THE DAILY BEE.
C. P. WEBSTER & CO.
F. WEBSTER, PROVIDENCE. E. HARST, N. DUPOUCH.
Daily paper, (one year in advance).....$12
Country paper, semi-weekly.....5
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The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING
One Dollar for every line. [illegible]
Advertisements on the first page One Dollar per square each insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged One Dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their own business and strictly within the rule of their trade.
No advertisements taken for less than one dollar.
Advertisers are not allowed to transfer their space, nor sub-rent it.
No subscription taken for less than one year. No subscription to advertising will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 30, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE No. 11,017.

THE DAILY BEE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 30

TOO CANDID BY HALF.

The indiscretions of friendship have passed into a proverb. Open enmity can be seen, and consequently resisted, but the love that blunderingly betrays is apt to remain unsuspected until its work of mischief is accomplished. It has been the fate of all parties to be most vitally injured by their adherents. DANIEL WEBSTER is popularly held to have given the *coup de grâce* to the Whig party; Wm. H. SEWARD has undoubtedly hurt Black Republicanism, and FERNANDO, DOUGLAS & Co. have contributed powerfully towards the present depressed condition of the great Democracy. We think that the latter, indeed, have more to contend with in the way of rash and foolish friends than any other political organization. Even the accredited exponents of Democracy have not had enough to steer clear of indiscreet avowals.

For example, the Washington *Union* of the 23d contains an editorial article which is about the most discouraging to its own party we have ever read. Many portions of it would not be at all inappropriate in the columns of the New York *Tribune* or the Albany *Evening Journal*. It opens with the explicit declaration that "it argues great weakness and demoralization in the Democratic party, if they are unable to meet and cope with the Republicans." It then goes on to demonstrate that the Republicans are without patriotism, without regard to the constitutional rights of the States; that they are subtle disunionists; that they are political agitators and mischief-makers; that they are trimmers and gamblers, and that they rely upon prejudice for support, at the expense of reason, justice and fair dealing—all of which being unquestionably true, the *Union* arrives at the startling conclusion that "if the Democracy cannot prevail against such a party, it is because its organization is demoralized, its integrity questionable, its honor doubtful, and its character bad." A charming acknowledgment, truly, for a Democratic organ. Behold the inexorable logic of the *Union*. The Black Republicans are unmitigated scamps, and ought to be easily defeated by the Democracy. Nevertheless the Democracy are the vanquished instead of the victors. Ergo, the Democracy are worse than the Black Republicans. Q. E. D.

But the frankness of the metropolitan organ does not stop here. The *Union* is resolved to make a clean breast of it, and boldly to state the exact causes why Democracy lies in so forlorn and hopeless a condition. Scott brings to bear a formidable battery of complaints. It talks of the machinations of demagogues, and the designs of selfish ambition, of the faithlessness of representatives, of the relaxation of the rigorous party shibboleths which of yore were found so effectual, of ambitious combinations limiting the integrity of the Democratic party, demoralizing, enfeebling and undermining. It enumerates in fact many truthful charges against the dominant party, and omits but one—viz: its horrible, incurable corruption. The reason of this omission will be readily understood when the delicate position of the proprietor of the *Union* is remembered, himself writing under the damning accusation of filching the public money, and being in this exception, and with very few and inconsiderable modifications in the body of the article, it would constitute a really effective leader in any opposition paper. And this is the mode in which a Democratic print endeavors to help the party out of the slough of Pepondi into which it has sunk knee-deep.

Our correspondent "Abjah" makes an appeal to us on grounds which we cannot resist. We therefore insert his communication with the note of Miss Dore, remarking simply that we have never assailed the lady, hardly remembering to have ever heard her name before.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that all persons interested in the progress and prosperity of the Mercantile Library Association are requested to assemble at 6 o'clock this evening, at the rooms of the Association, corner of Canal street and Exchange Place, for the purpose of considering its position and prospects. We trust there will be a full attendance, and that decisive measures will be devised to secure the unembarrassed existence of this excellent institution.

CHEAPness, ELEGANCE AND COMFORT.—Under this appropriate head, R. CHAMPAGNE, No. 1 Pontalba Buildings, opposite the French Market, announces the receipt of an extremely choice assortment of men and boys' clothing, cut and made in the very latest Paris and New York styles; together with a fine supply of gentlemen's furnishing goods, all of which will be disposed of at the lowest prices. The attention of the ladies is particularly directed to Champagne's stock of boys and children's clothing. See advertisement.

SALE CONTINUED.—The sale of the contents of the paper, upholstery and furniture store situate at the corner of Camp and Lafayette streets, will be continued by the Sheriff, THIS DAY, at 10¼ o'clock A. M.

We are requested to call the attention of our readers to the liquidation sale of French and Spanish wines, brandies, absynth, kirschwasser, soft shell almonds, &c., which takes place TO-DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the warehouse of the importers, F. Cocchi, Brother & Co., 235 Chartres street, between St. Philip and Dumaine streets, by R. B. Sykes, auctioneer.

CREDIT SALE OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of dry goods, boots, shoes and brogans, to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Blache & Lesassier's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.—The attention of the public, and of capitalists especially is directed to the positive and unreserved sale to be made To-Day by P. & S. FITZPEN, auctioneers, at Banks's Arcade, at 12 o'clock, of a large number of choice and substantially built dwelling houses corner of Baronne and Howard, and Carondelet and Lafayette streets. Also that four-story brick store opposite the St. Charles hotel. These structures are situated in the most eligible and attractive portion of the commercial mart, and all rented at full prices. A splendid opportunity is now offered for persons desirous of the safest and most lucrative investments at a very moderate outlay of funds, inasmuch as the terms demand but one-fourth payment in cash, and the balance at one, two and three years' credit. The sale is positive, and all interested in the premises are invited to be present. See advertisement in our columns.

HAVANA CIGARS ON SALE.—1,371,000 Havana Cigars will be sold by D. E. Murphy, auctioneer, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., at Messrs. Romagosa & Magin's, No 54 Poydras street. See catalogues.

The Eliot School Trouble in Boston seems to have ended. On Monday two hundred of the pupils who took part in the rebellion had returned to their places. Bishop Fitzpatrick has sent a communication to the School Board, setting forth his objections to the course pursued in the school, and declaring that Catholics cannot conscientiously accept the reading of the Protestant version of the Bible or of the Decalogue as a part of ordinary school instruction. The Bishop also expresses disapprobation of the entire common school system.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The official returns of the late election show the following vote for Governor: GOODWIN (B. R.) 36,368; CATE (D.) 32,825. GOODWIN's majority 3543.

PROBABILITIES OF WAR.—We learn from second hand but good authority (says the New York *Journal of Commerce*) that Richard Cobden (who passed through this State last week on his way to Toronto) stated that he had received letters by the last steamer, from the tenor of which he had no doubt that the British Ministry expect war in Europe this year. Our correspondent at Marseilles, under date of February 25th, writes as follows:

Business very dull, on account of the war with Austria, which becomes imminent. French troops are arriving every day from Algiers, and the armaments are considerable in France. It is said that the Government will make a loan in prevision of the war.

A chess match is progressing in Paris between Paul Morphy, the American champion, and Mr. Mongradien, President of the London Club. Four games have already been played, all of which have been won by Morphy. The winner of the first seven games is to be victor.

The Hon. J. F. Bell, the opposition candidate for Governor in Kentucky, commenced the campaign by taking the stump at Stanford on the 14th instant. A correspondent of the Louisville *Journal* gives his position on the Cuba question thus:

He was in favor of the acquisition of Cuba upon fair and honorable diplomacy, but opposed to its acquisition if we had to use force or fraud to accomplish it. He was opposed to plitting thirty millions of dollars in the hands of the President for the purpose of tampering with Spain, and scorned and scouted the idea of giving the President the war making power. He believed that to attempt the acquisition of Cuba upon any other ground than that of fair and honorable negotiation would involve us in a disastrous war with foreign powers.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

FURTHER BY THE NIAGARA.

The English Parliament—Detention of the Niagara—Commercial Intelligence.

HALIFAX, March 28.—The Niagara was detained off this port some forty hours by a dense fog. She arrived outside the harbor on Friday night.

The Niagara passed on her way the Cunard steamship Africa, bound for Liverpool, off Tuscaan.

ARRIVED OUT.

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—The steamship Edinburg arrived at Glasgow on Saturday, the 12th inst.

The steamship Indian, from Portland, and the steamer Lebanon had previously arrived at Liverpool.

GOVERNMENT MEASURE DEFEATED.

The House of Commons have rejected the bill presented by the Government for the partial abolition of the church rates, by a large majority.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—Richardson, Spence & Co.'s circular reports the Liverpool Breadstuffs market closed very dull. Flour generally closed dull at 10 to 12s. per central. Red Wheat is quoted at 5s. 6d. to 6s. 2d.; White Wheat 8s. 7d. to 10s. 9d. per central. Yellow and mixed Corn 5s. to 5s. 3d. per central of 100 pounds; White Corn 7s. 3d. to 7s. 4d. per central.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Richardson, Spence & Co.'s circular quotes Beef closed firm, but poorer qualities had considerably declined.

The decline on lower qualities is quoted at 2s. 6d. Pork closed dull at previous quotations. Bacon closed quiet, without quotable change in prices. Lard closed dull and unchanged.

PRODUCE MARKET.

The same authority quotes the Sugar market closed dull at previous quotations. Coffee closed firm without quotable change. Rice closed firm at 21s. 6d. Common Rosin closed at 4s. 8d. to 4s. 10d. Spirits of Turpentine closed at 43s., a considerable advance on the quotations by the Asia.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, March 12.—The London Breadstuffs market closed quiet. Wheat dull at a decline of 1 to 2d.; White American Wheat is selling at 38s. The best Red Wheat is selling at 34 to 40s. The Sugar market closed dull at a decline of 6d., and is quoted at 38s. 9d.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Messrs. Bell & Co., London, report that a moderate business has been doing in American stocks.

They quote Illinois Central Railroad Shares at 33 to 35 discount. Illinois Central Bonds are quoted at 82.

They report the London Money market generally steady.

Hopes of Peace Melting Away—Success of Cowley's Mission Doubtful—Austria Increasing her Armaments—Sardinia Anxious for War—Later from China.

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* says the hopes of the continuance of peace are daily melting away, under the influence of warlike news in the newspapers and journals.

The extensive military preparations of France are progressing with unabated vigor.

The success of Lord Cowley's mission is now considered doubtful. A telegram to the London *Times* says that Lord Cowley bears a most unfavorable reply from the Austrian Government, which, it is hoped, would settle the difficulties on the Italian question.

AUSTRIAN ARMY IN ITALY.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* says that the effective force of the Austrian army in Italy has been increased from 50,000 men to 180,000 men.

Large quantities of ammunition and cannon of a large size have arrived at Pavia and Venice, provided with carriages as if for a state siege.

Exportation of forage and oats by way of the Lombardy frontier has been strictly prohibited.

MORE WARLIKE THAN EVER.

The Turin correspondent of the London *Herald* says every thing appears more hopelessly warlike than ever.

The rumors that the King of Sardinia and the Ministry are anxious for war at any price.

CHINA.

Later advices have been received in England from China.

The Yang Tee Kiang river, in which the British men-of-war lay, had risen and flooded out the brigs Furious and Cruiser.

Other operations against Canton were expected.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

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Corn closed dull. Sales to-day 7000 bushels at 56 to 60c.

Eastern Mess Pork $17 40 to $18. Lard closed dull at 11¼ to 11½c.

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STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, March 29.—The steamer Tecumseh passed down at 11 o'clock last evening. The Uncle Sam passed down at 5 o'clock this morning.

VICKSBURG, March 29.—The steamer Crescent City passed down at 1, and the Natchez at 5 o'clock this evening.

Central and South America.

By way of Panama we have received intelligence from Central America and the South Pacific.

From GUATEMALA we learn that the murderers of the three sons of Mr. Klee were executed on the 19th ult. A revolution had broken out at Chiapas, bordering on Guatemala, and the town of Cometan was taken, with some loss of life and property.

From SALVADOR there is nothing of interest.

From NICARAGUA we learn that the Cassilriasri treaty has not passed. Sir Wm. Gore Ousely had terminated his mission and was about proceeding to Costa Rica.

CUBA.—The news is unfavorable to the present Government. Mutiny and riot prevail in all directions. The outbreaks in Copiapo and Talca have been followed by others in different provinces. Concepcion, Tome, the Araucahian Territory, and in fact the whole country, both North and South, appear to be up in arms against the existing Government, which, there is little doubt, from what we can judge, must yield to the opposition.

From PERU and ECUADOR there is nothing of special interest.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editors of the Bee:

As you have in your columns directed public attention by the letter of Dr. Hatch upon Spiritualism, as published in the New York *Herald*, of the 6th inst., and as in that letter there is an indiscriminate attack upon Spiritualists generally, and upon some in particular, and among others a Miss Dods, I think it would be no sacrifice of Christian principle for you to publish her letter in reply to Dr. Hatch, as I think you would but do being unto others as you would wish to be done by. I quite willingly admit the abstract truth of the *Delta's* idea of "newspaper independence," and that you may rightfully exemplify that idea by declining to publish Miss Dods's letter. But I can scarcely believe that, in this instance, you will feel like exercising that independence, but that you will willingly do justice to a lady who has been wrongfully abused.

The following is Miss Dods's letter, as published in the New York *Herald*, of the 21st inst. ABIJAH.

The Alleged Abominations of Spiritualism—Reply to Dr. Hatch.

To the Editor of the Herald:

In your Sunday morning *Herald*, March 6, I perceive that Dr. Hatch has taken the liberty to use my name in a connection with his abuse of Spiritualists which places me in a false position before the numerous readers of your wide-spread and useful journal. This I beg leave to correct, and have no doubt you will do me justice in your favor. Your editorial notice of Mr. Hatch's letter renders it important that I should do so.

I have, Mr. Editor, delivered no lecture in defense of Spiritualism, nor, indeed, have I, by placing my name in the category with such vile characters. My lecture was against that odious institution, and in defense of the sanctity of the marriage institution. I labored to sustain the majesty of the law and the right of individuals not to interfere in this matter, and bring the violation of the law to justice so long as the law continued in force. Prof. Brittan recommended an amendment of this law, or the enactment of a new one, so as to enable the poor as well as the rich to obtain a divorce before some legally appointed officer of the government, without incurring the great expense and publicity that the parties are now compelled to encounter, and which, rather than endure, many are suffering with from the attempt. Still, I decidedly maintained that it should be done according to law, rather than for any friendly representative of the King of Sardinia and the Ministry are anxious for war at any price.

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Things in Washington.

The correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, "Ion," writes as follows:

The extra session is settled. Every body not immediately connected with the Post-office establishment as a contractor, officer or clerk, will be very glad to learn that there will be no called session. The President and the Cabinet breathe more freely after this decision. Nothing could be more distressing to them than a visitation from a wrangling, complaining Congress during the hot weeks of August and September. But from the forty thousand officials attached in some way to the Post-office establishment, there will arise a few groans. Some of them will be dropped, and others may have to wait a while for their pay. But the Postmaster-General's exposition of the condition of the department shows that the mail service may be performed without resort to an extra session. The deficiencies, amounting to over four millions, for the present fiscal year, can all be met in the course of six months, and this was, it seems, the chief difficulty to be overcome.

Some important information as to the progress of the Paraguay expedition has been received in private letters from persons who are attached to it. One of these writers says if Lopez resolves on resistance, our naval force must confine itself to a blockade, which may last till next October, when the rise of the river will enable reinforcements to reach it. But to make an attack with the present force would be, says the writer, more desperate than the charge of the "Light Brigade" at Balaklava.

It is uncertain whether it belongs to the commissioner or to the naval commander to deal with the Government of Buenos Ayres upon the nice question which it makes against our right to enter her waters without leave. England, says that Government, asked for leave. Perhaps we would not have obtained it so readily upon asking, and therefore Com. Shubrick took it. This is one of the many questions in which we may become involved with the States on the La Plate and its tributaries before this expedition comes to an end.

Mr. Nagent's report, as special agent of the United States recently sent to Vancouver's Island and British Columbia, is now published, and is of much interest on account of the information it contains as to the resources and prospects of that region. He does not regard the gold fields of the colony, hitherto prospected, as valuable. Gold, he says, will be found over the whole country, but it is not extravagant to say that every ounce hitherto taken out of the Frazer river gold diggings has cost more than an ounce to obtain it, not to mention the immense number of lives lost in the whirlpools of that terrible Frazer stream. The whole region is desolate and barren. It may attract emigrants from England, but not from the United States. But a number of Americans will continue to resort to the mines at Victoria, and the mining population on Frazer river is still chiefly American. He suggests the necessity for a strong government and an American consul to reside at Victoria, whose functions should extend over Vancouver's Island and British Columbia.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—Session of Tuesday evening, March 29th, 1859; J. G. NIXON, President, in the chair, and seven members in attendance.

A message from the Mayor recommending a systematic numbering of the houses of the city, in pursuance of a petition of citizens complaining of the manner in which the contract was being executed, was referred.

The Assistant Board announced their concurrence in sundry resolutions, and that they had taken their action relative to cleaning out of Camp street, and the committee of conference on the part of this Board was appointed.

Petition of citizens of Mr. Magioni, of the lower Board, fixing a pro rata of taxation upon real and personal estate, was referred. That for appropriation of $1000 to Chas. Ferry, contracts for keeping in repair the ballast roads of the four Districts was approved.

A resolution of the Assistant Board, having twenty-two contracts for various street improvements was referred.

The Finance Committee reported in favor of paying the contractor for cleaning the Fourth District draining machine, and recommended the rejection of the resolution for a sinking fund—which, it is stated, is in order of paying Mr. Denegre his commission for taxes collected for the city.

The Streets and Landings Committee reported upon the need of repairs to the plank roads of the Third District, and in favor of purchasing plank for the plank roads of the First District; unfavorably upon the claim for repairing Carondelet Walk. The committee favored the incorporation of a fire engine company for the Lake Shore, and reported favorably upon various other matters.

The report was adopted.

The Committee on Ways to city railroads, referred from the lower Board, and made the special order of the meeting, was concurred in amended.

The Board adjourned.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—Tuesday, March 29th, 1859—Mr. Waldo, the President, in the chair.

The message of the Mayor, as above, was referred to the Streets and Landings Committee.

A communication from the Controller, announcing various adjudications for paving streets, &c., was referred to the same committee.

The Treasurer's weekly report showed a balance on hand of $17,133.

The Committee on Finance offered a resolution relative to selling the revenue of the Magazine Market, which, after considerable discussion, was referred to a special committee.

The Streets and Landings Committee offered a resolution in regard to confining the landing of flatboats to the first and sixth sections.

The resolution was lost.

After some less important business, the Board adjourned.

THEFT.—Louis Orazco was arrested last evening on the complaint of Dr. A. P. Dostie on a charge of stealing a lot of dental instruments from the office of Dr. Nelson.

SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA.—Cases were determined as follows: Appeals from the State appellate tribunal, Monday, March 28th, 1859, as follows:

Mrs. C. Hanly, appellant, vs. Robert Crozier and John Farrell. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of Second District Court of New Orleans reversed, and cause remanded.

Mrs. Ann Ogden, appellant, vs. Delisle Dreux et al., appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court of Iberville affirmed.

Joseph Chiapella, appellant, vs. Pierre Pellerin et al., appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court of Iberville affirmed.

Mary Ann Lafitte, widow Mayor and Selectmen of Plaquemines, appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for Iberville reversed, and judgment given for defendant as in case of non-suit.

Samuel Stewart vs. T. B. Harper, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for St. Tammany reversed, and cause remanded.

State of Louisiana, appellant, vs. Henry Renaud. Merrick, C. J. Appeal from the District Court for Iberville dismissed.

James Carl vs. Elvira Stevens, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for East Baton Rouge reversed, and cause remanded.

Thomas R. Horton vs. Thornhill & Co., appellants. Merrick, C. J. Appeal from Fifth District Court of New Orleans dismissed.

Pauline, f. w. c., vs. L. A. Hubert, auctioneer, and P. A. Moore, administrator, appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for Iberville affirmed.

Joseph Chiapella, appellant, vs. Jaeger, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for Iberville affirmed.

Mary Ann Lafitte, widow Mayor and Selectmen of Plaquemines, appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court for Iberville affirmed.

Mary Stargis and husband vs. The Sheriff et al., appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of District Court of East Feliciana affirmed.

P. Hardesty, appellant, vs. V. H. Dunn, Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana affirmed.

J. O. Fuqua vs. Josiah Knighton and Joseph M. Young, appellants. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana affirmed.

Bernard Caze, use of John Nolan, appellant, vs. Wm. B. Robertson et al. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for West Baton Rouge affirmed.

James Scully vs. G. S. Hawkins, appellant. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana affirmed.

Wm. B. Robertson et al. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for West Baton Rouge affirmed.

Bernard Caze, use of John Nolan, appellant, vs. Wm. B. Robertson et al. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for West Baton Rouge affirmed.

James Scully vs. G. S. Hawkins, appellant. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana affirmed.

Wm. Shaffett et al., appellants, vs. J. C. Jackson et al. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana affirmed.

J. M. Timmons vs. Evans White, appellant. Land, J. Judgment of District Court for East Feliciana reversed, and judgment given for defendant.

Mary Sturgis and husband vs. The Sheriff et al., appellants. Land, J. Judgment of District Court of East Feliciana affirmed.

Also, every article of gentlemen's Toilet and Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at the very lowest prices for cash, or good city paper.

The attention of ladies is respectfully solicited to his stock of Ready Made Clothing, which will be sold at the very lowest prices for cash, or good city paper.

The attention of ladies is respectfully solicited to the Tailoring department.

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MAGNETISM.

MADAME ALLUARD,

FRENCH SOMNAMBULIST.

Bourbon Street, No. 231,

Between Ursulines and Hospital streets,

VERY lucid in all cases of chronic diseases pronounced incurable by other physicians and especially for *hopeless cases* of nervous disease epilepsy included.

The cures effected, for the last five years, of nervous complaints, by the direct application of magnetism, under the direction of Mme. ALLUARD, assisted by the indications of Mrs. Allard, are truly wonderful.

Among the cases attended to several were of long standing, and those whom the healthy had given up in despair were completely cured by the magnetic treatment.

Besides, the press in Louisiana have often chronicled Mrs. A's remarkable cures.

Mr. Allard, for the purpose of clearly proving the superior facilities of Mrs. A. and putting a stop to the unfair and unjustifiable attacks of persons actuated by jealousy, will give, at his residence, *Magnetic Cure of non-natural magnetism, notwithstanding the most complete exclusion of the sun.*

EXPERIMENTS.

1. The eyes of the Somnambulist will be covered with a thick bandage, and then with a black velvet, which will adhere, by means of English hair strings, to the nose and cheeks, and be applied so as to prevent the slightest possible vision.

2. The light being then entirely shut out, the Somnambulist will read in the first book handed to her.

3. She will tell the color of stuffs without touching the same.

4. She will tell of one or more white hair from a black head of hair.

5. She will tell the time marked by the hands of a distant watch.

6. She will play cards or dominoes with any one.

7. She will see at a distance various articles to which her attention is directed.

8. She will finally walk in the room and converse freely with those present.

The sittings will take place at Mrs. ALLARD's residence.

Admittance, 50 cents for each person.

Mrs. A. calls on sick persons, and may be consulted every day. 1y Saw

TURCOTTE & BLANCARD,

(PETIT MORIN TO A. PEYRE & CO.)

"Red Store," between the two Markets, the nearest to the Meat Market, and "Jackson Store," corner of St. Ann and Chartres sts.

HAVE just received from the North and Europe a very large assortment of DRY GOODS, which they offer to their customers, and the public in general, at very low prices.

English Huvye Dresses, double Skirts, new style; Lus not and Organdy Robes do do do;
Flounced Barege Robes do do do;
Jaconet and Organdy Robes à la;
Jaconet and Organdy Robes à quilles;
Plain and Printed Bareges;
Printed Lawns and Linens;
Printed Brilliantines and Brighams;
Tarlatans and Swiss Muslin;
White Jaconet and Swiss Muslin;
Brocha and Jacquard Mantle;
Bobbinet and Linen Nettles;
Bareges and Jaconet Scarfs and Shawls;
Black Silk Mantillas;
Black Lace Mantillas;
Black Lace Points;
Embroidered Collars and Sleeves, Valenciennes lace;
Embro dered Skirts;
Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Embroidered White Gloves and Mitts;
Irish Linen, Plaitilas and Brilliantines;
Cotton and Linen Sheetings and Shirtings;
Merinoes, Drap d'Ete, Alpaca, Bombazine, &c;
Brown, White and Fancy Linen Drillings, &c.

An extensive stock of DOMESTIC GOODS, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinets and Kentucky Jeans, which they call the attention of country merchants to their extensive stock.

TURCOTTE & BLANCARD.

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NOTICE.

New Orleans Opera-House Company.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the President of the Company, No. 39 Exchange Alley, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, until SATURDAY, the 2d April, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purchase and removal of all the old material on the lots purchased for the building of the New Orleans Opera-House, at the corner of Bourbon and Toulouse streets. The same to be done according to the terms and specifications to be seen at said office.

R. GARDERE, President.

A. SCHERRER, Secretary. mh28 6d

I. O. O. F.

OFFICE OF THE GRAND MASTER

Of the R. W. Grand Lodge of Louisiana.

New Orleans, March 27, 1859.

The R. W. Grand Lodge having decreed to celebrate the fortieth anniversary of the order in the United States, by a Grand Procession, Oration and Ball, on the 26th of April next, the various subordinate Lodges in this jurisdiction are requested to be in the procession, with their regalia.

The neighboring jurisdictions are cordially invited to participate in the ceremonies of the day.

The programme of arrangements will be published at an early day.

HENR. FILBURCY,

mh28 3t. G. M. G. L. of La

I. O. O. F.—The Managers of the Ball to take place on the 26th April next are requested to meet at the office of the Grand Secretary on SATURDAY EVENING, the 2d of April, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing the necessary committees.

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