THE RENOWNED

# HISTORY

#### OFTHE

# Seven Champions of Christendom.

#### VIZ,

St. George of England, || St. Dennis of France, St. James of Spain, St. Andrew of Scotland, St. David of Wales.

St. Anthony of Italy, and St. Patrick of Ireland.

#### SHEWING,

Their valiant Exploits both by Sea and Land : their combating with Giants, Monsters, Lions and Dragons: Their Tilts and Tournaments in honour of their Miltreffes: Their overcoming Magicians and Necromancers, and putting an end to their direful Enchantments : Their Knight-hood, Chivalry, and magnanimous prowels, against the enemies of Christ, and in honour of Chriftendom, in Europe, Afia, and Africa.



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# RENOWNED HISTORY

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#### OFTHE

# Seven Champions of Christendom.

#### CHAP. I.

The birth of St. George; how be was finlen away from his nurfes, and how he delivered himfelf, and the other fix Champions, from the Cave of Kalby, the Enchantrefs.

A FTER that this our island (first inhabited by Brute) began to flourish with arts and arms, in the famous city of Coventry lived the renowned Alert, Lord High Steward of England, that took to wife a lady of matchless beauty and virtue, who, having been long barren, at last conceived with child, but nightly dreams fo tormented her mind, that fine was conceived of a Dragon which should cause her death, that the never ceased, but caused her lord by art to learn what should be the meaning therefore, who, condescending to her defires, accompanied only with one knight, repaired to Kalby, the lady of the woods, from whom he received this mysterious Oracle:

Sir Knight return home to thy Lady, Who hath brought forth a worthy baby, A Champion held, of courage flout, Whofe fame fhall ring the world throughout.

Having received this answer, they soon returned, but

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## SEVEN CHAMPIONS, &c.

ere he came home, his Lady by loiing her own life, brought another life into the world, being delivered of a fon, upon whofe breaft was figured a dragou, on his right hand a blood-red crofs, and on his left leg a golden garter: his name was given him, George, and three nurfes provided to look to him : notwithftanding which, he was stolen away by the enchantrefs Kalby; which, when his father upon his return found, he left his habitation for very grief, and ended his life in a strange country.

In the mean time, St. George grew in firength and beauty, whole noble deportment (being now grown to man's eftate) fo fired the heart of the enchantrefs with luft, that with all the feducement imaginable, fhe fought to accomplifh her defires, and to gain his affections, revealed to him of what lineage he was, and alfo gave him the command of her cave, by the gift of a filver wand, which fhe put in his hand, leading him to a rock to behold fome trophies of her forceries, but fhe entering in before him, he ftruck the rock with his wand, which prefently clofed, and in it this miferable woman, where fhe ended her wretched life.

St. George then, like a valiant knight, releafed from thraldom fix worthy Champions, whom this enchantrefs Kalby had a long time kept prifoners; viz.' St. Dennis of France, St. James of Spain, St. Authony of Italy, St. Andrew of Scotland, St. Patrick of Ireland, and St. David of Wales; he with them mounting their fleeds, and girding on their fwords, which also they found in the cave, departed forth to feek out adventures, travelling till they came to a spacious plain, in the midit whereof flood a brazen pillar, that had feven feveral ways leading to it, which invited these seven Champions to take each of them a diverse path. Where we will leave fix of them to their different progreffes, and relate in the first place the adventures of our English Knight, as you may read in the chapter following.

CHAP.

#### CHAP. II.

How St. George killed the burning Dragon in Egypt, and redeemed Sabrine the King's Daughter from death. How he was betrayed by Almidor the black King of Morocco, and fent unto the Sultan of Persia, where he remained seven years in prison.

THE valiant St. George, having left the other fix Champions, as you have heard, after fome few months travel, arrived within the Egyptian territories. which country was at that time annoyed with a burning dragon, whofe hunger, if it were not every day appeafed with the body of a true virgin, he would breathe forth such a stench from his nostrils, as infected the whole country with a horrible plague, which for four and twenty years together continued, till there was not one virgin left but the King's Daughter only. and the ready next day to be offered up in facrifice to him, if the dragon in the mean time was not deflroyed : wherefore the King, her father, proclaimed, that whofoever would combat with the dragon, and preferve his daughter's life, in renown thereof fhould have her to wife, and the crown of Egypt after his deceafe ; all which was made known to St. George, by a hermit of that country; whereupon he refolved to undertake the adventure, and lodging with the hermit that night, the next morning mounting his fleed, he took his journey to a valley, whither the King's Daughter was leading by fage matrons to be made a prey to the dragon's jaws, whom our English Knight accosting, returning her back to her father, promifed to kill that enemy of Egypt's health, or lofe his life in the encounter, and fo, like a bold adventurous knight, rode to the place where the dragon had his refidence.

This horrible dragon, whofe monftrous proportion would have frightened any body but only St. George, as foon as fhe beheld him, wallowed from her hideous den, and gave him a fierce affault with her wings and tail, who nimbly avoided her fury, gave her fuch a thruft

thruft with his foear, that it fhivered into five hundred pieces; the dragon coming on afrefn, fmote him fuch. a deadly blow, as felled both horfe and man to the ground ; when again rifing and ftepping a little backwards, he went under the protection of an orange tree, which was of fuch virtue, that no venomous thing durit approach unto it, where this valiant knight a while refled him, and refreshed himfelf with the ioice of one of the oranges, he again entered combat with the dragon, after many fierce affaults with an eager courage closed with her, and thrust his fword up to the hilt in her belly; being penetrable in no other place, from whence iffued fuch abundance of purple gore as turned the grafs into vermilion colour, and then redoubling his blows, gave her fuch another thruft under the wing with his fword, as pierced her heart, liver, and bone, and made her yield her life to the force of the conquering champion, who returned thanks to heaven for his victory : With his good fword which was called Afcaion, he cut off the dragon's head, and pitched it upon the truncheon of his fpear, rode towards the court, expecting for his good fervice to be most royally entertained.

At that time Almidor, the black king of Morocco, was in earneft fuit with king Ptolemy, for to have his daughter Sabrine in marriage, and having notice of St. George's victory, fearing he would become his rival, he intended to rob him of his honour, and to that purpofe, hired twelve Egyptian Knights, who fet upon St. George as he was coming to court; but the valiant Champion fo behaved himfelf, that in a little fpace he made their lives pay for their treachery; which Almidor perceiving, when he could do no otherwife, ran to the court, crying, Victoria! Victoria! The enemy of Egypt is overthrown.

This being made known to K. Ptolenty, St. George was most royally received by him, but far more courteoufly by his beautiful daughter, Sabrine, who then fet her affections fo deeply on him, as length of time would not wear it out, which fhe could not forbear to

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express unto him, and once at fuch a time as the was overheard by this black-a-moor King, whole love the derided in respect to the English Knight's, proffering to forfake her parents and idol-gods, and to travel with him wherefoever Fortune would guide their ftens: all which was by Almidor made known to king Ptolemy, who therenpon confulting together, framed a letter to the Sultan of Perfia, in which was contained his fentence of death, and be made the meffenger to carry his own condemnation, which he very innocently undertook to do; and coming to Perfia, near the Sultan's palace, obferving their monftrous idolatry, he could no longer hold, but threw down their images of Mahomet and Apollo, and flew those who offered to withstand him; infomuch, that the ramour thereof being noifed at the court, great forces were fent against him, whom he opposed in fingle felf, and fent many of them to the Stygian river; but multitudes overcoming valour, his numerous enemies fo wearied his arm, that his never daunted courage was forced to vield, and let his weapon fail to the ground.

There was he taken and carried before the Sultan, to whom he delivered Ptolemy's letter, who thereat much enraged, commanded St. George to be laid in a deep dungeon, vowing he fhould never return thereout, unlefs it was to execution; where now we muft leave our English Champion, to relate the deeds of the other fix. And first what befel St. Dennis of France.

#### C H A P. III.

How St. Dennis was transformed into a hart by enchanted mulberries, and how he recovered his shape, and put an end to the enchantment of Eglantine the King's Daughter of Theffaly.

AINT Dennis the worthy Champion of France, after he parted from the other fix Champions at the brazen pillar, travelled till he came into the defart country of Theffaly, inhabited only by wild beafts, where being almost famished with hunger, he chanced to

to feed upon the berries of a mulberry-tree, which being enchanted by magic art, in an inftant transformed his body into the likenefs of a hart (only his natural reafon remained) in which condition he remained a ong time bewailing his misfortune, till one day fhading himfelf under the leaves of that lucklefs tree, he heard a hollow voice from the trunk thereof breathe forth thefe words, "Worthy Champion of France, know, that this tree proceeds from fair Eglantine, the King's Daughter of Theffaly, who for my pride was transformed into this mulberry-tree; feven years thou muft continue in the fhape of a hart, when thou fhalt be reftored by eating of roles, which being done, cut down this tree, and thereby fhali the enchantment be ended."

At the end of which prefixed time, his horfe, who had a long time left him, brought two roles in his teeth, which St. Dennis took and ate, and immediately fell into a deep fleep, and upon his awaking, he found himfelf returned again to his former shape, for which he returned thanks to God, and curioufly decked and trimmed his horfe for his worthy fervice. Then taking his fword in hand, proceeded to finish the enchantment, and with one blow cut in funder the tree. from which iffued a most beautiful damfel, of fuch an angelical form, as fired the French Champion's heart with affection to her, and after some parleys of love past betwixt them, they plighted their faiths to each other, and then travelled together to her father's court, who received them with unfpeakable joy and comfort ; where we will leave this Champion of France to relate what happened to St. James the Champion of Spain.

#### CHAP. IV.

How St. James the Champion of Spain, killed a wild boar in India: how, for the Christian religion, he would have been shot to death; and how he stole away the King's Daughter.

HE renowned Spanish Champion, in his progress in seeking out adventures, after many worthy acts

## SEVEN CHAMPIONS

acts by him atchieved, came to the magnificent city of Jerufalem, juft at fuch a time as Nebuz'arad, the King thereof was going out on a royal hunting, having made proclamation, That whofoever flew the first wild beaft in the forest, should have in reward a corflet of steel worth a thousand sheets of filver.

Thirlt of honour, and hope of gain, the two fpurs that prick men forward to worthy enterprizes, caufed St. James to join himfelf to this honourable company. yea, to outgo them in noble refolutions; for fcouring over the plain before the hunters, he came into a fpacious foreft, where his valour quickly had an object to work upon, being a mighty wild boar, lying before his moffy den, of fuch a wonderful bignefs and proportion, as is almost incredible to declare, but the magnanimous Champion St. James, nothing daunted, couragiously fet upon him, dealing fuch blows with his keen falchion that ere the reft of the company came in, he overcame that monftrous boar, cutting off his head, and prefenting it to the king of Jerufalem, who accordingly gave him the reward promifed : but, having intelligence immediately, that he was a Spanish Christian, his mind was altered, that immediately he condemned him to die; yet, for his good fervice in killing the boar, gave him leave to chufe his own death. St. James feeing it would be no otherwife, defired to be bound to a pine tree, and, after an hour's refpite to make his peace with heaven, to be fhot to death by a true virgin.

But, when the fame came to be put in execution, not one maid could be found that would undertake it : whereupon the King commanded that lots fhould be caft, which fell upon his own daughter, the beauteous Celeftine, whofe heart was already fired with the love of the heroic champion ; and, therefore, on her bare knees, earneftly begged his life of her father, which with much ado, he granted, but for ever banifhed him the land, and departing a little fpace, out of the love he bore to Celeftine, who had preferved his life, he ventured again, difcolouring his face and hands, and remaining dumb, that he might not be known, at laft

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got an opportunity to difcover himfelf, and obtaining her confent to go along with him in the dead time of the night, mounted her on his fleed (which he shoed backward to prevent pursuit) and after many dangers, narrowly escaped, at last they happily arrived in Spain.

CHAP.V.

#### The adventures of St. Anthony, St. Andrew, and St. Patrick, the Champions of Italy, Scotland and Ireland.

T HE noble Champion, St. Anthony of Italy having (after leaving the other fix Champions) travelled over many hills and dales, woods and forefts, came at laft into the country of Thrace, where, upon the top of an high mountain, flood an impregnable caffle, wherein lived a terrible Giant, named Blonderon, that had over the principal gate of his caffle, thefe verfes written:

What Champion to this Cafile doth repair, Here lives a Giant bold within this place,
Who pris'ners keeps feven virgins chafte and fair, Daughters to the noble King of Thrace.
All there who with this Giant fierce will fight, Shall have a Virgin's prayers day and night.

Thirft of glory and honourable renown, fo fired the breaft of the noble Champion, that he thundered at the gate with the pummel of bis fword as loud as the cyclops when they formed the armour of Achilles; the Giant being roufed at this terrible noife, came running out of the gate with a great oak-tree flourifhing about his head, intending with one blow, to crufh in pieces the bones of St. Anthony for diffurbing him of his repofe, but the nimble knight fo avoided his ftrokes, by fkipping continually out of his reach, that the Giapt,

# SEVENCHAMPIONS

ant, in a fhort fpace grew weary with brandifhing fd unweildy a weapon, which when St. Anti-ony perceived he lightly leaped to him, and with one blow brought the Giant upon his knees, which being feconded with another of mighty force, bereaved the Giant of his life, fending his foul unto the dark regions. there to inhabit with grim Pluto; then, thanking God. for his victory, he entered the caffle, where he was kindly entertained by Rofaiinda, one of the Thracian King's Daughters; the fnewed him all the rarities of the cafile, and amongst the rest, fix filver fwans fwimming on a great pond of water, which were the other fix Daughters of the King of Thrace, whole chaftities the luftful Gizat attempting to violate, the kinder deftinies (in commiferation) transformed them into milkwhite-famos, to fignify their chaftities were without spot or blemist.

After fome fhort repofe to refresh himfelf, St. Anthony with Rofalinda posted to the Thracian court, where they were kindly entertained; but the King hearing of his daughters' transformation, with great grief departed to the castle, refolving there to spend his days with invocating his country-gods, to reftore his daughters to their shapes: whereupon St. Anthony, not willing to spend his days in ease and luxury, refolved privately to depart from thence, which being made known to Rofalinda, she also scenetiv departed with him.

In the mean time, the famous Champion, St. Andrew of Scttland. having paffed through many dangers in a vale of walking fpirits, came wandering alio into this country of Thrace, fortune guiding his fleps to the fame caffle wherein the Thracian King was worfhip ping his heathen-gods, which he perceiving, and knowing the caufe of his great idolatry, St. Andrew, like a true Chriftian Champion, taught him the worfhip of the living God: which, when they had rightly performed, on a fudden the milk-white-fwaus were changed into the fhape of beantiful ladies, to the great joy of all prefent: For St. Andrew, having knowledge it was St. Anthony that had flain the great Blanderon and

nd how he was departed with the lady Rofalinda, he ecretly ftole away from the Thracian King, to feek St. Anthony whom he greatly longed to fee, and the King's Daughters understanding he was gone, traveled after him, whole fudden departure caufed great forrow throughout all Thrace.

The fix ladies having travelled many a weary mile. n a fruitless fearch after St. Andrew, came at last to in uninhabited wildernefs, fave only with beafts and avage monsters, where they were furprized by thirty ploody fatyrs, that hatled them by the hair of their heads, regardless of their shouts and loud founding puteries, intending to have ravished them of their virrin honours, but heaven (that always favours the viruous) had fo ordered it, that St. Patrick, that magnanimous Irish Champion, after many heroic actions by him performed, was, at the fame inftant, alfo in he defart place, who beholding the inhumanity of hole favage creatures, couragiously fet upon them, and out them to flight, delivering thereby those most excellent princefies from death, or what they accounted worfe than death, the fpoiling of their virginities, who after some pause of time, being a little come to themfelves, related to St. Patrick the occasion of their journey, with an account of the atchievements both of St. Anthony and St. Andrew, as you heard before in the beginning of this chapter, St. Patrick comforted them the best he could; like a noble knight undertook to be their conductor in their undertakings, having himfelf a mind to behold those magnanimous Knights who formerly had been his companions in the cave of Kalby, in which journeys we will for a while leave them till we relate the actions of the feventh and last Champion St. David of Wales.

CHAP.

#### CHAP. VI.

How St. David the Chompion of Wales, by art of magin fleft feven years in the enchanted garden of Ormondia the Necromancer, and how St. George escaped out of pr fon in Persia, and redsemed the Champion of Wales from his enchantment.

X7 E come next to speak of that magnanimous Hel ro, St. David of Wales, whole valiant exploit and heroic performances were 'nothing inferior to the reft of the fix Champions, making the name of Christ tendom famous in those nations that acknowledge the true God: efpecially his actions in the Tartarian cour are not to be paffed over in filence, where his prowe gained him the honour to become the Emperor's Chan pion. But, upon a folemn feast-day, whereupon wer kept royal tilts and tournaments in honour of the En peror's birth, it was St. David's unlucky fortune t kill the count Palatine, being heir apparent to the Tai tariau crown, at which the Emperor was fo incenfer that he would have flain him prefently, but that in he nour he.could not do it: Whereupon he bethough himfelf of a clear conveyance, which was to the c. chanted garden upon the confines of that country, ker by a famous Necromancer, named Ormondine, binc ing him by the oath of knighthood, to bring him from thence the Necromancer's head : all which St. David promifed faithfully to perform, and, with an undaunt ed courage, went to the place, where at the entranc in was a rock of flone, in which was enclosed a mo rich fword, nothing appeared outwardly but the hilt about the pummel thereof, in letters of gold, was thu engraven :

## This fword cannot be pulled forth, But by a Knight out of the North.

St. David verily imagining himfelf to be that knigl of the north, courageoufly affeyed to pull it forth

but no fooner was his hand on the hilt, but his fenfes were oppreft with a fomniferous fleep, that it was impoffible for him to awake till the enchantment was finished, which afterwards was performed by St. George, whofe exploits we now come to relate.

Seven times had the world's bright eye run his annual course thro' the twelve figns of the Zodiac, fince St. George was confined in that nafty Perfian prifon, by the treachery of the King of Morocco, when by chance flumbling upon a bar of iron, he made fuch ufe of it, that with continual labour he digged himfelf a paffage through ground ; till, in the dead time of the night, he afcended just in the middle of the Sultan's court : time and place thus favouring his defigns, he ceased not to lead his affitting arms, to work out the reft; for, hearing fome grooms in the Sultan's ftable, preparing their horfes to go on hunting the next day. he took the bar of iron and killed them all: which being done, he took the ftrongeft gelding, and richeft caparifons, wherewith he bravely furnished himfelf, then, with chalk upon a black marble pillar, he thus wrote,

#### Sultan, farewel, for GEORGE is fled, Thy fleed is loft, thy grooms are dead.

So fetting forward towards the gate, he thus falutes the porter, ' Porter, open the gates with fpeed, for George of England is escaped out of prilon, and hath murdered all the Sultan's grooms, which has alarmed the whole court.' The porter, ignorant of what had happened, opened the gate for St. George, who, with a nimble pace, never refted till he was within the confines of Greece, beyond the reach of the Perfian horfemen, who in vain purfued after. But now, hunger again oppressed him as sharp as imprisonment did before, fo that feveral days his horfe and he fared alike, being forced to eat the grafs of the field, and to drink the water of the running ftreams; at laft he efpied a caffle not far off, whether he directed his weary fleps, defiring of a lady who flood looking over the

#### SEVEN CHAMPIONS

the walls, a meal of meat to releave a knight almost famished ; but the with a curfed frown, bid him begone, or elfe his life must pay for his prefumption, her lord being a mighty Giant, that, with crushed bones, did recompense the fauciness of fuch intruders. Now, faith St. George, by the honour of my knighthood, here will I obtain my dinner, or elfe become food for crows by his accurfed haud. The lady, abash'd at these words, gave information to the Giant, who immediately came forth, of fuch a monstrous and deformed proportion, that he would have daunted a courageous knight; tho' ftrong and luftful for an encounter; yet George (tho' much enfeebled by hunger) with a magnanimous refolution fet upon him, and notwithstanding the Giant was armed with a mighty bar of iron, the Christian Champion dealt him fuch blows, that, in fine, the Giant was forced to furrender his life, and the command of the caffle into the hands of St. George.

St. George having now finished his work, went into the caffle to receive his wages, viz. his dinner which he had earned, but for fear the lady should mingle poison in his food, he made her first to taste of every difh, and, having staid fome time to refresh himfelf and his horfe, he left the caffle in keeping of the lady, and went on in purfuit of his travels, paffing through the reft of Greece and Phrygia, until he came unto the confines of Tartary, to the enchanted garden of Ormondine, where he espied a fword enclosed into the enchanted rock, when he no fooner put his hand into the hilt, than he drew it out with much eafe, then immediately the heavens were overcaft with a thick darknefs, and the earth thook and rumbled like mighty peals of thunder, the winds blew fo impetuoully that ftrong oaks were rent in pieces by the fame, and then the enchanted garden vanished away, and the Champion of Wales awaked out of his fleep, where he had lain for feven years. 'The Necromancer after he had briefly declared his forepast life to St. George, gave a most terrible groan and died; whole head, with the enchanted fword, the English Champion gave to St. David, 10

to carry to the Tartarian Court, according to his promife, whilf he himfelf travelled towards Barbary, where our mufe will now attend him.

### CHAP. VII.

How St. George arrived at Tripoli in Barbary, from whence he flole away Sabrine the King of Egypt's Daughter from the black-a-moor King, and how the was known to be a pure wirgin by the means of two lions.

HE noble St. George having, after many weary fteps got to the kingdom of Barbary, he thought it vain to attempt upon Almidor by force of arms, feeing he was attended by fo many worthy knights and yet defiring above all things, to have a fight of his beloved Sabrine, for whole fake he had endured to long imprifonment; therefore he refolved to patch out the lion's fkin with the fox's tail, and gain by policy what he could not gain by force; to this end he exchanged his horfe, armour and furniture with a palmer for his gown, staff and fcrip, and fo accoutred, went directly to the court, where he beheld a number of palmers, waiting in the gate for alms, which the queen herfelf in perfon daily bestowed, in remembrance of the Engglith Champion ; in diffributing of which, when the efpied this thrange palmar, remembering how he refembled the princely countenance of St. George, fhe took him by the hand and led him afide from all the company, where he foon made himfelf known to her, who wept for joy of finding him whom the never expected to fee again; and after some short discourse of her health and walfare, fne related to him, how her father had forced her to marry Almidor against her will, but tho' outwardly the was linked to him, yet none but St. George enjoyed her heart, for whofe love she had hitherto continued a pure virgin, by virtue of a golden chain fleeped in tyger's blood, which flie wore feven times doubled about her neck. Then delivered she to in

#### SEVEN CHAMPIONS

him, his horfe and fword with which he had formerly encountered the burning dragon. And now, my George, quoth fhe, nothing remains but to free me from the power of my forced hufband, which opportunity invites us unto; he having with the whole court rode out a hunting, St. George willingly condefcended to her motion, fealing the fame with as fweet a kifs as ever Leander beftowed on Hero: and having gotten the good will of an eunuch to go along with them, ftoring themfelves with provifions, being gallantly mounted, they posted away with all the fpeed they could make, paffing through divers woods, defarts and unknown places, to efeape the purfuit of thofe whom the black-a-moor king would fend after them.

Having travelled thus for fome few days together, at last the beautiful Sabrine began to faint with hunger, which made St. George to leave her under the shade of a broad spreading oak, accompanied with the eunuch, while he went out in purfuit of fome prey, to fatisfy-their craving appetite; fo it was his fortune to kill a deer, which, having cut out with his keen edged fword, he brought a haunch thereof along with him, to prefent to his beloved lady; but, a fad accident happened in his abfence, for two hungry lions ranging about for prey, came directly to the oaken-tree, where thefe two weary travellers were reposing themfelves, who with angry mood, feized upon the eunuch, and foon buried him in their hungry entrails, then they tore his fleed in pieces. Sabrine all the while behold. ing it, expected herfelf to be the next morfel to allay their hunger: but, quite foreign to her expection, with fawning geftures they came unto her, and laid their heads in her tender lap, and there quietly fell fast asleep, at which time St. George returned, who, ftanding a while in amaze what to do, at last he threw down his venifon, and with his trufty foord Afcalon, foon difpatched both the lions. Now Sabrine, faith he, I have fufficient proof of thy true virginity, the nature of these bealts being such, that they will bow their heads to none, but fuch as have kept their chaffiries in

inviolable. Therefore, divine Paragon, nature's wonder, and loves abstract, doubt not, but thy fame shall resound for love and chassity, so far as Phoebus darts his golden rays.

Then dreffed he the venifon for her which he had brought, and having refreshed themselves, they set forward on their wonted travels, till they came into the country of Greece, where they soon had news of great tilts and tournaments suddenly to be held at the Emperor's court, in honour of his royal nuptials with the Emperor of China's daughter; the fame whereof had fummoned hither all the most approved and magnanimous heroes, both in Europe, Afia, and Africa, to try their man-hood, and, by noble exercises of arms, to mount up into honour's throne, among the reft, the feven Champions of Christendom arrived there unknown to each other, of whose valiant acts, to their country's honour, we come now to declare.

# C H A P. VIII.

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How the feven Champions performed valiant exploits in the Grecian court; where, having intelligence of the great preparations that were made by the Pagans, every Champion returned into his own country, for forces to withfland them.

I Nfinite was the number of the knights affembled in the Grecian court, to adventure their chance in fortune's lottery for the purchafing of renown, but the feven Champions attained to fuch favour with the Grecian Emperor, that he appointed them to be his own peculiar Champions' against all comers, each his feveral day, feven days together, the appointed time for holding the justs. To relate all their feveral adventures, how they foiled each one that came against them, would take too much time for our intended brevity; let it fuffice to know, that their prowels was fo highly admired by the Emperor, as (in reward of their valour) 18

he bestowed upon them a golden tree with feven branches, in the dividing whercof they came to be known unto each other, which fo rejoiced their hearts, that they accounted that day as fortunate unto them as when first they were delivered from the thraldom of the enchantrefs Kalby. But they had not long enjoyed the fruition of each other's company, when there arrived at the Emperor's court, a hundred heralds, from a hundred feveral countries, which by the command of their princes, proclaimed war against all Christendom in these words:

"We the moft puilfant Monarchs of Afia, and Africa, by a general confent of us all, proclaim open war, fire and fword, with utter deftruction to all the countries and kingdoms of Chriftendom, in a just revenge against them for the injuries fultained by their feven Champions, defiring all the followers of Mahomet, Termagant and 'Apollo, in this our determination, to join with us and take our parts."

The Grecian Emperor being also a Pagan, affociated with them, giving commandment, to malter up the greatest forces his land could afford. All which, when the feven champions underftood, to prevent their bloody purposes, after due confideration had amongst themfelves, each one with his betrothed lady departed home to his own country, there to raife forces to withfland the common enemy: St. George into England, St. Dennis into France, St. James into Spain, St. Anthony into Italy, St. Andrew into Scotland, St. Patrick into Ireland, and St. David into Wales: The prospect of whole delightful habitations they had not beheld in many years before; where they were molt royally entertained according unto their own heart's defire, each feveral Prince in his common caufe, contributing the utmost affistance he could make, appointing the bay of Portugal for their great rendezvous; and all with one general confent, nominating St. George to be their general, whofe valiant exploits and honourable performances, shall be discoursed of in the following chapter.

CHAP.

# CHAP. IX.

How the feven Champions of Christendom arrived, with all their troops, in the bay of Portugal, where St. George made an oration to his foldiers. The diffention in the Pagan army; With other things that happened.

A T the appointed time, the Christian Champions, with each one a well approved army, met in the bay of Portugal, the number of which joined together, was about five hundred thoufand; unto whom St. George, their appointed general, made the following oration:

" Feliow foldiers and kind country-men, whole valour the world admires and dreads, we are now going into the field of honour, and to the work of man-hood: the time is now; at hand we have long-looked and prayed for, and your work the nobleft in the world: pour forth, therefore, your utmost forces, that ages to come may know what the lance, the ax, the fword and the bow, can do in the hand of the valiant: fear not the numerous force of our enemies, whole number is rather a burthen than an advantage unto them : but know, your cause is the best, the defence of the Christian religion, and your native countries, which will oppose all their vast numbers. Whosoever therefore defires riches, honours and rewards, know, that they are all to be gotten by the overthrow of those miscreants, who will fly before your valour, as flocks of fheep before the greedy wolf."

This foldier-like oration put fuch courage into the breafts of the foldiers, that, with a general voice, they cried out, 'To arms, to arms, with the magnanimous Champion St. George of England,' in which gallant refolution we will leave them for a while, to relate what happened in the army of the Pagans, who, like grafhoppers overfpreading a country, met in the land of Hungary, in fuch multitudes, that had not God fruftrated their intentions, the Chriftian army had been but a morfel, fcarce fufficient for them for one meal; by his

#### SEVENCHAMPIONS

his invincible power, he confounded them in their own practices; for being about to elect a general, each nation was obflinate to have their king the perfon, that. fhould command in chief; and fo eager were they in these refolutions, that from words they fell to blows, which ended at last in a most dreadful fight against each other, till the ground was changed from a verdant green to a purple hue, and each place firewed with the carcales of dead bodies. Here you might fee a head new lopt off from the floulders, with a gafping mouth, complaining as it were for his feparation from the reft of its body : There lay an arm with a hand grasping a fword, as if it would fight yet in its body's defence. In another place you might behold one who would run away from danger, but that his legs are fo entangled in his fellow's guts he could not flir; here lay the brains of one, there anothen with his mouth and jaws cut away, fo that he could not complain of hisown misfortunes. In fine, such horror and destruction was amongft them, as would make the heart of an c-. nemy to relent. Those that remained, after this bloody encounter, withdrew themselves into their own countries, curfing the time that ever they undertook fo unlucky an enterprize, and confelling it was vain for them to attempt any thing against the Christian's God.

It was not long ere the news of this bloody encounter came to the ears of St. George, and the reft of the Chriftian Champions; who having received the intelligence foon raifed their armies and marched directly to Barbary, against the bloody king of Morocco, to chaftife his treachery committed against the most renowned English Champion.

#### CHAP.X.

The terrible battle between the Christians and Moors in Barbary, the great overthrow of the Pagans, and how Almidor the Black King of Morocco, was boiled to death in a brazen caldron of lead and brimstone.

THE Christian army under the conduct of the magnanimous English Champion, St. George, being arrived

-20

arrived in Barbary, and, with their victorious arms, turning all into ruin wherefoever they came, the noife thereof made Almidor's guilty confcience to quake, and thereupon he railed a mighty hoft to withftand them, who with great courage fell upon the Christians, fo that between them enfued a most terrible battle, each fide firiving to outdo the other in victorious exploits : to purchase renown; the Moors in defence of their country, their wives and children. Three days together did this bloody conflict hold, the night fearce giving them time to breath in, but before the fun began his diurnal race, they returned their firength to a more cager encounter; horror, bloodshed and amazement was on their fide, and death rode triumphant thro' the whole hoft; but the valiant St. George (whofe courage was never wanting at all effays) being minded to put an end to the fight, fingled out the Morocco King, betwixt whom and the English Champion was a long and Hangerous encounter; but Almidor, not able to withftand the mighty puissance of St. George, was forced to yield himfelf to his mercy, and became his prifoner. which the Moors seeing, presently would have fled to the chief city, but the Christians intercepting them, made amongft them fuch a flaughter, that not one of a hundred escaped to tell the fad difaster of their misfortunes.

The Chriftian army then marched directly to Tripoly, carrying along with them the wicked Almidor to whom (notwithftanding his evil deferts) upon a promife of forfaking his heathen-gods, and to turn to be a Chriftian, mercy was proffered, which refufing, with direful execrations against the Chriftian religion, ne was boiled to death in a brazen caldron filled with tead and brimftone; at the fight of whofe death, as well Pagans as Chriftians, with a loud voice cried out, " Long live St. George, the victorious Champion of England, who, by his valiant prowefs, hath freed Barbary from their miferable thraldom."

Hereupon the Mcrocco Peers, with bended knees, ame to St. George; proffering unto him the imperial prown of Barbary, and promising to be christened in the the Chriftian faith; all which was prefently performed, by placing the crown upon his head, and abolifhing Mahometanifm with all the fuperfitious rites of that falfe prophet; whereupon a great alteration fuddenly enfued, Pagan temples were pulled down, and a Chriftian church erected: inflead of a tyraonical government, good and wholefome laws were ordained: peace and plenty flourifhed every where, and a general rejoicing was throughout the whole kingdom.

But the heroic Champions, not minding to fpend their time in the idle bower of peace, and to let their armour hang rufting on the wall, when fo much action was to be done in the world; they therefore fummoned their foldiers to re-affume their courage, and to put themfelves in an equipage for war. St. George leaving the government of the land, in his abfence, to four of the principal Peers of Morocco; the whole army marched directly to Egypt againft K. Ptolemy, who had confederated with Almidor for fending St. George into Perfia.

## C H A P. XI.

How the Christians arrived in Egypt, and what happened to them there. The tragedy of the Earl of Coventry. How the Egyptian king broke his neck, and how St. George redeemed his Lady from being burnt to death at a flake.

THE feven Champions of Christendom, with their victorious army, being arrived in Egypt, they fuppofed prefently to have met armed troops to with fland them; but, contrary to there expectation, they find both cities, towns and villages uninhabited; this terror of their coming firiking fuch an amazement to the inhabitants, that they hid themfelves in the most obfcure places they could find: wherefore they march ed to king Ptolemy's court, intending first to bur that, and then afterwards the reft of the city into cin ders. But whils they were in thefe thoughts and be in

-22

23

ing come near thereto, they were met by Ptolemy and his chiefelt Peers, all in mourning, bearing broken weapons, fhivered lances, and torn ancients, with many thousands of women and children wearing cyprefs leaves about their heads, all with one voice crying for mercy, and to spare their country from utter ruin, king Ptolemy the foremost of them all, addreffing himfelf to the Christian Champions, in these words:

"Moft noble Knights and renowned Champions, whofe names are inrolled in the book of fame, let my grey hairs move you to vity, and my beaded knees that never bowed to any till now, caufe compaffion in you: but if no mercy be referved for me, let me plead for pity for my poor commons, who are altogether ignorant of the injuries offered to the English Champion, occasioned by the treachery of that wicked Almidor working upon my eafy nature: O let me fall a factifice for their fafety, and flain not your hands in their guiltlefs blood, but fpare them and us, and we fhall not only become your fervants, but forfake the belief of our falfe prophets, and henceforth believe in the Christians'God."

This forrowful lamentation and requeft of king Ptolemy, made the heart of the English Champion to relent, fo that he not only granted mercy to the whole land, but alfo life to king Ptolemy upon the conditions before promifed; which gracious grant was fo welcome both to King and Commons, that all on a fudden the people returned from their lurking places to their former habitations. Bone-fires were made in every place, the bells rang day and night, and fo much banqueting, dancing and mafquing was ufed, as exceeded that which the Trojans made, when Paris returned from Greece, with the conqueft of the Spartan Queen.

But this fun-fhine weather was foon overfhadowed with a cloud of forrow; for, in the interim of all their joy, there arrived at the court an English knight, who thus delivered himfelf to St. George.

"Renowned Champion of England, if ever you expect to fee your beloved lady again, make all the hafte you can unto her, who is adjudged to be burned to death

## SEVEN CHAMPIONS, &c.

21

death at a ftake, for murdering the Earl of Coventry; who, by gifts, entreaties, and allurements, fought to betray her of her honour, and by luftful acts to ftain her name with infamy, which your virtuous lady always withflood : but at laft, he finding her alone, and renewing his fuit, with threatening of force upon her denial : fhe, with kind words, lulled him afleep, and then fheathed his own poinard in his breaft, which on a fudden bereaved him of life: for which fact fhe is condemned to die the death aforefaid : yet this favour is granted her, that if in two years fpace, a Champion be found, that for her fake will venture his life; if he overcome the challenger, her life fhall be faved, but if not, then fhe muft die."

Thefe words ftruck a wonderful aftonifhment and forrow to all that heard them, efpecially to King Ptolemy, who, in a defperate mood, caft himfelf from the top of a high pinnacle, and broke his neck. Whereupon St. George was immediately proclaimed, and foon after crowned king of Egypt; and then, leaving the Chriftian Champions, he went into England, where he combated with the Baron of Chefter, who was Champion against the Lady Sabrine, whom he overcame in battle, to the great joy of the English Knight and his beloved Sabrine, with whom he afterwards fpent his life, in much joy and felicity.

#### FINIS.

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