - -	37 500 26 900 60 500 16 300	27 453 343 71 13	15 72 - 9 -	12 265 203 39 13	116 133 23 -	- 7 - -	- - - - -	89 153 185 163 155
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	14 - 31 21 7 52	- - - - 11	- - 11 3 20	- - 4 4 21	14 - 31 6 - -	- - - - -	72 900  81 800 17 400 36 300 26 900	302 18 56 94 95 342	49 - - 6 - 41	134 - 25 44 80 249	119 15 31 40 15 52	- 3 - 4 - -	- - - - -	135 235 204 194 170 155
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detoched or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	125 	11 	34	29 	51 		41 600	83 824 –	9 87 –	49 483 —	21 251 -	4 3 -	=	165 164 -

## Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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#### **REGIONS**

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

#### **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

#### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

#### **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

#### **SMSA Titles**

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

#### **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	rimarily

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through self-er.umeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit** — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are guarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the 'Other' race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an enry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

#### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and odger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there s a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

#### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

**Passenger Elevator**—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

#### PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F)

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

#### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

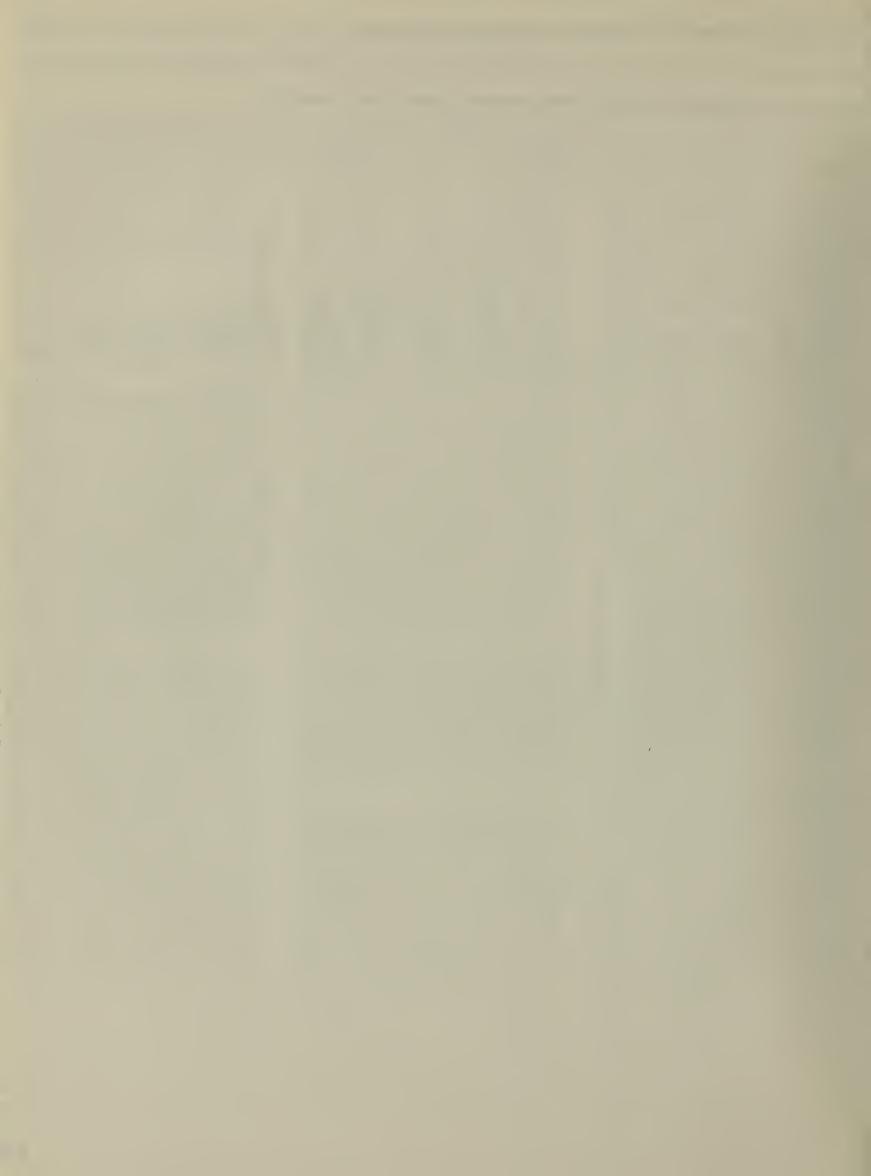
Poverty Status in 1979—Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

#### Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted									
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686				• • •			• • •	}
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774		• • •		• • •				
65 years and over	3,479	3,479							• • •	
										j
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000							
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844			• • •		•••	
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9, 154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			• • • •
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



## Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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#### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be)

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

#### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

#### PERSONS

#### Stage I-Type of Household

Persons in Housing Units With a

Family With Own Children

Group

11

17

12-16

	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing
	Units

1 person in housing unit

2 persons in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

in housing unit

#### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

#### Group

Group

1 Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Parenne of Spanish Origin

White Race

	reisons of spanish Origin										
	Male										
1	0 to 4 years of age										
2	5 to 14 years of age										
3	15 to 19 years of age										
4	20 to 24 years of age										
5	25 to 34 years of age										
6	35 to 44 years of age										
7	45 to 64 years of age										
8	65 years of age or older										
	Female										
9-16	Same age categories as										
	groups 1 to 8										
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin										
17-32	Same age and sex cate-										
	gories as groups 1 to 16										

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### Stage I-Type of Household

Group

Housing Units With a Family

With Own Children Under 18

1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

# All Other Housing Units 11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons

in housing unit

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish
Origin

	<del>3</del> -16	Same value categories
		as groups 1 to 8
		Black Race
	17-32	Same value—Spanish origin
		categories as groups 1
		to 16
١	22.40	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
۱	33-48	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1
		to 16
		10 10
		American Indian, Eskimo,
1	1	or Aleut Race
	49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
		categories as groups 1
		to 16
		Other Race (includes those
		races not listed above)
	65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
		categories as groups 1
		to 16
		Renter
		White Race
		Persons of Spanish Origin
	81	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59
	82	\$60 to \$99
	83	\$100 to \$149
	84	\$150 to \$199
	85	\$200 to \$249
	86	\$250 to \$299
	87	\$300 to \$399
	88 89	\$400 to \$499 \$500+
	90	Other Renter
	91	No Cash Rent
		Persons not of Spanish
		origin
	92-102	Same rent categories as
		groups 81 to 91
		•
	103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin
	105-124	categories as groups 81
		to 102
	125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin
	120 140	categories as groups 81
		to 102

American Indian,

Same rent-Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

or Aleut Race

to 102

147-168

Eskimo,

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

#### VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of persons being fabricated for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was for the preceding renterreported The assignment of occupied unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

#### Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	Slze of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20 25	21 30	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 <b>3</b> 5	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35
500	~	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	_			-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

### Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	1/ Base of percentage												
rercentage	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3 1.6	0.9 1.1	0.8 0.9	0.7 0.8	0.4 0.5	0.3 0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6 4.0	2.9 3.3	2.5 2.8	2.1 2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

# Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than	19 to 33	More than
	19 Percent	Percent	33 Percent
Household type Age and sex of householder. Occupancy status. Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked. Tenure. Units in structure. Stories in structure. Passenger elevator. Persons in unit. Year structure built. Year householder moved into housing unit.	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.9 1.0	0.9 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 1.0 0.9 0.9	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.0	0.9	0.5
	1.1	0.9	0.5
	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms Telephone in housing unit Air conditioning	1.1	0.9	0.5
	1.0	0.9	0.5
	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1 1.1	0.9	0.5
income in 1979 Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	1.0	0.9	0.5
Household income  Poverty status: Housing  Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons	1.0 1.0	1.0 0.9 0.9	0.5 0.5 0.5
per room or more	1.0	0.8	0.5
	1.0	1.0	0.5

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]  $\hspace{-0.1cm}$ 

The SMSA Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in somple
The SMSA	47 \$06	19.0
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Kenosho city	29 411	16.0



# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

- General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.
- Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone alse who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day By the week	30 4
Every other wee	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20**

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20**. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers werm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is instelled and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( { ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14**

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the nircle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
  - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
  - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
  - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
  - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

#### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 13. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was un layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as
  - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

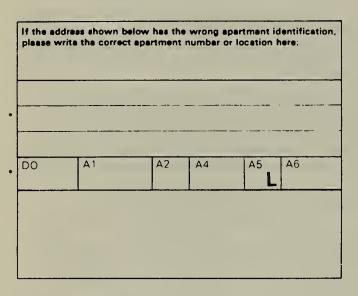
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this
official Census Form
and mail it back on
Census Day,
Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

# Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2 Please continue -

# How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday. April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

## Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

#### Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

•	

#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

Please continue

		PERSON in column 2			
These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name			
Please fill one column for each person listed in Ouestion 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle init			
person related to the person 1?  c.  ative" of person in column 1, lationship, such as mother-in-law, on, etc.	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative — Brother/sister    If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder   Other nonrelative Partner, roommate   Paid employee			
e circle.	O Male Female	○ Male			
on —	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guamanian</li> <li>Chine'se</li> <li>Samoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Eskimo</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Aleut</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guamanian</li> <li>Chinese</li> <li>Samoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Eskimo</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Aleut</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>			
onth and year of birth  last birthday.  and fill one circle.  a the spaces, and fill one circle number.	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday  1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday    1			
us	Now married	Now married			
<b>:.</b>	O Divorced	O Divorced			
on of Spanish/Hispanic scent? e.	<ul> <li>○ No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>○ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>○ Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>○ Yes, Cuban</li> <li>○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private, church-related</li> <li>Yes, private, not church-related</li> </ul>			
highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school O Kindergarten  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
ding school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark ''12.''	College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O O  Never attended school — Skip question 10	College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O  Never attended school Skip question 10			
erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year)     Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year)     Finished this grade (or year)			
	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.  person related to the person it?  c.  ative" of person in column 1, ationship, such as mother-in-law, on, etc.  c circle.  and fill one circle.  athe spaces, and fill one circle number.  c.  cary 1, 1980, has this person seent?  c.  chart as spaces, and seent seent seent?  c.  chart as spaces, and seent seent seent?  c.  chart as spaces, and seent se	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.  person related to the person is column 1, attine of person in column 1, attine of person, start in this column with any adult household member.  START in this column with the household member is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.  Male Female  White Asian Indian  Black or Negro Hawaiian  Japanese Guamanian  Chine's Samoan  Filipino  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe Samoan  Filipino  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe White Asian Indian  Black or Negro Hawaiian  Japanese Guamanian  Chine's Samoan  Filipino  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe White Asian Indian  Black or Negro  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe Samoan  Filipino  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe White Asian Indian  Black or Negro  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe Samoan  Aleut  Nomth of birth  Silpino  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe White Asian Indian  Black or Negro  Indian (Amer)  Print  tribe White Asian Indian  Black or Negro  Indian (Amer)  Print  Tribe Samoan  Nomer  Indian (Amer)  Print  Tribe Samoan  Nomer  Indian (Amer)  Print  Tribe Samoan  Indian (Amer)  Print  Tribe Asian Indian  Black or Negro  Indian (Amer)  Indian (			

P.	0	2

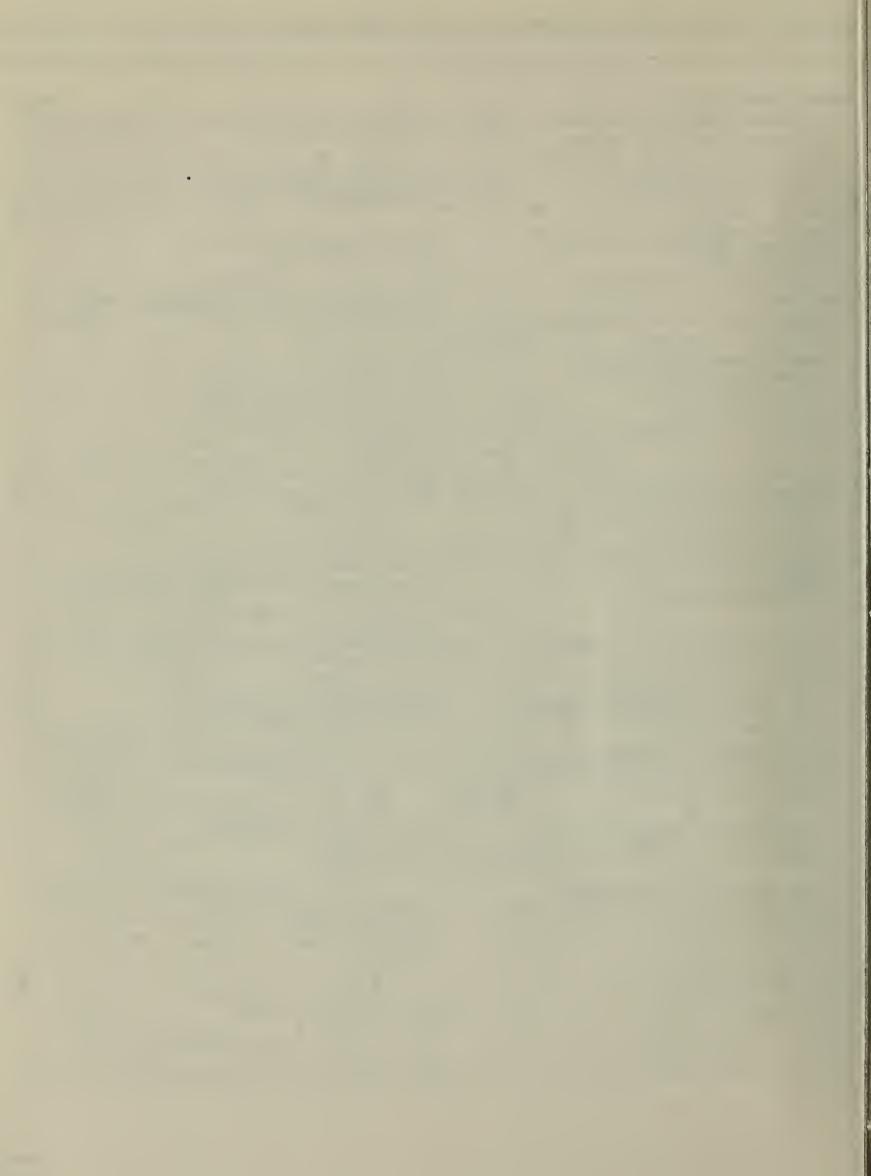
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.  NOW PLEASE ANSWER QU FOR YOUR HOUS	
First name Middle initial  If relative of person in column 1:	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	apartment (house) part of a condominium?
O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative O Brother/sister	Once in a white and has no other nome?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.  No  No	is is a one-family house — se house on a property of 10 or more acres?
If not related to person in column 1:  O Roomer, boarder O Partner, roommate O Paid employee	for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?  b. is a	ny part of the property used as a imercial establishment or medical office?
O Male Female O White Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian	<ul> <li>Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	u live in a one-family house or a condominium which you own or are buying — is the value of this property, that is, how do you think this property (house and lot or
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters	ominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?  on answer this question if this is —  on A mobile home or trailer  on A house on 10 or more acres  on A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property  sthan \$10,000
a. Age at last birthday	5 apartments or living quarters     7 apartments or living quarters     8 apartments or living quarters     9 apartments or living quarters     10 or more apartments or living quarters     10 or more apartments or living quarters     520     This is a mobile home or trailer	,000 to \$14,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	H5. Do you enter your living quarters —  Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?  Through someone else's living quarters?  H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	\$80,000 to \$89,999 .500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 .000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 .000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 .000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 .000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	Shower?  O Yes, for this household only O Yes, but also used by another household O No, have some but not all plumbing facilities  O Less	t is the monthly rent?  It is not paid by the month, see the instruction  e on how to figure a monthly rent.  Is than \$50  \$160 to \$169
<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Armer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?  Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.  1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 80	to \$59
<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private, church-related</li> <li>Yes, private, not church-related</li> </ul>	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent?  \$11  \$12  \$13  \$13  \$14	0 to \$109
Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school  Kindergarten	FOR CENSUS USE ONLY	
Elementary through high school (grade or year)   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	number Occupied Occupied OFirst form Occupied Occupied OFIRST form Occupied Occupied Occupied OFIRST form Occupied Oc	Skip C2, C3, and D.  D. Months vacant  C Less than 1 month  1 up to 2 months  2 up to 6 months  6 up to 12 months  1 I  2 vear up to 2 years  2 or more years  3 3 3
Newer attended school - Skip question 10     Now attending this grade (or year)     Finished this grade (or year)     Did not finish this grade (or year)  CENSUS USE ONLY  N O O	3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	toccupied al use  E. Indicators  1. 0 0 Mail return 2. 0 0 Pop./F  8.8.8

ge 4		ALSO ANSWER THESE	
	Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?  Gas: from underground pipes	USE
	A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke  Wood	H22a.
	A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	0 0 0
	A one-family house attached to one or more houses     A building for 2 families	Electricity     Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 1 1
	A building for 3 or 4 families	O Tuch dil, nordaerie, etc.	3 3 3
	A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
	A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
	O A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Wood	6 6 6
	A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Clectricity Other fuel	2 7 7
	A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
W14.	. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	Н22Ь.
1140	Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pipes     Coal or coke	0 0 0
	0 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 0 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Wood	I I I
	O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  Electricity  Other fuel	3 3 3
		O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 4 4
b.	. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
	O Yes O No	a. Electricity	6 6 6
H15a	Is this building —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	888
===	On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost Clectricity not used	9 9 9
	On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
	On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge O Gas not used	0 0 0
		Average monthly cost	1 1 1
b.	Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	8 8 8
	from this place amount to —		3 3 3
	○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499 ○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	Yearly cost	9 4 4
	0 \$50 to \$245	d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	6 6 6
H16.	Do you get water from —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge  These fuels not used	7 7 7
	A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	Yearly cost	888
	O An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	9 9 9
	<ul> <li>An individual dug well?</li> <li>Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?</li> </ul>	Yes No	H22d.
			0000
<u>===</u>	Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	8888
	<ul> <li>Yes, connected to public sewer</li> <li>No, connected to septic tank or cesspool</li> </ul>	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
	No, use other means	O' 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	5555
H10	About when was this building originally built? Atach when the building or	H25 Ham many hathrooms do you have?	6666
_	About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?  A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
	○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does	9999
	O 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
H19.	When did the person listed in column 1 move into	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
	this house (or apartment)?	<ul> <li>1 complete bathroom</li> <li>1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)</li> </ul>	0000
	O 1979 or 1980 O 1950 to 1959	O 2 or more complete bathrooms	5555
	O 1975 to 1978 O 1949 or earlier	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3333
	○ 1970 to 1974	Yes No	9999
			5555
	How are your living quarters heated?  Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	7 7 7 7
	Steam or hot water system	Yes, a central air-conditioning system     Yes, 1 individual room unit	8888
	Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	9999
	(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	0000
	Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	1111
	Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)	of your household?	8888
	Gr busebourd)	O None O 2 automobiles	3 3 3 3
	O Floor wall as simples furners	1 automobile     3 or more automobiles	9999
	Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace     Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene		5555
	Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	????
	O Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind	Home for use by members of your mousement.	8888
		O None O 2 vans or trucks	1
	O No heating equipment	O None O 2 vans or trucks O 1 van or truck O 3 or more vans or trucks	2222

Please answer H30-H32 If you live in a one-family house		Pa
which you own or are buying, unless this is -		
A mobile home or trailer		
If any or these, or if yo	u rent your unit or this is a skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.	
A house with a commercial establishment     or medical office on the property	inip 130 to 132 and tall to page 0.	
). What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?  Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding	
\$ .00 OR O None	second or junior mortgages on this property.  \$ .00 OR \( \triangle \text{ Ng regular payment required } - S.	kip to
1. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?		page
\$ .00 OR O Nane	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?	
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	<ul> <li>Yes, taxes included in payment</li> <li>No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required</li> </ul>	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include	
Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	
O No — Skip to page 6	Yes, insurance included in payment	
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance	
○ Yes ○ Na		
O Yes O No		
es O No	Please turn to page 6	
For cens	Please turn to page 6  US USE ONLY	
For cens	US USE ONLY	
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4.	
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4.	1000
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	5 6
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	F
For cens	US USE ONLY  1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4.  S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	3
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	13.56.63
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	13.56.63
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	1 3 4 5 5 6 7 4 5 9 9 1 8 9 1
For cens	10 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4.  S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	7
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	010000000000000000000000000000000000000
For cens	1   2.   4.   2   2.   4.   3   2.   4.     S.S.	010345678
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4.  S.S. I I I I I I I S.S. I I I I I I I I	010345678
For cens	1) 2. 4. 2) 2. 4. 3) 2. 4. 5 5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5 5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 2 3 4 5 6 7 2 2 3 4 5 7 2 2 3 4 5 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 2 5 9 9 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3
For cens	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 2 2 2 2 2
For cens	1   2   4   2   2   4   3   2   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 5

Page 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Lest name First name Middle initial	16. When was this person born?  Sorn before April 1965 —  Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 or later —	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person time or port time.
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?  Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person  18. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person  19. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person  20. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  20. Yes  30. No  40. Attending college?  30. No  41. No	(Count port-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm.  Also count octive duty in the Armed Forces.)  Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country—  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the  United States?	c. Working at a job or business?  O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
Yes, a naturalized citizen     No, not a citizen     Born abroad of American parents	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide.  O Yes  No — Skip to 19	Hours  23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?  O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959  O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	b. Was active-duty military service during —  Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.  O May 1975 or later  O Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.  a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	<ul> <li>February 1955—July 1964</li> <li>Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)</li> <li>World War II (September 1940—July 1947)</li> <li>World War I (April 1917—November 1918)</li> <li>Any other time</li> </ul>	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?  (For example - Chinese, Italian, SpanIsh, etc.)  c. How well does this person speak English?  Overy well Overy well Not at all	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which  a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?  Yes  No, in unincorporated area
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukroinian, Venezuelan, etc.)	had, not counting stillbirths?  Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.  7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted.  21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once?	24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?  Minutes  b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.  Car  Truck  Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person O Yes, this house — Skip to 16  O No, different house	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)  c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only O Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Other — Specify
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	○ Yes ○ No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per.       11.       ■       13b.       ■       ●	15b.
(2) County:  (3) City, town,  village, etc.:	3     4     4 <td>333333333333333333333333333333333333</td>	333333333333333333333333333333333333
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?  O Yes  O No, in unincorporated area	7     7 <td>7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7</td>	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

RSON 1 ON PAGE 2	- <b>,</b>				Pag
c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —  O Drive alone — Skip to 28  O Drive others only	CENSUS USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CEN	sus u	SE ONLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes ■ ○ No — Skip to 31d		31c.	31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van last week?		h Hamman haddati	00	00	1 I
0 2 <b>a</b> 0 4 0 6	11 3 4	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?  Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	8 ,	3 3	
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	0 1 4	Weeks	9 1	9 4-	9- 9-
After answering 24d, skip to 28.  25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	- III 5	c. During the weeks <u>worked</u> in 1979, how many hours did	) )	: 5	
or business last week?	IV := S	this person usually work each week?		6.7	?
Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	0 5	Hours		99	1
No     No	22b.	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	32a.		32b.
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks		was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	000	00	0000
✓ ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	I I : 3	Weeks	1 '	I	1111
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —	3 4 -	- 1	3 3 3 3
No, already has a job No, temporarily ill	5.	Fill circles and print dollar amounts,  If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	2 1 2	1	5555
No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	. (	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	666	,	6666
O Yes, could have taken a job	1 11 13	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	777		7777 8888
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	,	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?	11.75		9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
O 1980 O 1978 1970 to 1974 Skip to 1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.		32d.
Never worked 31d	7.0	person receive for the entire year?  a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	000		0000
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,			1111
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.  If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which		dues, or other items.	33	1	4 4 4 4
this person worked the most hours.  If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	GHJ	No (Annual amount – Dollars)		5 5	3535
last job or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	666	6   7	0.666
28. Industry  a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		practice Report net income after business expenses.	8 1. 3	3 8 }	ត្រខាន់
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	(2 (-1)	Yes → \$ .00 No	0 4		9999 0 A 0
	j 1 t	(Annual amount – Dollars)	32e.		
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	-	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	000	2 47	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?  Describe the activity at location where employed.		o tenant farmer or sharecropper.  ✓ Yes → • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	I 1 1 ; a.
		No (Annual amount – Dollars)	13.0	3 3	₹ 3 ₹
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	: .	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	1	)- (1 )- (1 )- (1	44"
c. Is this mainly — (FIII one circle)	1	Report even small amounts credited to an account,	6 6		666
Manufacturing Retail trade  Wholesale trade Other — (ogriculture, construction,	AF :	Yes ->- \$ .00  No (Annual amount - Dollars)	15.1		777 384
9. Occupation		e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	99	9	999
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → \$ .00	32g.		33.
	N P Q	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	111	_	0000
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	8 8 5		5 5 5 5
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	33		3333
	U V W	○ Yes → \$ .00	5 5 5		5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ	(Annual amount – Dollars)	771	?	7 7 7 7
0. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	888		8888 9999
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	(n) (1)	of income received regularly			O A O
Federal government employee	Ĩ \	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.	I I	ΙΙ	1 1 1
State government employee	3 + 3	○ Yes → \$ .00	8.8	S S	5 5 5
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	9 9 9	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	33	3 3	3 3 3
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	666	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?  Add entries in questions 32a	5 5	5 5	555
Own business not incorporated	7 : 7 3 0 8	through g; subtract any losses.	??	7 ?	777
Own business incorporated	19 4 9	If total amount was a loss,  Write "Loss" above amount OR ○ None	88	88	888
without pay in family business or farm		Please turn to the next page and answer the question			



### Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

ENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
UBLICATIONS	F-1	HC80-5, Volume
Population and Housing Census		tial Finance
Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supp
PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F-1	Reports
PHC80-2, Census Tracts		Evaluation and Refer
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports
teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluat
Units and Standard Metro-		Research Report
politan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Refere
PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1, Us
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R2, Hi
Congress	F-2	PHC80-R3, AI
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Index of Indi
Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations
nomic, and Housing	<b>.</b> .	PHC80-R4, Cla
Characteristics	<b>⊢</b> –2	Index of Inde
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		Occupations
mates of Social, Economic,	F 0	PHC80-R5, Ge
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	Identification
Population Census Reports	F-2	Scheme
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		COMPUTER TAPES .
teristics of the Population	F-2	Summary Tape Files
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		STF 1
ber of Inhabitants	F-2	STF 2
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	r 0	STF 3
Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic		STF 5
Characteristics	E 2	Other Computer Tap
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	r=3	P.L. 94-171, Popu
Detailed Population		Counts
Characteristics	F_3	Master Area Refe
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 – 3	1 and 2 (MARF)
Reports	F_3	Geographic Base
PC80-S1, Supplementary	1 –3	Independent Ma
Reports	F_3	(GBF/DIME)
	F-3	Public-Use Micro
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Samples
teristics of Housing Units	F-3	Census/EEO Spec
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MAPS
General Housing		MICROFICHE
Characteristics	F-3	STF 1 Microfiche .
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,		STF 3 Microfiche .
Detailed Housing		P.L. 94-171 Counts
Characteristics	F-3	1.2.04 171 0001113
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
politan Housing		
Characteristics	F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject		TI
Reports	F-3	The results of the 198
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-		lation and Housing a
nents of Inventory Change	F-3	forms: printed report

#### 0-5, Volume 5, Residen-Finance . . . . . . . . . F-4 0-S1-1, Supplementary ports . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . F-4 ion and Reference ts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . F-4 80-E, Evaluation and search Reports. . . . . . . 80-R, Reference Reports. F-4 HC80-R1, Users' Guide. . F-4 HC80-R2, History . . . . F-4 HC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations . . . . . . . F-4 HC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations . . . . . . . F-4 HC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ER TAPES . . . . . . . . . . . ry Tape Files ...... F\_4 1..... F—4 2..... F-4 3.....F-4 5.... F-5 Computer Tape Files . . . F-5 94-171, Population unts. . . . . . . . . . . . . . ter Area Reference Files nd 2 (MARF) . . . . . . . . F-5 graphic Base File/Dual dependent Map Encoding BF/DIME). . . . . . . . . . . F-5 lic-Use Microdata sus/EEO Special File.... F-5 ..... F—5 CHE . . . . . . . . . . . . F-5 Microfiche ...... F-5 Microfiche . . . . . . . . . F-5 -171 Counts Microfiche. . F–5

#### AL

ts of the 1980 Census of Popud Housing are issued in three rinted reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at-any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

#### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1. Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States. SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

#### **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

#### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

#### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

#### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-8, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

#### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas. and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### **MAPS**

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

#### **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

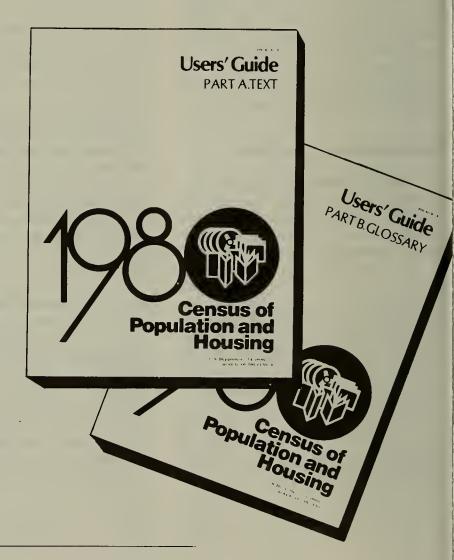
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

# **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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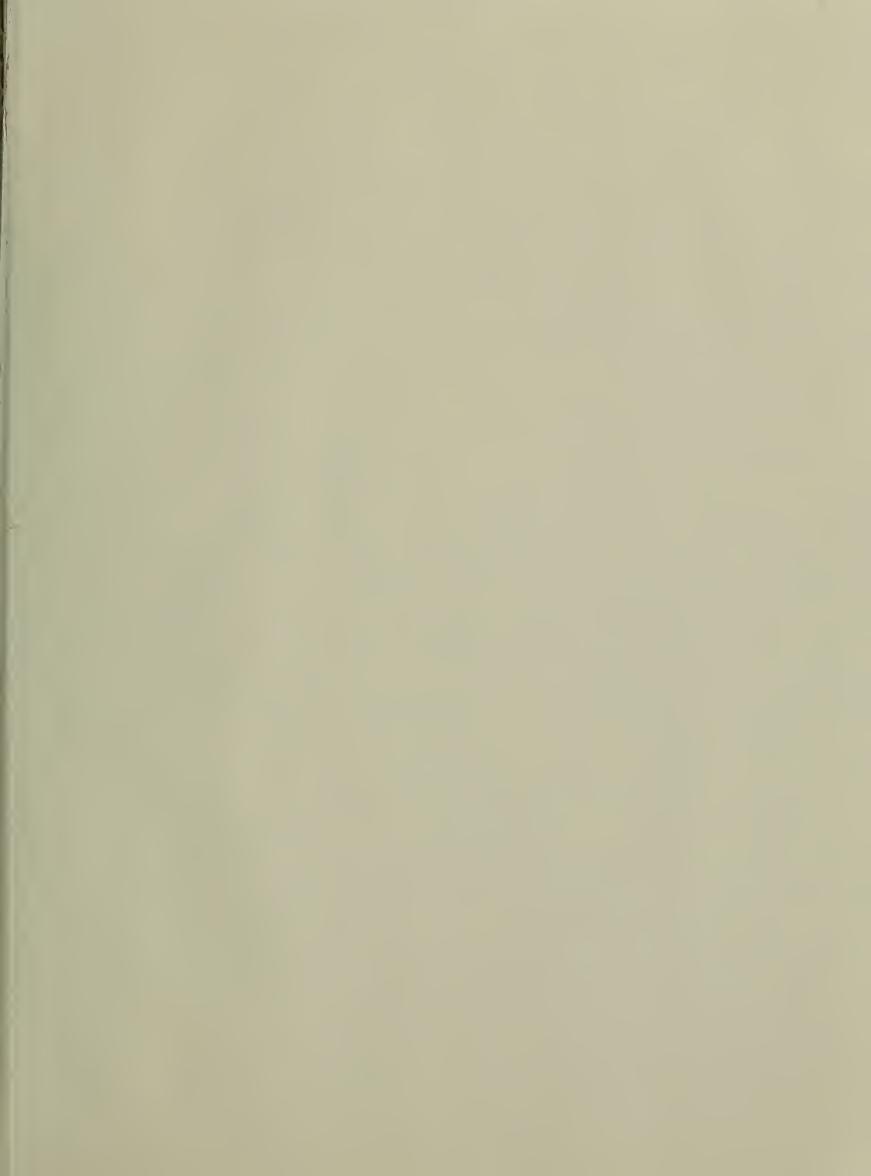
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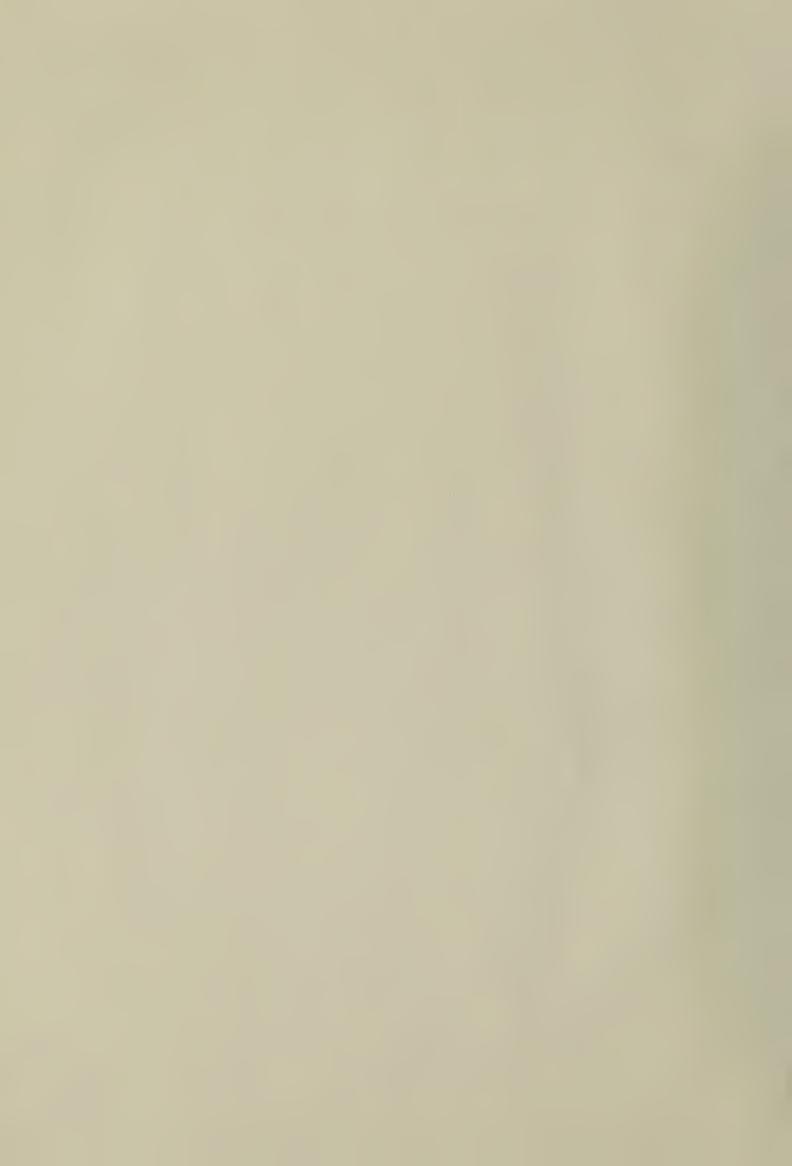


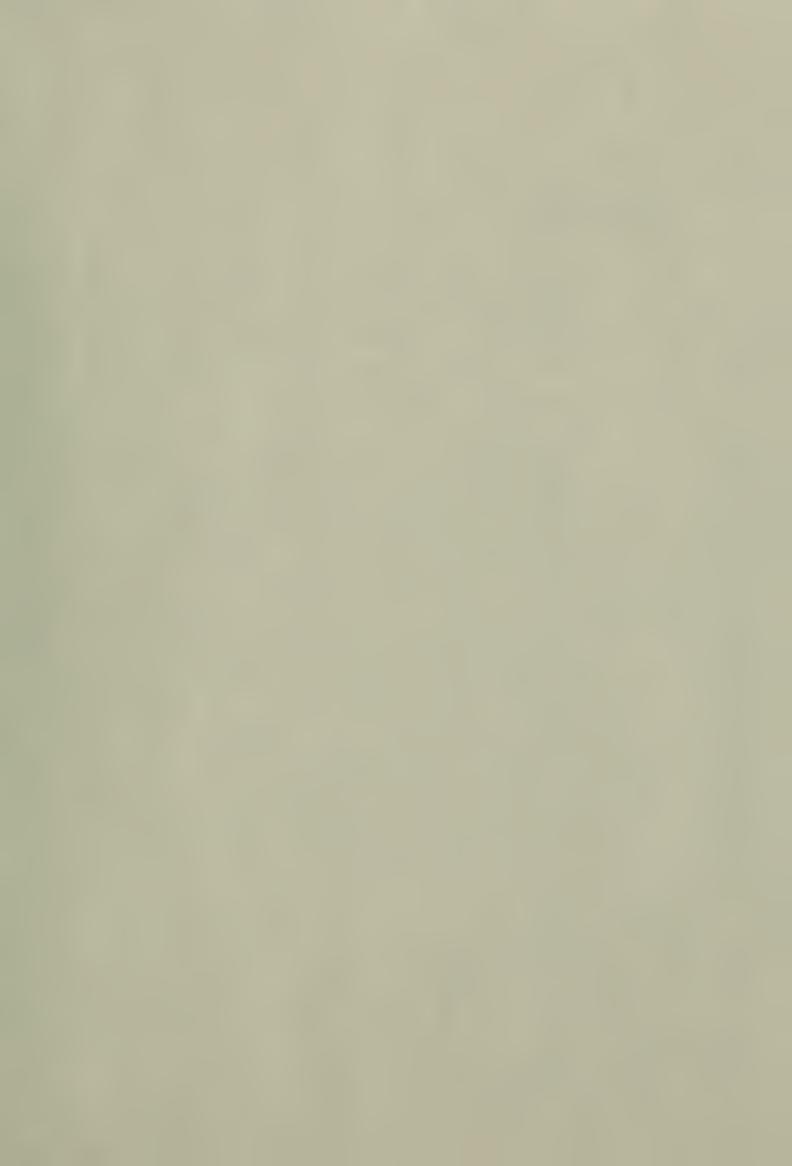
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