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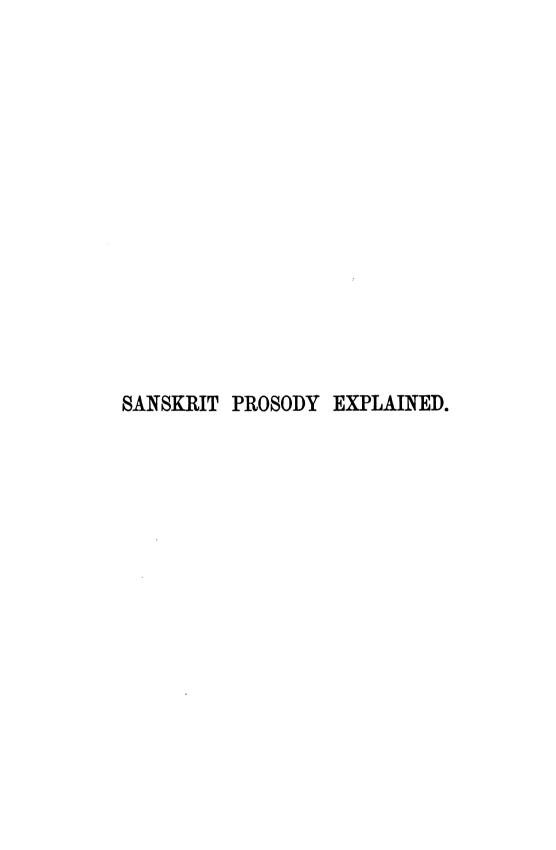
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i . ` •

# SANSKRIT PROSODY,

ANI

## NUMERICAL SYMBOLS

## **EXPLAINED**

# BY CHARLES PHILIP BROWN/M.R.A.S.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

NOBIS PRIMA SIT VIRTUS PERSPICUITAS.

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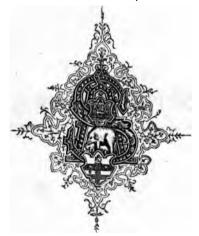
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## PREFACE.

SANSKRIT LITERATURE is chiefly in verse. The poems and plays, the histories and legends, treatises on law, divinity, astronomy, mathematicks, and indeed nearly all literature being in metre. The "Prosody is easy and beautiful," says "It is infinitely more rich and more Sir William Jones. yaried," observes the learned Chézy, "than that of Greek; and has no syllables of doubtful quantity." The venerable Colebrooke (Essays ii. 62) speaks of the aid it affords in deciphering passages rendered obscure by the inaccuracy of the transcripts: he notices that the artifice of its construction is peculiar, and not devoid of ingenuity; and it is richer than that of any other language. Yet many who have attempted the study in India, guided by a Pandit, complain that the art is intricate. Indeed most of the aspirants have been disheartened (as I was at first); for the Prosody is overlaid with a profusion of pedantic refinements, arithmetical and super-Most of the rules in the Sanskrit Prosodies are intended to guide composers, not learners.

In 1827, at Madras, at the desire of the College Board, I printed a short account of Telugu and Sanskrit Prosodv. Ten years after, when I was in London, the learned Professor Rosen, who had edited Colebrooke's Essays, requested me to prepare a statement which he printed in the Asiatic Journal for 1837. This fell into the hands of a young German at Konigsberg who had been reading Sanskrit for two years: and encouraged him. In 1855 Professor Wilson introduced him to me in London: he was Professor Theodor Goldstücker. whose skill in Sanskrit lore has in late years been acknowledged by learned brahmans in Bengal, Benares, and Lahore. He called upon me to prepare an easier and more complete volume for the use of students. Accordingly I have written the rules again, addressing the explanations to the beginner: who now can learn more in ten days than a pandit could have taught him in ten years.

Professor Francis Johnson has with his usual kindness superintended the printing of these pages.

Numerical Symbols are much used in Sanskrit books on Prosody, as well as regarding chronology. Of these I have subjoined an explanation: with some suggestions for a Memoria Technica in English.

C. P. B.

22, Kildare Gardens, London, April, 1869.

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#### ERRATA.

P. 12, line 23, read TITE

24, ,, 20, ,, The Mallet to Destroy Delusion.

## SANSKRIT PROSODY EXPLAINED.

#### INTRODUCTORY REMARKS.

The vowels a, i, u, ri, lu, are short: as in चतिश्च atisaya मिलित milita, युधि yudhi, ज्ञप kripa. The rest are long.

Short or breve is called सञ्च lag-hu or ह्रा hraswa, meaning 'light.' Long is called सृद् guru 'heavy,' or हीर्च dirgha 'long.'

A breve becomes guru if followed by two consonants, as 'a' in चास्ति asti, or चन्न vakra. But the vowels Ri and Lri do not lengthen the preceding vowel. Thus सक्तत săkrit.

A breve is marked with an upright line '1' thus; a tribrach, which we write UUU is marked 111. The long mark is U which we use for a breve. In Dēvanāgari the character resembles the Persian hamza (\*), in Bengali is similar to the number for six in that alphabet.

But the language is pronounced as it is written, and the quantity of each syllable is evident to the eye: the marks for long and breve are therefore seldom used.

The letter च Y is always a consonant, and requires a vowel, as in देख: dait-yah, कार्थ kār-yam, योगिन yogin, ग्रस्ता sayyā. When the consonant म M is final, as in नसम् सन्नवीत् Nalam + abravīt, it does not suffer elision. (Nala. iv. 1).

pleasure.'

Prosody is called see: chhandah, that is, 'fancy, will,

Sanskrit Prosody is measured with feet, called gana, denoted by letters, Ma, Ya, Ra, etc. fixed in days earlier than the Homeric age. M or Ma denoted a foot of three long syllables, as 'majestas' or 'Longini' or 'has sylvas.' Na is a tribrach of three breves like 'mulier' or 'avibus.' Eight such feet are give in the **JUMENT**: or Table. To each I have added a Sanskrit and a Latin instance, having the same initial.

			Т.	ABL	E	OF	FEET.		Grand )
	NAME.		8Y	LLAI	BLES	١.	EXAMPLE.		(म्याठी)
idossus	मगणं	Ma	_	_	•	-	मन्त्राणां	Mantrāņām	मानावा
Nocchius	यगगं	Ya	U	_	-	-	यषार्थं	Yathārtham	यमाच)
bresie	रगणं	Ra	_	U	-	-	रचणं	Racshanam	राजसा
Inquaest	सगगं	Sa	U	U	-	-	सहजं	Sahajam	समरा
Antitoechous	तगएं	Ta	_	_	Ĺ	J	तन्त्राणि	Tantrāņi	ताराप
Amy ha brace	वगगं	Ja	U	_	• (	J	जजाप	Jajāpa	जनास
Jack	भगणं	Bha	_	U	) (	J	भङ्गर	Bhanguram	भासकर
Topour	नगगं	Na	U	U	•	J	नयति	Nayati	नमन

The Greek names, with Latin instances.

NAME.	SYLLABLES.	EXAMPLE.
Molossus		Mæcenas
Bacchius	U	'Ymetto
Creticus	- u -	Reddidi
Anapæstus	υυ-	Similes
Antibacchius	u	Tentare
Amphibrachys	υ - υ	Juvabit
Dactylus	U U	Bucula
Tribrachys	υυυ	Nivea

Ł

In the three columns thus arranged in ancient times, the first has a long and a breve alternately; the second has two of each; the third has four.

The dactyl, in the present pages, will be marked B. spondee will be marked - - as in Latin.

To aid the memory, a learned German friend has given me the following sentence: मायावी यतासा रावण: सहसा तकाणि ज्ञाप भावय नर्ति "The deceitful, self-controlling Ravana uttered his spells in haste, beginning with 'Preserve us'" from death.

A long syllable is called Guru मह and a breve is सञ्च la-ghu: and the initials, L, G, are thus used:

> गर्ग gagam or गा gā spondæus. U U pyrrhichius. सर्व la lam or सा lā गर्स ga lam trochæus. U () - iambus. खर्ग lagam

A line is called pada or charana, meaning a foot; four such form a padya or slok. A prosodial measure of two or three syllables is called gana no because it is counted; we call it a foot.

'Aksharam,' a 'letter,' also is a 'syllable.' संस्कृतं Samskru-tam, or गीर्वाणं Gīr-vā-nam (another name of the language) are called tri-literal, or words of three syllables. > 20-0 as lanini would have called sha-ram.

All syllables are of a definite length, apparent to the eye; none are doubtful.

The last syllable of each line, in the uniform metres, is long by rule; but in practice is free.

"Pluta," denoting 'extension,' is the name given to a quaver or protracted sound, used in chaunting the Vedas. In prosody it is merely a long syllable.

The native treatises are crowded with numerical expressions which make the art mysterious; but such devices merely impede the progress of the learner.

#### On the Anushtup.

The Tale of Nala commences thus: each line being divided into four parts.

## चासीड् राजा। नलोनाम | वीरसेन। सुतोवली उपपन्नो। गुगैर् र्ष्टे | रूपवान् च। स्रकोविदः

Asíd rājā | Nalō nāma | Vīra sēna | sutō balī Upapannō | guṇaír ishṭai | rūpavān as | va kōvidah

This is called the Anushtup sloka **unger** which some consider the heroic metre. Each line contains sixteen syllables, and two lines are one slok, or couplet.

There are four syllables in each quarter. The first and third quarters are free from rule: the second usually is U - - with a free syllable: the third has U - U with a free syllable. Marking the free syllables with x, the line stands thus:

$$xxxx$$
  $y = -x$   $xxxx$   $y = yx$ 

The learner should read several pages aloud, pausing after each quarter: and he will soon perceive the rhythm. After he has accomplished this, he can proceed as follows:

The second foot has five varieties. One is already seen: the others are exemplified in these passages of the same poem:

- - Bk II. v. 6. व्यवेद्यत्। ताम् अस्वस्थां nya vedayat | tam aswastham
- U I. 3. चचप्रिय:। सत्यवादी acsha priyah | satya vādī
- 一 U U I. 7. तसी प्रस। 前 इसन: tasmai prasan j no damanah
- UUU XIV. 18. ब्रह्मिषेश । सभिवता brahmarshibhya i scha bhavitā

The five feet admissible in the second seat are Ma Ya Ra

Bha Na: which may be recollected in the words Mayura bhanuh.

In p. 436 of a volume on Sanskrit Grammar printed in 1847, a couplet is quoted from the Laws of Manu:—

Asīd idam | tamo bhūtam | aprajnātam | a lakshaņam a pratarkyam | a vijneyam | prasuptam i | vasarvatah.

And there is added, from the Rāmāyan,

Mā, Nishāda į pratishthām twam į agamah ṣā į ṣwatîh samāh Yat krauncha mi į thunād ékam į avadhîh kā į ma mohitam

The explanation of the metre there given is erroneous: as are also those of two more instances, there shewn. The student should divide the lines into fours, and he will perceive the metre with ease.

The remaining remarks on the Anushtup are not intended for beginners.

The rules already given will suffice for most of the slokas found in the Purāṇas. The following rules are observed in the Poems. The instances were selected by a Pandit from the Amara Kosha.

Each half line having eight syllables; the first and last are free, marked x; but the other six are subject to rule. Rule regarding the first half.

```
xMYx
                          Utt | hānam paurushē tan | trē
 YY
        U-- U--
                          hrā | dinī vaj ram astrī | syāt
 RY
        -u- u--
                         Pu į lomaja, Sachindra į n'i'
TY
        --u u--
                          Sap | tārchir damunāh śu | crah
JY
        U-U U--
                         Sa I twaram chapalam túr I nam
 BY
        -00 0--
                          Ni į tyāna varatája į sram
                         Abh | ram mēghō vārivā | hah
 MR
```

xYRx	$x \cup \cup -x$	$\mathbf{E}'$   ca yōctyā pushpavan   tau
RR	-00-	Vah i nër dwayör jwāla kil i au
RM	-0	Siv į ā Bhavāni' Rudrá į ńi'
MB	<del>-</del> uu	As į yōdyānam chaitrara į tham
YB	<b>UUU</b>	Rō   hitáśvō vāyu sa   khah
RB	-uuu	Kri į pīţayōnir jvala į nō
TB	0 -00	Ka į rinyō bhramuh capi į la
MN	000	Pan   chaité déva tara   vō
YN	<b>U</b> UUU	Gha   na jīmūta mudi   ra
RN	<b>-</b> U- UUU	Vās į tōsh patis sura pa į tih
TN	0 000	Ka į rinyō bhramu capi į té

These eighteen varieties are found in the first eight syllables: a few other variations occur, but are not approved as harmonious.

The second half, also containing eight syllables, has five variations: the first and last syllables alone remain free from rule.

This last instance is from Kālidāsa's Jātica Chandrikā.

The halves are independent: any one of the former eighteen may be followed by any one of the latter five.

#### On Elision.

Each couplet consists of two lines, which in the manuscripts are united, thus (Gita i. 25):

## भीष्मद्रोषप्रमुखतः सर्वेषां च महीचितामुवाचपार्च पश्चीतान् समवेतान् स्-

र्क्ति । २५ । स्वापस्रित्स्य ताग्पार्थः पितृनचिपतामहानाचार्खीसातु-सान् etc.

Again in xv. 3:

Here we see each half is run into one unbroken line: which European scholars divide, at the cæsura, into a couplet.

Where such elision occurs in the specimens now to be cited, two lines will be given: which are alike. Elsewhere a single line suffices.

#### THE UNIFORM METRES.

These have four lines, scanned alike, in each verse: one in general use, runs thus. There is no rhyme. The following metre, called Śārdūla, is in frequent use.

In the following instances, H. denotes the Hitopadesa. R. the Raghu Vamsam. G.D. Ganga Das, whose rules are given in Dr. Yates' Sanskrit Grammar.

vyōmai kān į tavihā į rinōpi į vihagāh į samprāpnu į vantyā padam

After the twelfth syllable there is cæsura, the harmonic pause: which in these pages will be marked 1. This metre is very often used: In the Gita Govinda there is an instance, in a song ending with these words:

## कन्दपीं पियमा यतेवि रचयन् ॥ शार्द्र विक्रीं ति

Kandarpō | piyamā | yatēvi | rachayan | Śārdūla | vikrīditam

8

#### SANSKRIT PROSODY.

The concluding words, "Śārdūla vikrīdita," give the name of the metre, which is also called Śārdūla.

Some metres have two pauses: Thus the मन्दाकाला Mandākrāntā: in which "The Cloud Messenger" is composed.

--- ॥ UU UUU - ॥ -U- -U- मीनान् मूर्खः ॥ प्रवचनपटुर्॥ वातुको जस्पकोवा

H. ii. 25

Maunān mūrkhah 
pravachana paṭur 
vātulō jalpakō vā
The name is recollected by this line:

## मन्दाकान्ता ॥ तद्दनुनियतं ॥ वश्वता ॥ मेतिबाला G.D.

"By slow and persevering efforts the maid is subdued."

This is one of the memorial lines framed by Ganga Das; with Dr. Yates' translation: which I use throughout.

The Sragdhara metre also has two pauses

#### --- -u- - # טטט טטט - # -u- -u-

Instance, from the Sakuntala, verse 7:

## यीवामङ्गामिरामं ॥ मुक्रर्नुपतित ॥ खन्द्नेदत्तदृष्टिः

Grīvā bhang ābhirāmam muhur anupatati syandanē datta drishtih.

Four such lines make the stanza. The memorial line is मूर्तिगीपस्वविष्णो ॥ रवतु जगतिवः ॥ सम्धराहारिहारा G.D.

The Indra vajrā र्व्यक्ता is a short metre: of which the first syllable is long or short at pleasure; and therefore is marked x.

x - U - - U ॥ U - U - -गुषागुणचा ॥ गुणिनी भवन्ति तेनिर्भूषं प्रा ॥ प्यभवन्तिहोषाः H. i. 47. Here the first syllable in the first line is short: in the second it is long.

In his notes on the Hitopadesa, p. 280, Professor Johnson remarks that, "although not enjoined by a rule of prosody, a slight cæsura may often conveniently be made at the close of the fifth syllable." The cæsura is of importance to composers, but the reader may safely neglect it. The Sanskrit writers on prosody divide every line of the Uniform metres into threes, disregarding harmony.

Horace uses a similar metre. "Trahuntque siccas machinæ carinas."

More than a hundred Uniform metres are described: but not fifty are in use: and the few described in the next pages are all that the learner requires. For the present he may pass them by unread, and proceed to the Aryá.

The last syllable in each line by rule should be long: in practice it is free: either long or short at pleasure. The feet are,

Or if the initial is short,

In the first line of this instance the initial syllable is long "artha:" in the second, "pri-yā," it is short.

If the first syllable is short it is called Upendra Vajrā: if the two are mingled, as they usually are, this is called **ARMINITY**. But these names are needless. The one original name is enough: the others are not in use. Instances: H. Introd.

19, 25, 47. Book i. 27, 80, 114, etc., and R. ii. 1-74; v. 1-62, etc.

The Rāthōddhatā र्थोज्ञता -U- UUU | +U- U- विग्रहः करितुरङ्गपत्तिभि नींकदापि भवतां महीभृताम् H. iii. 153.

In this instance the two lines forming the couplet run into one another. Instances: R. ix. 68; xi. 1-91; xix. 1-55.

The mark [ is a sign that this metre is unusual.

[ Swagata खागता - U - UUU - UU - - जुश्चपू रणभवः पट्ट ची

च च च च रिन न दो = श्वासितस्ताः R. ix. 73.

[ Śālinī ग्रासिनी -- -- -U- ॥ -U- निर्धातिथिः कुझसी ॥ नाझिधासु
र्ज्यानिधितिः सोभया ॥ मास सिंहान R. ix. 64.

XII Syllables.

The Druta Vilambita द्रुतविचित्रत UUU "UU "UU "U" विपदि धैर्यमथा शुद्येचमा

सद्सि वाक्पदुता युधिविक्रमः H. i. 32.

Also 52. Suhrid. 71.

 XIII Syllables.

[ Manjubhāshiņī मझभाषिणी

UU- U-U UU 1 -U- U-

इति विद्यतान्यकर् ॥ खीयमात्मनः

R. ix, 69.

[ Praharshiṇī प्रहर्षिणी --- UUUU -U- U--

निर्दिष्टां कुलपतिनास पर्गशासा

R. i. 95.

See R. iv. 87, 88; viii. 91, etc.

हातातिति क्रन्दितमाक्स विषय-

सास्वान्विष्यन्वेतसगृहप्रभवंसः

R. ix. 75.

XIV Syllables.

Vasanta tilakam वसनातिसका येता वस्ताति एकी 'तश्रनानगागा'

--U -U UU- N UU- U--

उद्योगिनं पुर्वसिंहमुपैतिसन्त्री

र्दैवेनदेयमितिकापुरुषावदन्ति H. Introd. 31.

See H. i. ver. 41, 83, 137, etc. R. Book v. 63-73, etc.

XV Syllables.

Mālinī मासिनी ∪∪∪ ∪∪∪ -- | -∪- -∪- -

सहिगगनविहारी वास्त्रवध्यंसकारी H. i. 20.

See H. i. 218. R. ii. 75; v. 74, 75, etc.

XVII Syllables.

Śikharinī शिखरिको पदी जेल्हा येनी यमनस्र भाषा । शिस्वरिर्ध

U--- -- N UUU UU- N -UU U-

वरंमीनंकार्थं नच वचनमुक्तं चढूनतं H. i. 145.

See H. 145, 146, 187, etc.

## Mandakranta मन्दाकाला

-- -- **1** 000 00- 1 -0- -0- -

मीनाकूर्वः ॥ प्रवचनपटु ॥ वीतुस्रो जल्पकोवा H. ii. 25.

See ver. 160. R. viii. 94; xiv. 87, etc.

The Megha Duta is written in this metre.

## Harini हरिणी

UUU UU- -- || -- U- || UU- U- Orthus

सरसि बङ्गास् ॥ ताराच्छाये ॥ चणात् परिवक्षितः

H. iv. 106. R. iii. 70.

## Prithvi bharam पृथ्वीभरं

U-U UU- U- ॥ UUU - U- U- U- चरस्य दहितं क्वतं ॥ भवभरीरमुद्दर्तितं

H. Notes, p. 108.

#### XVIII Syllables.

Mahāmalikā: or, Nārācha; or, Lalā, or Vanamālā.

000 000 -0- -0- -0- -0-

रघुपति रपि जातवेदोविनुदां प्रगृह्य प्रियां R. xii. 104.

## Charchari चर्चरी

00- 00 1 00- 00 1 00- 00 1 00-

The following hymn to Ananga is quoted from the Siva-karņ-āmritam, in the Śāradā tilakam.

शारणागत ॥ भरणातत ॥ करणाकरहृद्यं सुरमानित परमाच्युत श्रमारित विमतं श्रमलाजित कमसासन विमसासन विनुतं भजमानस निवमात्रयम् श्रवमाहत मदनम् XIX Syllables.

Śārdula. This has already been explained. This name is noticed in Colebrooke: but he gives the same title to a different metre, of eighteen syllables (m s j s r m).

XXI Syllables.

The Sragdhara. This has already been explained.

XXV Syllables.

The Kröncha-pada.

-UU -- ॥ -UU -- ॥ UUUU UUUU ॥ UUUU UU- क्रोह्मपदाली चित्रततीरा मदकल खगकुल कलकल रुचिरा G.D.

The native prosodians scan all metres by trisyllabic feet: and this one, like the Sragdhara, is fancied intricate because such scansion does not agree with the melody: but if divided as here shown, it is clear. This metre is the basis of the usually which will presently be noticed.

#### ALTERNATE UNIFORM METRE.

Musical time is called Tale and the "pollicis ictus," as Horace calls it: hence the name Valtāliya. The eighth canto of the Raghu Vamsa begins thus.

The alternate lines have one long syllable inserted after the

third. Each stanza has two such couplets. See Hitopad. Suhridb. 33, 85, 86. Sandhi, 101.

If a long syllable is added, the metre is called Aupachchhandasika चौपक्ट्सिक or 'A Variation.' Thus, Raghu Vamsa, ix. 66,

This is used in the last canto of the Māgham, where the commentator observes "Sargēsmin Aupachchhandasikam vrittam; Vaitālīyē gurv ādhikyāt" संगेखिनीपच्छंद्सिकं वृत्तं वैतालीयेगुवा-धिकात् "In this canto the metre is (Aupachchhandasikam) a variation, being the Vaitālīyam with an additional long syllable."

A variety of this is called Pushpitāgrā पुष्पताचा (Hitop. Suhrid. 42).

See also Hitop. Vigraha 145. Sakuntala, i. 32.

In all these metres the slok has two similar lines: of which I cite the first alone. The final syllable of each couplet is long by rule: but in practice is often short, as here exhibited.

The alternate metres are popular: as Wilson observes (in his Grammar, p. 447) entire cantos of these occur in the Māgha, Kirātārjunīya, and Naishadha.

There are some varieties of the Vaitālīya: one is called Apara vaktra: thus defined by Colebrooke, citing R. ix. 70 (p. 124 in vol. ii. of his Essays). "Both verses are (i.e. each half is) terminated by three Iambicks: and begin with four short

G.D.

syllables: but one verse interposes a single short syllable, and the other a trochee." That is

One variety of Vaitālīya, called Pravrittaca, runs thus:

The even lines prefix a long syllable: and may be expressed thus,

Lines 1 and 3 
$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & 2 \text{ and 4} & & - & - & \\ & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$$

The following instance is given by Colebrooke (p. 79),

र्दं भरतवंशभूभृतां श्रूयतां श्रुतिमनो रसायनं पविचमधिकांशभोद्यं वास वक्तकथितंप्रवृत्तकं

"Listen to this pure auspicious and pleasing history of the race of Bharata, as uttered from the mouth of Vyāsa."

The notes appended by Mr. Colebrooke, in pp. 79 and 155, may require a little explanation: but these refinements are needless to learners.

The alternate lines are called by different names. The uneven lines (1 and 3) are called Udīchya. The second and fourth, which are longer by one syllable, are named Prāchya. A stanza having four Udīchya lines is called Chāru hāsinī. One composed of four Prāchyas is named Aparāntikā.

#### THE A'RYA' आखी.

The Aryá uses feet that contain four breves, or the equivalents: having a long syllable in the

Any one of these may be used in *even* seats, viz. 2, 4, 6. Each half must end in a long syllable: so it requires either - the spondee, or  $\cup \cup -$  the anapæst. The following is in H. i. 33.

In the eighth seat (in this instance) each half has a long. In the sixth, the first half has an amphibrach: but the second has a single breve.

This is the usual mode: having variations in the sixth and

eighth places. But a kind called **wait** alfa āryā-gīti has those places otherwise: Kālidāsa's Nalōdaya has many instances: thus (canto ii. 41),

and the second half is constructed in the same manner.

The final syllable in each half, by rule is long: but in practice is often short.

The amphibrach Ja sery is never used in the uneven seats: which are 1, 3, 5, 7. To aid the memory I express the rule thus:—"Aryæ sedibus imparibus prohibete Jajāpa." Here "aryæ" is a spondæus, as "aureā" in the Æneid i. 698, and vii. 190.



The sixth foot in each half is either NL  $\cup \cup \cup \cup$  or J  $\cup \neg \cup$  or a single breve.

The few rules now given are sufficient to explain the Aryá. The remaining observations, which native tutors consider essential, may be considered at leisure. A metre used by Horace is similar to the Aryá.

Miserar' | est neq'a | mori

Dare lu | dum neque | dul | ci mala | vino

Lavere aut | exani | mari

Metuen | tes patru | æ | vulnera | linguæ

Tibi qua ¡ lum Cytha ¡ reæ

Puer a ¡ les tibi ¡ tē ¡ las oper ¡ osæ
que Miner ¡ væ studi' ¡ aufert

Neobu ¡ le Lipa ¡ ræ ¡ i nitor ¡ Hebri

Another Horatian metre is analogous: thus,

Sic te diva potens Cypri Sic fra | tres Hele | næ | lucida | sidera, etc.

But these are Uniform metres: whereas the Aryá has many melodious variations. The following species, some of them mere matters of curiosity, are preserved in Yates' Grammar. The fanciful instances there copied from Gangā Dās, are various hymns, so contrived as to exhibit the name of the species. But I shall subjoin passages from popular poems.

The first, called **qua** Pathyā, or ordinary, has already been explained.

2. Vipulā विषुद्धा, a "broad or extensive" class, admitting several varieties. Some are composed entirely of breves, except of course the final syllables. This is called Nā-vipulā, because composed of (Na) tribachs. Some verses in the same A'ryá metre are written (excepting the sixth seat as usual) entirely in long syllables: this is called Mā-vipulā: because it may be measured by (molossi) feet of three longs: which of

course would seem against the prescribed principles: thus in the Sānkhyā Kārikā

Alpa grantham spashtam -- --

The name denotes the pause (see Colebrooke, p. 154), and if this is in the first half it is called "ādi vipulā;" if in the second "antya vipulā;" if in both, "ubhaya vipulā." Some of the learned consider this name, and "chapalā" variable, to have the same meaning. The Aryá by rule admits only five sorts of feet: but the Vipulā rule admits nearly every variety consistent with the original principle.

The following instances are framed by Gangā Dās. The first is **qua** and is thus exemplified.

क्रष्णः । शिशुः सु । तोमे वक्कव । कुस्रटा । भिराहः । तोनगृ । हे चणमपि । वसत्व । साविति जगाद । गोष्णां । च । शोदा । खी

"Krishna, this boy of mine, being called by the milkmaids, will not remain at home a single moment: thus said his venerable mother."

One variety runs thus:

वृन्दा। वनेस्। सीसं क्ला। द्रुमका। एडनिहित। तनुय। ष्टिः

# चीरमु । खार्पित । वेगुः कृष्णो । यदिमन । सि । कःख । र्गः

"If Krishna, reclining negligently against a tree in the Vrinda wood, and playing his flute with a smiling face, remains in the mind, then what is heaven?"

The next three instances point to a matter of mere curiosity. It is regarding the use of the amphibrachys (Ja) in the fourth seat. In H. ii. 5

#### ग्रालस्यं स्त्रीसेवा । सरीग

ālas į yam strī į sēvā į sărogă

Here the fourth foot of the first half has (Ja) the amphibrachys sărōga: the same occurs in verses 161, 162 and elsewhere. This is called μετυκή Μυκλα chapalā, or "Καλλιοπη."

But this may occur in the second half, and then is named **ਬਚਜਚਪਤਾ** Jaghana chapalā or "Καλλιπυγη." So in H. ii. 74 the second half has

#### प्राप्यम नुष्यवि शेषं भवनि

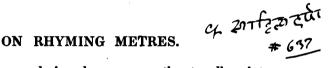
Here is the amphibrachys in the fourth seat; "bhavanti."

But sometimes the amphibrachys occupies the fourth seat in each half. This is called **σημητι** Ubhaya chapalā: or Mahā chapalā (see Colebr. p. 154), or simply **συστ** chapalā. In Greek this might be styled αμφικαλη or περικαλη. Thus in the philosophical treatise Sānkhyā Kārikā, verse 61,

प्रकृतिः सुनुमारतरं निकंचिद्सीति मेमतिर्भवति या दृष्टा सीति पुनर्गदर्शनमुपैतिपुरवस्त Prakriteh į sukumā į rataram Năkimchi, etc. Yā drisht į āsmī į ti punar Nă dārshă, etc.

"Nothing, in my opinion, is more gentle than nature: once aware of having been seen, she does not again expose herself to the gaze of soul." (Colebrooke.)

These instances of Chapalā may be passed over by the learner, being of no importance.



A few metres use a closing rhyme, connecting two lines into one couplet. One is called Prajjatika usasca or Manjari stact. It is similar to the Kronchapada, already described: but that is uniform, whereas the Manjari admits feet equivalent to a spondee, being nearly the same as those used in the Kryá: excepting U = U (Jaganam), and the feet used are,

<b>-</b> 00	${f B}$	having a long in the first place.	_ 00
<b>UU</b> -	S	in the third.	v u -
	Gā,	the spondee.	
UUUU	NL	four shorts.	6000

The last syllable in each line is long.

Mūdha ja į hīhi dhan į āgama į trishńam Kuru tanu į buddhi ma į nah suvi į trishńam

The Mugdha-bodha or Mallet of Delusion, a popular carol

attributed to the ancient sage Sankarachārya, was first printed by Sir William Jones, who remarks that "it is composed in regular anapæstic verses according to the strictest rules of Greek prosody." But he gives no analysis of the metre, and none can be found in any published volume. Yet those who have listened to the verse as chanted by learned Brahmans will perceive that the definition I have given is correct.

# मोइमुद्गरः

l. मूढ च। हीहि घ। नागम। तृष्णां	<b>-</b> 00	700	700	
कुद तनु। नुडिम। नःसु वि। तृष्णां।	UUUU	700	700	
यक्रभ। से निज। कंमी। पात्तं	<b>-</b> UU	<b>-</b> 00		
वित्तं। तेन वि। नोदय। चित्तं॥		<b>-</b> 00	-00	
2. का तव। कान्ता। कस्ता पुत्रः	<b>-</b> 00			
संसा। रो -यंम। तीव वि। चिचः		<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00	
कस्य। संवा। कृत चा। यातः			<b>UU</b> -	
तत्त्वं। चिनाय। तदिदं। भातः ॥		<b>-</b> 00	<b>U</b> U-	
3. मा कुद्। धनवन। यौवन। गर्व	-00	UUUU	<b>-</b> 00	
इरति नि। मेषा। त्वासः। सर्वे।	UUUU			
माया। मयमिद्। मखिलं। हिला		UUUU	<b>UU</b> -	
ब्रह्मप। दं प्रवि। ग्राग्नु वि। दि्ला ॥	<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00	
4. निवनी। इसगत। त्रवत। त्तरवं	···	UUUU	<b>UU</b> -	<b>UU</b> -
तद्व। च्यीवन। मतिश्रय। चपसं		<b>-</b> 00	UUUU	<b>UU</b> -
चणमिह। सञ्जन। संगति। रेका	UUUU	<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00	
भवति भ। वार्यव। तर्ये। नीका ॥	UUUU	<b>-</b> 00	w	

5.	याव। व्यननं। ताव। वार्षं		<b>~</b>		UU
	ताव। व्यननी। वठरे। श्र्यनं।		ÚU-	<b>UU</b> -	UU
	इति सं। सारे। स्कुटतर। दोषः	<b>U</b> U		UUUU	
	कथमिह। मानव तव संतोषः॥	UUUU	<b>-</b> 00	UU-	
6.	दिनया। मिन्दी। सायं। प्रातः	UU-			
	शिशिरव।सनी पुनरा।यातः।	UUUU	_	<b>UU</b>	
	कालः। क्रीडिति। गच्छ। त्यायुः		700		
	तदपि न। मुञ्च। त्वाग्रा। वायुः॥	UUUU			
7.	चङ्गं। गसितं। पसितं। मुण्डं		UU-	<b>UU</b>	
	दन्तवि। हीनं। यातं। तुष्ढं ।	<b>-</b> 00			
	कर्घृत। कम्पित। ग्रोभित। दण्डं	UUUU	700	<b>-</b> 00	
	तदपि न। मुद्य। त्याशाभाष्डं ॥	UUUU			
8.	सुरवर। मन्दिर। तद्ततः। वासः	UUUU	<del>-</del> w	UUUU	
	भ्रखा। भूतस्। मिननं। वासः ।		700	<b>UU</b> -	
	सर्वप। रिग्रह। भोग। त्यागः	<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00		
	वस्त्रसु। सं न क। रोति वि। रागः॥	<b>-</b> 00	-00	700	
9.	भूत्री। मिने। पुने। बन्धी				
	मा कुर्। यतं। विग्रह। सन्धी।	<b>-</b> 00		<b>-</b> 00	
	भव सम। चित्तः सर्व। च खं	UUUU			
	वाञ्छ। स्वचिरा। बदि विष्णुलं		<b>UU</b> -	<b>UU</b> -	
10.	षष्टकु। साचस। सप्तस। मुद्रा	-00	<b>-</b> 00	<b>-</b> 00	
	त्रह्मपु। रन्द्र। दिनकर। रद्राः।	700	700	UUUU	
	न त्वं। नाइं। नायं। लोकः				
	तद्पि कि। मर्थं। क्रियते। ग्रोकः॥	UUUU		··	

11. लिय मिय। चान्य। वैको विष्णुः	UUUU			
व्यर्थे। कुप्यसि। मव्यस। हिष्णुः।		<b>-UU</b>	<b>-</b> 00	
सर्वे। पश्चा। त्यन्या। त्यानं				
सर्व। चोत्सृज। भेद्। चान ॥		-00	<del></del>	
12. बाब। साव। त्क्रीसा। सक्तः	-			
तर्य। साव। त्तर्यो। रहः।	<b>UU</b> -		w	
वृद्ध। जाव। चिना। मग्नः	-			
पर्म। ब्रह्मणि। को पि न। सरनः॥	<b>UU</b> -	<b>-</b> 00	700	
18. द्वाद्य। पन्यटि। काभिर्। ग्रेषः	- <b>UU</b>	700	<b>-</b> UU	
शिष्या। यां कथि। तो स्रुप। देशः।		700	-00	
चेषां। नेष का। रोति वि। वेकं		700	<b>-</b> w	
तेषां। कः कुर्। तामति। रेवं॥		700	<b>-</b> 00	

#### TRANSLATION, BY SIR WILLIAM JONES.

#### The Mallet of Delusion.

- 1. Restrain, deluded mortal, thy thirst of acquiring wealth; excite an aversion from it in thy body, understanding, and inclination: with the riches which thou acquirest by thine own actions, with these satisfy thy soul.
- 2. Who is thy wife, who thy son; how extremely wonderful is even this world; whose *creature* thou also *art*; whence thou camest; meditate on this, o brother, and again on this.
- 3. Make no boast of opulence, attendants, youth; all these time snatches away in the twinkling of an eye: checking all this illusion like Maya, set thy heart on the foot of Brahme, speedily gaining knowledge of Him.
- 4. As a drop of water moves tremulous on the lotos-leaf, thus is human life inexpressibly slippery: the company of the virtuous *endures* here but for a moment; that is our ship in passing the ocean of the world.

- 5. The body is tottering; the head grey; the mouth toothless: the delicate staff trembles in the hand which holds it: still the flagon of covetousness remains unemptied.
- 6. How soon are we born! how soon dead! how long lying in the mother's womb! how great is the prevalence of vice in this world! Wherefore o man hast thou complacency here below?
- 7. Day and night, evening and morning, winter and spring, depart and return: time sports, life passes on; yet the wind of expectation continues unrestrained.
- 8. To dwell under the mansion of the high gods at the foot of a tree, to have the ground for a couch, and a hide for vesture; to renounce all extrinsic enjoyments; whom doth not such devotion fill with delight?
- 9. Place not thy affections too strongly on foe or friend, on a son or a kinsman; in war or peace; be thou even-minded towards all, if thou desirest speedily to attain the nature of Vishnu.
- 10. The Eight great mountains, the seven seas, Brahme, Indra, the Sun, and Rudra, these are permanent: not thou, nor I, nor this or that people: wherefore then should anxiety be raised in our minds?
- 11. In thee, in me, in every other being is Vishnu; foolishly art thou offended with me, not bearing my approach: see every soul in thine own soul; in all places lay aside a notion of diversity.
- 12. The boy so long delights in his play; the youth so long pursues his damsel; the old man so long broods over uneasiness, that no one meditates on the Supreme Being.
- 13. This is the instruction of learners delivered in twelve distinct stanzas; what more can be done with such as this work fills not with devotion.

Another instance is given of this metre. It is said that a serpent lodged in a dry tree was described in a dry verse by a Vedānti,

शुष्को । वृत्र । स्तिष्ठ । त्यये -- -- -- --तदुपरि । सर्पे । स्तिष्ठति UUUU -- -- UU

for which Kalidasa proposed, extempore, in the same metre,

नीरस। तब्रिह निवसित निकटे 🖰 UU UUUU UUUU UU— कोटर। मध्ये। कुटिससु। जङ्गः 🖰 UU —— UUUU ——

The Moha Mudgara was printed in the Telugu character at Madras in 1865: and to it is subjoined a continuation in fifteen stanzas, beginning thus,

काते। कान्ता। धनगत। चिंता वातुल। किंतव। नास्तिन। यन्ता चिजगति। सज्जन। सङ्गति। रैका भवतिम। वार्णव। तरणे। नौका

There are some popular melodies unnoticed in the treatises on Prosody. In the twenty-first canto of the tenth book of the Srī Bhāgavat there are a set of गोपिकागीत Milkmaids' Carols, which are usually considered musical, free from prosodial rule. But we shall find they are regular, allowing of a variation in the beginning of a line. The final syllable is free.

जयित। तेधिकं। जसना। व्रज रत्रयत। द्व्रिता। शसद। चिह । द्यित। दृश्चता। व्यिता। वका स्वियि धृ। तासव। स्वांवि। चिन्वते etc., etc.

This metre is not explained in the Manjari; nor by Ganga Dās, Colebrooke, Yates, or even in Weber (p. 371-377), where he describes the eleventh system.

#### DANDAKA.

The Dandaka इण्डन is a chant, dithyrambic metre, or poetical

prose: having the feet —— U —— U two long syllables followed by a breve, or as some express it U—— U—— which is the same. It is of unlimited length: and in printing it may be conveniently divided into lines having four or five feet in each. It usually commences with UUU UUU U—U. At the close one or two longs may be added. The native treatises as usual give numerical rules, which Colebrooke records. The instance he adduces (p. 144) runs thus,

UUUU UU । -- । -- । -- । etc.
प्रचितकरिक्वति । पर्यन्त । चंचन्न । खाधात etc.

Various names which he mentions, are given to various sorts: but what has now been stated will explain them all.

This is all the student requires regarding Sanskrit Prosody. No native tutor will teach it in this plain way: but I never met a single pandit who could expound all the metres given in these few pages.

의 - 34 의 - 24 의 - 2

#### APPENDIX.

As it is my object to simplify the Prosody, I have given only such rules as are in general use, and in the following pages such matters will be noticed as are valued by the learned, though of small utility to the learner. If at a future day he reads a native treatise on the subject, or Weber's German volume, he will find a wilderness of rules tending rather to med than facilitate his progress.

The letters used as names of the prosodial feet were selected at an early age, and have been in use throughout India for three thousand years at least.

They are combined in an ancient line, written by Pānini,

Ya mā tā rā ja bhā na sa la gam

Each of these syllables is the name of a foot: and that syllable with the next two will exemplify the foot. Thus the first three are Yamātā, which is the foot Y. The next three Mātārā make the foot M. Then Tārāja are the foot T. Rājabhā is R, while Jabhāna is J. Bhānasa is B, the dactyl. Nasala is N, the tribrach; and Salagam is S, the anapæst. The closing syllables are L for breve and G for a long.

Some other feet are known by names merely compounded from those already given.

GREEK NAME.		SANSKRIT EXPRESSION.	INSTANCE.
Choriambus	-00-	bha-gam	ebrietas
Antispastus	υ <b>-</b> -υ	ya-lam	Alexander
Ionic à majore	00	ta-lam	producere
Ionic à minore	υυ <b>-</b> -	sa-gam	similes sint
Pæan I.	-000	bha-lam	temporibus
" II.	U-UU	ja-lam	potentia
" III.	UUTU	sa-lam	animatus
" IV.	<u> </u>	na-gam	celeritas
Epitrite I.	U	ya-gam	salutantes
,, II.	-0	ra-gam	concitati
"III.	0-	ta-gam	communicans
" IV.	u	ma-lam	incantare
Proceleusmatic	UUUU	na-lam	hominibus

The Tables of Uniform Metres given by Mr. Colebrooke and Dr. Yates are correct and valuable, but require some explanation. Being translated from native works they are rendered intricate with arithmetical contrivances apparently intended to involve the art in mystery. For instance, if we are searching for a definition of that familiar metre, the Śārdula, we first must count the syllables in one line: these being nineteen, we consult Yates, who places it (p. 370) under the "Nineteenth Genus" as "Species 3rd." But he omits the names. To find the name we must turn to p. 246, where, at "xix," is given the name of the Genus "Atidhriti;" and here, at No. 3, we discover the name sought.

Mr. Colebrooke, always exact, but not always clear, makes the matter more intricate (in p. 163) by changing the numeral, thus: instead of the xixth he marks the genus as xivth, and defines it "xiv Atidhriti,  $19 \times 4 = 76$ ;" and here is the metre Śārdula, given as the first species: defined thus "Śārdūla vicrīditā, or Śárdūla (12 + 7) m s j s 2 t g = S D 2 T A + S I C." The numerals denote that there is a pause or cæsura after the twelfth syllable. The letters "m s j s 2 t g" denote the feet magaṇam, sagaṇam, etc., and the capitals S D, etc., give the initials of a spondee, a dactyl, and so on.

In translating Ganga Dās's prosody Dr. Yates has preserved the memorial lines, which are useful as recording the names. But another arrangement would be easier. Thus the ninth canto of the Raghu Vamsa opens with this metre,

To discover the name we must first count the syllables: as they are twelve, we turn to Yates, where, under the 12th Genus (p. 357) we find it as the 9th species. But to learn the name we must refer to p. 425, where, at xii. 9 is the "Druta Vilambita."

Stenzler, in his prosodial notes on the poem, follows the native routine, but using still further obscurity. Instead of stating that there are twelve syllables, he says "Jagati, sive disticha 48 sylls.," leaving the reader to guess that as there are forty-eight in the stanza there are twelve syllables in the line.

Jagati is merely a mysterious word for twelve. This and the other similar names are rarely remembered even by excellent pandits: and are of no use. The names of the Chhands.

I	<b>उक्</b> था	XIV	भ्रर्वरी
II	चायुक्या	xv	षतिश्रर्वरी
III	मध्या	XVI	षष्टी
IV	प्रतिष्ठा	XVII	चवष्टी
v	सुप्रतिष्ठा	XVIII	धृति
VI	गायची	XIX	স্বনিঘূনি
VII	उष्णिह् (Nom. उष्णिक्)	XX	न्नति
VIII	चनुष्टुभ् (Nom. चनुष्टुप्)	XXI	प्रकृति
IX	वृहती	XXII	স্মান্তনি
X	पंक्ति	XXIII	विन्नति
ΧI	विष्टुभ् (Nom. विष्टुप)	XXIV	सत्क्वति
XII	वगती	xxv	चितिञ्जति
XIII	चातिजगती	XXVI	<b>चत्क्वति</b>

Metres of greater length are called **ट्याडक**, musical prose, of which there are many varieties.

Dr. Rosen, the learned editor of Colebrooke, confessed to me that he had printed the tables without understanding them.

The metres mentioned as having less than eleven syllables are often portions of longer kinds. They are seen only in native books on prosody, and are of no advantage to the student.

The letters M, B, J, R, G, L, etc., denote the feet according to the ancient method.

XI. Verses having eleven syllables in each line.

Example given by G.D. गोष्ठीगरिसव्यक रेपाधृता। रहेन्द्रवचाहति-युक्तवृष्टी Holding over them a mountain in his left hand.

- 2. उपेन्द्रवज्ञा U U - ॥ UU U - JTJ - उपेन्द्रवज्ञादिमणिइटाभि: Shining with the pearly brightness of thunderbolts, etc.
- 3. सुमुखी UUU U U U U U U N2JLG तिमिरमृद्ख मुखंसुमुखी She, beautiful, (beheld) his darkness-destroying face.
- 4. शालिनी --- -- U- M2T Gā
  पुंसां श्रद्धाशालिनी विष्णुभिक्तः True faith in Vishņu (promotes
  the holiness) of men.
- 5. वातोर्मी --- -UU --U -- MBTGā वातोर्म्मी पोत मिवासो धिमध्ये As a raging wind destroys a boat in the midst of the sea.
- 6. श्रमर्विचिसता —— UU UUU U MBNLG फुझावझी श्रमर्विचिसता An expanded flower adorned with humming bees.
- 7. भनुकूला -UU --U UUU -- BTN Gā स्वाद्नुकूलाजगितनकस्व Is there any one in the world whose (wish) has not been granted?
- 8. रथोडता -U- UUU ॥ -U- U- RNRLG क्राव्यविगुनिनदैरथोडता She was startled at the sound of Krishna's flute.

23-

11. सीटनक --U U-U U-U U- T2JLG चानूरमहा भटमीटनकं The destruction of the great armies of the infernals.

#### XII.

- 2. वंग्रखविष U U U U U U U U JTJR विकासवंग्रखविषं मुखा निषे: The sweet-toned flute (was filled) by the breeze of his lips.

A grammarian has here remarked that the metre commonly employed in Greek Tragedies much resembles this "twelfth class." But the tragic metres are variable, while those in the Sanskrit system are Uniform.

- 3. जमोद्रतगित U U UU UU UU JSJS कालिन्द्रतगयाजमोद्रतगित: The swelling motion of the waters of the Yamunā.
- 4. भुजङ्गप्रयात U-- U-- U-- 4Y भुजङ्गप्रयातं द्वतंसागराय O Serpent! (make) your departure quickly to the sea.
- 5. तोटक UU UU UU UU 4 S मुहितो -टक्केरपनेतुमध Go, happy to obtain freedom from sin in the iron age.

- 7. वैसदेवी --- -- ∪-- 2 M 2 Y भात: सम्पन्ना राधना वैसदेवी O brother! every goddess will be worshipped.
- 8. प्रमिताचरा UUT UTUUT SJ2S प्रमिताचरा मुरिपोर्भिणिति: The melodious sounds of Krishņa's voice.
- 9. द्रुतिवसम्बित UUU TUU TUU TUT N2BR द्रुतिवसम्बितचार्विहारियां Enchanting by his swift, slow and delightful paces.
- 10. मन्दाकिनी UUU UUU -U- -U- 2N2R पद्जलब्ह यस मन्दाकिनी From whose lotos-feet the Mandākinī sprung.
- 11. विचिचा UUU U<sup>--</sup> UUU U<sup>--</sup> NYNS विपिनविहारेकुसुमविचिचा (His form) is adorned with flowers when he wanders in the grove.
- 12. तामरस UUU U U U U U U U U N2 JY तवमुखतामरसं मुरश्चो Thy lotos face, o enemy of Mura.
- 13. मासती UUU U U U U U U U TU N2JR सिस्तिएप चुम्बित मासती मुद्ध: And the bee is constantly embracing the flower.
- 14. मणिमाला ——U U—— —— TYTY जातप्रतिविद्या श्रीणामणिमाला An image like a chaplet of red pearls.
- 15. जलधरमाल --- UUUU ---- M G N L M G तापोच्छेदे जलधरमालानव्या New clouds for the destroying of heat.

#### XIII.

1. प्रहर्षिणी --- UUU U-U -U- MNJRG संसारे मतिरभवत्प्रहर्षिणीह In the world he was delighted.

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#### TABLES OF UNIFORM METRES.

- 2. ब्चिरा, or, प्रभावती U U UU UU UU JBSJG परिश्वमन् व्रवस्विराङ्गनान्तरे Wandering among the beautiful women of Vraja.
- 3. मत्तमयूर --- -- UU-- MTYSG बीबागृत्वं मत्तमयूर्ध्विववानं Rendered vocal by the noise of peacocks full of play.
- 4. चण्डी UUU UUU UU UU UU UU 2N2SG चरणकमसयुगचापसचण्डी Terrible in the dance of his lotos-like feet.
- 5. मंजुभाषिषी UU UUU UUU UUU SJSJG मुद्दमचुते व्यधितमंजुभाषिषी She, speaking pleasantly promotes the joy of the imperishable one.
- 6. चिन्द्रिका UUU UUU --U --U 2N2SG श्रद्मृत्रचयिन्द्रकाचालिते Enjoying the autumnal rains (by the side of a river) irradiated by the light of the moon.
  - 7. वालहंस, or, सिंहनाद

 $UU^ U^-U$   $UU^ UU^ UU^-$  SJ2SJG

- यमुनाविद्यारकृतकेकलहंस: A drake in the pleasant parts of the Yamunā.
- 8. प्रवोधिता UU U UU UU U U SJSJG स्थितमाततान सपद्प्रवोधिता Being awaked at that time she smiled.

#### XIV.

1. पर्सवाधा --- -- UUU UUU --- MGā2NM साधूनांवाधां प्रशस्यतु स कंसारि: May the foe of Kamsā assuage the afflictions of the virtuous.

<u>.</u>

- 2. वसंतित्वक --U -UU U-U U-U -- SB2JGā फुझं वसन्तित्वकं तिखकं वनाच्या: The tila plant and the glory of the groves is full blown.
- 3. चपराविता UUU UUU -U- UU- U- 2NRSLG यदुवचयचमू: परेरपराविता The army under the command of the son of Yadu was invincible.

#### 4. प्रहरण कलिका

UUU UUU -UU UUU U- 2NBNLG व्यथयित कुसुमप्रहर्णकिका O Cupid! thy flow'ry arrow gives great pain.

#### 5. वासन्ती

--- --U UUU --- -- MTNM Gā

- वंसाराती नृत्यति सदृश्री वासन्तीयं When the destroyer of Kamsa dances he resembles the Vasanta tree.
- 6. सोसा --- UU- --- -UU -- MSMBGā
  मुग्धे यौवनसञ्ज्ञीर्विद्युद्धिमस्रोसा O fair one, the glory of youth
  is transient as a flash of lightning.
- 7. नान्हीमुखी UUU UUU --U --U -- 2N2TGā सरसखगकुलालापनान्होमुखीयं It's surface is rendered vocal by the chirping of birds.

## 🗓 ग्रभिकला, or, ग्रभिलेखा

UUU UUU UUU UUU UU 4NS
मसयजतिस्वसमृद्दितग्रश्चित्रस्य The crescent painted (on his forehead) with sandal paste.

#### $oldsymbol{2}$ . मालिनी

UUU UUU -- ॥ - U-- U-- 2NGā ॥ G2Y भूतमभुरिपुषीका माधिनी पातु राधा May Rādhā who assumed the colour of Madhu's destroyer grant protection. 3. चीचाखेच --- -- 5 M रासोझासकीडक्रोपीभिः सार्थे चीचाखेचः Full of play with the sprightly playful milkmaids.

#### 4. विधिनतिसक

UUU UU- UUU -U- -U- NSN2R

विपिनतिसयं विवसितं वसन्तागमे The tila plant is in full bloom in the opening of spring.

5. तूबक -U -U -U -U -U -U -U -U - RJRJR 7 trochees and a long.

पंचवायावायावाय्यां हमतूया A golden quiver full of Cupid's arrows.

#### 6. चन्द्रशेखा

--- -u- --- u-- MRM2Y

राधाभोदस गर्भे सीना यथा चक्रसेखा Rādhā was like the moon shining a little through a dark cloud.

7. **चिचा** --- --- U-- U-- 3M2Y

वेबसुका हारावन्यसम्ब सत्तर्ज्ञचिना His form is ornamented with a necklace of wild flowers, resembling one of bright pearls.

XVI.

स्वां सदैव वासुदेव पुस्तकश्यपाद्सेव । वन्यपुष्प चित्रकेश संसारामि गोपवेश (In this metre each line ends in a breve). I muse on thee, o Vishņu, the worship of whose feet imparts virtue, having thy tresses wreathed with wild flowers, disguised as a cowherd.

#### 2. गजविससित

-UU -U- UUU UUU UUU - BR3NG

बंसनिदेशदृष्यदृ षभगजविषसितं The prancing of the huge elephant ruled by Kamsa.

- 3. चित्रिता
- -UU UU- --- --U UUU BSMTNG
- दुर्जयद्गुज श्रेणी दुस्रष्टाग्रत चितता (The earth) was terrified at the wicked pursuits of the almost invincible giants.
  - 4. विचिच, or, पश्चचामर
- सुरद्भमूसमण्डपेवि । चित्ररत्न निर्मिते He dwells in a house made of shining pearls, at the root of a celestial tree.
  - 5. मटनललित
  - --- -UU UUU --- UUU MBNMNG
- राधात्यधंमदनलितान्दोले न्ससवपु: Rādhā is languishing on the swing (balancing doubt) of love.
- 6. वाणि UUU -U- -UU U-U -U- NRBJRG सुत्रममानने -ध्वनणुवाणिरीतिरस्यं May the goddess of speech now inspire in me the graces of poetry.
  - 7. प्रवरललित
  - U-- --- UUU UU- -U- YMNSRG
- हरी जीयादीदृक्प्रवर्षां सितंवज्ञवीनां May this delightful sport of the mikmaids prevail with Hari.
  - 8. चचलधृति
- UUU UUU UUU UUU UUU U 16 breves 5 N L चचलधृतिब्द्यतुसुक्रतिहृद्खिलु May he who sustained the mountain only shine into my virtuous heart.



#### UTT --- I UUU UUT -UU UT YMNSBLG

# कराद्स अष्टे ननु शिखरियी दुस्रतिशिशो विंबीनाःसः सत्यं नियत सवधेयं तद्खिषः

See! should this mountain fall from the hand of this child, we shall certainly be destroyed: this should be thought of by us all.

# 2. पृथ्वीभर

U-U UU- U- ॥ U UU- U- U- JSJSYLG **दुरलादनुजेश्वरप्रकारदु:स्वपृथ्वीभरं** The misery of the earth corrupted by the wicked giants.

#### 3. वंश्वपत्रपतित

- -UU -U- UUU - ॥ UU UUU U- BRNBNLG
नृतगर्वश्चपतितं रजनि जसस्व A drop of water fallen by night
upon a fresh leaf.

#### 4. मन्दाकाना

--- - ॥ UU UUU - ॥ -U- -U- - MBN2TGā मन्दाकात्ता तदनुनियतं वस्रता मेति बाखा By slow and persevering efforts the maid is subdued.

#### 5. हरिणी

UUU UU ॥ --- । U UU U NSMRSLG व्यधित सविधि नेंचे नीत्वा भ्रुवं इरिग्री गगात् Bramha took the deer's eyes and gave them (to these women).

6. मधेटक, or, with another cæsura, कोक्सिक. This may have a pause at the 7th and 13th syllables.

UUU U-U -UU U-U U- NJB2JLG इचिर पदावली घटितनईटकेनकवि: The poet (describes) him in many pleasing verses of this kind. W Com

#### 7. हारियी

The state of

--- - II UU UUU --- U II -- U- MBNMYLG

सा बंसारे रचनि नवार्थ राधा मनोहारियो How is it possible that Rādhā should not captivate Krishņa's foe.

#### 8. भाराक्राका

--- ॥ UU UUU - ॥ U- UU- U- MBNRSLG भाराकाना ममतनुरियं गिरीक्ट विधारणात् This body of mine is oppressed with sustaining the great mountain.

# XVIII जुसमित्रस्ता

--- -- ॥ U UUU U- ॥ - U-- U-- MTN3Y क्रीडाकासिन्दी ससित सहरी वारिभिर्दा विवासि विति सेतिः कुसुमितसता विक्रिता मन्दमन्दं

The flowering shrubs, slightly shaken by the southern breezes which raise a gentle swell in the playful Yamunā.

#### 2. नन्दन

UUU U U U U U U U U NJBJ2R चितियन नन्द्नं प्रवसंबे सुखाय वृन्दावनं O friend! go to the Vrinda wood, the delight of the earth, for happiness.

3. नाराच UUU UUU - ॥ U- -U- -U- -U- 2N4R ननु विकिर्ति नेननाराचमेषातिह च्छेदनं Lo! she sends the heartpiercing arrow from her eye.

## 4. चित्रलेखा

--- - | UU UUU U- | - U-- U-- MBN3Y

प्रीतं तस्तां नयनयुगमभूत् चित्रसेखास्तायां His dear eyes were fixed on this wondrous beautiful creature.

# 5. शार्द्र संसित

--- UU- U-U UU- --U UU- MSJSYS

ज्ञला बंसमृगे पराक्रम विधि शार्द्र सिवात Kamsa having by his power formed himself into a mimic tiger for hunting the deer.

C. Delivere



- ी. मेघविस्पूर्विता
- )-- --- | UUU UU- | -U- -U- YMNS2RG
- निशानृत्य दिवृद्धि ससित ससबोधितस्पूर्जिताचेत् If the clouds at night are luminous with the vivid flashes of lightning.
- 2. क्राया Like the preceding, only instead of -U- it has U-- U--
- नतस्यां ब्रेन्कायामुपगतवतां संसार तीव्रा तपः The distresses of life do not affect those who have taken refuge in the shadow of his feet.
  - 3. शार्दु सविक्री दित
  - --- UU- U-U UU- | --U --U MSJS2TG
- नमेचे भवतां क्षते भवसहा शार्द्रचिवक्रीडितं I will not trouble you with this wide gaping tiger of a world.
  - 4. सुरसा
- --- -u- | UU UUU U- | UUU MRBNYNG
- गोविन्दो वक्षवीनामधर रससुध प्राप्त सुरसां Govinda obtained delicious nectar of the milkmaids.
  - 5. फुझदाम
- --- -- | UUU UUU | -U --U -- MGā2N2TGā
- मासी देत्तारे व्येपतद्नु पमं खरारोः पुद्धदाम An unparalleled branch of flowers from the celestial tree fell on the head of the opposer of the demons.

#### XX

- 1. सुवद्गा
- चानन्दाश्रु श्रुताची ॥ वसित सुवद्ना ॥ योगे कर सिका Filled with ecstasy she dwells, having her eyes full of tears of joy.

#### 2. गीतिका

UUT UTU UTU TUT UUT UT S2JBRSLG

विद्धे हरि खबुवसवी जनचार चामर नीतिका (The flute) attended with the fanning and singing of the milkmaids, inspired Hari.

#### 3. वृत्त

-∪- --∪ || -∪- --∪ || -∪- --∪ || -∪ RTRTRTGL

चित्रवृत्तको क्या निसर्गरस्यदेहरूपविश्वमेख (He pleases) by the various movements and gestures of his enchanting form.

#### 4. शोभा

U-- --- UUU UUU --U --U -- YM2N2TGā

महाश्रोभा मीकी मिलद्खिपटले: क्रष्ण सा कापिनकी Krishna! there is a certain creeper having its head adorned with a multitude of bees.

# XXI.

--- -u- - 11 000 000 - 11 -u- -u- - MRG,NNG,RRG

मूर्तिगीपस विष्णो ॥ रवतुवगतिवः ॥ सम्घ राहारहारा May the body of Vishņu the herdsman, wearing a wreath and a necklace of pearls, preserve you in the world.

#### **2. सरसी**

UUU U-U -UU UUU UUU -U- NJB3NR व्यरचयद्ख्यतो त्रवमृगी नचनासरसीषु विश्वमं The imperishable one was versed in amours with the deer-eyed stream-like maids of Vraja.

# XXII

1. इंसी

--- -- 2M Gā,4N Gā कंसराती प्रश्नलेकं॥ सरभस गतिरिष्ठ विश्वसति इंसी See, Hari, how the agile swan is playing amid the lilies.

#### **2. महिरा**

-UU -UU -UU -UU ॥ -UU -UU -UU - 7BG माधवमासिविकसार केशर पुष्पसस्यहिरामुहिताः Tipsy with the pure juice of the opening flowers of spring.

# XXIII. I. बहितनया

पितवस्य -िसा कंस्यमनस्विति तसवी चट्ड्रि तनया The daughter of the mountain said, etc.

#### 2. मत्ताकी ब

नुष्धीकीककत्ताकी र मधु समय सुक्रमधुरमधुरसात् Full of sport from the sweet honey, easily obtained in spring.

# XXIV. तंन्वी

Each line may be divided thus, according to the cæsura pause.

-UU -- UUUU UU- BGāNLS

Followed by -UU -- UUUU -- 2BNLGā

माधव। मुग्वै। मंधुकरविद्तैः
कोकिल। कूजित। मलयस। मीरैः
कम्ममु। पेता। मलयवसिकैः
स्नावनतो -प्यविगततनुदाहा
पद्मपकार्थ विर्चितस्यने
देहवसंच्चर भरपरिदूने
निश्चसतीसा मुझ रितपद्यं
ध्यानक्ये तवनिवसति तन्वी

Thy fair one, o Madhava, is dwelling in solitude, trembling at the moun-

tain breezes, which are attended with the song of the cuckoo, and the hum of the wanton bees of spring; yet glowing with heat through having bathed in sandal water, and reclining on a bed composed of lotos leaves, which are greatly agitated by the heat arising from the body.

XXV. क्षेत्रियद्रा, which like the preceding may be divided into two lines. Such metres might be considered not uniform but alternate.

See, Hari! whose mind does not the swift Yamunā captivate? which has its sides impressed with the footsteps of paddy birds, is rendered vocal with the sweetest notes, adorned with full-blown lotoses, rendered enchanting by the hum of bees tipsy with honey, having its surface covered with bright foam, and beauteous with rolling waves.

XXVI. गुजङ्गविजृक्षित, thus divided at the pauses,
---- -- 2 M Gā

UUUU UUUUU U - 3 N L G

U-U U-U - 2 J G

चस्रज्ञागस्त्रीभि भेत्या

मुजुलित करकमस्युग

# क्रतसुतिर खुतः पायाद र्ष्टिन्द्र वासिन्दी द्रदक्षत निवयसति वृद्द ज्ञवङ्गविवृश्चितं

May Achyuta preserve you, who is worshipped with uplifted hands by the affrighted female serpents, and who destroys the pride of the tremendous snake dwelling in a bed of the Yamunā.

XXVII. In this class are placed the Dandaka, already described; and other modes of composition for which there are no rules.

#### THE UDGATA OR ODES TEAT

There are some wild carols seldom reducible to prosodial rules, wherein the poet follows his fancy, "numerisque fertur lege solutis," as Horace says. Mr. Colebrooke (p. 131) cites the following from the twelfth canto of the Kirāt Arjunīya: wherein, as in the fifteenth canto of Magha's epic poem, the Udgatā occurs.

But the king of the Chēdis was impatient of the honours which the son of Pāńdu commanded to be shown in that assembly to the foe of Madhu; for the mind of the proud is envious of the prosperity of others.

Another variety, named with runs thus (G.D. Yates 444):

विससास नोपतद्यीषु
तर्णितनया प्रभोन्नता
कृष्ण नयन चकोर युगे द्धती
सुधां मुक्तियां

The resplendent Yamunā glides briskly among the youthful shepherdesses, reflecting the tremulous light of the moon's beams on the bright eyes of Krishņa (Yates).

Another kind of Lalita.

The sweet nectar distilled from the beaming face of Mura's enemy, is like that which falls from the moon, and is imbibed by the beauteous happy youth of Vraja.

Another variety of Udgatā runs thus.

UU-	υ-u	υυ <b>-</b> υ	SJSG
UUU	UU-	<b>υ-υ -</b>	NSJG
-00	UUU	<b>U-UU -</b>	BNJLG
uu-	υ-υ	υυ- υ-υ <b>-</b>	SJSJG

# यववासवस्तवचनेन इचिर्वड्नस्त्रिकोचनं क्वानिरहितमभिधार्थितुं विधिवत्त्रगांसिविड्धेधनंबयः

Then Dhananjaya (Vulcan) at the command of Indra with a pleasing countenance performed the appointed austerities to secure the favour of the tireless three-eyed one." (Id. p. 385.)

Another variety, called Saurabhaca (ib. p. 386).

O Hari! whose heart does not the astonishing sweet fragrance of thy lotos-lips enchant? for it far excels the scent proceeding from hundreds of blooming lilies.

The eighth book of the Māgha closes with this verse, which the commentator calls वृत्तस्त्रीय an unknown metre.

	•	-	
1	इतिधौतपुरंधि मत्सरान्	a	00- 00 - 0-0 -
2	सरसिसिमज्जनेन	b	<b>000 0-0 -0</b>
	<b>त्रियमात्त्रवतीतिग्रायि</b> नी	c	<b>UU- UU- U-U -</b>
	ममसांगभासः	$\boldsymbol{d}$	υυ -υ- υ
3	चवलोकातधिव यादवा	e	UU- UU -U- U-
4	<b>गपरवाराग्रे</b>	f	<b>UUU</b>
	श्चि <b>षिरेरोचिषा</b>	g	UUU-
	ष्यपांततीषु <b>नं</b> कुमीषे	h	<b>U-U -U- U</b>

All this is one stanza, in four lines of unequal length marked 1, 2, 3, 4.

The divisions here marked a, c, e, are alike: the other lines are irregular. This metre does not appear in any work on prosody.

In the musical compositions, such as the Gītā Govinda, the laws of harmony supersede those of prosody; this very name instead of ——U is accented at pleasure Gŏvĭnda: and Krishna often becomes (U—an iambus) Krĭshnā. The well-known song, first printed by Sir William Jones in his Essay on the Musical Modes of the Hindus, beginning बाबत अवक्षाता परिशोधन को-मब सबय समीर etc., sufficiently exemplifies this liberty.

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# ON THE SANSKRIT SYMBOLS USED FOR NUMERALS.

In Sanskrit chronology, arithmetic, and explanations of the Prosody, numerals are often expressed by symbols: in words on the plan of a Memoria Technica. The cypher is expressed by sky, space, or any synonyme of those words. Any phrase for the moon, the earth, or the body, stands for one. The unit is usually named first. A date occurs, stated thus, "Rĭtu, naga, vārdhi, himāmsu; signifying the six seasons, the eight mountains, the four seas, and the moon: beginning from the unit the import is 1, 4, 8, 6. Again: "Sara, bāhu, Rāma, vasudhā" represent, 5, 2, 3, 1; that is, the year of Sālivahāna In an edition of the Rāmāyan the date is stated "Nayana, dharādha 'rshi nalina-vairi sankhya, Sādhārananama sambat-sara," that is, "in the year titled Sādhārana, having the number eyes, hills, sages, moon." This is 2771, and denotes SS. 1772, answering to A.D. 1850. Each sign of the zodiac being assigned a separate sun, any name of the sun denotes twelve. In one inscription "a pair of suns" denotes 1212. "Nētra, Sūrya, Chandra" (eyes, suns, moon) represent 2, 12, 1: that is, 1122, eleven hundred and twenty-two.

Occasionally numerals are mingled with symbols: thus: "Nav' āmbara, dwi, himāmsu." Nine, sky, two, moon, that is (9, 0, 2, 1) 1209.

In most of the Sanskrit treatises on prosody such enigmatic names are used: thus in the Śārdūla metre, the pauses fall on the syllables denoted by the number of "Mārtāndas" (suns; viz. twelfth), and of the Munis (sages; viz. seven).\* This method increases the difficulty, and is therefore popular. Having been much embarassed by these refinements, I think an explanation may be useful. The same system appears in volumes on Mathematicks and Astronomy. Thus in Dr. H·Kern's translations from Aryá Bhatta,† a verse (in the Aryá metre) is cited:—

# गुर्भगणा राधिगुणा श्राश्वयुवावा गुरोरब्दाः ॥ गुर्भगणानां संख्या जिनयमवेदर्तृहव्यभुवतुत्वा ॥

"The revolutions of Jupiter, multiplied by the number of the signs (12) are the years of Jupiter, called Aşwayuja, etc.: his revolutions are equal to the number of the Jinas (24) a couple (2) the Vedas (4) the seasons (6) the fires (3). (i.e. 364, 224)."

The method of decyphering this, is explained in the following pages.

Besides the names given by Mr. Prinsep, a set of Jyautisha phrases (marked J.) will also be noticed.

Each name has several synonyma: thus for Sea we may use Ocean, Neptune, etc.

The 0, cipher, is called kha, ananta, ākāśam, ambara, vyoma, denoting space, sky, heaven, the endless (circle).

- 1. Any name of the moon, Adonis; as Chandra, Indu, etc. The earth, prithvi, bhū, ku. The body, tanu, etc. (J.) Vana. alone, solitary; rūpa, form, face.
  - 2. Paksha, a wing; netra, eye; bāhu, arm; hasta, hand;
- \* See the Sruta Bodha, printed in the Journal Asiatique, Dec. 1854, by M. Ed. Lancereau, who has added a translation in French.
  - † In the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, vol. xx. of 1863, p. 378.

- karna, ear. Yamam, a brace, couple, pair. Champa or champaca, "the gold flower: because there are two species." (See Prinsep's Journal, vol. iii. p. 210.)
- 3. Any name of Fire (vahni, agni, Krishānu, Vaisvānara), because in the Yajna sacrifice three fires were lighted. 'Netra,' the three eyes of Siva. 'Rāma,' there being three heroes of this name (Synonymes, Dāsarāthī, etc.). 'Guńa,' quality, called Sattwa, rajas, tamō, guńah. 'Loka,' or 'jagat,' worlds: heaven, earth, and hell. 'Tricam,' a trio. [Sahōdara, a brother. J.]
- 4. The Vedas. Jala-nidhi, or Ambu (waters), as there are four seas. Yuga (the four Ages), or Krita (the golden age), being the earliest. Koshthu (the corners; of a square). [Bandhu, J. a kinsman.]
- 5. Arrows, or Indriya, the senses: Cupid having five arrows, supposed to denote the five senses. Ratna (gems), Breaths (prāna) Sons (Suta, putra, etc.), Elements (Bhūt).
- 6. Limbs (anga), Tastes (rasa), Tunes (rāga), Seasons (ritu), as the year is divided into six seasons. The Sciences (Tarka, etc.), Ari: or Śatru, being the senses or passions described as the "six foes" of our happiness: being the sources of temptation.
- 7. Sages (a muni, a rishi, etc.), or Atri, who is the first of the seven. Musical notes (ut, re, mi, etc., called Swara). Mountains (adri, naga, etc.), as there are seven of note; or the name of any one of them, as Himāvat. Horses (because the Sun has seven to his car). Principles, elements (dhātu, etc.). [Wives, J. as Kalatram.] Mārutā (the seven winds), thus mārutā yōjanē, seven leagues off.
  - 8. Vasu (a certain tribe of demi-gods). Elephants (Gaja,

Danti, etc.), the eight that stand under the eight points of the heavens. [Fortune, as mangala, bhūti, etc. J.]

- 9. Randhra, orifices (eyes, ears, nostrils, etc). Planets (graha, including the sun and moon).
- 10. Sides (Dik, disha, etc.), the eight points of the compass, with the zenith and nadir. Pancti: thus Rāvana was panctigrīva, ten-necked: a party or society of ten. In J. the word Karma is in use.
- 11. Siva or Rudra: eleven demi-gods so called. [J. adds the word labha.]
- 12. Surya: because each month has its own sun. Pushkara, a set of 12, as 12 years. Also the signs of the zodiac. See a Jyotish poem in the R.A.S. Journal, 1863, p. 378.
- Mr. Prinsep has given a longer list: but I do not find that the additional names are in use; a few, however, are well known: thus—
- 24. The Jinas, a set of gods worshipped by the Jainas (see R.A.S.J. 1863, p. 378).
  - 32. Danta, Teeth: the number of the human teeth.

The following dates, a few out of many instances, exemplify the method. The numerals are those of the era of Sālivāhana, which commenced in A.D. 79. The year A.D. 1800 is ss. 1722, A.D. 1860 is ss. 1782. The dates now to be quoted are engraven on marble.

SS.

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235 is expressed Pancha, Tricam, lochana: that is, five and three and eyes.

888. Vasv' asht' āshta. (R.A.S.J. 1826, vol. xx. part 3, p. 372.) Here the first word is a symbol, the others are plain numerals. 1012. Ravi (12), Vyoma (a zero), Indu (the moon).

- 1021. Sasi (moon), pacshi (sides), kha (sky), aikē (one). Colebrooke's Essays, ii. 391.
- 1119. Randhra (nine), subhr āmsu (moon), rūpa (form), nakshatra nāyaka (moon).

In the Sruta bodha, a Sanskrit treatise on Prosody, there is printed Vēdair Andhrair yatra, etc., and the French version says that this alludes to an "Andhra dynasty of nine princes in Magadha." This is an error. In the Chhando manjari it is more correctly printed 'randhra:' thus, Vēdair randhrair atau, ya sa gā Mattamayurah.

1181. Chandra (one), Kari (elephants), Sasānkan (two moons).

1225. Bāń ācshi yugmam sasi. That is (five) arrows, two pairs (eyes), and moon. In the R.A.S.J. iv. 124, this is misinterpreted 1245.

1325. Sara, bāhu, rāma, vasudhā. But in another inscription Sara, bhuja, rāma, chandra. In another, Sara, danta, chandra. Here danta (teeth) denotes thirty-two.

1343. Sasi, vahni, vēda, hara drik, 'Moon, fires, vedas, and Siva's single eye. In this instance the unit is named not first but last.

1458. Vasu, bāńa, bhuvana gańitē sakē. This is quoted by Westergaard in the introduction to his Radices Sanscriticæ (Bonn, 1841), but by oversight he has omitted the first numeral: as here printed it is only 458.

1753. Krishānu, Bān, āswa, śaśānka śakē. This is the date (A.D. 1831) of the book 'Nīti Sankalanah,' printed at Calcutta in the Bengali character.

1764. Vēd ārtu, sapt, ēndum itē sakē. Date of an edition of the Kuvalayānandam printed at Punā. In this the numeral seven is used.

1772 (A.D. 1850). Nayana, dharādhara, Rishi, Nalina Vairi: i.e. eyes, hills, sages, moon. Date of an edition of the Rāmā-yan printed at Madras.

#### NUMERICAL SYMBOLS

#### WHEREIN ENGLISH WORDS ARE USED.

This is an effort to adapt European words to the Hindoo method. The reckoning commences at the right hand. Thus 1864 would be 'mine, six, eight, one,' or 'Muse, Spring, Ei.'

- 0. the cipher, zero, is expressed Air, space, sky. Egg, oval, round, globe, orb. Also by Greek letters,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$ , as will be shown.
  - 1. Aries, Ram, Moon.
  - 2. Taurus, Bull.

The rest are represented by words chiefly of one syllable, having so many letters.

- 3. Cat, dog, owl, elk, fox, bat.
- 4. Ship, boat, brig, tree, wood.
- 5. Horse, steed, racer, prize.
- 6. Season, spring, summer, autumn, winter.
- 7. Rainbow; either syllable is enough: rain, or bow.
- 8. Strength, Vic[toria]: abbreviated Vic.
- 9. Crocodile, alligator, telescope, telegraph (the first syllable suffices). The nine 'Muses.'
  - 10. Pho[tograph], Archimedes, Coromandel.
  - 11. Electricity, Nightingale, the French Onze.
- 12. Jury, Douze. Thus 1262 is Bull, spring, douze, or Taurus, summer, bull, Aries.

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- 13. Mediterranean, Treize, Tred[ecim]. Thus 1362 is Bull, spring, treize.
- 14. Trans[formation], Cons[tantinople]. Thus 1496 is Spring, muse, Trans. In the rest I omit the Ten, which is common to all.
- 15. Any word connected with hand, as finger. Thus 1500 is Beta hand, and 1558 is Vic. horse, hand. 1515 is hand hand.
- 16. Any word connected with a bee, which has six feet and a six-sided cell. Thus 1646 is Spring, boat, bee; or Season, ship, winter, moon.
- 17. Any word connected with a week, as Sunday. Thus 1769 is Muse, spring, week; or thus, Cro, summer, bow, ram.
- 18. Ei. Thus 1815 is Hand Ei. 1869 is Tel, Spring, Ei. 1800 is Beta Ei.

19 is Cro Ram.

23 is Sky, bull; or Globe, Taurus.

A figure that is repeated is expressed by Two or Pair. Thus 1855 is Two Lights and Ei. A figure thrice used is expressed Thrice or Trio. Thus 1777 is Two Bows and a Week. And 1666 would be Spring, summer, and bee. Sky, spring, Ei is 1860.

Many ciphers together, as 000, 0000, are represented by letters of the alphabet. Thus C or Co is three ciphers; E or Eo is five ciphers. 40,000,000 is written Go West. Here G, being the seventh letter, stands for seven ciphers. Fo Spring = 6,000,000.

Greek or Hebrew letters may be used. Thus (Zeta being the sixth letter) Zeta-Spring = 6,000,000. Or, if we use Hebrew letters, Vau-Winter.

Or, a Greek word beginning with the requisite letter. Thus

Thetis Socrates = 800,000,000. Thus for  $\Delta$ , denoting four ciphers, we may use Delphin.

Verses framed on these methods will be more easy to recollect than those given in Grey's Memoria Technica.

The same method may be pursued in other languages, the Cipher, One, and Two, being disposed of as already stated.

In French, 3, Rat, åne. 4, Lion, Chat, Mari, Ours. 5, Loire, Femme, Aigle, Seine. 6, Cheval, Enfant, Pascal. 7, Ecureil, Cupidon, Boileau, Fenelon. 8, Elephant, Rousseau. 9, Corneille, Massillon, Empereur.

In Greek, 3, φως, θηρ, εαρ (or,  $\hat{a}$ ι χαριτες). 4, ερως, λεων, κυων. 5, Aθηνη,  $\hat{E}$ κτωρ. 6,  $\hat{O}$ μηρος, αρκτος. 7, Aλέκτωρ, χελιδων. 8, Σωκρατης φασιανος. 9, χαριτες,  $\hat{a}$ ι μουσαι.

In Latin, 3, Ver, Lux, Pax. 4, Cura, Fors. 5, Domus, arbor. 6, Ensis, scutum. 7, Ovidius, Oceanus. 8, Victoria, certamen. 9, Virgilius, or Musæ.

THE END.

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#### Smith The Teaching of Geometry See Education, page 65

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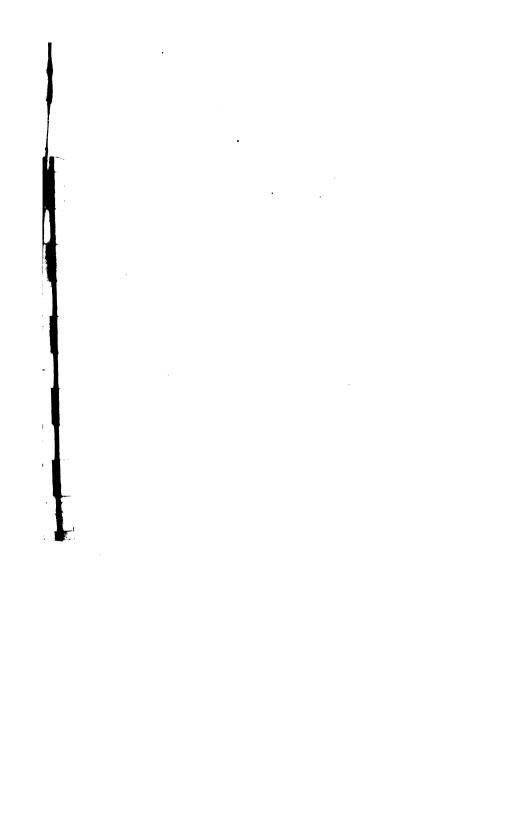
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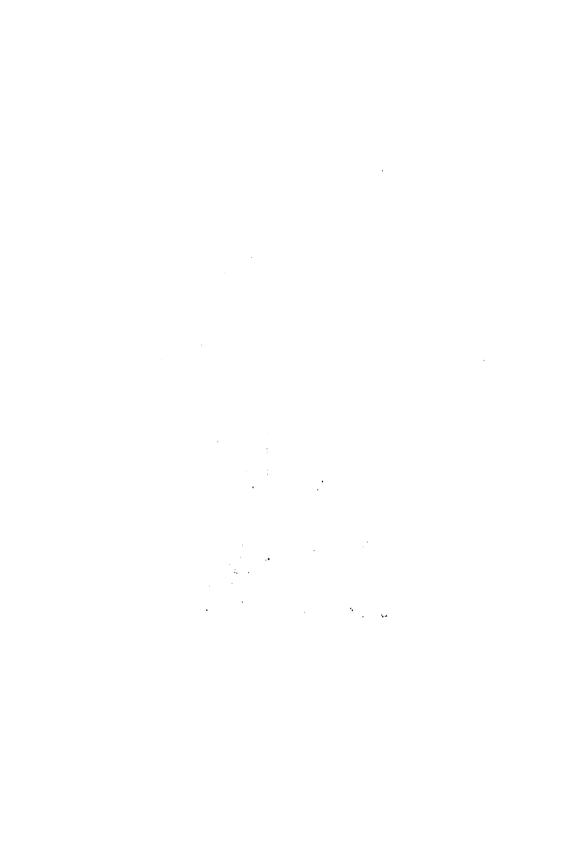
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