DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. [illegible]

GHQ/SCAP Records (RG 331, National Archives and Records Service)

Description of contents

(1) Box no. 3149

(2) Folder title/number: (27)
463.3: Coal & Coal Mines

(3) Date: Jan. 1949 - Dec. 1949

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
9616	e

(5) Item description and comment:
Kyushu

(6) Reproduction: (Yes) No

(7) Film no. Sheet no.

(Compiled by *National Diet Library*)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770014

FILE

463-3

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
23 December 1949
(Date)

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General
24th Inf Div Arty
APO 24 Unit 4
ATTN: S-4 , Regional Post Engineer

1. In compliance with letter Hq 24th Infantry Division Artillery APO 24 Unit 4, subject weekly coal report, dated 24 March 1949, the following report is submitted:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hrs 16 Dec 1949; 63.6 tons (date of last report).

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 days None

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 days 21.32 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hrs 23 Dec 1949; 42.28 tons (date of report).

Michael W Wolniak

M. WOLNIAK
DAC KCAR Compound
Commanding

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

FILE

44 3.3

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
30 December 1949
(Date)

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General
24th Inf Div Arty
APO 24 Unit 4
ATTN: S-4, Regional Post Engineer

1. In compliance with letter Hq 24th Infantry Division Artillery APO 24 Unit 4, subject weekly coal report, dated 24 March 1949, the following report is submitted:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hrs 25 Dec 1949: 42.25 tons (date of last report).

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 days 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 days 30.50

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hrs 30 Dec 1949: 11.9 tons (date of report). Original estimation made in March 1949 incorrect. Actual amount on hand as of 2400, 30 Dec 49: 40 tons.

Michael M Wolniak

M. WOLNIAK
DAC KCAR Compound
Commanding

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770015

FILE

463.3

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
31 December 1949

Coal Consumption Report for Month of DECEMBER 1949

On Hand	Received	Consumed	Balance
106.2 tons (As of 1 Dec 49)	0	99.12 tons	7.08 tons (As of 2400, 31 Dec 49)

Original estimation made in March 1949 incorrect.
Actual amount on hand as of 2400, 31 Dec 1949: 36.18 tons.

CHECKER

FOREMAN
MICHAEL V. WOLNIAK, DAC, CAF-8

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

4633

FILE

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - Mil

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-5

16 December 1949

463

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding Officer, Regional Pose Engineers, APO 24-4
Kashii, Kyushu
ATTN: Supply

1. Reference: Ltr, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dated 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 16 December 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 9 December 1949 — 83.6 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period — 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period — 20 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 16 December 1949 — 63.6 tons

Michael W. Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
DAC CAF-9

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770919

FILE

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24-5
16 December 1949

463.3

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Dec	1	2900	360	30 lbs/sq in	
2 Dec	1	1600	190	30 lbs/sq in	
3 Dec	1	2200	270	30 lbs/sq in	
4 Dec	1	1700	195	30 lbs/sq in	
5 Dec	1	2200	270	30 lbs/sq in	
6 Dec	1	3000	360	30 lbs/sq in	
7 Dec	1	3800	410	30 lbs/sq in	
8 Dec	1	3800	440	30 lbs/sq in	
9 Dec	1	3900	450	30 lbs/sq in	
10 Dec	1	3800	410	30 lbs/sq in	
11 Dec	1	3400	400	30 lbs/sq in	
12 Dec	1	3400	400	30 lbs/sq in	
13 Dec	1	3200	360	30 lbs/sq in	
14 Dec	1	3600	420	30 lbs/sq in	
15 Dec	1	3700	430	30 lb/sq in	
	NOTE:	Coal consumed for this boiler is used for CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM for CIVIL AFFAIRS Region Compound.			

Michael W. Volinsky

MICHAEL W. VOLINSKY
DAC
CAF-9

RBO FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 770019

[redacted] CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24-5
16 December 1948

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	[redacted]age [redacted]	Daily Average Temperature
1 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
2 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
3 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
4 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
5 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
6 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
7 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
8 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
9 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
10 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
11 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
12 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
13 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
14 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	
15 Dec	2	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	

NOTE: Coal consumed for this boiler is used for hot water purposes, at Civil Affairs Region Compound.

Michael V. Volnick
[redacted]
DAS CAF-5

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770912

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24-5
16 December 1948

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
2 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
3 Dec	3	660	90	20 lbs/sq in	
4 Dec	3	None	None	None	
5 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
6 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
7 Dec	3	660	90	20 lbs/sq in	
8 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
9 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
10 Dec	3	660	90	20 lbs/sq in	
11 Dec	3	None	None	None	
12 Dec	3	1540	190	20 lbs/sq in	
13 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
14 Dec	3	660 1430	90 180	20 lbs/sq in	
15 Dec	3	1430	180	20 lbs/sq in	
	NOTE:	Coal consumed for this boiler is used for hot water purposes and central steam heating for Economics Building of Civil Affairs Region.			

Michael W Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
DAC

WOLNIAK
GAF-8

RBO FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770919

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu

AFO 24-5
16 December 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
2 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
3 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
4 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
5 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
6 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
7 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
8 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
9 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
10 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
11 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
12 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
13 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
14 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
15 Dec	4	140	25	80° C	
	NOTE:	Coal consumed for this boiler is used for hot water purposes for Kaijima Women's Quarters. Civil Affairs Region.			

Michael W Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
DAC CAF-9

RBO FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-A

16 December 194[illegible]

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average [illegible]	Daily Average Temperature
1 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
2 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
3 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
4 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
5 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
6 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
7 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
8 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
9 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
10 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
11 Dec	5	200	30	60° C	
12 Dec	5	210	30	60° C	
13 Dec	5	250	35	60° C	
14 Dec	5	330	50	60° C	
15 Dec	5	330	50	60° C	
	NOTE:	Coal consumed for this boiler is used for HOT WATER purposes for Fukuoka Foreign National billets, Civil Affairs Region.			

Michael W. Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
CAF-0
DAC.

R&O FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170018

Reg. Files
FILE

463.7
AG 3.3

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - Nil

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-5

463 9 December 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding Officer, Regional Post Engineers, APO 24-4
Kashii, Kyushu
ATTN: Supply

1. Reference: Ltr, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dated 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 9 December 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 2 December 1949: 101.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 17.9 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 9 December 1949: 83.6 tons

Michael W Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
DAC, CAF-9

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

FILE

FILE Rel

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

ERM/msw
463.3

APO 24 Unit 5
1 December 1949

SUBJECT: Report of Coal Production Section Since its Inception

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
(Attn: Major Freeman, Civil Affairs Section)

1. The following report on the history of the Coal Production Team of Kyushu Civil Affairs Region is submitted in compliance with telephone request of Major Freeman, Civil Affairs Section, Headquarters Eighth Army.

2. The Coal Production Section of the Kyushu Civil Affairs Region was organized 10 August 1948, in accordance with Eighth Army letter, AGMGX 463.3. At that time the average monthly production was 1,367,441 tons and the loss per ton by mining industry was 397.86 yen. This loss was covered mostly by Government subsidy and the cost of a ton of coal was not deemed important.

3. The team consisted of five men; four section heads and an office force of one professional advisor, four interpreters, one translator and two typists, all under the direction of Mr. Glenn Roames, DAC, CAF-12.

4. The supervisory work of this team covered the following duties: Labor disputes, transportation of coal and excess materials, inadequate machinery, mechanization, safety, finance and incentive goods.

5. The production quota for the fiscal year April 1948 to April 1949 was 36,000,000 tons of which 19,120,000 tons were allocated for the island of Kyushu. A total of 19,075,787 tons or 99.78% were actually produced in Kyushu. The loss per ton for this period was ¥477.23.

6. Production: Early in 1949 the coal production team specialized on production of coal at a profit and discouraged the previous practice of producing and selling coal below production cost.

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7. The production quota for the fiscal year April 1949 to April 1950 is 42,000,000 tons. The quota of 22,383,000 tons for the Kyushu Region could be filled 100% or bettered, but due to the excess stocking of coal and cut in export, the slow-down of industry and the inability of consuming industries to pay for coal, a cut in quota has been recommended.

8. In June 1949, the coal industry in Kyushu showed an overall profit of 22.62 yen per ton and in July a profit of 33.19 yen per ton. The cost trend appeared to be in the right direction but actually it could not be classified as a profit as heavy outstanding obligations will have to be met before the companies balance their books. Also the dissolving of the Coal Kodan threw the entire industry into a slump, especially the smaller mines that relied entirely on the Coal Kodan to market their coal. The Coal Kodan paid the mines immediately on acquiring the coal and the Kodan carried the responsibility of collecting for the purchased coal from individuals and the industries.

9. The managing officials of coal mines have used the council, advice and supervisory suggestions from the Coal Production Section to a great extent and continually come into the office for consultation on mechanized equipment mining methods, coal preparing methods and numerous other mining problems. Also if a trip to the field is required, representatives of the team would go direct to the mining company concerned to advise them and offer suggestions on the points in question. The total number of days the Team spent on investigation trips since August 1948 to October 1949 was 248 days; or an average of 17 days per month. The number of persons concerned with coal mining who visited this office for council, advice etc. was about 15 persons per day.

10. The Kyushu Coal Production Team was dissolved upon transfer of Lt Col Oliver to duty with tactical troops 26 November 1949, and its duties, on a diminished scale, were taken over by the Economics Section of Kyushu Civil Affairs Region.

11. The conception of safety in coal mining in Japan is very poorly developed. Figures indicate an increase each month in the number of accidents. The safety inspection officer of Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, has been trying to make the Japanese more safety conscious.

12. During the last year, safety meetings covering the entire island of Kyushu have been held. The proper safety methods were discussed and in most cases the miners grasped the ideas and tried to put them to use. Safety shoes, helmets and gloves are being manufactured for the use of miners. However, due to slowness of Japanese in changing from older methods, the sale of these articles is very slow.

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13. The Japanese Government has published a safety code to be used and enforced in all mines. This code is excellent and if fully adhered to would reduce the accident rate. But very few mines can come up to the standard required by the code without spending considerable amount of time and money. In fact, many would face financial difficulties if required to come up to the standard immediately. Therefore the mines must make a gradual effort to almost rebuild the establishments.

14. The handbook "Coal Miners' Safety Manual" has been used as a guide in producing a series of safety ideas and showing how they are used in the United States. The Coal Bureau has reproduced this manual in the Japanese language and has sent it out to all the mines in Kyushu. These safety ideas tell how and in what ways the Japanese Government code can be carried out. Most mines are using these ideas as a basis for school texts to be studied by the miners. This may bring about safer mining in Japan.

15. Most of the new mines are well equipped with safety devices and can easily meet all requirements. In addition, the managements of these mines have not been pressed for production beyond the limits of safety provisions at their disposal. The mines which had operated for many years under all kinds of conditions are now suffering from serious need of mechanical repairs and this affects the safety situation.

16. Another factor involved in trying to bring about better safety measures is that of breaking down the old idea that life and limb in Japan is cheap. We know that many mines were manned with more or less slave labor, at least, during the war and probably long before. The practice of safety, then, was almost nil. There was no code or any standard to be complied with except "Get the coal out of the hole". When the occupation got under way, the lack of coal became critical and again the miners were put under pressure to get the coal out. They responded with every effort possible, doing an excellent job of meeting their various quotas. Cost of production meant little because they were subsidized by the Government. The mines received a bonus for over-quota production through distribution of incentive goods. But safety was neglected and hazards increased as mining operations progressed.

17. The mines have exceeded their quota and coal has been stockpiled in large amounts putting a financial strain on management. They have lost their subsidy and their incentive goods,

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 170015

and now the coal distribution or sales formerly handled by the Kodan is their problem. In other words, the mines are on their own. They now face the problem of getting coal from a seam, far back underground, bringing it to the surface through unsafe slopes or tunnels with old equipment. This process is costly in many ways, and the funds needed to make the mines safe are not available. The price of coal on the market against the cost of producing it is poorly adjusted in most cases according to figures received by this office.

18. A study is now under way of the miners' insurance system, checking on the many man days lost due to accidents. There seems to be an opportunity for miners to obtain easy money. If this can be controlled, it is very possible that the accident rate will decrease rapidly.

FOR THE CHIEF:

1 Incl:
Graphical Chart
(Kyushu Coal Mining
Performance)

G. W. SARGENT
Lt Col CAC
Deputy Chief

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770913

FILE

EMS No 3, Hq 2On Div Arty, dtd 25 Feb 48, Annex #2. 463.3

FUEL CONSERVATION
CHECK LIST

Organization: Kyushu Civil Affairs Region Compound Date: 29 Nov 1949

Type Bldg. See remarks Use: See remarks Bldg No. See remarks

Type of Heating appliance (Central Steam Heating System

	NO	YES
1. Is C.O. familiar with Fuel Conservation		X
2. Has unit CQ received instruction in prevention of fuel waste, i.e., heat & electricity		X
3. Have squad rooms in use as sleeping quarters been reduced to minimum possible No. Rooms 20 No. Personnel 26		X
4. Have offices in use been reduced to minimum possible No. Office Rooms 4 No. of Sections 3 Designation of Sections (s-1,S-2, etc): OFFICE ROOM: Orderly Room, Mess, Motor, Supply.		X
5. If heat on, are windows open (Where)	X	
6. If lights on, have all blinds, screens, etc been arranged to allow for maximum natural lighting		X
7. Are heating appliances being operated in unused rooms.		X
8. Are Fuel Conservation Posters posted in appropriate places.		X
9. Are all heating devices in proper state of repair and maintenance.		X
10. Are all doors and windows in proper operating condition and in good state of repair.		X
11. Are unit firemen properly instructed in boiler operation		X
12. Do all unit firemen have a Certificate of proficiency.		X
13. a. Is outside temperature considered in firing of boiler b. How (Explain)		X

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770613

	NO	YES
14. Does Unit have necessary firing tools	____	X
15. Are firing instructions and charts posted by each piece of equipment	____	X
16. Do occupants of buildings wear sufficient clothing to be comfortable at normal temperature	____	X
17. Are lights and electrical equipment turned off	____	X

INSPECTED BY Michael W. Wolniak
MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK, DAC-CAF-8

Recommendations: None.

Remarks: (See first page).

Main Building (2 story, concrete & Wood)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)
Mess (Wood frame, tile roof)
Motor (Concrete frame, tile roof)
Supply (Wood frame, tile roof)
(2 story Japanese type building)
Bar (2 story Japanese type bldg, wood frame tile roof) & Quonset Hut
Boiler, steam (Concrete & Wood frame)
Boiler, Hot (Concrete & Wood Frame)
(1 story wood frame building)

USE	BLDG NO.
Quarters	1
Orderly Room	
DAC Quarters	2
DAC Quarters	3
DAC Quarters	4
Theater	5
Supply Room	6
Latrine	7
Mess Hall	8
Motor Pool	9
Supply Room & Storage Room	10
Day Room	11
NK Club	12
Boiler, Steam	13
Boiler, Hot Water	14
parking shed	15

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770613

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION CONFOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

AFO 24-S
1 December 1949

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
16 Nov	1	1000	140	30 lb/sq	in
17 Nov	1	1000	140	30 lb/sq	in
18 Nov	1	1000	140	30 lb/sq	in
19 Nov	1	1000	140	30 lb/sq	in
20 Nov	1	1800	200	30 lb/sq	in
21 Nov	1	2000	260	30 lb/sq	in
22 Nov	1	2000	260	30 lb/sq	in
23 Nov	1	2000	260	30 lb/sq	in
24 Nov	1	2000	260	30 lbs/sq	in
25 Nov	1	2100	260	30 lb/sq	in
26 Nov	1	2000	300	30 lb/sq	in
27 Nov	1	2100	260	30 lb/sq	in
28 Nov	1	2400	280	30 lb/sq	in
29 Nov	1	2700	340	30 lb/sq	in
30 Nov	1	2900	360	30 lb/sq	in
	NOTE:	Amount of coal as shown was consumed by Boiler for Central Heating System.			

Michael W. Volniak
MICHAEL W. VOLNIAK
DAC, CAF-0

R8O FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770919

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION [illegible]
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24-5
1 December 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average [illegible]	Daily Average Temperature
16 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
17 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
18 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
19 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
20 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
21 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
22 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
23 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
24 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
25 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
26 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
27 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
28 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
29 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
30 Nov	2	800	120	30° C	
	NOTE:	This boiler is used for Hot Water purpose.			

Michael W Wolniak

MICHAEL W. WOLNIAK
DAC, CAF-9

R80 FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

File 11 D

Recurring Report
Reports Control Symbol - Nil

463

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

THJ/ky

463

APO 24-5
18 November 1949
(Date)

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dated 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 18 November 49 (Date) is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 11 Nov 49 186.5 tons (Date of Last Report)

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 4.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 18 Nov 49 182 tons (Date of Report)

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

Note:
To be submitted to Divarty, S-4 each Friday

R89 HMGT 6/18/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

AO/mu

APO 24 Unit 5
21 November 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Report of Coal Production Section Since Its Inception

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
Attn: Major Freeman, Civil Affairs Section

1. The Coal Production Section of the Kyushu Civil Affairs Region was organized 10 August 1948, 8th Army Letter AGMGX 463.3. At that time the average monthly production was 1,367,441 tons and the loss per ton by mining industry was 397.86 yens. This loss was covered mostly by Government subsidy and the cost of ton of coal was not deemed important.

2. The team consisted of five men; four section heads and an office force of one professional advisor, four interpreters, one translator, and two typists, all under the direction of Mr. Glenn Roemes, DAC, CAF-12.

3. The supervisory work of this team covered the following duties: Labor disputes, transportation of coal and excess materials, inadequate machinery and mechanization, safety, finance, and incentive goods.

4. The production quota for the fiscal year April 1948 to April 1949 was 36,000,000 tons of which 19,120,000 tons were allocated for the Island of Kyushu. 19,075,787 tons or 99.78% were actually produced in Kyushu. The loss per ton for this period was 477.23 yens.

5. Production: losing sight of the cost of mining as compared to the selling price was an error and early in 1949 the coal production team specialized on production of coal at a profit.

6. The Coal Production Team at present consists of two (2) officers and an office force of five (5). Lt. Col. Alfred Oliver, Chief of Section and WOJG Benjamin F. Beste in charge of Safety.

7. The production quota for the fiscal year April 1949 to April 1950 is 42,000,000 tons. The quota of 22,383,000 tons for the Kyushu Region could be filled 100% or bettered but due to the excess stocking of coal and cut in export, slowdown of industry, the inability of industry to pay for the coal, a cut in quota was recommended.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

AO/mu

APO 24 Unit 5
21 November 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Report of Coal Production Section Since Its Inception

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
Attn: Major Freeman, Civil Affairs Section

1. The Coal Production Section of the Kyushu Civil Affairs Region was organized 10 August 1948, 8th Army Letter AGMGX 463.3. At that time the average monthly production was 1,367,441 tons and the loss per ton by mining industry was 397.86 yens. This loss was covered mostly by Government subsidy and the cost of ton of coal was not deemed important.

2. The team consisted of five men; four section heads and an office force of one professional advisor, four interpreters, one translator, and two typists, all under the direction of Mr. Glenn Roames, DAC, CAF-12.

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 170919

BASIC: Ltr Hq Kyushu CAff Region, APO 24-5, subj: "Report of Coal Production Section Since Its Inception," dtd 21 November 1949

8. In June 1949, the coal industry in Kyushu showed an overall profit of 22.62 yens per ton and July a profit of 33.19 yens per ton. The cost trend appeared to be in the right direction but actually it could not be classified as a profit on account of the outstanding obligations that should be met to bring their companies solvent. Also the dissolving of the Coal Kodan threw the entire industry into a slump especially the smaller mines who relied entirely on the Coal Kodan to market their coal. The Coal Kodan paid the mines immediately on acquiring the coal and the Kodan carried the responsibility of collecting for the purchased coal from individuals and industry.

9. The coal Mine Managements have used the council, advice, and supervisory suggestions from the Coal Production Section to a great extent and continually come into the office for consultation on mechanized equipment mining methods, coal preparing methods, and numerous other mining problems. Also if it requires a trip tc the field, representative of this office will go direct to the mining company concerned who requested information and advice and in conference study offer suggestions to correct the points in question. The total number of days the Team spent on investigation trips since Aug 1948 to Oct 1949 was 248 days; or an average of 17 days per month. The number of persons concerned with coal mining who visit this office for council, advice etc. is about 15 persons per day.

10. The Coal Mining Industry at present will have a hard time to survive due to the dissolving of the Coal Kodan, short allocation of electric power, worn out condition of their equipments and several administrative problems that the Japanese Coal Mine Managements will have to accept but when they realize that the industry will survive only on good business methods, in which they should bring their mines to a solvent position, then this period of hardship will eventually bring the Coal Mining Industry to a position that will be a great asset in the stabilization of Japanese economy.

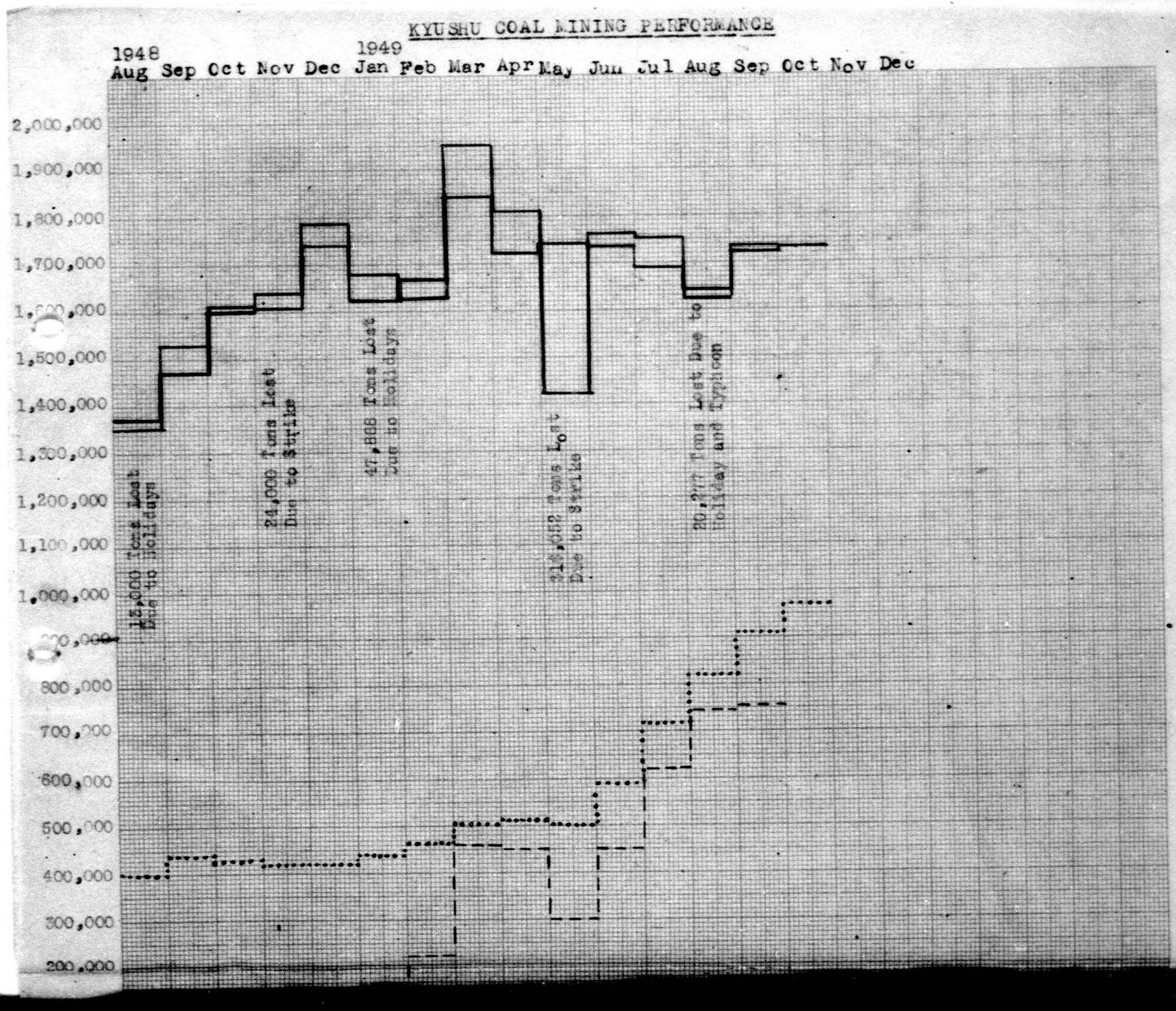
FOR THE CHIEF:

Alfred Oliver.

ALFRED OLIVER
Lt. Col., INF
Chief, Coal Production Section

2 Incls:
1. Graphical Chart
(Of Kyushu Coal Mining Performance)
2. Safety Report

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 17[illegible]



DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO.

800,000
700,000
600,000
500,000
400,000
300,000
200,000
100,000
0

¥ 397 486 323 341 271 250 175 94 20 250 15 6 59 62 (black-gain;red-loss)

Tons Production.....

Tons Quota.....

Tons Stockpile.....

Days Lost, (accidents).....

Gain or Loss Per Ton By You

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770919

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
22 November 1949

Safety Report

The idea of safety in coal mining in Japan is very poor. Figures show an increase each month in accidents. The safety inspection officer of KCAR, have been from the beginning to the present trying to instill this fact in the minds of the mining people.

During the last year we have held safety meetings covering the entire island of Kyushu. The proper safety methods were discussed and in most cases the miners grasped the ideas; thereby putting them into effect. Safety shoes, helmets and gloves are being manufactured for the use of miners. These items change the old custom somewhat causing a very slow reaction placing the manufacturers in rather an odd condition by having a slow moving stock.

The Japanese Government has published a safety code to be used and enforced in all mines. This code is excellent and if fully adhered to should reduce the accident rate. The alarming truth is that very few mines can come up to the standard required by the code without spending considerable amount of time and money. In fact many would go bankrupt if required to come up to the standard immediately. Therefore with all due thought and precaution the miners must make a gradual effort to almost rebuild the establishments.

The handbook "Coal Miners' Safety Manual" has been used as a guide in producing a series of safety ideas and how they are used in the United States. The Coal Bureau has reproduced this in the manual Japanese language and sent it out to all the mines in Kyushu. These safety ideas tell how and what ways the Japanese Government code can be carried out. Most mines are using these ideas as a basis for school texts to be studied by the miners. This may bring about safer mining in the overall picture for Japan.

Most of the new mines are well equiped with safety measures and can easily meet all requirements. Also the managements of these mines have not been pressed for production beyond the limits of safety provisions at their disposal. The mines which had operated for many years under all kinds of condition are now suffering from misuse considering the safety angle as well as the hard wear on equipment which is, in most cases, in bad need of repair.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

Another principle involved in trying to bring about safety is the breaking down of the old ideas that life and limb in Japan is cheap. We know that many mines were manned with more or less slave labor at least during the war and probably long before. The practice of safety then was almost nil. There was no code or any standard to be complied with except "Get the coal out of the hole". When the occupation got under way the lack of coal became prevalent and again the miners were put under pressure to get the coal out. They responded with every effort possible; therefore doing an excellent job of meeting their various quotas. Cost of production meant little because they were subsidized by the Government. The mines received a bonus for over quota production through distribution of incentive goods. But safety was seldom fully practiced, although the hole got deeper and deeper as the many tons of coal came out.

The mines having exceeded their quota, and coal being stockpiled put a financial pressure on the management or the responsible party. They have lost their subsidy and their incentive goods, and now the coal distribution or sales is their problem. In other words, the miners are on their own. They now face the problem of getting coal from a seam far back underground, bringing it to the surface through unsafe slopes or tunnels with old equipments. This process is costly in many ways; therefore the funds needed to make the mine safe are not available. The price of coal on the market against the cost of producing it is off balance in most every case according to figures received by this office.

A study is under way with the miners' insurance setup, checking on the many man days lost due to accidents. There seems to be an angle for easy money for miners. If this can be controlled, it is very possible that the accident rate will decrease rapidly.

Benjamin F. Beste
BENJAMIN F. BESTE
WOJG USA
Safety Officer, Coal Prod. Sect.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770819

230
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463.3

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-B

15 November 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average [redacted]	Daily Average Temperature
1 Nov	2	600	120	60° F	
2 Nov	2	600	120	60° F	
3 Nov	2	600	120	60° F	
4 Nov	2	600	120	60° F	
5 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
6 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
7 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
8 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
9 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
10 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
11 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
12 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
12 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
13 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
14 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	
15 Nov	2	600	90	60° F	

NOTE: Amount of coal as shown was consumed by Main Water Boiler.

Waclaw A. Tomaszewski

WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt. [illegible]
Detachment Commander

R80 FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770801

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO [illegible]

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

18 November 1949

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
7 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
8 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
9 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
10 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
11 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
12 Nov	1	600	90	30 lb/sq in	
13 Nov	1	600	90	30 lb/sq in	
14 Nov	1	600	90	30 lb/sq in	
15 Nov	1	800	120	30 lb/sq in	
NOTE:	Amount of coal as above was consumed by boiler for central heating system.				

Waclaw A. Tomaszewski
WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt., AGD
Detachment Commander

R80 FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770041

5863

Recurring Report
Reports Control Symbol - N1l

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

THJ/ky

463.3

APO 24-5
4 November 1949
(Date)

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division
Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dated 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 4 November 49 (Date) is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 21 Oct 49 (Date of Last Report) 133 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 4 Nov 49 (Date of Report) 130.5 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

Note:
To be submitted to Divarty, S-4 each Friday

R89 EMGT 6/18/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO: [illegible]

5398

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

463.3

APO 24 Unit 5
21 October 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 21 October 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 14 October 1949: 138 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.6 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 21 October 1949: 135.4 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDC NO: 1-1-0-1-0

3323

5/23

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24 Unit 5
14 October 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 14 October 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 7 October 1949: 140.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 14 October 1949: 138 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770919

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-5

16 October 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
2 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
3 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
4 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
5 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
6 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
7 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
8 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
9 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
10 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
11 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
12 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
13 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
14 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	
15 Oct	2	800	120	80° C	

NOTE: Amount of coal as shown was consumed by Hot Water boiler.

Waclaw A. Tomaszewski
WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt., INF
Detachment Commander

R80 FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770614

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - Nil

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24 Unit 5
7 October 1949

463

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 7 October 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 30 September 1949: 143 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coan on hand as of 2400 hours 7 October 1949: 140.5 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 17003

463.3

OCT 11 1949 10 09

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
Industry Division

24 September 1949

CONSOLIDATED WEEKLY OPERATIONS REPORT

REPORT NUMBER 38, VOLUME 2

COAL PRODUCTION.

1. Coal production for the second ten days of September 1949 amounted to 1,086;300 metric tons. Following is the ten-day production by districts: (Unit 1,000 MT)

2nd 10 Days September 1949	
District	Production
Hokkaido	310.0
E. Honshu	95.2
W. Honshu	96.1
Kyushu	585.0
Total	1,086.3

2. All mining areas worked eight days during the period and produced at the rate of 135,787 tons per day.

RAW MATERIALS.

1. Ferrous Metals. Iron and Steel. Preliminary reports for August show a decrease in the production of pig iron and steel ingot as compared to July. The decrease is a direct result of the loss of power resulting from the damage caused by the typhoons "Judith" and "Kitty", which swept northern Kyushu and southern Honshu during the month of August. (Unit - metric tons)

	July	August
Pig Iron		
Blast Furnace	125,628	114,615
Electric Furnace	12,313	8,461
Others	3,215	4,702
Total	141,156	127,778
Steel Ingot		
Open Hearth	206,717	192,903
Electric Furnace	50,952	41,349
Thomas Converter	9,024	13,161
Total	266,693	247,413

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDC NO. 17-0-1-9

(Raw Materials - cont'd)

	July	August
Rolled Steel Products		
Critical Items		
Rails	13,564	12,096
Sheets (below 3 mm)	31,049	32,938
Tin Plate	1,927	2,623
Pipe	14,389	17,152
Others	100,573	110,035
Total	161,502	174,844

2. Non-Metallic Materials.

a. Petroleum. The following petroleum products were imported during the month of August: (Unit - kiloliters and metric tons)

Gasoline	20,601 Kil.	Kerosene	6,096 Kil.
Navy Special	91,791 Kil.	Diesel	17,193 Kil.
Lube	14,612 Kil.	Grease	23 M.T.
Asphalt	998 M.T.		

These products were distributed by private petroleum companies under the supervision and direction of the Japanese Government and SCAP. The majority of imported petroleum products are consumed by land and marine transportation, fishing and agricultural industries, and other industrial uses. In addition to the above products, 6,934 kiloliters of bunker oil were consumed on SCAJAP vessels carrying petroleum products from the Persian Gulf.

3. Requirements. Allocations. The third quarter allocation for ferrous, non-ferrous metals, non-metallic items and chemicals has been finalized and transmitted to the interested SCAP agencies. The November petroleum allocation has been coordinated, adjusted and finalized by all interested ESS claimants.

PRODUCTION OF COMMODITIES.

1. Chemicals.

a. Visiting Expert. Mr. L. R. Allott, a leading U.S. authority on coke production, has arrived in Japan. The purpose of Mr. Allott's visit is to aid the Japanese coal carbonization industry in producing higher grade metallurgical and foundry coke and maximize recovery of by-products. It is anticipated that the quality of coke now being produced by the industry will be improved by better blending of domestic coals and by changes in the methods of operating coke ovens. Mr. Allott is familiar with the problems that confront the Japanese coal carbonization industry since he has worked with mid-west U.S. coals that are very similar in physical and chemical properties to coals available to the Japanese industry. The primary purpose of Mr. Allott's visit is to utilize more domestic raw materials so that Japan will be less dependent upon imports of high-grade coal.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. [illegible]

(Production of Commodities - Cont'd)

b. Chemical Fertilizers. A Northern Honshu inorganic chemicals plant has reported the development of a new type of high-quality phosphate fertilizer. Work was initiated on this project at SCAP's suggestion near the end of 1948. The phosphoric acid content of the fertilizer produced is reported to compare favorably with calcium superphosphate, the only chemical phosphate fertilizer now produced in Japan. The new process involves a fusion of imported phosphate rock with a domestic mineral containing magnesia and silica similar to a successful process recently developed in the U.S. Another desirable feature of the process is that it does not require sulfuric acid which is in short supply. Power consumption is considerably greater in this process than in the traditional superphosphate process.

c. Synthetic Resins and Plastics. Synthetic resin production for July amounted to 550.4 MT as compared with 661 MT for June and 572 MT for May. This total production consisted of the following: (Unit - metric tons)

Synthetic Resin	Amount
Phenol Resin	300
Urea Resin	156
Vinyl Acetate Monomer	59.4
Glyptal	19.5
Methacrylic	11.4
Vinyl Chloride, Polyamide and Melamine	4.5

Total July sales amounted to 369.5 MT compared with 586 MT for June and 781 MT for May. July end-of-month stocks totalled 531 MT, an increase of 306 MT over the June stocks.

d. Camphor. Crude camphor production totalled 69 MT in August and camphor oil production amounted to 96 MT compared with 64 MT and 92 MT respectively for July.

e. Cement. According to preliminary reports cement production during August amounted to approximately 286,000 MT, almost the same as that of July. Clinker output hit a new postwar high of 281,000 MT, exceeding by 25,000 MT the July figure of 255,805 MT. Shipments during August decreased to 230,000 MT from the postwar record tonnage of 323,671 MT for July. This decrease in shipments resulted in increased stocks of both clinker and cement as shown below: (Unit - metric tons)

	Clinker	Cement	Total Stocks
August	82,700	137,600	220,300
July	66,828	89,747	156,575
Increase	15,872	47,853	63,725

2. Consumer Goods.

a. Processed Foods. The sugar refining industry which has operated on a very limited scale since the end of the war went into full operation in

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. [illegible]

July with 9,000 MT of imported crude sugar. This production will be completed by the end of September and will yield 70% refined white sugar, 20% brown and 10% molasses.

b. Rubber Goods. 47 rubber factories in the Kanto district suffered damage amounting to approximately 30 million yen by the typhoon "Kitty". Two tons of imported latex was lost in the flood by one manufacturer. Four rubber companies were damaged in Kyushu by the typhoon "Judith". Electrical equipment, particularly motors, was damaged which necessitated a two-day shutdown for repairs.

3. Machinery and Equipment. Electrical Equipment. On 22 September thirteen electrical and machinery plants received merit awards from the Ministry of International Trade and Industry for outstanding work in producing equipment for the Power Rehabilitation Program since its inception in February 1948.

FACILITIES - VARIOUS.

1. Construction. Rivers. A report from Iwate Prefecture where four Army bulldozers from the local Civil Affairs Team are working on the levees of the Kitakami River and its tributaries show typhoon damage during the past two years has necessitated reconstruction of the river levee system and involves the moving of approximately 600,000 cubic yards of material an average distance of half a mile.

2. Shipbuilding.

a. From 21 August to 20 September, keels were laid for 24 steel vessels totalling 18,876 gross tons which included two cargo vessels, one of 7,500 gross tons, the other of 6,300 gross tons, and eight steel barges of 85 gross tons each, being constructed for export. During the same period, seven steel cargo vessels totalling 9,097 gross tons, including one of 3,500 gross tons for export, were launched, and nine steel cargo vessels totalling 13,352 gross tons were completed. One steel fishing vessel of 135 gross tons was launched on 10 September.

b. Four 115 HP tugs, one 50 HP tug and three 100 DWT barges, all wooden vessels, were delivered to the U.S.S.R. 24 wooden rugs and barges, previously completed, are awaiting delivery.

c. The 4,750 gross ton steel cargo ship, "Kyoritsu Maru", under construction at the Nippon-Tsurumi Shipyard, was launched on 21 September. Upon completion this vessel will be added to the Japanese merchant fleet.

3. Public Utilities.

a. Electric Power. Natural streamflow of Japan as a whole during the period 15 to 21 September 1949, inclusive, was 105% of the past ten-year

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO: [illegible]

(Facilities - Various cont'd)

average for the same period, and 102% of the streamflow of the preceding weekly period. Streamflow in Hokkaido, Shikoku and Kyushu, however, were low being 82%, 90% and 88%, respectively, of the ten-year average. Thermal generation was 108% of the preceding weekly period. 50% of total thermal generation was in Kyushu, 24% in Chugoku, and 15% in Kansai. The energy stored in reservoirs was 78% of capacity as of 21 September 1949 as compared with 86% a year ago.

b. Gas Industry. A summary of utility gas industry operations during August is as follows: (Figures with asterisks are corrected for average calorie heat value: 4,000 prewar, 3,600 postwar)

(1) Production of gas for utility distribution totalled 71,748,443 cubic meters, 62.0% of capacity of the utility plants.

(2) Industrial consumption totalled 18,041,129 cubic meters which is 203%* of the 1930 - 34 average consumption of 8,074,400 cubic meters, but only 61.3% of the present demand of 29,380,754 cubic meters by industry.

(3) Japanese domestic consumption totalled 26,385,967 cubic meters which is 65.7%* of the 1930 - 34 average consumption of 49,786,000 cubic meters, or 45.1%* of the peak wartime consumption of 72,486,000 cubic meters.

(4) Production of coke incident to gas, in which 6,119,837 cubic meters of gas was self-consumed for underfiring, totalled 101,237 metric tons, which is 64.0% of the total capacity of 158,100 metric tons.

MAURICE M. CLASS
Chief, Industry Division
ESS

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3=402/NMDG NO: 1 [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

DWM/mms

APO 24 - 5
24 September 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Salvaging of Coal in Dokai Bay, Wakamatsu

THROUGH: Commanding Officer, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, APO 24-5
ATTN: Economics Section

TO : General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500

1. During discharging operations of coal unloaded in Dokai Bay, Wakamatsu-shi, considerable coal is ordinarily spilled and falls into the water where it precipitates. This coal, because of the large industrial activity of the surrounding area, which includes Wakamatsu, Tobata, Moji and Yawata, amounts to about 2,000 tons per month which is salvageable.

2. On 8 September 1947, the Shin Nippon Maritime Industrial Corporation, represented by Mr. Shiro Nakamura and Mrs. Yuki Maki both of Tokyo, applied to the Ministry of Transportation for permission to salvage this coal. The Minister of transportation, through the Director General of the Maritime Bureau applied to the COMNAVFE for authorization to start salvage operations. This authorization was granted on 21 October 1947, and Mr. Nakamura and Mrs. Maki were notified to commence operations. This correspondence is attached as Inclosure 1 through 4. To date, this company is the only one authorized by the navy to perform this salvage work.

3. Despite this, several other companies were performing this salvage work in the area under contract to the Wakamatsu Coal Cooperative Association who claimed ownership of this coal, based upon forty (40) years activity in the salvaging of sunken coal in this area under the name of the Wakamatsu Coal Dealing Operator's Association. This organization owns on salvage equipment but depends entirely upon sub-contractors to perform the work. This association was reorganized in 1947 and adopted its present name. Membership included all persons in the districts of Tobata, Wakamatsu and Yawata engaged in sale, transportation, brokerage and agency of coal in those areas. Membership was compulsory and iron control of inspection and salvaging (with government approval) of coal was exercised. Although the organization

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDG NO.

Ltr, Fukuoka, CAff Team, APO 24-5, dtd 24 Sept 1949, subj: "Salvaging of Coal in Dokai Bay, Wakamatsu"

was changed in 1947, the present association includes the same personnel, and succeeded to membership, property and rights of the old control association. The only physical function of the association is a paper transaction whereby approximately 500 yen per ton ofcoal is deducted from the sale and poured into the coffers of the association. Several prior court actions upheld the ownership of the coal by the association and in order to salvage coal, the Shin Nippon Maritime Industrial Corporation was forced into a sub-contract with the association and rather than submit to an unprofitable enterprise, ceased salvage operations, Thus, in effect, the organization appears appears to be a vicious control control association.

4. Because of the withdrawal of the Shin Nippon Maritime Industrial Corporative from salvage operations, the sub-contractors of the association are at present engaged in salvage work in this area, without official permission of the U.S. Navy. During the wat and immediately after much equipment, munitions and valuable material was either sunk or dumped into the bay and the possibility of materials other than coal being salvaged by these wildcat companies is great. The Shin Nippon Company was denied access to certain portions of the bay controlled by the Mitsubishi Chemical Works, where, according to information obtained from Japanese sources, great quantities of silver and other valuable materials were dumped at the conclusion of hostilities by the Mitsubishi Chemical Company. Position of these suspected materials is shown on sketch map attached as Inclosure #5.

5. Due to the high cost of proper investigation, it is felt by this team that such investigation might better be carried on by higher authorities to determine:

a. Whether or not suspected valuable materials are being hoarded by the Mitsubishi Chemical Company, Yawata.

b. Whether or not salvage work is being illegally engaged in by sub-contractors of the Wakamatsu Coal Cooperative Association.

c. Whether or not the Wakamatsu Coal Cooperative Association is a Control Association in violation of SCAP Directives.

6. Divers and equipment necessary to the conduct of such

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

Ltr, Fukuoka CAff Team, APO 24-5, dtd 24 Sept 1949, subj: "Salvaging of Coal in Dokai Bay, Wakamatsu"

an investigation are available at these ports.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt FA
Administrative Officer

6 Incls:
1. Appl to Min. of Trans.
2. Ltr, Gen. Mar. Bur to COMNAVFE
3. Ltr, COMNAVFE to Min. of Trans.
4. Ltr, Chief of Mar. Bur. to Shiro Nakamura and Yukio Maki
5. Sketch Map, Dokai Bay
6. Petition to Fuk, CA Team

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

CENTRAL FILE

BASIC: Ltr, Fukuoka CAff Team, APO 24-5, dtd 24 September 1949, subj: "Salvaging of Coal in Dokai Bay, Wakamatsu"

1st Ind KRM/mnw

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 24-5, 27 Sept 49

TO: Commanding General, Hq I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Civil Affairs Section)

This headquarters concurs in requests contained in paragraph 5, basic letter.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

6 Incls:
n/c

HENRY E. RAINBOLT, JR
1st Lt FA
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

463
FILE

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Transportation Section

22 September 1949

MEMORANDUM TO: Henry E. Rainhalt, Jr.

FROM: Josephine Ayre, Chief Statistics Branch
Control Division, Civil Transportation Section

SUBJECT: Requisition of Daily Report on Transportation of Coal

1. Attached memorandum referring to a telephone directive is in error, probably due to a poor telephone connection. There was no telephone directive as described in the memorandum.

2. A telephone call of inquiry was initiated by Sgt. Yamamoto to Miss Ayre, who asked if he had seen the attached memorandum from General Marquat. After some discussion Miss Ayre understood that Sgt. Yamamoto had either seen or had knowledge of the memorandum.

3. Attempt was made to clarify the memorandum for Sgt. Yamamoto. He was told that the daily report was only to be continued until the end of August after which the monthly report described as item "f" in the memorandum was to be subsituted for the two daily reports formerly submitted.

4. It is not contemplated that the Coal Kodan should have any further responsibility for coal reports. The Coal Kodan is in the process of dissolution and provision for statistical reporting of coal by the Statistics Section, International Trade and Industry has been made.

5. In a meeting of 19 August 1949, to which SCAP sections concurring in the memorandum of 1 August sent representatives, instructions were given to Coal Kodan representatives to divest their agency of the function of coal reporting as quickly as possible and to coordinate with the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, the agency assuming the reporting system, the transfer of reports from the dissolved agency so that there would be no lag in statistics.

6. Representatives of the Coal Kodan and the Statistics Section, International Trade and Industry came in on the 8th of September to explain that it was too difficult to get the data for report "f" that early in the month and requested that they be allowed to submit this report on the 15th of each month for the preceding month's data.

7. No further daily reports or reports from individual ports are required.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO:

8. Attached is copy of memorandum from General Marquat to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

2 Inclosures with
Attachments

J. Ayre

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMD NO: [redacted]

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Transportation Section

22 September 1949

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNBG NO.

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2 Inclosures with
Attachments

J. Ayre

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDC NO. [redacted]

3157

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

AO/ky

APO 24 Unit 5
2 September 1949

SUBJECT: Requisition Of Daily Report On Transportation Of Coal

TO : Plans, Policies & Requirement Division,
Civil Transportation Section, GHQ, SCAP

1. Re telephone directive, 31 August 1949, to Sgt. Yamamoto, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region Coal Team from Miss J. Ayres, CTS, GHQ, SCAP to contact Coal Distribution Kodan requesting daily coal transportation report be continued.

2. Found on investigation that it would cause Kodan to hold at least two hundred (200) personnel at various mines and ports.

3. Request confermation of your telephone directive regarding the daily coal transportation report.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Henry E. Rainbolt, Jr.

HENRY E. RAINBOLT, Jr.
1st Lt., FA
Adjutant

9-wk 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. [illegible]

COPY

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section

1 August 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR: Ministry of International Trade and Industry
ATTENTION: Mr. Busaemon Shindo, Director General,
Resource Board

SUBJECT: Economic Data to be Furnished to General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers

1. Reference is SCAPIN 1337-A, subject as above, 27 May 46.

2. Effective 1 August 1949 the following reports are requested to be submitted as indicated on inclosure:

a. Preliminary 10-Day Coal Production Report.
b. Final Monthly Coal Production Report.
c. Final Monthly Coal Stockpiles Report.
d. Monthly Delivery of Standard Coal Report (preliminary and final).
e. Monthly Coal Delivery to Occupation Forces Report.
f. Monthly Transportation of Coal Report.

3. All other reports on coal now regularly submitted by the Coal Bureau of Resources Agency of Ministry of International Trade and Industry may be eliminated.

1 Incl
List of Rpts Required

W. F. MARQUAT
Major General, U.S. Army
Chief, Economic and Scientific Section

Incl 2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NND NO.

List of Coal Reports Presently Required and Distribution Schedule of Reports

Name of Reports	Period	Date Due	Remarks	Names of Sections (and individuals) Requiring reports
PRODUCTION				
Preliminary 10-day Coal Production Report	10 days		This report is to be continued exactly as before.	8th A-Maj Freeman ESS/Coal Coordinator ESS/FECAC-Miss Beraud ESS/RP-Mr. Fitzgerald NRS-Mr. Cunningham
	1-10	15th of mo.		
	11-20	25th of mo.		
	21-30	5th of mo.		
Final Monthly Coal Production Report	monthly	5 wks after end of period	This report, showing types of coal, is to be continued exactly as before.	ESS/Coal Coordinator ESS/FECAC-Miss Beraud ESS/RP-Mr. Fitzgerald NRS-Mr. Cunningham
STOCKPILES				
Final Monthly Coal Stockpiles Report	monthly	20th of following mo.	This consolidated report showing stockpiles at: 1. mines 2. ports 3. distribution points was submitted for the first time to show data as of 30 Apr 49. This single page report is to be continued exactly as before.	8th A-Maj Freeman ESS/IR-Mr. Ellison ESS/FECAC-Miss Beraud ESS/RP-Mr. Fitzgerald NRS-Mr. Cunningham

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3=402/NNDC NO.

List of Coal Reports Presently Required and Distribution Schedule of Reports (continued)

Name of Report	Period	Date Due	Remarks	Names of Sections (and individuals) Requiring Reports
DISTRIBUTION				**PRELIMINARY & FINAL**
Monthly Delivery of Standard Coal Report			This report is to be continued exactly as before.	ESS/IN-Mr. Ellison ESS/FECAC-Miss Beraud ESS/RP-Mr. Fitzgerald
Preliminary	monthly	20th of following mo.	We especially need the following data continued as before:	FINAL only 8th A-Maj Freeman MRS-Mr. Cunningham
final	monthly	20th of second mo.after end of period	1. amt. standard coal delivered 2. amt. imported coal delivered 3. amt. anthracite & natural coke delivered 4. amt. of deliveries made on special allocations and re-allocations made to reduce huge accumulations of stockpiles.	
Monthly Coal Delivery to Occ Forces Report	monthly	10th of following mo.	This report is to be continued exactly as before.	8th A-QM 8th A-Maj Freeman 8th A-G-4 GHQ, SCAP G-4 ESS/IN-Mr. Ellison
Monthly Transportation of Coal Report	monthly	8th of following mo.	This report is to be presented exactly as per attached specimen.	CTS/Miss Ayre ESS/Coal Coordinator

Encl 23.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 17-0-0-1-0

Transportation of Coal
Monthly Report

Area of Origin	(a) Opening stock	(b) Net (1) Production	(c) Transported from Mines (2)	(d) Closing Stock at Mines (a+b-c=d)	(e) Opening Stockpile at Ports	(f) Received at Port	(g) Consumed at Port	(h) Loaded	(i) Closing Stock at Ports (e+f-g-h=i)
Hokkaido									
Eastern Honshu									
Western Honshu									
Kyushu									
Total									

(1) Less mine use and local consumption.
(2) To be moved.

Incl 2 4

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

FILE

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

FILE

463.3
AGMGKE ~~091.31~~

SEP. 20 1949

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for s/s Foo Hsiang

TO: Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301

1. Reference is made to paragraph 8 of section 5, Operational Directive No. 33, this headquarters, dated 28 June 1949, subject: "Control of Entry and Exit of Property, Cargo and Individuals into and from Japan".

2. Two copies of SCAP memorandum for the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo, BT-49-5762-A, dated 13 September 1949, subject: "Bunker Coal for S/S Foo Hsiang Identified by Symbol KX 13189" are forwarded for your information.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

1 Incl
BT-49-5762-A (2)

J. A. O'BRIEN
CWO USA
Asst Adj Gen

AG 091.31 - HA

1st Ind

SD/af

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

SEP 28 1949

TO: Chief, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, APO 24-5

C. R.

1 Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 770814

BASIC: Ltr, Hq 8th Army, APO 343, file AGMGEE 091.31, subj: "Bunker Coal for s/s Foo Hsiang", dated 20 September 1949

2nd Ind EHM/fsi

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 24-5, 3 September 1949

TO: Commanding Officer, Fukuoka Civil Affairs Team, APO 24-5

1 Incl:
n/c

H. E. R.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 71803

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

13 September 1949

463.3 (13 Sep 49) ESS/FTC
(BT 49-5762) A

MEMORANDUM FOR: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo
Attention: Mr. A. Kodaki
International Trade Administrator

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for S/S FOO HSIANG
Identified by Symbol EX 13,189

1. Reference is made to Memorandum for the Board of Trade (Boeki Cho) Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Tokyo from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, Economic and Scientific Section, 463.3 (19 Jan 49) ESS/FTC (BT 49-3777) dated 19 January 1949, subject: Bunker Coal.

2. In accordance with instructions contained in the above reference Memorandum it is directed that the Ministry of International Trade and Industry made the necessary arrangements to make available the following bunkers:

Name of Vessels:	FOO HSIANG
Port of Loading:	Moji
ETA:	13 September 1949
Quantity:	150 metric tons
Price per metric ton, TOB	$15.00
Consignee:	C. F. Sharp & Co., Inc. Tokyo, Japan

3. This transaction is to be identified as SCAP Case Number EX 13,189.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

R V Thompson

F. E. PICKELLE
Chief,
Foreign Trade and
Commerce Division

Encls #1-2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770819

433 3900

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

file
463.3

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24 Unit 5
16 September 1949

463

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 16 September 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 9 September 1949: 101.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 49 tons

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 16 September 1949: 148 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770619

3607

409

File (J63.7)

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 244

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

15 September 1949

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
2 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
3 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
4 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
5 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
6 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
7 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
8 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
9 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
10 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
11 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
12 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
13 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
14 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	
15 Sep	2	800	120	80° C	

NOTE: Amount of coal as shown was consumed by Boiler.

Waclaw A. Tomaszewski

WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt., INF
Detachment Commander

R8O FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170015

FILE 4/0633

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

SEP. 13.1949

AGMCKE 091.31

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for s/s Ann Stathatos

TO: Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301

1. Reference is made to paragraph 8 of section 5, Operational Directive No. 33, this headquarters, dated 28 June 1949, subject: "Control of Entry and Exit of Property, Cargo and Individuals into and from Japan".

2. Two copies of SCAP memorandum for the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo, BT-49-5661-A, dated 31 August 1949, subject: "Bunker Coal for Dungan Ore Carrying Ships Identified by Symbol EX 13188" are forwarded for your information.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

J. A. O'BRIEN
CWO USA
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl
BT-49-5661-A (2)

AG 091.31 - BA

1st Ind

SD/ai

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

SEP 19 1949

TO: Chief, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, APO 24-5

Forwarded for your information.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

Charles W. Ramsey
W. O. U.S.A.
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq 8th Army, APO 343, file AGMGEE 091.31, subj: "Bunker Coal for s/s Ann Stathatos", dated 13 Sept 49

2nd Ind ERM/fsi

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 24-5, 23 September 1949

TO: Commanding Officer, Fukuoka Civil Affairs Team, APO 24-5

H. E. R.

1 Incls:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

463.3 (31 Aug 49) ESS/FTC
([redacted] 49-5661) A

31 August 194[illegible]

MEMORANDUM FOR: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo
Attention: Mr. A. Kodaki
International Trade Administrator

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for Dungan Iron Ore Carrying Ships
Identified by Symbol EX 13188

1. Reference is made to Memorandum for the Board of Trade (Boeki Cho), Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Tokyo, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, Economic and Scientific Section, 463.3 (19 Jan 49) ESS/FTC (BI 49-3777) dated 19 January 1949 subject: Bunker Coal.

2. In accordance with instructions contained, in the above referenced Memorandum, it is directed that the Ministry of International Trade and Industry make the necessary arrangements to make available the following bunkers:

Name of Vessel:	S/S ALI SIAMATOS
Port of Loading:	Moji
ETA:	31 August 1949
Quantity:	650 metric tons
Price per metric ton, FOB	₤ 2/19/6.64
Consignee:	The Hongkong Eastern Shipping Co., Ltd. 701 Chiyoda Bldg. 2 Chome Kyobashi Chuo-ku Tokyo, Japan

3. This transaction is to be identified as SCAP Case No. EX-13188.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

F. E. Pickelle

F. E. PICKELLE
Chief,
Foreign Trade and
Commerce Division

Incl 1-2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770015

238

file

3361

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

463.3

463

APO 24 Unit 5
9 September 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 9 September 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 2 September 1949: 87 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 17 tons

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 9 September 1949: 101.5 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

FILE

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

ERM/mew

APO 24-5
6 September 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Data on Damages Caused by Coal Mines in Kyushu

THRU : Commanding General, Hq I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Civil Affairs Section)

TO : General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500
(Attn: Economic and Scientific Section)

1. Forwarded for your information is inclosure 1, a petition written by the Governor of Fukuoka Prefecture concerning damages caused by coal mines in Kyushu. The letter is written on behalf of all governors in Kyushu and indicates that present unpaid damage claims in Kyushu amount to ¥13,582,996,000.

2. With the abolition of the coal Kodan and the Kodan system of compensating for such damages, it is urged that a substitute system for compensation be promptly established and announced.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:
as indicated

HENRY E. RAINBOLT, JR
1st Lt FA
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

FILE

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

AO/ky

APO 24 Unit 5
2 September 1949

463.3

SUBJECT: Requisition Of Daily Report On Transportation Of Coal

TO : Plans, Policies & Requirement Division,
Civil Transportation Section, GHQ, SCAP

1. Re telephone directive, 31 August 1949, to Sgt. Yamamoto, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region Coal Team from Miss J. Ayres, CTS, GHQ, SCAP to contact Coal Distribution Kodan requesting daily coal transportation report be continued.

2. Found on investigation that it would cause Kodan to hold at least two hundred (200) personnel at various mines and ports.

3. Request conformation of your telephone directive regarding the daily coal transportation report.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

HENRY E. RAINBOLT, Jr.
1st Lt., FA
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779013

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

463.3
463

APO 24 Unit 5
2 September 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
ATTN: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 2 September 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 26 August 1949: 14.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 75 tons

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 2 September 1949: 87 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779013

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-5

31 August 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

463.3

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average [illegible]	Daily Average Temperature
16 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
17 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
18 Aug	2	800	130	80° C	
19 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
20 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
21 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
22 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
23 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
24 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
25 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
26 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
27 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
28 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
29 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
30 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	
31 Aug	2	800	120	80° C	

NOTE: Amount of Coal as shown was consumed by Hot Water boiler.

Waclaw A. Tomaszewski

WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt., INF
Detachment Commander

R80 FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779013

MEMO No 3, Hq 24th Div Arty, dtd 25 Feb 48, Annex #2.

FUEL CONSERVATION
CHECK LIST

Organization: [redacted] Date: [redacted]

Type Bldg. [redacted] Use: [redacted] Bldg No. [redacted]

Type of Heating appliance [redacted]

	NO	YES
1. Is C.O. familiar with Fuel Conservation	____	X
2. Has unit CQ received instruction in prevention of fuel waste, i.e., heat & electricity	____	X
3. Have squad rooms in use as sleeping quarters been reduced to minimum possible No. Rooms 17 No. Personnel 36	____	X
4. Have offices in use been reduced to minimum possible No. Office Rooms 4 No. of Sections 3 Designation of Sections (s-1,S-2, etc): SECTION: COMPOUND OFFICE RMS: Bat CO, Orderly Room, Mess, Motor, Supply.	____	X
5. If heat on, are windows open (Where)	Not Applicable	
6. If lights on, have all blinds, screens, etc been arranged to allow for maximum natural lighting	____	X
7. Are heating appliances being operated in unused rooms.	Not Applicable	
8. Are Fuel Conservation Posters posted in appropriate places.	____	X
9. Are all heating devices in proper state of repair and maintenance.	____	X
10. Are all doors and windows in proper operating condition and in good state of repair.	____	X
11. Are unit fireman properly instructed in boiler operation	____	X
12. Do all unit fireman have a Certificate of proficiency.	____	X
13. a. Is outside temperature considered in firing of boiler b. How (Explain)	Not Applicable	

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779013

Memo No. 3, Hq 24th Inf Div Arty, dtd 28 Feb 40, Annex #2, Page 2.

		NO	YES
14.	Does unit have necessary firing tools	____	X
15.	Are firing instructions and charts posted by each piece of equipment	____	X
16.	Do occupants of buildings wear sufficient clothing to be comfortable at normal temperature	____	X
17.	Are lights and electrical equipment turned off when not in use.	____	X

Inspected by Waclaw A. Tomaszewski
WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI, 1st Lt, Inf

Recommendations: None.

Remarks: (See first page):

TYPE BUILDING	USE	MAP NO.
Main Building (2 story, concrete & Wood)	Quarters	1
	Bat CO Office	
	Orderly Room	
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	NCO Quarters	2
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	EM Quarters	3
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Day Room	4
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Theater	5
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Supply Room	6
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Latrine	7
Mess (Wood frame, tile roof)	MessHall	8
Motor (Concrete frame, tile roof)	Motor Pool	9
Supply (wood frame, 1 story)	Supply Room & Storage room	10
(2 story Japanese type building, wood frame, tile roof)	Rec Hall	11
Bar (1 story Japanese type bldg, wood frame tile roof) & Quonset Hut	EM Club	12
Boiler, Steam (Concrete & Wood frame)	Boiler, Steam	13
Boiler, Hot Water (Concrete & Wood frame)	Boiler, Hot Water	14
(1 story wood frame building)	Parking Shed	15

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779013

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463

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24 Unit 5
26 August 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
Attn: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 26 August 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 19 August 1949 — 17 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period — 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period — 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 26 August 1949 — 14.5 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch

ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 779015

FILE

463.3

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

AG-MG-EE 091.31

25 August 1949

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for S/S "San Antonio"

TO: Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301

FILE

1. Reference is made to paragraph 8 of section 5, Operational Directive No. 33, this headquarters, dated 28 June 1949, subject: "Control of Entry and Exit of Property, Cargo and Individualsinto and from Japan."

2. Two copies of SCAP memorandum for the Minsitry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo, BT-49-5573-A, dated 15 August 1949, subject: "Bunker Coal for S/S San Antonio Identified by Symbol EX 13184" are forwarded for your information.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

1 Incl
BT-49-5573-A (2)

J. A. O'BRIEN
CWO USA
Asst Adj Gen

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770015

BASIC: Ltr Hq Eighth Army, APO 343, AGMGEE 091.31, dated 25 August 1949, subj: "Bunker Coal for S/S "San Antonio".

AG 091.31 - BA 1st Ind SD/ai

Hq I Corps, APO 301, AUG 30 1949

TO: Chief, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, APO 24-5

Forwarded for your information.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

Charles W. Ramsey

1 Incl:
n/c

2nd Ind ERM/fsi

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 24-5, 2 September 1949

TO: Commanding Officer, Nagasaki Civil Affairs Team, APO 24-5

1 Incl: H. E. R.
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170015

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

463.3 (15 Aug 49) ESS/FTC
(BT 49-5573) A

15 August 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo
Attention: Mr. A. Kodaki
International Trade Administrator

SUBJECT: Bunker Coal for S/S SAN ANTONIO
Identified by Symbol EX 13184

1. Reference is made to Memorandum for the Board of Trade (Boeki Cho), Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Tokyo, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, Economic and Scientific Section, 463.3 (19 Jan 49) ESS/FTC (BT 49-3777) dated 19 January 1949, subject: Bunker Coal.

2. In accordance with instructions contained in the above referenced Memorandum it is directed that the Ministry of International Trade and Industry make the necessary arrangements to make available the following bunkers:

Name of Vessel:	SAN ANTONIO
Port of Loading:	Nagasaki
ETA:	16 August 1949
Quantity:	600 metric tons
Price per metric ton:	~~L3-14-5.3~~
Consignee:	C. F. Sharp & Co. No. 1, 1-Chome Kaigan-dori, Naka-ku Yokohama, Japan

3. This transaction is to be identified as SCAP Case Number EX 13184.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

R. W. Kemp /m

F. E. PICKELLE
Chief,
Foreign Trade and
Commerce Division

Incl 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770019

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File

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

25 August 1949

AGMGEE 331.3

SUBJECT: Operation of Export Item Retail Stores

TO: See Distribution

1. The export bazaar system was established on 1 June 1949, with the view not only of making export items available to Occupation Force personnel but also with the object of increasing Japanese exports, thereby furthering a self-supporting Japanese economy. Sales from export bazaars already opened in Tokyo, Yokohama, Kyoto, Sendai and Osaka, approximate $1,000,000. Additional bazaars are expected to be opened in Kobe and Sapporo about 1 September and consideration is being given to the opening of bazaars in Nagoya and possibly Kokura or Fukuoka. In addition, bazaars will be considered in other cities if the need for them is indicated. Japanese interested in such a project should contact the central export bazaar office, TAKASHIMAYA Department Store, Tokyo.

2. While presently operating export Bazaars specialize in the sale of textiles, the stores need not confine themselves to this line of merchandise. In many areas there are local manufacturers producing ceramics, furniture, and other items for export. These and other indigenous items of a salable nature may be approved for sale in any export bazaar on agreement between the producer and the bazaar manager.

3. Stores opened to date have been confined to locations where the services of a bank licensed to accept military payment certificates has been available. Such a bank's function amounts to a custody and conversion of military payment certificates and acceptable currency into yen at the export bazaar. The yen is used by the bazaar for paying operating expenses. The military payment certificates and other acceptable currency proceeds are deposited in the SCAP Trust Fund. When opening stores at locations where there are no such licensed banks, some assistance may be required from local Finance Officers until such time as a sub-agent of a licensed bank has been appointed.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170015

4. While it is not anticipated that occupation personnel will take an active part in opening or operating export bazaars, any assistance that will facilitate the establishment of these stores is to be encouraged. Specific examples of such assistance include the financial arrangements detailed in paragraph 3 above, appropriate publicity, and technical assistance to the Japanese operators.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

J. A. O'BRIEN
CWO USA
Asst Adj Gen

DISTRIBUTION:

CG, I Corps - 30 copies
CG, IX Corps - 20 copies
All CAFT Regions & Teams - 2 copies each

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770619

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463.3

22 Aug-49

From: Shu Tsuruno
Chief of Fukuoka Reg E.S.B. Fukuoka Kyushu.

To: Mr. Maiman
Chief of Economics Sect. Kyushu C.A. Reg: Fukuoka Kyushu.

Subj: Request for adjustment of Imported Milling Coal for Yahata Steel Co.

In Response to your instruction, dated 24 July-49 to investigate of the Storage of Increasing imported Coal for Yahata Steel Co. Milling, the results of the investigation is submitted as follow and we request your kind consideration to the problem.

I General Statement.

1. The pile of imported Milling Coal for Yahata Steel and Iron Work is 230,000 tons at the end of July-49. The temperature is going up every day and it is feared that there might be a danger of Spontaneous Combustion, The storage capacity is reached to max. and The Company endeavouring to Increase Capacity; but it is difficult right now to do so as it is limited by poor transportation and Loading and unloading facility.

2. The tendency of increase of Imported Coal for storage is not only with Yahata Steel Co. but all over Japan now and it is Requested to get some adjustment in time of import and Quantity after this. Yahata Steel Co. uses 34,000 tons of Imported Coal per month and it is desired to obtain at least the amount per month.

II. Condition of importing of Milling Coal and Quantities of Storage Coal.

Kind	producing country	Importing plan	Actual import.
~~U.S.A.~~	U S A	1,000,000 t.	1,166,767
	Sagalin	90,000 "	34 276
	India		27,071
	China		5,223
	Total	1,090,000	1,233,357

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 170919

Operational Directives Pertaining to
Commerce & Trade Section

yahata S.I.W. imported between Nov-49 and end of July-49, 819,772 tons.
The import is increased very much this year. Monthly import shows
more than 80,000 tons. The records of import is as follow.

From Nov-49 to March-49	476,020 tons	ss
From April-49 to July-49	344,752 "	SI
Total	819,772 "	

Yahata Steel Co has 230,000 tons of coal pile now. they use 30,000 to
35,000 tons per month for milling So it is enough for 7 months. the
plan of import for Aug-49 is 85,000 and the consumption of coal
for Aug is 30,000 according to the new plan. So they will have coal
pile of 280,000 tons, The storage space is used up to max. by end
of this month, The temperature is registered 60° and keeps going up.

III. policy to use Swollen Coking Coal and Semi Coking Coal.

The plan of Consumption of Imported Coal for last 6 month this year is 39 %
of total milling coal. In case any adjustment made in Quantity of imported
coal, the Yahata Steel Co found technically that they can cut the Consumption of
Imported Coal 39 % to 20 % by utilizing Swollen Coking Coal. the
percentages of each into mixtures of milling coal utilizing the Coking
coal are as follow

(1) present mixture	Import Coal 39 % Kitamotu Coking 20 % Chikuho Coking 5/ %	(3) New plan No. II	Imported Coal 20 % Kitamotu Coking 20 % Chikuho " 60 %
(2) New plan No I	Import Coal 30 % Kitamoto Coking 10 % Chikuho " 60 %	(4) New plan No III	Kitamoto Coking Coal 30 % Coalite 70 %

They are using 39 % imported coal for the mixture now but they plan to
use the first plan of mixture of 30 % of imported coal, 10 % of Coking
Coal and 5/ % of Chikuho Coking Coal after Aug-49. It is technically
found that new plan no III can be used.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDG NO. 1709

IV. The Condition of Demand and Supply of Coking Coal.

The production of Coking Coal during 1st 4 months of 1949

Names of mines	productions	name of mines	production
Oturu	20,435 tms	Hiratayama	3,562 tons
Shikamachi	41,623 "	Esato	12,974 "
yagatake	20,100 "	Fukae	2,643 "
Kambayashi	13,101 "		14,438 "
Total			14,438 "

according to above table the monthly production of Coking Coal is 40,000 tons the demand of it in months of July & Aug. 49 is as follows.

Names of Cos. to Receive	July-49 Records	Anticipation for Aug. 49.
Nippon Iron yahata work	9,000 Tons	12,024 tons
Mitubish Chemical	4,000 "	3,650 "
Nippon pitch	500 "	300 "
Hiroshima gas Co.	1,000 "	1,100 "
" general use	300 "	300 "
Shikoku " "	1,300 "	1,300 "
Osaka gas co.	5,700 "	5,700 "
Osaka general use.	11,000 "	8,532 "
Tokyo gas Co.	4,600 "	4,700 "
(Toho " "	3,500 "	3,000 "
Asahi glass Co)		
Total	~~40,000~~ 40,900 "	40,602 "

according the table above, the allocation to yahata steel co is 9,000 to 12,000 tons per month. This amount includes 6,000 tons supplied by Oturu Coal mine and this Coal is very poor in Quality and they Turn it over for boilers and what they actually uses is about ½ of allocation of 12,000 tons per month. For above reason the percentage of Coking Coal is much Lower than that of Imported Coal and it is necessary to increas the use of Coking Coal to cut

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NMDC NO.

Down the using of imported Coal.

V. Investigation on Quantities of intermixtures of new plan no. I

The Quantity of Caking Coal that could be Supply to yahata steel Co. and that of Imported Coal that is Required of for the Quantity of Caking Coal is decided are as follows.

If is necessary to increase the supply of Caking Coal to yahata Steel Co. At present the Amount that could be turned over to yahata steel in Aug. is 10,132 ton that is allocated as general uses for Osaka, Hiroshima and Shikoku for Aug as seen in table above. and Quota for yahata Steel is 12,020 tons, Total will be 22,152 tons, (10,132+12,020) but 6,000 tons from Oturu mine can not be used as mentioned above, So total Available is 22,152-6,000 = 16132 tons and If the Coal is washed It will Loose 45%. the Actual available is 8800 mt.

The percentages of Intermixtures of Aug using " I plan.

Kinds	percentages	Quantities
Imported Coal	30 %	32,400 tons
Caking Coal	10 %	10,800 "
Chikuho Coking "	60 %	68,800 "

The demand of Caking Coal by yahata steel work for month of Aug. is 10,800 tons As shown in above table, Total Available Caking Coal for month of Aug. is 8,800, the shortage is 2,000 tons. that has to be obtained by some way for yahata steel. 3,600 tons must be obtained to get 2,000 ton. Considering the Loss of washing. The Actual need is 19,700 tons that is 16,100+3,600 tons.

If the 2,000 ton of Caking Coal is not Available, the Imported Coal must be used in its place. So the Imported Coal has to be

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3=402/NNDG NO. 1760

increase to ~~34,400~~ 32,400 + 2,000 tons = 34,400 tons.

If the above is Consolidated the following table will be obtained.

Kinds of Coal	No I plan Basic Amount	Shortage of coking Coal Replaced by others	In case the imported C. increased.
Imported Coal	30% 32400 tons	30% 32400 tons	34,400 tons
Kitakamatu Sawaguchi Coking C.	10% 10,800 " Actual Coal 19,700 "	increase 8,800 + 2000 available actual coal 16,100 + 3,600 tons	8,800
Chikuho Semi Coking C.	60% 64800		60% 64,800

VI. The views of officials Concerned.

It is very difficult to supply Yahata steel with ~~the~~ all coking coal they need at present, giving particular favour, as substitute for the other Industries is not available and affect the their progress. The Quantity available for Yahata Steel at present is 5,610 per month. If the percentages of the mixture of No I plan are changed somewhat, It is advantageous to use imported Coal of 34,400 tons at present. Moreover, in maintaining the percentages of Intermixtures and using of plan nos. 2, 3, 4 if should be considered and applied after the distribution plan of Coking Coal of Kitakamatu ~~has been~~ be made and closely checked.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3=402/NNDG NO: 1 1 0 0 1 2

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KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

APO 24 Unit 5
9 July 1949

SUBJECT: Most Recent Attitude of Agriculture and Forestry Ministry on Light Traps

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukuoka Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-5
Commanding Officer, Saga Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-5
Commanding Officer, Nagasaki Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-5
Commanding Officer, Kumamoto Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-1
Commanding Officer, Kagoshima Civ Affairs Team, APO 970
Commanding Officer, Oita Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-2
Commanding Officer, Miyazaki Civ Affairs Team, APO 24-2

1. Enclosure 1 is copy of latest instructions of Agriculture and Forestry Ministry to prefectural governors on the subject of light traps. This latter contains three important policy pronouncements:

a. Evidence on the effectiveness of light traps for rice stem borer control is inconclusive.

b. Ministry therefore considers it inadvisable to continue a large scale installation program.

c. Consequently material allocations for manufacturers have been suspended indefinitely on 30 June 1949.

d. Petroleum needed to run traps now installed or to be constructed with materials allocated prior to 30 June will continue to be allocated.

2. Enclosure 2 is copy of instructions sent prior to inclosure 1, to which enclosure 1 serves as a correction insofar

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77-0-1-2

File

463.3

463

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

APO 24 Unit 5
19 August 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
Attn: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 19 August 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 12 August 1949: 19.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 19 August 1949: 17 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., IFA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. [illegible]

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Kyushu Report

O.T.—

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463.3

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic & Scientific Section

APO 500
18 August 1949

463.3(18 Aug 49)ESS/FEC AC No. 260

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director General, Economic Stabilization Board

SUBJECT: Amendment #257 (R), Corrections

1. References are the following memoranda to the Director General, Economic Stabilization Board, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

a. File 463.3(11 Jan 47)ESS/IN, dated 11 January 1947, subject: Allocation of Coal for January 1947 and Thereafter.

b. File 463.3(27 May 49)ESS/FEC AC, dated 27 May 1949, subject: Allocation of Coal for July, August and September 1949.

2. Supplementary information regarding subject allocation:

a. The allocation to "Korea" under the major category "EXPORT" is decreased by 90,000 tons of other standard coal from a total of 180,000 tons to a new total of 90,000 tons.

b. The allocation to "Hong Kong" under the major category "EXPORT" is decreased by 12,000 tons of other standard coal from a total of 36,000 tons of other standard coal to a new total of 24,000 tons.

FOR THE CHAIRMAN
FAR EAST COMMAND ALLOCATION COMMITTEE

Quincy Adams

QUINCY ADAMS
Executive Chairman
Far East Command Allocation Committee

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO [illegible]

15 August 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

463.3

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
1 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
2 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
3 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
4 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
5 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
6 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
7 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
8 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
9 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
10 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
11 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
12 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
13 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
14 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in
15 Aug	2	800	120	80 lb/sq	in

NOTE: Amount of fuel as shown was consumed by Hot Water boiler.

Ernest H. Kinsch

ERNEST H. KINSCH
1st Lt. FA
Administrative Officer

RBO FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic & Scientific Section

463.3

APO 500
6 August 1949

343.3(6 Aug 49)ESS/FEC AC No. 256

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director General, Economic Stabilization Board

SUBJECT: Notice of Amended Action

1. References are the following memoranda to the Director General, Economic Stabilization Board, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

a. File 463.3(11 Jan 47)ESS/IN, dated 11 January 1947, subject: Allocation of Coal for January 1947 and Thereafter.

b. File 463.3(27 May 49)ESS/FEC AC, dated 27 May 1949, subject: Allocation of Coal for July, August and September 1949.

2. Amended Action to the Coal Allocation for July, August and September 1949.

a. The category "Medicines" under the major category "CHEMICAL INDUSTRY" is decreased by 3,000 tons of other standard coal from a total of 32,500 tons to a new total of 29,500 tons.

FOR THE CHAIRMAN
FAR EAST COMMAND ALLOCATION COMMITTEE

Quincy Adams

QUINCY ADAMS
Executive Chairman
Far East Command Allocation Committee

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDB NO. [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

463.3

AGMGEN 463.3 4 Aug 1949

SUBJECT: Imported Coking Coal-Domestic Coking Coal Consumption for Blast Furnace Pig Iron Production

TO: Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301

1. References:

a. Memorandum for the Ministry of Internation Trade and Industry, Iron and Steel Bureau, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, Economic and Scientific Section, 463.3 (13 Jul 49)ESS/ IND, subject: same as above, 13 July 1949 (Inclosure 1).

b. Operational Directive 39, this headquarters, 3 May 1947, subject: "Coal Allocations and Deliveries", as amended.

2. Periodic inspections will be made of the Yawata Plant of the Japan Iron and Steel Company, Fukuoka Prefecture to insure compliance with the memorandum referenced in 1a above.

3. Failure to comply with the above memorandum will be reported by telephone to this headquarters, Civil Affairs Section. Reports of inspection (refer to Reports Control Symbol QESS-22) will be included in Annex D of the Monthly Civil Affairs Activities Report (Report Control Symbol MG-11 (R-2)).

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

1 Incl:
Memo for MITI
13 July 1949

J. A. O'BRIEN
CWO USA
Asst Adj Gen

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNBB NO. [illegible]

FILE

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Eighth Army, AGMDEN 463.3, dtd 4 Aug 49, subj: "Imported Coking Coal-Domestic Coking Coal Consumption for Blast Furnace Pid Iron Production".

AG 463 - EA 1st Ind TJC/wd/yn

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

AUG 11 1949

TO: Chief, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, APO 24-5

Forwarded for your information and compliance with paragraphs 2 and 3, basic communication.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

A. SEIPEL
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj General

1 Incl:
n/c

2nd Ind ERM/msw

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, HQ & HQ DET, APO 24-5, 15 Aug 49

TO: Commanding Officer, Fukuoka CAff Team, APO 24-5

For Compliance.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL HILTON:

HENRY E. RAINBOLT, JR
1st Lt FA
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO: [redacted]

COPY

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Sciantific Section
APO 500

463.5(13 Jul 49)ESS/IND 13 July 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Iron and Steel Bureau, No. 1 Sannem-cho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

SUBJECT: Imported Coking Coal-Domestic Coking Coal Consumption Ratio for Blast Furnace Pig Iron Production

1. Confirming previous verbal instructions to the Ministry, the following is repeated as a matter of record.

2. The ratio established by the Minstry to the consuming industry is not to exceed a maximum of 40 percent inported coking coal to 60 percent or more of domestic coking coal at each installation.

3. It is desired that corrective instructions be issued immediately in order that existing variations from this ratio be brought in conformity with the above.

4. Provisions of this memorandum are not to be construed as altering the present "coalite" program now being comducted at the Wanishi Plant at the Japan Iron and Steel Company.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

W. S. VAUGHAN
Chief, Industry Division

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

463.3

APO 24 Unit 5
5 August 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
Attn: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 5 August 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 29 July 1949: 24.5 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 2.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 5 August 1949: 22 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
Industry Division

6 August 1949

463.3

CONSOLIDATED WEEKLY OPERATIONS REPORT

REPORT NUMBER 31, VOLUME 2

COAL (Production)

1. Production for the third ten days of July 1949 amounted to 1,200,000 metric tons, or 109.5% of planned production. Total production for the month of July was 3,288,100 metric tons, or 105.0% of the plan. Following is ten day and monthly production by districts. (Unit 1,000 MT)

10 DAY REPORT

DISTRICT	GOAL	ACTUAL PRODUCTION	PERCENT
Hokkaido	308.1	359.6	116.7
E. Honshu	104.2	103.5	99.3
W. Honshu	95.3	93.6	98.2
Kyushu	587.9	643.3	109.4
Total	1,095.5	1,200.0	109.5

MONTH OF JULY

Hokkaido	869.1	994.1	114.4
E. Honshu	298.7	292.7	98.0
W. Honshu	274.3	254.9	92.9
Kyushu	1,690.0	1,746.4	103.3
Total	3,132.1	3,288.1	105.0

2. Production for the third ten days of July was 104,500 metric tons above the plan, and total production for July was 156,000 metric tons above the goal. The high rate of achievement in July reduced the cumulative shortage to date in JFY 1949 to 504,100 metric tons.

RAW MATERIALS.

1. Ferrous Metals.

a. Pig Iron. Instructions have been given to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry which establish a limitation of 30% of the total charge as the maximum allowable percentage of pig iron to be used in producing steel. This action will require greater use of scrap from Japanese stockpiles and will indirectly reduce the import require-

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ments for iron ore and coking coal through reduction of pig iron consumption. These instructions are not applicable to the Thomas converters operating at the Kawasaki Plant of the Nippon Steel Tube Company, Ltd., which are designed to operate on molten pig iron.

b. Imported Coking Coal. Instructions have also been given to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry establishing a ratio not to exceed a maximum of 40% imported coking coal to 60% or more of domestic coking coal for blast furnace pig iron production. This action has the dual purpose of stimulating the use of indigenous coking coal and reducing the import requirement for this commodity.

2. Non-Metallic Materials.

a. Petroleum. Final refined petroleum reports for June show total through-put to stills amounted to 19,184 kiloliters, an increase of 1,426 kl. as compared to the previous month. Total refined production amounted to 18,113 kl. of which 15,646 kl. were finished products, and 2,467 kl. were semi-finished products. Total refined products including semi-finished products at refineries at the end of June amounted to 23,957 kl. Seven refineries in indigenous crude oil producing area were in operation. Yields of finished products were as follows: (Kiloliters)

Gasoline	2,344	Kerosene	2,391
Gas Oil	1,127	Diesel Oil	1,905
Lube Oil	3,198	Fuel Oil	2,363
Others	2,318	Total	15,646

b. Rubber. During June receipts of rubber were as follows: 2,317 metric tons of crude rubber, 663 MT imported scrap, and 150 MT of salvaged rubber goods released by Occupation Forces. Deliveries to plants were 2,518, 686 and 55 MT for crude, imported, scrap and latex, respectively, while consumption totalled 2,827 MT for crude, 652 MT for imported scrap and 63 MT for latex.

3. Requirements. Coal Allocation. The ESB presented two coal allocation plans for the third quarter for study and determination as to the most realistic basis for the allocation during that period, in view of the large reallocation of large coal stocks during the current quarter. The plans are now under consideration.

PRODUCTION OF COMMODITIES.

1. Chemicals.

a. Chemical Fertilizer. Japanese Governmental consideration is being given to resumption of the prewar practice of manufacturing mixed fertilizers. Initiated in 1912, mixed fertilizer production reached a

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(Production of Commodities - cont'd)

peak of 1,215,000 MT in 1938. This figure represented 22% of total fertilizer production. Present tentative plans call for production of only a few types of balanced mixed fertilizers with nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium ratios fixed according to soil requirements.

Recent production records at Japan's only commercial-scale urea fertilizer plant have indicated the probability that production costs comparable and competitive with other types of synthetic nitrogen fertilizers made in Japan can be achieved. Unit production cost is largely determined by rate of production, which, during July has been severely restricted by electrical power shortage in the Hokkaido area. Urea is a versatile material since it contains twice as much nitrogen as any other of Japan's nitrogen fertilizers, requires no sulfuric acid, and has varied industrial and food uses as well.

b. Sulfuric Acid. Production of sulfuric acid, 80% of which is consumed in the chemical fertilizer industry, is expected to be favorably affected by a recent 10% price increase for pyrites, sole raw material required for sulfuric acid. At present the limited availability of pyrites restricts sulfuric acid production, and this, in turn, constitutes one of the major limits on fertilizer output.

c. Cellulose and Celluloid. May production of cellulose acetate amounted to 13.25 MT, a slight increase over the April figure of 12.8 MT. Cellulose nitrate production dropped from 517 MT in April to 468 MT in May. The cellulose nitrate production was principally used in production of celluloid, lacquer, film and artificial leather.

d. Glassware. August production plan for machine-made glass containers for domestic use is as follows: (Unit - metric tons)

Food Bottles	3,400	Medicine Bottles	1,460
Insecticide Bottles	450	Ink Bottles	40

In addition, it is planned to produce during August 1,430 MT of machine-made glass containers for export.

e. Sheet Glass. Production of sheet glass during July amounted to 233,651 cases which is a new postwar high. This amount is an increase of 15,912 cases over the June production. It is estimated that monthly requirements at present are about 350,000 cases. (One case is equal to 100 sq. ft. of 2 mm. glass)

2. Consumer Goods.

a. Rubber Goods. The reduced allocation of raw rubber from 7,500 tons to 5,000 tons during the first quarter of JFY 1949, curtailed production of many items, principally tires and tubes, as indicated in the following tabulation: (Unit - Kilogram of crude rubber consumption)

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(Production of Commodities - cont'd)

Items	May Production	June Production
Auto tires	775,808	329,018
Rebuilt tires	57,465	70,320
Auto tubes	86,921	47,449
Bicycle tires	160,648	201,114
Bicycle tubes	49,854	63,774
Bicycle accessories	8,671	9,004
Tire repair sheet	81,144	88,707
Jikatabi	271,654	230,405
Boots and shoes	267,616	154,196
Canvas shoes	94,800	68,675
Soles and heels	26,210	17,529
Beltings	237,578	165,304
Hoses	64,341	60,063
Mechanical goods	242,549	258,499
Rice huller	50,448	66,974
Rubber cloth	55,771	61,198
Rubber suits	13,924	12,196
Toys for export	72,511	49,166
Medical goods	37,754	50,779
Sporting goods	22,586	22,712
Total	2,678,253	2,027,082

Resumption of full scale production is expected in the second quarter.

b. Processed Foods. Amino acid sauce (chemical soy sauce) production for JFY 1948 amounted to 130,937 MT. This is over six times the 21,000 MT which was produced in 1947. The increased imports of oil extracted soy bean cake and the increased collection of domestic soy beans is responsible for this rise in production.

3. Machinery and Equipment.

a. Electrical Equipment. One manufacturer has produced 150,000 incandescent lamps on a contract from Formosa totalling 2 million pieces scheduled for completion by 10 October 1949.

b. Land Internal Combustion Engines. June production of Diesel and kerosene engines totalled 7,356 units and 22,182 HP, of which 1,490 units were for export, which was a marked increase over May.

FACILITIES - VARIOUS

1. Construction.

a. Roads. Distribution of 7,000 MT of asphalt for Japanese road maintenance and repair is underway. This amount of non-indigenous material is being loaned from Eighth Army stocks until replacement can be

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(Facilities - Various cont'd)

made from asphalt being imported from U.S. The locations where this asphalt is being consigned total 52, and include each prefecture, in addition to some main cities. Some of the larger shipments are as follows: Tokyo, 350 tons; Yokohama, 400 tons; Osaka City, 300 tons; Yamagata Prefecture, 220 tons; Shizuoka Prefecture, 120 tons; Gumma Prefecture, 170 tons; Chiba Prefecture, 200 tons; and Fukuoka Prefecture, 260 tons.

b. Buildings. Construction completed during June 1949 totalled 49,976 units as compared to 52,146 for May 1949. Dwellings completed in June totalled 26,469, dwellings and shops combined, 7,175, and non-residential, 16,332 units.

c. Ports and Harbors. Yokkaichi reports the completion of port and harbor improvement works costing approximately 20,000,000 yen. A lighter wharf, 2 warehouses and a crane were added to the existing facilities of the port.

2. Shipbuilding. Permission was granted to construct 1 steel dredge of 45 gross tons and 2 steel mud carriers of 120 gross tons, each, to be used in harbor improvement work in southern Honshu... The S. S. "Miyajima Maru", a C-type cargo vessel was completed on 21 July 1949, by the Ishikawajima Heavy Industries Company, Ltd., and has recently been delivered to the owners. This vessel of 3,700 gross tons has a speed of 13.8 knots and will be placed in service for inter-island traffic. It was available for inspection at Takeshiba Pier on 1 August from 1 to 3 o'clock.

3. Public Utilities. Natural streamflow of Japan as a whole during the period 28 July to 3 August 1949, inclusive, was 97.0% of the past 10-year average for the same period, and 93.0% of the streamflow of the preceding weekly period. Thermal generation was 124.0% of the preceding weekly period. There was no thermal generation in Tohoku and Kanto during the week. 49.0% of total thermal generation was in Kyushu, and 4.4% in Hokkaido... The energy stored in reservoirs was 87.5% of capacity as of 1 August 1949, compared with 71.0% a year ago.

MAURICE M. CLASS
Acting Chief, Industry Division
ESS

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1564

FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM CONFIDENTIAL
Fukuoka, Kyushu
APO 24-B

1 August 1949

COAL CONSUMPTION REPORT

463.3

This report will be submitted to the Division Artillery S-4, prior to 0900 each Monday.

*To be used by S-4, Division Artillery

Date	Boiler No.	Coal Consumed in Pounds	Ashes in Pounds	Average Pressure	Daily Average Temperature
16 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
17 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
18 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
19 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
20 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
21 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
22 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
23 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
24 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
25 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
26 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
27 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
28 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
29 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
30 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in
31 Jul	2	1000	160	80 lb/sq	in

NOTE: Amount of coal as shown was consumed by 5t Water boiler.

Wacław A. Tomaszewski
WACŁAW A. TOMASZEWSKI
1st Lt., INF
Detachment Commander

R8O FMGT 2/26/49

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170019

MEMO No 3, Hq 24th Div Arty, dtd 25 Feb 48, Annex #2.

FUEL CONSERVATION
CHECK LIST

Organization: FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM COMPOUND Date: 31 July 1948

Type Bldg. See remarks Use: see remarks Bldg No. see remarks

Type of Heating appliance ///Central Heating System (Not in use)

	NO	YES
1. Is C.O. familiar with Fuel Conservation	____	X
2. Has unit CQ received instruction in prevention of fuel waste, i.e., heat & electricity	____	X
3. Have squad rooms in use as sleeping quarters been reduced to minimum possible No. Rooms 17 No. Personnel 38	____	X
4. Have offices in use been reduced to minimum possible No. Office Rooms 8 No. of Sections 3 Designation of Sections (s-1,S-2, eto): SECTION: Compound Office Room; Det CO, Orderly Room, Mess, Motor, Supply	____	X
5. If heat on, are windows open Not applicable (Where)	____	____
6. If lights on, have all blinds, screens, eto been arranged to allow for maximum natural lighting	____	X
7. Are heating appliances being operated in unused rooms. Not applicable		
8. Are Fuel Conservation Posters posted in appropriate places.		X
9. Are all heating devices in proper state of repair and maintenance.	____	X
10. Are all doors and windows in proper operating condition and in good state of repair.	____	X
11. Are unit firemen properly instructed in boiler operation	____	X
12. Do all unit firemen have a Certificate of proficiency.	____	X
13. a. Is outside temperature considered in firing of boiler Not applicable b. How (Explain)		

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 170019

		NO	YES
14.	Does unit have necessary firing tools	___	X
15.	Are firing instructions and charts posted by each piece of equipment	___	X
16.	Do occupants of buildings wear sufficient clothing to be comfortable at normal temperature	___	X
17.	Are lights and electrical equipment turned off when not in use.	___	X

Inspected by Waclaw A. Tomaszewski
WACLAW A. TOMASZEWSKI, 2d Lt, INF

Recommendations: None

Remarks: (See first page):

TYPE BUILDING	USE	BLDG NO.
Main Building (2 story, concrete & Wood)	Quarters Det CO Office Orderly Room	1
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	EM Quarters	2
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	EM Quarters	3
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Day Room	4
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Theater	5
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Supply Room	6
Quonset Hut (Steel frame, steel roof)	Latrine	7
Mess (Wood frame, tile roof)	Mess Hall	8
Motor (Concrete frame, tile roof)	Motor Pool	9
Supply (Wood frame, 1 story)	Supply Room & Storage	10
(2 story Japanese type building, wood frame, tile roof)	Rec Hall	11
Bar (2 story Japanese type bldg, wood frame tile roof) & Quonset Hut	EM Club	12
Boiler, steam (Concrete & Wood frame)	Boiler, steam	13
Boiler, Hot water (Concrete & Wood frame)	Boiler, hot water	14
(1 story wood frame building)	Parking shed	15

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1559

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL - N11

HEADQUARTERS
FUKUOKA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
Fukuoka, Kyushu

463.3

463

APO 24 Unit 5
29 July 1949

SUBJECT: Weekly Coal Report

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, APO 24-4 (Camp Hakata, Kyushu)
Attn: S-4

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters 24th Infantry Division Artillery, subject: "Weekly Coal Report", dtd 24 March 1949.

2. In accordance with the above reference the weekly coal report for this organization for the week ending 2400 hours Friday 29 July 1949 is submitted herewith:

a. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 22 July 1949: 28 tons

b. Amount of coal received in past 7 day period 0

c. Amount of coal consumed in past 7 day period 3.5 tons

d. Amount of coal on hand as of 2400 hours 29 July 1949: 24.5 tons

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Ernest R. Knirsch
ERNEST R. KNIRSCH
1st Lt., FA
Administrative Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDC NO. 170015

KYUSHU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
HEADQUARTERS AND HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
Fukuoka, Kyushu, Japan

ERM/msw

APO 24 Unit 5
28 July 1949

SUBJECT: Purchasing Prices of Coal

THROUGH: Commanding General, Hq I Corps, APO 301
(Attn: Civil Affairs Section)

TO : Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500
(Attn: Economic and Scientific Section)

1. In view of the accumulating surpluses of coal, and the necessity of rationalizing coal mine expenses, it is recommended that the present system of using profits of efficient mines to subsidize mines operating at a loss be immediately discontinued.

2. In Kyushu the mines being subsidized at present in this way are as follows:

a. Eight big mines.

b. Seventy three middle-size and small mines in north Kyushu.

c. Fifty four middle-size and small mines in west Kyushu.

Two-thirds of the mines in Kyushu have no subsidy.

3. The result of this subsidy system is that various mines have very different official selling prices for coal of approximately the same calorie content, for example:

Name of Mine	Calorie	Official Selling Price
Katsuda	5,480	2,635.77 Yen
Takata	6,320	3,452.04 "
Saitozaki	6,226	3,347.30 "

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Ltr Kyushu CAff Region, Hq & Hq Det, APO 24-5, dtd 28 July 1949, subj: "Purchasing Prices of Coal"

Hoshuyama	4,838	2,351,93
Sawara	5,557	1,874.08
Oseto	5,273	2,145.35
Okawa	5,163	2,713.42
Tsukikuma	5,968	2,313.60
Fudai	5,981	2,764.09
Hizasa	5,756	4,842.29

4. It is only natural that this system is causing great dissatisfaction and concern among operators of profitable mines. The establishment of a price system based entirely on the merits of the coal produced would appear to be essential to a realistic rationalization program of the coal mine industry. More efficient operators should no longer be penalized to subsidize the less efficient.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Henry E. Rainbolt, Jr.
HENRY E. RAINBOLT, JR
1st Lt FA
Adjutant

1 Incl:
"Subsidy to Coal Mines to Cover Deficits" from Fukuoka Coal Bureau

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770013

BASIC: Ltr, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, dtd 28 Jul 49, subj: "Purchasing Prices of Coal".

AG 400- BA 1st Ind TJQ/wd/yn

Hq I Corps, APO 301,

TO: CG, Eighth Army, APO 343
ATTN: Civil Affairs Section

749

Forwarded for your information and consideration.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

Charles Kamsey
Charles W. Ramsey, Jr.
U.S.A.
Asst. Adj Gen

1 Incl:
n/c

HQ EUSAK AUG 16 1949 AGO RECORDS 463.3

AUG 9 1949

RECEIVED #1 CORPS

AGMGEN 463.3 2nd Ind

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343 AUG 15 1949

TO: Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500
(Attn: Price Control and Distribution, ESS)

Forwarded in accordance with request of Mr. E. A. Hough, your headquarters on 12 August 1949.

8

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

OK

1 Incl:
n/c

A.O'B. RECORDS

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 770613

Ltr, Kyushu Civil Affairs Region, subj: Purchasing Prices of Coal, 28 Jul 49.

1126 AG 463.3(28 Jul 49)ESS/PD 3d Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS, APO 500,
15 September 1949

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Reference: Informal Memorandum for Director General Economic Stabilization Board, 22 August 1949, subj: Abolition of Solid Fuels Distribution Kodan and Removal of Price Control on Coal.

2. This headquarters is aware of the fact, as confirmed by example cited in basic letter, that operators of low-cost coal mines have been dissatisfied with the producers' price pool, which was designed to offset some of the disadvantages of high-cost mines. During the long period of inadequate coal supply, the pooling of producer prices was a useful technique for helping to maintain maximum overall production.

3. During July a price action was under consideration which would have effected a readjustment of producer prices within the current national average producer price and eliminated many of the inequalities of price pooling. Because of continued growing stockpiles of coal, however, decision was made to remove all official prices from this commodity.

4. After 15 September 1949, according to instructions delivered to the Japanese Government in reference 1,

a. The Solid Fuels Distribution Kodan will no longer purchase coal from producers.

b. All coals are to be released from price controls.

These developments will automatically discontinue all price pooling and place every coal mining company on a free market basis of operating.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

C. D. CONLEY
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

2 Incls
Added 1 incl
2. Abolition of Solid Fuels Distribution Kodan and Removal of Price Control on Coal