NEW ZEALAND.



TRICESIMO QUINTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. LII.

ANALYSIS.

Title.

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An Act to regulate the Sale of Bread and to prevent Title. the Adulteration of Meal and Flour.

[14th November 1871.]

- TE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:
- 1. The Short Title of this Act shall be "The Bakers and Millers Short Title. Act 1871."
- 2. This Act shall come into operation on the thirty-first day of Commencement December one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.
- 3. The Acts and Ordinances specified in the Schedule to this Act On Act coming into shall upon the coming into operation of this Act be repealed Where force in certain Provinces Acts and before the coming into operation of this Act any offence has been Ordinances in Schewholly or partly committed against any or either of the Acts or dule to be repealed. Ordinances hereby repealed or any forfeiture or penalty thereunder has been incurred or any act has been done under the authority of any or either of such Acts or Ordinances or where in respect of any matter or thing done before the coming into operation of this Act any right liability privilege or protection accrues or has accrued under

of Act.

the said Acts or Ordinances or any action prosecution or other proceeding has been or shall hereafter be commenced every such offence shall be dealt with and punished and every such forfeiture and penalty shall be enforced and recovered and every such act and every such right liability privilege or protection shall continue and be in force and every such action prosecution or other proceeding shall be prosecuted continued or defended in the same manner as if such Acts or Ordinances were not repealed.

Bread for sale to be made of certain ingredients only 6 and 7 Wm. IV. c. 37 s. 2.

4. All bread made for sale or sold or exposed for sale within any part of New Zealand shall be made of pure and sound flour or meal of wheat barley rye oats buckwheat Indian corn peas beans rice or potatoes or any of them and with any common salt pure water eggs milk barm leaven potato or other yeast and mixed in such proportions as may be thought fit and with no other ingredient or matter what-

Bread to be well made.

Ib. s. 8.

5. The several sorts of bread which shall be made for sale or sold or exposed for sale shall always be well made and in their several and of respective degrees according to the quality of the meal or flour whereof the same ought to be made and no alum or mixture in which alum shall be an ingredient or any other mixture or ingredient whatsoever other than and except as herein mentioned shall be put into or in anywise used in making bread for sale under any colour or pretence whatsoever and every person who shall knowingly offend in the premises shall on conviction of every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding ten pounds nor less than forty shillings.

6. All bread made of the flour of wheat which flour without any mixture or division shall be the whole produce of the grain the bran or hull thereof only excepted shall be called and understood to be

Ib. s. 10. standard wheaten bread.

7. All wheaten bread made for sale of any meal in which a portion of the bran or hull thereof shall have been retained shall be called and understood to be household wheaten bread and every

loaf of such bread shall be marked with a large Roman H. 8. All bread made for sale wholly or partially of the meal or

flour of any other sort of corn or grain than wheat or of the meal or flour of any peas beans or potatoes shall be called and understood

to be mixed bread and every loaf of such bread shall be marked with a large Roman M. **9.** Every person who shall make for sale or sell or expose for sale

any such household wheaten bread or any mixed bread without being respectively marked as hereinbefore is directed shall on conviction forfeit and pay the sum of ten shillings for every pound weight of such bread which shall be so made for sale or sold or exposed for sale without being so marked as aforesaid.

10. All bread shall be sold by the several bakers or sellers of bread respectively by weight and not otherwise, and may be made of such weight or size as the said bakers or sellers shall think fit and in case any baker or seller of bread shall sell or cause to be sold bread in any other manner than by weight then and in such case every such baker or seller of bread shall for every such offence forfeit and pay

any sum not exceeding forty shillings. Nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent or hinder any such baker or seller of bread from selling bread usually sold under the denomination of French or fancy

bread or rolls without previously weighing the same. 11. The several bakers or sellers of bread respectively in the sale of bread shall use the avoirdupois weight of sixteen ounces to the pound according to the legal standard in New Zealand and the several

"Standard wheaten bread.'

"Household wheaten bread.

Ib. s. 10.

" Mixed bread." Ib. s. 10.

Penalty for not marking household or mixed bread.

Ib. s. 10.

Bread to be sold by weight. 6 and 7 Wm. IV. c. 37 s. 2.

Except French or fancy bread or rolls.

Penalty on bakers using any other than the avoirdupois

gradations of the same for any less quantity than a pound and in case 6 and 7 Wm. IV. any such baker or seller of bread shall at any time use any other than c. 37 s. 5. the avoirdupois weight and the several gradations of the same he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding five pounds nor less than five shillings.

12. In case any baker or seller of bread shall sell or deliver in his selling bread not her or their shop house or premises any bread which shall not have weighed Ib. s. 4. been previously weighed in the presence of the party purchasing the same when required by the purchaser so to do except as aforesaid then and in every such case every such baker or seller of bread so offending shall upon conviction forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding five pounds.

13. Every baker or seller of bread shall cause to be fixed in some Bakers to provide in conspicuous part of his shop on or near the counter a beam and scales their shops beams scales and weights to with proper weights or other sufficient balance in order that all bread ib. s. 6. there sold may from time to time be weighed in the presence of the purchaser or purchasers thereof except as aforesaid And in case any such baker or seller of bread shall neglect to fix such beam and scales or other sufficient balance in manner aforesaid or to provide and keep for use such proper beams and scales and proper weights or balance or shall have or use any incorrect or false beam or scales or balance or any false weight not being of the weight it purports to be according to the said standard then and in every such case he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding five pounds.

14. Any baker or confectioner who shall wilfully or knowingly Selling bread made of have upon his premises used by him as such baker or confectioner unwholesome flour. any impure unsound or unwholesome flour or who shall sell or offer to sell any bread or dough for bread or biscuit or confectionery containing any such flour shall on conviction before two or more Justices forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty pounds and such bread dough biscuit confectionery or flour shall be liable to be seized and confiscated as unwholesome and adulterated and shall be disposed of by the said Justices as they in their discretion shall

15. If any person shall put into any corn meal or flour which Penalty for shall be ground dressed bolted or manufactured for sale either at the time of grinding dressing bolting or manufacturing the same or at any of one sort of corn as other time any ingredient or mixture whatever not being the real and the flour of another. 6 and 7 Wm. IV. genuine produce of the corn or grain which shall be so ground or if c. 37 s. 9. any person shall knowingly sell or offer for sale either separately or mixed any meal or flour of one sort of corn or grain as the meal or flour of any other sort of corn or grain or any ingredient whatsoever mixed with the meal or flour so sold or offered or exposed for sale then and in every such case every person so offending shall on conviction forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty pounds nor less than five pounds Provided that nothing herein contained shall apply to any ingredient article or material employed or used for cleansing or preserving such corn or grain from smut or other disease weevil or other insect or impurity so as that every such ingredient article or material so employed or used be carefully and effectually removed from such corn and grain before the same shall be ground.

16. It shall be lawful for any Justice and also for any Constable Bakers' shops &c. authorized by any warrant under the hand of a Justice at seasonable may be searched. times in the day time to enter into any house will about 11. times in the day-time to enter into any house mill shop stall bakehouse bolting-house pastry-warehouse outhouse or ground of or belonging to any miller mealman or baker or other person who shall grind grain or dress or bolt meal or flour or make bread for reward or

sale and to search or examine whether any mixture or ingredient not the genuine produce of the grain such meal or flour shall import or ought to be shall have been mixed up with or put into any meal or flour in the possession of such miller mealman or baker either in the grinding of any grain at the mill or in the dressing bolting or manufacturing thereof whereby the purity of any meal or flour is or shall be in anywise adulterated or whether any mixture or ingredient other than is allowed by this Act shall have been mixed up with or put into any dough or bread in the possession of any baker or other person whereby any such dough or bread is or shall be in anywise adulterated and also to search for any mixture or ingredient which may be intended to be used in or for any such adulteration and mixture and if upon any such search and examination it shall appear that any such meal flour dough or bread so found shall have been so adulterated by the person in whose possession it shall then be or any mixture or ingredient shall be found which shall seem to have been deposited there in order to be used in the adulteration of meal flour or bread then and in every such case it shall be lawful for every such Justice or Constable authorized as aforesaid to seize and take any meal flour dough or bread which shall be found in any such search and deemed to have been adulterated and all ingredients and mixtures which shall be found and deemed to have been used or intended to be used in or for any such adulteration as aforesaid and such part thereof as shall be seized by any Constable authorized as aforesaid shall with all convenient speed after seizure be carried to a Resident Magistrate or Justice and if any Justice who shall make any such seizure in pursuance of this Act or to whom anything so seized under the authority of this Act shall be brought shall adjudge upon the evidence of any competent person or persons taken upon oath that any such meal flour dough or bread so seized shall have been adulterated by any mixture or ingredient put therein other than is allowed by this Act or shall adjudge that any ingredient or mixture so found as aforesaid shall have been deposited or kept where so found for the purpose of adulterating meal flour or bread then and in any such case every such Justice is required to dispose of the same as he in his discretion shall from time to time think proper.

Penalty for having ingredients for the adulteration of bread. Ib. s. 12.

17. Every miller mealman or baker in whose house mill shop stall bakehouse bolting-house pastry-warehouse outhouse ground or possession any ingredient or mixture shall be found which shall after due examination be adjudged by any Justice to have been deposited there for the purpose of being used in adulterating the purity or wholesomeness of any meal flour dough or bread shall on conviction forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding five pounds for the first offence ten pounds for the second offence and fifteen pounds for every subsequent offence unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of any such Justice that such ingredient or mixture was so deposited without the knowledge or privity of the party accused.

18. If any person shall wilfully obstruct or hinder any such search as hereinbefore is authorized to be made or the seizure of any meal flour dough or bread or of any ingredient or mixture which shall be found on any such search and shall be deemed to have been lodged with an intent to adulterate the purity or wholesomeness of any meal flour dough or bread or shall wilfully oppose or resist any such search being made or the carrying away any such ingredient or mixture as aforesaid or any meal flour dough or bread which shall be seized as being adulterated or as not being made pursuant to this Act the person so offending shall on conviction of every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding ten pounds:

Penalty for obstructing search.
6 and 7 Wm. IV. c. 37 s. 13.

19. All offences against this Act shall be heard and determined Recovery of penalties. only in a summary way and not otherwise and in the manner provided by "The Justices of the Peace Act 1866" and except in the cases hereinbefore provided to be heard and determined by one Justice all offences against this Act shall be heard and determined as aforesaid by any two or more Justices and all fines and penalties awarded and imposed shall go and be distributed the one moiety to the Consolidated Fund and the other moiety to the use of the informer or party prosecuting.

20. If any person convicted of any offence under this Act shall After second conafterwards commit a like offence it shall be lawful for the Justices viction offender's before whom the second conviction shall take place to cause the advertised offender's name place of abode and offence and the penalty imposed to be published at the expense of such offender in such newspaper or in such other manner as the Justices shall direct and the expense of such publication shall be recoverable in the same manner as costs are

recoverable.

21. No person shall be convicted of any offence under this Act Limiting the time of information. unless the complaint be made within seventy-two hours next after the time the offence shall have been committed and no conviction under this Act shall be removed by writ of certiorari or otherwise in the Supreme Court.

22. If any action or suit shall be commenced against any Justice Protection to officers. Constable or other person for any matter or thing done in pursuance of this Act the defendant in any such action or suit may plead a general denial and give this Act and the special matter in evidence at any trial thereupon and that the same was done in pursuance and by authority of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number of Part.	Name of Province.	Title of Act or Ordinance.	Of what Legislature.
Part I.	Auckland	"Sale of Bread Act 1863"	Superintendent and Provincial Council of the Province of Auckland.
Part II.	Otago	"Bread Ordinance 1863" "Bread Ordinance 1863 Amendment Ordinance 1864"	Superintendent and Provincial Council of the Province of Otago.

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