

Regular Single Transferable Vote example

Joe Sutherland for the Wikimedia Foundation July 2023

Example

- Suppose seven candidates for three seats:
 - Aardvark
 - Bobcat
 - Cheetah
 - Dingo
 - Eagle
 - Fox
 - Goldfish





Votes

• The votes are cast like this:

lst preference	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish
2nd preference	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Dingo		Fox
3rd preference		Dingo	Bobcat	Cheetah	Fox		
Number of ballots	4	7	1	3	1	4	3



Tallying: Regular STV

	Votes for each option								
Step	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Votes for each option Dingo Eagle Fox G The quota is 6: tions to choose + 1) + 1, rounded down (3 + 1) + 1, rounded down = 6	Goldfish				
Setting the quota		tota	al votes / (optior = 23 / (3 = 6	The quota is 6 : ns to choose + 1) 5 + 1) + 1, rounde .75, rounded do = 6	t + 1, rounded do d down wn	own			
Step 1	4	7 ELECTED (1 surplus vote)	1	3	1	4	3		



Tallying: Regular STV

	Votes for each option								
Step	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish		
Step 2	4	ELECTED	1	3	1	4	3		
Step 3	4	ELECTED	2	3 + 1 = 4	eliminated	4	3		
Step 4	4	ELECTED	eliminated	4 + 2 = 6 ELECTED (0 surplus votes)	eliminated	4	3		
Step 5	4	ELECTED	eliminated	ELECTED	eliminated	4 + 2 = 6 ELECTED (0 surplus votes)	eliminated		





Meek (or "Scottish") STV example

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Meek (or "Scottish") STV

- Meek STV introduces a "keep factor" and fractional transfers of surplus votes from elected candidates
- This is performed alogrithmically





Votes

The votes are cast like this:

lst preference	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish
2nd preference	Bobcat	Aardvark	Dingo	Eagle	Dingo	Goldfish	Fox
3rd preference		Dingo	Bobcat	Cheetah	Fox	Bobcat	
Number of ballots	201	198	171	189	182	176	149



The quota is 317:

total votes / (options to choose + 1) + 1, rounded down = 1,266 / (3 + 1) + 1, rounded down = 317.25, rounded down = 317



Nobody meets the quota, so we must first eliminate a candidate as normal.

Votes for each option Step Aardvark Bobcat Cheetah Dingo Goldfish Eagle Fox Step 1 201 198 171 189 182 176 149 Ouota: 317 176 + 149Step 2 eliminated 201 198 171 189 182 = 325 (149)Ouota: 317 ELECTED

Fox meets the quota and is elected.



Votes after Step 2

The ballots currently look like this:

lst preference	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish
2nd preference	Bobcat	Aardvark	Dingo	Eagle	Dingo	Goldfish	Fox
3rd preference		Dingo	Bobcat	Cheetah	Fox	Bobcat	
Number of ballots	201	198	171	189	182	176	149 (exhausted)



Quota change

When ballots become Total votes – Excess votes exhausted, the quota changes according to the formula:

Seats + 1

In our example, **Goldfish** was eliminated, leaving **149 exhausted ballots**:



Therefore, the new quota is 279.25. This is calculated after every step.



Surplus votes

When a candidate is **elected**, surplus votes are transferred using a formula:

Winning quota

Votes for that candidate

This number is different for every elected candidate. It is known as the "keep factor".

In our example, Fox was elected with 325 votes:



Therefore, **Fox** can "keep" ≈ 0.86 of their votes and still be at the winning quota.



So, let's transfer **Fox**'s surplus votes to the next choices on their first-preference ballots.

These are transferred using the formula (1 - keep factor) * total votes.

This can in theory include transfers to other elected candidates, but in this case it does not.

Bobcat 's initial vote total	+	1 - Fox 's keep factor	*	Fox 's total votes	=	<mark>Bobcat</mark> 's new total
198	+	(1 - 0.86)	*	325	=	243.5



	Votes for each option								
Step	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish		
Keep factor	1	1	1	1	1	0.86			
Step 3 Quota: 279.25	201	198 + (1 - 0.86) * 325 = 243.5	171	189	182	= 325 * 0.86 = 279.5	eliminated		



Nobody meets quota, so we eliminate the candidate with the least votes (**Cheetah**) and distribute to their next-preferences.

Dingo meets the quota and is elected.

	Votes for each option								
Step	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish		
Keep factor	1	1	1	1	1	0.86	—		
Step 4 Quota: 279.25	201	243.5	eliminated (171)	= 189 + 171 = 360 ELECTED	182	279.5	eliminated		

Note that the quota remains the same, since these actions do not exhaust any ballots.



Votes after Step 4

The ballots currently look like this:

lst preference	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish
2nd preference	Bobcat	Aardvark	Ðingo	Eagle	Ðingo	Goldfish	Fox
3rd preference		Dingo	Bobcat	Cheetah	Fox	Bobcat	
Number of ballots	201	198	171	189	182	176	149 (exhausted)



We work out a new keep factor for **Dingo** and transfer their votes.

In the next round, we eliminate **Aardvark** and transfer their votes as normal.

	Votes for each option								
Step	Aardvark	Bobcat	Cheetah	Dingo	Eagle	Fox	Goldfish		
Keep factor	1	1	1	0.78	1	0.86	—		
Step 5 Quota: 279.25	201	243.5	eliminated	= 360 * 0.78 = 280.8	= 182 + (1 - 0.78) * 360 = 261.2	279.5	eliminated		
Step 6 Quota: 279.25	eliminated (201)	= 243.5 + 201 = 444.5 ELECTED	eliminated	280.8	261.2	279.5	eliminated		

Bobcat now meets the quota and is elected.



Results as charts

The following slides depict the same information as charts, showing visually where the surplus votes were transferred.















Image credits

- <u>File:Aardvark (Orycteropus afer).jpg</u> by Theo Kruse, CC BY-SA 4.0
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