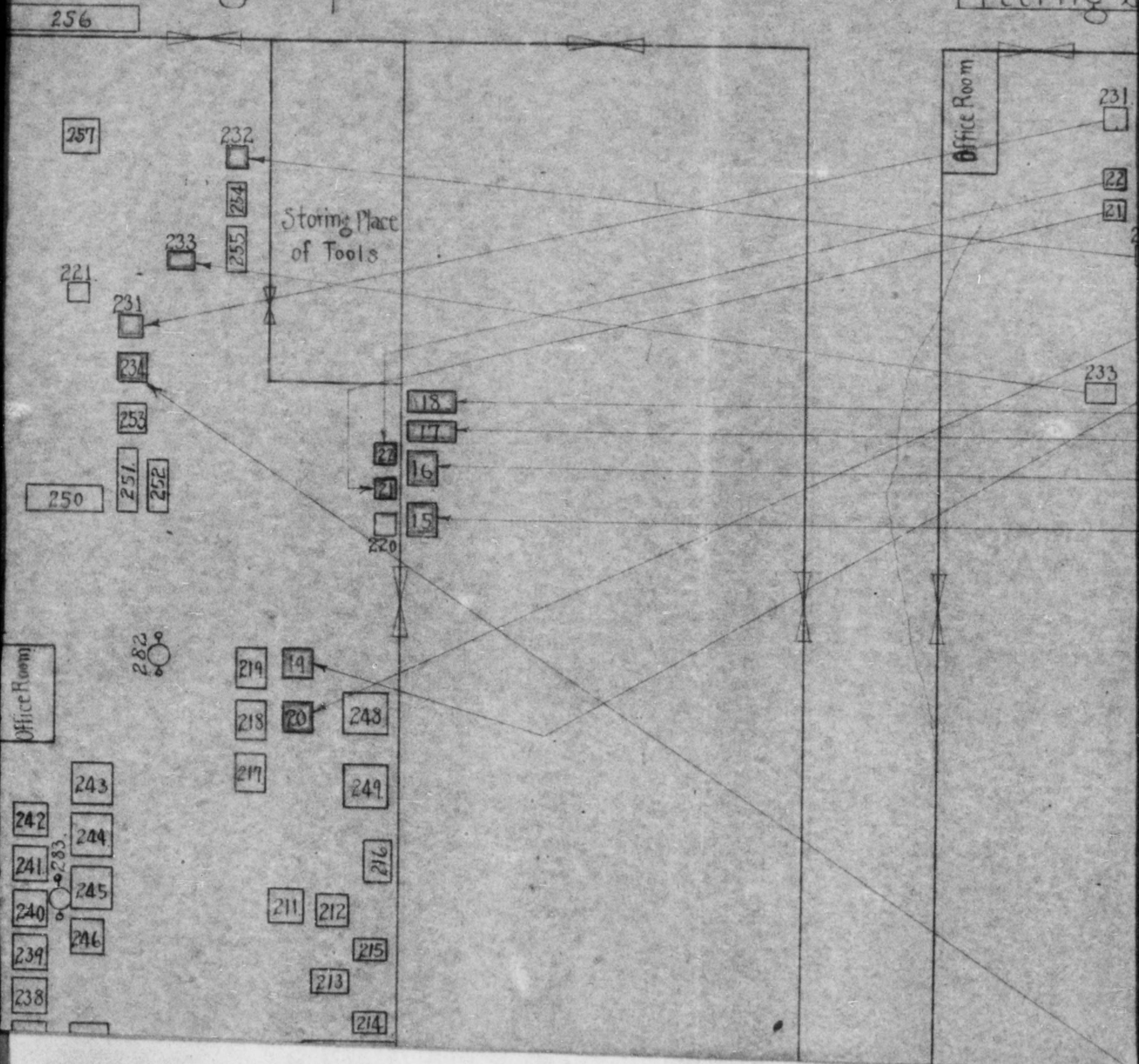


PARTIAL VIEW OF MACHINES ARRANGEMENT

Flat Working Shop.

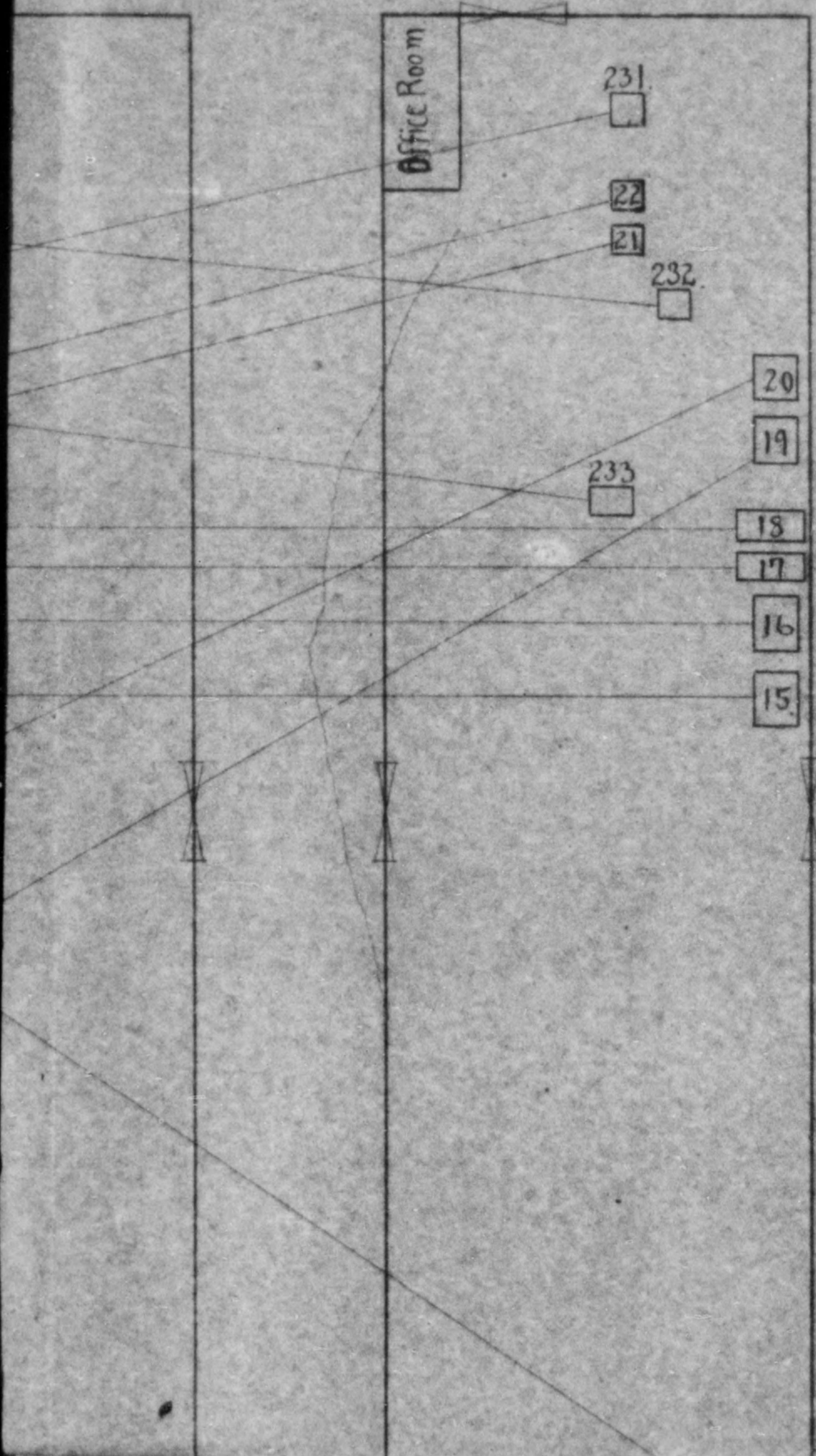
Fitting Shop

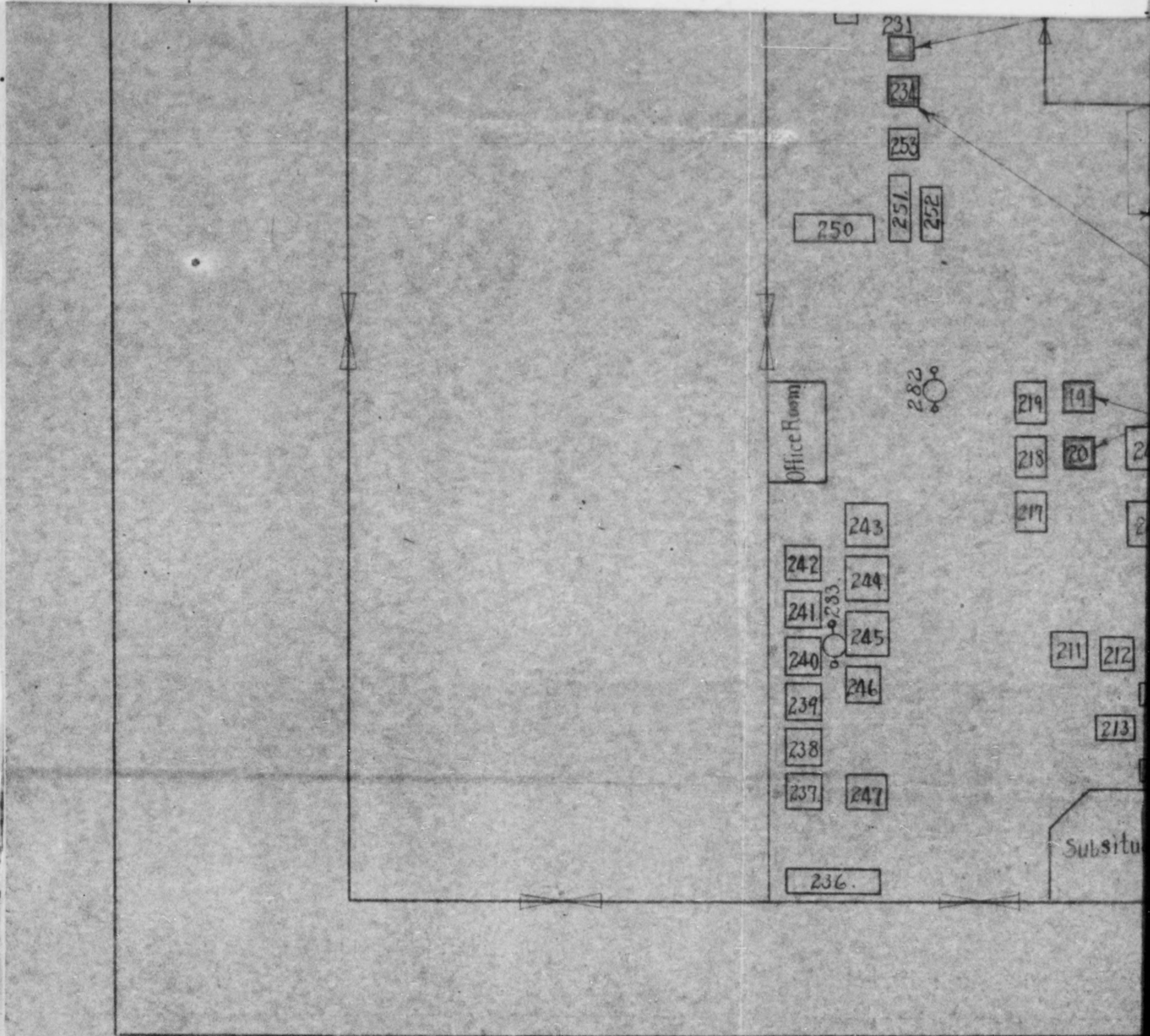


ANGEMENT.

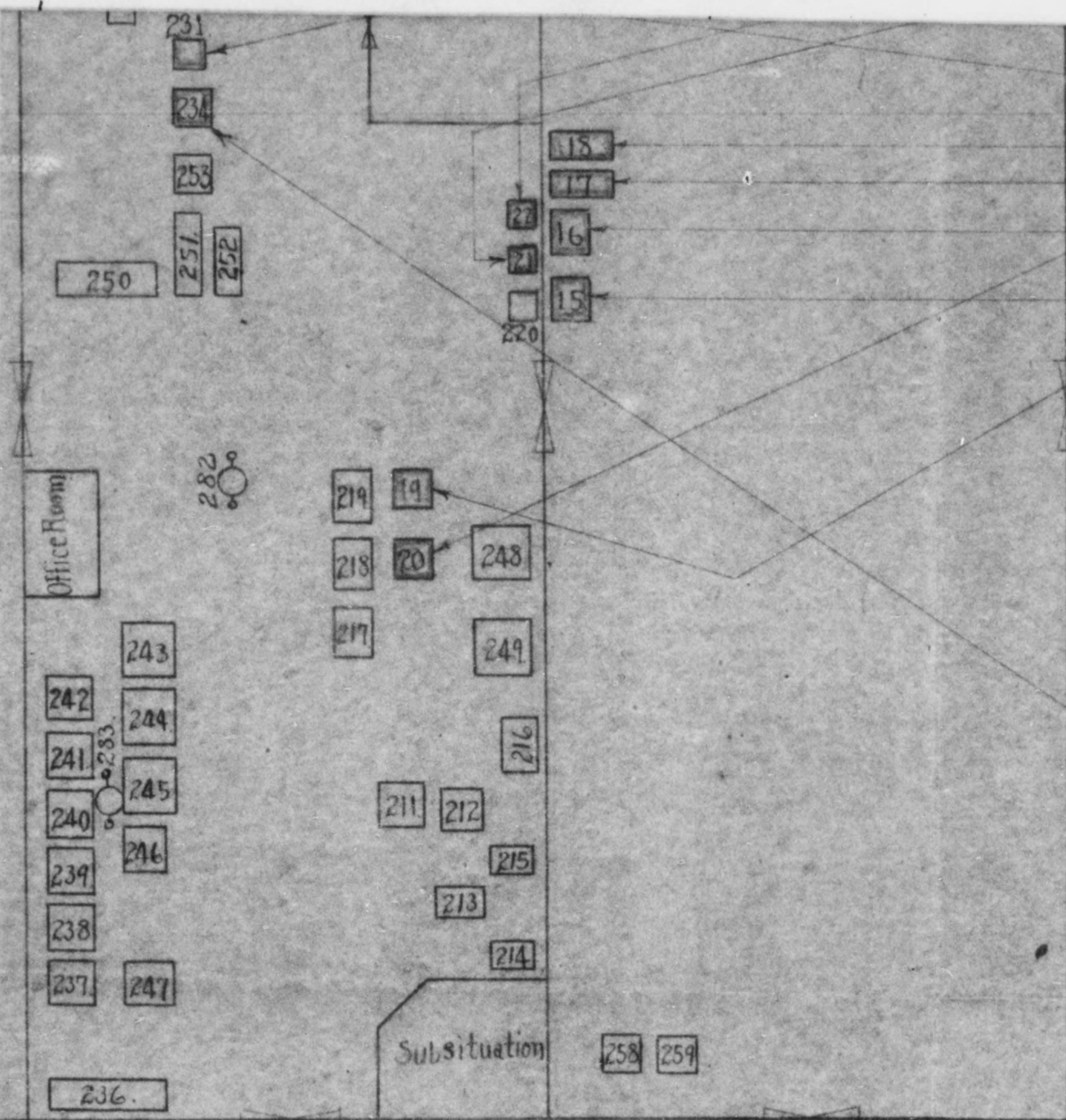
Nitto Kogyo. Co. Ltd.

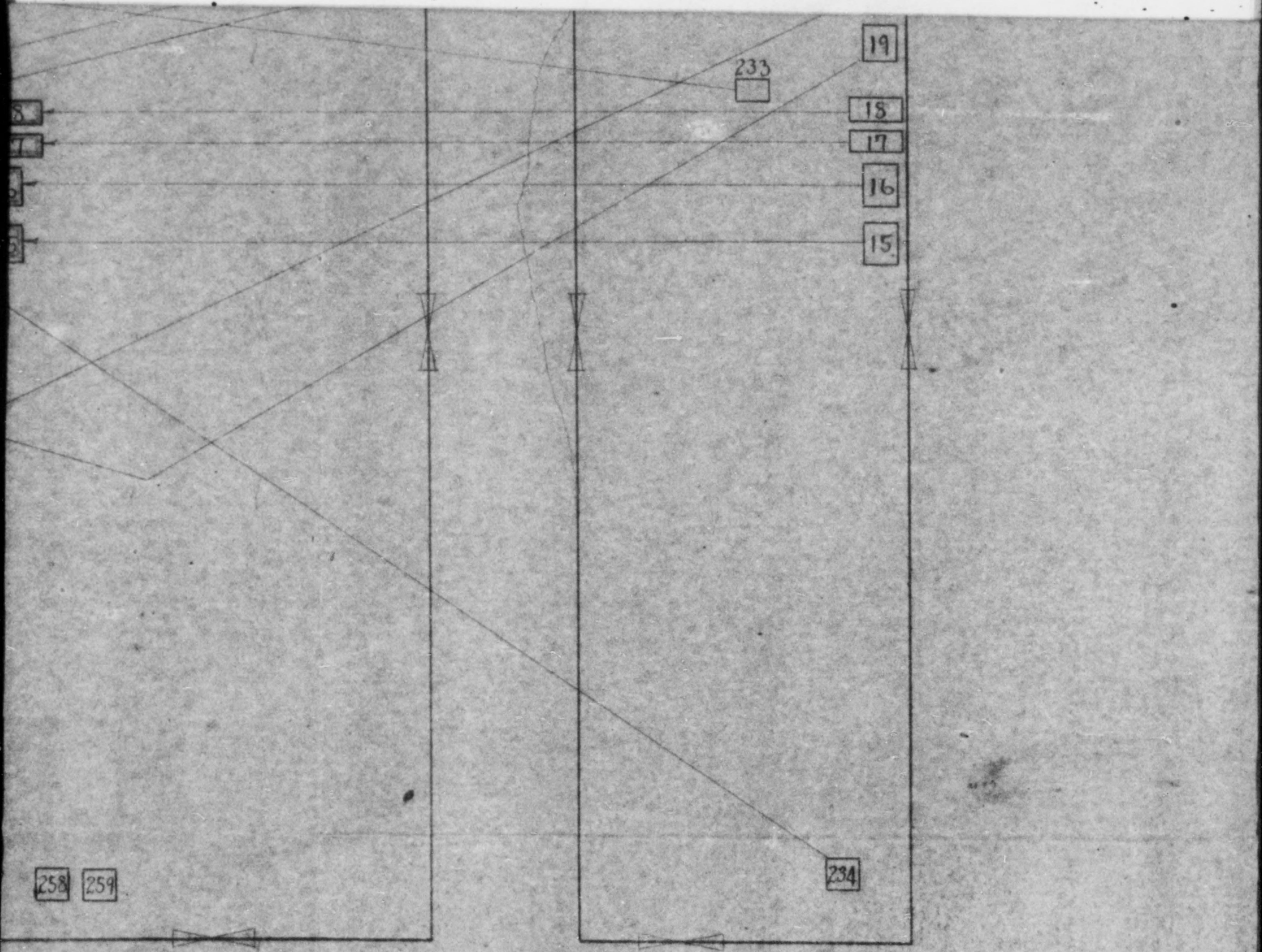
Fitting Shop

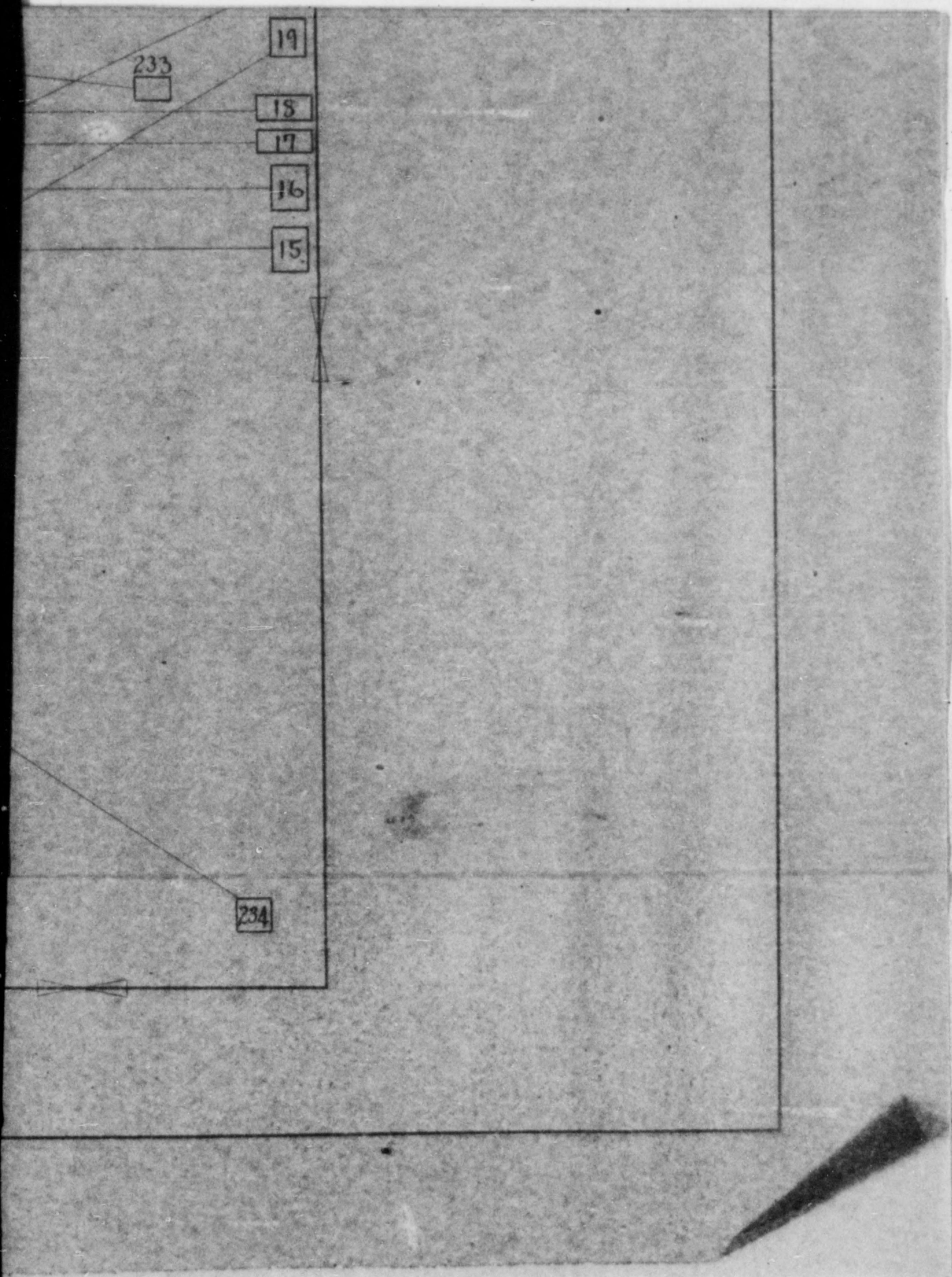




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CHUGOKU LIAISON COORDINATION OFFICE

HRL No. 58

19 February 1949

SUBJECT: Report on Returned Reparation Machines
from 14 Aust Wksp & Pk Sqn.

TO : Commanding Officer,
Hiroshima Military Government Team

Report on above subject from the Chief of Kure Branch,
Hiroshima Finance Bureau dated 19 February 1949 is submitted here-
with enclosed.

O. Itagaki,
Director,
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office

Inclosure: KFL No.9 - 30 dated 19 Feb., '49.

MY/ta

HIROSHIMA FINANCE BUREAU

SYM/ts

KFL No.9 - 30

19 February 1949

TO : Hiroshima Military Government Team

Through: Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office

Subject: Report on returned Reparations Machines
from 14 Aust Wksp & Pk Sqn.

1. Reference is made to letter HMGT 386.3 dated 18 December 1948, subject "Return of Reparations Equipment loaned to the Occupation Forces".

2. Returned items:

Total twenty-one (21) machines as listed in the enclosure.

3. Returned from:

14 Aust Wksp & Pk Sqn, Hiro.

4. Receipt accomplished on:

27 January 1949.

5. Remarks:

The returned machines are now stored for further custody at the original plant from where they were removed to the above unit. The locations are shown in the enclosed list.

The metal hack saw with code No.11-5(7)-168 listed in the above referred MG letter is further required by the unit and not returned to our custody.

KATSUTOSHI YAMASHITA

Chief of Kure Reparations Branch,
Hiroshima Finance Bureau

Attachments:

List of returned items.

HIROSHIMA FINANCE BUREAU

(Enclosure to letter KFL No. 9-30 dated 19 February 1949*

LIST OF RETURNED ITEMS FROM BCOF

(Name)	(Code No.)	(Present Location)	(Remarks)
Lathe	11-3-4	Nitto Kogyo K. K., Kawajiri	

(Remarks) The above code numbers are correct on the inventory sheets instead of those in the letter of return from BCOF.

HIROSHIMA FINANCE BUREAU

(Enclosure to letter KFL No.9-30 dated 19 February 1949)

LIST OF RETURNED ITEMS FROM BCOF

(Name)	(Code No.)	(Present Location)	(Remarks)
Wood planer	11-5(6)-2760	EX Amagasaki Seitetsu K.K., Kure	
Grinder	" -1489	"	

(Remarks) The above code numbers are correct on the inventory sheets instead of those in the letter of return from BCOF.

HIROSHIMA FINANCE BUREAU

(Enclosure to letter KFL No.9-30 dated 19 February 1949)

LIST OF RETURNED ITEMS FROM BCOF

<u>Name</u>	<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Present Location</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Transformer MOTOR	45-7-241(1031)	Coming from Yamaguchi Pref., but temporarily stored at present at Chugoku Kosan Storage	

) (Remarks) The above code numbers are correct on the inventory sheets instead of those in the letter of return from BCOF.

HEADQUARTERS
HIROSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

[Signature]
D/ED/jn

CENTRAL
FILED
Per. IV B

11-03

16 December 1948

File No: HMGF 386.3

SUBJECT: Removal of Reparations Machines

THROUGH: Director
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office
Kure, Japan

TO : Manager
Kawaziri Plant
Hitte Kogyo Co., Ltd.

Application for the movement of machines in basic letter
is approved.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:
1. Copy ltr. Hitte Kogyo
Co.

WILLIAM BAKER
Major, Inf.
Executive-Adjutant

HMGF 386.3
16 Dec 48

CHUGOKU LIAISON AND COORDINATION OFFICE
KURE HONSHU

HRL No. 363

9 December 1948

SUBJECT: Application for Removal of Reparations
Machines within the Same Compound - Ni-
tito Kogyo, Kawajiri Plant.

TO : Commanding Officer,
Hiroshima Military Government Team.

1. Attached is an application on above subject
submitted by the Manager of the Kawajiri Plant,
Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

2. It is cordially requested that high consideration
be given on this regard.

Osamu Itagaki,
Director,
Chugoku Liaison and
Coordination Office.

Inclosure: as indicated above.
SMA/sma

encl 1/2

10961

NIPPO KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA
KAWAZIRI PLANT

28 November 1948

Serial No. : Nitte Se. No. 23-1629

TO : Commanding Officer,
Hiroshima Military Government Team

THROUGH : Director,
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office

SUBJECT : Application for Removal of Reparation Machines for Better
Maintenance

We herewith apply to you for permission of the above-mentioned subject according to following details.

I. Items requested for removal.

Plant Name	Name of Machine	Code No. of Machines			No. of Machine
		34.	35.	36.	
Machine Shop	Milling Machine	175.	179.	180.	6
	Cutter & Tool Grinding Machine		96.	97.	2
	Sletter		29.	201.	2
	Radial Drilling Machine		38.	109.	2
Practice Shop	Cutter & Tool Grinding Machine			13	1
				Total	13

2. Present location

Reference Attached Plans

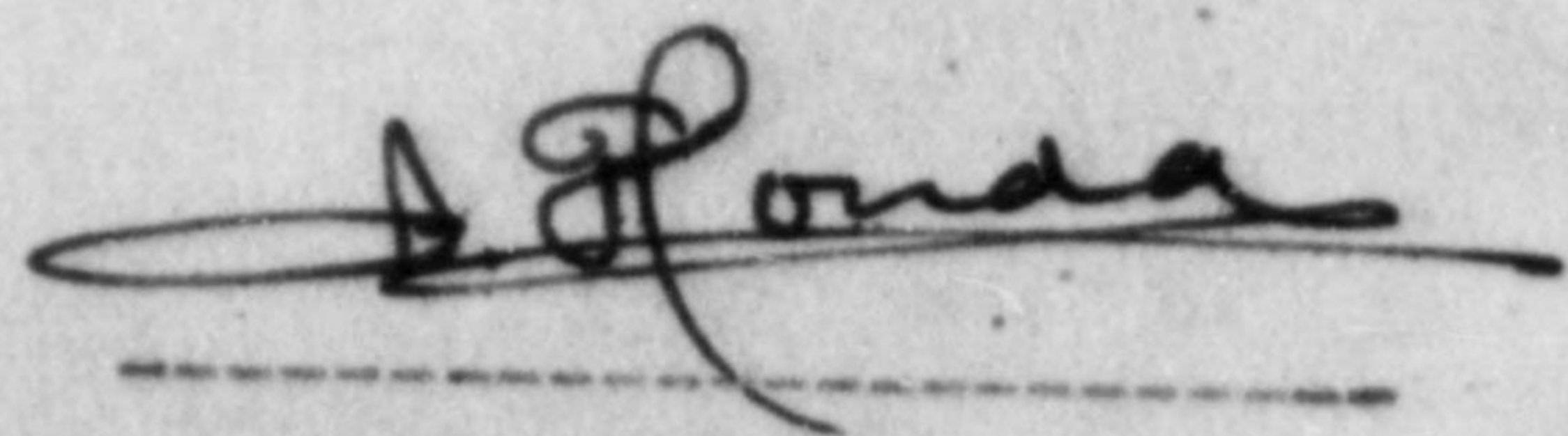
3. New proposed location

Reference Attached Plans

Name of Machine	Code No. of Machine	Plant Name	New proposed position
Milling Machine	34	Machine Shop	Present position of No. 175.
	35		" No. 175.
	36		" No. 184.
	175		" No. 34.
	179		" No. 35.
	180		" No. 36.
Cutter & Tool Grinding Machine	15		East side of No. 177.
	96		"
	97		" No. 167.
Sletter	29		Present position of No. 201
	201		" No. 24
Radial Drilling Machine	38		Between No. 39. & No. 41.
	109		" No. 39. & No. 42.

4. Reason for application

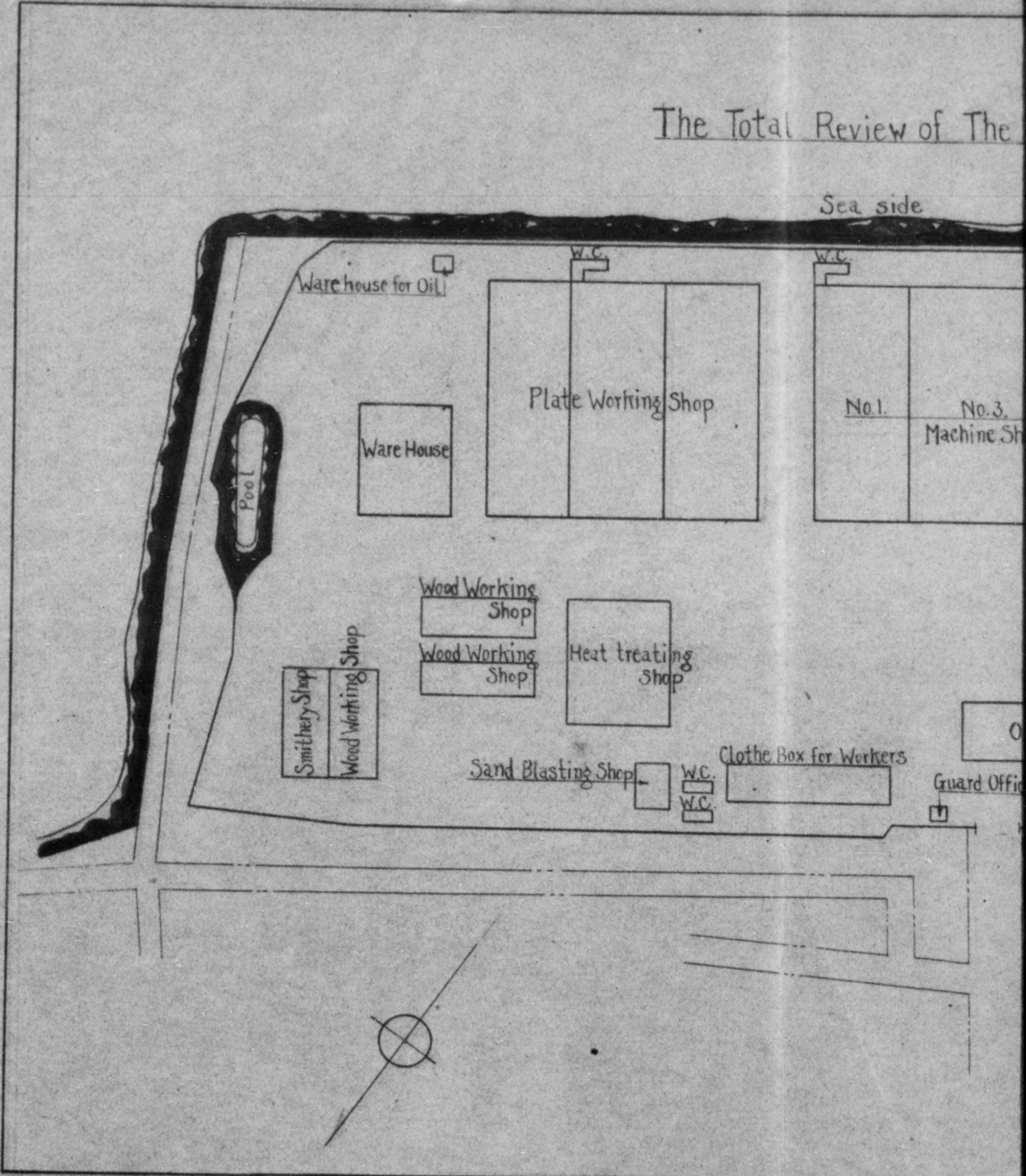
For the purpose of efficient operation and the aim of better maintenance.



I. Honda,
Manager,
Kawaziri Plant,
Nitto Kogyo Co., Ltd.

The Total Review of The

Sea side

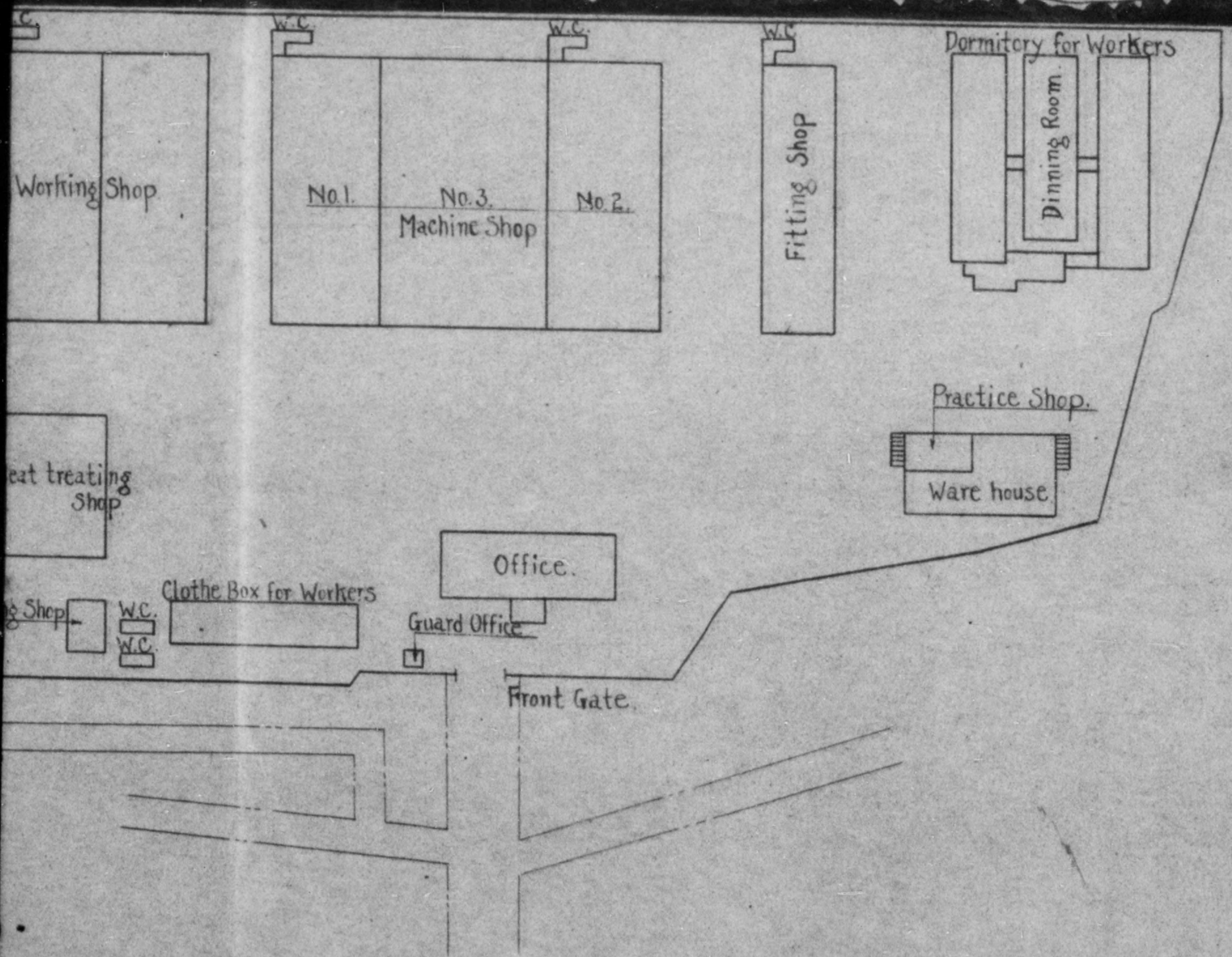


The Total Review of The Factory

Nitto Kogyo. Co. Ltd.

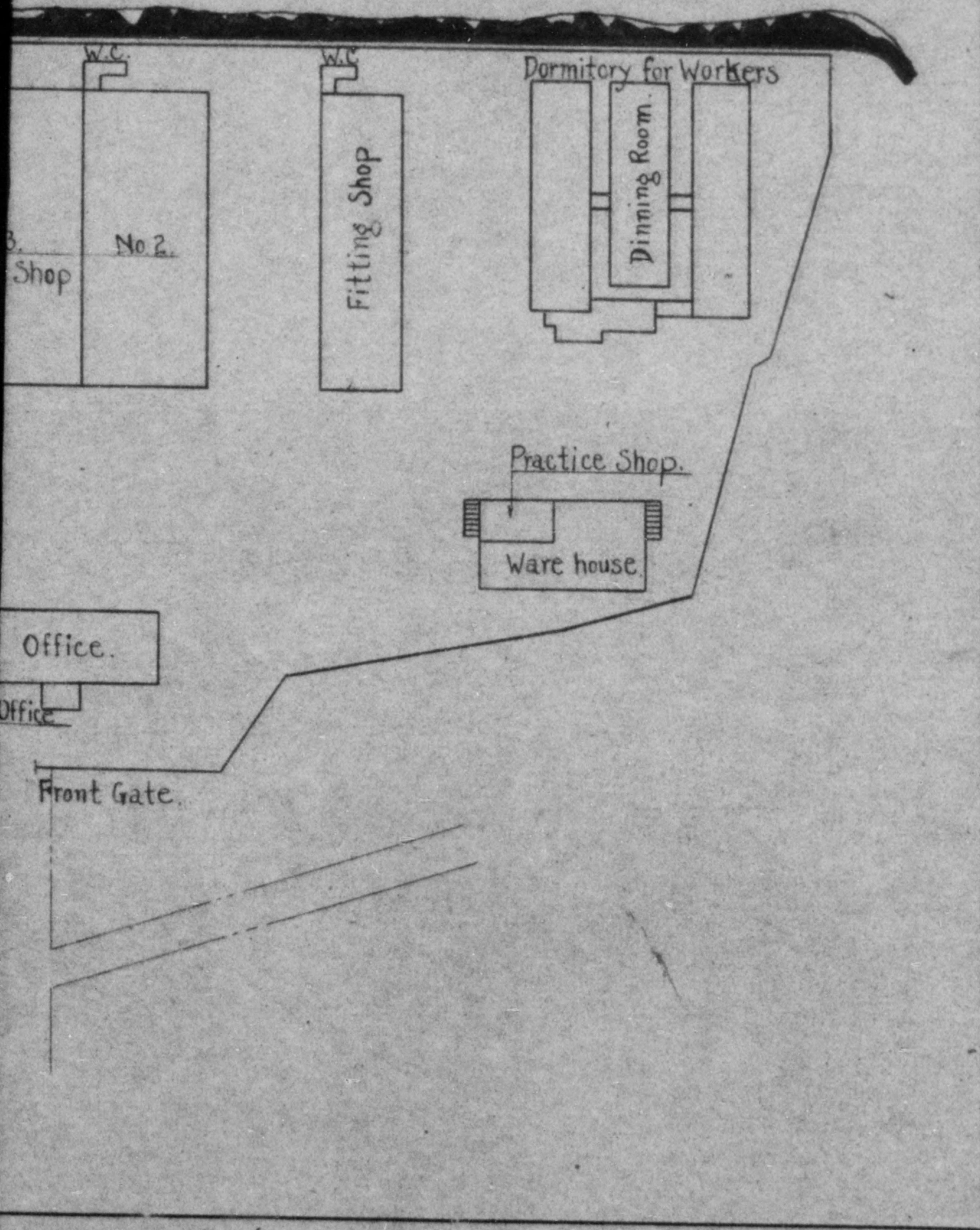
5/1000

Sea side



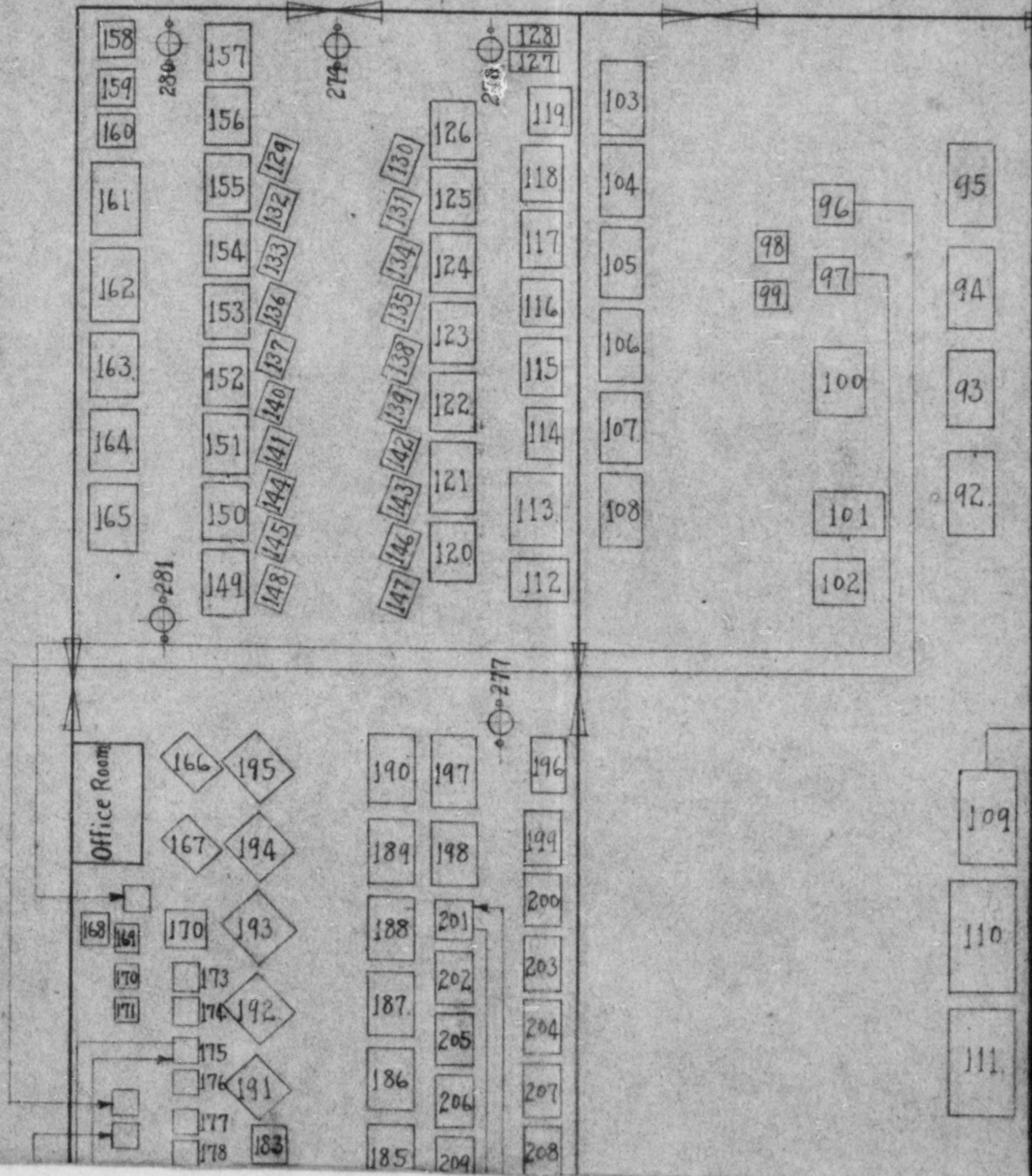
Factory
5 X 1000

Nitto Kogyo. Co. Ltd.



PARTIAL VIEW

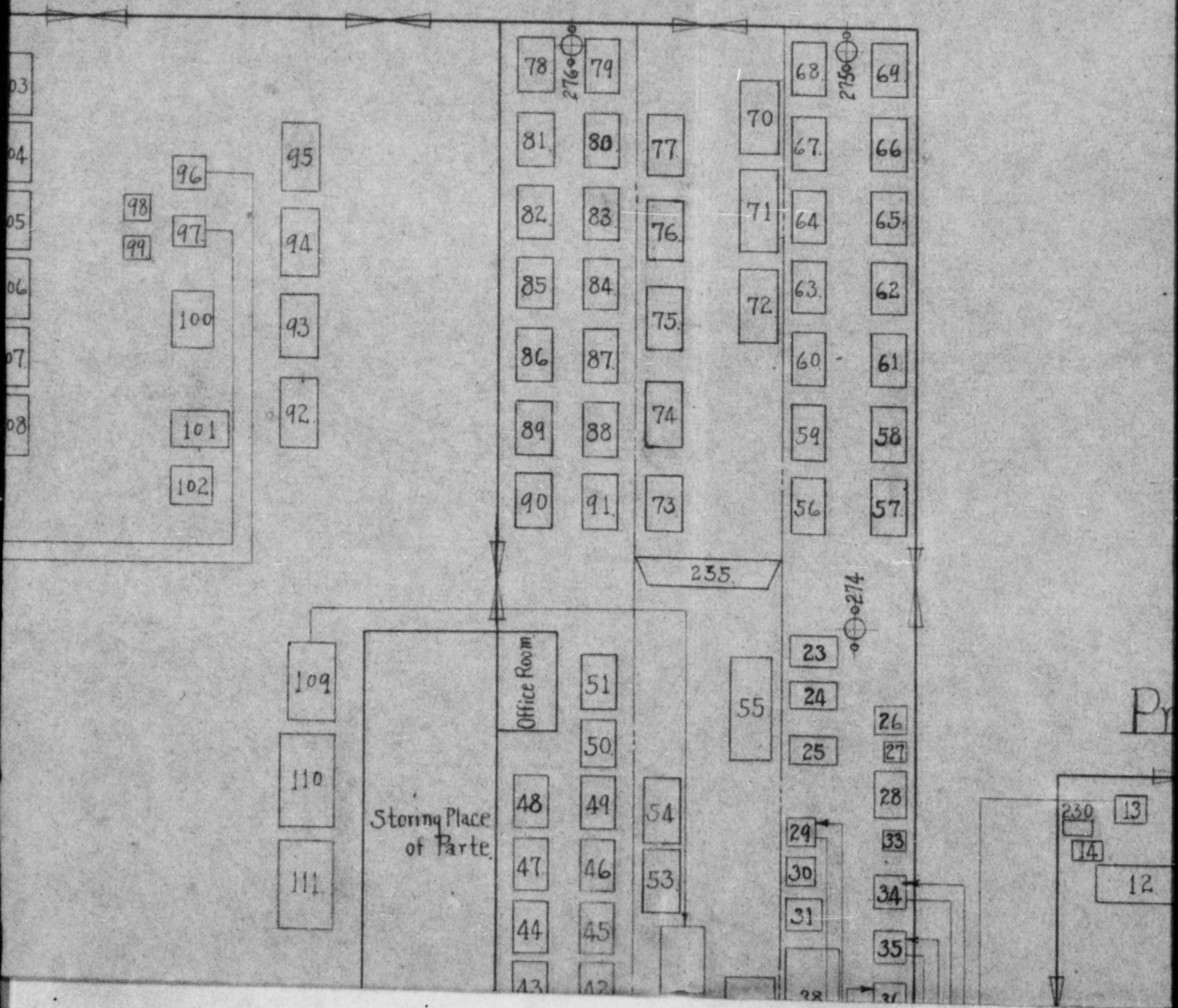
Machine Sho



PARTIAL VIEW OF MACHINES ARRANGEMENT

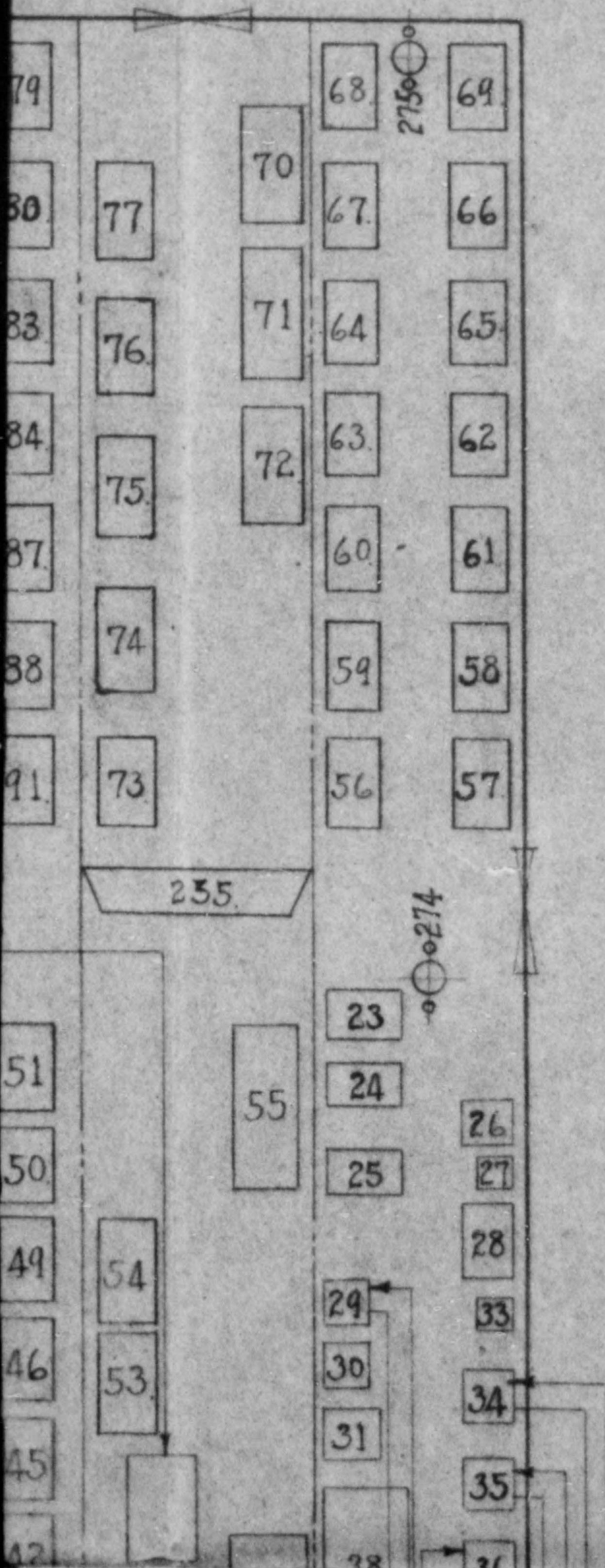
Machine Shop

Ni

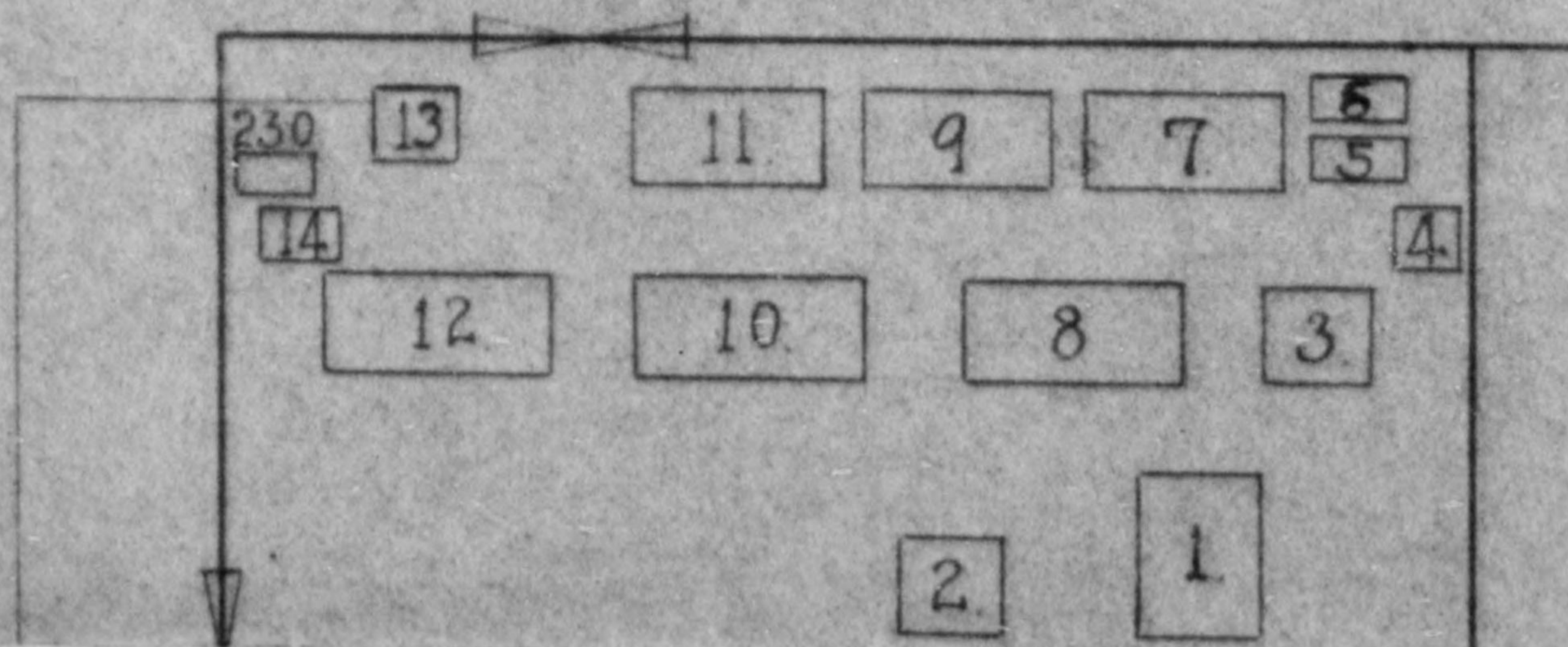


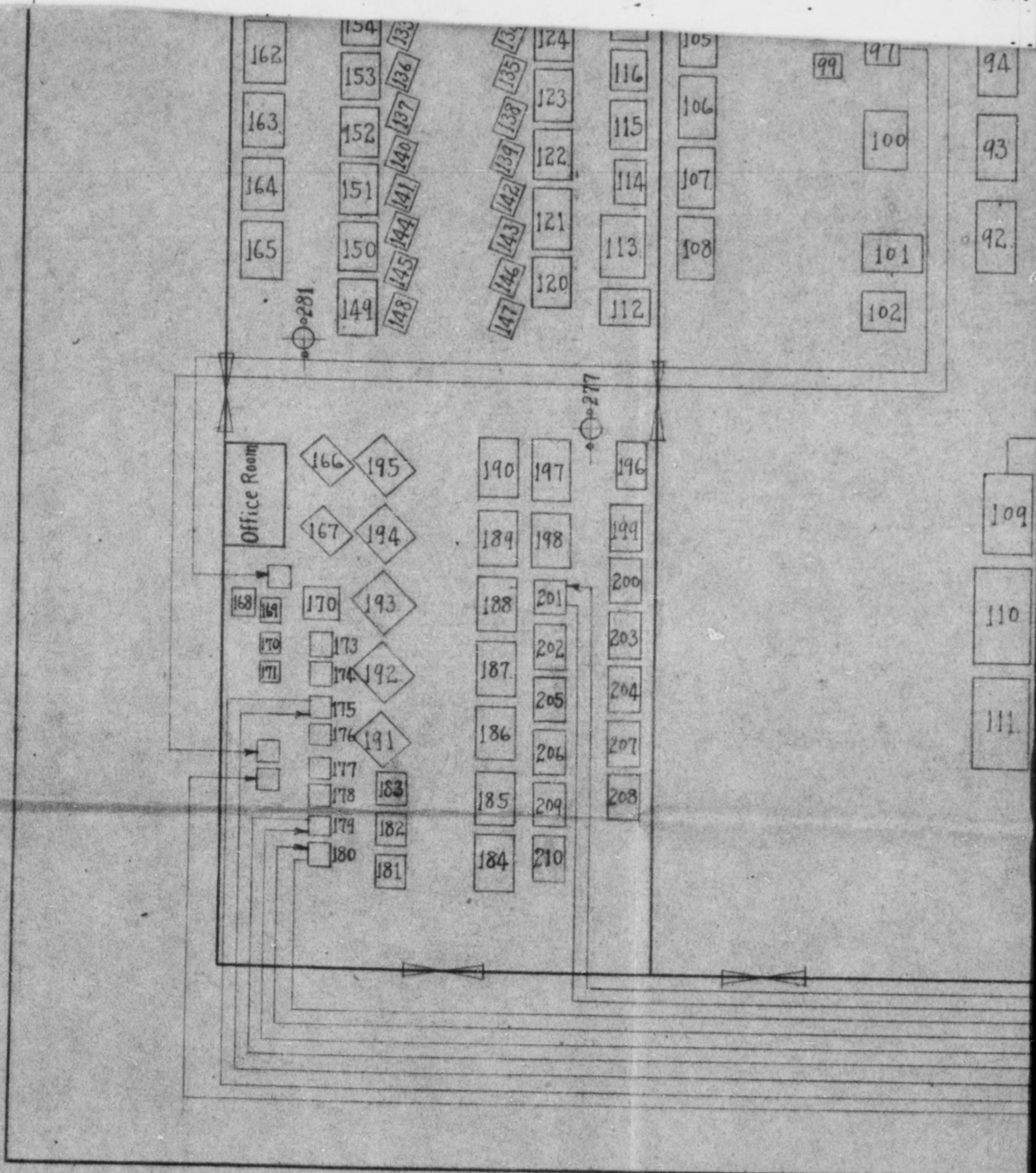
MACHINES ARRANGEMENT

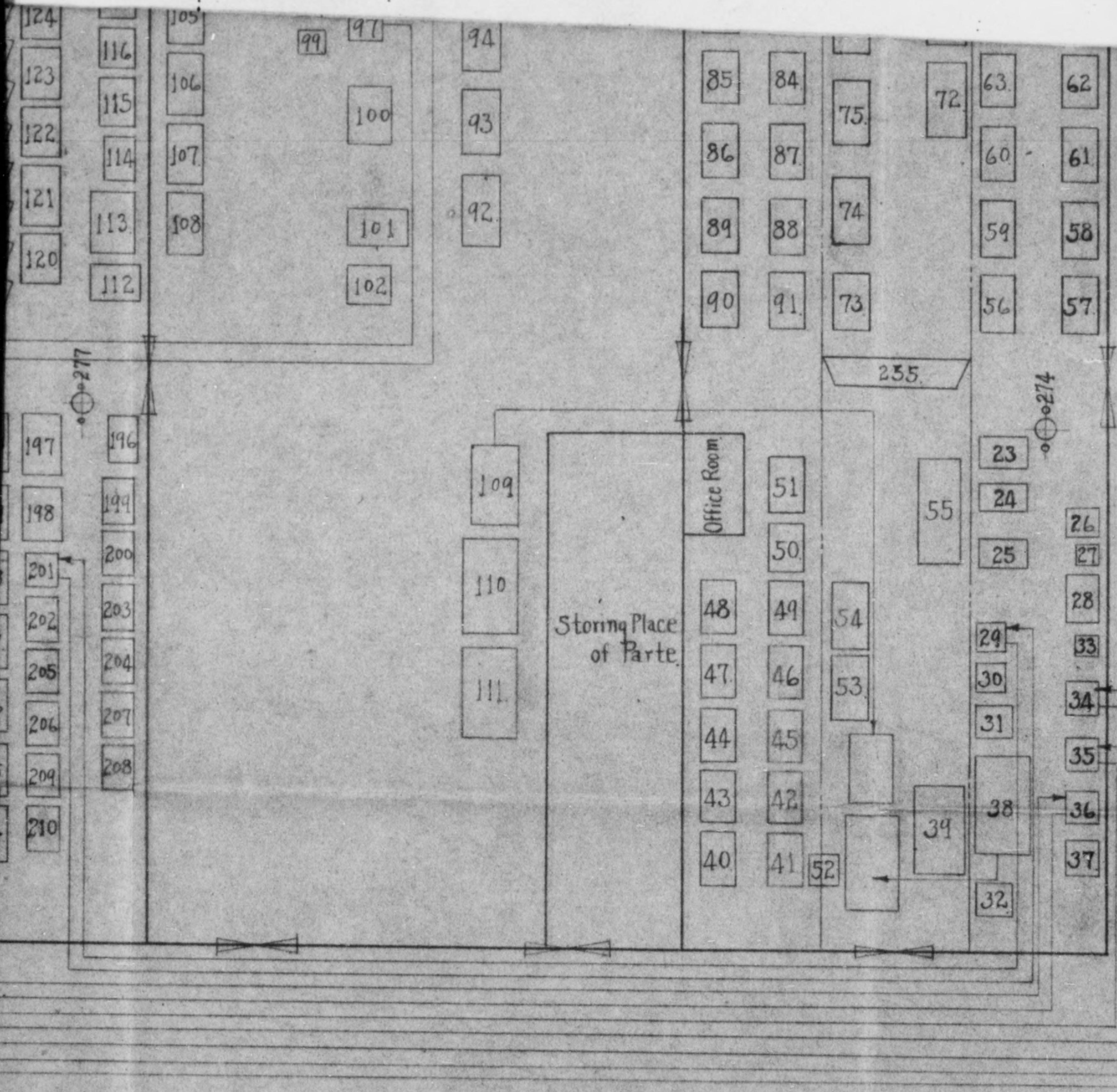
Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

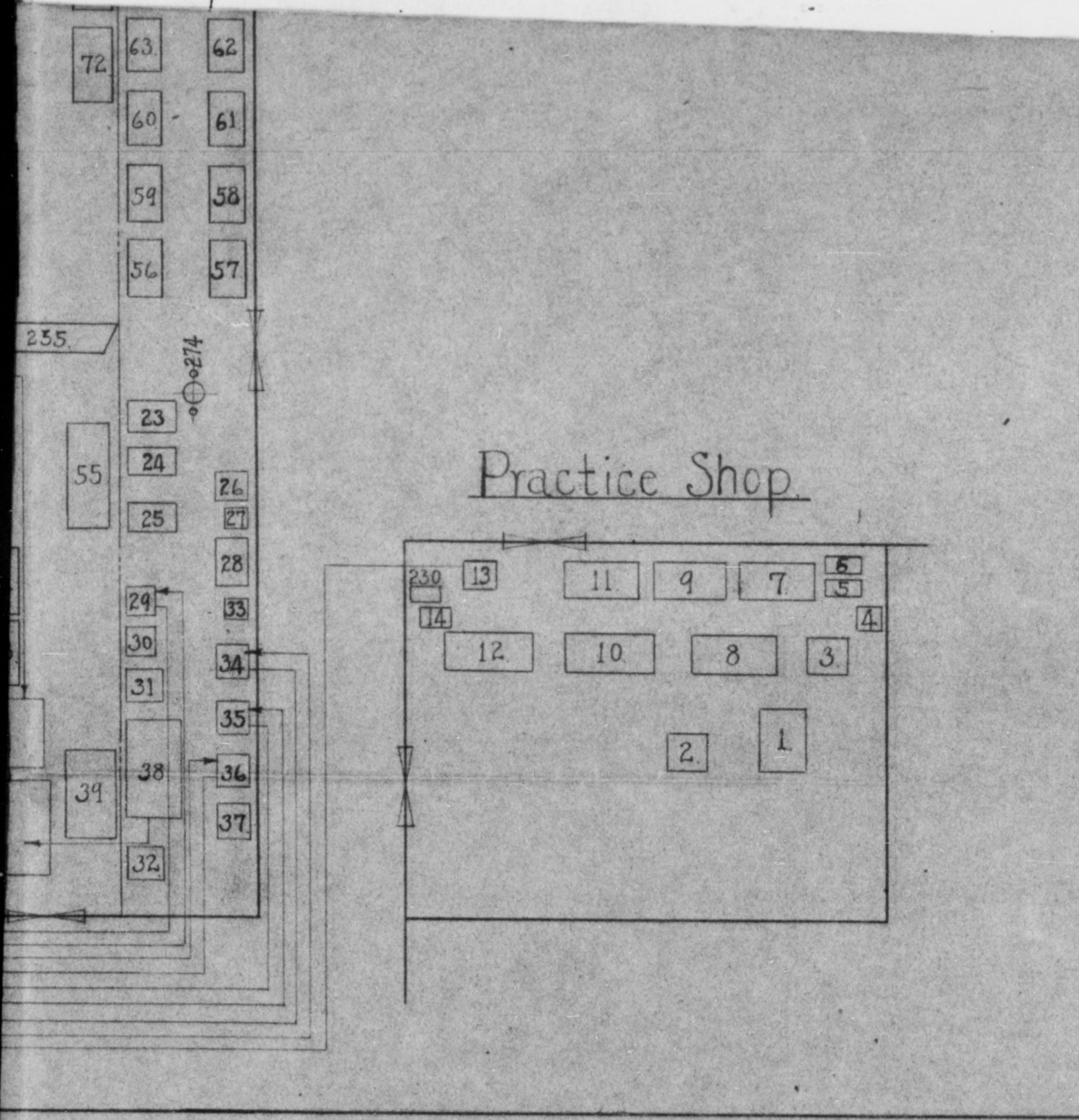


Practice Shop









HIROSHIMA MIL. GOVT. TEAM

BUCK SLIP

DEC 11 1948

FROM: Lt major

TO: (Numerically) FROM:

_____	CO	_____	Action
_____	EXEC	_____	Your
_____	ADJ	_____	Approval
_____	L&G	_____	Central
_____	CI	_____	File
_____	CE	_____	Coments
_____	PH	_____	Your
_____	PW	_____	Copy
_____	RC&I	_____	Signature
_____	KP	_____	Proof
_____	DET	_____	Reading
_____		_____	Information

_____ Typing Sec. for _____ Copies

_____ Mimeograph in _____ Copies

REMARKS:

HEADQUARTERS
HIROSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

D/FMK/ma

File No: HMOT 386.3

31 January 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Removal of Reparation Machines for
Better MaintenanceTHROUGH: Director
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office
Kure, JapanTO : Manager
Kawajiri Plant
Nitto Kogyo Company Ltd.

The movement of twelve (12) reparation machines, as listed in
the inclosure is approved.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WILLIAM BAKER
Major, Inf.
Executive-Adjutant

Incl:
Subject application, with plans
for removal, attached thereto.

IV B.

25

CHUGOKU LIAISON AND COORDINATION OFFICE

HRL No. 18

22 January 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Removal of Reparations
Machines for Better Maintenance.

TO : Commanding Officer,
Hiroshima Military Government Team.

1. Application on above subject, dated 15 January 1949 from the Manager of Kawaziri Plant, Nitto Kogyo Co., Ltd. through Hiroshima Prefectural Office is submitted herewith enclosed.
2. Your high consideration on this regard will be greatly appreciated.

O. Itagaki,
Director,
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office.

Inclosure: as indicated above.

MY/yt.

HIROSHIMA PREFECTURAL OFFICE

No. Sai 6

Jan 19, 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Change of Positions of Reparations
Machinery

TO : Commanding Officer, Hiroshima Military Government Team

You are hereby cordially requested to approve the above mentioned application made by the Kawajiri Works of Nippon Kogyo K. K. as we are confirmed of its reality.

Shuro Yamahara,
Tsunei Kushinose
Governor

NITTO KOCYO FABUSHIKI KAISHA
KAWAZIMI PLANT

15 January 1949

Serial No. : Nitto So No. 24-49

TO : Commanding Officer,
Hiroshima Military Government TeamTHROUGH : Director
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination OfficeSUBJECT : Application for Removal of Reparation Machines for Better
Maintenance

We herewith apply to you for permission of the above-mentioned subject according to following details.

1. Items requested for removal.

Plant Name	Name of Machines	Code No. of Machines	No. of Machines
	Honing machine	15, 16.	2
	Lapping Machines	17, 18.	2
Fitting Shop	Drilling Machine	19, 21, 22.	3
	Shaper	20.	1
	Hand Press	231, 232, 234.	3
	Air Compressor	233.	1
Total			12

2. Present location

Reference Attached Plan

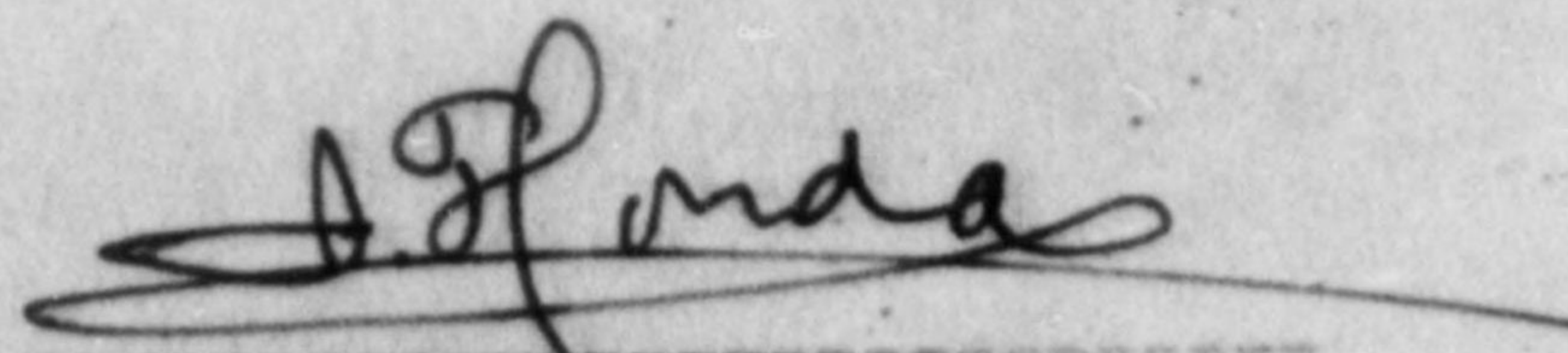
3. New proposed location

Reference Attached Plan

Name of Machine	Code no. of Machine	Plant Name	New proposed position
Honing Machine	15		East side of 2nd. Plate-working Shop
"	16		"
Lapping Machine	17		"
"	18		"
Drilling Machine	19		West side of No. 219
Shaper	20		West side of No. 218
Drilling Machine	21	Plate-working Shop	South side of No. 220
"	22		"
Hand Press	231		South side of No. 253
"	232		South side of No. 254
Air Compressor	233		East side of No. 255
Hand Press	234		South side of No. 253

4. Reason for Application

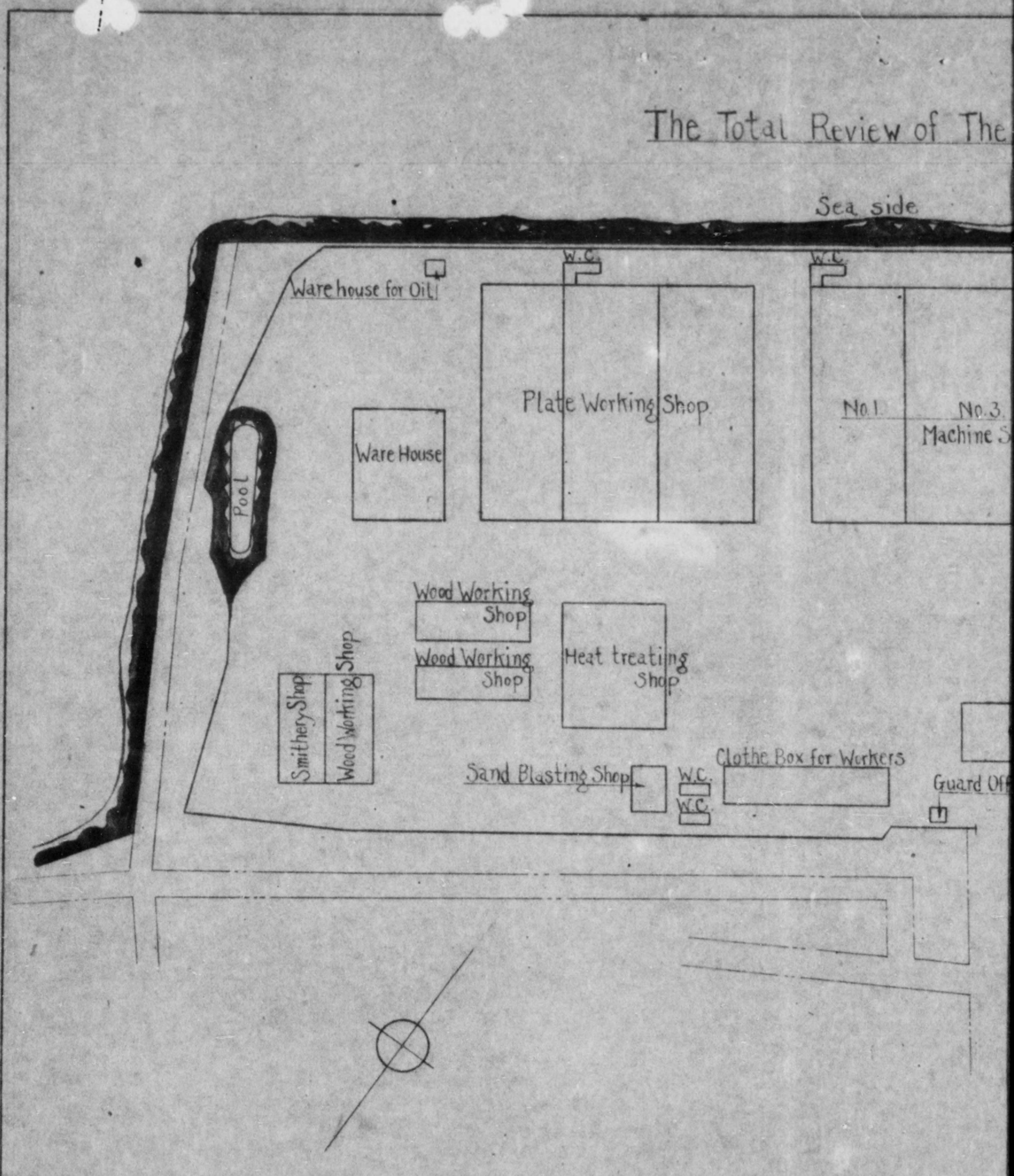
For the purpose of efficient operation and the aim of better maintenance.



I. Honda.
 Manager,
 Kawaziri Plant,
 Nitto Kogyo co., Ltd.

The Total Review of The

Sea side

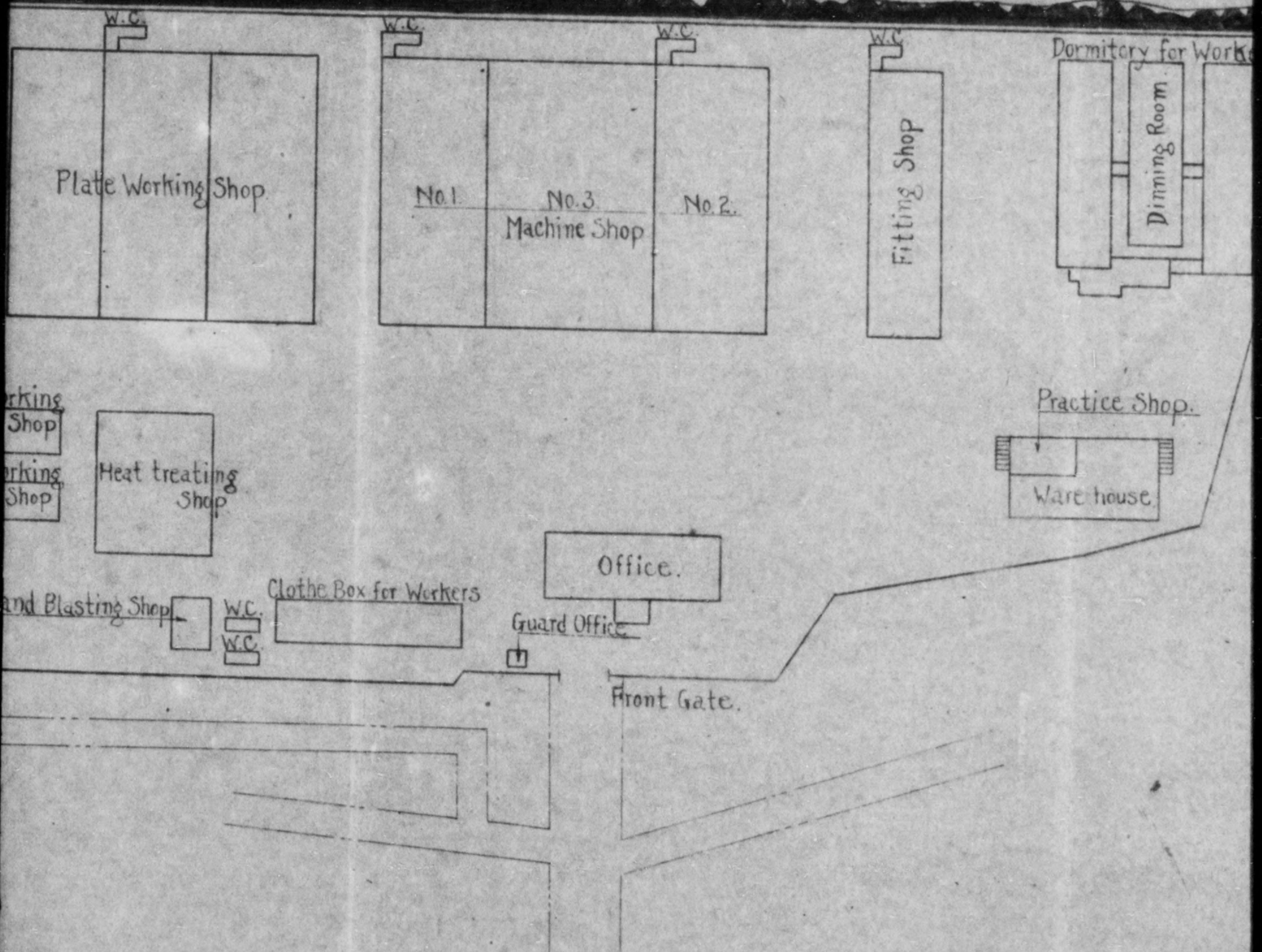


The Total Review of The Factory

Nitto Kogyo. Co. Lt

S 1/1000

Sea side

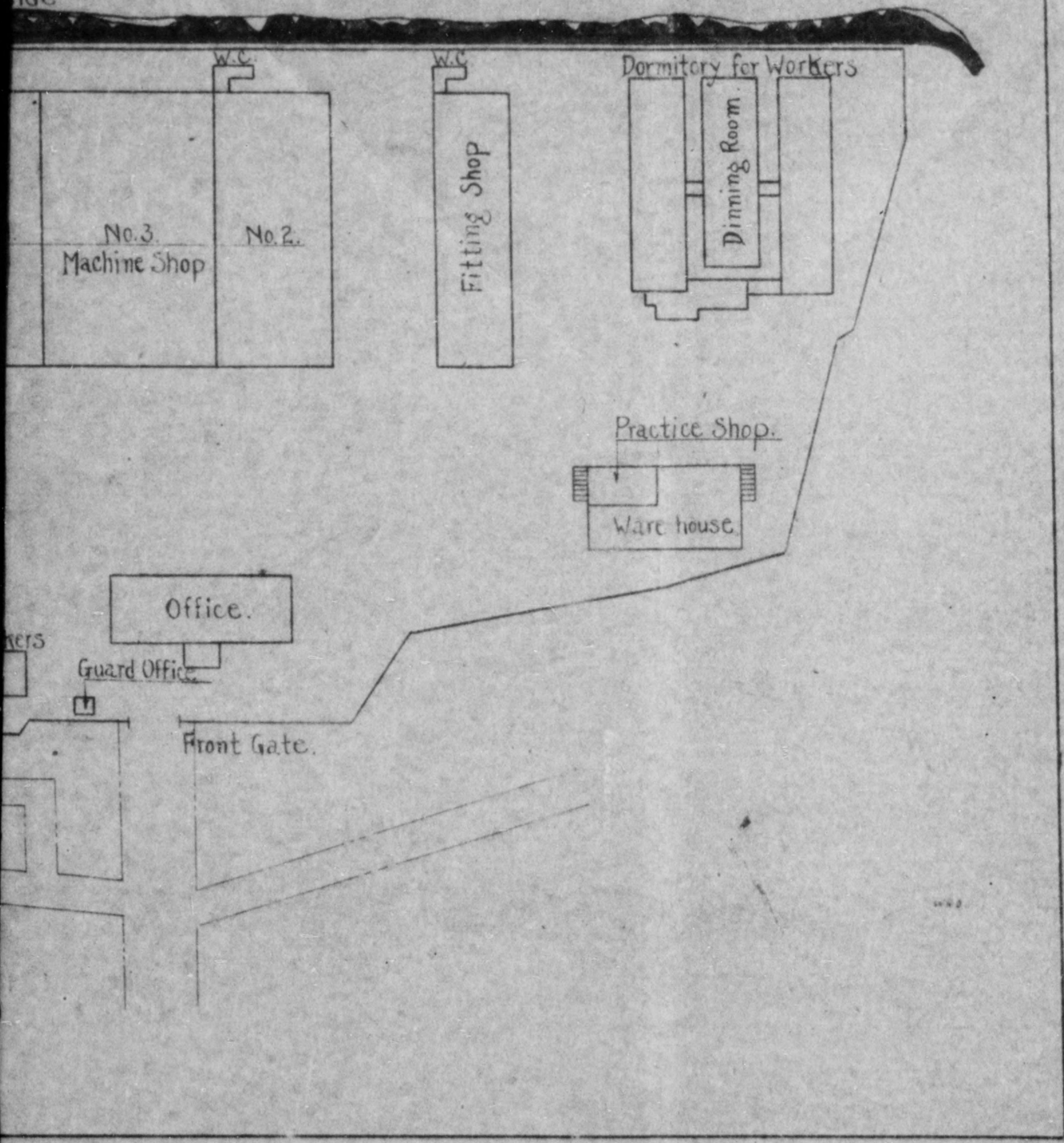


W of The Factory

Nitto Kogyo. Co. Ltd.

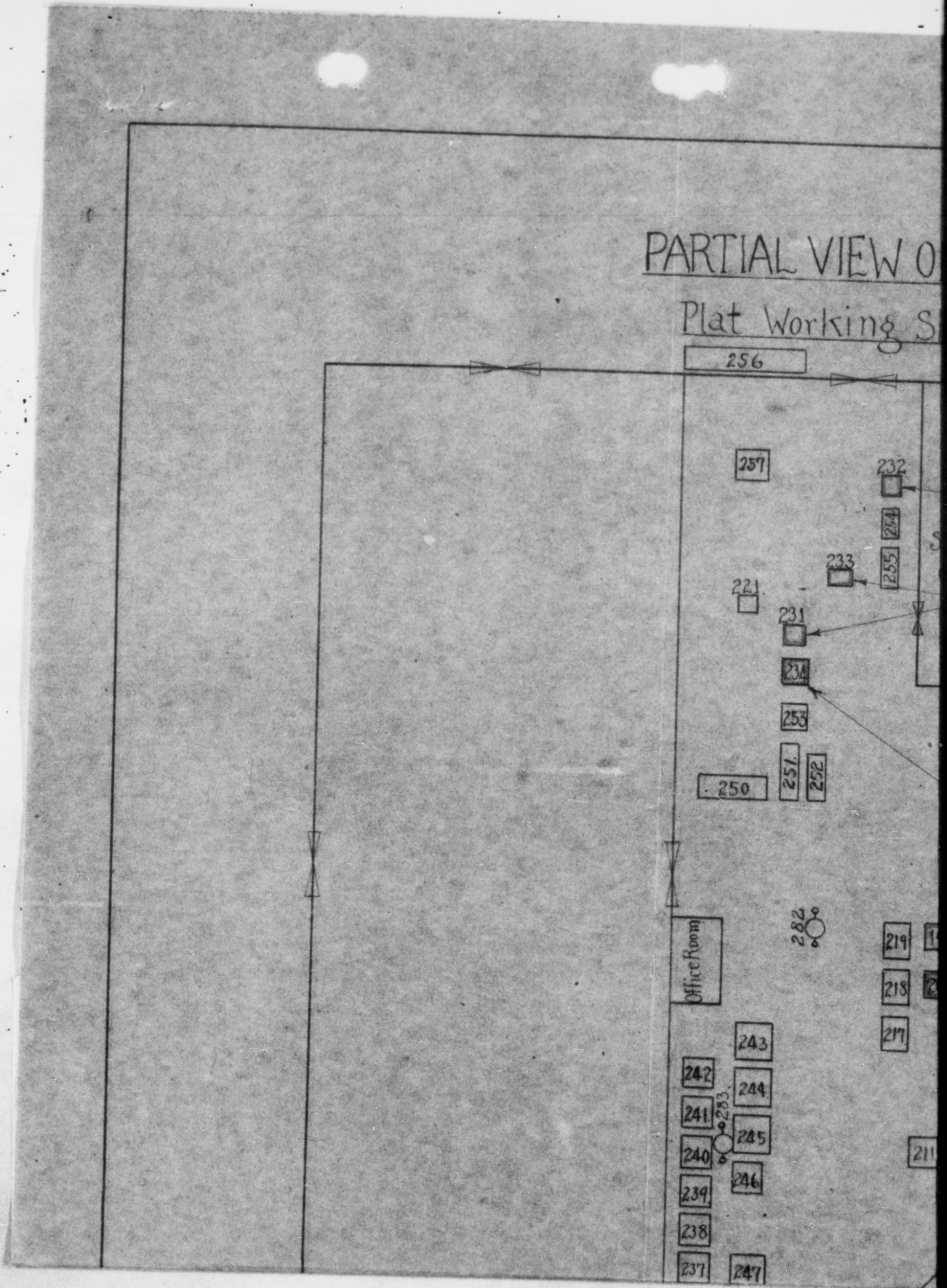
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side



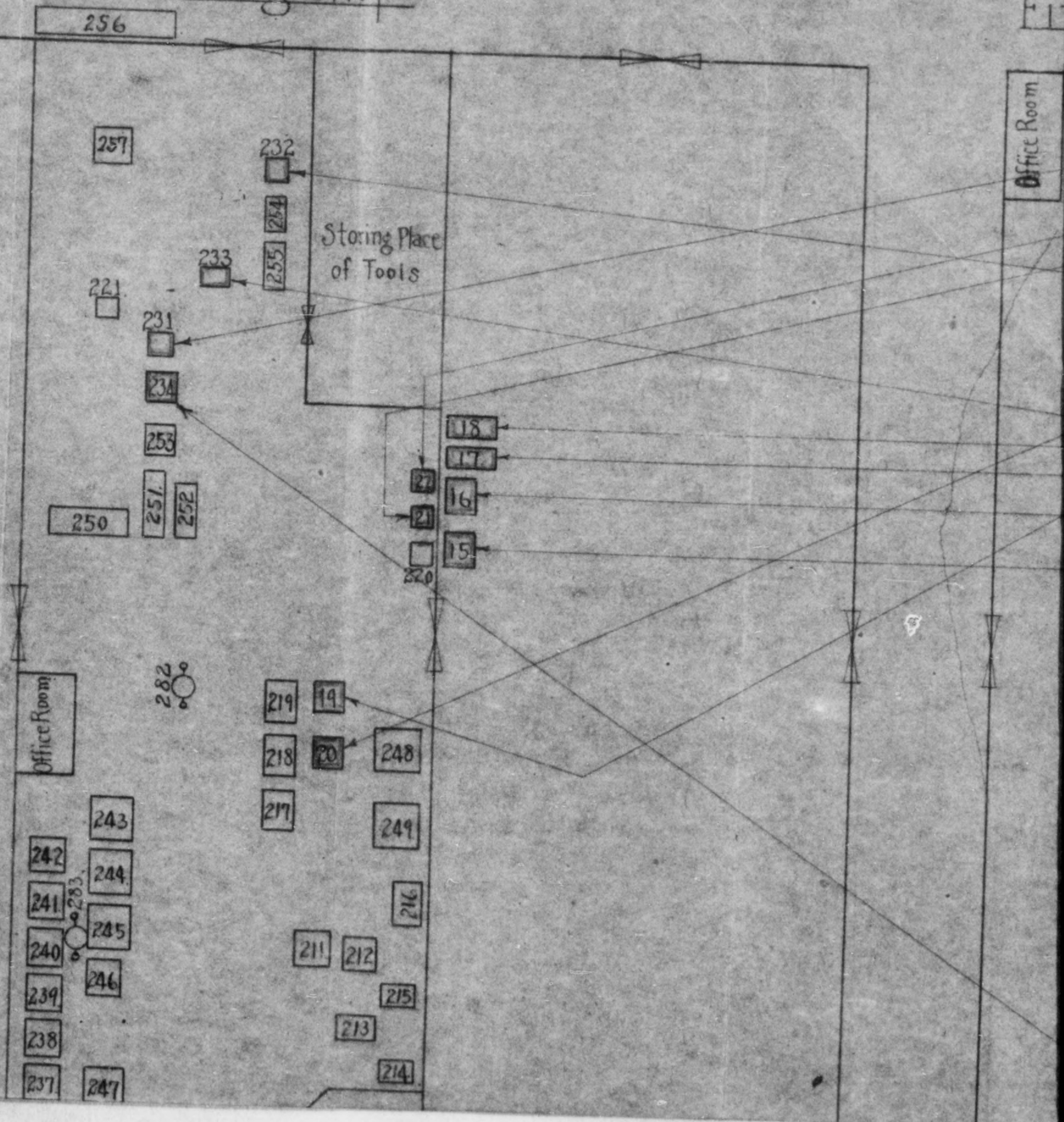
PARTIAL VIEW OF

Plat Working S



PARTIAL VIEW OF MACHINES ARRANGEMENT.

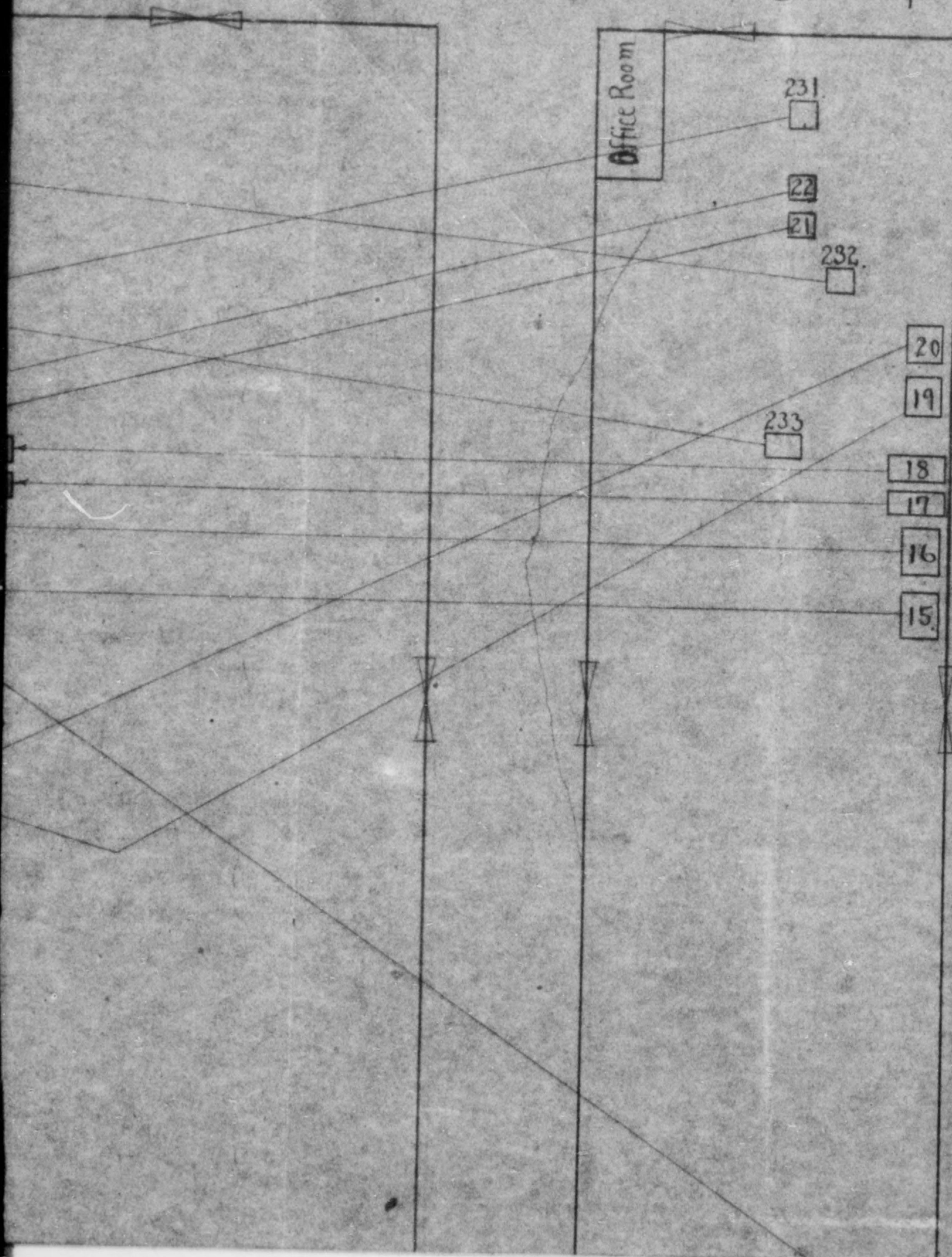
Plat Working Shop.



PIPES ARRANGEMENT.

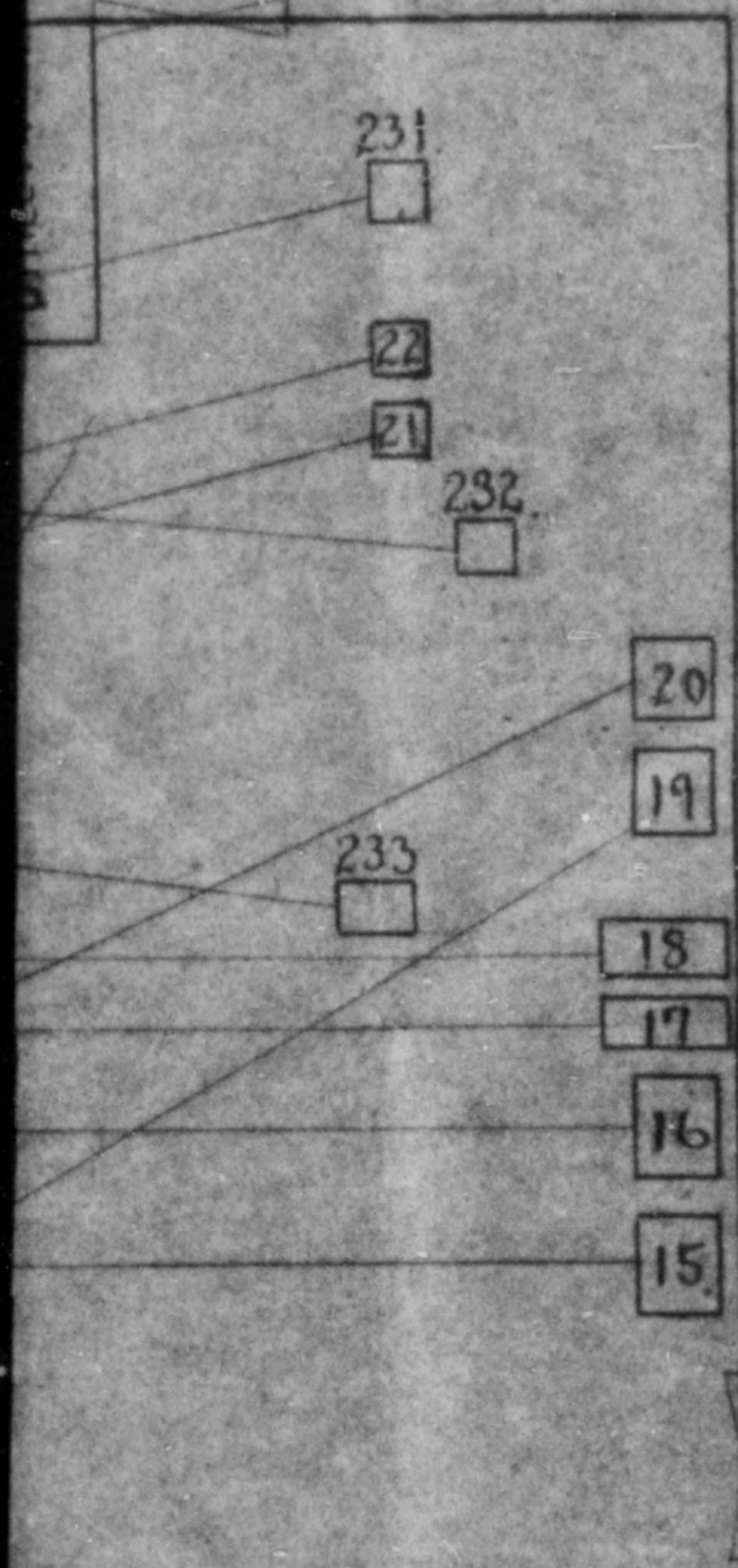
Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

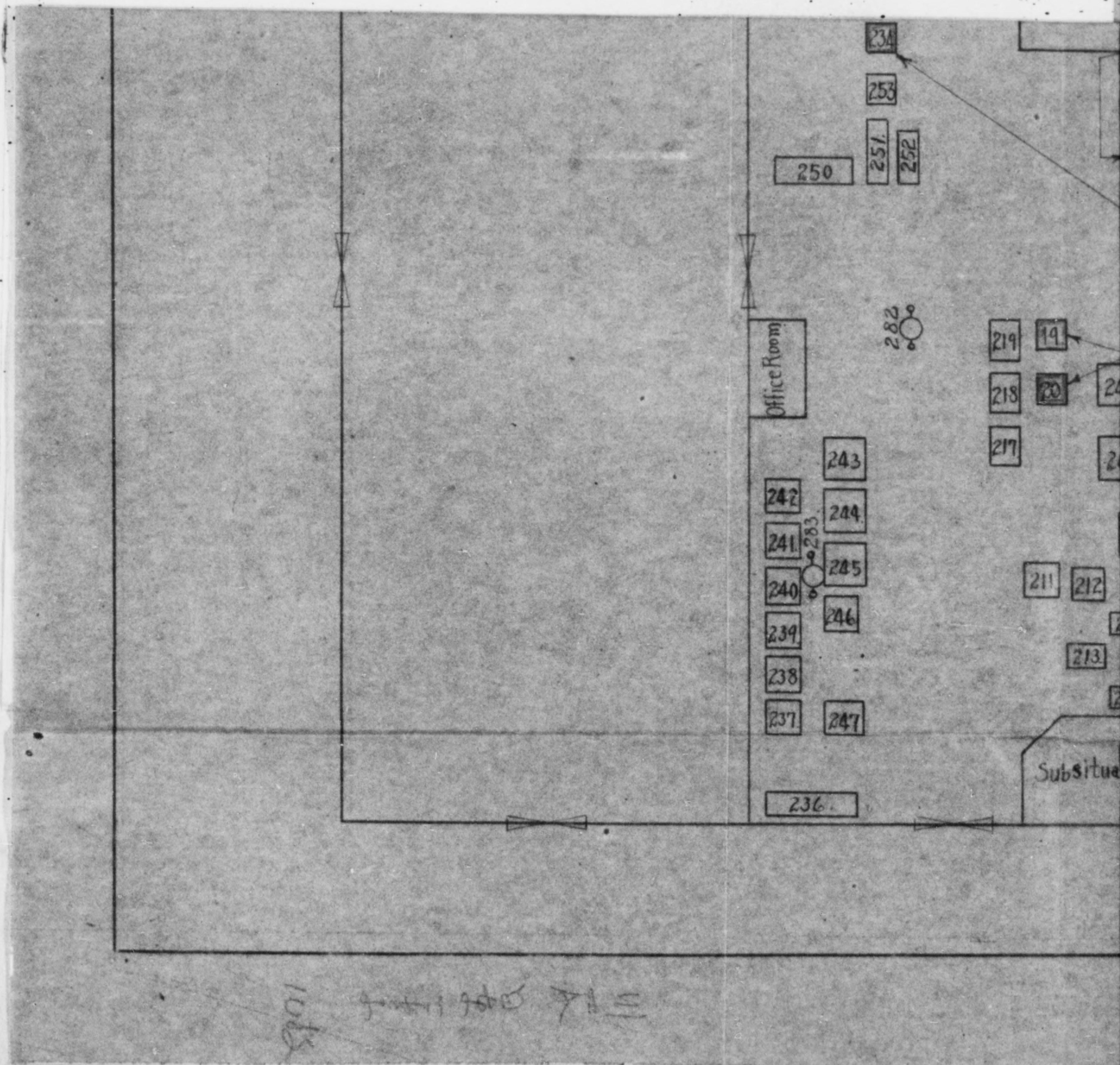
Fitting Shop

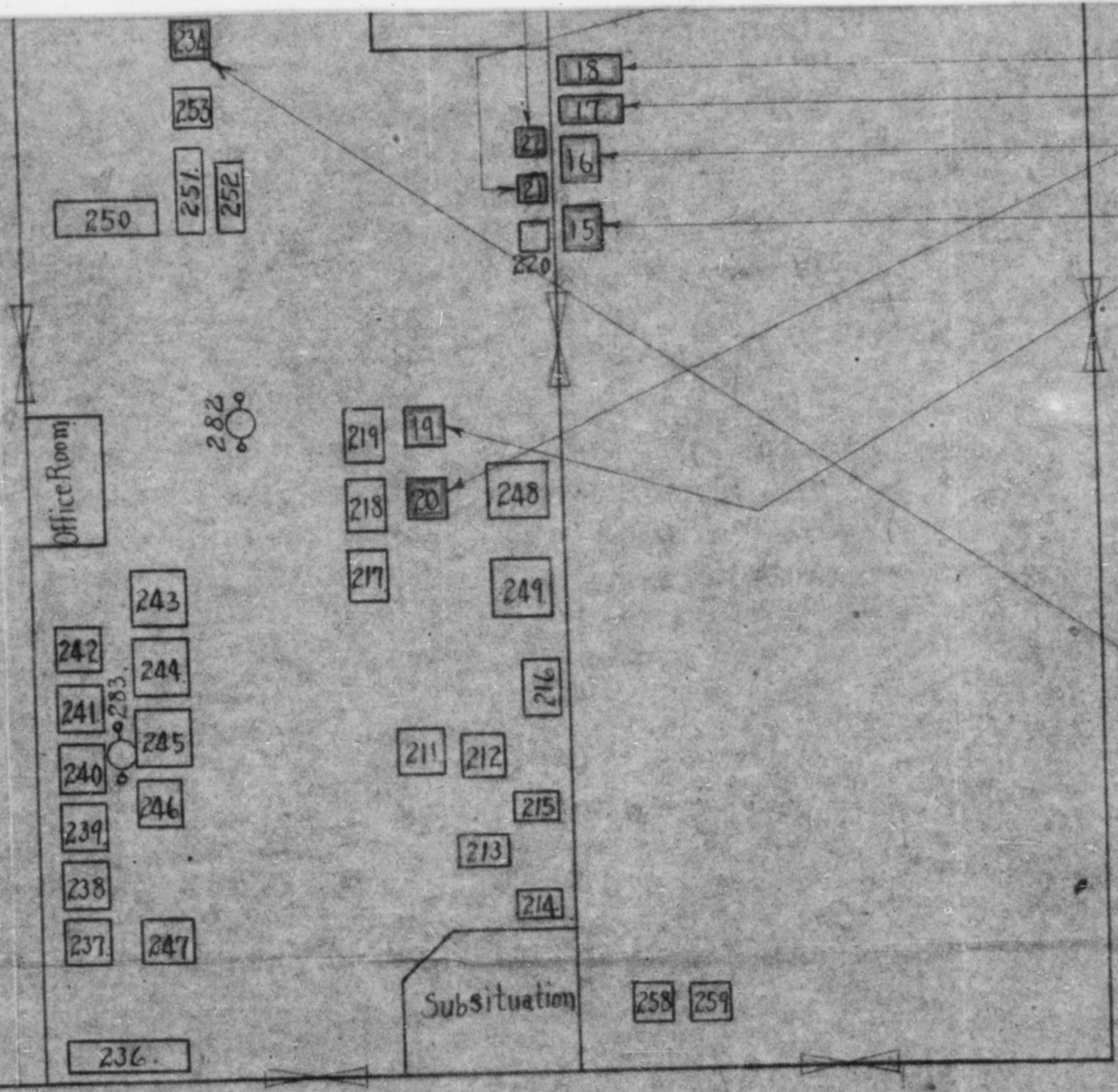


Nitto Kogyo. Co. Ltd.

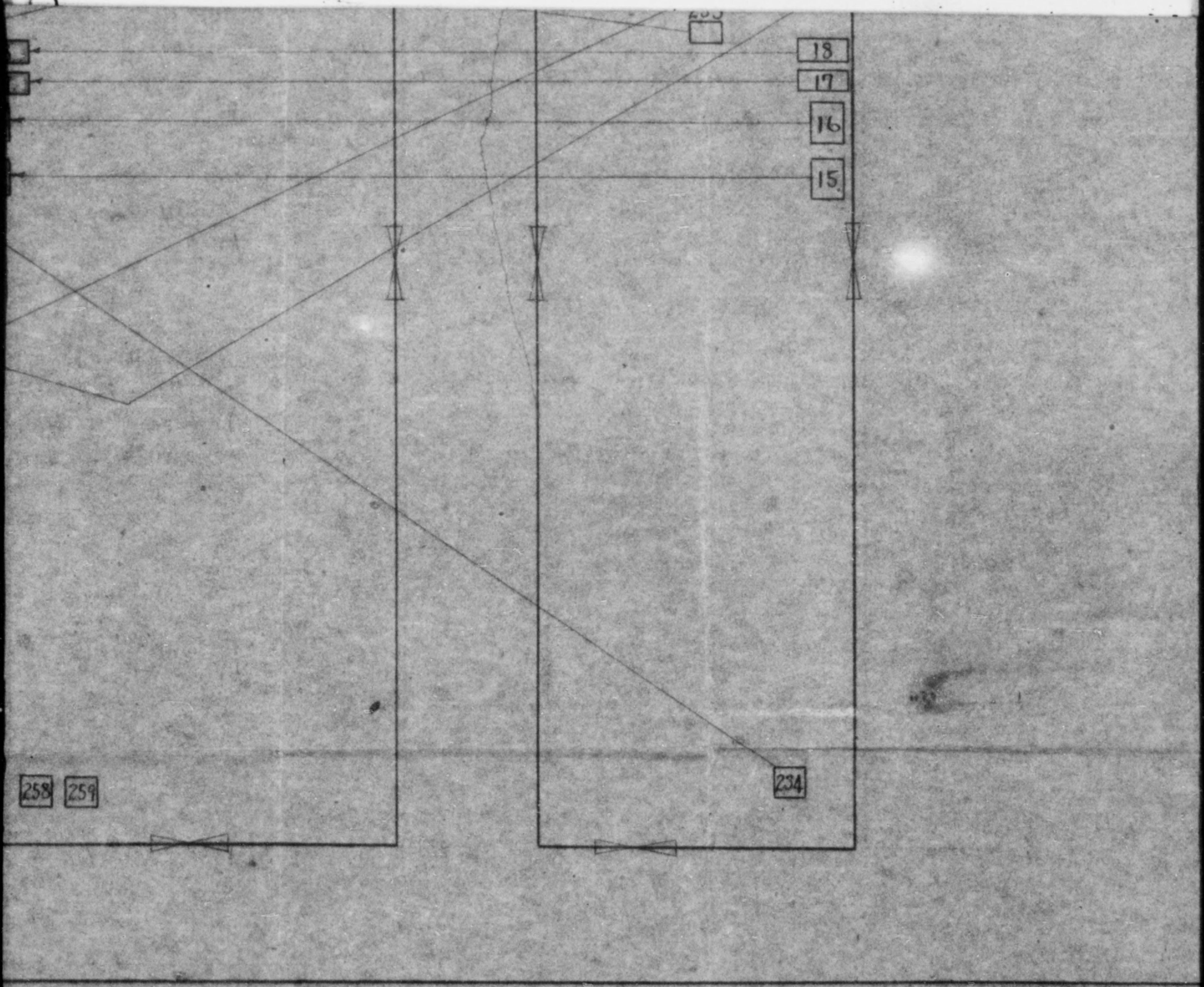
itting Shop.

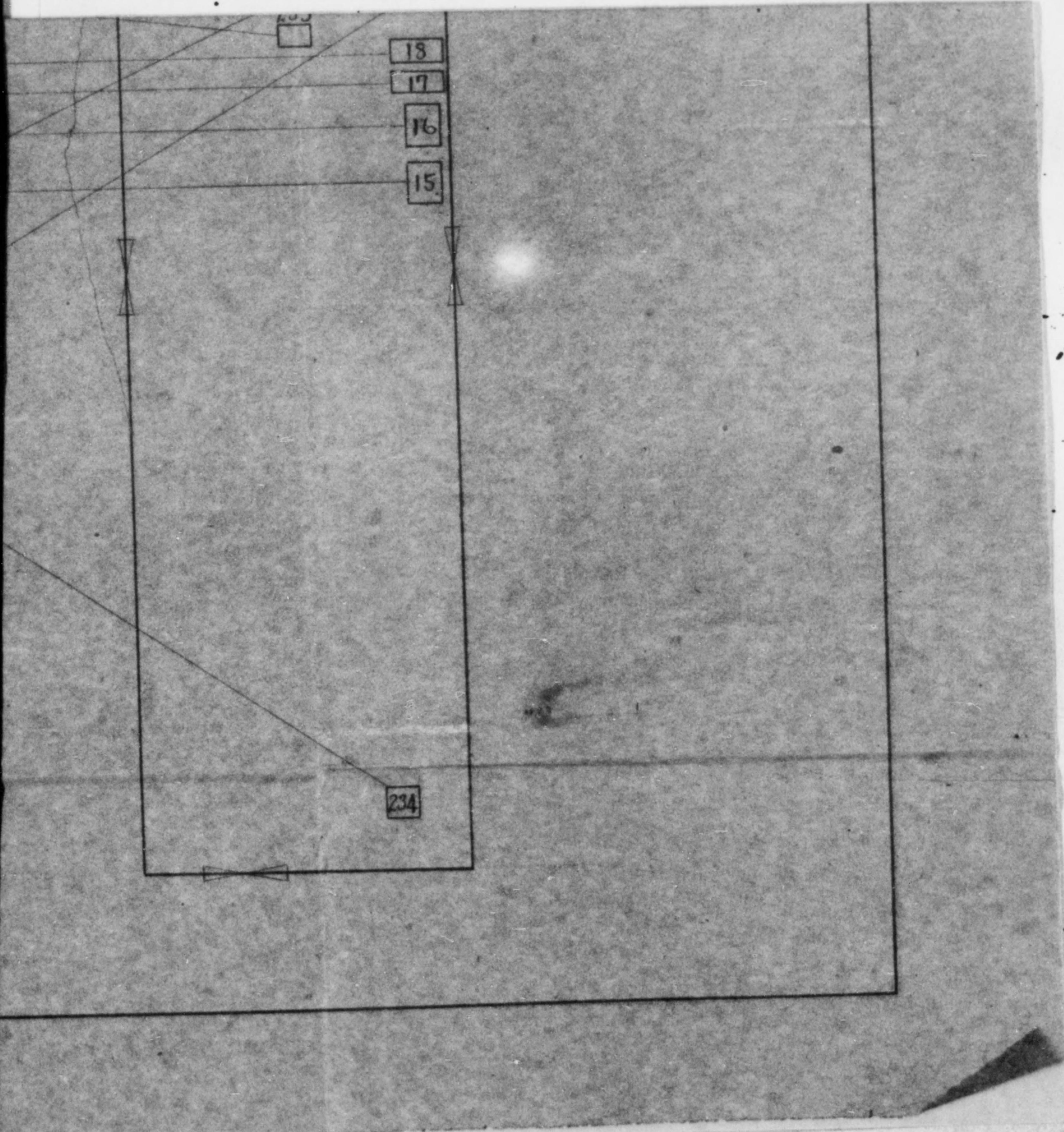






FILE





HEADQUARTERS
CHUGOKU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
ECONOMICS SECTION

D/RPL/rhk

CCAR 319.1

23 December 1950

SUBJECT: Report of Field Trip, Kawajiri-machi, Hiroshima
Prefecture, 11 December 1950TO : Chief
Economics Section

PREPARED BY: Robert P. Lord, Distribution & Industry Division

1. REFERENCE:

Paragraph 3b, O. D. 11, 10 April 1950.

2. PURPOSE:

Surveillance of reparations custody and maintenance
at Nitto Kogyo Co. (11-3)

3. BACKGROUND:

Routine

4. DISCUSSION:

Four (4) of the six (6) machines found in use at time of last inspection, minus authority, are still in use. Application dated 30 August 1950 has been submitted by plant to SCAP requesting formal authorized use approval but no reply has been received to date. Plant manager was cautioned on the practice of placing machines in use without first obtaining proper authority. This same information was given to plant manager at time of last inspection but apparently to no avail

5. CONCLUSION:

Machinery was well maintained and custodial records have been greatly improved since last inspection.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS:

Included in discussion.

R. P. LORD
Distribution & Industry DivisionMANUFACTURING
AND INDUSTRY
FILE 11-3
Dec. 11

FIELD TRIP REPORTR. P. LORD

21 August 1950

1. Purpose:

Inspection of Nitto Kogyo Company (Code No. 11-3) Kawajiri-machi, Hiroshima Prefecture.

2. Background:

Surveillance of reparations custody and maintenance in accordance with paragraph 3b O.D. 11, 10 April 1950.

3. Discussion:

This plant has 98 reparations machines in authorized use (written authority on hand) and is engaged in production of textile machinery parts. No labor or production problems were reported by plant management.

4. Conclusion:

Inspection of plant revealed many discrepancies. A total of five (5) machines were marked with "temporary operation" signs but these were not in use nor were they on application for "Authorized Use". One (1) of the above mentioned machines, 11-3-13, is SCAP approved for authorized use but remains marked for "temporary operation" which was discontinued 31 December 1949. Machines listed below were found in operation without any authority:

11-3- 58	11-3-110
11-3-102	11-3-123
11-3-104	11-3-196

No explanation was given as to why no application had been submitted through normal channels for use of the six (6) machines listed above. Eleven (11) transformers and two (2) switchboards, included in plant inventory but unmarked at time of recent CPC inspection of this plant, have been properly marked with assigned code numbers. Five (5) buildings previously released at this plant by CCAR for use as Kawajiri Middle School have been fenced off from remainder of plant compound as recommended by representative of this headquarters during an inspection in April 1950. This will prevent school children from entering buildings housing reparations machinery and eliminate possible damage to reparations machinery.

MANUFACTURING
AND INDUSTRY
FILE 11-3

See. IV

5. Recommendations:

Remove "temporary operation" signs and place equipment so marked, with exception of 11-9-13, in dead storage. Place six (6) machines in dead storage which are being used in violation of reparations code. If machinery is to be used an application will be submitted through established channels. Under no circumstances will equipment be used without proper authority.

Improve custodial accounting. Reparations records are not in orderly fashion which causes loss of time during discussion and inspection of the plant.

Plant manager was instructed to correct discrepancies listed above. Frequent inspections of this plant seem necessary.

R. P. LORD
Distribution and Industry Division

FIELD TRIP REPORTR.G. STRADLEY10 April 1950
Hiroshima1. Purpose:

Inspection of Reparations Plant at 11-3, Nitto Kogyo K.K.
(Kawajiri Seisakusho (Air-Arsenal)).

2. Background:

Surveillance in accordance with O.D. 51.

3. Discussion:

Participants,

Mr. Honda, Manager of the Plant.
 Mr. Uniki, Chief of General Affairs Section.
 Mr. Otani, Prefecture Reparation Officer.
 Mr. Aways, Chief of No. 1 Enterprise Section,
 Hiroshima International Trade & Industry.
 (He will be in charge of Reparations hereafter)
 Mr. Ege, Former Chief of Hiroshima International Trade
 & Industry Reparation Section, new chief of
 miscellaneous goods section, Hiroshima
 International Trade & Industry.
 (Hiroshima International Trade & Industry
 Reparation Section has been abolished)

Discussions and spot check of the plant with above
listed officials revealed;

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Items</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
a. Under custody	295 as of 10 April 1950	Originally inventoried, 289
b. Straight release from custody	7 wood-working machines.	Authority, HMGT Ltr., 3 June 1949.
c. Additional inventory	13	Not considered as reparations items at the original inventory, but picked up at the time of Capt. Gunnell's inspection later.
d. A.U.	90	Authority, HMGT Ltr., 27 May 1947. (Originally 97, later 7 Wood working machines were released. (Code No. in our file.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Remarks.</u>
e. T.O.	19	Authority, HMGT ltr., 18 November 1948. (Code Number in our file)
f. Application for A.U. from T.O.	8	Company's ltr., Nitto Seisakusho No. 24-1937, dated 21 December 1949 to SCAP through Ministry of International Trade & Industry. (A copy in our file)
g. Production (Reconversion Permit)	Marine Engine, Locomotive and Car parts. Machine Tools Farming Tools	Authority HQ 76 MG HQ and HQ Company, 12 June 1946. ¥ 50,500 Maximum monthly production. ¥ 200,000 " ¥ 5,000 " ¥ 10,000 "
h. Additional Production		Authority, HMGT ltr., 24 September 1946.
	Repair of Weaving Machines (Toyota's Automatic Weaving Machine)	Projected Qty per month 50 Value in yen. 250,000
	Production of Silk-reel machine	10 500,000
	Repair and Production of various machine	- 120,000
	Sawing	Cubic meters 150 113,000 (For Allied Forces Furniture)
	Production of Enamelled Ironwares.	- 50,000
i. Release of land and Buildings to Kawazimachi middle school.	Land, 2,360 tsubo 5 Buildings, 615.5 tsubo.	Authority, CCAR ltr., 23 January 1950. Remodelling of the Buildings will require about six months. (For details, see the company's layout in our file).

j. Present production and financial condition.

The plant is chiefly manufacturing parts for spinning and weaving machines employing a total number of 50 workers whose average monthly base pay is about ¥6,500. The total production for the month of March 1950 amounted to ¥1,200,000. The company's outstanding accounts receivable and payable are ¥1,500,000 and ¥1,250,000 (including taxes) respectively.

k. Electric Power.

The plant consumes monthly 9,500 KWH within the monthly allocation of 9,600 KWH.

4. Conclusion:

Maintenance of reparations machinery was found to be satisfactory with the exception of the following points:

a. T.O. Machines not placed on written application for A.U. are not properly maintained.

b. 11-3-162 needs greasing and preservation oil.

Paragraph 4C, Hq. Chugoku Civil Affairs Region Memorandum dated 30 January 1950 has not been well understood by Mr. Otani, Prefectural Reparation man with the result the processing to dead storage by 31 March 1950 of T.O. machines not placed on written application by 15 February 1950 has not been required of the reparations plants in this prefecture. The question at issue was clarified to the officials present and immediate action was requested.

5. Recommendation:

It was recommended that,

a. The plant should separate all idle machines from operating machine to insure more efficient and economical maintenance excepting the electric furnace and 4 items in the heat treating shop that were deemed unnecessary to move on spot check.

b. The company must take definite measures to prevent the school students from entering the buildings where reparations items are under custody. Released portion of plant to be used by school has not been fenced off as yet. Officials state it will be completed prior to school use in about 6 months.

RSS
R.G. STRADLEY.

D/RGS/st

FIELD TRIP REPORT19 December 19491. Purpose:

Inspection of Reparatons Machinery at Plant 1K03 Nitto Kogyo

2. Background:

Surveillance in accordance with O.D. 51 dated 27 September 1949.

3. Discussions:

Items being manufactured include parts for spinning machines and wooden geta. Approximately 50,000 pair of the latter are manufactured monthly. Employees at present numbers 73 and company officials report increasing business. There are five buildings at this location which the company wishes to sell to Kawaziri machi Middle School. Buildings were inspected and found to contain reparations equipment (15 machines). Company has made application to this headquarters for release of buildings. I was informed that Capt Dugger had given his verbal permission to move the machinery in two of the buildings to another section of plant.

4. Conclusion:

There are 90 machines in authorized use- written authority on hand. All were checked and found in very satisfactory condition.

5. Recommendations:

None.

Robert P Lord, DAC
Economics Section
Chugoku Civil Affairs Region

11-03
Ave II

REPORT ON INSPECTION

HIROSHIMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM

DATE: 2 August 1949SECTION MAKING INSPECTION: Economics DATE OF INSPECTION: 27 July 1949OFFICER OR E.M. MAKING INSPECTION: W.O. Souder, N. NishidaINSTALLATIONS INSPECTED: Nitto Kogyo K.K., Kawaziri Plant (Code No. 11-03)LOCATION: Asa-mori, Kawaziri-machi, Kamo-gun, Hiroshi, a Prefecture (C-6)TIME SPENT IN INSPECTION: 2 hoursINSPECTION COVERED THE FOLLOWING: Custody and Maintenance of Reparation Machinery.

REMARKS:

1. No. of Reparation Machinery:

Total No. 295 (Cl I 176, Cl II 57, Cl III 62)

A.U. - 90, T.O. - 19, D.S. - 186

Ex - Incl 7, Priv. 15

2. Date of the latest overhaul and adjustment of Reparation Machinery:

End of Feb. 1949

3. No. of gates: 1 No. of watch boxes: 2

No. of guards: 8 (Shift of 24 hours each half)

4. Fire service arrangements:

Water tank - 12 (2t each) Hydrant - 4

Hand pump - 4 Fire extinguishing ball - 10

Bucket - 60 Sand box - some

5. Employees: Total - 111 (including 17 females)

Workers engaged in maintenance of Reparation Machinery - 7

6. Average age: 31.2 years

Oldest age: 58 years

4

Youngest age : 16 years

7. % of attendance

97.8% (Apr. 49)

96.07% (May 49)

95.16% (Jun 49)

8. Custody and Maintenance of Reparation Machinery was in excellent condition.

(NOTES): At present this plant has some trouble between directorate and labour union in connection with number of discharge and retiring allowance.

Number of discharge on demand by the company:
42 in all (32 males, 10 females)

REPORT ON INSPECTION

HIROSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM

DATE: 28 Feb. 1949SECTION MAKING INSPECTION: Economics DATE OF INSPECTION: 26 Feb. 1949OFFICER OR E.M. MAKING INSPECTION: Capt. Suggs, N. NishidaINSTALLATIONS INSPECTED: Nitto Kogyo K.K.LOCATION: Kawaziri-Machi, Kamo-GunTIME SPENT IN INSPECTION: 2 1/2 hoursINSPECTION COVERED THE FOLLOWING: Reparation Machinery

REMARKS:

1. Total number of machines

282 (C.I 161, C.II 59, C.III 62)A.T. 90 T.O. 19 D.S. 1732. Custody, Maintenance and Marking
of Reparation Machinery was in
excellent condition.(App) Workers engaged in maintenance of
Reparation Machinery:8 (including 4 females).

HEADQUARTERS
CHUGOKU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 248 (Kure, Honshu)

CCAR 386.3 (D-st)

26 January 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR : Hiroshima Prefectural Government
THROUGH : Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office
SUBJECT : Release of Land and Building of Reparation Plant (11-03)

1. Reference is Hiroshima Prefectural Office letter HES-131, 23 December 1949, subject: "Application for Release of Land and Building belong to Reparation Plant".
2. Approval is granted for the release from reparations custody of 2360 tsubo of land and 5 buildings (615.5 tsubo) of Nitto Kogyo K.K., Kawajiri-Machi, Kamo-Gun, Hiroshima Prefecture as requested in application from Nitto Kogyo K.K., inclosed with reference.
3. All other buildings and ground and equipment designated for reparations of this plant will continue to be held under custody.

FRANK KOWALSKI JR.
Colonel, Inf
Chief

11-03
See VI
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ECON 533

CHUGOKU LIAISON AND COORDINATION OFFICE
KURE HONSHU

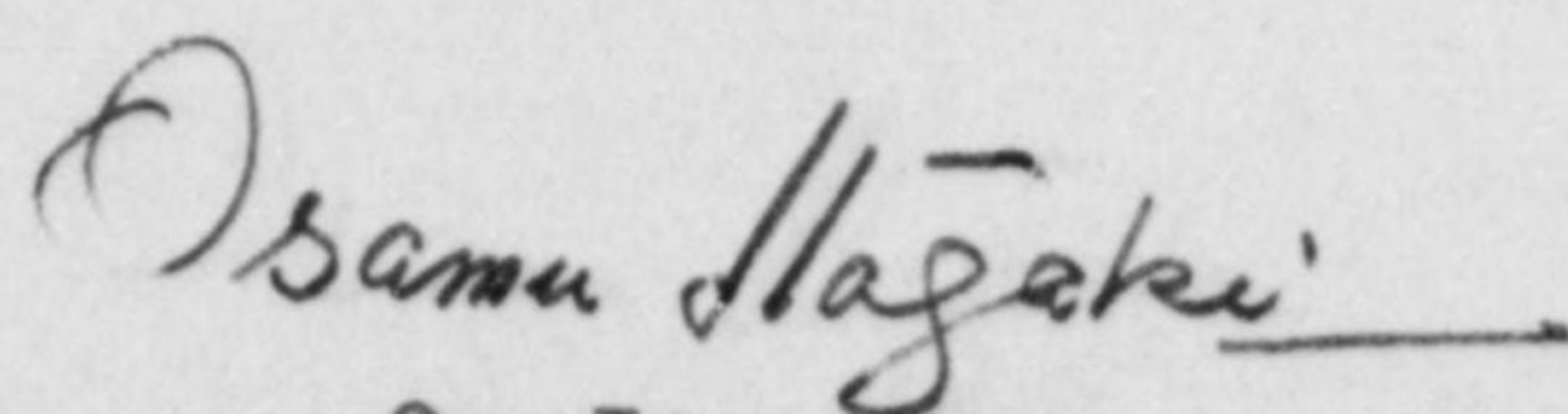
CHL No. 389

27 December 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Release of Land and Building
belong to Reparation Plant.TO : Chief,
Chugoku Civil Affairs Region.

Attached herewith is submitted letter Serial No.
Hiro-shin-Shoko 131, subject as above, from the Chief of
Commerce & Industry Department, Hiroshima Prefectural Office.

It is cordially requested that your high con-
sideration be given to this matter.



O. Itagaki,
Director,
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office.

Inclosure: as indicated above.

SM/ts.

4000

ECON 533 29-12-49

Hiroshima Prefectural Office

Serial No : Hiro-Shin-Shoko 131

Hiroshima City
23 December 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Release of Land and Building
belong to Reparation Plant

TO : Chief
Chugoku Civil Affairs Region

You are cordially requested to be good enough to approve the enclosed application from Kawajiri Plant, Nitto Kogyo K.K., a reparation plant, as it is understood that there exists inevitable circumstance and there is no trouble with regard to custody of the reparations goods in the plant on our scrutinizing into the conditions applied for.

FOR THE PREFECTURAL GOVERNOR:

Kakuji Kato

KAKUJI KATO

Chief, Commerce & Industry
Department

Incl: Application

NITTO KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA
KAWASIRI PLANT

15 December 1949

Serial No. : Nitte So No.24-1367
 TO : Chief of Chugoku Civil Affairs Region
 THROUGH : Governor,
 Hiroshima Prefecture
 SUBJECT : Application for Release of Land and Building belong to
 Reparation Plant

We herewith apply to you for permission of above-mentioned subject according to following details.

1. Name of Reparation Plant

Nitte Kogyo Co., Ltd. Kawasiri Plant

2. Exact Location

1659, Meri, Kawasiri-Machi, Hase-Gun, Hiroshima Prefecture

3. Facilities requesting to Release

(a) Land

2560 Tsube

(b) Buildings

5 (Building Area 618.8 Tsube)

Bld. No.	Name	Building Form	Area (Tsube)
1	Fitting Shop	Wooden one-storied slate-roofed	173.33
2	Ware House (including Practice Shop)	Wooden Two-storied slate-roofed	120.00
3	Dormitory of Workers	Wooden two-storied tile-roofed	125.50

4	Dormitory of Workers	Wooden two-storied tile-roofed	119.00
5	Dinning Room	Wooden one-storied tile-roofed	76.66
Total	5		615.49

Remarks:

- (a) There is no Reparation machine in these buildings.
- (b) Our Plant is non-evaluation plant.

4. Outline of Plant

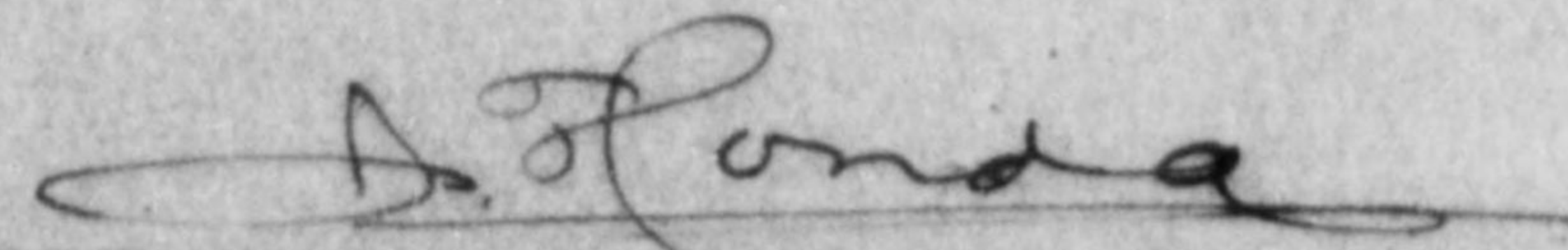
Total area of Plant	9.350	Tsube
Total building area of Plant	3.037	"

5. Reason why apply to Release

- (a) Above-mentioned Land and Buildings are not necessary to our factory now and in future, and also there is no relation about Reparation Machines.

We desire to aid adjustment of enterprise by selling them.

- (b) There is no adequate building and land except them in Kawaziri-Machi, to use for the Middle School. So Kawaziri-Machi desires earnestly to buy these buildings and land.



I. Honda

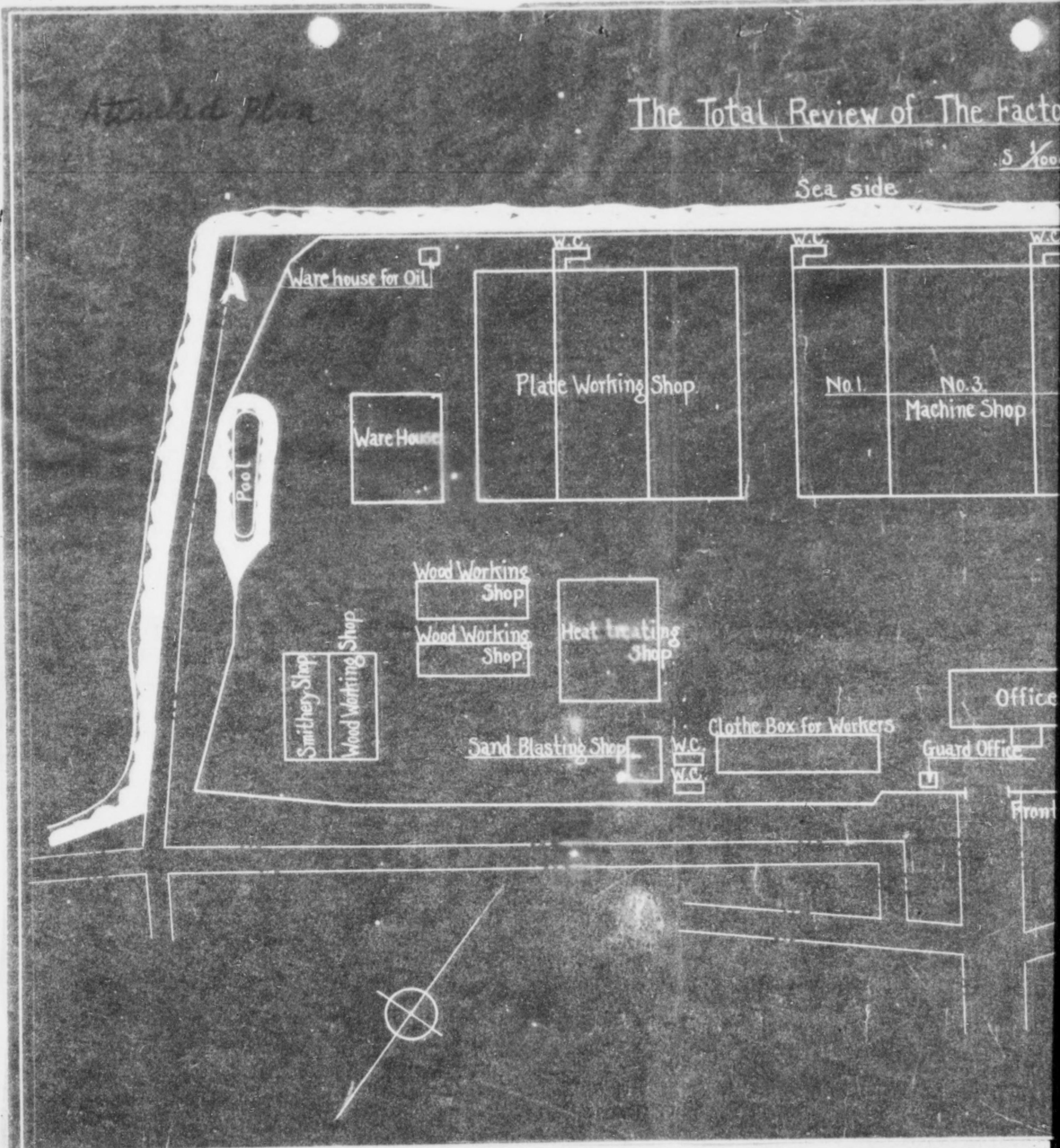
Manager,
Kawaziri Plant
Nitto Kogyo Co., Ltd.

Attended Plan

The Total Review of The Factory

S. 1000

Sea side

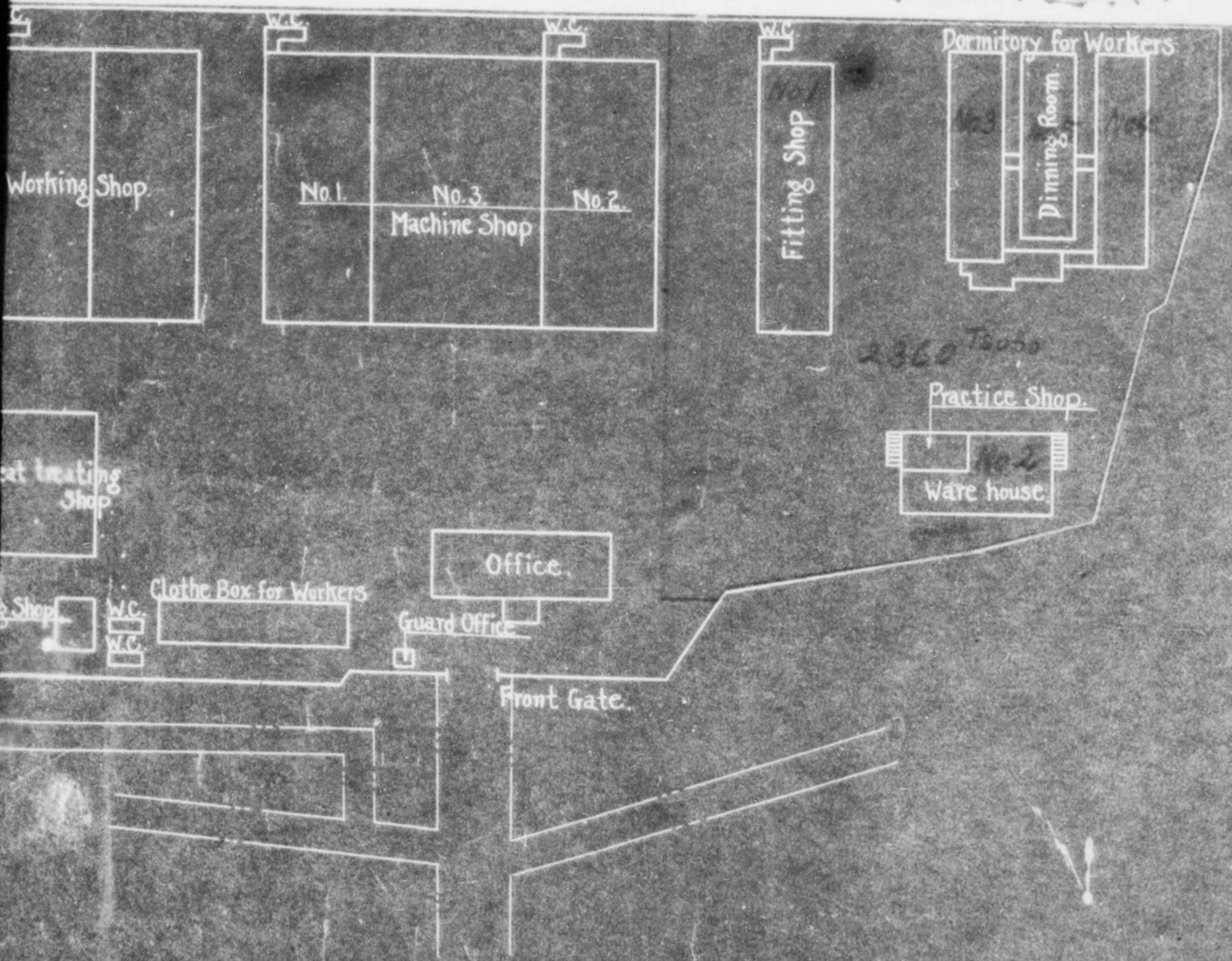


The Total Review of The Factory

Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

5/1000

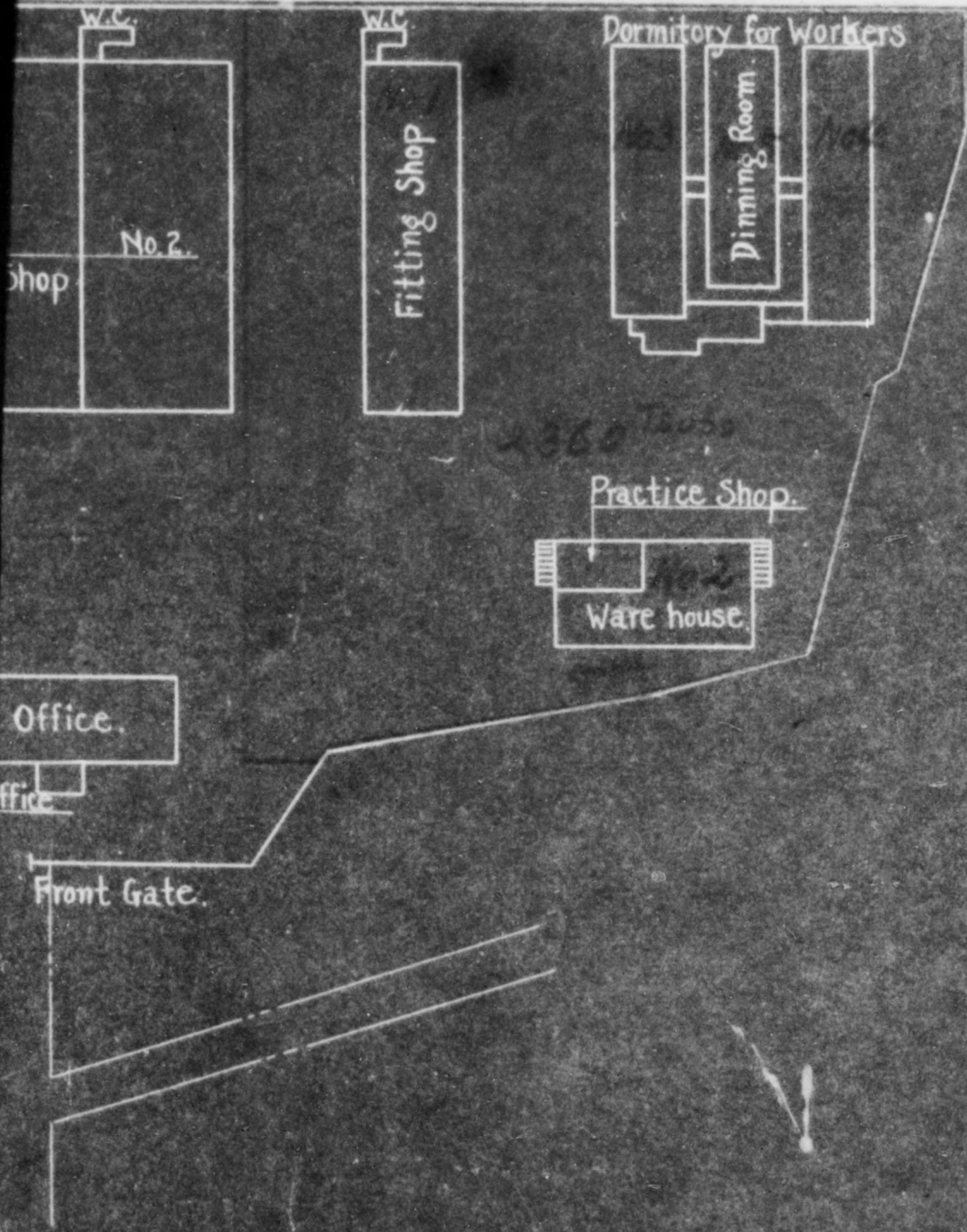
Sea side



Factory

Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

5 X 1000



CHUGOKU LIAISON AND COORDINATION OFFICE

CHL No. 389

27 December 1949

SUBJECT: Application for Release of Land and Building
belong to Reperation Plant.

TO : Chief,
Chugoku Civil Affairs Region.

Attached herewith is submitted letter Serial No.
Hiro-shin-Shoko 131, subject as above, from the Chief of
Commerce & Industry Department, Hiroshima Prefectural Office.

It is cordially requested that your high consideration
be given to this matter.

O. Itagaki,
Director,
Chugoku Liaison and Coordination Office.

Inclosure: as indicated above.

SM/te.

Hiroshima Prefectural Office

Serial No : **Hiro-Shin-Shoke 131**Hiroshima City
23 December 1949**SUBJECT: Application for Release of Land and Building
belong to Reparation Plant****TO : Chief
Chugoku Civil Affairs Region**

You are cordially requested to be good enough to approve the enclosed application from Kawajiri Plant, Nitto Kogyo K.K., a reparation plant, as it is understood that there exists inevitable circumstance and there is no trouble with regard to custody of the reparations goods in the plant on our scrutinizing into the conditions applied for.

FOR THE PREFECTURAL GOVERNOR:

Kakuji Kato
.....
KAKUJI KATO

**Chief, Commerce & Industry
Department****Incl: Application**

NITTO KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA
KAWAZIRI PLANT

15 December 1949

Serial No. : Nitte Se No.24-1367

TO : Chief of Chugoku Civil Affairs Region

THROUGH : Governor,
Hiroshima Prefecture

SUBJECT : Application for Release of Land and Building belong to

Remarks: Reparation Plant

(a) There is no Reparation machine in those buildings.

We herewith apply to you for permission of above-mentioned subject

according to following details.

1. Name of Reparation Plant

Nitte Kogyo Co., Ltd. Kawaziri Plant Tsuba
Total area of plant 8,358

2. Exact Location

Total building area of plant 3,027
1659, Mori, Kawaziri-Machi, Kame-Gun, Hiroshima Prefecture

3. Facilities requesting to Release

(a) Above-mentioned land and buildings are not necessary to our factory now and

(a) Land 2360 Tsuba
(b) Buildings 5 (Building Area - 615.5)
We desire the said adjustment of enterprises by selling them.

Bld. No.	Name	Building Form	Area (Tsuba)
1	Fitting Shop	Wooden one-steried slate-roofed	173.33
2	Ware House (including Practice Shop)	Wooden Two-steried slate-roofed	120.00
3	Dormitory of Workers	Wooden two-steried tile-roofed	126.50

Kawaziri Plant
Nitte Kogyo Co., Ltd.

4	Quarters of Workers	Wooden two-storied tile-roofed	119.00
5	Dinning Room	Wooden one-storied tile-roofed	76.66
Total	5		619.49

Remarks:

- (a) There is no Reparation machine in these buildings.
- (b) Our Plant is non-evaluation plant.

4. Outline of Plant

Total area of Plant	8.350	Ysube
Total building area of Plant	3.037	"

5. Reason why applicants to Release

(a) Above-mentioned land and Buildings are not necessary to our factory now and in future, and also there is no relation about Reparation Machines.

We desire to aid adjustment of enterprise by selling them.

(b) There is no adequate building and land except them in Kawaziri-Machi, to use for the Middle School. So Kawaziri-Machi desires earnestly to buy these buildings and land.



I. Honda

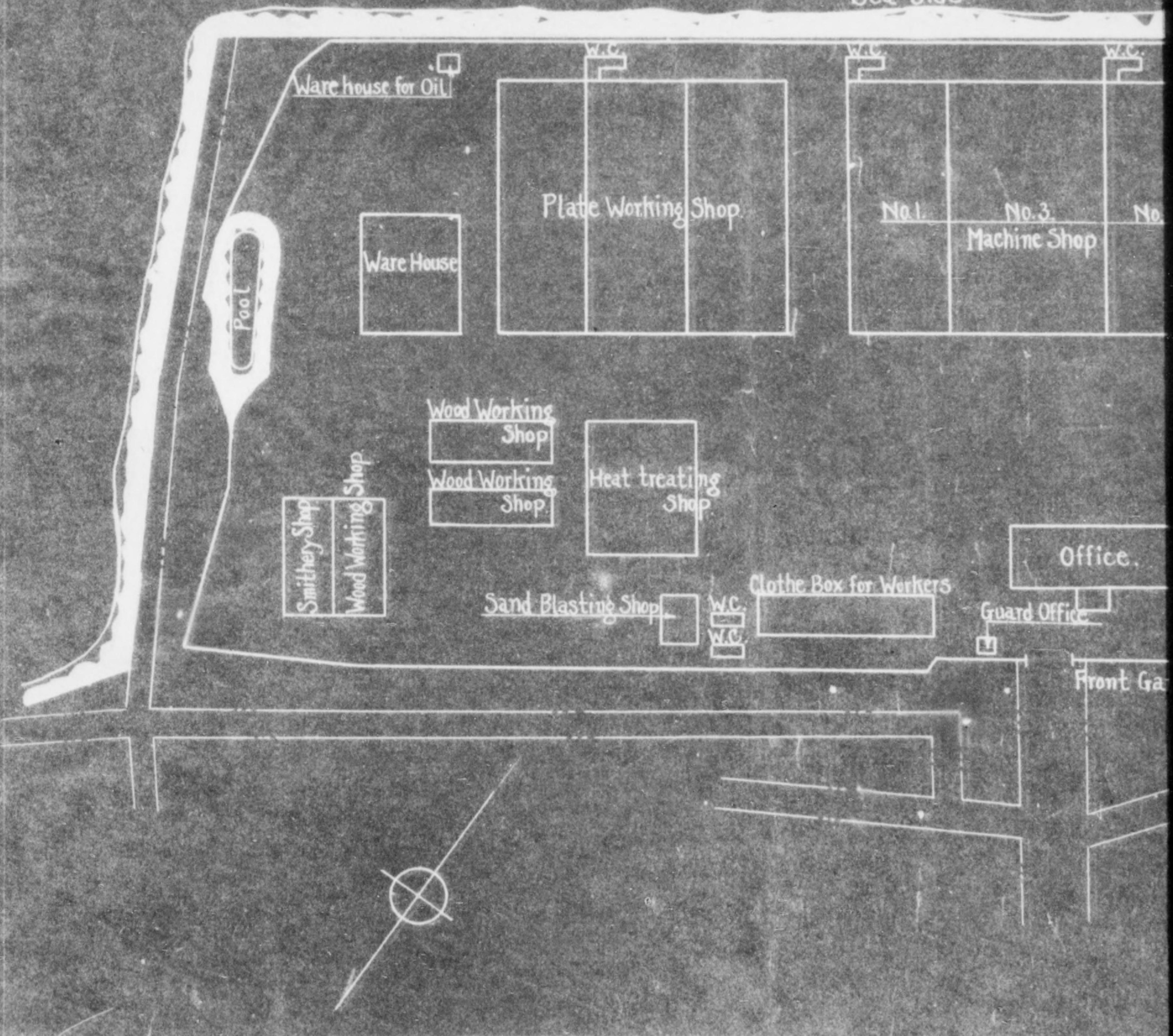
Manager,
Kawaziri Plant
Hitte Kogyo Co., Ltd.

Attached plan

The Total Review of The Factory

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Sea side

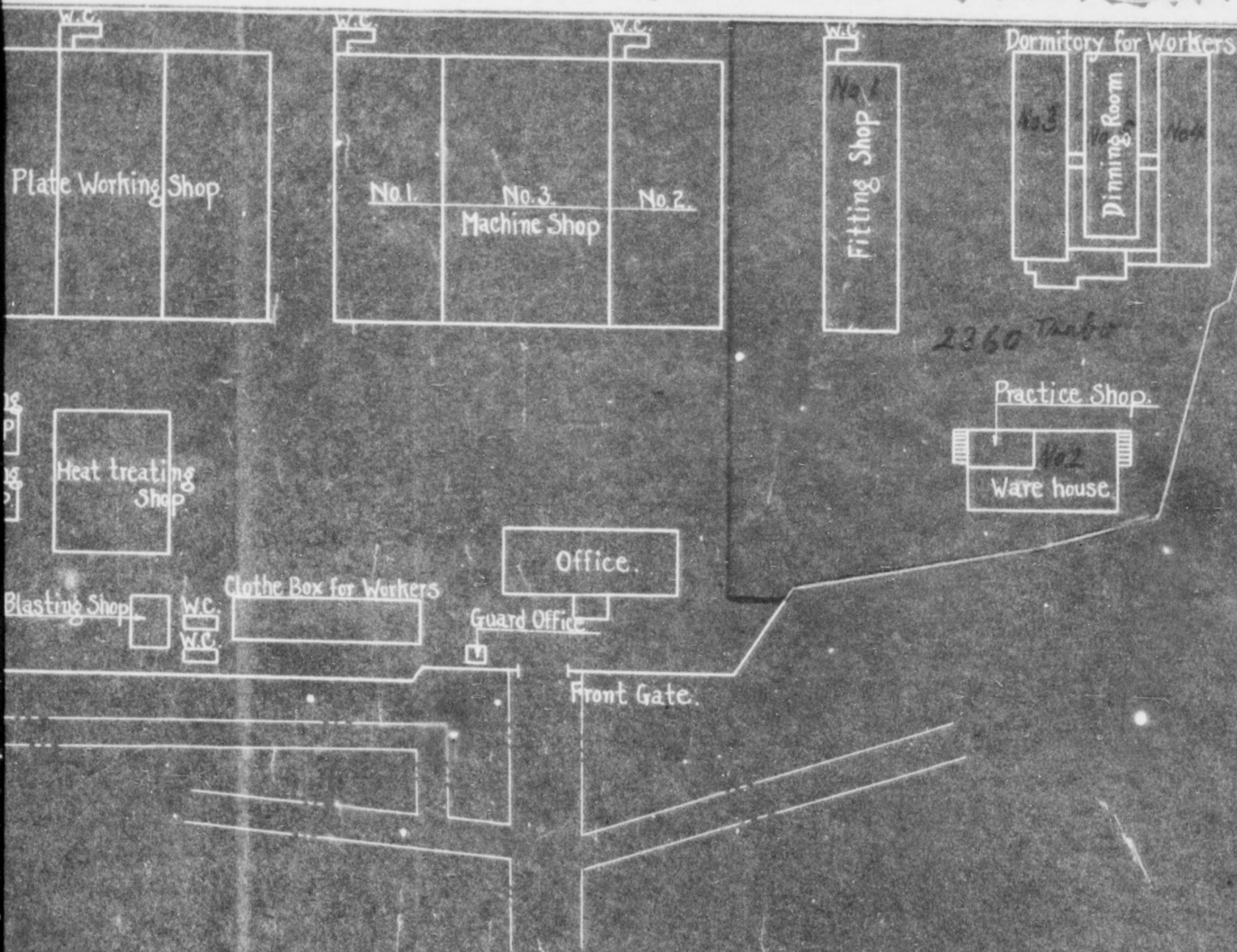


The Total Review of The Factory.

Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

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Sea side

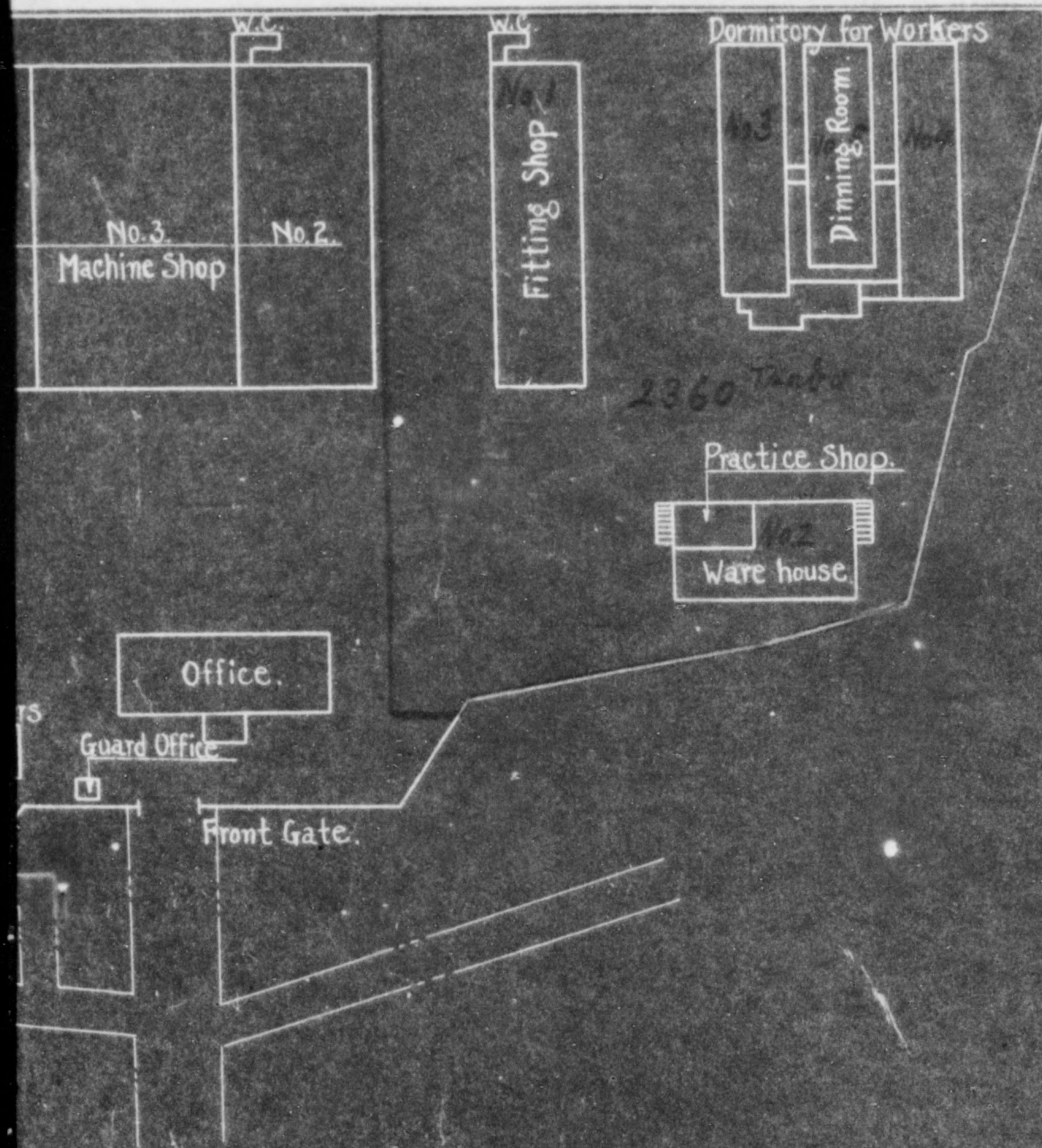


of The Factory.

Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.

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HEADQUARTERS
HIROSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

D/s.

Serial No: C-82-47

Kure, Honshu

27 May 1947

SUBJECT: Petition for Exemption of the Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd. from
Reparations List

THROUGH: Chugoku Central Liaison Office, Kure, Japan

TO : Governor, Hiroshima Prefecture

1. Reference petition dated 23 April 1947, from the Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd. subject as above.
2. The continued use of the 97 machines listed for reparations and itemized in the petition is authorized.
3. At the time allocation of machinery is made for reparations, this petition may be again submitted, and due consideration will be given to the effect such removal may have on the Japanese economy.

ELLIOTT M. NORTON
Major, OMC
Commanding

Sec. VII

HEADQUARTERS
HIROSHIMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317

D/JNR/rt

Serial No: 7-1204

Kure, Honshu

5 May 1947

SUBJECT: Petition for Exemption of the Nitto
Kogyo Co., Ltd. from Repa rations List

THROUGH: Chugoku Military Government Region,
APO 317

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Attached herewith is submitted a petition dated 23 April 1947, from the President of Nitto Kogyo Company, Ltd. on the above subject.

2. This Headquarters recommends approval of subject petition.

EDWIN C. WHITNEY
Major Inf
Commanding

Incl. - As indicated in Para. 1.

APPLICATION ABOUT EXCEPTION FROM
THE REPARATION FACTORYNitto Kogyo Co., Ltd.
Kawaziri Factory

Director, President _____

We apply for the exception of some machine from the reparation machines.

1. Name of Company : Nitto Kogyo Co., Ltd.
(the old name Nitto Koku Kogyo Co., Ltd.)
2. Name of Factory : Nitto Kogyo Co., Ltd., Kawaziri Factory
(The old name Nitto Koku Kogyo Co., Ltd.
Kawaziri Factory)
3. Address of Company and Factory
(a) Address of Company : 21, 2-chome, Bingo-Machi, Higashi-ku,
Osaka City.
(b) Address of Factory: 1659, Mori, Kawaziri-Machi, Kamo-gun
Hiroshima Prefecture.
4. Date of Establishment & First Operation
(a) Date of Establishment of Company: 25th March 1939
(b) Date of First Operation of Factory: 6th June 1940
5. History of Company

March 1939 Nitto Seiko Co., Ltd. established with the capital of 1,000,000 Yen the factory constructed at Kawaziri-Machi, Kamo-Gun, Hiroshima Prefecture, and since June 1940 began the operation, manufacturing of tools of machine and small bolts nuts.

The Capital gradually increased to 1,500,000 Yen at July 1941 (the amount of paid up is 1,500,000 Yen), and to 3,000,000 Yen.

(full amount paid up) at September 1943, then to 10,000,000 Yen (6,500,000 Yen paid up) proportional with execution and enlargement of the factory.

From the beginning of 1943 the requirement of the Navy becoming stronger step by step, changed to manufacturing parts of airplane and marine engine.

At October 1943 changed the old name Nitto Seiko Co., Ltd. to Nitto Koku Co., Ltd. At that time principal products of our factory are oil reservoir of aeroplane engine flap moving gear of aeroplanes cover of aeroplane cabine, and parts of marine diesel engine starter.

August 1945 stopped operation owing to post-war, and whole employees were dismissed. But in February 1946, with the recovery of the peaceful industry operation was reopened, and at 12th June 1946 U.S. 76th Military Government has permitted the reconversion of our factory. Since then, the equipment of factory was readjusted. All workers with one heart in pursuit of a common object have been engaged busily, for its holy achievement of peaceful industry.

6. 1935-1936 Production

None

7. 1937 - 1945 Production

Attached Sheet No.1

8. Name and monthly value in Yen of Products after post-war

(a) Name and monthly value in Yen after the reconversion.

Attached Sheet No.2

- (b) Future Plan of Production
Attached Sheet No.3
9. Outline of equipment in factory
- (a) Kinds of equipment
Attached Sheet No.4
- (b) The total review of factory
Attached sheet No.3
- (c) Kinds and Number of disused machine since Post-war.
Attached sheet No.6
10. Kinds, name and number of machines which we entreat the exception from the reparation machines.
Attached Sheet No.7 & No.8
11. Degrees of machines which we hope the exception from the reparation machines.
Total number of reparation machines are 289 (just same number of our factory's all machines). Please allow to left 33%.
97 machines from the reparation ones.
Kinds of machines which we entreat the reparation machines.
Attached Sheet No.7
12. The reason why we entreat the exception of 33% machines from the reparation machines.
- (a) As we mentioned our factory producted some parts of aeroplane, owing the requirement of the Navy, but we have no special equipment, and our all machines are changed to product peaceful industry of new Japan as they are. The present Yeilding of our factory as you know about the Attached Sheet

No.4 is hardly be said to be so large in quantity, but items of articles we produce all belong to goods indispensable for industrial reconstruction of peaceful Japan.

For Instance our weaving machines and parts of the spinning machines have close and important relation with production of returned goods. In very near future spinning industry will obtain the most important parts of industrial Japan. In this meaning products of these parts is most earnestly requirable to manufacture.

Products of sawing machine and straw-rope machine are still under contemplation and preparation in our factory, but the former must be play an important role of returned goods, and the latter is belong to the most necessary one to actualize the modern and industrial farm-villeges in Japan.

The spinning industry must be urgently and extremely revive to produce returned goods.

Repair of weaving machines will be finished within only few years, therefore it must be done in haste, and we have actually repaired about 300 weaving machines reaching present estimation value 12,000,000 Yen.

Industry of timber, is also most important work to rebuild houses in Japan, and production of furniture. But its power is poor in this district.

During the war many government offices and companies were burned, so necessity of lockers is also serious.

Oji-jacks are also necessary to revive the railroads.

In the present condition of Japan, we can not neglect repair of marine machines and productions of kitchen-fitting should not be neglect also.

(b) From industrial view point of the nation, it may be safely said that industry of Japan in future should be properly dispersed the factories in locality avoiding to centralize in great city. Huge industries should be enclude, and it is very clear present popular voice and common sense that the small industries should to the basis of Japanese industry.

Accordingly we should be very much grateful if you give us aid to remain our machines which has closed relation with town on its prosperity.

(c) In reality our factory is now carrying on our work above mentioned, and managing the factory with about 130 workers. But in case should we lose all these machines, the hundred and thirty employees would be deprived from the foundation of their livelihood having nothing to eat from the following day.

Although we are prepared to obtain new machines, prior to your withdrawal of our machines, but we are standing in financial conditions, being 1,000,000 Yen flozen at the bank deposit and have no means to get any new machines.

Above all-most workers employed now are occupied by natives near-about, and so, in case our factory should be closed, they would be cast in to a miserable condition losing work field to be able

to attend daily from their own homes. This is more than we can bear as the employer of them.

There are considerable number of workers at Kawaziri-machi, where our factory is constructed, and they are now fortunately working as day-labourers, engaging various jobs of Occupied Forces in Kure and Hiro District.

In case of these jobs finish, many men-out-of-employment will be evercrowd in this small town and cause a serious social problem. We can not help feeling some responsibility about this fact.

Ninety-seven pieces of the machines on the annexed list will be minimum quantity necessary as a small industrial factory to carry on our work, and it will be enable to make full contribution to peaceful industry embracing employees three times as many as these of at present.

We hereby again ask your kind consideration that we might keep the 3e% of the machines.

Attached Sheet No.1

1937-1945 Production (Value in Yen)

Engineering Department Of Hiro Navy Yard	0	171,952	218,709	72,690	16,494	141	16,842
11th Navy Yard	0	130,255	298,184	806,607	1,389,942	1,619,056	2,261,094
21th Navy Yard	0	0	4,965	116,622	95,203	16,487	9,031
Kure Navy Yard	0	696	165,564	392,673	378,575	269,655	297,481
Saseho Navy Yard	0	1,350	2,930	0	0	0	0
Civilian Aircraft Mfg. Co.	0	0	0	0	13,840	21,030	220,935
Hikari Navy Yard	0	800	1,942	0	0	0	0
Civilian Products	0	64,288	95,899	98,442	29,595	315	1,831
Total	0	369,341	608,193	1,487,034	1,923,650	1,926,684	2,807,221

INTRODUCTION:

(1)	Since	June	1940	to	November	1940
(2)	"	December	1940	"	"	1941
(3)	"	"	1941	"	"	1942
(4)	"	"	1942	"	"	1943
(5)	"	"	1943	"	September	1944
(6)	"	October	1944	"	March	1945
(7)	"	April	1945	"	September	1945

Attached Sheet No.2

Name and Monthly Value in Yen of Products after the Permit of the reconversion.

	May 1946	June 1946	July 1946	Aug. 1946	Sept. 1946	Oct. 1946	Nov. 1946
Repair of Marine Engine	26,730	6,065	5,570	12,823	3,458	8,478	5,343
Household Furnishings	30,089	4,567	26,181	57,056	34,027	29,928	33,559
Stationaries	16,540	1,387	3,000	10,000	10,260	1,161	3,240
Toys	25,010	52,000	16,078	0	0	0	0
Firning Tools	1,523	2,500	770	6,825	3,000	4,390	3,210
Repair of Toyoda's Automatic Weaving Machines	0	0	18,000	36,000	92,000	63,000	159,600
Total	99,900	66,519	69,599	123,204	142,745	106,957	204,952

Attached Sheet No.3

Future Plan of Production

Articles	Quantity per month	Unit Price in Yen	Value in Yen
Rollers for Spinning Machines	-	-	30,000
Repair of Toyoda's Automatic Weaving Machines	50	4,200	168,000
Lockers for Briefs.	20	2,500	50,000
Jacks for Maintenances of Railroad	80 koku	500	40,000
Sawing	500	50	25,000
Repair for Marine Engine	-	-	75,000
Sewing Machine	100	3,000	300,000
Straw-rope Machine	200	800	160,000
Total			848,000

1 koku..... 9.83 cubic feet

<u>Attached Sheet No.4</u>	Name of Equipments	
Wood Working Machine Shop	Machine Tools	7 Building and Repair of accessory equipment
Smithery Shop	Production Machines	1 Tools of Machine
	Electric Machines	1
1st Machine Shop	Machine Tools	99 Tools of Machine
	Electric Machine	5 Parts of Air craft
	Miscellaneous	
2nd Machine Shop	Machine Tools	69 Parts of Marine
	Electric Machine	3 Engine
	Miscellaneous	1
3rd Machine Shop	Machine Tools	20 Parts of Marine Engine
Plate Working Shop	Marine Tools	11
	Production Machines	22 Parts of Air Craft
	Electric Machines	2
	Miscellaneous	2
Heat-treating Shop	Electric Machines	9 Parts of Air craft
	Miscellaneous	2 Tools of Machine
Sand Blast Plant	Miscellaneous	1 Tools of Machine
Fitting Shop	Machine Tools	6 Parts of Marine Engine
	Production Machines	3 and air craft
	Miscellaneous	3
Practise Shop	Machine Tools	1 For storing of electric equipment & other
	Electric Machines	6 Materials
Total	Machune Tools	227
	Production Machines	26
	Electric Machine	26
	Miscellaneous	10

Total	289
	<u>192</u>
	97

Attached Sheet No.6

Kinds and Number of disused machines since Postwar.

Machine Tools 167

Production Machines 6

Electric Machines 15

Miscellaneous 4

Total 192

Attached Sheet No.7

Kinds of Machines which we entreat the exception from
the reparation machines

Name of Plant	Kinds of Machines	Number of Machines
Wood Working Shop	Machine Tools	7
Smithery Shop	Production Machines	11
	Electric Machines	11
Machine Shop	Machine Tools	42
	Electric Machines	2
Plate Working Shop	Machine Tools	6
	Production Machines	16
	Electric Machines	2
	Miscellaneous	2
Heat-treating Shop	Electric Machines	6
	Miscellaneous	2
Sand Blast Plant	Miscellaneous	1
Pitting Shop	Machine Tools	4
	Production Machines	3
	Miscellaneous	1
Warehouse	Machine Tools	1
Total	Machine Tools	60
	Production Machines	20
	Electric Machines	11
	Miscellaneous	6
Total		97

Percentage to All Reparation Machine

33.6%

Attached Sheet No. 8

Name and Number of Machines which we entreat the exception from the reparation Machines.

Name of Plant	Name of Machines	Code Number of Machines	Number of Machines	
Wood Working Shop	Band Saw	222, 228	2	
	Circular Saw	223, 226, 227	3	
	Planing Machine	224, 225	2	
Smithery Shop	Air Hammer	273	1	
	Bite Welding Machine	272	1	
Machine Shop	Lathe	70, 71, 72, 106, 107, 108, 120 121, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189 190,	15	
	Turret Lathe	143, 146, 147	3	
	Vertical Milling Machine	191, 192, 193	3	
	Universal Milling Machine	194, 195	2	
	Plain Milling Machine	172 (special type)	1	
	Grinding Machine	114, 115, 116, 117, 118	5	
	Shaping Machine	23, 24, 25	3	
	Slotting Machine	29, 30, 31	3	
	Horizontal Boring & Drilling Machine	53	1	
	Planing Machine	39	1	
	Thread Milling Machine	158	1	
	Drilling Machine	112, 113, 168, 169	4	
	Electric Motor	274, 275	2	
	Plate working Shop	Press	237, 238, 239, 243, 245, 246 247, 248, 249, 244	10
		Lathe	217, 218, 219	3
Smoothing Roller		251, 254, 255	3	
Folding Machine		252	1	
Sheering Machine		250	1	
Wheeling Machine		253	1	
Drilling Machine		211, 220, 221	3	
Buffing Machine		258, 259	2	
Electric Machine		282, 283	2	
Heat-treating		Electric Furnace	261, 264, 267, 268, 269	5
	Arc Welding Machine	263	1	
	Anode Treating Tank	270	1	
	Brinell Hardness Pester	260	1	

(Continu'd)

Sand Blast Plant	Sand Blast	271	1
Fitting Shop	Drilling Machine	19, 21, 22	3
	Shaping Machine	20	1
	Hand Press	231, 232, 274	3
	Air Compressor	233	1
Warehouse	Hack Saw	229	1
Total			<u>97</u>

PETITION

1st February 1947

At that time (in 1937) this town was inhabited only by fisherman, peasants and merchants having no prospect to develop except a few home industry in a small scale.

At this small port had no hinterland to produce large quantity of merchandise, and no special enterprise to let them earn their livelihood, the young generations coming forth obliged them to move into other cities searching for their work. The whole town was covered with heavy pessimistic atmosphere owing to the decay of the town year after year.

At this, the whole citizens, not to speak of the leaders and influential all strived themselves to cut their way through to find a new light.

Finally they thought of a plan that the best way to make the town thrive is to establish a big factory here, and they at length succeeded in removing Nitto Seiko K.K. to Kawaziri from Ondo-Machi, Aki-Gun, Hiroshima Prefecture.

The town's folks were much satisfied offering all their services to the company in purchasing the site, laying out the road, or exempting them from town taxes.

Commencing the work of construction in 1939, the factory was completed in June next, beginning their work at the same time, thus the first corner stone of foundation of the town's prosperity was laid out.

The establishment of the factory brought, as it was expected, a good result such as absorption of labour, labour's removal from other towns, pecuniary profit from the company, and thus accordingly accelerated the development of various kinds of cultural institutions.

Statistics for the population, for the passengers and goods through Kawaziri station showed a remarkable increase every year. This was a clear evidence how rapidly the town was developed. The thriving progress of Nitto Seiko K.K. had an appearance of a barometer showing the prosperity of Kawaziri town.

But, this state of things suffered a sudden and great change with the surrender. This sudden change caused Nitto Kogyo consequently to curtail its scale, and start anew as a peaceful factory.

On the other hand the retrenchment of the factory directly affected no small influence upon the town. Rapid increase of disemployees, returners, from Kure and Hiroshima losing their jobs, repatriaters, back comers from abroad, all these caused a great confusion of over crowd of the people.

Being the case as it is, should the works of Nitto Kogyo be closed on account of being taken away the machines for reparations, it would be clear that 130 employees and their 500 families would be cast into the multitude of homeless enhancing more and more improve-

shment and confusion of Kawaziri town.

At this crucial junction, isn't there any scheme that will help the town from drowing without losing its vital power nor becoming gloomy circumstances? We are told that the whole company has been striving for the reconstruction of the works with a firm confidence, that if 33% of the machines are allowed to be left, the rehabilitation of the factory and maintenance of 400 workers with their 2000 families would be possible.

We citizens of Kawaziri have a great concern with the destiny of Nitto Kogyo which has a closed relation with the town on its prosperity.

This is more important not only because of one factory in a local town but also for plot of localization of industry throughout Japan in future.

We herewith solicit with everybody's signs representing the public opinion of this town that you would give permission to the company to keep 33% of the machines with your special consideration.

We ten thousand inhabitants of this town should be very much grateful, if you would be kind enough to accept our petition.

We hereby again offer our heartfelt respects to the officers in charge.

Signature of representatives of Kawaziri Town

Headman's Assistant (acting Town's Headman)

Ex-Town's Headman

Member of Town's
Assembly

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PETITION

1st February 1947

Nitto Kogyo K. K. we are employed by as workers, has been nominated one of Reparation Plants, by reason of having been making the parts of aeroplanes during the late War.

This company was found in 1939 with the name of Nitto Seiko K.K. at Kawaziri town by earnest assertion of the town's folk, and inaugurated their work to make machine tools as peaceful industry. Later with the progress of war, the company adopted a new name Nitto Kogyo K.K. changing their production into parts of aeroplane in repond to the demand of war, but finally we met the day of defeat in August 1945.

With the defeat the company obliged to stop the operation for a while, and all employees were dismissed. But in February 1946, with the recovery of the peaceful industry of our works, we, most of former workers have been reemployed and now with ardent enthusiasm more than before are all making their best, day and night, for reconstruction of peaceful industry of Japan. Now a days about 130 fellow workers with one heart in persuit of a common object have been engaged busily, overcoming poverty and destitution for building up again the foundation of Nitto Kogyo for its holy achievement of peaceful industry, and thus one year has elapsed since.

Meanwhile our endeavour bore its fruits. In spite of many other reparation plants are still remained in the condition of hemiplegia doing nothing, our factory alone succeeded in producing and repairing of weaving machines which might be called the fore-runner of our peaceful industry, and now, in consequence, we have found a bright prospect before us.

The productivity for repair of weaving machines, for manufacture of rollers and spindles of spinning machines, lockers for brief, farm-implements, and kitchen-fittings is not so great in its percentage throughout the country, but we are very much delightful to find it playing an important part for the resurrection of peace, and feel satisfaction to get on as peace loving Japanese.

But it is very much regretable to hear that the great part of machines of this factory which are basis of our soul, will be taken away as recompence.

With much difficulty we regained ourselves out of chaotic confusion after the war, and now having engged in peaceful work with the heart of happiness and among democratic atomosphere, when the stern realities of life occurred to sting our hearts is the fact that "Being taken away our machines for reparation".

There are now about 300 machines in order at our factory waiting the day to be taken away. With a parts of these machines, we are making out our best to raise as much production as possible for the maintenance of livelihood of our workers.

So in case should the all machines be taken away from us, the result would be forfeiture of our life right and fatal hunger to us. Japanese Government is said to have declared that the unemployed from reparation plants should be assigned preferentially to other works, but it would be no more than a castle in the air after all.

In reality the cities of Hiroshima and Kure were entirely destroyed by air-raid, the whole activity of Japanese industry has nearly gone to the wall.

Where shall we be able to find our working places in peace and happiness?

By nature men yearn after the town and village where they were born and brought up. It is worth living to stay and work at the factory of their own native place making a good use of their faculty.

Our dear parents, brothers and sisters, and families are all desirous from the bottom of their souls to stay here, and keep the jobs now we hold owing to the hard conditions of our dwellings, food, and other living circumstances at present.

We now employed all want to stay at Nitto Kogyo at any cost. Our hearts are filled with the desire to hold the present positions at our factory.

It is our firm confidence that to keep our present position and continue our jobs supporting Nitto Kogyo K.K. would be a great contribution to the rehabilitation of industry of surrendered Japan as well as a way to revive as a peace loving country.

To honourable officers in charge !

We have not any reasonable ground nor authority against reparation, but we only ask your kind and sympathetic consideration for our present hard conditions in the name of Nitto Employees' Union.

We ask your kind attention to be paid that if 20% of reparation machines allowed to be left, it would save us 130 workers from disemployment, and 500 families from the mouth of wolf, and another 13% of machines more would promise us the perfect revival of the Company, and our prosperity and happiness in future.

We are always grateful to SCAP for his guidance for us, if your honours' intention not to destroy our industry but to feat it, please lend your ears to our sincere cry, and, let us have a way to get on in the world as a member of peaceful countries.

Now we, seven hundred persons including our families stand upon the brim of life on death, and ask you for your beneficent consideration to our cry "Allow 33% of machines to be left".

With a magnanimous sympathy of yours toward us, if thirty three percent of machines were granted to be kept we and our families will never forget you for your kind treatment, and we hereby both solemnly that we will get up with full strength, do our utmost for development of our peaceful industry cooperating with capitalists and managers.

We hereby with signature of representatives of all employees
ask you for your generous consideration toward us.
Signature of Nitto Kogyo K.K. Labour Union Representatives.

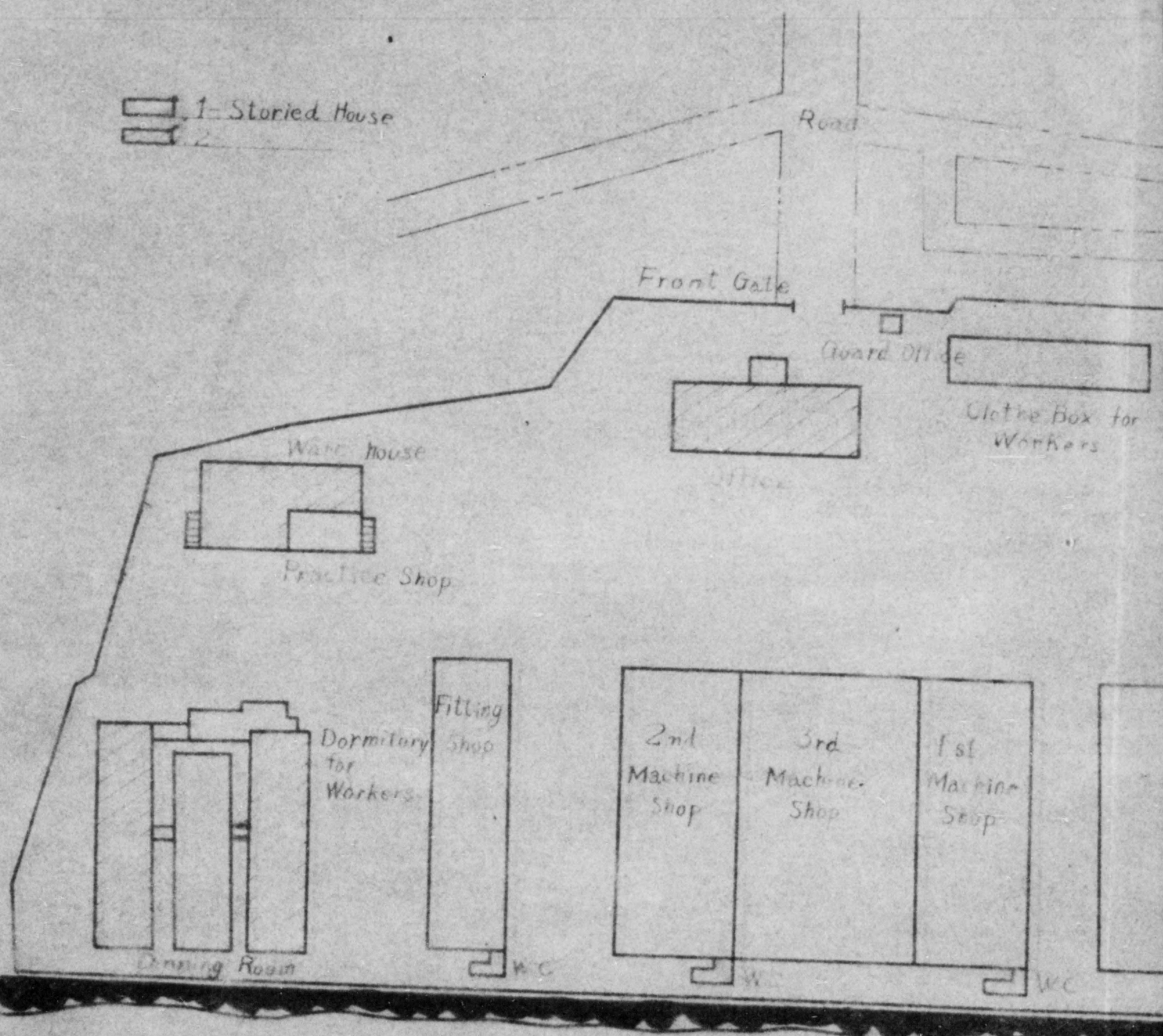
Chief Committee _____

Sub-Committee _____

Committee Man _____

The Total Review of I

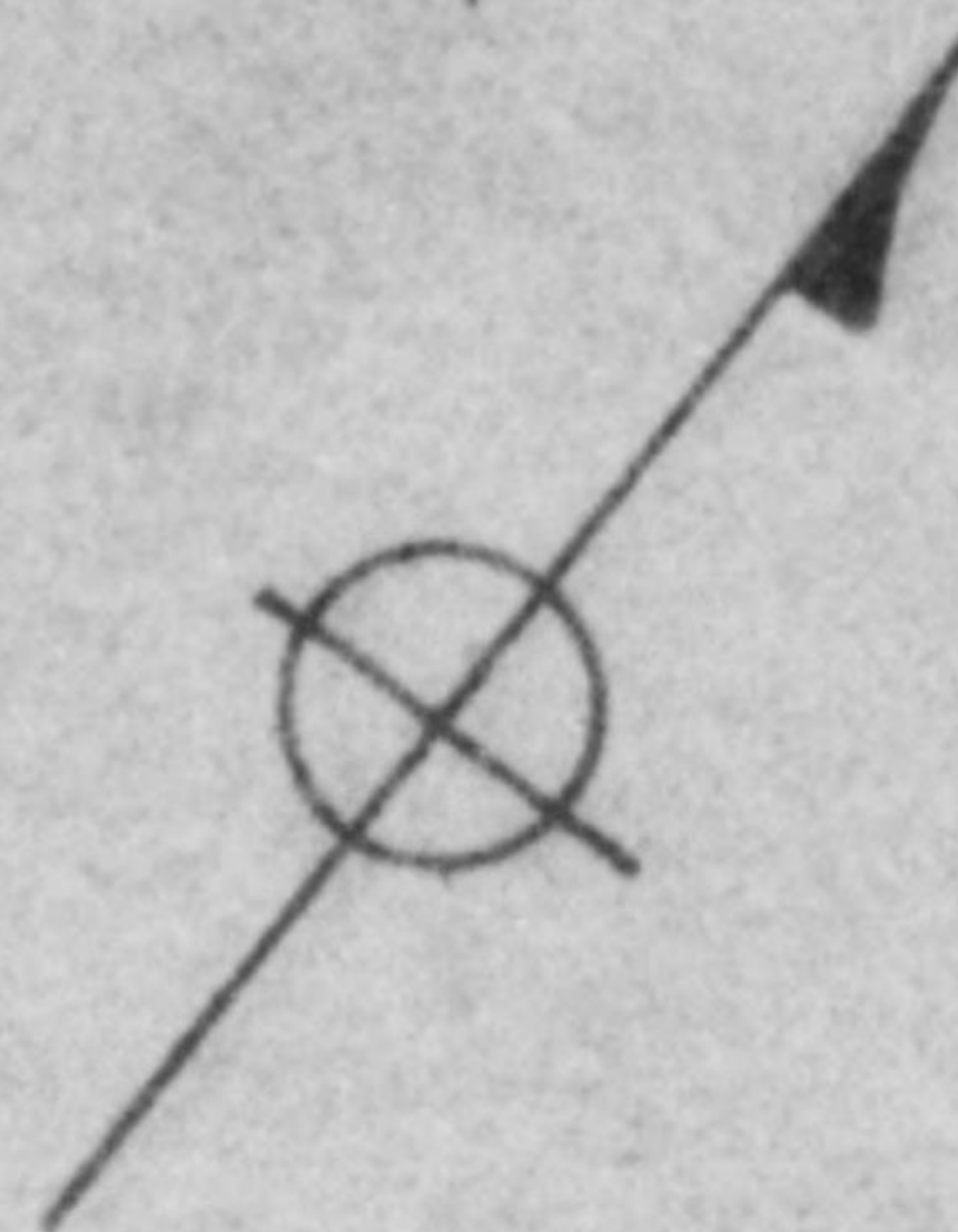
1-Storey House
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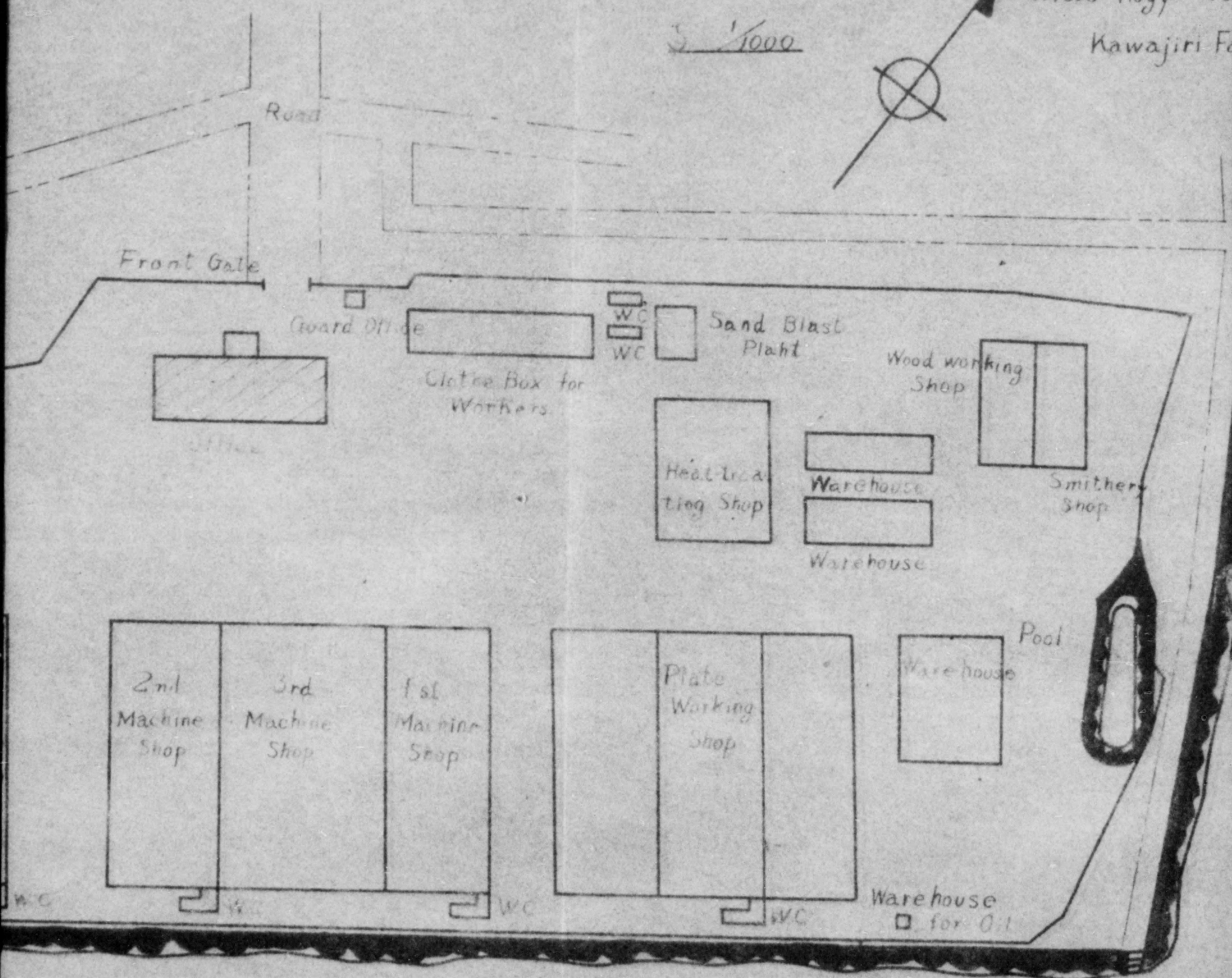
See side

The Total Review of The Factory

S 1/1000



Nitto Kogyo Co
Kawajiri Fa

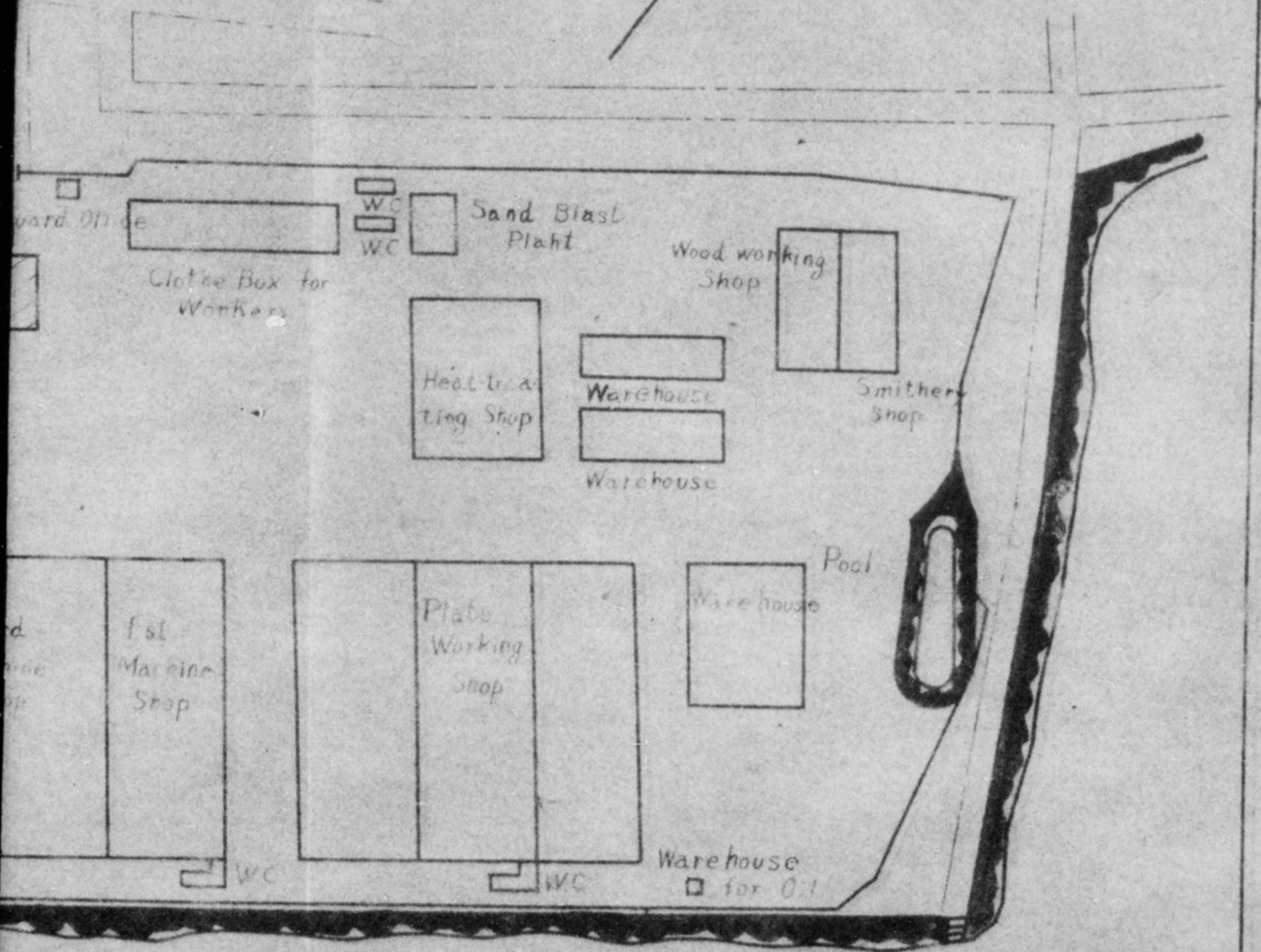
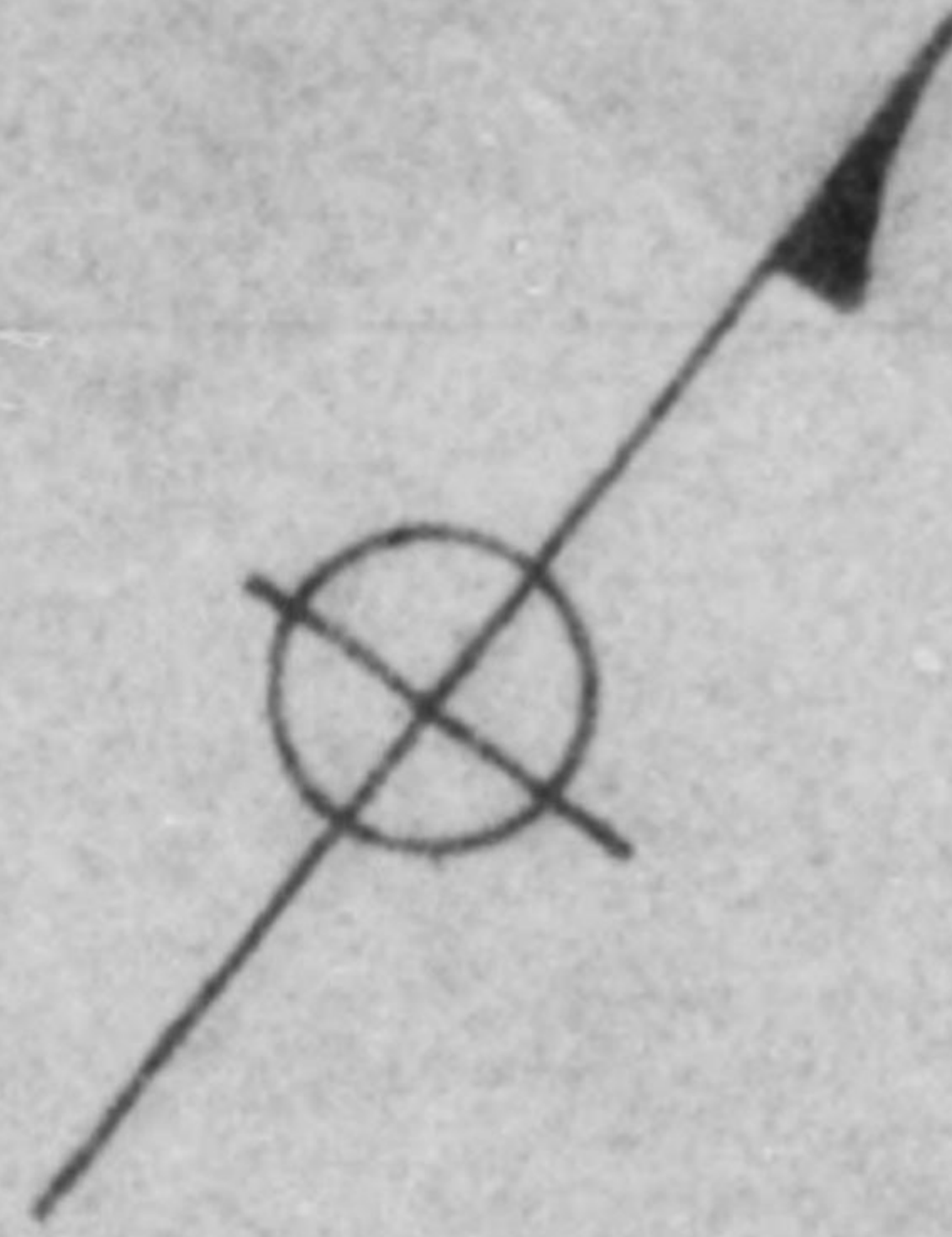


sea side

General Review of The Factory

Scale 1/1000

Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.
Kawajiri Factory



scale

HIROSHIMA PREFECTURAL OFFICE
Hiroshima City

20 Jan. 1947

SUBJECT: Report of the Reparation Goods Stolen.

TO : Commanding Officer, Hiroshima Military Government Team.
Director of Reparation Enforcement Bureau, Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

The report is hereby made that seven (7) electric motors attached to the reparation machines of Nitto Kogyo KK's Kawajiri Seisakusho, reparation plant, located at Kawajiri-machi, Kamo-gun, Hiroshima-ken were stolen between the end of last year and middle of January 1947.

The above fact was reported by HONDA, Isao, custodian of the above plant, on 20 Jan. 1947, and particulars of the stolen goods are as follows:

Register No.	Name of Machine	(Accessories of machine) Stolen Goods
LL-3-27	Drilling machine	1/2 HP electric motor 1
11-3-29	Turning mill	1 HP electric motor 1
11-3-152	Cylindrical grinding machine	ditto
11-3-102	Special milling machine	2 HP electric motor 1
11-3-103	Lathe	3 HP electric motor 1
11-3-171	Table drilling machine	1/3 HP electric motor 1
11-3-172	Special milling machine	1/2 HP electric motor 1

Copy to: Director of Chugoku Central Liaison Office.

TSUNEI KUSUNOSE
Governor

For Toyonori Ishibashi

Nitto Kogyo

Sec. VII

HEADQUARTERS
SEVENTY-SIXTH MILITARY GOVERNMENT
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS COMPANY
APO 317 (Kure, Honshu)

WLH/ln

17 June 1946


AG 004.04 (MG)
16 Nov 45

SUBJECT: Permit for Industrial Facilities

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
(Attn: Military Government Section)

1. In accordance with Par 4, letter Headquarters Eighth Army, file AG 004.04 (MG) Subject, Disposition of War Production Plant Equipment dated 16 Nov 45 enclosed are four (4) copies of permit issued by this Headquarters, together with four (4) copies of the application.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:


JOHN E. HOLLAND
Capt, CMP
Adjutant

2 Incl:

1. Application of Nitto Kogyo Co. Ltd.
2. Permit for Reconversion

Sec. VII

HEADQUARTERS
SEVENTY-SIXTH MILITARY GOVERNMENT
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS COMPANY
APO 24 (Kure, Honshu)

File: _____

12 June 1946

SUBJECT:

TO : NITTO KOGYO CO, LTD.
(Name and Address of Firm)
1659 Mori Kawaziri-mati, Kamo-gun, Hiroshima

1. a. In accord with paragraph 3, b, Directive Number Three (3) from the Supreme Commander to the Japanese Imperial Government, dated 22 September 1945, the _____
(Name of Firm)

Nitto Kogyo Co, Ltd.

is permitted to immediately start production of Repair of
marine engines, parts of locomotives, cars, tools of machines, (Name of Items) farming tools

b. Maximum ^{monthly} production currently authorized is marine engines,
¥50,500; locomotive and car parts-¥200,000; machine tools-¥5,000; farming tools-
¥10,000.

2. The acquisition of material, parts and sub-assemblies as well as the disposition of finished products, and the establishment of sales prices will be in accord with the regulations of the Imperial Japanese Government.

3. Until otherwise directed by this headquarters, a monthly report in English of each item, by name, type and quantity produced by each factory, sub-contractor subsidiary within this factory's control will be delivered to this office by the fifteenth (15) day of the following month.

4. It is understood that this permit for reconversion is issued subject to any and all directives affecting reconversion, ultimate disposition or otherwise, which have been issued or may hereafter be issued by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers or by this Headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Info Copy to:

SCAP (Attn: ESS) (1)
SCAP (Attn: G-2) (1)
CG Eighth Army (Attn: Mil Govt) (1)
CG I Corps (Attn: Mil Govt) (1)
Liaison Office (1)
Governor of Prefecture concerned(1)

JOHN E. HOLLAND
Captain, CMP
Adjutant

Incl. #2