

Knight's Landing News.

VOL. IX.

KNIGHT'S LANDING, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1863.

NO. 4.

THE Knight's Landing News.

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

Terms--In Advance.

One year, \$5 00
Six months, 3 00
Three months, 2 00
Single copies, 12 1/2

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One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, \$2 00—each subsequent insertion, \$1 00. Business cards of ten lines or less, one year, \$20; three months, \$8.
A liberal discount will be made on the above rates for all yearly or quarterly advertisements which exceed one square.

Job Printing.

Having a complete assortment of the best Job Printing material, we are prepared to do work of all kinds in our line, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Ball Tickets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Law Blanks, Cards, etc., in the best style of the art, at the most reasonable prices, FOR CASH.

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A. P. McCARTY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office—Opposite Baker's Hotel.

Woodland, Yolo county, California,
jan24-3m

I. W. JACOBS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.
aug23-1f

H. G. BURNETT,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

WILL FAITHFULLY ATTEND to all business entrusted to his professional care. (jy11-1f)

C. P. SPRAGUE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

will practice in the several courts of Yolo county and in the Supreme court.

Office at WOODLAND, Yolo Co., Cal.
(jy11-1f)

JOHN B. HARMON, HENRY H. HARTLEY.

HARMON & HARTLEY,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

OFFICES—MUNSON'S BUILDING,

39 J street, Sacramento.

Will practice in the Supreme Court, and District Courts of Sacramento, Yolo, Solano, Sutter and Colusa. fl5-1f

FRED. MORSE, M. D.,

AND SURGEON,

Union Hotel Building, Knight's Land-

ing, Yolo County.

IF ELEVEN years of successful practice of my profession entitles me to the confidence of the afflicted, I shall expect to secure the same.

nov15-1y FRED. MORSE, M. D.

J. L. DOWNING, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

Woodland, Yolo County, California.

feb7-1f

JOHN M. MILLIKIN, T. J. MILLIKIN.

MILLIKIN BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IM-

porters and dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors, etc.

No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th,
n30-1f SACRAMENTO.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Amos Matthews, County Surveyor,

OFFICE—BELOW WARING'S HOTEL,

WASHINGTON.

Will promptly attend to all orders in the line of his profession. AMOS MATHEWS.

Swamp Land Affidavits may be made before Charles F. Reed, who will forward them to me. Mr. Reed has the necessary Blanks.

may17-1f

ALHAMBRA SALOON,

Next door to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office,

2nd street Sacramento.

C. S. HEALY, Proprietor.

HAS always on hand the best Liquors, Wines, &c., that can be procured.

LUNCH every day of the choicest the market affords. mar21-1f

CASH PAID FOR

WHEAT, CORN, &c.

By S. W. RAVELEY,

Knight's Landing.

Books and Stationery.

Of all kinds for sale at

Raveley's

Interesting to those who pay Stamp Duties.

The following letter and decision explain themselves. They are of interest to a large class of citizens:

Office United States Internal Revenue, }
San Francisco, November 1, 1863.

The attention of grocers, importers, or persons engaged in the manufacture of foreign and domestic articles, such as inks, blacking, cements, sauces, flavoring, extracts, culinary preparations, or compositions of any nature whatever, which purport to have been prepared under any private formula or occult secret or art, or in the making of which the maker claims any exclusive right or title, or which are prepared under any letters patent, are fully subject to the Stamp Duty, and stamps must be affixed to each package, box, pot or phial. The penalty for selling or removing any articles, as denoted, without first affixing the proper stamps, will be rigidly enforced.

I also call the attention of all apothecaries, druggists, importers, and persons engaged in the manufacture or sale of patent or proprietary medicines, perfumeries, cosmetics, hair dye, hair restorative, tooth wash, dentrifice, tooth paste, syrups, cordials, bitters, or any similar articles, by whatsoever name they are called or known, distinguished, used or applied, whether of "foreign or domestic manufacture," to Schedule C of Excise Law. Also, to said law, section 27, of amendment.

Importers of foreign perfumeries and patent or proprietary articles, will observe that the law is unequivocal in relation to imported articles. They must be stamped. GALEN T. FAY, Assessor.

Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, Oct. 1863.

Decision Concerning Stamp Duties on Proprietary Articles.

The stamp duties imposed in the first paragraph of Schedule C, in the act of July 1, 1862, having been deemed by many persons to apply only to proprietary medicines, it becomes necessary to call the attention of manufacturers and dealers to the true interpretation of said schedule.

In section 99, the subjects of the duty imposed in said schedule are spoken of as "proprietary articles;" in section 107 they are described by the words "drugs, medicines, preparations, compositions, articles, or things;" in the proviso to section 109 they are described as "medicines, preparations and compositions;" in section 110 they are spoken of as "articles or commodities." In the first paragraph under Schedule C the articles or commodities made subject to stamp duty are distributed into four classes, as follows:

1st. Any preparation or composition whatsoever wherein the person making or preparing the same has, or claims to have, any private formula or occult secret or art for the making or preparing the same.

2d. Any preparation or composition whatsoever wherein the person making or preparing the same has, or claims to have any exclusive right or title to the making or preparing the same.

3d. Any preparation or composition whatsoever which is prepared, uttered, vended, or exposed for sale under any letters patent.

4th. Any preparation or composition whatsoever which is held out or recommended to the public by the makers venders or proprietors thereof, as a proprietary medicine, or as a remedy or specific for any disease, diseases, or affections whatever affecting the human or animal body.

The descriptions contained in these four clauses embrace four distinct classes of commodities, and the first three are by no means to be treated as a mere limitation upon the fourth. The fourth class is limited and qualified by the proviso in section 107, which must be construed as heretofore explained in Decision No. 114. The mere fact of the publication of a formula in one of the text books or journals specified in that section will not exempt a preparation, compounded according to such formula, from stamp duty, when the fact of such publication is ignored, and the claim to a private formula or occult secret or art is distinctly set forth upon the labels and wrappers accompanying the preparation as is usually the case with such preparations as Godfrey's Cordial, Betton's British Oil, Turlington's Balsam of Life, Lee's Billious Pills, &c.

All articles belonging to either of the first three classes, such as inks, blackings, cements, sauces, flavoring extracts, polishes, culinary preparations, or compositions of any nature whatever which purport to have been prepared under any private formula or occult secret or art, or in the making of which the maker claims any exclusive right or title, or which are prepared under any letters patent, are as

fully subject to the stamp duty as those in the fourth class.

From and after October 1, 1863, none of the articles named in schedule C, including perfumery, cosmetics, and playing cards, as well as articles in the above described classes, whether they are of foreign or domestic manufacture, can be lawfully offered for sale without having the requisite stamp affixed. By the 27th section of the Act of March 3, 1863, any person who shall offer for sale any of the articles named, without the same being duly stamped, whether he is the manufacturer or a dealer, is subject to all the duties, liabilities, and penalties imposed by the Act of July 1, 1862, for sale.

All persons, whether dealers or manufacturers, are required to affix and duly cancel the stamps at once upon all such articles as are offered for sale by them. Unstamped articles in the hands of persons other than the manufacturers, which are merely stored in the original packages, and not offered for sale, will not be liable to confiscation, but all goods which are found exposed for sale upon their shelves or counters, or which have been removed from the original package, are subject to forfeiture under the provisions of section 109, unless the requisite stamps are affixed and cancelled.

It is not proposed by this office to require that the penalties of the law shall be enforced on account of the sale of unstamped articles in the original package prior to the 1st day of February, 1864, where such sales are made to dealers who purchase to sell again; provided that in all such cases the purchaser shall be furnished with the requisite amount of stamps, which must then be affixed and cancelled as soon as the package is opened. The penalties of the law will be strictly enforced for any sales of unstamped articles, whether the same are of foreign or domestic manufacture, when such sales are made on or after the 1st day of February, 1864.

Every person who offers any such articles for sale, will be required by the Assessor of his district to take and subscribe, monthly, the oath No. 34, which, together with the affidavits of manufacturers of proprietary articles, should be filed in the office of the collector, instead of being transmitted to this office as heretofore.

If the manufacturer of proprietary articles, or the wholesale dealer of the same, acting in good faith, and upon such information as he can obtain, affixes a stamp answering to the retail price in the market where he deals, or in the vicinity thereof, he will be exempt from proceedings for penalty, even though in other parts of the country such articles may be sold at enhanced prices; but if any such articles are subsequently sold at an enhanced price, it will be the duty of the seller to affix the additional stamps required.

When any of the above described articles are sold in bulk, as by the gallon or barrel, they will be subject to excise tax as a manufacture, either specific or *ad valorem*, as the case may be, in lieu of the stamp duty, but if they are subsequently offered for sale in a box, bottle, or similar enclosure, the stamp will require to be affixed. For instance, ink, which is claimed as proprietary, will be subject, when sold in bulk, to three per cent. tax, as a manufacture not otherwise provided for. Glue which is claimed as proprietary, but sold in bulk, in the liquid state, will be subject to the specific tax of 25 cents per gallon, &c.

When any manufacturer of proprietary articles, who has paid to this office a sum of money in lieu of the stamp duties, upon articles manufactured and sold since September 1, 1862, without having the requisite stamps affixed, shall furnish satisfactory proof to this office that he has actually affixed stamps to any of the identical articles upon which the duty has been thus paid heretofore, the amount thus affixed will be refunded in stamps; provided they are thus affixed on or before the 1st day of January, 1864.

STOCK BROKERS PRAYER.—Our father Mammon who art in the Comstock, bully is thy name; let thy dividends come, and stocks go up, in California as in Washoe. Give us this day our daily commissions: forgive us our swindles as we hope to get even on those who have swindled us. "Lead" us not into temptation of promising wild cat; deliver us from lawsuits; for thine is the main Comstock, the black sulphurets and the wire silver, from wall rock to wall rock, you bet!

"MOTHER, where's the man going to sleep?" asked a girl of fifteen of her mother, who had just promised a traveler a night's rest in their hut. "I'll have to put him in with you and Jack and Kate and Sue and Bet, I suppose," was the reply, "and if it's too crowded, one of you must turn in with me and dad and Dick and the twins."

WOMAN form of hanging—Hanging around a dram shop.

ABRUPT BUT SUGGESTIVE.—A showily dressed woman, not bad looking, yesterday entered a handsome store along the promenade. She looked like the wife of a man who had suddenly made money by army contracts. Her "harness" was good, but the wearer, evidently was but lately accustomed to indulge in finery. She entered the "principal depot" of a citizen, who, among other proprietary articles, is the inventor of a celebrated hair tonic.

As she entered, proprietor was behind the counter, a matter rather rare for him, and with his hat on his head. He personally waited on her, asking, with his best smile, "What can I show you, ma'am?"

"Why, your hair tonic."

"Here it is, ma'am"—producing a bottle of the article.

"This is what makes hair grow, does it?"

"Yes ma'am; you'll find a little pamphlet inside the wrapper with many certificates from people who have been bald."

"Humph! What's the price?"

"A dollar a bottle, ma'am—six bottles for five dollars."

"You're certain it'll bring hair in?"

"It never fails unless the hair is destroyed by disease."

"Well I've got a bald spot on the top of my head. I'd give five hundred dollars to have it covered again."

Proprietor said he had no doubt the tonic would accomplish the result, and the lady ordered the half dozen to be sent to her house. Proprietor took the address. As the lady was about to leave the store, proprietor removed his hat, showing a head whose crown was innocent of covering.

"Well I declare!" exclaimed the lady, transfixed, looking at him in blank surprise.

"What is it madam?"

"Why I swear if you ain't bald yourself."

Proprietor was about to rejoin, but the lady continued:

"I don't want that hair grease o' yours now. I jest believe you're a lyin'."

Proprietor attempted to explain, but the lady would not listen. She couldn't be made to believe that a man could make "hair grease" to restore other people's hair, when bald himself. She left, advising him to grow a crop of hair on his own head before undertaking to furnish a recipe to cover the heads of other folks.

The moral is, when bald people sell hair tonic, they should keep their hats on.

THE RESULT OF STREET EDUCATION.—Keep your children off the street.

By that we mean, do not let them make acquaintances on the sidewalks. If they frequent the public schools, you must establish a sort of verbal quarantine at your own door, and examine the youthful tongue once a day, to see if it has not a secretion of slang upon it.

Mrs. Careful's little son Manfred came running into the paternal mansion the other day shouting to the cook:

"Now then, old girl, slap up the dinner."

"Why, Manfred," began the astonished mother. "Where did you learn such language? Who have you been playing with?"

"Me?" said young hopeful. "I generally play with Dick Turner, cause he's a bully boy with a glass eye. That's so."

The fond mother was about to express some astonishment at the optical misfortune of Dick, when the son continued:

"Ma, I'm going to buy a plug! Jem Smith wears one, and I'm as big as he."

"A plug!" gasped the mother.

"Yes, air-ee, a plug. I've got the spondulix salted down in my box, sure; it's bound to come."

The mother at this juncture ordered the youngster up stairs, and sent for a man-servant to interpret the slang.

AN officer who was inspecting his company one morning, spied one private whose shirt was sadly begrimed. "Patrick O'Flynn," called the captain.

"Here, yer honor," promptly responded Patrick, with his hand to his cap. "How long do you wear a shirt?"

"Twenty-eight inches," was the rejoinder.

The following remarks in regard to new varieties of grapes, tested and decided upon by a committee, shows the impropriety of giving names of persons to kinds of fruit:—"It appeared to the committee that Lydia was rather acid, that Mary was pretty good, with a thick skin, and that Ellen was rather sub acid, with a Catawba flavor."

A gentleman having been asked, on his return from a party, if he had seen anything of Miss A., replied that he had seen "a good deal of her." The lady was in the habit of wearing low-necked dresses.

OUR PIPE.—We have been advised to break our pipe—our joy-imparting, soul-inspiring briar wood pipe—the sharer of a hundred dangers—which in fact we have come to regard almost as the heathen does his fetish, essential to our preservation. "Sir," said we to the would-be pipe-cleaver (that's our word), "this little instrument behind which we take shelter when trouble draws near, and which you would wantonly destroy, has 'cleared out' blues enough to make a score of suicides; and we have grown to think of it as a tried and infallible friend. And not only has this particular specimen, but all pipes have our regard. The pipe is classical. Shakespeare smoked; Milton always took a whiff or two before he went to bed; Byron fumigated extensively, and the azure curls went upwards while he committed to paper the elegant beauties of Childe Harold's Pilgrimage and the sparkling wit of Don Juan. Where's your poetry? The sailor smokes when he goes below after four hours' perilsous labor in a storm at sea. The soldier smokes to calm himself on the eve of battle, and to moderate his joy at the close of a victorious fight. Where's your humanity? Why, sir, we smoke and our grandmothers smoked, and from the dhudeen of the Irishman to the calumet of the Indian, we reverence the pipe; and if ever you presume to—" At this juncture, our auditor made a sneaking and precipitate retreat.—Virginia City Enterprise.

KICKING A BRIDE OUT OF BED.

Recently a fun loving bridesmaid played a very unhandsome joke upon a newly wedded pair. She put them upon a clock bedstead, having wound it up and set it for four o'clock. The alarm of the young couple may be imagined, but not described, when, in the midst of the lady's first sleep, she was awakened by the horrible din of the alarm, with her husband's cry of "what the d— is that?" and before she was thoroughly awake she was violently tossed on the floor. Jumping up, she ran to her friend's room, crying—"I'll never speak to Charles again! He's a perfect monster!"

"Good gracious!" cried her friend Lizzy, in affected astonishment. "What is the matter dear, do tell me!"

"He—he—he," sobbed the weeping bride, and stopped. "He—he—he—oh, how can I tell?" sobbed the bride.

"Come, come, out with it. It shall be a secret. Do tell me," implored her friend.

"How can I—how can I? But he—"

"He what?" asked Lizzy; "kissed you?"

"No, no!" sobbed the bride; he kicked me out of bed!"

The matter was soon explained, and no divorce has yet been applied for.

UNACCEPTABLE GRATITUDE.—Lieut. J.—

late of the Sixteenth Regiment, was a few days ago walking down Maine street, when he was accosted by a fellow, half soldier, half beggar, with a most reverential military salute:

"God bless your honor," said the soldier, whose accents betrayed him to be Irish, "and long life to you, old fellow."

"How do you know me?" said the Lieutenant.

"Is it how I know your honor?" replied Pat; good right, sure, I have to know the man who saved my life in battle."

The Lieutenant highly gratified at this tribute to his valor, slid a fifty cent bill into his hand and asked when it was.

"God bless your honor, and long life to you," said the grateful veteran, "sure it was at Antietam, when, seeing your honor run as fast as your legs could carry you, I followed your lead, and ran after you out of the way; whereby, under God, I saved my life. Oh good luck to your honor, I never will forget it in you."

"DEAR BROTHER—I have got one of the handsomest farms in the State, and have it nearly paid for. Crops are good, and prices never were better. We have had a most glorious revival of religion in our church, and both of our children (the Lord be praised!) are converted. Father got to be rather an incumbrance, and last week I sent him to the poor house."

"John, how did you lose your finger?"

"Easy enough," said John. "I suppose you did, but how?" "I guess you'd have lost yours if it had been where mine was."

"That don't answer my question." "Well if you must know," said John, "I had to cut it off or else steal the trap."

WHEN Charleston is captured the Louisville Democrat thinks the harbor will hadly contain the nation's "catawba ports."

A punctual man can always find leisure; a negligent one never.

"I'm bound to disturb your repose," as the storm said to the sea.

DEFINITION.—A spare rib: a thin wife.

Declaration of Homestead.
Persons wishing to procure a correct legal form for making out a Declaration of Homestead, as required by the Act of the last Legislature, with the acknowledgment attached thereto, will find printed blanks, on application to the Knight's Landing News Office. By filling out these blanks themselves, parties will be subject to no other expense than the fees for acknowledgment and record.

Justices Blanks.
Blank Affidavits, Undertakings, Writ of Attachment and subpoenas, under the new Law, for sale at this Office.

We are under obligations to Stratman & Co. for full files of Atlantic papers and periodicals.

In another column see advertisement of F. H. Hammer, Sacramento. Also those of Hostetter, Smith & Dean, San Francisco.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that C. R. Street, editor of the Marysville Express, in traveling from this place to Colusa, on Sunday last, sprained his ankle badly from jumping out of a runaway team.

SMUGGLING.—On Monday last the Surveyor of the port of San Francisco seized the steamship Pacific for smuggling opium. The steamer was detained until a very late hour, when the owners gave bonds for her in \$250,000, with good sureties.

RACE.—On Saturday next a race will be run on the Knight's Landing Race Course for \$1,000,—distance 300 yards between the Cache Creek horse "White Nose" and the Sacramento horse "Red Miller."

\$2,000 REWARD.—Wells, Fargo & Co. offer \$2,000 for the arrest and conviction of the robbers and recovery of the money, \$2,085, which was robbed from the express safe on the stage near Fiddletown on Tuesday last.

ELEVEN square rigged vessels arrived at San Francisco on Friday, coming from Liverpool, Hamburg, New York, West Indies, China, New South Wales, Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso, Mexico, Fox Islands, Ochotsk Sea, etc., bringing sugar, coffee, tea, oil, wine, nuts and coal, besides full cargoes of assorted merchandise.

MARYSVILLE APPEAL.—On Tuesday last we read the Valedictory of B. P. Avery of the Marysville Appeal. He was its founder and has endeavored to make it one amongst the best papers of the State. Wherever he goes we wish him success. It will hereafter be conducted by A. S. Smith, who is well experienced in the business.

There has been no battle recently in either Virginia or Tennessee. The Union of yesterday says: The latest report from the line of the Tennessee is to the effect that Bragg has undertaken the hazardous experiment of pushing a heavy column toward Knoxville to attack Burnside. The flank and rear of this force are exposed to the assault of Thomas' grand division at Chattanooga, and Grant is just the General to seize the opportunity so recklessly presented by the enemy. Burnside is believed to be strong enough in his fortified position to repulse any assault. The latter General has again tendered his resignation, which the President has declined to accept. The explanation of this reluctant continuance in the service is not given. General Foster has been named as the probable successor of Burnside.

While firing a salute in honor of Gov. of Gesqueira, who recently paid the Oregon a visit in Guaymas, two quartermasters of that vessel were killed through their own carelessness.

In Sacramento, on Friday, Simon Lopes, recently convicted of manslaughter in killing Ecedro Vasques, was sentenced by Judge McKune to seven years imprisonment in the State Prison.

The assessed value of property in Washoe county, Nevada Territory, was last year \$1,140,000; this year it is \$2,527,500.

It is estimated that in the course of another year there will be taxable property to the amount of \$80,000,000, in Washoe.

The gale Saturday night did great damage to the shipping and blew down some houses.

The Russian ball will cost \$8,000. All the money is subscribed and paid in, and invitations are being issued.

Board of Supervisors.

Monday the 16th instant the Board of Supervisors of Yolo county met at Woodland pursuant to adjournment. Present full Board, consisting of Morris, Bell and Scott.

Contract for building bridge and grading road from Sac and Yolo bridge 5,000 yards west was let to Baker and Hubbard. Bridge to cost \$3,450, grading to be done for 31 cents per cubic yard. The whole to be completed in sixty days from date of contract. The work to be superintended by Amos Mathews.

November 17th.—Contract for building bridge in Cannon township awarded to J. W. Tilly for the sum of \$700 00. Bridge 54 feet long and to be completed in three months from date of letting the contract. A. P. and D. Q. McCarty, contractors for building the Cache Creek Cannon road presented the certificate of the Road Master of Cannon district that said road had been completed in accordance with contract, and on motion the balance due on said contract was ordered paid. The contract for taking care and charge of the county Hospital and indigent sick was awarded to Dr. A. Sprague, at the rate of \$14 00 per week for each patient.

November 18th.—Bid of Baker and Hubbard for building bridge across Willow Slough near Doct. Merritt's is on motion rejected on the ground that the terms offered (\$1,250) are too high. And further ordered that the advertisement for building said bridge be continued in the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS until the second Monday in December.

SHOT HIS MOTHER.—We were told yesterday, says the Missouri Republican of the 6th October, of a melancholy mishap in Sedalia Sunday night. Captain Tyrrell, of the M. S. M., stationed at Sedalia, was in the habit of walking in his sleep. Sunday night, his mother, hearing him, as she thought, wandering about in the house, got up to look after him, when the Captain, in the confusion of being suddenly awakened, thought he was about to be assailed by robbers, and, having his pistol in his hand, fired, the ball taking effect on the person of his mother, producing death in a short time. Capt. T.'s grief, in view of his dreadful mistake, may be imagined. We obtained these facts from an employee on the Pacific Railroad who was in Sedalia on Monday.

The Virginia and Summit Lake Water Company has been incorporated. Its object is to take the water of Summit Lake, El Dorado county, and run it into Virginia City, Gold Hill, Silver City and other places in Nevada Territory, for mining, milling, agricultural and domestic purposes. The Capital stock is \$2,000,000, in four thousand shares of \$500 each. Trustees—Charles W. Langdon, Joshua Phelps, Homer Horton, William Muldron and George M. Swan.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS.—It is estimated that there are now in the United States 4,136,000 naturalized citizens, 1,611,000 of whom are Irish, 1,198,000 Germans, 430,000 English, 109,000 French, 105,000 Scotch, 53,000 Swiss, and lesser numbers from other countries. The Irish lead, and the Germans follow, while these two nationalities far exceed half of the whole.

THE NEGRO EXPULSION CASE.—The suit of Charlotte Brown, a colored woman, against the Omnibus Railway Company, to recover \$200 damages, for being expelled from the cars on account of her color, was brought to a close on Friday last at San Francisco, the jury returning a verdict in favor of plaintiff for six cents.

THE SUTTER GRANT.—This case has again been appealed to the Supreme Court, this time on objection to its location. Amos Pratt, late of Sacramento, is the inventor. The United States District Court made the order granting the appeal on Tuesday.

Messrs. Broadwood & Sons, who, in the 46 years from 1780 to 1826, manufactured 48,348 pianos, during the subsequent thirty five years to 1861, sent forth the astonishing number of 75,000 new instruments. In London alone 23,000 pianos are manufactured annually.

The iron-clad Monitor that sunk in the Aquilla at Halloway's wharf on Monday night last at San Francisco may possibly be saved, but the chances depend entirely on the weather. They are stripping the Aquilla of her spars.

On Sunday last, in San Francisco, the following persons took the veil: Misses Annie Griffin, (in religion Sister Mary Paul), and Bernard, (in religion Sister Mary Capen).

A CORRESPONDENT of the California (Marysville) Express a few days ago discussing the subject of the great network of railroads now being constructed in California and the importance to Marysville that she reap her legitimate share of the fruits of those great enterprises, closes the article with the following paragraph:

"In determining this question Marysville must estimate her ability to secure the construction of the Vallejo and Marysville road within a reasonable period of time. With estimates of the cost of that work the public are familiar, and if built it might make Marysville master of the situation and give to her command of trade and travel in any event. Without it she will soon find herself in a position to command nothing; and while she is halting between two opinions as to the true policy, the golden apple will be snatched from her grasp by more enterprising people."

The writer certainly takes a correct view of what is the true interests of Marysville. Without direct rail road communication with tide water that city will derive little or no material benefit from rail road communication with the interior of the State or with Nevada Territory and Oregon. It has always been a mystery to us why Marysville was not a unit in regard to the Marysville and Vallejo road. Why the merchants and capitalists of that place did not take such interest in it as to secure its speedy construction; had they been alive to their true interests years ago this road would have been completed—Marysville would now be in direct communication with Vallejo, and the interior roads would of necessity connect with it at Marysville, because it is the most direct route to San Francisco from Oregon, Northern California or Nevada Territory.

Let Marysville first connect herself with tide water by rail road, and she could not drive the other road from her if she wished to.

SUIT.—Garrison commences suit for seven-eighths of the Mariposa estate. He has purchased the Brumagim title. On the 11th instant he commenced an ejectment suit in the United States Circuit Court against F. Law Olmstead and R. S. Miller, the representatives of the New York Ketchum Company, whose stock has recently been selling in that city at the rate of eight millions for the whole property. This suit, we presume, will settle the title one way or another, and should Garrison gain his claim he will be several millions richer. The complaint reads as follows:

In the Circuit Court of the United States of America, for the Northern District of California, in the Tenth Circuit—Cornelius K. Garrison, plaintiff, vs. Frederick L. Olmstead and Robert S. Miller, defendants.—Cornelius K. Garrison, who is a resident and citizen of the State of New York, complains against Frederick L. Olmstead and Robert S. Miller, defendants, and who are residents and citizens of the State of California; and the said plaintiff further says that heretofore, to wit: on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1863, and before the commencement of this suit, he was lawfully seized, and still is lawfully seized in fee and entitled to the possession of the following described real estate to wit: that certain tract or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the county of Mariposa, and State of California, containing ten square leagues of land, and known by the name of "Las Mariposas," and being so seized thereof, the defendants afterwards, to wit: on the 27th day of October, and year aforesaid, entered into the said premises and wrongfully and unlawfully took possession thereof; and that the said plaintiff has suffered by reason of said unlawful withholding, damage in the sum of \$250,000.

Wherefore the said plaintiff demands judgment against the said defendants for the possession of said premises, and for every part and parcel thereof, and of the sum of \$250,000 damages for the unlawful withholding of the same, and such other and further relief as to this Court may seem meet.

THE ROTHSCHILDS.—Baron Gustavus Rothschild, of Naples, has retired from business with a fortune, it is said, of £6,000,000 sterling (\$30,000,000). There are now in Europe but four houses of Rothschilds, in London, Paris, Vienna and Frankfurt. The aggregate wealth of the four remaining houses is estimated to be at least \$150,000,000. With this capital the Rothschilds influence the destinies of nations by maintaining or destroying their financial credit. And yet a hundred years ago this great European power had no existence! Its founder was then a poor rag-picker in Hanover.

SENTENCED TO BE HUNG.—Samuel Carkhuff, who was recently convicted at Auburn of murder in having killed his uncle, S. D. Carkhuff, in Sutter township, Sacramento county, nearly a year ago, was on Friday the 18th sentenced by Judge Myers of Placer county to be hung on the 18th of December.

How the State may pay her floating debt without taxation.

We copy the article below from the San Francisco Evening Journal, which we think throws out some valuable suggestions in regard to the disposition which ought to be made of certain landed property in and about the city of San Francisco belonging to the State. We know nothing of the validity of the State's title to those lands, or whether any adverse claims can be set up, but if the State has a property right in the lands it is of great importance both to the State and to the city of San Francisco that steps be taken at an early day to make such dispositions of this property as will give the State treasury the benefit of the proceeds of this land and private enterprise an opportunity to improve and enhance their value.

If, as is alleged, the floating debt of the State can be absorbed by disposing of this property, the suggestions of the Evening Journal are timely and appropriate and ought to commend themselves with much force to the tax-payers of the State.

The Journal says:—

"The statement of the Sacramento Union, a few days since, that the floating debt of the State amounts to something like a half million dollars, has not, we believe, been contradicted, and we therefore take it to be true. If this is so, it will soon become necessary to fund the debt, or devise some means by which it can be paid off. If no other remedy exists, taxation must be increased. Burdened as the people now unavoidably are, by Federal, State and County taxes, any measure which shall attain the object without augmenting the present heavy load, is of vast importance to the prosperity of the community. We have already made some suggestions the adoption of which would greatly add to the revenue. These hints were thrown out in part with a view to induce others to make such additions, corrections and amendments as they might think proper, but as yet we have seen only quotations of our remarks.

"If we rightly understand the matter, there is, within the city and county of San Francisco, property justly belonging to the State which, if judiciously managed, would in a very short time produce more than sufficient to cancel the entire floating debt of the State. Around Mission Bay and on Mission Creek, and along the water front of the Potrero, is a considerable tract of State land, which, considering the locality, should be of great value. At a rough estimate, probably some fifteen hundred or two thousand water lots might be surveyed and sold for a fair price. At present, this property is a waste, of no benefit to the State or any one else (unless there should be some squatters in the case), producing no income and paying no taxes.

"In addition to the amount derived from the proceeds of sales, a large amount would be added to the taxable property of the city and county, which would inure to the benefit of both State and city. In the hands of individuals, with an undisturbed title, valuable improvements would soon be made upon the property, along the water front. There is another consideration which should induce some action in relation to this property without delay. As the water front, as established by the act of the Legislature in 1851 is now, or soon should be, under the control of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, it is more than probable that the construction of a sea-wall will be commenced, under the provisions of the Act creating that Board, long before the meeting of the Legislature in 1865. Reasonable foresight would seem to dictate that the line of water front commencing at the southerly terminus of that defined by the Act of 1851, and extending along the easterly side of the Potrero to the mouth of the Islais creek, should be definitely fixed and established by the Legislature at the next session, and before the Board of Harbor Commissioners commence the construction of any portion of the sea-walls which they are expected to build. There can be no doubt that the addition we have mentioned will at no distant day become a portion of what is commonly termed the city front, and be established by law. Any plan for the construction of a permanent sea-wall ought to comprehend the full extent that may be required for many years to come. Unless great care and skill are exercised, the first section constructed may be the means of injuring other portions of the front by changing currents and creating damaging deposits, and this first may be paid back in kind as the work progresses. Unless the plan be complete and harmonious in all its parts, a sea-wall hereafter constructed along the addition we have mentioned might work irreparable injury to the present front. Since the sea-wall is designed to be lasting, and must be expensive, every precaution which science and experience can suggest should be employed to prevent any of these injurious consequences.

"The Legislature then should make provision at the coming session, for the appointment of a commission to examine and take in charge this matter, and lay off that portion of the water front designated—after the line of the front shall have been established—and sell the lots within it for the benefit of the State."

DIAMONDS AND GREENBACKS.—Badger, the auctioneer, had advertised a mortgagee's sale of diamonds, silver ware, and jewelry, to take place at noon to-day, at the Court-house door. The original debt for the diamonds, &c., was \$1,500, but the interest since had swelled the sum to \$2,300. A large crowd of people had assembled to witness the sale—some to bid, and others to see how the affair passed off. Just as the sale was about to commence, J. G. Hyer, counsel for the persons who had given the chattel mortgage, asked what amount would release the property. He was told \$2,300. At this time he held in his hand "greenbacks" to that exact amount—and, in order to cover all discrepancies and contingencies, he laid on that pile of "legal tenders" a twenty dollar gold piece which he handed to the auctioneer. The mortgagee refused to take it, saying that the money he had advanced was in a different sort of currency. A brief consultation took place, and then the auctioneer was directed to postpone the sale till noon on Saturday next. The incident had some very amusing features which were highly enjoyed by those who were in attendance to see the articles bid off.—Bee, 14th.

WASHINGTON.—Rents in Washington are still advancing. The prices asked are enormous. The residence of the Haytian Minister is about to be vacated, and already there are 50 applicants for it, at prices ranging from \$3,000 to \$5,000 a year. The War Department, says the N. Y. Post, has added to the scarcity and price of houses by taking inconsiderately at high rents very many for its own purposes. It could have built wooden houses cheaper, and have helped keep prices down.

BIRTH.

At Knight's Landing, Nov. 18, the wife of B. Funk, of a daughter.

New Advertisements.

F. H. HAMMER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
DEALER IN
Flour, Grain and Produce.
Consignments solicited, CASH advanced on HIDES and WOOL shipped through me to San Francisco.
Sacramento—Corner 5th & K streets.
n21-1f F. H. HAMMER.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County at their office in Woodland, until Monday, the 14th of December, 1863, for the erection of a Bridge across Willow Slough, near the house of Doct. Merritt, to be done in accordance with a plan and specifications now on file in said office, said work to be paid for by warrants drawn upon the County Road Fund, the Board of Supervisors reserving the right to reject any one or all of said bids, if they think them too high.
By Order of the Board of Supervisors.
November 18th, 1863.
n21-1d GILES E. SILL, Pres't

SPECIAL NOTICES

SOOTHING AND BRACING.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect in cases of nervous excitement as

Dr. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, Although the fame of this renowned invigorant rests mainly on its astonishing cures of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and intestinal disorders, it is equally efficacious in nervous complaints. Thousands of ladies resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility and all peculiar disturbances and derangements to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and lightens the depressed mental powers as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any unpleasant reaction.—Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
n21-1m Sole Agents San Francisco.

The Great External Remedy of the Age

Is Sweet's Infallible Liniment. Rheumatic cripples who have been unable to work for years have been entirely cured by it in a few weeks. For all external injuries it is a most happy and unfailing remedy.

This Liniment is prepared by Dr. Stephen Sweet, the celebrated bone setter, of Connecticut, and has stood the test of twenty years without a single failure or a rival that could approach it. It is truly a friend in need, and every household should have it at hand. Try it.—Sold by all Druggists.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
n21-1m Sole Agents, San Francisco.

Female Beauty.

Ladies whose complexion is not as clear as they could wish, instead of resorting to those poisonous preparations in the form of Cosmetics, &c., should use Dr. Guyssot's Compound of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. By purifying the blood and enlivening the respiration, it gives clearness to the complexion, brightness to the eye and elasticity to the step—

"Leaving that beautiful which was so,
And making that so which was not."

Vexatious eruptions on the face, resulting from want of exercise or sluggish circulation of the Blood, at once disappear under its influence, leaving a rich bloom of health, that no cosmetic can impart. Ladies who have tried it express themselves surprised and delighted.

See advertisement.
HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
n21-1m Sole Agents, San Francisco.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—The Nevada Transcript of November 12th relates the following: A child four years old, a daughter of a Mrs. Stevens, of Cache Creek, Yolo county, was burned to death in a most horrible manner at the residence of J. H. Helm, on Tuesday evening. The child had set a lighted candle in a chair and then got into the chair herself. Her clothes caught and were soon in flames. A servant girl seized the child and threw it out of doors, bruising its face and head terribly. Doctor Kent and T. W. Sigourney happening to be close by, came to the assistance of the child, but it was so badly injured that it died but a few hours after. The little girl was in care of an aunt, and was here on a visit at the time the accident occurred. All the members of the family were at the house of a relative who was lying at the point of death, leaving the children in the care of the servant girl.

PERILS OF MINING IN MEXICO.—The subjoined extract from a letter of a U. S. Army officer, shows the insecurity attending mining enterprises in Arizona: "There is but little news stirring here, except that referring to the now gold discoveries. These are daily developing in richness and extent. I would not, however, advise a friend to go there, until more protection can be given than exists at present. The mines are infested with bands of desperadoes from Sonora and California, and it is unsafe for a white man to travel or live there, without the protection of a large party. Several murders and robberies have already been committed, and many are leaving in consequence of the insecurity to life and property. I have been applied to for assistance; but with a garrison of less than forty men it is impossible for me to do anything."

CULTIVATION OF GRAPE.—The Ione Chronicle says the vineyard of John Edwards, on Sutter Creek, consisting of eight acres, contains 8,000 vines, 4,000 of which bore fruit this year. Next year it is probable that 8,000 vines which have been set out on the hill lands will be bearing, making, in all 7,000 bearing vines for the vintage of 1864. Although cuttings from several varieties of foreign grapes have been set out, the Los Angeles predominates. A brick building, with a fine cellar, 24 by 55 feet, has been erected for the manufacture and storage of wine. The cellar is stored with wine made during the past year.

JOHN WRIGHT, a South Carolinian, died at Moore's Creek, Idaho, a few weeks ago. On hearing the news that Rosecrans' army had been repulsed, he jumped up from bed, clapped his hands, said the news was too good to be true, and brought on hemorrhage of the lungs, of which he died.

U. S. EXCISE TAX NOTICE.

THE annual List of Taxes, assessed under the Excise Laws of the United States, having been returned to the Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District, of the State of California, by the U. S. Assessor of said District, NOTICE is hereby given, that said Taxes are now due and payable, and that the undersigned, Deputy Collector of the 6th and 7th Divisions, District and State aforesaid, comprising the counties of Yolo and Solano, will attend at Knight's Landing, at the Yolo House, Monday, November 16th, and at Washington, at Warrings' Wednesday, November 18th. On all other days from Nov. 14th to the 24th, inclusive, at my office in Woodland, in said 7th Division and district, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., of said days, to receive and receipt for the Taxes due as aforesaid. All persons who shall neglect or refuse to pay the Taxes assessed and due from them as before mentioned, within ten days from the date of this notice, are liable to and will be required to pay ten per cent. additional upon the amount of taxes due. Except the tax on Incomes, on which five per cent. additional will be required to be paid. Dated at Woodland, this 14th day of November, 1863.

GEO. D. FISKE,
Deputy Collector 6th & 7th Divisions,
Fifth District, California.

Revenue Stamps constantly on hand and for sale on account of the Revenue Department. The regular commissions of the Department allowed to the trade. G. D. F.

A. WASSERMANN & CO.
429 Sacramento Street, San Francisco,
IMPORTERS
Of all sorts of Smoking Material, Cigars, smoking Tobacco, Violin & Guitar strings, &c.
Orders promptly attended to.
n14-3mo

SAVE YOUR DIMITS!!!
I WILL SELL GOODS LOW FOR CASH,
WHEAT, BARLEY, EGGS, BUTTER, LARD and BEACON.
October 22d, 1863, o24-tf
G. S. THOMAS.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Insolvent Notice.

IN the District Court of the 6th Judicial District, of the State of California, Yolo Co.—In the matter of the petition of Joseph Miller, an insolvent debtor.—Pursuant to an order of the Hon. J. H. McKune, Judge of said District Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, Joseph Miller, to be and appear before the Hon. J. H. McKune aforesaid, in Chambers, at the Court Room of said Court, in the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, on the fifth day of December, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his Estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided; and in the mean time all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

WITNESS my hand and the Seal of said Court, this 29th day of October, A. D. 1863.
E. GIDDINGS, Clerk.
HENRY H. HARTLEY,
Attorney for Insolvent. n7-4t

Probate Notice.

IN the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, State of California.—In the matter of the estate of Margaret Possey, deceased.—It appearing to the Court by the petition presented and filed by H. B. Wood, Administrator of said Estate, praying for an order to sell the real estate, that it is necessary to sell the real estate belonging to said Estate, to pay the debts of said deceased and the expenses of administration. It is therefore ordered by the Court, that all persons interested in the said estate appear before the judge of said Probate Court, on Monday, the 7th day of December, A. D. 1863, at the Clerk's office in Woodland, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell said real estate of the deceased.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Knight's Landing News, a newspaper published in said county.
Dated this 4th day of November, A. D. 1863.
I. N. HOAG,
Probate Judge.

A true copy of the Original Order. Attest my hand, and the Seal of said Court this 5th day of November, A. D. 1863.
E. GIDDINGS, Clerk.
n7-4w

Annual Report of the Public Administrator.

To the County Auditor of Yolo county. Pursuant to the provisions of section 312 of the Probate law of the State of California, I would respectfully submit the following a yearly account, showing a list of the estates that have come under my charge during the last year, and their condition at the time of rendering this account.

The following is the list of the estates that have come under my charge, to wit:
Estate of William Wild, deceased.
" " Alfred Leeper, " and
" " John Brene, " and
" " Levi Hartman, "

In the estate of William Wild, I have received the sum of.....\$29 00
I have paid out of said estate the sum of..... 344 40
Leaving on hand the sum of.....184 60
Of said sum sixty-seven dollars were paid for expenses of administration, and one hundred and ninety-four dollars for marble monument, fence around the grave and freight on monument. There yet remains uncollected a promissory note belonging to said estate for the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars, exclusive of interest.

The sum of the demands presented against said estate and remaining unpaid is....\$53 57.
Another demand of one hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, has been presented against said estate since the expiration of the time allowed by statute for the prosecution of claims.

In the estate of Alfred Leeper, deceased, I have received the sum of.....\$100 00
Out of which I have paid the sum of 86 50

Leaving a balance on hand of.....\$13 50
Of said sum, so expended, twenty-nine dollars and fifty cents were expenses of administration and fifty-seven dollars were for funeral expenses.

In the estate of John Brene, deceased, I have received the sum of.....\$170 00
Out of which I have paid the sum of 144 25

Leaving a balance on hand of.....\$25 75
The said money so expended is for administration, last sickness and funeral expenses, and no further or other bills have been presented.

I have on hand belonging to said estate and accounts, exclusive of interest, amounting to the sum of three hundred and fifty-three dollars and eighty cents.

In the estate of Levi Hartman, deceased, I have received the sum of.....\$481 00
Out of which I have paid the sum of 215 52
Leaving a balance on hand of.....\$265 58
Of the moneys so paid the sum of sixty-seven dollars and two cents was expenses of administration and the sum of one hundred and forty-eight dollars and fifty cents was paid on the debts of deceased.

There yet remains on hand belonging to said estate a certain piece of land, of which a sale is about to be completed for the sum of three hundred dollars.

There is also on hand belonging to said estate an account of about the sum of one hundred dollars.
All of which is respectfully submitted, this 16th day of September, A. D. 1863.
WM. S. EMERY,
Public Administrator.
o31-6t

TOLL'S HOTEL,
COR. K & SEVENTH ST., SACRAMENTO,
SCHOONMAKER & SMITH, Prop'rs.

This Fire Proof Hotel HAS BEEN Newly Furnished Throughout. And presents superior accommodations to the traveling public. An Omnibus always in attendance at the Cars and Boats to convey passengers to and from the Hotel, free of charge.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.
n14-3m

RAVELEY'S OWN COLUMN.

EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS!

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY!!

S. W. RAVELEY,
OLD STAND AT KNIGHT'S LANDING,
Having just returned from San Francisco, would call the attention of the Citizens and public generally to his well selected stock of
ALBUMS, SONG BOOKS, CHORAL BOOKS, PSALMS and POETRY, STATIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, WALKING BABIZ, FRUITS, CANDIES, NUTS, PIPES, POUCHES, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC., ETC., &c.
Also the Largest Assortment of
CHRISTMAS & NEWYEARS GIFTS
Ever in Yolo County.

Together with the following
PATENT MEDICINES.
Jayne's Expectorant.
Alterative Liniment.
Carmine.
Pills.
Vermifuge.
Helmbold's Buchu.
Sarsaparilla.
Rose Wash.
Ayer's Aque Cure.
Cherry Pectoral.
Sarsaparilla.
Pills.
Clove Anodyne.
Hiatt's Life Balsam.
Wistar's "
Burnett's God Liver Oil.
Rushon's "
Burnett's Cocaine. "
Thorne's Extract.
Brown's Ginger.
Lyon's Kathairon.
Barry's Tricopherous.
Wistar's Lozenges.
Mustang Liniment.
Sweet's "
Grafenberg's Ointment.
Russia Salve.
McAlister's Ointment.
Trask's "
Halloway's "
Baker's Panacea.
Meyer's Flea Powder.
Brethren's Pills.
Cook's "
Grafenberg's "
Holloway's "
Lee's "
Mott's "
Radway's "
Schenk's "
Wright's "
Schenk's Syrup.
Well's Plasters.
Poor Man's Ready Plasters.
Grafenberg's Dysentery Syrup.
Bristol's Sarsaparilla.
Guy's "
Sand's "
Old Jacob Townsend's "
Scovill's "
Hall's Balsam.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
McLane's Vermifuge.
Thompson's Eye Water.
Steven's Eye Salve.
Husband's Magnesia.
Court Plaster.
Hostetter's Bitters.
&c. &c. &c. &c.

Also a fine assortment of
CHOICE PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAPS ETC. ETC.

Any of the above Articles will be sold at **San Francisco Prices.**

TERMS CASH.

The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE paid for **WOOL, WOOD, HIDES AND TALLOW.**

S. W. RAVELEY,
Opposite the Steamboat Landing
Knight's Landing.

FOR SACRAMENTO.

The fine steamer **DEFIANCE,** ZIMMERMAN, MASTER, Will make two trips a week from Knight's Landing to Sacramento. The price for freighting grain, will be \$1 75 per ton and for lumber \$5 per thousand feet.
S. W. RAVELEY,
Agent.
may2-tf

Seed Wheat. Seed Wheat.

FOR SALE.

1000 BUSHELS of the best White Chili SEED WHEAT for sale in quantities to suit purchasers.—For samples and particulars address
S. W. RAVELEY,
Knight's Landing.
o17-tf

FOR SALE.

TWO good young horses. Apply to
S. W. RAVELEY.

H. M. LOCKWOOD & CO.

624 Clay Street, San Francisco.

THE ONLY CLOTHING HOUSE

IN THE STATE, WHERE A

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK

—OF—
GENTS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

and
FURNISHING GOODS

MAY BE FOUND AT

Prices to suit the Times.
624 CLAY STREET. SAN FRANCISCO.

H. M. LOCKWOOD & CO.
ag22-tf

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The fast and splendid steamers
Chrysoptolis and Yosemite,

Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRANCISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento.

Steamer *Chrysoptolis*, Chadwick, Master, will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Steamer *Yosemite*, Poole, Master, will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.

Change of day for RED BLUFF.

Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.

Until further notice the Steamers of the California Steam Navigation Company will make TWO trips per week to RED BLUFF, leaving Sacramento on

Every Tuesday and Friday's At 7 o'clock, a.m.
A. REDINGTON,) Agents,
W. H. TAYLOR,) Sacramento.

Freight received at Knight's Landing every day.
S. W. RAVELEY, Agent,
Knight's Landing. June 6-t

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have just returned from San Francisco with a large and

WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT

—OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS. BONNETS.

HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, TIN-WARE, CROCKERY, GROCERIES

Together with a Better Assortment OF THE **NEWEST STYLES OF DRESS-GOODS**

Than is usually found in a Country Store. All of which we offer to

SELL LOW FOR CASH,

Or such articles of **COUNTRY PRODUCE!** As can be converted into Money.

We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors and to solicit a continuance of the same.

Those knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to come forward at once and make payment—longer indulgence cannot reasonably be expected.

J. & J. W. BALDWIN.
Knight's Landing, April 25, 1863.

TAKE NOTICE!

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

—AND—
POSTS.

Of all kinds, can be obtained at the

KNIGHT'S LANDING LUMBER YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED a Lumber Yard at the above place, is now prepared to sell all kinds of Posts and Lumber at the same price as furnished in Sacramento.

The facilities I have for furnishing Lumber at the prices, is accounted for by my having my own steamer and barges.

I would call the attention of those wanting Lumber or Posts, to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
CAPT. TRUEWORTHY,
Knight's Landing.
n30-tf

Fish's Infalible HAIR RESTORATIVE,
For sale by **S. W. RAVELEY.**

Comic and Sentimental Song Books, for sale at Raveley's

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

THE OPERATION OF THIS PALATABLE

Remedy upon the stomach, liver and excretory organs is singularly soothing and conservative. It regulates, recruits and purifies them. Dyspepsia in all its forms yields to its control and invigorating properties.

Invigorate the System.

Vigorous digestion and pure blood produce nutritious blood, and nutritious blood a healthy frame. Does the victim of a dyspeptic stomach and a disordered liver desire to know how the digestion may be improved, the bile and other fluids of the body purified?

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters Will accomplish this desirable revolution in the system, regulating the secretions and excretions, giving tone to the animal juices which dissolve the food, strengthen every relaxed nerve, muscle and fibre, and brings the whole machinery of vitality into vigorous and healthful play.

Strengthen the System.

The best means of imparting vigor to the broken-down frame and shattered constitution, which has yet been invented or discovered, is proffered to the feeble of both sexes and all ages in

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Debility, from whatever cause arising, may be cured; strength, in whatever manner it may have been wanted, may be restored by the use of this powerful and healthful invigorant. For indigestion and all its painful effects, bodily and mental, they are a positive specific.

A Word to the Aged.

In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We tender to the aged

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. As an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effects. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, and acts like a charm upon the spirits.

For Females.

Thousands of ladies resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility, and all peculiar disturbances & derangements to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and enlightens the oppressed mental powers, as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any reaction.

Beware of Counterfeits. Purchase only of reliable dealers. Sold everywhere.
HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, Agents,
227 Montgomery street, (Russ Block), San Francisco.

Dr. Guy's Improved

EXTRACT OF **Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla**

Will Cure without Fail

Serofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulder, General Debility, Dropsy, Jaundice, Lumbago, &c.

Dr. Guy's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla put up in the largest sized bottles, contains more of the Honduras Sarsaparilla than any other preparation extant, which is combined with the extract of Yellow Dock, the extract of Wild Cherry and the Balsam of Fir, thus making the remedy more thoroughly efficient than any other Sarsaparilla before the public. At the same time it is perfectly free from ALL mineral poisons, which can not be said of any other of the Sarsaparilla compounds. The Invalid should beware of poisons. Mercury, Iron, Quinine, Potash, Iodine, Sulphur, Arsenic, and many other mineral and metallic poisons enter into and form the active basis of most of the Sarsaparilla and panaces of the day. Guy's Compound Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla does not contain a particle of the substances; as any one can ascertain by applying the necessary tests.

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Caution.—Beware of counterfeits. All genuine *Dr. Guy's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla* has the name of **JOHN D. PARK, Present Proprietor, Cincinnati, O.** on the label.

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