THE BEE.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
JEROME BAYON.
CITY PRINTER.
TERMS—IT MUST BE PERSEVERED IN.
FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1834.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

Things to be remembered at the Polls.

Remember, that Edward D. White voted in favor of a law calculated to bring distress and ruin upon the profit flourishing interest of our State.

Remember, that we sent him to Congress to advocate our rights, and to represent our wants.

Remember, that he sold the one and mocked at the other.

REMEMBER, that John B. Dawson was raised in our state—that we have grown up together, from a young and infant province to an independent State—that he never deceived the confidence of his fellow-citizens—on the contrary, that he has ever been respected as a gentleman, loved as a man, and honored as a judge.

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT:

B. MARIGNY.

For Congress—1st District, CH. GAYARRE,
" " 2d " JAMES BRADFORD,
" " 3d " J. WALKER.

The opera of ADAM & EVE, we are given to understand, will not be exhibited after next Sunday evening.—Those who have not yet visited them, should avail themselves of the present opportunity; probably the last they may ever have.

The mail yesterday brought Charleston dates to the 23d, Washington to the 18th and Philadelphia to the 17th, affording no new intelligence of the day preceding.

Nothing has transpired in congress of importance. The president of the Bank has submitted to the senate "a protest against certain resolutions passed by that body," in which he takes ground that "assuming authority and power not conferred by the constitution and laws, but in derogation of both."—This document is exceedingly masterly and in our judgment, commands for dignity of style and strength of expression alone with the celebrated proclamation. It would be a great pleasure to lay it before our readers, and although it is very long, we cannot in the hope of being enabled to compass a design of coming on. In the meanwhile, we must be content to give a brief view of it. It pronounces the resolutions objected "not only unauthorized by the constitution, but in many instances repugnant to its provisions, and subversive of the powers secured to other coordinate departments."

Speaking of the Bank, Mr. Poindexter, one of the nullifying resolutions, that it should be not received, which occasioned a warm discussion, and the question was not decided when the senate adjourned.

The nullifying leaders have had quite a pageant. Orators Preston and McDuffie, and Gen. Duff Green have been exhibiting themselves in Philadelphia. Thousands yesterday visited "the Palace," and him who sits therein, calm as a summer's morn," and were tenderly and affectionately received. Nullification is looking up!

The Louisiana Gazette is evidently anxious to enlist the feelings of the Irish in our adopted citizens in favor of the bad course of nullifiers. It will not do. That generous and high minded people are not to be thus cajoled. They know full well that the men who now seek their association, are those which have on other circumstances and at other times, when interest was to be subserved, villified and abused them. They understand the tactics of their adversaries, and are not to be trepanned by such silly tricks as these. Porter, M'Neven and Sampson, a worthy trio who we are pleased to notice are heralded in the Louisiana bold array, do not deserve, and do not possess the least popularity with their countrymen. The former is known to have declared publicly in this city, that had he been in the house of commons at the time of the introduction of the Irish coercion bill, a measure infamous to every true friend to Ireland, he would have voted for the same, and in strong expostulated with upon the inconsistency of his conduct with his censure of Gen. Jackson for deciding martial law during a time of imminent danger, he replied that Gen. Jackson's were excusable only in Ireland to keep the factious in subordination. These, it is not precisely in the precise words he used; but the conclusion was certain, that he did so. Will the independent, patriotic Irishmen support a candidate selected by one who stands so ready to advocate British cruelty and tyranny? We think not. Nor is this the only instance, with the assistance of the Doctor M'Neven and Chancellor Sampson, that the Louisiana gentlemen think the Irish voters in Louisiana will be deceived. As far as the doctor is concerned, it will be seen, from the following opinion of Mr. Trenor in New-York, which we find in the Evening Post of that city, that little is anticipated from him. Mr. Trenor is known (says the Post) "as one of the worthiest, as he was one of the most ardent of the Irish patriots. He was treasurer of the United Irishmen in which duty cause he embarked with the zeal of a martyr, and in it he sacrificed his fortune, nearly half a million of dollars, and many years of his life. He was one of those victors sentenced to death, but escaped through fear of the execution was to have taken place. He afterwards surrendered under the King's proclamation of amnesty, and he experienced British faith, was a long time imprisoned, two months in solitary confinement, and the only time he saw daring that time, was a deaf and dumb man who brought him his food. He was refused passports to country by Rufus King, the minister of John Adams at London. Mr. Trenor has seen too much and suffered too much from the British, to aid the British party in this country."—

MONDAY, 7th April, 1834.

To the Editors of the Evening Post:

Gentlemen—I was sitting with my respected friend, Thos. Addis Emmet, in Grove street, yesterday afternoon, when a carriage drove to the door, out of which descended five gentlemen, one of whom handed a letter to Mr. Trenor. This letter was from Dr. M'Neven, saying that he and his friends wished Mr. Trenor to preside as chairman at a meeting to be held on Monday evening. Mr. Trenor promptly replied, that he feared he shall have nothing to do with Dr. M'Neven or his meeting. I have been his fellow prisoner in the dungeons of the British Inquisition, where I spent four years of the prime of life. I have been his attached and firm friend for thirty-seven years. Would to God that I had followed him to the grave with all the halo was round his head. You may depend on it, I will attempt to tear up by the roots of that tree before my death, any to induce me to take a single step in favor of Dr. M'Neven, or his new found doctrine."

I am, respectfully yours, &c.

From the Globe.

THE INVESTIGATION.

The inquiry ordered by the House of Representatives into the conduct of the Bank of the United States, may justly be considered as one of the most important events in the legislative history of the United States. On its results will probably depend, not only the eventual fate of the present Bank, but every similar institution at all time to come—the great powers granted to the committee—the elaborate specimen of points to be examined—the ample authority with which they are clothed—the unlimited time allowed them—with the pointed request to report as early a day as practicable—all attest the resolute determination of the House to have a full and impartial trial between the COUNTRY and the BANK; and to bring out the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, without fear, favor or affection, to any power, party, or individual, that may be concerned. Two other committees have been appointed, heretofore, to examine this bank, but neither of them with such full powers as are vested in the present committee, and certainly the public expectation was never so intensely fixed on the issue before. The following analysis of the resolution, under which the committee was appointed, will show the magnitude of the trust which is confided to them, and the vast and delicate responsibility which is devolved upon them.

I. OBJECTS OF INQUIRY.

1. Whether the charter of the Bank has been violated.
2. Whether abuses—corruptions—or malpractices, have occurred in its management.
3. Whether it has used its corporate powers, or its corporate influence, 1. to control the press, 2. to interfere with politics, 3. to influence elections.
4. Whether it has had any agency, first, through its agency, in procuring the existing pressure upon the community.
5. To ascertain, as far as practicable, the cause of the commercial embarrassments and distresses, complained of in the memorials presented to the House of Representatives.

II. POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE COMMITTEE.

1. To inspect, 1. the books; 2. the correspondence; 3. the accounts; and all other papers connected with, first, the business, secondly, the management of the mother bank, and of its branches.
2. To subpœna persons and papers.
3. To question witnesses, and to examine them on oath.
4. To visit the mother bank.
5. To visit each branch.

III. DUTY AND FINAL ACTION OF THE COMMITTEE.

1. To report the result of their investigation to the house.
2. To report the evidence obtained to the House.
3. To report as early a day as practicable. In this respect it differs essentially from the committee which sat two years ago, and which was not only limited to time, but bad to that time, although the committee reported that they had not finished their examination at the mother bank, or even commenced it at a single branch. The committee of 1815 also reported that their investigation was not finished; but on both these occasions the Bank had a majority in the House of Representatives, and the investigations were not only left incomplete, but the repeated violations of the charter, and the abuses and corruptions of the Bank, escaped the animadversion and penalty which was due to them. On the present occasion it is due to the COUNTRY, and to the Bank, that want of TIME should no longer balk an investigation whose results are connected with the purity and perpetuity of our republican institutions—with the oppression of a community—with a political agitation which has convulsed the Union—with the fluctuation of markets—bankruptcies—panics—alarms! An investigation whose results reaching institutions, and principles, and systems of policy, must overlook all consequences to individuals, high or low, if, unfortunately, there should be any such individuals to be affected by the developments of truth. Want of time should no longer interfere with the pursuit after truth, which justice and the public good may require; and if the investigation cannot be thoroughly completed, as in all probability it cannot be, before the termination of the present session of congress, it will be a case eminently requiring the committee to continue their researches during the recess.

LATER FROM ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The ship Zephyr, Captain Pope, from Portsmouth, and the packet ship Normandy, Capt. Bell, from Havre, arrived yesterday. We have received by these conveyances London dates of the 19th, and Paris and Havre of the 1st March. They contain no intelligence of importance. In the British House of Commons, the foreign policy of the Government had been brought under review, by a motion on the subject of Turkey; in the course of it, the Secretary of foreign affairs, in allusion to the political relations between England and France, observed: "they were now more intimately confidential and kindly than they had been at any former period." The Paris dates in the London papers are to the 7th ultimo. There has been a trifling tumult at La Guillotine, a place in Lyons, we believe entirely occupied by weavers; it has been easily suppressed. The usual quantum of dissatisfaction is still expressed by the opposition papers to the acts of the Government, but nothing of a remarkable character had occurred.

The accounts from Madrid are to the 5th, at which date that capital was much agitated, but no actual disturbance had occurred. From Portugal we perceive nothing of additional interest. On the 13th March the London Price Current says:—"The Sugar and Coffee Market closed tamely on Friday, and steady business is proceeding this morning. Transactions, however, are not extensive. The Stock of Sugar is becoming low, so is that of Coffee; but the trade are generally of opinion that it will be fully equal to the consumption.

The Havre Price Current of the 9th March says, in regard to the cotton market, that the supply in the preceding week had only been 655 bales from New Orleans, the sales amounted to 5500 bales. On Monday and Tuesday of last week, business had been active, and on those two days the sales amounted to 3,200 bales, but then, the demand stopped at once, in consequence of the failure of a banking house at Rouen, and the sales during the remainder of the week did not exceed 400 bales, but prices remained the same. On the 10th, the sales were 175 bales; on the 11th, 214; on the 12th, 59; on the 13th, 225; on the 14th, 246 bales, at 50 Louisiana from 115 fcs. to 155, and Georgia Uplands, 120 fcs. to 125.

The Albany Argus contradicts the fabrications of the Bank Press, and gives a list of all the towns in which elections have been held, and returns made, which it closes with the following summary:

He can returns from five hundred and thirty-five towns, embracing whole, or in part, thirty-eight counties. And these returns show not only a great and preponderating majority of the towns, but also, in these thirty-eight counties, not more than nine will give majorities for the federal and bank ticket. Take, with these returns before the public, (and they have been published in all the months of March and April,) we are gravely told by a purchased slave of the Bank, that eighty one towns only have been heard from, that of these 81, 63 have elected the whig (anti, the federal and tory) tickets; and that the gain for the Bank and federalism, in forty eight towns, since 1832, is 1,135! How precise! Now, we challenge the fabricator to name these forty-eight towns; or any forty-eight towns in the state, in which there is a gain for the opposition (assume what name or shape it may) of 41000 since 1832. Mean while, we predict, and the prediction will be fully verified by the results, that at least 42 of the 55 counties in the State, and at least 475 of the 535 towns will give majorities for the republican tickets.

In the 535 towns already heard from, there is a republican majority of one hundred and nineteen towns, and a decided aggregate republican gain since last year, and a still greater gain since 1832.—Globe.

RICHMOND, April 15.

The causes is gaining.—New victories are rewarding the exertions of the People. As we are about to discuss this paper from our hands, we learn that Old Buckingham has done her duty. The two late Dodgeites are beaten by Brooker and Yancey. So far as the returns have been received, and deducting Caroline, we have gained eight changes, on political grounds; and counting Nottaway nine—and we have lost one only: Thus, making, at the least calculation, the difference of sixteen votes in our favor.—The cause gains as it goes—and we have now the strongest reasons to believe, that the exertions of the unwavering, unqualified opponents of the Bank will be crowned with a decided majority in the next legislature.

PIRATES.—Capt. Bennet, of ship London Packet at New Bedford, spoke March 3, off Ascension Island, the British ship Carlow, from W. coast of Africa, having on board nineteen pirates. On the African coast the Carlow boarded a suspicious armed vessel, abandoned, which blew up and killed one of her officers and men. She is supposed to have been the vessel belonging to the pirates, who were taken on shore. She is also ascertained to have been the same which robbed the Mexican, of Salem, some time since, of $25,000 in specie. The pirates were Portuguese and Spaniards.

GENERAL MINA.—If the Spanish Government are desirous to inspire the English with confidence, they ought to recall General Mina from exile. When a simple Lieutenant (or young man, as we should call it in England) Mina was the first Spaniard who began the guerilla warfare, so fatal to the armies of Napoleon. Through the whole of the Peninsular war he was the most active and successful of the guerilla chiefs, and the first who taught the French generals by severe retaliation, to respect in the armed peasants of Spain, the defenders of their country. When the Duke of Wellington entered France Mina accompanied and extorted from him, by his military talents and exertions, the praise of being a good general. Banished by the ungrateful Ferdinand, he returned again to Spain after the revolution of 1820, and in the short struggle that followed the French invasion, he was the only Spaniard who fought with energy and success. While some were turning phrases about liberty, independence, the glory of a great nation, and what not; and only waiting an opportunity to betray their country, Mina alone maintained its honor; and had the Spanish generals acted as he did, the Duke of Angouleme would have had no more reason than Napoleon to boast of his success. Since the downfall of Mina who neither knew when to yield, nor how to rest, Mina has remained on exile. That he should have been left in that situation, is as a disgrace to the present government of Spain, and till his recall, her ministers will look in vain for any zeal of enthusiasm in their favor from Englishmen. Whether they allow him to languish in exile from fear of offending their military dictators, from deference to the Afrancesados—from petty feelings of aristocratic prejudice against the man of the people, or from jealousy of his influence in the earlier provinces (which ought to be the strongest reason for his recall) their conduct is equally unjustifiable, and destructive of all confidence in the spirit and principles by which they are so unfortunately guided.—[London Chron.

The Frigate United States.—We yesterday received, via Havre, sundry letters dated on board the U. S. Frigate United States, from which we gather the following facts. The ship remained at the Dardanelles, at anchor, four weeks, waiting for a leading wind, and after passing those rapid currents had a fine sail of 24 hours to Constantinople which place she reached on the 18th of October. Com. Patterson, with seven of his officers, had a personal interview with the Grand Sultan on the 17th of Nov. The frigate arrived at Smyrna on the 25th of Nov.; the Constellation frigate anchored at Vourla, 20 miles below Smyrna the same evening. Got under way the 14th, and experienced a violent gale of thick weather, &c. and was obliged to heave to, under the lee of Scio, expecting every minute to strike, but the weatherly qualities of the U. S. saved her. 16th, made the Island of Tuno, about 6 miles to leeward, and ran into Milo to repair damages, both ships having been more or less hurt by the gale, in which a French line of battle ship was totally lost, with 17 of her crew. Left Milo on the 19th, and beat up against a strong westerly gale as far as the west end of Sicily, where we met a violent north wester, and drifted 30 miles to leeward. She was knocked about 4 or 5 days—and reached Malta on the 6th of Jan.—The Constellation was not ready for sea when the U. States left Milo; but joined the U. S. on the 7th Jan.—Left Malta on the 12th, and reached Mahon Jan. 26, after a pleasant passage of 11 days from Malta, where the officers were overjoyed by finding letters and newspapers from home. The Delaware was there. The Shark, which went in pursuit of us was daily expected back to Mahon.—[N Y Gaz.

The Columbia [S C] Telescope of the 12th inst says, "For several days this week, crowds of our citizens were attracted to our river landing, by the novel spectacle of a Steamboat, just arrived from Charleston. It was chartered for the voyage by our spirited and enterprizing townsman, Mr John M. Lean."

☞ Notice—Consignees per brig HOPE, from Baltimore, will please attend to the receipt of their goods, opposite Post No 30. may 2

J Lastigne vs Capt St Martin, of schooner Blooming Youth; P Dupuis vs the same.

BY virtue of two writs of Sequestration to me directed by the Hon. Galien Pecaty, associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on Saturday 17th May, 1834, at 12 o'clock M, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres, streets, the schooner Blooming Youth, her tackle, apparels and furniture. Seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above suit. Terms cash.

may 2 B BEAUREGARD, marshal

THE UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA will purchase Exchange on England at par
april 30 J. B. PERRAULT.

(By authority.)

AN ACT

For the relief of Theodore S. Davis and other legatees of John B. Fletcher deceased.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the State does hereby abandon and relinquish in favor of Theodore S Davis and the other legatees named in the will of the late John B Fletcher of the city of New Orleans, all right or claim to the property or money composing the succession of the said Fletcher on condition that the said Theodore S Davis or such other of the legatees named in the said, will as may avail themselves of the provisions of this act, do jointly or severally give bond with sufficient security to be approved of by the court of Probates in and for the city of New Orleans, the condition of which bond shall be, that they or such one of them as may choose to avail themselves, or him or herself, of the provisions of this act, shall render a true account and pay to the heirs of the aforesaid John B Fletcher deceased should any ever appear and establish their claim to the same, whatever sum of money any of the said legatees may receive under this act.

Sec. 2 Be it further enacted, &c. That the Treasurer of the State is hereby authorised and required to pay out of the monies received into the treasury from the vacant succession of the said John B Fletcher deceased, the sums to which each of the legatees may be entitled under the will, and the remainder of the money or estate to the aforesaid Theodore S Davis on the respective warrants of each of them.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved, March 6th, 1834.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Tennessee, Holmes, N York, Wilcox & Fearn
Ship Warsaw, Hills, Liverpool, I Ogden & co
Brig Paul Jones, Masters, N York, Lincoln & Green
Schr Magelena, Alexander, Apalachicola, Bogart & Hawthorn

ARRIVED.

Towboat Porpoise, Marshall, from sea, with French ship Edward, and a brig, and schrs Pacific and Nuova Manuel, left the Edward, schr Nuova Manuel, and the brig at the Point below the Battle Ground, and immediately returned for them.

Steamer Henry Shreve, Davis, from S W Pass, having taken her tow to sea, left the Pass Wednesday evening—Report weather blowing a gale—Two ships in the offing, standing in, nothing else new—2 towboats at anchor in the Pass—French ship Edward aground at Battle Ground Point—Purpose assisting her off—Brig Amity at anchor below Slaughter House Point. Brought up from Grand Pass, brigs Franklin and Exchange, and schr Dorch exp.

Brig Franklin, Barton, 21 days from Pensacola, to L H Gale, cargo to N & J Dick & co; W E B Lane & Franklin, J G Washington; Reynolds, Barnes & co; J Lewis, Townsley, Prieur & co, W C Nelms; R Browning and co; and others.

Brig Exchange, Barton, 21 days from Baltimore to L H Gale, cargo to Byrne, Reynolds & co; Slee & Byrne; L & H Parsons; E Lane, Martin, Pleasants & co; Brander, McKenna; S N Barton; Yorke, Muncie & co; Reynolds, Byrne & co; Stetson & Avery; A Fisk Watt & co and others.

Schr Dorchester, Sayre, 6 days from St Jago de Cuba, cargo 90 bags coffee to Cornell, Lapsley & co.

Steamer Mohican, Bishop, 3 days from Warrenton, cargo 4 sacks corn 10 hhds tobacco, 115 bales cotton to Bogart & McKnight; 110 do do W L Robinson & co; 1 do do J W Brickman & co; 2 hhds tobacco Hughes & co; 5 do do Wright & co; 55 bales pig iron J S Walker; 75 bales cotton Chambers, Hart & co; 100 Marsh, Pleasants & co; 365 Mallory & Wilder; 55 Wilcox & Fearn; 211 N & J Dick & co; 25 J H Gardner & co; 45 M Waring; 5 B M Kenna; 1 do A Fisk, Watt & co; 1 do Lewis & Richards; 25 do 2 cases Hooks Lee & Arnold.

Steamer Charlton has left Bayou Sara, 3 days, with 110 hhds sugar J Lanton; 1 do do 50 hhds sugar Lestrade & Dessalles; 50 bales cotton J B Pauche & co; 16 do do W B Lane; 60 bags cotton J B Pauche & co; 1 box specie B Peralta; 1 box indze G Decourcel; 1 bale moss owner on board.

Steamer Bayou Sarah, Marsted, from Bayou Sarah—cargo 88 bales cotton J Hagan & co; 71 W Lane & L Wright; A Fisk, Watt & co; 33 N Cox; 59 J Lanton; 25 Pleasants & co; 25 M White; 21 C F Hazen; 15 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 15 A Ledoux; 2 J B Plauche & co; on account of the master 1 bale cotton and 1 do moss; L Lafumade; N Cox; Chambers and Girard; Pauche and Bien; Reynolds, Byrne and co; P Somerville; C Harrod; Henderson, Walton and co; S McCutchen; 5 passengers.

Steamer Amulet Bashan, from St Hadi—cargo 73 hhds W L Hodge; 2 do do P B Rodge and Brother; 9 passengers.

Steamer Delta, Barker, from Ouachitas, cargo 21 hhds 60 hhds sugar, 62 bales cotton Morgan and Dunlap and co; 124 do do, 12 hhds sugar Mamoud, O Dahgy and co.—4 passengers.

Steamer Carrollton, Woods, from Grand Gulf—cargo 1 keg lard, 921 bales of cotton—viz: 267 A Fisk, Watt and co; 61 M White; 34 Bullett, Pleasants and co; 47 Harris, Wright and co, 1539 Lanton; 157 J Hagan and co; 50 Williams and Lee; 7 Wilcox and Fearn; 2 Wilkinson, Marsted and co; 133 do 107 kegs lard, 2 passengers for R Reynolds, Byrne and co; 20 bbls whiskey Byrne, Reynolds and co; 6 cabin passengers, 14 way and 10 on deck.

THE undersigned have this day entered into copartnership for the purpose of general commission business, under the firm of
E. J. FORSTALL & CO.
Odin J Forstall and Placide Forstall are the resident partners, and Lizardi Hermanos, in Cuba, the dormant.
LIZARDI HERMANOS.
E. J. FORSTALL.
PLACIDE FORSTALL.
may 2

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of
FELIX J. FORSTALL & CO.
Felix J. Forstall and Placide Forstall are the resident partners, and Lizardi Hermanos, in Cuba, the dormant.
FELIX J. FORSTALL.
L. EDWARD FORSTALL.
may 2

NOTICE—The copartnership existing in this place under the firm of Gordon, Forstall & Co. expires this day by limitation, the firm will be used hereafter be used only for the purpose of liquidation. The firm will be conducted by Edm J Forstall and Placide Forstall, who are only authorised to that effect.
ALEX. GORDON,
EDM. J. FORSTALL,
PLACIDE FORSTALL.
may 2

NOTICE—The copartnership of Forstall & co. this day expiring by limitation, the firm will be used for the purpose of liquidation only, by Felix John Forstall, who is duly authorized to that effect.
GORDON, FORSTALL & CO.
FELIX J FORSTALL.
may 2

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES.

THE undersigned have received on consignment two barrels of fine CANDIED HONEY, which they offer for sale low (to families) at No. 17, Common street.
may 2 tf R. FARR.

SEA STORES of every description may be had at the subscriber's, corner of Custom house and Bourbon streets, also 59 Camp st.
may 2 J E LOREILHE.

PORT WINE, in casks and bottles, for sale at the corner of Custom house and Bourbon sts also 59 Camp st. [2 may] J E LOREILHE.

FOR SALE—A fine stock of drugs and store advantageously situated in this city and adjoining the new building Maingy. Apply at this office. may 2

FIRE BRICKS—Perrys Baltimore Premium, received per brig Hope and for sale by
may 2 HARRISON, BROWN & Co.

LIVERPOOL SALT—Fine and coarse, just landing and for sale by
may 2 CARRIERE & BORDUZAT, 11 St Louis st

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS, ARCHITECT COMP. New Orleans 1st May 1834.

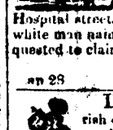
NOTICE—The subscriber to the 2d and 3d subscription of the balance of the capital funds of said Company, are hereby notified that they will have to pay on the 1st June 1834, at the office of the Company Levee Steam Cotton Press, the sixth tenth on the amount of their respective share. By order of the Board.
may 2 SOMMEREAU, Secy.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE subscriber having taken his son James B Walton into copartnership, the business will from this date be conducted under the firm of M Walton & Son, at the old stand No 12 and 14 Custom house st.
New Orleans, May 1, 1834.
may 2 M WALTON.

NOTICE—A person who has lived several years in England as housemaid and house keeper, would be happy to get into a situation of that kind or any other respectable place. That person is a good sewer. She will have no objections to enter in the service of a single gentleman or a single lady, nor will the object going to the country. Apply Chartres st No 136, facing the Exchange.
may 2

DETAINED at the Jail of the Parish of St James, two negroes, to wit: JOHN, aged about 20 years, and PETER, aged 19 or 20 years, who says he belongs to Mr Alexander Baron, of New Orleans, residing in Hospital street. Said negroes were taken jointly, with a white man named Joseph R King. The owners are requested to claim them at the jail and pay the expenses.
MICHAEL SANSON,
ap 28 Dep Sheriff.



DETAINED in the jail of the Parish of St James, a negro boy named JACK, aged about 12 or 13 years, who says he belongs to Mr Cunningham, at Donaldsonville. The owner is requested to claim said slave, and pay the expenses agreeably to law.
MICHAEL SANSON, Dep sheriff.
ap 29

AMERICAN THEATRE:

(CAMP-STREET.)

LAST NIGHT OF MR SINCLAIR.

LAST NIGHT BUT THREE OF MRS. AUSTIN.

This evening, May 2d, will be presented for the last time
FRA DIAVOLO.
Fra Diavolo, - - - - Mr. Sinclair,
Zelina, - - - - - Mrs. Austin,

After which the interesting Drama of the
WANDERING BOYS.
Paul, - - - - - Miss Nelson,
Justin, - - - - - Mrs. Rowe.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

PARISH COURT for the Parish and City of New Orleans.—I hereby certify, that on the 17th April, 1834, judgment was entered in this court in the suit of Patcy Haynes, wife of G Shall, vs G Shall, her husband, in the words and figures following, to wit:—No 7369—Patcy Haynes, wife of George Shall, vs George Shall her husband. This case was this day submitted to the court on the record, and the court being satisfied from the evidence on file that the defendant is insolvent, and that that which the plaintiff may be able to earn by her personal industry, would be put in danger it is ordered, adjudged and decreed, that a separation of property be pronounced between the parties, and the plaintiff be allowed all the rights and privileges allowed by law to females so separated in property from their husbands; and further that the defendant pay the costs of suit.

[Signed] CHARLES MAURIAN, judge.

New Orleans, 24th April, 1834.

Judgment recorded in Judgment Docket C, page 86—Costs of Court $19 50.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said Court, at the City of New Orleans, on this 1st day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the 58th year of the Independence of the United States.
may 2 P A GUYON, Dep Clerk.

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES—Sale by the Register of Wills—On Friday the 6th day of June next, at noon, I will exposed for sale, at the New Exchange, Coffee House, at the risk and expense of Messrs Bloodgood & Dover, pursuant to article 2589 of the civil code, and for account of the succession of the late Pierre Marie Boisdé deceased, the following described property to wit:

A Lot of Ground situated in Faubourg Marigny, designated by No 1, in assuing (English measure) 57 feet 3 inches front on Amour street, between Esplanade and Mysterious streets, by 127 feet 11 inches in depth, on which lot is erected a house in bad condition, kitchen, &c.

Terms of sale. One fourth cash, and the balance at 6 and 12 months, the credit for which is secured by approved notes secured by special mortgage.

By order of the court.
W F C DUPLESSIS, reg. of wills.

NB The above sale is to be postponed from the 2d day of June to the 6th day of June.
may 2

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES—Sale by the Register of Wills—On Monday the 9th day of June next, at noon, I will expose for sale, at auction, at the New Exchange Coffee House, for account of the succession of the late Pierre Gaudet deceased, the following described Slaves, to wit:

SARAH, a negro woman aged about 21 years,
MARY, a mulatto woman aged about 25 years.

Terms of sale. One fourth cash, and the balance at 6, 12 and 18 months, to approved domiciliated notes, secured by special mortgage on the slaves.

By order of the court.
W F C DUPLESSIS reg. of wills.

NB The above sale is to be postponed from the 2d day of June to the 9th day of June.
may 2

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W F C DUPLESSIS reg. of wills.

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may 2

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of
E. J. FORSTALL & CO.
Odin J Forstall and Placide Forstall are the resident partners, and Lizardi Hermanos, in Cuba, the dormant.
LIZARDI HERMANOS.
E. J. FORSTALL.
PLACIDE FORSTALL.
may 2

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of
FELIX J. FORSTALL & CO.
Felix J. Forstall and Placide Forstall are the resident partners, and Lizardi Hermanos, in Cuba, the dormant.
FELIX J. FORSTALL.
L. EDWARD FORSTALL.
may 2

NOTICE—The copartnership existing in this place under the firm of Gordon, Forstall & Co. expires this day by limitation, the firm will be used hereafter be used only for the purpose of liquidation. The firm will be conducted by Edm J Forstall and Placide Forstall, who are only authorised to that effect.
ALEX. GORDON,
EDM. J. FORSTALL,
PLACIDE FORSTALL.
may 2

NOTICE—The copartnership of Forstall & co. this day expiring by limitation, the firm will be used for the purpose of liquidation only, by Felix John Forstall, who is duly authorized to that effect.
GORDON, FORSTALL & CO.
FELIX J FORSTALL.
may 2

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES.

THE undersigned have received on consignment two barrels of fine CANDIED HONEY, which they offer for sale low (to families) at No. 17, Common street.
may 2 tf R. FARR.

SEA STORES of every description may be had at the subscriber's, corner of Custom house and Bourbon streets, also 59 Camp st.
may 2 J E LOREILHE.

PORT WINE, in casks and bottles, for sale at the corner of Custom house and Bourbon sts also 59 Camp st. [2 may] J E LOREILHE.

FOR SALE—A fine stock of drugs and store advantageously situated in this city and adjoining the new building Maingy. Apply at this office. may 2

FIRE BRICKS—Perrys Baltimore Premium, received per brig Hope and for sale by
may 2 HARRISON, BROWN & Co.

LIVERPOOL SALT—Fine and coarse, just landing and for sale by
may 2 CARRIERE & BORDUZAT, 11 St Louis st

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS, ARCHITECT COMP. New Orleans 1st May 1834.

NOTICE—The subscriber to the 2d and 3d subscription of the balance of the capital funds of said Company, are hereby notified that they will have to pay on the 1st June 1834, at the office of the Company Levee Steam Cotton Press, the sixth tenth on the amount of their respective share. By order of the Board.
may 2 SOMMEREAU, Secy.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE subscriber having taken his son James B Walton into copartnership, the business will from this date be conducted under the firm of M Walton & Son, at the old stand No 12 and 14 Custom house st.
New Orleans, May 1, 1834.
may 2 M WALTON.

NOTICE—A person who has lived several years in England as housemaid and house keeper, would be happy to get into a situation of that kind or any other respectable place. That person is a good sewer. She will have no objections to enter in the service of a single gentleman or a single lady, nor will the object going to the country. Apply Chartres st No 136, facing the Exchange.
may 2

DETAINED at the Jail of the Parish of St James, two negroes, to wit: JOHN, aged about 20 years, and PETER, aged 19 or 20 years, who says he belongs to Mr Alexander Baron, of New Orleans, residing in Hospital street. Said negroes were taken jointly, with a white man named Joseph R King. The owners are requested to claim them at the jail and pay the expenses.
MICHAEL SANSON,
ap 28 Dep Sheriff.

DETAINED in the jail of the Parish of St James, a negro boy named JACK, aged about 12 or 13 years, who says he belongs to Mr Cunningham, at Donaldsonville. The owner is requested to claim said slave, and pay the expenses agreeably to law.
MICHAEL SANSON, Dep sheriff.
ap 29

$20 REWARD

NOTICE—The subscriber having given yesterday, to an American negro, a TRUNK containing a black cloth coat, about a dozen and a half of shirts, summer pantaloons, waistcoats, and a sum of $60 in five dollars gold pieces, shirt buttons, a sugar loaf &c and said negro having disapeared with it. A reward of Twenty dollars will be given for the recovery of the trunk and its contents. The negro was dressed with a blue shirt, a grey cotonade pantaloon, and had a black hat and shoes; also, a torn handkerchief. The trunk was delivered at the corner of St. Claude and Hospitaline sts. and was carried to the Rail Road; but the slave afterwards went off to the Levee with the trunk before the owner arrived there.
may 1 AUGUSTE RIETTY.

CLOSE ON SUNDAY EVENING!

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!

LE BLANC'S

Two grand moral paintings of

ADAM & EVE

AND THE

EXPULSION FROM PARADISE,

AND THE FOUR EGYPTIAN

MUMMIES,

WHICH have elicited the universal approbation of upwards of 70,000 persons since their arrival in this country, and have certificates of the most eminent physicians and gentlemen of science of the different cities which they have visited, among which we are proud to rank Dr. LUZEMBERG, of this city, are now being exhibited at the corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets, opposite the New Exchange, from 9 in the morning until 10 at night.

☞ Brilliantly illuminated every evening.

Admittance, 50 cents, season ticket $1. april 21

$10 REWARD.

Runaway on or about the first day of April, from the plantation of Mr J. Grout, parish of St. Charles, the American mulatto, speak french. He is about 5 feet 6 inches high, has a scar on the right or left eye. He is spare in body.
may 1

SUMMER BOOTS & SHOES.

Just receive direct from the manufactory a large assortment of morocco calf skin and buff boots also ruff shoes pumps, boys and children boots, brogans and shoes will be sold wholesale and retail very cheap.
A. TER,
may 1 46 old Levee, near the Bank Stores.

STATE OF LOUISIANA

PARISH COURT FOR THE PARISH AND CITY OF NEW ORLEANS—Present the Hon Charles Maurian, judge—April 5th 1834. No 6923.—In the matter of C F Conlin Insolvent vs his creditors. Upon filing the petition of said insolvent, in the matter and motion of Jh Mazureau Esq to my first assistant, it is ordered by the court that all persons interested show cause within five days why said petitioner should not be homologated and his debts distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
F BUISSON, Dep Clerk.

Clerk's Office, April 30, 1834.
may 1

COURT OF PROBATES—Whereas A Sevilla has petitioned this Court for Letters of curatorship to the absent heirs of the late Charles Victor Grey deceased intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
W F C DUPLESSIS, reg.
may 1

FOR MADISONVILLE, Fontainebleau and Mandeville.—The steamboat Blacklawk will commence running to Madisonville, Fontainebleau and Mandeville on Sunday the 12th April, and continue every Sunday throughout the season, leaving the rail road at the usual hours, viz. 8 o'clock, A M.—Returning will leave Madisonville at half past 2 o'clock, P M, touching at the above places.

Passengers will please be at the rail road in time to take the cars which connect with the boat will leave immediately upon their arrival at the lake.

For particulars apply to WELLS & BAYLEY,
ap 14 27 Levee st.

FOR BALTIMORE.

The remarkably fast sailing copper fastened and copper dolted HOPE, Capt Galt, will receive immediate dispatch. For freight or passage having excellent accommodations, apply on board, opposite post