

TODAY and TOMORROW

UNITY FAITH SACRIFICE

# AZAD HIND

161 & 163, Cecil St., Syonan.

ENGLISH EDITION

Tel. Nos. 3491 & 3492 Ext. 7

Organ of the Indian Independence League Headquarters.

Vol. 2.—No. 36.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 2605, SYOWA 20

7 Cents

## Three-Power Confab

ACCORDING to a joint announcement recently issued, the Stalin-Roosevelt-Churchill Conference is now underway somewhere in the Black Sea area. But Germany cares not a jot as to what these so-called "Big Three" are going to decide. The Germans know that their salvation depends on themselves and themselves alone. And so they—every man and woman, young and old—are making heroic efforts to defend to the last drop of their blood their sacred Fatherland. No matter what kind of plans the three power conference may arrive at, they will not have the slightest effect upon the German people in their inflexible resolve to fight unstintingly until they have attained their war aims. As any student of European history knows, the Reich had been in the last five hundred years several times in such crisis as is confronting her at this moment. But as everytime in the past she ultimately emerged victorious as the dominant power of Europe, there is no reason to doubt her God-given capacity to perform a similar feat this time also.

While the three-power conference has failed to make any impression whatsoever on the fighting Germany, the Conference is exposing to the world the fundamental conflict between Soviet Russia, the United States and Britain. It is no secret that America and Britain are looking with no friendly eye on Soviet doings in east European countries. America and Britain certainly do not approve of the Russian encroachments on Polish territory—encroachments which Russia has declared in no unmistakable terms that she will never give up. But the Anglo-Americans are totally helpless to prevent Russian domination of European countries.

Again, the Anglo-Americans had authoritatively put out some days ago that this tripartite meeting would also decide the question of the Pacific war. But the communique jointly issued by the conferences says nothing about it. That is evidence enough that Stalin has refused to commit Russia to any step in relation to the war against Nippon. In other words, great disunity and discord still exist among these three anti-Axis powers not only in the political, but also in the military field. In the circumstances, it is impossible for these three mutually antagonistic powers to come to a unanimous decision on any matter. The "Big Three" Conference will only result in further chaos and confusion, mutual jealousy and hatred in the anti-Axis camp.

## NEW NIPPON TACTICS IN P.I. BATTLE

Sure Of Final Victory In East Asia War, Declares Chief Army Spokesman

Syonan, Feb. 10 (Domei)—Bleeding the enemy white by utilizing "attrition tactics" and repeating this a hundredfold in all phases of the war is part of the strategy adopted by Nippon in the battle now raging on Luzon Island, asserted Lieut.-Colonel Shozo Nakajima, Chief Army Spokesman reviewing the war situation at his weekly press conference yesterday.

The Spokesman declared that the example of a single courageous Nippon pilot of the Special Attack Corps who body-crashed into an enemy aircraft-carrier immediately sinking it together with the lives of a thousand personnel or more would serve best to illustrate this point of what he termed "bleeding tactics". The ratio in the loss of lives in this instance was one to 1,000.

Therefore, it is clear that should the 100 million people of Nippon fight with this same courageous spirit, they will far outnumber the Anglo-Saxon enemy who do not total more than 200 millions, the Spokesman pointed out.

"Herein lies the significance of Nippon's attrition strategy or what we might call bleeding strategy," he continued, adding that the significance in this strategy was not so much in the loss of territory which can be easily regained at an opportune moment, but rather in the attrition inflicted on enemy fighting power and enemy strength represented in the number of men killed and wounded.

Attesting to the fact that the Americans are suffering considerable losses in fighting men, the Spokesman revealed that the New York Times, influential American journal, recently published the fact that American losses are said to be between 30,000 to 40,000 per week which is approximately 2,000,000 a year. He concluded, "Taking these facts into consideration then it can be said that the more the enemy is forced to bleed, the surer our victory becomes."

## Nippon Takes All Bases In Kanchow-Suichuan Area

Tokyo, Feb. 11 (Domei)—Dai Honyei announced at 3 p.m. today in a communique:

"Our units which have been advancing from Hengyang and Shaokuan sector, after occupying Suichuan airfield, have reduced Nanyang and Kanchow airfields, and on February 7 occupied Sincheng airfield, thus completely reducing the group of enemy airfields in Kanchow-Suichuan area."

## Foe Advance In Myebon Peninsula Sector Frustrated

Special Attack Units Wreak Havoc On Foe Burma Army Forces

A Nippon Base in Southern Burma, February 10 (Domei)—Nippon troops are putting up stubborn battle against part of the 25th Indian Division which is desperately trying to reach the vital Arakan coastal road in the Myebon peninsula area.

Since the enemy landing on the peninsula on January 13 up to January 31 our forces in this sector inflicted 1,399 casualties on the enemy besides sinking 17 landing vessels fully laden with troops and materials as well as damaging nine other landing craft also loaded with men and materials.

During the same period the Nippon troops shot down four enemy fighters with ground fire, destroyed four armoured cars and set ablaze one destroyer or gunboat. They also blew up supply dumps at six points and captured large quantities of firearms of various calibre and ammunition.

A Nippon Base on the Burma Front, Feb. 10 (Domei)—Striking terror into enemy hearts, Nippon Special Attack Units operating in enemy territory in northern Burma continue to harass and hamper enemy advance toward the Irrawaddy. The enemy recently became extremely cautious as a result of the daring activities of our Special Attack Corps; however, the lightning assaults of Nippon death-defying units have brought to naught the strict enemy vigilance and inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy.

Frontline dispatches stated that the Kurita Special Attack Unit on the night of January 26 left its base and at dawn the following day stole into an enemy encampment in the vicinity of Myinze, in the Irrawaddy bend. During the day the unit hid in thick undergrowth and

(Continued on next page)

## CONGRESS, MUSLIM LEAGUE UNITED AGAINST GOVT'S NATIONAL SAVINGS PLAN

Govt. Of India Censured On S. African Issue

That the British authorities in India have been consistently aiding and abetting the inhuman crime perpetrated by the South African Government against the Indian nationals domiciled in South Africa, was clearly brought to light in the course of the debate in the Central Indian Assembly on Saturday in New Delhi. Elected members of the Central Legislature to whatever party they belonged, stood as one man and vehemently denounced the British policy.

Several adjournment motions were tabled censuring the conduct of the British Raj in respect of its callous attitude towards the Indians in South Africa. As all of them referred to the same subject, only one of them was moved which was passed without a division. This was the first great blow dealt on the British Raj by the Central Assembly during the current session.

In the course of the discussion on the adjournment motion, prominent members of all parties scathingly attacked the British Government's utter disregard of the welfare of the Indian nationals in South Africa, and they demanded the immediate recall of the so-called Indian High Commissioner in South Africa.

Dr. M. B. Khare, the so-called Member for Commonwealth Relations in the Viceroy's Executive Council, speaking on behalf of the British Raj, refused to give any assurance on the matter, whereupon the opposition members pressed for a division. But as the opposition was tremendous, the adjournment was carried even without a division, amidst deafening cheers of "Shame, Shame".

Central Assembly Votes Against Government's Nefarious Scheme

Latest reports from India indicate that the most extreme form of coercion is being adopted by the British authorities in India to extort money from the masses for the British war effort. The Central authorities in New Delhi are reported to have appointed a large number of agents in the provinces and States for the purpose of forcing on the people the worthless papers known as the National Savings Certificates in return for their hard-earned money.

This most inhuman form of coercion and loot formed the subject matter of an adjournment motion in the Central Legislative Assembly on Saturday. The adjournment motion was moved by the Muslim League Party and it was supported by the Congress and all other parties and was finally passed against the bitter opposition from official and nominated members and other "yes-men" of the British authorities. The mover of the adjournment was Mr. M. A. Khaliq of the Muslim League Party, who in the course of his address vehemently denounced the use of force and unfair means particularly on the famine-stricken population of Bihar by the agents of the Central Government. Other members who also denounced the British policy included Sri Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Opposition, Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Sir Mohamed Yamin Khan, Sir Cowaji Jehangir, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Sardar Sant Singh, Mr. K. C. Neogi and others.

Asked about the health condition of the members of the Congress Working Committee who are still languishing in the British Prisons in India Sir Francis Moody, the so-called Home Member in the Viceroy's Executive Council, gave an evasive statement in which he merely pointed out that no further deterioration has been noticed in regard to their health.

## PARTIAL RESHUFFLING OF PREMIER KOISO'S CABINET

Tokyo, February 10 (Domei)—Premier General Kuniaki Koiso effected a partial shake-up of his Cabinet tonight. According to an announcement released by the Board of Information tonight, the present Cabinet reshuffle involved:

Firstly, Count Hideo Kodama, State Minister without Portfolio, appointed Minister of Education;

Secondly, Hisatada Hirose, Minister of Welfare, appointed State Minister without Portfolio and concurrently Chief Secretary of the Cabinet;

Thirdly, Katsuroku Aikawa, Vice-Minister of Welfare, promoted Minister of Welfare;

Fourthly, Lieutenant-General Herushige Ninomiya, Minister of Education, relieved of his post at his own request due to ill-health; and

Fifthly, Takeo Tanaka, Chief Secretary of the Cabinet, relieved of his post at his own request, and nominated member of the House of Peers.

All new appointees were formally installed in office in the presence of TENNO HEIKA at the Imperial Palace tonight.

## 15 B-29's Shot Down Over Kanto District

Tokyo, Feb. 11 (Domei)—Nippon air defence units shot down 15 enemy B-29's out of approximately 90 which raided Kanto District yesterday afternoon, Dai Honyei revealed in a communique released this afternoon. The communique textually follows:

"Out of approximately 90 enemy B-29's raiding Kanto District yesterday afternoon, our air defence units shot down 15 and inflicted damages on many others. Seven of our planes either self-blasted against enemy objectives or have not returned to base."

### Employment Restriction Laws Further Explained

The Authorities wish it to be clearly understood that they are not compelling women to work, or putting into effect any Ordinance for mobilization of female labour power, states the Kosei-ka Cho, Syonan Tokubetsu, in an official statement issued to the Press on Saturday last in connection with the Male Employment Restriction Ordinance.

The Kosei-ka Cho further states that the Authorities respect the many religious and racial customs prevailing in this city and that they will not compel women to work unless they voluntarily wish to do so.

It is however hoped that all able-bodied women in Syonan will come forward voluntarily and do some kind of work.

Following is the text of the Kosei-ka Cho's statement:

In order to avoid any misunderstanding about the Male Employment Restriction Ordinance, the Authorities wish to make it clear that, in view of the need for more manpower, young men who are now employed in light and unessential work, such as service boys in hotels and restaurants, shop assistants, office boys, lift attendants, sweepers, etc., are being asked to undertake essential work in Military factories and other important production centres, or join as apprentices for training as skilled engineers.

It will naturally follow, the Kosei-ka Cho continues, that with the absorption of all these young men in necessary work, many vacancies will occur which can easily be filled by old men and women. This means work as shop assistants, service girls, telephone operators and hawkers in addition to various other jobs. In this way, every person in this city will be assuming wartime duty and helping to secure victory.

The Authorities wish it to be clearly understood, however, that they are not compelling women to work, or putting into effect any ordinance for mobilization of female labour power. The Authorities respect the many religious and racial customs prevailing in this city and will not compel women to work unless they voluntarily wish to do so.

In this connection, the Authorities hope that every able-bodied woman in Syonan will come forward and do some kind of work. Such co-operation will be very greatly appreciated by Government but, once again, it should be clearly understood that there is no compulsion. If women wish to work, then there are many posts for them, and it is earnestly hoped that every woman here will understand the situation and voluntarily take up employment. Full co-operation by the women of Syonan will be deeply appreciated by the Authorities.

### Canadian Warship And Merchantmen Sunk

Lisbon, Feb. 10 (Domei)—An Associated Press dispatch from Halifax, Nova Scotia, reported that it was disclosed tonight that long-range German submarines sniping at anti-Axis convoys bound in and out of Canadian ports this winter, torpedoed a Canadian warship and five merchantmen within one period of 22 days, off Nova Scotia coast.

### Nippon Envoy Confers With Jean Decoux

Hanoi, Feb. 10 (Domei)—Shunichi Matsumoto, Nippon Ambassador to French Indochina conferred with Governor-General Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux here on Feb. 8 and left for Saigon by train the following day.

### Bloody Fighting Develops Along Oder River Area

Berlin, February 9 (Domei)—In Upper Silesia Marshal Koniev's First Ukraine Army forces began a great thrust from the bridgehead both sides of Steinau. In the triangle between Breslau, Glogau and Liegnitz, the last mentioned west of the Oder River, a grim battle developed in the past 24 hours with the tendency to the south revealing that in conjunction with attacks from the bridgehead on both sides of Brieg the enemy's plan is obviously to advance around Breslau, front-line dispatches stated. The main aim of Koniev however appears to be to sever connection between Liegnitz and Upper Silesia.

Along the Oder sector between Breslau and Glogau, tanks are rushing at each other and infantry forces fighting each other grimly. The development of the battle cannot be gauged at the present, front-line dispatches said. To the east of Liegnitz the Soviets also started to attack and gained some ground in a westward direction. After having marched through Lueben, north-east of Liegnitz, the Soviets are now pushing farther to the west. South of Breslau the attacks of the enemy from his large bridgehead on both sides of Brieg led to dashing German counter-attacks, bringing the Russian advance to a standstill. Grim fighting ensued along a front of about 30 kilometres.

Against Marshal Zhukov's assault on the front between Frankfurt and Kuestrin, German counter-pressure is making itself felt increasingly. Although the Soviets managed somewhat to consolidate and expand their bridgehead south of Frankfurt on the western bank of the Oder, their crossing place farther south near Fuerstenberg was reduced by a German counter-attack.

On the eastern front of Frankfurt all thrusts of Zhukov were repulsed in the past 24 hours. Fighting on the Pomeranian front was marked by increased stiffening of German defence. At the two outer flanks, Courland and East Prussia in the north and Budapest and Slovakia in the south, there were no essential changes in the front and the Soviets scored no successes worth mentioning.

On the Western Front between the Meuse bend and the Waal River in Eastern Holland

### Major Battle Still To Be Fought In P. I., American Leaders Opine

Lisbon, February 9 (Domei)—Although American propagandists are seeking to create the impression that the American penetration into Manila means the end of the Philippine campaign, high-ranking American leaders recognize that American troops still face a major battle with the main body of the Nipponese forces which is concentrated in Northern Luzon, according to dispatches received here.

One message quoted Paul V. McNutt, former United States

### Yankees Warned Of Huge Losses In Pacific War

Lisbon, February 9 (Domei)—American Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Air, Artemus Gates, in a recent public address, admitted that heavy American casualties were incurred as the result of Nippon aerial action during the Philippine landing operations and expressed the belief that the toll of American losses will assume an increasingly huge figure as the Americans attempt to penetrate deeper into the Pacific battlefront.

Although the United States has succeeded in making progress in some areas of the Pacific front, well-equipped, powerful Nippon forces continue to offer tough opposition over a wide front, Gates said.

He stressed that the total output of Nippon aircraft and arms was steadily increasing, while the Nippon Army, backed with heavy reserve strength, appears determined to fight it out with the American forces.

Declaring that the Americans so far have only begun to test the Nippon defences, Gates said it can be expected that the defence of the Nippon Army, Navy and Air Force will become increasingly stronger as the Americans attempt to approach nearer to Nippon.

He further warned the American people that they must be prepared for Nippon's use of rocket-bombs and latest jet-propelled aircraft as the Nipponese Mainland is threatened.

Field-Marshal Montgomery has started his long expected large-scale attack, according to front-line dispatches. After artillery drumfire, the Canadians attacked with the focal point north of the railway line at Grossbeck. In the first rush they entered the German lines.

However, powerful German counter-attacks threw them back to their starting positions. The attack also extended to the Aachen region. Particularly violent fighting is reported going on on the Eifel front on both sides of the Urft Dam. In addition, the Americans are again trying to cross the Sauer at Echternach. On the road to Haberscheid-Schleiden and in the hills near Pruem, the Americans were thrown back from previously seized dents.

In the southern portion of the Western Front, German troops ward off repeated enemy attacks in Alsace. Between the Rhine-Rhone canal and the Rhine all thrusts of the French collapsed under German fire.

### No Accord Possible In "Big Three" Conference

Stockholm, Feb. 9 (Domei)—Speculation continues to be extremely skeptical in London over the "Big Three" conference going on in the Black Sea area as it is not believed that the three big powers will reach a genuine agreement in political questions.

The London correspondent of the Dagens Nyheter said British political quarters are of the opinion that the present conference upon Churchill's suggestion will discuss only those questions directly connected with the military developments in Germany, while all political questions, including that of defending frontiers, will be left to later conferences.

The correspondent said such a suggestion of Churchill must needs be an expression of the greatest pessimism with regard to the possibility of an agreement. He pointed out that the shelving of discussion on political problems would again mean delay of the Polish question.

### Special Attack Units Wreak Havoc On Foe

(Continued from previous page) when about 50 enemy troops assembled for mess, our unit stealthily closed in on them. With the approach of darkness the members of our unit simultaneously made a dash toward the tents and hurled their hand-grenades right into the midst of enemy troops. Half the enemy troops were killed instantly, while the other half was stabbed to death in a "free for all."

South of Shwebo, our Hirano Special Attack Unit accounted for more than 80 enemy troops blown up by handgrenades. When a report was received that the enemy was constructing a position at Kyaukse, the Hirano Unit went out on the mission. The attack was conducted against the enemy encampment at dawn the same day. The enemy troops who were still in their blankets were blown up to bits together with their large tents. Some of those who escaped practically undressed were slashed up by our members.

Meanwhile, the Hagiwara Special Attack Unit on February 10 ambushed an enemy motorcar at a point south of Shwebo. Five high-ranking officers in the vehicle were killed by handgrenades.

### Sree Ramakrishna's Birthday Anniversary

The 110 Birthday Anniversary of Bhagavan Sree Ramakrishna Paramahansa will be celebrated at the Ramakrishna Mission premises, 9 Norris Road, Syonan, on Wednesday next.

At 12 noon there will be Tithi Puja. In the evening commencing at 6 p.m. there will be a public meeting at which H.E. Col. S. C. Alagappan will preside. The evening's programme includes speeches in Hindustani, Tamil and English and music by Pandit M. Ramalingam and Sjt. Narayan Das and Party.

In honour of the occasion Mrs. M. Jamnadas and Mrs. A. C. Sinha will feed the boys and girls of the Mission Orphanage and Sjt. M. Jamnadas will give a treat to the children of the Indian National School.

All are cordially invited to attend.

### Sri Raghavan's Appeal To Seremban Indians

Seremban, Feb. 9 (Domei)—Addressing a large gathering of Indians assembled at the League Padang, yesterday, Sri N. Raghavan, Minister for Finance, Azad Hind Government, made a spirited appeal for funds for the prosecution of the war for India's liberation.

In the course of his speech Sri Raghavan cited the heroic struggle of the Russian people against the tyranny of the Czars and pointed out that if Indians too could perform such sacrifices, India's Freedom would be assured. As an example of the kind of sacrifice needed he quoted the instance of a poor Kluang Indian who, dressed in rags and shivering through weakness due to want of food, approached him and gave a dollar—all he had. That was the kind of sacrifice, he added, that should feed their struggle.

As a manifestation of their readiness to perform such sacrifice the Indians present donated \$250,000 towards the cause of their country.

### Local Muslims' New Malai Week Program

The local Muslim community will commence their programme of celebrations in connection with the New Malai Week from Wednesday next.

- Following is the full programme:
- (a) Mass lecture meeting at the Sultan Mosque on Wednesday (14th instant) at 6 p.m.
  - (b) Radio Address by the Chief Kathi on Thursday (15th instant);
  - (c) Presentation of Aeroplane by the Muslim community of Syonan to the Imperial Government of Nippon;
  - (d) Reading of Prayers for final victory at all Mosques on Friday (16th instant).



**SYOWA GEKIZYO**  
and  
**TEIKOKU KAN**  
(13-19 NIGATU)

**Auspicious Opening TO-MORROW**  
(CHINESE NEW YEAR'S DAY)  
of  
**The 3rd New Malai Anniversary**  
'SPECIAL'  
**"SYORI no HI MADE"**  
(LAUGH-BOMBS FOR VICTORY!)

**THE SCREEN'S FINEST MUSICAL-VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT!**  
**CELEBRITIES**  
Taking Part Include  
**ENTATU & ATYAKO**  
(Famous Comedians)  
**HARA SETUKO**  
**TAKAMINE HIDEKO**  
**TODOROKI YUKIKO**  
**FURUKAWA ROPPA**  
**HADA KATUHIKO**  
**TOKUGAWA MUSEI**  
ETC., ETC., ETC.  
13-14-15-18, NIGATU  
TEIKOKU KAN: 12-3-8 P.M.  
SYOWA: 12.30-3.30-8.30 P.M.  
OTHER DAYS: 2 SHOWS DAILY