

Translated by
Defense Language Branch

EXCERPTS OF THE LECTURE ON "GREATER ASIA DOCTRINE"
WHICH WAS GIVEN AT NAGOYA IN MAY 1938

We have from now on to make up our minds in such a manner as to ask China to reconsider all matters which would require her self-examination and at the same time to help and support her politically and economically in order that her people may be able to reconstruct China. It will be of no use even if our people should succeed in occupying Chinese territories only by chastizing her. It is my firm belief that it is indeed wrong for us to go by the principle that it is quite enough if Japan alone should be benefited politically and economically. We have been in the habit of saying that Westerners have brought pressure to bear upon us Orientals and have thus exploited Orient. I should like to blame any persons particularly in your presence if there were some who would like to have China present something to Japan in consideration of the great works which Japan during the past half a century and moreover in compensation for the big losses which have been inflicted upon Japan during this Incident.

At the time of the outbreak of the Manchurian Incident. Japan sacrificed herself considerably both spiritually and materially. The consensus of opinion of Japan at that time

was that it was quite natural for Japan to be remunerated for her great losses of that kind. There were some such persons as were of the opinion that Japan should obtain some rights and interests in Manchuria. I, for example, had the views which were diametrically opposite to the above ideas. Namely, the establishment of the Manchoukuo--that was realized by Japan only for her object of saving 30 million people based upon the spirit which was called "Imperial Way", I expressed my views at that time that Manchuria must be saved by us at the expense of ourselves. Since that time, generally speaking, Manchoukuo has fortunately come to realize her healthy development like to-day although it cannot be considered that she has completed her establishment. I think we came to learn for the first time how important a role the Manchoukuo establishment would play in the future situation in East Asia, immediately after seeing the present occurrence of the Sino-Japanese Incidence of great significance. I trust that there are not many Japanese who are of the opinion that only profits must be reaped by us from Manchuria. The losses on the Japanese side which were connected with the China Incident were of more important nature than those which Manchurian Incident. These losses, however, were inflicted upon us quite as a matter of course in consequence of our efforts for realizing our great ideal. Our country will permanently prosper if we endure these

Def. Doc. # 2501

huge losses and try to develop to the utmost the real spirit of our Imperial Way. If we do not give attention to this matter, time will come at no distant date when China will be none the better than now even if Japan occupies the Chinese territories and captures all provinces in the South and North of China only by means of fighting.

Such is the real spirit of our Greater Asia Association. If I put this spirit in a word, the principle of this Association is what we call the Spirit of the Imperial Way. That is the spirit of rendering service to the State and the world of action at the expense of ourselves, or the spirit of contributing to the country and the world of action at the sacrifice of ourselves. This is none other than the spirit of our Imperial Way. This spirit alone is what we consider the Greater Asia Spirit. It is my strong belief that the object of this sacred war can be attained only by this Greater Asia Spirit. (Applause)

Def. Doc. # 2501

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY

I hereby certify that the book hereto attached, written in Japanese, consisting of 42 pages, entitled "On Greater Asia Doctrine" and inserted in the Collection of Lectures No. 1 of Nagoya Branch, Greater Asia Association, is a book which summarized the gist of my lecture at the Public Hall of Nagoya City on 30, May, 1938 and which was published in the name of the said branch.

Certified at Tokyo,
on this 3 day of April, 1947

/S/ MATSUI, Iwane (seal)

I hereby certify that the above signature and seal were affixed hereto in the presence of the Witness.

At the same place,
on the same date

Witness: /S/ ITO, Kiyoshi

D. S. 250.1
Books filed

文書成立之関る証明書

本書ニ添付せしむる日本語ニテ書カレ四二頁ノ多成ル大要
細重協定書名古屋支那講演集第一輯ト題スル
出版物中ニ掲載サレタリ大要細重主義ハ就テト
題スル一文ニ自今カ昭和十三年五月三十日名古屋平
公舎書室ニ於テ講演セシ要旨ヲ摘録シ右支那ノ
名ニ於テ発行スルモノナラズ証明ス

昭和二十一年四月三日

於東京

松井名根 氏

右署名捺印ニ自今ノ面新ニ於テ為サレタモノナ
ルヲ証明ス

同日 於同所 志書 伊藤

清

三事人

一

二

三

EXCERPTS OF THE LECTURE ON "GREATER ASIA DOCTRINE"
WHICH WAS GIVEN AT NAGTOYA IN MAY 1938

~~people about whom I have just stated, and also in regard to political and economic problems~~

We have from now on to make up our minds in such a manner as to ask China to reconsider all matters which would require her self-examination and at the same time to help and support her politically and economically in order that her people may be able to reconstruct China. It will be of no use even if our people should succeed in occupying Chinese territories only by chastizing her. It is my firm belief that it is indeed wrong for us to go by the principle that it is quite enough if Japan alone should be benefited politically and economically. We have been in the habit of saying that Westerners have brought pressure to bear upon us Orientals and have thus exploited Orient. I should like to blame any persons particularly in your presence if there were someone would like to have China present something to Japan in consideration of the great works which Japan during the past half a century and moreover in compensation for the big losses which have been inflicted upon Japan during this incident.

At the time of the outbreak of the Manchurian incident, Japan sacrificed herself considerably both spiritually and materially. The consensus of opinion of Japan at that time was that it was quite natural for Japan to be remunerated for her great losses of that kind. There were some such persons as were of the opinion that Japan should obtain some rights and interests in Manchuria. I, for example, had the views which were diametrically opposite to the above ideas. Namely, the establishment of the Manchoukuo--that was realized by Japan only for her object of saving 30 million people based upon the spirit which was called "Imperial Way", I expressed my views at that time that Manchuria must be saved by us at the expense of ourselves. Since that time, generally speaking, Manchoukuo has fortunately come to realize her healthy

八頁ノ十行目ヨリ
十頁ノ九行目又テ

development like to-day although it cannot be considered that she has completed her establishment. I think we came to learn for the first time how important a role the Manchoukuo establishment would play in the future situation in East Asia, immediately after seeing the present occurrence of the Sino-Japanese Incidence of great significance. I trust that there are not many Japanese who are of the opinion that only profits must be reaped by us from Manchuria. The losses on the Japanese side which were connected with the China Incident were of more important nature than those which Manchurian Incident. These losses, however, were inflicted upon us quite as a matter of course in consequence of our efforts for realizing our great ideal. Our country will permanently prosper if we endure these huge losses and try to develop to the utmost the real spirit of our Imperial Way. If we do not give attention to this matter, time will come at no distant date when China will be none the better than now even if Japan occupies the Chinese territories and captures **all** provinces in the South and North of China only by means of fighting.

Such is the real spirit of our Greater Asia Association. If I put this spirit in a word, the principle of this Association is what we call the Spirit of the Imperial Way. That is the spirit of rendering service to the State and the world of action at the expense of ourselves, or the spirit of contributing to the country and the world of action at the sacrifice of ourselves. This is none other than the spirit of our Imperial Way. This spirit alone is what we consider the Greater Asia Spirit. It is my strong belief that the object of this sacred war can be attained only by this Greater Asia Spirit. (Applause)

~~Gentlemen of my native Province! That great man, Hideyoshi Toyotomi, was born in this part of Japan and unified our country after pacifying all~~

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY

I hereby certify that the book hereto attached, written in Japanese, consisting of 42 pages, entitled "On Greater Asia Doctrine" and inserted in the Collection of Lectures No. 1 of Nagoya Branch, Greater Asia Association, is a book which summarized the gist of my lecture at the Public Hall of Nagoya City on 30, May, 1938 and which was published in the name of the said branch.

certified at Tokyo,
on this 3 day of April, 1947

MATSUI Iwane
(seal)

I hereby certify that the above signature and seal were affixed hereto in the presence of the Witness.

at the same place,
on the same date

Witness: ITO Kiyoshi

Table of Material Prepared for Operations

Material Subsection, Military, Affairs Section
As of November, 1941

- (Remarks: 1. Brackets show figures expected to be filled by the end of December.
2. Figures are all approximations)

TABLE I GENERAL

Division Sorts of Materials	Amounts Decided upon	Analysis						
		Military Force (Contemplated)	Unit	Total	Distribution			
					Japan Proper	South	North	China
Ordinary Munitions	For contemplated military force	60 divisions	Amount re- quired by a division in one battle	105(14)	10	17(6)	48(8)	30
Fuel for vehicles		70,000 automobiles	Amount re- quired per month by 1,000 auto- mobiles	357(10)	140	50(10)	125	42
Gunpowder Fuel for Planes		13 air bri- gades	Amount re- quired per month by one air corps	77 165	5 98	12 20	45 50	15 7
Food		2,500,000 men (Amounting to 100 divisions)	Amount re- quired per month by one divi- sion	370(34)	86	93(34)	103	83