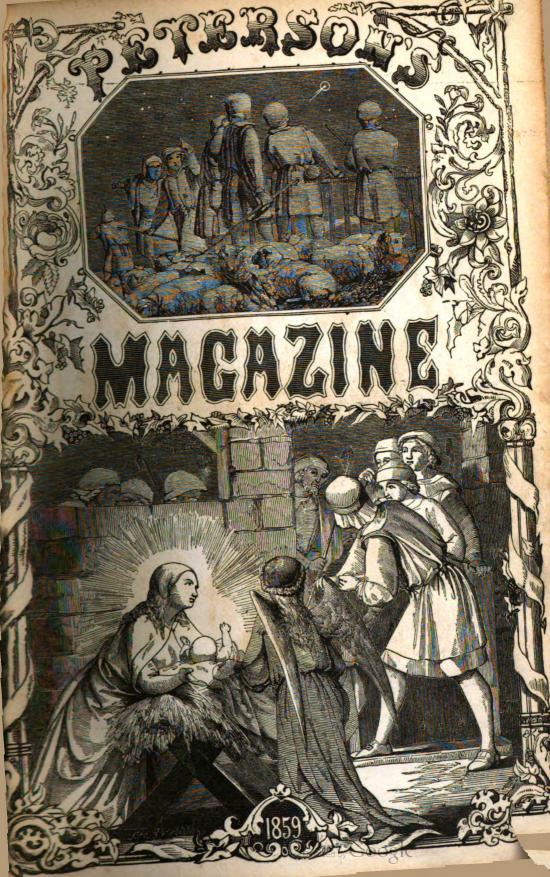


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Fashions for May, colored.
The Blind Piper
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## ENGRAVINGS ON WOOD.

January Number, Sixty-Three Engravings.
February Number, Fifty-Five Engravings.
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Wha'll Be King But Charley.
The Amethyst Waltz.
They Told Me of Thy Happy Smile.
For a' That, an' a' That.
Come Back to Me.
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THE MULES TARTETENING Google



BONNET.



HEAD-DRESS.



CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.



DINNER DRESSES FOR JANUARY



LATEST FASHIONS FOR CLOAKS.





HEAD-DRESS.

BONNET.

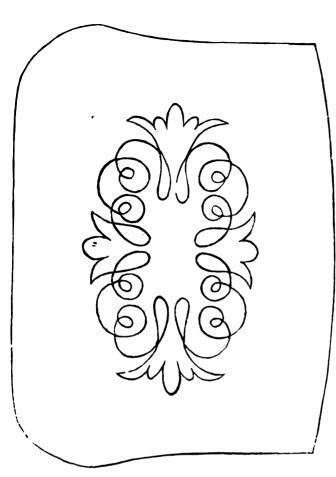


NAME FOR MARKING.



INITIALS FOR MARKING.





PORTMONNAIE.



HANDKERCHIEF CORNER.



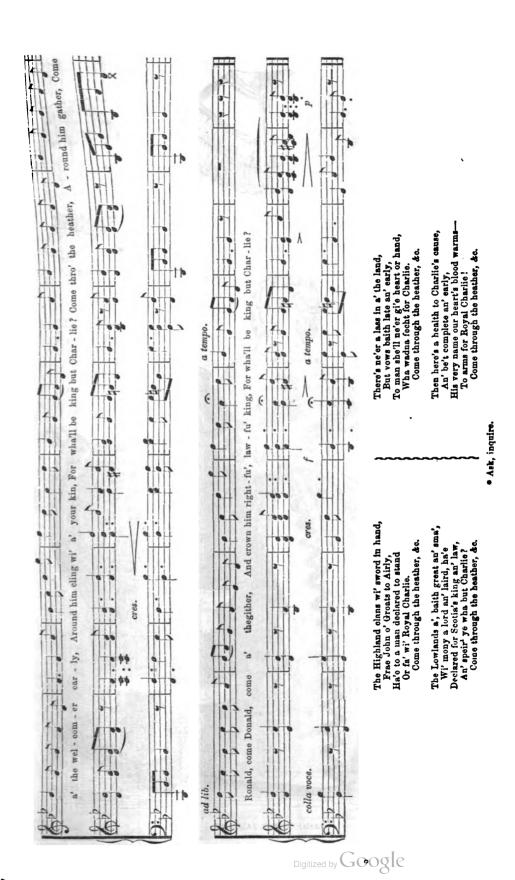
SIDE OF PORTMONNAIB. Digitized by Gog[e]

# WHA'LL BE KING BUT CHARLIE?

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FASHIONS FOR JANUARY.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

VOL. XXXV.

PHILADELPHIA, JANUARY, 1859.

No. 1.

# MRS. SMITH'S GREAT PARTY.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "MY WIFE'S ECONOMY."

made his lucky hit a party. in Barnegat bonds, and to figure among

BS. SMITH was dy- tired into the country and obscurity on three ing to "get into so- thousand a year, the Smiths bid off his splendid ciety." Ever since mansion, his Axminster carpets, his gallery of Mr. Smith - they | pictures, and the contents of his establishment called him Smithey generally. They set up a carriage and bought upon 'change-had a coat-of-arms: and then they proceeded to give

"We must be very recherche, (she pronounced she had aspired to it rechurchy) Smithey, my dear," said Mrs. Smith. live in the West End "It won't do to invite any of our old set."

"No, it won't do," replied Mr. Smith, "un-



VOL XXXV.-1

though purse-proud and vulgar, had a good heart.

"Hem!" said Mrs. Smith, dubiously. "But, as you say so, we'll have her."

"Yes! my dear," retorted Mr. Smith, assuming a grand air, "we'll have her. It won't do to drop all our old acquaintances, or people will say we're stuck up, you know."

Lucy and her mother received, accordingly, a few days after, an engraved card, as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Smith's compliments

For Thursday evening, January the 21st, 343 Sandstone Street.

This card was enclosed in a white envelope, stamped with the Smith arms, and was left at the door by a footman in livery.

The Darcies belonged to what is called "an old family." One Darcie had been governor, in the colony days. Another had fallen at Princeton, at the head of his regiment. The father of Lucy, the last of his line, had been a brilliant young lawyer, but had died early, and had left behind little but his patrimonial estate, which, though greatly reduced from what it had been in former generations, consisted still, as the Darcies reflected with pride, of properties that had been in the family for a hundred and fifty years. Lucy, who remembered their narrow means, and knew that accepting the invitation would involve the purchase of an evening dress, would have sent a regret, but Mrs. Darcie, who wished to see her daughter's beauty and accomplishments appreciated, over-ruled her.

The dress was bought, and made up-we are not ashamed to say-principally by the nimble and tasteful fingers of Lucy herself. It was a simple white cambric, prettily trimmed; and when Lucy came down, on the evening of the party, she looked like a fresh rose-bud, on the brightest June morning of all the year. We think the birds would have sung if they had been there to see her. We happen to know that the obsequious African, who let her and her mother in, saying, "ladies second story front, gemmen second story back," opened his big, yellow eyes with admiring amazement, and announced afterward in the kitchen, "dat de most 'scratic and beautiful young lady dare, was Miss Darcie, deed she was." And afterward, when Lucy and her mother descended to the parlors, the three bashful bachelors, who stood in the doorway, afraid to go further, were thrown into such a flutter of excitement, that they did not } Lucy with their eyes wherever she went.



THE BASHFUL GENTLEMEN.

Mrs. Smith was delighted, so she said, to see "dear Mrs. Darcie and her sweet daughter." Mr. Smith twirled his watch-keys and was quite patronizing. He would mention to them, he said, some of the company. This was Count Swindleskenski, a Polish exile: "Very highbred, indeed; but not a bit proud: had come quite early, as if an old friend: Amelia Ann," this was the eldest daughter of the Smiths, "had entertained him, for an hour, with music



COUNT SWINDLESKENSKI AND MISS SMITH.

Lucy and her mother descended to the parlors, the three bashful bachelors, who stood in the doorway, afraid to go further, were thrown into such a flutter of excitement, that they did not get over it for the whole evening, but followed Lucy with their eyes wherever she went.

and singing, before the rest of the company arrived." That was young Mr. Poultney, of the Poultney Manor family, very high people, "quite a catch for any young lady, even the richest." Lucy thought, looking at the frank, handsome face, that Mr. Poultney, in other re-

spects also, might make a woman happy. That ? clerk for a partner, or even the son of some rich was Mr. Bullion, "a little old to be sure, but \( \xi tailor." \) (The grandfather of one of these speakworth a cool million and a half." Lucy shrank \ from the wigged and padded old ogre, who leered at every pretty face. "It's not every man could get them three together at one and the same party," concluded Mr. Smith, out of breath with his exertions in talking; and he mopped his bald head, that shone like a peeled onion.

"And that," he resumed, "is Mr. Snooks, the



MR. SNOOKS, THE POET.

poet, author of 'The Bleeding Heart' and other poems. I don't read poetry myself, but genius ought to be encouraged: the merchant princes of Italy, you know, patronized it always." And he gave a final flourish of the hand, pointing to a sentimental-looking gentleman, who was leaning against a pedestal, and gazing up at a portrait of Byron. Lucy had never heard of "The Bleeding Heart," nor indeed had anybody else except Mr. Snooks' acquaintances and certain trunk-makers; but she was quite awed by this imposing presence.

Lucy was now left, for a few moments, to herself. Near her were some ladies, who considered themselves the quintessence of good society. They shrugged their shoulders and began to whisper,

"How odiously vulgar!" said one. "But we can make a set by ourselves, that's one comfort."

"I've told my girls that they must be very careful who they dance with," remarked another: "these upstarts are such pushing people. } Imagine Arabella, or Clotilde, having a common }

ers had been a hair-dresser, and the father of the other a boot-maker.)

"For my part," said the remaining member of the group, "I wouldn't let mine come. I'm astonished, too, to see you both dressed, as if the party was given by one of us. I've got on an old dinner dress, that I wore at Newport, as you see; and its quite good enough for the company. To tell the truth, I shouldn't be here myself, but I want to see what sort of a supper they'll set out. We must make an early move, or we shan't get good places; for most of the mob here look as if they didn't often taste terrapin and champagne."

At this point, the speaker espied Mr. Poultney and rushed away to make a prize of him.

"Everybody knows Mrs. Plump's weakness," said one of her friends, sarcastically, "and sho has evidently prepared herself for a feed. She'll die, some day, of apoplexy. But, dear me, there's Bullion asking to be introduced to Clotilde. I do hope the dear child hasn't engaged herself for the next set to any foolish young man." And she rose, in a flutter, to lend her maternal skill in landing the trout her daughter had hooked.



THE MILLIONAIRE IS INTRODUCED.

"My dear," said Lucy's mother, "the son of one of the oldest friends of your father wishes to become acquainted with you. Mr. Poultney, my daughter: Lucy, Mr. Poultney."

Mr. Poultney and Lucy were soon in animated conversation.

"Do you see the two distinguished foreigners



TWO OTHER DISTINGUISHED POREIGNERS.

yonder?" he whispered. "If I am not mistaken, one of them kept a barber's shop in New York, and shaved me there, not a year ago. I wonder where Mr. Smith picked them up."

"But are you sure?" asked Lucy, in innocent surprise. "Mr. Smith himself told me that they were friends of the count."

"The count," said he, "is no more a Pole than I am. I spoke to him in Polish, and he answered in the vilest French, with a Milesian accent."

Mrs. Smith approached.

"My dear Mr. Poultney," she said, "I fear you find it dull. Pray, let me see you enjoying yourself. Dear Amelia Ann has not yet had the honor of being presented to you." So saying, she dragged him off.

The dancing now waxed hot and furious. cotillions succeeded waltzes; to waltzes the grand



DO YOU POLE?

polka. Lucy neither waltzed, nor polked, but she looked on amused. The three distinguished They were still laughing heartily at this, when { foreigners shone brilliantly in the grand polka. The count especially astonished everybody by



THE COUNT PERFORMING THE GRAND POLEA

the vigor of his dancing. The chandelier pendents jingled in tune, as he stamped up and down the room, or whirled Miss Smith frantically around.

"I expect, every minute, to hear him whoop, as he would at Donnybrook fair," said Mr. Poultney, who had again sought Lucy's side.

When supper was announced, the guests rushed at it, more like starved wild beasts than human beings. Such a mob Lucy had never seen. Mr. Poultney, with difficulty, could get her through the jam, or obtain anything for her afterward. The champagne soon ran short, for



THE BUTLER BEHIND THE SCREEN.

the butler behind the screen—he had been put into knee breeches, in the true English style, for the occasion—helped himself as freely as he helped the guests.

Mrs. Plump was not the only one who achieved miracles at eating. The young gentlemen of sixteen and eighteen particularly distinguished themselves, crowding to the table, keeping off everybody else, breaking up the candy ornaments, and spilling stewed oysters and wine over the dresses of the ladies. As the viands disappeared, the laughter and tattle increased. A Bedlam could not have been noisier. One Miss, hardly yet in her teens, who stood near Lucy, declared that she had tasted everything on the table, except one of the candied oranges, and she was "waiting till Jim Jones," so she elegantly called her cavalier, "brought her some:" and the individual in question was seen valiantly fighting through the press to reach

"Shall we go?" said Mr. Poultney to Lucy,



MR. POULTNEY AND LUCY LEAVE.

for she looked frightened. "Let me have the honor of seeing you and Mrs. Darcie home."

So he shawled our heroine as carefully as if she had been a princess. Nor was it for the last time. Long ago, indeed, Lucy became Mrs. Livingston Poultney, and is now confessedly at "the head of society:" not the "society" of the Smiths, however, but one in which culture takes the place of ignorance, refinement of vulgarity, true merit of pretence.

It was well Lucy left when she did. The great party of the Smiths was talked about,



THE COUNT THINES IT "MANE."



long afterward, for the uproariousness which Count Swindleskenski taught them a lesson they attended and followed the supper. It was have never forgot; for while the count talked to even whispered, that, when everybody else had Miss Amelia, at the supper table, his two congone, Mr. Smith, looking into the dining-room, { federates pocketed the silver spoons and forks discovered Count Swindleskenski, far gone in freely, and disappeared: as, indeed, he would inebriety, bawling for more wine. On seeing his have done, if his old weakness, a love of "the host, the count exclaimed, "In me counthree, dhrop," had not overcome him. But Mrs. Smith, they're not so mane of their dhrink, Mr. - Mr. - always indefatigable, has discovered a new ex-Mr. Smithey." On which the host called for the pedient to push her way, for she intends, this police, who discovered, in the count, a famous winter, to invite all the dancing young men "in pick-pocket and adventurer, but lately discharged } society," whether she knows them or not. "Most from the Penitentiary.

society;" and still gives grand parties for this always go after the men." A conclusion, from purpose. But she and her husband no longer which we, as an honest chronicler, are bound to seek the acquaintance of distinguished foreigners. Frecord our dissent.

of 'em will come," she tells her confidant, "and Mrs. Smith is still intriguing to "get into the girls will follow, next year, for the women

# FAREWELL.

# BY MARY E. WILCOX.

BROTHER! under other skies Far from ours thy pathway lies; Over mountains stern and steep, Over rivers wide and deep, Through dim forests vast and old, Valleys green and uplands cold. Brother! through these paths untried May our Father be thy guide!

Farewell, brother! never more Shall thy words, as heretofore, On our weary spirits fall, Soothing, strengthening, cheering all. Sad will be thy house of prayer, Sad thy flock, to miss thee there. Thine were words of truth and grace, None can ever fill thy place.

For our souls Thou long hast wrought, Laboring with intensest thought, For our sakes hast meekly borne Scoffing, and rebuke, and scorn. May our dear and blessed Lord All thy patient toil reward! Teacher! Guardian! tried and true, Solemn is our last adieu.

Wheresoever thou mayst go While thou journeyest here below, May God's presence lead the way, Fire by night and cloud by day. May thy soul in blessings bask, More than we can think or ask; Heaven's great peace within thee dwell, Dearest brother! fare thee well.

# TO FRANZ.

# BY LA BELLE RIVIERE.

My hope is gone. Still angel, lead me to the land of peace!-Give me oblivion, darkness, rest, release From this unequal war that will not cease While the poor heart beats on.

Heaven will attest That I fought bravely when the blows fell fast-But heart, and hope, and strength have failed at last, The struggle was in vain, the prize is lost, Nor do I sorrow for the pain it cost, I only sigh for rest!

I cannot weep. For sorrow has expended all my tears; I have no anxious doubts, no trembling fears-There is no sunlight in the coming years-Oh, therefore, let me sleep!

He, who did give This flery spirit, this impatient soul That spurns the iron fetters that control-This spark that pants and pines to fly away From its poor earth-bound prison-house of clay-Will judge it and forgive!



#### WHAT A PRETTY LITTLE HAND!

# BY MARY E. CLARKE.

I am fully as confident and forward as most of \ breath out of me. my sex. I dress well, dance well, sing tolerably; One evening, while there, I was seized with a I don't tread on ladies' dresses, when I make my violent headache. I told her I was subject to bow; and I have not the trick of coloring to the such attacks, and the gipsy, putting on a grave roots of my hair, when I am spoken to. Yet, face, gave me a lecture on the subject of health, there was one period of my life, when all my \ winding up with, merits seemed to my own eyes insignificant, and I felt very modest, not to say bashful. It was take care of you, and to keep you from over when I was in love. Then, I sometimes did not study. I advise you to do it: if you can get know where to put my hands and feet. Did I mention that in the said hands and feet consists my greatest beauty? They are both small.

walk into it quietly, weighing my idol's perfec- \( \) ladies are of me!" I added, conceitedly, "though tions against her defects. I fell in, head and I can't see that I am particularly fascinating. ears, two seconds after the introduction.

"Mr. Haynes, Miss Arnold," said a mutual friend, and lo! I was desperately in love. She was a little fairy-like figure, with long, brown curls floating over a snowy neck and shoulders, } and falling down on the waist of an enchanting sky-blue dress. Her large, dark blue eyes were } full of saucy light, yet, oh! how tender and loving they could look. (This I found out later.) \{ tenderly, and she put her cool little hand in

Of all the provoking, tantalizing little coquettes, that ever teased the heart out of a poor man, Susy Arnold was the most bewitching. I would } pass an evening with her, and go home certain ? that one more interview would make me the happiest of men; but the next time I met her, a cool nod, and indifferent glance, threw down all my castles. She was very cautious. Not a word } did she drop to make me believe that she loved } me; and yet her hand would linger in mine, her color rise if I looked my feelings, and her eyes droop, to be raised again in an instant, full of laughing defiance. She declared her intention } to be an old maid most emphatically, and in the next sentence would add, "I never did love, but if I should take a fancy to anybody, I should love him like-like a house afire. Though," she would say, carelessly, "I never saw anybody yet worth settling my thoughts upon."

I tried in a thousand ways to make her betray some interest in myself. Propose outright, I gave me such a glance. I was ready to prostrate could not. She had a way, whenever I tried it, imyself; but, sweeping back the curls with laughof looking in my face with an air of grave atten- ing defiance, she warbled, "But I'm talking in tion, of profound interest, that was equivalent in 'my sleep."

I am not a bashful man. Generally speaking, its effect, to knocking me down; it took all the

"The best thing you can do is to get a wife to study. I advise you to do it: if you can get anybody to have you."

"Indeed," I said, rather piqued, "there are only too many. I refrain from a selection for Three years ago, I fell in love. I did not fear of breaking other hearts. How fond all the

"Neither can I," said Susy, with an air of perfect simplicity.

"Can't you?" said I. "I hoped-hoped-Oh! that dreadfully attentive face of hers. "That is, Miss Susy, I thought, perhaps-oh! my head! my head!" and I buried my face in the cushion.

"Does it ache so very badly?" she asked, among my curls. I felt the thrill her fingers gave me, all the way to the toes of my boots. My head being really very painful, I was obliged to leave; but, all the way home, the soft, cool touch of these little fingers lingered upon my brow.

Soon after this, it became necessary for me to leave the city on business. An offer of a lucrative partnership in the South in the office of a lawyer friend of mine, made me decide to extend my trip, and see how the "land lay." One thing was certain, I could not leave home, for months, perhaps years, without some answer from Susy. Dressed in my most faultless costume, and full of hope, I went to Mr. Arnold's. Susy was in the parlor, at the piano, alone. She nodded gayly, as I came in; but continued her song. It was, "I've something sweet to tell you."

At the words, "I love you! I adore you!" she

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sleep! May I think so?"

"Oh! yes, if you choose: for Rory O'More says that dreams go by contraries, you know"

I sat down beside her. "Ah!" I said, sighing, "Rory's idol dreamed she hated him."

"Yes," said Susy, "that was the difference between his case and yours."

We chatted away for a time. At last I began,

"Miss Susy, I came up this evening to tell vou that I-I-

How she was listening! A bright thought struck me: I would tell her of my journey, and in the emotion she was certain to betray, it would be easy to declare my love.

"Miss Susy," I said, "I am going South tomorrow."

She swept her hands across the keys of the piano into a stormy polka. I tried to see her face, but her curls fell over it. I was prepared to catch her, if she fainted, or comfort her, if she wept. I listened for the sobs I fancied the music was intended to conceal; but throwing back the curls with a sudden toss, she struck the last chord of the polka, and said, gayly,

"Going away?"

"Yes, for some months."

"Dear me, how distressing! Just stop at Levy's, as you go home, and order me some extra pocket-handkerchiefs for this melancholy occasion, will you?"

"You do not seem to require them," I said, rather piqued. "I shall stay some months."

"Well, write to pa, won't you? And, if you get married, or die, or anything, let us know."

"I have an offer to be a partner in a law office in Kentucky," I said, determined to try her, "and if I accept it, as I have some thoughts of doing, I shall never return."

Attle hand closed convulsively over her watch- with-another pair.

"Then," I cried, "you love me when you chain, and that the other fell upon the keys, making, for the first time, a discord.

> "Going away forever?" she said, with a sad tone, that made my heart throb.

> "Miss Susy, I hoped you, at least, would miss me, and sorrow in my absence."

> She opened her eyes with an expression of profound amazement.

"I?"

"Yes, it might change all my plans, if my absence would grieve you."

"Change all your plans?"

"Yes, I hoped-thought-

Oh! that earnest, grave face. My cheeks burned, my hands and feet seemed to swell, and I felt cold chills all over me. I could not go on. I broke down for the third time.

There was an awkward silence. I glanced at Susy. Her eyes were resting on my hand, which lay on the arm of the sofa. The contrast between the black horse-hair and the flesh seemed to strike her.

"What a pretty little hand!" she said.

A brilliant idea passed through my brain.

"You may have it if you will!" I said, offer-

She took it between her own, and, toying with the fingers, said,

"May I?"

"Yes, if—if you will give me this one," and I raised her beautiful hand to my lips.

She looked into my face. What she read there I cannot say; but if ever eyes tried to talk, mine did then. Her color rose, the white lids fell over the glorious eyes, and the tiny hand struggled to free itself. Was I fool enough to release it?

What I said, I know not; but I dare say my wife can tell you. Five minutes later, my arm Her face did not change. The old, saucy look { encircled the brown dress, the brown curls fell was there, as I spoke; but I noticed that one upon my breast, and my lips were in contact

# "LILLIE."

# BY MYRTA MAY.

WHEN the Summer flowers were dying, And the Autumn flowers were sighing, Mournfully and low, Then we left our Lillie sleeping, Where the willow tree is weeping, And the flowers grow.

Where the violets are springing, And the woodland birds are singing, All the summer day,

There our darling one reposes With the blushing summer roses, She has passed away.

And our hearts are very lonely, For she saw the first, and only Link in love's bright chain; Yet although on earth 'tis riven, Soon in yonder glorious Heaven 'Twill be joined again!

#### "IN THE BITTER COLD."

## BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

been engaged to anybody else? Perhaps I ought heart to meet with this reward, and to know not to have spoken, but it is such an old story that she must be satisfied therewith! But she that it never occurred to me it could be news to } you. I have not hurt your feelings, have I?"

she could not trust her voice to speak.

"I don't think you seem well, Margaret; you looked pale when I first came into the room."

"I am well, quite well," she said, faintly. "But you did not tell me your story connectedly. Mr. Hope was engaged."

"Of course, my dear; no doubt of that. He had been spending the winter South, and he met this Miss Melville-a beautiful girl she was, and very rich. What broke off the affair I never knew, but we were all sorry, it seemed just the match for him-beauty and wealth. Not that I care now, you know, Margaret, for you are a nice little thing; but I own at the time I did feel provoked to see my cousin take up with such a sickly-looking body as you were when I first saw you."

"I had suffered so much," Margaret said, "and I never was handsome," she added, mournfully.

"Oh, beauty isn't as much-

"I know, I know! I was poor, and that is worse than a misfortune, it is a crime."

to deserve so bitter a speech."

"Was it bitter? I am sorry, I did not mean it to be so. But I should like to hear something more of this Miss Melville."

proud and impetuous, and Arthur was not patient gether, and trembling in every limb from the in those days! I suppose there was some little | chill which had fallen upon her heart. misunderstanding which ended in a rupture."

those things one scarcely knows how. Arthur the wayward fancies that she had at times conbooked pale and sad for some time: but he seems | jured up to mar her own quiet. Mr. Hope had very happy at present; I am sure I am glad that \ become acquainted with her only a few months it is so. To be sure, he conceals his feelings before their marriage, during a season of much wonderfully always—that is a peculiarity of our suffering, when she saw her fortune wrested from family—still I have no doubt that he is quite her by distant relatives, and herself and little contented."

Contented! How Margaret Hope's whole soul rose in rebellion at the word! She, who had ! Hope, and before she had recovered from the VOL. XXXV.—2

"And you never knew that your husband had given the undivided devotion of her woman's gave no expression to those feelings, and sat waiting to hear what her companion might next The listener shook her head; for the moment relate, what other firm life-hope was to be torn away by the utterance of a single careless word.

> "You are not annoyed by all this, are you, Margaret?"

> "No," she replied, in a voice which only betrayed her repressed emotion by its peculiar gentleness; "I am very glad to have heard itit was best every way."

> "I dare say it was; now you will know precisely how to manage-only if Arthur ever dreamed of my telling you he would be frightfully angry."

> "Have no fear; I shall never speak of it to him."

> "That is right! He is very kind—he told me he was going to have a governess for your nephew; the care of him and your baby was too much for you-I am sure you both humor the boy to death."

> "He was my only sister's child," Margaret said, firmly, "and when she died he became mine; while I have a crust of bread he shall share it."

"Oh, of course, I haven't a word to say against "Oh, Margaret, I am sure I have said nothing it! But isn't that the baby I hear? I won't keep you-good-night, I shall see you soon again."

Mrs. Chilton went out of the room and left Margaret Hope sitting alone in the grey of the The girl crouched down gathering twilight. "Oh, it is not easy to explain! She was very into her chair, clasping her hands tightly to-

Only a year before Margaret had become the "Have you ever heard that this was the case?" \ wife of Arthur Hope: a year in which had been "No-not in so many words-one gathers \ concentrated much happiness, disturbed only by nephew left in absolute poverty.

Then in the midst of her anguish came Arthur 25

painful, dream-like state of feeling which succeeds acute suffering, she found herself his wife.

There followed long weeks of happiness, for Margaret truly loved her husband, and his manner to her, though always quiet, was full of affectionate interest. At length a sort of shadow crept between them, which threatened wholly to blot out their sunshine. Margaret was exacting and jealous, though she made no complaints. Mr. Hope never knew what was passing in her mind, but he felt at times that a change had come over both, and strove in vain to assign a cause for the alteration. Margaret was morbidly sensitive in regard to pecuniary affairs, and her pride suffered intolerably at the thought of the obligations under which Mr. Hope had placed her, for every debt of her mother's had been paid out of his own fortune. The slightest coolness in his manner caused her pain, and as his was a sensitive, uncommunicative nature, she found a thousand trifles over which to make herself wretched for days. A single suspicion of her feelings would have led to an explanation on Mr. Hope's part, but he never dreamed of her sufferings, and so the shadows darkened imperceptibly around them.

A few weeks before Margaret had become a mother, and in the engrossing cares of maternity, she forgot, for a little time, the thousand fancied annoyances which had caused her so much pain. But now a sudden reality was given to her doubts -Mr. Hope had married her from pity, while his heart was another's. The thoughtless gossip of Mrs. Chilton, a silly, frivolous woman, had destroyed the happiness of that wayward, but highminded girl, and there was no power to remedy the evil.

There Margaret sat in the solitude of her chamber, almost maddened by the tide of jealexplained now; Mr. Hope's coldness, his sad, } gentle manner: he did not love her, she was an alien from his heart, a burthen in his home. Her first impulse was to leave the house forever, it seemed impossible for her to remain there another hour, to meet again as her husband the man who had made her his wife only from feelings of commiseration.

The crying of her child roused her from those inner apartment where it lay. She took up the a paper lying upon the floor and picked it upthe confiding air which her gentleness had made \ - and she read the lines. habitual with him.

"You must be quiet," she said, when he began to talk, "I cannot hear you now."

The child looked wonderingly in her face, and then stole away into a corner of the room intimidated by that strange severity. Margaret was not even aware that she had spoken to him, and sat engrossed by her painful thoughts.

At length her husband's step sounded upon the stair, chilling her very heart as she listened.

"All in the dark, Margaret," he said, opening the door; "shall I ring for lights?"

"If you choose," she replied, coldly.

When the lamps were brought, he stooped for a moment over the child, then seated himself at a table to read some letters.

"He does not even notice that I am suffering," thought Margaret, and her heart grew hard.

A sudden exclamation from her husband caused her to turn toward him. When he caught her eye he strove to appear calm, but she had distinctly heard the smothered expression of pain. and saw his features working with agitation. But she made no remark, and Mr. Hope sat leaning his head upon his hand in deep thought.

When the bell rang for dinner, he rose and turned toward her.

"That was the bell, I think?"

"I am not going down to dinner," she replied.

"Are you ill?" he asked, anxiously.

"There is nothing the matter, but I do not wish any dinner."

He urged her for several moments, and then left the room. When he returned he was dressed

"I may not be in till late, Margaret," he said, "do not sit up for me. Good-night, dear."

He kissed the child, and would have pressed his lips to hers, but she resolutely turned away her head. He regarded her for a moment with ous bitterness which desolated her soul. All was a surprised, pained look, and went away. She heard the hall door close behind him, and for the first time gave way to a burst of tears.

"Mamma!" exclaimed the boy.

"Are you here still?" she said. "Go to bed at once."

"Has Willie been naughty?" he pleaded, "he is very sorry."

"No, no; good-night-God bless my boy."

She rang the bell and gave both children to harrowing reflections, and she went into the the nurse. As she returned to her seat, she saw infant and returned to the sitting-room, hushing it was the letter her husband had been reading. it to rest again with her soothing voice. While Even at that moment Margaret would not have the babe slumbered upon her knee, the little boy \ been guilty of the meanness of looking at it, but stole into the chamber, and crept to her side with \ her eye fell upon a name—it was Miss Melville's

"It seems that your particular friend, George

Anderson, is to marry your old flame, Julia Mel- ; and found the place desolate. ville—so goes the world. They say you married no clue to his wife's departure—the only trace to annoy her -- is she returning the compliment?" of her was a note upon his dressing-table.

The sheet fell from her hand-this was the cause of Mr. Hope's agitation-he had left the house in order to conceal his suffering.

"What right had he to marry me?" she exclaimed, indignantly. "Then it was to revenge himself upon that girl-cowardly traitor !- and I have loved this man."

When her husband entered the chamber late in the evening she seemed asleep, for he addressed her and she returned no answer. But all night long she lay listening to his irregular breathing, and many times caught a low sigh, which proved that he was wakeful as herself.

The next morning Mr. Hope rose early, and when Margaret woke from the uneasy slumber into which she had fallen after daybreak, he was standing by the bedside in a traveling dress.

"I am obliged to leave town for a few days, Margaret." he said; "the business is urgent, and I knew nothing of it until last night."

That letter was the cause of this sudden journey-Margaret felt certain of it, and her grief gave way to a sort of stony indignation.

"If you are going at once I will not rise," she said, coldly, and when he kissed her farewell, ber lips returned no kindly pressure. Mr. Hope paused at the door and looked back-he seemed about to speak, then checking himself, regarded his wife fixedly for an instant, and with a sorrowful gesture passed out of The room.

All that day Margaret was alone, and in a state of excitement which was little less than She was convinced that her husband had loved Miss Melville, and that in a moment of anger he had married another. The weight of obligation which had always weighed heavily on Margaret's soul could no longer be borne.

There was only one thing to be done-she must go away forever. She would not remain under that roof which could never again be a home to her. Let her husband be happy if he could; and she felt a bitter satisfaction at her own desolation.

She had in her possession a few hundred dollars, realized from the sale of some valuables, which Mr. Hope had insisted upon her retaining as her own; that little pittance would serve; anything, beggary itself, would be more endurable than that luxurious home.

On the evening of that terrible day, Margaret Hope stole out from the shelter of her husband's roof, and with those two helpless children went ? forth into the wide world.

He could obtain

"I have left your house forever; henceforth we must be as dead to one another. Do not search for me, it would be in vain. Be happy in your own way, and forget even the existence MARGABET."

He sank into a seat completely unmanned by a blow so unexpected and terrible. Beside Margaret's note lay a folded paper which he opened eagerly-it was the letter that contained the allusion to Miss Melville's former engagement with himself.

A perception of the truth dawned upon him; that letter, or some exaggerated and untruthful account, had been the cause of Margaret's leaving his house.

How much unhappiness a false, artful woman had wrought for him. He had met Miss Melville several years before, while he was a very young man, and had been fascinated by her beauty and manner. She was a bold, unscrupulous woman, who had passed beyond her girlhood, and had left there every relic of youth or enthusiasm. Cold and designing, she determined from the first to secure so rich a prize as Mr. Hope, and she nearly succeeded. Fortunately for him, circumstances disclosed her treachery before he had gone too far to retreat, and he left her forever.

Several years passed before he even again thought of love, and when he met Margaret Foster, with her pale, still loveliness, and her shy, proud manner, it was a new revelation of the sex to him. He loved her devotedly, and it was that feeling only which prompted him to make her his wife.

Mr. Hope had one serious fault which had aided much in bringing upon him that great misery-he never confided to any his real feelings. Brought up by a stern, harsh father, who looked upon any outbreak of enthusiasm as an actual crime, and regarded an imaginative child much in the same light as our forefathers did those possessed of a devil, Arthur had learned to appear cold and unsympathizing, though he had a kind heart, full of generous impulses and feelings. And so, even in his affection, Arthur Hope could not be demonstrative. When the thousand tender follies of a lover rose to his lips, his father's bitter laugh seemed ringing in his ear to check them; when in conversation he would have indulged in the fanciful theories and comparisons peculiar to an imaginative mind, Three days after, Mr. Hope returned home the recollection of the biting sarcasm which of

old had so lacerated his feelings kept him silent, { nervous fever, which prostrated her for several and he appeared cold and reserved when his heart was most interested.

So it easily happened that Miss Melville's name had never been uttered by him, though the thought of her brought no pain. That letter had filled him with great anxiety on account of the friend whom he truly loved, and the sudden journey was undertaken to preserve him from the misery which must result from a marriage like that.

Mr. Hope had saved his friend, but returned to find his own life darkened forever.

Thus two beings of like sympathies, loving each other fondly, and with every prospect of happiness, had been separated by the faults which had grown up in their natures from the effects of false teachings. A single idle word had served to do this, and now they were far asunder, each forced to bear in solitude that weight of wretchedness.

Mr. Hope's search for his wife was vain, and he was forced to settle down in his lonely home, maddened by the thought of the suffering those dear ones must endure, and the bleak future which stretched out before him.

So a year passed, a long, terrible year, the remembrance of which would have cast a shadow over a whole after-life of happiness, and once more winter was at hand.

Margaret had taken refuge in a small village in the interior of Pennsylvania, a spot so remote from the highways of travel that it seemed to offer every security she could desire. In the outskirts of the village stood an old brown house rapidly going to ruin, so dilapidated and desolate, that for several years no tenant for it could be found. The proprietor was a miserly man, who took every advantage of Margaret's ignorance of business to make extortionate demands.

So in that old house she arranged her home. It was a dreary place enough, and she had been { gently bred. There were a thousand petty details to irk her; the furniture which she had been able to purchase was of the coarsest kind, and the labor of the little household was performed by her own hands.

To avoid discovery she had taken her mother's name, and her dress led those about her to suppose that she was a widow; there was no mockery in her assumption of that garb-had she bent in anguish over her husband's grave, her heart would have been less widowed than now.

she was kept in constant attendance upon him but she was still sane enough to put by the idea. for many days and nights. When he had re-}

weeks. She was forced to have attendance, and the only person to be found was a woman recommended by her physician, a good-natured soul, but whose rough kindness annoyed Margaret as much as the doctor's prying curiosity.

So the winter wore on wretchedly enough, and when spring came, Margaret found that her little fund had dwindled almost to nothing.

She made an effort to start a school, but she was too shy to get along easily with the villagers. they thought her very proud and extremely mysterious-only hoped there was nothing wrong about her, but they had their doubts! Still she succeeded in obtaining a small class of children, and did her best by them, but the employment was anything but lucrative. One woman sent her a pan of doughnuts by way of compensation, and several of the others forgot to pay her at all, nor could Margaret summon resolution sufficient to refresh their flagging memories.

Now the winter was upon her, cold and terrible. Had the neighbors known of her actual sufferings they would gladly have aided her, but they had grown to avoid her entirely, and she sometimes did not leave the house for days. Often the little boy cried for food, and she had not enough to satisfy him, but still she did not wholly despair, she must bear up for the sake of those children. Late in December the rent fell due, and the landlord was punctual to the moment.

"Well, Mrs. Moulton," he said, abruptly entering, "have you got any money for me?"

Margaret tremblingly told him of her poverty, and begged him to wait for a little time; at first he would not consent, but at length he said that in ten days he would come again.

"That'll be the day before New-Year's, ma'am, and if you haven't got the cash ready, why you must make tracks, that's all."

Margaret scarcely remembered the menace, for her babe was ill, and every thought was devoted

The days passed on, and their misery had reached the climax-there was nothing left but beggary or death. It was the last day of the year, and to Margaret there remained neither flour nor wood. The little boy cried with hunger and cold, and the infant slept upon her bosom moaning with pain even in its slumber.

The day wore on, and there was no hope of relief. Margaret sank down in her miseryterrible thoughts of suicide came over her-death After a short time the little boy fell ill, and for her and those infants would be a blessing;

It was growing evening, and the fire had died covered, suffering and fatigue threw her into a? to a few faint embers. Margaret felt the babe growing cold upon her breast, and that gave her a little energy. She broke to pieces a wooden must be human! To-morrow will be the first stool, and kindled a flame with it, wrapped herself in a coarse cloak that still remained, and sat down, holding the child, while the boy crouched close to her side.

Suddenly there was the tramp of a horse-it paused before the house. Margaret knew that the moment had come.

The outer door opened, and the landlord entered, muffled to the chin.

"Well, Mrs. Moulton, here I am you see-I expect you are going to square accounts and give me a supper into the bargain?"

Margaret had not stirred from her seat; she felt no dread, though the boy was crouching in fear to her side, but she was past that.

"Indeed, sir," she said, lifting her dreary gaze to his face, "I have not a penny of money, nor have I tasted food since last night."

"Hey day! a fine story; and what are you going to do about paying your debts?"

"Have a little mercy-for these children's sake do not be too hard upon me-at least let us die here!"

"Don't talk to me! Why, you've got a bigger fire than I'd think of having. Hallo! if you sin't burning up the furniture for fear I'll seize it! Why, you wretched, abominable woman!"

"I couldn't see these children freeze! Oh, think what your own feelings would be to hear your babes cry with cold and hunger, and not a morsel to give them!"

"People shouldn't have children unless they're able to support them. No, ma'am, out of this you shall go! I shouldn't wonder if you had plenty of money-you only want to get rid of paying your debts."

"Do I look like it?" she exclaimed, throwing back the hood of her cloak, and exposing her pale, famine-stricken face. "Take all there is in the house, but leave us the shelter of this roof for a few days longer."

"Take all there is? Of course I shall-it's mine by right; but I don't want any of the live stock with it, so you must pack!"

"Not to-night-oh, my God-not to-night! Hear the wind-you would not murder us!"

"Go and beg-anybody'll let you sleep in their barn-but I've been so cheated that you needn't expect any mercy from me."

We will go in the morning, "Just to-night? but wait till then."

"I won't wait a moment! Come, you've got your cloak on and are ready to start-you ought to be obliged to me for leaving you a rag to wear. Out with you, I say!"

"Oh, you would not drive me away now-you day of the New Year-would you leave a memory like that to haunt you?"

"Don't attempt that sort of thing, it's all no Up with you, I say, and be off!"

He forced her out of the chair, and pushed her toward the door with coarse imprecations.

Margaret ceased to struggle-she uttered no word, but still holding the babe to her breast, and the boy still clinging to her robe, allowed him to thrust her along. He pushed them out upon the steps, and the door closed clanging.

She heard him nailing fast the windows and doors, and in a few moments he appeared. He fastened a placard upon the fence, and then turned toward her.

"If you are seen round these premises to-morrow morning, I'll find those that'll clear you out," he said; "remember, I am a man of my word!"

He got into his sleigh and drove off; the echo died in the distance: there was no sound but the moan of the wind and the low wail of the child.

The snow was falling rapidly, and cut like ice upon her bare forehead. She dragged herself along a short distance from the house, and sank down against a high fence. A paper was rattling in the wind-it was the announcement of the coming sale of her furniture.

"Mamma, mamma!" pleaded the boy, "do speak to me! I don't mind the cold; but it seems as if you were dead."

"Yes, Willie, yes," she said, faintly, "mamma

"Can't you walk, mamma? Do try! Somebody'll let us stay in their house, I know they will."

"It's of no use," murmured Margaret, "it will soon be over-very soon!"

She was so weak and exhausted that the cold had taken an almost instantaneous effect upon her; the blood in her veins seemed congealed to ice: yet, in spite of all, a strange drowsiness which she could not overcome, stole over her.

"Mamma! mamma!" cried the boy again.

His voice of agony brought her back to herself. She opened her eyes and looked round.

"Yes, Willie, yes!"

"Come, mamma, do come!"

She strove to rise, but fell back upon the ground. The snow was sifting heavily upon their garments, and each instant the wind increased in force, till it threatened to overwhelm them in the gathering drifts.

Margaret's senses began to forsake her-she heard strunge voices in the beating storm-her



pain began to be less felt—the cries of her infant were scarcely heard.

"Mamma!" said the boy again, and more faintly, "I'm not quite so cold—the snow will cover us up and we can sleep."

"No, no," she groaned, "we must not sleep. Come, Willie—come—we will go. I can walk now, indeed I can!"

Again that fearful struggle—that clinging to life that gives unnatural strength to the weakest frame; but it was all in vain—once more she fell back, and this time she knew that it was approaching death.

After that there were but few words spoken—they were beyond complaints.

"Mamma!" said the boy again, "I'm sleepy now—very sleepy!" and this time she scarcely comprehended the horror in his words.

There was a jingle of bells in the distance, but Margaret did not heed, though they startled the boy from his stupor.

"The bells, mamma, the bells!"

A sleigh whirled swiftly in sight, coming from the opposite direction, and paused before the house. A gentleman sprang out, and ran up the steps, knocking impatiently at the door, but there was only a hollow echo in response.

"It's for us!" cried the boy, trying to rise, but his numbed limbs would scarcely support him, and he could only drag himself feebly along; "Here we are, sir, if you want us—mamma, baby, and I!"

The man turned quickly at the voice, and hastened toward the child, catching him up in a close embrace.

"It's papa!" he exclaimed, "it's papa!"

He pointed to the spot where Margaret was lying, and their preserver rushed toward them.

- "Margaret—wife!" cried a voice that reached the sufferer.
- "I am dreaming," she muttered; "this is death!"
- "No, no; it is real! See, Margaret, it is I—your husband!"

He clasped her in his arms and his kisses on her cold lips brought consciousness back.

"Arthur!" she whispered, "Arthur!" the chilled blood rushed to her heart again, dispelling the lethargy which had stolen over her; but the sudden reaction was too much for her weak frame, and she sank insensible in his arms.

Mr. Hope called to the driver for aid, and they bore the three back to the house. An entrance was speedily effected, Margaret and her children laid upon the bed, while they lighted the fire, breaking up the furniture in the most pitiless way, and kindled a blaze, such as had not warmed the old hearthstone for years.

Mr. Hope ordered the man to return to the nearest tavern for food and wine. Very soon the driver came back.

Before the wife recovered from that long swoon, the children had been quieted, and the old kitchen wore an air almost of comfort.

When Margaret came to herself she was in a low chair by the fire, the little boy holding the child at her feet, her husband's arms about her waist, and his eyes fixed tenderly upon her face.

"Isn't it a dream?" she cried, wildly; "tell me—do speak!"

"It is real, Margaret—I have found you again—in a few moments you will leave this place forever. Oh, Margaret, how could you doubt me so cruelly?"

Sitting in the firelight he told his tale, and Margaret clung to him in mingled love and selfreproach.

"And you forgive me?" she said.

"It was not your fault," he answered, "nor mine—we have suffered for the errors of those who guided our early youth—let us take warning lest we likewise peril the happiness of these little ones."

So the warmth stole back to Margaret's heart, and the light to her soul—the unwavering day of perfect trust and love which could never again be dimmed.

# THE FAIRY RING OF HOME.

RY MISS ELIZABETH MILLER.

Oul sigh not for the lofty halls,
Where wealth and splendor reign;
For statued niche, or frescoed walls,
Or fashion's lordly train:
Though oft for gentle kindness sake,
We bid those gay ones come,
They often break, but never make
The fairy ring of home!

Though low the cottage walls may be,
Thy hopes may further fly;
And unto thine and unto thee
The heavens may be as nigh.
And well 'twill be, if hearts that love,
Crowd every nook and room,
So from such love, thou ne'er mayst rove,
This fairy ring of home!



# BEAUTIES AND BEAUTY.

## BY MEHITABLE HOLYOKE.

"So the dream is ended, judge!"

"What dream?"

"Yours."

"Ah, forgive me! These perplexing cases draw us, unconsciously, into habits of abstraction."

"Can you look in my eyes and declare you were dreaming of a case at law?"

"Let me try. I'll suppose you a widow, with eight small children, and an estate to be administered. The dear departed never deluded you. I give it up!—I was dreaming of love."

"Love? A Judge of Probate—married these fifteen years?"

"Yet not so antiquated—not unfitted yet for life's delight, my cousin! Lizzie, go ask your mother if my valise will be ready within an hour. She may need your assistance."

As his daughter left the apartment, Judge Wilson looked at her thoughtfully,

"Lizzie is growing up a fine girl—she will be beautiful, notwithstanding her mother——"

"Oh, Harry!—Susan is such a dear, bright, genial, self-forgetful soul."

"Go on forever adding epithet to epithet, and you cannot overpraise her; yet my wife is not handsome—never was: that nose——"

"Makes the heaviest shadow in your lot, I do believe. Will you never outgrow your boyish devotion to beauty?"

"We do not outgrow our tastes, cousin; we only learn to distinguish between genera and species, names and things; and this brings me back to my dream. Did I ever tell you how I chanced to marry Susan Gladstone?"

"No, I supposed in my simplicity you married her because she was willing to accept you."

"Touchy as ever on the woman question. Let me relate, then, how one of the high celestialhalf of humankind was led to smile on me."

"That is more modest."

"In my youth I was in love with every pretty face, high and low, white and brown—every phase of prettiness attracted me—you smile—you remember it. There were few young men in our town of Milford."

"Few so attractive as Harry Wilson: that is, 'Leonard Stanmore, house in Mt. Vernon street,' so handsome, obliging, agreeable, so idle, care- that was strange. Eudora's father had not been less, altogether suited for a ladies' man." wealthy; 'he was now,' the clerk said, 'had made

"Good,—qualify! There were but one or two of my set, and it is no boast to say I excelled them; so I was like a bee in a pot of honey, smothered with sweets, and, at last sated. I was but a briefless barrister all this while, poor as well as fickle, and the thought of marriage, had it once entered my head, would have been dismissed as insane. So, at least, I said to myself now and then; you know thoughts enter our head sometimes, and our hearts, whose presence we do not acknowledge: they should be dismissed, must be, when fairly detected; but oh, they are precious!

"One day, your brother George—it was about the time of his ordination and marriage—undertook to exercise his skill in sermonizing on my luckless self. His firstly, was my idle, aimless life, you may be sure; his secondly, my opportunities, capacities, all that—his words have proved prophetic, more than I anticipated; his thirdly, was the influence of women; fourth, the peace and bliss of married life; fifth, the joy of home, and so on, to ninth and nincteenthly. I laughed, contradicted, argued, and believed. I had felt it all before, but not so deeply. I now went home to meditate.

"How different things are as our moods change! New and marvellous meanings attach themselves to familiar objects—we discern a meaning where once there was only a form. I was in Boston with the bridal party, and in leaving George's Hotel that evening, looked up at the houses all alike, all blocked together, and for the first time thought of them as homes. Did you ever allow that fancy to run wild in some strange city, or street? Bright romances and mournful tragedies I wove, and the tragedies all proceeded from aimless, unmated existence.

"To marry either of the Milford girls was not possible, I liked them all too well, should be thinking sometimes that the wrong one accepted me. I would make a choice from among my city friends; there was little Eudora Stanmore, a pet of mine in her school days—as lovely and unworldly as a vision. Stanmore, Stanmore. I darted into an apothecary's, seized a directory: 'Leonard Stanmore, house in Mt. Vernon street,' that was strange. Eudora's father had not been wealthy; 'he was now,' the clerk said, 'had made

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a large fortune in leather, lived in fine style.' did not care, the sweet girl was not spoilable. I found the mansion. 'Miss Eudora,' the servant said, 'was out; no, ill-indisposed.' I did went back to my lonely room.

"I called again, 'Was it Mr. Wilson? Yes, she was in. I could walk to the parlor.' There is such a difference in houses. As Dr. Pobserved, the other day, there are some, into which, if you lift the roof off you cannot force the light, and air, and sunshine; if you crowd them with people, you cannot make any two feel near each other; if you make them resound with voices and clang of instruments, you cannot have } mirth or music. Other houses there are, very \ bare of luxuries, the inmates lead laborious lives, their grateful spirits seize, and echo, and mag- { nify, till their lives are filled, and overflow with harmonies. was magnificent, but it wanted the home-charm. } There seemed a mildew in the air, the mirrors ? it was in the state-parlor I waited, and the chilly } gloom. She appeared, the school-girl, grown a } woman, a city belle, yet fascinating as ever, and far lovelier. I did not like the elaborateness of her dress, the thin, flounced, furbelowed fabric, evidently just assumed, and in which she shivered as she entered the gloomy room. 'She was glad to see me,' she said; 'wasn't I glad to see her so improved?' her eyes said, and there was something fascinating in the question. She conversed with a fluency and appropriateness of which I had not supposed her capable, of old times and new, of country and city life, of city pleasures, theatre, opera, parties, walks, rides, drives; and when I turned to city duties, met me there again, with topics of philanthropy, taste, science, art: even passing questions of politics and law this young girl handled with consummate skill.

"But I felt that same mildew about her speech, } it was learnt for an occasion and retailed for display, it had not the sweet spontaneousness of friend. You smile, ay, it was on Susan Gladstone, her talk in other days. We did not seem open- my best wife! She had grown homely who was ing our minds to each other, but playing at a never beautiful; she had a care-worn look, game with printed cards; yet, I thought this for her family were poor, and struggling to remerely a defect of education, I should not wish tain a fine old mansion in the suburbs. But I

I on me, that was plain; I could love her, oh, to distraction!

"I went a third time, still on a cold November day. A child was on the door step ot like his tone, he was lying, I thought; but \( \) 'Sister Eudora was at home, oh, yes, I could go in. She would lead me-they had such a famous boudoir, and Dora was having seven dresses cut. I needn't wait, she knew Dora would see me, she had heard her tell her mamma as much.'

> "I followed, wondering how often this sevenfold replenishment of dress must occur along the future, in order to keep my beauty beautiful.

"I had blundered in following the child-it was all wrong, unpardonable, but I stood at the boudoir door as one spell-bound; such a chaos of disorder, and, yes, dirt, as overspread the fine tapestry carpet! Two sewing-women sat among with cares, and losses, and sorrows falling thick chests and trunks pulled at all possible angles; upon them; yet they are free and content, glad and open drawers and boxes, heaps of cloth, riband thankful—the sunshine that pierces their bon, papers, flowers—so far I could have forlittle window falls straight into a loving, rejoicing ? given: but on a rug directly in front of the fire, heart—the song of bird, or ripple of brook, amidst rubbish of which she made a part, sat my divine Eudora, pale and peevish, her hair braided away from her forehead in most unbe-Now, the home of Eudora Stanmore coming fashion, and eyes red from the last night's dissipation. Her dress was a silk, all frilled along the skirt, but soiled, and minus one sleeve. did not look as if they had ever reflected happy while remains of the other lingered—cut off slantfaces, all was cold and calm as a cathedral. But \ wise at her elbow-I have a good memory. Some visions make a very dazzling, deep impression. November weather might have added to this Cousin, I left her there, reading a novel, and have never seen her since. The child, with a child's quick instinct, saw that we were wrong, and led me away whispering, 'Don't ever, ever tell of it, sister would be so angry, she would throw a candlestick at me as she did at Nora when'-I hushed her, I had enough of family secrets.

"That love went out like a candle in my heart. Winning Eudora, I should have won beauty at the expense of everything beautiful in life-yes, that love went out like a candle. I thought of my pleasant bachelor home, my own neat room with stocks of cigar-boxes, the India matting half covered by the heavy rug, of the books and easy chair, and the fire-place wide enough for me, and the pleasant confusion of papers, tools, smoking-cap, boot-jack-a hundred things on which I could lay my hand at an instant's thought. I resolved to return to Milford.

"One last call I had to make: it was on an old her perfect, I could mend all in time. She smiled could not slight an old acquaintance in adversity; and set forth for Broadhall one evening, Fred in his sum, to bend over poor Kate, whom the coldest, dreariest yet: it had rained for three days, the roads were muddy, doors creaked, gates clung together, lights burnt dimly, oh, it was dolorous!

"I did not wait, nor was I led into a stateparlor at the Gladstones, nor did I find splendor and company-manners. The family were assembled in the good old sitting-room, at table, secretary, and fireside; big logs were blazing in the chimney, and lent their glow to the furniture, and curtains of red moreen, or of bright new chintz. Many ornaments were about the room, all cheap or of home manufacture: the good engravings on the walls were framed in paper; the books were on shelves of pine adorned with leather work, some vases were filled with green leaves and berries, a few flowers stood in oneand a fine large pot of English Ivy draperied a corner of the apartment with its fresh sprays of green; the pot I observed was a grape-jar, painted to imitate an Etruscan vase.

"Mr. Gladstone, the picture of happy old age, sat by his fireside in a chair of his children's covering, in slippers of their working; while Sue, at the table, was writing off long lists of names from his bank-books, and filling out circulars. Her mother was knitting beside her, Fred was studying his lesson, Fanny dressing a doll; Kate sat at the secretary puzzling over a composition, Frank was kneeling on the hearthrug, composing-a kite. I can see them all now! Fred is a lawyer, Fan a wife, Kate an authoress, Frank a sea captain; but I see them all, and Sue, with her big nose, her dear, good face, in their midst, merry and genial and self-oblivious; simple in manners, neat in dress, attentive, yet not absorbed in her work. She remembered me at § once, with the old frankness expressed her pleasure at meeting, introduced me to her kindred, made me a place by the fireside—one, thank have thought of that cough mixture? Oh, talk God! I have never lost—and then without farther of Florence Nightingale—all honor to her!—but apology promised to talk with me soon, when I believe there are thousands of Florence Nighther work should be done, and returned to the ingales scattered in earthly homes, unrecognized writing, yet found time for pleasant words in by strangers, but blessed by their own: in many, every pause of conversation, found time to take many a home-Scutari their shadow is kissed as up her mother's stitches if they dropped, to help? they pass!"

the composition sorely puzzled, and clear away her difficulty by a sensible word or two, or a question or two. Then she came to the fire, and while conversing with me cut colored papers for Frank, and gave most judicious advice with regard to the construction of his kite.

"No, cousin, they did not impose upon Sue's good-nature: it was her way to help every one, to make every one feel dependent on her. I'm not ashamed to tell you that I cannot take a journey, or dress, or entertain visitors, or say my prayers without her assistance. What should I do if she died?-become another man, with humbler endowments, less power, less enjoyment. She keeps my heart calm and my brain clear; it is her sweet way of asserting woman's right, she works through all others, but she works right bravely and well.

"My story is ended. Another lamp was kindled that evening, and all the winds of earth have not extinguished, nor made its light wane yet. I saw in vision a beautiful home, a beautiful life, and dear Sue has helped me find them both I cannot think of her as unlovely, for wherever she goes she bears a blessed, peaceful, genial atmosphere: in her presence beauty is sure to look more beautiful, and wit to flow more freely, and music to sound more sweet, and laughter has a merrier ring, and the very lamps burn brighter when she comes! I was dreaming of love, of home-joys, home-content. I tell you, cousin, these true homes are a type and foretaste of heaven, and beauty is but an outward expression of that which grows here constantly, a breathing life!

"The valise ready so soon? But I need not go for half an hour yet. Come, Sue, and help us with our metaphysics.

"Physics instead! Who except yourself would

# TO ILL LUCK.

BY FRANCES HENRIETTA SHEFFIELD.

ILL luck, thou most abused sprite, I pledge thee in red wine to-night, For never friend my eyes have seen That hath so faithful to me been.

Go where I will I cannot dodge thee, Rest where I may I still must lodge thee, Thou lovest me so well, good faith, I know we shall not part till death.



# THE OLD STONE MANSION.

BY CHARLES J. PETEBSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD," &C.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

## CHAPTER I.

"MARGARET," said my mother, feebly.

I glided to her bed-side joyfully, for she had slept so long I had begun to be frightened. kissed her, arranged the bed-clothes, and softly smoothed her hair.

She looked up at me with a wan smile. I remember that wasted, yet beautiful face as if this had happened but yesterday.

"Does it snow yet?" she said.

I stepped to the window. The storm, which had raged all day and during most of the preceding night, had subsided. The sun was just setting, and the snow-banks, which had drifted, here and there, against the houses on the opposite side of the street, were tinged with a delicate rose-color. A few flakes, blown from the roofs, floated lazily down. The shouts of the boys, playing snow-ball, came to the ear with a muffled sound.

"It is clear, mamma," I answered, "and so pretty. I hear sleigh-bells." And I did not turn my head, but waited, child-like, to see the sleigh, for I was but six years old.

"Thank God!" she answered, with a sigh of relief. . "He will surely come now."

Her tone made me look quickly around. How dark and close the room appeared!

"Who will come, mamma?" I asked.

She did not answer. She did not even raise her eyes. She saw something on the bed-quilt apparently, which she tried vainly to pick off.

"Mamma!" I said, taking her hand, with a feeling of vague alarm.

She looked at me like one in a dream. Slowly her wandering faculties seemed to come back.

"You are cold," she said.

I was both cold and hungry. I had eaten nothing all day, nor had there been any fire. gave one quick glance toward the dead ashes in the stove, to see if they were visible from her pillow; and finding they were not, answered, evasively, with the forethought which care and sorrow had already taught me,

"I feel cold to you, because you have a fever."

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you take the pitcher and bring me some fresh water from the pump?"

At any other time I would have shrunk from the task. I dreaded the long, dark entry of the strange boarding-house, and the rude boys in the street. But now I rose with alacrity.

"Stay, darling," she said, as I was about to go. I approached the bed-side. She took my head feebly in her hands, drew my face toward her, kissed me, held me a little off, and earnestly regarded me. Her mouth began to quiver: the tears gathered in her eyes.

"Poor little lamb!" she said. Then, lifting her dimmed sight to the ceiling, she murmured. "Father in heaven, protect my orphaned child!"

It took me some time to reach the pump, for I had to break a path through the snow, no easy task for my tender feet. I was a long while, afterward, in filling my pitcher, for the pump worked with difficulty. I saw a big, ill-looking boy standing on the opposite corner, working up a snow-ball vigorously in his hands and eyeing me menacingly. At last the pitcher was filled, and I stooped to raise it. At that moment, whiz! came the snow-ball, as hard as ice, hitting me on the wrist. I fell, and the pitcher, striking the pump, was broken into pieces.

The pain in my wrist was so acute, that I believed it was broken. But rage and indignation was, nevertheless, my first impulse. "Oh! if I was a man," I said to myself, as I struggled up, half smothered with snow. I heard a jeering laugh. But catching sight of the broken pitcher, I remembered it was the only one we had; I thought of my mother's thirst; and at that thought I burst into tears.

"Boo-hoo-hoo," mocked the boy, flinging another snow-ball, which hit me on the cheek.

He stopped suddenly. I heard a heavy blow. I looked toward him. He was struggling up out of a snow-drift, while another lad, about the same size, but of a very different aspect, was standing over him, rolling up his sleeves, as boys do when about to fight. The mute challenge, however, was not accepted. The bully "Yes! I must have had fever all day, to have \ got up, spluttering and cursing; but one look at slept as I did. I am very thirsty now. Won't his antagonist was sufficient; he burst into a howl, as if he was nearly killed, and ran off unutterable sorrow is almost all that I can rehomeward.

The lad, who had thus interfered in my behalf, gazed after him contemptuously, for an instant, and then crossed over to where I stood. He was dressed neatly, even elegantly, and had an easy, self-possessed manner, very different from that of the boys of the poor suburb where we lived. Two great, dark eyes, eloquent with sympathy, looked down on me as he took my hand, and asked if I was hurt. I stammered something about my wrist being broken. He said, "Oh! I guess not," cheerfully. There was such manliness and courage in his carriage and looks, that I felt reassured immediately.

All at once, however, I remembered the broken pitcher, and began to cry again. He seemed puzzled for a moment, but then brightened up.

"Ah! I see," was all he said. "Wait a minute," and before I knew what he meant, he darted into a shop near by, reappeared immediately with a new pitcher, filled it with two or three quick strokes at the pump, took my hand, and bade me cheerily show him the way home. It was all done in less time than I have taken to narrate it. Before I recovered from my bewilderment, he had touched his cap and disappeared; and I was standing alone, in the cold, narrow, dark hall.

It was only for a moment. Remembering my mother, I hurried up stairs, reaching our room door out of breath.

I had expected to hear my mother ask me the cause of my delay. But she did not. I crossed to the foot of the bed, and poured out a glass of water: yet still she was silent. She did not even look toward me. Though it was now quite dark in the chamber, I could see her white face. seemed so ghastly, a sudden terror seized me. I dared not speak, nor advance, but stood, with the tumbler shaking in my hand and the water spilling out. Still that same fixed, strange look! My terror, at last, became too great for silence.

"Mother!" I said; but below my breath.

No answer. The white face, still turned upward, remained immovable as ever.

"Mother!" I shricked, rushing to her side. Still not an eyelid moved. She would never hear me again in this world. I realized that she was dead, though I now beheld death for the

first time. I threw myself on the body, wildly calling on her to wake up, kissing her, imploring } her not to die, frantically uttering shriek on shriek, till I lost all consciousness.

recollection. Looking back at this distance of slept in a pretty little crib by their bed-side. An time, they seem enveloped in a sort of haze. An errand called the maid, who had me in charge,

call. Yet I remember, in a dreamy way, waking up to find our fellow lodgers gathered around me; I remember being torn from my mother. and sleeping with a stranger, who nevertheless was very kind to me; I remember, afterward, the next day, I suppose, a big, red-faced, important personage, with huge gold seals that impressed me with a high idea of his importance, chucking me under the chin, saying he had come to take me away, now that my mother was dead, and telling me, when I began to cry at this, that I "mustn't mind it, it was better for her, poor thing, and for me." I recollect. also, the darkened room where the coffin lay; the whispered conversations; the awe on every countenance; and the being lifted to take a last look on that dear face, which now I could hardly recognize, it was so cold and white. I have a faint memory, too, that I shricked, clung to the coffin, and said I would not leave my mamma; and that afterward, I sobbed myself to sleep, crying, "Mamma, mamma, do come back to me, dear mamma."

Then follows the recollection of a long journey, in which the pompous gentleman accompanied me. At last, one day, we alighted at the door of a splendid mansion, in a great city, a city even larger than the one where I had lived before. A blaze of lights almost blinded me, as we entered the hall. When I recovered from my bewilderment, a richly dressed lady, holding a little girl by the hand, stood before me; and she and my traveling companion were looking at me and talking of me.

"That is your aunt, Margaret," I heard the gentleman say, "and this is your cousin, Georgiana. She's a poor, sickly-looking thing, isn't she?" he added, turning to his wife.

Neither the lady, nor the little girl, offered to kiss me. The latter held by her mother's gown, and when I would have approached, drew back as if either frightened or disgusted. My pride, for even then I had pride, was up in a moment. The coldness of my aunt, the aversion of my cousin, and the contempt of my uncle sunk into my heart, and embittered my life, not only for that evening, but for years afterward. God help your little ones, mother, if ever they become orphans!

That night I was put to bed in a lonely, cheerless room, hastily made ready for me, away up at the top of the house. In my ascent to it, I passed the large, luxurious chamber, which my The next few days are almost a blank in my aunt and uncle occupied, and where my cousin into this apartment for a moment. velvet carpet, the crimson curtains, the wood fire ties, she was spoiled by indulgence; and was the blazing on the hearth, gave it such a warm, tool of her mother. home-like air, that the bare, cold floor of my room and the curtainless bed, seemed to me was a dependent. The servants, like most of more cheerless even than they were; and the their class, were time-servers, and insulted and tears fell as I undressed.

"What a funny child it is," I heard one of the maids say to another, with a laugh, for a second servant had joined us, no doubt from curiosity. "She puts her stockings into her shoes, and each shoe in its place, under the chair, just like a little old maid."

"She's had to look out for herself, that's plain," said the other, "and isn't like Miss Georgy down stairs."

"I wonder what beggar's brat it is?"

"Hush!" said the other. "She isn't just that. I've heard all about it, and will tell you, by-andbye."

My heart was full. It was as much as I could do to keep down the choking sobs. When I had undressed, I was tempted, for a moment, to get into bed, without first kneeling down, as my praised Georgians and nobody praised me; and mother had taught me, to say my prayers, for I went by the name of sloven. I recall the weary, felt, instinctively, that the maids would laugh at \ weary days at school, where I heard other girls me. But after a short struggle, I slipped down talking of their happy homes, when I had none. at the side of the bed and began. One of the \$I even see, sometimes, in fancy, a tall, thin, servants began to titter. This disturbed me so awkward, sandy-haired child, whose fingers were that I forgot what I had to say. I could only always solled with ink, and whose hair was often remember one sentence of my old prayer, and sunbrushed, the jest of half her classmates and that was no longer applicable: "God bless the pity of the rest: and I look back on that mamma and make her well;" and at this, my child, oh! with what inexpressible pity; for I little remaining composure gave way, I burst think of myself, in those long and dreary years, into audible sobbing, and in that state was } lifted into bed by the less giddy of the two maids. Here I buried my head in the covers { last to bearing everything, not meekly indeed, and wept myself to sleep.

Such was my first night in my uncle's house. Such was the beginning of my real orphanage, for, while my mother lived, though I was fatherless, and often cold and hungry, I had some one who I knew loved me.

# CHAPTER II.

I LOOK back on the years spent in my uncle's house and wonder how I survived them. I was made to feel, in every way, that I was an alien } My uncle, perhaps, } and incumbrance there. was less blamable than any of the others; was, indeed, ignorant of many of the indignities put \ house-maid and the footman, all rushing into upon me; but even he never loved me. His wife ? disliked and tyrannized over me, for she was one about the facts, my aunt seized me, shook me till of those natures who was jealous by organiza- } I was breathless, and threw me toward the maid, tion; and she hated everybody who came into \ whom she directed to put me to bed supperless,

The soft i for my cousin, though she had some good quali-There was not an hour in the day that I was not made to feel that I abused me, because they saw no one loved me.

> But the world knew nothing of this. aunt was too prudent to provoke public opinion against her. She was not ignorant of the wisdom of keeping up an appearance of being kind to her husband's orphan niece. I was, therefore, sent to the same school with Georgiana; and if not dressed as elegantly, still dressed suitably. I ate at the family table, and sat in the family pew. All this, considering the treatment I received in the house, exasperated me. I heard my aunt praised for her generosity, when I knew it was a falsehood. My temper became soured; I was regarded as sullen; I thought everybody disliked me. I shunned the companionship even of girls of my own age. became indifferent to dress, because everybody as of another person entirely.

I was naturally high-spirited. But I came at but in silence. The worm did not even turn on the heel that crushed it. Yes! sometimes it did. . I remember once, that Georgiana had just received a beautiful wax doll, a miracle of mechanism as it seemed to me then; and I ventured to take it up, one day, when she was out of the room. How bitterly I thought that no one had ever given me anything a tithe so beautiful! I was still gazing in wonder on the doll, as I held it in my arms, when my cousin came back. She flew at me in a rage, snatched the doll away, slapped me on the face, and then, though I had not dared to strike her back, burst into a passion of screams, which brought my aunt, the nursery-maid, the the room together. Without stopping to inquire competition, in any way, with Georgiana. As which was accordingly done, the maid telling me,

all the while she was undressing me, what a I brooded over this injustice wicked child I was. in silence, but when I saw Georgiana alone, and then began to praise the composition, when the next day, I could contain myself no longer. For once I rose in rebellion. I called her by every spiteful epithet I could think of, and at last began to beat her. "Oh! if I could only tear off your long ringlets, which your mother and you are so proud of," I said; "if I could only make your face ugly forever." For this, of course, I was punished, and more severely than before

Another time, Georgiana was jeering me about my poverty, and boasting of her father's riches, and of what a great heiress she would be. I had, somehow, picked up certain items in our mutual family history, and I retorted,

"Poor as I am," I said, "my father, at least, was a clergyman; and yours," he was a large provision merchant, "is only a miserable porkdealer."

"I'll tell pa that!" she cried, angrily. tell him you call him names!"

"Do," said I, "and say, that, while his grandfather ran away with the tories, my mother's grandfather was at Bunker Hill."

She was white with rage, for we were both, by this time, old enough to understand our country's history, and unfortunately my taunt was but too true.

"And you may say," I continued, pursuing my triumph, "that while your grandfather made a fortune by smuggling tea, mine was one of those who boarded the ships in Boston harbor and threw the tea overboard."

She could not forgive me for this, and not } long after, an opportunity for revenge presented itself.

tended together, to devote one afternoon, each mean." At last, I grew so unhappy at school, week, to criticising what were called compo- and so defiant and indifferent, that I was dissitions. Every scholar was expected to write an missed as an example. My aunt, at first, reessay the night before, which the teacher, after | fused to send me to another: she said it was dinner, criticised in presence of the whole class. On one occasion, the theme assigned us was "A Mother's Love." I recall, even at this day, the My uncle humphed, twirled his watch-keys, and feelings under which I wrote. Often as the looked at Georgiana with an expression that image of my mother had been present to me, never before had it come up so vividly. It was in an agony of emotion, if I may say so, that the words flowed from my pen. When the essay was finished, I remember, I was still so excited, that I clasped my hands, and sobbed, "Oh! mother, dear mother, come and take me away!"

When the class had assembled, the teacher, addressing me, said,

"Yes, ma'am," I replied.

She looked at me doubtfully, for a moment, Georgiana rose from her seat and interrupted

"Please, ma'am," said my cousin, "Margaret didn't write it. I saw her copy it out of some big book in father's library."

I was struck dumb with amazement. I knew that Georgiana was not always truthful, but, as yet, I had only heard her tell falsehoods to escape blame. The deliberate malice of this assertion, and its unblushing coolness, literally confounded me. I stared at her with an amazement, that was mistaken for the consciousness of guilt. The teacher's face grew dark.

"Margaret Gray," she said, severely, "I knew you were sullen, slovenly, and sometimes disobedient; but I did not think you would tell a deliberate lie." She paused an instant, for I turned white with rage. "Yes! I use plain words," she went on, "for, to pretend another's work is your own, is the wickedest of lies. You will stay in for an hour, after the school is dismissed, and wear, all the week, while in school, a white paper pinned on your back, with the word 'liar' printed on it."

I made no reply. I tried, at first, to speak; but could not; I choked. If, at that moment, I could have got at my cousin, with a deadly instrument, I believe I would have killed her.

I was, ever after, a marked girl, in that school. I avoided my classmates, in consequence, more than ever. Before this, I had taken some pride in composition; but now I wrote carelessly on purpose. Often, when I detected Georgiana copying her essays, which had always been her habit, I was tempted to betray her; but It was the custom, at the school which we at- ? I resisted. "No," I said, "I will not be se wasting money, and that I might "reap as I had sown;" for she was fond of quoting Scripture. said, "Thank heaven our child is different." But after awhile, another school was found for me, where I finished my education. It pains me, even yet, to think of those days. Often and often I wished, with bitter tears, that I had never been born. I heard at church, and I read in my Bible, that there was a God, all-powerful and good; but sometimes I did not believe it. would not permit such injustice," I said. If it "Did you write this yourself, Margaret Gray?" had not been for my mother, I should have bered her early instructions, I still cherished had to be asked to go. the hope of meeting her in a better world. There was a great contrast, however, between Sometimes, in dreams, I would even see her: we the gay and dashing heiress and myself. Georwould walk by cool waters and green meadows; § giana dressed in the height of the fashion, and, she would smile on me as of old; and I would be \times though not beautiful, had a figure that made up supremely happy.

daylight, and dress on the bare floor, in my fireless room.

#### CHAPTER III.

WHEN I was about sixteen, an event happened, which gave me the first happy hours I had ever spent in my uncle's house. A new daughter was } born to the family. The babe came after such a long interval, and when the hope of so great a blessing had ceased for years, that, for a time, it ? softened and refined all. From the first, the child took a great fancy to me, a fancy which, I need not say, I returned. My heart, so long { shut out from love, lavished all its treasures on this little darling. I can never think of her, even now, without happy tears.

She was, in some respects, a precocious child. I remember the wonder with which I recognized { was thought about me? the first gleams of intellect in her, when, one } day, as I carried her in my arms, she pointed to sea, and read by the hour; and this confirmed some flowers on the paper-hangings, and on my the general impression as to my position. It stopping, picked out, with instinctive taste, those \ was the first time I had ever seen the ocean, an that were really the most beautiful. From that sevent in any one's life. I never tired of looking hour I watched the rapid development of her at the waves breaking on the beach below; at mind with intense pleasure. Long before she the white sails in the offing; at the sea-eagles could talk, I began to tell her little stories, which hovering over the surf; or at the fishermen I am sure she comprehended. She felt sick, and { launching their boats. Moonlight especially had it was I that nursed her, day and night, till she a charm inexpressible for me. It filled me with recovered. The first moment of extatic happi- a sense of a different existence. One stormy ness I had known from my orphanage, was when inight, when the spray was blown over the lawn she was strong enough, she put her arms around to the very hotel, and when nobody but the my neck, kissed me, and called me "dear bather ventured out, and he only to assure him-Maggy." She was a demonstrative child at all self that the bathing-houses were not being times. Oh! how sweet was the patter of those \ washed away, I wrapped myself in a thick shawl, tiny feet, as she toddled along the entry, early on and stole forth. Never shall I forget the scene, summer mornings, to ask to be taken into my as the great waves, magnified by the darkness, bed.

on her account, was ordered to the sea shore. Fromantic," "I wonder Mrs. Elliott permits it." Annually, ever since I had lived at my uncle's, §

become, literally, an atheist. But I still remem-; such was the attachment of Rosalie for me, I

stylishly: she was accordingly surrounded by From these dreams I would be aroused by the admirers, and imitated and envied by her own harsh voice of the servant, calling me to rise; sex. I had, long since, grown out of my slovenly and I would have to get up in the dim, early days, but I dressed with studious plainness, for I had but a scanty allowance, and as I was passionately fond of books, a good deal went for them. The thought of any one caring for me never suggested itself to me as possible. Generally, I disliked gentlemen, for what had I in common with prosy bon vivants like my uncle, or silly dandies such as crowded about Georgiana? My manner, also, in society, was absorbed. Half the time I did not see the dances, nor hear the music. I expressed no surprise, therefore, when I discovered, accidentally, that the retiring young girl, who stole silently to her seat at the table, and to whom a servant, when the dessert came in, brought Mrs. Elliott's child, that she might give it its dainty allowance of ice-cream, and see that it got no more, was governess, and ate at the first table in this capacity. I only smiled to myself. What did I care, I said, what

I used to sit in an arbor, that overlooked the heaved up out of the gloom, and thundered, The humanizing influence, which little Rosalie whitening, down, shaking the very shore. When brought with her, did not entirely die out. I returned, a general sneer went round: and I When she was in her second summer, the family, heard more than one whisper of "wants to be

One of the most assiduous admirers of Geormy aunt and Georgiana had gone out of town in } giana was an Englishman, handsome, and about the summer: now to Newport; now to Saratoga; { thirty, and who had, in great perfection, that air now to Niagara; now to Lake George. But as and manner which belongs to good society. His invariably I had been left at home. But now, dress was studiously unostentatious, and his sole

jewelry a magnificent cameo ring. He had a ( bathers, especially as Rosalie was to go in, with low, exquisitely modulated voice, which it was a \ her nurse. I felt my indignation increase, while pleasure to listen to, irrespective of the words he { I listened to the fulsome compliments which her uttered. Few men had equal tact in conversation. { admirer paid to my cousin, particularly when he He seemed to read character intuitively, and said that she reminded him of the Lady Cletalked accordingly. With Georgians his conver- menting Villiers, with whom he had danced at sation was principally of the great people whom { Almacks the preceding winter. I sat nervously he knew abroad. To believe him, he was intimate } knitting my purse, eager to speak my mind; and with Lord John Russell, then prime minister of { at last an opportunity offered. The talk fell on Great Britain; knew Louis Napoleon, just elected { manner, which the gentleman pronounced an Prince President, intimately; had drunk Johan- infallible test of high breeding, "and which," nisberg at Metternich's own table; had been invited to Russia, on some secret, but important Miss Elliott." business, of Nicholas; and was possessed of the entree of every court in Europe. As to the aristocracy of England, from the Dukes of Norfolk \ "My cousin, here, goes so far as to assert that and Devonshire down, he pretended to be either personally acquainted with them, or to know from reliable hearsay, all about them. He certainly had a fund of anedote and gossip, especially respecting the female members of the British } nobility, which, if not true, was, at least, amus-I used to hear him discourse, by the hour, on those themes; for they were favorite ones with Georgiana; and, somehow, he always happened to lounge into the parlor, about noon, when everybody except my cousin and myself was either bathing or sleeping. I soon began to suspect that he was a mere adventurer. Georgiana, however, did not think so. More than once we had a warm discussion regarding him.

"I've no patience with you, Margaret," she said, one day. "How could Mr. Despencer know so much about the British nobility, if he was not one of their set? Then his voice. It is the very ideal of a finished English gentleman's."

"His voice is well modulated, I admit," was my reply. "But I miss the drawl which is said to be conventional in the upper circles of English society "

"Oh! it's only the fops that have that," quickly interposed my coasin.

"Possibly. But to go back to his knowledge of the nobility. He has only to study Burke's Peerage, of which even you have a copy."

Georgiana was quite indignant. She still insisted, however, that I should continue to play propriety for her, by being in the drawing-room, in the mornings, while she flirted with her admirer; and as the bathing hour had arrived, and everybody was going to the beach, she gave a last look in the mirror at her becoming morning dress, for this conversation happened in her room. Then she lounged down stairs, book in hand.

I was provoked, for I wished to look at the

he said, with a bow, "you have in perfection,

Georgiana blushed, simpered, and to cover her confusion, turned her fan toward me, saying, one can tell, by the accent, what particular nation and province a stranger belongs to."

Her admirer could do nothing less, at this, than turn toward me. He had seen me, I have no doubt, a score of times; but had never condescended to be aware, by any visible sign, that I existed. Now, however, he smiled blandly, saying,

"Ah! Miss, I fear you are a critic. But let us put your penetration to a test. Come now: in what part of England was I born?"

There was a latent sneer under his assumption of deference and admiration; and I answered bluntly,

"Indeed, sir, you are a sphinx. You don't talk like a cockney, for instance. And it can't be said of you, as a pert Oxonian wrote back to his college, the day after he had dined at a great London nabob's, 'we had all the delicacies of the season at table, except the letter h.' have you the silly drawl which I've been told the upper classes have affected till it has grown to be a second habit. Nor the Yorkshire accent, for Mr. Elliott's coachman is a Yorkshireman; and he doesn't pronounce as you do. I heard a Gloucestershire man, only the other day; and you're not a Gloucestershire man. In fact," said I, looking at him with a sudden suspicion, called up by this discussion, "you talk precisely like any ordinary New Yorker."

To my surprise, he shot a quick look of inquiry at me, and colored in embarrassment. But it was only for a moment. He forced a laugh and answered gayly,

"Well done. You literary ladies, after all, beat our sex in the delicacy of your compliments. To be an educated American and an educated Englishman, Miss Elliott," he said, bowing to Georgiana, "is to be precisely the same thing."

By one of those strange instincts, which we



sometimes experience, I felt, at that moment, sawhile, an elderly, single lady came up, who that a third party was listening to this episode. Elived on gossip. I glanced aside, and sure enough, in a deep arm-chair, half concealed by the lace curtains of the window, there sat a gentleman, who, though apparently absorbed in a book before him, wore such a quiet, significant smile on his face, that } I knew he had overheard us. I was annoyed, } for I had a suspicion he was silently laughing at the warmth of my retort. Just then he rose from his seat, and his eyes, as he turned away, rested on me for an instant. I felt the blood rush to my brow. He evidently saw my mortification, for he looked immediately toward Georgiana and her admirer; and the latter, now first } observing him, turned white as ashes.

Somehow, for the rest of that day, I could not } get this stranger out of my mind. I had seen him only for a second; but I knew his every feature, and the air with which he carried himself. A massive head, eagle eyes, a mouth firm as a martyr's, a lofty manner, a powerful frame: intellect, strength and manliness; these were the qualities he impressed me as possessing beyond any other man I had ever seen.

### CHAPTER IV.

THAT night there was a "hop." Strange to say, for the first time in my life, I was fastidious about my dress. But as I had only a white muslin and blue barege, to choose from, I was not long in coming to a decision. I selected the former. My hair was dressed a la Grecque. Before going down stairs, I went into my cousin's room, to see if I could assist her. She was in high good-humor, having on a new and beautifully fitting dress; and looked at me in unaffected surprise.

"Why, Maggy," she cried, "you are really charming. You always dress so old-maidish, that one doesn't know how pretty you grow. There, child, I declare, I've brought quite a color to your cheeks. Isn't she improved, ma?"

My aunt, stiff in moire antique, was drawing her gloves on her fat, pudgy hands. She glanced at me and replied,

"Your cousin will always be odd, Georgy. See how she has dressed her hair."

I knew, from the tone, that my aunt was displeased; perhaps thought my coiffure pretentious; and the pleasure of the evening was spoilt.

ters whirling around in the waltz; all seemed \tion. enjoying themselves: I only was unhappy. After though my cheeks tingled.

"I don't see Miss Elliott's English beau," she said. "Somebody told me, too, he left this afternoon. Do you know anything about it?"

I had not heard of his departure, and was surprised; for he had expected to remain several weeks longer. But I was so indignant at this impertinent attempt to elicit information regarding Georgiana's affairs, that I suppressed my curiosity to learn what my companion knew, changed the conversation, and directly after rose and left her.

The atmosphere, in the drawing-room, was so heated, that I passed out into the piazza, which, running the whole length of the hotel, was used for a public promenade, especially on evenings. It was now almost as crowded as the drawingroom, for a waltz had just been finished, and the dancers were parading, two and two, up and down, gayly chatting and laughing. no one to walk with, I stopped at a chair near one of the windows, so that I could look in. had scarcely taken my seat, when I saw the gentleman, who had overheard our conversation in the morning, cross the room to speak to an acquaintance, who was concealed behind the curtains of the window, outside of which I sat. After mutual expressions of delight and surprise, at meeting each other unexpectedly at this place, the latter said,

"There are some pretty girls here, Talbot. Are you dancing?"

"Dancing," answered my silent critic of the morning, "isn't much in my line; and besides I know nobody as yet."

"Precisely my case. I ran down here, for a day or two, merely because it was near. Generally I go to Newport, as you do. But I understand Gov. Bright, Senator Clare, Col. Howard, and others whom we know are here; and they'll introduce us."

"To tell the truth," replied he, who had been called Talbot, "I don't see any faces here that interest me, except one."

"Who is she?"

"Who she is I can't say. A governess, I be-But what she is, you can judge for yourself. She is sitting yonder, in that corner. No." he added, in a still lower tone, as he glanced across the room, "she has disappeared."

I was within two feet of the speaker, separated Nobody spoke to me for a long while. I sat from him only by the wall, and heard every word on a chair, in one corner, and watched the distinctly. My first impulse was to rise. But matrons gossiping in groups, and their daugh- to have done this would have attracted his atten-I was compelled, therefore, to remain,

"She must be beautiful then," laughed his ? friend, "if, being only a governess, she has people, came gallopading down the piazza, and attracted you."

"Not what a fashionable woman would call beautiful; but something more original," was lieved that a woman ought to be more gratified robe, with wavy brown hair worn in ringlets ? from the back of her head; a tall, stately girl, with great, luminous eyes, and a brilliant complexion: a sort of high-souled Diana stepped down from a pedestal."

I was dizzy with a strange delight. I had not only never heard myself called beautiful before, but had never supposed that I was beautiful.

"You are enthusiastic," replied Mr. Talbot's friend, in a tone, half banter, half surprise. "I must see this paragon."

"She's clever, too; clever in the English ? sense," continued Mr. Talbot. "Whom do you could not, at first, lift my eyes, and my heart think I found here, when I arrived this morn- fluttered nervously. But the one I dreaded, yet ing? That fellow you defended, when I was wished to see, was not there, nor did he reapopposed to you last."

"Not Despencer?"

man. I happened to overhear him flirting with \( \) I deferred telling her, therefore, as I had instylish-looking heiress, the daughter, I suspect, \( \) tended, what I had overheard about him. of the people who employ this governess. He took a long walk on the beach with Rosalie and was romancing grandly about my lord this and her nurse, and when the bathing hour arrived, my lady that, and doing it, I assure you, in a told my pet I would watch her from the bank, way to impose on nine out of ten, when this as I did not wish, myself, to go in, that day. I young lady, who sat there quietly knitting, but \ was leaving the hotel, for this purpose, when dreadfully annoyed, as I could see, happened to my steps were arrested, in the doorway, by the be appealed to." And he briefly narrated what scrowd of laughing and talking young girls and I have already told. "When she had done," he their admirers, who blocked it up for the mosaid, "the fellow looked as crest-fallen as he did ment. All at once I observed that Mr. Talbot in the dock. He evidently thought she had heard was near me. One of the young men, who had, about him. He caught my eye, afterward; re- I suppose, picked up an acquaintance with him, cognized me; and has disappeared, I've no doubt, asked him if he was going to bathe, and on his for I don't see him here to-night. You know he's a coward."

"Cursing you heartily," laughed the other, "for having prevented his trapping an heiress."

"Precisely. But he'd have been found out. This Diana of mine even if I hadn't come. would have seen through him before long. she has culture, as well as intellect and beauty, what a woman she must be!"

"How old is she?"

"That's the most curious part of all. Apparently about eighteen. Governesses, you know, we generally old and ugly."

"How do you know she's a governess?"

her daughter, a bony, sharp-nosed caricature of berself, 'see what a ridiculous way that girl, the Elliotts' governess, has her hair dressed in.' The one or two silly girls. But here another gentle beiress, I believe, is a Miss Elliott."

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Fortunately, at this juncture, a crowd of young availing myself of the noise, I escaped, undetected.

Up to that hour of my life, I had said and be-"She is dressed in a simple white by praise of her intellect than of her person. now knew better. For the sweetest words I had ever heard were Mr. Talbot's declaration that I was beautiful. A tumult of strange, but happy feelings possessed me; I could not remain among the crowd; I stole away to my favorite arbor, at the foot of the lawn, overlooking the sea. There I sat, for quite an hour, in a dreamy, delicious revery, only mechanically hearing the surf breaking on the beach beneath me, and the music of the dancers fitfully rising and falling on the land wind.

> When I stole back to the drawing-room, I pear for the rest of the evening.

The next morning, Georgiana was out of \*\* Yes! and passing himself off for an English- \hat\text{humor: I suppose at the absence of her admirer. replying in the negative, the other added, familiarly,

"Not used to it, eh? Or a little afraid? It's rough, to-day, and will take a good bather."

A quiet smile of contempt was the only answer to this ill-bred speech; then the crowd opened, and I pushed through.

The crowd flocked after me. Ladies in wrappers; gentlemen in bathing hats; nurses carrying children in long flannel night-gowns; a grotesque medley; but every one in high goodhumor. A group near me was talking of Mr. Talbot's refusal.

"Afraid, that's it," said his interlocutor. "I heard one of these old tabby-cats say to \"One of your solemn prigs. Shouldn't wonder if he was a parson on a ticket of leave."

> At this coarse sally there was a laugh from man interposed.



looked into the billiard-room, last night, when there were twenty men among the bathers, all I was there; and I asked him to play, for all were hastening in shore, the boastful Jones you fellers were dancing and I was deuced hard | leading the terrified pack, and actually treading run----"

"And he played?"

"Yes! and beat me. Beat me easy. He's somebody, let me tell you; for Senator Clare and the governor both came in, staid till the game was over, and then took him away with them to talk. They wouldn't do that with any of us. I saw them, an hour after, sitting together in the shadow of the piazza. You'd better not be quite so free-and-easy with him, Jones."

"Who can he be?" cried the young ladies. "Has any one heard his name?"

It is an animated and often amusing sight, when fifty or a hundred persons, of all ages and in every variety of dress, are sporting in the surf: the young shouting with fun and excitement, while the old gravely go through with the bath as if it was the most serious affair in life. One cannot, at first, recognize one's most intimate acquaintances. The tall, willowy belle of the drawing-room has lost the cloud-like amplitude of lace and muslin, which distinguished her the night before, and is converted into a walking mummy, in red and blue woolen Bloomers; an oil-skin cap on her head, no shoes to her feet, her thin person at the mercy of the breeze. The stately dame, lately compressed into that "love of a basque," is revealed in all her huge proportions, and wallows over the sand, toward the surf, in her yellow-brown bathing-dress, quivering all over like calves-foot jelly. the cunning look of the babies!

I had taken a book with me, and after watching the scene awhile, began to read, occasionally looking up to see how Rosalie enjoyed the bath. The little thing was in high glee, and far out among the breakers: where, catching sight of me, she clapped her tiny hands and laughed. I smiled back, and wished, for the moment, I had bathed too; for the waves came rolling in quick and crisp, and everybody was wild with delight. To shut out the temptation I turned again to my book.

Suddenly there was a startling cry. I looked The bathers were hurrying in shore: the }

"He's not a parson, I'll bet on that; for he; a score of voices, all in one breath. Yet though down helpless females in his way.

I sprang to my feet, and with a wild cry was rushing to the bank, when a strong arm restrained me. It was that of Mr. Talbot.

At any other time his presence would have embarrassed me, but now I thought only of

"Oh! save her," I cried, clasping my hands, "save her!"

He seemed to comprehend everything at once. Throwing off his coat, he leaped down the bank, ran swiftly across the beach, denuding himself of cravat and vest as he went; stopped an instant, on the edge of the surf, to remove his shoes: and plunged in. The next moment he was far out among the breakers.

I watched him breathlessly. He reached the nurse just as she was going down for the last time, caught her, and turned to come in. But at that instant, an enormous billow swept over them; and the whole three went under.

Twenty voices were speaking at once. I heard every one of them, and recognized most of the speakers, though I never took my eyes from the breakers. The nurse was being censured by all. She had been warned, one said, not to go out so far, but had disregarded everybody, and had finally got into a hole, and lost her footing, and with it her presence of mind. A current, which ran just outside the breakers, another added. had swept her, in a moment after, far beyond her depth. Mr. Talbot, one of the gentlemen said, was in this current now, and would never get out of it alive, "for I saw the nurse," he continued, "catch him about the neck as he went down." A by-stander suggested that if a boat could be launched, something might yet be done. But a dozen voices answered that there were no fishermen about, and that nobody else could steer a boat through the surf: besides, the nearest boat was three hundred yards off. The attempt to save the nurse and child, another declared, had been madness from the first. It was the craven Jones, that spoke, for I recognized his voice.

Hours seemed to elapse while these things were being said. But the drowning persons did women screaming; the men pale, but silent. Int reappear. The great wave, which had car-With an instinctive fear I searched the crowd { ried them under, rushed shorewards, and spent for Rosalie and her nurse. They were not to itself at the very feet of the fugitives. Another, be seen. But I beheld, beyond the breakers, a and another came racing in. Suddenly, in a woman's form, sinking and struggling; I caught \{\times trough of the sea, far out, I saw an arm dashed the gleam of a child's golden hair; and I heard \undergo upwards; it held aloft a child's form, which I rethe cry, "they are drowning," repeated by half ? cognized as Rosalie's; and it was followed immediately by Mr. Talbot. His face was full of stern { their lofty fronts towering higher and higher as resolution; but he seemed quite exhausted; and they approached. The foremost was close upon he turned eagerly to note how far he was from him. It paused ominously, piling itself up and

one go to their aid? Could he make any head- followed, as the tons of water descended; and way! Yes! he did. He struck boldly out; he the brave face disappeared, and with it Rosalie. rode that incoming wave triumphantly; he was The succeeding waves rolled swiftly in, and siready twenty feet nearer to the beach.

Alas! for human hope. At that moment, I saw { swam around me. three or four gigantic rollers rushing after him, ?

up, away into the sky. Suddenly, a streak of My heart beat wild and fast. Oh! would no foam shot along its crest; a sound like thunder broke over the boiling gulf; and everything

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# ON MY LITTLE SON,

WHO DIED JUNE 29, 1857.

#### BY PARK BENJAMIN.

WHEN June was beautiful with flowers My darling passed away: Alas! I cannot count the hours From that unhappy day-It seems to me a life-time now, Since these sad eyes surveyed The marble silence of his brow, Beneath death's solemn shade.

I kissed it, and the icy touch Went freezing to my heart; And ah! I never knew how much I loved him, till, apart From all the rest, I softly went And gazed upon him, dead; And held his little hand, and bent In voiceless wee, my head!

And prayed such prayers as fathers pray, For solace from above-When He, who gave, has snatched away The very soul of love; And took one last, long, lingering look. That I might always trace, Like letters graven in a book. That fair and tender face.

A year, and more, has sadly flown Since unto earth I gave His precious form, and left alone My treasure in the grave-Alone! and oh! I heard him say, As home I came, "My dear, Dear father, do not go away, And leave your Harry here!"

"My son! my son! I leave you not Alone," my heart replied, "Yours is a happy, happy lot, Thus early to have died; You are not here, my gentle love-Not here, in this cold sod, But borne on pinions like a dove, Dwell with our Father, God."

"Our Father,"—this he strove to say, That long and and wretched night, When in my arms he, dying, lay; And when the morning light Shone dimly on his fading eyes, That oft repeated word Would to his pallid lips arise, And "father," still I heard.

And now that voice I sometimes hear When I am all alone, And sometimes on my dreaming ear Sounds its familiar tone; And sometimes his beloved smile Dawns sweetly through the gloom, And I expect to hear the while His footsteps through the room.

But he is vanished—nothing can His darling self restore-To me, a sad, heart-broken man, He will return no more; Yet, I shall go to him, and stand With him in light above, For God will lend my Harry's hand To lead me to His love!

### SONNET.

#### BY HATTIE H. CHILD.

Hypric and beautiful the tender light Yet lingering in that soft and beaming eye; Over us both the free and open sky Waves her broad wings to usher in the night. Now, down the mountain side does yonder stream Break, in its waterfalls, each rising gleam, Enger to multiply the moonbeams bright.

'Tis fair, 'tis holy; but you risen star Rules the hushed air, as if with conscious might; Oh! let it witness what we dearly plight! That silver lamp lights happiness from far, Heaven looks to bless and sanctify the sight; Even as the stream reflects the skies above Does each heart mirror back its heaven of 10ve?



## THE DAISY;

## OR, THREE VISITS TO NEWPORT.

## BY A NEW CONTRIBUTOR.

port for the first time. As the sloop threaded interest. her way among the green islands in the harbor, and approached the landing, I was struck with forth again. The site of the Ocean House was tered round "the stranger."

After helping to bestow my baggage upon a the whir of the grasshoppers startled by my feet. wheelbarrow, trundled by a barefooted boy, who Just then a bell of singular sweetness rang from the drooping boughs of the elms.

Reaching the then solitary public house, I was { soon summoned to dinner, the meal being served at one, that being the fashionable hour when } there was no fashion. A long afternoon thus } gained, I bespoke the only hack in the place, and spent some hours in visiting the notabilities } of the vicinity. I entered the chamber whence the daring Barton hurried the astounded Pres-I stood on the brink of Purgatory.

It was twenty years ago, when I visited New-; stamp of conscious respectability were full of

After breakfast, next morning, I sauntered the air of desertion which prevailed. No ship- a grain field, and the Atlantic House a potato ping lay at anchor. The capacious red, or un- patch. I bent my steps, at last, toward the Redpainted, warehouses seemed unused. No rival wood Library. The air about it was soft with hackmen rent the air with obtrusive clamor: no vapors from the misty Atlantic, and redolent of nimble porters strove for my trunk. Boat-buil- \( \) clover, elder, and honeysuckle; the air of the ders laid down their tools to see the rare pheno- primitive Eden could not have been more "delimenon of an arrival, and hatless children clus- cate." The only sounds that broke the stillness were the twittering of the busy swallows, and

had volunteered to serve me as guide, I walked out; and following its melodious guidance, I up Long Wharf. On my way, the old clock in came to that venerable structure, Trinity Church. the State-House solemnly struck the hour of \(\) It was St. Bartholomew's Day; and the congrenoon; but midnight itself could not have made \( \frac{1}{2} \) gation, three-fourths of whom were women, were Washington Square more silent. A sleepy horse sassembling for worship. Passing through the was hitched to one of the cannon, that marked grave-yard, overgrown with tall grass, clover, its western limit; a permitted estray was drink- and hemp, I entered the open door. Soon after, ing from the moss-grown tub at the fountain; the reverend rector, in gown and bands, passed robins were flitting among the poplars in "the up the middle aisle, and entered the vestry-room; mall;" and nests of the oriole hung swaying from which he almost immediately emerged again in the surplice, and took his place in the reading desk. As he turned the leaves of the big, red Bible and prayer-book, marking the pages for the morning's service, his mild, blue eye wandered over his little flock, as if to note the present and the absent. He might well do that, for his people were indeed his people-the days of shifting crowds and indistinguishable masses had not come. There was a baptism, and one cott; and listened to the gurgling of the brook of the recipients was a little girl about four years that then flowed in greater volume along the cold. She was exceedingly beautiful. Her large, ravine by which they gained the shore. I trod ! lustrous eyes contrasted strongly with the whitethe secluded Whitehall, where dwelt the great- iness of her smooth brow, while slender curls of hearted Berkeley; and rested beneath the Hang- silken amber drooped over her fair neck. I did ing Rocks, those "permanent crags," in whose \ not wonder that her pastor smiled so benignly shade he wrote his "Minute Philosopher." I upon her, nor that he held her very tenderly in crossed the beaches whose grey sands had so this fatherly embrace, as she twined her tiny often been imprinted by the feet of Malbone and ingers amid his grey locks, and rested her sunny of Alston, now unmarked save by the sea bird. Shead against his bosom. When the baptismal service was over, and the Benedictus pealed from To me, the precincts of the town had a pe- the Berkeleyan organ, I joined in the exultant The quiet streets, the dusky hymn; giving praise in my heart for the child shops, the aristocratic mansions, the English inow born again, as well as for the human birth aspect of the inhabitants, and the deep, broad of the holy son of Mary. When we came out, the family group paused at the gate to exchange thefore, and one or two returning market-wagons greetings with their friends; and the little Mar- plodded on at the same slow pace. Alighting at garet strayed among the graves, gathering wild the Bellevue House, the groups of little children flowers. Climbing a high tomb, she stepped too at play beneath the horse-chesnuts gave more near the edge, lost her balance, and would have of life to the scene; and their negro nurses, with fallen backward upon a sharply broken foot- their handkerchief-enveloped heads, showed them stone, had not I caught her. The parents and to be visitants from Southern homes. three or four others rushed simultaneously forward, but they would have been too late to save their darling from injury, perhaps death. Their thanks were so earnest, I hastened to make my escape: but not before the father had demanded my address, and given me his own in exchange. His card bore the name of Gilbert Devon. As we parted, little Margaret held out to me the flowers she had so assiduously culled, begging } me to take them. I drew a daisy from the bouquet, and laying it in my prayer-book, told her I would keep that for its name-sake.

At twenty-one I married. Ellen --- was very beautiful, sang well, danced well, and seemed amiable in temper. She was the only child of a rich, old man, and the centre of a circle of ad-Neighborhood and mutual Phyllis was at the 'sylum." miring bachelors. acquaintances threw us often together: my relatives looked approvingly upon her prospects; a green road, which led through a farm on the and officious familiars resolved upon a match. western shore, to the bank opposite Coaster's To me they hinted that the fair Ellen sighed for Harbor Island. While waiting the tardy coming no other: and like the plotting friends of Benedict and Beatrice, they whispered her the same mischievous lie. With the vanity of youth, and the wonted credulity of my sex in such matters, I believed: and flattered at being preferred to older and more devoted aspirants, I soon fan- buttons, his broad chest. Epaulets glittered on cied myself in love. Her father favored me, for his square shoulders; a black plume waved in he was eager to connect with his daughter the heir of an educated family; having that reverence for superior knowledge so often evinced by those whose early lives have passed in ignorance and coarseness.

In short, I married, full of a boy's romantic notions of domestic bliss. But our tastes, our training, our pursuits were adverse; and to both, marriage became a galling yoke. Yet we learned to bear it quietly, and the wise world commended our harmony.

At length my wife was taken away, and I was left alone. I was not a popular man, and I knew So when thoughtful fathers began to urge me to family dinners, and smiling mothers pressed me to fetes champetres, I grew disgusted; and resigning my wife's fortune in behalf of her needy relatives, I left the city.

Impelled by a vague longing, I turned toward As the stage approached the town, the old windmills by the road-side swung their her own way, she told of the gentle nursing of monster arms as they had done twelve years the loving Margaret, of her assiduous devotion

Seeking the host, I inquired of the family of Gilbert Devon; and received in answer the two chilling words, "All gone." This was modified, however, by more particular information; the substance of which was that Mr. Devon and his wife were dead, and that their daughter had gone to reside elsewhere. When he added that Mr. Devon had died insolvent, I thought of my own ample fortune with a satisfaction that I had never felt before. Where the daughter was, my host could not tell; but referred me to a waiter who had been a servant at the Devons', until the family had broken up. The black knew only that "Miss Margaret had gone to her uncle"--"aunt Phyllis could tell me all about ber"-"aunt Phyllis was her nurse"-"aunt

Engaging the fellow as a guide, I drove over of the boatman, for whom we had signaled, a strangely attired and stalwart figure appeared beside us. A scarlet stripe ornamented the seams of his white trousers; a uniform coat covered his back; and a buff vest, with gilt his hat, and a long sword rattled at his side. To the jocose and mocking salutation of my guide, he deigned no reply; but when I lifted my hat to him, with the deference that his mien seemed to challenge, he raised his hand to the brim of his own in true military fashion, while his eye lightened with approval of the appreciative stranger. The transit seemed to me as though it would be interminable. The half crazy ferryman rowed now this way, now that, until the soldierly John rebukingly seized the oar, and with vigorous jerks sped us to the landing. His "much obleege" for my grateful fee were his only words, and I saw him no more.

Poor Phyllis was glad to have a listener to the story of the Devons. With the privileged garrulity of the old domestic, she detailed the minutest particulars of the illness of her mistress-of the nights of watching, and the days of care-of her peaceful parting at the last. In

still submission. care of William Devon, Esq., Boston, in which to time and forward. Wishing to do the affectionate creature a service, I offered to act as her } amanuensis. She accepted my assistance, and I filled a sheet at her dictation. It closed with "love to Master James." Involuntarily I looked up, and in answer to my inquiring glance, she observed, "Miss Margaret is engaged to him."

Unacknowledged to myself. I had been rearing the most unsubstantial of air-built castles, and a single breath had blown it down forever. The daisy of my boyhood had struck deeper root in my maturer dreams than I had known.

Eight years passed away, with little change ? to me. During the first, a Boston paper announced the marriage, at the house of William Devon, of James Chase and Margaret, daughter of the late Gilbert Devon, all formerly of Newport. At the close of the last, one of the journals of the day reported the failure of the house of Chase & Co., with the addition that James Chase, the senior partner, had given up, for the debts of the concern, an estate that had been so devised to him as to make its retention perfectly legal. I was alone in the world, with no relative or friend dependent upon me for support; and I determined to place a part of my property at the disposal of Margaret's husband. To do this delicately and successfully, required some knowledge of Mr. Chase's character; and to gain that knowledge, I set off for Newport.

Delayed by fog, it was ten o'clock in the morning, when the boat stopped at the landing. A crowd darkened the wharf, and the names of at least half a dozen hotels were shouted by uproarious hackmen. Thames street was choked by the carriages that waited at the shop doors; and hurrying express wagons clattered over the } pavement of Spring street. Atlantic House, the sole object that I recog- } nized, was the unchangeable Stone Mill.

to the beach. How changed was everything

to her bereaved father; and of the doting fond- valetudinarians crept upon the margin of the ness with which he clung to her. She dwelt on \sea, and stout swimmers laid their "hands upon her master's sudden death, and on Margaret's the ocean's mane," and rode him like a well-Loud was her lamentation trained charger. Old men tottered knee-deep over the fallen fortunes of the orphan. It was in the brine, and frightened infants screamed very long before I could lead her to the main at sight of the dashing water. Emerging bathers object of my visit, Margaret's present abode. Fran shivering from door to door of the long rows After much delay, she produced a little box that of unsightly dressing huts, in the vain endeavor Margaret had left with her, in which were a to recall a forgotten number. Hacks and omninumber of envelopes, with her address to the buses wheeled forward and backward in search of fares; and stray spaniels whiningly sniffed Phyllis was to enclose news of herself from time { for lost masters; for the dog of Ulysses would have failed to recognize the Greek hero if he had come back in a wet bathing-dress.

At my return, I had time to note the changes wrought elsewhere also, by twenty years. On the spot where I had once found wild flowers, withered dames figured in artificial bloom; and where the bobolink then trilled his eccentric melody, the artistic notes of a German band swelled through spacious halls. An hour later, I mounted my horse and rode out. Far southward, almost to the rocky shore, the once rural hill swarmed with carriages and equestrians. Amateur jockeys tried the speed of slenderlimbed trotters; and groom-attended girls displayed their grace or awkwardness. A massive granite gateway, bearing symbols of death and eternity, had risen to guard the entrance of the Jewish Cemetery. Beside it, Hay street had opened a new vista through the fields. Following its course for a time, I turned my horse westward, with the intention of seeing old Phyllis once more. Near the asylum, I met the fantastic Haytian, from whose broken English I was able to gather that she still lived. The crazy boatman's occupation was gone, for a firm causeway now crossed the shallow channel.

Phyllis remembered me, and received me with a hearty greeting. Eloquent as ever in praise of Margaret, she prated of her constant kindness; told how she came every year to see her, and what rare, good gifts she brought; and drew from her chest of treasures many a precious token of her young mistress's loving re-I marveled inwardly that she membrance. poured forth no regrets for Margaret's recent misfortunes; and ventured myself to speak of Mr. Chase's reverses. She shook her head and Driving to the sighed, adding, quite philosophically, that it was "now all one to him." I asked an explanation, and she told me he was dead. "Dead!" I paused a moment only, and then drove on I exclaimed, and said no more; but Phyllis went on to tell that Mr. William had taken his sister from my first visit! Groups of merry youths home again; that Miss Margaret would have her and merrier maidens, in robes of every hue, resume her old place at the head of the house; romped and screamed amid the waves. Timid and much more, of all which I comprehended bewildered. I began to doubt my own sanity. side the tomb where Margaret had stood, and But I knew that Margaret had no brother: I when the crowd had issued forth, returned into knew that William Devon was her paternal uncle. the church with it in my hand. My seat had Out of patience with the senseless babble of the been near the chancel, and as I now drew near, woman, I began to ply her with questions. At two ladies, who had lingered, stood looking at last it was all made clear. Margaret's father the gilded tables of the law. In a tone full of and grandfather had both borne the name of \ sad music, one of them observed, "I remember Gilbert, and her aunt as well as herself that of the first time I ever entered these walls. It was Margaret. It was the aunt who had been the when I was brought to be baptized." Her face wife of James Chase.

the next inquiry. "She never married," was that hour; her heedlessness; her danger, and the answer. The lover of her girlhood had been her being saved by an unknown youth; her faithless, and had long ceased to be regretted.

conceived that two might own the name of Mar- \ wonder if he really retained it, and if I ever garet Devon! Remounting my horse, I went shall see him again. I mean to pick another slowly back to my lodgings, musing on what from the same spot and keep it until I find its might have been.

The next day was Sunday, and I once more bent my steps to the church, where I had seen the gentle child whose memory so clung to me.

The building was unchanged. There were the square pews, the high pulpit with its tasseled cushion, and the sounding-board swinging fearfully above it; the fringed desks; the oak-cased organ, surmounted by crown and mitre; the mural tablets. But what a change in the worshipers! Every seat was filled, and by people { twenty years." Surprised, confounded, she took of every type. Here were the fair hair and car- it, and with hastily murmured thanks passed out mation-tinted cheek of New England; and there of the church. the dark, pale face of the sunnier South.

place was filled by a comparatively youthful and conjectured whether Margaret laughed at figure, with the brow of a Persian. His sonor- my sentimentality, or was indignant at my imous voice and clear enunciation were very effec- pudence. So I went to her to learn the truth. tive in the liturgy, but could not drown the Neither anger nor contempt were seen in those trampling of horses and rattling of carriages deep eyes; but maidenly consciousness and outside, during the sermon. On coming out, a grateful kindliness. I found her more beauclose line of vehicles stretched along Spring tiful than even in childhood, and in every street; and another on Church street intersected womanly excellence beyond my highest imaginit at right angles, unwittingly making the sign ings. of the cross with equipages and footmen.

avoid the throng, stepped from the walk and EDAY'S EYE.

To this unintelligible prattle I listened \ stood among the graves. I plucked a daisy bewas averted, but I Telt that it was Margaret "Whom then had Margaret married?" was Devon. She went on to detail the incidents of giving him her flowers, and his promise to keep Oh, what a dullard was I, never to have the daisy. She added playfully, "I sometimes fellow."

> She turned to go, as she spoke, and came full upon me, standing with the daisy in my hand.

> I was no longer a youth, and the child Margaret was now a stately woman. The grey hairs that had crept among the chesnut on my temples ought, perhaps, to have brought more wisdom with them; but I was impelled onward. Holding out to her the freshly gathered flower, I said, "Will you not take this? I have kept the other

I went home in a whirl of undefinable emotion. The grey-haired rector was gone, and his it was in vain that I called myself an old fool;

Why lengthen out my story? I wooed, I won; Missing my cane, I went back for it, and to and the little Margaret has become indeed my

#### THE RECALL.

BY P. H. STAUFFER.

Come back! Come back to me again! As if those angry words had not been said! The tears of bitterness that I have shed Would wash away a sin of twice its stain. Come back! Come back to me again, I place my hands upon my aching headI wish that I were with the dead, To know no more of wretchedness and pain! Come back! Come back to me again! I offer for those cruel words I said The free devotion of a life instead! How happy now! I have not plead in vain.



## WHAT ANNE DALAND DID.

#### BY KATE WARE.

"Thou shalt find by hearty striving only, And truly loving, thou shalt truly live."

the sky. The light of the setting sun streamed is made up of little things, and there is not the through the crimson curtain upon her face, as romance about it that there would be about she leaned her head on her hand. It was a going to Turkey on a mission. You ought not sweet, thoughtful face, with its hazel eyes so to be contented while you are living so for yourcalm in their clearness, its delicate mouth that for all its ripe fullness was decided, and its \ father and mother happy, Anne? soft, dark hair. But its expression was more } than thoughtful now; it was sad, and tears were } dropping on to her little, lady-like hand, that { rested on her cheek.

"Why Anne, what a sigh!" said a cheerful voice, and some one behind her took her face between two soft hands and turned it up to look at it.

"Is it you, cousin Mary? I didn't know there was anybody here."

"I just came in. Is there, Anne, room for of what she had just said to her. me too on the lounge?"

down by her. She was a sweet, genial, old maid, the favorite cousin of the Daland family, who always welcomed a visit from her as a sort of jubilee.

"What troubles you, Anne?" she said, in her peculiarly gentle, winning way, looking straight into Anne's eyes as she spoke.

Her cousin tried to evade the question at first, but finally unable to resist the charm of Mary's manner, she frankly opened her heart to her.

"I am not half so happy as I thought I should § be, after I left school, cousin Mary. My life seems so aimless and useless. The little things I do every day don't amount to anything, and I get so tired of them! I do wish, somehow, I could live differently. I don't seem to be of any use in the world."

"Then, Anne, why don't you begin to do something?"

"That's the very thing, cousin Mary. I don't know what to do. Sometimes I really have a great mind to go 'out West' and teach school, or go away off somewhere and be a missionary and convert the heathen. Only," added Anne, dolefully, "father would never be willing."

home in that case. 48

ANNE DALAND sat by the window watching (round you, if you would not scorn it because it self alone. Why not do more to make your Since you cannot teach the heathen, why not go out into the kitchen and teach poor Bridget to read and write? You might visit the poor and sick, and do good in a thousand ways, if you only were willing to practice a little self-denial."

> Her cousin talked earnestly with her, and Anne sat quietly when she had ceased, her face still turned to the window, her eyes fixed on the clouds, whose sunset glory was fast passing away, but cousin Mary knew she was thinking

When the tea-bell had rung, and they got up Anne moved a little, and "cousin Mary" sat to go into the dining-room, Anne slipped her arm round her cousin's waist and said softly, "I am glad you said what you did, cousin Mary, and I will try to live more for others, and less for myself."

> "I am very sorry," said Mr. Daland, laying down the newspaper he had been reading since tea, "but I believe I shall have to give up reading in the evenings altogether, it makes my eyes ache so," and he sighed at the thought of it.

> Anne looked up from the delightful volume of Irving she had buried herself in, hesitated a moment, then resolutely shut it up and offered to read the paper to her father. It was rather dull, reading all the ship news, and prices current, and debates in the legislature, but she felt repaid by her father's affectionate, "Thank you, my dear," when she finished. She was eyes to her father every evening after that.

> "You have already begun to do good, Anne," whispered cousin Mary to her, as she kissed her and said, "Good night."

Anne sat up in her room a good while that evening, thinking, thinking. She saw that she had been unhappy because she was selfish, and that while discontented because she could not "Ah, Anne, there is plenty for you to do at \ do some great, shining deed, she had overlooked There is work lying all entirely that which it lay in her power to do.

It was with a new sense of weakness and sin encased in a pair of little, thick walking-boots, that she knelt to pray for forgiveness for the past, and strength for the future.

Anne's new enthusiasm for doing good sent her into the kitchen the very next morning. "Bridget," said she, to that worthy domestic, who at that moment was deep in the mysteries of one of her delicious puddings. "Don't you wish you knew how to read and write as well as cook?"

Bridget dropped her egg-beater in astonishment at the question. "You're not making fun of me now, are ye, Miss Anne? Shure I'd give the whole of New York, just to be able to write a bit of a letter home to Ireland now and then."

So the lessons began that very day. It was no easy task that she had undertaken, Anne soon found that out. Poor Bridget! her memory was so short, and her mind as undisciplined as the merest child's, and she had such a propensity to learn everything by rote! Anne got discouraged sometimes, but she was determined to persevere, and she did.

One dull, foggy, dismal day, Anne Daland stood at the window looking out at the dreary { prospect. The streets were muddy, and the few people who were out looked uncomfortable, and in a hurry to get home.

"Isn't it doleful, mother?" said Anne.

"Why, yes, I suppose so, since you say it is! But I've been too busy all day to mind the weather much," and Mrs. Daland bent her sweet. motherly face over her sewing again.

"There now, mother! I hope that isn't intended for a hit at me, I have done ever so much to-day; 'the little busy bee' is not to be compared to me, and yet I'm blue, decidedly blue. I'll tell you what it is, mother," said she, after } another pause, "I'm going out."

"What, in this muddy walking?"

"It won't hurt me any. I'm going on an exploring expedition, to see if I can't find somebody to cheer up. Cousin Mary would say that is the best way to drive off the blues."

Mrs. Daland thought Anne might be right, so gave her one or two commissions. One to go and see a sick man, Mr. Malone, and the other to take a book to Mary Brackett.

"Mary is one of the best old maids that ever was, which is saying a great deal, and she's lonely. She can't go out much, you know, on account of her rheumatism," said Mrs. Daland.

In a few minutes Anne set out. The bustle of getting ready had already nearly dispelled the blues. She walked briskly along, holding Daland had praised the children for looking so up her skirts with one hand, just disclosing a neat. glimpse of a white stocking, and very neat feet

that would have rejoiced the heart of an Englishman, as they went tapping on the side walk with their little heels. The warm, damp air brought the color to her checks, and the very sight of such a bright, fresh, pretty face was enough to make one cheerful that dismal day. She met but few acquaintances, but they unconsciously brightened up as they returned her cordial smile and bow. Before she got to Mr. Malone's, she found a little, poor-looking boy, who had lost his way, and was crying bitterly.

"Here's a chance to make somebody happy," thought our young lady. She questioned him kindly, and found out where he lived, and restored him to his mother, who fortunately lived on the way to Mr. Malone's. The poor woman's name was Mrs. Hoyt. She thanked Anne over and over, and urged her to come in. So Anne went into the little room. Everything was neat, but showed that they were very poor indeed. Mrs. Hoyt, in talking with Anne, disclosed to her almost all her trials.

Her husband had died, and left her with four little children to take care of. She took in washing for a living, but lately she could get no work, and she had become entirely disheartened. Anne's kind heart was touched when the poor woman put her apron up to her face and cried; she tried to comfort her as well as she could.

"I'm so sorry for you," said she, "I don't wonder you feel discouraged. I wish I could do something for you. Send your little boy to our house in the morning, and I'll give him a basketful of things to carry home."

Then she remembered that one of their neighbors wanted a washer-woman. She told Mrs. Hoyt so, and that she had no doubt but that she could get work there, and then the lady would recommend her to her friends. And so followed by thanks, she went away, but she had no idea how much good she had done, or pleasure she had given.

The look of trouble left the widow's face at the thought of having employment; Anne's ready sympathy had taken away the heavy feeling at her heart, that nobody would care whether she lived or died; the very sight of her sunny face, and bright, pretty dress had pleased the children, who talked of her for days after. Poor Mrs. Hoyt! she actually had almost a smile on her face that night, as she sat up to mend a little, ragged jacket, remembering how Miss

Old Mr. Malone, who was a paralytic, was



He was a good, old man, very glad to see her and after Anne had sat a little while with him. he, with a look at his wife, who sat by him, "ain't near so good at reading as she is at nursing."

So Anne did, and while she was reading, in came a coarsely dressed, rough-looking man, whose face was all seamed with the small-pox. "He's one of the neighbors-don't mind himhe won't have no objections," said Mr. Malone, afraid she was going to stop. So she went on reading, and the rough-looking man listened attentively, even eagerly, to every word, and stared out of the window after her as long as she was in sight, when she went away, promising Mr. Malone that she would come again soon, and read to him.

With a softened, loving feeling to everybody in her heart, Anne went with the book her mother had sent to Mary Brackett. The pretty, tasteful room, with its bright fire, and pictures, and canary birds at the window, looked charming, almost fairy-like, after the one she had just laft

Little, merry Miss Brackett, with her funny, old-fashioned ways, welcomed her cordially, and scolded playfully, because she had not been there before.

"We sour old maids are pleased, after all, when the young girls come to see us," said she.

"You are not an old maid, Miss Brackett," said Anne, making herself comfortable in one of Mary's little rocking-chairs, "because you don't keep a cat; old maids always do."'

"Bless you, child, it's only because I can't get one to suit me. I'm set on a Maltese with white paws, just as I am set on not marrying till I find somebody like Dr. Kane!"

"Oh! isn't that book of his splendid?" Anne exclaimed, kindling with enthusiasm.

So they talked about Dr. Kane, discussed all the news, and had such a chatty, sociable time, that before Anne knew it, it was getting late, and she must go.

"You're a pleasant little lady, Miss Anne Daland," said Miss Brackett to her, as she stood at the door, about to go, "and I hope you'll

"Little?" said that young lady, drawing herself up indignantly, being more than a head taller than Mary Brackett.

"Well, don't look like a wrathful Juno about it, my dear: that style don't suit you. I am much obliged to your mother for the book. revoir," she prided herself in her French.

"Mother." said Anne, when she got home, "vou don't know what a pleasant time I've had. proposed to her that she should read him a I declare I never thought of the blues once," she chapter out of the Bible. "My woman," said went on, untying her bonnet, and talking in the most animated manner at the same time. "Everybody was so glad to see me: and oh! I must tell about a Mrs. Hovt I came across." And she related to her mother her "adventure," as she called it.

> The impulse that had been wakened in Anne's heart to do good, did not die away when its novelty was gone. Some of her schemes for usefulness failed, and some succeeded: but they all had a softening, beneficial effect on her character, whether she knew it or not, and made her more unselfish. But there was one place where her efforts succeeded, and were appreciated fully. as the following extract from a letter of her mother's to "cousin Mary" will show:

> "As for Anne, I really believe the dear child grows more lovable every day. She does a great deal to relieve me of care, and devotes nearly every evening to her father-who cannot read by gaslight now-reading to him, or playing and singing. She is the very light of the house. don't know what we should do without her."

> One warm day, several months after the conversation with which our story began, a little Irish girl came for Anne to go and see "Mr. Brett."

> "Mr. Brett?" said Anne, reflectively, "I never heard the name before. There must be some mistake about it."

> "Oh! no, marm; he's a sick man what lives in our house; he's going off in a consumption, an' he's been talking ever so long if he only could have Miss Daland read to him, an' nobody knew who you was, till yesterday, Mrs. Hoyt was in, and she tells mother where you live. An' Mr. Brett, thin he was in a fever till I came for you."

Anne wasn't much enlightened by the statement, and inquired where he lived. It was in "Dyer's court," one of the worst and dirtiest places in the city. She hesitated a moment about the propriety of going there, besides, it was so warm; but her better impulses prevailed, and she went with the little girl.

It was a tall, black house, that seemed to be swarming with occupants, at the end of a narrow. dark lane. The battered door was half off its hinges, and the steep steps were so wet and dirty that Anne's forehead wrinkled with disgust as she trod on them. Up one pair of dark stairs after another till she reached the garret, where Au the child left her. Such a little cooped up, wretched place! And at one end of it, on a low bed, covered with ragged quilts, lay a man. He ? in often, and attend to his wants, for he had no turned his head feebly, at her entrance, and one to take care of him. His face instantly brightened. looked at her. She thought she had seen the rough, coarse and he would say, "The Lord bless you," when features, seamed with small-pox before, haggard is she would finish reading to him, as she always and changed by sickness as they were now, but \( \) did, though sometimes she read but a few verses for the life of her she could not tell when.

"Oh!" said the man, "I'm so glad you've come at last. Sit down, sit down; if you were an angel I couldn't be gladder to see you!"

Anne looked round, then took the broken chair by the bed:

"I'm glad you know me, Mr. Brett," she said, } gently; "but I don't think I recollect where I have \ seen you."

"You went to see old Malone once, when I was there, and you read to him out of a Bible ? such blessed words about the Lord, as how He } told 'em about 'the mansions,' and not to be afraid, and how he loved 'em; I never could forget them words, never; and, since I've been sick here, it seems as I'd give the world and welcome just to hear you read them blessed words again."

Here a terrible fit of coughing interrupted him. When it was over, Annie told him that she remembered his coming into Mr. Malone's very well, the first time she went to read to him, and wished she had known of his being sick before.

"Oh! Miss, I've thought on you day and night since I've been lying here, and didn't know where to send for you, nor nothing, only that your name was Daland. And there wasn't nobody that could read to me, only the doctor, as has been a week now to see me, and I hadn't no courage to ask him, though he's been very kind."

Anne was very much touched, and glad that she had come at once. She read to him the fourteenth chapter of John, and the tears came into her eyes, when he told her, that that chapter, which she had read to Mr. Malone that day he had seen her there, was the only one he had heard since he was a child, for he had not been in a church for years.

Anne sat with him nearly an hour, talking with him about the Saviour, "who will in no wise as he bowed quietly to her, and said to his cast out any who come to him." He listened { patient, eagerly, never taking his eyes off her face, and; when she went away, entreated her to come at first, when I heard the singing as I came up again.

was possible, and did what she could to make my listening to you on the stairs," he said to him more comfortable while he lived, and she Anne, "but I could not help it. I hope I have promised Mrs. Tighe, who lived in the room be- \ not interrupted you." low, that she would pay her well if she would go ? "Oh! no," replied Anne, "I have stayed too

·····

He always smiled when Anne came to see him, at a time, because he was so weak.

"Shure he can't last much longer, Miss!" said Mrs. Tighe to her, one afternoon, as she passed the door. "The doctor told me so himself, this mornin', an' ain't it verra kind in him now, to come and see him so often, and make the poor craythur as asy as he can, till he dies; considerin' too, he knows it's niver a bit of pay he'll get for it?"

Anne thought it was. It was later than usual, one dull afternoon when she went, but she hurried along, and thought she would have time to be at home before dark. She found her invalid brighter than usual, thankful for some grapes she brought him, eager to have her read to him. After she had read much longer than usual, he said to her, "If it wouldn't be asking too much, wouldn't you sing to me a little? I recollect how they used to chant and sing hymns in the chapel, when I was a little boy to home, and it did sound beautiful."

"Yes, Mr. Brett, I'll sing a hymn to you, if you promise to shut your eyes and let me sing you to sleep."

"Bless you!" said he, "I'll try."

Anne thought a moment, then began to sing "Jerusalem, my happy home," in her low voice. In the middle of it, she thought she heard a creaking on the stairs; but concluding it was one of Mrs. Tighe's children, sang it all through. Mr. Brett was not asleep, and great tears were dropping through the thin fingers with which he had covered his face. She turned her head toward the door, and there stood a young gentleman, with his hat in his hand, listening. She started, and Mr. Brett looked round.

"Oh! is that you, Dr. Morris?" said he. "Come in; she," pointing to Anne, "is the angel the Lord sent me when I was sick."

Anne colored, and could not help smiling at the odd introduction. The stranger smiled, too,

· almost thought it must be an angel, myself, stairs, Mr. Brett. I didn't know what to make She went often after that, every day when it so f it, I was so startled by it. You must excuse

she stepped quietly out of the room, while the doctor was talking to him.

When she reached the foot of the stairs, and opened the outside door, she looked out in dismay. It had become very dark, and, to make it worse, was beginning to rain. She stood a moment, peering into the darkness, and hearing rough, loud voices at the end of the lane, afraid to venture out. Then a step coming down stairs startled her, and she hurried forth. She had gone but a few steps, when she heard some one coming up behind her: and then a thick, coarse voice at her side said, "Don't hurry so, my pretty duck; wait a moment."

She gave a sudden start, and turned round. The light from a window near, fell on the leering } face of a tipsy sailor at her side.

"Needn't be afraid, dear!" said he, trying to put his arm round her waist.

In mortal terror, she struggled to free herself from his grasp, when a sudden blow from behind felled him to the earth.

"He can't hurt you now," said Dr. Morris, though his eyes were still flashing with indignation, turning to Anne, who was white with terror, "he is too tipsy to get up again. May I not see you safe home? It is too dark for you to go through here alone, you have been dreadfully frightened already."

Quivering from head to foot, she took his offered arm, with a sense of protection and relief that was almost overwhelming after her fear.

The drunken sailor, unable to rise, still lay there, muttering angry oaths at them.

"You are trembling all over, Miss Daland," said the young man, "I'm afraid you will faint; shan't I go back to Mr. Brett's with you, and then get a carriage?"

Anne, whose only desire was to get home as soon as possible, knew that there was no carriage stand within a long distance, so she told him she never fainted, and that she would rather go home at once.

She was still too much excited to say much, but Dr. Morris, after telling her that as soon as the thought struck him, that she was going home alone, he had left Mr. Brett with the intention of going all the way behind her, to see that no one troubled her, thinking she might not like to accept the escort of a perfect stranger if he offered it, and was just in time to hear the sailor speak to her the second time, turned the conversation in another direction. By thus diverting her attention, he did the best thing {

late already," and bidding Mr. Brett good-bye, kept up the conversation, and his manners, which could not have been more entirely respectful and gentlemanly.

> As they passed under the lamp-post, she took the opportunity of looking at him. He was tall and rather slight, but muscular as he had proved by the force with which he had struck the sailor; his hair, as well as she could tell under his hat, was light and wavy; his eyes were fine, such a clear blue! so frank and truthful! a soft moustache almost hid his mouth, which would have been too delicate if it had not been firm: the expression of his whole face was peculiarly bright, manly, and kind.

> "He is handsome," thought Anne, "and how much he looks like the pictures of Clive Newcome!"

> At length they reached her door. She thanked him warmly again and again; then lifting his hat to her with a bow that would have done credit to a young knight, he walked away.

> Who will blame the young man, that he sighed to himself as he walked home alone to his boarding-house, thinking that poor Brett was not so very much to be pitied after all, with some one like Miss Daland to go and see him? "What a clear, sweet voice she had, and how good it was of her to visit that old garret!" He wished he could knock that sailor down again, for daring to insult her or any woman unprotected. wonder was it, that as he sat in his luxurious, but lonely room that evening, he caught himself humming, "Jerusalem, my happy home!" and then said, "Nonsense!" to himself, and took refuge in the Medical Journal and a cigar?

> In the future, Anne went in the morning to see Mr. Brett. Not so much from any fear of being frightened again, or from any aversion to seeing her gallant defender, but from a maidenly self-respect that prevented her going there again at an hour when she would need his escort home. Not so the young gentleman, he took pains from that time to go there in the afternoon, but of course was always disappointed, for not another glimpse of her did he get.

> Poor Brett failed rapidly, and was fully conscious that death was fast drawing near, but he looked forward to it with a calm trust. It was not in vain that Anne had read to him from the Bible, and had told him of the Saviour who had died for him.

"Troth, Miss Daland!" said Mrs. Tighe to her, one day, "the doctor said last night might be the poor craythur's last. It's a kind heart intirely that the doctor has, and it's always possible. Anne soon breathed more freely, and cheering to the poor man to see him. When he could not but admire the ease with which he asks him if 'his angel' has been to see him

to-day, poor Brett's face lights up, an' off he goes a telling the doctor of all your kindness to him, An' the till you'd think he'd never be done. doctor he stands and listens, and shure I've noticed," said the shrewd Irish woman, with a glance at Anne, whose face did not change in the least, "that he never tells him at all he'll be hurting himself talking, when he's spaking of you, but other times he stops him."

It was but two or three days after this, that Anne, as she stood at the door of the garret, heard voices, and a sort of hubbub in the usually quiet room. She started as she went in. On the bed lay a long, white figure, covered with a sheet. Mrs. Tighe was washing up the floor, and talking with one of the neighbors, who sat watching her. The sick man was dead. Anne's tears fell fast as she turned back the sheet, and looked at the thin, white face, on which rested a holy calm that awed her.

"He went off very soft and penceful-like," said Mrs. Tighe, wiping her eyes with her apron. "He prayed the Lord to bless you over and over: then he looked up quick, very bright, and said something about 'the many mansions,' that I couldn't understand, and didn't breathe no more."

Several months had passed away. There was a select party at Mrs. Ward's, who was universally acknowledged to give the most delightful parties in town. Her social position as well as her own personal charms, enabled her to draw around her the most elegant, the most intellectual, whatever was best in the society of the city. Her easy, cordial manners, which were too highbred to be other than simple and unassuming, charmed all, and she possessed the rare quality as hostess of drawing out the particular gift of each of her guests, and making each appear to the best advantage. The brightly-lighted rooms were nearly filled. In front of a crimson curtain, which threw off her figure in clear relief, stood Anne Daland, as natural and unconscious in her airy dress of white lace, with superb scarlet verbenas in her bosom and hair, as a few hours before, in her calico morning-dress, at work in the kitchen, the cook having gone to bed sick.

"Mary, I don't believe Dr. Morris is coming after all," said Miss Osgood, one of a group standing near Anne.

Anne had not seen him since the night when he had so gallantly protected her from insult, and waited with some interest for the reply.

"I should think he would come, he is such a Barle, the one addressed, "I'm dying for an introduction to him. Delightful, isn't he?"

"Perfectly, and has such an animated, brilliant face, and such expressive blue eyes, and manners that are so free, and yet so gentlemanly!" The young lady was becoming very enthusiastic, when she suddenly exclaimed in a low voice, "Oh, there he comes now!"

Mrs. Ward's handsome face brightened as Walter Morris entered the room, and came toward her. She reproached him playfully for coming so late, that she had positively given him up. "You may imagine my despair," said

"More easily than I can describe my own, when I feared I could not come, as I did an hour ago."

A little conversation, full of raillery and fun, passed between them, then Mrs. Ward said to him, "I have private designs upon you to-night, Walter, I am going to introduce you to an indefinite number of pretty girls, who will do their best to fascinate you, but it's on your peril that you fall a victim to any but the one I have

"Why, may I ask?" he said, looking gayly round the room.

"Because she is a young friend of mine, whom I am sure your fastidious taste-" he bowed sedately, "is sure to appreciate. I have been longing for an opportunity for ever so long to introduce you to each other, it's such a clear case of suitability. She is so entirely charming and good! more than ordinarily cultivated, she is so simply earnest and natural in everything she does! In short, the most lovable creature! Prepare to be vanquished as soon as I introduce you."

"I have once seen one," said the young man, quietly, "to whom your glowing description might apply: but I do not see her here."

"Alas, then! If you have ever seen one whom you could so wholly admire, I withdraw from the field, you are already vanquished."

"I declare, Mrs. Ward," said he, "I was not aware that I admitted anything of the kind. To love and to admire are not the same thing, are they? If they are, in what danger I stand at this very moment," looking at her with warm admiration expressed in his fine eyes, as she stood gracefully before him.

"To waste such a look and speech as that on an old married woman, Walter!" she said, in a deprecating tone. "But it's not fair for me to monopolize you in this way. Let me take your arm, and I will go and present you to Miss Hale particular friend of Mrs. Ward's," replied Mary over there. She is not the one though, my young lady wears only natural flowers: and is the only one here to-night who does, I think."

Anne was enjoying herself extremely. A little ? while before supper she was talking brightly with a little group of gentlemen gathered round her. Dr. Morris, unconsciously standing near, engaged in a conversation that bored him, heard some one say, "That is Miss Daland. Has she not an interesting face?"

He turned quickly, and for the first time during the evening saw Anne. Their eyes met, he bowed, and with a face full of pleasure, at once went toward her.

"This is such an unexpected pleasure, Miss Daland!"

Anne gracefully returned his salutation, with perhaps a slightly heightened color in her cheek.

"I am not sure, Miss Daland," said he, "that I have a right to presume upon an introduction so informal as mine to you, and so long ago. But here comes Mrs. Ward, and she is looking this way. May I not ask her to introduce me in form, Miss Daland?" glancing back brightly toward her, as he went to meet Mrs. Ward and make his request.

"I am indignant, Walter," said that lady, in answer to it. "You know that I meant to have the pleasure of introducing you to Miss Daland myself. Some one, I see, has forestalled me, and so you maliciously ask me to do it now, to teaze me, I suppose, for being so dilatory. Who would believe that so ingenuous a face could conceal such malice? Do not let me interrupt your conversation with Miss Daland, I pray you," and with an assumed air of injured dignity, she turned away from him.

"What splendid verbenas, Anne!" she said, "you always wear natural flowers I have noticed," and darting a quick look at Dr. Morris as she spoke, she left them.

"Mrs. Ward has refused my request, thinking it unnecessary. Perhaps it is just as well. She could not have equalled the way in which our } there again!"

tunate, if you had not forgotten the affair with the professional skill, helped him so, that occasionin consequence of meeting me there."

it was because I did not forget the opportunity had been called to see, who were really suffering it gave me of defending you, or the walk with from want. So Mrs. Daland and Anne interyou, that I said 'unfortunate.'"

the knights of old-

"Do say like Bayard, Miss Daland," he interrupted, entreatingly.

She laughed. "Well then like 'Bayard, sans peur et sans reproche,' defending poor, unprotected damsels?"

Walter was about to reply, when the door of the supper-room was thrown open, which diverted his attention. He had the pleasure of taking Anne out, and secretly congratulated himself on his good fortune, as he saw a gentleman, just approaching her for the same purpose, turn away with a disappointed air.

He devoted himself to her all the rest of the evening, thereby drawing down upon her the envy of divers young ladies present.

It was late when Mr. Daland came to Anne and told her that the carriage was waiting for them. She bid Dr. Morris good evening, and taking her father's arm was turning away, when she remembered that he had her fan, which he had been using in her service.

"Oh, Miss Daland!" he said, with a tragic air, as at her request he handed it to her, "I was in hopes you would forget it."

"Why?"

"So that I might call in a day or two, and return it."

Anne laughed at his ingenuity, and gave him permission to call on her, without having her fan for a pretext.

He did call, and gradually became so frequent a visitor, that it became a matter of course. Mr. Daland quietly made inquiries as to the gentleman's character and prospects, and probably found them unexceptionable, for he did not forbid the continuance of the calls. For Anne's part, when any of her friends teased her about him, she always looked indignant, and answered with a good deal of dignity, and some warmth, that Dr. Morris and herself were "excellent friends, and that was all."

They were excellent friends, undoubtedly: he poor friend Brett introduced you, simply as an lent her books to read from his library, frequently 'angel,' as if you had no earthly name. How idropped in of an eveuing, when she was playing strangely unfortunate I was in not meeting you to her father, "happening to pass by," of course. At her request, he visited old Mr. Malone, whom Anne replied, "You would not have said unfor- \ she went once a week to read to, and, by his sailor, and the long walk in the rain afterward, sally he was able to walk out, which he had not done before for more than a year. And, in "Pardon me," said he, looking at her, "but return, he told her of a poor family whom he sested themselves in them, found an employer for "Do you consider it your mission," she an- the husband, who was a gardener, and clothed the swered, with a smile, "to go round like one of { children up so, that every Sunday they might have been seen, with cheerful faces, in Anne's Sunday-School class. days of October, when the air is so delicious that \ it seems almost a sin to stay in-doors, they took } long walks together, and had sometimes long and earnest conversations, but they never talked of love.

It was a charming winter's day. Anne sat alone with her sewing, by the window in their little sitting-room opening with glass doors into the parlor. Presently there was a ring at the door. Anne inclined her head a moment to listen to the voices in the hall. A smile flitted across her face, and she took up her work again.

"I may come in here, Miss Anne, mayn't I?" said Dr. Morris, in his clear, pleasant tone, appearing at the glass doors, the servant having showed him into the parlor.

"Certainly, I give you possession," replied Anne, in a cordial tone, rising, and giving him her hand. "And I will go on with my sewing, while you may be as comfortable and lazy as you choose in that arm-chair."

There was a charming air of comfort and coziness about the little room, with its bright fire in the grate, Anne's Maltese kitten asleep in front of it, and the little table drawn up to the window, with its books and work-basket, and a Parian wase with geraniums in it. Anne's figure completed the picture, and gave its chief charm as she sat by the table, her head bent slightly forward over her sewing, her smooth, brown hair, the soft color in her cheek, the lace round her white throat, the soft folds of her blue dress, from beneath which peeped a dainty slipper, all looking so sweet and womanly. There is no doubt Walter Morris thought so to himself, as he drew up the big arm-chair, and took possession of it.

Conversation went on smoothly as usual, for a time, then came an awkward pause. The young } man's eyes were fixed earnestly on her face, and Anne felt embarrassed, and began looking for something in her work-basket. Among other ? things, she came across a kid glove, and took it ? out, saying,

"That doesn't belong in here."

Walter took up the glove, which was hers, looked at it a moment, then laid it on the table again.

"I believe it's a universal custom with gentlemen to have all sorts of keepsakes and souvenirs of their lady friends. I have but one, Miss Anne, and that is a little kid glove which I found once. I treasure that because I love with my whole heart, as I never thought I could love any staid a good while with Clara, she feels her woman, the one whom it belongs to," and his voice trembled with feeling. He spoke with an this afternoon to our Sunday-School, where we

In the bright, golden; almost passionate ardor of manner that Anne had never seen in him before. A sharp, sudden thrill of surprise and pain went all through her at this unexpected confession of his love for another, it seemed for a moment as though her heart stopped beating. But she had a woman's pride, and though the sudden rush of feeling, and the strong effort for self-command made her paler, she answered, almost playfully, but without raising her eyes from her sewing: "Like the prince in 'Cinderella,' who found the slipper in the ball-room, you vowed, I suppose, that the owner of that glove should be yours."

> "I found my treasure in a very different place from a ball-room, Miss Anne. It was on the rough floor of an old garret, where on a ragged bed a dying man lay, whom the one who dropped my glove there, had been to as an angel of mercy, and had cheered with the hope of heaven. Do you wonder that I took up the little glove, and kissed it almost reverently, and have treasured it ever since?"

> Anne looked up quickly at him, her face flushing crimson.

> "There it is," he said, laying a little, brown kid glove in her lap. "If you know the one who lost it, tell her that nothing in the wide world could make me so happy, as to call the little hand that once wore it mine!"

> Anne took it up. It was hers. She held it for a moment in fingers that were trembling, her eyes growing dim with tears. Walter was watching her breathlessly. Then, still holding the glove, she laid her hand in his.

> Two years have passed. We will draw away the curtains from the windows, whence streams such a cheerful light into the darkness of the street, and look into the pleasant parlor. By the centre-table under the brightly-lighted chandelier sits Walter Morris, having just laid down the book he was reading out aloud, to hold a skein of silk for his young wife, (Anne Daland that was, they have been married a year and a half,) who, as she winds it, is talking with animation all the while, though stopping now and then when she comes to a snarl.

"Cousin Mary says in her letter, Walter, that I mustn't let happiness make me selfish."

Her husband looks at her with a quiet smile, but there is a depth of tenderness in it. "I only wish you were a little more selfish. I was thinking just now that you looked tired-what have you been doing to-day?"

"I went this morning to Judge Stuart's and brother's sudden death so much, poor girl! Then

go once a week, you know, to teach poor chil- 3 don't, else we should have such numbers of young dren to sew, and from there to Mrs. Morgan's, ladies going round doing good for the sake of whose sick child you went to see yesterday, how being rewarded with a lover, which wouldn't be destitute they are, Walter! And then I came a very noble motive for usefulness, eh, Anno?" straight home, oh, no! I remember I did step { into poor Neal's a moment to see how he did much there was for me to do in the world, and since the amputation. He said so much about that because I was a young lady with no care, your kindness to him!"

"No wonder you look tired! I will go with you the next time you go to Mrs. Morgan's. I don't like to have you go there alone, I'm afraid } you'll meet with another sailor."

with me," Anne answers, looking up archly from the snarl she is trying to pick out.

"People don't meet with such rare good fortune as that very often," he says, returning her { Poor Feejee Islanders, what a dainty dish the glance, "and on the whole, I think it's well they cannibals lost!"

"That wasn't what waked me up to see how that was no reason why I should live only for my own enjoyment: and I am quite ashamed of you, Walter, for daring to insinuate that there is a young lady in the world who would act upon such a contemptible thought: I shall punish you "You mean that you are afraid I shall meet for the remark by giving you another skein of with another handsome young man, who will silk to hold. Did I ever tell you that I really rescue me from the sailor, and then fall in love \ wanted once to go on a foreign mission? But cousin Mary showed me that since I couldn't, I must go on a home mission."

"What a pity you did not go on the foreign!

### THE OLD YEAR.

BY LENA LYLE.

Thou art gone, old year, Gone away: In the past, on thy bier To decay. Thou hast carried smiles and tears-Thou hast carried hopes and fears, With thee from the world away, Far away!

I am sadly sighing, All for thee! For the year, now dying, Unto me Brought rich blessings bright and gay, Taught me how to kneel and pray, Banished saddening thoughts away, Yes for ayo!

Weep for the old year, Dving lone: Silently drop a tear, He is gone! Gone! with sorrows unrecorded-Gone! to be by angels gnarded-Gone! from earthly things away, Far away!

Winds are sadly moaning O'er thy grave-Forest trees are groaning As they wave-Tears are falling fast and thickly-Smiling eyes beam out as quickly, As a requiem for thee, All for thee!

#### "WE SEE THE ROSES BLOOM."

and the contraction of the contr

## BY CLARENCE MAY.

THE crimson hues on forest leaves Speak sadly to my heart, And whisper of the coming days, When you and I must part; But gazing o'er the waste of years, Beyond the present gloom-There, in a fair, elysian clime, We see the roses bloom.

The summer comes—then softly wanes; The flowers bloom-then die; And change is written on each thing Beneath the arching sky.

Soft music for a while may cheer Earth's weary, trusting child; But cares soon change the soothing strain To dirge notes, sad and wild.

There is a clime-it is not far, Where Summers never wane: Where flowers droop not, music sinks not To a wild. desponding strain. And looking o'er our present cares, Beyond a quiet tomb, 'Tis there, 'tis there, in that bright climo, We see the roses bloom!

## GILLIAN.

#### BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

#### CHAPTER I.

THERE is only one moving object that I know of more beautiful than a ship in full sail, and that is a bird upon the wing. Even the little sloop, that tacked in and out of the windings which make the Hudson so picturesque, had a grace of its own which rendered it the first object in that grand scenery. On it went, with its white sails spread, and its low bow ducking to the water, like some grand aquatic fowl playing with the foam wreaths its own motion had created; now in the shadow-now in the sunshine, it glided, with a pleasant flutter of the sails, and the breath of a soft Indian summer sighing across its deck, so quietly, that the shadows through which it passed, deepened without being broken, and the sunshine laughed around it as it does when the water-birds are frolicking, turning the foam to pearls and the spray to diamonds.

Two persons sat upon the deck, a man of fifty, wrapped in a traveling-cloak of foreign make, and a young girl of seventeen, also muffled, in a cloth mantle, lined with fur, in which she shivered, as you see a poor Italian greyhound under all its pretty housings, when our winter begins to threaten.

Yet the girl was tall and fair, with that beautiful type of loveliness which makes an American woman a model all over the world: so delicate, so bright, and, alas! so evanescent is her beauty. Her air was foreign. The wonder with which she gazed abroad upon the hills, clothed in their gorgeous autumnal foliage, bespoke her a stranger to the land; but her grey eyes, the abundance of rich auburn hair that fell in waves from under her hood of blue silk, and the energy of mind that spoke in every sweet feature was American, as the gorgeous foliage upon the hill sides.

But there she sat, upon the deck, shivering in ber furs, though the wind came laden with the breath of dying fern leaves, and to a native would have seemed balmy and fragrant rather than cold.

"Papa!"

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with a nervous sort of terror in his eyes. Her in a low voice.

voice had drawn his thoughts back from the long ago with a pang, but he answered gently and smiling,

"Well, Gillian?"

The girl had spoken in Italian, and her voice rendered even that sweet language more melodious by its rich tones. Her father answered in English, and in that language she spoke the second time,

"Father, why have we come to this country? Is it to live here forever?"

"It is your native land, Gillian. . Look abroad and tell me if Italy is more beautiful?"

"It is strange, gorgeous, oppressively gorgeous, father; but those grand old trees drink up all the warmth. I am chilled and lonely here."

"It is my fault, Gillian. A daughter of America should not be chilled by a wind like this. I have done wrong to keep you away from home till you have forgotten your native land."

"Not quite, papa. I remember it a little: the spot which I recollect is not like these hills, but a broken country, scattered with houses, with one at the foot of a rugged hill, which seemed to be my home. I only recollect it at one time, and in one way. The door was open; a glow of sunset lay upon the sill, crossing softly along the room in which I sat playing. I remember the very dress I wore. It had a pink tint, and was protected by a little white apron, rounded at the corners, and frilled all round; in that apron I held some flowers, a handful of green apples, and a doll's tea-set, huddled together."

The girl paused, smiling: then she suddenly added, with a half forced laugh, for there was something in her father's eyes that made her hesitate.

"These are trivial things to remember so long, but somehow they will always come up, clear as a picture, when I think of this land. I could almost promise to recognize the very pattern of my dress, on the moment, if it were before me; as for the toys, nothing has ever seemed so pretty to me since."

"And is this all? Have you no remembrance The gentleman started, and looked around of the house, or its inmates?" asked the father,

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"Of the house? Oh! yes, it was of stone; ; rough, heavy stone, with wings and a porch, knee in saying this, wrung it with a violence she over which some vine crept, and sent its branches { had never witnessed before, and arising suddenly. down like a curtain. In front was a great tree, maple I should think-"

"No, walnut!"

"Oh! walnut, was it? Very well, I know that it seemed a tall tree, through which the sunset shimmered like gold. Reyond that, on the right, sloping down a hill, lay an orchard, from which I had stolen the green apples in my apron."

"And this is all?"

"How can you think so, father? Would that ? make a complete picture? No! no! In the centre of the room stood a lady, a tall, beautiful lady, combing her hair. I think, papa, but am } not quite certain, that I had torn away her comb while she was striving to take the green apples from my apron; for I have a feeling that she was angry with me, and that I had conquered in something. Was I a very wilful, naughty child, papa?"

"I am afraid you were not the only wilful one in those days, Gillian," said the father, sadly. "But go on; this is a new revelation to me; why, child, you were but little more than two years old then. But the-the lady?"

"She stood before the looking-glass, holding her hair up with one hand. It was bright and heavy, sweeping down over her arm in waves; the color-yes! father, the color was like mine; and I never thought of it till now. But the lady herself was tall and, and-indeed she was so like myself, when I dress my hair before the glass, that it must have been all a dream. Only, papa, did I ever wear a dress like that pink calico, with a white vine running over it? And, if you ever } knew such a lady, did she wear a dress of very dark crimson, sprinkled with tiny leaves of a brighter red?'

"Yes! Gillian, yes! She wore a dress like An India silk, rare in those days."

"And the lady herself? Was she a real, human being? Did I ever know her? this picture be in reality my old home?"

"You will know in a little time, Gillian."

"And the lady-shall I see her?"

A cloud came over Mr. Bentley's face, and he turned away without answering. But the young lady was not one to be put readily from any purpose. She drew close to his side, and resting one hand on his arm, bent lovingly toward him.

"Was this lady my mother?" she said, almost in a whisper.

He answered, in the same low voice, "Yes! Gillian. The lady was your mother."

He raised the hand which still lay upon his went down to the little cabin, waving her back as she attempted to follow.

Gillian looked after him, surprised and almost terrified. What had she said, or done, to arouse so much emotion? Was it wrong for a child to inquire regarding the mother, who had died almost before her remembrance? These thoughts disturbed her greatly, and, joined to the loneliness around, left her sad.

After a little, Mr. Bentley returned and resumed the conversation of his own accord.

"We are going," he said, "to the house which rests so marvelously in your memory, Gillian. It is now inhabited by your mother's brother, a plain, simple farmer, who has held possession ever since I went abroad."

"My mother's brother, papa? Her own brother, and my uncle? I never knew before that we had relatives in this country. What is he like? Is he married? Has he any childrendaughters? Indeed I hope so. How strange it will seem to have relatives!"

Mr. Bentley smiled gravely at this ardent outburst, and answered her questions one after another.

"Your uncle Hart, I have just said, is an honest, hardy, frank farmer, who has earned his own bread with toil and energy all his life. He has been married, and is a widower, with one child, who keeps the house. This is all I can tell you before you have an opportunity of judging for yourself."

"And will that be soon, papa? I am getting very tired of this little vessel. It seemed picturesque enough at a distance, but really it is not particularly comfortable."

"Well, have a little patience, and your pilgrimage is ended. You see where the hills overtop each other at our left. No, not there, but farther up stream. Well, between those hills is a valley, through which a road passes into the country. There our water travel ends. and to-night we shall sleep in the old homestead."

"How mournfully you speak, papa! visit home seems to give you no pleasure! And yet you were so determined on it!"

"I am far beyond the age of ardent feelings, Gillian. Few things excite me to pleasure

"But pain! Oh! papa, if age takes away all capacities for pleasure, and leaves the powers of pain untouched, I pray God to take me early from the earth," cried the young girl, with tears in her eyes; and taking her father's hand, she kissed it tenderly.

Mr. Bentley drew his hand away, not angrily, but as one who shrinks from any unusual display of feeling. His action was not that of a cold man, but of one who shielded deep feelings from a sudden assault.

"I did not say this, Gillian. All seasons of life have their blessings, if we only learn to use them. But see how quietly we are drawing toward the hills. In a little time we shall be on shore."

Gillian started up and went into the cabin, a little excited and eager to leave the vessel. New scenes were before her, and at her age novelty had a vivid charm, come in what form it might.

An hour after Gillian disappeared from the deck, the sloop put in to her port, a little cove breaking up between the mountains, that had seemed to overtop each other at a distance, but which now revealed a narrow valley opening back into the country, with the germ of a village lying at its mouth and crowding close down to the water. A wharf, barricaded with piles of split wood ready for shipment, received the sloop, which took the inhabitants by surprise, and created no little excitement among the wood-cutters, who hung around a grocery-store on the wharf. The arrival of a strange sloop was something, but the two persons, who stood upon the deck, were so unlike the passengers usually brought to the little harbor, that they excited a general and lively curiosity.

Before Mr. Bentley and his daughter could reach the wharf, half a dozen men had boarded the sloop, while a group of children, who had been shying oyster-shells into the river and fishing with pin-hooks from the timbers, crowded close, with open mouths and looks of common wonder. Mr. Bentley inquired of a man, who approached him first, if any conveyance could be obtained at the village for the interior; but the man, true to his species, answered by another question:

"Was the gentleman straight from New York?"

Mr. Bentley smiled; for the first time he felt completely at home. This peculiarity of his countrymen went to his heart like a welcome.

- "Yes! he was directly from New York."
- "Come from further along, though, I reckon?" rejoined the countryman.
  - "Yes!"
  - "Down East, mebby?"
  - "No! from Italy."
- "Whar?" cried the man, in open-mouthed perplexity; "Whar?"

- "Beyond seas," answered Mr. Bentley, goodbumoredly; for the man's curiosity awoke a thousand kindly feelings.
- "Beyond seas? Oh! yes. Travel all the way by land or water, if I ain't too bold?"

Gillian's face sparkled. The conversation delighted her.

"By water all the way," answered Mr. Bentley, reproving her with a glance.

"Come in this sloop? Wall, she don't look as if she'd had much of a tussle with the weather, anyhow. If ye hain't no more use for her, what'll ye take, ha?"

"She isn't for sale, I think. But you can ask the captain. Now pray inform me if there is any chance of obtaining a conveyance, which will take myself and daughter some twenty miles into the country?"

"Your daughter, ha? It kinder struck me that the gal must be something to you. Harnsome as a pictur; ain't she, though?

Gillian laughed outright, and the countryman drowned her voice in an answering laugh.

"Knew it the minit I sot eyes on you a standing together," he said, addressing her directly. "Spose you calculate to ketch a beau in these parts? Well, there ain't the least mite of danger but you'll do it, right off the reel. Now, how old might you be?"

Gillian was half frightened out of her merriment by his ardent curiosity. But she answered, "That he had not yet replied to her father about the carriage."

"Carriage?" answered the man, sinking both hands into his jacket and ejaculating his surprise in a broken whistle. "Why, I reckon the only carriage you'll be likely to get in these parts 'll be a Pennsylvania wagon, with two chairs sot in behind, and a board laid across for the driver; that's the kind of carriages our gals ride in."

"Well, papa, I suppose that will do," cried Gillian, delighted with the idea of a ride in the open air, and still more delighted with the promise of this novel conveyance.

But the countryman was not to be so easily put off.

- "Any more family?" he inquired, turning to Mr. Bentley.
- "I will tell you that, and give a silver dollar in to the bargain, if you bring me a respectable conveyance to the wharf, in just twenty minutes," said Bentley, looking at his watch.
- "But how much 'll you agree to give for the team, with a good-looking driver that your gal won't be ashamed to ride behind—throwing in horse-feed and a bite on the way?"

man forgot even curiosity in his haste to secure and directly a man appeared, riding on a heavy it: In less time than that appointed, he came farm horse, and mounted on two plethoric flour dashing down to the wharf in a stout wagon, bags, which were flung across the saddle. with a couple of chairs rattling inside and a piece of rough board answering for his own seat. \ your hoss or broke a linch-pin?" A pair of beautiful iron-grey horses, that might have befitted a queen's carriage, gave promise } "One of these varmints has got a stone in his of a quick if not comfortable journey.

Into this wagon the luggage which had been brought from the sloop was placed, and in a fit of extra politeness the countryman threw a buffalo robe over the two chairs, forming a rather imposing seat, of which Mr. Bentley and { his daughter took possession.

Away they drove over the hills, and along the beautiful lakes, that render the basin of Rockland county scarcely less than a wild paradise. Everything was strange and new to Gillian. The forest trees, grouped in masses of red, yellow, maroon, green, and brown, all relieving and brightening each other; the broken hollows choked up with hemlocks and pines; the ferns and mosses creeping down to the wayside! each sending out some new fragrance that soothed while it invigorated the beholder.

As they approached the western hills, that bound the county, Mr. Bentley grew silent and anxious, so silent and pale that Gillian ceased to { began to be a little curious about their destinasun was on the verge of the horizon; the western and bade the driver call that man back trees swayed to and fro in its light, blending sky and earth together in rich harmony.

"Wall, now, if I may be so bold, where on arth are we a driving to?" inquired the man, leaning back, with one hand on his seat, and stone house on the slope of the hill yonder?" checking his horses with the other.

one point, with a strained gaze, now directed the man's attention to a distant dwelling, which stood upon the slope of the hills, and answered in a husky voice,

"To that house."

so," and prepared to drive on. But one of the he turned his head aside, ashamed of his weakness. horses had got a pebble in the hollow of his hoof, his knees, striving to beat the pebble out with a were simple enough:

Mr. Bentley named a sum so liberal, that the stone, a hearty voice came out of a side road,

"Hello, there. What's the difficulty? Lamed

"Nothing to speak on," answered the driver. huff, and limps a trifle. I'm obleeged to you all the same."

The farmer rode up to the wagon, looked down at the horse, who held his hoof daintily, with the edge to the ground, and then took a friendly survey of the travelers.

"Strangers, I reckon?" he muttered. turning to the driver he commenced an acquaintance in the usual way.

"Any news stirrin' from where you come from, neighbor?"

- "Nothing to speak on."
- "Just from the river?"
- "Started from the point to-day."
- "Crops good in that vicinity?"
- "From fair to middling."

All this time, the farmer kept his eyes on Mr. Bentley, who fixed uneasy glances on his face, while he was speaking, but turned away, perplexed and uncertain in the end. As the driver mounted to his seat again, the farmer prepared talk, and grew lonely, as checked spirits always to ride on, but with evident hesitation, for he must. The driver, who had amused her with { laid the bridle down on his horse's neck twice, his blunt questions and shrewd remarks, now as if about to address the travelers, but took it up again and urged his horse into a slow jog. tion. Hitherto Mr. Bentley had told him what But now Mr. Bentley seemed to shake off his road to take, and where to turn. But now the uncertainty. He bent forward, in nervous haste, outline was one glow of gold; and the gorgeous sound of a voice made the farmer turn, and he come trotting up to the wagon, evidently glad to be recalled.

> "Tell me," said Bentley, leaning toward him, "is your name Hart? And do you live in the

"My name is Hart, sir; and that stone house Mr. Bentley, whose eyes had been fixed on is my home, till the owner claims it," answered the farmer, proudly.

> "Daniel," said Mr. Bentley, reaching forth his hand, "have you entirely forgotten me?"

The farmer took the slender hand in his hard palm, grasped it, and was silent for a moment. There was something in his voice that im- But his broad features worked; and, at last his pressed the man, who merely answered, "Jest eyes filled, and while shaking Mr. Bentley's hand,

It is strange how little people have to say, and he was obliged to dismount from his seat \ who meet for the first time, after years of sepaand remedy the accident. As he stood in the ration! The first words that passed between road, with the horse's foot bent back between these two persons, after a mutual recognition, "This is my daughter," said Bentley.

"Not now. I'd rather look at her in-in the old house," almost sobbed the farmer, keeping his head turned away. "I've got a gal too; not like what she was; but a likely critter caough. I'll ride forard, if you'd just as lief, and tell her you're a comin'!"

With this, the farmer beat his heels against the sides of his horse, and dashed off, ashamed of the emotion that had heaved his broad chest with a tempest of old recollections.

Gillian looked after him, her lips parted and her eyes dilating with wonder. To her there was something ludicrous in the heavy trot which kept the farmer in constant motion on his mealbags, and she broke into a laugh when the horse dashed into a skeltering gallop, that threatened to dislodge the whole load at every awkward leap. Little did she know of the genuine feeling which went with that jumbling picture.

Mr. Bentley turned upon her with an angry flash of the eyes, and said, sternly,

"Gillian Bentley, that man is your mother's only brother, her benefactor. Laugh now, if you have the heart."

Gillian's mirth broke into a sob. Never in her life had she been addressed so harshly before. The surprise took away her breath.

"Oh! father."

"Her brother, girl. A man whom I hold in reverence above all others on the earth."

"Father, forgive me!"

Gillian was trembling from head to foot. could have killed herself for that wanton laugh. Mr. Bentley drew her to his side, and strove to smile upon her. But it was not easy, even for this forgiving caress, to reconcile the sensitive girl to herself.

Meantime the driver had started his horses, unconscious of the little domestic drama going on behind his back; and every moment drew the travelers nearer home.

When Daniel Hart rode up in front of his house, Hannah stood in the door, waiting his approach with some impatience; for it was baking day, her flour had given out, the great oven in the back kitchen had burned down, and was getting cold; in short the whole family baking for that week was in danger, for want of a measure of flour to mould the bread with, and that lay in the bags swung across her father's saddle. So out she ran at once, with her sleeves tucked up, her plump, white arms ready for instant work, and a tin basin in her hand.

"Come, father, jump down and untie the bags: I am in a desperate hurry. Another ten } minutes and we should have had to heat over the table with flour, plunged her arms into the

again. I've got the most splendid pan of beans. all ready for baking, with such a lump of pork on the top, all cut in checkers, and dropping open like a rose; come, hurry up, do!"

Daniel Hart got down from his horse, and swung one of the bags over his shoulder, and marched into the porch. Somehow he did not feel able to speak on commonplace things, but untied the bag in silence, watching Hannah as she took out the flour in handfuls and filled her

"Hannah," he said, at last, "is aunt Hetty in the kitchen?"

The girl lifted her rosy face, with a look of surprise. There was something unusual in the father's voice.

"Aunt Hetty? Yes! father. Where else should she be? I left her raking up the coals with a long shovel."

"Hannah, wait a moment. There'll be company here in a few minutes. I met your uncle, Joseph Bentley, and his darter on the crossroads; and they'll be here in a few minutes, without fail."

"Uncle Joseph Bentley and his daughter from foreign parts!" cried Hannah, all in a flutter of excitement. "Goodness me, what shall we get for supper? The baking won't be out of the oven this two hours. Oh! father, do go kill a chicken, and I'll put down a short-cake; that, with preserves and honey, will have to answer."

Away Hannah ran, bearing the flour between her plump little hands, while her apron streamed behind her, and the bright curls danced and twinkled around her face.

"Aunt Hetty; I say, aunt Hetty-what do you think? Uncle Joseph Bentley and cousin Gillian -what a name-are coming here to-day. You can hear the wagon coming up the hill. Hetty! Hetty! where have you hid? Aunt Hetty!"

"I am here," answered a faint, struggling voice, from the back porch; and Mehitable Hart came in, white and still as usual. But a less excited person would have remarked that her face, always colorless, was now almost ghostly, and that her small hands shook like leaves, when she attempted to take the basin from her niece.

"Don't take it all. Leave me enough for a short-cake. No! that's not it. Leave enough out for that, and I'll mould the bread. You look tired out. Here's the butter, and there lies the rolling-pin. Goodness gracious! how fast they come! you can fairly hear the wheels clatter. But there's a good deal of work in ten minutes: so now for it!"

Suiting the action to the words, Hannah dusted

kneading-tray, cut off a mass of dough, and went; thing in the world for her to go out on the front

the first white globe in its pan, "if they want a house than aunt Hetty, its nominal head. handsomer loaf than that, let them knead it, I } shake! Do call old Nancy to roll out the cake, shy, and really modest. time!"

"Yes!" answered aunt Hetty, in a low, hoarse voice, wringing her hands together with passionate violence, rather than from an effort to divest themselves of the clinging flour, "yes! niece, I am almost tired out," and with these words trembling on her lips, the little woman opened a door and glided up a flight of back stairs to her own room.

When once there, she flung up the sash, looked wildly down the road; then creeping back to a far corner of the room, sat down, moaning softly, like a wounded kid.

At each new rattle of the wheels, she gave a start, and looked piteously around, as if seeking some covert; and when Hannah came in, dusting her hands, all rosy and smiling with excitement, the little woman darted to her bureau, and began a vague search after something, while a timid apology for not being ready trembled unuttered on her white lips.

"Here, aunt! what on earth possesses you? That's my bureau, and here's your cap. Let me put it on for you. Why, how you shiver, and this poor little face is as white as curd; wait a minute, this'll never do. Let me hunt up the pink bows, and pin them on; with all this white you look like a ghost!"

Aunt Hetty sat down, both hands dropping helplessly to her lap, and she resigned herself to the busy hands of her niece, with a frightened look, growing paler and paler, spite of the pink ribbons, as the wagon drew near the house.

"Here," said Hannah, taking the old lady's face between her hands, and kissing her cold lips, "you are neat as a new pin: only do chirp up a little! What always frightens you so when company comes? Now I'll fix up a trifle myself, and go down. Where on earth is my brown dress? Dear me, this hook never will fasten!"

Uttering these broken ejaculations, Hannah Hart arrayed her pretty figure in a dress of dark merino, put on a neat muslin collar with cuffs to match, and hurried down to receive the coming Gillian broke off suddenly, shocked by her own guests. She had so long been the leading spirit thoughtlessness She saw at once that it was

to work with wonderful vigor, rolling, pinching, porch, where the flour bags still lay in a heap, and smoothing the shapeless substance into as and wait for the visitors to descend from their dainty a loaf as ever dexterous hands moulded. Shomely conveyance; for, though a mere girl, in "There!" she exclaimed, smiling, as she laid all essentials, she was far more mistress of the

Still, with all her brightness and sweet ways, say. Dear me, aunt Hetty, how your hands as her father called them, Hannah was a little The presence of and go fix up a little. Put on a black silk apron strangers made her cheeks glow like a peach, and a nice cap: that'll make a lady of you in no while her large, brown eyes cast timid glances from under the long fringes, that would have provoked admiration from an artist, and which sent John Downs' heart into his mouth the moment he set his eyes on her.

> Daniel Hart went out to the wagon as it drew up, and before Mr. Bentley could dismount, took Gillian in his arms, holding her close to his bosom a moment, while he looked in her face.

> Gillian was surprised to feel his great heart swell against her side, and to see his massive features quivering like those of an infant. When he set her upon the ground his eyes were full of tears, so full, that he could not see his daughter through the mist. She drew close to her father, whispering softly,

"Did he love my mother very much, papa?"

But Mr. Bentley did not answer. His feelings were not so warmly impulsive as those he witnessed: contact with society had driven them deeper into his nature. While the farmer's heart heaved, his only stood still.

"And this," he said, approaching Hannah, "is my niece; no doubt, Gillian, she should be about your own age."

The two girls looked at each other shyly at first, but after a moment Gillian ran up the steps with a bright smile on her face and one hand extended, for she saw, by the blushes that came and went on Hannah's face, a thousand unspoken welcomes that went to her heart at once.

"So you are my cousin; I am so glad!" she exclaimed. "Why, it seems like home already!"

"This is your home," said Daniel Hart, coming up the steps, with a spirit of self-abnegation breaking from every feature. "The house, the land, from the hill top to the town pike, is all your father's; as for us, we do not own a foot."

"Indeed! well, that's of no sort of consequence I fancy!" cried Gillian, looking around.; i "oh! there is the orchard, and here is the great I remember it all-all but thewalnut. the-

of the household, that it seemed the most natural it he memory of her mother that had made her

father so pale, and filled that strong man's eyes ? return her kiss, but rather struggled in her eni-

"It is a beautiful view," she added, softly, "some day, my cousin, we will go all over it. Dear me! who is that?"

The two girls had walked into the hall as Gillian was speaking, and stood in the door of the family sitting-room. Opposite them was a long, old-fashioned mantle-glass, and in it Gillian } saw the figure of a little woman shrinking away all the names! I, who never had a relative behind the window drapery, so pale and terrified, that it made her start and open her eyes with

"Oh! it is only aunt Hetty; you are sure to like aunt Hetty; come in and speak to her!" cried Hannah, cheerfully, "she's a little backward with company, but the dearest, nicest-oh! indeed-

Hannah broke off with a little start, for that instant aunt Hetty came forward, with a swift, noiseless movement, and stood close to Gillian, gazing in her face, with a scared, earnest look. "Sister! oh, sister!"

The words dropped rapidly from her lips, and she caught hold of Gillian's dress, with a tender, pleading motion that perplexed the young girl exceedingly.

"Why, aunt, what is the matter? You haven't got a sister in the wide world that I know of. This is our lady cousin from foreign parts. told you all about it up stairs," said Hannah.

"I know-I know!" said aunt Hetty, lifting one little hand to her forehead. "It is Sarah's child, not-not herself: I know that, but cannot realize it. Let me look at myself."

She went up to the mantle-glass, and peered over the pale face that met her for more than a minute. When she turned away, the most wan smile that Gillian ever saw gleamed on her lips.

"Can you believe it?" she said, mournfully, pointing to Hannah, "I was like her then!"

"Why, aunt, how strangely you talk," said Hannah, bewildered by this singular address.

"Do I?" murmured the old lady. "Do I? What was it all about?" She seemed tempted low on the sitting-room hearth. There was a to address Gillian again, in the same vague way, Estrong contrast between the two men, both in but with one of her warm-hearted impulses, the character and in person; not the contrast of young girl threw her arms around the little good and evil qualities, but of intellectual orwoman and kissed her two or three times. "So ganization. One was delicate, sensitive, and reyou were my mother's sister. I understand it flective by nature; all these qualities had been now-and I look so much like her; of course sharpened and refined by an education which that must be it. No wonder it disturbs you, few Americans could boast. The other was sunt. Dear! how strange it seems to call any grand in his honesty, brave as a lion in every one aunt. Won't you kiss me, dear lady?"

and Gillian remembered, after, that she did not in thought, but pronounced his words exactly as

brace than responded to it.

"Oh, that's right," the farmer called out, entering the hall. "That's right, Mehitable, welcome the gal with a whole heart; she must not feel strange among us."

"I could not feel strange here, uncle Daniel," oried Gillian, smiling brightly while the tears leaped to her eyes. "See how pat I have got before. Uncle, aunt, cousin! isn't it delightful?"

"That's kind and hearty," replied the farmer. "Take our cousin up stairs, Hannah, while this young chap and I bring in the trunks. Aunt Hetty will see about supper while you get acquainted."

The two girls went up stairs, but directly Hannah came down again to hurry the trunks. John Downs had one on his shoulder, mounting the stairs. Hannah stepped aside to let him pass, and then she observed, with a blush, what remarkably fine eyes the young fellow had. Amid all her excitement this thought would come back to her mind all the evening; for, according to the custom of those times, the driver sat down at the same table with his passengers, and Hannah was placed directly opposite him during supper.

I don't pretend to know how it happened, but when Hannah Hart went to bed that night she had learned that John Downs owned two-thirds of a sloop on the river, beside the iron-grey horses, the Pennsylvania wagon, and some bank stock in New York. That his father had been one of the first settlers in the river town where he made his home; and altogether she gathered a very satisfactory account of his antecedents, though she certainly had no sort of business with the information whatever.

That night, when all the family were in bed and the hush of repose lay on everything, Mr. Bentley and Daniel Hart sat together over the brands of a hickory wood fire that had burned sense of the word, large-hearted and of vigorous The old lady began to tremble under the mind, well informed, and yet almost entirely caresses which the bright girl lavished on her, without absolute education. He was progressive his father had done before him; but his opinion had power in the neighborhood, even among educated men; and he was one of those persons of whom it is said, "He is a whole-souled man, whose word is as good as his bond."

Such men may become what the world call "well off," but they seldom get rich, seldom care for more than an easy competency, which they enjoy with zest, because earned by labor. Such was Daniel Hart, as he sat in his oaken easy chair by the fire-side that night. His stout form filled it comfortably, without crowding, and his great, hard hand rested on the arm as he leaned towards his brother-in-law. His air was earnest, and something of curiosity was expressed in his features, but everything was frank and open as the day. You knew at a glance that whatever he felt would be spoken out honestly.

On the other hand, Mr. Bentley sat in his chair—tall, well proportioned, without leaning to excess in any way; quiet and watchful. High-toned refinement, an excess of cultivation, and those resources that spring from it, were written in his features. He did not seem less truthful than the farmer, what you saw was sincere and honorable; but that there were not depths of feeling and hidden thoughts in that man's nature, impenetrable to his best friend, no one could doubt. His soul was like the waters of Niagara, just below the Falls—deep and turbulent underneath, but tranquil on the surface. You knew that storms were in those depths, but could neither see nor hear them.

But the farmer's nature was like the waters of Lake Superior, clear and transparent. There was not a thought of his being that did not shine through like the pebbles and sand of that pure lake.

"Tell me," said the strong man, with a quiver of the voice, while he looked upon the waning fire as through a mist, the tears lay so close to his eyes; "tell me, brother-in-law, how it was that my sister died in those foreign parts; we never had the particulars—only read in the papers that she was gone. You wrote to us, I don't doubt, but the letter never came, and to this day Hetty and I are uncertain how it all happened."

"And you have never heard?" said the other, in a low voice, leaning back in his chair, and shrouding his eyes with one hand.

"Not a word since you left here, nearly fifteen years ago, except what reached us from a New York paper. There we found that poor Sarah had died at sea, and that was all." "And you made no further inquiries?"

"How could I? Who was there for us to ask about her? I went down to New York to inquire, for Hetty was almost distracted for a good while, and I was afraid she would pine herself to death—but there was no one to tell me anything. It seemed as if Sarah and her child had drifted out of our home and been lost in the fog, she went so far out of our reach before she died."

"And you grieved over her loss?"

"Grieved over her loss! who could help it? Wasn't she the salt of the earth, our Sarah? Wasn't she like an angel of light on her father's hearth, before you took her away?"

Mr. Bentley pressed his hand close to his eyes and groaned within himself.

"I don't think much of good looks, and I ain't sure that Sarah was what folks call a beautiful woman; but I tell you, sir, there was something about her face when she talked, and in her eyes when she smiled, that no woman's face ever had for me before or since. would bring me to her feet like a dog, no matter how much I was sot agin what she wanted. Mr. Bentley, when you took that gal from under my father's roof, the light seemed to go out of the old house with her, and it never came back agin. Hetty, you know, was always nervous and afraid of her own shadow; but she kept up wonderfully while Sarah was with her; but when she went away the poor little thing wilted right down, and she never has seemed to cheer up since. You wouldn't a known our Hetty, I dare say; she's sort of withered into nothing since that news came. If young Mike Croft did not come to see her now and then, she wouldn't know there was a world outside of the house. She's dreadful melancholy; the only time I ever heard her talk up pert was when he was here last summer's a year."

"And who is Mike Croft?" inquired Bentley, dropping his hand, while a gloom came to his eyes.

"Well, I don't rightly know, myself, but I believe he's an orphan boy that our gals picked up in New York afore Sarah was married. I don't right like the fellow, but Hetty won't hear a word agin him from anybody. You can't wake her up on anything but that. But this isn't what I sot up to talk about. Tell me while we're alone, how my sister Sarah died."

"Your sister Sarah is not dead," answered Bentley, hastily, and without another word he left the room.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## ONE DAY IN THE LIFE OF A SEAMSTRESS.

#### BY MRS. M. A. DENISON.

than I had hoped, in consequence of being kept \ had not done it, although it was right when first awake in the night with severe pain, and the sent, and just as carefully adjusted. Must hurry coughing of a child. First thought—when will { to make up for lost time. some the sleep that knows no waking?

Get up-make a fire-bathe my head, which aches violently, in cold water, while breakfast old customer-spends half an hour telling me is preparing. Take a bundle of work and open how she enjoyed herself at the Springs-wants it. Fingers a little cold, but there is nothing to know if I've any very pretty patterns. Show like stitching and padding for warming the blood her all I have. How delighted at being told that of the poor. Breakfast ready. Sit down to table, but find I can eat nothing, my throat is so sore and swellen. Get up from table-must work if I can't eat—no reprieve from that fiat. At it I go again-stitch and wad, seam and pad.

Pirst interruption—a little girl enters,

"Please, Miss, mother wants you to alter the hem of my dress; it's too short."

"Your mother measured it herself," is my reply.

"I know she did, and she says she's sorry to put you to so much trouble" Half an hour wasted-don't dare to refuse-might lose custom and be talked about.

At my original work once more. Head aches so that I am 'most blind. Bathe it again, and take my needle, determined to persevere. Enter little girl number two.

"Please, Miss-mother wants to know if you will come and cut and make her new parlor carpet to-morrow? She is sick and can't do it herself." By a little adroit questioning, find out that I am not expected to say, "No," on any account. Agree to go if I can hold my head up. To work again. Wonder if anybody else in town can be honored with so many calls. not-think it must be owing to my position.

Amuse myself with stitching and giving orders for the children just from school, to put what victuals are cooked on the table for dinner.

Enter little girl number three.

"Please, Miss-mother wants a little twist, and says she don't know as she's got these right; they set kind o' crooked."

I take the work; horrible! she has placed the wrong pieces together; hope she has not cut have it by to-night, because she's going to a them. Send little girl over to get other parts- } party, ma'am." spend twenty five minutes in placing, basting, and trimming in the right way. My carelessness back to it at night, perhaps-put on my bonnet

MONDAY MORNING. - Woke up rather later; would never have ceased to be talked about if I

Enter a lady-I go into my only other room as the dishes are not washed yet. Lady is an Miss Hill, the new dress-maker, has got "oceans" of the latest Parisian fashions, and fits beautifully! All this while my time is being wasted. Lady wants to know whose basque that is-a black silk one. May she try it on?-she thinks some of having one made. "Oh! certainly," is my reply, and the clock tells an hour gone, when the basque is hung upon its nail again. Two full hours of sleep cut off. Lady goes, after beating me down on a calico dress made for her three months ago.

At my work again-face flushed; blood up to nincty-eight in the shade, fingers tremblinghead aching. Draw the needle through twice, when Miss Slade's servant makes her appearance. Just as I expected, my heart beats ominously.

"Miss Slade wants to know if you won't come right over there. Her dress is too tight, and she wants you to alter it."

"I don't know how I possibly can; can't Miss Slade come over here?"

"Oh! no, indeed, ma'am; she's got a headache and is laid down. She ain't done nothing but read all day."

My heart swells; I have a headache-but ohd when can I lay down? Even ordinary sleep is denied me. Must not forego Miss Slade's cus-

"But if you tell her I shall lose time, I am se busy!"

"She can't come on no account, ma'am, she telled me so particuler-and she won't send it, 'cause she wants to see yourself and tell you jest how it is. She told me to say that she must

I sigh, but I rise-throw by my work to come 65

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and that old shawl that my mother, who died order—the children weary and crying. Put ten years ago, gave me after she had worn it { things to rights with as much patience as I can twenty, and away I speed over to the rich Miss { command—get a hurried supper, and throw the Slade's—a good half mile from my own house.

Find Miss Slade in her luxurious chamber, delighted to see me; (would not know me on the sprayers. Mary, the eldest daughter, must do all street to-morrow.) Offers me some colognevery kind in her-shows me what she calls two \ work, literally "almost dead!" &c., worried and or three trifling alterations, that will take me tired, and out of heart I am. Sew, sew, sew. probably two or three hours. I beg piteously, The clock strikes ten, eleven, one, two, three—assuring her that I did it just as she told me—there! the last stitch is taken. but she begins to get in a passion, and I sit down humbly. Rip, rip-clip, clip, my hands for some reaction-then fling the dress sometrembling, and great tears gathering that I will where and stagger to bed. Even then blessed not let fall. Oh! but fortune seems unjust.

at least fifty cents for my time, when she knows of my childhood, remember its petting, its ease, the fault is her own-but no-though I linger, its love! I live over the bridal hour-agonise she only professes to be admiring my work. I through a few succeeding years—stopping with hint at my time—she tells me she finds Miss Hill a groan at an open grave. would have made the whole dress much more cheaply.

why, beneath my shawl. Find the house in dis- giveth me sleep.

children into bed. No time to kiss their dear lips. to hold back the silken locks and hear their little that. Trimming night lamps and sit down to

Dare not move-am so stiff and dizzy-wait sleep comes not, I am too tired! The brain reels At last it is done. Miss Slade may give me and thinks-thinks and reels. I see the home

Oh! my husband! oh! my husband! But hush, yearning heart, go from the grave-from Return home-my lip under my teeth the the cold dust to heaven. I wipe the blistering whole way-my hand clenched, I hardly know tears and pray; and then-thank God! He

### A SCORE OF YEARS HAVE PASSED.

## BY F. M. STAUFFER.

A score of years have pass'd since we Beside the altar stood; The light of life you've been to ma, And all that's true and good. As for myself—it may be told What heart of thine would say; You've felt that love of mine could hold The very world at bay!

Now threads of silver gleam amid The raven of your hair, And on my brow in lines half hid Lie vestiges of care.

Your step is not as lithe as yore, Your voice hath lost its tene. And yet your eye gives back the more The glory of my own.

A holy love is ours, my light! A love supremely blest; And in our souls there is to-night No yearning nor unrest. Come, let us kneel upon the floor Where soft the moonbeams lie, And pray that God forevermore May thus bless you and I!

## "DE PROFUNDIS!"

BY LIBBIE D-

WEARY and sad I muse upon my fate, And ponder o'er my life's all chequered page, Yet cannot read the Past for bitter tears That dim the eyes, but never grief assuage. The Present, full of toil and vague regret, Is weighing all its burden on my soul; The Future, bare and blank, before me lies,

And I too footsore seem to reach my goal. I sink beneath the tide of surging ill, Hope's star has vanished from my dimming sight. My courage dies-my ardent zeal is chill, And waves of Grief engulf me from the light: Helplessly drowning! Jesus! save Thou me! For "from the deep," oh! Lord! I cry to Thee!



### DRESSING TO PLEASE ONE'S HUSBAND.

#### BY ROSALIE GRAY.

well. She was not a blonde, with golden curls, and deep violet eyes, expressing all of love and duced to my bride," and he bent down and nothing more, whom you could array in some \ kissed her fondly. white, cloudy substance, and conceive to be an angel floating for a while out of her original had been informed of the fact too frequently to sphere on this earth of iniquity. And yet I do not wish to convey the idea that our friend's character was not a lovely one. It was; but sweetness is not the word to use while describing her. In the gipsy blackness of her eyes there was a depth of character never seen in the azure orbs from which love looks forth and claims its place supreme; her complexion was decidedly dark, and her cheeks almost colorless, except when heated up with the fire of excitement; her mouth was not small, but it was well shaped, and expressive of great energy and determination: she was tall and well proportioned, graceful and dignified; in short, she was one of those persons who seemed formed to wear the richest and handsomest of dry goods which the skill of manufacturers can produce. So much for the lady; let us turn now to her worser half.

He was very fine looking, tall and large, with grey eyes and dark hair, and rather a stern expression. His most noticeable characteristic was what he conceived to be a perfect contempt for dress; he scrupulously avoided all ornament in the way of a ring, breast-pin, or watch chain, and there never was a time in the recollection of his friends when Mr. Carlton made his appearance in any other than black clothes; so far and no farther, did he carry his indifference to dress in his own case. His cloth must always be of the finest quality, and his clothes must be a perfect fit. But the distinguishing trait in his character was more particularly exhibited in his \( \) entranced by her beauty, and hung with rapture remarks upon the extravagance of ladies, their conformity to fashion and similar topics. Of all bent upon showing him the attractions of his this, indeed, Mrs. Carlton was aware before her { country-seat, took him to the garden and stables, marriage, and she was told that she would have and expatiated upon the swiftness of his steeds, no peace of her life with such a man, that she the wonderful growth of the vegetables, and the never would be allowed to dress in any sort of merits and rarity of certain flowers, and told style or taste; but with a determined shake of how Washington had probably rested under such the head she would always reply: "I'll manage and such a tree, his companion would give the

after they were married, "I am going to bring the day was over he had made up his mind to

Dress became Mrs. Carlton, and she knew it a friend home to dine with me to-day, so look your prettiest; he is very anxious to be intro-

> Our heroine knew she was fine looking, she admit of any ignorance on the subject, and she knew too that she needed dress to set off her looks; it was therefore with conscious pride that she glanced in the mirror ere she descended to the drawing-room to await the arrival of her husband and his friend. Her rich raven tresses were twisted in heavy braids, and so arranged as to set off to the best advantage her finely formed head; the rose-tint of her dress compared well with her complexion, and the flounces lent additional charms to the grace of her figure; her flowing sleeves seemed to fall modestly back, exposing to view a pair of beautifully rounded arms, and soft dimpled hands; and the diamonds on her tapering fingers sparkled and glistened as though in delight at the beauty of their mistress. Bella knew that she was looking uncommonly well, and she secretly wondered if this would not reconcile her husband to her manner of dressing She noticed his pleased surprise as he entered and presented his friend Mr. Tucker to her. For a moment he was dazzled by her beauty, but then with a half sigh he reflected: "If she is so lovely now, how much would her charms be enhanced could she but be induced to leave off all this nonsense, and dress with perfect simplicity, thus showing that her attractions are her own, and not dependent upon anv outward aid!"

No such ideas, however, were floating through the mind of our friend Mr. Tucker; he was upon her every word; and when Mr. Carlton, most random replies, and seem scarcely to know "Bella," said Mr. Carlton one fine morning the difference between a horse and a rose. Before

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find a second Mrs. Carlton without the Mrs., and but add to the perfection of her character. ask her assistance in emerging from old bache- Bella was forming her plans for future action, lorhood. As our two friends were sitting together and so she listened patiently to his harangue. that evening after the departure of their guest, Mr. Carlton observed:

"I don't know when I have seen you look so well, my dear."

Bella glanced up with a mischievous smile as she inquired: "Do you not think my dress is becoming?"

"Anything that you wear must be becoming," replied her husband, in a conciliatory tone; "but I must confess I think a plainer style would become you better. Really, dear, if you could only know how much prettier you would look without that vast expanse of crinoline, I am sure you would give it up instantly."

"Why, my dear husband, you can have no conception of what a fright I should be, if I were to act upon your suggestion! You would be thankful to have me return to my present style."

"Before others wore hoops, had the idea been suggested to you, you would have exclaimed in horror that they would transform you to a fright; so you see it is only fashion which influences you, and if you would be true to nature, and not seek to alter your figure by artificial means, you cannot tell how much you would be improved. And then, my dear, that thin dress, it is very pretty certainly in itself, but of how little use! I could not help thinking, when you tore it on the bramble bush as we passed through the garden, how much more convenient a thicker and plainer one would have been; I saw Mrs. L--- the other day, dressed in a neat calico, and you cannot tell how much I admired her appearance; and then too, if ladies would only wear their dresses shorter, say perhaps a foot from the ground, you have no idea what an improvement it would be."

"Not if the lady happens to own a mammoth foot, which would thereby become decidedly conspicuous," observed Bella, dryly.

"That I think would be slight," replied her husband, "compared with the really slovenly appearance which a dress trailing in the dust and mud has."

Henry Carlton had always entertained a sort of an ideal theory of how he would like to see a woman dressed; he had never collected his notions together and put them in array before his mind's eye and surveyed them as a whole; } but he had his views of each part of a lady's attire separately, and it appeared to him, that subject, it would not only enhance her beauty, blook in the character of sweet simplicity.

Pleased with what appeared to him so attentive an auditor, Mr. Carlton continued:

"I see, Bella, that you are beginning to perceive the truthfulness of what I say. As to your hair, nature gave you that for an ornament, and in itself it is such, but you spoil it by bestowing so much labor on it; were you to brush it entirely off of your face and twist it into a simple knot, I think it would be much more becoming."

"What do you think of my sleeves?" asked Bella, smiling, "do you not admire them?"

"I cannot say that I do," replied her husband, "I think a closely fitting sleeve, fastened at the wrist, would be much neater."

"How is it you are so particular about your own clothes if you dislike to see ladies take pains with theirs?"

"You quite misunderstand me, my dear wife, I do like to see ladies take pains with their dress; it should be made to fit nicely, otherwise it will not be neat. My cloth is fine I know, and so I like to see a lady's dress good and fine of its kind; but you know that fashion, with us, seldom alters materially, while with you it is constantly changing; what we wear is generally plain, substantial, and necessary, while your sex wear a thousand little fussy, fixy things, intended merely for ornament. Look at our hats, for instance! there is some sense in them, for they shade our faces, while yours retreat modestly to the back of your heads, affording you no shelter whatever; now if they could be brought far enough over your faces to protect you from the sun it would be worth while."

Bella had listened to all this with an expression of edified gravity which was truly ludicrous, and Henry, pleased at having so attentive a listener, had unconsciously overdrawn his ideas to such an extent that had his opinions, as expressed to Bella, been written down and handed to him, he could scarcely have recognized them as his own. Anxious to avail himself of the advantage he had evidently gained, he continued:

"I know your own good sense must tell you that I am right; now you will dress sensibly, will you not?"

"Oh! yes," replied Bella, "you shall soon see me dressed in such a way that even you cannot possibly find any fault with it."

"Thank you," said Henry, earnestly; and he would his wife only conform to his ideas on this began to picture to himself how his wife would

Several days passed away, and still Mr. Carlton could see no change in his wife's style of dress, but then he reflected that it must probably take some time to get the new suit ready, and he resolved to be patient; he little knew, poor man! how much more he would need to be a second Job, when his wishes were being executed, than now.

One afternoon, Mr. Carlton entered the drawing-room, accompanied by an old friend, of whose coming he had previously informed his wife. Henry felt pleased with the admiration which he saw his wife's charms invariably called forth, and it was with a feeling of innocent pride that he now hastened to present her. He began, "Mr. Landon, I will make you acquainted with my-good heavens, Bella! what is the matter?"

Our hero had come from the glaring sun into a partially darkened room, and for a moment he had not noticed the curiosity which presented itself in the person of his wife; but as she rose to receive her visitor the oddity of her attire broke upon him with overpowering effect. Her hair was put plainly behind her ears and twisted is a simple knot behind, presenting the appearance of having been glued to her head to keep it from running away; she was perfectly innocent of anything of the nature of crinoline, and her calico dress hung almost perpendicularly down from her waist, and finished at about a foot from the ground, thus displaying in full view a pair of heavy morocco boots, which squeaked loud enough to set a nervous person crazy every time she moved; her dress was very high in the neck, and terminated by a scrupulously white linen collar; her sleeves were long and tight, and fastened at the wrist. No ornament of any description was visible about her; indeed, to judge from her appearance, any one might imagine that she had laid a wager to get up the plainest style of dress that could be contrived. Handsome as Bella usually was, even her husband, when she was dressed in this style, was obliged to admit that she was moderately plain; he could think of nothing, while looking at her, but a mammoth edition of some little wooden images of Noah's wife and daughters' toys, with which he had played in his childhood, and which, it always seemed to him, had been dressed in the greatest haste in whatever happened to come to hand, and sent into the ark lest the flood should overtake them. At the } first glance he had, as we have seen, been thrown \{ such a saving of time—many ladies occupy so off his guard, but he soon saw that her dress many hours in deciding how they will have a had been prepared after his own plan, somewhat dress made, and manufacturing various little exaggerated.

Mr. Landon was startled by the unexpected vision, but he was too much of a gentleman to betray his surprise; he saw instantly that something very singular was going on, and he felt much puzzled to understand it; he was interested, however, and resolved to watch proceedings and let the story develope itself.

Bella was the only one of the three who was at all self-possessed. Upon being introduced to the stranger, she bowed with her usual grace, and immediately entered into conversation with him, with an ease which, under the circumstances, was really astonishing. Henry colored, fidgeted in his chair, and showed himself the most uneasy of mortals. He had been particularly anxious that his wife should appear to the best advantage before Mr. Landon, and now the disappointment was a bitter one; and yet he could not complain: ladies' dress had been his pet theme ever since his boyhood; he had always longed to have his theory adopted: and here it was! He could not help owning to himself that his wife had taken the best means of proving te him his folly.

At length he proposed a walk around the grounds; Bella quietly drew forth a huge straw bonnet, with a plain ribbon passed once across it, and, with the most demure look in the world. placed it on her head, thus almost hiding from view her face; this, Henry thought, was not much of a loss under the present arrangements. Noticing that Mr. Landon, who now began to take in the idea, was making a desperate effort at gravity, she turned to him, and in her quiet way remarked,

"Do you not think my bonnet a sensible one? It seems so very ridiculous in ladies to wear those little caps which are no shelter at all."

"I should think that might shelter two or three of us," broke in her husband, good-na-

"Surely you do not consider it too large?" said Bella, in a mock tone of disappointment. Then turning again to her visitor, and walking a little in advance of Mr. Carlton, that he might have the best possible view, she continued, "You may, perhaps, consider my style of dress rather peculiar, Mr. Landon; but I wear it to please my husband; this is his idea entirely, he gave me the whole plan of it; you will, of course, perceive the advantage it has over what is denominated 'the fashionable style'-its convenience and simplicity are very apparent; besides, it is trifles, which are nothing more than ornaments after all. What are looks compared with saving one's time!"

Mr. Landon, who remembered his chum's peculiarity, and who, by this time, had puzzled out the whole plot, could restrain his mirth no longer, but broke forth into a merry laugh, in which he was heartily joined by Mr. Carlton; while Bella surveyed them both, from the depths of her new bonnet, with a look of feigned astonishment.

"Pardon me," said Mr. Landon, when he could again command his voice, "but I happen to have some knowledge of Henry's peculiarities, and I must confess I never saw any one better served in my life."

"I give in!" exclaimed Mr. Carlton, honestly, "I will say that I have been fairly dealt with."

"Why surely," said Bella, "you are not so soon tired of the style of dress, which it has been the height of your ambition for years to establish, are you?"

"Yes, indeed," replied Henry, "tired enough of it; and if you will promise not to don that attire again, I will pledge myself never again to find fault with your toilet or wardrobe, let them be what they will; provided your own taste guides you in the selection, I shall be satisfied."

Bella smiled triumphantly, and with mischieveus sarcasm inquired if it was possible that his good sense failed to appreciate the convenience and simplicity of her present attire?

"Do be generous and spare me this once," replied Henry, "and, as the children say, 'I will never do so again."

Bella thought his punishment had been carried far enough, and saying that she would meet them in the drawing-room, after they had satisfactorily prosecuted their investigations of the grounds, she left them.

When they returned to the house, they found Bella tastefully dressed, and with her hair decomingly arranged, awaiting their arrival. The mischievous part she had so lately played had added a fresh sparkle to her eyes, and a bright color to her cheeks and lips; and Henry proudly thought, as he met her, that he had never seen any one half so beautiful. Taking her hand fondly in his, he turned to his companion, and playfully remarked,

"Mr. Landon, allow me to introduce you to my wife. She has been a long time coming, but this is the genuine lady at last."

Mr. Landon shook her hand cordially, and expressed his delight at the privilege of making her acquaintance.

The evening passed pleasantly away, all approach to stiffness having been rendered impossible by the laughable little episode already mentioned, and Mr. Landon reckoned among his pleasantest hours those spent at his friend's country-seat. Mr. Carlton was haunted all night, waking or sleeping, by visions of the costume which had first greeted his eyes upon his return home that day. We are happy to say, however, that he survived; but frem that time he was never known to quarrel with ladies' taste in dress.

## DREAMS.

#### BY ELEANOR CLAIR.

WHAT angel guests to weary souls may come In the still hours of sleep— What words of comfort from the Father's home Seat unto those who weep!

Thus in my dreariness and weight of care, Life's way with grief hedged up, In dreams this pleasant fancy came to bear Sweets for the bitter cup.

When Autumn clouds were dark and winds blew chill, Over a barren land,

I walked in gloom, beset with forms of ill, No help on either hand.

Thus moving on, my path at last came near Where lay the silent dead, And shuddering I followed, sick with fear, The hand that thither led.

But when I entered, sudden, all was o'er
Of Wintry cold and gloom—
The dreary winds—the bare, brown earth no more—
But Summer's light and bloom.

On the low graves with richest verdure green, A thousand blossoms grew, So fair, so fragrant, save in realms of dream Met never mortal view.

While the bright sunshine kissed my tears away, And perfumes filled the air, Friends came, each bearing bud, or flower, or spray, Most marvelously fair.

For many a day I kept within my mind The beauty of that dream, And with half faith amused myself to find What might its meaning seem.

Even so, methought, God makes the woes of life, Its dreary, darkened hours Even death's bitterness—with sunshine rife, Bright with immortal flowers.

Now hath my heart in sorrow learned to sing.

Where dead its pleasure lies,
The growth of patience, hope, and love shall spring—
And faith that never dies.

## CROOKED-EYES.

## BY WINNIE WILLIAM.

Ir was a pleasant May morning, I don't care ; see you wake up." I thought the fun was all to tell how many years ago, when neatly arrayed on one side: however, I accepted the peacein my new pink frock and white apron, and } helding tightly by my brother's hand, I made my first appearance in a school-room. Dear! such rows of prim little children, with folded arms and weary looking faces; and then the teacher, seated before her table-the rule occupying a very conspicuous place thereupon-and a sort of Alexander-Selkirk-look stamped on her thin features, which plainly said:

"I'm monarch of all I survey.

She soon spied me, and after ascertaining that my name was "Mary Miller-but mamma called me Mollie"-I was led to a seat by the side of a very demure looking little girl with red hair and crocked eyes; being kindly told by the teacher, that if I whispered or made any noise during school-time, I should be punished.

The hours dragged by so heavily, and tired of sitting still. I had almost fallen asleep, when my seat-mate applied her finger nails to my bare arm in a manner that caused me to make a trial of my elecutionary powers, much to the indignation of my worthy teacher, who immediately seated me on a long bench by a row of little boys in blue-checked aprons. I cried until the teacher said, "School's dismissed," and oh! such a walk home as we had. The sun never shone so brightly, the birds sang so gaily, nor the lowers looked so radiantly beautiful. I enjoyed it all very much, but my happiness received a blow when, upon my reaching home, brother told our folks how "naughty Mary had been, and that the teacher made her sit with the boys!"

Mamma administered a severe reproof, and kept me in doors for a whole hour, when I was wanting so much to see how robin and his mate were progressing in their building operations.

"Is your name Mollie Butterfly?" asked my red-headed heroine, the next day at recess. "No!" I answered, indignantly, "my name is Mary Miller."

"Well butterflies and millers are the same, you know. Do you like candy?" handing me a to hurt you yesterday, but it was such fun to face. "Won't you say good bye?" Becky

offering, and thereafter we were inseparable friends.

What times we used to have! Rebecca Wood and I, always being assisted in our sport by Charles Dean, the ringleader in all mischief. He was continually doing and saying funny things, for which he was daily kept after school to be "reckoned with" by our teacher; and after "doing penance" would join us girls not far from the school-house, and then for a ramble in the woods to search for flowers and berries, or a slide down hill in winter time. The year passed on and still we were scolded at home. and whipped at school, enjoying ourselves immensely the while, until Charlie Dean, then a handsome boy of fifteen, was sent away to pursue his studies preparatory to entering college. Before he started, he came to bid me good bye.

"I know I shan't have any such fun away at school, as I had here with you and Becky," he said, in a mournful tone as we stood by the garden gate. "I must see her before I go. Becky is a capital good girl, but she has such a comical expression in her crooked eyes. Isn't it funny, Moll? but I never know when she's looking at me. Don't tell her I said so."

"No," said a mocking voice close by us, "don't tell her I said so! You needn't be scared, Charlie Dean, I wouldn't take the trouble to look at you."

"Don't get mad, Becky," replied Charlie in a conciliatory tone. "I don't mean anything, and I do think your eyes are really pretty, that is, when you don't look cross," he added arehly.

"Who cares what you think, you ugly thing, you!" retorted Becky, now thoroughly provoked.

"Well, good bye, Moll," said Charlie, giving my hand a fraternal grip, as I turned away to hide my tears. "Don't feel bad, Butterfly. We'll have all the more fun during vacation: and don't let old vinegar face make you study too hard." I secretly thought there was not much danger of my being very studious.

"Come now, Crooked-eyes, let us part good friends," said Charlie, playfully imprinting a quantity of pepper-mint drops. "I didn't mean kiss on her red curls, for she had averted her

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out of sight. Becky and I proceeded to the rbor, where, sitting down, she laid her head on my shoulder, and burst into tears. "I am so } orry I was so cross to Charlie," she sobbed, "but } I couldn't help it, and I was determined he shouldn't know I cared anything about his going away."

I soothed her as best I could, and in half an hour we were gayly discussing a plan for a picnic. "There won't be much fun without Charlie, to be sure," said Becky, mournfully, as she tied on her sun-bonnet," but I don't intend to mope to death this summer."

During Charlie's first and second vacations, Becky was away visiting, and ever after he spent them at his uncle's, it being much nearer than his own home. So years passed on, and the two school-mates never met.

Charlie scribbled a few lines to "Butterfly" ence in a while, and in one of his notes he confidentially told me that "cousin Rose was a regular little Venus, and he was sorely tempted to fall in love." I showed the letter to Becky: she turned slightly pale, and, pleading a head-ache, she went home, taking the precious document with her. I have never seen it since.

Time passed, and Becky and I were nineteen. Three years before we had left "Madam Selkirk's" for a fashionable boarding-school, and were spending the first summer after our "finishing up," as Becky called it, in rambling through the woods, and trying to awe our simple villagers by a display of our learning. Mamma came to the wise conclusion that Becky was an unpresitable companion, and determined to banish me from Craggsville. Accordingly, preparations were made for my spending a few weeks with an aunt of my mother's.

"It will be a very few weeks, I can assure you, Becky," I said, as we were sitting under the grape arbor, the evening before we were to start; "I shall horrify aunt Jerusha by my romping propensities, and she will conclude that home is the best place for me: so you'll see me back before long.'

"Here's a letter for you, sis," and brother tossed it into my lap. It was from Charlie. He had graduated, or been "expelled," as he wrote, § and was "coming home to play tag with Becky and Butterfly."

"I wish aunt Jerusha was in the Dead Sea!" thought Charlie fancied you more than he did almost beautiful with the world of love that

muttered something that sounded to me very me. As for myself, aunt Jerusha hasn't more much like "Good riddance!" but Charlie con- than a dozen grown-up sons, and-and-who strued it otherwise, and, after a few words, was knows but what she may fancy me for a daughter-in-law!"

> "Generous girl!" said Becky, laughing, while a bright color suffused her cheeks.

> I took a second look at her. Really "Crookedeyes" was growing handsome. Her organs of sight were only crooked enough to look roguish, and her red hair had changed to a pretty auburn.

Well, I started before sunrise the next morning, and in the evening was comfortably seated in aunt Jerusha's parlor, discussing picture-books with cousin Frank, aunt's "third sweet son." A pair of black eyes haunted my dream that night, and-well, after a visit of two months. I started for Craggsville, having promised Aunt Jerusha and Frank that I would come back soon, and live with them all my life.

The morning after my arrival home, Charlie Dean rushed into our little parlor, and, after kissing me, and dancing round the room awhile, threw himself on the sofa, exclaiming,

"Well, Butterfly, I am going to commit matrimony."

"Ah! who is to be made so extremely miserable!"

"Crooked-eyes, of course, you wicked puss!" he replied, gayly, and just then Becky came in.

"You hateful thing, you!" said she to Charlie, after she had nearly smothered me with kisses, "I think you are real mean."

"I wanted to tell you first, myself," she said, as, after Charlie had gone, we sat in the parlor, exchanging confidences. "However, it don't make much difference: and I am so delighted to think aunt Jerusha fancied you; but I never dreamed of such a thing as Charlie's loving me: did you, Moll?"

"Well, it is rather singular, Crooked-eyes; but then, you know there's no accounting for tastes, and Charlie is somewhat eccentric."

For which saucy reply I had my ears pinched. Becky told Charlie all about aunt Jerusha and Frank, whereupon the said gentleman declared his cup of happiness was overflowing; and Frank coming to our village, in a week or two, for the purpose of arranging some "business matters" with papa, and having "passed examination" creditably, we had lots of fun together. We were all married at the same time, for Charlie said "there was no use in making two fusses, and he always believed in killing two birds with one stone." I do not intend to tell how becomsaid I, after reading the letter aloud. "Well, I ing orange blossoms and white blonde were to hope you will make a conquest, Becky; I always } Miss Becky, or how her "crooked eyes" looked lingered in their clear depths; for, as her hus-} band told her, "she made a very respectable says I always do, and he says, too, that "the looking bride."

And what about me?

Oh, dear! I had nearly forgotten myself. Frank day his little 'butterfly' first lighted in their home was the most blessed day in his life."

## "LOVE IN A COTTAGE."

#### BY MISS MARY A. LATHBURY.

TREES's a cottage down in the valley, A cottage of gleaming white, Shaded by spreading beeches, And almost hidden from sight By climbing roses and woodbine, Shading the cottage door, And casting a shimmering shadow Down on the cottage floor-Shading the milk-white roses And the brow of the maid Lenore.

Not for the spreading beeches-Not for the swinging vine-Not for the white-hearted roses, Or the shade of the dark woodbine: Do I turn me toward the cottage

With a longing, wistful eye; Or bound along the pathway, Where the beech tree boughs wave high; But I watch for the gleam of a white hand From a latticed window nigh.

'Tis not at the pretty cottage That I gaze, as I pass it by; But at the half-opened casement. For the flash of a maiden's eye. Oh! it is a charming ideal Of a novelist's "love in a cot;" And I'm certain the little god dwells there, And his throne is a maiden's heart; The heart of a dark-eved maiden. Oh! his is a happy lot.

## THE OLD BROWN COT

#### BY EDWARD A. DARBY.

Among the scenes to memory dear To which my fancy oft returns, And for whose long lost days of joy My spirit in its sadness yearns; There's none that seems so dear to me As that where passed life's early morn. There's none for which I sigh so oft As for the cot where I was born. CHORUS. The old brown cot, the low brown cot,

The moss-grown cot beneath the hill: Though years have passed since I was there I love it, oh, I love it still!

It stood beside the running brook Whose waters turned the noisy mill, And close beneath the tall old caks That nodded on the sloping hill. The woodbine creeping o'er the walls, The sunshine on the grassy plot, How beautiful were they to me When home was in that old brown cot!

Though I may view the fairest lands On which the sun in glory beams, And dwell in climes more beautiful Than poets visit in their dreams: Still will affection linger round That loved and consecrated spot, And tears will fall as I go back To boyhood and the old brown cot.

## GOING HOME.

## BY JLARA AUGUSTA.

Bordered with stately lilacs—shaded by ancient trees Filled with the richest music swept from the tender breeze; Oh! how I think of the evenings spent in the happy talk: Wandering with beautiful Mary down o'er the garden walk.

Now the wild billows toss me far on the lonesome ses How the strong wind, through the cordage, rattles and frolics in glee!

Powerless the wheel to direct us, useless the quivering helm; Oh! let me think of thee, Mary, while the waves over us whelm!

Jane-

Where the bees sing in the rye-field, all of the bright after noon:

Mary sits, quietly knitting, on the piazza so cool;

The kitten, with paws like white velvet, toys with a fugitive spool.

God bless and keep all the dear ones, far, far away on the

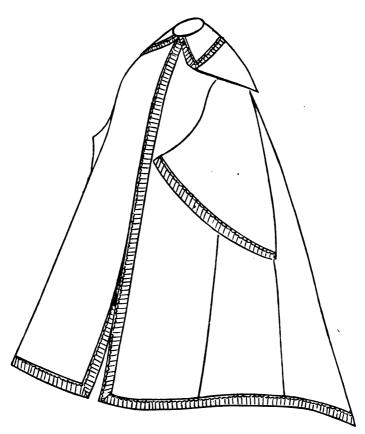
While I go tossing and toiling over strange waters and strand. Ever my heart brings the memory-dearer, the farther I roam-

Think of the rose-shaded garden, where lies the sunshine of ? Of the sweet, shady path in the garden, and dear little Mary at home.



### WINTER CLOAK.

BY BMILY H. MAY.



cloak, as follows:

No. 1. PART OF FRONT.

No. 2. PART OF BACK.

No. 8. THE SHOULDER PIECE.

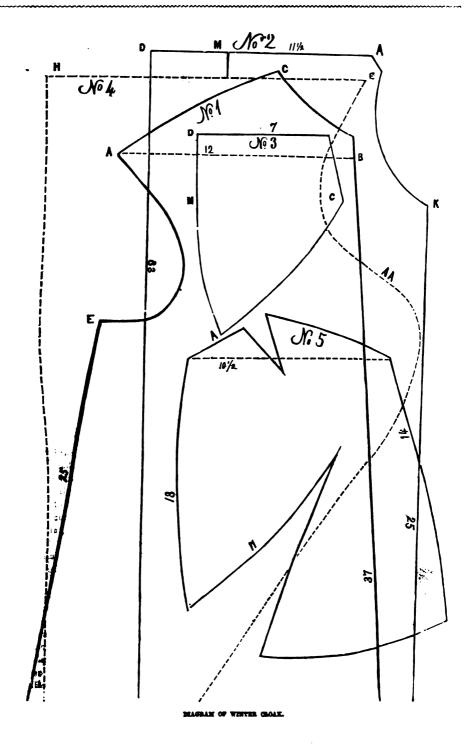
No. 4. PART OF SLEEVE.

No. 5. THE HOOD.

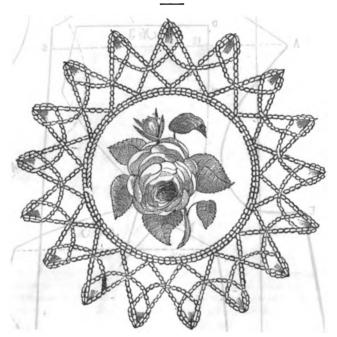
whole of it. It must be, as marked in the dia- join E of the sleeve to E of the front, and A A of gram, thirty-seven inches long in front; and the sleeve to A of the front.

WE give, this month, for our popular depart-, twenty-five inches, on the side, measuring from ment, "How to Make One's Own Dresses," a the arm-hole down. Neither can we give the pattern for a fashionable winter cloak, just re- whole of the back, but from D down it should oeived from Paris. The above engraving repre- { be thirty-three inches long, and from K down, sents this graceful cloak when made up. On the twenty-five inches. The shoulder piece and next page is a diagram, by which to cut out the hood are given entire. To cut out the sleeve (the top of which is from E to A A) project downward from A A and H till the lines meet.

In putting it together, join A and C of the front to A and C of the shoulder piece. Join A and M of the back to A and M of the shoulder piece; and plait from M to B of the back to M The front is so long that we cannot give the to B of the shoulder piece. To put in the sleeve,



### JEWELED MAT.



At the request of M. W. D., a subscriber, we silk, using the thread about a yard in length. have designed the above Mat.

MATERIALS.-12 oz. opal beads, 8 yards white bonnet wire, 7 oz. turquoise, 6 spools white sewing silk.

Work the centre of Mat in Berlin wool in either flowers or fruit. Select a pattern in rich, dark colors, as the greater the contrast the prettier the effect. With a lead-pencil mark out a perfect circle 7 inches in diameter; fill in the ground work with the opal beads. For the border, take the bonnet wire, measure 23 inches, join the wire at this place. Now measure 8 inches, bend the thread them upon four separate threads: connect wire as seen in the drawing. Repeat this until these four threads together at one end, and plait you have shaped enough to complete the circle, in four. Dispose of this plait in festoons as seen sew the points (at equal distances of 2½ inches in the drawing, tying the plait to the point with spart,) upon the circle, making in the whole 9 silk so as not to be seen. Cut two pieces of points: the last point must not meet the first one cardboard size of centre of Mat, cover one with by 14 inch. Shape the wire as before, and carry the worked centre, the other with blue silk: sew this second row of points round, sewing them the edges of the two together. upen the circle, observing to make these points \( \) sewing the border to the centre. Make another come exactly in the centre of those forming the \( \) plait of the turquoise beads and place it over the Thread the opal beads upon the white uncovered wire.

Fasten one end to the wire at the base of a point. Keep the beads close together, and work round and round, covering the wire entirely. the beads threaded are so disposed of, fasten the silk securely; thread more beads, continue until all the points are entirely covered, at the place where the points cross each other. Tie with a piece of white silk, cutting off the ends neatly, but not too close. This is to keep the points in place.

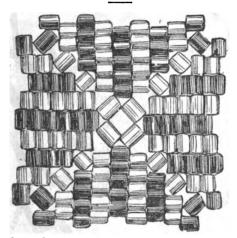
Now divide the turquoise beads into four parts.

By pinching up the rim of this Mat, the outside may be converted into a card-basket, and { tard seed, or a little larger, to make the Mat the one of great beauty.

The beads should be about the size of musproper size.

### LAMP-MAT IN BEADS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



THE design indicates the mode of working. and pass the needle through a white bead. Re-Begin by stringing four white beads, and knot peat the same thing four times. Afterward string the thread to form the circle upon which all the two white beads, and pass the needle through werk is to be done. Then string a green bead, the green bead.

### V ARIETIES IN EMBROIDERY.



BOTTOM OF CHILD'S DRESS.



EDGING.



EDGING.

### KNITTED TALMA.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



for the fair readers of "Peterson." It would be a beautiful and warm Talma for concerts, opera, &c.

MATERIALS.—11 lbs. single white sephyr, 7 oz. single scarlet, wooden needles of medium size.

Cast on 650 stitches with the scarlet wool.

\* 1st Row.—Knit plain.

2nd Row.-Knit purl \*. Repeat 4 rows.

5th Row .- Knit 2 plain-throw the thread forward, knit 11 plain-take off the 12th without knitting, narrow 1, bind the slip stitch over the narrowed one, (this makes the centre stitch of the point) \* knit 11, throw the thread forward, is thrown upon the right side of the knitting.

This is an original pattern, designed expressly kinit one, throw the thread forward, knit 11, take off 1 without knitting, narrow 1-bind the slip stitch over the narrowed one \*. Repeat to the end of the needle-knitting last two stitches plain.

6th Row .- Purl.

7th Row .- Same as 5th. Continue this pattern and purl knitting for 22 rows.

28rd Row.-Purl, observing to narrow three stitches in one, at the centre stitch of every point.

24th Row .- Knit plain.

25th Row .- Purl.

26th Row .- Plain. This forms a ridge, which

27th Row.—2 plain. Pattern again, observing forward, knit 5 plain—take off the 6th without to knit 10 stitches in place of 11, as in the 1st knitting, narrow 1, bind the slip stitch over the point.

28th Row.—Purl. Continue as before alternate pattern and purl for 20 rows.

47th Rew.—Like 28rd. Knit the 4 rows forming the ridge—the 47th being the 1st of the 4.

Then pattern, knitting 9 stitches in place of 10, as in last pattern, and 18 rows to the point. This decreasing 1 stitch every pattern of every point, and 2 rows to the point, narrows the Talma to fit the neck. Make 14 points deep, 8 points colored for the border, rest white.

FOR THE COLLAR.—Cast on 252 stitches with the colored wool. Knit 4 rows, alternate plain and purl as in the Talma.

5th Row .- Knit 2 plain. Throw the thread { colored wool completes the whole.

forward, knit 5 plain—take off the 6th without knitting, narrow 1, bind the slip stitch over the narrowed one \*, knit 5, throw the thread forward, knit 1, throw the thread forward, knit 5, take off 1, without knitting, narrow 1 \*. Repeat this to the end of the needle, knitting last two stitches plain.

6th Row .- Purl.

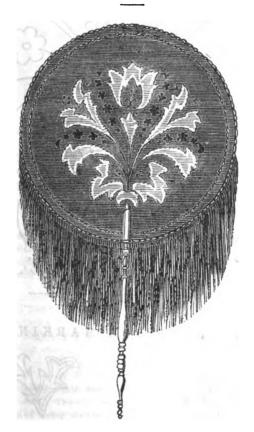
7th Row.—Same as 5th. Continue this pattern and purl 10 rows.

11th Row.—Same as 23rd of Talma. Knit the 4 rows for the ridge same as Talma, narrowing as before, making collar 6 points deep.

Take up the stitches on sides of Talma and collar. Knit four rows alternate plain and purl to make a pretty finish. Cord and tassels of the colored wool completes the whole.

FIRE-SCREEN.

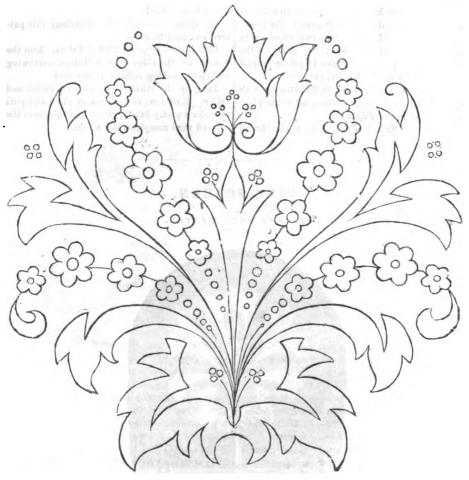
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER



THIS Screen is composed of sky-blue taffets, taffets with some gum. A gold cord must be apon which must be placed black velvet applique, { sewed around the edges of the velvet, and also according to the engraving which we give be-{around the two outer circles described on the low.

Cut out of your velvet the pattern of flowers be ornamented with sky-blue moss fringe, and you design to use, and then arrange it upon the be finished with a small hand of white ivory.

taffeta. The outer edge of the Screen should



CENTRE OF FIRE-SCREEN

PATTERNS FOR MARKING.

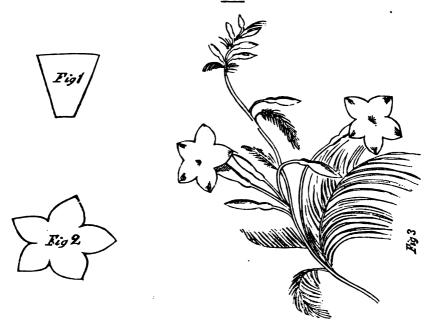






### DIR ECTIONS HOW TO MAKE CYPRESS.\*

BY MRS. A. M. HOLLINGSWORTH.



MATERIALS .- Carmine paper, pink thread for hearts, white seeding, small green calyx, leaves, buds, &c.

Cut an equal number of No. 1 and 2: gum up No. 1 in the form of a tube as directed for jessamine, fasten on to the petal with gum; make { the stamen of pink thread, three or four threads an inch in length is sufficient, fasten a thin piece of wire to it long enough for a stem, touch the ends of the thread in gum, and then dip it in white seeding or corn starch; finish with the { The buds and leaves can be small green calyx. had ready prepared. Branch like example.

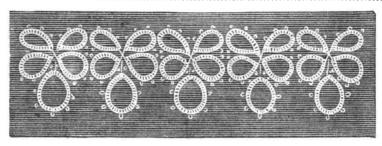
\* MATERIALS FOR MAKING PAPER FLOWERS .-Tissue paper of various colors, carmine paper for Pinks, Dahlias, and red Roses, variegated for Japonicas, Pinks, &c., wire, wax, gum arabic, stamens, pipes, green leaves, oalyx, sprays, cups for roses and buds, all the small flowers being of sixty varieties, can be obtained ready stamped of Mrs. A. M. Hollingsworth's Fancy Store, No. 32 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia. Orders by mail punctually attended to. A box, with materials for a large bouquet or basket, sent, by mail. on receipt of one dollar, post-paid.

### TATTING EDGING.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

THE only material required for this work is being very durable. It is especially adapted for No. 12 Six-cord Crochet Cotton. The edging is trimming children's trousers, because so strong. suitable for the trimmings of under portions of dress, especially for such as belong to children, have named, make thirty-two stitches, draw VOL. XXXV.-6

Having filled the shuttle with the cotton we

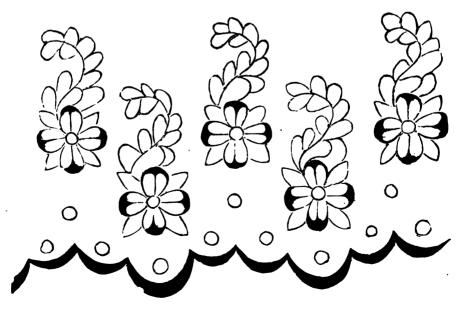


these up close, and repeat until you have five; the stitches. This forms the pearl when the loops. Leave a space of not more than an inch, loop is drawn up; all that is required is that and make five more, and so on, for any length they should be regular. that may be required. These loops having been thus made, require to be arranged in the form we } have given, by means of a needle and rather fine The continuous thread which white cotton. holds them together does not show, if kept regularly on behind the under parts which are thus } joined together. In our pattern we have given } the pearled edge, but this can be either adopted or rejected, according to pleasure. Many ladies { use the pin in producing this pearl, but a little this drawback. practice renders this quite unnecessary. It can } the cotton, so as to leave a little interval between of the worker.

There is no doubt that the tatting with the pearled edge is much more ornamental than the plain, but it is attended by its own disadvantages. If each pearl is not pulled out carefully by the laundress, its beauty is entirely destroyed. Some ladies even take the pains of opening these with the point of a stiletto, but this involves so serious a labor that many others are content with the simple tatting, which is not subject to

If adopted, the pearl may be introduced at be done equally well by pressing the thumb upon \ every third or fifth stitch, according to the taste

### PATTERN FOR EMBROIDERY.



BOTTOM OF PETTICOAT.

### PORTMONNAIE IN SCARLET AND GOLD

BY MRS. JANE WRAVER.



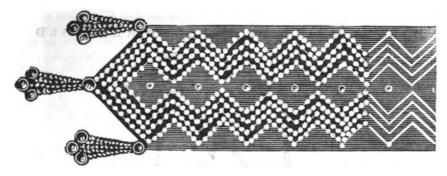
WE give, in the front of the number, two { cloth. One represents the front and the other engravings, each of the full size, for a port-the side. The effect, when made up, is very monnaie, to be worked with gold laid on scarlet | pretty.

NECK-TIE.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

tion, to prevent the cold air blowing round the effect. The pattern is in steel beads, on a black neck from producing injurious effects. A pretty ribbon velvet, about an inch in width, the ends Neck-Tie has, therefore, the double recommendabeing finished with a tassel formed of steel tion of being both ornamental and useful. The beads. It is also extremely pretty for mournone we have given in our illustration is very ing, if black beads are substituted for the steel.

THE winter weather requires a little precau- easy of execution, and has an extremely good



The lines of beads must be worked close to each ; These little neck-bands are really desirable. The other, and the same number of beads must be length must be arranged according to the taste in every line, so as to give perfect regularity. of the wearer.

### KNITTED UNDER-SLEEVE.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



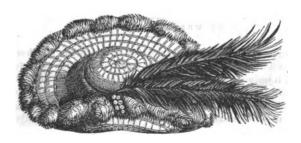
} ter wear, and having knit a pair can testify to their comfort.

MATERIALS REQUIRED .- 2 oz. brown single zephyr, 1 oz. crimson single zephyr, 1 pair steel knitting needles, common size, 1 pair bone knitting needles, small.

With the crimson wool, and steel needles, cast on 70 stitches, knit 1 row plain, rib 80 rows like the top of a stocking. Join the brown wool, and with the bone needles knit 50 rows plain. Join the crimson wool, use the steel needles, knit 30 rows, ribbed. Again the brown, knit with the bone needles 18 rows plain. With the crimson wool knit 30 rows as before. Brown, knit 18 rows plain, narrowing 1 stitch at the end of every row. Finish with the crimson wool, knit-WE have designed this Under-Sleeve for win- ting 80 rows ribbed. This last to fit the wrist.

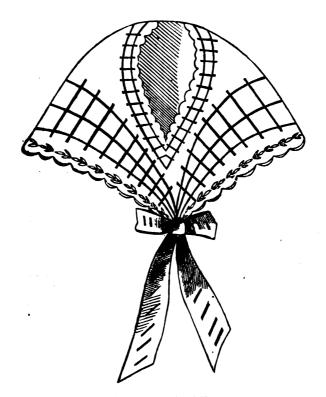
### HENRY THE FOURTH HAT,

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



This novel idea for covering lamp-shades costs afterward the twine is easily bent into shape. little and is easily made. With a piece of cord, The fourth row must be narrowed to form the and some grey, white, or black wool, a little hat lower part of the hat, which is composed of four of the desired shape is soon completed. The {rows one above the other; then widen for seven cord must be worked over with four loop stitches { rows to form the brim This little toy is ornaof the colored wool, and united in a ring; go on mented by some chenille or ribbon of a bright working in a circle for three rows; this is the color, and turned up at the side with a bow, a crown of the hat, which must be begun flat, few beads, and a feather.

### NOVELTIES OF THE MONTH.



CAPE ON BLACK NET.



WREATH FOR HANDKERCHIEF.



EDGING.



### EDITOR'S TABLE.

### EDITORIAL CHIT-CHAT.

THE MIRANDA OF SHARSPEARE.—The messectint, in this number, is engraved from an original picture, painted by G. W. Conarroe, an eminent artist of this city. The subject is Miranda, the heroine of "The Tempest;" and the scene that in which, after beholding the wreck, she adjures her father to calm the storm. The poet makes her say,

"Oh, I have suffered With those that I saw suffer! a brave vessel, Who had no doubt some noble creatures in her, Dash'd all to pieces. Oh, the cry did knock Against my very heart! Poor souls! they perished. Had I been any god of power, I would Have sunk the soa within the earth, or e'er It should the good ship so have swallow'd, and The freighting souls within her."

In many respects, Miranda is the best of Shakspeare's female heroines, lovely and womanly as they all are. Mrs. Jameson, in her "Characteristics," says of this exquisite delineation;-"Had Shakspeare never created a Miranda, we should never have been made to feel how completely the purely natural and the purely ideal can blend into each other." And she adds:--"The character of Miranda resolves itself into the very elements of womanhood. She is beautiful, modest and tender, and she is these only; they comprise her whole being, external and internal. She is so perfectly unsophisticated, so delicately refined, that she is all but ethereal. Let us imagine any other woman placed beside Miranda-even one of Shakspeare's own loveliest and sweetest creations-there is not one of them that could sustain the comparison for a moment; not one that would not appear somewhat coarse and artificial when brought into immediate contact with this pure child of nature, this 'Eve of an Enchanted Paradise." And again:- Not only is she exquisitely lovely, being what she is, but we are made to feel that she could not possibly be otherwise than she is pourtrayed. She has never beheld one of her own sex: she has never caught from society one imitated or artificial grace. The impulses which have come to her, in her enchanted solitude, are of heaven and nature, not of the world and its vanities."

Such a woman Mr. Conarroe has realized on canvas. It is not mere beauty, in the common acceptation of the term, which is depicted in her face; but there is there also a spiritual loveliness, full of all purity and truth. What sadness, too, what womanly pity! The action of the picture, as a composition, is very good. The waves tossing on the shore; Miranda's hair blown about by the winds; the black, whirling clouds overhead; the forked lightning:—all these foreibly express the agitation of Nature, which, so to speak, is the burden of the play. Mr. Sartain has also done himself great credit by the manner in which he has engraved the picture for us.

LIFE SUBSCRIBERS.—In a letter, enclosing two dollars, the writer says.—"I expect to take your Magazine as long as I live: I think it the best published." Every year we are adding extensively to this list of life subscribers. We have names, on our books, that have been receiving the Magazine for fifteen or sixteen years.

OUR SLIPPER PATTERN.—We think this the best affair of its kind ever published in a Magazine. For next month, however, we have something even handsomer. Recollect, one of these colored patterns is to be given, in every number, this year.

A BEAUTIFUL POEM.—A lady calls our attention to the following poem, as equally true and beautiful. The subject is "Woman's Love."

Come from your long, long roving, On the sea so wild and rough, Come to me tender and loving, And I shall be blest enough.

Of men though you be unforgiven,
Though priest be unable to shrive,
I'll pray till I weary all Heaven,
If only you come back alive.

Where your sails have been unfurling, What winds have blown on your brow, I know not, and ask not, my darling, So that you come to me now.

Sorrowful, sinful and lonely, Poor and despised though you be, All are nothing, if only You turn from the tempter to me.

THREE BEAUTIFUL PICTURES .- T. Buchanan Read, the poetpainter, has just returned to this city, after an absence of several years in Rome, bringing with him several pictures of great beauty, which he has painted to fill commissions. Among these pictures, "The Spirit of the Waterfall," belonging to J. L. Claghorn, Esq., is particularly noticeable. It represents a waterfall, with nymphs descending, gracefully grouped together; a charming idea, and which is carried out with equal force and beauty. A fortunate man is Mr. Claghorn to be the possessor of so superior a chef d' œuvre. Another picture is "Jephtha's Daughter," painted for Joseph Harrison, Jr. Both Mr. Harrison and Mr. Claghorn are liberal and judicious collectors of pictures, and take deserved pride in their galleries; but neither have any gems that excel these by Mr. Read. A third picture is "The Ascension of the Innocents," a picture, that, like the "Translation of St. Catharine," breathes an almost divine beauty, and could only have been conceived and executed by Christian art, never by Pagan. It is Mr. Read's intention to return to Rome in the spring.

HEAD-DRESS: CAUL .- Among our fashion embellishments is a pretty caul for the head, which any lady can, if she chooses, make for herself; and a description of which, therefore, we annex. For the materials take 1/4 yard of black silk bobinett lace, two yards large crimson and gold silk cord, three yards of long large crimson and gold silk tassels, sixteen small crimson and gold silk tassels. Cut a round piece out of the black lace as large as the 1/4 yard will allow. Sew the cord upon the lace as seen in the design, putting the small tassels in the places assigned. Dispose of the long tassels, two on one side, one on the other. Make a narrow hem in the edge of the lace, in it run a piece of black clastic. just long enough to fit the knot of hair. This is a very pretty head-dress and easily made. Any color cord and tassels may be used. Black, crimson, black and gold, blue or pink are all beautiful.

A Word for Hoofs.—The gentlemen, who amuse themselves at the expense of ladies' hoops, should read the following, which we take from an exchange paper. "Lately, one of a party of girls who were fishing off the Hackensack (N. J.) bridge, fell into the water, and as the current was very strong would undoubtedly have been drowned, had not the expansion of her hoops and clothing kept her above the water until assistance reached her."

THE WEDDING DRESSES OF THE DUCHESS OF MALAKOFF.—
Our fair readers, generally, are aware that Pelissier, the French general who captured Sebastopol, and who, on that account, was created Duke of Malakoff, has lately been getting married. The French and English newspapers are full of descriptions of the magnificent dresses prepared for the bride. No event of a similar character, has, for a long time, excited so vast a degree of interest in the fashionable circles of Paris. The trousseau was a present from the Empress to the bride, and all the principal articles contained in it were selected and made under her Majesty's superintendence. The following is a description of a few of the bridal dresses:—

A robe of white taffety with bands of cerulean-blue taffety laid on so as to form broad stripes. The blue bands were cut out in scallops, and edged with blue velvet, at the extrems margin of which there was a row of white blonde. The corsage and sleeves were ornamented in the same style; the sleeves being in the pagoda form, with the bands of blue silk running transversely. Another dress consisted of three skirts; the first being of emerald-green velvet, the second of green satin of a hue paler than that of the velvet, and the third of taffety of a still lighter shade. The two upper skirts were cut out in deep vandykes, and edged with a narrow black lace set on in slight fullness. The corsage was low, and had a borthe formed of the three materials composing the skirts-viz: velvet, satin, and silk, disposed in folds. Another dress was of jonquille colored silk. The skirt had no less than eighteen narrow flounces cut out at the edges. The corsage was high and plain, and fastened up the front by a row of topaz buttons. The sleeves were formed of four frills cut out at the edges. A shawl of black lace lined with white silk was intended to be worn with this dress. Another dress was a robe of mauve-colored velours epingle, trimmed all round the edge of the skirt with quilles of black velvet, terminating in points, and rising to the height of the knees. These quilles were finished with an edging of narrow black lace. The corsage and the pagoda sleeves were ornamented with the same trimming. A bow of black velvet, edged with black lace, was fixed on the left side of the waist, the ends descending nearly to the feet.

Two of the Duchees's robes de chambre were remarkable for novelty of style. One was of rich figured plush, having an elegant running design figured in violet and black on a white ground. The corsage had a small pelerine, trimmed with violet and black chenille fringe. This robe was lined throughout with white satin, and edged all round with a broad band of plain violet plush. The other robe de chambre—or, as it may more properly be called, robe de matin—was in the style of Louis XVI, and composed of very rich white silk. The fullness was gathered in at the back in very large plaits, and the robe was open in front, with broad revers of pansy-colored velvet. The corsage was trimmed with two broad bands of velvet, and the sleeves were loose at the ends, with broad revers.

One of the ball dresses was of white tulle, with three skirts, each trimmed with an exceedingly broad ruche of taile edged with black lace. This new style of ruche is called the Herisson. The three skirts were gathered up by bouquets of roses. A bow, with long ends of white sarcenet rubbon, edged with red velvet, fixed the lowest bouquet to the dress.

Among the Duchees's jewels there was a magnificent parure, consisting of plaques of diamonds, attached one to another by small links of pearls. Suspended from each cluster of diamonds was a long pear pearl. Another exquisite parure consisted of diamonds, topaxes, pearls, and emeralds, mounted in the form of daisies. This parure consisted of a wreath for the hair and a bouquet de coreage.

TASTE IN DRESS.—A badly dressed woman does injustice to berrelf.

"OF SUCH IS THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN."-One of our subscribers writes to us, in the following vein, respecting the mezzotint, "The Lily," published in our last number:-"Your beautiful frontispiece, in the December number, is my apology for addressing you at this time. You say it is beautiful; it is more than beautiful, it is holy! As I gaze on it, my soul is stirred with a deeper feeling than the mere love of the beautiful, for memory points backward through the vista of departed years, and this lovely emblem of innocence, beauty, and truth, bounds into life before me. I almost hear the echo of a fairy footfall: the large, grey dreamy eyes, which bear in their silent depths, so little of earth, so much of Heaven, are looking straight into my own, as the pinafore of wild blossoms, gathered for 'Mamma,' is emptied on my lap, while one tiny hand still clasps the pure white lily which brother gave. But our Lily drooped and failed. The death angel slowly furled his white wing, and gathered the spirit of our loved one to its warm embrace. Sadly we crossed the baby hands on the throbless bosom, with the faded memento of a brother's love tightly clasped there; and we made her bed under the cherry tree she had loved so well, where in summer the robin carols always his sunset song; and on the flowers which blossom there, are bright drops which are not dew. And yet we mourn not, for we know that our Lily blooms in the crystal waters of the great golden river of life. Verily of such is the kingdem of heaven!"

There are thousands of mothers, all over this beautiful land, who echo this lamont and rejoice in these hopes. Oh! how terrible would death be to the parent, if there was no eternity, no life beyond the grave. The blessed expectation of meeting our lost little ones, in a brighter and better land, is all that sustains the sorrowing mether, when the coffin-lid closes over her child, and the dear face is hid away forever on this, earth. Thank God for the words!—"Of such is the kingdom of heaven."

BRONZE WORK FOR THE CAPITOL.—Messrs. Archer, Warner & Miskey, of this city, have just finished a bronze balustrade, for the Capitol extension at Washington, which, we may safely assert, ranks foremost in the world among works of art of a similar kind. Instead of stiff banisters to support the rail, a graceful pattern is employed, in which animals and birds are introduced in a scroll-work of fruits and flowers. All these are American and modoled from Nature. It is impossible to convey, in words, any idea of the fidelity of this exquisite affair. An eagle, with extended wings, is, perhaps, the most striking figure; and next to this a stag crushing a rattlesnake. Architects, who have carefully studied the best screens, gates, and other master-pieces in bronze, in Europe, say that this balustrade equals any similar thing abroad.

Advice to Consumptive Prople.—Dr. Hall, of the Journal of Health, says to his consumptive friends:—"You want air, not physic; you want pure air, not medicated air; you want untrition, such as plenty of meat and bread will give, and they alone; physic has no nutriment; gaspings for air cannot cure you; monkey capers in a gymnasium cannot cure you, and stimulants cannot cure you. If you want to get well, go in for beef and out-door air, and do not be deluded into the grave by advortisement certificates."

A COSTAY DRESS.—The Empress Eugenie has just purchased the dress in point d'Alencon given by the city of Rouen to the aunt of Louis XVI., on her visit there with Louis XV. The Empress has paid the sum of ten thousand dollars for the drees, which has a train of two yards and a quarter in length, and is covered with birds, and trees, and emblematical figures of all kinds. We have seen lace dresses, at weddings in this city, worth five or six thousand dollars; but ten thousand, as yet, is a figure above republicans.



An Editor's Opinion .- One of the craft, who has retired ; from business, writes to us as follows --- "In selling my paper, however, I do not mean to part company with 'Peterson.' My better half made it a condition precedent to the sale, that I should become a subscriber for your Magazine; and in order to keep peace in the family, I have concluded to send on for the Magazine for her. I have also secured you seven other names and send herewith ten dollars."

THE DOLLAR NEWSPAPER .- We call attention to the advertisement of this excellent family paper—the best, we think, published in Philadelphia—but especially to the liberal offer of one thousand dollars in premiums to persons getting up clubs. For \$2,50, cash in advance, the "Dollar Newspaper" and "Peterson" can be had for one year. Remit, in such cases, to Charles J. Peterson, 306 Chesnut St., Philadelphia.

BEING SATIRICAL.—Curb your tendency to be satirical! It is easier, often, to say a cruel thing, than a kind one; and is, therefore, no credit, not even to your intellect. Be loved, rather than feared!

### REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

History of Frederick the Second, called Frederick the Great. By Thomas Carlyle. In four volumes. Vols. I. and II. New York: Harper & Brothers. The peculiarities of Carlyle's writings are well known to the reading public. The author of "Surtor Resartus" has the merit, rare among literary men of this generation, not only of clothing his thoughts in a style of his own, but of stamping the thoughts themselves with distinctive features. It is true that his English is an English unknown to the good old standards of the tongue, a barbarous jargon against which every honest oritic ought to protest. But, what with the eccentricities of his verbal style, and what with the almost Sardonic power of his irony, Carlyle, at least, fixes the reader's attention, which many writers fail to do, who are purists of the first water. The work now before us, for example, is profoundly interesting. The first volume is devoted chiefly to the early history of the Prussian dynasty, and is full of those panoramic views, in giving which Carlyle excels all other writers. King and Kaiser, Margrave and Elector. Knight and Bishop pass before the reader, like spectres conjured up by the hand of some potent magician. In no other work, that we have perused, do we find such vivid pictures of feudal Germany. It was said of Kean's acting, that it was reading Shakespeare by flashes of lightning; and Carlyle's Frederick is reading the Teutonic middle ages in the same way. The second volume brings us down to more modern times; but is not less graphic and interesting. It comprises the thirteen years of Prussian history, which preceded the death of Frederick the Great's father, a monarch whom most writers have either misunderstood, or misrepresented, but whom Carlyle exalts almost into a hero. We shall await the appearance of the remaining two volumes with no little eagerness, and hope they will not be so long forthcoming as Macauley's promised ones, which, if report speaks truly, have been bought off by the Hanoverian dynasty, for a pecrage.

The Four Sisters. By Frederika Bremer. 1 vol., 12mo. T. B. Pelerson & Brothers. We do not think this novel inferior, as a work of art, even to the best of Miss Bremer's earlier fictions; and having said this, what more can we say in its praise? There is so much exceptionable literature printed in these times, that a parent hardly knows what new book to introduce into the household. To "The Four Sisters," however, no exception can be taken. It is deeply interestsensibly refines and spiritualizes the reader. A small edition chase "Gerald Noel." The Appletons have issued the volume was published, a year or two ago, under the name of "Hertha." in their usual neat style.

Palestine, Past and Present. By Rev. Henry S. Osborne, A. M. 1 vol., 8vo. Philadelphia: James Challen & Sons. This is an elegant royal-octavo volume, containing over five hundred pages, and embellished with numerous beautiful engravings, colored and plain. The work is the result of recent researches in Palestine and a portion of Syriz, and embraces the natural, scientific, classical and historical features of the Holy Land, identifying and illustrating many Scriptural passages hitherto unnoticed. The engravings are from original designs and drawings, the latter of which were taken on the spots they represent. They give an excellent idea of the scenery of Palestine, its cities, villages, architecture, birds, flowers, &c., &c. A map of the Holy Land accompanies the work. The volume appears at an opportune season, as it will make an appropriate and elegant Christmas gift. It will be a valuable companion to "The City of the Great King," published by the same house.

The Modern Cook; a Practical Guide to the Culinary Art in all its Branches. By Charles Cline Francatelli. With Sixty-two Illustrations. 1 vol., 8vo. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. This is a work of a higher class than such compilations generally are. It comprises, in addition to English cookery, the most approved systems of French, Italian and German cookery; and is indispensable, therefore, to hotel-keepers, confectioners, and private families that wish to keep first-rate tables. The publishers have issued it in a style corresponding to its merits. There are numerous engravings of ornamental dishes, which will be found of great value, especially in country localities, where professional cooks cannot be got, as in a large city, at a moment's notice. No fashionable entertainment ought to be undertaken, we should think, without Francatelli's cook-book.

Judge Haliburton's Yankee Stories. With Illustrations. Two volumes complete in one. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. The wit and drollery of Judge Haliburton, when writing, as in this work, under his soubriquet of "Sam Slick," have never been surpassed. The sketches are all short, so that the book may be taken up, read for a few minutes, and then laid down without breaking the continuity of the text. We do not know a more certain specific to cure the "blues" than these Yankee Stories of "Sam Slick." The volume is handsomely illustrated.

Jack and Harry; or, Pictures for the Young. By Mary and John Howitt. 1 vol. Boston: J. E. Tilton & Co. This is a small quarto, elegantly printed on cream-colored paper, illustrated with numerous superior engravings, and bound neatly in embossed cloth. The story is intended for children, and, like all stories by the Howitts, is admirably adapted for its purpose. We consider it one of the most appropriate Christmas books that has been published this year.

The Ministry of Life. By Maria Louisa Charlesworth. 1 vol., 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. A religious fiction, adapted for young persons about entering life; and from the pen of an author who has already won for herself a circle of warm, admiring friends. The volume appears opportunely, for it would make an excellent Christmas or New-Year's gift. Two elegant steel embellishments adorn the book-

Self-Made Men. By Charles C. B. Seymour. 1 vol., 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. In this neat volume we have about sixty biographies, the subjects being all self-made men, Gen. Andrew Jackson heading the catalogue, and George Stephenson concluding it. Numerous graphic wood engravings, all portraits, embellish the book. We commend it as a capital work to put into the hands of boys.

Gerald Noel. By the author of "Louis' School-days." 1 ing; is full of instruction; abounds in capital pictures of col., 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. All who have read Swedish life; and breathes a pure moral atmosphere that in the former work by this author, will hasten, we know, to pur-

The Autocrat of the Breakfast-table. By Oliver Wendell ; add the milk, and let it go on boiling till quite tender, keep-Holmes. With Illustrations by Hoppin. 1 vol., 12mo. Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Co. This is one of the best books ever written by an American. We use no hyperbole either when we say this. It is genial, racy, full of acute thoughts on life and literature, and written in a terse, idiomatic style. Now eloquent, now witty, now shrewd, now humorous, now pathetic, but never dull. The "Autocrat" is a man after our own heart, with whom it would delight us to breakfast every day. His volume is one of the very few that we have read over a second time. We keep it by us on our library table, to dip into, whenever we get a moment of leisure, sure to and some striking thought, neatly expressed, wherever we turn. The publishers do not exaggerate, when they assert, in the advertisement, that the work will take its place with those of the few humorists, whom the world agrees to call great. We cannot close this hasty notice, without giving our hearty praise to the manner in which Hoppin has illustrated it: the sketch of "The Landlady's Daughter" alone, is ewough to make a reputation.

Woodstock. By the author of "Waverley." 2 vols. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. These comprise the forty-first and fortysecond volumes of the now famous "Household Edition" of Scott's novels. In type and paper they are so unexceptionable, that every person, who desires a good copy of these world-renowned fictions, should avail themselves of the present opportunity; for it will be impossible for any future publishers, no matter what expenses they incur, to excel this exquisite duodecimo edition.

Marryatt's Complete Works. 1 vol., 8 vo. Philada: T. B. Prierron & Brothers.—A handsome, yet cheap edition of Marsyatt has long been wanted; and here we have it, in doublecolumn octavo, on good paper and with clear typography.

### PARLOR GAMES.

THE LAWYER.—The company must form in two rows opposite to, and facing each other, leaving room for the Lawyer to pass up and down between them.

When all are seated, the one who personates the Lawyer will ask a question or address a remark to one of the persome present, either standing before the person addressed, or calling his name. The one spoken to is not to answer, but the one sitting opposite to him must reply to the question. The object of the Lawyer is to make either the one he speaks to answer him, or the one that should answer, to keep silent, therefore he should be quick in hurrying from one to another with his questions, taking them by surprise, and noticing those who are the most inattentive. No one must be allowed to remind another of their turn to speak. When the Lawyer has succeeded in either making one speak that should not, or finding any that did not answer when they should, they must exchange places with each other, and the one caught becomes Lawyer.

This game will be found quite amusing if conducted with **spirit** 

FRENCH BLIND-MAN .- In this game, instead of blindfolding one of the players, his hands are tied behind him, and in that difficult way he must endeavor to catch one of his companions, who must, when caught, submit to the same restraint

### ORNAMENTAL DISHES FOR SUPPER-TABLE.

Rice Froth.-A cheep and ornamental dish. For one-third of a pound of rice, allow one quart of new milk; the whitee of three eggs; three ounces of loaf sugar, finely pounded; a stick of cinnamon, or eight or ten drops of almond flavoring, and a quarter of a pound of raspberry jam. Boil the rice, quarter of an hour; add loaf sugar, in a pint, or rather less of water; when the water is absorbed, and turn out when perfectly cold.

ing it stirred to prevent burning. If cinnamon is used, boil it with the milk, and remove it when the rice is sufficiently done: if essence of almonds be used for flavoring, it may be dropped among the sugar; when the rice milk is cold, put it in a glass dish or china bowl. Beat up the egg whites and sugar, to a froth, cover the rice with it, and stick bits of raspberry jam over the top.

Almond Cream.—Put a pint of milk with a pint of cream and a small bit of lemon peel into a stew pan to boil very gently for twenty minutes. In the meantime blanch and pound very fine three ounces of sweet almonds and half an ounce of bitter almonds. Next take the milk and cream from the fire, into which (while hot) stir the pounded almonds, the yolks of two or three eggs, and clarified sugar enough to sweeten it. Then put the whole into a colander, and with a wooden spoon rub and squeeze it well through. Let this be done a second time. Then add two ounces of well clarified isinglass. Have the mould ready to ice, pour the cream into it, and when set, turn it out in the same way as any other jelly.

Creme a la Mode.-Put half a pound of white sugar into your glass or china dish, with two good sized glasses of white wine, the peel and juice of one large lemon, or two small ones. Dissolve an ounce of isinglass in half a pint of water, strain it hot upon the above, and, by degrees, add a pint and a half of good cream; stir till cold. It will keep three or four days, but it is best made the day before you want it. Half this quantity makes a good sized dish. It is very pretty turned out of a mould, or may be cut up with custard glasses. This is a general favorite with all those who have once tasted it.

Lemon Cream .- Take a quart of lemonade made very sweet, strain it, and put it in a saucepan on the fire. Add the yolks of eight eggs well beaten, and stir it always one way till it is of a proper thickness. Serve it in custard glasses or in a cream dish. To make the lemonade-Dissolve five onnces of loaf sugar in two pints of boiling water, having previously, with part of the sugar, rubbed the yellow rind of a lemon; then add the juice of three lemons. Some persons put the lemons and sugar into a jug, and pour the boiling water upon them.

Wine Jelly .- To a quart of white wine put a pound of lump sugar, which is first reduced to a syrup. Dissolve an ounce and a half of isinglass in a little water; strain it and mix while warm, with the syrup also warm. When it is nearly cold pour the wine into it, stirring it well, and for some little time after. Pour into your mould, or leave it to be cut up the next day into jelly glasses. A little cochineal added gives it a beautiful appearance. This is a most delicious jelly, and very soon and easily made.

Jaumange.-Dissolve two ounces of isinglass in a pint and a half of water, cut into it the rind of two lemons; strain; then add the yolks of four eggs well beaten. Let it have one boil up, and then put in the juice of two good sixed lemons. Sweeten to your taste, and if you want it a very deep color, add a little saffron. Stir till nearly cold, and then put into the mould or glasses. This makes a very pretty, very nice, and very inexpensive dish for a supper.

Snow-Balls, a I'retty little Dish at a Juvenile Supper .-Boil two onnces of Patna rice in a pint and a half of new milk, a little cinnamon and pounded sugar. Flavor with essence of ratafia. When the rice is quite soft, take out the cinnamon and put the rice in teacups. Let it remain until cold; then turn them out on a dish and pour a custard over them, (made with the yolks of three eggs,) and on the top of each ball put a little preserve.

To Make Blanc Mange.-One pint of milk, half an ounce of isinglass or half a sixponny packet of gelatine, boiled a quarter of an hour; add loaf sugar, and flavor to taste, strain,

### OUR COOK-BOOK.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGAZINE."

[Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every month, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

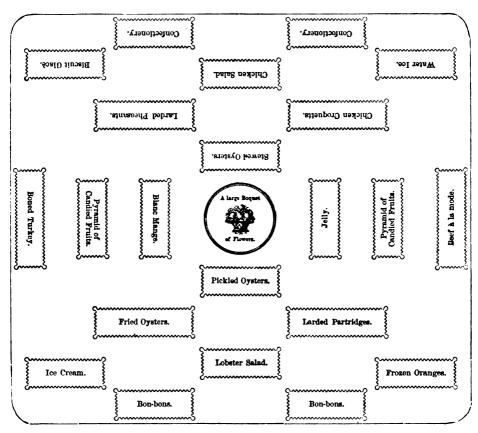
As a preliminary, we give the following table of weights and measures:

Eggs, 10 eggs are e	qual to	1 pound.
Brown sugar, powdered, 1 pound 2 ounces	44	1 quart.
White sugar, powdered, 1 pound	44	1 quart,
Loaf sugar, broken, -1 pound	"	1 quart.
Butter, when soft, -1 pound	"	1 quart.
Indian meal, 1 pound 2 ounces	**	1 quart.
Wheat flour, 1 pound	"	1 quart.

A glassful of any liquid, (unless the size and sort of glass is specially designated,) always means a wineglassful.

4 large tablespoonfuls are equal to 1/2 gill. 8 " 1 gill. " ½ pint. 16 A common sized wineglass holds ½ gill. A common sized tumbler holds 1/2 pint.

We give, next, a bill of fare for a large and elegant supper table, with an engraving showing how to arrange the dishes. The bill of fare is very full, so that if all the dishes cannot be procured, others may be substituted.



Plates should be placed around the table for each guest: , Beef Tongues, jellied. also, three glasses beside each plate, for lemonade, wine, &c. also, pitchers of water, and extra dishes. On another table cups for chocolate or coffee may be set out, to be ready for persons who do not drink wine.

BILL OF PARE.

Boned Turkey. Lobster, dressed. Ham.

Candied Oranges. Candied Grapes

Beef a la mode. Chicken Salad. Pickled Oysters.

Oyster Pates. Terrapin. Boiled Oysters. Chicken Croquetts. Fried Oysters, Stewed Oyeters.

Bon-bons. French Secrets. Dragees Portugaises. Candied Almonds. Fruits a la Cremo. Dragees a la Vanille.

Almond Cream. Vanilla Cream. Peach Cream. Strawberry Croam. Charlotte a la Russe. Jelly Cake. Jelly, of Calves' Feet Ambrosia. Blazc Mange. Fruit Cakes. Meringues.

Lemon Cream. Orango Water Ice Biscuit Glace. Punch a la Romaine. Champagne Frappe a la Glace.

Chocolate.

### SOUPS.

Observations on Soups .- When you make any kind of soup, particularly portable, vermicelli, or brown gravy soup, or any other that has herbs or roots in it, always observe to lay the meat in the bottom of your pan, with a good lump of butter. Cut the herbs and roots into small pieces, and lay them over the meat; cover it close, and set it over a very slow fire: it will draw all the virtue out of the roots and berbs, turn it to a good gravy, and give the soup a very difrent flavor than if you first put it in water. When your gravy is almost dried up, fill the pan with water; when it begins to boil, take off the fat, and follow the directions of your receipt for whatever sort of soup you are making.

Culf's Head Soup .- Procure a calf's head, wash it well, and let it stand in salt and water two or three hours: then soak it in fresh water. Put it on to boil, and when the meat will separate from the bone, take it off. Strain the broth; cut the meat in small pieces, and add it to the broth. Then season with sweet marjoram, sage, thyme, sweet basil, pepper, salt, mace, and cloves. Take one pound of suct, and two pounds of veal, chopped fine, and with sufficient bread crumbs and seasoning as above, make some forcement ball, and fry them in butter; make also some small dumplings, with a little flour, butter, and water: add the dumplings, the forcemeat balls, two or three eggs, chopped fine, a spoonful of browned flour, and as much wine as you think fit, to the soup.

-Take a neck of veal, and the scrag end of Almond Soup .a neck of mutton, chop them in small pieces, put them in a large pan; cut in a turnip with a blade or two of mace, and five quarts of water: set it over the fire, and let it boil gently till it is reduced to two quarts, then strain it through a hair sieve into a clear pot, and put in six ounces of almonds, blanched, and beat fine; half a pint of thick cream, and as much pepper as you please. Have ready three small rolls, the size of a tea-cup, (if larger, they will not look well, and will drink up too much of the soup.) Blanch a few almonds, cut them lengthwise, stick them all over the rolls, and put the roll in your soup tursen; then pour the soup upon the roll.

Brown Onion Soup .- Skin and cut in slices six large enions; fry them in butter till they are a nice brown and very tender, then lay them on a hair-sieve to draw out the butter. When drained, put them in a pot with five quarts of boiling water, boil them one hour, and stir frequently; then add pepper and salt to your liking, with some crumbs of bread rubbed through a cullender; stir it well to keep it from being in lumps, and boil it two hours more. Ten minutes before you serve the soup, beat the yolks of two eggs with two spoonfuls of vinegar, and a little of the soup, and pour it into the remainder of the soup by degrees, stirring it all the time one way. If you choose, you can add a few cloves. This is a fine soup, and will keep three or four days.

### PISH.

Observations on Fish.-When you dress any kind of fish, wash them clean, dry them well with a cloth, and dust them with flour, or rub them with egg and bread crumbs. Always have your lard boiling hot before you put in your fish to fry, and as soon as they are done, lay them on a dish to drain before you serve them. Boiled fish should always be rubbed earefully with a little winegar before they are put into the sup a strong froth—it makes them rise better, and attain a

water. Boil all kinds of fish very slowly, and when they will leave the bone, they are dene enough.

Cod's Head and Shoulders .- Take out the gills and the blood clean from the bone, wash the head very clean, rub over it a little salt, and a glass of cider vinegar. When your water boils, throw in a good handful of salt, with a glass of vinegar; put in your fish and let it boil gently for half an hour-if a large fish let it boil gently three-quarters of an hour. Take it up very carefully, strip the skin nicely off, set before a brisk fire, dredge it over with flour, and baste it well with butter. When the froth begins to rise, strew over it some nice fine white bread crumbs; you must keep basting it all the time, to make it froth well. When it is a nice white brown, dish it up, and garnish it with a lemon, cut in slices, and a few fried oysters.

Sauce for Cod's Heads-Procure a nice lobster, throw it into boiling water, with a handful of salt, and boil it half an hour, or longer if necessary. If the lobster has eggs, pound them exceedingly fine in a marble mortar, and put them into half a pound of good melted butter. Then take the meat out of your lobster, cut it in small pieces, and put it in your butter, with a spoonful of lemon pickle, and the same quantity of walnut catchup, a slice off an end of a lemon, one or two slices of horse-radish, as much ground mace as will lie on a sixpence, and salt and cayenne pepper to your liking. Boil all together one minute, take out the lemon and horseradish, and serve the sauce in a sauce boat.

Black Fish-Stewed .- After the fish are cleaned and prepared, score them, and fill the incisions with a dressing of bread and butter, pepper, salt, and parsley. Put them into a pint of water, and let them stew twenty minutes; then pour over them half a bottle of claret, and stew them ten minutes longer. This quantity of wine is proper for two fish of about three pounds each. If you choose you may add butter to the wine.

Baked Fish .-- When you bake a fish, stuff it with bread and sweet herbs, season the outside with cayenne pepper, turn the tail into the mouth, and tie it. Then lay the fish on a stick in your bake pan, flour it well, and lay some pieces of butter on it. Half an hour will bake a small fish.

### MEATS.

Meats Roast and Boiled, &c .- A great deal of care and niceness is requisite in boiling meats. Your copper should be very clean, and well tinned. All meats should be boiled slowly; to boil them fast hardens the outside before the inside is warm, and discolors the meat. For instance, a leg of veal of twelve pounds weight will require three hours and a half boiling-the slower it boils the whiter and plumper it will be. When you boil mutton or beef, observe to dredge them well with flour before you put them into the kettle of cold water; keep it covered, and take off the scum. Mutton and beef do not require so much boiling, but veal, pork, or lamb are not wholesome if they are not boiled enough. A leg of pork will require half an hour more of boiling than a leg of veal of the same weight. You must allow an hour for every four pounds weight of beef or mutton. The best way is to put your meat in when the water is cold. A leg of lamb of four pounds weight will require an hour and a half boiling.

When you roast any kind of most, it is a very good way to put a little salt and water in your dripping-pan, baste your meat with it, let it dry, then dust it well with flour and basto it with fresh butter, it makes your meat a better color. When you roast any kind of wild fowl, be careful to keep up a clear, brisk fire; roast them a light brown, but not too much: it is a great fault to roast them till the gravy runs out of them, it takes off the fine flavor. Tame fowls require more reasting; they are a long time before they are thoroughly heated, and must be frequently basted to keep finer color. Pigs and geese should be roasted before a good fire, and turned quick.

Becf-Steaks—Broiled.—Procure steaks about half an inch thick, from off a rump of beef. Have a clear firs, rub your gridiron well with beef suet, and when it is hot, lay your steaks on it, and let them broil until they begin to brown—then turn them, and when the other side is equally brown, lay them on a hot dish, with a slice of butter between every steak; sprinkle a little pepper and salt over them, and let them stand two or three minutes; then slice a small onion (as thin as possible) into a spoonful of water, lay your steaks on the gridiron again, keep turning them until they are sufficiently cooked—put them on a dish, pour the water and onion among them, and send them to the table.

Beef-Steaks—Fried.—Cut your steaks as for broiling, put them into a stew pan with a good lump of butter; set them over a slow fire, and keep turning them till the butter becomes a thick, white grayy, then pour it into a bowl, and add more butter to the steaks. When almost done enough, pour all the gravy into the bowl, put more butter into your pan, and fry the steaks a light brown over a quick fire. Then take them out of the pan, put them into a hot dish, slice an onion among them—put a small portion of onion into the gravy and pour it hot upon the steaks. Half a pound of butter will be a sufficient quantity for quite a large dish of steaks.

Berf—Stewed.—Put a little water in the pot in which you intend to stew your beef, adding an onion cut fine, plenty of carrots, turnips, and potatoes cut in slices—pepper and salt; put the meat in and cover it close. Let it stew gently until it is done enough, then pour off the gravy and let the meat brown. Skim the fat from the gravy, and thicken it Dish the meat and vegetables, and pour the hot gravy over them.

Becf-Steaks.—Fry your steaks in butter till they become of a fine brown color, then add to them half a pint of water, an onlon sliced, a spoonful of waluut catchup, a little caper liquor, some pepper and salt—and cover them close with a dish, and let them stew gently. When sufficiently cooked, thicken the gravy with flour and butter, and serve up the steaks.

### MADE DISHES.

Observations on Made Dishes.—In the brown made dishes take special care no fat is on the top of the gravy, but skim it clean off. If you use wine, put it in some time before your dish is ready, to take off the rawness. When you use fried forcement balls, put them on a sieve to drain the fat from them, and never let them boil in your sauce—it will give them a greasy look, and soften them; the best way is to put them in after your meat is dished up. You may use mushrooms, artichokes, capers, and forcement balls in almost every made dish.

Bef-Stewed.—Procure a round of beef weighing about six pounds. As soon as it comes from market rub it with pepper, salt and some allspice. Have ready the pot in which you intend to stew the beef, and see that it is well heated. Put in the beef, and brown it, stewing it with two or three chopped onlons. Boll some carrots separately, and add them to the beef as soon as they are soft. Put in some skinned tomatoes about one hour and a half before dishing the beef. Pour enough water over the beef to cover it, and dredge it occasionally with a little brown flour. If you prefer to have your beef stuffed, it is better to do it the day previous to cooking it, as the seasoning passes more thoroughly through.

Artificial Turtle Forcement.—Take one pound of the fat of a loin of veal, the same quantity of lean, with six boned anchovies; beat them in a mortar, and season with mace, red pepper, salt, a little shred paraley, some juice of lemon, and three or four spoonfuls of Madeira wine. Mix the whole well together, and make it into little balls; dust the balls with some fine flour, and put them in your dish to stew about half an hour before you serve it up.

### PASTRY, &C., &C.

Observations on Pies.—Raised pies should have a quick oven. Light paste requires a moderate oven. Tarts that are iced require a slow oven.

Mince Pies.—Procure about five pounds of a piece of beef called the sticking piece—also a beefs tongue, and boil both very tender; have ready five pounds of good suet—five pounds of apples, (pared and cored.) four pounds of sugar, four pounds of raisins, (stoned.) four pounds of currants, the rind and juice of a lemon, one ounce of ground cinnamon, one ounce of cloves, one ounce of allspice, and six cents worth of mace, (finely powdered in a mortar.) When all the ingredients are chopped very fine, mix them well together with a quart of wine, and three half pints of brandy. Keep your mince-meat in a stone pot, well covered. Make the crust as for other pies.

Mince-Meat Pies.—Boil a tongue two hours, skin it, and chop it as fine as possible; also chop very fine three pounds of fresh beef suet, three pounds of apples, and one pound of of jar raisins; add to these ingredients four pounds of currants, (cleaned, washed, and well dried,) one pound of white sugar, half an ounce of mace, and one and a quarter ounce each of nutmeg, cloves, and cinnamon—also three half pints of French brandy. As you make up your pies, add to the mince-meat citron cut into small pieces. Make a fine puff paste—cover your pie plates with it, and fill them with the mince-meat, placing a cover of paste over each pie.

Apple Tart—English Fushion.—Scald eight or ten large apples; when cold, skin then; take the pulp and beat it as fine as you can with a silver spoon; then mix the yolks of six eggs, and the whites of four eggs—beat all together as light as you can make them, adding grated nutmeg and sugar to your taste; melt some nice, fresh butter, and beat it till it is like a fine, thick cream. Then make a puff paste, cover a pie dish with it, and put in the ingredients, but do not cover it with the paste. Bake it a quarter of an hour, and throw some fine sugar over it.

Mince-Pie, without Meal.—Chop three pounds of suet very fine, and three pounds of apples, (cored and pared,) wash and dry three pounds of currants, stone and chop one pound of jar raisins, beat and sift one pound of loaf sugar, cut twelve ounces of candied orange peel very fine, and six ounces of citron; mix all well together with a quarter of an ounce of nutmeg, half a quarter of an ounce of cinnamon, six or eight cloves, and half a pint of French brandy; cover it close, and keep it for use.

Lemon Pudding, with Paste—Take one pound of flour—well dried and sifted—and add to it a pound of fine, white sugar, the riud of a lemon—grated, twelve eggs—the yolka and whites beat separately; then mix all together, and pour it into a dish, or dishes covered with fine pie paste. Bake it half an hour.

### PUDDINGS.

Observations on Puddings.—Bread and custard puddings require time, and a moderate oven, that will raise, and not burn them; batter and rice puddings a quick oven—and always butter the pan or dish before you pour the pudding in; when you boil a pudding, take great care that your cloth is very clean—dip it in boiling water, and flour it well, and give your cloth a shake; if you boil it in a pan, butter it, and boil it in plenty of water, and turn it often; do not cover the pan: when you take it out of the pan, let it stand a few minutes to cool, then until the string, wrap the cloth round the pan, lay your dish over it, and turn the pudding out: take the pan and cloth off very carefully, for very ofton a light pudding is broken in turning out.

English Plum Pudding.—Ingredients—one dozen eggs, two five cent loaves of stale bread, one pound of suct, one pound of sugar, two pounds of raisins, one pound of currants, half pound of citron, about one nutmeg—grated—one

spoonful of ground cinnamon, one tumbler of brandy and wine, mixed-flour enough to stiffen it-and one quart of milk, which ought to be poured over the bread and left stand over night, to soften it. After mixing all together, tie it up in a large, square cloth, and boil it seven or eight hours. It must be turned frequently or the fruit will settle at the bottom. To serve this pudding elegantly, alcohol should be poured over it, and around the edge of the dish on which it is placed, and it should be lighted just as it is placed upon the table.

A Baked Apple Predding.—Half a pound of apples well boiled and mashed, half a pound of butter to a cream, and mixed with the apples before they are cold, and six eggs with the whites well beaten—half a pound of fine white sugar, the rinds of two lemons well boiled and beaten; sift the peel into clean water twice in the boiling; put a thin crust in the bottom and rims of your dish. Half an hour will bake it.

A Baked Almond Pudding.—Boil the skins of two lemons very tender, and beat them very fine; beat half a pound of almonds in rose water, and a pound of sugar, very fine; melt half a pound of butter and let it stand till quite cold; beat the yolks of eight eggs, and the whites of four eggs mix them, and beat all together with a little orange water, and bake it in the oven.

Ephrata Pudding.-Ingredients-three quarts of whorttleberries, half a pint of water, half a pint of molasses, a aspoonful of salt, and as much flour as to make a tolerably stiff dough. Serve it with a sance made of sugar, butter, brandy, and a nutmeg grated-beaten light.

### OUR GARDEN FOR JANUARY.

FORTUNATELY for the health, beauty, and refinement of taste of our American ladies, gardening is becoming every year more popular. No home should be without its plot of flowers, if only six feet square, and no window or porch need want drapery whilst every seed store furnishes for sixpence a paper, the seeds of the morning-glory, cypress, Brazilian vine, scarlet beau, portulacca, miranda, &c., &c.; or, our woods are draped with the Virginia-creeper and the wild clematis. A few cuttings of the daily rose, a slip or two of honeysuckle, a few seeds of larkspur, coreopsis, mignionette, &c.; a little sprig of heliotrope, petunia, or verbena, repay one gratefully with their bright smiles, for the little care bestowed upon them. And during these cold months, when, in the dooryards and gardens, the honeysuckles and climbing roses reach up to the windows and the pillars of the plazza with nerveless fingers, when the few poor leaves still left, shiver in the cold, or the stripped branches sway and wail in the wind: a garden, not so large or varied to be sure, as the sumser one, but affording more delight, perhaps, because more uncommon, may be made to gladden us with its green beauty in our ordinary sitting-room. A few pots of the different kinds of geranium, a rose or two, some sweet elysian, mignionette, heliotrope, &c.; a few hyacinths, tulips, jonquils, Ac., in glasses, brighten a window and lighten a heart that bestows a few moments daily upon them. To these may be added a miniature garden in a dish, a shallow bowl, or a soupplate: unpoetical in itself, to be sure, but most wonderfully beautiful when made into a garden; and examined through a microscope, has wiled away the tedious hours of many an tavalid, and many a tired seamstress, as she has glanced up for a moment from her needle at the multitudinous forms and colors of a plate of moss. Our woods are too much neglected. Many a flower-fancier will pay a fabulous price for a rare exotic, and pass over, with indifferent eyes, our imperial meadow lilles, and graceful nodding balsams. To him the delicate arbutus, and violets, and anemones, the golden manneains, and snowy blood-root, the shell-tinted liver-wort, and waxy pipsessing, the fox glove, and pink roots, and sor- but if they remain in the ground levels, the exquisite gerardias, and the gorgeous golden rod. will be small and the flowers poor.

and purple asters, are only wild flowers, and cost nothing but the trouble of transplanting, and a little nook in the garden. A constant bloom may be kept up from March to November, by introducing from our woods and fields the various beautiful ornaments with which nature has so profusely decorated them. Even in winter we may levy contributions from the woods. As we said before, a deep plate, a little earth from the woods, a few varieties of moss arranged with an eye to color, one of the beautiful little linnea borealis, or partridge berry, with its vivid, green trailing leaves, and bright scarlet vines, or some of the thousand tiny plants, with their grey, red-veined leaves, will form a miniatur garden. All the care that is wanted is to keep the moss moist. We have seen one of these little moss gardens in March gay with crocus and with dwarf tulips. As an experiment, a crocus bulb was inserted in a cleft of the moss, and in a few days shot up its lance-like leaves, rather to the surprise of the experimenter. Others were added, and a pretty little garden in a soup-plate was the result. But like too many amateurs, we are lingering too long over the result of gardening, rather than over gardening itself. Now to the

Out-of-doors Work .- All ornamental shrubs, that need pruning, should be done in this month, particularly of the deciduous kind; all branches that are growing in a wild, disorderly way, should be shortened, taking care to train them in such a manner that they will display their foliage and flowers well when the blooming season comes; and all decayed branches should be cut off close to where they are produced. All choice and tender flowering plants should be protected from severe frosts, by some light covering. This protection can be easily given by forming an arch of pliable hoops and sticks over the plants, and when the weather is exceedingly cold, throwing some straw matting, or some old pieces of carpet or quilts over the arch. When the weather is mild, however, it is advisable to give them as much free air as possible.

Hyacinths and Tulips that are planted for garden blooming, should be protected with a frame as just described, or with long, dry litter from the stalls, straw, fallen leaves, or branches of fern. It should be removed, however, as soon as the very cold weather is over. Decayed fine tan is an excellent covering for tulips and other bulbs. It may be put on an inch, or an inch and a half thick, just before the severe weather sets in, and need not be removed as soon as the other coverings, as it protects the roots from too much heat and drought whilst ripening. All hardy bulbs should be planted late in October, or early in November, to do them justice; but if kept out of the ground later, they should have lighter covering in proportion, as the season has advanced. For instance, tulips, which must have four inches of light covering in October, should have but three inches in December, two and a half in January, two in February, and one and a half in March; for many bulbs become so exhausted by being kept too long in the ground, that they have not strength to bear up through it, and at last die. This remedy is only suggested for those who cannot get their bulbs in the ground in time, for as we before said, they should be planted in October or November. As a rule, be particular never to give less than one inch of covering over the crown. or upper part, of any kind of bulbous or tuberous root.

Crocuses or Snow-Drops, though they should be planted in September or October, may still be put in the ground, taking care to select dry, mild weather for the work, but they will not flower so well as if planted earlier. Great taste may be displayed in the ingredients of the various colors of the crocus, by planting them in patches, each patch of one color, &c., &c. In fact, the ingenuity to be shown is endless. If it is desirable to increase the number of crocuses or snow drops, the roots should be taken up but once in two years; but if they remain in the ground longer than that, the roots

Jonquils, Narcissuses, Irises, Gladioluses, Crown Imperials, or any kind of hardy bulbous roots, if they still remain above ground, should be planted as soon as the weather will permit, always remembering to select mild, dry weather, and when the ground is not too wet, being careful to observe that the longer your bulbs are kept out of the ground after November, the shallower they must be planted.

Bullis that Bloom in the House can, many of them, be put in bulb glasses, which may be obtained at the seed or glass warehouses. Bulbous irises, hyacinths, dwarf tulips, narcissuses and jonquils, bloom well in glasses. The glasses are made long and concave at the mouth, and must be filled with soft water. Each glass must contain but one root, with ? its bottom touching the water. The glasses should be kept in a warm window where the sun comes, or if that is not practicable, placing them on a chimney-piece will answer very well. Be careful not to leave the glasses in a window where they will be exposed to frost at night. The bulbs will soon shoot their roots down to the water, which should be renewed occasionally if it becomes very foul. If it is desired to have ranunculuses, early tulips, anemones, hyacinths, crocuses, or other spring bulbous or tuberous flowers, bloom in pots in the house, have small pots or boxes filled with light, sandy earth, and put the bulbs in just over their crowns, placing the pots near a window. As soon as the roots begin to shoot, water them lightly occasionally, and if the bulbs are good they will flower early and well.

Seeds in Beds, Boxes, or Pots should be protected, in frosty weather, by mats, long straw litter, fern, &c., but the covering should be removed when the weather is mild.

Shrubs and Evergreens of the choicer kind should be cared for in the same way.

Flowers in the Green-house, or even in the ordinary living room, should be particularly cared for now. If the weather is mild and calm, the windows should be opened about eleven o'clock, and closed about two or three o'clock in the afternoon. There is no certain rule for this, however, as the change in the weather is often very sudden. The upper sash, however, can generally be lowered with safety, for a few inches to let out foul air, and admit fresh, even when the lower sash cannot be raised. In frosty weather the windows must not be opened at all, and care must be taken at night to close the shutters, or to take from the vicinity of the window such plants as are particularly tender. All decayed leaves should be removed, and all dust or foulness wiped off the leaves as far as is practicable. In foggy or wet weather the window should be kept closed. Such plants as require water, should have it moderately on mild days, or if sunny, so much the better. Soft water should be used. if possible, and given in the morning about eleven o'clock. Aloes, cactuses, &c., require but very little water at this season, and myrtles, geraniums, oranges, &c., should have but a moderate quantity given to them at any one time.

### MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

The Best Mode of Resiving Black Lace.—Strain off some tea from the leaves (it should be about the same strength as for drinking.) Put sufficient into a deep bason to cover the lace, let it stand for some hours, then squeeze, not rub, it several times, dipping it again and again into the tea, till the latter becomes very dirty-looking. Have ready some weak gum water and press the lace through it; then clap it for a quarter of an hour: after which pin it out on a towel in the shape you wish it to take, and when nearly dry cover it with another towel, and iron with a cool iron. The lace, if previously in good condition, (with the exception of color,) will by this means look as good as new.

Stiffness to Collars.—A little gum arabic and common soda, added to the starch, gives extreme stiffness and gloss to collars.

To Keep Geraniums through the Winter.—Those who have no place in their green-houses for geraniums, &c., will do well to put them in a window with a south aspect, carefully covering the pots with a little straw or moss, in order to prevent the frost from hurting the roots. Or, take them from the pots, and hang them up by the roots in a dark place, where the frost cannot touch them; if planted again in the spring, they will shoot and flourish remarkably well. I have heard the same plan recommended for fuchsias, but have never been successful with them.

To Curl Frathers.—Heat them gently before the fire; then, with the back of a knife applied to the feather, they will curl well and quickly. White feathers may be perfectly cleaned by washing in soft water with white soap and a squeeze of blue; beat them against clean white paper, shake gently for a few minutes before the fire, then dry them in the air, and afterward curl them. Or, hold the feathers before a bright fire, and draw the back of a knife along the back of the feathers, and they will curl again.

Blowing out a Candle.—There is one small fact in domestic economy which is not generally known, but which is useful as saving time, trouble and temper. If a candle be blown out, holding it above you, the wick will not smoulder down, and may therefore be easily lighted again; but if blown upon downwards, the contrary is the case.

To Clean Ermine Victorines.—Take some flour, rub in with a piece of flannel, shake well, and the fur will look quite new again.

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### FASHIONS FOR JANUARY.

FIG. I.—EVENING DRESS OF BLACK NET over black silk, and trimmed with three broad, black lace flounces. Greek body with a long point in front and at the back. The sleeves are made wide, and supported by full puffs of white tulle. The trimmings of the dress and head-dress consist of clusters of grapes and leaves.

Fig. 11.—Dress of white Tulls with two Skirts embedding by Pross.—Each skirt has a lining of pink silk of a quarter of a yard in depth, run under the embroidery. Wreath of pink roses on the head.

Fig. III.—MORNING DRESS OF GRIEN AND WHITE PLAID SILE.

—The corsage is made round and plain, with a cape over it.

The sleeves are gathered into a band at the wrist, and trimmed like the skirt and cape with green quilled ribbon put on in points, and with flat, green silk buttons. Cambric collar and cuffs.

Fig. 1v.—Dinner Dress of Rich Striped Silk.—Over the low body is worn a basque of black net, trimmed with black lace in the Raphael style, square on the body before and behind, with puffed sleeves, trimmed with lace and knots of ribbon. Head-dress of black lace and ribbon.

Fig. v.—Dinner Dress of Dove Colored Silk with two Seres.—The upper skirt is trimmed with bias bands of plaid velvet and black lace. The body is made in the Raphael style, and worn with a chemisette made with Valenciennes insertions. Sleeves open on the inside of the arm over very full puffed sleeves.

Fig. vi.—Walking Dress of Plain Poplin.—The deep basque is trimmed with bias bands of plaid velvet.

Fig. VII.—WALKING DRESS AND CLOAK OF BLACK AND GOLD COLORED PLATDED SILE.—The cloak is made with a hood, and trimmed with two rows of black ribbon quilled.

Fig. VIII.—OPERA CLOAK OF WHITE PLUSH, made with a bood, and trimmed with white floss tassels. Opera cloaks of white cashmere or silk are very much worn, but are not so beautiful as the plain or ribbed plush. Those cloaks are most comfortable and warm for a wrap for an evening party, and can be made of any color or material suiting the taste or purse of the wearer.

Fig. 1x.—Paris Boxet.—From Wilde's, 251 Broadway, New York, we have been favored with illustrations of two of the latest styles of Paris bonnets, in addition to a very clegant head-dress. The first illustration consists of one of the new style of flat crowns. The material is dark fancy velvet and uncut velvet of a rich shade of maroon, the front is of drab velvet, and surrounded by a superb maroon-color ostrich plume, which terminates on the left side in graceful coils. The crown is composed of maroon velvet arranged in six narrow folds, separated by narrow black lace. The face trimmings consist of a cap of blonde, intermingled on the right side with ruffles of scarlet ribbon, edged with black lace, and on the left the blonde is mingled with clusters of maroon velvet buds and white flowers.

Fig. z.—Paris Bonner in Velver.—The second illustration is composed of black and plaid fancy velvet in gay colors. The black velvet is laid on the foundation plain, with the exception of the crown, which is gathered into the curtain in narrow folds. A novel and pretty trimming surrounds the top of the crown. It consists of a plaiting of black and fancy velvet, which forms a braiding to a succession of loops of fancy velvet, which entirely surround the crown. The left side is adorned by a group of green velvet leaves, terminating in clusters of velvet buds. The curtain is double, and finished on either edge by a binding of fancy velvet and black lace. The inside trimming is composed of fancy velvet ruffles, edged with black lace blonds, small scariet velvet flowers and green leaves.

Fig. XI.—HEAD-DRESS, arranged on a wire foundation, the tended for a higher style of dress, are made of velvet and bands form a point on the top of the head, and are comformamented with feathers. One very clegant head-dress is possed of French blue chemille woven in an open pattern, and imade of black blonds. On the left side is a bouquet of roses,

mingled with gilt beads. The right aide is composed of full ruffies of tulle, mingled with white waxen buds, overrun with a delicate golden network, which, with the lace, form a heading to a superb blue ostrich plume tipped with white marabout. The trimmings on the left side consist of full loops, with a single streamer of blue and white uncut velvet ribbon, striped with a variety of gay colors: the loops are interspersed with clusters of blue and pale straw-color buds, intermingled with drab velvet leaves.

GENERAL REMARES.—Rich silks of plain colors, poplins, and plaid silks and poplins of very light colors, are all fashionable. Velvet trimmings woven in the material are very much worn, and have a rich, massive appearance suited to the season. Granite or speckled silks in various shades of grey are also fashionable. These are trimmed with bright colors, such as cherry, bright blue, bright green, or plaids. Dresses, unless for evening, are made high: some have still the basquine or jacket; others the five points at the waist: some with only the two points in front; a few are being made with the one point in front only; in the latter case will be worn a ribbon with either a small buckle, or long floating ends.

DOUBLE SKIRTS still maintain their favor; for these, plaisings are the favorite style of trimming; the plaitings are disposed in various ways, and sometimes down the sides only. Still a great many single skirts are worn, many of them entirely plain, if of very rich materials. If trimmed with flounces, the flounces are laid on with very little fullness; or else the front breadth, from the bottom nearly to the hips, will be decorated in various manners, the trimming being placed cither across or perpendicular. The arrangement, in tablier, though so long in vogue, is expected to be also in favor.

HOME DRESSES for morning will be made with deep jackets; and the *Zouare basquine* or jacket made in velvet or cashmere, richly embroidered, will be a favorite.

FOR BALL DRESSES, tulle, tarlatane, gauze, and the thinnest French muslins are all worn; puffings and flowers in profusion: the full, short sleeves are always of tulle or some light material.

SLEEVES are sometimes of the pagoda form, very wide, and in very large plaits. Others have two or three frills, edged with passementeric, ruches, or lace. A new style of sleeve just introduced is likely to gain favor. The upper part is in full puffs, and the lower part, from the elbow to the wrist, is close to the arm. With this style of sleeve is worn a broad turn-up cuff of worked muslin or lace.

It will be seen that the wide, open sleeves are in as great vogue as ever, and the muslin under-sleeves are of an enormous size.

CLOARS OF THE BOURNOUS STYLE are very fashionable. Many are of cloth, trimmed with broad bands of velvet. Tartan velvet is much employed both for trimming cloaks and dresses. In Paris, bournous cloaks made entirely of Tartan velvet are frequently seen. The combinations of blue and green are the most worn.

Bonners advance a little more over the forehead than those heretofore worn, and are very open at each side of the face. The bavolet, or curtain, is cut square, not very deep, and is set on in double plaits. The ribbon employed for the strings is edged on one, or on both sides, with a plaiting of narrow ribbon. Velvet flowers or feathers are the ornamonts most used.

HEAD-DRESSES are of great variety. They chiefly consist of ornaments intended to be worn at the back of the head. Some of a very simple and becoming form are made of black or white blonde, with long lappots flowing over the shoulders, and with bouquets of flowers at each side. Others, intended for a higher style of dress, are made of velvet and ornamented with feathers. One very clegant head-dress is made of black blonde. On the left side is a bouquet of roses.

and on the right side a bow of pink ribbon. At the back, in the centre of the caul, a sort of agroffe, formed of pink ribbon, separated two lappets of white blonde, which flowed at considerable length over the shoulders.

Another little head-dress consists of a caul of black tulle, covered with crossings of velvet, and worn quite at the back of the head. This caul is encircled with black lace, which falls over the neck in the manner of a bavolet. At each side bouquets of flowers are fixed by pearl pins.

POCKET-HANDKERCHIEFS of exquisite designs have recently made their appearance. They consist of borders, worked in white and colors, representing wreaths composed of such flowers as bear symbolical meanings in the floral language of the East. Thus, by the skillful combination of the flowers, a sentiment or a motto is gracefully inscribed in the border of a pocket-handkerchief.

### CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.

FIG. I .- (See page 16.)-Dress of white Jaconet for a LITTLE BOY TWO YEARS OF AGE .- The dress is trimmed with bows of blue ribbon.

FIG. II.—(See page 16.)—DRESS OF BLACK VELVET FOR A BOY FOUR OR PIVE TEARS OF AGE.—Over the dress is worn a black velvet coat in Ragian style. Trousers of white cambric trimmed with embroidery. Black cloth galters. Velvet cap trimmed with gay ribbon.

FIG. III.—(See page 9.)—DRESS FOR A LITTLE GIRL OF GAY PLAID POPLIN.—Clock of brown striped cloth, made with a

Fig. IV .- (See page 9.)-Boy's Dress of Plaid Popula. Stone colored cloth Ragian. Hat of brown felt.

GENERAL REMARKS .- Dresses for girls are made with high corsages and most frequently with basques. The skirts may be flounced, or ornamented with quilles of velvet. A very pretty style of trimming for a dress may be formed thus: Three rows of velvet about an inch in width run at a little distance from the edge of the skirt; and these rows of velvet are crossed by others, so as to form squares; the ends of the unright rows of velvet being finished by small loops. The basque should be edged with two rows of velvet, crossed in a similar manner; and the sleeves trimmed to correspond. The corsage should have bretelles of velvet.

A little girl's dress of blue silk has just been made with a draped berthe over the corsage. This style of berthe, which is called the Antoinette, is covered with narrow folds or tucks. It forms a point at the back of the waist and is crossed in front. The long ends are rounded and linked one in the other at the back of the waist. The sleeves are finished with three narrow frills, edged with fringe.

Another little dress, made of tartan silk, with quilles of green velvet, has a particularly pretty effect. The corsage is low, and over it there is a revers, forming a round berthe at the back, and descending to a point in front of the waist. The short sleeves are sufficiently loose at the ends to show under-sleeves of worked muslin, and a chemisette of worked muslin is made high to the throat.

For little girls, hats are universally adopted, instead of bonnets. These hats are of various shapes; but the round, hood, lined with blue silk. Round beaver hat and feathers. I flat brim, slightly inclining downward, is most becoming.

### PUBLISHER'S CORNER

"PETERSON" FOR 1859.—We offer this number to the public as an earnest of what can be done in Magazines. And now all that we ask is to have it compared with the January number of others. Those, familiar with "Peterson," give it credit for superiority in the following points. 1st. None publish such powerfully written original stories. 2nd. Our colored fashion-plates are later, prettier, and more reliable. 3rd. More embellishments and letter-press are given, during the year, in proportion to the price. 4th. Our patterns for Orochet, Netting, Embroidery, Knitting, Bead-Work, Hair-Work, Shell-Work, &c., and our New Receipts are more numerous. 5th. The Magazine is strictly moral, and is recommended by Clergymen, on this account, as the best for the family. 6th. We always do more than we promise. The public has found this out. 7th. We shall give, in 1859, a colored pattern for the Work-Table, in every number. The indications are that we shall print twice as many copies, this year, as we have ever done. This is emphatically the Magazine for ladies. GET UP TOUR CLUBS AT ONCE!

How to REMIT.—In remitting, write legibly, at the top of the letter, the name of your post-office, county and state. If gold is sent, fasten it to a bit of thin paste-board, of the size of the letter when folded; for otherwise it may slip out. Tell nobody your letter contains money. Do not register it. If you take these precautions, the remittance may be at our riak.

YOUR COUNTRY PAPER .- Always take your country newspaper and "Peterson," the first for the local news, the last for stories, fashions, receipts, patterns, &c., &c. Most country papers club with "Peterson," by which you can get both at a reduced rate.

PREMIUMS .- Always say, in remitting for a club, who is the person entitled to the premium.

OUR PREMIUM ALBUM .- Our premium to persons getting up clubs for 1859 will be a lady's album, in beautifully embossed gilt binding, with gilt edges, and with variously colored writing paper. It will also be embellished with several elegant and choice steel engravings. Altogether, it will be the most superb affair, we, or any other magazine publisher, has ever offered to the public. It will be sent gratis, post-paid, to every person getting up a club of three, and remitting \$5,00; or to any person getting up a club of five, and remitting \$7,50; or to any person getting up a club of eight, and remitting \$10,00; and also to persons getting up larger clubs, if preferred instead of the extra copy of the Magazine.

MORE THAN ALL THE REST.-Never before have we received so many subscribers, by the first of December, as we have received this year. The indications are that we shall double our circulation. Everybody seems to be taking "Peterson." A post-master, remitting us a club, says that there are more of this Magazine taken in his town "than of all the others put together." Numerous others tell the same story.

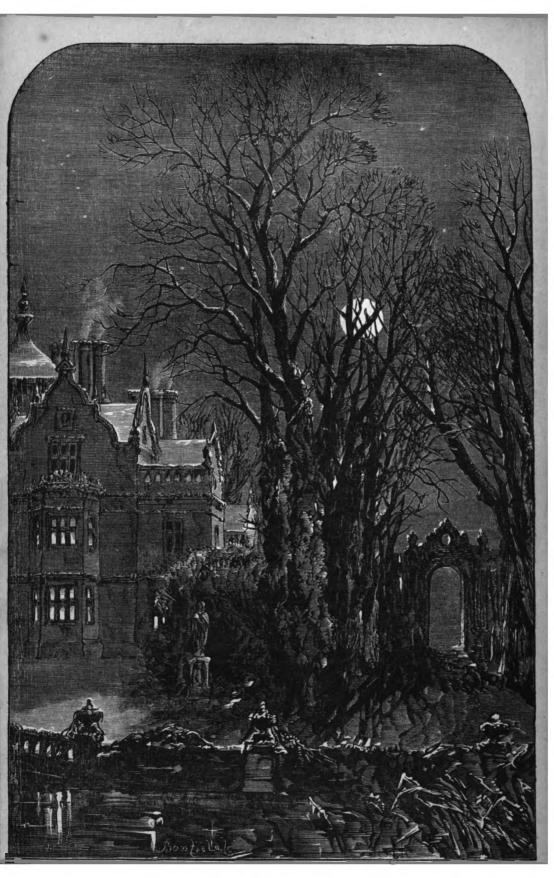
DIFFERENT POST-TOWNS FOR CLUBS .- Subscribers, in a club, can have the Magazine sent wherever they reside. If desired, it will be sent to as many different post-offices as there are members of the club.

POSTAGE ON "PETERSON."-This, when pre-paid quarterly, at the office of delivery, is one and a half cents a number, per month, or four cents and a half for the three months: if not pre-paid it is double this.

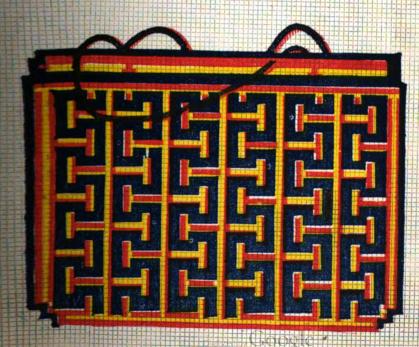
"Peterson" and "Harper."-For \$3,50 we will send a copy of "Peterson" and "Harper's Magazine," for one year.

OLD AS WELL AS NEW subscribers may join clubs. We make no distinctions.

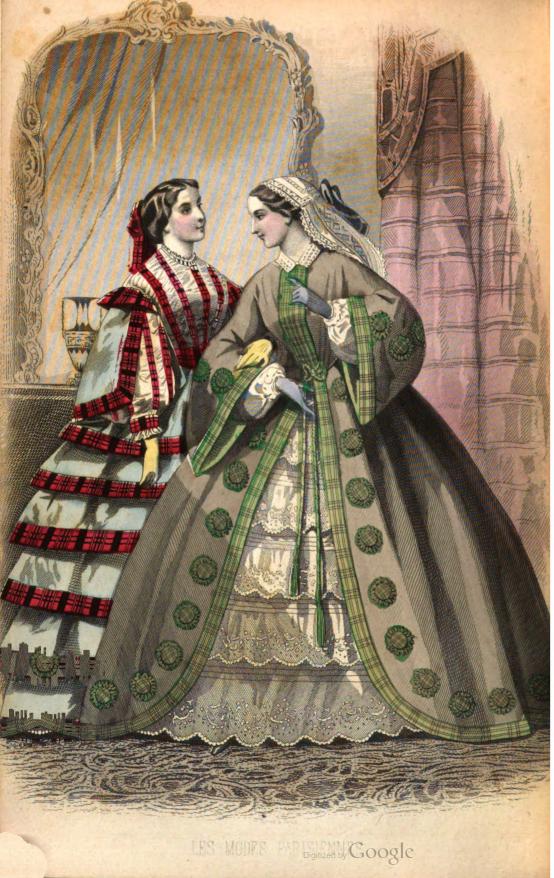








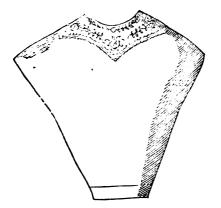






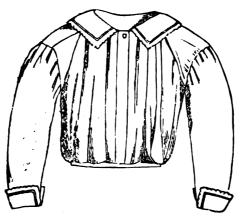
FASHIONABLE WALKING DRESS.







CHEMISETTE AND SLEEVE.

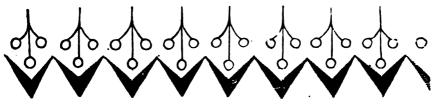


SHIRT JACKET FOR LITTLE BOY.

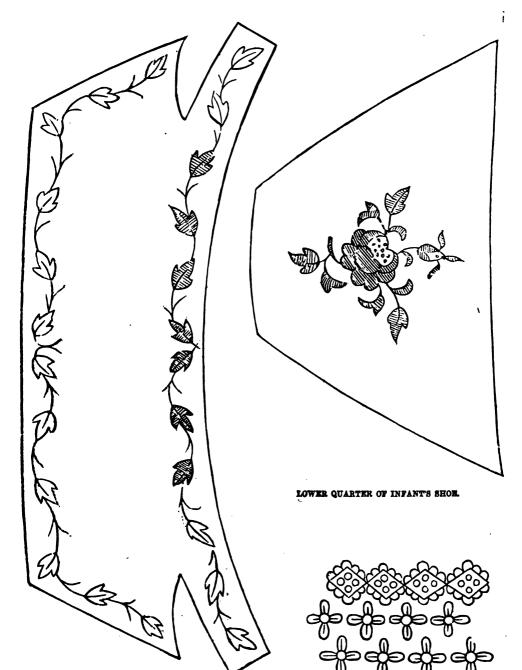




HEAD-DRESS.



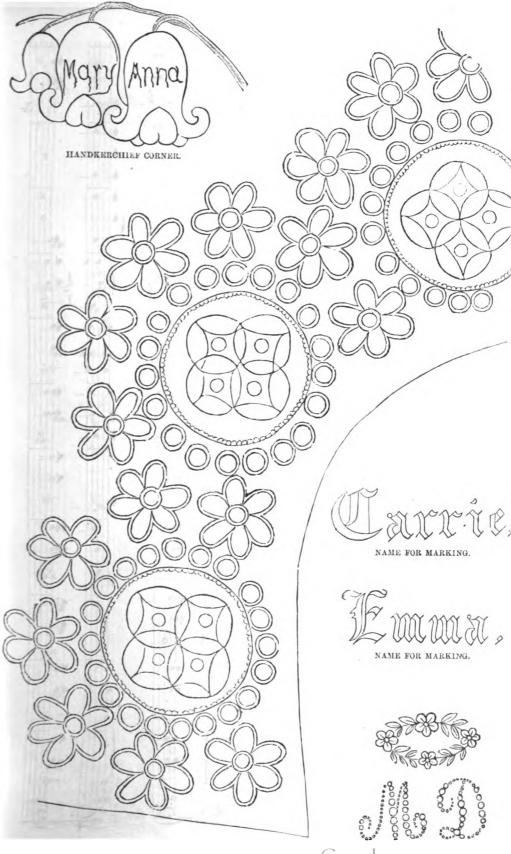
FOR CHEMISE YOKE.



UPPER QUARTER OF INFANTS SHOE

EMBROIDERY.

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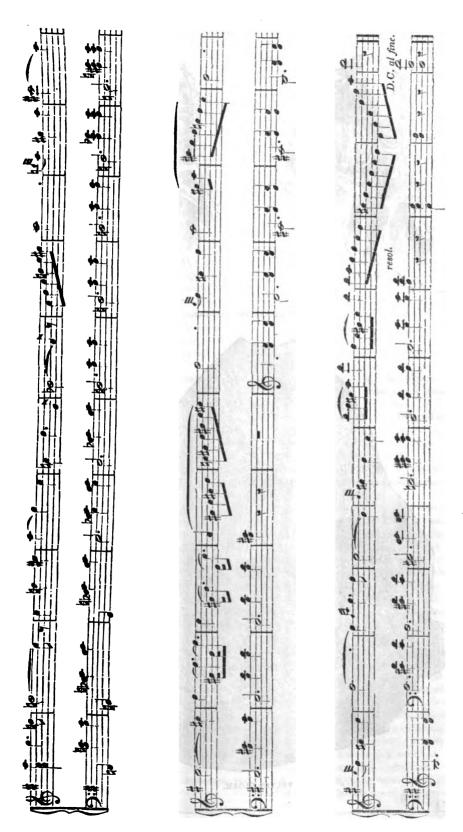


# THE AMETHYST WALTZ.

### WRITTEN EXPRESSLY FOR

## PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.



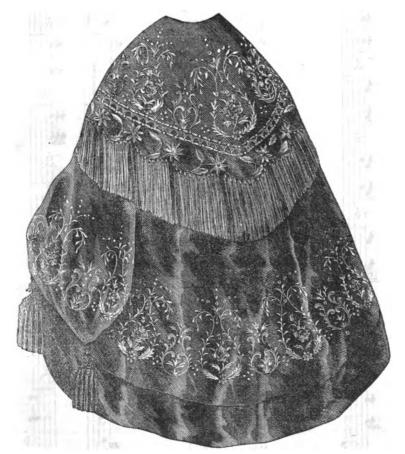


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LATEST STYLES OF BONNETS.



VELVET CLOAK.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

Vol. XXXV.

PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY, 1859.

No. 2.

# THE ROMANCE OF CEDARVILLE.

#### BY ELLA BODMAN.

WE had laughed until we could laugh no longer. Miss Flint had been unusually comical, and we now sat in the half exhausted state which followed a day of unbroken merriment.

Stout, fresh-looking, and utterly unfatigued, sat the cheerful maiden lady, whose mirth-provoking use of language had kept us all laughing so long.

"Did no one ever try to run away with you, Miss Flint?" asked a would-be facetious youth.

"Never!" she replied, in a tone of solemn conviction, that drew forth a fresh burst of laughter.

"Oh, Miss Flint!" exclaimed Lilla, just at home from boarding-school for the vacation, "do tell us something about your offers! But no," she added, "don't tell us, either—write it, please, and give me the manuscript!"

"Ex-actly," replied Miss Flint, "that would be 'so romantic,' you know; 'blotted with tears at such a place'—'deeply underlined at such a place'—'long blank at such a place,' &c., etc."

Lilla was laughed at for her pains, but she continued, coaxingly, "Ah, please do. Here is a sheet of paper, and a pencil for you, now. There, begin."

"I will begin and finish at once," was the reply, "if it is the history of my offers that you want." And Miss Flint, to Lilla's chagrin, and our amusement, drew a large, round O on the paper, which she presented to the petitioner with mock politeness.

"Why, Miss Flint!" exclaimed the youth above alluded to, "you don't meant to say that you never had an offer!"

"I don't think I ever did, quite," replied the lady, unconcernedly.

"Did you ever make any matches, Miss Flint?" was the next query.

Miss Flint reflected for a few moments, and then she began to smile.

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"The only match that I ever really did make," she began, "was one that I had no idea of making, but I have seldom meddled with such affairs, they are dangerous things to tamper with. I had always such an excess of spirits, that, as a girl, I was a perfect nuisance; a reckless, heedless, boisterous creature, who was continually defying propriety, and putting fastidiousness to the blush. Sober people looked upon me as a young tornado, and I was seldom quiet for two minutes together.

"But, notwithstanding this dreadful character, two quiet, elderly ladies, cousins of my father, who lived in a retired country village, became so infatuated as to suppose that it would be a pleasant variety to have a visit from me; and as I could enjoy myself anywhere, I accepted the invitation.

"Cousin Rachel and cousin Etta were perfect samples of well-meaning, elderly, maiden ladies, whose lives had been passed in seclusion on a moderate competency. They had one train of ideas, one style of dress, and one form of expression. If cousin Rachel conversed, she largely quoted 'sister Etta,' and deferentially referred to her opinion; and cousin Etta did the same thing for 'sister Rachel.' They were always 'considering what was best;' and I believe never even hemmed a pocket-handkerchief without holding a solemn consultation over it. walked carefully through the house, and spoke in such subdued tones that one would suppose there was some indefatigable sleeper whom they were afraid of arousing. Their village home, which had been named Cedarville, for what earthly reason I never could ascertain, was the most monotonous of all country places; and had there not been a large dog on hand, I should have pined for want of a companion.

"When I was fairly established under the roof of my quiet relatives, and they were brought

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into close contact with my harum-scarum propensities, I could plainly see that they were frequently paralyzed with amazement. They had never dreamed of such things; and I began to think that the placid faces could never discard a look of surprise. Not that I did anything really wrong or improper; but I was young, and full of life and spirits; I did not weigh my words before I spoke, and I did not stop to consider whether Mrs. Smith would like this, or Mrs. Jones approve of that. The consequence, of course, was many ridiculous scenes; and while respecting my relatives' goodness, I used to laugh in secret at their walking-on-eggs style of proceeding.

"So little were the inhabitants of Cedarville given to dissipation, that a visit to tea was a great affair; but as strangers were unusual sights, various stiff-looking people called and invited me to their houses. These invitations were always accepted for me by my cousins; and early on the eventful afternoon, cousin Rachel would don a brown silk dress, fastened at the neck with a brooch of hair surrounded with small pearls, while cousin Etta appeared in a grey silk, fastened ditto.

"The conversation at these companies invariably turned upon a Dr. Slingworthy, who was, it seems, a widower with three or four children; and whose wife's sister, Amanda Tibbits, (I became quite familiar with his name,) was 'keeping house' for him. What combustible materials were these for a country village! The topic appeared inexhaustible; and I was amused at the variety of opinion expressed upon the subject. Some thought that it was highly improper in Amanda to stay-others, that it was perfectly natural for her to look after her little motherless nephews and nieces-others descanted upon Dr. Slingworthy's admirable qualities, and pronounced the woman at whose feet he laid himself, and his four children, a fortunate oneothers, again, declared that Amanda was a treasure, and that a man might think himself well off to get her.

"From all that I could gather, it appeared to me a very suitable match; but Miss Tibbits had now ministered to the little Slingworthys for two years, and things remained just as they were at first.

"'I don't believe,' said one lady, impressively, 'that it would ever enter Dr. Slingworthy's head, he's such an innocent kind of a man.'

"'He's a dreadfully absent-minded man,' rehe does with only one stocking, and send my i right designation, bewildered my brain.

Mary Jane red beans that were given to him for seed, instead of calomel, don't know what's best for him-and somebody ought to put it into his head, for it's my belief that Amanda likes him.'

"Mrs. Grimby paused, and her speech evidently made an impression on the company.

"I fell to meditating upon what seemed to be the romance of Cedarville; and as I had seen the two principal figures, I began to take quite an interest in it. Miss Tibbits was a tall, delicatelooking lady, with a mild, colorless face, not young, but quite refined and interesting in appearance; and Dr. Slingworthy reminded me of a gigantic owl, such a look of concentrated wisdom was on his face, which had the 'far-off expression' that characterized Mrs. Jellyby. He was one of those aggravating men who are always looking at nothing; and what Miss Tibbits saw in him I was at a loss to imagine. But perhaps he was one of those rough, excellent characters like 'Bear,' in 'The Neighbors;' and I thought that if she did like him, it was a great pity that he had not the sense to appreciate her.

"Miss Tibbits had called after my arrival; and, one day, to my great delight, cousin Rachel and cousin Etta announced to me that it was time to return the visit.

"But very solemnly was I prepared for the ceremony. I was warned that it was very possible the doctor might be visible, and on no account must I, by word, look, or action, testify to the slightest knowledge of any remark made in my hearing respecting the two.

"'The doctor is very peculiar,' observed cousin Rachel, 'and it would be a sad thing, as sister Etta says, if any one, by thoughtlessness, should spoil the whole affair. Do be careful, cousin!'

"They addressed me most frequently as 'cousin,' perhaps because it was unpleasant to pronounce my atrocious name.

"'Sister Rachel!' exclaimed cousin Etta, in an almost animated manner, 'what a dreadful thing it would be if cousin Flint should forget, and call Amanda Mrs. Slingworthy. You know that you are apt to do such things, cousin,' she continued, turning to me, 'but do, pray, remember that she is Miss Tibbits-the doctor is so peculiar!'

"The unwonted anxiety of the two worthy ladies fairly made me nervous; and when I thought of encountering the doctor, who was 'so peculiar,' this uneasiness increased. We all set forth with solemn faces, and I devoutly hoped that the doctor would not be visible; while joined another, 'if that's what you mean by in- a confused idea of the sister-in-law as Miss Slingnocent. A man who will go into the street, as worthy, Mrs. Tibbits, and everything but the

"We arrived, and were ushered into the parlor by the doctor, himself, who looked more formidable than ever; this circumstance, and the unwonted task of remembering something that I had been implored not to do, destroyed my selfpossession, and as Miss Tibbits approached me, I addressed her quite audibly as 'Mrs. Slingworthy!'

"A flood of rich color rushed over her pale face, and in the half-involuntary glance that she cast toward the doctor, I read her heart. It was a woman's heart, a gentle and loving one, and I respected it. As for Esculapius, himself, he looked quite fierce, and his hair bristled up like porcupine quills; but he blushed, too, and glanced at Miss Tibbits with a sort of surprise.

"'Now you've done it!' was the expression on the faces of my horror-stricken cousins; and as I had done it beyond all repair, I took a sort of mischievous satisfaction in watching the results. How the mistake was smoothed over I cannot remember; I have a recollection, though, that it was a constrained and awkward visit, and that we very soon took our leave.

"'Oh! cousin, cousin!' was all that my relatives could say, 'how could you?'

"I laughed, almost for the first time that day, for the ridiculousness of the whole thing struck upon me in its full light; but my cousins evidently considered this a sign that my conduct had been prompted by willful maliciousness, and I quieted my visible faculties as soon as possible.

"'Perhaps,' said I, 'it may do them good.'

"'No,' they replied, with a mournful shake of the head, 'Amanda will go home, now, and nothing will ever come of it'

"'Mark my words!' I exclaimed, with a sudden inspiration of prophecy, 'I feel sure that something will come of it, and that very soon.'

"But cousin Rachel and cousin Etta evidently had no faith in me, for prophecy or anything else; and, by tacit consent, we dropped the subject, and waited, like people expecting a thunder-clap, or something dreadful.

"The next day, I sat in the window of my own apartment, which looked out upon the road, when I was startled by the unexpected apparition of Dr. Slingworthy, who had tied his horse to a post, and was now deliberately lifting the large brass knocker. I trembled, like a guilty individual as I was, and wished him miles away; but cousin Rachel entered my room, exclaiming,

"'Cousin, what can it mean? Dr. Slingworthy has just entered the gate!'

"As she spoke, there was an involuntary glance at the mirror, and a smoothing down of hair already painfully smooth. "Cousin Etta followed almost immediately.

"'Sister Rachel,' said she, 'what is to be done? Here is Dr. Slingworthy inquiring for cousin Flint! Do you think it proper to send her down unaccompanied by one of us?'

"'I won't go down at all!' I exclaimed, in terror and indignation. 'It is nothing to me whether he marries Miss Tibbits or not. I'll have nothing to do with it!'

"Cousin Rachel gave her sister a peculiar sign, on which she left the room; and then, taking me affectionately by the hand, my eldest cousin began, in a voice of grave importance,

"'Cousin, I hope that you will listen patiently to one who is considerably your senior. are young and flighty, and have seen but little of the world: therefore, it is most desirable that you should have a guide and protector who is more sedate. Such things are quite unaccountable to me, but we do hear of good and wise men becoming infatuated with thoughtless girls; and it is very evident that Dr. Slingworthy has called for the purpose of improving his acquaintance with you, with a view to such a result, and to offer you his hand and name at once. It is a most respectable name, cousin, and I advise you to accept it; but do nothing rashly, and pray treat the doctor with the respect due to his years.'

"Here I could contain myself no longer. My worthy cousin had delivered this speech seriously and deliberately, evidently impressed with the idea that it was just the right thing; but when she requested me to 'treat with the respect due to his years' the man whom she had just advised me to accept as a lover, I was seized with an uncontrollable fit of laughter, to which I freely gave vent.

"Without replying to the imploring expression of cousin Rachel's face, and, intent now upon mischief, I ran down stairs, and found myself face to face with Dr. Slingworthy.

"Then I began to tremble again; and the doctor, as if to confirm cousin Rachel's surmises, took my hand in quite a love-like manner, and led me to the sofa. I was quite passive, and waited for what he had to say.

"'Miss Flint,' he said, deferentially, 'our very short acquaintance, I know, would scarcely warrant such a proof of confidence on my part, but I believe you will deal with me frankly.'

""Well,' thought I, 'something is coming of my mistake, sure enough, but not exactly what I expected.'

"The doctor became embarrassed, and so did I.
"'I am a straightforward man,' he continued,
more composedly, 'and I am about to speak of

what very nearly concerns my whole future hap-

"Now, if one is threatened with a whipping, it is not agreeable to be told of it continually, and have it put off indefinitely; and I sincerely wished for some means of bringing the doctor to the intended point, or of frightening him away from it altogether.

""Well, sir?' said I, a little impatiently.

"'I beg your pardon,' he replied, 'but, yesterday, Miss Tibbits and myself were placed in a most embarrassing position. She has been very kind, very kind indeed; and I wish to know if you, a stranger, think her position in my family a singular, or questionable one? Not for worlds would I have had her feelings wounded by such a mistake!

"'It was a very natural mistake,' said I, smothering a laugh, as I thought of cousin Rachel, 'and I do not believe that her feelings were wounded.'

"'I know that she is very much attached to the children,' continued Dr. Slingworthy, 'but you don't think,' said he, with a glow of delight, as the possibility of the thing flashed upon his mind, 'you don't really think that she could take up with an old fellow like me?'

would take no opinion upon the subject but by mistake." hers.'

"'I believe,' said the doctor, looking supremely happy, 'that I have been a great fool; and, depend upon it, my dear, young lady, that I shall be eternally grateful to you.'

"Here the doctor wrung my hand, as though it had belonged to Miss Tibbits, and was gone, the next moment.

"Cousin Rachel made her appearance in time to catch the last words.

"'Then, you have not refused Dr. Slingworthy, cousin?' she exclaimed, with evident pleasure.

"'No, ma'am,' I replied, demurely.

"'Oh, cousin!' exclaimed cousin Etta, following her sister as usual, 'have you really accepted Dr. Slingworthy? I am so glad!'

"'Not for myself,' said I, 'he did not give me a chance to do that-but I have almost accepted him for Miss Tibbits.'

"When I had given the particulars of the interview, cousin Rachel said, 'Well, now, who would have thought it?' and cousin Etta declared that she never was so surprised in her life; and yet they, with all the rest of the village, had been wondering that the thing had not happened long ago!

"The wedding came off during my visit; and as my eye rested upon the bright face of the "What I think is of no consequence,' I re- bride, I felt happy in the consciousness of having plied, 'but were I in an old fellow's place, I Eperformed a good action, although it was done

# NIL DESPERANDUM.

# BY ANNE L. MUZZEY.

COURAGE; oh! fainting heart, be brave; Drown not God's blessed sunshine in thy tears; Swiftly thy life is flowing, wave on wave, Into the cold. dark bosom of the grave; Swiftly and surely pears The earthly end of all thy hopes and fears.

Duty implores thee! Pause not now To mourn o'er broken dreams. Such grief is vain; Cast off the gloom and shadow from thy brow, And, in the sight of Heaven, sternly vow, Never, in wos or pain, To doubt God's wisdom, or his truth, again.

Courage; God knows what is the best For us, in this blind life of anxious care: Do what thou can'st for good, and leave the rest To Him whose name is ever to be blest; Courage; oh! why despair?

Trust, and believe, and pray. Action is prayer!

Up, ere the dew of youth be gone, Work, ere the frost of death thy pulses chill; Let the brave sword of truth be boldly drawn, And, in the name of right, walk firmly on, So shall life's very ill Bow to the triumph of thy conquering will.

Over the cross shineth the crown! Better than thou, for truth have fought and died; Bravely bear up, though earthly hope go down; Stand to thy faith, though the world scoff, and frown, Angels are on thy side, And Heaven about thee, let what will betide.

Courage; "whatever is, is right!" Believe it, and fear not; God is our fate; Darkly comes down earth's drear and solemn night. Grandly in Heaven beameth eternal light; Peace, restless soul, and wait! God's angels, once like thee, were desolate!

#### RESULT OF AN IMPULSE. THE

#### BY CATHARINE PROCTOR.

#### CHAPTER I.

involuntarily. I was startled. My speaking below. It looked to me as I had imagined the was, as it were, a riddle to myself, as I lay bayous of the South might-dark, sullen, and quietly and wearily behind those heavy, purple { yet quiet; then suddenly breaking away from curtains, on those large downy pillows.

against Providence; my whole tone and thought at midday, and from the white, motionless moon antagonistic to every reverential feeling, to at night, it flung itself, like a suicide, maddened everything like Christian spirit.

helpless my powers to struggle through and for awhile with pitiful roaring, subsided to an buffet the tempests, that, instead of prayer, complaints had ever been upon my lips; and I had } gradually come to allow myself to be borne aimlessly, and at the will of every surrounding ob- ocean of eternity, glimpses of which I imaject in any direction; and now that my tongue had involuntarily given heaven praise, I was in mists of the torrents of my ungoverned pasbewilderment.

The day had been one of wondrous beauty; wondrous, for the resurrection of earth from her torpid estate is ever beautiful. It is like the } gradual but startling development of a child's } intellect, ever seeming endearingly original, yet } heavens, and glowing as the sun. in every child the same, except when it is now and then frozen back by unkindness or imbecility. The days had grown so warm that every { with fishing-rods, stoically waiting a bite well, living thing left roof and covert, and went \ were gleeful and happy. out to gather the manna of sunshine, falling broadcast over the earth. Oh, pity for the sick { and helpless, that all the spring warmth and voices, a simultaneous shrick at once of petition light they could feel, must come through win- and fear. I saw a convulsive plashing of water, dows and doors! Pity for the soulless, that they and, without thought of doing a good deed, I could plod every hour for the earth's sordid sprang to the bank and into the stream. The gold, when the heavens were so bountiful with ifrst dash at once strangled and invigorated me. that, which, not only fills the hands, but the The child had gone under, and I just saw a hearts of men!

Something there was of sympathy between the my arms, but in so doing I had lost my footing, darkness and tumult of the elements and the and I was but a very slight thing to stem the grim, restless spirit in me. I had finished my current if we should be carried out. It was an tasks; completed every repulsive item in the effort such as I never put forth before-and it little round of daily drudgery, and then, without \ was successful. I pushed her in reach of the ene joyful feeling, with only an undefinable and dozen little hands stretched out for her; and then, never-ending desire to get away from myself, I without motive for exertion, chilled through, I went to the woods. with the same dark shadow which hung upon scious of the renewed screaming of the children; my heart.

care to see. I knew a place where the river was "On, heaven is very kind!" I said, as it were, Every deep, and made sluggish by being dammed the mirrored shadows, and the dripping fringes My whole life had been a bitter rebellion of brake and hazel, from the heavy, molten sun and desperate, in white impetuosity over the So heavy the burden I bore, so weak and stones and timbers of the dam, then struggling even flow. I loved it. It was the miniature of my stream of life-only quiet never could reach me, until I floated out upon the dim, far-away gined I had had through the turbulence and sions.

> It was now swollen high with spring rains, and instead of the sullenness which the gloomy skies of winter, and the heavy shades of summer cast upon its face, it was as clear as the spring

> A multitude of children were at play upon its banks, some gathering the blue violets, some

"Margaret!"

It was the frightened scream of childrens' flutter of her blue dress. The first time she rose, I had ever loved storms better than sunshine. I reached, clutched her dress, and took her in My eyes were blinded sank down and was drifted out. I was just conand that was all.

My whole being was fettered, and I did not \ I woke warmly neetled in bed; the light

close my eyes again.

had overflown, and where my dress caught. The assistance, which the screams of the children brought, rescued me.

I lay there, quiescent from weariness, yet thinking calmly. I had never before been so subdued, my bitterness of spirit was all gone, and, "Oh, heaven is very kind!" were the first words I uttered.

Was heaven kind, or was my destiny sorrow?

#### CHAPTER II.

"MARGARET."

The same name, but not the same voice, now spoken low and tenderly, not uttered, as before, in fright; now not the call for aid to me, but a bolt of anguish, which shook me as only the first fury of a storm can; blinded, stunned me.

I will give you the details.

My life had been one of poverty, ignorance, and struggling, until, from the effects of an impulse, I was lauded as heroic, and then, Margaret's father, who was the one most grateful for my childish heroism, being a wealthy man, gave me the best advantages for an educa-My mother being dead, he insisted on my sharing Margaret's mother's care. My father readily consented to the proposition, as my invariable moroseness had, in a measure, alienated his love. But I was not grateful; what free spirit is for charity? I had strong desires, however, to learn, and therefore I tacitly accepted his bounty.

I progressed with unusual rapidity in my studies, and was termed a genius. My craving for books was insatiable. Margaret, on the contrary, grew • up with a dislike for study Simple, affectionate, and cheerful she was, but not brilliant, as her parents desired. I learned her tasks as well as my own. She was not envious, but willingly ceded me superiority, while she won the love of all by her wilful simpleness and innocence. She admired and petted me, and never treated me otherwise than as a sister.

She had a cousin, Fritz Wolcott, who spent his summer holidays, while in college, with us. He was of that intellectual and poetic temperament which we admire in men, but which seldom

subdued by the heavy purple curtains made me \ what seemed to me, the congeniality between us. We would discuss and argue questions for hours; I should have died but for a small clump of and yet there was no jarring; all was in harmony, bushes, which the water, in its unusual height even when we disagreed. After our long, animated conversations, during which Margaret always observed a perfect silence, busily plying her needle in embroidery, he would turn to her, and playfully addressing her as "ma belle," or "ma petite cousine," would ask for a song, or challenge her to a game of chess. Her face would light up, and she would utter some piquant remark, or laugh in her merry, musical way, seemingly so grateful that the literary storm had subsided.

> I thought he liked her as a companion for pleasant relaxation, but not as an intellectual equal.

> It was another spring day, drawn to an early close. The half moon came timidly up, and the sky twinkled faintly with stars, before the glow of the sunset had faded away. The leaves were scarcely open upon the trees, and the warmth of the days had not sufficiently penetrated the bosom of mother earth to prevent a chilliness coming on with the night.

> Margaret, with her love of out-door life, and distaste for any confining employment, reveled, like a lark, in the fresh, invigorating air; and now, as evening came on, in a flow of unwonted spirits, she wheeled a large chair out on the portico for Fritz, and an ottoman for herself, and insisted on having a "summer time."

"But you will take cold, ma belle," he in-

An incredulous toss of her pretty head, and some mischievous whisper, which annoyed, while it pleased him, was her only heed of his remonstrance.

She had been provokingly merry and wilful all day, while Fritz had been unusually sombre. I had endeavored in vain to engage him in conversation, but my fascination failed me, or else he was in trouble.

I seemed to be entirely forgotten in the "summer time" arrangement, for no chair was wheeled for me; so I sat down by the parlor window. which had been open, the blinds remaining shut, Faint bars of the faint moonlight all day. checked the carpet; I sat, besides this, in deep gloom.

Margaret's ottoman was drawn close to the chair of Fritz. I could see them plainly, but heaven knows I had no intention of eves-dropmeets with sympathy if found in a woman. Pas- | ping. Their conversation had been at all times sionately fond of reading and study, he evidently \{ so unconstrained in my presence, that I did not enjoyed my society; and I, with my hero-wor- { consider myself a listener. I was thinking iashiping spirit, was perfectly fascinated with, tensely, and was as if withdrawn from myself,

hearing only the murmur of their voices, without { air coldness and you would have been solid! It distinguishing the words.

"Margaret," spoken tenderly and question-

I was brought suddenly from my dream-land \{ silence; I tried to rouse myself. of thought.

Bewildered, and momentarily stunned, I was as if smitten by a blow. The one utterance of that name had awakened more thought than a volume. I had heard it myriad times spoken by that same voice, but never before did it convey so much unspeakable happiness to one, unutterable wretchedness to another. I had lived } in a sweet misunderstanding of everything around me, even of my own heart; that explained all, and showed me my idol shattered, my beautiful air palaces in ruins.

I heard vague words besides, but not until Fritz said, "My treasure, how reckless I am of your sweet welfare," did I comprehend my position as a listener to a tale spoken for one ear alone. I arose hastily, and, passing into the back parlor, entered the hall, and sought my own room. Darkness was to me preferable to light, so I sat down by my open window, and watched the dense shadows waving, almost without sound, on the grass of the lawn. The shock had unsettled me so that I could not even think of my despair. The pain was in my heart, piercing, heavy and incurable.

# CHAPTER III.

Ir must have been quite late when Margaret § sought her room adjoining mine By this time the moon had risen, so that the shadows of the trees no longer darkened my window. listened at my door a moment, and then opened it quietly.

"Why, Kitty, how like a ghost you look in that moonlight!" she said, laughing softly, and coming toward me.

"Ah!-you, Margaret?"

"Yes. I say you look like some goblin, so erect and definite. You-why, Kitty, you are cold as a toad! I am afraid it is your ghost; had you no light?"

It was well, probably, that she came in, for I had fallen into an apathetic state, almost a swoon; except that stinging anguish at my heart. She closed the window, wheeled my velvet-lined rocking-chair toward the table, and sat me in it, while she knelt at my feet, and rubbed my hands vigorously.

the clouds spiritually, that your little mortal my tongue, I fancied must be visible to every body is abused. Why one degree more of night ? eye.

has made you white as a ghost; what is the matter, Catharine?"

She was becoming alarmed at my passive

"Bring me a little wine, deary; or stop-my volatile salts!"

I shook off my lethargy, and that her happy heart might not know disquiet, that night at least, I told her falsehoods.

"I had a very hard headache, and, overcome with a weary sort of nervousness, I thought cool air would benefit me: and I have had too much of it. Go to bed now, I am better."

"I cannot sleep; let me stay here; I will extinguish the light."

"Do you wish to tell, or ask me anything?" I said, imprudently, disclosing my thoughts. I was glad she did not observe it.

"Some other time, I have something wonderful to tell you, but you are too frozen for sympathy now; I will wait."

Her happiness of heart would not allow her even to speak pitifully to me.

"Tell me now, I cannot sleep; and if tears are to be shed, I can manufacture some for your accommodation."

She drew close to me, and looked up with her sweet, childish eyes full into my face, and told me what I knew she would.

"I saved her from death once; if I can, I will save her from sorrow now," and so I smoothed her soft hair, but with so heavy a pressure, that it aroused wonder in her face. But it was all done earnestly.

"Good night, my darling."

"Wait," she said, "you are older than I; you know more, much more. Is it wrong for cousins to marry? Is it wrong for me to love Fritz?"

Why this thought could arise in her mind, I could not divine, and I said, "No, no; you cannot help it; it is natural."

Then she left me, taking her light, and passing gently as she came, like a beautiful vision. "Oh! heaven is very kind," said my rebellious heart, "to her."

At morning, the same depression of inner pain prostrated me. It was with difficulty that I appeared at breakfast. Nevertheless I did so, and they all remarked the paleness of my face, and expressed sympathy for me in my illness, giving me an abundance of warnings never again to allow the spring night air to catch me asleep. I was sincerely glad they were deceived. What "You model of prudence, to soar so far into was so constantly in my mind, and almost upon

There were no more talks on books and philo- > sophy that day. I kept my room closely, and } she was to have been the bride!" and the wicked Fritz and Margaret were too happy to observe thought came up, "but for a deed I did one anything in me except the results of imprudence. bright morning, years ago, it might have

I, of course, gradually recovered from the been." effects of such severe mental excitement.

sofa, was such a happy little witch, that philo-} irksome to all.

aunt," acted as bridesmaid. The Sabbath before { ment which selfishness opens, and walk over the the marriage, as we were passing from the thorns, and under the shadows of self-sacrifice, church, I overheard one lady say to another,

"She to be the bridesmaid? why, I thought

I owe to that one act the first dawning of a I pursued my old round of study, but now power within me, to throw off the net of sin, generally alone. When Fritz was kept in by which was tangling and involving me inextri-rainy days, at his feet, or by his side on the cably. I am well repaid, though that power, in developing my capacity for enjoyment, also ensophy would not only have been misplaced, but slarged my capabilities for suffering. For our spiritual perfection we must wear chains of sor-At Margaret's request, I, "her sober little row, must turn aside from the paths of enchant-I for that only leads us out into the glory of God.

# JENNY AND JOHNNY.

BY J. A. TURNER.

SAT in the garden, Jenny, Flowers about her feet. Flowers above her, many Flowers and maiden sweet.

Flowers above her bloomed, Flowers around her grew, Never a bower perfumed Curtains lovelier drew.

Emeral drapery bound her, Hid from human eve. Humming-bird around her, Bee and butterfly.

"Oh! humming-bird," said Jenny, "Hover round my lip, Sweets are wasting, many, Johnny dare not sip.

Butterfly, come sip some, Sip some, honey-bee, Taste this glowing lip, some Nectar you'll agree."

Hid near the bower, young Johnny Peeping from a tree,

Longing, sighed for the honey Offered to the bee.

Slumber sweetly closed Jenny's drooping lid, And a theft proposed, Timid Johnny bid.

Boftly crept he to her, Stole a single kiss, Bashful, timid wooer, 'Mid a world of bliss.

Back to his covert hasted Johnny in a trice: And the kiss she tasted Wakened Jenny nice.

"Humming-bird," she spake out, "Butterfly and bee, Why don't your feast you make out? Dainty feast to me."

Despite this wasting honey Johnny went to school: Who'd have thought that Johnny Had been such a fool?

### THE SUNSET JOURNEY.

BY N. F. CARTER.

THE casement opens to the sunset skies; A flood of glory bursts on languid eyes! They kindle in the crimson light! The pale lips part with glad surprise, She whispers as with Heaven in sight!

"Mother, around me now thine arms entwine, One more soft pressure of thy lips to mine, As token of thy love for me, Another blessed smile of thine, And let my ravished soul go free!"

And then the mother clasps her in her arms With love's red wine her ebbing life she charms, She smiles with tenderness once more, And in her heart of hearts embalms The flush of joy the dying wore!

And thus, a blossom of the early May, In angel loveliness she passed away, As fades the morning stars from sight, Ere she had known an Autumn day, Or bid the Summer flowers "good night!"

#### THE OLD STONE MANSION.

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD," &C.

[Eatered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson. in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

#### CONTINUED FROM PAGE 43.

#### CHAPTER V.

Suddenly there was a shout, accom- hope. panied by a name passed from mouth to mouth. famous for having rescued, the preceding win-ter, more than a hundred persons from a single he swims," "they are saved, they are saved." wreck. The ship had gone ashore, at nightfall, What followed, seems to me, even yet, like a When the cold, misty day broke, the people on shore first became aware of her exact position, though they had heard, all night, guns firing, and, they thought, shrieks and cries for help, in the pauses of the gale. At first no one would venture out, for the surf was mountain high. At last the fisherman I have spoken of came up, and offered to go, if a boat's crew would volunteer. His reputation for daring and skill was such that half a dozen men stepped forward immediately. Three times they attempted, in vain, to launch through the breakers. The fourth effort was successful, but the boat stood, for a moment, almost perpendicular, before the stout arms within it got the mastery. I remember how my heart swelled, and the tears rushed to my eyes, when I was told of this heroic act. "And had he no family," I said, "the thought of whom deterred him?" "It was that, on the contrary, which influenced him most," was the reply. "He said that when a man saw women and children drowning before his eyes, it made him think how he would feel if his own little ones were wrecked."

He had dashed into the surf, before I saw him, and now stood, looking back for an instant, telling his companions to join hands with him and form a line. The red shirt he wore was open at } the throat, revealing a chest like that of the Farnese Hercules; his face was the color of bronze; his dark hair was blown about by the cognized me quite across the room; our eyes wind: I shall never, to my dying hour, forget met: and he was approaching to speak, when that picture, as it stood out, in bold relief, my uncle, entering, stopped him. VOL. XXXV.—8

against the green back-ground of the sea. His By this time a hundred people had collected clock of high courage, his vast physical strength, on the beach, the hotel emptying itself as if by \( \xi \) the halo of his past deeds, restored me back to

I saw all this in a single moment. Then my I looked around. Five or six fishermen, who eyes sought again the spot where Rosalie had had chanced to be in the bar-room, had come disappeared. Was that her rescuer? Yes, thank running to the scene. At their head was one God! And others saw him also, for shouts arose during a violent snow-storm; and before morning { wild dream. I saw the line of fishermen extenddawned, half of her human freight had perished. \(\) ing out into the breakers, their leader standing at their head, like a rock, while the waves rushed over him; I saw the swimmer swept in with the velocity of lightning; I saw that he carried a child; and I was in the surf, waist deep, before I knew it, laughing and crying hysterically; and then I held Rosalie in my arms, the first to receive her, and was assisted, almost carried to shore, by one of the fishermen.

> They told me afterward that the nurse was quite insensible when they dragged her in; and that Mr. Talbot said that it was the desperation with which she clung to him, that had pulled him under and kept him there. "Had I not shaken her off," he added, "the whole three of us would have perished." Fortunately for her, a huge roller had flung her within reach of the fishermen, just after the other two were saved.

> We were in too excited a state to make our appearance again that day. Even Georgiana forgot her flirtations, excused herself from a drive, and sat, with her mother and myself, in Rosalie's room. Mr. Elliott had gone to the city, but when he returned, at night, he hurried up to us, pale and breathless, and remained, for the whole evening, holding his child's hand and tenderly regarding her.

> The next morning I was the first of our party down; and was beset by inquiries. Before I could extricate myself, I saw a now well known form come in. Mr. Talbot, for it was his, re-I thought I

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brightened up wonderfully when the set speech \ for him." was over.

The breakfast bell had now sounded, and the crowd was moving toward the dining-room, bearing the with it. Mr. Talbot and I were thrown together, for an instant, at the door. He held out his hand, as if he had known me for years, asking after Rosalie. I told him that she was as well as ever now, and added how much we all thanked him for what he had done. He smiled in reply, saying he had only performed a duty, and then we parted to go to our different seats; but there was something in the smile, which kept me, during all that meal, in a flutter of strange happiness.

I was in Georgiana's room, just before dinner, assisting my cousin to complete her toilet, and my aunt was looking magisterially on, when there was a knock at the door, and my uncle entered, redder than ever in the face and puffing with the labor of coming up stairs. He plunged down on the frail bedstead, all the chairs being occupied, till it creaked under him, exclaiming, as he mopped his brow,

"I've got news for you, Georgy. Who do you think this Mr. Talbot is?"

"I'm sure I don't know, papa. But he's handsome; and a hero: how lovely he'd look in uniform."

I bit my lip to conceal a smile. My uncle went on.

"Pooh! pooh! All stuff about here and regimentals. He's the Mr. Talbot, the famous Mr. Talbot, the ablest lawyer of his years in his city, as Senator Clare has just told me." And the handkerchief was used, this time, to fan his face. "I thought I recognized him. When I was over there, two years ago, I heard him at a public meeting; it was about the Hungarians; Kossuth, you know, was expected then; and he actually made me cry."

"Made you cry?" said Georgians, opening her Juno-like eyes, and laughing a light laugh of incredulity.

"Yes! Nor was I the only one. You needn't shake your head, you puss. Do you think we old fellows have no feelings?"

The only reply was a shrug of the pretty shoulders, which were unusually bare to-day. For some reason, indeed, my cousin had taken great pains with her toilet. My uncle paused, as if half ashamed of his confession, and then went on.

"But this gentleman is rich too, very rich; } needn't practice if he didn't want to. I tell you ing a superbly embroidered skirt: the robe was

detected annoyance in Mr. Talbot's face, at my what, Georgy," and he looked at her seriously, uncle's pompous gratitude; certainly his look "you'd better give up flirting and set your cap

"I intend to," said my cousin, gayly, rising as she spoke, "and I'll bet you, pa, that I succeed." She tapped his cheek with her fan. "Is it done?"

"The day you are Mrs. Talbot," was the reply, "I'll give you ten thousand dollars in diamonds."

"Will you, you precious old papa?" cried Georgiana, and she fairly took his head in her hands and kissed him, a feat I had not seen her perform, in full dress, for years.

#### CHAPTER VI.

GEORGIANA carried out her threat. It gave me a new idea of her intellect, if I may call it such, to see the tact with which she adapted herself to Mr. Talbot's tastes. Their intimacy progressed rapidly. Though he was a hero in the eyes of all the young ladies, and, therefore, welcomed by each with smiles, she seemed, by some art known only to herself, to be able to while him away at will. I believe they began, at last, to hate her. I own to having, more than once, been secretly annoyed at the successful nonchalance with which she would approach, when Mr. Talbot was conversing with me, make some gay remark, and finally carry him off triumphantly. There is a manner acquired by persons who live much in society, which is often more serviceable than higher mental qualities. This Georgiana possessed in perfection. Her taste in dress also was exquisite, and her means of gratifying it unlimited.

"Your cousin always looks like a picture," he said to me, one evening, as Georgiana floated into the drawing-room, her light, voluminous robes falling cloud-like about her. "She has the rare gift of knowing precisely what will become her; and in that respect is a true artist."

At other times he would praise what he called "She seems to love all her feminine nature. things that are beautiful," he once said. is, as developed in her, a purely feminine characteristic. I often think, that, to the extent to which a woman has it, is she truly womanly. Men, instinctively, seek turmoil and strife; they delight in something to conquer; and the best of them, I believe, prefer those women who are most entirely their opposites."

One morning, Georgiana appeared with her hair brushed back from her face, and wearing a light colored robe, that opened in front, displaytrimmed with cherry-colored ribbons, and be- in the customary ramble, which I took, at sunome her magically.

"She looks like a French Marquise of the last } century," said Mr. Talbot. "What a high-bred air! One would think she had walked out of a picture by 'Greuze.' I must go and talk to her, and fancy I am in the Little Trianon, in the first years of Marie Antoinette."

These conversations always left a pang behind them. In vain I chided myself, in secret; in vain I said I was envious: I could not prevent a feeling of pain whenever Mr. Talbot thus eulogized Georgiana. I, who knew her so well, could not understand the glamour which she seemed to have cast over him.

Yet there were occasions when I doubted if Mr. Talbot cared for her. I could not forget what I had overheard him say about myself. And his manner to me, though not the least like that of lovers I had read of, was such as often to set my heart beating. It was different, at all § times, from what it was to Georgiana. It had a high and knightly bearing, an under-current of acknowledged sympathy, which I never observed in his manner to her. To my cousin he talked of fashion, the topics of society, European travel, the opera, the Springs: with me his themes were of a loftier character; and I could not but be flattered by the distinction. Art, literature, social progress, heroic souls, deeds that would live forever: these were the subjects we discussed. Ah! how his eye kindled, how his voice deepened with enthusiasm, as he spoke of the great dead; men, who had lived, not for their own selfish aggrandizement, but for the good of mankind; martyrs and patriots, who, in the cause of country or of God, had taken their lives in their hands, and gone forth to do battle with the Appolyon of their age. It was at such times, that, looking at the rigid mouth, and eye that challenged defiance, I felt that he also could die for what he thought the right, yes! could pluck his own heart out, if need be.

But I was not foolish enough to think he loved Whenever an hour had been spent with me. him peculiarly agreeable, or whenever he seemed to prefer my society to Georgiana's, I used to say to myself, when I was alone in my room: "Margaret Gray, don't be silly; gentlemen, even the best of them, like to amuse themselves with girls: you must not suppose, because Mr. Talbot talks to you, that he forgets you are poor."

Yet, as soon as we met again, I ceased to remember this. I learned to detect his footstep, before he was in sight; to know him, by his gait, when he was so far off that I could hardly dis- be your cavalier; a modern Cavendish, if you tinguish him. Once or twice he had joined me, will; and we'll go in search of new El Dorados.'

set, up the beach; and on these occasions he was always strangely eloquent. He seemed to give himself up to the hour and to his company, talking as if I and Nature were parts of himself. This was a silent recognition, I said to myself, that I was worthy to share his higher thoughts. And then I chided myself for saying so.

On another occasion, we sat watching the moonlight on the sea, till, in listening to his talk, I forgot the time, and was surprised and a little abashed, when Georgiana came in search of me at a late hour.

"Dear me," she said, with an affectation of surprise, "you here, Maggy. I hadn't the least notion of it, and ran down, tired out with the silly fops in the drawing-room, to look at the ocean." But I knew better; I knew she had come to watch me.

Meantime a fortnight passed daily rides, or sailing excursions, or parties to go crabbing; mornings spent in the bowling alleys, evenings devoted to dances or charades. In one respect, our acquaintance with Mr. Talbot had been of advantage to me, it procured me a share in these pleasures. Before his arrival. everybody considered me a governess, and as my uncle never asked me to participate in the sports constantly going on, nobody else thought it worth while. But now the fact that Mr. Talbot often invited me, and the knowledge that I was not a hired dependent, procured me, almost always, a share in such amusements. I frequently heard, "Is not Miss Gray going?" or "We can't do without Miss Gray," or "Miss Gray must come on our side, or the game won't be fair." I was quite a different person from the plain, neglected automaten of the month before.

One day there was a crabbing party at Point Breeze, a shady promontory on the Chincoree river, within a convenient drive of the hotel. It was a sultry morning, for a land breeze was blowing, and we had all repaired there, because, at such times it was hottest at the beach, but was comparatively cool at the Point, there being a long stretch of river and bay to the westward, which impregnated the wind with something of its own refreshing temperature.

Georgiana, too fine a lady to join in our sport, was sitting under an awning, fanning herself languidly, when Mr. Talbot looked up from his

"What do you say to a sail, Miss Elliott?" he said. "You seem dreadfully bored. Come, I will

Georgiana glanced around, with secret triumph ? in her eye; but affecting hesitation, said,

"If you don't think it will be too hot?"

"Nonsense," replied Mr. Talbot, in a blunt, decided way, he often had; and throwing down his line, he continued, "your parasol will keep off the sun; and it's cooler on the water than here."

"Well, if Margaret will come also," said my cousin, rising gracefully, for she never forgot the proprieties.

I was not particularly pleased at a secondhand invitation like this, especially as Mr. Talbot remarked, quite coolly, "Oh! to be sure," as he jumped from the pier to hoist the sail of the boat; but I knew Georgiana would pout, after we got home, if I did not go, so I consented with the best grace I could.

There was a light breeze, which wasted us slowly out into the bay. I have always been fond of the water, so I soon forgot my momentary vexation. Mr. Talbot had the reputation, not only among the amateurs, but with the fishermen also, of handling a sail-boat skillfully; and certainly nothing seemed to be easier for him than to direct our light craft, as he sat, rudder in hand, carelessly chatting with Georgiana. Annoyed at the manner of my invitation, I held myself aloof, as much as possible, especially as neither of my companions appeared to notice my reserve; so I sat humming a low tune to avoid overhearing the half whispered conversation back of me, now watching the white, fleecy clouds that hung about the western horizon, and now dipping my fingers into the wave, as the boat glided noiselessly along like a white gull skimming the waters.

We had gone about six miles down the bay. and were approaching the Highlands at its mouth, when I woke from a long reverie to hear Mr. Talbot say to Georgiana that a thunder-storm was coming up and that we had better return. Glancing to the west, I saw that the fleecy clouds had disappeared, and that a purple black bank of vapor, like a distant mountain range, had taken their place. My cousin was already uneasy.

"There's nothing to be alarmed about, Miss Elliott," said Mr. Talbot, as he turned the boat homeward. "We have ample time. It will be an adventure to talk of."

Our progress was now comparatively slow. Instead of slipping smoothly along before the wind, we had to describe a zig-zag course, tack- Talbot was busied in working his way along, ing continually as it is called, in order to beat taking advantage of every puff of air, of every back to the pier. But the motion, to me at least, current, and had no leisure to talk. My cousing

Now the boat rushed along, leaning far over to the left, the water shooting past her like fences past a railroad train. Now she seemed to stop in mid-career, obedient to the guidance of Mr. Talbot, and fluttering her sails for an instant, poised like a bird about to wheel, and then darted off at a sharp angle to her former course, dashing into the head-waves with a thud that sent the spray often back to our faces. blood danced riotously in my veins. I realized what Byron felt when he spoke of the sea bounding beneath him like a steed that knew its rider. I was in no hurry to be ashore.

Not so Georgiana. The constant stooping to avoid the boom, as the sail was shifted, and the changing her seat each time to get on the higher side of the boat, for she was afraid to remain on the lower, made her, at last, exclaim,

"Why don't you go back like you came, Mr. Talbot? It's much more comfortable, I'm sure. You lose a great deal, too, by crossing from side to side of the bay, in this way."

"Ah! I see you're no seaman," replied Mr. Talbot, with a smile. "Going down, we had the wind after us, and could carry what sailors call 'a free sheet.' But now what little breeze there is, is nearly dead ahead, and our only chance is to work back, as I am doing. It's very slow," he added, dubiously, glancing at the threatening clouds to the west, now rapidly rising to the zenith.

"You don't think we'll be caught out in the rain?" said Georgiana, in alarm.

"You're not much afraid of a wetting, are you?" he answered, gayly.

"We shall be drowned, I know we shall," almost shrieked my cousin, looking from Mr. Talbot to the approaching storm, and she rose quickly.

"Sit down, I beg of you," said Mr. Talbot, half authoritatively. "You might upset this light craft." And he added, in a soothing tone. "Indeed, there isn't a particle of danger. there, Miss Gray?"

This was the first time, since we embarked, that he had spoken directly to me. The alarm of my cousin had made me, for a second, a little nervous; but this now all passed away; for I saw Mr. Talbot felt perfectly secure, and I knew we could trust in him.

"I feel no fear," I answered. "Georgy isn't used to sailing, or she wouldn't mind it either."

For some time, nothing more was said. Mr. was more exhibarating than it had been before. cowered on her seat, her head buried in her hands, or glanced up fearfully at the clouds, out of Mr. Talbot's hands; but he pulled it down, and then at the long stretch of water which still with the strength of a Hercules, and by a rapid, separated us from the pier. I watched the approaching tempest.

I wish I could describe the spectacle. Never before had I seen such a deep purple-black in the sky, or such inky water. An ominous twilight was all around. The birds, after skimming low down, had fled frightened to their hiding-places. The wind had finally died out. Above, wild, dusky-brown clouds, rolling over and over, sped before the tempest. A foreboding hush was on everything. Suddenly, far to the west, I saw the water begin to glisten; the black sky lifted just enough to show a narrow streak of light along the horizon; and a strange, unearthly sound pervaded space, as of Nature sobbing at her approaching dissolution.

"Miss Gray," said Mr. Talbot, in quick, almost stern tones. " Нете."

I was at his side in a moment.

"The squall," he said, rapidly, "will strike us directly: you can see and hear it coming. Take this tiller. I must get in the mainsail, or we shall capsize," he continued, running forward. There was a little shriek from Georgiana, but he took no notice of it "Listen to what I say. When I cry 'luff,' put your helm over to the left; that is the way. Perhaps there'll be no necessity, but if the squall comes before I get back, it's the only thing that will save us. If I say, afterward, 'down, hard down,' jam the tiller down with all your might."

He stood at the foot of the mast, as he spoke, and was already untying the ropes, which held the huge sail up. I could, at that moment, have braved anything.

Down came the mainsail, clattering, Mr. Talbot pulling it in, hand over hand. A few quick, decisive knots tied it fast to the boom. The squall was now close to us, whitening the wide bay before it, roaring like the surf at high-tide in a north-easter. Mr. Talbot did not hesitate an instant, but springing to the bow of the boat, began to let down the triangular sail, which ran from the bowsprit to the top of the mast. The canvas had half descended, and he was stooping to fasten it, when he thundered, rather than shouted, "luff, luff," and then "down, hard down, harder." The boat heeled over till I thought it had upset: described a quick curve in the water; and then danced up into the very teeth of the hurricane, her bow, as it plunged into the waves, throwing the spray almost over the mast-head, and completely drenching me. For a second, and while I thought we were going } ever, I saw the sail nearly dragged, as I thought,

dexterous turn fastened the rope to the side of the mast: all this time his eyes never leaving me and Georgiana.

"Thank God!" he said, almost under his breath, and unconsciously, I believe. His face, lately so troubled, cleared up magically, and glancing for a moment ahead, he came back to where we sat, saying cheerfully, "Now it may blow great guns, Miss Elliott, it can't harm us: what prodigies we shall be in the eyes of everybody; we have really had an adventure. Keep the tiller a little while longer, Miss Margaret, while I improvise a shelter from the storm for your cousin."

It was quite time, for the rain, at first descending in a few huge drops, was now pouring in a torrent, almost beating me down. Georgiana, in a minute, was housed under the sail; but by that time I was drenched through. Mr. Talbot, though in no better condition, shook his head as he saw it, and taking the tiller from me, whispered,

"You're a brave girl, Miss Gray. now and get under the sail too, for you're not used to this sort of work. Oh! never mind me," he added, interpreting my glance. "Such an old water-dog as I am is all the better for a drenching occasionally. The squall is past, and I'll soon carry you into port."

# CHAPTER VII.

From that day, there was a perceptible change in Mr. Talbot's manner toward me. I did not go to the dinner table, but obeyed his parting injunction, to take a hot drink he said he would send up, and to lie down till evening. He came up, at supper, extending both hands, in a frank, unconventional way he had when pleased.

"How glad I am to see you. What a color you have. I hope you've taken no cold."

"None at all," I said, gayly. "Nor has Georgiana either."

"You relieve me," he replied. "I was almost afraid to ask. Do you know," he added, offering me his arm, "that, for a moment, I thought it was all over. If it hadn't been for your ready apprehension of my orders, and your quick obedience, the boat would have been upset."

"And one, or all of us, been drowned," I replied: and I shuddered slightly.

"You have never been so near death before?" he asked. "Did you realize it?"

"Yes! I saw from your face how it was!" "And wasn't you afraid?"

"There wasn't time."

"You had to act, you mean. Nobly said. Do you know, Miss Margaret, that I believe you'd \ stake everything on that night's success. Never have made a Joan of Arc?"

At this moment, my aunt came up, and began { alternately to chide my companion for having { paratory to going down. taken Georgiana sailing, and to thank him "for saving," as she phrased it, "the dear girl's life."

"I'll take the blame," gallantly said Mr. Talbot, "for I deserve it. But the praise belongs } to Miss Margaret, who saved all of our lives." And he withdrew a step, so as to put me into } the foreground.

My aunt looked at me, at first in amazement, then with indignation, which she tried, however, to conceal from my companion.

"Oh! to be sure. I'd heard of it," and she laughed a little constrained laugh. "We're all } obliged to my husband's niece. She's quite } masculine, always was," and with this homethrust, she left us.

Georgiana did not make her appearance till the next day; but Mr. Talbot was the first to welcome her; he even attended her to breakfast, taking my uncle's vacant seat; for Mr. Elliott had gone to town.

Still, though in this, and other things, he was as attentive as ever to my cousin, I could see, after a day or two, that she was jealous of me. At first, the possibility of such a thing seemed incredible. But when she grew, daily, more cold toward me; when she treated me often superciliously, even pettishly, I could no longer ceal her indignation. All this could not but render me unhappy. Yet, when Mr. Talbot was } at my side, I forgot everything. Not unfrequently, also, the jealousy of my cousin sent a } vain delusion—the hope that I was not indifferent { to Mr. Talbot.

One night, there was a subscription ball, given by the gentlemen of our hotel. It had kept the ally or politically, were expected. More than } half the girls were speculating as to the conquests they would make.

I wore my simple robe of muslin; and my hair a la Greeque. I will not deny that I thought of { light as a bird. I began to sing at my simple Mr. Talbot, and of what I had overheard him toilet. I knew that Mr. Talbot was to rise at say about this costume, on that first evening. \ day-break to go fishing, and I did not expect,

dress, which she had sent for from her milliner. I saw, from her eye, that she had determined to shall I forget the look of contempt that welcomed me, for a moment, as I entered her room, pre-

Mr. Talbot, in spite of the crowd of uniforms, was still the most popular person there. My heart fluttered when I saw him approach where Georgiana and I were sitting. There was a moment of doubt, during which he paid his compliments to both of us; then he asked me to dance the first set with him. I really pitied my cousin, till I saw the angry flush on her face, as I turned to go, and the threatening look of her eyes.

But I soon forgot everything but my partner. There was a subdued manner about him, different from what I had ever observed toward other women, which made me feel at once happy and embarrassed. Perhaps he observed my nervousness, for he suddenly became lively; never had I known him more entertaining; and I soon grew at ease again. I felt the magnetism of his intellect; I was in extravagant spirits.

When the dance was over, a group gathered about us, and I heard more than one whisper, "Miss Gray is unusually brilliant to-night:" indeed my situation became so public, that I drew my companion out to the piazza, under pretence of wanting fresh air. "I shall never," I thought, "become habituated enough to society to endure being stared at."

All through that evening, I saw my aunt watchdoubt it. My aunt took even less pains to con-{ing me with an angry scowl. But I was too happy to think of this except for the moment. Twice, Mr Talbot danced with Georgiana, and several other young belles were honored, each once, with his hand; but I was the only one whom he thrill of joy through me, because it confirmed | led out frequently. It came to be so natural me in what, at other times, I still thought a for me, at last, to expect his return, after a walts or quadrille with others, that, unconsciously. I kept, whenever it was possible, a vacant seat for him beside me.

When I went to my room, that night, I felt, ladies in a state of excitement for a whole that, if I never was happy again, I had been so, week preceding; hair-dressers had been sent \{ superlatively so, for once in my life. I did not for from the city; new wardrobes had been audibly even whisper it to myself, but the hope ordered; several army and navy officers, with was never so strong before that I was beloved. various other guests, distinguished either soci- \ Mr. Talbot's manner, all the evening, had been what a woman would rather have than any amount of mere intellectual admiration: and it had never been so before.

I woke, the next morning, with a heart as Georgiana was to appear in a new and costly therefore, to see him at the breakfast-table; but I could not avoid stealing a glance at his usual seat, and blushing, guiltily, when I caught my sunt's eye fixed severely on me.

"I wish to see you in my room," said my aunt, coldly, as we rose from the table.

I followed her up stairs. She told me to lock the door.

"A pretty state of things!" she exclaimed. "So you think you can wheedle Mr. Talbot into marrying you."

I made no reply. But I felt the blood rush to my forehead: then leave me pale as ashes, but trembling with suppressed indignation.

"As if he would ever do more than amuse himself with one like you," she continued. "Oh! you needn't look in that way. I always told Mr. Elliott you were a treacherous, ungrateful minx. I declare you make me ashamed of my sex, to see how impudently you throw yourself into this gentleman's way."

"I am not treacherous," I said, rallying to defend myself, "I am not ungrate---"

"Stop! I won't have a word. Such unblushing effrontery I never saw. You will make yourself the talk of the whole place, if you haven't already done it! If you've a right to disgrace yourself, you've no right to disgrace us. Mr. Talbot sees you are throwing yourself into his arms, and no doubt laughs about it to the other young men. The idea of going off walking, alone, up the beach, with him; of sitting out in the arbor, late at night; of following him with your eyes; of always keeping a place for him, by you, on the sofa."

At this last allusion, the color rose to my cheaks, for I felt partly guilty. She had paused for breath, but when she saw my embarrassment, she resumed,

"Oh! you admit it, do you? You're not so brazen but what you blush for it. And remember, Miss, what I see, others see. I know that your conduct was remarked on, last night. There, not a word; but go now. I want no explanations, but only more prudent behavior. Get him, if you can; I'm sure your uncle and dear Georgiana, as well as I, will rejoice at your good luck; but don't disgrace us by indelicate behavior."

I left the room abashed and humiliated. I knew well that it was envy and rage that made my aunt speak in this way. But I could not avoid fearing, for all that, that my conduct had been such as to cause remark. I felt guilty of having loved Mr. Talbot. What if I had betrayed myself, as my aunt said?

Such a possibility almost maddened me. Beyond all things else I loathed scheming in a young girl. To me it was inexpressibly un-

maidenly. To be accused of it by strangers, to have given even the faintest cause for the accusation—oh! it was degrading. I hated, for the time, Mr. Talbot; I hated my aunt for her injustice; I hated Georgiana for having been the cause of it; but I hated most myself. Bitterly I resolved that neither she, nor others, should ever have it to sey again that I courted his society: and in this mood I took a book and walked angrily down to the arbor overlooking the beach.

# CHAPTER VIII.

I HAD been reading for a little while only, when I heard a familiar footstep; and Mr. Talbot approached. Still smarting from what my aunt had said, and determined to afford no cause for such remarks again, I gave him a curt reception.

He seemed astonished: then offended: then appeared to think it was absurd to get angry. But having made one or two further efforts to draw me into conversation, which I answered only in monosyllables, he was about to go, when Georgiana came up. I had left her reading a sentimental novel in her room, where she declared she would stay till dinner; but I have no doubt she had seen Mr. Talbot join me, for her window overlooked the sea, and that she had come down purposely to interrupt us.

To do her justice she was looking charmingly. She pretended to explain her presence, by saying she had been searching for me all the morning; and sinking languidly into a seat, she glided into conversation with Mr. Talbot. He doubtless mentally contrasted her affability with my sullenness, for his manner changed immediately, he grew animated, he devoted himself almost entirely to her. She, on her part, played off all her pretty, coquettish arts on him. In my existing temper, I smiled, ironically, at this, behind my book. "Even the most sensible men," I said, scornfully, "are victims to vanity, and so fall a prey to these poor feminine tricks."

I was in no improved mood, therefore, to answer a question which Mr. Talbot suddenly addressed to me.

"What do you think of it, Miss Margaret?" he said. "I see you have been reading, and not listening; and I don't wonder," he continued, glancing at my book, "for 'Undine' is a story to entrance one. But pray, forget Hildebrand and his water-nymph, for awhile; and be umpire between Miss Elliott and myself."

"I haven't the first qualification for the task, sir," I answered, coldly.

But he was not to be rebuffed.

"At any rate," he said, "hear the point. Your

cousin maintains that women are not justly treated, by the laws; that, in fact, they are little better than slaves to the stronger sex."

Now this was the subject, on which, above all others, I felt most strongly: the one in which my pride and sensitiveness controlled me, perhaps, more than my intellect. I had so often contemplated the possibility of having to leave my uncle's house and earn a livelihood for myself, that I was morbidly awake to the inadequate wages which women received, to the few avenues of employment open to them, and to the loss of social caste which laboring for their bread often brought upon them. I was already angry; and this question, thus put by Mr. Talbot, made me angrier, because it implied that he palliated, if he did not defend, the course of the world at large toward my sex.

But I need not have been so. I was well aware, that, though Mr. Talbot was a firm believer in the progress of the race, and though he advocated enthusiastically every measure which he considered a reform, he was not a visionary, and that many superficial thinkers, on this account, would have called him a conservative. We had, indeed, never talked before on this theme, but I knew enough of his sentiments on social questions generally, to be aware that he was no friend to sudden and radical changes, even where they were possible, because he had no faith in their permanence under such contingencies; and I was not ignorant that he considered there were very few sudden social reforms which were practicable at all. "A reform, which is not founded on public sentiment," he had once said, "is no reform at all; for things soon fall back to their old condition; no law can last which is not an exponent of the popular prejudice as well as of the popular intellect." Earnestly as I felt on the subject of woman's wrongs, I was well aware that it was one of the most difficult social problems of the age, and that to solve it wisely would require the best thoughts of the best minds for more than one generation. I would have known, in a calmer moment, that I could not expect Mr. Talbot to take the radical view of the question, to which I, in common with others of my sex, inclined. But, in my present mood, I disregarded all this, and replied bluntly and passionately.

"Slaves! So they are." And as I spoke, the whole catalogue of woman's injuries, as dealt out to her by laws made my men, rose up before me; and my heart swelling with what I thought a righteous indignation, I continued with kindling cheek. "The chain may be gilded, but it is still a chain."

Georgiana's big eyes opened to their full width, less at the matter than at the manner of this speech. It shocked her conventional notions of fine ladyism. Mr. Talbot smiled, and that smile provoked me to go on, more passionately, if possible, than before.

"What equality has woman before the law?" I said. "You do not allow her to vote, yet you make her pay taxes. You tell her it is indelicate for her to preach, yet say she has a soul to be saved. You give her property, when she marries, to her husband; but don't give her his, but only a third of it, and that not till he dies. And if a woman is poor, and has to earn her living, you put her at once out of the pale of good society, and degrade her to a lower class."

"You are vehement," said Mr. Talbot, gravely, as I paused exhausted of breath "Permit me to ask: have you considered all these things as fully as your very decided language warrants?"

The tone of superiority, in which this was

The tone of superiority, in which this was spoken, provoked me still more.

"Decided language? Vehement?" I cried. "On such a subject one cannot be too vehement."

Mr. Talbot was silent. I continued heatedly, "Take the case I last spoke of. Is the world just to a woman who has to earn her livelihood?"

Still he did not reply. He was writing on the sand with the end of his light bamboo cane. I cannot describe how this simple act irritated me. I began again,

"Nor is this all. Society, that shuts the door of nearly every employment against woman, pays her inadequately even for what it allows her to do. No female earns as much as a man; she is not permitted to do it. In my city, women wait in stores, very generally; but even there they receive only half as much as young men. In your city, they are shut out even from this avenue. So it is everywhere. Yet a woman has blood and bones, must eat and dress, must have fire and light."

"A man is paid as the head of a family; a woman as a solitary individual; and the majority of men are heads of families, as the majority of women are not," said Mr. Talbot, looking up.

"Are women never heads of families? Are there no widows, with orphan children? It is the old story of the lion. Men make the laws, and make them to suit themselves. Oh! if woman could, for but one day, have control of the halls of legislation."

"Honestly now, Miss Gray," he said, and he "The chain may be gilded, but it looked me full in the eyes, "do you think the "world would be the better, if women followed."

trades, did merchandizing, wrangled at the bar, is eternally the same equivocation about excepcheated at the stock-exchange? Isn't there something in a truly feminine character higher and diviner than can co-exist with these things?" I thought bitterly of what he had often said of a libility of the human intellect; and under general Georgiana. "Suppose, for argument's sake, that the avenues to all pursuits were thrown freely open to women; that, for every purpose of moneymaking, the two sexes were put on an equal; that woman was made the head of the family-do you, en your honor, believe that society would be improved by it?"

I made no reply. Secretly, I felt that he was right. He waited for awhile courteously: then proceeded,

"If my mother had been hard, scheming, lucre-loving, what a wretch I would be now! And she would have been all this, I fear, Miss Gray, if she had been engaged, her life through, as men are, fighting, first for bread, and then for fortune. Under God," he continued, solemnly, his voice trembling with emotion, "it is because women are preserved, as I would say; excluded, as you phrase it; from the rougher contact of life, that we men begin, at least, with some high and holy feelings; and if we lose them afterward, or if they often grow cold within us, it is because we are thrown, like gladiators, into the arena, and forced often to fight for our very lives. By her organization, indeed, woman is mow delicate, more refined, more ideal, more religious than man is; but even her organization cannot entirely resist the cold teachings of a selfish world: for few women, I say it with regret, who play the part of men, whether they play it from choice or necessity, but become more or less mannish; and to the extent they become mannish, to that extent they cease to be really loveable."

Much of this moved me. Much of it I felt to But it irritated me all the more. believed he was indirectly telling me I was too masculine. I answered,

"Is what you call womanly, really so? Haven't all men a false ideal? Wouldn't they rather have a toy than a companion?"

"No," he replied, with sudden energy, "a thousand times no! In proportion as a man is strong himself, he wishes, longs for, will have, a companion, and not a toy."

"The ivy and the oak," I answered, scornfully: "it's ivy man wants, after all."

"You don't argue, you sneer," he said.

"I do argue. I have given you examples enough."

"And your examples were all exceptions."

"Oh! that's always the answer," I said. "It ? evident loss of temper.

tions to general rules."

"But society, as you surely know, has to make general laws," he said. "It flows from the fallaws it is impossible always to prevent injustice to the few. Besides, I don't see that women suffer more than men. If there are thousands of educated women, doomed to a poverty that is the more painful because of their culture, and compelled to labor at hateful tasks for a livelihood, there are quite as many men. The majority of my own sex, if I am to believe their words, are discontented with their lot. It is very certain that where one is born, as the proverb goes, 'with a silver spoon in his mouth,' a dozen are born without."

"We cannot talk on this subject," I said. "We differ too irreconcilably." And I moved to go.

"Nav! stay," said he. "Hear me out. Is it man, or woman, who is to blame for this ostracism, of which you spoke, awhile ago? Are not your sex the first to drop the acquaintance of a woman reduced to work for a livelihood?"

I acknowledged, mentally, that he was right; but remained silent. Georgiana now interposed.

"You have converted me, at least, Mr. Talbot," she said, with a wonderfully natural air of frankness and innocence. "I confess I had never thought much on this subject, but had taken up the popular cry of my sex."

"I wish you joy of your convert then, Mr. Talbot," I said, curtsying scornfully. "But it is, at least, thoroughly feminine on the part of Georgy. I suppose most of us women are so. and that is why man holds us in the slavery he does. You were right," I added, bitterly. "We betray ourselves." With which parting words, and a glance, like a Parthian arrow, shot at my cousin, I swept proudly away.

But I had not reached the house before I was heartily ashamed of myself. I had given way to temper. I had shown jealousy of Georgiana. I had exaggerated my opinions. "Vehement, was the word he used," I said: and I felt its justice. I was self-condemned. I crept up to my room, double-locked the door, threw myself on the bed, and gave way to tears of mingled shame and remorse.

That night there was another "hop." I had looked forward to it, only that morning, with unalloyed delight. But now I could not hope that Mr. Talbot would be with me. He would never be to me again what he had been. He might forgive my opinions, distasteful as they were to him; but he could not forget my too

My fears were realized. I instinctively avoided > him, even turned my back, and looked away, to save my pride. So, except a stately, but studiously polite bow, when he first caught my eye, } he gave no sign of his being aware of my presence. He was the life of the party, meantime; } affable to all; but to Georgiana he was absolutely devoted. Once or twice, in waltzing, he and she nearly ran against me; but except a hasty, indifferent, "pardon me," there was nothing said.

stracted in spite of myself, and was glad to less for hours; and I had never been so unhappy, escape early to my room.

How miserably unhappy I was! But I no longer thought, with regret, of my vehement manner. A sense of injustice and cruel neglect possessed me.

"Let him scorn me," I said, bitterly. "What do I care? I told him nothing but the truth. We women are unjustly treated in all things; and from the cradle to the grave. If I had deferred humbly to his opinion I might-

I stopped, with a haughty gesture. I would not suffer myself to think that I had ever dreamed I did not want for partners; but I was ab- so foolish a dream. But I lay awake nevertheeven when a child. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

### EARTH.

# BY ANNE L. MUZZEY.

On, Earth! Oh, Earth How fair, how beautiful, how grand Thou art, oh, Earth! Thou star-eyed pilgrim in that tireless band, That sails forever, with bright, shiny wings, Around the light of lights! Beloved land Of sweet and holy things!

Garden of dreams! Wherein the 'prisoned soul delights to roam, Believing all that good, and lovely seems-Mountains, and vales, and woods, and crystal streams-Dim pictures of that far-off, angel home, Whose glory breaks through stars and sunset gleams: Realms of undying flow'rs, and nightless skies, Love-lighted Paradise!

Oh, Earth! Oh, Earth! Down through thy years, like falling leaves we stray, Seeking the path that leads to truth and light, But evil things have dimmed our spirit sight, And oft we lose our way-

In the drear shadows of sin's starless night. Then the world mocks us, and we turn and flee, Tired, sick, and tempest-beaten, back to thee! Oh, mother, mother Earth! After life's feverish battle there is rest, Rest for the worn, and weary, calm and deep In the cool hollows of thy quiet breast, Thy soul-sick children may lie down and sleep, Until the light Of Resurrection's golden morning gleams

Holy, and bright, Over corruption's darkness, and we rise, Glorified, from our dreams, On flaming wings upborne to fairer skies.

Oh, blessed, blessed Earth! Lo! let us walk with soft and reverent tread Among thy thrilling beauties, sweetest Earth; Holy and stainless Earth, Land of the spirit's birth, Rest of the sainted dead!

# THE FISHER'S WIFE.

### BY DLARA AUGUSTA.

ROARED the wild swelling billows Out on the lonesome ses. Up sprang the foamy white-caps Chasing the winds in glee! While the grey skies melancholy Low in their mockery bent, Like the dismal drapery of funerals, Or coffin cerement.

Light gleamed in the fisher's cottage, Streamed thro' the heavy night, Crimsoned the weary woman Waiting there sad and white-Listening the loud winds' roaring, Praying the vengeful waves To guide him in thro' the darkness, In from the sea's black graves.

Over the mountain of waters Struggled the fisher boat. With never a hand to guide her, Never an oar to float! Down in the soft paved temples, Naiads the vigil to keep, Sleepeth the bold fisher sailor, Low in the halls of the deep.

Woman! extinguish the watch-fire! Give thy strained ear rest; One there is up in Heaven Doeth all for the best. Lie down on thy lonely pillow, Ask for the dream-calm's spell-For down in the sea thy husband Sleepeth soundly and well!

# FLIRTING IN EARNEST.

#### BY E. W. DEWEES.

years ago, Nellie Maybee, a pretty, lively girl the old homestead after he had got his schooling. of eighteen, and the somewhat spoiled, only daughter of widower Maybee, was summoned lie found these good people, though worthy, before the paternal judgment bar, and the verdict being "quilty of paleness, want of appetite, and hard flirting," she was sentenced to banishment among the green hills of Vermont, for a time expiring at the judge's pleasure. In vain the fair culprit plead for an extenuation of the sentence, or even for a delay in its execution; in vain she urged that important business required her longer presence in Boston. For this business, on cross-questioning by the learned are carried on, (for absolute want of grist to put judge, proved to be only the completion of two in the mill,) occasioned a great jar among the firtations. "One at such an interesting stagejust got as far as rose-buds-the other long past forget-me-nots, and within a few days of proposal point"-(so this saucy little flirt stated the case)-"and she did not see how her dear, indulgent papa could be so hard-hearted as to destroy all her innocent amusements so, indeed she did not."

But the judge was firm; stern was his reiteration of the charge of hard flirting, and his determination to send her where this amusement would be impossible—to the plain farm house of one of his early friends.

Nellie was obliged to submit, but she took her honest, feminine revenge in sundry spiteful speeches, such as-"She should like to know when the law was made that girls shouldn't flirt: for her part, she could not help flirting. It was a pretty girl's normal state-it was a natural instinct, like hunting and fishing with men. And he should see all his crossness should not stop it-she would flirt still up in down East, even . if it had to be with the bob-o'-links and tomtits."

That Mr. Maybee was a man of nerve and indomitable firmness, is proved by the fact that \ Nellie decided at once that he was worthy to Nellie, within a week, was immured in the desert \( \) be looked after, and immediately instituted insocial of farmer Wilson's farm.

of Mr. Maybee's, they having been raised on been from the first, an inmate of the same house neighboring farms; but while the latter, like with herself. He was the son of her host, but most New England boys, had gone to the city, from excessive timidity, or rather bashfulness, and won himself a name and fortune there, the the country-bred youth had preferred to take former, with an old-fashioned easiness of temper, all his meals by himself, and to skulk in and out

Own bright, sunny, June morning, not many tvery unusual now-a-days, had settled down on

It will very naturally be concluded, that Nelrather slow. She sadly missed the various excitements and amusements of town life, and found the only compliment she had as yet received, farmer Wilson's well meant remark, that "She was a fine, likely gal enough"-rather meagre fare after the feast of sweets to which her pampered palate had been accustomed. Besides, the sudden stoppage of all the delicate and complicated machinery by which flirtations mental wheels, followed by a fearful vacuum. She found herself in Othello's admired situation with regard to occupation, but with no one to admire, or even pity her.

In time, however, being blessed with a fine flow of animal spirits, and being, with all her vanities, not quite without a soul, she was just learning to lift her eyes in reverent admiration to the beautiful hills among which she was dwelling-beginning to acquire a new sense, so to speak, that of the appreciation of the charms of nature-when presto! all these newly-acquired faculties were dissipated, and the natural instincts reinstated, as in the case of the metamorphosed cat in the fable, by the unexpected appearance of a legitimate object of the chase-I mean, that she one day chanced to catch a glimpse of a tall, handsome man as he bounded over a fence at the back of the house, and then entered rather stealthily by the side door. He was sun-browned, indeed, and clad in simple, country fashion; but, that he was no mere country clown, even the most hasty glance attested. His features were delicate and refined, and his noble brow bore the stamp of intellect. quiries as to who, and what he was. Judge of Mr. Wilson was, as I have said, an early friend her surprise on being told that he was, and had

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of the house by side doors, to encountering that a would endure her saucy insolence no longer.

Perhaps it was an instinctive feeling that members of this genus are as dangerous as they are beautiful, that filled him with undefined dread of proximity-it might have been that, or it might have been simple rustic bashfulness: but at all events the only desire he evinced. with regard to Nellie, was to keep out of her Way.

Of course the young lady was not long in discovering this determination on the youth's part, and from that time she did not want for amuse-Her merriment was constantly excited, by observing the hurried retreat of her cowardly foe to the friendly covert of pantry, cellar, or stable, at her approach; and nothing delighted her spirit of mischief more, than by sallying forth suddenly twenty times a day, to put the enemy to ignominious flight. Seldom was poor Nathan allowed to enjoy a meal without having to drop his knife and fork at least once, during its course, to take refuge in some neighboring hiding-place, till the coast was again clear. Rarely did he escape from back or side door without being made aware, by some saucy token. that a pair of roguish eyes were watching him from window, or porch. Even when at work in the fields, a little, jaunty form sometimes tripped by with bright eyes looking defiance, or a fresh, merry voice was heard singing odd scraps of mocking songs. In the farm-yard he was no more secure; for no sooner did Nellie's eagle eye detect his form moving about there, than down she came, and perching herself on the fence, wanted to know "when he was going to appoint that afternoon to teach her to milk, as he had so faithfully promised?" Of course this promise only existed in the imagination of the relentless tease; Nathan's patience was sorely

Now, notwithstanding all I have admitted about Nathan's senseless bashfulness, he was a good, sturdy, manly fellow. Most men, even the bravest, have their cowardly points. I will ? even venture to say there is something every man is afraid of, and I am sure there is more sense in being afraid of a woman than many other things, for, there is nothing more dangerous, as too many of us have found out; but, in } time, Nathan's timidity waned before his righteous wrath, at Nellie's audacious persecution. He { pause, "since you have determined not to say mentally passed a series of spirited resolutions. I that good thing to me, I have a great mind to He would let this bold, forward girl know that say some pretty things to you. Do you know," he admired, as little as he respected her. He ? pursued the incorrigible tease, as she simpered would give her to understand that his personal with affected affectation. "Do you know, sir,

unknown and wonderful creature—a young lady. Such his valorous resolves. His timid practice continued to be precipitate flight at the least rustle of a silken petticoat, whenever flight was possible. I am ashamed of such inconsistency in a hero, but people seldom carry out resolutions any better, so I trust they will be lenient to a fellow sinner.

> Meanwhile, Nellie, unaware of the revolution that was progressing in the mind of her victim. was gathering more and more audacity from his apparent total submission. Like a little poodle at sight of a flying foe, her valor rose in exact proportion to her security, and she grew so saucy and aggressive, as to be almost unbearable. Not content with routing the enemy at pleasure, she sometimes amused herself by cutting off his retreat, and many a forced parley, where the talking, however, was all on one side, was poor Nathan obliged to hold in some narrow exposed pass of entry or stairway.

> One evening, just before dark, the young man was engaged in the homely, but useful office of driving the cows home from pasture, when Nellie, and Nathan's sister, Priscilla, who had been taking a walk together, encountered him at the cross-roads not far from the house.

> Miss Priscilla stepped forward and joined her brother; and Nellie, nothing loath, followed. There could be little continued conversation between the brother and sister, as the extreme deafness of the latter required too violent efforts on the part of the person ambitious of reaching her tympanum, to be long of duration, or often repeated. So, in a little while, the whole party marched on behind the cows in solemn silence. At last, Nellie, overcome by the ludicrousness of the situation, burst into a laugh, in which, to her surprise, she was joined by Nathan, after a few moments' inward struggle.

> "What is it? what is it?" inquired Miss Priscilla, in the eager manner of deaf people, "what are you talking about?"

> "We have not said anything yet," answered Nellie. "I am laughing at the good thing Mr. Nathan is going to say."

> Nathan closed his lips firmly, as though resolved no good thing should by chance slip through, a prudent precaution, but apparently uncalled for.

"Well, Mr. Nathan," continued Nellie, after a freedom was not to be thus interfered with. He that, ever since I first saw you, I have been affections?"

"And pray, Miss," exclaimed Nathan, roused at last to righteous indignation, "how do you propose to effect that end?"

"How?" drawled Nellie. "Why, by assurance to be sure—assurance, the most newfashioned of the virtues."

"Being a plain man myself," returned Nathan. sturdily, "I am so simple in my tastes as to prefer to all others the old-fashioned virtue of modesty."

A reproof so well timed and cutting could not well fail to be felt. A deep blush of mortification flushed Nellie's cheek, and, for once in her life, she had no repartee ready. Indeed, I doubt whether the totally dissimilar case of the unexpected development of the powers of speech recorded in Scripture, astonished Baalam as much as this modern miracle astonished Nellie. She was so taken aback, that she was glad to escape to the house, with Miss Priscilla, who was inquiring, in an excited manner, what they were saying.

From this time Nathan appeared to Nellie in That he should have had the a new light. courage, in spite of the effort it cost him, to administer so sharp a reproof to her, increased her respect for him. She saw there was something ? in him besides awkward bashfulness. She saw, too, that he by no means admired, or even respected her. Of course, under these circumstances, it was her first natural instinct, both as & things. If Nathan had sought her, or appeared coquet, and woman, to change his way of think- to admire her, Nellie would have led him a ing; therefore, from this time, what had been a mere childish love of teasing, changed into a firm determination to win this scornful youth's regard, or, at least, admiration.

Her views were aided by a change in Nathan's habits, for, instead of taking the same pains, as heretofore, to avoid her, he resumed his place in } the family as before her coming. He seemed to } either despise his former weakness, or to feel a } contempt for a foe too mean to demand the vigilance with which he had hitherto guarded him- in her feelings, he did not betray any consciousself. Nellie had now an opportunity of seeing eness of it; he was consistent, at all events, for him in his true light. She saw him devotedly loved and respected by his family, and the winning ways, he seldom appeared conscious of generous warmth with which his affection was \ her presence. He never talked with her, though requited. She saw his never-wearied good- \ sometimes she did think she caught him looking nature, with the never-ending calls of father, } at her, or smiling furtively at some of her merry mother and sister on his services, never ex-{ nonsense with other members of the family. hausted. me," from one week's end to the other; and, weeks passed by, and the summer was gone, great as was the demand, Nathan's kindness and { and the time for her return home at hand. willingness were as great. Sometimes, Nellie, }

determined to make a conquest of your youthful | coming, as they generally did, after a hard day's work in the fields, got up within herself quite a warm, little indignation-meeting about it: but she did not express her thoughts aloud, and nothing of the kind ever seemed to suggest itself to Nathan, or the others, for that matter. seemed to agree that he was to do everything: mend all the breakages, carry about all the heavy things that are eternally wanting moving in every family, bring the wood, pump the water, make up the fires and the accounts, wheel up his mother's chair, read the papers to his father, and shout to his sister all that everybody said: in short, such a variety of "odd jobs" as would have appalled David himself. This Napoleon of "chores," however, achieved them all with a large, careless kind of ease, that almost made you sorry you could think of nothing more for him to do.

> Little by little, Nellie formed such an estimate, both of the heart and mind of this country youth, as made her blush whenever she remembered how she had treated him. She would now as soon have thought of stepping upon the woolsack, and pulling off the Lord Chancellor's wig, by way of a joke, as of attempting to make game of Nathan. And, humiliated by the recollection of her past impertinence, she grew as modest, at least in Nathan's presence, as even his old-fashioned notions on that point could demand.

Women are queer creatures about certain pretty rig, and then laughed at and despised him. But as he avoided her, and seemed to really have no feeling for her, but one of mingled dislike and contempt, she thought of him night and day, and often could have cried for vexation to find she could not please him. Consequently Nathan ceased to represent to her a bashful, country boy; he represented the man too proud to seek her, too superior to admire.

If Nathan perceived anything of this change in spite of her beauty, and grace, and pretty, It was, "Nathan do this, or that for { That was her only encouragement, and the

On the evening before she was to leave, she observing the number and variety of these claims, went, about dusk, into the little field back of

the house, to caress, for the last time, a little cosset lamb, of which she had grown very fond, and, feeling rather low and melancholy, she put her arms about the creature's neck, and was shedding some childish, sentimental tears, and murmuring something very silly about "no one missing her when she was gone, except poor, little cosset," when hearing a slight noise she looked up, and saw Nathan, standing with his arms folded, looking at her.

Nellie would have been no true-hearted woman, if rage had not instantly filled her soul at the idea of having her sentimentalizing scrutinized, and perhaps understood; so, true to this feminine instinct, she turned sharply on the intruder,

"Well, Mr. Nathan, I don't know what you want, spying round that way!" Having made which vixinish speech, she seemed ready to burst into tears.

"I don't know why you are angry with me, Nellie," said Nathan, sadly, as he drew nearer, "you never had less cause; for if you are grieved at parting with your poor, little, pet lamb, think how I must feel at losing mine, forever."

Nellie looked up in surprise.

but often when I have seen you fondling that her return home, Nathan astounded his father little creature, I have thought of my name-sake in the Scriptures, and how, like him, I had too my one little ewe lamb, though hidden deep in § my secret heart. Oh, Nellie, I know well enough that you have never thought of me. I have never dreamed of any return-but it has been ? such a happiness to me simply to love you—it has been like the opening of a new world to meit has been gazing into heaven; and to morrow I must return to earth!"

"Oh, Nathan, you do not, you cannot possibly ? have never said anything to me-I thought you { hated me-I cannot believe it-I cannot-

"There is no need you should," said Nathan, "since that would not alter the case."

vinced."

Whether the country lover would have been able to convince her, to her entire satisfaction, was not proved, at that time; for just as he had got to fourthly in the argument, Miss Priscilla appeared at the fence, peering curiously at them through the twilight, and exclaiming,

"Dear me, what can you two be doing out there in the dark, and on the wet grass? You'll catch the rheumatism, both of you."

"Mr. Nathan is trying to convince me he likes lambs," replied Nellie, demurely, "and I can't believe him."

"Well, you hadn't ought to, dear, he never touches lamb when he can get beef."

Nellie laughed, and stooped to give her pet one last caress, before following Miss Priscilla to the house. On the way thither, Nathan continued his arguments in an under-tone; while Miss Priscilla held forth on the absurdity of choosing such a time and place to discuss the merits of beef and mutton, and announcing sharply, that if they "carried on" that way. they would not live long to eat either.

What Nathan's final arguments were, and when he found time to state them. I never "Of course you don't understand me," con- ascertained; but that Nellie heard them, and tinued he, "and it's nonsense to talk about it, \ found them sound, is probable; for soon after and family by taking a trip to Boston: and soor after that the engagement between the young people was generally known. Of course every body was taken by surprise at Nellie's choice, and no one more so than her father, at first; but being greatly pleased with the unassuming, straightforward manners of his son-in-law that hoped-to-be, and finding in him all the moral requisites for making a woman happy, he went to work like a man of sense and smoothed the way to matrimony by the donation of a fine love me," cried Nellie, all of a tremble, "you farm; where, in course of time, Nellie, the flirt, was gradually transformed into one of the sweetest and loveliest of wives and mothers. She declares herself happy to her heart's content, and almost the only tears that have visited "I wish you would not take things for granted ther eyes, since her marriage, have been those so," said Nellie, pettishly. "Whether it would that rise there, when she says, with a voice tremalter the case or not, I should like to be con- bling with tender passion, "Nobody but myself knows how good and noble Nathan is!"

#### LOVE: FROM THE GERMAN.

No fire or coal, So fiercely glows, As secret love, Which no one knows.

No rose, no pink, Can bloom so sweet,

As when two souls, Together meet. Before my heart. Your mirror set, And you shall see Love can't forget.

# SATISFIED.

#### BY VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND.

"Good morning, Mrs. Nichols."

"Good morning, Mr. Wilcox," echoed the soft voice of the lady, as she stood in the window, and pulled away one of the woodbine bells from the vine that matted it with jewels.

The gentleman lifted his head with a grace that would have done honor to the court of a grand monarch, then he lightly gave the reins of the noble animal on which he had just sprung, while the lady's eyes followed him, as he dashed down the road. He was a striking, rather than a handsome man, for his dark hair, eyes, complexion and moustache, gave rather a stern expression to his face. He had a remarkably fine figure; tall, lithe, well developed limbs: and he was still young, not more than thirty: a man with such bearing and presence as would be apt to strike a woman's fancy. But the lady, the lady who stood by the window of that brown manorial-looking residence which rose so stately among its evergreens of pine, and spruce, and hemlock: she was a dainty, dainty little woman, with lips like spring rose-buds, and eyes like some blue wood-spring, with long, thick curls of golden hair, and the whitest arms and hand.

Rosaline, or Rose, as she was usually called, and the name was no misnomer in her age, for it just suited. The pretty little creature had no great depth of intellect, perhaps not of heart, still, she was, on the whole, an average sort of woman, just the kind that men are most apt to get in love with, rave about, to swear, it may be to shoot each other over.

A very few words will comprise all of her history it is necessary for you to know. She was the only daughter of a New England farmer, petted and spoiled from her youth.

se ever blossomed in the quiet atmosphere of a of all the lady's friends in his behalf; but the New England farm house, being vain of her memory of her absent lover grew fainter in Rosabeauty, and prizing herself mostly for the number of offers she had received.

She was warm-hearted, impulsively generous, and could be roused by a tale of suffering to make a grent sacrifice for others.

one, whether she would not have subordinated madness to let such an opportunity slip. the interests of her dearest friends to the grati-

short, with all her social brightness, and winning courtesy, she might not, were the temptation strong enough, have been guilty of a great wrong, or meanness, is more than I can venture to deny; and you, reader, if you are an acute student of human nature, will understand of how few individuals this can be denied; and if you are a loving student of this same nature, and God forbid you should be otherwise, the knowledge will not embitter your heart, but rather stimulate your pity and charity for your fellow man. But, to return to my heroine, at eighteen she met the man who certainly struck her fancy, and, mayhap, sounded her heart deeper than any other had ever done. Ruel Wylie was in his twenty fourth year when he visited his aunt at Longwood, and first met with Rosaline Wayne. He was always an intense admirer of a certain kind of beauty, and became desperately enamored of the lady at first sight.

In less than two months they were engaged, and would probably have been shortly married; but the young gentleman was poor, though of good family, and he was about to sail for South America on mercantile business.

So with many vows of eternal constancy on both sides they departed. Shortly afterward both Rosaline's parents died, and she went to reside with an aunt, at whose home she first met Hugh Nichols, "Hugh Nichols, Esq.," as they called him on Wall street.

He was a rich man, both by inheritance and his own good business tact, for he was now a bachelor of thirty-seven, but his hitherto unsusceptible heart succumbed at once to the charms of the dainty little village maiden.

At first, Hugh Nichols did not find his suit a At eighteen she was as perfect a little coquette very successful one, although he had the influence line's soul as his letters grew fewer; and the elegant home and its beautiful surroundings, which the rich man promised her, began to occupy her imagination.

Then the little girl-woman was beset on all But, whether she could have made an enduring sides by her friends, who thought it would be

At last, her consent made Hugh Nichols the fication of her own petty vanity, whether, in happiest of men, and two years had Rosaline

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called him husband, when one morning her old enjoy music at all, though he's always ready to lover presented himself before her.

The mistress of that stately mansion turned from the window, and walked, with a clouded forehead, up and down her magnificent drawingroom.

"How handsome Ruel looked, even better than he did before he went to South America," murmured the lady. "I declare, it has brought up all the past before me so vividly, and I could not believe, as I sat by his side, that three years had rolled by since last I was there, and that for two of these I have been a wife."

She did not pronounce the name with a tender and triumphant joy, which comes so beautifully from the lips of a young wife, but sadly, almost bitterly.

"How different our meeting was from our That was at the old garden-gate, parting! where he held me so fondly to his heart, and left me with his kisses and his blessings; and now he only took my hand and congratulated me on my marriage, but the words didn't come from his heart. I could tell they didn't, and I knew when his eyes rested on me that he had not forgotten. I wonder how I looked this morning?" and the lady paused before the long mirror, whose gilded top touched the ceiling; her brow cleared a little as she stood there, and gazed on her own sweet picture. Her morningrobe of sky-blue silk, with the pretty Honiton lace collar running round its neck, especially became her very fair complexion, and she threaded her white fingers through her curls, that were like the gold of that October morning, looking just the sweet, girlish thing she did on that night when Ruel had kissed her at the garden-gate.

"I couldn't help jesting him a little just for curiosity, about those beautiful South American women; and I understood what answer that sad smile meant. Ah, Ruel, Ruel!" and now there were tears in the lady's blue eyes, and she paused and drew a little circle of violets from a cushion of moss, that sat on the marble table in a basket of Sevres china, and tore the sweet flowers to pieces with her impatient fingers, as she kept on her walk up and down the room.

"I don't know how I came to marry Hugh. Yes, I do though, aunt Electa and all the rest of them would give me no peace, just because he was a rich man: and I am a rich lady now." She glanced with a gloomy dissatisfaction over husband, but after all, he isn't my ideal. want something of grace and chivalry, and deli- Nichols considered his wife particularly liable. cate appreciation that isn't in him. He doesn't

get it for me; and as for poetry, he'd much rather be poring over his ledgers than hear me read it. Then it's precious little he cares for beautiful scenery.

> 'A primrose by the river's brim, A yellow primrose is to him, And it is nothing more.

We are not in the least congenial. I feel it more to-day, after seeing Ruel, than I ever did before. Ah, if I'd only known-if I'd only waited: but I was so young and so easily influenced by others. Well, it's too late to mourn now; but with all your wealth, and with your husband that's so fond and proud of you; with many to envy you your circumstances and your station, are you, this day, Rosaline Nichols, a happy woman? Oh, dear, there comes Hugh!" and the lady started as she heard the sharp, quick sound of footfalls on the front steps: but her brow did not brighten.

"Well, how does my little puss feel to-day?" asked the loud, cheerful voice of Hugh Nichols, as he bustled into the drawing-room and caught his young wife in his arms, and lifting her up, kissed her on either cheek.

He was a loud, bustling sort of man, tall and corpulent, and, on the whole, good-looking, though there was a certain coarseness in the lines of his face, and a physiognomist would have read his character very readily.

He was a thorough business man, with ready, though not keen wit, with a good deal of social bon homme, and that off-hand good-humor which gives a man in clubs the reputation of "good fellow."

His complexion was florid; his eyes and hair dark; his features were large and agreeable.

"There, Hugh," pettishly exclaimed the young wife, as she smoothed her rumpled dress, "just see what you've done. I do wish you would be a little less rough in your movements. really give my nerves a terrible jar when you bustle into the room, and catch hold of me after this fashion."

"Do I, my dear little dumpling? Well, it's too bad. Promise to make up this time, and I'll agree not to offend again," and the gentleman put down his face for a kiss of reconciliation.

It was given, but so cold and indifferently, that if Hugh Nichols had been a more sensitive or exacting husband, it would have struck like ice into his soul.

"Got the blues to-day, puss?" he asked, her gorgeous parlor. "Hugh is a good, kind bending down, and searching the clouded face, I for this was a mental epidemic to which Hugh

"Yes, I don't much care what becomes of me."

"Oh, come now, don't give up after that } What makes her feel so bad to-day?" and he seated himself on an ottoman, and pulled the lady on his knee just as one might a vexed child.

"Nothing particular as I know of. Don't disturb yourself about me, Hugh."

"Well, I've got some news for you that'll drive the blues into next week, at least. Guess what it is, pet."

"I can't, Hugh. I never was good at guessing."

"Now don't tell me that, you dear, little Yankee: there never was anything in the world at which you weren't good, if you'd only a mind to be."

"Thank you for the compliment. Now do tell me what it is, Hugh?" with a faint show of interest.

"I've been buying a certain naughty little girl, the finest little Oregon pony to be found in the state. She is a perfect beauty, black as night, and graceful as a young fawn. Oh, my love, I long to see you on her."

The lady's brow brightened. "Hugh, you are a good soul. How much I shall think of that pony!"

"Yes, and to-morrow afternoon, if it's pleasant, you and I are to have our first ride. I've bought you a new cap, with plumes, to match your riding habit, and it will be sent home tonight."

"Goody! goody!" She clapped her white hands with a momentary effervescence of delight. "Won't I be glad to let Mrs. Wilson see me! Our riding-master says I am a better equestrian than she is now."

"To be sure you are, my dear. You look much finer on horseback than she ever pretended to."

"Not in her husband's eyes, I presume; there, Hugh, don't lean your arm so heavily on my shoulder. I wonder if you think I'm made of iron or wood, or some other insentient material?"

"No, my dear, I think you're made of the daintiest flesh and blood that ever was put into { one of Eve's daughter's! But, my dear, have you marked my handkerchiefs this morning? You know you promised."

"So I did, but I forgot all about it. I wish } you would hire them done, Hugh. Every few } months you get a new dozen, and then I'm bothered about the marking."

"Oh, no, daisy, I don't wear out more than } two dozen handkerchiefs a year, and I do like | Rosaline Nichols, be these words written; one to see your handwriting on them, it's such a great temptation was placed before her, and she dainty little hand."

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"Well, betwixt my calls, and headache, and music, I haven't had any time to attend to them this week. Perhaps I can next. If I don't, I'll put the seamstress at it."

Just then the bell rang for dinner, and the husband and wife went down stairs together; and though Mrs. Nichols' ill-humor was half dissipated by the thought of the beautiful pony her husband had promised her, the pleasure was greatly neutralized by the thought that Ruel Wylie was such a fine horseman, and that her husband, instead of that gentleman, would ride out with her to-morrow.

"It is a plain gold ring, Rosaline, and you will wear it for the sake of old times, I am sure."

They sat together in the drawing-room, Ruel and Rosaline Nichols, that October afternoon, whose wondrous mellow beauty was the latest miracle of the year. The earth lay still and glorified under her banners of mist and her pillars of sunlight. There was no stir among the forest leaves that afternoon, a gift sent and sanctified of God to the earth, over whose face seemed, for a moment, to slumber the curse that once woke up the echoes of the Eden, "Cursed is the ground for thy sake."

"No, Mr. Wylie, I do not think my husband would be willing I should receive and wear such a gift from any gentleman, so you will accept my thanks for it, and excuse me for refusing it for his sake," and with true wifely dignity, Mrs. Nichols put back the ring in the gentleman's hand; when there pleaded for its acceptance a very tender voice in the depths of her own heart.

"Ah, Rosaline, I had once hoped to place another ring there, and-"

"Hush, hush," interrupted the young wife, and there was a tremor of fear in her voice, and a flush half of indignation, half of some other feeling in her cheek. "Whatever we were then. you know I am now the wife of Mr. Nichols, and as such I can never hear any allusions to the past. You must never forget this, Mr. Wylie, as surely as I never shall."

Ruel Wylie rose up with a sigh. He looked down with a feeling of new veneration on his beautiful hostess, and man of the world as he was, and irresistible as he deemed himself to all women, he felt that here he could go no further, that whatever feelings Mrs. Nichols might still entertain for the love of her youth, they would be buried in her own soul; that she would be true, even in word, to the husband of her election.

And to the honor, the everlasting honor of resisted it.

ration and affection. She had only to look into the eyes of her former lover to assure herself that there was no lack of either in his feelings toward her. But for womanly pride and wifely honor she would receive them not.

So Ruel Wylie took the hand she gave him at parting, with the respect due to the wife of another man, and gravely bowed, and pressed his lips upon it.

"Good-bye, Mrs. Nichols: for the sake of the past we may be friends."

"Always friends," echoed the lady's soft voice: and he felt it would be nothing more.

"Oh, dear, dear! I wish he hadn't come. I would I hadn't seen him," murmured the little lady, as she paced up and down her chamber, with the tears staining her cheeks, and quick sobs heaving her breast.

"It was so hard to refuse that ring, and it would have been easy enough to deceive Hugh about it, for he's not very penetrating at the best.

"But I am his wife, and I couldn't make up my mind to tell a lie, or even deceive him when he has such confidence in me.

"I don't love my husband though. I don't believe I do the least bit in the world; and I should have been happier to have lived in a cottage, and on a crust with Ruel, than to be the mistress of all this splendor.

"How handsome he looked! how my heart ached as I bade him good-bye-there, there goes Hugh's ring of the bell," and a bitter, almost fearful expression darkened the lady's face. "I'm beginning almost to loathe-I believe yet I shall hate him."

hall, and the next moment the door was abruptly thrust open.

"Oh, Hugh, I think you might have courtesy enough to knock at the door, before you storm my chamber in that way," was the ungracious reception which met the gentleman.

"Well, I'm sorry if I burst in upon you, but to tell the truth, I'm quite worn out," and Mr. Nichols threw himself into his wife's cushioned easy-chair. "Do come here, Rosaline."

"No, thank you; if you choose to sit, I feel more like walking; only I must beg you not to talk to me."

"Why, Rosy, you're in a bad-humor to-night, I think," leaning his head heavily against the cushions.

"Very possibly."

She was as fond as any other woman of admi- somehow I feel as if the soft touch of your fingers would soothe and cool it."

> Under ordinary circumstances Mrs. Nichols would have complied with this request, but her whole soul was jarred and embittered by the events of the afternoon, and her husband's entrance had been most inopportune.

> As it was, however, she answered coldly, "I can't do your head any good, Hugh, as I'm not used to turning nurse. If it aches, you can go down and get Rachel to bathe it for you."

> Hugh Nichols rose up. His wife had stung him at last, for fond as he was of her, and indulgent to her humors, he was not usually an easily led or weak man.

> "Rosaline," he said, almost sternly, "when your head has ached, and you told me of it, I would sooner have cut off my right hand than answered you thus," and he left the room.

> Mrs. Nichols' conscience smote her so much for a moment, that she was half inclined to spring after her husband and beg his pardon; but her own selfishness triumphed.

> "If his head does ache, so does my heart, and I can't wait on him now," she muttered to herself.

> Mr. Nichols did not present himself at supper, and the domestic said he had gone up to his room, and was in a sound sleep: so his wife concluded not to wake him.

In the evening, some friends came out from the city. As Mr. Nichols' residence was only a few miles from this, the hostess was occupied until a late hour with her guests; and on being apprised of their arrival, her husband had sent down the apology that he was too ill to see them : "and turned over had gone right off to sleep There came the sound of heavy feet along the \again," muttered the domestic, in an undertone, to Mrs. Nichols. Whereupon, that lady thought her husband very discourteous to herself and her company.

> After they left, however, she again sent up to his room, to learn how he was, and received in reply that "he was no better, and didn't wish to be disturbed again until morning."

> "How very unusual it is for Hugh to send me such an unkind message!" murmured Mrs. Nichols, that night, as she drew the pins from her golden hair, "I presume he was offended because I made him such a reply when he told me his head ached. Well, I can't help it now, and I guess it will all be right in the morn-

But, the next morning, Mr. Nichols was unable to leave his bed, and made such incoherent "Well, do dear, come here, put your hand on replies to his wife, when she visited his chamber, It burns and aches horribly, and that she immediately concluded he could not be

The doctor looked grave on seeing the sick had never done in his living ones, Rosaline man, and said that he was threatened with \ Nichols made her cry over her husband. Alas! typhoid fever, and the words struck a cold terror into the heart of Rosaline Nichols.

tions of hope and fear, such as the anxious and all his wealth would not buy back one hour watchers by the bedside of that terrible fever of life to Hugh Nichols. can best understand. For most of the time, Mr. Nichols seemed in a state of stupor, although he his wife. She put her arms around his neck, had occasional seasons of wakefulness, and rare a and begged him not to leave her, with words that lucid intervals. His wife had watched most showered the cheeks of every listener with tears. tenderly over him night and day, until the bloom A look of agony came over his face; and the had left her check, and the light was quenched clergyman, who stood by, bowed himself in in her blue eyes.

the heart of the young wife, and she had made \ face, as he looked upward; but just as the prayer many blessed resolves for the time when Hugh closed, the soul of Hugh Nichols went down to should be well again: and then, once in a while, } a thought would rush across her soul, a thought (death. Oh! blessed be God, the river over which so terrible that it seemed to palsy both heart and brain, and she would mean out wildly, "Oh! God, not that-spare him! spare him!"

abatement of the fever, and all perceived, what young moon laid her golden sickle on the the young woman would not admit, that the sufferer was rapidly failing. A consultation of } dectors was held that evening: and when they { tance, and the winds sent up sweet, fresh frahad all left, the old family physician sent for } Mrs. Nichols to tell her the result.

anxiety in her eyes, and with such a worn, white heavy wrinkles from the smooth forehead, that, looking on her, the old man was strangely } touched.

"Now, doctor, what do they all think of my husband-that he will be better very soon?" She asked the question with touching childish eagerness.

"My dear child," said the old man, "it grieves my heart to tell you; but-".

She understood him, and a shriek burst from her lips that rang through the house, and stirred the stupor of the dying man; then she stood still, white and paralyzed.

mured the stricken wife, as, an hour later, she though I have met many women, beautiful, acstood by her husband's bedside. "You've been complished and high-born, yet none of them such a good, kind, tender husband to me; you've has ever taken the place of the little girl who petted, and watched over, and cared for my laid her golden head on my breast under the lightest wish: and how can I live without you apple boughs that night. And, Rosaline, tell now? Do get well, Hugh, so that I can show me if this long, silent affection does not now deyou how sorry I am that I've not made a better serve some recompense?" wife; that I've been so careless, and cruel, and so indifferent to all your kindness. Oh! Hugh, win the hearts of the daughters of men, he won

in his right mind, and, in much alarm, sent for a don't die and leave your Rosie!" and so, parting away the damp hair in his dying hour, as she alas! how many such vain cries have been made over dying bedsides; but the guest that, sooner Two weeks had passed, passed amid fluctua- or later, crosses every threshold, was entering,

Once he opened his eyes, and smiled faintly on prayer, and the dying man's eyes softened as he Memory and remorse had been very busy in heard him, and there was faith and hope in his the river—the river where all life flows unto all true life passes to the shores of eternal rest.

A year and a half had passed. It was a beautiful evening in the early May. The stars filled But at the end of two weeks there was no the sky with their illuminated lettering, and the azure sky. The apple trees, clothed with white blossoms, looked like tents pitched in the disgrance from the woods. Mrs. Nichols' parlor was lighted that evening almost for the first She entered the room with so much enger { time since her husband's death, and on a divan in one of the alcoves, sat Ruel Wylie and Mrs. face, and the bright golden hair put away in \ Nichols. She looked very beautiful in her half mourning, and there was a soft flush on the lady's cheek that reminded her companion of the days of his early wooing: and although nine years lay between that time and this, the bloom there now was fair as it was then.

> "How beautiful the moon is to-night! and she looks in upon us with her old smile. Ah! Rosaline, have you forgotten that night under the willow?"

"I have not forgotten it," echoed the soft, I fluttering voice of the lady.

"And now, Rosaline, my heart must speak the secret it has held so long and heavily. Believe "Oh! Hugh, I can't let you go, I can't!" mur- me, that young love was the love of my life, and

And so with such tender, poetic words, as ever

the beautiful widow; though for a year after her; more upon the pair wedded for the love of their husband's death she had mourned him sincerely, and resolved in her soul never, never to wear any name but his!

Once, it is true, a thought of him came darkly over her new happiness that night.

"Oh, Ruel!" exclaimed the impulsive little woman, with the tears bubbling into her blue eyes, "what would Hugh say if he knew this?"

And Ruel soothed and comforted her, as the living love can comfort for the dead one.

And somewhat after this fashion were the young lover's thoughts that night, as he rode home through the still country.

"Well, I'm a happy man anyhow, this night. I shall have one of the handsomest wives in Christendom, and that's worth a great deal to a man that values beauty as much as I do. And I always did think more of Rosaline-bless her dear, little soul! than of any other woman, and if I don't do all I can to make her happy I shall be a great scamp.

"Then what a 'snug nest' I shall set myself Nichols' estate was valued at least a hundred thousand, and that is no small consideration to a fellow that ill-fortune has dodged all her life.

"Well, anyhow, she could not have done me a greater favor, nor herself either, than to have married that Nichols; and didn't he die just in the nick of time?

"You're a knave, Ruel Wylie, to allow such a thought to cross your brain, but as it's gotten in there, you may as well take a cigar on it, and console yourself that you are not marrying for interested motives, because you selected Rosaline Wayne, above all other women, when she hadn't a dollar in the world; and now if Rosaline Nichols brings you a hundred thousand of them, you certainly have a right to rejoice over that fact."

And taking out a cigar, and whistling a tune. Ruel Wylie saw the city spires rise in the distance, and heeded not their language nor their prayer.

After all, do not think too harshly of him, reader. He did not consider himself a selfish man, and all men granted he was an honorable one in business. He had a good deal of impulsive kind-heartedness, and he was utterly unconscious of the vanity and selfishness that poisoned his character, for he was the only son of his mother, petted and flattered from his woman, might have preserved harmony between youth; and self-discipline and high principles herself and the husband whom she loved, but of action were lessons that life had never taught? her habit of petty complaining and fault-finding,

Two years have passed, as we look in once his temperament.

It is late breakfast time, and Mrs. Wylie sits before her silver urn, seeming in her lilac silk robe with its dainty blue linings, scarcely older than when we saw her last, and yet her face does not wear the light and joy which we might fancy for the wife of Ruel Wylie

He sits opposite, and that tasteful worsted dressing-gown is certainly most becoming to his tall, fine figure. He is busily engaged with the morning paper, and takes his cup hastily from his wife, and bows without speaking.

Two minutes later he does speak, however, and in anything but a bland tone,

"What miserable stuff this coffee is, Rosaline! Really, it's provoking that a man can't have a decent breakfast." Ruel is a great epicure, his wife has discovered this long ago.

"Well, really, not occupying the position of cook here, I don't know that I'm responsible for the coffee, besides, you know, I shall have to drink it as well as you."

"If you are not cook, Rosaline, I believe you are mistress, and as such I do hold you slightly responsible for the state in which our meals come up to us."

"Well, I wish, in future, you would make your complaints to the cook. It will save me a great deal of annoyance, and so long as I provide the table I think I do my share."

Rosaline regretted these words had passed her lips the next moment, for she knew that nothing irritated her husband so much as any allusion to the money which she had brought him. But the thing was done. He looked up with a glare in his eyes that almost startled her, and she saw him knawing his under lip to keep down the tide of angry words that were in his heart.

But Rosaline had little to fear, and she knew it, for Ruel Wylie was a quick tempered man, but he did not bear malice long, and his anger usually disappeared with a sudden explosion.

But both husband and wife being pettish and exacting, both having been accustomed to a great deal of attention in their youth, neither, of course, understood the secret of making little sacrifices for the other.

Hence they were in a state of frequent irritability by those discords and jars, which mar all the happiness of life.

Mrs. Wylie, had she been a more judicious was by no means likely to conciliate a man of



"Where were you last night, Ruel?" she you in a better humor to-morrow." And without asked, in a somewhat milder tone, for that fiery glance had had its effect on her.

"I was at the club-any objections?" For in one way or another the bitterness which Rosaline's allusion had created must have vent.

"I presume it will be of little consequence to you whether I have or not, though one might readily imagine a wife would feel somewhat lonely, to pass her evenings away here in the country, while her husband was off till midnight enjoying himself in the city."

"I believe you usually accompany me, Mrs. Wylie, except when I go to the club; or when, as so frequently happens, I have been unfortunate enough to have incurred your displeasure, and you refuse my invitations "

But there is no use in going into the details of this quarrel, petty as the folly and weakness of human nature could make it. Alas! its type may be found in so many fair homes, by so many breakfast-tables. It ended in this wise.

"Ruel, you will take me out to ride this morning, won't you?" asked Mrs. Wylie, as she rose from the table. "It will be perfectly delightful in the woods."

"I should be happy to accompany you, Rosaline, but I'm under an engagement in the city, and must be there by eleven."

"That's always your excuse if I want you to do anything for me. If it was any woman but your wife who asked, I'm sure you'd be ready enough to go with her."

"I do wish, Mrs. Wylie, you wouldn't make quite a fool of yourself, by such absurdities as these. I might retort on you, that if any other man had asked you to sew a button on his dressing-gown, you would, most likely, have done him the favor; but as I have the honor to be your husband, you have not thought it worth your trouble to oblige me," glancing at his gown, from which a button was missing.

"Hugh never asked me to do these things. Hugh was never so unkind to me," murmured the lady, as she sunk upon a lounge, and burst into tears-just those sort of angry tears which only serve to irritate men further.

So betwixt her new allusion to her first husband and the sight of her tears, the gentleman lost what slight control he had before maintained over his temper.

a man mad. Positively I can't stand this much if he's in a good-humor I'll kiss him." longer, and if you go on in such fashion, I'll set sail for California, and see if I can't find a little Hugh's grave, and twined them among her curls, peace for my life. You needn't expect me home and went home, no wiser, no better; not dream-

even bidding his wife good morning, the husband left the room, slamming the door after

It stood apart, that solitary grave, in the woods, telling, amid all the awakening and rejoicing of the year into a new spring, its story of death.

A costly iron railing enclosed it, and a magnificent marble monument threw its shadows over the moss, with which careful hands had cushioned the grave; and the marble told the passer-by that Hugh Nichols, in the fortieth year of his age, was buried there, that he was a most indulgent husband, the truest of friends, the best of citizens.

The violets, that made a dark-blue fluting around the grave, were tolling their bells of fragrance to the light wind, when, suddenly, the iron gate was opened, and, with a flushed cheek and hurried step, Rosaline Wylie entered the enclosure, and threw herself down by the grave of the man who had been her husband.

"Ah! Hugh, dear Hugh!" she said, while thick sobs shook her frame, "I wish you were back again to pet your little Rosie! You never spoke a cross word to me, you never did an unkind thing to me all the days we were together, and I didn't prize you half enough until you went away and left me; and now I haven't anybody to love me half so well as you did!" and here the sobs choked her voice, and she buried her cheek in the short grass, and wept bitter tears for the dead.

At last she grew calmer: and perhaps that fair spring morning, with that peaceful grave, quieted somewhat the uneasy heart of the woman.

"I'm sure it isn't my fault that Ruel and I don't get on well together," she murmured to herself, "Hugh and I never had any trouble together, and all I want is to be understood, and petted, and caressed, as my nature demands. Then, I'm sure Ruel has no right to complain. Just think what a fortune I brought him, and how he has the whole management of it. Perhaps I ought not to remind him of this; but then, what woman could keep her temper through all his aggravating speeches? But I guess I'll go home and take a ride, and I'll dress myself in just the prettiest way I can for Ruel to-night. He's so fond of seeing me well dressed. I know "I declare, Mrs. Wylie, you're enough to drive that was only a threat of his not to return; and

Then she plucked two or three violets from to-night. I hope, I sincerely hope I may find ing that it lay with herself to disentangle all the ·····

threads and make sweet harmonies out of her; present life.

And so she had found her early love, only to prove it a disappointment.

And, reader, is it not often so with the dreams of time? If the cups we thirst for were lifted to our lips, might we not find them bitterness and sorrow? And the green fields to which we look off with such longing eyes, full of thorns did we but tread them?

happiness, that "something it cannot give us?"

Oh! the paradises of enjoyment and rest which our fancies build for us in this world are never realized, and if the good gifts we crave of the treasury of time-love, fame, wealth-were showered upon us, we should still find the disquiet and the weariness.

Not out of, but in ourselves, must be our rest; and the living for others, the doing good as our hands and hearts find it to do, will alone give us contentment. "Open Thou our eyes that we "Not satisfied, not satisfied!" is it not the cry may see, and our hearts that we may underof every human soul who expects from the world stand."

# JENNY.

#### BY FRANCES HENRIETTA SHEFFIELD.

WHEN Jenny was a wee thing, And tottled o'er the floor, And used to hide my lavish gifts In doll sized pinafore.

Miss Jenny wasn't prudish, Would kiss the grizzly phiz, That thro' her dainty eyeglass now She only sees to quiz.

When Jenny was a wee thing. And stood beside my knee, I taught her many a lesson Of that Friend we cannot see.

And taught her, lowly kneeling, To lift her heart in prayer To Him who hath the humblest Forever in His care.

Then Jenny was a wee thing, She's tall and stylish now,

And only deigns in Grace Church Her contrite knee to bow.

And 'tis no vulgar leather Must bind Miss Jenny's prayers, She likes religion handsome To match the dress she wears.

When Jenny was a wee thing, Her heart was warm and true; But now she mocks at feeling. And truth is passe too.

Ah! Jenny is quite different From the Jean beloved of yore, The little curly, laughing thing I dandled is no more.

But there's a haughty lady That rules the world of pride, And thinks to walk the golden streets On the patrician side.

### HOMEWARD BOUND.

#### BY MISS ELIZABETH MILLER.

HOMEWARD bound! across the ocean, O'er the billows bright and blue! Heaves each heart with warm emotion, As the distant shore we view. Home, sweet home, thou land enchanted! Fairer far than all beside; By a thousand sweet thoughts haunted, Memories of love and pride.

Favor, oh, ve winds, our vessel! For her crew are homeward bound! Yet, if need be, we can wrestle With the storms that gather round. For the hands work bravely ever, When the heart is busy too; Love gives strength for all endeavor, Love is strong to dare and do.

Homeward bound! We have been roving O'er the world; and long away; There were those whose tender loving Would have lured our longer stay. In our hearts awoke the yearning For the old home loved so well; And with joy we are returning, High with hope our bosoms swell

If this be, oh, friends, so cheering. Think, shall not our joy be more. When our barks of life are nearing Canaan's fair and lovely shore? For the loved await us yonder, Warm embraces wait us there! Homes from whence we need not wander, Joys unchecked by pain or care!

# ALONE WITH A MANIAC.

#### BY F. H. STAUFFER.

I was smoking in my study at Port P—... As I leaned back in my easy-chair, I became the subject of the most delicious vagaries. My senses were carried away on the wings of the most grotesque imagery; "castles in the air" rose like magic, and long vistas of paintings and statuary opened to my gaze at every turn.

Perhaps this was owing to the segar; perhaps to my hat (which sat rather rakishly on my head,) pressing upon my organs of humor and ideality; perhaps because I was just then satisfied with the world in general, and with myself in particular. Be that as it may, I was for once, matter-of-fact man as I am, indulging in the most absurd yet enchanting vagaries.

Some segars lay on the table, which, together with the way I cocked my head at unusual noises, revealed that I was waiting for a companion. And so I was; I was waiting for Frank Rivers.

A glorious, whole-souled fellow was Rivers; sensitive to a fault, rather visionary in his views, (perhaps only so in comparison with myself,) warm, brave, impulsive, and very strong in his likes and dislikes.

He was never to be cornered in an argument not he. His antagonist's reasoning was warped into the most ludicrous shapes; sophistry, flashing with the scintillations of his wit, enveloped it in her folds: and when these failed, his ringing laugh, so peculiarly contagious, would carry him off, undefeated still, upon the strong wings of its sonorous echo.

Interest him in an argument? forsooth! you might as well try to upset Bunker Hill Monument with a yard stick, or attempt to shave yourself with a rolling-pin!

While I was sitting in my reverie, I heard footsteps coming up the stairs.

"There's Rivers at last!" I thought.

But it wasn't; the door opened and in stalked a man whom I had never seen before. There was something majestic in his tread, something intellectual in his countenance, something demonical in the glare of his eyes.

"Are we alone?" he asked, in a low voice, looking uneasily around the room.

"Exclusively so," I replied, eyeing my visitor with more than common curiosity. "Take a chair, Mr. ——, Mr. ——?"

"Yes, yes—I see. Mr. Miles—Abner Miles," he replied, taking my hint to introduce himself at the same time that he took the chair.

"You are a philosopher, Mr. Reed—a mechanic and a genius. I know this because I have inquired; I know this because I have seen the light burning in your room at late hours. I have something to exhibit to you. You will be able to understand me, your perceptives are largely developed, your constructiveness very large, your reasoning powers more than ordinary. I, too, am a genius. For many years I have been devoting my attention to a new motive power—and my labors have at last been crowned with success. You said we were alone?"

"I did, Mr. Miles."

"Well-you are waiting for me to expedite business, ain't you?"

"Not particularly so—though I expect a friend here shortly."

"You do?" asked he, glaring at me. Soon his eyes, however, assumed their usual expression. "You are quite complacent, Mr. Reed."

"Thank you," I replied, lighting another segar, and becoming slowly convinced that I was alone with a maniac.

Taking a small box from his bosom he made room for it on the table—shoving, as he did so, my books, papers, microscopes, pistols, &c., into a glorious heap of confusion.

"Disarranging your table slightly, ain't I? But never mind it."

He opened the box and took out its contents. It was a miniature wagon, neatly fashioned out of brass and steel, with machinery about it that was quite a mystery to me.

Taking the light in one hand and the little car in the other, he sat down upon the floor. Giving the fly-wheel, which was higher than the other wheels, and stood clear of the floor, a sudden twirl, the car went across the room with considerable velocity. Going to the farther end of the room, he started it again. It flew across the room, increasing in velocity as it went, and running up against the wesh-board with a force almost sufficient to have demolished it.

"What do you think of that?" he asked.

"A great invention, indeed," I said. "But what is the motive power?"

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"Patience, Mr. Reed. I am not through yet. Now watch how rapidly and how beautifully it revolves in a circle."

He started the car in a circle of some four feet in diameter. It commenced slowly to make the circuit—then faster, faster, faster—until it seemed to lie on the floor a large ring of polished steel, perfectly motionless. I watched it for about ten minutes. I was thunder-struck; my brain was becoming bewildered.

"Beautiful! splendid!" I cried, in ecstasy.

Mr. Miles took up the car with an evident air of satisfaction, and placed it on the table.

"I am delighted to know that you are pleased with it," he said. "I was sure that you could appreciate it. It would run for hours in that way. A large car can be constructed on the same principle; of course, some person must be on board of it to control and govern its velocity. There's a motor, Mr. Reed! No expense—no cost—no fuel, water or heated air!"

"But you have not told me what the motor is, Mr. Miles."

"Haven't I? Well-bend your ear over."

He glanced rapidly around the room, and there was such a fire streaming from his eyes, that I would not have thought it strange had there been a smell of singed whiskers in the room!

He whispered in my ear, in a very low, soft, dry tone,

"Quicksilver, sir!"

"Quicksilver!" I cried, half jumping from my

"Hush-hush! For heaven's sake exercise more caution. Yes, quicksilver. Look here."

As he spoke, he unscrewed a small cap at the end of one of the arms in the fly-wheel, and poured some quicksilver out of it into the hollow of his hand.

"Are you convinced, Mr. Reed? These arms are all hollow, and partly filled with the liquid metal. As the wheel revolves, the quicksilver, in flowing from the hub to the tire, and back again, keeps up the motion, and increases it with each evolution. Of course, by additional machinery, an even, regular motion could be obtained."

Astounded as I was, a thought flashed across my brain, and I very indiscreetly out with it.

"Ah, but-Mr. Miles-how will you get it to run up hill?"

His countenance assumed a look of blank dismay—he pushed back the bushy hair from his forehead—then rose abruptly to his feet.

I shrank away from the burning, maniacal glare of his eyes.

"Up hill? Up hill? It has no business up hill! If it has, that can soon be remedied. Not another objection to it, sir. Look here, Mr. Reed—you alone possess my secret—a discovery for which I have studied and toiled and labored for years. The secret shall die with you."

Seizing my revolver, which, as I have said, lay carelessly upon the table, he leisurely drew sight upon my vest buttons.

I sprang back to the farthest corner of the room. My face was livid, and the perspiration oozed from me in great drops. His eyes glared upon me like a tiger's—like a demon's.

He pulled the trigger—a report followed, a line of smoke curled away from the sweating barrel, and I lay writhing in agony on the floor.

How long I remained in that position I know not. I at last became conscious of a violent shaking, accompanied with,

"Mr. Reed-Mr. Reed! Ho, Ralph!"

Opening my eyes, I beheld my friend Rivers bending over me.

"What in the world is wrong, Reed?" he asked, half seriously, half comically.

"Who shot?" I asked.

"Who shot?" and Rivers' musical laugh filled the room. "Who shot? why I shot you with a champagne cork! Look here!"

He led me, still bewildered, to the table. Two bottles of delicious wine were in readiness.

. "Oh, I see!" I cried, rubbing my eyes, "you have brought in some——"

"Champagne—and you have been experimenting in——"

"Hachisch!"

We had a merry time that evening, and to costs Rivers a new set of vest buttons whenever I refer to my being "ALONE WITH A MANIAC!"

# SONNET,

# WRITTEN IN THE CHAMBER OF DEATH.

I GAZE upon her marble brow, Where death has set his signet now; She wears a look so sweet and mild, It seems as if she only smiled, Her form is pulseless, cold and still, And yet the gazer feels no thrill, Such is the softness and the grace That resteth on her calm, pale face It speaks of gentleness and love—
Of peace that cometh from above, And of a pure and holy faith,
That giveth victory over death,
Such as I hope to prove with her,
When he shall be my conqueror.

A. A. P.

#### CHRISTIAN FORD'S TROUBLES.

#### BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

#### CHAPTER I.

THE sun had gone down behind a mass of dark clouds, and the twilight cast deep shadows over the lake, which an hour before had been golden with the sunset.

Christian Ford stood by the water's edge, looking dreamily upon the distant hills where a clearer light still lingered, though the shadows were slowly creeping up almost to their summits.

It was a pretty scene by daylight, that quiet lake, with the rocky hills crowding down on one } side almost to the margin of the waters; on the others a broad sweep of level plain, with a little village sleeping in the distance, so completely } embowered in trees that only the church spire } was visible from the spot where Christian stood.

The road passed close to the lake, winding in and out the picturesque curves, with several dwellings scattered along, from whence lights began to gleam forth as the evening drew on.

But Christian Ford was not thinking of the beauty and quiet which had so often charmed and soothed her. Very grave and pale she looked standing there in the gloom, and one familiar with her face would have seen the changes of a great sorrow in her misty eyes, and the patient sadness of her mouth.

Suddenly the stillness was broken by quick, impatient footsteps on the turf, and at the sound Christian's features contracted with suffering, then by an effort of her strong will settled into a pallid calm, which gave little evidence of the emotion so sternly repressed.

"Why, Christian, one would think you had } been trying to run away from me. I waited for you at the house till I was tired, and at length it occurred to me that I might find you down here."

Christian turned toward the speaker, quiet \ and self-possessed.

- "I had forgotten that it was so late; shall we walk back to the house?"
- "Oh, no, stay here, I beg; I don't feel to-night like being shut up in-doors."
- "As you like," Christian replied, in the same changeless tone, turning her face a little away as if she were still gazing far over the hills from { whence the light had wholly faded.

The young man was moving restlessly to and } fro, his breath coming quickly like one agitated to wound you, but because it is true.

by strong excitement, and his eyes fastened upon Christian, as if they would have asked some question which his lips refused to utter.

"Why do you stand there so cold and silent?" he said, hastily. "One would think it displeased you to have me near you."

There was a slight quiver about Christian's mouth, but she mastered the agitation bravely, and looked at him with a smile.

"You are a little unjust to me, as is often the case, Mr. Gray."

"Why do you speak to me in that way?can't you call me Robert? Forgive me if I have been abrupt and rude; I am troubled and anxious. Listen to me, Christian! You know very well why I have come here to-night. I leave this place to-morrow, and I could not go without some certainty, some understanding."

She stood there so motionless, one might have thought she heard no syllable that he had spoken, and he went on in his quick, earnest

"You asked for time to reflect, Christian-I have given you three days! Now answer, do you love me?-will you be my wife?"

His wife! How Christian's womanly heart throbbed at the words, then grew sick with the thought that the sweet name might never be

"You know how I love you, Christian-I cannot talk of it-I have no fine words at my command-but you feel it, do you not?"

She struggled a little with herself, and then said, with the same forced composure,

- "I believe that you think so now, Robert."
- "Do not treat real affection with insult, Christian," he exclaimed, angrily, "even if you do not care for me; no woman has a right to return true love with scorn."
- "Nor had I that intention, Robert; you know me too well to think me capable of it. Yes, I believe that you love me, but whether that love is the one which is to last through life, or only a youthful passion, neither you nor I can tell."

He made an impatient gesture, but she forced him to silence with the soft pressure of her hand upon his arm.

"Hear me out, Robert; I am not saying this

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are very young yet-barely twenty; and I am its forgetfulness, till life would seem a real fairy twenty-three-a woman schooled and disciplined dream of delight." by trials, while you, from the careless ease of your life, are still a boy in heart."

He flushed angrily as any very young man does at that word.

"I don't see any necessity of your constantly reminding me of that!"

"It is not to annoy you, only to remind you of the impossibility of your knowing at present whether your affection for me will continue unchanged. Be just to me, Robert; remember how terrible is the fate of a neglected wife."

"Can you not trust me?-do you believe me brute enough to treat you unkindly?"

"Never that; but to know that your heart had changed toward me would be worse."

"But when I tell you that can never happen! Oh, you do not love me, Christian; you treat me like a child-my love is only idle play to you."

She made no answer to his passionate reproaches, only looked at him with those clear, penetrating eyes, in whose depths darkened such a world of sadness.

"Why don't you speak to me, Christian? I believe you are made of marble; I cannot find a touch of genuine feeling about you! Do at least be angry; even harsh words would be better than this stony silence."

"Do not your very words prove how unfitted we are to each other, Robert? You are passionate and exacting, and I cannot reply to your bitter words, although they wound me no less deeply."

"Forgive me-I will not speak so again! Only be kind to me, Christian-you seem so far off-I feel as if a great wall separated us, which I cannot pass. Tell me that you love me; do not torture me in this way, I cannot bear it."

Torture him! Her feelings, her sufferings were unthought of; only the inborn selfishness of his sex spoke in his passion!

"We could not marry for many, many years, Robert! I am poor, and you are dependent upon your mother, I am certain that she would never give her consent."

"I am not a child, to be governed by her."

"Hush! Do you think I would become her son's wife against her wishes? Then too I have a sacred trust; my poor, blind aunt is entirely dependent upon me-I would marry no man now."

"But she should be my care too! Think how happy we might be, Christian! We would live \side. in some quiet little nook-here perhaps-happy } in each other, asking nothing of the world but 'mine! Speak, do speak!"

Her heart beat rapturously at his romantic folly, then the stern reality checked that outburst.

"But such an existence would not be life, Robert! We were put into this world to be of use, we should have no right to settle down in idleness, even had we the means. Then too we should grow old, and romance would not last forever.'

"How can you be so calculating, Christian?"

"Because I look at life as it is-another proof how much older I have grown than you."

"I cannot argue, Christian, I will not! Answer me at once-will you be my wife?"

"When?"

"Now-why should we wait?"

"That you know to be impossible."

"But if I go away and toil hard for a name, will you marry me when I return?"

"Oh! Robert, it is not success that would move me-you would be even dearer in adversity."

"Then you do care for me-you will not send me away wholly wretched?"

"I will not fetter you by an engagement. Go away with your mother as she commands-I have reason to believe that she wishes to separate

"But she has never mentioned you to me! Promise, Christian-give me a hope."

"None, Robert; you have no right to ask it."

"And you have no right to torture me in this way! I must have this hope to build upon, or I shall have no courage."

"Go, Robert! Be the time long or short, you will find me unchanged-whether circumstances then will allow me to speak I do not know."

He stamped upon the ground in hot rage, and broke into a torrent of reproaches. In that very love he showed himself more boyish than anything else; no wonder that clear-sighted woman could not trust his earnest protestations, even had there been no other reason to hesitate.

"Then you will not speak?"

"You must go perfectly free, Robert; I will have you bound by no vow; years hence, honor shall not force you to bring back to me the ashes of a spent affection."

"Farewell, then!" he exclaimed, turning to go. "This is your work; whatever happens now, remember that it is your doing."

She did not answer. Again he came to her

"Will you not hear me? Oh, Christian, be

"Farewell, Robert!"

He dashed aside her hand, and went away without a word, completely overpowered by the insanity of passion which had rushed upon him.

Christian Ford stood for an instant like one stunned by a sudden blow, then she started forward, and his name, uttered in a tone in which all her long repressed tenderness broke forth, died faintly on her lips,

"Robert! Robert!"

But he was far beyond the sound of her voice, and already the echo of his hurried footsteps was lost in the distance. Christian buried her face in her hands, and a shudder of pain swayed her form to and fro. At length her hands fell to her side, she looked up without a trace of tears upon her white face, and murmured,

"It is over—better to part thus; I can bear it!"

The full moon had come up while she stood there; a soft, indistinct light displaced the shadows which had lain so heavily around, tinging the waters with silver, and shining broad and clear over the distant hill-tops.

There was the sound of approaching footsteps; for an instant Christian trembled, but her heart had deceived her; when she raised her eyes, she saw a tall woman approaching the spot where she stood. The moonlight fell full upon that cold, proud face, and Christian recognized Robert Gray's mother. The girl stood quite still till the lady came close to her, and said quietly,

"Good evening, Miss Ford; I see this lovely night has tempted you out also. I have strayed so far from home that I grew quite startled, and was really glad when I saw you standing here."

Christian bowed, and remained quietly looking at her with an expression which showed how useless were all those shallow artifices.

- "I leave this pretty spot to-morrow," continued Mrs. Gray, "and I quite regret to go. I am sure I shall miss you very muck."
  - "You are very kind."
- "I hope, although my poor health has prevented my seeing as much of you as I could have wished, that you will remember me as a friend."
  - "Mrs. Gray honors me by the desire."
- "I wish I might really speak to you as a friend," continued the lady, after a little nervous pause; "I really wish I might, Miss Ford."
- "I shall only feel gratified by any expression of interest."
- "Thank you, my dear," she answered, putting out her hand and taking Christian's cold, unresisting fingers in her clasp.
- "You see you are so sensible a girl that one feels safe in being perfectly frank with you, and has no fear of giving offence. Now I want to

talk to you like an old woman of the world—may I?"

"I am listening, Mrs. Gray."

"I knew you would. I always say you are the only sensible unmarried woman I ever knew;" and she pressed the icy fingers very tenderly. "Perhaps what I am going to say will surprise you. The truth is, that silly boy of mine has taken a faucy that he is dead in love with you—has he ventured to tell you so?"

"Yes, madam."

"Oh, the little dunce, how you must have laughed! I have never said a word to him on the subject, certain that you would manage him better than I could, but I did not quite like to go away without some explanation."

"Any that I can give, madam, I am ready to offer."

- "Has he been here to say good-bye?"
- "He left me only a few moments since."
- "Indeed! heart-broken, no doubt! Oh, dear, he falls in love so very often; it is really a great trial—and few girls are like you. Now Robert is only nineteen, and you are——"
  - "Almost an old maid; you need not hesitate."
- "Oh, my dear, no, no! But no man should have a wife older than himself! Besides, Robert has idle, expensive habits, which quite frighten me; and I am not as rich a woman as people suppose; he must marry money—it's the only thing for him, don't you see, my love?"
  - "Mr. Gray's mother is the best judge."
- "Of course!—your good sense again! But what I want is this—now you won't be angry?".
  - "Pray go on."
- "I knew perfectly well that your feelings were not interested," continued the woman, resolutely averting her eyes from the pale face, "so I thought it best for all to have a frank understanding. Now I hope Robert will go away convinced that he has nothing to hope. You may even be harsh; don't spare his feelings, for you may be quite sure that if we come here next summer, you and I shall laugh at him on account of some new love."

Christian did not wince under that cruel probing of her wound; she would have died then and there sooner than have given any sign.

- "Perhaps you will see him in the morning?"
- "It would be useless."
- "That will be best—you are always right. I am so much obliged to you, dear Miss Ford; always consider me your friend—now do, I beg. Dear me, how late it is! I am so glad I chanced to meet you; my mind is quite at ease now."
  - "I am sorry it should have been disturbed."
  - "Oh, you mistake," she said, striving to recall

that half confession; "it was only that I dis-; not to feel that in returning it, she ran every like that boy to be so silly; I knew he was no- risk of wrecking each beautiful life-hope in her thing to you. I dare say he will write to you; of course, you will pay no attention-it would she loved him! It was in vain that her reason only be cruel to the poor fellow."

son is perfectly free, and there is no necessity for prolonging this conversation."

"You are quite right, and I must say goodbye! Don't stay out in this damp, and you have \ nothing on your head; draw up your shawl, pray. Good-bye, dear Miss Ford-good-bye!"

She shook Christian's hand with the utmost cordinlity, and hastened away. The girl's face expressed only quiet scorn as she looked after her for a moment, and then retraced her steps } to her home.

When she entered the house, Christian found many duties to perform, and she went through them unfalteringly; assisted her blind aunt to her chamber, sat by her bedside until she slept, and then stole softly away.

She was free at last to give vent to her anguish! The confinement of the house was like a prison, it stifled her; she unlocked the side door and went out into the garden. The dew lay heavy upon the grass, drenching her garments as she walked up and down the narrow paths, but she took no heed. She was no stoic after all, poor Christian Ford! Under that cold exterior beat a woman's heart, and now it cried out in strong suffering which would be heard.

That girl had led a quiet, uneventful life, watching over her old aunt, and educating herself after her own fashion. She had gone on thus to her twenty-third birthday before there came any change.

It was only a few months before that Mrs. Gray had sought that retired spot, bringing her son as a companion during the retirement which her delicate health had rendered necessary.

How Christian's acquaintance with Robert Gray had grown into intimacy she herself could hardly have told. He was a wild, impetuous boy, impatient of restraint, and at that period, when his real character had been so little awakened, that any strong influence would have swayed him at will. Time and earnest struggle with the world would change him, and bring out the real nobility of his nature, but the teachings of his youth had not been of a class to have that effect.

but from the first she had been too clear-sighted knees, hiding her face in the bed-clothes.

soul. And yet she loved him; ay, spite of all warned her of the danger, in vain that she "Mrs. Gray," replied Christian, coldly, "I strove against it with every energy of her strong trust that in all that regards the conduct of a nature: that love grew and entwined itself about true woman, I have no need of a lesson. Your every fibre of her heart, till it had become that affection which no influence of time or years could change.

> But Robert Gray never knew this; from the very first she had warned him of the fallacy of his hopes, had striven to make him understand the great changes which a few years must produce in his mind and feelings, but without effect; he only returned her counsel with wild protestations, and reproached her for thus cruelly doubting him who had flung every good impulse of his nature at her feet.

> Now all was over! Christian Ford sat down in that moonlight garden to review that brief past, in which the bitter sweetness of a life had been concentrated, and to look shudderingly upon the bleak future.

> There had always a mad hope slept in her heart that he might return unchanged, that in his soul likewise that affection would be lasting, but her interview with his worldly mother had crushed it out. They must never meet again, that was the only sting left now-separation!

> Christian would have torn her heart out sooner than entered any family an unwelcome inmate; mingled with this too there was a feeling nobler than her great pride; she had exaggerated ideas of the duties of children, forgetting that parents have likewise theirs no less imperative and bind-

> That was the first hour of Christian's suffering, and even she was wholly mastered by the rush of agony that swept like black waves over her soul. So the night wore on long and terrible, hours which sear their way through the human heart, and whose trace may never be entirely obliterated. When the dawn broke in the east, Christian returned to her chamber, not to sleep, but to subdue herself into the calm with which she must go to her daily duties.

Very early in the morning she saw Robert Gray approaching the house, but she did not falter in her resolve. She called the women who aided her in the household cares, and gave directions stern and decided. She heard Robert's voice raised in enger inquiry-heard the muttered execration which followed the woman's His love for Christian Ford was passionate reply—then there was a silence of many moand mad, like every other feeling in his soul, ments, during which she crouched upon her outer door closed-he was gone! in her self-martyrdom, she did not even approach the window to catch a last glance as he departed. Then the woman entered with a letter, the pages blotted, and torn, and full of reckless passion. Christian read every word, firm as before, laid it carefully aside, and then her tried strength gave way.

The records of the next three days were best unwritten; no mortal ear ever heard their sufferings; and when Christian Ford descended from that darkened chamber, she was quiet and composed as of old.

#### CHAPTER II.

A YEAR went by; the long winter passed, the } mocking sunshine of midsummer paled, and it was autumn again.

Christian Ford was there in her lonely home, patient and resigned. She had stood by the bedside of the dying relative, whose declining years had been cheered by her love, and was now wholly alone in the world.

Once there had come a letter from Robert Grav, but it only brought renewed pain, and she was glad that the months passed without tidings. Soon after that letter, she had heard his name spoken—he was leading a dissipated life and causing his mother much trouble-that was all she knew.

One bleak, autumn evening, Christian was returning from a visit to a sick woman in the village. The wind blew in chilling gusts, and she ? hurried on impatient to be at home. As she entered the grove, which was near her house, she caught the flutter of a woman's garments on the hill above. In a moment they had disappeared-but again and again she saw them as if the person were pursuing her, and yet dared not approach.

She reached her own gate and stood looking } back, when through the night a woman's form appeared, falling at her feet, while a voice of wild anguish cried,

"Save me, Christian Ford, do save me!"

Christian raised the suppliant and looked in her face, so pallid and worn that she did not recognize it.

"You don't know me," moaned the girl, "oh, no wonder-no wonder! Christian, Miss Ford, I am Lucy Dean."

Christian tottered back in horror and surprise; a year before she had seen that face in } the glow of girlish loveliness, and now it knelt there pale, haggard with wretchedness and want.

"Don't leave me," pleaded the girl; "I went

Unflinching ; nothing left but the lake, I thought, and then I saw your face. Don't send me away, Christian, for God's sake."

> Christian Ford did not pause to answer; she raised the shrinking creature and led her into the house. The domestic was absent, and she took her into her own room where a bright fire was burning. She brought her food, and the girl ate eagerly.

"It's the first morsel I've tasted to-day," she

"And take off your shawl, Lucy," Christian said, "and when you have slept you shall tell me all."

"No, no; I have no right here, you will drive me away as my father did!" she cried, in her frenzy. "Look at me, Christian Ford, I was so handsome and proud-see where my beauty and pride have led me-I am ruined, lost, with nothing but death before me."

She fell upon the floor and hid her face in Christian's dress, resisting every effort to raise

"I am going to tell you all," she moaned; "don't touch me, don't look at me! I was tired of living here, and a year ago I left my father and went to New York. My relations weren't very kind to me, and I wanted to leave them. Then I saw that Mrs. Gray, the lady who lived here once, and she took me to live with her. She had a son-oh, I can't tell you!"

She broke off abruptly and crouched lower down. Christian Ford sat upright in her chair, her eyes staring wildly, and her hands clenched together.

"Mrs. Gray was very kind, and petted me like a child! I was always sewing in her room, and Robert used to come there. He had some great trouble, and I was very sorry for him. It was all my fault-I couldn't help but show I loved him-and-oh, you know, Christian, you know!"

Christian did not speak-did not stir-but in her excitement the girl did not heed it.

"At last it all came out; Mrs. Gray drove me from the house when Robert was gone. I came home the best way I could and told father everything; but he cursed me and drove me awayoh, Christian-Christian!"

That plaintive cry roused Christian; a shudder of horror came over her as she shrunk away from the wretched girl; but when that moan was repeated it passed.

"You must go to bed now, Lucy," she said "I will be your friend, remember that."

The girl clung to her with passionate tears, home first, but they drove me away; there was but Christian put her gently away-she could of his kisses upon those pale lips, the shadow of his caressing hand upon her streaming hair. When the girl was in bed, Christian sat by her { until she fell into the deep slumber of exhaustion; then she went down stairs to seek counsel? in reflection.

Late in the evening there was a knock at the door; Christian knew who stood there, but she rose up and opened it, looking out with her white face as Robert Gray tottered into the room.

"Christian," he groaned, "Christian!"

"I know," she said, "Lucy Dean is here."

He sank into a chair and covered his face with his hands, while she stood before him white and cold.

"Curse me, Christian, reproach me; anything is better than this!"

"Of what avail now, Robert-it is too late."

"It was all my mother's doing! Oh, Christian, I meant no wrong! I was mad, and that poor girl was so gentle and kind! It is all over now-I am a wretch-a lost, despairing man."

Christian did not heed his words; she walked up and down the room for many moments, and then returned to him.

"Are you willing to atone for this wrong?" she said.

"With my life! When I found that my mother had driven her away, I followed here, and some good angel sent me to you."

"Robert, you must marry Lucy to-night."

"Oh, mercy, have mercy, Christian! you-

"Hush, you would not dare!"

"Forgive me, no! Do what you will, Christian, I am ready to obey you."

"Wait for me here," she said, and taking up a shawl that lay on the table, she left the room.

A heavy storm of sleet was falling, but through the night and the tempest Christian Ford hastened on. Half way to the village she stopped before an old-fashioned house, went round to the side, from whence gleamed a light, and knocked softly at the door.

It was the parsonage, and the old minister was sitting alone in his study. He opened the door and saw Christian Ford standing there, white as a ghost, but perfectly calm.

"What has happened?" he exclaimed, in ? alarm; "are you ill, Christian?"

"Well, very well," she answered, in a hollow voice. "I have come for you to go to my house; as we go."

and followed her, for there was that in Christian : heart to stone.

not bear her touch—she seemed to see the trace ? Ford's face which would have brought obedience to any command.

> On their way she told the story in a few brief words, which fell with difficulty from her parched lips. When they reached the house, they found Robert Gray sitting there with his face bowed in his hands; and Christian left the old minister alone with him, while she went up stairs.

> She entered the chamber where the girl was sleeping, and spoke her name; low as the voice was, it roused the sleeper.

> "What is it?" she cried, wildly, raising herself on the pillow; "who spoke?"

> "It is I-Christian. Be quiet, Lucy; I have something to tell you-Robert Gray is below."

"He has not deserted me," she cried; "he will save me. Oh, Robert, Robert!"

For an instant Christian gave way; she staggered against the wall, and clasped her hand over her mouth to repress a groan.

"Christian!" Lucy called; "I can't see you."

"I am here. Get up, Lucy, and dress; you are going to be married."

The girl sprang to her feet, wild with the fever which had been consuming her for hours, repeating the words almost in a shriek.

"Be quiet!" Christian said, sternly. brought a white wrapper, and put it on her, brushed out the tangled hair, and gathered it smoothly in its place, folded a shawl about the tottering form, and seated her in a chair.

The minister was speaking words of encouragement to the wretched youth when Christian returned to the apartment.

"All is ready," she said; "follow me."

The old pastor was forced to support Robert up the stairs, while Christian went in advance without once looking back. When the door opened, and Lucy Dean saw the young man standing white and pale before her, she began to sob like a frightened child, mosning,

"Forgive me, Robert, forgive me!"

Then his true nobility of character mastered the selfish agony he had felt. He went up to her, took her hand gently, saying,

"Don't cry, Lucy; don't tremble so. I am here to make all the atonement in my power."

The old pastor motioned them to rise, and joined their hands. Christian stood leaning against the wall, watching with her strained gaze, but uttering no sound. When the brief ceremony was concluded, the clergyman knelt down and offered up a prayer. For the first there is no time to lose, and I will explain to you time Christian wept; those tears harmonized her again. Before that there had seemed a The minister prepared himself without a word, mental catalepsy upon her which turned her

She motioned the pastor to lead Robert away, and again laid Lucy upon the bed. The girl { was almost insane with fever, and very ill. by him as something too bright and pure for Christian went down stairs, and whispered to { earthly thoughts and desires; and he could not the clergyman to see that the young man left? believe that she had ever possessed for him any the neighborhood at once.

Robert obeyed them unresistingly. At the door he paused, and raised his weary eyes to Christian's face.

"It is all over, I know," he said, slowly; "but I swear before heaven, Christian, that you shall never have to blush for me again."

She laid her hand upon his and looked full in } his face.

"I believe you," she answered. "God bless you, Robert!"

Thus they parted; he to take his misery back into the busy world, and she to return to the bedside of the poor sufferer who lay monning in the delirium of fever.

The next morning Lucy Dean's old father was found dead; but there was no need to tell the sick girl. Before night she was the mother of a child, and with its first breath she had closed her eyes upon this life-freed from its sorrows and pain.

## CHAPTER III.

Six years had passed, and Christian Ford had reached her thirtieth birth-day. She was living still in that quiet cottage, but no longer alone. Lucy's child had been her constant charge, for with her last words the dying girl had exacted a pledge that she would never forsake it. She had reared it tenderly as if it had been her own, with no bitterness and no heartache, full of thankfulness that she had now something to love.

With Robert Gray she had held no communication since the night of his marriage. The old minister had informed him of his wife's dying wish, and he was only too happy that his child should be thus cared for.

The babe was now a bright, sturdy boy of six years, who well repaid the love which Christian lavished upon him. She never inquired concerning his father, though his name would at times reach her-for Robert Gray had begun to make a reputation in his profession.

The turning point in his life had been passed, and his future loomed out clear and undimmed. During all those years Christian's memory was the load-star that drew him on; and yet to his own heart he confessed that in the beginning his passion had not been the true love. Without that great trial in which she saved him from deeper sin, and a life of misery, the fascination of a season would have lost its power.

Even now he never dwelt upon that which might be. Christian had grown to be regarded feeling stronger than the affection of a friend.

So life passed on with each, and the child, which might have been a bond of sympathy and union between them, seemed only to make their separation wider and more lasting.

One day Christian heard news, which for a time broke up the calm into which she had schooled herself. Mrs. Gray had returned to her house near the village. It was in the morning when Christian was told of it, and that evening the doctor called, on his way past the house, and informed her that Mrs. Gray was very ill with typhus fever, and almost destitute of attendance-for several of her servants had left the house through fear of the disease. What was worse, her son had sailed for Europe on important business only the week before, and probably the first letters he received would inform him of his mother's death.

"Are you going now to Mrs. Gray's house?" Christian asked.

- "At once," the physician said.
- "Wait for me five minutes, and I will accompany you."
  - "But have you no fear?-no-

She only smiled, and checked his expostulations. Very soon she was ready to start; the boy left in charge of her faithful woman, and cautioned to be obedient.

When the carriage stopped before the door all Christian's past sorrow rushed heavily over her soul; but she subdued the weakness and entered the house.

Mrs. Gray was delirious and recognized no one; but during that long illness Christian never forsook her post. At length the disease reached its crisis, and the sick woman fell into a deep, untroubled slumber, from which she woke, weak as an infant, but perfectly conscious.

It was several days before Christian permitted her to know that she was there, lest the excitement should prove injurious. On the third afternoon, she was watching her while she slept, when the sick woman suddenly woke and gazed full in her face.

Christian was sitting in the shadow, so that her features were partially hidden from view.

"I was dreaming," murmured Mrs. Gray; "I thought she was here-Christian, you knowwho are you?"

"I am Christian Ford," she replied, softly. The sick woman pulled feebly at the curtains.



"Let me see your face-quick!"

Christian drew aside the draperies, and Mrs. Gray looked eagerly in her face.

"Yes, you are Christian Ford," she said; "I know you now. Have you been here long?" "For some time."

Mrs. Gray caught her hand, crying out,

"It is you who have watched over me-no wonder I kept dreaming of you! It is to you that I owe my life; and after all the wrong I have done you."

"Do not talk now," Christian said, soothingly; "you are too weak yet."

"I must speak! Say that you forgive me!

"I did that long ago, Mrs. Gray."

The woman laid her head back on the pillow, weak and exhausted; but from that hour she began rapidly to mend.

Days passed, and she was able to sit up and be wheeled to the window; but no other allusion to the past escaped either of them, no word concerning that man whom each in her own way so fondly loved.

It had been the habit of Christian's attendant to bring the boy every day into the yard that she might see him, though she had not been allowed to enter the house from fear of infection. One morning Mrs. Gray was sitting by the window when the boy entered the gate.

"Whose child is that?" she gasped.

Christian did not speak, but her eyes answered the appeal.

"His!" exclaimed the mother; "and you have cared for it and loved it-oh! Christian!"

The proud, worldly woman leaned her hand on Christian's shoulder and wept aloud, tears such as wash out the stains of earthly weaknesses and errors.

"He must not come up here yet," she said, at } length. "Go down to him, Christian."

Mrs. Gray sat watching the meeting, and soon she saw Christian point to the window, and the child kiss his hand as he looked up.

Six weeks had passed since Mrs. Gray's attack, and she was now able to go down stairs to see tell upon her forehead not only her kiss of

haughtily denied, to receive every day new proofs of Christian's kindness and attention.

One morning, Christian had returned home to look after her house, leaving the boy in his grandmother's charge. While Mrs. Gray sat listening to the child's prattle a letter was brought her-her son was in America, that note only preceded him by a few hours.

It was evening when Christian returned; she walked slowly back through the sunset, full of a quiet contentment which she had not known for

She entered the little parlor in which Mrs. Gray often sat-but she was not there-only a figure dimly visible at the other end of the room.

Before Christian could move or speak, she found herself face to face with Robert Gray.

"Tell me, Christian," he cried, grasping her hand, "have I made atonement? May I hope again? Yesterday I had not dared, but my mother has almost banished those fears. Say. will you be my wife?"

Christian Ford released herself from his arms, and stood looking in his face which had grown so old and changed, but from whence beamed a pure light of truth and integrity, nobler far than the youthful beauty of other years.

"Speak, Christian!" he said, troubled by her silence.

"Yes," she answered, "for you know yourself now-I have no fear."

There they stood in the twilight of that room. with a world of peace and hope opened before them, leaving far behind the wild sorrow and the mad follies of the past, ready to accept life as it is, neither dreamers nor idlers, and sufficient always to one another.

Then the door opened, and Mrs Gray stole in. leading her grandchild by the hand.

"Christian, have you forgiven us?" she whispered.

Christian's eyes answered for her; the mother joined the hands of those hardly tried ones, and when she embraced and blessed them, Christian the grandchild, whose existence she had so motherly love, but the pure tears of repentance.

## BUDS OF HOPE.

BY PINLEY JOHNSON.

THE buds of hope, like flowers fair Oft wither ere they bloom; Consigning all our future bliss To an untimely doom;

Or, as the snow-drops, pure and sweet, They into being start; Bloom in life's Spring-then wither in The Winter of the heart.



## WHERE'S THE DIFFERENCE?

#### BY MRS. M. A. DENISON.

A POOR man sat at his window—no—I am ? down the corners of their pretty lips, and the wrong; it was the window of his hired house. children were speedily called in. It was a small mansion, a little tenement painted } white, and surrounded by richer establishments Wealth had come to him, not through toil; but that seemed to look down with a sort of crim- it did not corrupt his good heart, his simple son contempt upon their humble neighbor. The \( \) tastes. Still he loved children and their sports. occupants of those stately homes were very much He built himself a splendid mansion, however, annoyed by the simple little house, and the simple and lived in the style his great revenues perlittle children that played on its steps, and gener- } ally kept their curtains down on the side that looked toward them.

of the windows overlooking the street. He was again the man sat watching them at his window. a thoroughly noble-looking man too, with handsome Roman features, and an eye like a hawk. With the exception of his coarse clothes, he was much more gentlemanly and dignified in appearance than any merchant in that princely row.

A pile of bricks had been emptied quite near his doorway; they were for repairs. As this man looked out, he saw two or three children with his own little ones, humming and buzzing Their dainty little hands about the bricks. were eager to fashion houses and bridges, and all sorts of momentary architecture. Suddenly the poor man bethought him of a pastime of his own when he was a child, and his heart having retained the pure and sweet emotions of youth through the cares and hardships of maturer life, he hastily threw on his hat, and going down he taught them a new trick. It was this, to place a row of bricks on end, quite near to each other, forming a long line: by touching the last one an impetus is given to every brick by its next neighbor, and the row is presently swept down in regular order. The children clapped their hands, and shouted so loudly that some of the rich neighbors, coming to their windows, saw how their little ones wore employed, taking lessons in amusement from a poor and almost unknown man.

"What a fool!" said one, sneeringly, "I should think the man was an overgrown baby. See him laugh! See him play! Shame on him! a man grown; we must call our children in."

and sneer. Men with gold-tasseled caps set on and taught us children that same trick. And, perfumed locks laughed the poor man to scorn; sis, you and mother both called him an 'old women in beautifully embroidered robes turned \( \) fool, as I distinctly remember; and I, for one,

Years passed, the poor man had grown rich. mitted.

Again, as in the days of yore, there was a load of bricks left in the vicinity of his home. Again But, as I said before, a poor man sat at one little children gathered to "play house," and Yes, it was his window now-a window whose glass was costly plate-and he sat there no longer the tenant of a hired house in coarse clothes, but attired in the richest broadcloth. Again, as he looked at the busy, beautiful group below, his heart kindled with the memories of old, and he felt himself compelled to go down and teach the juveniles his brick-game. So, in a moment after he stood in their midst, and stooping picked up the bricks, arranging, and then setting them in motion.

> How the children laughed, and their bright eyes sparkled! The noise brought the aristocratic neighbors to their windows.

> "Well to be sure! There's Mr. B--, that wealthy gentleman opposite, playing with the children. Isn't it a pretty sight, dear?"

> "Yes, and what a fine-looking man he is, to be sure. What freshness of heart he must have to enjoy their little games with so much sest! I declare it's quite touching!"

> "So it is; they say he is all of two million Hasn't he a fine figure?"

"Splendid! Do see him clap his hands! I declare it really brings the tears to my eyes."

"Wipe 'em away-wipe 'em away, Mattie, they're crocodile tears!" cried a young stripling of seventeen.

His sister, a maiden lady of an unutterable age, looked round indignantly.

"Fact! sis, they're real crockodile tears, and I'll prove it. When I was seven years old, that And from all those windows went the laugh \ same gentleman came out of a little white house

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received a tremendous injunction not to speak to § his children or notice them in any way."

"Nonsense, Fred!" said his sister, turning red. called him all sorts of names—a 'ridiculous old same noble, tender, loving, great heart standing goose,' a 'grown-up baby,' and I don't know } what not. Now here's the same old fellow up } and insulted with impunity by the rich, that now te the same old trick; and oh! gracious, there bent his fine broadcloth to the dust in order to never was such a beautiful, charming, delightful be on a level with the little ones; but not to scene! Really I ought to write a poem on itguess I will, and entitle it 'Then and Now;' or, 'The Fool Grows Wiser as he Grows Richer;' which would be the best, sis?"

"Hold your tongue!" snapped the lady. Fred's sarcasm was not misplaced.

What is called the poor man's simplicity, is "I know it was nonsense, but you did it. You {entitled the rich man's sublimity. It was the by the little ones in his coarse coat, jeered at the neighbors! Poor! all his nobleness was but dross in their eyes. Rich! and his weaknesses would be heavenly lustres, since their offset was the almighty dollar.

## YON STREAM AND MILL.

## BY MRS. FANNY SPANGENBERG.

THE varied scenes of later years Have vanished from my dreaming mind, Wrapped in a vail of falling tears, I leave them all far, far behind: Fergetting all the present hours, My thoughts have wandered to the past, Those days of joy, enwreathed with flowers, That fled away, aye, all too fast!

I mind me well those halcyon days Of Summer, when I was a child, When roving through the forest ways, I, like the birds, was free and wild. Methinks I hear the murmur sweet Of that bright stream where oft I strayed, And list again the clacking beat Of the old mill wherein I played.

What matters it to me that old And worn the time-stained mill doth seem The spider's webs like threads of gold, To my still partial fancy gleam?

The present, with its hopes and fears, Into the future seems beguiled, Forgetting all the lapse of years, I know myself again a child.

And gazing on the crystal wave, I lose all cares and sorrows too; No sweeter draught the world e'er gave To cool my lips nor bless my view. The mill-wheel in its ceaseless round, Throwing the foam like feathery snow, Still echoes back the self-same sound So dear to me long, long ago.

You stream and mill! You stream and milli Across the vale of Time ye come, And with your murmuring voices still Recall the wandering footsteps home; Breathing a lay all bright and fair Of other days and scenes as dear, Lighting the heart of half its care, Yet filling the eye with mem'ry's tear!

## THE STREAMLET.

#### BY MRS. SARAH S. SOCWELL.

LITTLE streamlet, clear and bright, Sparkling, bubbling, singing fountain, Dancing in the quivering light, Flashing downward from the mountain. Like a vein of living light Ever onward thou art sweeping. Scattering gems o'er flowers bright, As from rock to rock thou'rt leaping.

Broader now the little stream, And less musical its flowing, Winding through the meadows green, Life and leveliness bestowing. Little vessels gayly glide O'er the tiny, glancing billows, Where, into the sunlit tide, Sweep the drooping silver willows.

Now it swells, a mighty tide, Rolling onward to the ocean: Stately vessels o'er it glide, With a light and graceful motion. Thus it is with human life, Childhood, with its sunny hours, Is the brook with gladness rife, Singing through the mountain bowers.

Youth, the softly murmuring stream, Still its onward journey urging, Flashing in the sunlight's gleam, In the mighty river merging. Manhood is the swelling tide, Sweeping to the boundless ocean, Losing there its strength and pride In the billows' wild commotion.

And the vast, mysterious see, Still to Heaven its anthem sending, Is that dim eternity To which man is ever tending.

#### GILLIAN.

#### BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

#### CONTINUED FROM PAGE 64.

#### CHAPTER II.

moment stanned by the news that had fallen so a bird of paradise when it settles to rest. suddenly upon him. At first he could not believe in its truth. His sister alive, her husband your daughter Hannah ten years old, determined and child beneath his roof, and she absent no one knew where. How could this be !-- why had her friends so long been allowed to think her dead? What had she done or suffered that this singular state of things should exist?

Daniel Hart thought over these things till the great, brave heart in his bosom swelled heavily, and he arose from his chair, pacing up and down the room with his hands locked behind him, and the balls of his two thumbs pressed against each other, as was his habit when drawn to deep or disagreeable reflection. He was not aware that the tramp of his heavy shoes resounded through the house, but kept on step, step, step, like a sentinel on duty, till at last the door opened, and the bright face of Gillian Bentley looked in.

"Ah, it is you, uncle Daniel, and all alone," she said, closing the door after her. "I'm so glad. Everything seems strange and still here, I cannot sleep try ever so much. Don't look at me so, indeed I tried, but the moon came blinking in through the hickory branches, and up I sprang, put on my dressing-gown, huddled myself into a shawl, and sat down by the open window till I am quite chilled through."

"It was dangerous business," said Hart, with a quiver in his voice. "Like your mother, too, very like your mother, gal."

"Ah, I was thinking of her, my poor mother, when the moonlight came in: it seems as if she must be somewhere in this old house waiting for me, uncle Hart. You're not, I am sure, by the way you walk. Do sit here in this great chair, and let me snuggle down on the footstool by your knee, while you tell me about my mothermy splendid, beautiful mother, for I have her features here deep, deep in my heart. It was the first memory of my life buried there, uncle Daniel."

back to the oak chair, while she sunk down to WHEN Daniel Hart was left alone, he sat for a the stool at his feet with the grace and sweep of

> "There now, uncle Daniel, just imagine me to be naughty and keep you up half the night, while I make believe that you've given me one good scolding, and made up as a dutiful papa is § bound to do.'

"Wall," said uncle Daniel, and a broad smile swept over his face, spite of the trouble that spoke in his voice. "Wall, now, what shall we talk about?-what can an old chap like me have to say to a fine lady that comes down at midmight in her silks and satins like a queen, and wants to make believe sociable? It's like a fed cock coming in among a lot of guinea hens and turkey gobblers; they have nothing to do but give up the yard and huddle under some old cart out of the way."

"Am I so very unlike everybody here then?" said Gillian, in a tone of childish mortification. "What is it, my poor old dressing-gown and this shawl?-indeed I'd nothing else. Somebody packed them on the very top of the trunk."

With a pretty flush on her face, and a degree of eager haste, which proved her quite earnest in her shame, she wrapped the blue silk dressing-gown, with its soft facing of swan's-down, close about her, and strove to cover it under the rich folds of a camel's-hair shawl with a delicate golden ground, and overrun with great palm leaves, in which a thousand gorgeous tints struggled into contrast, or slept in harmony.

"There now, dear uncle, that I am getting respectable, please tell me if I look the least bit like my poor mamma?"

The old man gazed down on that bright face till his eyes filled with tears. He did not speak, but lifted his hand and laid it on her head.

"A little," said Gillian, smiling through the mist that shone in her eyes. "Just the least little bit, please; say that much."

"Yes, gal, you're like our Sarah-just as a Gillian threw one arm over the farmer's wild rose from the swamp puts you in mind of a shoulder, and with a little gentle force led him admask rose in the garden. I should a known

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you was her darter if I'd met you in Kamskathn. She hadn't your fine feathers, but no one could mistake about your being birds of the old nest."

"Yes, that's it," cried Gillian. "That's the way I feel here, like a poor, little bird that's been flying and flying among the myrtles without settling down anywhere; but once under the old hickory tree that is rattling its nuts down to the frosty grass this minute, the tired birdie longs to folds its wings and feel at home. It's like living a dream over again to find myself here."

"And this is the way she used to talk," said Hart, gazing with looks of wistful fondness into the beautiful face uplifted to his.

"Who? my mother? Did she feel like a bird glad to rest?"

"No, like a bird forever wanting to try the wing. From the time she was ten years old she was always talking of the foreign parts she intended to visit; the people she meant to know; and the books she should some day write."

"The books she would write? Why, uncle Daniel, did my mother write books?"

"Yes, yes, in her fancy, just as she traveled over strange countries."

"But she was very young. Not much over my age when she died."

"When she died?"

"Yes, when she died. Two or three years older perhaps, but not more than that."

"Then you remember the time?"

"Yes, but not the circumstance. We were in Naples, I remember their coming to the convent where I had been left for some reason, and telling me I no longer had a mother, that she was gone."

"And was this all?"

"No. One day when I asked for the place where my mother was laid, the old nurse took me up to a beautiful spot back of Naples, where you could hardly see the graves for the roses that blossomed over them—not for a week or a month, but all the year round—and told me that was the place where I must seek for her."

"And did you find the spot?"

"I don't know; neither the nurse nor I could read, we could only guess where she lay by the brightness of the roses; but we found a little hollow on the hill-side, completely choked up with blossoms. The loveliest spot you ever set eyes on, so shaded that the softest moss crept over the little marble slabs all around, except one, and that was pure and white as snow. We picked that out for the one and come away."

"And this is all you know of your mother?"

"What more should I know, poor, little child of her own child."

that I was? Papa never speaks of her; no other human being that I ever saw knew anything about her, that was why there was no sleep for me to-night, till I had come down and had a talk with you."

"It was the way she used to come when anything troubled her," said Hart, looking thoughtfully into the fire.

"And that proves how much we are alike. I wasn't so certain about the nice old lady, or even cousin Hannah; but the moment I felt your hand on my head I was sure of you."

The old farmer shook in his chair; he was almost crying.

"That's right, gal—that's right. It's the way Sarah Hart's darter should feel on coming home. It's the way she would have felt herself if she but what has become her? God help us all—what has become of her?"

Gillian turned suddenly pale, while her eyes grew wild and large.

"Oh, uncle, what a strange question!"

"Everything about her is strange," muttered Hart, shaking his head doubtfully. "I don't know how to talk or what to say; secrets always trouble me, especially when I don't understand them. In all these years never to have heard a word: and now to be, as it was, knocked down with a single fact, and left to brood over it. Young lady, what kind of a man is your father?"

"My father—my father! Why, uncle Hart, who ever thought of asking that question before? What child ever did ask it? Why he is a grand, true man, gentle as an angel, and proud as—as an emperor. With wise men he is always the wisest; with good men he seems best of all. I never saw a human being that dared to take a liberty with papa, and yet he is mild and kind as a little child."

"But you haven't dared to ask him right straightforward about your own mother and her folks."

"That's true, and yet I could not tell the reason to save my life."

"It's because there's something kept back."

"No, I hope not—I hope not," murmured Gillian, thoughtfully.

"You wasn't afraid to ask me about her?"

"Not in the least. I only hesitated a little about the time of night, that is all."

"Now tell me what you want to know."

"Everything."

"Very well: why not? There ain't nothing to tell that a body need be ashamed on; and you'll never see the day, gal, bright and peart as you be, that Sarah Hart mightn't have gone ahead of her own child."

"I'm sure of that. It's just what I was hoping ; debt as a disgrace. to hear. It's so pleasant to look up to one's own he was more severe and rigid in all his notions parents. Well-

Gillian folded both her white hands over the farmer's knee, and looked up to him with her eyes brimful of tender agitation.

"Well!"

"Sarah was a good deal younger than I or than her sister Hetty; but neither on us could hold a candle to her. When she sot her mind on a thing, she would have her own way, and always got it in the end. There was only three of us, and she, being the youngest, was the pet of the whole family, till like pets in general she took the lead."

"Of course," said Gillian, laughing softly. "Why not? I dare say she was just the sort of person to lead off with a grace. Well, you spoiled her among you, and of course she paid you for it: nothing can be more natural."

"I dare say, gal-I dare say it all came in the natral course of things; but she was a downright good-natured creature after all, and loved us, I'm sure of that."

"Of course she did: who could help it? Why, uncle Daniel, it isn't ten hours since I saw you on that great, fat, darling old horse, and I love you dearly already; certainly she loved you."

"Yes, yes, I don't doubt it though; to own the truth, I never could quite understand our Sarah. She was like an April day; you couldn't a great, double-seated sleigh, not to mention a tell whether it would be storm, or sunshine, or a pony and a cutter that skimmed the snow like dull, heavy rain, twenty-four hours together! \{ a bird flying. Besides all this, it was mighty She was a great reader, and took up painting comfortable in-doors. Grandma was great on flowers and writing poetry, and all sorts of folde-rol accomplishments, naturally as a bird takes to fruit. I declare it almost took my breath sometimes to find out all she knew. Your aunt Hetty was considered a girl of pretty good larning, but she had to study hard for the know- { part, too, and kept a bright hickory fire in the ledge; while Sarah seemed to pick up her lessons { on the wing: but the two gals loved each other of itself to light up the red and green stripes of dearly. I raly believe Hetty would have died for \( \) the home-made carpet, and made the tall, brass her sister any day; but as for Sarah, she was } capable of something more than that, she used to pet and protect Hetty in any little difficulty, as if \( \) when the gals came down stairs sleeked up like she had been the oldest. She had to do this a good deal, one time or another, for your grandfather was a stern, old man, and kept a tight } rein on his family, especially the gals.

have got along in the world, but the old man was sister Sarah in those days; springy as a endorsed for one of his neighbors, and when willow branch, and rosy as an apple tree in called on to pay up, he was obliged to mortgage } bloom. the homestead, and that gave us all the first { merino dress that fitted close up to her neck, bard start down hill.

After this trouble came on, than ever; this made everything gloomy and uncomfortable for the gals, and even Sarah began to feel down-hearted at times. The old man used to say it wasn't so much the money that troubled him, as the feeling that his fellow men was ready to take advantage at every step on the highway of life. His confidence in mankind was shook, and that is a terrible misfortune with a man like your grandsire, I can tell you. Your grandfather raised the money on his place down in York, from a young fellow that had more than he knew what to do with. That led to the rich man's coming up into these parts to look at the property. His name was Bentley."

"What? my father?" cried Gillian, deeply interested.

"No, but your father's cousin, a handsome, genteel young feller as you ever sot eyes on. He'd just come of age, and felt his oats, I can tell you. Of course your grandfather invited the young chap to put up at the homestead, that was now a'most as good as his own property. It was winter time when he came up, and such sleighing; you don't find anything like it nowa-days, snow three feet deep on the turnpike, and tread down as hard as a miser's feelings. We had two spans of horses in the barn that would match anything this side of the river; and buckwheat-cakes, and we had lots of maple molasses; and as for her mince-pies, they beat everything.

"With all this the homestead wasn't a disagreeable place to stay in. The gals did their out-room there in the wing, which was enough andirons glitter like gold on the hearth.

"It raly was a purty sight in the evening, a couple of new pins: Hetty, with her brown hair twisted up behind, and shining like velvet; and Sarah, with her hair in soft, thick curls, that seemed to catch the firelight the minute she "We lived on the old place here, and might came in. Oh, she was a bright, happy cretur-I remember that winter she wore a blue with sleeves tight to her arms, which sloped "Father was a proud man, and looked upon down beautifully to her wrists. Little rufflesI've seen her crimp 'em a hundred times with a my penknife, fell over her hands, and stood up like a pretty border of snow round her neck. tell you she looked like a princess by the side of little Hetty, with her shy, brown eyes, and her dark dress, and her half frightened way.

"I didn't go a great deal into the out-room while young Bentley was there. What with feeding cattle, getting out fence rails, and doing up the chores, I got purty well tired out afore night, and so sot down in the kitchen with the old folks; besides I had a little business of my own to attend to across the hill, that took up my Sunday nights: and maybe an evening or so in the week time.

"My Hannah's mother lived over in that direction; and when the gals were in the out-room with young Bentley, I naturally engaged myself best tother side of the hill. I don't pretend to compare the gal that I married in the end to our Sarah; that wasn't to be thought of; but she had a way about her like my oldest sister, and in all the neighborhood there wasn't a better housekeeper, or a kinder wife, than she made me up to the time of her death."

Here uncle Daniel drew one hand across his eyes, and paused a moment to get his voice. Gillian took the other hand in hers, and laid her cheek against it in a sweet, caressing way, that made the old man sob out,

"Oh, don't, don't, it goes too straight home!" Then Gillian dropped his hand quite reverently, and bent her eyes on the fire, afraid of disturbing him again.

"When a young fellow is in love, it's like a dream, you know, and almost anything may happen around him without being noticed. was too much taken up with my own feelings for any very distinct idea of what was going on at home. It sometimes did strike me that Mr. Bentley staid a good while at the homestead, and that Sarah seemed to enjoy his society very much; but it gave me no sort of uneasiness, for though the young fellow was a splendid-looking critter, and rich enough to buy out half of Rockland county, our Sarah was a match for him, or any other man that ever wore shoe-leather. As for Hetty, dear. quiet Hetty, I never thought about her at all, she wasn't the sort of gal, you know, to take much to the young fellows. She was so hard to get acquainted with, always keeping, as it were, behind her harnsome sister.

"Sometimes I would just go into the out-room in the edge of evening, not to appear unsociable, and everything seemed comfortable enough. Sometimes the girls had their knitting work door, with as hornsome a span of grey horses

found him holding the skein of yarn on his two hands, while Sarah stood before him winding it off. She had a dexterous way of twirling the ball round in the fingers of her left hand, that made it come out sloped like a lemon with a hole in the centre. Your grandma taught her the trick, and young Bentley used to torment her to show him the way it was done; but he was sure to spoil the shape of her ball, when she was ready to box his ears, and never let him off till he unwound it again.

"One evening, I remember going in after he had tangled up her yarn, so that it was impossible to unravel it. She was on her knees before the hearth, blushing and laughing, as she tried to make the thread run evenly from a heap of yarn he had left on the floor; the firelight struck through her curls till they shone like floss gold, and she now and then lifted her eyes to his in a way that brought my heart into my mouth. It was frank and open like a child's: but he was looking down upon her, and I didn't like the way her eyes fell, or to see her neck and face turn scarlet when she saw Hetty and I looking so steadily at her.

"Hetty seemed to be took back more than I To own the truth, mebby I shouldn't have noticed it much if she hadn't looked so white, and if her eyes hadn't met mine with a wild sort of glitter in them that I had never seen before.

"Well, after a little, Sarah, what with breaking and pulling, unsnarled the yarn, and got up from her knees, laughing in a forced way, and flinging back her curls with a sarcy toss of her head, which made me a'most want to kiss her without another word; but Hetty looked more sober than ever, so I put on a serious face, and says I,

"'Well, gals, what do you and Mr. Bentley say to a sleigh-ride? The moon's out, and the sky is chuck full of stars. There's just frost enough to give the snow a glitter, and to make the bells heard a mile off. Supposing we take a drive over the hill, and call on-

"'Oh, yes,' says Sarah, clapping her hands, 'it'll be an excuse for Dan to call at the Deacons' three times this week; I thought he looked restless at tea time. What do you say, Hetty, dear?-as for Mr. Bentley, of course he goes or stays, as we determine.'

"Mr. Bentley laughed and said, 'He was ready to follow the ladies anywhere;' at which the gals ran up stairs to get their things, and I went to the barn to hitch up the team.

"In less than ten minutes I was at the front out, while Bentley read to them; sometimes I as you ever saw, all covered with bells, and crazy to be off. It was a double-seated sleigh, with plenty of buffalo robes, and two little footstoves in the bottom, that your grandma brought out to keep the gals' feet warm.

"Out came the two gals in their long cloaks, trimmed with fur, and black velvet bonnets with ostrich plumes fluttering at the sides, each with her purty face buried in a muff.

"Hetty came down to the side of the sleigh first. while Sarah stood dancing up and down on the steps to keep her feet warm.

"'Come, Hetty,' says I, a holding out one hand, 'you set with me and help drive.' She seemed a little out of sorts, you know, and I saw her tnrn away from Mr. Bentley when he came up. This was the reason I asked her to set in front with me.

"She drew back behind her muff, and I saw her look suddenly up at Bentley.

"'Oh, yes! get in, get in!' he said, smiling. 'Come, Miss Sarah.'

"Hetty caught hold of my hand and sprang into the sleigh without a word. I was busy holding in the team with one hand, and pulling up the buffalo skins around Hetty with the other, and scarcely noticed what the pair behind were doing till Bentley called out,

"'Here we are, snug and comfortable; touch the horses up with a flourish, Hart; I feel like a bird to-night!'

"'A bird of passage, or a bird of prey?' said Sarah, mischievously; 'one thing is certain, Dan, he is in the wrong nest. I would much rather have sister Hetty by me.'

"Hetty did not pretend to hear, but I felt her shiver as if with the sudden cold, and pulled the robe over her again, saying, softly, that 'Hetty belonged to me.'

"As I tightened the reins and shook out my whip, it seemed to me that I heard a sob, but that minute the horses started, the bells gave a loud clash, and away we whirled around the house, and up the turnpike like a flash of lightning set to music.

"If you want to see rale downright fun, gal, try a genuine sleigh-ride on a night like that. Horses with their blood on fire-bells running over with music-roads beat down to marblesnow-balls rattling from the horses' hoofs-clouds of steam pouring from their nostrils and freezing into little icicles on the under jaw-whip cracking on the frosty air, and all the naked trees, with every twig and bough pictured on the snowcrust that spreads and glitters miles and miles ? around you; with the moon smiling over head, and lots on lots of stars blinking and sparkling shivering, as if she was a-cold." in its path. I tell you agin, gal, if there is genuine fun in the world, that's it."

"Oh, how I should like to have one good ride like that," said Gillian, sparkling all over with excitement.

"You shall, gal-when snow comes you shall, or my name isn't Daniel Hart," said the farmer, heartily.

"With such horses, plenty of bells, and you to drive, uncle?"

"Yes, yes, we'll have the old times over again: trust uncle Dan for the team. He's up to a winter campaign yet."

"And we shall take the same road, and stop at the deacon's?"

The farmer drew back in his chair.

"The same road, gal? Stop at the deacon's? God help us, gal, the deacon, his wife, and that young creature, has been dead these ten years. The old house is torn down, and the grave-yard crowds close up to the road as you pass. No. Gillian, you shall have the sleigh-ride, but we must go round the hill, not over it, as we did that night."

"Well, you had a pleasant evening, then, uncle; and that is a great deal, because the memory of one happy evening lives forever, you know-forever and ever; so tell me of that one happy ride, and we will trust heaven for the next, which is sure to come-for I always find my wishes sooner or later, like fairy gifts, dear uncle."

The old man looked down upon her with a glance of hearty affection.

"Always chirk and full of hope, just as she was!"

"But I'm afraid-just the least bit afraid, you know, uncle-that my dear mamma was making a fool of Mrs. Bentley; you remember about the back seat, and all that?"

"It may be I don't pretend to understand it up to this day. Your mother was a young critter that none of us could calculate upon; not even Hetty, who always says that we had no right to judge her, because she was so far above us all."

"Then that pale little lady-aunt Hetty-how strange it seems that you should be telling of sleigh-rides which she enjoyed, just as I should now. That nice little lady remembers and loves my mother yet. I'll go and kiss her in the morning, hang back as she will-just see if I don't."

"Yes, if ever one human being loved another, Hetty loved your mother; to this day, she never mentions her name without growing pale and

"Dear lady!"

"That night she seemed troubled about



something; but we had not driven a mile before § she took her hand out of its muff, and turning down to New York; and, in a week or two, Hetty round, held it out to Sarah, smiling so sweetly started down there on a visit to an aunt of ours

"'Is not this a lovely evening, Sarah?'

"Then Sarah stooped forward and pretended } to whisper, while she kissed Hetty on the cheek, would not think of, till young Bentley leaned for- } ward and whispered something, which I could not hear in the clash of the bells, but Hetty got up pleasantly, while Sarah threw back the her aunt late in the winter, and came home with buffalo robes, and sprang over into the seat at my side, laughing gleefully all the time, and flinging her arms around me to steady herself. Then we all settled down again, and I started the horses with a crack of the whip that set them off like lightning; and in less than ten minutes we were sitting round a great wood fire in Deacon Warner's west room, with a tray of red cheeked apples glowing on the hearth, and a great stone pitcher of ginger cider hissing under the red-hot poker that the deacon was warming it up with.

"Bentley rather hung back when the deacon handed round the cider-mug covered with yaller froth, but after he fairly took hold there was no stopping him.

"I dare say you wouldn't have thought much of that evening; but I consider it about as near heaven as a feller is likely to reach on this side the grave. There was my two sisters, looking like angels in the fire-light; and there was the gal I loved better than my own life, holding the tray of apples on her knee, while she tried one, and then another, with her thumb and finger, searching out the mellowest for them; and there was Mrs. Warner, knitting away for dear life by a little round candle-stand, and Deacon Warner on both knees in the corner cracking but-nuts with a big hammer, which he handed round after the apples and cider. Yes, Gillian, we counted apple-seeds, and swung red parings three times round, dropping them into letters on } the floor; mine always would turn out an H. Our Hannah was named after her mother, you { B's, at which both blushed and looked at each writing isn't clear.' other so shyly. It really was a very pleasant ? ""I took the letter. It was directed to William evening, especially after I went back the last Eentley, Esq., in Sarah's handwriting, but I time, after settling the rest in the sleigh, and could hardly make it out; the letters seemed to took a last drink of cider, and a kiss that was have been tumbled down over the paper. werth ten thousand times as much. Certainly ever spent.

"A little while after this Mr. Bentley went in the starlight, and saying, in her low, mild in the city; she only went for a visit of two er three weeks, but, somehow, it was spring before she was ready to come home, and I remember very well the daffadowndillas were out in the garden before she got back. If it hadn't been and insisted on changing seats, which Hetty | for my wedding I don't believe that she would have came back so soon, for she seemed restless and homesick enough all the spring.

> "I forgot to tell you that Sarah went to visit Hetty. She, too, was a good bit sobered down, and all her sparkling cheerfulness died out. I couldn't help seeing, at times, that she cried a good deal in the night, for her eyes were red, and she looked worn and tired of mornings, as if something lay heavy on her mind.

> "I asked about Mr. Bentley, and if the gals had seen him often; but they seemed shy of the subject, and I calculated that he hadn't been sociable in the city, as they had a right to expect he would be. Altogether everything at home seemed to go wrong, and if it hadn't been a busy time with me just before my wedding, I should have insisted on knowing the reason why.

"But I got married, and while my young wife was getting ready for housekeeping, I spent purty much all the time at Deacon Warner's, so happy myself, that I near about forgot the gals. Something happened, though, that troubled me a little. The post-office was about half way between our house and Deacon Warner's, and one morning, when I was riding home, bright and early, who should I see but our Sarah, with her white sun-bonnet and shawl, a going into the post-office with a letter in her hand. She came out after a minute, and, before I could ride up, turned into a foot-path that gave her a short cut across the meadows. I always stopped at the office for letters and papers as I went along, and so rode up to the door, calling out to know if that was a pleasant evening, take it all together; there was anything for our folks. The postmaster came to the door with a paper in his hand and a letter, which he handed to me saying,

"'Mr, Hart, I can't quite make this direction know-and both Sarah's and Hetty's were exact \ out: it seems to be for New York city, but the

"The whole thing took me by surprise. What it was one of the pleasantest evenings that I on arth could Sarah be writing to that young feller about? And why didn't she wait and send

the letter by me, as everybody else did? While I sat puzzling over it the post-master stood a looking at me.

"I reckon you can't make it out more than I can,' says he, laughing, and eyeing me sort of curious, as if he thought there was something strange about the letter. This brought me to myself.

"'Oh! yes,' says I, 'it's all plain enough; put it into the York mail and it'll go straight. If you've sent any before you ought to know that.'

"It was mean to pry into Sarah's secrets in that way, but I didn't think of it then.

"'No,' says he, 'I never sent any in that handwriting afore, and I shouldn't a known it if Miss Sarah hadn't brought the letter herself.'

""Well, she's saved me the trouble,' says I. 'Good morning,' and off I rode.

"Just where the footpath crossed the road below our house, I met Sarah, walking along with her head down, as if she was counting the dandelions in her path.

"'Hallo! Sarah,' says I, a riding up to the fence just as she came up, 'what on earth brought you out so early in the morning?'

"She looked up with a start, and half a scream; then I saw that she had been orying, for drops hung on her eye-lashes, and though she tried to laugh, it was more like sobbing.

"'Oh! Dan, is it you?' she said, turning round so that I needn't see her brush the tears away. 'It's a beautiful morning, isn't it? I've found ever so many violets by the brook up yonder, and as for dandelions, the whole meadow lot's golden with them; then the peppermint is just beginning to sprout: capital weather for whitening cloth, isn't it? has Hannah got her webs on the grass yet?'

"She spoke all in a hurry, huddling her words together, and catching breath at every stop; her eyes kept turning from one thing to another, and the color came and went in her face, as if she was half frightened to death; and so she was, poor thing!"

"I felt like choking, it seemed so unnatural for Sarah to act in that way, and at last I says, 'Sarah,' says I, 'what have you been writing to Mr. Bentley about? And why didn't you keep the letter for me to carry?'

"She turned as white as new milk, and her eyes glanced on me with a wild look, as I've seen rabbits do when the trap was opened; but this look didn't last long; all at once her eyes brightened up, and she turned on me in her old, saucy way.

""What is it to you how my letters get to the post-office,' says she, 'or who I write to either? One woman's as much as you can manage, and she lives over the hill. Leave me to take care of my own business!"

"'But what can you have to write about?' says I, feeling my face grow hot, for it was no joke to wrestle with our Sarah when her grit was up.

"'Well,' says she, trying to laugh, 'supposing I wanted him to send me a book of poems that's just come out; is there any harm in that?'

"'No, not if you sent the money to pay for it, and father made no objections'

"'Father?' says she, and her lips turned cold and white. 'Father, what is the use in mentioning a trifle like that to him?'

"'It isn't a trifle if you make a secret of it, Sarah,' says I, almost sternly.

"'You—you won't mention it,' says she, coming close to the fence, and clasping her hands on the upper rail. 'That's a dear, good brother now, do mind your own business; scold Hannah, I dare say it will do her good; but don't concern yourself about what you will never understand, it can only make mischief.'

"'This is very strange, Sarah,' I was going to say, but she stopped me with a wave of her hand.

"'There—there! I tell you, Daniel Hart, I am doing everything for the best. You have no right to think otherwise. Let me alone—oh! let me alone!'

"She held up her clasped hands when she spoke, as a little child prays, and the tears rolled down her cheeks as I've seen the dew fall from a rose in the morning. I shook my head; then her face fell forward on her hands, and she began to sob.

""Oh! Dan, brother Dan, you are cruel to me, very, very cruel; this comes of getting married, you do not care for us now. It would be a nice thing to get your poor sister into trouble about nothing. You and Hannah would enjoy it, I dare say. She put you up to it, I know that. Well, I have lost my brother, that's all—my only brother, that never refused me anything till now!"

""Sarah,' says I, after a swaller or two—for somehow I felt the tears rising—"Sarah, I dare say it's all about nothing, only you want to be romantic, and have secrets, like the heroines in books; but somehow these things don't work themselves out clear in real life. You're young, and so full of wits, that I sometimes feel anxious about you. It would break my heart, dear, if any harm should come to you; so don't be mad

because I ask questions-it's all for your own good, Sarah.'

- "She began to sob like a baby.
- "'I know-I know it is; but don't say anything more about that letter; it's given me trouble enough without that, I'm sure.'
- "I felt sorry for the poor gal, but yet it didn't seem right to let her go on writing to a dashing young feller in secret. 'If it goes so agin the grain to talk with me, promise one thing, and I'll be content; just tell sister Hetty all about She's a sober, steady gal, and won't sanction anything that has danger in it; tell her about the letter, and I won't interfere.
- "She looked up, looking earnestly into my face; at last her eyes began to sparkle, and she laughed.
- "'Hetty?' says she; 'you will leave it with Hetty?
- "'Yes, I can trust Hetty; only tell her all about it, fair and square-promise that.'
- "'Oh, yes, I promise that!' says she, laughing again, though her eves filled with tears; 'but you must make me a promise also.
- "'Well, what is it?' says I, laughing too-for I was relieved at the thought of trusting the affair with our Hetty.
- "'That you won't mention the letter to any living soul-not even to your wife.'
  - ""Well, I promise that."
- "'Nor mother; and above all, not to father," she went on, earnestly.
- "I thought it over a minute, and made the promise.
- ""Nor-nor to Hetty either,' says she, looking at me as if afraid that I would refuse.
- ""Well,' says I, 'pledge me your sacred word of honor that you will tell Hetty everything, and I will not mention the subject again. She will keep you straight, I'm sure of that.
- "'I pledge my sacred word of honor,' says she, gravely, while the tears swam in her eyes.
- "'That's a good gal, says I, reaching out one 'There, now, give me a kiss, and jump hand. on behind.
- "She sprang to the top of the fence, puckered up her lips till they glowed like an apple blossom, and gave me an old-fashioned kiss, that went straight to the heart.
- "'There, you old darling,' says she, throwing her shawl across the horse, springing up behind me as light as a bird, and clasping my waist with an affectionate hug, 'there, you blessed old darling, we're friends again; so now strike into a trot as quick as you like, but don't tell anybody "The gals looked as purty as picters that that I've been farther than the Spring Meadow, afternoon, in their white muslin dresses, bowed

- "I promised to keep her secret, and put the horse on his metal. He was used to carrying double, and went off like an arrow.
- "Hetty stood on the stoop as we rode up, looking down the road. She turned and went into the house without speaking a word, and Sarah followed her, looking down-hearted enough. I suppose she hated to tell about the letter.
- "Well, about a week after this, an answer came to the letter in Bentley's hand-writing. had told Sarah not to inquire for it, for the manner of the postmaster didn't quite please me. I was right; for when the letter came, he made a great mystery about it, and wanted to send a private message; but I cut the matter short, asked for the letter, and carried it off. Sarah trembled like a leaf when I gave it to her-tore it open, then put it into her bosom, blushing and turning white every instant, while Hetty stood looking at her, still as death.
  - "'Remember your promise,' says I to Sarah.
- "She took the letter from her bosom, and going up to Hetty, handed it to her, though she had not read a word herself.
- "'There,' says she, flushing red, and turning her face full on mine, 'will that satisfy you?'
- "Hetty took the letter without a word, and seemed to read it steadily, but she did not turn over the page, and after setting still awhile, got up and went into the house.
- "Sarah followed her, and just as I was preparing to go away again, came to the stoop smiling, quite out of breath.
- "'There, it is all right,' she whispered. 'Next week Mr. Bentley will be here with his consinanother Mr. Bentley-and then you will know what he has been writing about.'
- "I felt relieved by her words, and rode over to the deacon's, happier than I had been for a week.
- "I saw but little of the gals after that, for they were too busy preparing the house for visitors; everything was at sixes and sevenscarpets taken up-curtains hung-counterpanes whitened-and ceilings whitewashed on the day that young Bentley and his cousin was expected; everything was in order, and the old homestead looked cheerful as a spring morning. places were full of hemlock and pine-tops; and at every corner you found an old mug or pitcher crowded full of apple-blossoms, lilacs, and snow-balls, till the rooms were scented like a garden.
- or they'll torment me to death with questions.' Sup in front with blue ribbons; but they seemed

restless and anxious, too, as if they didn't know (That minute the blast of a horn rung through what to do with themselves.

"Toward night we all went out into the stoopfor my wife had come over, and looked as nice breath. as any of them—if Sarah was the most beautiful; ? and they made a putty show, fluttering around her arms. 'Oh, my God, have mercy!-have in their white dresses, like so many pigeons, { mercy!' waiting to be fed. At last, just as the sun was beginning to sink behind the hills, we saw a we followed them in terror. The stage was carriage coming round a curve of the turnpike, \times thundering down the hill; we caught one glimpse that you can see from the stoop away down the of the carriage, which went over and over down valley. It was moving along what we call the the precipice; the sharp yell of the horses came dug road, with a steep hill on one side, and a to where we stood—and then all was still. I precipice below—a dangerous spot always for looked around; Hetty lay cold and stiff as skittish horses, and one I never liked to travel death on the stoop, while Sarah fell down at in the night.

"Just as we saw Mr. Bentley's carriage ap-\ moaning as if her heart was broken." pear on this road, a stage coach came over the hill, thundering along as if it had lost time.

the valley, and while it filled the air, a sharp cry from one of the gals made us all catch our

"'See! see!' shrieked Sarah, flinging up

"Her wild eyes were bent on the distanceher side, shielding her with both arms, and

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## SONG-THE MAID OF ARDEE.

BY A NEW CONTRIBUTOR.

## (AIR, JENNY JONES.)

THE ship in the offing was rocked by the billows; The signal for sailing at length was displayed; The lovers both sat on the brook edged with willows, Where oft in the long summer evening they strayed. "I'm going," said Jimmy, with tender emotion, While blinked the big tear in his bonny blue 'ee, "To buffet the tempests on life's stormy ocean,

And leave far behind me the maid of Ardee.

"Farewell, then, to Jenny-farewell to my dearest; Repine not that fortune should call me away; When the cloud is the lowest the rain-drops are nearest The darkness of night's but the opening of day.

The goal is before me-my heart it is in it, As long as the guerdon is coupled with thee; Never fear but young Jemmy will dauntlessly win it, And bring home the prize to the maid of Ardee.

"Farewell, then, to Jenny; may heaven's protection, Vouchsafe to my darling its sheltering care; Never fear but young Jemmy, led by its direction Shall win, and with Jeuny his trophies shall share." One last look he took with such tender emotion, And kissed the big tear that tricked down from her 'est When his boat like an arrow shot over the ocean, And Jimmy's soon lost to the maid of Ardee.

## OH! FOOLISH MILLER!

BY MARCELLA M. HINES.

FOOLISH Miller! circling, fluttering Nearer to the brilliant light; Don't you know it cares not for you-That its touch would kill you quite? Go away, the sky is pleasant Out of doors; the night is sweet, And the air is pure and fragrant, With the breath of flowers replete.

Go in peace! infatuation Stronger grows while near you stay; And the light burns clearer, brighter-You had better go away, Break at once the magic circle-You are quite bewildered now, Thinking how 'twere best approaching-You had better not learn how.

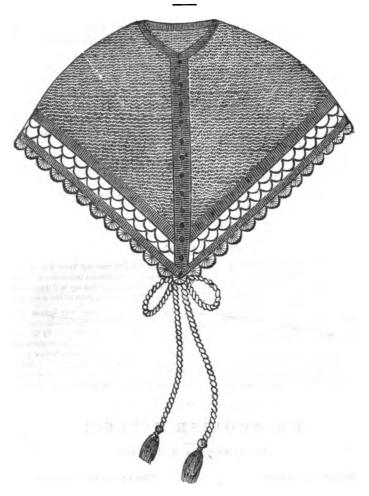
What a pleasant song the taper, In low, fitful murmurs sings, 'Tis not best that thou should'st listen. Foolish Miller, lost thy wings? Up the light in triumph rushing, Folds him in its blinding glare; Wrecked in beauty and in being-He bemoans too late the snare. Ah! how many with a birthright Far above the silly moth, Circle round some gay temptation-Drawing nearer, nothing loth; Heeding not this simple lesson;

Counting not the fearful cost,

Till one day a weeping angel Writes—a priceless soul is lost!

# TO KNIT A SONTAG.

MRS. JANE



row. The best way to widen, is to knit the first stitch, then instead of taking it off on the second } needle, put it back upon the first, making an } extra stitch. Knit 99 rows-making this extra { the back. Then take off upon a third needle, one half the number of stitches, and eight be-156

MATERIALS.-2 oz. blue zephyr, 1 oz. black; side. Keep these in reserve for one front of the zephyr, 1 pair bone needles, 1 bone crochet hook. \ work. The stitches upon the second needle, knit With the blue wool cast on 16 stitches, knit as before, continuing to widen, though only at plain-widening 1 stitch at the beginning of the the beginning of every other row-the intermediate rows are to be narrowed 1 stitch at the beginning of the rows. Knit until the work is wide enough to fit the figure. Bind off all the stitches upon the needle, and 16 of those on the stitch at the beginning of every row. This forms { reserve side, to form the neck. Then knit this front precisely as the first one.

FOR THE BORDER.-Use the black wool and

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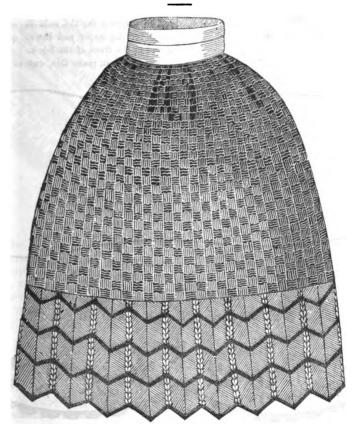
crochet hook. to 10 rows, all round the work. Then make a \( \) de in the 8th stitch from the 1st shell pattern \*. chain of 8 stitches, work it in the 5th stitch of } FOR THE BUTTON.—Procure some large wood last row; 8 chain again in next 5th stitch. \{ moulds. Crochet a small circle (with the blue

Crochet in single crochet from 6 3 stitches, (in one stitch of plain row,) \* 1 ch, 7

Repeat until this row is complete. Work 2 rows wool) in single crochet. Cover the moulds with in this way—1 row single crochet. Edge with 1 these pieces. Cord, color of buttons. Cord and row shell work, which is done by making 7 dc tassels for the waist, and the Sontag is complete.

## KNIT AN INFANT'S PETTICOAT.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



MATERIALS.—6 oz. white Saxony wool, small | stitch, knit 11; throw the thread forward, knit wooden needles.

Cast on 428 stitches.

1st Row .- Knit plain.

2nd Row .- Purl.

8rd Row .- Knit plain.

4th Row .- Purl.

5th Row.-Knit 2 stitches plain, throw the } thread forward, knit 11 \*, take off the 12th, knit { yard in depth. The upper part of the skirt is

1; throw the thread forward, knit 11 \* to the end of the needle.

6th Row .- Purl.

7th Row.—Same as 5th. Repeat this for 12 pattern rows; then knit 4 rows alternate plain and purl stitch.

Knit this pattern until you have a border 1 two together, bind the 12th over this narrowed knitted either in blocks or plain. The design is the 4 plain stitches come together on the 4 rows { seen in the design. —the purl the same. The next row of blocks, }

in blocks, which is done by knitting 4 stitches the plain stitches must come over the purled plain, 4 purl, 4 rows deep-observing to make ones-the purled ones over the plain, as may be

## INFANT'S SHOE.

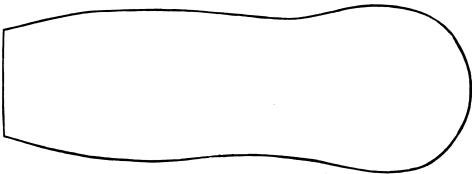
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



WE give, this month, a pattern for an Infant's Shoe, with full-sized diagrams by which to cut it out.

The diagram for the sole is annexed below: those for the upper and lower quarters will be found in the front of the book.

Any lady can make this, out of such material as she prefers.



BOLE OF INFANT'S SHOE.

# VARIETIES IN EMBROIDERY.



FOR CHEMISE YOKE.



EDGING.

## VARIETIES FOR THE MONTH.

BY OUR "FASHION EDITOR."

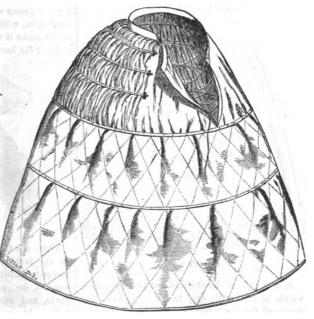


CHENILLE SHAWL.

and black. But if you wish the shawl to have a gayer and more dressy look, by turning the other side, stripes of scarlet and black are shown with a border of a plainer effect. The fringe is grey, with here and there a drop of scarlet and black chemille. These, and similar tasteful shawls, can be sold from prices ranging from ten dollars to fifteen.

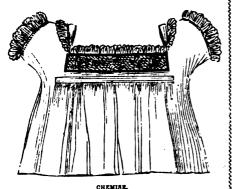
The Isabella Skirt, made by Douglas & Sherwood, New York, is peculiarly adapted to the present season, combining as it does all the advantages of a hoop and quilted skirt. The bottom is bordered to the depth of half a yard or more with white quilting, edged with a heavy cord. Three light flexible steel hoops are introduced in the upper portion of the akirt. The back forms an ad-

WE are glad to see that shawls are so extensively popular this winter. For several years we have called public attention to the graceful character of this description of wrap. No mantilla, ever made, equals the shawl in beauty. Among our wealthier classes the India shawl is becoming quite common. Square shawls of this exquisite fabric may be had for all prices, from one hundred dollars up to six or seven hundred; and long shawls for sums ranging from three hundred dollars up to a thousand, or even more. L. J. Levy & Co.. of Chesnut street, Philadelphia, have had, for several years, the finest assortment of these Cashmeres ever imported into America. Shawls may be had, however, of every price, both at their establishment and elsewhere, of great beauty; for in no other department of manufactures, perhaps, have such strides been made in taste, as in women's shawls. T. S. Evans & Co., another fashionable dry-good's firm of Philadelphia, have a beautiful Chenille Shawl, an engraving of which we give, and which is one of the novelties of the season. When folded on one side the shawl is of a plain grey color, with a Greek border in scarlet



THE ISABELLA SEIRT.

a series of upright bands of white tape, placed { can prepare one for herself. at equal distances, and extending from the band to the quilting.



Genin, of New York, has a great variety of elegant linen, for infants and ladies. the most tasteful is a chemise, trimmed with lace, an engraving of which we give. Another very elegant affair is an infant's robe, of which

also we give an engraving.

A new style of head-dress has just appeared, which, as it is quite easy to make, we have had engraved for our hundred thousand subscribers. The materials are ribbon and artificial flowers, York.

justable bustle, while the front is composed of ; and from the pattern we give, any lady of taste



The same may be said of the beautiful collar and neck-tie, an illustration of which we annex. There is hardly a country store even, with any pretensions, that cannot furnish the materials for this pretty article: nor any reader of "Peterson," who, with the aid of the engraving, cannot either make it for herself, or instruct another to make it for her.

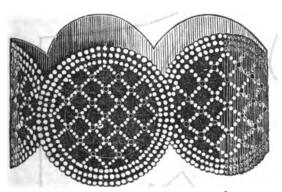


COLLAR AND NECK-TIE.

These are the principal novelties of the month. In the fashion department proper, are given, however, additional patterns, comprising cloaks, bonnets, &c., some from designs imported from Paris, and others from articles made up, by fashionable modistes, in Philadelphia and New

# NAPKIN RING.

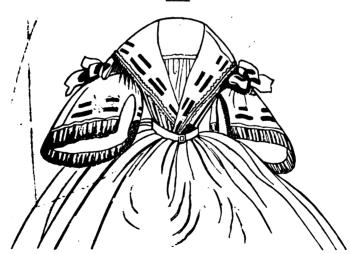
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



This elegant article is to be worked with steel, should like to see more popular; for it is entirely beads on velvet. It is at once economical and a false idea, which thinks nothing can be beautasteful, one of a kind of ornament which we tiful unless it is expensive.

# THE SURPLICE DRESS BODY.

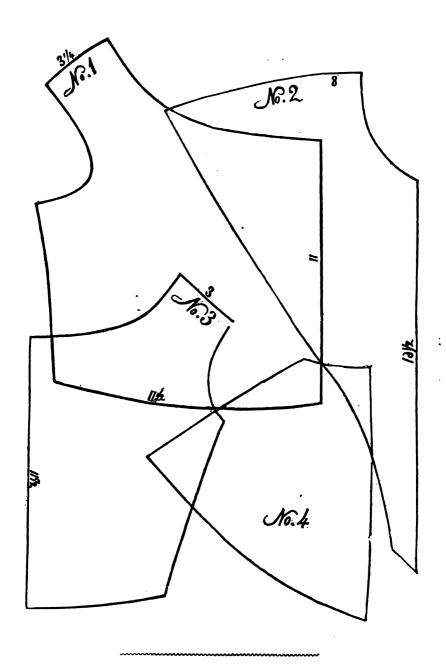
BY EMILY H. MAY.



THIS graceful dress body has just appeared, size of each piece being marked, it will be obin Paris, where it is very popular: and accord-served, in inches along each side. ingly we have had it engraved for "Peterson," and a diagram prepared by which to cut out a paper pattern. Such a pattern can be made, by any subscriber, by enlarging the diagram, the VOL XXXV.-11

- No. 1. HALF THE FRONT.
- No. 2. FRONT OF PELERINE.
- No. 3. HALF THE BACK.
- No. 4. BACK OF PELERINE.

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EDGING.



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## SPANISH POLKA.

## FOR A CHILD OF TWO OR THREE YEARS OLD.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



on 242 stitches, and knit two plain rows. Now ? first. tie n bit of white thread at the 36th from each end, and at the 56th from them. These four 2 plain rows, then the brioche stitch. Gradually pieces of cotton serve to mark the places where decrease two ribs at each edge, and knit about you are to decrease by knitting three together 6 inches. Now cast off 24 stitches at each edge, in every alternate row, after the 24th.

Begin the pattern, which is ordinary brioche stitch, adding three stitches at the end of every row, until there are 86 more at each end; in the the depth of an inch with claret wool, and cast next row cast on 21 more at the end, and when \( \) off. Then with the white wool, and the same you come to the end of the next row do the same. I needles, take up stitches along the two ends and Meantime after 24 rows done without decreasing, one side, and knit one row. 2nd. † Knit 2, make you will take in three stitches at each of the one by bringing the thread before the needle. white threads, in every other row, until you have \( \dagger + all round. 3rd. Purled. 4th. + knit 2, make decreased, in each place, 27 stitches. To pro- 1, knit 1, make 1, + repeat to the end. 5th. duce the proper effect take in first at one side, Purled. 6th. Cast off. This finishes the collar. and then at the other of the white thread, so } that a ridge from each side disappears alter- finish to this polka, is done with the coarse nately. You may then do 60 rows, without in- needles in Pyrenees wool. It is double, and is creasing or diminishing. It will be necessary to be done as follows. Cast on 30 stitches, and make button-holes at one edge, at the distance knit one plain row. of every 30 rows, thus: Knit 6 stitches, cast 9 1st Pattern Row off the left-hand needle, by passing one over together, knit 6. † repeat till 7 only are left. another without knitting them; then cast on 6 3 Make 1, knit 7. on the right-hand needle, in this way diminishing by 8 at every button-hole; at the other edge 1, purl 1, make 1, purl 2 together, purl 3, purl do not decrease at all. You now form a gusset \2 together. † to the end; purl the last 5. for underneath the arms by making a stitch on 3 3rd Row .- Knit 4, knit 2 together, † make 1,

each side the ridge which runs up from the side of the outer decreasings, nearest to the front: at each you will increase 18 stitches in as many rows, as the alternate ones only have the made stitches. Continue to knit in the brioche stitch.

In the next row, knit as far as the first 18 stitches. Turn back; cast off the 18, and knit the others backward and forward as usual, forming one side of the front, up to the shoulder, for 36 rows; always continuing to make the buttonholes at equal distances, if this is the side for them. Now cast off a stitch loosely at the end of every row, until one stitch only is left. Draw the wool through. Now continue the piece for the back, from the gusset; knit across the back, to the end of the other 18 stitches, turn; cast MATERIALS .- 6 oz. claret 4 thread Berlin wool; them off, and do 86 rows; then cast off a stitch 1 oz. of white Pyrenees ditto; a pair of knitting- at the end of every row, until 8 ribs are cast off needles with heads, No. 8, and another, No. 10. at each edge. Cast off the remainder. Do the With the claret wool and finest needles cast other side of the front to correspond with the

> FOR THE SLEEVES .- Cast on 99 stitches, knit and knit eight rows before casting off the remainder.

> THE COLLAR.-Cast on 102 stitches, and do

The deep lace frill, which gives so elegant a

1st Pattern Row .- Knit 7. + make 1, knit 2

2nd Row .- Purl 5. Purl 2 together, + make

knit 3, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 1, knit 2 3 together, † to the end, when make 1, knit 8, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 4.

4th Row .- Purl 8, purl 2 together; + make 1, purl 5, make 1, purl 8 together, † to the end.

These four rows form one pattern, and must be repeated five times, after which do two plain rows, and slip all the stitches on a finer needle.

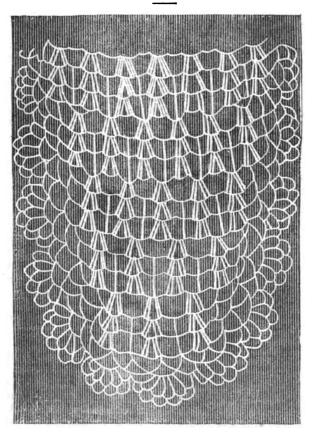
Do another piece with a depth of only two patterns, and two plain rows. Then holding the two pieces of lace together, knit one row with a stitch off each needle, thus uniting the two frills. Do another plain row, and a series of holes, thus: Knit 3, † make 1, slip 1, knit 2 (not together,) stitch may be glad to learn that it is simply-; pass the slip stitch over. † repeat to the end, Sbring the thread in front, slip 1 as if purling, when the last three are to be knitted plain. 1 knit 2 together, †. The wool of which these purled row; 1 plain ditto. Cast off To be polkas are made is the finest Spanish. sewed round the bottom of the jacket.

To trim the sleeves, cast on 96 stitches, and work in the same way. When three patterns are done, begin the upper frill, to which do two before joining them. Complete like that for the body, and sew on to the sleeve, closing it up the edge.

Now sew up the shoulders, add the collar and sleeves, and plait some white 8-thread fleecy, to make the trimming down the fronts and round the neck. The buttons are covered also with pieces of white knitting, so that, every part washes.

Those who are not acquainted with brioche

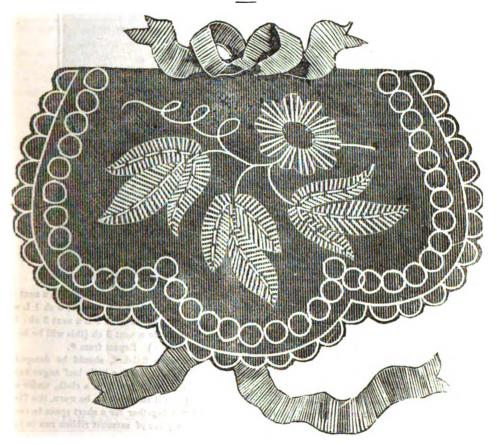
## CROCHET COIFFURE.



A PRETTY coiffure, which may be crocheted { The pattern is so easy that a detailed description in any color that suits the taste of the wearer. } will not, we think, be necessary.

## A NEEDLE BOOK.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER,



From this pattern a very pretty needle-book ( gold, green and gold, or other colors that harmay be worked. It may be done in blue and monize.

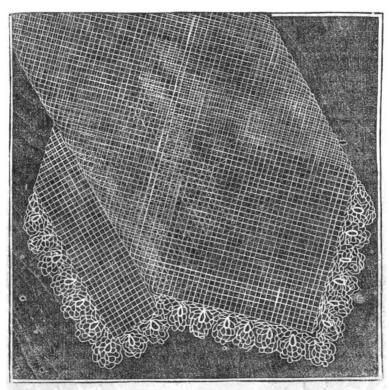
## GENTLEMAN'S NECK-TIE.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

for gentlemen to wear at evening parties. The two skeins of fine black purse silk, and 1 skein present pattern is taken from an English journal, very fine indeed, for border at the ends. A netand has been engraved for "Peterson's Maga-} ting needle, and No. 14 steel mesh, No. 8 Penczine" for some time; but has been crowded out { lope hook. by more important things.

This is becoming quite a fashionable article ; The Neck-Tie is netted. The materials are

Make a foundation of some other material 200



stitches long; net 2 or 3 rows to make it firm; ? then commence with the silk, and after the 2nd } row, or diamond, increase 1 stitch at every alternate row at each end, until 85 rows are netted; } then decrease 1 stitch (by not netting into the last stitch) of every alternate row at each end, until 85 rows more are netted, end with 2 rows ? of 200 stitches.

loop of netting; 5 ch dc u each loop of netting. 1st loop; \* 3 ch 1 L u next 5 ch; 5 ch 1 more L { keep it firm. u same; 8 ch 1 L u same; 8 ch dc u next 5 ch.

Repeat from \*.

3rd.—T, 3 ch de u 1st 3 ch; \* 3 ch 1 L u next : 3 ch 1 L u 5 ch; 3 ch 1 L u same; 5 ch 1 L u same; 3 ch 1 L u same; 3 ch 1 L u next 3 ch; 3 ch 1 L u next; do u next 8 ch (this will be between the scallops.) Repeat from \*.

This Tie, when finished, should be damped with cold water, in which a little loaf sugar has been dissolved; then put it in a cloth, under a FOR THE BORDER.—1st Row.—Dc u the 1st \ weight, to press it smooth. To be worn, the Tie should be run together for a short space in the 2nd.—T (or turn on reverse side;) 5 ch dc u centre, and a piece of sarsenet ribbon run in to

## COLLAR IN EMBROIDERY.

tacked together as in the collar. The small collar can be worked narrower.

This beautiful collar, the illustration of which , wheels are worked in button-hole stitch entirely. is given in the front of the number, has been } The large wheel is done in English embroidery forwarded to us by a subscriber, who designed in the middle, and button-hole stitch on the outit herself. The small wheels and large one are side to prevent it from raveling. The round worked separately: cut out of the cloth and circle is worked in chain-stitch. If wished, the

## FIRE-SCREEN OF PHEASANTS' WINGS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



FIRE-SCREENS composed of the wings of pheasants, or other game, are both pretty and useful, and when hung at the fire-side, below the bellpull, form a nice addition to the decorations of a drawing-room. The wings must be cut off when the bird is fresh killed, and as near the body as possible; being careful not to ruffle the feathers. The wing must be stretched as in this



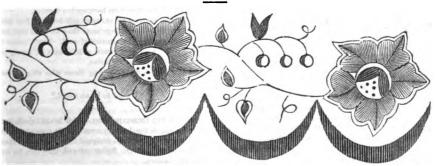
cut. To put them together, place the inner edges together, and sew them up to near the top feathers thus: when sewed, lay the screen



on a table, right side downward, and, having placed a double paper over the sewing, press it with a hot iron. When that side is done, turn the screen, and place a weight on the right side to give it a flat back; it is then fit to attach to the handle, a gilt one looks best: form rosettes of the large scarlet chenile, and sew one on each side so as to cover where the handle joins; a pair of scarlet chenile tassels and silk cord are required, as seen in design: the screen is hung by the loop of cord.

## ORIGINAL DESIGN IN EMBROIDERY.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



FOR SILK EMBROIDERY ON MUSLIN OR FLANNEL.

## EDITOR'S TABLE.

#### EDITORIAL CHIT-CHAT.

LITTLE CHILDREN.—We have often tried to imagine what the world would be without babies. Deplorable reveried during which our speculations have been the brownest kind of brown. No little flowers upspringing—no crocuses goldening the black and crusted earth—no tender grasses with delicious tints of emerald—no delicate vines; but instead a wilderness of great trees and deformed bushes, with scraggy foliage and demented trunks, with names cut upon them, on the outside, but hopelessly full of dust and ashes. No gracoful little hills or rivulets a spans breadth—no trickling waterfall's murmuring music—no silvery and incessantly busy little tongues—nothing but the high, heaven-soaring mountains, cracked and scamed, and broken with the convulsions of past centuries—nothing but vast, earth-swallowing oceans and tremendous Niagaras.

Oh! dear—a world full of men and women—but no little children! Think of it. There wouldn't be a bit of the milk of human kindness in this sublunary habitation, and we are constrained to think we should be overwhelmed with a deluge of vinegar.

Still, it gives us a sort of topsy-turvy feeling to come upon a squad of infantile Hibernians, with countenances like animated molasses cakes, and giving indisputable evidence of their origin from the dust of the earth, though in their case the dust has been plentifully mixed with water—I say it gives one a topsy-turvy feeling! There we see all the help-lessness of babyhood, all its trickery, all its bald, knownothingism, without the blessed influences of soap and water—sprawling instead of falling into graceful attitudes—or if falling at all, immersed in gallons of dirty suds—its dimples crusted with filth—its eyes filled with sand—its hands—"description can no farther go."

That sort of babyhood is very distressing to sentimental people, and yet there is a kind of pleasure in noting how thoroughly the little monkeys enjoy themselves. No screams of "Don't touch that!"—"Don't do this!"—"Don't do ther!" No costly Honiton laces, for pulling which many an embryo lover of the fine arts gets a hearty slapping, and the heart-ache beside—for slaps don't always stay on the outside, mind you! They penetrate and remain printed on the moral nerves, long after the red impression of the hand has faded.

Poor little chicks! it requires a gigantic amount of faith to see school-teachers, and ministers, and senators, and presidents, and all sorts of good things, emanating from those questionable pugnosed bables, and yet they have a better chance than the silken scions of wealth and leisure, who study the first principles of evil on a refined plan, that makes them, many of them, admirably developed villains in time.

And yet, it strikes us that there are very few real, living bables. What with the pinning and the bandaging, the mint-teas, the tossing, the irregular feeding, the rocking, the bare legs, arms and bosom, the overwrapped spine, and other known persecutions, the bables don't thrive. They are said often to be brought up by hand. We think in some cases it would be better if they could be brought up by machinery. So much pressing and worrying seldom result in the turn out of a healthy, happy, red-cheeked, energetic boy, who smashes almost everything he touches; but if trained right, smashes to good purpose when his hand acquires its man's strength and cunning. Who adds something to the world's wealth and thought and happiness, and makes the mother and the father exult with an honest pride that they have given character, as well as bone and sinew to the being they have trained.

Blessings on children—blessings on the mothers who have common sense enough not to spoil them before they can walk.

GLUTTONY.—"Do for pity's sake let the child have all he wants. How can I blame him for indulging in what I love and can't possibly do without?"

And so little Georgy had another piece of pie, and another doughnut, another cup of sloppy tea, and another dish of preserves.

Who wondered at his distressingly lazy yawns as he turned from the table? Who wondered that he lolled from sofa to sofa, grew cross and troublesome as night came on, and was finally carried grumbling and hateful to bed.

The feeding process is commenced in the morning. "Georgy wants pie-go get it out of the pantry. Jenny, cut a slice of fruit cake for the dear child to carry to school. Have you had enough, dear? Just a little more coffee—put plenty of milk in, Jenny. Dear little fellow! how he enjoys his food!"

Yes, and how he lounges over his desk at school! How his red eyes, glued with an unmeaning stare to his book, wink and blink! Hear his heavy sighs, the result of a distended stomach. See him forever yawning on the play-ground, only intermitting to filch—on the sly—a bit of plum cake or an apple from his pocket. Your gluttons are always stingy, mean and contemptible.

Parents—do you not know that an improper indulgence in rich and highly seasoned food has an effect not only upon the body, but the imagination, and the whole moral being?

To a child, especially to one possessed of a nervous temperament, and fine organization, with a mind so liable to be overwrought as of itself to feed upon life and wear it away, gluttony is a formidable enemy. It stimulates the passions and brings them prematurely into action. It weakens the power to resist temptation in more ways than one. It renders the blood, which should flow steadlly onward, like the pure river from its exhaustless fountain, thick and turbid in its swollen veins. It makes the drunkard, the debased and ruined debauchee. More vile animal natures in mature life are caused by this sinful selfishness, fostered by parents, than the world is aware of. More criminals fill the lonely cell, and sleep upon the damp flags of prison floors, brought there directly through the indulgence of the vice of gluttony, than can be estimated.

So please don't let Georgy eat till his eyes stand out. Please don't send him to school overfed to worry some poor teacher, who ought to have the patience of four-and-twenty Jobs all compressed in one. Don't say that you like to eat all you want, and, therefore, Georgy shall do likewise—because you may like the man who could digest ten-penny nails, and children seldom have such a faculty.

No—teach Georgy to exercise self-denial. Let him see that you value some things more than victuals and drink his future welfare—his immortal soul. Don't make him a walking batch of doughnuts, a holocaust of mince-pies, a hecatomb of meats and gravies.

Remember Georgy is among those who sing so sweetly sometimes,

"I want to be an angel."

OUR COLORED EMERLISHMENT.—This beautiful affair excels even the one in the January number. It consists of a purse, and a traveling bag, both designed expressly for "Peterson," by Mrs. Jane Weaver. Being colored, they can be worked from the pattern.



"Honor to Whom Honor is Dur."—We hardly ever look over a file of exchanges, without finding some story or poem, originally written for this Magazine, copied without credit. Generally, we suppose, this omission of an acknowledgment is unintentional: but it is to be regretted; for it deprives us } of a merited due. We try to publish the very best stories, and the fact that so many are copied is some proof that we do-is it not annoying, therefore, to find that we get credit for those very stories only about once in half a dozen times? Very frequently, the tales have been copied from English journals, which have pirated them from "Peterson." Lately, a leading Boston journal printed a sketch, which it heralded as translated from the German, but which we found to be one of our own bantlings, that had been kidnapped by a Berlin periodical, and from that translated back into its original mother-tongue. Will our exchanges oblige us, when they copy stories from "Peterson," by giving this Magazine the proper credit?

"Papa's BREAKFAST."—The mezzotint of "Miranda," in our January number, was universally praised. So also was "In the Bitter Cold." But we think "Papa's Breakfast," and "A Winter Night," will be equally popular. Neither of them require a description at our hands. "Papa's Breakfast," especially, is very beautiful. What a charming little dear it is! How carefully she carries the precious treasure that has been entrusted to her, and how proud she will be, when she reaches the field where her father is at work, and when he praises her, as he is sure to do, for having brought his meal so deftly! The "Winter Night" is hardly less beantiful, some may even think it more so. Certainly, nothing can excel the fidelity, with which the artist has reproduced the effect of moonlight, as seen on a still and frosty night.

THE COURTSHIP OF MILES STANDISH.—A charming photograph, representing the bride conducted home, has been published by J. F. Tilton & Co., of Boston, after a design by F. O. Darley. The picture is for sale, in Philadelphia, by W. G. Hazard. The precise lines in the poem, which the artist illustrates, are the following:

"Pleasantly murmured the brook, as they crossed the ford in the forest, Pleased with the image that passed, like a dream of love through its bosom."

A Word to New Contributors.—It is useless to send storice to us for publication unless they are of first-rate merit. Indeed, we have so much manuscript on hand, and so many contributors regularly engaged, that we shall be able to accept nothing, even if meritorious, unless it is short and to the point. Stories, from two to four printed pages long, are the only ones we want at present; but they must be racy and terse, or they have no chance of being published.

Avoid Hasti Words.—Be careful how and what you say, especially if you are angry or worried. A harsh word is easier spoken than recalled. A little monosyllable, hastily uttered, may pain a father, mother, husband, sister, or child for hours, perhaps for days. The Bible has said, "a soft answer turneth away wrath." Remember that, when your patience is tried, and speak gently, instead of angrily. Nothing is more lovely in woman than amiability.

New Music.—Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston, have just published "Lillian Lee," written and composed by J. McNaughton. S. T. Gordon, New York, has published, "Come Meet Me To-Night," a seronade, the words by J. McNaughton, the music by Francis H. Brown. Firth, Pond & Co., New York, have published "The Good Time Has Come," song and chorus, written and composed by J. McNaughton.

A FINE POEM.—Professor Lowell, of Harvard University, is the author of the following beautiful poem

Godminster! is it Fancy's play?
I know not, but the word
Sings in my heart, nor can I say
I dreamed the name, or heard;
Yet fragrant in my mind it clings
As blossom after rain,
And builds of half-remembered things
This vision in my brain.

Through aisles of long-drawn centuries
My spirit walks in thought,
And to that symbol lifts its eyes
Which God's own pity wrought;
From Calvary shines the altar's gleam,
The Church's East is there,
The sges one great minster seem
That throbs with praise and prayer.

And all the way from Calvary down,
The curven pavement shows
Their graves, who won the martyrs' crown,
And safe in God's repose;
The saints of many a warring creed,
Who now in Heaven have learned
That all paths to the Father lead
Where Self the feet have spurned.

And as the mystic aisles I pace,
By aureoled workmen built,
Lives ending at the Cross I trace
Alike through grace and guilt;
One Mary bathes the blessed feet
With ointment from her eyes;
With spikenard one; and both are sweet,
For both are sacrifico.

Moravian hymn and Roman chant
In one devotion blend,
To speak the soul's eternal want
Of Him, the inmost friend;
One prayer soars cleansed with martyr-fire,
One hoarse with sinner's tears.
In Heaven both plain with one desire,
And God one music hears.

While thus I dream, the bells clash out Upon the Sabbath air, Each seems a selfish faith to shout—A hostile form of prayer. My dream is shortened, yet who knows But in that Heaven so near, This discord into music flows In God's atoning ear.

Oh, chime oh? of blessed Charity!
Peal soon that Easter morn,
When Chirst for all shall risen be,
And in all hearts new-born!
That Pentecost, when utterance clear
To all men shall be given,
When all can say, My brother here,
And hear My son in Heaven.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND —The Bloomington (Mo.) Messenger says:—"If there is one Magazine we receive with more pleasure than another, it is 'Peterson.' It is the best and cheapest work of the kind published." This is a sentiment which not less than a hundred thousand fair ladies also echo this year.

#### REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

Wild Flowers. Drawn and Colored from Nature. By Mrs. Badger. With an Introduction by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney. Large Filio. With twenty-two page Colored Illustrations. New York: Charles Scribner.—This volume, superb in its mechanical execution, has never had its equal in America among works devoted to illustrations of natural products. It contains the finest specimens of our field and forest flowers, those beautiful strangers that, in the recesses of our woods, or by our mountain streams, so often call forth the traveler's exclamations of delight, and which are here preserved in their exquisite perfection; not a tint faded, not an atom of

brilliant down brushed from their petals; fresh and bright ; as when first gathered from their native wild soil. The volume has, indeed, "the voice of bird and the breath of spring." Mrs. Sigourney's poem is a fitting tribute to the beauty of these flowers. Several specimens are given with appropriate accompaniments in other plants of their season. Here we have the dogwood flinging its snowy sheen over the spring woods; the wild geranium, with downy leaves and purple head, bending its slender stalk lifted amidst the May grass; the modest ground pink and the trailing arbutus; the mayflower of the Pilgrims; the hood-leaved violet; the wild columbine, gleaming in scarlet and gold on the barren hillside; the spring beauty, half seen in the grass bordering the tangled wood; the delicious wild apple blossom and the pink and crimson honeysuckle clinging to the arms of the forest. Among summer visitors we have here the gorgeous yellow lily, with the harebell from its rock-shaded nook; the sweetbrier, loading the air with fragrance; the tulip tree, the belle of the forest; the kalmia, making gay the mountain woods with delicate bloom; the lovely wild rose, the daisy, buttercup and red clover; the evergreen rhododendron; the butterfly weed, with its bright orange clusters veiled by the luxuriant meadow grass; the wood lily, and the delicate purplefringed orchis; the cardinal flower, or Indian feather; the purple wild aster and fringed gentian, late woodland visitors, when "the melancholy days are come." A brilliant cluster of red maple leaves is given, touched with the warm tints of early frost. The indefatigable authoress has not only drawn all these groups from nature, but has colored over ten thousand impressions with her own hand, to secure absolute fidelity to the models. The delicate fringe and colored down, and the fine shading, are wonderfully true to nature, and creditable to the perfection of art. The volume should be on the centre-table of every lady of taste.

A History of Philip the Second, King of Spain. By William H. Prescott. Vol. III. Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Cb .-We think this volume even more interesting than those which have preceded it, for, with the exception of two chapters, which are devoted to Philip's personal character and habits, it is occupied by a narrative of the great Morisco rebellion, that last desperate effort of the Spanish Arabs to recover their lost Granada. It is in such narratives that Prescott excels. His rapid, graphic style; the masterly manner in which he groups events; the vivid pictures of the scenery amid which the action of the story is carried on; the dramatic force with which he often brings out his characters; all these render Prescott without an equal in this department of history. Our author, also, is as thorough a student as he is a successful delineator. He never sits down to write till he has mastered every detail, and become, not only accurately informed of the minutest facts, but infused with the very spirit of the times which he is about to describe. Moreover, he is always charitable, though he does not hesitate to censure, when the censure is deserved. Motley, who has written upon some of the same events, is more minute, more declamatory, and more eloquent, as many may think. But his heat sometimes suggests the possibility of partizanship. The calmer mood of Prescott preserves the latter historian from every such imputation. We rise from the perusal of this volume, feeling our incompetency to praise it as it deserves, and regretting that there are not more of such books of history in the language.

Sunshine; or. Kate Vinton. By Harriet B. M'Keever. 1 vol., 12 mo. Philada: Lindsay & Blackiston.—The aim of the writer of this book, has been, as she says in her preface, to present a youthful Christian, in the midst of much infirmity, still adorning the doctrine of God, her Saviour, in all things. This aim Mrs. M'Keever has successfully carried out. It is just the book for mothers to put into the hands of their daughters. The publishers have issued it in a very neat style.

The Tenant-House; or, Embers from Poverty's Hearthstome. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: R. M. Dewitt.—The author of this book was appointed by the Legislature of the State of New York, to inquire into the tenant system of New York city We have no doubt that this fiction grew out of the startling facts he became acquainted with in the discharge of this duty. Mr. Duganne always writes well, but has never done more credit to either his heart or his intellect, than in the volume before us. The philanthropist, who reads for high and noble purposes, as well as the mere novel reader who seeks only for amusement, will find the work of the greatest value and interest. Some excellent illustrations adorn the volume.

Wild Sports in the Far West. By Frederic Gerstaccker. Translated from the German. With eight Crayon drawings, executed in oil colors, from designs by Harrison Weir. 1 rol., 12 mo. Boston: Crosby, Nichols & Co.—The author of this volume is a German, who spent some time in the western part of this country, and, when he returned to Europe, wrote the spirited account of his travels now before us. The book is one of the most interesting we have read for a long while. Allowances, of course, must be made for the author's prejudices of education, and for a love of exaggeration that seems to be natural to the man. The embellishments are very showy, and in a new style.

Night Caps. By the author of "Aunt Fanny's Christmas Stories." New York: Appleton & Co.—A book of stories for little children, with eight illustrations. "Aunt Fanny" writes charmingly for the little ones. "The Doctor," and "Dame Trot and her Cat," are two side-splitting stories; while "Little Alice, and "Good Little Henry," fully bear out the author's intention, when she says in her preface, "Especially have I tried to exhibit the beauty and goodness of virtue, so entwined in the thread of every story, as to render unnecessary a dry moral at the end for the children to skip, as they invariably do."

Buds from the Christmas Boughs, and other Tales. By Firginia F. Tounsend. New York: Stanford & Delisser.—
A most seasonable book by one of our favorite contributors.
Miss Townsend's stories are always charmingly written, and they are unexceptionable in their high religious tone. Old and young will pick up the little volume before us, and but few will put it down till they have read it to the last page.
"Right Across the Street," is one of the most beautiful stories we have ever read.

Mcta Gray; or, What Makes Home Happy. By M. J. McIntosh, author of "Aunt Kitty's Tules," dc., dc. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—The announcement of a book by Miss McIntosh, is sufficient to insure its sale. The volume before us is adapted to young ladies particularly, and is written in the author's usual happy style. No mother need be afraid to place this volume in the hands of her daughters.

The Fair Maid of Perth. By the author of "Waverley." 2 vols., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—We have here the forty-third and forty-fourth volumes of the now famous "Household Edition of Scott's Novels." Every lady of taste ought to have this edition of the romances of the great Wizard of the North; and as the series is now nearly at its close, the present is a fitting occasion for purchasing.

The Yule Log. A series of Stories for the Young. Now York: Stanford & Delisser.—This little volume will be a prize for children who love fairy stories: and what child does not? The volume is issued by Stanford & Delisser, in their usual superior style.

The Musice. By B. F. Presbury. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Shepard, Clark & Brown.—A new novel, intended to deplot American life, but whose merits we cannot speak of, as we have not yet had time to peruse it.

Mount Vernon: A Letter to the Children of America. By the author of "Rural Hours." 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co .- The writer of this interesting little volume is the daughter of the late J. Fenimore Cooper, the novelist. She is already known in literary circles as the author of "Rural Hours," a book of unusual merit. In the present work she endeavors to interest the children of our country in the purchase of Mount Vernon, and for this purpose gives an admirable sketch of the life and services of Washington, bringing out, in bold relief, those portions of the great hero's character and services which will particularly strike vouthful minds. Two excellent illustrations adorn the volume, one of them being a portrait of Washington at twenty-five, copied from a miniature presented by the general to his niece, and never before engraved. T. B. Peterson & Brothers have the volume for sale in Philadelphia.

Lectures and Addresses on Literary and Social Topics. By Rev. F. W. Robertson, M. A.. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknew F. W. Robertson, M. A.. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknew E. E. W. Robertson is familiar to thousands of earnost, reverential minds in this country. His sermons, republished by Ticknor & Fields, have found their way into numerous households, where they have created a warm admiration for their author, have incited the readers to live a truer life, and have awakened deep regret that a preacher so pure in heart and charitable in sentiment should have been called prematurely from earth. Most of the addresses, in the present volume, were prepared for the working men of Brighton, but they can be read with profit by all persons, and will, by some, be preferred to the sermons. The book is printed and bound to match the former volumes of the series.

From Poor-House to Pulpit. A Book for Youth. By Wm. M. Thayer. 1 vol., 18 mo. Boston: E. O. Libby & Os.—This is a narrative of the life of Dr. John Kitto, who, though originally a deaf pauper, rose, by his own personal exertions, to eminence among Biblical and theological scholars. Such an achievement, Mr. Thayer well says, naturally suggests the inquiry, "how was it done?" This question, accordingly. Mr. Thayer answers; and he answers it in a way to etimulate youth to similar exertions with those for which Dr. Kitto became celebrated. We commend the book heartily to parents. T. B. Peterson & Brothers are the Philadelphia agents for the publishers.

Willie Winkie's Nursery Songs of Scotland. Edited by Mrs. Silsbes. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—This is a collection of nursery songs, written by some of the best poets of Scotland, with the laudable design of elevating the tone of this species of literature. Mrs. Silsbee has changed the Scotticisms into English words, and made a few other judicious alterations, so that the work is now admirably adapted for circulation in the United States. The publishers issue the volume in a style of great taste. Hereafter no other nursery songs ought to find admission into families.

Trying to be Useful. By Mrs. Madaline Leslie, author of "Cora and the Doctor," "Courtesies of Wedded Life," "Household Angel," &c. Boston: Shepard, Clork & Brown.—This is another of Mrs. Leslie's fine series of stories; books dedicated to the children of the New England Sabbath schools. They are noble books, with a noble aim. We think no girl can rise from the perusal of the volume before us without new impulses for good, and fully realizing the "beauty of unselfashness."

The Age of Chicairy. By Thomas Bulfanch, author of "The Age of Fuble." 1 vol., 12 mp. Bostom: Crosby, Nichols & Co.—This is a well executed abridgement of the romances of chivairy, put into a shape adapted to modern tastes. The book is divided into two parts. The first contains the legends of King Arthur and his knights, while the second is devoted to the Welsh popular tales. Several spirited embellishments, printed in colors, adorn the volume.

The Land and the Book. By W. M. Thomson, D. D. 2 vols., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—The author of these two volumes was a missionary in Syria and Palestine for five-and-twenty years, and is, therefore, peculiarly competent to write about the Holy Land and its Biblical associations. We have perused his work with the greatest interest, and can recommend it as excellent in every way. The publishers have illustrated it profusely with engravings.

Howard and his Teacher, The Sister's Influence, and other Stories. By Mrs. Madaline Leslic, author of "Cora and the Doctor," "Courtesies of Wedded Life," "Household Angel," &c. Boston: Shepard, Clark & Brown.—This is a series of most pleasant and instructive stories for young people, though many of them can be read with much profit by persons of any age. "Howard and his Teacher" we can particularly recommends

Poems. By Frances Anna Kemble. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—We have only time, this month, to announce these poems. In our next number, we hope, however, to speak of them at Jength. Meantime, we advise all who like good poetry, especially poetry written by a woman, to add the volume to their library. T.B. Peterson & Brothers have it for sale in Philadelphia.

The Queen's Domain; and other Poems. By William Winter. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: E. O. Libby & Co.—These poems are by a writer who is new to us, but who has, if we mistake not, the true metal in him. They are gracefully written, in a simple, earnest manner, and are, altogether, worthy of the superior type and paper which the publishers have bestowed on them.

Bye-and-Bye. By Virginia F. Townsend. New York: Stanford & Delisser.—We are glad to see another volume on our table by Miss Townsend. She cannot give us too many such. The stories in the one before us are of a very high character. The volume is printed in good, large type, on excellent paper, and has an excellent illustration. We cordially commend it.

Life Among the Children. By the author of "Aunt Funny's Stories," &c., &c. New York: Stanford & Delisser.—A book suited to little folks, as any one of them who will read the stories of "The Doll's Wedding," and "Little Peter," will soon be convinced. It has three pretty illustrations, and is in uniform size with the other books noticed, issued by this house.

Thorndale; or, The Conflict of Opinions. By William Smith. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—The best English Reviews praised this volume, when it was first published in London. Now, that it has been reprinted here, we recognize the justice of their eulogies. It is a volume that commends itself particularly to reflective and inquiring minds. The publishers have issued it in a neat style.

Oriental Tules of Fuiry Land. New York: Stanford & Delisser.—These oriental tales seem to be remarkably well translated, and contain information of Eastern life, which children of much larger growth, than those for whom they purport to have been written, will be interested in. The book has three beautiful illustrations.

The Banks of New York, Their Dealers, The Clearing House, and The Funic of 1851, with a Financial Chart. By J. S. Gibbons. Thirty Illustrations, by Herrick. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—A capital book, full of curious information, and exhibiting not a little humor. The embellishments are very splitted.

Fred Freeland; or, The Chain of Circumstances. By Willis Loveyouth. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: E. O. Libby & Co.

—This is a story for boys and girls, written in a pleasant style, and inculcating an excellent moral. The volume is neatly printed and bound, and embellished with a good illustration.

# OUR COOK-BOOK.

#### PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGAZINE."

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every month, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

#### BILL OF FARE

#### FOR A LARGE AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED DINNER.

Upon the table should be placed a soup, and large sized dinner-plate for each guest, together with knife and fork, napkin, (handsomely folded,) a wine, champaign, hock, and finger-glass, and a gobiet for water. A pyramid of flowers should occupy the centre of the table. Extra plates, glasses, dishes of ice, broken in pieces, &c., &c., should be placed upon a side-table, ready for use. The courses are to be served in

First Course.

Green Turtle Soup. Sherry. Madeira

Second Course.

Salmon, boiled. Holland Sauce. New Potatoes. Haut Sauterne Chateau T.

Third Churse.

Sweetbreads.-Fillet of Beef with Mushrooms. Lamb Cutlets. Green Peas. Tomatoes. Mashed Potatoes. Liebfraumilch.

Fourth Course.

Soft Shell Crabs. Turtle Steak with Olives. Wood-cock. Fried Potatoes. Roast Potatoes. Moet.-Fleur de Sillery.

Fifth Course.

Lobster Salad. Broiled Chickens. Chicken Salad. Chateau la Rose

Patieserie

Meruigues, with Cream. Wafers. Macaroons. Vanilla Ice Cream.

Harliquin Ice Cream. Strawberries and Cream. Strawberries with Wine and Sugar. Cream Cakes. Biscuit Glace. Roman Punch. Charlotte Russe. Old Burgundy. Port.

Dessert.

Oranges. Bananas. Pine Apple. Cherries. Almonds. Raisins. English Walnuts.

Strong Coffee.

Old Nectar Cognac. Maraschino. Annisette. Curacao.

Pepperpot.-Take four pounds of tripe, and a small knuckle of veal, and put them into a large pot, with as much water as will cover them-some whole pepper, and a little salt. Let them boil slowly, keeping the pot covered closely. When the tripe is quite tender, and the veal well boiled, skim the liquor, and strain it; cut the tripe into small pieces, and put them back into the pot, with the soup. Have ready some sweet herbs, chopped, or rubbed fine-some sliced onions. and sliced potatoes; make some small dumplings with flour and properly prepared for roasting; stuff the craw with

and butter; season the vegetables with pepper and salt, and put them into the pot. Have ready a kettle of boiling water, and pour on as much as will keep the ingredients covered while boiling, but take care not to weaken it too much. Add a large lump of butter rolled in flour; put in the dumplings, and let all boil together till thoroughly done. The tripe must be boiled the day previous, and be set away in the liquor.

Culves Head Soup .- Boil the calf's head in water, adding as much salt as you desire, and a few cloves. When well done, that is, so that the meat readily leaves the bone, cut it up in small pieces, seasoning it with salt, pepper, and sweet basil, also a small quantity of parsley-over which dredge some flour. Then throw the meat, &c., into the pot again, adding some dumplings and forcemeat balls. The tongue should be scalded and skinned before it is boiled with the head, and afterward be cut in slices, and seasoned with the meat taken from off the head.

Vegetable Soup .- Put on four or five pounds of lean 1 sef to boil in six quarts of water, with a little salt in it. About an hour before you serve the soup, add in (according to the time they require to boil) two roots of celery cut into slipssome cabbage, turnips, potatoes (all cut into small pieces,) and carrots. Season with pepper, salt, and potherbs; if you please, you can add a handful of barley.

Fish-Careached .- Cut your fish into pieces the thickness of your hand; season it with pepper and calt; let it lie an hour; dry it well with a cloth; flour it, and then fry it a fine brown-in oil. Boil a sufficient quantity of vinegar to cover the fish, adding to it a little garlic, mace, and whole pepper, as much oil as vinegar, and salt to your liking. Mix the oil and vinegar well together, and when the fish and liquor are quite cold, slice some onion, lay it in the bottom of a pot, then add a layer of fish, another of onion, and so on till the fish is all used; the liquor must not be put in till it is quite cold.

Fish-Stewed .- A good way to stew fish is to mix half a tumbler of wine with as much water as will cover the fish in the stew-pan, and put in a little pepper and salt, three or four onions, a crust of bread toasted very brown, one anchovy, and a good lump of butter, and set them over a gentle fire, shaking the stew-pan now and then, that it may not burn. Just before you serve it, pour your gravy into a saucepan, and thicken it with a little butter rolled in flour, some catchup and walnut pickle; beat all well together till it becomes quite smooth, then pour it on your fish, and set it over the fire to heat. Serve it up hot.

Terrapins.- Have ready two pots of boiling water; put the terrapins in one, and boil them until you can skin them: then throw them into the other pot, with salt to your liking, and boil them until the shell will open with ease. When you open your terrapin be careful not to break the gall bag; take that, and the sand bag out, (with care) cut up the flesh, and warm it in a gravy made with a quarter of a pound of butter, pepper, salt, flour and nutmeg. Just before you dish your terrapin, add wine to your liking. The above proportion of ingredients are enough for a vegetable dishful of terrapin.

White Fish Sauce.-Wash two anchovies, and put them into a saucepan, with one glassful of white wine, and two glassfuls of water, half a nutmeg, grated, and a little lemon peel. When it has boiled five or six minutes, strain it through a sieve, add to it a spoonful of white wine vinegar, thicken it a little, and then add nearly a pound of butter rolled in flour; boil it well, and pour it hot upon the fish.

#### MEATS.

Turkey-Roasted .- When your turkey is well cleaned,

bread stuffing, or a forcement made of the crumbs of a very small loaf, a quarter of a pound of suct, shred fine; a little mmage meat, or weal chopped very fine; nutmeg, pepper, and salt to your liking, mixed up lightly with eggs. When you have stuffed your turkey, spit it, set it at a proper distance from the fire, dust it with flour, and baste it several times with cold butter; this makes the turkey look better than when it is basted with butter out of the dripping-pan. Make a good gravy, adding the gizzard and liver chopped

Pig's Feet .- Boil the heart and liver of your pig for about ten minutes, and then cut them up very small. Let the feet boil till they are pretty tender, then take them out, and split them. Thicken your gravy with flour and butter; put in the liver and heart, a slice of lemon, a spoonful of white wine, and a little salt, and boil it a short time. Beat the yolk of an egg, add to it two spoonfuls of good cream, and a little grated nutmeg; put in your pig's feet, and shake the pan over the fire-but do not let it boil. Pour the gravy, &c., into a dish, and lay the feet in it, with the skin side up.

Goose Giblets-Stewed.-Cut the pinions of the goose in two parts, and the neck in four pieces; slice the gizzard, clean it well, and then stew them in two quarts of water-or, mutton broth-with a quantity of sweet herbs, one anchovy, a few whole peppers, three or four cloves, a spoonful of catchup, and an onion. When the giblets are tender, put in a spoonful of good cream, thicken it with flour and butter, and serve them in a deep dish.

Goose-Roasted.-Make a stuffing of bread crumbs, a few mare leaves, and two or three onions, (chopped fine) together with a good lump of butter, a teaspoonful of pepper, and two teaspoonfuls of salt. When your goose is well prepared, put in the stuffing, spit it, dust it with flour, and set it before the fire. When it is thoroughly hot, baste it with fresh butter. If it be a large goose, it will require an hour and a half to roast. When cooked enough, dredge and baste it.

Haunch of Venison-Roast.-When you have spitted your venison, lay over it a large sheet of paper, then a thin, common paste with another paper over it; tie it well to keep the paste from falling. If the haunch be a large one, it will require four hours rossting. When done enough, take off the paper and paste, dust it well with flour, and baste it with batter; when it is a light brown, dish it up with brown

Venison-Hashed.-Cut your venison in thin slices. Then put a large glassful of red wine into a pan, with a spoonful of mushroom catchup, the same quantity of browning, an onion stuck with cloves, and half an anchovy, chopped fine; when it boils put in your venison, and let it boil three or four minutes; pour it into a deep dish, and lay current jelly

Onion Sauce for Ducks .- Boil eight or ten large onions, changing the water two or three times while they are boiling. When cooked enough, chop them on a board, (to keep them from growing a bad color,) and then put them in a saucepan with a quarter of a pound of butter, and two spoonfuls of thick cream; boil it a little, and pour it over the ducks.

#### MADE DISHES.

A Culf's Head-Dressed .- Procure a calf's head-scald off the hair and clean it thoroughly. Cut it in two, take out the brains, and boil the head very white and tender; take one part quite off the bone, and cut in it nice pieces with the tongue, dredge it with flour, and let it stew over a slow fire for about half an hour in rich gravy, made of veal, mutton, and a piece of bacon, seasoned with pepper, salt, onion, and a very little mace; it must be strained before the last is put in. The other part of the head must be taken off in one whole piece: stuff it with nice forcement, roll it together tightly, and stew it tender in gravy; then place it in the middle of a dish, laying the hash round it. Garnish it with butter, and grate sugar over thom.

forcement balls, fried oysters, and the brains made into little cakes dipped in butter and fried. You may add wine, or whatever you please.

Croquets.-Take sweethreads cold yeal, or fowl, with a small portion of the lean and fat of ham chopped togetheradd of stale bread half the quantity of the meat, with salt, pepper, mustard, two tablespoonfuls of ketchup, and a good sized lump of butter. Knead the ingredients well together, until the mixture resembles sausage meat, then roll it into small balls, and dip the balls into the yolks of eggs, well beaten, cover them with bread crumbs, and fry them a pretty light brown.

Chicken Salad .- Boil a chicken that does not exceed in weight a pound and a half. When quite tender, take it up, cut the meat in small strips, and prepare the following souce: Boil four eggs three minutes, take them out of the shells, wash and mix them with two spoonfuls of drawn butter, twelve spoonfuls of vinegar, one tenspoonful of mixed mustard, the same of salt, a little pepper and essence of celery. Curried Chickens .- After your chickens are properly cleaned and cut up, let them stew in as much water as will cover them, for half an hour, or until they are nearly done; add a small quantity of salt to the water. Then put into the pan one or two onions, cut fine, and stew the chickens five minutes longer; then add as much butter and flour.

Cheese-Stewed .- Cut some cheese very thin, lay it in a toaster and set it before the fire; pour a glass of ale over it, let it stand till it is all like a light custard, then pour it over some toest and serve it hot.

#### PASTRIES.

Apple Dumplings-Boiled .- Have ready the quantity of flour you may require, (according to the number of apples,) put into it a little salt, and sufficient boiling water to make it the proper consistency; beat it well, roll it out, and put in the apples—separately. Tie them in cloths, and boil three-quarters of an hour. They may also be made of rice, previously boiled in salt and water—the apples surrounded with the rice, and put in cloths as above.

Beef-steak Pie.-Take cold roast beef, cut it into thin slices about an inch and a half long. Take raw potatoes, peel them, and cut them into thin slices. Have ready a deep dish, lay some of the potatoes at the bottom, then a layer of beef, and so on till the dish is filled. Season it as you would chicken pie, fill it with boiling water, cover it with a crust, and bake it.

Iblatoe Fritters .- Ingredients-Two pounds of mashed boiled potatoes, half a pound of butter, one pint of milk, half a pint of wheat flour, two eggs well beaten, and one glass of good wine. Mix the whole well together, and make it into a stiff batter; drop the batter into lard or butter; only fry it until it becomes of a brown color. Serve the fritters with wine sauce.

Potatoe Pics.-Rub together three quarters of a pound of sugar and half a pound of butter-well beaten; add one pound of grated potatoes, (previously boiled and allowed to become cold,) and a wineglassful of brandy-wine and rosewater, mixed. Make the usual pie paste, and fill it with the mixture

Rice Fritters.-Boil half a pound of rice in water till it becomes soft; pour it out to cool, and add to it one pint of milk, half a pound of flour, and a teaspoonful of powdered cinnamon. Fry them in butter or lard, and serve them with wine sauce.

Pumpkin Pie.-Ingredients.-Half a pound of stewed pumpkin, three eggs. quarter of a pound of butter, one pint of milk, half a pound of sugar, a wineglassful of wine and brandy, mixed; spice to your taste, and rosewater, if you like it. Bake it in a crust.

Batter Puncakes .- Bent three eggs with one pound of flour, add one pint of milk, and a little salt; fry them in lard or of water; take two pounds of flour, and when your butter \ mallow two or three in a place, and the smaller kinds of boils, pour in your flour, with as much water as will make is into a good paste, and work it well.

Puff Puste for Four Pie Plates .- Take half a pound and two ounces of flour, and one pound of butter; mix it with half a pint of water; roll it out with the addition of half a pound of flour.

#### PUDDINGS.

Nameless Pudding.-The ingredients are, one cupful of butter, three cupfuls of sugar, five cupfuls of flour, one cupful of milk, five eggs, one wineglassful of rose brandy, half a nutmeg grated, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, and one teaspoonful of carbonate of soda. Rub the butter, sugar, flour, and cream of tartar well together, then add the milk and yolks of eggs; beat it ten minutes, and then add the soda, dissolved in boiling water, and the whites of the eggs. Bake this pudding one hour in a moderate oven.

Pumpkin Pudding .-- Add together three pints of pumpkin, well stewed and squeezed, one quarter of a pound of butter, eight eggs, well beaten, half a pint of cream and half a pint of milk, one glass of brandy, one glass of wine, cinnamon, and nutmeg, and sugar to your taste. Bake the whole three quarters of an hour.

Indian Pudding, No. 1 .- Ingredients .- One quart of milk. three or four eggs, half pound of currants, half pound of raisins, and half a pound of suct. Make a tolerably stiff batter with some Indian meal, and add a little salt; sweeten, and add lemon or spice to your taste. Bake it about one hour in a moderate oven.

Gipsy Pudding.—Cut stale sponge cake into thin slices, spread them with currant jelly, or preserves, put two pieces together, like sandwiches, and lay them in a dish. Make a soft custard, pour it over the cake, while hot; then let it cool before serving it.

#### ICE CREAMS.

Observations upon Creams, Custards, &c .- When you make any kind of creams and custards, take great care that your pans be well tinned; put a spoonful of water into your pan, in order to prevent the cream from sticking to the bottom of it; then beat your yolks of eggs, strain them, and follow the directions of your receipt. As to cheese cakes, they should not be made long before you bake them-for standing makes them oil and grow sad; a moderate oven bakes them best; if it is too hot it bnrns them and takes off the beauty; and a very slow oven makes them sad and look black.

La Pompadour Cream .- Boat the white of five eggs to a strong froth; put them into a pan, with two spoonfuls of orange flour water, and two ounces of sugar; stir it gently for three or four minutes, then pour it into your dish, pour good melted butter over it, and serve it hot.

## OUR GARDEN FOR FEBRUARY.

Out-of-Doors Work.--If the weather is mild and dry, the latter part of this month many hardy annual flower seeds may be sown, particularly the sweet and Tanger peas, larkspur and flos Adonis, which will do much better than if left later in the season. The annual sunflowers, dwarf poppy, catch-fly, candy tuft, nigella, scarlet pea, dwarf lychnis, mallow, Venus looking-glass, and some others may also be sown with propriety. These flowers should not be transplanted, but after digging the borders, make in them with a trowel small patches, about six inches in width, at moderate distances, making the surface even. Sow the seeds in these patches, covering the smaller seed about a quarter of an inch. and the larger deeper in proportion to their sizes. The different kinds of peas must be covered an inch deep at least. After the plants have been up some time, they may be thinned where they stand too thick: for instance, the

Paste for Custards.—Put half a pound of butter in a pan ; sunflower should stand but one in a place, the oriental flowers thicker.

> If, at the latter part of the month, the ground is dry and the weather mild and open, most sorts of hardy fibrousrooted flowering plants may be put in the earth, both pereunials and biennials, such as gentianella, lobelias, thrift, phlox, violets, polyanthus, double camomile, London pride, rose campion, French honeysuckles, rockets, holyhocks, double fever-few, perennial asters, carnations, golden-rod, pinks, foxglove, sweet-williams, monkshood, columbine, Canterbury bells, and many others. In planting your flowers, arrange them regularly, and intermix the various kinds in such a way, as to have a variety of colors as well as a regular succession of flowers during the flowering

> Hyacinths, Tulips, Ranunculuses, &c., of the more valuable kinds, should still be defended from excessive rain, frost, snow and cold, as described in the January number. By doing this the flowers will bloom in much greater perfection than if left fully exposed to the weather, though the more common kinds do not need this care. A free circulation of air should be maintained, if possible, except when it is actually cold enough to freeze the earth, or during cold, hard rains.

> Borders, Beds, dec., should be dressed and digged if the weather will permit, and thoroughly cleared of weeds and litter. Let the surface of the borders and beds be lightly and carefully loosened on a dry day with a hoe, and then they should be neatly raked. All beds, &c., not dug and prepared before, should now be done, ready for the reception of seeds, &c.

> Flowering Shrubs should now be trimmed, if necessary, and the earth dug around them.

Flowers in the House should have particular attention paid to occasional waterings and fresh air. All kinds of plants require an equal amount of fresh air, though they do not all need the same quantity or frequency of watering. Lemons, oranges, and myrtles, and many other plants of a woody nature, need water frequently, but never much at a time, and give them none at all unless absolutely necessary. The bulbons kinds will require water less frequently, and in less quantities than the woody kinds. Aloes, cactuses, &c., must be watered very sparingly, and only when the earth in the pots is very dry. In fact, all tubs and pots should be examined very carefully, and no water should be given except when needed, as a little will be serviceable, but too much very injurious at this season. Plenty of fresh air on the contrary is absolutely indispensable to the health of plants. Every day that the weather is mild the windows should be opened for a short time, but be very careful not to admit sharp winds or frosty air. The safest method (if practicable) is to lower the sashes from the top, thus allowing the foul air to escape, and the fresh to come in. Be also particular not to keep your room too hot.

#### GAMES FOR EVENING PARTIES.

THE ART OF CLAIRVOYANCE.-This trick is performed by two persons; one of them generally a lady, is seated on a chair with her eyes securely blindfolded—the other, either a iady or gentleman, goes round among the company, collecting various articles, such as gloves, watches, handkerchiefs, &c., all of which are correctly described by his confederate, although she is, of course, unable to see them. This trick is effected by means of the subjoined system of questions and answers.

FOR OBJECTS.

What is this?-A watch. What have I got in my hand?-A knife. Tell me what this is !- A ribbon.



Tell me what I have here?-A purse. Describe what I hold.—A ring. Name this article.-A handkerchief. Can you tell what this is!-A glove.

The above questions are sufficient to show the principle a which the performance is conducted—a copious list may easily be made out and varied at pleasure during the practice necessary. For colors and materials, the confederate song the company names in his questions several at a time, but arranging them in such an order that the muffled lady would know which she should answer. For instance, will suppose that the inquirer holds a blue ribbon-he asks, "Is the color blue, red, or yellow?" His confederate knows that the first color is the right one, supposing that this is the first question relating to color that has been asked; if otherwise, it would have been second, third, &c., according to the number of the question. All questions relating to shape, size, or material, may be answered in this anner—those relating to number are known by the question being begun by the corresponding letter of the alphabet, A standing for one, B for two, and so on. For instance, the inquirer having collected a number of pieces of money and other small articles, says, "Will you tell me how many articles I have got here?" The answer is "Twenty-three." W being the twenty-third letter of the alphabet. The exhibition may conclude by the inquirer's producing a pack of cards, and after shuffling them well, putting them into the hands of the clairvoyante, who names each card in succession as she lays them down, after showing them to the company. This is managed by the inquirer's not shuffling the cards, but only cutting and then shifting them quickly into their former places—they are, moreover, all arranged in a certain order known to the clairvoyante, who is further assisted by the cards being marked with pin pricks, by the number and arrangement of which she can tell the suit. whether hearts, clubs, spades or diamonds.

The whole performance requires considerable practice, but if well managed, excites much surprise and amusement. The clairvoyante should always have her eyes covered during the time of practicing it, as otherwise the unusual sensation of being blindfolded is very apt to confuse her and cause mistakes.

#### PARLOR AMUSEMENTS.

PRESENC MIXTURE.-Dissolve five drachms of muriate of ammonia, and five drachms of nitre, both finely powdered, in two ounces of water. A thermometer immersed in the solution, will show that the temperature is reduced below 23º. If a thermometer tube filled with water be now suspended within, the water will be frozen.

WINE UPON WATER.—Half fill a glass with water, throw a bit of cramb of a loaf into it, about the size of a nut, pour some wine lightly on the bread, and you will see the water at the bottom of the glass, and the wine floating at the top of it.

THE ANIMATED SIXPENCE.-To make a sixpence leap out of a pot. This is done by means of a long, black horse-hair, fastened to the rim of a sixpence, by a small hole driven through it. This feat should be done by night, with a candle placed between the spectators and the operator, their eyes being thereby hindred from discerning the deception.

To MELT STEEL AS EASILY AS LEAD,-Make a piece of steel red hot in the fire, then hold it with a pair of pinchers or tongs; take in the other hand a stick of brimstone, and touch the piece of steel with it. Immediately after their contact, you will see the steel melt and drop like a liquid.

HOW TO COUNT ELEVEN FINGERS .- Begin from the left hand, and count all the digits of both hands, which will be, of } course, ten. Then begin from the right hand and count backward, beginning with the thumb as ten, the fore-finger { enclosed in pink silk, and having a small wadded hood; the

as nine, the middle-finger as eight, the next as seven, and the little fingers as six. Then you can hold up the other hand and say, "and five makes eleven."

#### ART RECREATIONS.

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## TASHIONS FOR FEBRUARY.

-DINNER DRESS OF STONE COLORED SILE, trimmed with six flounces, each of which is bordered with a blue and black plaided slik. Short Venitian sleeves, with a plaided cap, with a white cambric under-sleeve puffed lengthwise and trimmed with narrow bands of blue silk. A low silk body, over which is worn a white cambric spencer, to correspond with the under-sleeves.

FIG. II .- MORNING DRESS OF DRAB CASHMERE .- The skirt is rounded off at the front, and worn over a white flounced under skirt. The body of the dress has a slight fullness back and front, and is confined at the waist by a cord and tassel. The trimming of the dress is a cherry-colored and black plaid ribbon. The pagoda sleeves are lined with cherrycolor, and the medallion trimming is cherry-color and black, with a narrow black lace around each medallion. Collar, cap and under-sleeves of fine jaconet.

FIG. 111.—DRESS OF CINNAMON COLOR WITH A DOUBLE SKIRT. -Full circular cloak of black velvet, trimmed only with three rows of rich braid. White bonnet, with a blonde band ticd under the chin.

Fig. 1v.-White Muslin Burnouse, lined with wadding

whole trimmed with puffings, through which is run pink ribbons.

FIG. V.—BONNET, from R. S. Wilde's, 251 Broadway, New York. It is composed of black silk and black velvet; the front is of silk, with a drooping crown of black velvet, terminated by a rich fall of black lace, and ornamented by bows of groscille velvet. The sides are enriched by clusters of black ostrich plumes. The face trimmings are composed of blonde and bows of groscille color velvet, edged with lace, and mingled with velvet leaves of the same color; a band of groscille velvet, edged with black lace, passes over the head.

Fig. vi.—Bonner of emerald green fancy velvet, also from Wildes. The material is laid on the foundation plain; the front is edged with a narrow fold of black velvet: three similar folds extend over the crown, and are formed into knots on the left side, while the right is adorned by black ostrich plumes. The face trimming consists of a full cap of blonde, intermingled with a wreath of stock-gilliflowers.

Fig. vii.—A Bonner, also from Wilde's, of maroon-color velvet laid on the foundation plain: the left side of the front is enriched by a wide plaiting of the velvet placed on the extreme edge, and terminated on the right side in loops, and ends of black thread lace, drooping among clusters of rich marabout feathers of the same color as the velvet. The inside is adorned with blonde, interspersed with blue and maroon velvet flowers, and bows of black lace.

Fig. viii.—Head-Dress from the same establishment. A graceful and pretty design, composed of black and gay colored plaid ribbon, formed into a succession of loops on the left side, terminating in two long streamers, and surmounted by a scarlet ostrich plume. The decorations on the right side consist of scarlet velvet flowers, black lace, and clusters of black jet fruit, mingled with drooping pendents of the same color.

Fig. 1x.—A Supers Velver Cloar, from Bulpin, 361 Broadway, New York. It is exquisitely embroidered, and ornsemented with the magnificent tassels and heavy medallion fringe, which is extensively worn this season, by those who can afford to be luxurious. The shape is distinguished by its graceful simplicity; the sleeves resemble the Raglan in form.

FIG. X.—OPERA BONNEY OF PIME SILK, trimmed with flowers, and a blonde barb which ties under the chin.

Fig. XI.—SMALL CAP FOR HOME, trimmed with narrow velvets and blonde. Bouquet of violets on one side; barb trimmed with velvet on a violet ground.

Fig. XII.—MUSLIN SLEEVE with a pointed cuff, richly embroidered.

GENERAL REMARES.—The rumor which was current some time back has gained ground, that dresses of bright colors, short skirts and short waists, and without crinoline, were to be worn. Slippers are to supercede boots, and quilted hoods are to take the place of the small bonnet, or at least so it is whispered. Plain satin, which has been so little worn for several years, is again becoming fashionable. The round corsage, to be worn with a broad sash, or belt and buckle, is decidedly the most fashionable for ordinary dress, though the corsage pointed back and front is the most elegant for a superior style of costume. For ordinary wear the close sleeve, fastened at the wrist, is popular, but a rather short, open sleeve, displaying the lace under-sleeve, is more "dressy."

WREATHS, which have been prepared for the winter balls, comprise some mounted in the circular form with pendent sprays. Others have very full tufts or bouquets of flowers on each side. A few wreaths have either on the right or on the left side, single flower, or a small tuft of flowers differing from those which compose the wreath. For instance, we have seen a large rose placed on the left side of a wreath of violets.

One of the prettiest wraps for the opera or evening party that can be worn this winter, is a shawl of scarlet French merino, having on its lower half two rows of broad Maltese lace, headed by a broad black velvet. Some sciariet cloaks are also being worn out-of-doors by very young ladies, and it is probable that the color in this style will become general for walking coatume.

One of the prettiest evening dresses for a young lady is of white spotted muslin made with a full front, having a band at the top, a wide sash of its own material, the sleeve rather hanging, worn without an under one, but relieved by broad, black velvet bracelets having long ends.

## PUBLISHER'S CORNER.

ENORMOUS INCREASE.—There never has been a time that "Peterson" declined in circulation, not even the year 1887, which proved so disastrous to many publications. But our increase, this year, has surpassed all precedent. There is every reason to believe, from the indications, that the day is not far distant when "Peterson" will print as many copies monthly as all the other Magazines put together. We do not think there is another periodical, here or abroad, which can say, that, during an existence of nearly eighteen years, it has never seen the time when its circulation retrograded even temporarily. Our motto—and have we not earned a right to it?—"is forward, always forward."

How TO REMIT.—In remitting, write legibly, at the top of the letter, the name of your post-office, county and state. If gold is sent, fasten it to a bit of thin paste-board, of the size of the letter when folded; for otherwise it may slip out. Tell nobody your letter contains money. Do not register it. If you take these precautions, the remittance may be at our wisk.

DIFFERENT POST-TOWNS FOR CLUBS.—Subscribers, in a club, can have the Magazine sent wherever they reside. If desired, it will be sent to as many different post-offices as there are members of the club.

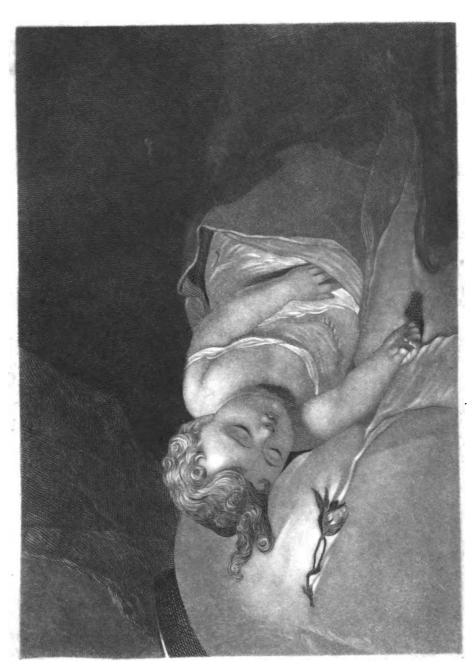
OUR PREMIUM ALBUM.—Our premium to persons getting up clubs for 1859 will be a lady's album, in beautifully embossed gilt binding, with gilt edges, and with variously colored writing paper. It will also be embellished with several elegant and choice steel engravings. Altogother, it will be the most superb affair, we, or any other magazine publisher, has ever offered to the public. It will be sent gratis, post-paid, to every person getting up a club of three, and remitting \$5,00; or to any person getting up a club of eight, and remitting \$10,00; and also to persons getting up larger clubs, if preferred instead of the extra copy of the Magazine.

POSTAGE ON "PETERSON."—This, when pre-paid quarterly, at the office of delivery, is one and a half cents a number, per month, or four cents and a half for the three months: if not pre-paid it is double this.

"Peterson" and "Harper."—For \$3,50 we will send a copy of "Peterson" and "Harper's Magazine," for one year.

PREMIUMS.—Always say, in remitting for a club, who is the person entitled to the premium.





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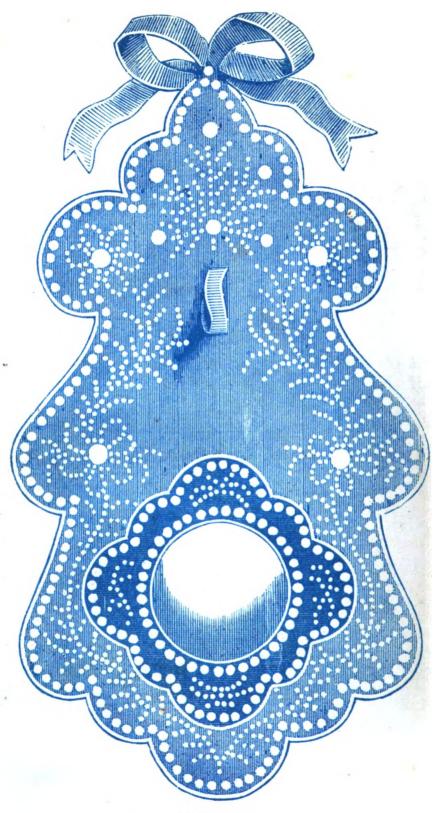
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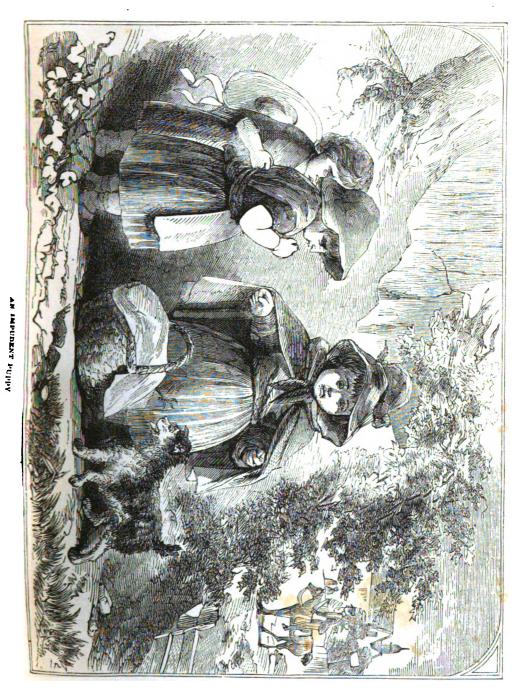


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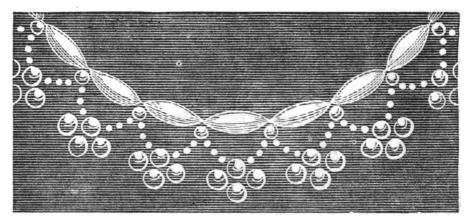




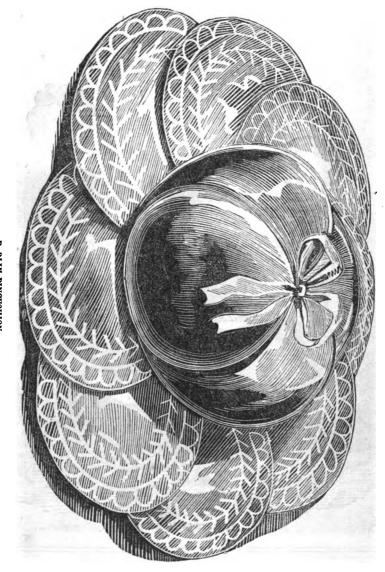
CHILD'S DRESS.



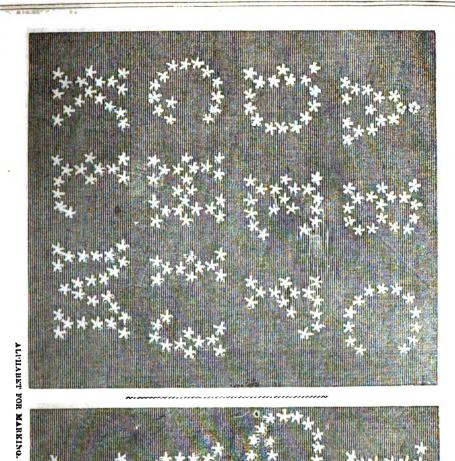
CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.

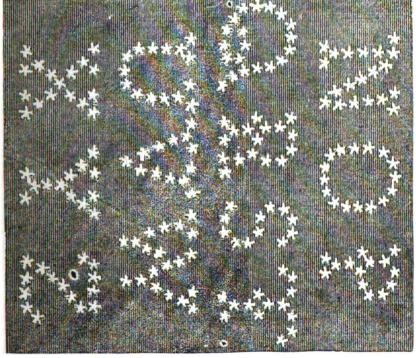


NECKLACE IN IMITATION OF PEARL



B. RLIN PINCUSHION.



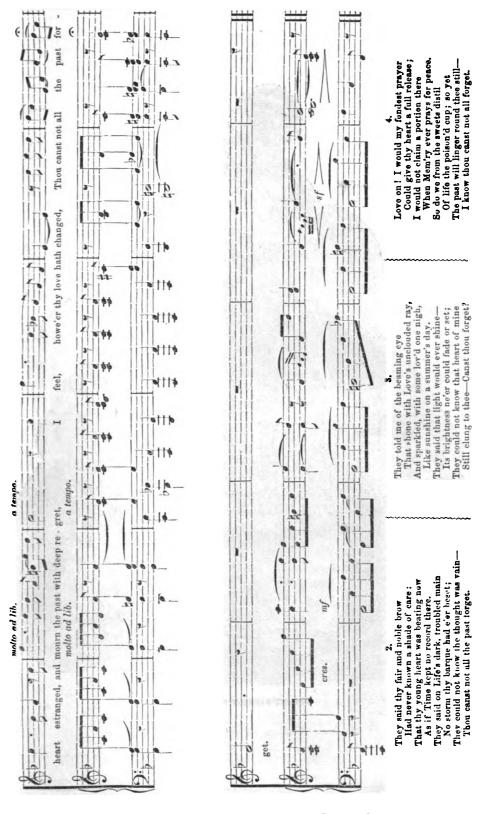


Chey Cold Me of thy Bappy Smile.

WORDS BY J. HAY DOBBIN.

WRITTEN EXPRESSLY FOR PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.



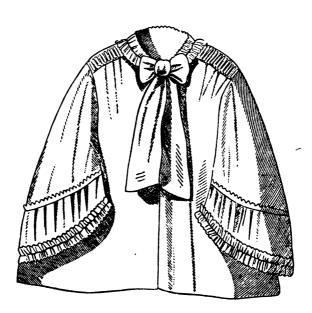




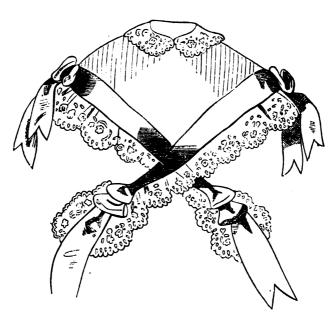
NEWEST FASHION FOR CLOAK.



NEWEST STYLE OF DINNER DRESS.



SACQUE



CAPE.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

VOL. XXXV.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH, 1859.

No. 8.

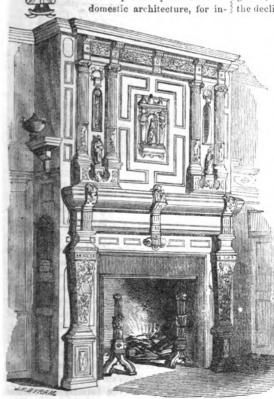
# DOMESTIC ARCHITECTURE: ANTIQUE CHIMNEY-PIECES.

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON.

things, when, in many things we have really retrograded. In the picturesqueness of our

HE pride of progress, which & stance, we fall behind the middle ages. The old characterizes this nineteenth | cities of France, Germany, Italy, and even Engcentury, frequently runs into land contain antique houses, to which nothing boastfulness. We claim to be now erected can be compared. Nor is it for superior to the past in all their exteriors only that these dwellings are so remarkable. Their paneled, or vaulted chambers, are not less picturesque than their quaint gables, or quainter windows. But in nothing is the decline of domestic architecture more striking

> than in the chimney-pieces of modern times. Formerly, this portion of an apartment was always more or less imposing. Now, especially where hotair flues are used, it is wholly neglected. To show how picturesque many of these old chimney-pieces are, we have caused several to be engraved from drawings made on the spot. The first is particularly rich and elaborate. It occupies the head of a paneled apartment, and reaches, as will be seen, to the ceiling. It violates, it is true, the classical canons of architecture, but it is not the less picturesque on that account; for there is a freedom and originality about it often wanting in designs that are more slavishly correct. The carvings of this chimney-piece are particularly rich. Its age is not less than two centuries. What jests have been told, what songs sung, what flirtations carried on, in front of this antique fireplace! How, at Christmas time, the great logs must have roared and crackled up the chimney! It is one merit of these old firesides, that, to an imaginative mind, they are full of the poetry of the past, full of hallowing associations.



OLD ENGLISH FIRE-PLACE

VOL XXXV.-12

in Kent, an edifice of such antiquity, that it was repaired, two centuries ago, by the famous Inigo



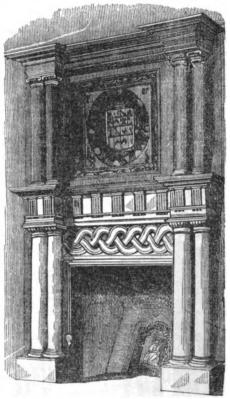
FIRE-PLACE-COBHAM HALL, KENT.

Jones. The chimney-piece is in the dining-room, and is of elaborately carved black and white marble, with quaint and curious figures. Still another ancient chimney-piece is from Charlton Hall, also in Kent, erected about A. D. 1610. This chimney-piece is on the upper floor, be-



FIRE-PLACE-CHARLTON HALL

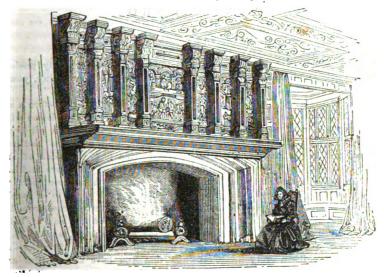
Another chimney-piece is from Cobham Hall, tween the gallery and saloon, and is carved with the story of Medusa, underneath which are two allegorical basso-relievos. Another of our illustrations represents a chimney-piece at the Duke's House, in Wiltshire, so called from the Duke of Kingston, to whom it formerly belonged. This imposing two-storied fire-place is in the entrance hall, and was carved during the reign of James



PIRB-PLACE-DUER'S HOUSE, WILTSHIRE.

the First. Another chimney-piece, of an earlier date, and which closes our list, is even more picturesque.

The accumulation of wealth in this country is gradually improving our domestic architecture. The environs of our great cities are beginning to be crowded with suburban mansions, on many of which large sums have been expended and which frequently exhibit excellent taste. Rural cottages, in the Italian, Tudor, or Gothic style. dot the landscape, especially in the older settled portions of the United States. We have, from time to time, in this periodical, given plans and specifications, accompanied with engravings, for such dwellings. But the interior decorations of these cottages and mansions are too often neglected. Everything is sacrificed to a hand- in which we live, even if we sacrificed something some outside. Would it not be in better taste to in the exterior show which principally benefits devote more to the ornamentation of the rooms only strangers?



OLD ENGLISH FIRE-PLACE.

# THE CHARMED BOUQUET.

BY MRS. ANNA BACHE.

FRIENDSHIP to Flora said, "In Anna's bower Sits Sorrow, pining through the livelong day; Give me, I pray, some herbs of magic power, Whose woven spell may chase the fiend away."

The blooming Goddess heard the kindly prayers— To grant the boon did graciously incline; A charmed Bouquet she gave to Friendship's care, And Friendship's hand conveyed the flowers to mine-

"Let us forget"—so ran the mystic lay,
"Those sensibilities that foster sadness;
Prosperity and Beauty may decay,
Yet should unchanging Friendship bring thee gladness.
In life's most barren hour, firm Faith may find
Bome mercy still, its gratitudes to waken;

Bear the heart's War with Dignity of Mind, Nor fear that Hoaven will leave thee e'er forsaken."

So spake thy flowers—and when their leaves are dust,
When their sweet perfume lost in air shall be,
Will grateful Memory to thy kindness just,
Recall the lesson, and give thanks to thes.

Note.—In the Language of Flowers—Yellow Rose signifies—Let us forget. Verbena, Sensibilities. White Rose, Sadness. Red Rose, Prosperity and Beauty. Arbor Vitæ, Unchanging Friendship. Flowering Reed, Faith. Campanula, Gratitude. York and Lancaster Rose, War. Centifolia, Dignity of Mind. Willow, Forsaken.

Of these flowers was the Bouquet composed.

#### MORNING.

#### BY JULIA A. BARBER.

THE purple clouds are folded back, And morning stars are shining there, Bright as some flashing gleam of hope On the dark billows of despair.

Night's starry crown grows pale and dim,
'Neath the glad pinions of the morn,
As heart-throbs of awaken'd life
Proclaim, another day is born.

The bright-winged morning comes to all, The earnest-hearted, and the brave, And to the poor and sad of earth, Whose only birth-right is—the grave.

An angel messenger of light, To lowly cot, or marble halls, With noiseless step it smiles alike On palaces and cottage walls.

Our hearts in praise ascend to Thee, Bless'd Giver of the morning light, That Thou hast sent the golden day To follow on the steps of night.



#### AGNES' HERO.

#### BY ELEANOR CLAIR.

the wildly scudding clouds, and found their way } into the pleasant little parlor. But as uneasy as those flying clouds was the inmate herself, Agnes Murray. A very demon of unrest seemed to have entered the little form, that now paced the room backward and forward, now rolled itself into a corner of the sofa, and now stood by the window, half concealed in the crimson curtains, with face to the pane, gazing down the street } where the great maples had already begun to } put on their autumn livery. Look into that face to see if perhaps you will wish to know Agnes better. The charm of beauty is not there, yet ? every thought mirrors itself, every breeze of emotion leaves some unexpected trace upon it. You read tender sensibilities, a warm, true nature, and alas! a waywardness that does not brook control from without, nor know it from A hundred moods a day broke the otherwise still surface of her life, but underneath that changing surface lay a heart ever full of generous impulse, and a mind of no ordinary stamp. A correct early training would have made that character a more noble and steadfast one, but the father, who died ere Agnes' tenth year, loved the pretty, capricious ways of his only child too well to attempt to reform them; and the invalid mother, accustomed to lean upon her daughter's strange will, left her to her own guidance. Her energy and superior talents gave her an ascendency in the little circle of friends in which she moved, that no one ever thought of questioning, even when her fearless independence of sentiment led her sometimes beyond the ordinary rules of girlish propriety. If she coquetted, as some called it, with one after another of her little company of admirers, it was not to break hearts, but to amuse a fancy that knew not how to fix itself long upon any object, and yet was pleased with each in its turn.

street, and exclaimed aloud, "Oh! it is cousin }

It was early on a dull, September afternoon. \ flowers, saying, "Now, pretty posies, which I Now and then a few sunbeams strayed through { spent so long time in arranging, you shall have cousin Martha to admire you."

It was not many minutes before a sweet, smil-

ing face, that carried its welcome with it, made itself visible first through the window, and then at the door, whither Agnes had run. cousin Martha took possession of the sewingchair, and admired the asters and balsams and pansies to Agnes' heart's content. "You have come like a good angel to a lonely mortal. Mamma has not yet returned from Lincoln. did not like to run the risk of being abroad when she reaches home, and so shall remain in-doors all this dreary afternoon-not dreary now that you have come. How are all the children?" "In need of manifold garments as usual, little mendicants that they are," replied Martha, as she drew from the recesses of her satchel the material of sewing. "Of course I shall help you, for it will be such a comfort to have something to do. Say, Martha, were you ever in such a deplorable state-with nothing, absolutely nothing to do?" "The day is far distant," said she, with a sigh, as she thought of a thousand plans for profit or pleasure, which she had long since foregone for the sake of the instruction and care of a little troop of brothers and sisters, to which her mother's death, some years before, had left her the heritage. "Oh, Martha," said Agnes, after a little pause, "I have been thinking so much to-day." "And what was the cause of so rare an event?" "Don't laugh and I will tell you-I am tired of myself. Now I am of no manner of importance or good to anybody, as you very well know. Even to poor mamma, I believe I am more of a trouble than a comfort." "Oh, Agnes, don't you know you are a dear blessing to all your friends?" "They are few enough," said she, with a doleful face, "blind grandma'am Smith, to whom I read Pilgrim's Pro-As she stood by the window now, she caught \ gress and Saint's Rest-yes, she's a saint hersight of a slender, erect figure coming up the self-and old Mrs. Gruler, to whom I carry broth-yes, these, with you and unele Stephen, Martha, how glad I am!" Moving rapidly about are the best friends I have. Now, soberly, the room, she wheeled the low, sewing-chair Martha, it seems as if I might be something close to the window, placed a footstool, and inoble, better if I would. But there is no call brought into plainer sight the vase of late garden pupon me. Now you have some object to work for, but I am like-" "A flower wasting ; like Capt. Harvey. I want some one better and its sweetness upon the desert air," interrupted { stronger than I am, with a soul large enough to Martha. "Yes, I waste my genius upon the contain twenty like mine. But let us give over three kittens and the flowers, and alas! the talking such tiresome things. I will not think flowers are all withering, and the ungrateful any more to-day, but will bring in the kittens kittens fast growing into big, lazy cats. I wish for you to pass judgment upon, and then you there were Protestant convents-I would enter shall tell me the news." So the maiden vanished one." "What would be the practical advantage of that movement? You would not content her care scampering by her side. "Come, kityourself there two hours." "Yes, I would like \( \) tens," said she, "and see your aunt Martha and to be under discipline like that to see if it would ? not sober me down into somebody—a good, pa- ingers." "Oh, Agnes, will you never be a tient soul like you, that thinks of others more \ woman?" said Martha, in a half serious, half than of itself. I have half a mind to become Catholic, and choose some good father-confessor | will we, kittens? What should we be women to rule my conscience, and make me a saint in { for to plague our poor little brains about horrid spite of myself" "Rule yourself, my dear things that we don't care for? No, we won't," girl," said Martha; "or better still, marry a and Agnes petted one after the other, till a good husband and learn to love, honor and obey him." "Oh, but how to get him!" "Firstly, then, don't flirt" "Yes, I must, and I will week for a few days." "That is good; it is flirt—in my way, that is. What is there wrong { long enough since we have seen Frank. We about it? Did anybody ever let concealment, } &c., prey on his cheek for love of me? Does Capt Harvey, or Wallace Hall, or good John Ashly, care reason to concelled nothings. Last evening, Wallace entertained me at first with those stale college jokes of his, which he evidently thinks to be the essence of wit. At last I told him that I was tired of them, and thought such boyish tricks below the dignity of a gentleman, whereupon he got fairly beyond his depths in attempting large displays of erudition " "Why did you waste your time in talking to him? You ought to be above such men, Agnes." "Well, my dear, I hope I am, infinitely," and she rose, drawing her little figure to its utmost height, saying, "don't you see how much above Capt. Harvey I am?" Martha laughed at the contrast between the six feet of the captain, and the slender form that now stood before her, poised gracefully on tip toe. "But seriously, cousin Martha, what shall I do?" "You must marry, that is the best advice I can give you. With a husband to watch over you and keep your unruly feet in straight ways, you might a shade of sadness. She sat on the low stool by make a useful woman after all." "Oh, if I the window, holding her chin in her hand, woncould find my hero, the good, true, noble one \dering with child-like wonder what future lay of my dreams. Yes, when he comes, I will give before her, and whether in all the great world over flirting, will say yes as soon as he offers, there was a heart which would ever beat deep and live in quietness and good-will all the rest and true with love for her. of my days like a perfect Griselda." "Heroes are very rare," said Martha. "But it would for two days, during which she had been too

for a moment, and returned with the objects of pull her tiresome old sewing straight out of her "No, we will never be women, comic tone. spirited scratch made her desist. "Now-any news?" "Yes, Frank is coming home next must have rides and drives and rambles to celebrate the occasion." "He wrote us," continued Martha, "that he had recently become straw for me? They all have acquainted with a nephew of Dr. Henry's, who nitely grateful to me for throw- is soon coming to Winfield to become a partner yous time in listening to their of his uncle's." "Ah, that is news-now what of the man-is he old or young-good, bad or indifferent? A new-comer is too rare here not to be an object of the deepest interest." "Frank was greatly pleased with him. He must be young, for it is only a year since he finished his studies. He will probably come about the same time with Frank." "Now, Martha, what an addition to Winfield society, and what an opportunity for a flirtation!" "Be good for once, Aggie. If you commence a flirtation, may it be your last. Who knows, indeed, but he will prove to be your hero?" "If it be he, he shall have a warm welcome, but he has been se long invisible that I regard him as a myth, a new figment of the imagination, as Parson Lane would say. Remember, my hero is gallant and handsome, good and true. So if it be my last flirtation, let it be a merry one." Cousin Martha had gone, and the sober mood came over Agnes again. The deep, blue eyes were clouded with

A violent storm had kept Agnes within deors not make me better, you know, to marry a fop busy to be restless, or to think much of the past

er the future. Her mother had returned from a so prepared him to admire you immensely." short journey, weary and nervous, and Agnes, Agnes always had a horror of being talked who could always tame her own unquiet nature about, and now her cheek burned with the reto gentleness, had little time to care for herself membrance of youthful follies which she had in the presence of the fretful invalid. Then shared with cousin Frank, and would not, as there was something in the wild raging of the she thought, give to a stranger the most agreestorm which buoyed up her spirits, and gave a able impression of her. "What did you tell pleasant sense of life and energy through all her him?" inquired she, earnestly. "Of our climbframe. But a sunny morning had arisen, bright ing trees and running horseback races, or of and clear, and Agnes had sauntered forth along our playing truant together and losing our way the garden walks to find what havor the wind in the woods?" "What a memory! Really I had made with the flowers. She lifted the trail- had forgotten those creditable facts in our hising branches, sighed at the broken stems and tory, or I should have embellished my narrative blossoms bent down to the damp earth. "Sum-{therewith. But it is not too late now." "What mer has gone-summer has gone," said she, { right had you to be talking about me at all?" sadly, "why cannot it last the whole year long? \( \) "Don't be vexed, you have no idea how good I Dear blossoms, I cannot bear to have you die." made you." "Then you told falsehoods, for Agnes had a habit of apostrophizing inanimate { you know I am not good at all." "Not as good would have believed most devoutly in nymphs, know no woman worthy of him unless it be sister nainds, dryads and fauns, and as it was, felt a \{ Martha, and she is not to be spared from the sort of kindred life with all that lives. She ranks of spinster-hood. As for you, don't get walked down the dismantled paths and stood at your demure eyes full of Dr. Reynolds, for I the gate, feeling cheery in the bright sunshine want you to wait a few years longer for me," and the pleasant air. She held up her head as and Frank bowed laughingly toward Agnes, the maple dropped rain-drops down upon her whose brown hair, gilded by sunlight, and falland said, "So you have kept some of heaven's ing in waves around a face now lit up with dimgifts to shed upon me. That was a lovely morn- > pled smiles, made a sweet picture, that brought ing welcome." She cast her eyes downward back forcibly to the young man's mind the reagain, and beheld, but a few paces distant, { membrance of early days. They had been as calling a joyous welcome, her young cousin, brother and sister from earliest childhood, and Frank Haven, Martha's younger brother. "You in many respects they resembled each other in are glad to see me, I know you are, cousin character. But during the past two years they Aggie," said he, with a brotherly salute. "Yes, had been for the most part separated, and Agnes that I am, Frank, but Martha told me that you had left him behind in growing maturity. Now were not coming till next week. When did you at the age of nineteen, she could hardly recogmade a descent upon the folks dripping like a confidential friend of her early life. It was with water-fowl. Reynolds thought he must come, a slight jar of feeling that they met, but this and I expedited matters so as to have his com- \{\) wore away as his overflowing spirits made Agnes pany and give you a surprise." "And who is more buoyant, and they were soon full of schemes Reynolds?" "Don't you know? old Dr. Henry's for the enjoyment of the week he was to spend nephew and henceforth denizen of the respect- in Winfield. able town of Winfield. He is a fine fellow, too, and a great friend of mine. You must know Frank, "when you must ride Dobbin and wear him, Aggie." "Older than you, I take it, or your grey riding-suit." "Dobbin is dead, and Dr. Henry would not deign to receive him into the grey riding-suit unpresentable in good sohis staid bachelor domain." "Oh, a trifle of ciety." "Dobbin dead! so has gone another old five or ten years, or so. You are as particular friend. Peace to his ashes. And as for the as ever about age, cousin Aggie. Remember { grey habit, you will never look so charming in my three months' seniority." "I am not likely anything else." "That is a mere boyish fancy; to forget it in your presence, Frank. It was you shall see next week." "Of course," said upon that, that all your boyish claim to tyran- Frank, "I shall invite Dr. Reynolds to join the nize over me was founded. Well, so Dr. Rey- { party." "Not for this once, Frank, please; there nolds is your great friend-I ought to like him are so few of us, and a stranger spoils such a for that, I suppose." "Of course you ought, friendly company. You are to be my cavalier,

Had she been a Greek maiden, she as he is certainly—he is one of a thousand. I "Last evening, in all the rain. I nize in the gay, light-hearted youth the most

"First, an excursion to Prospect Hill," said especially as I have told him all about you, and 3 you know." "Oh, I have promised Millie that she shall have Arthur Reynolds' escort, and I and his ear caught with an eagerness that almost must show due regard to my sister and friend. But never mind! be as devoted to me as you please-I am glad you are becoming steadyminded." "I shall revenge myself upon you," retorted she, "by fascinating the stranger as completely as possible."

The next day was the Sabbath, and as the arrival of a new-comer was something of an event in the quiet town, not a few eyes in the church were turned upon him at his entrance. Behind Dr. Henry, with his stalwart form, his head covered with iron-grey locks and a slightly tottering step, followed his nephew, quite unconscious of the observation directed to himself. Agnes saw him too from the gallery where she sat among the singers. He was tall and slender, and his step was slow and deliberate. She saw his face at last, when he turned toward the gallery during the singing, as was the wont in the scarlet leaves, and bending over till it seemed congregation. It was a calm, grave face, to { which large, dark eyes lent a softness and sweetness, when she had seen him oftener. But now these were cast downward, and the expression } was almost one of sternness, so that Agnes laughed a little to herself, with a mingled sense of relief and disappointment, and said, "So my here has not arrived yet."

They met frequently while Frank Haven remained in Winfield. Agnes, at first repelled by a gravity of speech and demeanor quite unlike her own, found this repulsion slowly passing away as she saw the kind and genial feelings, the strong, good sense, and the fresh, earnest nature, undisguised by outward show or vanity. She liked to listen to his clear, ringing tones, as be told of distant lands through which he had been a traveler, and when, as now and then happened, he became aroused almost to enthusiasm, in speaking of some great question of right and wrong, her cheek would grow warm, and her heart beat high in sympathy. Her glowing face, thus lit up with animation, became positively beautiful, and began to interest \ fallen in an instant," said she, drawing back, Arthur Reynolds. It was pleasant to watch its \ "had it not been for you, and had I fallen there, changes, and to listen to the words full of origi- no human power could have saved me. mality and spirit which fell from her lips. Yet can I thank you?" "You owe no thanks to me, it was vexatious to see her, just after she had but to the kind power that led my steps hither seemed almost inspired with noble enthusiasm, at the dangerous moment. And now," continued Vol. XXXV.—18

surprised himself the merry sounds of her voice.

One evening, as a little party had been out for a stroll upon one of the hills that shut in the village, and were on their homeward way, Martha and Agnes took a pleasant shaded path along the bank of a stream that had hollowed for itself a deep bed and ran foaming along its stony way, making music beneath the trees that struck their long roots into the soil above, and bent over their branches till they almost touched the water. The cousins had separated themselves from the rest of the company, and strolled quietly along, talking of little household matters, of old scenes and absent friends. As the shadows of the trees grew longer and longer in the declining sunlight, they fell into a dreamy silence. Suddenly Agnes paused, while Martha walked slowly on. She had descried a branch glowing like fire with within her reach. She was at once full of eagerness to obtain the brilliant prize, which drooped just over the edge of the bank. So she stepped to the brink, and, standing on tiptoe, had just touched the branch when she felt the soil giving way under her feet, and heard the branch by which she held cracking above her. Yet she had scarcely time to comprehend her danger, or even to utter a cry of fear, ere a strong arm had grasped her tightly and drew her to firm ground. She looked around, laughing at the awkwardness of her situation, and beheld Arthur Reynolds, who had strayed thither by a shorter path, and was unconscious of the proximity of any one, till he suddenly came upon Agnes. "Don't laugh," said he, more sober than ever, "the danger was not trifling. Look," and he led her nearer to the brink again, still retaining his firm hold upon her. Agnes looked and shuddered. The bank, for a short space only sloping, became then steep, and beneath, the stream which had deepened and widened, formed a basin of water, whirling and tossing over huge rocks. "I should have engaged in replying gayly to the wild sallies of \ he, less gravely, "lest you get into mischief Frank Haven, or vieing with the gayest in song again, I shall assume the guardianship of you and dance. So grave Dr. Reynolds, who doubt- for the rest of the way home!" How pleasant less thought more of the outward appearance was that sunset walk down the hillside, rememthan was wise, took refuge in the gentle society { bered by Agnes many and many a time in after of Martha Haven, whose placid quietness was life. At that hour, the hero of her dreams first never so common-place as to be wearisome. Yet \ became reality. With almost a pang, she sudhis eyes followed the graceful motions of Agnes, { denly awoke to the consciousness that a desper

interest than ever she had known before had; for the moment, and dwelt in her memory for a life, of the death of parents, and of the care and beside my sister's death-bed, and it seemed as if a glory passed away from earth, as she became a saint in heaven. I cannot tell you how good she was. While she lived, her sweet example was a constant incentive to me, and now, that I walk lonely among men, I seem to feel her beside me day and night like a guardian presence."

What a high standard of excellence is his, thought Agnes, and I-I never can seem to him more than a frivolous girl. Yes, as Frank said, I am not good enough to be even his friend. He will seek another saint like his sister, and leave me to be as wicked as I will. mood did not come upon her to-day, nor for many days. But when she next saw him afterward, her mocking genius arose within her, and she found a sort of pleasure in seeing that her lightness, assumed though it was, had the power to pain him. She was at her cousin Martha's, as Frank was leaving, to bid him farewell, and after he had left them, Arthur Reynolds and she walked to her home together. "I am so sorry Frank has gone," said she, "it is so agreeable to be in contact with right merry spirits. For my part, I am heartily tired of good people." "You are more fortunate than the rest of the world, Miss Murray, if you have the opportunity of becoming weary of goodness." "Ah! when one's lot happens to be cast among such grave personages as you and cousin Martha, there is no luck. Say, don't you yourself sometimes grow tired of being so staid and wise?" Though he laughed, it was in so constrained a manner that Agnes noticed the impression that her careless you must; but God grant that you may never §

suddenly arisen in her heart. She felt strong in \( \) long time afterward. Ah! said he to himself, as the strength of the manly presence beside her, } he turned away from her, she is indeed as frivoand better in the goodness that shone from every lous as I have sometimes feared. What rest could word and look of his. For once his reserve gave \ be found with such a nature as hers? And yet way, though he used no more tender word than I thought her capable of so much, and hoped to friend would say to friend; and Agnes, touched mould that character, so impulsive, so wayward, by the scene through which she had just passed, and yet so charming. And so she told me she listened, and answered with an unwonted gentle- \ was tired of such persons as myself and cousin ness. For the first time, she heard of his early Martha. If she could have loved me, I know it would have been with so deep and strong a love love of an elder sister who had been to him as a \( \) that she would have overcome her faults for my mother. "Only a year ago," said he, "I stood { sake; but now she is unworthy and I will think ano more of her.

Agues entered the house, her eyes filling with tears and a burden upon her heart. "Why was I so foolish?" said she, "I did not mean it. Why do I so trifle away his regard, if he has any for me, when I can't help knowing that I cherish it as the apple of my eye? Now, he must perfectly despise me; but I must love him still, though I must hate myself for loving thus unsolicited, uncared for. How weak I am. wish I had never, never known him. I wish he would marry cousin Martha, and then I could at But the bitter { least see him every day, and prove to him that I am not altogether so vain and trifling as he has taken me to be." Poor Agnes! a heavier cloud seemed to have settled itself upon her life than ever before, and she lifted her eyes imploringly upward, and said in the depth of her girlish trouble, oh! shall I ever be happy again! But she grew stronger, and resolved in that quiet hour that henceforth she would be more steadfast, more worthy the love of a strong and good man, even though that love were denied her, and that her future life should be more fruitful in good to herself and others. That vow, like all made with an honest and resolute purpose, was not made in vain. Days and months rolled by, and the struggle still continued, while Agnes, patient and earnest, knew not the depth of the life into which she was growing, nor guessed, in the midst of discouragements, how fast she was pressing toward the greatness of her standard. As the winter came on, her mother had become more and more feeble, and the daughter was words had made; but she simply said, as they \ seldom absent from her side. Her tenderness parted, "Excuse me, if I was rude. I did not and watchful love made her indispensable to the intend it." "I cannot flatter myself that I am invalid, and so she seldom went abroad, except worthy to be included in the class to which a daily for a hurried walk. Sometimes, though you referred, Miss Murray. Yet, tire of me if Erarely in the absence of his uncle, Arthur Reynolds had come to the sick chamber; but, gentle tire of what is truly excellent and right," and and sympathizing as he always was, Agnes felt he looked at her with an expression of such { that he scarcely entertained even a friendly earnestness, with a faint mingling of reproach, } regard for her, and since that well-remembered that it made Agnes' cheek take a deeper glow, sevening which now seemed so long, long ago,

them, one which neither of them, by act or word, \ but turned her eyes once more out upon the showed any disposition to pass over.

Mrs. Murray forth-she sank upon her knees by the bedside and sobbed like a child. Gradually she became calmer, and with a strong impulse to be alone, she left the chamber and stole to the parlor below. Oh, how sad and desolate it seemed. earth in its snowy mantle, even as the dead lay

what an impassable barrier had arisen between ; eyes of Arthur Reynolds. She still said nothing, wintry landscape, jealous of the intrusion upon The short, sad days of the winter time had her sacred sorrow. "I hope I do not intrude," come, and the snow lay deep and still upon the { said he, at length, "I too have borne the yoke buried earth. The light of the sunset had long of sorrow in my youth, and know how hard it is since grown pale, and the night-shades had to bear. Yet that yoke makes us strong and gathered in the chamber where Agnes and her { patient." "But I have no strength," replied cousin Martha stood beside the dying bed of she, "to bear the burden-it seems to crush Dr. Reynolds, who had been me." "No strength in yourself indeed, but look summoned in the absence of his uncle, was upward-there is strength there." Agnes inthere also, and proposed to remain through the voluntarily lifted her eyes heavenward, almost night. This was a support to poor Agnes, who as if she expected to see an angel descending could hardly believe that the blow, so long de- with the blessing; and though the stars looked layed, had thus suddenly fallen upon her. There down still as ever, their smiling now brought was no thought now of other love in her mind { peace and inward consolation. "Agnes," said than that which had always burned warmly to- the again, after another pause, during which he ward the mother, who, in spite of all weakness stood regarding her with looks of longing sadand sickness, had loved her daughter with ten- ness, "I ought not to speak of myself now, but der affection. She sank away gently, and Agnes, I wish I could help you." "You have been a overwhelmed by the awful shadow of death great help to us," said she, mechanically. "If hovering over them, and by the burdens of sor- { I might think that I could give you such aid row that filled her young heart, knew not that and comfort as one whom you loved would have the soul had taken its flight till Martha, whis- a right to de." Agnes now turned with non-Then the long-suppressed torrent of grief burst \ what you mean." "I mean," he answered, earnestly, "that I love you, and would gladly make you my wife, that you might no longer be alone as you just said, but lean upon one whose whole soul and strength belongs to you next to God, dear Agnes." Agnes felt as if she were dream-The fire burned low upon the hearth, the pale ing, and clasped her hands together tightly to moonlight cast the long shadows of the windows make sure that she were really awake. First a upon the carpet, making Agnes shudder as they | full tide of joy rushed over her, then sadly the looked to her excited fancy like the broad, white \ shadow of a deep humility gathered, and she tablets in the church-yard. She sat down by felt herself again far removed from the comfort the window, and pressing her burning cheek to { that had a moment before flooded her soul. the cold pane, gazed out upon the dreary mid- \ "Speak," said he, at last, entreatingly, fearing night landscape. How still and cold lay the she was offended and alarmed by her silence, "just one word." Agnes rose, and standing above beneath the white coverings. She looked afface to face with him, said slowly as if speaking upward, and the stars, smiling as they used in her doom, "No-no, it cannot be; I am not her happier hours, seemed now mocking her worthy to become the wife of so good a man." desolation. "I am all alone," said she, "alone He drew her eagerly, almost violently to him. in the wide world," and in her earnestness she \ "Agnes," said he, "if that be the only bar beexclaimed unconsciously, "Alone! alone!" in tween you and me, I claim you as my own from tones that mocked the bitterness of her spirit, ithis very hour. You are all that I want you." and touched a most sympathizing chord in the "Then you do not know me," she replied, while heart of him who had entered, all unperceived she rested, soothed and comforted by the strong by the weeping girl. A light touch was upon hold which he kept, as if he would never again her shoulder, but though she felt it in the thrill let her part from him. "Yes, I know you better which ran through her frame, she did not move { than you know yourself. Once I thought you nor speak. That touch lingered a moment, and frivolous and heartless, but I have learned you then a voice, so musical in its low tenderness, better. I understand the worth of my treasure, said, "Agnes!" She raised herself at the sound, and shall know how to value it." "Then what I unfamiliar from those lips, and met the sym- sam not, you must help me to become." "We will pathy that looked down from the deep, mild help each other in all that is right," and the

young man impressed a tender kiss on the fair, , times in the midst of outward blessings, found pale forehead, upon which the moonbeams rested | her old waywardness returning, the steadfastlike a halo, giving a saintly glory to the face yet { ness of her husband brought her back to serenity suffused with tears.

years of quiet joy and peace. If Agnes, some-; and sternness of the hills.

again, while she lit up with beauty the gravity The years that followed that betrothal were of his nature, as the sunbeams do the strength

#### CURSE HIM NOT.

BY JENNY A. STONE.

YES, I know this world of beauty Is a weary world to me; Life has lost its early brightness, Only gloom mine eyes can see; Joy has fied our humble cot, He is false-yet curse him not.

I have worshiped him so wildly, Oh, I cannot waken now; Love and hope are still entwining Garlands for my 'wildered brow; Music notes are sounding free O'er the land and o'er the sea.

I was but a child in feeling, And I gave him all my heart; Oh, I thought that I was dreaming When he told me we must part. Time has passed—too well I know Dreams and life together flow.

I was wont to bend above him Till my ringlets swept his brow, He was proud, and I was child-like, Oh, I cannot blame him now; More than human, half divine, How could love like his be mine?

Once I dreamed he was an angel From the bowers of light above, And I trembled as he told me Of his deep and changeless love. Ah! how strangely visions fade, Now in dust my hopes are laid.

Often in the early twilight, As I sit and muse alone. With fond memory's gentle magic,

That strong arm is round me thrown; Then I weep to think no more Love shall glad me as of yore.

Had I been of haughtier nature, I might still have kept his heart, For he said I was too wayward In his life to bear a part; And I know while weeping wild That he always called me "child."

Yes, I know that I am dying: Ere the Spring tide's balmy breath Comes to bless the world with beauty, Cold will be my heart in death; Shadows hover o'er my brow. What has earth to tempt me now?

Curse him not, for oh! 'tis better That this form should pass away, That my memory should be blotted From the world so bright and gay: I have loved-my heart is broken, Fatal words those lips have spoken.

Lay me where the fragrant blossoms Will be scattered o'er my bed, Where the lilles and the rose Will be clustered round my head; Oh, 'twas there I used to meet him, Springing o'er the flowers to greet him.

Now my dream has surely faded, And a weight is in my breast, Lay me 'neath the mossy covering, For my weary heart must rest; Let him come to that sweet spot. Let him come, but curse him not.

## "HOPE LAUGHS FORTH TO-NIGHT."

BY HELEN AUGUSTA BROWNE.

On! Hope laughs forth to-night, mother, And gleefulness is here With eyes so sparkling, bright, mother, To drive away old Care. There's no more grief within our hearts, Our songs are light and gay, And full of gushing melody, Now Sorrow's gone away.

The earth around looks glad, mother, And clear and bright the sky; Oh! why should we be sad, mother, Or wherefore should we sigh?

Oh! wherefore should earth's sorrows move, Or why should shadows fall. Since Heaven hangs so bright above, And God is over all?

Then let our hearts be light, mother, Let Hope our bosoms cheer. We'll all be glad to-night, mother, And wipe away the tear. We'll chant in gushing melodies The songs we used to love, And tune our harps to sing the praise Of Him who rules above.

## MY MOTHER;

#### OR. EXTRACTS FROM A FASHIONABE WOMAN'S DIARY.

# BY MRS. M. A. DENISON.

July 10th.

HEREY handed me a letter. It is in my mether's cramped, old-fashioned hand. She will be here the first of next week.

'Tis very foolish to think so, I know—but then those fashionable Hamiltons will be here. Mrs. Hamilton dresses with such taste, and mother will wear that old, old silk. I almost wish she had decided to come the week after—I'll write and ask her if she can put it off as well as not.

My wretchedness is unspeakable—a world of misery has fallen upon me like a cloud. I am steeped in sorrow to the very lips.

Oh! my mother! my mother!

Life is alternately light and shade, they tell me. Alas! my life is all shadow, and I seem creeping slowly down its long vista, a reproach to myself and a trouble to those I love.

My mother is dead. And I—oh! heartless! sent her such a letter! Everything is black, blank around me. My heart sinks—oh! that I too could die!

The splendors by which I am surrounded mock me cruelly. The burden on my conscience tells me I have neglected her—that I have been ashamed of her dear, hard-working hands, her homeliness, her want of knowledge pertaining to this heartless world.

How carefully she brought me up, my widowed mother, with her slender means! How she denied herself comforts that she might minister to my little wants! How proud she was of what they called my beauty! It is faded now. And I—to think of her slender wardrobe, her close Quaker caps, her unpolished language, her old-fashioned ways! May God forgive me! 'Tis the only heartfelt prayer I have breathed since the days of my childhood.

All is blank. The house seems like a vast tomb. Its splendor wearies me. Oh! could I but fall on my mother's bosom once more, and breathe out my sorrow and my penitence there! Oh! that I could see her smile again—wind my arms about her neck, feel her warm embrace.

Mother! word that I have abused, maternal heart that I have forsaken, wounded, now forever at rest in the grave.

On the 11th.

I have seen my mother. Not soon shall I forget that meek, white face, and the lips, so mute!—the gentle lips, always ready to bless me. The eyes were dim that saw nought but perfection in me.

I have been to the little cottage where I was born. Doubly dear seemed every part of that old house. The floor in the wide kitchen was white and sanded just the same as when I was last there. But over opposite in the pleasant parlor she lies placidly.

Dreary sight! They wonder at my excess of grief. They would not, knew they my self-reproaches, the crushing weight upon my spirit. As I stood by that coffin, I heard again the "God bless my daughter." It was murmured through smiles and tears on the morning of my wedding day. I remember the sad forebodings which sometimes sank in whispers in my heart when the rich stranger sought the favorite child, my wayward self. How she implored me to be humble! to bear my exaltation meekly. Can it be that she will never speak to me again? So white that brow, so stony, so cold!

On the 18th.

They have laid her away. They have buried my living heart with her. It was in a storm. The rain dripped from the windows, the turf was soaked with water. The little, white church, where she has led me so often by the hand, looked grey through the mist. The very birds chirped mournfully under their wet roof leaves. Black, and oh! so fearful, the grave yawned at my feet. Terrible! I thought she might not be dead, and I laid my hand again upon her forehead. Cold! icy cold. I shrieked aloud—I could not restrain my feelings.

That dear, grey-haired minister! Servant of Jesus for nearly fourscore and ten years, he pitied me.

Touchingly he spoke of her sweet resignation, adding that as she died as she sang,

#### "Jesus can make a dying bed Feel soft as downy pillows are."

He told, with unsteady voice, how tenderly she had spoken of her children—of me—far away, drowned in the pleasures of wealth.

I sobbed aloud.

Nor could I look as they lowered the coffin. I samine loaded the air with its perfume. shut my eyes, and for a moment felt as if I never seemed, for the moment, as if everything arounded to open them again.

When I looked up, ten thousand prismatic hues flashed upon my sight. The sun had burst from the thick clouds; and every round jewel of the rain caught a tint of beauty from his glowing rays.

"And there shall be no night there; and they need no candle, neither the light of the sun; for the Lord God giveth them light; and they shall reign forever and ever."

Thus said the grey-haired man. Every word sank into my soul, and I drank in their inspiration. My mother was then an angel in heaven, glorious! radiant!

Heaven never seemed so near to me before. It was but for a moment.

The earth rattled upon her grave. The clouds grew gloomy and drifted together. A quick, heavy shower set the leaves to trembling. The branches swung and sighed. My heart grew sick again.

Must we all come to this?

We walked slowly on through the graveled walks. Somebody had dropped flowers along, red and white, and sprays of mignionette, and they had faded there.

The old sexton stood at the gate with his hat off. As I passed him, I caught the words, spoken softly, "God bless her."

The Return.

The rain had ceased again. A flood of red ?

sunshine bathed the little cottage. The wet jessamine loaded the air with its perfume. It seemed, for the moment, as if everything around the house looked doubly beautiful. The dark back-ground of clouds, not yet broken, was the only thing in unison with the sadness of our spirits.

She was not there! We saw the top of the old chair in which she always sat at the west window.

Within—oh! how desolate! There was the little, low, rocking-chair by the corner; a stand by its side, on which lay the family Bible; and there too, lying sadly, as if conscious that their work was done, my mother's old spectacles were folded on the green-baize cover. I bent over and lifted her little work-basket. Everything was in order—the work all arranged—her little book of "Daily Food" in its accustomed nook. I took it from thence and laid it in my bosom. God helping me, I will rend it as she did.

We sat down to supper, but could not talk. At every turn our eyes met something that called up tears and sighs afresh. Here, her choice flowers, her favorite geranium just bursting into blossom. There a little porcelain vase, in which she had kept her pennies for the church collection.

Hard indeed it seemed to realize how far she slept beneath our feet.

Can I forget this sorrow? Shall I plunge into the follies of fashion again?

God forbid!

### TIME'S HOUR-GLASS.

BY LILIAS MAY.

Rosy youth, in morn's glad prime,
Hears a joyous, sweet-toned chime,
As, through Time's clear, crystal glass,
Golden grains, bright-gleaming, pass;
Sands of gold mark all the hours,
Tho' they fall, unheard, on flowers;
Dark-blue violets sweetly bloom,
Crimson roses shed perfume;
Gorgeous winged the moments fly,
Tints of gold bedeck life's sky;
Dazzled youth, amid the glow
Heeds not tho' the life-sands flow.

Man, amid noon's busy life,
Hears the din of worldly strife
As through Time's dim, half-blurred glass,
Pebbles, mixed with iron, pass;
Pebbles, sounding harsh and loud,
Fall, unheard, amid noon's crowd;
Iron-shod the moments tread,

Clouds of grey trail overhead; Working with o'er-wearled brain, Struggling on life's battle-plain, Care-worn man doth scarcely know Life's dark sands unceasing flow.

Hoary age, at even-time,
Heareth memory's unvoiced rhyme
Chanting o'er the Past again
As a sweet, remembered strain:
Through Time's scarred and dark-stained glass
Slowly now the life-sands pass;
Yet unheard their measured fall
On Doath's waiting, velvet pall;
Tear-dimmed eyes, 'mid dust and gloom,
Scarce can see the open tomb;
Dreamy hours glide softly by,
Twilight shadows veil the sky;
Feeble age doth scarcely know
Soon the last life-sands will flow.

#### JENNY AND MR. CLEAVES.

#### BY THE AUTHOR OF "SUSY L---'S DIARY."

Roxbury, Dec. 2, 1857.

Cousin George came out this morning from Boston with his easy-going carriage, to take me in to see some of the beautiful streets and picture rooms and galleries. While we were yet fresh, having only driven awhile on the Common and along a principal street, I chanced to look up and saw the letters, "Saturday Morning Chronicle office."

"Stop!" said I, dropping my hand on George's arm. "Here's Mr. Cleaves' office; I want to see him just a minute. Do you know him?"

"Not from Adam. Who is he?"

"Editor and publisher of the 'Saturday Morning Chronicle;' a good man as ever lived, I am sure. I want to see him. You just stop and let me run up and find him. I can find his office, after the experience I had in New York, last fall."

So out I sprang; up the dusty, paper-littered stairs I went, guided by letterings along the way, up to the second landing; and there I again found Mr. Cleaves' sign—this time on a ground-glass panel—"Saturday Morning Chronicle office." I tapped, and immediately the door was opened by a bright-eyed little fellow with budgets of papers under his arms and on his arms. Upon my inquiries for Mr. Cleaves, he opened the door wide by setting his shoulder against it, and said in a pleasant voice, "Mr. Cleaves, a lady."

Mr. Cleaves looked up from his writing, rose slowly, advanced slowly, looking inquiringly into my face. We met in the middle of the room.

"Is it Mr. Cleaves?" I asked. For one of our meighbors, who used to see the "Chronicle" ten or fifteen years ago, had told me that Mr. Cleaves was then the publisher, and I expected, on this account, as well as on account of the ripe, elegant and manly conservatism which give smoothings and dignity to all his complaints of abuses, all his pleas for reform, to see a man away along in the years, a man with a pale face and many white hairs, whereas the man before me could not be more than twenty-eight or thirty. But he was old enough to be snugly married, I instantaneously reflected, and if a man is snugly married before I present myself to him, this is all I ask of him.

"Mr. Cleaves," he had answered, bowing slightly, waiting.

Now, when I was running up stairs, in fact, when I began to open my lips to speak again, I expected to say, "'Tis Miss Cabot, author of so and so, published in the 'Chronicle,' as you remember." On the contrary, a merry whim seising me, I said, "And guess who I am. I'm a writer. I've written for you—within the last year—within the last month—guess." I was laughing at his puzzled looks. I saw that he could not bring himself to guessing clearly who I was, because there I was before him with my queer proceeding and my laughter. It was quite enough for him to get along with these. So I said, with demureness suddenly gathered, "Tis Miss Cabot, of F——."

"Ah? Miss Cabot? how do you do?" shaking my hand heartily, laughing. "Come and sit down;" and, on one side of the green-covered table he sat down in the arm-chair from which he had risen, on the other side I sat down in another arm-chair like it. We fell at once into easy conversation; the new book by Curtis lying on the table between us, helping to start us. By-and-bye, his face brightening, he said, "I wonder I didn't guess it was you; for you are exactly like your writings. I might have expected you to look just so, and appear just so. But I thought of Mrs. Fales, a friend of yours, as she wrote me one time. She has written for my paper; I thought of her."

"Oh, no," replied I, gravely, "Mrs. Fales is handsome. She's a very handsome woman; we're not in the least alike in our persons or appearance." I said it with the painful consciousness of ugliness, the painful longing for beauty I have felt now and then in my life, but not often; I am generally content—content, that is, with the face God has given me, but filled with craving for a beautiful spirit within that shall beautify and sanctify, all my inward and outward life, making me even lovely to look upon.

"I must go," said I, rising. "My cousin is at the door waiting."

"I am sorry to have you go," replied he, accompanying me with slow steps toward the door of the room, pausing at the door with his hand on the knob. "I am pleased to have met

you: I wish you weren't obliged to be in such } after a pause. "I've thought a hundred times haste; you are staying-"

- "Out in Roxbury, on B-- street."
- "On B \_\_\_ street? at\_\_
- "At my cousin, Robert Hall's."
- "That is lucky! my own immediate neighborhood! I know Mr. Hall and his wife intimately. How long, let me ask, will you remain?"
  - "A few days; perhaps a week."
- "That is pleasant! I'll see you again then! We'll be in at once."

He went down with me and helped me into the carriage. I asked cousin George if I had made him cross, staying; his answer was his ever pleasant-sounding laugh, as he bowed to Mr Cleaves and started his horse up.

- "So that was Mr. Cleaves?" he said, playing his whip about his horse's side.
- "Yes; isn't he a fine-looking man? Did you ever see him before?"
- "No; he lives out in Roxbury close by Robert's though. He has one of the finest places out there; one of the best graperies. They had some of his grapes at Robert's one Sunday when I was out there in the fall. His wife sent them in to Harriet."
  - "He is married then?"
- "Yes; he's got children; a girl of Het's age, I should think."
- "That is good! I'm glad he is married! have always supposed he was, he has been in the 'Chronicle' so long. But he isn't so old as I expected; and something in his appearance-I don't know what it was-made me afraid before I came away that he wasn't. I'm glad!"

"Ha!" laughed George, in his quick, explosive way. George is an "old bach," or, this is what we all call him. He is thirty-seven. know," he added, "all about how you feel. You're my cousin; perhaps we're alike in some At any rate, you've turned the first corner; and of course, you know as well as I, that some women at that age manage and work so-so outrageously hard to get married, as to put a sort of disgrace on all the rest. We who are out of the noose and so supposed to be in the market, as the women say of each other, are shy of them, of most of them. Oh! these dressed out, minced up, self-conscious, vain, proud, husband-catchers, with their eyes on every old bach and widower that comes near, how I hate 'em! I won't go near enough, if I can help it, to touch one of 'em with a pitch-fork!"

(In passing, uncle Wingate, George's father, is a farmer, close by the old homestead up on the hills at F---.)

a hundred! I've thought ten thousand times, that it's the only disagreeable thing, perhaps, about being unmarried, this forever recurring bother about marketable women. If these women only knew how ridiculous they make themselves. with never one natural look or action! I tell you, Jen, it makes me mad enough to swear!"

- "Oh, now, cousin George, you distress me!" I cried out.
  - "You? why should I? it is nothing to you?"
- "But I'm always worried for fear some old bachelor, or some widower will suspect me of manœuvring, of trying to get him, if I make one single friendly advance toward him, in the way of conversation, or in the way of anything, as I would do so composedly, and with so much real pleasure, both to myself and him, if he were married, or irrevocably engaged, or were monk of some anti-Benedictine order."
- "Oho! don't you be troubled! You haven't the air, or look, or make of the husband-hunters."
- "So you think. You don't suspect me because you know all about me; but you suspect others whose sentiments you don't know as well haps others who don't know my sentiments suspect me; and, as true as I live, cousin George, I'd rather they would."
- "Come! here you are at the square, with tears in your eyes blinding them to all the beauty."
- "I don't care for beauty or anything when it comes to this!" I replied, wiping my eyes stoutly, making, however, stout exertions to bring myself up out of my trouble. "I am as glad as I can be, at any rate, that Mr. Cleaves is married. Now I can let him see that I like him, like to talk with him, and still feel easy about it."
- "Yes, that you can. Now see if this isn't a pretty place."

We had a delightful day. Going about at sight-sceing with a heavy-spirited man or woman, or a super-energetic man or woman, drags me down. But good, large, genial cousin George! if my hand lay on his arm, or my arm but touched his, or I looked into his face, or heard his voice, all my soul rested as if upon down. I-perhaps I would be saved half the wear and tear I get, and shall get in life, wedded to a man like my cousin George. Only cousin George isn't always downy. This morning, for instance, before starting, when Robert and a neighbor were standing by to see how he would adjust a troublesome ioint in the harness, he gave his thumb a hurt, and then, snapping it, he said with roundest "I know exactly how you feel," he added, yexation, "Deuce take it!" My chamber window was let down a little. the thin muslin curtain. A quick flash it was; I will walk in them some day, when I am fit to it was over, he was laughing in a minute; but {enter, and that then I will know how divinely if I had a husband who would always be angry like that, whenever harness, or horse, or child, or anything went wrong on his hands, I fear I would often look back on these calm days of my single blessedness, which, if they are sultry semetimes, have no quick, uncertain lighting in } them, or rumbling, or explosive thunder. Welladay! I remember what poor Southey said, "My notions about life are much the same as they are shout traveling-there is a good deal of amusement on the road; but, after all, one wants to be at rest." Perhaps the poorest creature feels this want no oftener, or more deeply, than the prosperous, so-called, the famous, so-called.

Thursday, the 8rd.

I ran up stairs the moment we reached home, to lay off "the dust of travel." When I went down, George was standing close to Robert and Harriet, and they were all talking eagerly.

"Mum!" said George, to the others, the moment he saw me at the foot of the stairs. "Remember, Harriet, mum is the word! remember } Bow!"

They assented with quick nods, and then we went in to dinner. When we spoke of Mr. Cleaves, Robert praised him, saying, "He's one of your whole men. He sees all sides and knows what he is doing."

"And his wife?" inquired I.

"Mrs. Cleaves is a fine woman. Have some butter, Harriet? You'll like her. We see them very often; oftener than we do any other neighbors. I'll go and bring them in this very evening."

But they came before we left the table. Robert and Harriet both went to meet them, and brought them in to sit with us "at the walnuts and the wine."

Mr. Cleaves sat by me. I believe he sat by me nearly all the evening; for Mrs. Cleaves and Harriet hunted up the magazines in quest of certain fashion-plates, that they might know better how to make a sack for one of the children, an apron for another, a bib for another; and George and Robert, both of whom are connected with the railroads, Robert as president of one, George as agent of another, talked over "managements," as they always are interested in doing; and Robert got out some of his papers and accounts. I think we all had a comfortable, contented evening. As for me, it seemed to me as Mr. Cleaves talked, that he opened new and pleasant paths for me into life, on all sides. I saw what beauties and delights were in them, ? ried than I am."

I saw and heard through ; and longed so to walk in them! I believe that fair and serviceable an author's, anybody's days may be here on earth, if, here on earth, in the midst of the din and the dust, one will diligently and with a religious, resolute conscience, take oneself away from what is sordid and low, and keep oneself close by what is ennobling and high. The 8th.

> The next morning, while I sat writing in my chamber, I saw him coming up the walk with a basket in his hand. If it had been any other in the world whom I had met twice only, I should have sat silently behind my curtain to see with what energy and grace he approached. As it was, the old mirth of the day before, caught me, and I said, just loud enough to be heard through the slightly raised window, "Bon jour!"

> "Ha!" starting, lifting his head; "bon jour! come down."

> He brought books, one from Mrs. Cleaves for Harriet, one from himself for me; brought hothouse flowers, a big bunch for Harriet, "from Mrs. Cleaves," said he, presenting them; "and here are some for you," presenting me a little bunch, very beautiful, very beautifully arranged. "Keep them," said he, as I held them. "Carry them away with you when you go, and keep them till they are all dried up, and afterward. Remember."

> I laughingly promised; and, breaking a little flowering spray out of a bouquet on the mantlepiece, I bade him keep that after it had all dried

"Yes," he said.

He came with plans from Mrs. Cleaves, he said, speaking to Harriet and Robert. He comes every day with plans, or to hear what our plans are; and so every day.

Wednesday, the 9th.

"Jen," I heard George calling out at the foot of the stairs. "Jenny, come down here, I want to tell you something."

He turned into the parlor when he saw me coming. When he saw me at the door, he met me with his large, friendly hand outstretched. He was alone. "I thought I would ride out this morning. I want to tell you something. Harriet and I both think you ought to know. I'm almost afraid to tell you. We've been as wicked as possible; we're afraid you won't like

"Perhaps I shall. I fear I am not a little wicked myself. What is it?"

"Mr. Cleaves isn't married; he's no more mar-

be! for I have told him that I like him! I have \ long, beautiful arms. told Mrs. Cleaves-who, pray, is this Mrs. Cleaves then ?"

"His brother's wife. That is his brother's place; he just spends his summers, and now and then a week, or a few weeks, as he is doing now, out here at their house."

"Well, I told Mrs. Cleaves that I like him! that I like him very much indeed! Mercy on us!" for I was horrified as one recollection came crowding after another. "I told him no longer ago than last evening, when we three-he, Mrs. Cleaves and I-were sitting here together, that his conservatism, humane and just toward all sides, collected, reasonable, philosophical and } clear, at all times, upon all questions, quieted } me-only think, George!-soothed me-think of that!-whenever I met it upon a disturbing topic; was what I, who am prone to over-fearing, over-hoping, over-working, and all manner of tension, and many others like me, here on the wrong-headed earth, where there is so much to ? disturb one, need. I told him that I had a long ? time seen and felt this in his writings; that now I knew him personally, and had him for my friend, I was glad of the quality, as proud of it } as if he were my own brother! It was very \now all was spoiled!" much like this, what I told him-for I felt how & and I will not see him once more! In every } begged me to come in and go to Salem with her. I will go in with you this very day; I ought to § have gone before."

George—bless his calm, sincere face and voice! -said quietly, without minding my storm, "I've been thinking I should like to marry Miss Per- ? kins, if she's any like you, if this is what makes you like her so well, if she'll have me. Will she, think, if I offer?"

"Likely as not," I told him, instantaneously pleased, instantaneously losing sight of my vexation. "Likely as not she would. She's a little, blue, shivering, cold thing; she needs just such a husband as you are to make her life warmer. Oh! but I forget! I must go and find Harriet."

Whistling softly, composedly—although I believe he made the composure this time-he opened the door for me, and saw me go.

"Then I am angry! I am as angry as I can ? "It was too bad, darling!" and took me into her "It was too bad! and I, as a woman, knew it was all the time. But George wouldn't listen to me. He always made me do just as he pleased at home, you remember; and I, some way, couldn't resist him now, especially as Robert thought it well enough, under the circumstances. George said there was nothing else that would make things go on right between you and-and Mr. Cleaves, whom we all like so much, and wanted you to like. He said you would be flying off, or you would just be an odd, silent thing-this is what he said, dear-every time Mr. Cleaves came in, if we didn't do some such thing to deceive you, and this is why we did it. I am sorry; I have been sorry all along that I consented; but you will forgive us?"

Yes, I said, but I must go, that day, with George, in to Miss Perkins'. And then her tears, which had been all the time struggling, came forth a stream. Mine, which also had been struggling, came; and we wept like two children. Then we kissed each other with hot kisses, as Harriet said, "Now all was spoiled-now I would never forgive them; she saw plainly that I never would. If she had only held out, in the first place, in what she knew to be right; but

In vain I assured her that I loved them as good he is, and what good he does me-and I much as ever, more than ever the assurance was am ashamed! He will know some time that I in vain, because, after I had made and repeated it, thought he was married; but I am ashamed! I adhered still to my determination about going. I got my release, at last, only by showing her that note Miss Perkins has sent out to me, she has it could not fail of being a thousand times worse for all concerned, if I remained; for if I remained. and again met Mr. Cleaves there, I should appall him and them all by my counter-impudence and fierceness. We laughed at this, then we sighed. Harriet called it "a bad business," but acquiesced. She would rather I would go than stay and give myself and him that pain, she said; for I, as well as he, would feel better if I went, leaving the peace of those few pleasent days unbroken.

Yes, I said, begging her pardon for the pain I was giving her. I would come again, I told her, whenever she could write to me that Mr. Cleaves was traveling up the Nile, or the Senegal, or any of their branches. Again she laughed, then again she sighed, and her tears rose. When the time came, and I was about to enter the carriage, she held me, with streaming tears, and said, "I Harriet had hid herself in the nursery. When shall never forgive myself! It was a wicked, I looked in, she crowded herself back into a cor- cruel lie, and I shall never forgive myself! ner, waiting there, watching me, with air half { George, I don't see how you can be so comfortlaughing, half deprecating; but, at last, with air able about it;" he was composedly buckling a wholly deprecating, she came forward, saying, rein, "for it was a false, cruel thing. If Jenny

hadn't the kindest disposition in the world, she would despise us always after this. I shall } despise myself, dear," turning again to me, "whenever I think of it. Whenever you think of me, you may know that I despise myself for iL"

"Never mind," said I, as George was helping me in; "only, never-that is, never cheat me again, or let George. I shall come again. It won't be long, perhaps, before he'll be off somewhere; and then you can see how I love you, how glad I am to come. Adieu, darling," and George and I rode away.

"I don't blame you a bit!" said George, after we had rode on awhile in silence. "I like what you are doing. There are so many women and girls"—he always says "girls" with a slight toss of his head, a slight curl of his lip, he did then-"so many who are different. I like you for it. If I ever get married, I hope she will have an equal delicacy. But, as to cheating you, I don't know as I'm much sorry." He looked at me good-naturedly and went on, "I believe I'm glad. You have had a few pleasant days and ? evenings, so has he. You've seen him, just as he is, for you have sat quietly to look and listen, something you couldn't have done if you had known the truth. So has he seen you, just as you are, something you would never have given him a chance to do, if you had known. Now you are going. Perhaps you will never see him again; perhaps you never will, or he you; but you up there, and he down here, will remember this time as a pleasant one, and, perhaps, be glad you've had it, both of you. I am not a bit sorry. Go, President Pierce!" he meant, that his horse, whose name is Frank Pierce, was to go out of his indolent pace into a swifter. like after this to see his 'Chronicle' brought in every Saturday morning; you'll have a good time reading what he says in it."

I did not deny. I could afford to let that go as conceded, since I was so luckily escaping. If I had been held where I must, in all likelihood meet him again, I should have threatened tempestuously to burn every number of his paper that came into our house, and that the minute it came in.

Thinking it silently over, afterward, as we rode along, I was thankful to have escaped that } in the south window; I sit in my old corner near additional folly. It was weak, eccentric perhaps, them-near Pete, and write, now and then stayto run away; but it would have been foolishness ing my pen to think of one and another incident to stay where I would be sure to feel forced to fin my late visit at Roxbury. I accuse myself. protest and defy. pasceably, recounting Miss Perkins' excellences, sitting, I know nothing about how long, saying naming, among the rest, her strong, energetic to myself, with severity, that if I cannot find, will.

"Ho! and was that sure to be an excellent quality?" he asked.

"Yes," I replied, "with a husband like him; one who would not try to rule her, but would simply love, protect, provide; for the rest, leaving her to be a law unto herself."

"Yes, perhaps." Then, after having thought a long time, he tightened his reins, sighed a loud, long sigh, told his President to mend his pace, and added, "After all, 'tis risky business. comfortable as I am. If I'm sick there'll be somebody to give me my doses and keep my fire from going out, for money. There'll be somebody to do it for money, I guess." The moisture on his lids made it a difficult thing for him to see his horse's head. I told him he was a blessed cousin George, and that if he was ever taken sick, even if it was at Timbuctoo, I'd go and take care of him. His tears rolled the higher at sight of mine.

"Did I believe I would not have a husband to keep me, in less than a year?"

"Never! my mind was made up there."

Talking of the liberty, the independence, the freedom, the-the-we hardly knew what else, of single life, we came into the town to Miss Perkins' door, where he dropped me and rode hastily away, before my friend had time to follow the servant to the door. He didn't even stop for adieus. But he sent them, and a big box of fruit and nuts, of various and rare kinds, by Robert, when he came round, on his way out, that evening. Robert's penitence was equal to Harriet's; ought to be greater, he said, for he had his own offence and hers, into which he helped to lead her, to be sorry for.

We shall go to Salem this afternoon.

The 18th.

Now my father reads his newspapers; my mother "does her mending;" Pete is at his neverending song-singing, bless him! (or if he ends his song at any time, and we look up to know what he is about, we see the top of his little busy head at the seed-flask, or the water-flask, where he eats and drinks his simple, contented meal;) the old cat sleeps, and yawns, and stretches out her graceful, velvety paws, in consummate enjoyment on the green-covered lounge. Roses, chrysanthemums, and sweet Southern violets blossom So, after that, I rode on { I call myself a weak thing. I have just been at whatever times, and with whatever persons, a sufficient composure and dignity in a clear, self- pleasure, is daily and nightly subjected, and shy, awkward school-girl who "forgets her man- \and I am glad I ran away. ners," and-

Later.

Josey Fletcher came in without ringing, pulled a chair up closely to mine, threw back her hood and tippet, drew off her gnuntlets, took my pen out of my fingers, wiped it and laid it down on the wiper, planted her feet close to mine on the ried to-morrow, he don't care much to whom, if { has with the girls. He is plagued to death! He ? likes to see young ladies collected, sincere and ? womanly; he likes them-or would if he could } course, needs a wife, and will have one as soon as } he can suit himself, and this is what does it, I sup- it's done now. It's too late now topose; but isn't it too bad. The Pearlee girls and } Nanny Waite, especially, vex him. They are about the right age for him, I suppose they think, and so, wherever he plants himself in a company, if it is ever so far from them, if he takes pains to make it a long way from them, pretty soon he hears the Pearlee girls' loud laughter, or sees Nanny } Waite blushing and looking at him through her eyebrows, close by his elbow; if he shows a girl the commonest attentions, she seems to think he ? is in love with her, and is going to propose the first good chance she will give him. It makes him angry enough to pull his hair, and I don't wonder; for what comfort is there for him?"

Now Andrew Fletcher is by no means a vain, stinging ordeal, to which he, without vanity or ities by a little quiet, womanly sincerity." coquetry of his own, but with marriageable age to mingle freely with people and get and give to do, to say?"

consciousness of being no husband-hunter, so about which, when it brings him to hot desperathat I can meet the single, the seeking and the \( \) tion, he scolds to Josephine and to no one else, sought-after, with a courteousness open-browed { about which she in her turn scolds to me and to and friendly, then I am certainly a poor, weak, I no one else. There are enough others who suffer foolish thing, and deserve to be scolded like any i the same. I dare say Mr. Cleaves is one of these,

Monday, the 21st.

Not one word from Harriet or George; not one outward thing to denote that I have ever been to Roxbury. The "Chronicle" comes, but not one unwonted ripple in the editorials. It is clear no pebble has fallen, any time along; no projecting snag, or rock, or sand-cliff anywhere frets the oushion, and then said, "Andrew is as vexed as waters. I fear they all, alike, now they have he can be! He says he wishes he could be mar- \ had time to look it over, think me egotistical and foolish, and throw me away. There wasn't he can only be rid of this everlasting bother he \( \) much dignity in it; that I perceive now as plainly as they can. I might have been calm and noble enough to stay, to meet him when he came the next time with serious, sincere face; to say, find one who wouldn't the moment he speaks to \ "Well, if I am shy, and self-conscious, and her, simper and lay all her sweet naturalness by. afraid, I haven't come to it without enough For, Jenny, you and I both know that there are to make me so. I like sensible men! like to sweet girls here in this place; but, somehow, they { talk with them, but I am more afraid to show aren't like the same persons, they are changed it than I would be to face a lion, if they are in one moment, if Andrew comes along where single men, and along in years, because I have we are talking so quietly. It disappoints him. known single men to be so harassed and plagued, It is worse now, he is a young widower, than it and because I'm afraid they will misunderstand was when he was free before his marriage. They \ both me and my liking." I suppose this would all know that he has a home, and that he, of have been more dignified than running away. They can, none of them, help thinking so. But

The 28th.

"A gentleman, Miss Jane," said Irish Mary, that afternoon as I wrote, opening wide the sitting-room door, where Pete, the old cat and I were alone. On looking round, I saw the one I expected to see, Mr. Cleaves. I was glad and ashamed. I had for many days been ashamed, and the shame by no means fled at sight of him. His face was manly and deprecatory. I think we, neither of us, spoke at first. We met half way across the room, held each other's hand, looked in each other's face. I was ashamed enough to ery. I am sure that tears of shame rose in my eyes. But by-and-bye we laughed; laughed with all our hearts, as I said, "Was conceited fellow, or a trifler. His sister is no there ever such a foolish thing as running off silly creature to get unreasonable notions into in that manner? twenty-eight, (or I shall be her head, run about and talk them over, making (twenty-eight to-morrow,) and at that age one great ado over them. This is a real harassing, might be expected to save oneself such absurdi-

"Supposing you had tried the womanly sinand conditions of his own, with a simple intelli- cerity," he inquired, with ingenuous face and gence and sociability of his own, a simple desire \{\) voice, "what, may I ask, would it have led you

"I don't know. speak, to look and act in a manner so-so be- him! with what blows and laughter! coming and so suitable that you could not have suspected me of being a husband-hunter, if I had shown ever so much pleasure in meeting you and in talking with you."

"You wrong yourself, Miss Cabot," he replied, speaking with earnestness and very great serious-DASS.

"Perhaps so; I presume so. But I have heard so much! If I were beautiful, I would be less sensitive perhaps. But I heard a gentleman once, when he was ridiculing a lady's obtrusiveness in dress and manners, say, 'And she's as ugly as Time!' If she had been beautiful, there would have been gentle indulgence for her. Ι have gathered it from the writings of gentlemen, and from what I have heard them say, that a beautiful woman has many immunities which an ugly one has not. She may set off her charms with all the accessories of ornament, for instance, and it is sweet and pretty in her; but if an ugly woman does it, or tries to do it, she draws the more eyes to the ugliness which is thus the more obvious and repulsive, so these men say; and they say-you know what they say; you have heard it more than once. Now, I know as well as any lady can, that I am ugly. I am twenty-eight; and I am as sensitive as I can be!"

"More so, probably, in all cases than you would be if you knew yourself better, knew better what your air and manners are; more so in this case certainly, than if you had known me better."

Again tears of regret and shame welled up into my eyes.

"I presume so," replied I, "and I beg your pardon. I was very weak; I shall not soon forget it. I shall turn the memory and the regret to a wholesome penance."

He was willing; he would like to have me make that use of it. I could have no clearer sense of the need and the deserving than he had of it.

"Would he have refreshment? tea?" I asked.

"No." he thanked me, "he had something at the hotel before being brought over." So we eat and talked until a late hour, when he went back to the hotel for the night.

The next morning it snowed, a regular blockade. He came over though; walked over; would walk, for the sake of wading once knee-deep in the snow; for the sake of getting his borrowed fur over-coat so filled and covered with snow, as will be up again in two weeks, he wrote. He to make a polar bear of him. What a stamping, will write so often that yes, I see how often he and brushing, and shaking of coat and cap there will write.

It would have led me to was under the trellis, in the hall! How I brushed

"Yes! he saw!" he said. "He saw that if I could run away, I could also stand and fight.

The cars could not go through, that day. North, they did not stir. South, they came to Concord, but came no farther. The snow came down all day, save a little while at noon, as if the clouds themselves were falling. There was not a breath of air stirring; and so, all day, every tree and shrubs along the river, on the little round island, on the hill-sides, the hill-tops,

"Wore ermine too dear for an earl."

The solemn arms of the pines were weighed down with it into a grand resemblance of the mountain pines, forever bent by wind and storm. Chickadees came to be happy with the storm. Solitary men went by with their burdens and their looks of care, heavily wading. But the villagers halloed cheerfully one to another, snowballed one another, shoveling the paths to their doors, going by with light scrapers for the sidewalks, and a wide scraper drawn by Col. Psix slow, mammoth oxen, for the street. Cleaves was on his feet all day, to stand before one window or another window, in the porch or in the piazza. He had never seen such a storm with the hills and pines and graceful river banks surrounding him. He had never anywhere seen the big, feathery flakes falling with such stillness, so veiling the landscape. He was at times quite wrought up with it. He was sure he would remember that day while he remembered anything. One might go a long way seeking for the lovely, the grand, the solemn, and come back without having found anything to equal that winter day here at F-

The next day was as fair as Eden. He was obliged to go that day, but he has written that they were all day getting through. He wrote leaders all day, he says, leader upon leader, because he felt it; because he was strong of heart, clear of purpose, and life was filled with brightness and with new hints and glorious meanings to him.

He is happy! He has me there now in spirit, he says; and by the joy this gives him, he knows what it will be when he has me in body also. All hope, all desire, all life turns now toward me.

Bless me! he writes. He blesses God for having kept him and me, and so made it possible for this great blessing to come to us.

comes Frank and lays a letter inside our sittingroom door, looks up and says, "From Boston,
Yes
Miss Jane."

And now every day, when the mail comes, chair—so, au revoir, but, dearest reader, au mes Frank and lays a letter inside our sitting- revoir.

Yes! my dearest and best reader must expect me to hurry with my au revoirs as I do

One, so brought, is here now. He is in the now, when-as revoir, best reader.

# MOONLIGHT.

### BY MARCELLA M. HINES.

Who can gather up the brightness
Of the moonlight, as it plays
With such living, airy lightness,
Like the dancing of the fays?
Now, with witching grace, coquetting
With the pure white clouds above,
Till they, almost half regretting,
Sweetly blush with timid love.
Beautiful in midnight splendor,
Bringing visions dreamy, tender,
Is the moonlight on the clouds.

Now upon the waters, glancing
Where the swiftest ripples whirl,
And the Naiads, lightly dancing,
Wear their richest robes of pearl—
Jeweled robes, whose varied sparkling,
Shames earth's high wrought diadems,
While the eddies' shadowy darkling
Add new lustre to the gems.
Minstrel winds make soft, entrancing
Music, for the sweet nymphs dancing
With the moonlight on the waves.

Boft its touch, full of caressing,
On the leaves that tremble much—
Tremble with excess of blessing
At that gentle, thrilling touch.
Is it strange that lovers listen
With wild joy to ardent vowa,
When the softening love-rays glisten
On the overhanging boughs?
Rare love-teacher, from time olden,
Teaching young hearts lessons golden,
Is the moonlight 'mong the leaves.

Gentle fairies from their bowers
Slyly creep, cheered by its smile,
Giving their protegee flowers
Purest gems of dew the while;
Till the forest, upland, meadow,
Show rich traces of their care,
E'en the leaves the trees o'ershadow
Gleam with jewels, quaint and rare.
While our souls such beauties gather,
Bless the loving, watchful Father
For the moonlight pencilings.

### THE ROSE AND THE BEE.

# BY EDWARD A. DARBY.

BESIDE the southern garden wall,
Where shone the sun the whole day long,
And where the birds of Spring were wont
To sing their first glad vernal song,
A rose-bud, op'ning modestly,
Its damask petals half revealed,
And coyly wooed the wanton breeze
To taste the charms that were concealed.

More beautiful and yet more bold
The rose grew in the sun's warm rays;
The garden flowers proclaimed her queen,
And offered fealty and praise.
Right regal was their chosen queen—
A fairer you may ne'er behold,
Though decked with costly diadem,
And garnished o'er with virgin gold.

A knightly bee on golden wing
Disporting free from flower to flower—
Now flaunting gayly in the sun,
Now reveling in honeyed bower—

Beheld the queenly rose that grew
Beside the wall in regal pride,
And whispered, "She is fairer far
Than aught for which bee ever sighed.

"Such royal grandeur in her mien?
Such grace in every flowing line!
A gem that's worthy of a king—
God help me, but she shall be mine."
With courtly flattery and praise
Her half reluctant ear he plied,
And talked of happiness and love
Until she closed her eyes and sighed.

Bo well his ready tongue portrayed Love's more than sublunary blies, She yielded, half afraid, and gave. The wanton bee Love's nectar kiss. Then with a mighty gush that threw Reserve and haughtiness aside She clasped him to her heart—but he, The ingrate! stung her till she dled!



# THE POOR COUSIN.

# BY A NEW CONTRIBUTOR.

Wyndham, throwing himself into the large, easychair before the glowing grate. "I haven't seen such a fire for three years. It does a man good to go from home once in awhile, to know how he is appreciated. You feel quite proud of your handsome brother, eh, sis?"

"Pshaw, Harry. Going abroad has not cured you of your vanity. But Jane," she added, turning to a young woman who sat sewing in the corner, "bring some more coal: and, Jane, do get my work-box as you come down stairs. It is awfully stupid here with nothing to do."

"Thank you, Carrie, for the compliment: but who is Jane? I have surely seen her before."

"Don't you know Jane Weston?"

"What! cousin Jenny! Is it possible! So she is exalted to the rank of an upper servant in her uncle's family. A sort of maid of all work."

"Harry! I don't ask Jane to do what I would not do myself."

"Ah, let me see, coal is apt to soil delicate fingers. I suppose Jenny does not play on the piano, and is not invited into the parlor. Perhaps my memory is at fault, but I believe her father was a wealthy lawyer, while ours was a poor cabin boy, who made his fortune by-

Carrie's face crimsoned, and she was about leaving the room in indignant astonishment, when Jane returned with the coal and box.

"Excuse me, Jenny," said Harry, taking them from her. "Excuse me for not knowing you, but three years make great changes. I am sorry, however, that you still think me such a scape-grace, that you have not spoken to me since I came." Here Harry playfully put his arm around her, and kissed her cheek.

The tears rose to her eyes, and her voice trembled as she endeavored to answer, but Harry continued,

"I am very sorry to see this, Jenny. I heard of your father's misfortunes and death, but I did not imagine that you would be treated thus in this family."

do nothing to help me.

"Why have you remained here? Jenny, you have you must have borne a great deal. You about the room, putting everything in its place,

"WELL, this is comfortable!" exclaimed Harry; used to be a fine musician. It would have been better-

> "Yes, Harry," she answered, interrupting him, "I should have gone long ago but for little Effie. She clung to me and seems to depend on me more than any one else."

> "Bless you, Jenny, for your kindness to her." said the really affectionate brother, "the poor child has not had too much sympathy since I left."

> Here the ringing of the door bell announced the entrance of visitors, and Jane hastily retreated.

> When Harry next saw her she was patiently standing by the table, ironing a delicate ruffle of his own. He had often wondered who fluted these so beautifully, but he had yet to learn how necessary Jane was in household affairs.

> "You shall not do this for me, said he, attempting to withdraw it from her hand.

> "Suppose I say it gives me pleasure to work for you," she answered, with a gentle smile.

> "In that case, I shall say I do not deserve such kindness. But, Jenny, it provokes me to see you take everything so meekly. If you would just speak out boldly, and tell them you would not bear it, they would not dare to treat you so. I am astonished that my father can suffer his sister's child to become a menial in his house."

Jane laid her hand on his arm, and replied, very gently, "Come with me, Harry; I have something to show you."

He followed her up stairs, and she stopped at the door of a small room which she softly opened. On a low bed near the fire, lay a feeble, sickly child, whose wan face was even more pale and worn than he had ever seen it. One thin hand was under her cheek, while the other was thrown over the pillow. She was asleep.

"Harry, I think Effie is sinking, no one seems to notice it but myself. She has seemed to care for nothing for several days, and has hardly tasted food."

"Dr. Gordon must come and see her "Don't say anything, please, Harry; you can { to be here to-night, and I will ask him to come up."

Harry watched Jane as she moved noiselessly

and preparing something to tempt the child's \ who leaned over her chair, and looked down delicate appetite, and thought how little the languidly into her face. world knew of the beautiful life of patient goodness in that upper room, of the scenes of gentle kindness and unwearying devotedness daily enacted around the bedside of that little sufferer. Effie had long been hopelessly deformed, and her lower limbs were shrunken and wasted. Acute pain often kept her moaning hour after hour. Jane was for days the only one near her. In fact the child would seldom let Jane leave her, and no one seemed to think that anything could be done for her; so, in time, all became accustomed to her illness, and it was deemed hardly worth while to inquire about her. Her mother was dead, and her father believed that in asking Dr. Gordon to come round sometimes and see her, he was performing all a parent's duty, and could do no more. Carrie complained that a sick-room made her headache, and in consequence seldom honored it by her presence.

Harry was really affectionate and kind, and had often brought a smile to the pale, little face, that nothing else could. But with Jane's arrival, there had come peace and happiness to the } child's heart, that had never before found place Jane felt that her mission on earth, though through sorrow and tears, was one of the deepest and purest joy.

That evening, the parlors resounded with laughter and song. Harry came up once or { twice to see Effie, and, finding her quiet, went back again to the parlor. In the course of the evening, Dr. Gordon asked Carrie for a song, which she told him she had forgotten.

"Why, Jenny can sing that," exclaimed

"Who is Jenny, if I may ask?" inquired the doctor.

"Oh! a cousin of ours, who nurses Effie."

"A cousin! I did not know--"

"Certainly not," interrupted Carrie, "few know Jane, because she will never come into the parlor."

"She is very retiring indeed," said Harry, significantly. "I will go and see if I cannot persuade her, for one night, to overcome this reluctance to society."

Carrie bit her lip with mortification, and } rapidly passed her fingers over the keys of the instrument, to preclude any further conversa-

In a few moments, a servant came in with a message from Harry, that the doctor would please walk up stairs.

A shaded lamp was burning in Effic's room, and Jane was holding the child in her arms. Harry held one of the little cold hands, so sadly attenuated, and she looked affectionately up into his face, while a faint smile lighted up all her features.

"Jane," said the child, softly, pressing the hand that was round her, "you have been very good to me, and God will bless you. I am going home, and I will ask Him."

The thin fingers relaxed their hold, they were growing weaker.

The doctor looked en silently, he felt that a greater physician than he was relieving Effie's sufferings.

When the morning light stole into that little chamber, it fell on the face of a still, white figure, with hands crossed upon its breast, and whose better part "had gone to be an angel."

A month after this, Dr. Gordon was shown into the sitting-room at Mr. Wyndham's. Carrie was very beautiful in her mourning silk, for it set off her fair complexion to great advantage; Jane was quietly working, in her usual dress. for it had been thought too expensive for her to have black. "She was only Effie's nurse," said Harry, sarcastically.

"You ought to be ashamed, Harry, you care more now for Jane than for your own sister." replied Carrie, with tears of anger and mortification.

"It is well that some one does care for Jane," he answered, taking his seat by the latter as he spoke.

"You know, Harry," she said, looking up quietly, as she always did, "that the dress Nothing could makes no difference to me. make her memory dearer."

A smile of peace rested on her sallow features as she spoke, a gentle, patient smile, that seemed to light up the soul within, and made her almost beautiful. She looked a moment at Harry, and then her eyes went back quietly to her work.

"If Miss Weston will oblige me," said the doctor, "I called to see if she would go with me to visit a sick woman near by. She is sadly in need of some cheering words, such as only one of her own sex can give her. She has every necessary comfort for the body, but is extremely depressed and nervous. My horse is waiting for me, and if you will get in the carriage and go with me, I will be greatly obliged."

Jane was quickly ready for the ride. "Harry was always so ridiculous about some doctor handed her in, and stepping in after her, things," said Carrie, turning to a young man they were soon far from Carrie and all those little

petty cares, from which Jane had known no my house is sadly in need of its mistress, and respite for many a weary week.

The fresh air seemed to impart a glow to her cheek, and a light sparkled in her eye that made "guess where I dined to-day. But you never her seem another creature.

of the carriage, the doctor said,

Jane, but I knew she could not spare you; but mind to go and get married myself."

you will not make me wait long."

"Carrie," said Harry, about a year after this, will. With Dr. Gordon and his wife; and Jenny. When they returned home, before getting out is actually beautiful. Happiness, and foreign travel, have so much improved her, and their "I wanted to tell you this a long time ago, home is so charming, that I have made up my

# BELL SMITH AND I!

BY W. S. GAFFNEY.

How oft, in childhood's halcyon days, Ere reason broke life's fairy spell, O'er aloping meads, by babbling brooks, Or in the flower-laden dell-We sauntered forth, in merry glee, 'Neath Summer's sun or twilight's sky, With tiny feet and cheerful hearts In confidence—Bell Smith and I!

I seem to see the willow tree Where oft our weary feet did rest: The orchard and the apple stump, Where erst I found the blue-bird's nest: And there, beyond the grassy lawn, Where waved the tall and graceful rye, And bushes cast a shade at noon, We gathered berries-Bell and I

She was a sweet and charming lass! The loveliest at home or school; And for her dear and precious sake I know I've often played the fool! Yet oh! the bright ecstatic bliss Of days which manhood ne'er can buy: Would we might live them o'er again, As once we did-Bell Smith and I!

But ah! the halcyon days of youth Nor time nor wishes can recall; Their memories rise up to view But for a moment-that is all! Full many a harvest moon hath passed-Full many a Winter's blast gone by-Since hand-in-hand, and young in heart, We tripped the groves-Bell Smith and I.

The village grounds, so lovely once, Now boast the name of Prospect-Head; And all their sweet simplicity Is shadowed o'er with Mammon's tread: The red school-house now stands no more The little rivulet hard by; Nor doth the tutor's voice resound Where wisdom smiled on Bell and I!

Young loves have grown estranged since then, And fate hath woven many a spell; The fresh, the buoyant hearts of yore, Where are they now-ah! who can tell? Some tread, perhaps, a foreign soil. While others in the church-yard lie; And two I hope, though parted here, Will meet above-Bell Smith and It

# SONG .- MAGGIE DAWSON.

BY A NEW CONTRIBUTOR.

Stratounded by pride, by false glitter and show, How oft in the city I silently pine For the haunts of my youth, that I left long ago When a careless content, with its pleasures were mine. Untrammeled by wealth, unacquainted with fear, My heart it beat light, for I worshiped alone, The sweet, winning smile of my lassic so dear, When I wood Maggie Dawson, and thought her my own.

At eve, my dear Maggie, how often have I Wandered out through the vine-tangled forest with thee, While the loud, merry laugh that resounded on high, Bespoke of two hearts that were happy and free. We talked not of love-but our love was revealed By a mystical something unconsciously shown. What are words? "Tis by those that our thoughts are concealed,"

And without them I felt as if Maggie's my own. Vol. XXXV.—14

We talked not of love-yet the sensitive glow Often told of the truth we half trembled to speak:-In the volume of life, every thought that we know Is writ on the page of the soul-telling cheek. And when, my dear Maggie, I bade you adieu, If the big swelling tear 'neath thine eyelid was shown; Shall I slight the affection displayed then by you? No! fain would I make you forever my own.

Ye jades of the city, though comely and fair, Who sport in your silks and your jewels so fine, Let you put on each grace, and each gay flaunting air, Yet in spite of your arts Maggie Dawson is mine. When once from this scene of dull plodding and strife, I seek the old haunts which my childhood has known, Then, Maggie! dear Maggie! I'll make thee my wife, And the girl of my heart be forever my own.

#### OLD STONE MANSION. тнк

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD," 4G.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

#### CONTINUED FROM PAGE 122.

### CHAPTER IX.

In this unhappy mood I remained for several days. Mr. Talbot had left, the evening after the dance, to be absent, as I heard Georgiana say, ? for nearly a week.

One day, I was sitting in my favorite alcove, above the sea, when Senator Clare approached. He and I had lately become quite friendly: at least, he often stopped to talk to me. He began now ghyly,

"Poetizing beside the ocean again, eh! Miss Gray?" For the Senator would insist I was literary, and wrote poetry, in spite of my denials.

"It is unwritten poetry, then," I replied.

"Perverse as ever," was his rejoinder. "Now if I was only the favored one, who was allowed a peep into that port-folie. At any rate," he continued, observing I was annoyed at his pertinacity, "if you do not write poetry, I am sure you feel it. Your love for the sea is unaffected. Others talk of it twice as much as you do, but one sees they are not in earnest."

"Yes! I love the ocean," I answered, abstractedly. "It seems to me like some great, beautiful monster, that fascinates me beyond words."

"Mrs. Clare and I were watching you, yesterday, when you were bathing. You entered into the sprit of it as no one else does. Are you not afraid to go out so far alone?"

It was the custom at this watering-place, as at most American ones, for ladies to be attended by a husband, brother, or male acquaintance, when in the breakers. As I had neither husband, nor brother, and knew my uncle's selfishness, I always bathed by myself, for I would not permit any other gentleman to assist me.

"Oh! no," I replied. "Why should I fear? I am always careful to keep on safe ground. Besides, I swim."

"We were observing you floating. I wish every lady had your courage. When I was younger I would sport, for hours, in the breakers; { but I am getting too old now."

"I think it is less strength than skill that is those frank eyes. required. The surf is sometimes very heavy, For a few minutes, during which Senator Clare 210

but I have never yet lost my footing. The knack comes by nature, perhaps."

"You bathe, certainly, as if you were born to it. I can recognize you among a hundred. Mr Talbot was saying the same, only the other morning, when he and I stood looking at you. It was the very day he left. The waves came racing in, like greyhounds coursing. You stood, your shoulder slightly inclined to the rollers, your hat disappearing and reappearing, as they rushed over you; 'that famous hat,' he cried, 'it is like the plume of Henry of Navarre, always in front of the battle.' It was wonderful how you kept your ground. I said as much, but he told me of a certain sailing party," and the Senator looked archly at me, "and answered that your courage was never temerity, though you had the mettle of a thorough-bred. The metaphor is mine, not his, and I beg your pardon: we old lovers of the turf are often jockeys even in our talk."

It was not, however, at the comparison that I colored. My emotion arose from anything but anger. I remembered that all this had been said, by Mr. Talbot, after I had supposed I had offended him hopelessly. It was happiness that called the crimson to my cheek.

"But I declare," said the Senator, rising, "if here isn't Mr. Talbot himself. Talk of a certain personage, eh! Miss Gray. He is coming, just in time, for I know you have been dreadfully bored by an old fellow like me."

I recognized the footstep, though still distant. But I did not dare to look up. I heard it approach and stop beside me. Still I gazed immovably before me. My heart was beating

"And Miss Grey too," said that rich, manly voice, thrilling through and through me, "I hope she, also, is glad to see an old friend."

I raised my eyes, and took his proffered hand. with what composure I could, stammering out something in reply. Every trace of resentment, if there ever had been any, had vanished from

lingered, the conversation was desultory, even gay. If I had wished to be reserved to Mr. Talbot, I could not, in the presence of the Senator, for one so shrewd would have noticed it and read my secret; but I did not wish to be. I felt I had been miserable without cause, and was ealy too happy to forget the past, if Mr. Talbot had forgetten it.

When Senator Clare left, Mr. Talbot took a seat beside me, and looking archly at me, said,

"I have found out something, since I was away."

"Ah!" I said, inquiringly, not knowing what else to say, for his manner strangely embarrassed me.

"We are old acquaintances."

I looked my surprise. He evidently meant we had met before this summer; and I was not conscious of it.

"Indeed?" I said. "Are you sure?"

My hand lay on my lap. He took it up in his own broad palm, as if he had a right to it. I did not resist him, though no other man had ever been allowed to retain it even for an instant.

"I am sure as that I hold this now," he answered; and he lifted my hand to his lips and kissed it. "These little, taper fingers," he continued, looking into my eyes, and speaking in a low, tender voice, "are not more delicate than she was then."

His tone, his whole manner, revealed to me that I was loved. I was dizzy with bliss. But I tried to turn the conversation from the dangerous point, as women will, stammering something about not understanding where we could have met.

He looked at me full of infinite love; paused, and went on.

"It all came back to me, like a flash," he said, still retaining my hand, and smiling at my perplexed look. "I was walking in a certain street, the other day, when I recollected, suddenly, that I had been there, years and years ago. How vividly the scene returned to me! The snow-covered ground; the big bully of a boy; the broken pitcher; and two eyes, that looked up at me so appealingly, that I have never forgotten them. And they are the very same eyes in the woman that they were in the child."

He pressed my hand as he finished. It came back to me also like a flash. The same bold, frank eyes were looking into mine now, that had cheered and encouraged me, on that dreadful day.

I felt myself blush to the very forehead. Then my glance sunk beneath his.

"And it was you!" I murmured. "I see it all now. How could I have——"

I stopped. I blushed more guiltily than before. Yet oh! how happy I was to recognize, in him, my boyish defender.

"I wonder I was so long in discovering you," he said. "From the first hour I saw you here, I felt there was something about you, I could not tell what, which seemed to me strangely familiar. Looks would come back to me, from the far, far past, like those I saw daily in your eyes."

"But how did you know, at last, that it was I?"

"Haven't you just admitted it?" he said, archly. "I felt sure I was right," he added, in a deeper tone, "and was curious to know if you would recollect it."

Ah! little did he know, I said to myself, how well I had recollected it; how, for years, that brave lad had been my childish idea of a hero.

There was a silence, which he was the first to break.

"I had other reasons, too, for my belief. I used often to think of that little girl, and wonder what became of her: so much so, that, at last, I went to the house, which I had seen her enter, and asked about her. They told me of the death of your mother, and that you had been taken away by an uncle. Both his name and yours I had forgot, in the course of time; but they came back, all at once, as I stood in the narrow street again: and I remembered that they coincided with yours and Mr. Elliott's."

He paused a moment: then went on, his voice taking a tenderer tone.

"I had the good fortune to defend you once, dear Margaret: will you not permit me to be your defender all your life? Heaven surely has intended us for each other. I feel, that, between our souls, now that we are adults, there is a sympathy that can never die. Is it not so?"

What could I say? What I did say, the reader will imagine, from what I have told of myself before.

The engagement made a great talk. I had wished to keep it secret, but Georgiana, in a fit of spleen, proclaimed it, knowing it would annoy me. Impertinent young ladies told me how all the rest envied me, and as the mothers, generally, looked coldly on me, I suppose I was told the truth. I was quite ready, for my part, to believe that I was legitimately a subject of envy, for no nobler man lived, or had ever lived, I said to myself, than Mr. Talbot.

"Ah! sly fox," said Senator Clare, to me, "I knew how it would be. I told Mrs. Clare, long other, you and Talbot were. No ordinary woman would have been able to win him. He needed a strong, original character like yours, feminine, but still heroic. It is not mere compliment, my dear child." he added, in a serious tone, "when I say this. God bless you. It is an old man's hearty benediction; but it is sincere."

#### CHAPTER X.

WE returned to the city in September. My marriage was to take place in the beginning of the year.

My uncle and aunt, though studiously polite to me, could not forgive me for having, as they thought, supplanted Georgians. Their secret aversion was such, that I often thought, if I had not been about to become the wife of the rich and celebrated Mr. Talbot, they would have broken with me epenly.

Mr. Talbot spent more than half of his time in our city. When he was with me, I was happy, but during his absences I had many sad hours; and I counted, with impatience, the days yet to elapse before I should have a right to be always with him.

Of Georgiana I saw very little. Her evenings were consumed by a round of parties, and her mornings were generally spent abroad. I learned, accidentally, from her maid, that she had become an early riser, and often took long walks before breakfast. She seemed to avoid my society; and when we met was reserved. On more than one occasion, when I saw her in society, I was struck with her unnaturally gay spirits. What little confidence had grown up between us, since we had become women, had ceased from the day Mr. Talbot had asked my hand. Thus alienated from nearly all the household, I devoted much of my time to Rosalie. We were together more than ever. Often, I said to myself, that my only regret, in leaving my uncle's family, would be my separation from her.

We had been in town about two months, when Georgiana's birth-day came around. It was to be celebrated by a great ball. The preparations for this event threw my cousin and myself frequently together, for there was much to consult about; and the great inequality of her spirits now struck me more than ever. I could not avoid the conclusion that she had some secret cause of unhappiness. Had I not known that she had never loved Mr. Talbot, but only intrigued to get him through sheer vanity, and deserted apartments, in order to see that the serperhaps a little pique at the unexplained de- {

sgo, that if two people were ever made for each | have imagined it was disappointed affection. More than once I was on the point of soliciting her confidence. But she always repelled even the slightest approaches of this description, coldly and haughtily. If her mother noticed her abstracted air, or unconscious aighs, she would break into a laugh, declare it was all imagination, and say she never felt better or happier in her life.

> The ball went off brilliantly. Georgians had never looked more beautiful, or seemed in higher spirits. Her parents, proud of the admiration she created, followed her with their eyes wherever she went.

> "I declare," said Mr. Talbot, gayly, "your cousin is almost as beautiful as yourself."

> "Almost!" I retorted, in the same spirit. "It is well there is that saving clause. I don't think I should ever forgive you otherwise."

> "It is more of a triumph to her parents than even to herself. How your uncle and aunt seem to worship her. What a strange thing parental love is."

> I read his thoughts. He was wondering how Georgiana, whom he thought so silly, could have inspired such attachment. But he solved the riddle immediately.

> "In fact, however," he continued, as if speaking to himself, "it is themselves, in such cases, that parents love. Georgiana is showy, full of tact, and fashionably accomplished; they expect her to make a great match; and that hope, as well as the admiration she excites, gratifies their vanity."

> "You modern Rochafaucault," I said, playfully, dropping his arm on which I had been leaning, "Avaunt!"

> "Why not Mephistophles at once?" he answered, laughing.

> "Well then Mephistophles," I cried. "I have no patience with you. You are always looking out for bad motives."

> "Not always," he said. "I don't think there's anything selfish in your love for Rosalie, for example. But, perhaps, we lawyers do look toe much at the worse side of humanity. However, be it vanity or not, which makes your uncle and aunt adore Georgy, her death would be a blow none the less terrible."

"I believe it would nearly kill them."

I have recorded this conversation, because, often afterward, it recurred to me as having been almost prophetic.

Early the next morning, I went down to the vants were prompt at rearranging them. Every parture of her supposed noble admirer, I might ? one knows what a sad spectacle a ball-room preunts the following day. As I looked around, a feeling of melancholy, almost indescribable, stole over me. To have sat down and cried would have been a relief. I had never felt so, without sufficient cause, before; and I was ashamed of myself for being, as I thought, bysterical. Alas! it was a presentiment of evil.

The breakfast bell rang, an hour later than usual, and though every one looked haggard, all obeyed it, except Georgians. After waiting for a quarter of an hour, her father, who was a martinet in punctuality, testily ordered her to be summoned.

"Poor thing," said her mother, apologetically, "let her sleep. We can breakfast for once without her, father. She must be quite worn out."

"Not more than we are," answered Mr. Elliott, who was always out of humor if he had to wait for a meal. "Let her get up, like the rest of us. It was for her pleasure the house has been turned topsy-turvy; and the least she can do is not to keep breakfast standing."

When my uncle spoke in this way there was no appeal. A servant, therefore, was despatched to Georgiana's door; but the poor creature returned immediately, followed by my cousin's maid, consternation on both their faces.

My uncle and aunt rose at once, divining something terrible. But neither could form words to speak. It devolved on me to interrogate the maids.

Both spoke at once. Georgiana's room was empty, they said, and her bed had not been disturbed.

Simultaneously we three, uncle, aunt and myself, rushed up stairs; my uncle with an oath, my aunt shrieking, myself with a dreadful suspicion at my heart. The servants followed after. I looked back at Georgiana's maid, and read in her face, though she strove to appear frightened, that she knew more about the affair than she chose to tell; and my suspicions and fears began to assume shape.

Mr. Elliott was the first to reach the chamber. His eye instantly detected a note, left conspicuously on the dressing-table, which he read rapidly through, threw with an oath at his wife, and then rushed down stairs, exclaiming that Georgians had disgraced them forever, and shouting for a carriage and policemen.

My aunt took up the letter, but her hand shook so that she could not see, and I was compelled I offer to assist her. Leading her to the bed, to ordered the servants from the room, and then read the note aloud, the poor mother rock- destinely. Hence her walks before breakfast. ing to and fro, and wringing her hands, except when she broke into audible sobbings.

My conscience smote me as I read. Georgiana had eloped, the letter said, with one whom she knew her parents were prejudiced against, but who was all nobleness and virtue, as they would yet discover. He had loved her, she wrote, ever since he first saw her, at the sea-shore, in the summer; but had not dared then to breathe hig hopes, because an old enemy of his, Mr. Talbot, had, he knew, prejudiced her parents against Since then, however, he had followed him. Georgiana home; they had met frequently; and she had finally consented to be his; indeed, she had loved him, she said, from their first meeting. The missive ended with what is, I suppose, the usual conclusion in such cases, an entreaty for forgiveness.

I had no difficulty in solving parts of this riddle. Georgiana had eloped with Mr. Despencer, the adventurer who had disappeared so suddenly, the day after Mr. Talbot's arrival. But other parts of it were still enigmatical. I had always intended to tell Georgiana this man's true character; but had forgotten to do it; and I had never since even heard his name mentioned in the family. From my aunt I could extract no information. She had never known, she said, that he had visited at the house-how then could it be supposed that she or her husband was prejudiced against him? My poor aunt, on saying this, began to reproach her child, and went into violent hysterics.

The problem was not unriddled till later in the day, when my uncle, having returned from an unsuccessful pursuit of the fugitives, and my aunt having partially recovered, I mentioned my suspicion that Georgiana's maid knew more of the affair than any of us. My uncle had her immediately summoned, and by locking the door, threatening her with a prison, and promising her a large reward, he so worked on her alternate fears and cupidity, that she finally betrayed her mistress. By putting together what she revealed; what I already knew; and what I suspected, I got at the full truth.

It seems, that, within a few days after our return, Mr. Despencer had waylaid the maid, and by a liberal reward had induced her to send him word the next time Georgians went out alone. Thus informed, he had met my cousin, as if accidentally, and renewed their acquaintance. Georgiana, mortified by the loss of Mr. Talbot, and having always secretly liked Mr. Despencer, consented, after one or two of these apparently chance interviews, to meet him clan-

"Miss Elliott," continued the maid, "used to tell me all. How that Mr. Despencer was a lord in disguise, but that Mr. Talbot, he knew, had { country mansion, which her husband had hired. set you, sir, against him, so that it was of no a few miles out of town. use for him to visit here openly. How that there was no way but to elope and trust to forgiveness afterward. How that she was as good as an only daughter and you couldn't help forgiving her. And how he wanted Miss to run away long ago, but she wouldn't, hoping something would turn up, and when she gave up this hope, she told him she must wait, anyhow, till after her ball "

"So," cried my uncle, choking with rage, "you knew all this, and didn't tell me."

The girl began to whimper. I feared, that, if the scene was protracted, Mr. Elliott might do what he would afterward regret, so I took the responsibility of unlocking the door, and signing for the maid to depart. He scowled at me, but said nothing; and I also left in order to see my aunt and give her the solution to the mystery.

· I will not dwell on the week that followed. My uncle raved and stormed, vowing, fifty times a day, that he would kill Georgiana's husband, "if he ever caught the villain," and that he would never forgive her, "if she crawled on her knees, the length of a continent, to ask pardon." My aunt kept her bed, where she moaned and moaned, as if her heart was breaking.

I soon found that my presence was irksome to both of them. I had told them, frankly, what I had overheard about Mr. Despencer, and they could not forgive my not having repeated it to Georgiana. My own remorse for this thoughtlessness, meantime, was great. Sometimes I fancied that Georgiana would have been saved, if she had known all. Once or twice I saw my uncle scowl at me, in a way that would have led to an explosion, I am sure, if I had not been the affianced bride of Mr. Talbot; but even in his misery, he was true to his character, and stood in awe of superior position. That I was not wrong in my surmise, events soon disclosed.

I have forgot to say, that Mr. Talbot had left the city, by the midnight train, the evening of the ball, on a business visit to Washington. I able house ours was; asking him if anything going; but somehow I felt now as if this was not could be done; reproaching myself; and beg- so certain. It was evident, at least, that Mr. ging him, as soon as he could, to return. A Talbot disapproved of the proceeding. hurried line reached me, on the fourth day, morning, a letter came from Georgiana, announcing her return from her bridal tour, and { to go." asking me to come and see her. The messen-

#### CHAPTER XI.

I DID not hesitate a moment. I had long forgot all her unkindness, I remembered only my remorse. "If I can do anything for her, if I can help to reconcile her to her parents, I will do it, at any cost," I said.

I had scarcely uttered this sentiment, and was hurriedly tying on my bonnet before the drawing-room mirror, for I was in such haste to go that I had sent a servant up stairs for my things. when there was a ring at the door that I recognized, and which made my heart leap into my throat. I rushed to the hall, just in time to welcome Mr. Talbot.

"I have traveled all night," he said, in answer to my exclamation at his jaded appearance. "But I can't look half as worn as you do. My dear Margaret," and he drew me to him, "you take this affair too much to heart."

I burst into tears. These were the first words of kindness I had heard for a week.

"Oh! no," I said, shaking my head, "I have caused it all. If I had only told Georgiana. But indeed, indeed, it seemed so trivial, it looked so much like gossip, that I quite forgot it."

He kissed me, and soothed me, saying, again and again, that my nervous system was broken down, and that I was consequently morbid, or I would not talk so.

"But you are going out," he said, at last. "I remember seeing a carriage at the door. Perhaps it is something important. If so, we will talk of all this when you get back."

"Oh! yes, I had forgot," I answered, rising. "I am going out, and there is no time to lose. Won't you come too?" I cried, eagerly, "I am going to see Georgiana."

"Going to see Georgiana!"

The look and tone that accompanied these words threw a sudden chill over my enthusiasm. I had supposed that there could be no doubt of wrote to him, at once, telling him what a miser- the propriety, nay! of the positive duty of my

"Georgiana has written to me," I said, resaying he would be back at the end of a week; covering myself, after a moment, "begging me and I was anxiously expecting him, when, one to come, in order to advise her what to do." I hesitated, then added. "And I feel that I ought

My heart beat fast as I spoke, for there had ger, she said, would wait for me, in a carriage, { never been since our engagement, the slightest as they were located, for the present, in a approach to any difference of opinion between

Yet I knew, that, if Mr. Talbot had a fault, \ circles whence otherwise he would be excluded. it was in being inflexible to obstinacy, in regard } to what he thought the right, and especially in } regard to the conduct of women. On some points also I suspected that he was the victim of what, in any other. I should have called prejudice. felt, instinctively, that this was one of those points.

Mr. Talbot was silent for a moment. He bit his lip, looking on the ground, evidently both annoyed and hurt. At last he spoke.

"You really must give up this visit, Margaret." he said. "I cannot consent to let you go."

Had he spoken differently, had his tone been less authoritative, I might have yielded. alas! for both of us, he roused all the woman in me by these words.

The blood mounted to my forehead. Consent! Was he, then, my master? No! I was not married yet; and I could, and would, do as I pleased.

Besides, ought not husband and wife to be alike as to rights? Was not each entitled to his or her conscientious opinion? Was not any attempt, on the part of the man, to claim authority to control the woman, tyrannical?

It is true I loved Mr. Talbot. But was I, like so many other women, those recreants to their sex as I had been accustomed to call them, to abandon my principles at the first temptation? Was I also to become a slave, because I loved? My eye kindled, as these thoughts passed through

Mr. Talbot read my sentiments. But he was as resolute, as unflinching as myself.

"Margaret," he said, at last, solemnly, "think well what you are about to do. It is no mere whim that makes me object to your seeing Georgians. If you could visit her without involving me, I would stop with an expostulation-"

"But now you command-

I spoke in some heat. God forgive me! But I was irritable from that week's anxiety, and his tone, whether he meant it or not, was even more exasperating than his words.

He looked at me in surprise. Then his brow began to contract.

"I will be frank with you, Margaret," he said. "We are to be married so soon, that I think I have a right, equitably at least, to exercise some control over you even now. As my wife I cannot consent to your associating with your cousin. Her husband is a mere adventurer. Once, as } you know, I had almost sent him to the peni- obey as if I had been his wife; and he as evitentiary. You cannot visit his wife, without, as \( \) dently held to the belief that the husband was my wife, countenacing him; and to that extent the head of the household. Something of this emberrassing me. He will boast of an acquaint- \ found expression. ance, nay! connection, and so secure entree into

He is full of tact. If you notice them at all, he will obtain character and credit in consequence of it. This I cannot consent to. I must insist, therefore, that you do not go, unless," he paused, "unless you promise, at the same time, never to repeat the visit."

I believe I would have yielded to this compromise, if it had not been for that one word "insist;" for I felt the force of his argument. Fer a moment, indeed, I was on the point of giving way. But a something within me whispered that I was weak; that I was surrendering to love and not to conviction; and this made me as firm as a rock.

"Mr. Talbot," I said, coldly, "I believe I am a reasoning creature as well as yourself. And I have a duty to perform to others as well as to you. Through my neglect, Georgiana has become the wife of this man: I owe her some reparation; and as long as she wishes me to stand by her, I will not be so cowardly as to cast her

We looked at each other. Neither flinched.

"So be it," replied Mr. Talbot, beginning to button up his coat. He was greatly agitated. "So be it." He took a step or two as if depart-

But suddenly he turned, walked up to me, and seized my hand.

"Margaret," he cried, in a voice husky with emotion. "For God's sake think what you do! Be just to yourself as well as to me. Let us not be separated on so trivial a matter. If you love me, you will make this sacrifice."

His first words had melted me. His last made me as rigid as ever.

"If I do not love you," I said, "because I will not yield, neither do you love me, for neither will you yield. But since you say I don't love, the sooner this bauble," and I took my engagement ring from my finger, "is returned to you, the better."

He did not, at first, take the ring. He was more forbearing than myself. He looked at me steadily. If there had been any relenting on his part, I might have relented also. But I saw that he was waiting, not because there was any chance of his opinion changing, but because he hoped mine would, and that I would yield. He evidently thought, that, in the relations that existed between us, it was as much my duty to

"I was too hasty," he said, still hesitating:

me!" I was relenting fast. But his next words { destroyed all. "Yet more than love is necessary. Where there is an irreconcilable difference of opinion, as there seems to be on this point, either the man or the woman must yield; and it is the wife's duty, in such cases, to surrender to the husband, else there would be no unity of action. A house divided against itself cannot stand. Society holds the husband responsible for the wife's behavior; he ought, therefore, to control it; and I shall expect you, in matters of this kind, to give up to me."

I believe no man yet ever understood a woman. These words exasperated me to such a degree, that, for the time, all love for the speaker went eut from me. They seemed so logically correct, hewever, in Mr. Talbot's eyes, that he was apparently surprised at their effect. Ah! why did he not know, that, after marriage, a wife incensibly yields all? Why did he thrust before me, so obtrusively, the chain I was to wear?

"Sir," I said, removing my hand and drawing myself up with dignity, "I see, now, it is you } who does not love. You are not my consciencekeeper. Thank God! that I find out, before it is too late, what degradation is expected of me."

This time he took the ring, which I again extended to him. One long, sad look he cast on me, a look, oh! how reproachful, and then, without a word, bowed and retired. A moment after, I heard the front door close and knew that all was over between us.

Yes! all was over. But alas! I had not that } assured consciousness, which I ought to have had, that I was wholly in the right, and he wholly in the wrong. The instant he passed from my sight doubt made me its prey. Had I not been too hasty? Had I not again lost my temper? Was he not right, after all? I rushed to the window to summon him back. But pride checked me just as my hand was on the casement. No! the deed was done: I would abide by it.

Then I went over the old arguments to prove that I was right. I said to myself that he was imperious; that I never could have been happy with him; that, if I had yielded in this matter, he would have expected me to yield always, even when he was indisputably in the wrong.

I thought also of my sex. If all would do as I had done, the tyranny of man would soon be over. I congratulated myself on being a martyr. I felt a heroic exaltation which buoyed me up, for awhile, indescribably.

missvably unhappy. I stood, reasoning thus remantic illusions.

I am satisfied you love me, Margaret. Forgive ; with myself, but feeling more utterly desolate every moment, till at last my fortitude gave way, I burst into a passion of tears, and throwing myself on the sofa, wept as if my heart would break.

#### CHAPTER XII.

My passion of tears had not yet spent itself, when there was a tap at the parlor door. I commanded myself sufficiently to ask, in a composed voice, who was there?

"It is me," answered my uncle's waiter. "The cabman, at the door, has rung twice to know if you are going, or whether he shall drive off."

I had utterly forgoften my visit to Georgiana. I now rose feebly.

"Tell the man I will be there presently," I said. I waited till I heard the waiter pass down the hall, for I did not wish to be seen, and then slipped up stairs, in order to wash my inflamed eyes, and bathe my aching temples.

During the drive to Georgiana's, my thoughts were of my late interview, not of her. In vain I tried to dismiss it; the parting looks and words of Mr. Talbot would come back; and I was on the point, several times, of giving way to tears again. For the more I reflected, the less I was satisfied with myself. I felt I had been too hasty, too passionate, too proud. Oh! I would have given anything to have had the last few bours to act over again. Yet though I knew I had but to order the carriage back to town, and despatch a note to Mr. Talbot, that very pride kept me from doing it.

We left the city, by one of its northern outlets, and found ourselves driving amid abandoned fields. On the dusty herbage of some of these, sheep were grazing; others were dug up for brick-yards; on still others straggling rows of houses were being put up. Suddenly we turned into a shady lane, one side of which was bounded by a spacious park, over whose velvety turf great trees were scattered singly or in clumps, letting the yellow sunshine drop down silently between them, like gold filtered from the sky. A noble mansion, half concealed by foliage, stood at the further extremity of the park.

"It is here, I suppose, that Georgiana lives," I said to myself. "What a poetical home! It is quite the place to take a bride to." thought better of her husband already.

But the driver, instead of turning in at the massive gates, kept on, and when I pulled the check-string, and asked him if he had not made a mistake, he answered in the negative, with a But it would not do. In spite of all, I was shrug of the shoulders, that destroyed all my

After proceeding a couple of miles further, we ? made the atmosphere feel very different from the entered a lonely cross-road, and descending a chill, damp one of the hall. "We have this for hill, alongside of a sembre wood, found ourselves & a parlor, and a couple of nice rooms up stairs, in a narrow, gloomy valley, through which ran a sone of which shall be yours, when you come to small, sullen stream, which, where we crossed it, stay over night, which I hope you'll do often, at on a rickety bridge, ran black as death below. Eleast till you're married. Arthur," she added, A little to the right, in the midst of a grove of with a sigh, "has to be away, he says, a great ancient white pines, stood an old stone house, which had evidently been the country seat of some rich citizen, fifty years before, but which had long been in decay. The roof was covered with moss, and damp with the drippings of the everhanging pines, and in more than one place the shingles had rotted off. The shutters were gene from mest of the upper windows. One side of the house, indeed, appeared to be untenantable. Weeds grew rank and high before the door, and across what had once been a graveled walk. An ectagonal pavilion, en a mound, had been turned into a hay-rick, and the conical roof of an oldfashioned ice-house had tumbled in, revealing a yawning pit, full of broken timbers and stones. Most of the palings were down, that had shut in the little lawn, once, doubtless, as trim as flowers and grass could make it, but now retaining no vestige of its aristocratio days, except a gigantic box-tree, that had been formerly clipped, but had since nearly grown out of shape, and was half dead.

My heart sank as I saw the driver turn into It looked as if it had this ruinous place. been the scene of a murder, years and years ago, and had been left to rats, and owls, and ghosts ever since. When the man got down, to open the rickety gate, my blood ran cold, nor had I recovered myself, when the coach, rumbhing and jostling over the stony lane, which the rains had washed into huge gullies, stopped before the dilapidated door.

Georgiana was waiting to receive me. thought she looked disappointed when she saw I came alone. There was, at first, therefore, some constraint between us. She led the way, however, in shaking it off.

"I'm so glad you've come," she said, kissing me, and conducting me into the house. "I knew I could depend on you, at least: and so I told Arthur. Poor Arthur! he is so worried, because, as he says, if it hadn't been for him, I'd never have came to this old, ruinous place; and he's no better one, till his difficulties are over, to take me to. It's not so bad, though, as it looks from the outside," she continued, opening a door on the left, and showing me into what had been a handsome room, and was still a comfortable one, for it was comparatively well furnished with deal."

The sigh and the tone told how lonely she was. at such times; but she did not say so. She was, in this respect, improved already.

By this time, she had taken my bonnet off, when I heard the rumbling of the coach, as if it was going away; and I started up from the chair into which she had pressed me.

"Oh!" she said, "it is all right. Arthur employed the man, and told him not to come for you till night: for I was determined to have you for the whole day. Sit down while I stir the

All this was so unlike the Georgians of a few months ago, that I could not help looking at her wonderingly. She had changed, even in the week she had been gone. There was a sad, worn look in her face, painful to see. Anxiety to recover her parents' favor could not account for that expression.

"You have no good news to tell me," she said, after a pause, and speaking with an effort. "Is father very augry?"

It was characteristic of her that she did not speak of her mother. She had always loved, as well as feared, her father most. She had been his pet and she knew it.

"I am afraid it will be a long time before he forgives you," was my hesitating answer.

She did not reply for some time. But I saw that her lip quivered and that she leaned against the mantle-piece for support.

"What did he say?" she asked, at last, with a trembling voice, looking at the fire.

I told her, as delicately as I could, all that had happened, softening her father's harsh expressions, wherever it was possible to do so without infringing on the substantial truth of my story. Once or twice she interrupted me to ask a question. But for most of the time, she stood leaning against the chimney-piece, with her face averted, crying to herself.

"But let us hope for the best," I said, when I had finished. "Men of your father's nature are passionate and unrelenting at first, but more apt to forgive, after awhile, than characters which are less demonstrative."

"That is true," she answered, reflecting for awhile: and she sighed. "I wouldn't care so modern furniture, and had a cheerful fire that much, if it wasn't for Arthur. But pa will come round yet. He can't be so cruel.". And a forced topened it, and began to read. smile shone wanly across her face, as she added. "This is not very hospitable, however: you've see it, as soon as I had finished perusing it; and been here an hour, and I've offered you no refreshments; what will you have? A glass of } wine and a bit of cake for luncheon? Or shall we have an early dinner? Arthur won't be home till dark, and told me not to wait for him."

than in her words, when she spoke of her hus- } seemed to fear him. Already she was beginning, I said to myself, to drink the fruits of her waywardness and disobedience. Yet I pitied her, } with all her errors, the more that I felt, that, but for me, she might have been saved.

I did my best to cheer her, though I was far from cheerful myself. She innocently made me wince, more than once, when she referred to my approaching marriage.

We dined in a back apartment, similar to the one we had been sitting in; and were waited on by an old woman, who seemed to be cook and } maid-of-all-work in one. After dinner we returned to the parlor, where I began to wonder why the carriage did not return, for night was approaching. The autumn wind wailed dismally among the pines, and directly the rain began to dash against the windows. At last, the jolting of wheels was heard. Georgiana, who had been uneasy, on my account, for some time, ran to the window and said it was the cabman.

"But there is a cart with him," she added, immediately, and in a tone of some surprise. "And stay, surely I know those things; they Ah! I see it all," and she are your trunks. turned and kissed me joyfully, "you have done this to surprise me. You have sent slyly, for your wardrobe and are going to make me a visit. You don't know how I thank you."

I realized, from her unaffected delight, how lonely she had felt. But I was so much astonished, at what she said, that I hurried to the window, believing that there must be some mis-There was none, however. The cart, by this time, had drawn up to the door, and the earman was throwing my trunks on the decayed door-steps, in the rain and wet.

At the same moment, the woman, who had waited on us at dinner, entered the room with a letter, which she handed to me.

"What can it all mean?" I said. "This is your father's writing. Ah! I understand."

These exclamations had followed each other,

I tore up the missive, to prevent Georgiana from asking te threw the fragments into the fire; or I would transcribe it here. But its purport, and even many of its phrases, I shall never forget.

It seems that my aunt had been in the back parlor, which was separated, by folding-doors. There was something in her manner, rather as is still the case in many old mansions, from the front one, during my interview with Mr. band, that convinced me she was not entirely Talbot. While I was up stairs, as I afterward happy with him. She evidently loved him, but { discovered, my uncle had come in; and she had told him what she had overheard. He had immediately ascertained the number of the coach, in which I had left the house, and, when it returned to its stand, had sent for it. Meantime, my wardrobe had been collected, and packed into a cart, ready to be despatched to me. The cabman, when he came, was given a letter, with instructions to deliver my baggage on the spot, or drive me elsewhere, if I wished.

> The letter itself reproached me, not very consistently, considering for whose cause I had quarreled with Mr. Talbot, with having undermined Georgiana, with having trapped her into her marriage, and with still abetting her in her disobedience. I was, it said, ungrateful, artful, insolent and treacherous. But I was, at last, found out. My very victim, Mr. Talbot, had discovered my true character, and cast me off: and the writer hastened to follow his example. I should no longer insult him, or my aunt, with my presence. They utterly disowned me, and forever. They had sent me such things as were mine, though I did not deserve it, and they wished never again to hear my name. As to applying to them, by letter, or seeking an interview, it would be useless.

> My uncle was neither a coherent talker, nor writer, and this letter was one of his most involved productions. The very bandwriting trembled with passion. In every sentence was revealed the katred and revenge, which only the wealth and position of Mr. Talbot had restrained, and which now had full sway.

> Pride and indignation were my first emotions, when I had finished perusing the epistle. looked up. The eyes of Georgians were fixed on me inquiringly. Calmly I walked to the fire. as I have said, tore the letter up, and threw the pieces deliberately into the flames. Then, as concealment was no longer possible, I told my cousin of the breach between Mr. Talbot and myself, and that her father had turned me out of doors.

She was at my side in a moment. The many as I received the letter, glanced at the direction, is lights she had put upon me, in her rich and insolent days, were forgiven and forgotten from that I was to live with them." But I was not that hour. She was one of those, whom sorrow so certain of this. Even my temporary sojourn improves. Had I been a sister she could not with them, till I could find some means of emhave been kinder.

me. "Arthur will be so glad, for he is compelled to leave me a great deal alone, and I like me on Mr. Talbot's account. The events of know it gives him pain. You have come to all this, too, because you took my part. Ah! Maggy, it is just like you, always thinking of others before yourself."

I was really grateful for so hearty a welcome. For I felt that I had no other place to go to, at least that night, and that I should have been compelled to ask for a temporary home with her, even if she had not offered it. This much ? I saw, though I was yet too stunned by the in the hall below, stamping the water from his events of the day, to reflect clearly, either on boots; and Georgiana hurried down to meet him; my real position, or on my future plans.

cheerful. She led the way gayly to my room, and feeling as if I had nothing now to live for, superintended the bringing up of my things, anothing to hope for, hereafter. and kept assuring me "Arthur would be so glad }

ployment, I began to think might be distasteful "You shall stay with us," she said, kissing to him; for it was plain his pecuniary resources were small; and it was probable he would disthe day had left me nervous, so that, as the hour for his return approached, I began to wish almost that I had rejected Georgiana's invitation, and gone elsewhere. But where could I go? This continually returning question, and the ever repeated answer, that I had nowhere to go, humiliated me beyond words. If Mr. Talbot had wished for revenge, he was having it already.

At last Mr. Despencer arrived. We heard him while I remained, sitting in the twilight, listen-It was now Georgiana's turn to try to be ing to the rain beating against the casements,

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### "IN MEMORIAM."

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, WILMINGTON: FOUNDED BY ALEXIS J. DUPONT.

#### BY CLARA MORETON.

NEVER of dust beneath, did sculptured stone So eloquently speak, as this grey spire Of thee. Oh, laborer without hire, whose day Closed with the noon-thy Master calling thee Straight from the field, before thy work was done, To rest with Him above. Before thy work Was done? We dare not say of thee-whose life Was filled to overflowing with good deeds, Who crowded labors, in the noon-tide hour, So vast as this—that aught was left undone! No! blessed be He who set thee to thy task, And when the hours of servitude were o'er,

Redeemed the promise of our Christ, and called Thee home to glories of thy heritage! . . . . These massive walls defy the hand of Time! Ages shall pass, and find them still secure: Green creeping vines shall clamber up their sides, And interlace their sprays. The passers by Shall feel their hearts throb fast, at thoughts of thee, Gazing upon its beauty and its strength; And so, to children's children, will thy name Go down, kindling to noble deeds, some yet Unborn, and scatt'ring seeds for harvest-time.

# DAHLIAS.

# BY CLARA AUGUSTA.

TOUCHED with the rotal crimson fine Which gleams blood red in princes' wine; The regal blossoms of the South, Ripe as some syren's luring mouth; Fragrance ye have not! where's the need? Such courtly grace is ample meed To win kings' hearts, and claim the praise Of dauntless heroes wearing bays!

Filled to the brim with gorgeous light, Alone in proud imperial might-To sway the passions, charm the sense, And rival star-crowned Innocence!

The rose is lovely, modest, meek; I like its dainty, blushing check-But queenlier is the dahlia flower, A type of beauty, fame, and power!

My love must be a stately girl. With elegance in each soft curl; I'd have her heart a high, proud shrine, Where I might lay this love of mine! And on the passion of her lips Be lost, like bees in red cowslips! Content with this sweet Heaven below, Which makes of life one rapture-flow!

### NEW YEAR'S DREAM.

### BY MARY E. CLARKE.

1856, to welcome in his new-born brother. } Alene! One year before I had been the centre of a brilliant party, each and all of whom were drinking a welcome to the New Year. I was an orphan then, but an heiress and a belle: and having lost my parents in infancy, my orphanhood did not weigh heavily upon me. One month later, my guardian absconded, and it was found that all my money was gone with him. Where he went I know not to this day. I only know he never returned. One by one the gay butterflies of fashion, who had made me their idol, fell away, and I was alone. There was one, one in whose eyes I had fancied I read deep devotion; one whose hand clasped mine with } a long, lingering pressure; one whose image nestled close against my heart; one whose large, soft eyes haunted me; one on whose faith I would have staked my life: he too was gone. He was away when the news came to me; I hoped for a letter, a line to say he was the same as ever. It never came. Crushed, worn out, I left my own home, to be a governess here to Mrs. Morton's lovely daughter. She was as old } as myself, but my music and languages were farther advanced, and I came to teach her what I knew of these.

The last stroke of the bells died away, and all was silent. Mr. and Mrs. Morton, Lucy and her brother, were all at a gay party, such a one as welcomed me one year before. Even the servants were out, and I was entirely alone.

A heavy weight seemed crushing me to the earth, and I longed with bitter, intense longing for one voice to wish me joy on the New Year, one hand to press mine in love and sympathy. There was none! Sadly I looked forward through toneliness. "Oh!" I cried, "that I could die ? net?" with the old year!"

"Peace!" said a low voice beside me, "rather wish to begin a new life with the New Year."

I started up and looked about me. All was dark.

"Who is there?" I cried.

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Ir was midnight, and the last of the old year. there on the pillow, where my head had pressed, All alone in my little room, I listened to the { I saw an artificial flower which had fallen from heavy clang of the bells that bade farewell to my bonnet, which hung above it. In the centre of the flower stood a tiny figure, not higher than my finger, and it spoke to me again.

> "Murmurer," it said, "be still. Our Father commands all things for the best. Think you that you are the most miserable being on earth? Have you not kind friends, a pleasant home, and a salary that covers your expenses? I have the power to show you how the New Year opens for my Maker."

"Your Maker?"

"Yes. I am the spirit enclosed in your new bonnet; come with me!"

Darkness closed around me again, and I found myself in the open air. Literally in the air, for I was sailing along high above the houses. We passed out of the fashionable quarters where Mr. Morton resided, and alighted in a narrow court, where dirt and misery reigned supreme.

My conductor flitted before me, and I followed. Up, up, many flights of stairs we passed, until we reached the attic of a high, narrow house. Here we found two young girls, sewing, while a third counted the contents of a little green purse.

"How much is there, Carrie?" asked one of them, laying down a wreath of tiny flowers she had just twisted into shape.

"Sixteen cents."

"Five cents a piece, and one over," said the other, bitterly. "We begin our New Year with brilliant prospects."

"Hush, sister!" and the one named Carrie pointed to a mattress, upon which lay a woman sleeping.

"What can we do? It is impossible to live in this way."

A gloomy silence fell on the party.

"Carrie," said the first speaker, "how much years to come. Nothing could I see but toil and { did Mrs. Gray give you for Miss Morton's bon-

"Twenty-five cents."

I started. Miss Morton's bonnet was warranted French, and had cost thirty dollars.

"Did you find anything?"

"The materials? No, only the work. It took me two days, the lace required dainty handling. A flood of light answered my question, and I was paid ten cents for the work in the other. fer her companion. Mrs. Gray says we should; said she could never forget your kindness to be thankful for any work."

"God help as!" sobbed the other. "Death is better than this."

"Come," said my guide, "we have one more visit." Flitting before me, he led me to another remember them? You know brother Fred inbense, as poor as the one we had left. Here, as \sisted that you sat for Joanna. It has always before, we found the occupants busy. It was a been a mystery who wrote them. He preserved small room, and the fire made it close and op- his ineognita until to-night, but now stands conpressive, even on the cold January morning. Fessed. He is a resident of your city, but in-Bound a small table, by the light of a tallow tends to pass some months in New York. Geing candle, a woman and two children were making artificial flowers. The little boy twisted the vines, the little girl out the leaves, and the mother put them together. All wore sad faces, and the mother's tears fell on the bright leaves. Suddenly throwing down the flowers, she rose and left the room. The children followed, and we too. Up again to a high attic. No fire was in this room, no furniture, except a rude coffin, in which lay a baby form. Here the mother knelt, mosning, weeping, and calling upon her child to answer her. The children's caresses were all in vain. Nature must have her way, and the mother, the widow, wept for her baby. My heart grew celd and chill, and I turned from the scene. A voice cried in my cars,

"Asleep, Lizzie? Wake up, and wish me a happy New Year!"

I started up in bed, to see Lucy Morton, in her exquisite ball dress, leaning over me for a kiss.

"Careless girl," she cried, "your head has been crushing one of the flowers which had dropped from your new bonnet. Happy New Year! Why don't you say so? You are half asleep yet, and your eyes are red. You oried yourself to sleep, Lizzie," and the round, white arms embraced me; "why will you mourn for the past? We all love you; I am sure I do, and really you are better off than some people."

"Indeed I am!" I said, "and I will begin my New Year with a thankful spirit. My bonnet, I thank you."

"Why! are you crazy?"

"No; but I have had a dream. Now tell me all about the party."

were many inquiries for you. Naughty recluse! just as one year before he had bent over mine. Will you help me to receive my calls to-morrow morning?"

visitors as the governess, but I made it. I re- the sofa. Mrs. Morton was occupied receiving flected that I was in a strange city, and would other calls. meet only those whom I had seen at Mr. Morton's before, and I promised to go down.

"Mrs. Bates inquired for you. Said she noticed your face at my charade party. Mrs. Ermes ? Those I prize."

Laura when she was sick here. I am fairly tired out with dancing. We had a new lien!"

" Who!"

"The author of Poems by the Road-Side. You to publish a new book, I believe."

"Who is be?"

"His name is Walter Haven. You will see him to-morrow, he asked permission to call. One, two, three! Three o'clock, it is bed time. Good night," and kissing me warmly, she flitted away.

Walter Haven! The name fell upon my heart, causing an acute pain. I had long thought that I could bear to hear it, the pain there was so dead and sullen; but I found the old memories called up the old feelings. Walter Haven, who had never spoken of his love, yet left its impress sealed upon my heart. Ah! lips are not needed to win a maiden's heart. There are looks, there are delicate attentions, kind actions, that will prison it without one word of love passing to her ear. I loved him. Until I was poor I be lieved he had loved me. "I will not see him," I thought. Then pride whispered, "Let him see you can meet him calmly, without betraying any more interest than a friend might ask." There was no more sleep for me. The first morning of the year found me watching its dawning.

The calling hour came. Dressed with care, I was beside Lucy in the parlor. She looked unusually lovely. A light silk cut so as to leave the snowy shoulders and arms bare, and a cluster of blue ribbons in her fair curls, made a simple but most becoming toilet. Our visitors came in one after another. The parlor was filled with callers, and I stood half concealed by the curtains behind Lucy, watching the animated scene, when

"Good morning, Mr. Haven," fell upon my "Oh, we had a famous time. Lizzie, there car. I looked. He was bending over her hand, Meet him calmly! Ah, my traitor heart beat as if it would burst, my whole frame trembled, and It was an effort to promise to see her gay I knew my face was pale. He sat beside her on

> "Miss Morton, are you tired of hearing happy New Year yet?"

"Not at all. Some come in all sincerity.



"Will you class mine amongst them? This is securely hidden in a corner behind the grand my last call to-day, for I have not many lady piano. They whirled round and round, and I friends in New York, and I will say happy New played. No one missed me; no one thought that Year to no one again to-day. I will give you the I could tire. Fortunately the music was almost last best wish."

"Mr. Haven, you will dine with us to-day?" said Mrs. Morton, joining them.

"With pleasure, madam," and he rose to take his leave, having first ascertained their dinner hour.

Oh, that long, long day! Compliments, greetings fell upon my ear: nothing interested me. At last, wearied and sick, I sought my own room, and threw myself upon the bed. Lucy missed me, but pleading a headache, I escaped the dinner, promising to join her guests in the evening.

I stood before my little glass dressing, and a thrill of vanity passed through me. I saw large, dark eyes, soft brown hair falling in a profusion of curls, a fair, round neck and arms. My dress was simple, a dark-blue silk, but it was becoming. I wore no ornaments, no head-dress. As I looked, Lucy's bright face, the fair curls crowned with forget-me-nots, appeared beside mine. It was like an angel's face. The vanity fled, and feeling that Mr. Haven had shown good taste at least, I wreathed her waist with my arm, and we went down stairs. The rooms were filled with guests, and Lucy was soon surrounded by friends. I stole into a corner and watched them. Walter Haven was the favored one.

"Lizzie, dear, will you play a polka?" said Mrs. Morton. "I did not expect so many guests, and I have not ordered any music."

"Certainly," and in a few moments I was wife.

securely hidden in a corner behind the grand piano. They whirled round and round, and I played. No one missed me; no one thought that I could tire. Fortunately the music was almost mechanical. My thoughts were free. Two figures came to the corner of the piano to rest after the walts. They were Lucy and Mr. Haven. I turned my head aside and shook down my curls. Walter's back was toward me, but I could see Lucy's lovely face.

"What a beautiful bracelet," said Mr. Haven, bending over Lucy's arm.

"You have only seen half its beauty," was the reply. "See, when I touch this spring, it shows the face of the giver, Mr. Haven!"

He had grasped her arm tightly, and I trembled violently.

"Forgive me," he said; "but the giver, the—
oh, Miss Lucy, I have sought her for months. I
left home to attend to the publication of my book,
and was gone some months. When I returned,
I heard that her guardian had stolen her fortune,
and she was gone away to earn her living. She,
so delicate and tender. Where can I find her?"

My hands fell upon the piano with a grand crash, and he turned. In an instant he stood beside me, while Lucy, dear Lucy, kept away the guests interrupted in their dance.

I left the corner, leaning on his arm, and we waltzed to dear Lucy's music, and nobody noticed us.

Next day he called, and the New Year that had opened so darkly, now beamed with bright hopes, and I in a few weeks was Walter Haven's wife.

#### THE RESCUE.

### BY ELIEABETH BOUTON.

The old castle is lonely,
Dark and gloomy its halls,
Thou'rt a prisoner only
Within its proud walls;
Then fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,
There is freedom beyond its dark billows for thee.

Thy stern father thou knowest
Hath sworn by his sword
To a cloister thou goest,
Or weddest his ward;
Then fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,
There is freedom beyond its dark billows for thee.

Unworthy young Harry,
To call thee his bride,
Thou'lt a broken heart carry
If chained to his side;
Then fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,
Where freedom awaits thee beyond it with me.

Thou knowest I have loved thee,
How long and how well,
So oft thou hast proved me
"Twere needless to tell;
Then fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,
And be happy beyond its dark billows with me.

See yonder my vessel
Spreads her canvas so white,
Within sound of the vassal
That frees thee to-night;
Then fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,
Or thou'rt lost and forever to freedom and ma.

Then ere 'tis too late,

Down the staircase of stone,

Where my bold rowers wait,

Let us haste to be gone;

And we'll fly, lady! fly, o'er the blue rolling sea,

No cloister beyond it shall hide thee from me.

# LYDIA'S HUSBAND.

#### BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

It was the night before Lydia Jameson's wed- } ding day, and she sat alone in the little chamber thusiastic dreamer, but hers were not the aimwhich had so long been the sanctuary of her girlish dreams and fancies. She was leaning one hand upon the window-sill, looking out into the summer night, very calm and still, though the moonlight showed her cheek pale with the varying emotions which troubled her heart, and her eves had caught a tremulous glitter unlike their usual repose.

Lydia was not beautiful—I am sorry for it, but she was not-still, no one could have called her plain, and to those who knew her well she was always lovely. Her gentle, reserved manner betokened a quiet, methodical mind, and Lydia's nearest friends seldom caught sight of the rapid tide of feelings which flowed beneath that calm exterior. Her schoolmates had complained that she was "unromantic:" and when, afterward, they met her in society, quiet as ever, while they had exchanged the harmless folly of school-girl romance for the sentimentalism taught during a course of French novels and a foreign tour, they shook their heads sadly and decided that "she had no soul."

Lydia had not been abroad. She had never read George Sand, nor been introduced to Alphonse Karr. While her former companions had enjoyed the charms of such delightful society and literature, been embraced in the polka by half the ruined roues of Florence, and acquired "manner" from the titled ladies who frequent the same haunts, poor Lydia had been quietly watching over an invalid aunt, and pursuing a course of study which the aforesaid young females would have pronounced shockingly slow.

No, Lydia Jameson was net romantic; she was perfectly unconscious of possessing an inner nature, and never for a moment dreamed that she was unappreciated. If there were times when those vague yearnings, which every intellectual nature must feel, stole over her, she strove to forget them in useful occupation rather than to render herself wretched by indulging feelings, which, when restrained, form no unpleasant undercurrent to the human mind, but once allowed a mastery, secure the unhappiness of mer months. It was a bird's-nest of a spot—a their possessor and all within the sphere of her influence.

Yet, with all, Lydia Jameson was a wild, enless reveries of youthful folly-they had taken a high and noble aim—she was an author. Even to her dearest relative Lydia had never confided her secret; and no one about her for an instant suspected it, or thought of attributing to her an anonymous novel, which, only a few months before, had attracted the attention of the whole literary world.

Now Lydia was to be married, and love, with her, had not been a passion that must inevitably be consumed from its own intensity, but a deep and lasting sentiment which had so blended with her life that it had become a portion of existence itself.

Every one marveled that Guy Havens, an enthusiastic, impulsive young artist, should have chosen a woman seemingly so unlike himself. Perhaps it was that very difference which first attracted him to Lydia, and he unconsciously felt a want of some strong, self-reliant nature upon which to lean; for, with all his talent and enthusiasm, Guy needed to outlive a thousand ficklenesses and fancies before he would make a proper use of the gifts heaven had given him, or the full powers of his nature would develop themselves. He was as ignorant of all the practical affairs of life as even a man of genius can well be, and, like the rest of Lydia's friends, was occasionally slightly horrified by her plain, common-sense view of duty to oneself and the world.

Of all these things was Lydia thinking, as she sat at her open window; and if a fear of Guy's stability and strength of purpose came across her, she felt in her own firm, self-centred character the power to aid and strengthen him in his faltering course.

The night passed, and Lydia's bridal day came on, the fairest June morning that one could desire, and amid its brightness those two young beings took the solemn vows which neither estrangement, hate, nor the wicked mockery of human law can ever annul.

A week after, they settled down in the little cottage where they had decided to pass the sumtiny house nestled in among the curvings of the East river, surrounded by trees and so overgrown

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with fragrant honeysuckles and sweet-briar, his tea-cup. that it looked more like a bower than a sub- he continued, giving it a nervous twist. stantial dwelling-place. But within everything was comfort itself, for Lydia's own taste had } selected the decorations, and the house was a perfect poem.

"Well, Lydia," exclaimed Guy, as they sat at breakfast in the little library, the morning after their arrival, "I never will dispute you again-I declare the cottage is a miniature paradise."

"I should answer much better for Eve than you should for Adam," she replied, gayly, "for I am a good housewife, and if this garden was left to your care I am afraid you would prove a sorry husbandman."

"Oh! I hate weeding and mussing round, but I dote on flowers-always wear them in your hair! I don't know that you care as much for them as I, but do learn to please me"

"Certainly," she said, with a pleasant mock humility. "But why do you think I don't care for them?"

"Oh! I don't know. You never seem-

"Master Impudence! Come out here on the porch. Look down there-with all your love for flowers, can you tell the name of a single one you see ?"

"Of course! These are tiger-lilies-those are olematis vines-

"Don't go any farther, Guy! Your tiger-lily happens to be an iris; and I never before saw a red clematis. Oh! Guy, Guy!"

"I confess my error," he said, somewhat discomfited, though laughing at his failure. "How pretty this porch is! Lydia, we must take tea here: it is so delightful under these vines."

"I think you will find the library more agreeable."

"Now, don't be prosaic-do order tea hereit will be like drinking dew. Come and walk, Lydia-for heaven's sake don't wear a bonnet, a woman never ought to wear anything on her heard but a veil."

They went for a walk, and Lydia wore the lace drapery, which the artist arranged about her head in classic folds. The consequence was, she burned her nose, and returned with a headache, which forced her to spend the afternoon in bed. When evening came, the tea-table was set in the porch, as Guy desired; and Lydia came down stairs feeling better, though her nose looked a reproach at Guy for days afterward.

"Now, isn't this charming, Lydia? so much more poetical than being shut up in-doors. Ugh! what the deuce is that?"

eaterpillar had just dropped from the vines into to afford her husband so much pleasure,

"What on earth is in my hair?"

"Only a bug, Guy," returned Lydia, laughing. "Perhaps you would rather finish your tea indoors."

"Horrid place!" muttered Guy, as he rang for the servant to wheel the table into the library. "I hate vines; pah! they smell like caterpillars; and as for tea, pray don't ever have another cup in the house. I abhor it."

Every day showed Guy the fallacy of some of his poetical illusions, and proved to him also, that in spite of his enthusiasm, Lydia possessed a much deeper love for nature than he with all his artistic genius.

So the summer wore on-the long, golden days, each one of which brought added happiness to those young hearts. Yet Guy worked more than he had done for months. How he accomplished it he could not tell, but some way the hours flew so swiftly while he sat painting and listening to Lydia's voice, as she read some pleasant romance, or favorite poem, that his task was ended before he was aware.

He ceased even to think that she was matterof-fact, quite forgot his fears of not being appreciated: and, from the most incorrigible sloven, grew so particular in regard to the set of his shirts, that Lydia might have had good reason to regret his amendment in that particular.

It was late in autumn before they returned to the city, and they left that quiet haunt with deep regret.

"How happy we have been!" sighed Lydia, as they stood on the deck of the steamboat and saw their home disappear; "how happy we have been!"

"Darling," whispered Guy, "you would make any spot happy, angel that you are!"

Lydia smiled, though a little sadly; she would not tell why, but Guy's transports always filled her with a vague fear, which was almost like a foreboding of evil.

Once established in their city home, Lydia found many opportunities to pursue her literary labors without exciting her husband's suspicions: and those wise people who do not believe in the practical usefulness of a woman who writes. should have seen the young wife's house and retracted their heretical opinion.

As winter came on, Guy drew her more into the society which he had frequented before their marriage, for he was fond of excitement: and though Lydis sometimes sighed for the quiet of her home and the seclusion of the past summer. He sprang from his seat in disgust, for a green { she offered no opposition to that which seemed

One night, at a sort of literary and artistic (Lydia's feet, and sat looking up into her face reunion, she was sitting with resigned patience { with a tender admiration, while several of the beneath the flood of raptures poured upon her other guests, who were also worshipers at the by one of her husband's admirers, trying hard { not to look bored, and to smile in the proper place, when she was startled by a slight bustle in the adjoining rooms.

"Mrs. Warner must have come," said her companion; "I heard that she was to be here tonight. Have you met her, Mrs. Havens?"

Lydia had not. Who was she?

"Surely you know. She writes under the signature of 'Stella'-such genius, so much soul!"

Lydia remembered having taken up, a few days before, a volume of poems, entitled "Soul Pinings," in which transcendentalism and secondhand French morality struggled for supremacy with much that was even graceful and beautiful: and she looked round with some curiosity for the approach of Mrs. Warner.

Before long she heard her husband's voice, and then a little female shrick of delight by way of response.

"Here-your wife here, Mr. Havens? Take me to her. How I long to know her! What a soul she must have for you to have chosen her! I should like to sit at her feet and drink in the inspiration which I know must beam from her eyes."

Before Lydia could recover from her astonishment, Guy appeared, looking a little embarrassed, yet delighted, and upon his arm leaned the poetess. She was a woman above the medium height, thin, with long curls banging about her face, and shading a pair of beautiful eyes better tutored than ever eyes were before. In spite of her affectation, her little cries of rapture, there was an inexpressible charm about her, and even the nonsense she talked was rendered so unintelligible by the beautiful language in which she clothed it, that, with most people, it passed for brilliant conversation; men always admire what they don't understand.

"This is happiness, indeed," murmured the "Ah! Mrs. Havens, this is too much bliss to meet in the same evening, your gifted husband and his household angel. Do you know what I called him long before I ever saw his face?—'Raphael.' And you, oh! I can find no name sweet enough. How you must dote on \ that inspired creature! How the genius flashes from his eyes!"

She paused, at last, for breath; and Lydia sank back, completely overpowered, staring at Guy in a sort of bewildered amazement. The is free to speak, like summons like, and souls poetess seated herself upon a low ottoman at which have a true affinity for one another, are Vol. XXXV.—15

shrine of transcendentalism, gathered round to watch the movements of their high priestess

"You have been out of town for some time, I believe, Mrs. Warner?" said Lydia, desirous of breaking the silence.

"Don't call me by that cold name!" pleaded the lady, clasping her hands pathetically; "pray do not put me so far away from your heart; call me Stella, as all do who love me."

"Is that your name?" Lydia asked.

Mrs. Warner hesitated; in truth, her parents had christened her Jerusha, softened by her inte Jane, and finally dropped for the euphonious title of Stella.

"It is the name by which my partial friends call me," she said. "Come here, Mr. Havens, and bid your wife take me to her heart."

This was intended metaphorically, but Guy looked puzzled, and unable to decide whether the woman was the most fascinating, or the most ridiculous creature he had ever met.

"How happy I am to see you two together!" continued Stella; "how I have dreamed of this hour

> 'Two souls with but a single thought, Two hearts that beat as one!

If Lydia had spoken her thought, it would have been far from complimentary, and she wondered what Guy's might be. He was seated by Mrs. Warner, and she was talking to him of art, really conversing well: even Lydia was forced to acknowledge that, though she had already taken an unaccountable dislike to the woman.

"Your wife's portrait—you are painting it!" Lydia heard her exclaim, in answer to some remark of Guy's, and she was seized with another spasm of delight; "I shall never rest until I have seen it-Raphael painting the angel of his life-journey! What shall I call you?" she cried, rushing up to Lydia and seizing both her hands. "I can find no name sweet enough!"

"You are very kind," replied Lydia, very quietly, "but I am quite satisfied to be called Mrs. Havens."

The poetess appeared slightly confused; and the group of worshipers seemed shocked by such worldly reserve; even Guy looked as if he thought such enthusiasm deserved a different reception. In a moment, the lady had returned to Guy's side, with one of her little bird-like hops, and was discoursing volubly of life abroad.

"There one truly lives," she cried; "the soul

not divided by the cold leaven of worldly preju- ? made notes for an article which she promised to dices; here we are so stern, so real, so matterof-fact. Oh! it is so terrible, unnatural!"

Unnatural enough, Lydia thought, she was in all conscience; but, wisely repressing her convictions, she moved into another room, and saw no more of the poetess until the party was breaking up.

"You see I have taken possession of your Raphael," Mrs. Warner said, as they approached her; "he is to see me to my carriage, and then I will resign him to you. Do you know what he has promised?-to show me his pictures: and as his studio is in your dwelling, shall I not see you

Of course Lydia could only reply that she should be at home, and pleased to see Mrs. Warner.

"Thanks-a thousand thanks! I could love you so much! I feel it already," she whispered, and after insisting on an embrace, skipped off like an excited canary.

"Your wife is lovely," she said, as Guy led her down stairs, "not beautiful, but charming: only so cold-I am quite afraid of her."

"Oh! that is impossible," Guy said; "we shall hope to see a great deal of you."

"Thanks, Raphael! And will she love me? I cannot exist without affection-will she love me? Don't let her be cold-your wife should be perfectly etherial-a sunbeam-a dream! Forgive me: you will think me a wild, giddy creature, but I worship genius, and I do not know how to feign."

"Then you must make one of your own ? adorers," he replied, laughingly.

"Naughty man! But I cannot jest to-night: I have been very sad all day; only one thing brought me out this evening."

"And that?" Guy said, as he placed her in the carriage.

Mrs. Warner leaned forward and raised her dangerous eyes to his face,

"Cannot you guess?" she almost whispered. "But good night; don't let your angel wife be cold to me-good night."

She drove away, leaving Havens completely bewildered by her fascinations, and he returned to Lydia more restless and impatient than she had ever seen him. He was loud in praise of Mrs. Warner, and his wife made no remark, confident that a very little time would serve to weary him of her society.

write, till between her praises and her beautiful eyes, poor Havens' head was quite turned.

"And here you live like a nightingale and his mate," she said. "I am sure you never stir from this enchanted room, Mrs. Havens."

"Indeed, I am here very little," Lydia replied; "during the day my household duties occupy me a great deal."

"Oh, no, no!" cried Mrs. Warner. "Don't tell me you ever descend to such prosaic details: the companion of a child of genius should know nothing of that petty drudgery which occupies the common herd."

"You will find me sadly common-place," Lydia said, coldly. "I assure you I quite pride myself on my puddings."

The poetess looked "unutterable things," and at that moment Lydia was called away by the announcement of visitors whom Mrs. Warner would on no account see; she would look once more at those gems and steal quietly away.

"Strange that genius never weds with its like," she said, with a sigh. "Ah, Raphael, your wife is an angel, and may you never learn what too many do, the horror of awakening to the consciousness that you are bound for life to one who cannot appreciate you."

"I assure you, Lydia has a very true perception of the beautiful," Guy said; "she seems cold----"

"Oh, no, no! I was not thinking of her-you are very happy! Would that it were in my power to render your bliss eternal. Ah, we have but a sorry let here, we poor song birds, and you creators of ideals like only to heaven! How little we are understood even by those dearest to us, how little they know of our real feelings!"

She paused abruptly, and threw herself into an attitude so full of grace, that Guy went into raptures; and before she left it was decided that he should paint her portrait.

"Bring your wife to see me," she said, as she entered her carriage; "I want to love her for your-for the sake of your genius. Sunday evenings my friends often drop in-I never see ladies that night, and as you are married, I suppose I must lose you too. Ah, well, you will not regret it," and with another flashing glance she drove away.

The acquaintance which Lydia had hoped would be transitory, grew into an intimacy that The next day Mrs. Warner called, and Lydia pained and displeased her. Under pretence of was martyrized for several hours, and in truth, sitting for her picture, Mrs. Warner spent hours a little ashamed of Guy's weakness. Mrs. War- and hours in the studio, certainly much retardner went into ecstasies over his paintings, and ing Guy's labors thereby, although he nover complained, notwithstanding his dislike to visi- and many a household could have dated its first tors in general.

Lydia was much occupied in her house, and indeed Mrs. Warner's presence had become exceedingly distasteful to her. She never reproached Guy, never hinted at the fears which had begun to take a name and haunted her lonely hours. At places of amusement Mrs. Warner was their frequent companion, and her opinions had become so powerful that Lydia might reasonably have doubted whether she was mistres in her own house, but still she did not complain, certain that harsh words would only augment the evil, for she knew that Guy yet loved her fondly, and beyond the gratification of his pampered vanity meditated no wrong toward her.

But Mrs. Warner had acquired an influence over him of which he did not dream. She insisted upon making herself his confident-genius had its hours of loneliness and discouragementwho could understand such feelings as she could? So Guy became a frequent visitor at her house, and though I am sorry to confess it, sometimes of a Sunday evening took his wife to visit a pious old aunt, and went himself to Mrs. Warner's afterward.

His affection for Lydia was undiminished, but eight months of married life had slightly worn away the romance, and Guy liked novelty. He grew restless and uneasy, but why he could not have told; the quiet of his home at times seemed almost irksome, and he was vexed with Lydia for appearing so content with what he termed monotony. Mrs. Warner saw this; beneath her affectation of innocence she was a keen, scrutinizing observer. Adoration was her existence, and she was too thoroughly selfish ever to think of the pain which she might cause others. She had decided that Lydia was no fit wife for her "Raphael," and there was every fear if her influence over him continued, that she might succeed in making him believe the same.

Mrs. Warner was a thorough "new light," though too wise even to make herself conspicuous. She confessed to a belief in the doctrine of affinity-as far as souls went-clairvoyance was to her a beautiful and intelligible theory. she avowed, and she had once been almost a convert to spiritualism. Years before she had separated from her husband, because his rather antiquated ideas concerning a wife's duties were not in unison with her refined sensibilities; and even when tidings of his death reached her, she felt no remorse for conduct which had hurried him to his grave. Since then she had had no women! I would not for the world make dear desire to relinquish her dearly prized freedom, Lydia jealous.'

misery from her entrance into its precincts.

This was the woman who was so rapidly insinuating herself into the confidence of Guy Havens, whose impulsive temperament rendered him, for a season, a fit subject for her wiles.

Toward spring an anonymous romance made its appearance, which attracted much attention in literary circles, and rumor was busy in attributing it to a dozen different sources. mirers of Mrs. Warner were inclined to believe her the author, although the style of the work was totally at variance with her former produc-Guy thought it hers, and expressed his tions. belief to Lydia, who only smiled.

One evening, at a party, the subject was discussed before Mrs. Warner's arrival, and several of her adherents grew quite earnest in their arguments to prove that she was indeed the author of the work. While the discussion was going on the lady entered, and a little group gathered around her with a thousand nonsensical compliments.

"It is useless to attempt any deception," they said, "you may as well acknowledge yourself the author."

Guy took a wreath from a basket of flowers and placed it playfully upon her forehead.

"Let us crown the new Corinne," he said.

Mrs. Warner stood for a moment, as if trying to summon sufficient courage to deny her right to the honor; but her excessive vanity mastered the good impulse, and she raised her eyes to Guy's face with her most winning look, saying

"Well, if you insist upon forcing the authorship on me, I cannot help it."

Lydia watched her with feelings of utter contempt; at that moment she despised the woman too heartily even too feel pain at Haven's undisguised admiration. Mrs. Warner remarked her silence; and her concealed dislike for Lydia could not longer be wholly restrained.

Later in the evening, Mrs. Havens was standing in a window recess, concealed from view by the draperies, when, before she was aware of it, her husband and Mrs. Warner approached the spot in earnest conversation.

"I believe our friendship must be given up, your wife does not like it," were the first words which reached her.

"That is your fancy," Guy said, "she must appreciate your genius too highly for such feelings."

"Ah! my friend, you men know so little of

and overwhelm the woman with her indignant me now! In your presence every better feeling contempt, then the whole affair seemed so paltry in my nature finds utterance! I never really and disgusting that she stood still, hoping the pair would pass on in ignorance that she had overheard their sentimental common-places.

"Yes, Raphael, sooner or later this sweet friendship must be broken off! Perhaps I was wrong to encourage it, but it is so seldom that I meet a man who can thoroughly understand me, that I could not deprive myself of the pleasure of your society."

It was now too late for the wife to leave her place of concealment, she could only stand there and listen.

"Do not take your friendship from me," Guy said, "you would snatch away half the sunshine of my life."

"Thanks for those words! Oh, I am so weary of this heartless world, so tired of concealing my real sentiments! How I should like to fly far away with one congenial soul, and revel in an ecstasy of spiritual bliss, such as these gross mortals around us cannot even picture."

"Do you remember Moore's lines?" Guy almost whispered.

"Repeat them to me; your voice always gives an added sweetness to poetry."

Guy repeated the verses, and Lydia leaned back against the window seat faint with indignation and grief. Before their marriage, he had thus whispered the lines in her ear, and drawn a glowing description of what life would be to them upon that "bright little isle."

"Ah," sighed Mrs. Warner, "here below we shall find no happiness like that: but there is a hereafter, Raphael! It is that thought which consoles me in this dreary desert; there kindred souls shall be joined, no petty human laws can separate them! Like will seek like and melt into a beautiful oneness."

Guy's answer was low, but it reached Lydia. "Would that all were over, that the hereafter had come!"

"Can you believe that these beings around us have souls like yours and mine, Raphael? I cannot think that they will each have a separate and perfect existence in the beyond; perhaps they will blend in a sort of nebula dense vapor without any real life. But talk of something else, I am too sad for such abstruse things."

"You have pained me so much," he said. "You will be my friend still-you will not leave me alone?"

"Have you not Lydia?"

ship? Who can counsel and sympathize with soul speak."

The wife's first impulse was to start forward; me as you do? No, Stella, you must not forsake knew you until I read that beautiful romance. Much as I love my wife, I can but feel that my fate would have been very different had it been united with genius such as glows and brightens

> "Dear Raphael, do you think I do not understand your feelings? I saw at first what your fate must be, but I could not bear to undeceive you. Ah, why should this ever be the destiny of the children of genius! Do not look back-it is now too late! No, I will not forsake you; your soul has spoken to mine, and the most narrow-minded could find no wrong in such communion. Come, Raphael, they will miss us! Trust me always-your own Stella-your friend -your sister."

> They moved away and left Lydia alone. thousand conflicting emotions agitated her, but she felt that Guy's heart was her own, in spite of the fascination that artful woman had flung over his fancy. Still she felt deep pain-her trust in her husband was weakened-she could no longer respect him as she had done, and she saw too that unless he was separated from Mrs. Warner her own happiness was in danger.

> But there should be no harsh words, they would only widen the breach; how to act she hardly knew, and in spite of her firmness the hot tears would come to her eyes, and her warm, sensitive heart ached with its first real pain. Then the ludicrousness of the thing struck her quick fancy-the woman's transcendental trash -Guy's admiration of the novel-the languish-

ing glances and whispered tones, all presented themselves so vividly that she laughed outright in spite of her suffering.

But she was forced to consider the affair more seriously before long. On their way home, Guy commenced talking of Mrs. Warner.

"Your coldness pains her," he said, "such women as she are always more sensitive than others."

"Has she been making you her confident?" Lydia asked.

"There was no need; I can see for myself that the reserve with which you treat her makes her unhappy."

"I certainly cannot treat her as my bosom friend; you forget how little time I have known

"Friendship is not a thing of time! Lydia, do free yourself from the shackles of "But what would life be without your friend- worldly scruples which fetter you, and let your "My tongue has always served me very well. Excuse me, Guy, I don't understand transcendentalism, and it is a thing you have only lately taken up. I cannot like the society into which we have been led, nor do you in your heart. Come, Guy, you are more sensible than you believe; do leave romance to school girls."

"You always sneer at feelings which to me are beautiful and holy!" he exclaimed, bitterly. "We seem to have no sentiments in common; it is a pity you did not make the discovery before it was too late."

"I have not made it now, Guy; I believe I can sympathize with every good and high-souled aspiration in your nature, but I have no respect for mock sentiment; to me trash is trash, however fine a dress you put on it."

"Are beautiful theories of life trash, Lydia? Is it nonsense to join in doctrines which will free us from the fetters that weigh us down?"

"No isms, Guy, I beg! We were happy enough in our way last summer. I never heard you talk of your 'inner nature' then. Seriously, Guy, this society is bad for us! You don't work with the spirit you did—your improvement is less rapid."

"Why, Lydia, only to-night a dozen people told me that my last picture was wonderful."

"Will you be blinded in this way? You know yourself how little pleased you were with it at first. I know you have true genius—no one can appreciate it more than I—but you are not yet a great artist. Oh, my dear husband, be your own noble self, forsake this atmosphere of flattery, this influence of loose morality, for veil it under what beautiful names you will it is only that. See, we are home now, let us go to those places no more!"

Guy entered the house and flung himself into an arm-chair.

"I knew this would come," he said; "you wish to deprive me of my friends, to crush every spark of enthusiasm in my nature, to make my art a thing of dollars and cents!"

"Guy, it is not your heart that speaks now! I only ask you to forsake a circle whose influence over both of us is injurious. Bring it home; how would you feel to hear me praising immoral books, attending reform lectures, going mad over every new ism?"

"None of my friends do any of those things; we haven't a single strong-minded woman among our acquaintances."

"Heaven knows you are right there, Guy—I wish we had!"

"You are sneering again! In this world, the few who really have souls must expect to be misunderstood."

"Guy, this is downright folly! Beware of infecting me with your malady; I may become transcendental yet, and find that I too have a mission and an inner nature, and an affinity for some handsome genius."

"You seem to have none for your husband, madam," exclaimed he, passionately, and dashed out of the room.

Lydia wept bitter tears that night, but she could see no way of remedying the evil, and even her fortitude gave way.

From that hour a coldness sprung up between the husband and wife. Lydia strove against it in vain: Guy persisted in being wretched. She withdrew herself more and more from the society in which they moved, but her husband went without her. Several times she begged him to remain at home with her, but without effect.

"Do not grudge me an hour with congenial souls," he would say; "I will work enough tomorrow to make amends—you shall be no poorer for it."

Lydia suffered greatly during those weeks; how much Guy never knew, for she hid it bravely. She felt certain that he was becoming more and more infatuated with Mrs. Warner, and she could see no way of breaking off the intimacy. Sometimes she asked herself if it was right thus patiently to submit, then she thought what Guy's life would be if things came to the worst and she were to leave him—he would be a ruined, lost man. No, she would bear all! Time would remedy the evil; she would be a faithful, loving wife still, perhaps kindness would keep aloof more wrong.

Guy visited Mrs. Warner almost daily, and his devotion had reached a pitch which was tiresome, for the poetess not only dreaded the opinion of the world, but she was in truth cold-hearted as a stone, owing her good reputation more to her intense selfishness than to her code of morality. She liked a flirtation, but Guy had begun to persuade himself that it was his destiny to adore her, and he left her little time to bestow upon any one else.

He was in the habit of entering her boudoir unannounced; and one day, through the stupidity of a new servant, he was admitted into the house when the poetess least desired to see him.

The boudoir was back of the parlors, separated only by an arch, and a large mirror between the windows of the apartment showed any person in the drawing-room all that was passing in the apartment beyond.

Guy saw that which made him pause as if suddenly turned to stone. The poetess was reclining in an easy-chair, and at her feet in his place-in the very attitude she always forced ( much money do you require to put you at him to assume-was kneeling a tall man, while the lady's white fingers played negligently with his hair.

It was a person of whom Mrs. Warner had often expressed the most unbounded contempt, but he had influence in the literary world, and "the new Corinne" was about publishing another book, so that his favor was desirable.

Guy stood for a moment overcome with rage; his first impulse was to rush upon the intruder and annihilate him on the spot, but his good sense interposed. He turned and walked quietly out of the house with a dizzy whirling in his brain, and fully awakened to the pleasant assurance that he had been a most consummate dunce.

He made no explanation to Lydia at the time, he was too thorough a man to admit his own stupidity, but he put his arms about her neck and kissed her till her whole heart thrilled with happiness.

"I have been dreaming a little," he said, "let us forget all about it and go back to our old

But there was discipline and suffering, of which he had not dreamed, in store for the young artist. He was seized only the day after with typhus fever, and for weeks death was very near him. Only Lydia's constant watchfulness preserved his life; and when at last he lay upon his couch convalescent, but very weak still, she was ever present with her sweet smile and intuitive perception of his slightest need.

While Guy was still confined to his room, he received tidings which informed him of the loss of several thousand dollars, which, with his moderate income, was of great importance. had many debts, for he was inclined to extravagance, he had worked but little during the winter, and bills were pouring in upon him from every quarter.

"I have ruined us by my cursed folly," he said, in the bitterness of self-reproach. "Oh, Lydia, if I had only listened to your advice! I must see you suffer from poverty, and know that it is my own fault that we are thus situated."

"Never mind, Guy," she said, cheerfully, "we can bear it together, and I think," she added, playfully, "you are cured of your idea that a woman shouldn't be useful."

"Oh, Lydia, forgive my past nonsense, and if I ever run after an ism again send me to a lunatic asylum at once. But these doubtswhat to do I cannot tell! Money I must raise at any sacrifice, not a picture is finished, and here I am confined to this room."

"It will all ond well, Guy, never fear! How?

ease?"

"If I had five thousand dollars I should lose nothing at all: but as it is I fear we are almost ruined.'

Lydia rose, went to her writing-desk, took out a little book and placed it in her husband's

"A banker's account-what on earth! Why, Lydia, you must be mad or I am. How came you to have five thousand dollars deposited at Sherwood's & Field's?"

Lydia knelt down by his side, and took his hands in hers with a happy smile.

"Shall I tell you, Guy? What will you say on finding that I am spiritual, transcendental-"No, no!"

"At least I am an author! Guy, when you felt that you needed the love of a woman who could write a novel like 'Sybil,' your heart did not go astray—I wrote that book."

Guy raised himself upon his cushions, and sat gazing at her in speechless astonishment.

"Are you shocked?" Lydia asked, laughing.

"Are you serious?-is it really true?"

"It really is, and I have written a book before Here is proof-this letter from my pubtoo. lisher."

Guy read and re-read the lines, as if he could not believe his own eyes, then he sank back in his chair.

"What an idiot I am," he exclaimed; "what a blind fool you must have thought me! And you have borne with my follies, my injustice, you have never reproached me for my unkindness. Oh, Lydia, can you forgive me?"

"There is nothing to forgive, my dear husband," she said, pressing her lips upon his forehead. "These first months of our married life have disciplined us to bear future trials, should we encounter them. I knew, darling, that your heart was all right; I had grown old a little faster than you, that was all."

"In truth, you are a great woman-a geniuswhile I am only a poor, daubing painter, who has hardly learned the first principles of his art."

"Hush-Raphael!" exclaimed Lydia: and Guy laughed in spite of himself, although he made no explanation even then.

"But you shall see," he continued, "what I can do! Now I have an object in view-I want to make myself worthy of my wife."

"Worthy of the gifts God has given you," returned Lydia, seriously. "Oh, Guy, remember how much there is for us to do, and waste no more time over fancied grievances; a little hard work will be good for both body and soul, and an appreciation of the man or his money-bags you will find yourself a much less ill-treated was a matter of doubt. man than you thought."

them, at least, and you shall complete the good the poetess. Lydia was seated in her easy-chair work."

tation of Mrs. Warner's manner, which was irre- { gladdened a young father's heart. sistible.

But Lydia was far too wise to allow that affected commiseration, saying only, name to become a subject of irritation, and she } never again alluded to the past unless her husband invited the conversation.

although they learned about a year after that \under undignified, considering their position and her the poetess had married again, whether from presence.

Then it was that Guy made his full confession. "I believe I am cured of my follies-a few of and gave Lydia an account of his last visit to in becoming invalid costume, and upon her lap "Ah, Raphael!" she repeated, with an affec- } slept the tiniest and prettiest baby that ever

When Guy finished, the wife looked up with

"Oh, Raphael!"

The tone and glance were enough; they both laughed until the babe awoke, and lay staring at Fortunately Mrs. Warner soon after left the them with her serious, blue eyes, as if she could city, and the husband and wife saw nothing not understand the matter at all, and was somemore of their transcendental acquaintances; what inclined to think their conduct rather

### MY BIBLE.

#### BY MARGARET LEE RUTENBUR.

IT tells me, in beautiful story, Of the streams by that unbounded shore, Where the saints in their white robes of glory, Are haunted by sorrow no more. It tells of that land where no shadow Of sin ever darkens the way, That windeth for spirits in rapture, No night-but a limitless day. It tells that the pilgrim is weary No more in that Heavenly scene, Where the Shepherd will lead him by waters Engirdled with pastures of green. It tells of a friendship unbroken, Of love, that can never grow dim; That God will wipe tears from the faces Of all that He calls unto Him. It tells that no sickness can enter, No woes that on earth are e'er known, Can disturb the repose of the dwellers That stand in delight by his throne. It tells of the undefiled martyr, And that taunts and revilings were shed

By the cross of the crucified Saviour, And the thorns that they placed on his head. It tells of the tear-moving prayer He breathed in his agonized love, That, if might be, the cup could pass from him, And "forgive" to the Father above! It tells how he went unto Heaven. From the tomb-way with death that was paved, And that those who are holy in spirit Will with Him in Eden be saved. Then who would not yearn for the waters Of life on that beautiful shore, Enwreathed with a verdure unfading, And blossoms that bloom evermore? · For the wings of the seraph to wander With its countless and angelic band, As they sing with a crown on each forehead, And harp of bright gold in the hand. Oh! teach us, thou "Holy of Holies," To find, by the "Book" thou hast given, That pathway, though narrow and lowly, Which leadeth to Thee and to Heaven.

# MINNIE SCOTT.

#### BY PRANCES HENRIETTA SHEFFIELD.

Now, Minnie Scott, I tell you what, I'm not the slave of your caprices, To come and go, to wait and do As your capricious highness pleases.

And Minnie Scott, you've quite forgot 'Tis woman's lot too oft to venture

A step toe far in love's sweet war, And for her rashness win just censure.

Now, Minnie dear, will you please hear With patient ear the terms I tender, Since you won't yield, nor quit the field, Lay down your arms and I'll surrender.



# GILLIAN.

### BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

#### CONTINUED FROM PAGE 155.

### CHAPTER III.

turned down a cross-road and rode along the account. foot of the precipice, knowing well enough that } his back. He began to whinny as pitiful as a as we were about the human souls, I hadn't the heart to go by without cutting him loose from } his mate, which had broken his neck, and was dead as a door nail.

"A little higher up the hill, where the earth sloped down from the foot of the rocks, we saw your father sitting on a piece of rock, and holding his cousin's head in his lap. We hollered out to know if all was right; but he didn't answer: there wasn't breath enough in his body to force out a word, but his look was awful. never set my eyes on so white a face in all my life.

"We held on by the brushwood, and climbed up to where he sat with the dead man across his knees. I don't know which was the palest, his or the cold face turned upward, as he searched for a breath of life.

"I had never seen your father before, but } should have known him by the look of his cousin; for, one in his cold death, and the other so still and panic-struck, looked so much alike that I could hardly tell which was killed or which saved. At first I thought it really was our young fellow to, but it was of no use: his temple had that it would have broken your heart to hear. struck against a sharp point of rock, and the \ "As we went on, moving slowly up the road,

skull was crushed in, only in one spot, but it "Your grandfather and I brought out the was enough to send him into eternity, and, God horses and drove like lightning to the spot. We have mercy upon him, he was gone to his last

"We lifted the dead body from your father's it was of no use looking for them at the top, for, arms and carried it down the hill. While father a long way off, we could see one wheel of the and I were weaving some hemlock boughs tocarriage where it was wedged in between two gether for a kind of bier to carry him on, your rocks, and that most awful of all sounds, the { father came slowly down, looking pale as ever, groans of a horse, reached us, long before we and with one arm hanging loose and limp by his came in sight of the poor critter, where it lay side. It was easy enough to see that it was among the loose stones at the foot of the ledge, broke, though he said nothing, only pressing his with a part of the broken carriage a lying across { lips that grew white with pain, and giving out a sharp breath now and then. We helped him on hurt baby when we came in sight, and, anxious to father's horse, and, laying the dead body carefully on the rough bier, turned toward

> "We hadn't but just got to the cross-road when sister Sarah came up, without a sign of a bonnet on, and her hair all afloat. There wasn't a bit of color in her face, and I hardly knew her at first, for her eyes seemed as large again as natural, and, though blue enough when she was cheerful, they shone out deep and black as a thunder cloud now.

> "She gave one sharp look, first at the man on horseback; then at the poor fellow my father and I carried on our shoulders. Then she flung up her arms, and sent out a cry so sharp and full of pain, that we stood stock still frightened to the heart by it.

> "She seemed to be afraid of coming near us, but went close up to the horse on which your father rode, and, laying her hand on the mane, asked something in a hoarse whisper.

> "He answered her in a low voice, for he was too faint for loud words; but I knew that he was telling her the man we carried was dead.

"She let her hand fall from the neck of his Bentley that asked us, in a faint voice, to try if horse, and stood still, as if his words had frozen we could do nothing toward bringing the form ther. I was loaded down with the dead, and could across his knee to life. But a glimpse of the inot go to comfort her: so, when we moved on, she dead face put me right: so I and the old man followed after, with great, heavy tears rolling knelt down and tried our best to bring the poor down her face, and raising a sob now and then

I saw sister Hetty coming toward us: she looked > the gals went about like ghosts, scarcely speaklike one carrying a heavy load that she couldn't keep from staggering under. She saw us winding round a turn of the road, and her limbs seemed to wilt under her, for she sunk down to the grass and covered her face with both hands, as if the sight of us had struck her blind. Sarah ran forward, sending back a cry that almost made us tremble.

"She came up to Hetty and sunk down by her side, winding both arms around her neck, and sobbed dreadfully: we could hear her rods off, it really seemed as if her heart was breaking. Hetty did not look up, or move; but when she heard our tramp on the road she sort of stretched out her limbs with a quivering motion, and fell sideways on the grass, bringing Sarah, who clung around her, to the ground, and turning her sobs into screams.

"We stopped a minute, sat the bier down, and tried to comfort the gals; but they clung together, and I thought Sarah tried to bury Hetty's face in her lap till we took up the bier again. I felt very sorry for poor Sarah, for after that sleighride, the letter and all the rest, it was easy guessing why her sobs were so quick and deep. As for Hetty, she always was a timersome, softhearted creature, and the sight of a dead man was enough to make her faint away any time.

"We went home and the gals followed, creeping heavily along after us with the stillness of two ghosts. We laid young Bentley out in the spare room yonder; and, after helping the wounded young man up stairs, I got him to bed, while your grandfather went after a doctor.

"The poor young fellow was in dreadful pain, but he choked back his groans and bore up like a hero. I was obliged to call Sarah to help to take care of him; but Hetty staid below with the corpse, half scared to death I could see, for when I went down stairs, once or twice in the night, she was sitting by the bed, as white as the winding-sheet, and as still as the form it covered. Her eyes fairly frightened me when she looked toward the door, they darkened like a thundercloud before it bursts. I tried to make her go up stairs, but she only shook her head, and so I left her all night alone with the dead man, and } a terrible night it was to us all

down yonder. It was a sorrowful business to us used in pressing the invitation; but as no one all, for we were uncertain who the heir might of your family has said anything about it, the be, and, for anything we knew, he might not \ object of his coming puzzles me exceedingly. prove exactly the person we should want to have } Tell me, was our visit expected?' power over the farm. So, with the sick man up § everything seemed gloomy enough, especially as membered how anxious and restless my sister

ing a word, and looking at each other woefully whenever they met.

"After awhile we found out that Mr. Bentley, your father, was heir to his cousin, and in some sort owner of the farm. He was a splendid young fellow, too: with that face and voice of his he might have made any girl fall in love with him except our Hetty. I really don't think she ever cared for anybody in the world, she always was a quiet, old maidish thing.

"After the funeral she grew more shy and still than ever.

"But Sarah spent half her time in the sick man's room, and though she seemed troubled, yet I could see with half an eye that she was getting over the shock of her lover's death. said lover, for after what I had seen nothing would have convinced me that our Sarah had not been heart and soul engaged to the young man who was gone; but if she could forget him and fancy the other, what business had any of us to interfere? For my part, I was glad to see her color coming back, and her eyes growing bright again.

"I don't know what passed between the young people during the six weeks that he lay sick at our house. But though she seemed wildly cheerful at times, the trouble never entirely left her eyes; and more than once I caught har crying away by herself, which was natural enough under the circumstances, you know.

"As Mr. Bentley grew better, and was able to carry his arm in a sling, Sarah's trouble seemed to increase, and she staid with Hetty in their own room a great deal more than I ever remembered to have seen her before. It seemed as if she wanted to keep out of our visitors way some-

"He did not seem to like this, and one morning, when I rode over to the homestead, and found him sitting lonesomely in the front stoop, he asked me in a quiet way if I could tell him what particular business his cousin had come to the country about, and why he himself had been so urgently invited to share the journey.

"I told him truly enough that I did not know: when he said with a strange smile,

"'I almost supposed it might be a wedding "We buried young Bentley in the grave-yard that brought him here, from some words that he

"I was troubled how to answer this question, stairs, and a funeral winding from the house, and felt the blood grow warm in my face. I reSarah had been; those private letters, and the wild anguish with which she met us near the away, things which our guest had doubtless the teeth fairly chattering between her lips. been in too much pain to observe; but in reality I knew nothing, and what business had I to expose my sister's secret, if she had one?

"'No,' I said, angry with the redness of my face, 'I do not think our folks knew anything } about your coming; and as for a wedding, there has not been a sign of one, except my own, in the neighborhood this year.'

"Mr. Bentley eyed me keenly, as I said this, but did not seem quite satisfied.

"'It is strange,' he said, at last, 'but I am } quite certain that my cousin told me his visit might end in a wedding: and he hinted that my services might be necessary to reconcile some difficulties that might arise with the family.'

"'But he mentioned no names?' I inquired, anxious to learn more.

"'No; he told me nothing more than I have already related. It is a singular affair altogether, perhaps my cousin's papers may give some clue.'

"I thought of my sister's letter, and felt myself coloring again, for anything like secrecy made me restless. Your father looked at me suspiciously, so I turned away determined to speak with Sarah, and if there rally was anything between her and the dead to say so frankly.

"Sarah was up stairs in her room, I was told. I went up the back way which leads to the upper chambers. Sarah's room was open, but she was not there; so hearing a noise in the garret above. I mounted another flight of stairs which landed } me in the open garret, where the trunk belonging to the dead man had been stored away.

"It was a common traveling trunk, strong, and of ordinary size, but the lock had been wrenched in the overthrow, and its hasp was twisted from its fastening, so that no key was necessary to open it.

"I saw this at a glance, and also saw my sister Sarah kneeling before the trunk, holding among the papers it contained with the other. She was trembling from head to foot, and her face was pale as death.

lid, and holding two or three letters tied by a { which lay before my eyes. I dropped her hands. ribbon in her shaking hand.

"A single movement brought her face to face with me. Uttering a faint scream, she drew back precipice, as we were bringing young Bentley and sat down on the trunk shaking all over, and

> "She saw me looking at the letters, and clutched them tightly between both hands.

> "'They are mine-my own letters,' she said, so frightened that her words come out in gasps. 'I have not touched a thing that was not my

> "'Sarah, let me read those letters, I ought to know what they are about,' I said, resolutely, reaching out my hand.

> "She crushed the letters together and held them behind her.

> "'Never! How dare you? What right, I say? No, the letters are mine-mine-mine, I tell

> "She shook from head to foot. Her eyes grew fierce and black. I know that if I had strangled her, there and then, she would have clutched the parcel with her last gasp.

> "'Sarah, I am your brother, and the very best friend you have in the world,' I said, for she was so frightened I pitied her from the bottom of my heart. 'Tell me what all this means. What is there that you should be afraid to tell?' "'Afraid,' she said, 'yes, I am afraid.

> "'Are you ashamed as well as frightened?' said I, almost sternly, for her terror seemed too great for that of an innocent person.

> "'Ashamed!' she repeated my question over with her old scornful pride, 'ashamed! brother; how dare you?'

> "Her eyes fairly blazed, her cheeks were like ashes. Then, all at once, her face changed, and drooping downward as if my question that moment had reached her in full force, she said in the most heart-broken voice I ever heard,

> "'Yes, brother, I am ashamed. God help us all! and afraid too.'

"'Sarah, tell me all."

me go then.'

"'Brother, I charge you, let me pass; do not up the lid with one hand, while she searched make me more unhappy than I am," she cried, passionately. 'Questions can do no good, for I will not answer them.'

I seized her by both hands. She looked me "I stopped on the upper stair astonished by \( \) steadily in the eyes brave as a she lion. I knew what I saw. Sarah was so eager and agitated \ that it would be easier to rob a wild beast of its that she did not hear me, but continued her cubs than that girl of her secret. She stood search. I heard letters rustle against each other still without a word. What right had I to treat under her hand for a minute longer; then with her in that rough way? She was my sister, and a faint cry, she snatched at something and I was treating her like a thief: yet the letters started up from the floor, dropping the trunk were her own, I knew it by the address, part of "'Sarah,' I said, 'Mr. Bentley, the young man below, has some suspicion of this, and he seasy matter; the lock is torn open, and he will has questioned me.'

- "'And what did you tell him? What did you know!
  - "'Nothing, sister-nothing.'
- "'But he-he said something. You began to suspect me, and came prying up here. Brother! brother!
- "There was scorn and grief in her words that would have made me sink into the earth if I had really done the thing she charged me with. it was, my temper rose.
- "'No, Sarah,' I said, ashamed that my voice would shake so. 'No, Sarah, Mr. Bentley, our visitor, said nothing that you have a right to be angry about.'
- "But he said something. Tell me what it \ WAL.
- "'He only asked what wedding it was that \ his poor cousin came to attend, Sarah."
- " 'What wedding!' she cried, catching hold of my arm, and almost shaking me. 'What wedding! Did he say that? Did he in solemn truth mention a wedding?
- "'Yes, Sarah,' I answered, looking hard at her, 'and I thought, from his way of wording it, that he had an idea that the cousin himself was coming to be married to some one in these parts.
- "I stopped short, for the sight of her face fairly made me hold my breath. Her cheeks, which had been pale as death before, kindled up; her lips parted with an eager expression, as if some iron spring had unlocked in them; and her eyes-Sarah had handsome eyes when she was pleased or angry-shone like stars.
- "'And you believed this? You thought, perhaps, that it was-was-
- "She stopped short, and the anxious paleness began to creep over her again.
- "I understood her, and answered as if she had spoken out.
- "'Yes, I did think that, Sarah. Those letters, your strange ways, all came back to my mind; and why not? He was a smart young fellow, handsome and rich: the neighbors might have said it was a good match for you; but I think you were the mate for his betters any day-for the king on his throne, if such things could grow in a free country like ours, Sarah-so, if it was the truth, out with it. The fellow down stairs seems mighty anxious to know all about his cousin's affairs. He spoke about searching the papers in that trunk.
- "Sarah clutched the letters in her hand, and } laughed.
  - 'It is an ? ". 'Well, let him search,' she said.

- find but few papers.'
  - "'But those in your hand, Sarah!'
- "She took my hand in hers, and with one of the winning gestures which no one could resist. lifted it to her lips, hard and brown as it was.
- "'Don't, please don't ask me any more questions!' she said; "it can do no earthly good. when a thing is over. Why give me so much pain? Can't you see how I suffer?"
- "I took her close to my bosom, and kissed her cheek, ready to cry: for she could make a child of me any time. She kissed me back two or three times, then, leaning her head on my shoulder, began to sob.
- "'Did you love him so much, darling?' I whispered, folding her close again.
- "'Don't ask; but this other man, do not let him question you more: and, above all, keep my secret about the letters.'
- "I started, and put her away from my bosom. Thisopersistence in keeping a secret which was really no discredit offended me.
- "'Sarah,' I said, 'this is worse than I would have believed of you. Why are you ashamed of this engagement?'
- "'Think no ill of me, I charge you,' she said, starting back with a haughty throw of the head, "I have done right-will do right, but must be left alone!'
- "'Very well,' I said, hurt by her want of confidence, 'you throw away my advice, and do not want my help. Good morning, Sarah; you have given me the heart-ache, that's all!'
- "'No, no!' she said, drawing close to me again. 'I want your help just now. Only give it frankly, and without these terrible questions. I am not well. You can see that watching and crying has made me nervous and half sick. I was about to ask you about some way of strengthening myself up a little. Hetty, too, is worn out. In short, we want to get away from home: you know father promised us music lessons in the city. I am sure the sea air will be good for us both. What do you think of it, Dan?'
- "She spoke rapidly and half out of breath, darting quick glances at me from under her eyelashes, as if afraid that I would oppose her. In fact, I did feel like it at first: and was about to say so, but she caught the words from my lips, and broke out in a wild, pleading way that changed my feelings at once.
- "'Don't, oh! don't say that, Dan! I am sicksuffering. If you won't send me away I shall go into a decline and die on your hands. Can't you see how I pine-how thin I grow?'
- "She pulled up her sleeve and showed me her

arm, which was slender enough to frighten one then, to get and return. It was fall before they with the idea that she was really going into a consumption. So I asked where she wished to go, and how long she wanted to be away.

"She thought that the best music teachers could be found in New York, and they could either put up with our aunt, or find some nice, quiet place for boarding in a private family, if their stay proved too long for a visit. She had thought the matter over very thoroughly, I could see that, and seemed to have set her heart on it So I promised to persuade the old people into letting her go, and promised that my wife, so far as possible, should come over and supply the gals' place while they were gone.

"Sarah was full of gratitude. She kissed me again and again, and called me her kind, reasonable brother, and we parted excellent friends, but, so far as any information was concerned, just where we had met. But so it always was with your mother. She always ended in having her own way, and in making everybody think it was best too.

"After this conversation, Sarah grew shy of young Mr. Bentley, and left him so much alone that he seemed to grow homesick, and began to talk about returning to the city. But the doctor, who did not get a patient of that stamp every day, would not hear of it, and so he stayed, day after day, till the girls were ready for their trip to the sea-shore. I saw them when they see out, in fact I drove them down to the river in my own team, and, of course, sat waiting while they took leave of Mr. Bentley in the front stoop. He was a good bit flurried and nervous; but Sarah took her leave with a quiet, proud air, that seemed to chill him, for he went into the house and did not wait to see us drive off. But the old people stood there so long as we were in sight, following us with old-fashioned blessings: such blessings, Gillian, as no one has time to give in these fast days.

"It was six months before I saw the gals again. They stayed some time with aunt Mary, and, after that, Sarah wrote us word that they had gone to the shore on Long Island, where board was cheap and sea-bathing capital. Sarah complained a great deal of her feeble health, but ? thought the coast air did her a world of good. She said very little about Hetty, only that she could not get along without her for a day. Her letters were short, but punctual. She seemed

came home. The sea air might have done them good, but they both looked thin and pale, as if overworked: and I reproached myself for letting them toil for their own board so long, though, as I have told you, the old folks were in debt, and could not help it.

"Well, my sisters went to work again in the homestead, and the old place began to brighten up, for Sarah grew more easy and cheerful, saying that hard work was just what she wanted; while Hetty took up her old ways, only it seemed to us that she was more still and sad than ever, spending a great deal of time in her own room, where I sometimes saw a candle burning after eleven o'clock at night.

"Not long after they got back, I found out two secrets: one was, that Mr. Bentley had often visited the gals while with their aunt; and the other, that they brought needlework from New York, which they sat up nights to

"Sarah was obliged to make me her confident in this, for every month she wanted me to take her down to the river on her way to York, where she would be goue a day or two on a visit to her aunt. When I wanted to know why she took this extra work, and what she did with the money, she reminded me of her music lessons that were to be paid for, and of a hundred pretty things which she and Hetty were always wanting: but, to my knowledge, never got. I think Sarah saw Mr. Bentley in some of these visits to the city, for she came back more and more cheerful each month, but kept on working day and night all the same.

"On her third trip down the river, she came back full of excitement, and told me, as a great secret, which I was to reveal to no one, that she had given up needlework now, and found a better way of earning money. When I questioned her, she told me with blushes and half crying, for when a pleasant thing came to Sarah her eyes always would fill, though she bore trouble like a hero:-well, she told me that somehow she had got acquainted with the editor of a magazine, who had seen some scraps of her writing in an old place book, and engaged her to contribute for him now and then.

"All this was, of course, a profound secret between us, for Sarah would as soon have confessed her first love as the talent that appeared anxious to keep the old people satisfied with her in every word she wrote or spoke. She was long stay from home: and seldom wrote for very frank and happy during our drive home, money, as she and Hetty supplied themselves, for I met her at the boat as usual; and at last she said, by doing fine needlework for a store in told me that she had seen Mr. Bentley in New Broadway, which she went to the city, now and York, and that he was coming up to the homestead in a week or two if-if I thought father would have no objection.

have to Mr. Bentley, whose conduct toward him } and his had been more than kind? Surely he She exclaimed at the beauty of everything, the might expect to be made welcome in a house } that was almost his own.'

the sunset, though I could see a smile quivering { on her lip, 'but—but Mr. Bentley wants to take \ was a bank of yellow and red clouds piled up me away with him; he thinks now that he loves and heaped against each other, with streaks of me well enough for that!'

"I was rejoiced, and gave my-horses a triumphant crack of the whip, that sent them } off on a run. I knew well enough that Sarah was no fit wife for any of the young fellows in } our neighborhood. Her high spirits, her wit, stold Hetty, who chirped up like a bird for two and the bright thoughts that made every one or three days, and hovered around her sister in admire her, were not gifts to be buried on a a quiet flutter of happiness, like a robin when farm, nor drudged into tameness by hard work. its mate is on the nest. I had knowledge of the world and sense enough to know that, if I had been brought up in the came in his way as a matter of course. Nothing country. It would have been like forcing a could arouse his pride, for he held things that canary bird to dive for its food like a fish hawk. \text{ turn the heads of most people at their due But this was another affair. Your father was \ worth. the man of all I had ever seen for the husband of a gal like our Sarah, with a college educa- Sarah is a good, bright gal, they'll make a tion, an honest, strong mind, as handsome a couple that we needn't be ashamed of, Dan, you figure as you see in a day's walk, and any may be sure of that.' amount of property-where could another man be found like him? Yet I felt that Sarah was any one an honest man, praise had no higher his match every inch of it: her virtues were term for him. His pride of integrity was wonhome virtues, and her studies home studies, but derful, he acknowledged no superiority but that genuine for all that; even he could talk on but of goodness and industry, but there he was unfew subjects that Sarah did not know something \( \) yielding: a want of integrity the old man never about: and as for manners, if ever there was a could forgive. I think that an absolutely wrong born lady it was my sister Sarah, if I do say it.

news, and told me in her old, frank way how she had loved Mr. Bentley long before she was quite certain that he cared for her-how he had him accordingly. My sisters above all had great almost proposed while she was with her aunt, } but had been checked off when they went to the Long Island shore, without telling him a word about it, and seemed to have given her up without a struggle; but in her late visit she had met him by accident in the street, they had walked a long way together, she could not tell how or where, for it seemed like heaven to her, for he was telling her of his love-his disappointment at her sudden departure, which he looked upon as a rebuff, and of the bright hopes that he could scarcely believe real, though she had listened to him with so much patience. 'It was all like a dream, a sweet, bright dream,' she said, 'but real, beautifully real, though she never could believe it, never.'

"It was pleasant to hear her talk so gently of her love, and to see the color come and go in "'Objections! What objection could my father \( \) her face with every look I gave it. I do believe that day she was the happiest creature on earth. old apple trees with their scraggy branches, the patches of moss on the wayside and the sunset. "'Yes,' said Sarah, turning her face toward ( 'It certainly was,' she said, 'the most heavenly sunset that ever she saw in her life.' To me it purple and flame-color breaking through; but she saw a thousand other bright things, as people who write poetry and love dreams are sure to do.

"I told the old folks of the news, and Sarah

"The old gentleman took everything that

"'Bentley is an honest man,' he said, 'and

"I was satisfied. When my father pronounced act in one of his family would have broken his "Sarah was delighted to see how I took her heart. He was the proudest man I ever saw, and the meekest too.

> "His children all knew this, and respected reverence for this trait of character, and dreaded his disapprobation above all things. me, father was not a cross nor severe man, only a downright honest one, whose good character was the life of his life.

> "Of course a man like this could rejoice in his daughter's prosperity in marrying a man like your father, for he knew the full value of property, and was glad to get it in the family; but it was the intelligence and sterling goodness of Mr. Bentley that touched the old man nearest. Had these been wanting, property and position would have gone for nothing with a man of your grandfather's stamp.

> "Well, the time came. Bentley asked the old man's consent in person, and with a few kind,

hearty words was taken into the family. Sarah around her head. She was handsome-yes, Gilwas very happy then; for days and days she was beautiful, so beautiful that I would stop to look at her. With a creature so smart and full of feeling, happiness was beauty, and it shone through her face like light through a lamp. In truth, I have seen a great many prettier women than our Sarah, but never one whose look would bring the heart into your mouth with such a throb of warm feeling. So she was happy as the day is long till after the wedding day was set; then I saw that she began to pine a little; once I found her in Hetty's room, and they were both crying. But this was natural enough, you know: the two gals had never been separated in their lives, and it was hard to give each other

"Well, they were married at last in the spring time, when the apple trees were all in bloom, and the young leaves coming out in the woods. There was no wedding to speak of, for Sarah, who was always so full of life and loved company more than anything, insisted on being married almost alone, with no one but the family by. This surprised us all and made a good deal of hard talk in the neighborhood, for all her old mates insisted on it that Sarah was putting on airs, because her lover was a city gentleman and There was no truth in this, for instead of this the dear gal appeared to grow more and more humble as the day came on, and it seemed as if the saddest part of her life was just before she married a man that I am sure she loved better than all the world beside.

"Hetty, too, did nothing but cry-not that this was done before folks, but you could see it in her heavy eyes and heavy step too. Poor gal, she really seemed afraid of Mr. Bentley, and would turn away from him sometimes with a scared look that no one could account for, for he was gentle and pleasant as a spring morning to us all.

"Well, as I said before, they were married one spring morning, with the sunshine all around them, and the breath of the apple blossoms coming in at the window. There was no bridesmaid, for Hetty would not stand up in spite of all we could say: and except my little wife, she was the only young person there

"That was one of Sarah's beautiful mornings, I mean as regards herself. She had thrown off ? all down-heartedness, and came down stairs in stood in the porch sending blessings after her-

lian, I think she was almost as handsome as you are now on the day of her wedding. It's one of the pleasantest things in life to see a bright. wholesome girl like her, brimming over with life, and with a will that no force could control. tamed down by love, with those soft shadows under eyes, and the eyes themselves full of mist. I never loved my sister half so much as I did on that day. When she turned away from the minister, and looked up to him with those eyes so mournful and tender the bridegroom kissed her forehead. I did not not wonder at it, for it seemed as if she had just risen from a sacrament table, with the holy wine on her lips, which it would be wicked to touch, I think Hetty felt like this, for when the bride went up to her and reached out her arms with a smile, I shall never forget how the poor gal clung around her with both arms, and kissed her neck, her dress, and her hands with a deep burst of crying; but when Sarah would have kissed her sister's lips she shrunk away trembling all over, and sobbing out blessings on her dear, dear sister, to which the old man answered amen, as if he had been in meeting.

"After this, Hetty and the bride went up stairs together, and staid a long time. When Sarah came down in her traveling dress, ready to leave us forever, Hetty staid behind, and we did not see her again that day.

"As Mr. Bentley's carriage was driving away, Sarah looked back so longingly to the old house, that I beckoned the driver to stop, and went up to say good-bye once more.

"'Dan,' says she, as I came up, 'Dan, that's a good brother, bring me a handful of lilacs and some snow-balls, from the old bushes, under Hetty's window, they will be something to remind me of home.'

"Mr. Bentley was ready to spring out and gather them for her. But she said with one of her smiles that was worth a sermon any day, 'No-no, let Dan bring them now; and you shall gather flowers for me all the rest of our two lives.'

"I brought the lilacs and the snow-balls, and she gathered them up so lovingly in her hands, it made my heart swell, I can tell you.

"He drove away slowly at first, for Sarah kept looking back toward the house, and we all her white muslin dress, that floated around her sold-fashioned, honest blessings that followed her like a cloud, looking more like the angels we see to the grave, I am certain. But as they came in pictures than anything else. She had a little near the hill, where the bridegroom had almost cluster of crab-apple blossoms in her bosom, and \ lost his life, and his poor cousin was brought a wreath of elder flowers and cherry blossoms away a corpse, the driver whipped up his horses,

and they swept over the precipice like lightning, and in that spot we lost sight of them.

"After this we were very lonesome at the homestead. Sarah wrote long letters to us from her grand house in the city; but we missed her dreadfully. Sometimes a little private letter to Hetty came in the larger one, but we never knew what was in it: some secret always rested between the two.

"Once, in the first year, Hetty went down to York, but she staid at aunt Mary's, only going now and then to see her sister.

"When we asked the reason of this, Hetty said that Sarah had so much company, and lived in such a grand way, that she felt out of place there. Sarah was just the same kind-hearted, noble oreature, but Hetty was more comfortable with aunt Mary.

"I have little more to tell you, Gillian, about your mother; for, with the exception of one or two visits to New York, when I put up at her house, and found myself as welcome as a robin in the spring, we saw little of each other. The old gentleman went to see her, and that was after you were born, and came home delighted.

"At last, when you were a little more than two years old, Sarah and her husband came to the homestead again."

"Yes," said Gillian, who had listened to this long story with deep attention, "yes, I remember that, and I remember how she looked. It seems like a picture, the old place and all. But where did my parents go after that?"

"They went to Europe not three months from that time. It was a sudden thing, I am sure, for the mail that brought us this letter brought also a paper, in which we found that they had sailed. The old man felt a little hurt at this, I think, for he was getting so infirm and childish that anything like neglect from those he loved wounded him. Not long after this he died, and mother followed him in three days, as old folks are apt to do. So they never lived to be disappointed by not receiving but one letter from sister Sarah, after she sailed for foreign parts; or to grieve over the news of her death, when it came to us, as it did to strangers, in an open newspaper."

"And this is all you know about my poor mother?" said Gillian, painfully disappointed. "It is a great deal, I know, but not all I expected. Papa so seldom speaks of her: and after that one evening, in this same old homestead, I remember nothing, for it seems they put me in a convent school directly after we reached Italy, and when I came out my mother lay in the Campo Sante at Naples."

"Are you sure of this? Have you seen her grave with your own eyes, niece Gillian?" inquired the farmer, suddenly remembering Mr. Bentley's strange exclamations as he left the room that night, and inspired by a vague hope that his sister might be living.

"Yes, my Italian servant, one who had been hired in the family when we first went to Italy, often took me to one of those heavenly flower nooks in which the people of Naples lay their dead to sleep, and told me that my mother was buried beneath the roses there."

"But was there a tombstone?"

"A cross of marble—nothing more; but that was so like my father: you know he never could endure to register his joy or grief before the world. This is all I know of my mother's death."

"It is strange," said uncle Daniel, thoughtfully, "but, to-night, your father said to me distinctly that my sister was not dead."

Gillian started, and a look of wild joy came to her face; but it faded in a moment, and she said with tender sadness.

"Oh! that is like him too, dear, sensitive papa! I have often heard him say that a human soul never dies, and should only be spoken of as something that sleeps, or has gone a pleasant journey; so we must build no hope on an expression like that."

Daniel Hart sunk down in his chair and heaved a deep sigh. Up to this time a vague hope that his sister might be living had unconsciously floated through his mind, but Gillian's explanation destroyed it utterly.

"Still," said the good man, "still I will ask him, in the morning, if his words had this meaning, or not."

Gillian shook her head. "I think if it had the meaning you wish he will speak of his own accord," she said; "if not, the idea that he has inspired such a hope will give him pain. Let us wait, dear uncle."

Uncle Daniel gave up his hope with another profound sigh; and Gillian arose from her stool at his feet, saddened, as if she too had partaken of a hope that was destroyed.

Gillian stole softly up to her room, for, in a strange house, and with darkness all around she grew timid, and was glad to cover herself up in bed. But she could not sleep. This conversation about her mother—the strangeness of everything around, kept her wakeful and restless.

Her bed stood opposite a window which looked into the orchard where her mother had played when a child. The mellow autumn moon had risen, and she could almost discern the apples

as they fell in over-ripeness from the boughs, disturbing a stillness otherwise profound.

As she lay thus, dreamy and sad, a noise at the door startled her. At-first she rose from the pillow and looked keenly that way; but sank down on the instant, as almost any girl would have done, huddling the clothes about her head.

The door opened very softly, and a small } figure, clad in white, stole across the floor, with her head bent forward, as if listening at each step. As the figure came opposite the window, Gillian, who, fascinated even in her terror, had drawn the sheet from over her eyes, saw the features of aunt Hetty, who came toward her like a shadow, evidently afraid of her own breath.

Curiosity overcame all fear in Gillian, who lay still, with her eyes half closed, watching her strange visitor. Aunt Hetty came close up to the bed, sunk on her knees, and seemed to be searching for a clear view of Gillian's face, which was a little in shadow even if it had been uncovered.

At last she put her hand softly down, drew away the counterpane, and a kiss fell on Gillian's forehead, so light and tremulous that it seemed but a shadow passing over her.

Gillian closed her eyes, for there was something in this act that brought dew into them, and with great difficulty she suppressed an unequal breath. Then, emboldened by her first effort, aunt Hetty bent down and pored over that young face till a heavy tear fell upon it.

Unconsciously Gillian started, and shrinking together as if she had committed some crime, aunt Hetty slid down to her knees, and burying her face in the bed-clothes, waited.

But Gillian controlled herself, and directly sobs came at slow intervals from the bed; then the whispered words of a prayer; and after that wild, uncontrolled bursts of anguish, in which Gillian heard her mother's name repeated over and over again.

At last this sorrow seemed to wear itself out, and exhausted its force in faint sobs, ending in profound silence. After a little, Gillian felt that her aunt was sitting on the bed again, striving to search out the lineaments of her face in the shadows. The restraint became painful, and at last the young girl opened her eyes, meeting the mournful gaze of her aunt, upon which the moon shone brightly.

Aunt Hetty did not move; but her eyes wavered like those of a person suddenly detected in a crime.

Hetty!"

Her little hand stole out of the bed-clothes and touched that which lay helplessly on her pillow. There was something in that gentle voice, and the clasp of those fingers, that soothed the timid woman. Her hard fingers closed over Gillian's, and though she trembled, it seemed with kindly feeling.

"Aunt Hetty," repeated the young girl, "did not my mother come in this way to my bed one night, and you with her, when I was a little child?"

"And you remember her? You remember that noble, noble mother, child; and that night when we two prayed over you for the last time on earth?" she answered, in a whisper full of tender regrets.

"As I remember dreams—dreams of angels hovering near me," said Gillian. "Your coming to-night made it a reality."

"And she is dead-gone from us without a word of farewell-a word of-ah! my child, if you could but remember any word, any little thing by which I might know she thought of us with the old kindness!"

"How I wish so, too, dear aunt; but it is impossible. They took me from her so early: and, in the convent, I had so much kindness, that it made me forget easily. I remember there was one lady there, a boarder, who came to my cell every night, as you are here now, with a thousand gentle words and sweet kindnesses: that was when I was about seven years old. She did not stay at the convent altogether; but came and went till I was taken away; sometimes staying a few weeks; sometimes three or four months."

"And this lady was kind to you? God bless her for that!" said aunt Hetty, quietly. "If it would benefit her, I would give an hour of my life for every consoling word she said to you."

"Oh! yes," said Gillian, reflectively, "it was a sweet voice, motherly and soft-sweeter than any I ever heard in the convent. I wonder what became of her?"

The young girl sighed as she spoke; while aunt Hetty tightened her clasp on the little hand.

"I have heard of Sisters of Charity: they must be happy women, and good ones too, let them belong to what church they will," said aunt Hetty. "Perhaps this lady was one of them: for they travel about, I am told. I am not sweettoned as you say she was; but, if you will not think it strange for me to come into your room now and then, I should be very thankful. Your mother and I slept in each other's arms till she was more than your age. I have grown old and "Aunt Hetty!" said Gillian, very softly, "aunt \ lonely since then-no one cares much for my love; but, if you would not feel it a burden,

there are some things that I might do in a { quiet way. Don't you think so?"

ful earnestness as she spoke; and the young girl, & chamber, shadow-like, as she had entered. lonely in her half orphanage, and searching for } affection everywhere, rose up, and threw her maternal roof. Perhaps the first deep feelings arms around that drooping neck with a fervor that she had ever experienced sprang into existthat brought fresh tears into aunt Hetty's voice. Sence during those few hours. It seemed as if

folks," she said, folding the young girl close in all night long, his step was heard by the master her arms, "it is my way; but if I can save you of the house, who slept beneath his room, walkone pain by laying down my life, speak, and I'll ing to and fro.

Before Gillian could answer as her warm heart dictated, the arms that had so closely embraced She looked down into Gillian's face with wist- her fell away, and her aunt glided from the

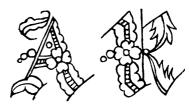
And this was Gillian's first night under the "Don't mind if I seem silent and stiff before her father, too, was haunted with unrest; for,

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## HANDKERCHIEF CORNER, NAMES, &C.





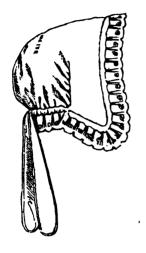




VOL XXXV.-16

## NIGHT-CAP: CHILD'S SACQUE.

BY BMILY H. MAY.



MIGHT-CAP.

dren's dresses, if she desires to do so, or is the edges.

situated so that a mantua-maker is difficult to be had. Nor is our purpose confined to instructing the fair readers of "Peterson" to make only their more expensive and showy garments. We are well aware that it is often more difficult to get patterns for articles of under-clothing, than for cloaks, party dresses, or fashionable wraps. Accordingly we give, in this number, the pattern for a night-cap, accompanied with the usual diagram. With the aid of these, any lady can cut out and make up this indispensable article, trimming it afterward as in the pattern, or differently if her taste prefers a different style of trimming.

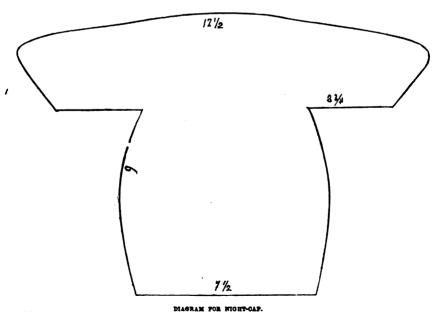
We also give, in this number, a diagram for a child's sacque. The diagram will be found on the next page.

No. 1. FRONT.

No. 2. BACK.

No. 8. SLEEVE.

The material is cloth, or velvet, the first being Our object, in this department, is to teach the best. The net-work over the surface is done every lady how to make her own and her chil- in braid, and so also is the leaf-pattern around



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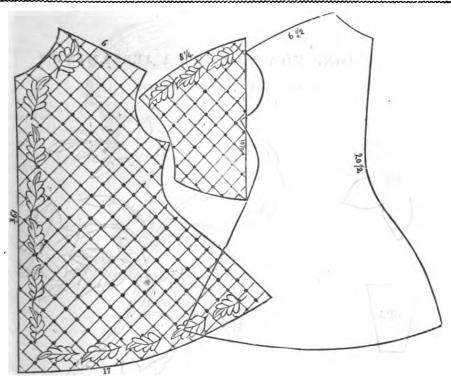
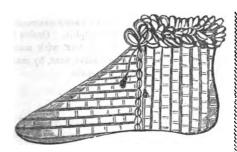


DIAGRAM FOR CHILD'S SACQUE.

## POLISH BOOT-LADIES' SIZE.

BY MRS. JANE WRAVER.



WE have designed this expressly for the patrons of "Peterson."

MATERIALS.—1 oz. white single zephyr, 1 oz. colored single zephyr, pair of small bone needles. With the colored wool cast on 84 stitches.

With the colored wool cast on 84 stitches. Knit 3 rows plain. 4th row—Join the white wool, knit 3 stitches, purl, take off the next 2, \* pass the wool, knit 8. purl, take off the next 2 \*. Repeat to the end of the needle. 5th row—Knit plain, omitting to knit the two colored stitches, merely taking them off upon the needle. 6th row purl—7th, join the colored wool, knit 8 rows plain; knitting the two colored stitches whenever they occur, very loosely. Knit in all 150 rows.

FOR THE BORDER.—Cast on 6 stitches. Knit 1st row plain: 2nd row put the needle into the 1st stitch, then wrap the thread four times round the first and second fingers of left hand and the right hand needle, knit these loops into the stitch. Repeat to the end of the needle. 3rd row plain. Every alternate row knit the loops. Make a cord and tassel of the colored wool, to lace the boot at the side as you would a gaiter. The border may be all colored, or in stripes of 8 rows each

## DIRECTIONS HOW TO MAKE A JESSAMINE.\*

MRS. A. M. HOLLINGSWORTH.



MATERIALS.—White or yellow, smooth, thick ( paper, yellow pips, small green calyx, leaves.

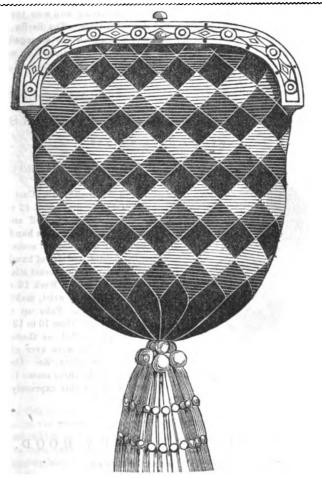
\* MATERIALS FOR MAKING PAPER FLOWERS.-Tissue paper of various colors, carmine paper for Pinks, Dahlias, and red Roses, variegated for Cut as many as desired of No. 1 and 2: gum Japonicas, Pinks, &c., wire, wax, gum arabic, up No. 2 in form of a tube, fasten the petal to it stamens, pipes, green leaves, calyx, sprays, cups with thick gum arabic: fasten a piece of thin \ for roses and buds, all the small flowers being of wire to a large, yellow pip, cover the stem with sixty varieties, can be obtained ready stamped light green tissue paper, run it through the tube of Mrs. A. M. Hollingsworth's Fancy Store, No. for a stamen: finish with a small green calyx. 32 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia. Orders by To mount it, put three or four buds and as many and punctually attended to. A box, with mateflowers, and make branches with the leaves, like irials for a large bouquet or basket, sent, by mail, on receipt of one dollar, post-paid.

## PURSE IN CROCHET.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

Purses are always suitable for presents. We anate diamonds. The star at the bottom is black,

give, this month, a new pattern for one in the first row of diamonds is scarlet, the second crochet. Scarlet, black and yellow will look row yellow, the third black. The purse is comwell, for they contrast to advantage in the alter- menced in the centre of the black star at the



bottom, and is worked in a solid crochet; the peculiar and striking effect when completed. A silks, when not required, being worked in at the handened siles case and tassel of the same back in the usual manner. Although an ex- metal at the end are required to furnish this tremely simple pattern, it is one which has a very useful and ornamental little article.

## BERLIN PINCUSHION.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

the number, a very ornamental as well as new arranged round a larger circle cut in a firmer kind of pincushion, just come out abroad. It is card-board, in the form of a wreath, each procomposed of scarlet cloth or satin and chalk | jecting slightly over the last, leaving a space accurately in card-board, and covered neatly is then made sufficiently large to fill the centre, with the cloth or satin. On these circles a small covered with the same material. It is drawn pattern is worked in the white beads according down either with a scarlet cord, strings of white to the engraving, with a small loop of beads beads or gold thread, so as to form four quarters round the edge, leaving a space sufficient for the from the centre, and is attached by means of this

WE give among our illustrations, in front of a next to wrap over. These small circles are all A number of small circles are cut for the cushion in the centre. A round cushion should be sufficiently full to look well-raised and the toilet-table. The Berlin watch-pocket and covered with a slight material previous to the beads should be worked on with No. 20 crochet ornamented circles being placed upon it. It has { cotton. a very pretty effect when completed, the bright?

cord to the card-board foundation. This cushion ; red contrasting well with the white drapery of The foundation circle should be this pincushion are arranged to match.

# TO KNIT A PAIR OF MITTENS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



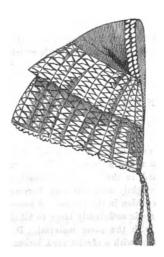
MATERIALS .- 1 oz. dark single zephyr, pair large steel knitting needles, bone crochet hook. Cast on 40 stitches Knit plain 16 rows

17th Row .- Knit 15 stitches, bind off 15; knit to the end of the needle.

18th Row .- Knit 10. Cast on 15. Knit to the end of the needle. Knit 42 rows plain, making in all 60 rows. Bind off and sew the ends together. This forms the hand. The number of rows knit must depend somewhat upon the size of the needles and size of hand. With the crochet hook work a single crochet stitch into every stitch around the wrist. Work 16 rows. Double this under to meet the wrist, making the cuff double and very warm. Take up the stitches at the thumb and knit from 10 to 12 rows. This thumb is scarcely needed, as these mittens are only intended to be worn over gloves, in very cold weather, for riding, &c. On the back of the hand work the three seams in cross-stitch. We have designed this expressly for the readers of "Peterson."

#### PICCOLOMINI OPERA HOOD.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



ROOD WHEN WORN.

MATERIALS .- 1 oz. colored single zephyr, } oz. white split zephyr, medium bone needles.

With the colored wool cast on 1 stitch. Knit plain garter stitch, knitting 50 rows. Widening one stitch at the beginning of every row, which is done by throwing the thread forward before knitting the first stitch. Be sure to knit this loop on the next row.

52nd Row .- Widen and narrow to the end of the needle.

53rd Row .- Plain.

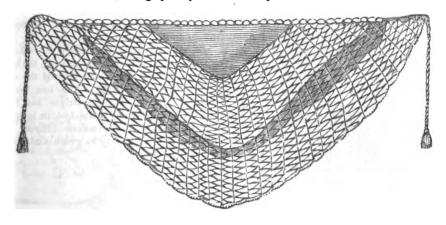
54th Row.-Widen and narrow as before.

55th Row .- Plain.

56th Row .- Widen and narrow.

57th Row .- Plain.

58th Row.—Plain, knitting 72 stitches, leaving the remainder of stitches upon the needle without knitting. Turn the work round and knit back on the next row 87 stitches: omitting to knit the rest of the stitches on the needle. These stitches on either side of the 37 stitches just knit, all around the work. Knit in herring-bone stitch, are to be left until this second point is com- which is simple; widen and narrow every row pleted. Knit 20 rows to form the second point, Knit 10 rows. Bind off and finish with cord and narrowing 1 stitch at the beginning of every tassels. This hood we have designed expressly row. Join the white wool, taking up every stitch for the patrons of "Peterson."



HOOD WHEN OPEN.

## NECKLACE IN IMITATION PEARL.

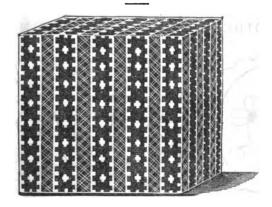
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

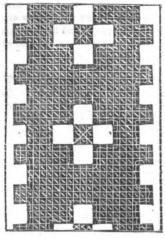
for which we give in the front of the number, known as the oat bead. A soft cotton is required are imitation pearl, which not only deserves to for stringing them. The mode of threading is be favored for its own sake, but suits every so extremely simple as to be quite plain in our dress, black, white, or any color. The beads engraving.

THE materials of this pretty affair, the pattern g are large, small, medium size, and a row of those

## WOOD-BOOK IN EMBROIDERY AND LEATHER.

BY MRS. JANE WBAVER.





PATTERN FOR SIDE OF WOOD-BOX

WHERE open fires are used, a box to hold the wood is often necessary, and this is not always in keeping with the rest of the room. We accordingly offer a design for a wood-box, which is to be covered with alternate stripes of embroidery and Russian leather. The stripes of leather are crossed by gold braid, as seen in the cut on the preceding page.

The embroidered part of the box is worked in red and black, as seen in cut (No. 2,) the black being the white spaces, and the red the small squares marked thus . The box may be made of any size, as these stripes can be increased in number, or diminished in length, to suit the wishes of the maker. Every other stripe of embroidery may be green and black if variety is preferred.

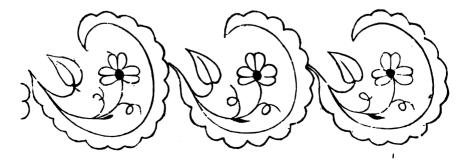
## WATCH-POCKET IN BEADS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

n new pattern for a watch-pocket, which has selected. The front, with its circular opening just come out in London. The shape is first to \ for displaying the face of the watch, is a sepabe cut out in the coarsest of the sorts of per-{ rate piece, prepared exactly in the same way, forated card-board. This shape is next to be fastened on with a small gusset at each side. covered with scarlet cloth or satin, carefully The reason why perforated card-board is to be stretched and well fastened down at the edge, used, is simply that, in working on the ornaand, after having been accurately cut to the mental pattern in beads, the needle may pass shape all round, is to be neatly bound with nar- { easily through without either blemish or diffirow ribbon to match the color of the material. \ culty. A hook is to be fastened on the spot This being completed, the bead-work follows, shown in our illustration, and a lining laid on the small beads being in chalk white and the the back. It is suspended by a bow of ribbon, larger ones in either gold or steel. The cotton which is all the more handsome if enriched with used for this purpose ought to be both smooth a few beads.

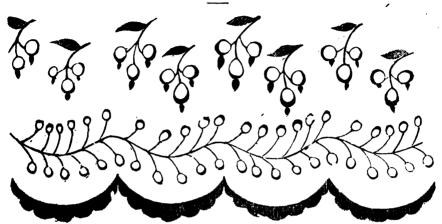
In the front of the number, printed in blue, is 3 and strong. No. 20 crochet cotton should be

## EMBROIDERY FOR FLANNEL OR MUSLIN.

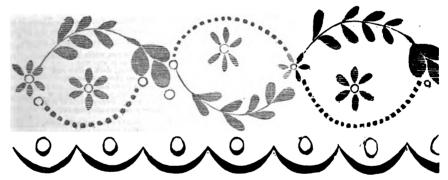


ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN EMBROIDERY.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



FOR BOTTOM OF SKIRT.



FOR SILK EMBROIDERY ON FLANNEL.



ANOTHER DESIGN FOR EMBROIDERY ON PLANNEL



FOR BORDER OF CHEMISE.



HANDKERCHIEF BORDER.
249

## EDITOR'S TABLE.

#### EDITORIAL CHIT-CHAT.

STREET PICTURES .- "Good morning, grandmam!"

A dame of eighty, wrinkled almost out of all semblance to humanity, bent, withered, with a great bundle of oakum strapped to her stooping shoulders. Hard work, from the cradle to the grave, had been her lot. Look at her shoes—patched, and mended, and clattering. Look at her bonnet—broken, ragged and ribbonless. Look at her scanty gown! Oh! ye servile slaves of fashion passing by, hooped, and jeweled, and perfumed, shrink not from the poor child of poverty: there is room enough between the wall and her mean attire, and while you listen to the lips you despise, blush for your inferiority.

"Well, grandmam, this is a pretty cold day!"

"Puty cold day, yes, dear, puty cold day, and hard work picking oakum."

"You're too old to work hard, grandmam."

"Yes, that's true, dear, but then, bless the Lord, I'm a'most done. They'll put the old woman in a box, by-and-

bye, and then, I reckon, I'm going up to glory."
"Don't you sometimes get tired of living?"

"Well, if I does, dear, I feels in a minute it isn't right, and then I'm bearing His yoke, dear, and it's so light and easy that I can wear it as long as He sees fit, for His yoke is easy and His burden is light. \U00e4But I must hurry, for I've got to get through this job this morning. Good-bye, dear," and, with a placid smile, she leaves us, more thankful that God has strengthened our faith through one of the humblest of his servants.

How much beauty there may be in the little flower we recklessly trample under our feet! how much more in the lowly hearts that the great and the proud tread upon! Oh! could we but for a moment penetrate the omniscient mind of deity; its verdicts upon the throngs that daily pass—could we bear the sight?

I think of that when I look at the little apple-girl yonder. It seems to me that every one who sees her ought to give her a passing smile, or something to reward her paticace. This bitter weather she sits by her fruit, her pale face never once losing its touching expression, of, I cannot rightly interpret what. Whether she has been subject to domestic despotism—whether she is toiling for some one loved olject—whether at home lies a helpless mother, or father—or whether she is driven to this cold resort by the machinations of that terrible hearth-fiend, rum! who knoweth?

I often look at her—she has a sweet face—and wonder how it would seem to her to be wrapped in some of the plaids and furs that cross her vision so often.

If I had wealth—if I only had wealth—I would go over there and say, "My child, here is this for shoes and stockings, better than the things you wear; here is this for a comfortable shawl—a thick pair of woolen mittens for those red hands—go buy a hood and be happy." How she would look at me! What would the poor child think? I wonder if she would believe me after the money lay in her hands. I wonder if the lookers on would not call me a demented body. Of one thing I am certain, I know it would make my heart warm.

ONE WORD.—Look upon your children and shudder if you have smitten the homeless, and denied the friendless; for, as sure as the heavens spread above your head, and the earth beneath your feet, the curse of the stranger shall rest on you and yours.

There are no denunciations in holy writ stronger than sown story.

those upon that wicked one who grieves the throbbing heart of want. Want! that should be so sacred! and toward which the hand should be outstretched before the mite is asked.

And if neither hand is outstretched, nor mite given, can you not bestow that costless coin, one kind word? Believe us, in heaven that gentle breath shall weigh down treasuries with their ingots and safes of gold.

For, with it shall be thrown the sweet emotions that leaped up like living waters from the arid soil under which they have lain prisoned in the friendless bosom. All the little griefs it changed to momentary blessings. All the dear sunshine that came in through the clefts of long remembered harshness and cold-world-deeds. All the better impulses that gathered like angels about the vengeful thoughts that harsh words had marshaled to fight against heaven. All the tears that had been scaled and driven back with an almost stony despair into their sacred depths.

Oh! will not the kind word, sown in pity, bring forth a rich harvest in heaven? At such a time will the angel of the record say, "You made my poor, wandering, wretched child happy. You gave, not gold; but from your very soul took one precious thought and fastened her real faith together."

"I SAT BESIDE YOU WHILE YOU SLEPT."—There is much deep feeling, as well as skillful expression, in the following, which we copy from Aldrich's new volume of poems.

"I sat beside you while you slept,
And oh! but it was woe
To see the long, dark lashes rest
Upon your cheeks of snow,
To see you lie so happily.
And to think you did not know
What a weary, weary world is this,
While you were sleeping so!

You are dearer than my soul, love, But in that hour of pain, I wished that you might never lift Those eyes to mine again, Might never weep, but lie in sleep While the long seasons roll— I wished this, I who love you, love, Better than my soul! And then—I cannot tell what then, But that I might not weep I caught you in my arms, love, And kissed you from your sleep."

Poisonous Confectionary .- The London Lancet again warns the public against the great quantity of poisonous confectionary manufactured and sold. It gives the result of an analysis of the various coloring matters used to color these articles. Out of forty-four articles examined, chromate of lead, or yellow pigment, was detected in twenty-four samples; Brunswick green, which contains chromate of lead, in seven samples; artificial ultramarine in ten samples; red lead in one; cinnabar, or bisulphuret of mercury, in one; and arsenite of copper in one. In some instances two. and even three or four, of these injurious or poisonous substances occurred in the same parcel of confectionary. The cheaper articles of confectionary, especially lozenges and comfits, are the worst; also those made with liquors and essences which are for the most part injurious; and, finally, especially all sugar-like ornaments, colored either yellow or green.

THE ROSE-BUD.—It is unnecessary for us to say a word about the exquisite mezzotint in this number: it tells its own story.

To TAKE IMPRESSIONS OF LEAVES.—A subscriber wishes to 5 know the best way of taking impressions of leaves, plants, } k. We gave directions for the process, a year or two ago, but will repeat it. Take half a sheet of fine wove paper, and oil it well with sweet oil; after it has stood a minute or two to let it soak through, rub off the superfluous oil with a piece of paper, and let it hang in the air to dry. After the oil is pretty well dried in, take a lighted candle or lamp and move the paper over it in a horizontal direction, so as to touch the flame, till it is perfectly black; when you wish to take off impressions of plants, lay your plant carefully on the oiled paper, and lay a piece of clean paper over it, and rub it with your finger equally in all parts for about half a minute; then take up your plant, and be careful not to disturb the order of the leaves, and place it on the book or paper, on which you wish to have the impression; then cover it with a piece of blotting paper, and rub it with your finger for a short time, and you will have an impression superior to the finest engraving. The same piece of black paper will serve to take off a great number of impressions, so that, when you have once gone through the process of blacking it, you may make several impressions in a very short time. The principal excellence of this method is, that the paper receives the impression of the most minute veins and hairs, so that you may obtain the general character of most flowers much superior to any engraving. The impreszions may afterward be colored according to nature.

WINDOW CURTAINS.—A subscriber wishes to know the price of window curtains. The answer to this question must depend on the material. The very expensive satin curtains, with gold borders, may be had for about one hundred dollars a window: the terry velvet for much less; and less costly, yet very beautiful ones, for half that price. The most fashionable establishment for curtains, in Philadelphia, is Shepherd, Van Harlingen & Arrison where lace, brocabile, or satin curtains may be had, at the most moderate prices, and of the latest style. The gentleman, who presides over this department, is a man of unusual taste, which accounts for the superior elegance of the goods of this house. It would be well for our friends, in the South and elsewhere, who write to us so often on this subject, to remember Mesers. Shepherd, Van Harlingen & Arrison.

BED-QUILT PATTERN.—The design for a watch-pocket will be followed, in the April number, by a bed-quilt pattern, printed in several colors, and which was originally intended for the present number, but could not be got out in time, in consequence of the enormous increase in our circulation, this year. Like the purse and traveling-bag in the last number, and like most of the patterns which are to follow it, the bed-quilt pattern has been designed expressly for "Peterson," by Mrs. Jane Weaver, who, it will be seen, has furnished various original designs for the present number, in addition to those which she has selected from late English and French SEUTYCES.

NEW WEDDING FASHION.—At several fashionable marriages which have lately taken place in Paris, the old French custom of presenting fans to the ladies has been revived. These fans are regarded as wedding sourcen'rs from the bride to her lady friends. At a recent marriage, the fans thus distributed were all after one pattern. The mountings were of carved mother-o'-pearl, and the fans were of white silk, figured with allver.

AW INPUDENT PUPPY.—Not only the puppy, who peeps into the basket, but that other puppy, on horseback, who is peeping into the grounds of the young lady's seninary in the corner of the picture. See him, eye-glass on nose, as he stretches over the fence. A veritable human puppy! "MAUD MULLER."—N. O. Hall, Newburyport, Mass., has published a very beautiful lithograph of Whittier's "Maud Muller."

#### REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

The Scouring of the White Horse. By the author of "Tom Brown's School Days at Rugby." 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. Philada: T. B. Peterson & Brothers .-In the western part of Berkshire, in England, is the huge outline of a horse, rudely cut in the side of a chalk hill. Tradition says this was originally the work of Alfred the Great, to commemorate a great victory, which he won there over the Danes. From time to time, as the rains and frost obliterate this singular monument, the neighboring inhabitants assemble and repair it, after which they have a holiday, in which athletic sports and games are exhibited and prizes are contested for. Sometimes as many as twenty thousand persons convene at these celebrations. The present volume is a description of one of these events. The book has all the raciness of its predecessor by the same author. We could have wished, however, and so will every lady wish who reads the work, that the writer had given us, at large, the result of his love adventure and not merely suggested its happy termination.

Hymns of the Ages. Being Scientians from Lyra Catholica, Germanica Aspotolica, and other sources. With an Introduction. By Rev. F. D. Huntington, D. D. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Ob. Philada: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.—This is a selection of the best Christian hymns extant, no matter in what age they were written, nor what the sectarian bias of the lyrist. Many have been translated from the Latin, and some from the German, the rest being of English authorship. The translations are not always successful; but the task of translating hymns is nearly impossible; and the result, on the whole, is praiseworthy. We commend the volume, not only as a valuable aid to religious devotion, but as a suggestive study in a literary point of view.

European Life, Legend, and Landscape. By an Artist. 1 vol., 12 mo. Philada: James Challen & Sm.—The publishers of this volume, though comparatively new in the business, are rapidly taking rank among the most enterprising, sagacious and tasteful of their profession. In addition to the present work, they announce a new book on the history of ancient Mexico, which is destined to make a great sensation, if not to overthrow entirely all received opinions respecting the Aztec empire.

The Ballad of Babie Bell and Other Forms. By Thomass Balley Aldrich. 1 vol., 12 mo. New Fork: Rudd & Carleton.—We have quoted, in another place, one of the poems in this volume; and it is by no means the best of them. "Babie Bell," "Little Maud," and various others, surpass it even in tenderness and grace. In a different vein is "When the Sultan goes to Ispahan," a poem which fairly intoxicates with its voluptuous Eastern imagery.

Sylvan Holt's Daughter. By Holme Lee. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—The author of this admirable novel is an Englishwoman, favorably known already for her "Kathie Brande," an excellent novel, which was reprinted, in this country, a year or two ago. "Sylvan Holt's Daughter" is even better, however, than its predecessor. We recommend it, next after "What Will He Do With It," as the best novel of the month.

Anne of Geierstein. By the author of "Waverley." 2 vols., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—The forty-fifth and forty-sixth volumes of the "Household Edition of Scott's Novels," which we have so often described as the handsomest American one extant.

Father and Daughter. A Portraiture from Life. By Frederika Bremer. Translated by Mary Howitt. 1 vol., 12 mo. Philada: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.—This is a new novel, by the author of "The Neighbors," just published in London and reprinted from an early copy. To show what energy and enterprise can do, we may mention that within forty-eight hours after the London copy was received, by Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, the book was stereotyped, three tons of paper made, a large edition printed off, and copies bound and for sale. As the volume contains nearly four hundred pages, and is really an elegant specimen of typography, this is an achievement never before rivaled in this country.

What Will He Do With It? By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton. 1 vol., 8 vo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—Bulwer's last novel is now completed, and lies before us, a thick, neat octave. For two years, thousands of readers have been held apoll-bound from month to month, by the fortunes of Guy Darrell, Lionel and the other characters of this serial story. The present is a cheap edition, but handsomely bound in cloth.

Biographics of Distinguished Scientific Men. By F. Arago. First Scries. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—
These biographies are too well known to need comment. The subjects of the present volume are Bailly, Herschel, Laplace and Fourier. There is also an autobiography of Arago himself. The translations are very good.

The Afternoon of Unmarried Life. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Rudd & Carleton. Philada: T. P. Peterson & Brokers.—A reprint of an excellent work, especially suitable for ladies, and announced as a companion to Miss Muloch's "Thoughts About Women." It is very neatly published.

The Laird of Norlaw. By the author of "Margaret Maittand." 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—We need not advise our readers of the merit of this new novel. Whatever this author writes is always excellent, excellent morally as well as intellectually.

Miriam Elwood; or, How Girls Live. By one of Themselves. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: E. Dunigan & Brothers.— A well-written story, inculcating an excellent moral, and printed in a very handsome style. The book ought to have a large sale among women.

The Cubinet des Fees; or, Recreative Readings, arranged for the express use of Students in French. By G. Gerard, A. M. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & O.—A volume which may be advantageously put into the hands of students of the French tongue.

The Manual of Chess. By Charles Kenny. 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—The elementary principles of chess are given in this volume, which is also illustrated with numerous diagrams, recent games and original proboms.

Terence and Pheedrus, literally translated. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—This translation is by Henry Thomas Riley, of Cambridge, England. There is added to it a blank verse translation by George Coleman.

The Poetical Works of Fitz-Greene Halleck. New Edition. 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—A beautifully printed edition, in the miniature style, bound in blue and gold. It is the very edition for a lady's library.

The American Almanac for 1859. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Crosby, Nichols & Co.—This work has long enjoyed a standard reputation. The volume for 1859 ought to be in every library.

Rose Warrington. By A. J. H. Duganne. 1 vol., 8 vo. Philada: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.—A cheap edition of a well-written novel, by an American author of ability.

## OUR COOK-BOOK.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGAZINE."

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

Are These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every month, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

BILL OF FARE

FOR A SOCIABLE DINNER COMPANY IN WINTER.

Vermicelli Soup.

Roast Turkey. A la Mode Beef.
Beef Tongue. Roast Ham.

Tomatoes. Roast Potatoes. Macaroni with Cheese
Mashed Potatoes. Cranberries. Pickles.

Celery.

Fried Oysters. Boiled Oysters.

Dessert.

Lemon Pudding. 'Coccanut Pudding.
Ice Cream.
Raisins. Almonds. Oranges.
Coffee.

Madeira, Sherry and Champagne wines may be used during the course of the dinner.

#### BOUPS.

Harico Soup.—Get a large neck of mutton, cut in two parts and put the scrag end into a stewpan with four large turnips and four carrots, together with one gallon of water. Let it boil gently till all the essence is extracted from the meat. Then wash the turnips and two of the carrots in the broth, cut and fry six onions in butter, and put them in; then cut the remainder of your mutton into very nice chops—not too large—and add them to the soup, and let it stew very slowly till the chops are quite tender. Cut the other two carrots that were boiled into slices, and put them in the soup just before you take it off the fire; season it with pepper and salt, and serve it up very hot.

Sago Soup.—Boll one pound of beef in two quarts of water, until the essence is completely extracted from the meat. Strain the beef from the broth, and add to the broth one teacupful of sago; boil it gently for one hour, but do not let the sago become too soft. Beat the yolks of two eggs with about half a cupful of cream, pour them into your soup turreen, and then by degrees pour in the soup, stirring it gently.

Mock Turile Soup.—Take one quart brown beans, boil them soft, and strain them through a cullender. Boil three pounds of the blue tripe, very tender; season with pepper and salt, and add a lemon cut into slices. Let the whole boil about five hours.

Pepper-Pot.—Procure a sufficient quantity of supe, and boil it until it is tender. Cut it up small, add to it some parsley, thyme, marjoram, a couple of leeks, and a few dumplings, and potatoes. Season it to your taste with salt and red pepper.

#### 718H.

Oysters—Fried.—Wash your oysters in their own liquor, and then dry them thoroughly. Have ready some rolled cracker, seasoned with pepper and salt; also, the yolk of one or more eggs. (Four eggs to a hundred of oysters.) Dip your oysters into the egg, and then roll them into the cracker. Have a pan ready with some boiling hot butter in it, into which drop the oysters and fry them a light brown.



Oysters—Pickled.—Take the oysters out of their own liquor and wash them in clean water, and drain them well. Make spickle of salt and water that will bear an egg; boil it and sum it till it becomes clear, then throw your oysters into it, and let them simmer. As fast as they rise, take them out, and lay them one by one in a clean cloth till they become cold. Strain the oyster liquor, put some allspice, cloves, mace, pepper and vinegar to it, and boil it a few minutes. Put your oysters in jars, and pour this liquor over them. Close the jars, and set them away for use.

Oysters—Stewed.—Strain the liquor of the cysters, put it on to boil with a few blades of mace, some whole peppers and allspice; skim it well. When thoroughly boiled, put in your cysters, and give them a good boil up. Mix a good sized lump of butter with some flour, smoothly, stir it in the boiling liquor, and add cream according to the quantity of cysters you cook. It is a very great improvement to put a wineglassful of Madeira wine into your dish, and pour the liquor and cysters over it.

Oysier Loaves.—Take some small French rolls, make a round hole in the top, and scrape out all the crumbs. Then put your oysters into a pan, with their liquor, and the crumbs that come out of the rolls; add a good lump of butter, and stew them together five or six minutes; then put in a spoonful of good cream. Fill your rolls with the oysters, &c., lay the piece of crust carefully on again, and set the rolls in the oven to crisp. These loaves may be used at an entertainment.

Oysters.—Scalloped.—Wash your oysters well in their own fiquor, then put some of them into scallop shells, or a deep dish, strew over them a few bread crumbs, with some seasoning, such as you prefer; and spread some butter over them; then add another layer of oysters; then of bread-crumbs, &c., and when the dish or shells are full enough, spread some butter over the top, and put them into an oven to brown.

Oysters—Pickled.—Boil the oysters in their own liquor until they look plump, then take them out, and strain the liquor; add to it wine, vinegar and pepper to your taste, and pour it over the oysters.

#### MBATS.

Beef a la Mode.—Take a round of beef, lard it with bacon; them make a dressing of bread, butter, sweet herbs, onion, parsiey, salt and pepper, and stuff around the bone, and in several places in the lean part—skewer it and bind it close with tape. Have ready a deep pot, put the beef into it, and half cover it with water; stew it four or five hours—baste it constantly with the gravy and turn it in the pot. When done, place it upon a dish, and garnish it with forcement balls, parsiey and carrots. Pour the gravy over it, having been previously flavored with Madeira wine.

Goze—Balled, with Onion Sauce.—When your goose is bloody prepared, singe it, and pour over it a quart of boiling milk; let it stand in the milk all night, then take it out and try it exceedingly well with a cloth, season it with pepper and selt, chop an onion and a handful of sage leaves, put them into your goose, sew it up at the neck and vent, and hang it up by the neck till the next day; then put it into a pan of cold water, cover it close, and let it boil slowly one hour. Serve it with onion sauce.

Veal—Minced.—Cut your veal into slices, and then into little square bits—but do not chop it. Put it into a saucepan, with two or three spoonfuls of gravy, a slice of lemon, a little pepper and salt, a good lump of butter rolled in flour, a teaspoonful of lemon pickle, and a large spoonful of cream. Keep shaking it over the fire till it boils, but do not let it boil above a minute. Serve it hot.

Venison—Roasted.—Wash your venison clean, butter it well, and tie paper around it to prevent the juice from running out. It will take an hour and a half to roast a large haunch—or an hour for a small one.

Hodge-Podge of Mutton.—Cut a neck of mutton into steaks, take off all the fat, and then put the steaks into a deep dish, with lettuce, turnips, carrots, four or five onions, and pepper and salt. You must not add any water, and must cover the dish very close; place it in a pan of bolling water, and let it boil four hours. Keep the pan supplied with fresh bolling water as it wastes.

#### MADE-DISHES.

Chicken Sallad.—To two pair of chickens, (the meat separated from the bones and cut into very small pieces;) take one dozen hard boiled eggs. Mash the yolks well, and add salt according to your liking; after this put in four large tablespoonfuls of prepared mustard. Mix these articles well together, adding by degrees a bottle full of oil. Then add the vinegar—the taste of which must be perceptible. The lagredlents must be beaton well together for a long time. Just before mixing in the chicken and celery, (which must be cut into small pieces) take four frosh eggs—raw—and beat them in well with the dressing. Silt up some green pieces of celery, and curl them by immersing them for some time in cold water. Use these pieces for garnishing the dish of salad, mixed in with some of the green leaves of the celery.

Cold Fowl.—A nice way to dress cold fowl is to peel off the skin, cut the skin off the bones in as large pieces as you can, then dredge it with a little flour, and fry it a nice brown in some butter; pour over it a rich gravy, well seasoned, and thicken it with a piece of butter rolled in flour. Just before you serve it, you may add the juice of a lemon.

Egg Sauce, for Fowls.—Boil two eggs hard; half chop the whites, then add the yolks and chop both together—but not very fine—put them into a quarter of a pound of good melted butter, and serve it in a sauce-boat.

#### PASTRY.

German Puffs.—Put half a pint of good milk into a pan, and dredge it with flour till it becomes as thick as hasty pudding; stir it over a slow fire till it is all of a lump, then pour it into a marble mortar. When it is cold, add to it the yolks of eight eggs, four ounces of sugar, a spoonful of rose water, a little grated nutmeg, and the rind of half a lemon. Beat them together an hour or more; when the mixture looks bright and light, drop it by the teaspoonful into a pan of boiling lard. They will rise and look like yellow plums. As you fry them, lay them on a sieve to drain—grate sugar round a dish, and serve them on it. Wine sauce may be served with them.

Ground Rice Pies.—Put one quart of milk on the fire to boil; mix one teacupful of rice flour in cold milk. When the milk, which is upon the fire, comes to a boil, pour the rice flour into it, and let it boil five or ten minutes; when cold, add the yolks of eight eggs, and the grated rind of one lemon, with sugar to your liking; then pour it into some paste, and bake it until almost done. Have ready the whites of your eggs—well beaten—mixed with a quarter of a pound of sifted sugar and the juice of the lemon. Take the ple out of your oven, and spread the egg over the top of it—heaping it up; then put the ple back into the oven, and brown it.

Wafer Puncakes.—Beat four eggs well with two spoonfuls of fine flour, two of cream, one onnce of loaf sugar—beat and sifted—and half a nutmeg, grated. Butter your pan well, pour in your butter, and make it as thin as a wafer; fry it only on one side. Put the pancakes on a dish, sift sugar between each one, and send them hot to table.

German Puste—for Chicken, Oyster, or Meat Pies.—To every pound and a quarter of flour, take three quarters of a pound of butter. Rub it in the flour, and mix it up with gin and water to a paste. Take care not to handle the dough much.

#### PUDDINGS.

Almond Pudding.—Blanch and pound a couple dozen of sweet, and the same of bitter almonds; have ready a piece of butter the size of a large egg—one quart and one pin to milk—half a paper of rice flour, and sugar to your taste. Boil the milk, while boiling add the ingredients and stir as for custard; pour it into a pudding dish. Beat the whites of two eggs with six or eight tablespoonfuls of white sugar, as for leing—pour it over the surface of the pudding, then put the dish into the oven long enough to brown the top. Let it get cold, and serve it with cream.

Bird's-Nest Pudding.—Pare and core six or eight nice tart apples, and put them in a pudding disb. Take a quart of milk, six eggs, and sufficient flour to make a thin batter—pour it over the apples until the dish is nearly full. Bake it until the apples are clear, or you think it is done. Eat it with wine sauce—or, cold sauce made of butter, sugar and nutmeg beat well together.

Boiled Bread Pudding.—Take a loaf of stale bread, and cut it up; pour one quart of cold milk over the bread, and let it stand awhile; then mash it smooth with a spoon, and add six eggs, beaten light. Flour a pudding bag well, put the batter into it, and let it boil one hour and a half. To be served with wine sauce.

#### CREAMS, &C.

Flummery.—Put one ounce of bitter, and one ounce of sweet almonds into a dish, pour some boiling water over them—strip off the skins, and throw the kernels into cold water; then take them out, beat them in a marble mortar with a little rose water, then put them into a pint of calfs-foot stock, set it over the fire, and sweeten it to your taste with loaf sugar. As soon as it boils strain it through a piece of muslin or gauze, and when a little cold put it into a pint of thick cream, and keep stirring it frequently till it grows thick and cold. Have ready some moulds—wet them in cold water, and pour in the flummery. Let them stand five or six hours at least before you turn them out.

Bavarian Cream.—Procure one quart of cream. Take one pint of it, whip it, and lay it on a sieve; take the other pint and boil it, adding the yolks of four eggs, well beat—make it into a custard, seasoning it to your taste; then put into it half an ounce of isinglass, and set it on some ice. When it begins to thicken, stir in the whip cream, a spoonful at a time, and beat it until it becomes the consistency of sponge cake; then pour it in your moulds, and put it on ice.

Cold Custard.—Ingredients—one quart of new milk—half a pint of cream—quarter of a pound of powdered white sugar—a large glassful of wine, and a nutmeg, grated. Mix the milk, cream, and sugar together—stir the wine into it, and pour the mixture into cups; set them in a warm place near a fire until they become a curd. Then set them in a very cold place, and grate nutmeg over them.

Frozen Custard.—Boil one quart of milk with some lemon peel and cinnamon—the yolks of six eggs, well beaten, and mixed with a pint of cream. When the milk is sufficiently flavored, sweeten it, pour it into an iron pot, and stir it well one way; then give the custard a simmer until it is of a proper thickness—but do not let it boil. You must stir it one way whilst it is simmering.

Lemon Cream.—Take four lemons, and pare them very thin; then squeeze in the juice, adding to the peel and juice a pint of water, the yolks of eight eggs, four whites of egg, a half pound of loaf sugar, and some rose water. Put the ingredients on the fire, stirring the mixture until it thickens; then strain it through a sieve, and pour it into glasses.

#### CAKES

Black Cake.—Have ready two pounds of currants, and two pounds of raisins; drudge them with flour to prevent them from sinking in the cake. Powder as much cinnamon as will make a large tablespoonful, prepare the

same quantity of mace, and powder four nutmegs; aift these spices and mix them together in a cup. Then mix together two large glasses of white wine, one glass of brandy, and some rose water. Cut one pound of citron into long strips. Sift one pound of flour into one pan, and one pound of powdered loaf sugar into another pan. Cut up among the sugar one pound of the best fresh butter, and stir them to a cream. Beat tweive eggs perfectly smooth and thick, and stir them gradually into the butter and sugar alternately with the flour, then add, by degrees, the fruit, spice, and liquor, and stir the whole very hard at the last. Put it immediately into a moderate oven, and bake it at least four hours. When done, let it remain in the oven to become cold: all night is best. Ice it in the morning, first dredging the outside with flour, and then wiping it with a towel. This will make the icing adhere better.

Indian Meal Short-Cakes.—Stir into a pint of milk three eggs, beaten light; add a small portion of salt, and half a cupful of butter, with enough sifted meal to make a thick batter. Drop the batter from a large spoon upon buttered tins, and bake the cakes in a quick oven. When they are of a light brown color they are done enough.

Almond Leing.—Beat the whites of three eggs to a strong froth, beat a pound of almonds, very fine, with rose water; mix the almonds lightly together with the eggs, and put in by degrees a pound of common loaf sugar, beat fine; when your cake is done enough take it out of the oven, lay your licing on, and put it in to brown.

Light Biscuit.—To two pounds of flour add one tablespoonful of butter, one teacupful of cream, (slightly sour,) and one small teaspoonful of pearlush. Make the dough as soft as possible, roll it out very thin, cut out the cakes, and let them bake five minutes. These cakes are very superior to the ordinary kind of light blacuit.

Soda Biscuit.—Have ready one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a pint of sweet milk; rub two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar in the flour you use, and also a lump of butter the size of an egg. Make the batter about as stiff as for other biscuits.

Rusk.—Ingredients: Three bowlfuls of flour, one bowlful of sugar, one quarter and half a quarter of a pound of butter, (rubbed in the flour,) two teacupfuls of home-made yeast, and one pint of warm milk; mix all in, and set a sponge.

Coconut Cuke.—Grate the nut, and let it dry before the fire; mix with it an equal quantity of sugar, and as many whites of eggs as will make a paste. Bake the cakes on white paper, in a slow oven.

Breakfast Cakes.—Ingredients: One quart of sifted flour, one pint of milk, three eggs, a lump of butter the size of a walnut, and one gill of yeast. Let it rise over night. Bake it in a pan.

Rice Cukes.—Mix together half a pound of soft boiled rice, one quarter of a pound of butter, one quart of milk, six eggs, and flour enough to make a thin batter. Bake them on a griddle.

#### MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

COLORING THE HAIR.—A lady, in Iowa, asks us if there is anything, by which, without injury, the hair can be dyed black. We believe the following will answer the purpose, off bruised gail-nuts take one pound; boil them in olive oil, till they become soft; then dry them, and reduce them to a fine powder. Mix with an equal quantity of willow charcoal and common salt, prepared and palverized. Add a small quantity of lemon and orange peel in powder. Boil the whole in twelve pounds of water, till the sediment assumes the consistency of a salve. The hair is to be anointed with this preparation, covering it with a cap till dry, and then combing it. It ought to be observed that in all preparations of this kind, it is essental that the operation be frequently

repaired, because as fast as the hair grows it appears of the original color at the roots. Nitrate of silver, which forms the basis of most fashionable hair-dyes, is very injurious. So are the extracts of poisonous plants, such as benbane, &c. We would, therefore, not advise the purchase of any readymade dye.

FLANNEL.—Flannel, if worn during the day, should be taken off at night. In summer it allows the perspiration to pass off without condensing upon the skin, and prevents the sril effects of the rapid changes of temperature to which we are liable in our changeable climate when out-of-doors. In winter as a non-conductor of heat it is a protection against cold. At night the flannel jacket or jersey should be exposed to a free current of air, and allowed thoroughly to dry: it should never be put in a heap of clothes by the bedside.

RASTEN EGGS, ac.—As Easter is approaching, we give a capital receipt for coloring eggs, which will please the little ones. Get some narrow colored ribbons and with them bind the eggs completely and tastefully round, then, after having properly secured the ends of the ribbons to prevent their getting loose, boil the same for about ten minutes, and the object will be effected. If the eggs were afterward varnished it would add much to the beauty of their appearance.

A SIMPLE REMEDT FOR FOOT SPRAINS.—Slide the fingers under the foot, and, having greased both thumbs, press them successively with increasing force over the painful parts for about a quarter of an hour. The application should be repeated several times, or until the patient is able to walk. This is a simple remedy for a very frequent accident, and can be performed by the most inexperienced.

#### OUR GARDEN FOR MARCH.

Out-of-Doors Work.—All bulbous roots, which are yet out of the ground, must be planted as early as possible in this month, such as jouquils, hyacinths, tulips, &c. &c., always observing the rule laid down in the January number, viz: that the later they are planted the lighter their covering of earth must be. Campanulus, double wall flowers, sweet-williams, stock July-flowers, rockets, &c. &c., which were potted in the autumn, or earlier, must now have some fresh earth. First clear away all the decayed leaves, and take some of the earth out of the tops of the pots, but not sufficient to disturb the roots of the plants; then fill up the pots with new earth, and give some water. This will strengthen the roots, and the plants will grow freely and produce fine flowers.

Hardy Annuals may be sown at any time this month that the ground is in good condition, and will flower better if sown early, than in the latter part of the month, though they will succeed if not sown till April. Ten weeks stock, dwarf sun-flowers, china pink, all the varieties of sweet pea, ringed pea, larkspur, candy-tuft, china-aster, mignionette, &c., are some of the very few hardy annuals which make our gardens so gay.

Borders and Flower Beds should be dug and raked smoothly, that they may be ready to receive the seeds of various kinds.

Perennial and Biennial plants may now be put in the various borders, &c., where there are vacancies, and they will blow the same year. Some of these are campanulas, pink, carnations, double fever-few, golden rod, asters. French honeysuckle, Canterbury bells, columbines, snap-dragon, foxglove, monks-hood, &c. &c. Small fibrous-rooted flowers, such as the lily of the valley, violets, thrift, London-pride, &c. &c., may also be planted now, and in a short time they will take root freely. When first planted, they should be watered, and afterward, in dry weather, occasionally, till they are firmly rooted. By this mode they will grow freely and flower in the same year.

Lossen the Surface of those beds, with a hoe or a small accommodation of a large and increasing business.

spade, which were dug or planted with flowers, in the autumn. This should be done on a dry day, lightly digging and stirring the earth between the plants, being careful of the shoots of bulbous roots, &c. Clear away all decayed leaves, rubbish, &c., then rake the bed evenly and smooth.

Roses may be planted any time this month that the weather will permit; in fact, if some roses are planted every ten days till the middle of May, there will be an almost constant succession of bloom gained, as in this way the bloom of those planted later is retarded somewhat, though the earlier planting will be the most successful, and flower in greater perfection.

Flowers in the House should have plenty of air at all favorable opportunities, particularly about the latter part of the month, if the weather gets warm, but they must be carefully guarded from all sudden changes, and from cold, cutting winds. Pots should all be well looked over, and receive water where it is necessary, taking care to give it in moderation. All woody kinds of plants will begin to require more frequent, though not copious waterings. All decayed leaves must be picked off, and any mouldy shoots must be cut from the firm, good wood. If dust, &c., appears on the leaves, they must be immediately cleared. This should be done with a sponge and water if the leaves are large, such as the orange, &c., washing each leaf one by one; or if the plants are small, they should be watered out of a watering-pot, all over their heads.

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#### FASHIONS FOR MARCH.

Fig. 1.—Morning Dress of thin white Muslin over Pink Silk.—The basque is long, and finished like the skirt with a deep fluted ruffle. White lace cap fastened under the chin with ribbon and flowers.

Fig. II.—Walking Dress of Plaid Silk.—The skirt is trimmed with six flounces, each flounce edged with a quilling of ribbon. The coreage is round, with a slight fullness back and front, and confined at the wrist by a sash of the same material as the dress. Wide sleeves with two full puffs at the top. Leghorn bonnat trimmed with field daisies and red berries.

Fig. 111.—Walking Dress of Brown Silk.—Deep basque of black velvet trimmed with fur; fur berthe, and wide pagoda sleeves edged with fur. Black velvet bonnet.

Fig. IV.—DINNER DRESS OF GREEN SILE, trimmed with narrow puffings, the puffings divided by bands of black velvet. Raphael waist, edged with narrow lace, and trimmed to correspond with the skirt. Sleeves formed of three puffs. Head-dress of flame-colored velvet, plaited in the form of a crown, with an end formed of velvet and edged with fringe on one side.

FIG. v.—LINEN SACQUE, trimmed on the collar and sleeves with a double frill.

FIG. VI.—CAPE, IN MUSLIN, with trimmings of pink or blue ribbon, as the taste of the wearer may determine.

GENERAL REMARKS .- At the present moment, the dresses which are most frequently seen, are made of black silk; these are standing articles in every lady's wardrobe, and appropriate for so many occasions that they must always be replaced as soon as their beauty has begun to fade. These dresses are generally made with two deep flounces, or with a single flounce, very deep and surmounted by a number of extremely narrow ones. This style of trimming is a reminiscence of the first empire, and harmonizes well with the short waists and the sleeves having large puffs or slashes. which have now been some time in wear; but the full skirts, which remain as voluminous as ever, no way resemble the umbrella cases the ladies of that day thought so becoming. Dresses are still made occasionally with two or four rounded points, and the Zouave jackets are more and more adopted by our fashionable ladies for in-doors wear. They are always cut wide in the back, open or closed in front, and are worn over the bedy of the dress. For the wide, open sleeves of dresses for full toilet, puffed under-sleeves are made with deep lace trimming, bows of ribbon or velvet, or large balloons of muslin decorated all round with ends of muslin or lace, and having openings through which narrow velvets or ribbons are run. Sometimes black lace trimmings are put to white sleeves. With closed sleeves, the under-sleeves have cuffs finely worked in white or colors, with checkers of muslin and velvet, or with large points formed by rather wide velvets mixed with lace.

Head-Dresses are made in the greatest variety of styles. All these national varieties will proceed the which please us most are composed of several cross. Appear as soon as we obtain authen bands of ribbon or velvet coming well forward on the force.

head; of several rows of flat bows fastened down by steel or oxidized silver buckles, of large tassels or bows with very long ends.

For coiffure in half dress, we see a good many tufts of pinked silk of two colors or black lace and white blonds, placed very far back, and fastened in front by a row on one side, a plat or a torsade.

Belts or Waist-Bands with very wide buckles are a good deal worn. Oxidized silver is now to be found not only in waistband and fancy buckles, but in all sorts of jewelery. This style, after being neglected for some years, is now in high vogue again. The same may be said of large stones, such as topazes, amethysts, garnets, and fretted in jewelery in colored gold.

For walking-dress plain bracelets with enamel incrustations of several colors seem likely to replace the bracelets with devices.

But the most important innovation recently made with respect to jewels consists in the new style of watch-chains. These chains, tightened round the neck by means of slides set with precious stones or enameled, separate into two parts, one of which ends in a swivel to receive the watch, the other in a tassel or seal.

#### CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.

Fig. 1.—NANSOUK DRESS, trimmed with two narrow flounces embroidered in satin stitch and with insertions in which ribbons are run. Above the frills of the sleeve, on the wristband, and round the top of the neck are insertions with a ribbon under them.

Fig. 11.—Tollet for a little Girl of right or mine.— This model is made of poplin and trimmed with a deep plaiting of silk. The jacket is ample, so as to give the appearance of a double skirt; it has a pelerine and wide sleeve.

Fig. III.—RUSSIAN COSTUME.—Black velvet par-dessus, trimmed with fur. Velvet cap with fur also. Sleeres and trousers very wide. The trousers are puffed on the knee and confined by a tight band.

Fig. iv.—Cambric Dress with a double skirt. The upper skirt is ornamented with a puffing, edged with a worked trimming. The body, sleeves, and bretelles are trimmed to correspond with the skirt.

Children's dresses are always matters of deep interest to mothers. On the adornment of little girls fancy and taste seem to have well nigh exhausted every variety of style; and now the love of change is no less manifest in the habiliments of little boys. The long gaiters and the Spanish sombrero were superseded by the Highland kilt and Glengarry bonnet, and these in their turn are giving place to the long levite and the wide pantaleons of the Russian monjule. All these national varieties will probably, in their turn, disappear as soon as we obtain authentic models of the juvenile costume worn in China and Japan.

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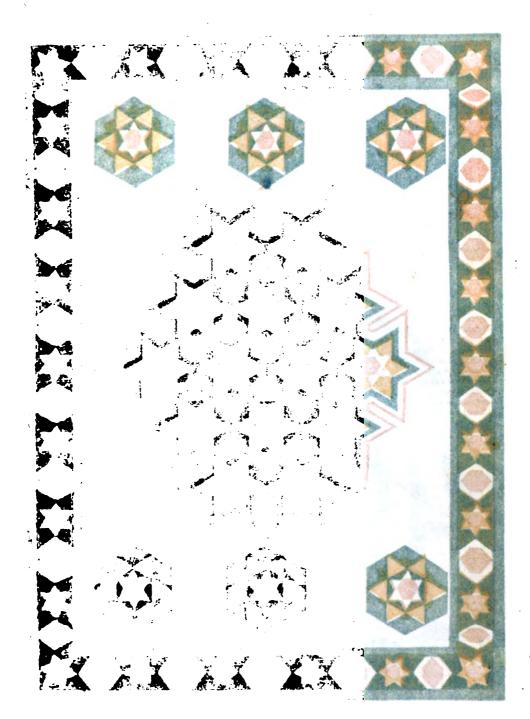
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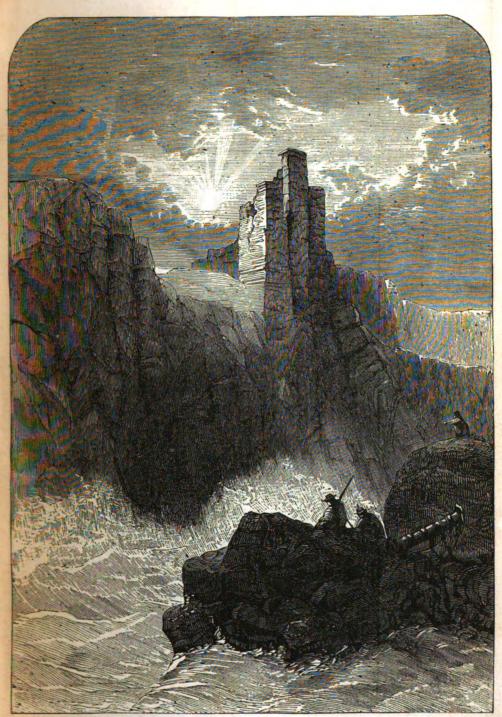
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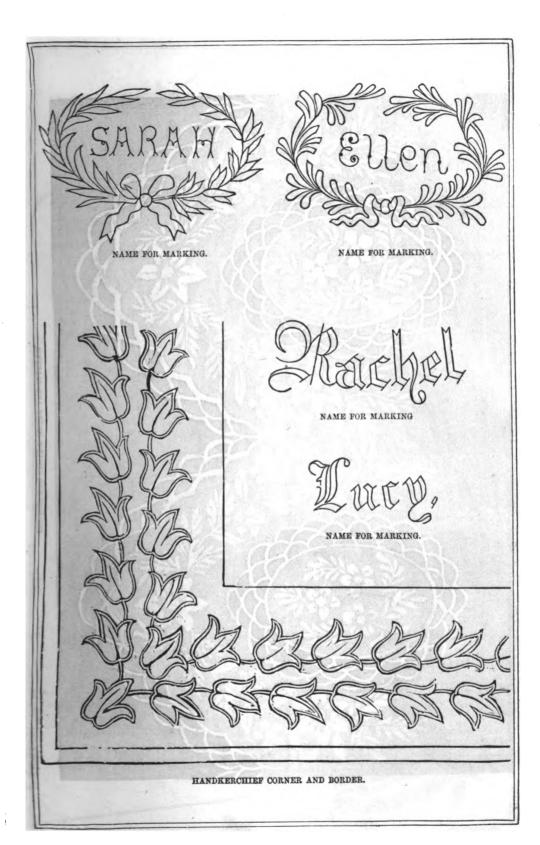


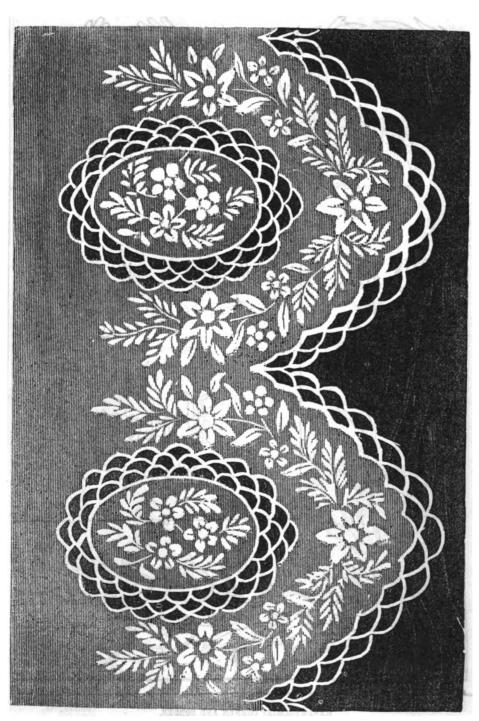
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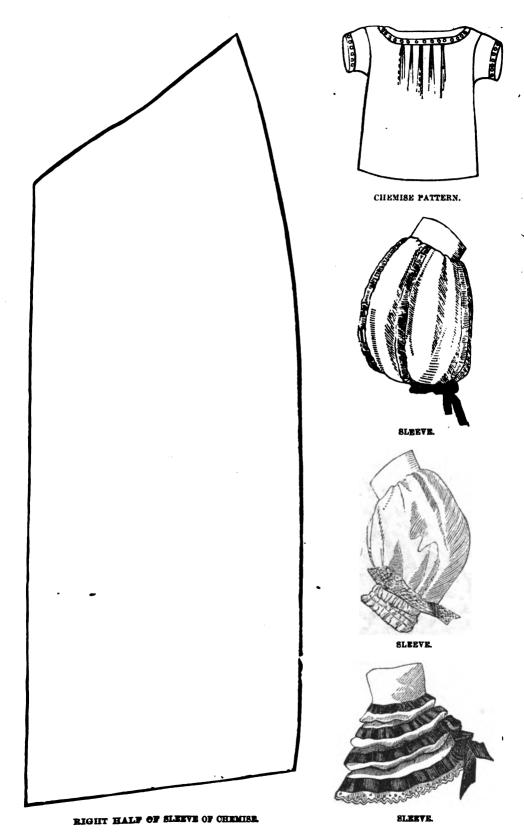




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RIDING HABIT.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

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No. 4.

#### LITTLE FLORENCE.

BY ABBIE K. HUNT.

eurly-headed, two-year-old Florence? At six fast as the wet garments clinging to her limbs months of age she was a model baby, lying in would permit. Presently some one would call her crib by the hour and studying the anatomy { Florence, and a sooty little image would appear of her chubby hands, or kicking her little, fat, pin-cushion feet from under her long, baby clothes.

Nobody ever dreamed of the wild pranks she would one day cut up, or the commotion she would cause in our quiet household.

But baby found out, at last, that hands and feet were made for something, and forthwith set about making up for lost time. · How delighted we all were at her first successful effort in walking. The little limbs soon became strong, and then Miss Baby determined to show what she could do. Unlike many grown up young ladies the kitchen to her was the most delightful of places. She seemed to know by instinct if a door of the forbidden place was open. Was a bowl of dough placed under the stove to rise? She was sure to find it; and the prints of those chubby fingers quite certain to be left in it. Was a pan of milk left carelessly on the edge of the table? A dash and a scream would soon announce what had happened, and Florence would be found dripping like another Undine. Was she unusually quiet? Some mischief was certainly brewing; and a search would perhaps find her ladyship seated on the floor, with the molasses-cup or sugar-bowl in her lap, busily engaged in stowing away into her mouth what she did not spill on her face and dress. After a thorough washing of face and hands, and a change of garments, if our vigilance was for one moment relaxed, the young lady would be { doing some washing on her own account. As much of her dress as she could get in the tub of water underwent a vigorous rubbing, but { communion with the little sleeper, and all the some new idea would usually enter her head as \{\text{trouble she had caused us was forgotten.}\} soon as her clothes were thoroughly saturated, \( \) But the morning light usually dispelled these

Was there ever such a witch as our little, and away she would fly to the coal-house as at the door, her ludicrous appearance causing us all to scream with laughter, instead of reproving her as we had at first intended.

But the house and yard soon ceased to content her investigating nature. Was a gate left open? A pair of sharp eyes were sure to discover it, and a pair of little feet, and a bunch of flaxen curls would be seen flying down street. Were they fastened up? Some hole in the fence, nobody else would ever have noticed, afforded a place of egress for the adventurous little maiden.

But the afternoon nap gave some rest to the household, which her wild frolics kept in a ferment. Long neglected correspondence was attended to, without fear of having the table upset, or ink turned over. Bits of dainty work, that would not bear rough handling, were brought from their hiding-places, and busy fingers worked fast during the brief hour Miss Mischief rested from her labors. At the end of that time, curly-head standing in the door, rubbing her saucy nose, and taking a survey of the apartment to see what she should dive into next, was the signal to put away writing and fancy work, and prepare for another campaign.

But with the approach of twilight, the weary eyelids would droop; the soiled garments were removed and replaced by the snowy night-dress; and little Florence was soon in the land of baby dreams.

When we listened to her gentle breathing, as she nestled in our arms, and watched the sweet smile that played around the rose-bud mouth, we sometimes thought the angels were holding

sweet illusions; for with the rising sun, there : Father, mother, aunts and cousins, all wonwould stand curly-head again in the door, her dered what that child was coming to. Grandma, little pink toes peeping out from under her in her gentle way, said she never saw the beat night-dress, and the flaxen curls hanging about of that child for mischief, no, never. cheeks, that in color rivaled the interior of the One year ago to-day, I kissed, for the last delicate sea-shell. "Looking like an angel did time, the rosy mouth and dimpled shoulders of you say?" Do the angels have that wicked our little two-year-old Florence—I may kiss twinkle in their eyes? No, no, with the first again a taller, perhaps a fairer Florence, but opening of those blue orbs the angels took their int our little two-year-old Florence, she has flight, and mischief reigned supreme.

One year ago to-day, I kissed, for the last gone forever.

## IN THE DOORWAY.

## BY EDWARD A. DARBY.

THE beautiful month of June had come, And the crimson roses were all a-bloom, As we sat in the door one Sabbath eve, Where the air was sweet with their rich perfume.

Quietude slept on the Summer air, All Nature was hushed in a deep repose; The song of the bird was heard no more, And the bee was asleep in the leaves of the rose. The mystical stars like censers of gold In the vaulted dome swung to and fro, And they chanted the glorious hymn that rolled Through the Heavens six thousand years ago. As we sat in the doorway and scented the air So sweet with the breath of the queenly rose, Forgotten was each recollection of care, And the Lethe of loving had banished our wees. I remember the joy that thrilled my heart As your head lay close to my swelling breast, For I knew that your heart was mine, although The tale of its love was unconfessed. We sat and gazed on the golden stars, Hand locked in hand, cheek pressed to cheek, But our lips were as dumb as the stars we saw, For who that is blest as were we, can speak? There was love in the brilliant vault on high,

Love in the holy hush of eve, Love in that sweet, unbroken repose: Love in the beauty that clothed the fields, The pleasant vales, and the mountains tall, Love in the beautiful spirit of night, But the love in our hearts exceeded it all! Oh, what were a world like this to us If the spirit of love were never near To illumine the shadowy vales of life, And to soften the sorrows that wait on us here? Twere dark as the rayless caves of earth, Twere cold as the damp and dismal tomb, Twere bleak as a barren desert land, Where the rain ne'er falls, nor the flow'rets bloom, Loving alone is the spirit of God, Our loving of His is a picture dim, And if this be so, is it wrong to say Who loveth the most is most like Him?

All of this and more came into our hearts As we sat in the door-I mind it well-And a thousand other things bright with love, Too happy for speech, and too many to tell. Our learts have been better and purer, I ween, Since then than they ever had been before, And unto our dying day we will bless The sweet June eve when we sat in the door.

## DEAD.

## BY MARY B. WILCOX.

WHEN evening lights her silver spheres. And slowly pales the Western red, I think of thee with painless tears, As of the dead—the quiet dead.

Love in the breath of the stately rose;

Sometimes in dreams I see thy grave, With forest-mosses o'er it spread, Where snow-bloomed blackberry-bushes wave, I dream of thee as of the dead.

Thou livest; somewhere the green earth Still hears thy voice and feels thy tread; But since I know thee void of worth, I think of thee as of the dead.

Ah! once my listening heart would bound And thrill if but thy name was said!

My fair ideal is discrowned. I think of thee as of the dead.

Rainbows and moonbeams lavishly I wreathed about my idol's head, Its worthlessness I would not see-But now it lies dethroned and dead.

I wove a halo for thy brow, I deemed thee from all faults exempt-I think upon my weakness now, With a calm smile of self-contempt.

And, looking back, I thank again The God who thus my heart has led, (Albeit through passages of pain,) To think of thee as of the dead.

#### THE MINISTER HAWTHORNWOLD. O F

#### BY MARY W. JANVRIN, AUTHOR OF "PEACE."

#### CHAPTER I.

"PAUL, my son, be careful of your health." "I will, mother!"

The speakers were a care-worn, pleasantvoiced, elderly woman, and a young man of slight, elegant form, whose pale face with its intellectual cast of features betrayed the scholar.

They stood in the low entry of an old brown farm house among the country hills; and the . yellow sunlight of a September morning flooded the fields around the little garden in the front yard where gay fall flowers bloomed, gilded the small window-panes of the old farm house, and streamed broadly into the low entry, where the mother and son stood in a parting embrace.

Giles Henderson had bidden his son good-bye early in the morning and hastened to his daily toil, for he was a rough, hard-working, almost a hard-hearted man, who never had "time to waste in idle talkin';" but Mrs. Henderson's dark eyes brimmed anew with tears-and it seemed, as she stood there, that she could never release the son whom she folded tenderly in her arms.

And yet, why had she cause for sorrow in bidding him farewell that morning? Was not his toiling period of scholastic life at an end?his genius recognized, and the long-cherished wish of her heart, that she might see him a minister of the Cross, fulfilled? And why, when the prosperous church of Hawthornwold lay within a day's ride of his native home, and the young minister stood ready to depart for the field of his future labors, did the mother's heart so cling to her child's?

As the two stood there, side by side, while the driver fastened the trunks upon the stage-coach at the gate, the young man coughed slightly-a quick, nervous cough, which brought a sudden flush to his thin cheek and a perspiration to his forehead, delicate and blue-veined as a woman's. The mother started, and looked searchingly into his face. That anxious gaze betrayed why she was so loath at parting, for the mother's eye? never deceives her.

"You are not strong yet, Paul. That cold ? has not left you. You cough still. I shall feel anxious about you."

much stronger now the summer's heat is over. Besides, you know I have studied hard of latebut I shall get rest in Hawthornwold," replied Paul Henderson, hopefully. "I anticipate a busy life there, it is true-but not a laborious one; for, settled among a warm-hearted, sympathizing people, who will co-operate with me in doing my Master's work, I shall grow refreshed in body and soul. I go from you very strong in hope, mother."

"God grant it may prove so, my son, for I shall be very anxious till I hear that you are stronger," said the fond mother.

"Oh, I hope to return to you next spring famously improved in the outward man!" smiled the young man. "But I see the stage is waiting. Good-bye, dear mother! Don't be anxious-I will write often," and with a farewell kiss on a pale, furrowed cheek, while his mother's head lay a moment on his shoulder, he passed out from the old brown farm house.

Margaret Henderson re-entered her little sitting-room, from which all the sunshine seemed departed, and sank down with a heavy sigh into a scat at the window, burying her face in her hands.

The one wish of her heart was at last realized -Paul was to be settled over his own parish, a minister of the gospel. The fruit of long years of self-denial was reaped-self-denial and rigid economy on her part, for Giles Henderson was a stern, avaricious man to his youngest son, allowing him no time or money "to waste in books or book larnin'," because, forsooth, "he had got through the world without privileges of schooling or eddication-and if folks wanted 'em now, they'd got to put their own shoulders to the wheel and make their own way."

Giles, his father's namesake, and his favorite eldest son, "took" to "farming," cattle, horses, and the rough village company-the life that best pleased Giles Henderson, senior; but Paul was "puny" and "tied to his mother's apron string," "and if he wanted to study metaphysics and algebra and Greek, he must do it by the sweat of his own forehead, as he had always got along through the world!"

This, alas! was poor encouragement to the "Oh, I am gaining fast, mother! and I feel ambitious boy who early began to look forward to the congenial life of a scholar; but opposition and ridicule sometimes serve as auxiliaries to success, in lieu of a hindrance, so the energetic mother, who saw a vision of her own faded youth aspirations reproduced in her youngest son, worked beyond her strength early and late in the old farm house, in dairy and kitchen-and the proceeds of many a golden store of butter and web from her loom, was carefully hoarded toward the education of her boy. Nor must it be supposed that the youth idly gathered up the fruits of his self-denying mother's labor, making no effort to add his own mite to the store. Many a summer's vacation he "hired out" on the surrounding farms, often working beyond his boyish strength; and later, the long collegiate vacations found him filling the teacher's chair to eke out the funds requisite for the coming term's expenditures.

But all that was past now; he had graduated with honors, passed through the course preparatory for the ministry, "supplied" various pulpits, accepted the invitation to become "candidate" at the church of Hawthornwold, which had been followed by a speedy and unanimous invitation to become their pastor.

And now he had departed to the arena of busy life—the goal was gained. Whether dreams of preferment mingled with the mother's wishes for her son, we know not—though such well may be pardoned the maternal heart; but when she turned to the loneliness of her own home, which had been filled awhile by his dear presence, a

sad presentiment knocked at the door of that

"If he should return to me ill, feeble, dying! Oh, I could not bear that! Father, spare him for a long life of usefulness and honor!" prayed the tender mother, ere she raised her head to watch the coach rolling down the dusty turnpike, till it disappeared beyond a bend in the country road.

"For my mother's sake," prayed the young minister, as his heart went out to the scene of his future labors—"for her sake give me strength adequate to my work!"

And hope piloted the voyager onward over the sea, whereon the young minister's barque was launched; heaven grant favoring breezes and sunny skies, and a safe harborage, whether, sooner or later, he anchor in the haven of Rest!

## CHAPTER II.

"WASN'T Mr. Henderson's sermon splendid last Sabbath?" exclaimed sweet-faced, little Jessie Moore, at the Hawthornwold village Sewing Circle.

"Yes, indeed!" replied Miss Harriet Gill, a maiden lady of "uncertain age," much given to admiration of the pulpit oratory of young (unmarried) clergymen—"I think he improves every Sabbath. What do you think, Mrs. Morrison?—and don't the deacon like him better every time he hears him?" turning to the worthy lady who filled the responsible office of President of the Circle, and who was just then in the aet of giving out work to the ladies gathered in her best parlor.

"I certainly agree with you, Miss Gill—and think we have reason to regard ourselves as peculiarly fortunate in our pastor," returned the lady, with a benevolent smile, "and, as for the deacon, he goes home every Sabbath declaring that day's sermon better than the last one's! I believe Mr. Henderson's piety unexceptionable—and regard his talents far superior to the ordinary line of preachers. What do you think, Miss Longhurst? for I have noticed you at church pretty often of late. Won't our new minister compare favorably with your city ones?"

The young lady addressed—a haughty-looking, but handsome and richly appareled girl of twenty-two summers—was Alice Longhurst, the only daughter of Squire Longhurst, the great man, par excellence, of Hawthornwold—fresh from her winter in the city, where she had been the admired and flattered of a gay circle of fashionable society.

And that the elegant, stately Miss Longhurst, who had always heretofore held her head above all the village gatherings, should have signified her approval of the Sewing Circle by her presence, was of itself sufficient warranty for Mrs. Deacon Morrison's appeal for her approval of the new minister.

"I certainly think Mr. Henderson's talents are very superior," replied the girl, a sudden color on her cheek more than confirming her carefully worded praise. "And I wonder that he should content himself in this obscure country village!" she added, busying her fair jeweled fingers with a bit of dainty silk netting.

"Hum—city people always know where to come for a good, popular minister," tartly replied Miss Gill—"but I hope Hawthornwold folks will show 'em that we appreciate our own!"

"Oh, never fear that, Miss Harriet!" said Mrs. Morrison. "It was but the other day, when Mr. Henderson took tea at our house, that the deacon and he were talking about the respective duties of city and country ministers, and Mr. Henderson said he was born in the country, and hoped to live and die a country minister. And I sincerely hope he may spend his days with us—

though, dear me, I don't know as we shall keep sasked her laughingly to recommend him a suithim long here!" and Mrs. Morrison sighed.

"Why, dear Mrs. Morrison-we're not going } to lose him, are we?" and little Jessie Moore's blue eyes opened wide with astonishment. declare, how sorry I should be!"

"Oh, I don't mean exactly that!" replied the good deacon's wife, smiling at the girl's earnestness-"but when I think that our minister is not strong-so much like my own poor dear and your Albert-I cant't help fearing he won't be spared to any people long."

"Why, I never thought of that! Only last Sunday, how red his cheeks were! I declare, I could hardly keep my eyes off his face, he looked so-so-handsome!" and a very becoming color deepened little Jessie's cheeks at the confession.

"He studies too closely, I'm afraid!" ventured

"Perhaps so-at any rate, he seems languid and feeble," replied the deacon's wife. "He's too ambitious for his strength, I fear. Good afternoon, Mrs. Dudley."

This latter remark was addressed to a cheeryfaced matron who just then entered the parlor-Mrs. Deacon Dudley, with whom the young minister had boarded since his ordination at Hawthornwold; and while that lady was busy with her salutations, little Jessie Moore found opportunity to whisper to Miss Gill, "They say Mr. Henderson goes to Squire Longhurst's a great deal. I suppose Alice pleases him-she's so handsome and sparkling."

"Hum-hum," whispered back the little spinster, glancing where the girl sat a little apart from the others, looking haughty and cold as fair-"'handsome?' fine feathers make fine birds, Jessie! A pretty minister's wife she'd make! No, no! depend upon it, Jessie, Mr. Henderson never would think of such a thing! Besides, I've heard she was engaged to a city gentleman-though I don't doubt but she'd like to bring him to her feet, for they say she's a desperate flirt."

"But don't you think her handsome? I do. Miss Harriet!" said the envy-free Jessie.

"Hum-tolerable looking, but not to my taste!" said the spinster, pursing up her lips. "Now, to my mind, there isn't a young girl in all his congregation-you and I excepted, of course," said Miss Harriet, with a toss of her head and a withered smile, (Miss Gill had been been surrendered to his there in the flowertwenty-six these ten years, and artless little scented moonlight hour; for a tale of love-Jessie Moore was eighteen!) "but I'd sooner tender as a woman's, yet strong and manly as a our minister would choose; for by-and-bye he'll ! Christian gentleman's can be-had been spoken marry somebody, I suppose. He isn't engaged - { there, and Squire Longhurst's daughter had not Mrs. Dudley says he told her so one day, and refused to listen.

able minister's wife-and don't you think, Mrs. Deacon Dudley told me she said, 'There's little Jessie Moore, Mr. Henderson!""

"Me? Oh, how could Mrs. Dudley say so!" and the sweet face bent over her work flushed like the heart of a June rose, then she looked up with sudden seriousness and said, "Miss Gill, I wish she hadn't said that-for I shall never dare look in the minister's face again. I never should be good enough for a minister's wife, Miss Gill."

"Oh, don't be so modest, little daisv!" and there was no envy or uncharitableness in the spinster's eyes as she looked smilingly on the girl. "But I wonder if Mr. Henderson is coming to tea? I must ask Mrs. Dudley."

But just then the matron forestalled this intention by addressing the company with,

"Ladies, prepare yourselves for a disappointment this afternoon. Mr. Henderson received a letter this morning stating that his father lies very low of a fever-and he left Hawthornwold by the noon train. He said that if his father should be taken away, he should probably be absent over the Sabbath, and would send a friend to supply the pulpit."

"Oh, I'm so sorry!" "Did he think his father wouldn't recover?" "It will be a sad stroke for Mr. Henderson!" were the various comments that passed round the company.

"Mrs. Allen told me she had heard our minister's father was quite a wealthy farmer-but that he struggled through his studies by his own exertions," said one of the ladies. "But he'll come in for his share of the property, though-he has only one brother, I believe."

And still, silent and haughty, sat Alice Longhurst at her work, seemingly hearing not the conversation, and yet with every word stereotyped into her memory. For the words, "He'll come in for his share of the property," had not been lost upon the haughty, worldly-minded girl.

#### CHAPTER III.

"ALICE!"

There was a little silence in Squire Longhurst's elegant parlor after that name was spoken, then the young minister of Hawthornwold released the little jeweled hand which had

future before you. I must speak plainly—I shall not deceive you—and, for this, I ask you to listen to the history of my life. My father, Alice, was a hard man to his youngest sonhard as iron; though I wish not to speak harshly or unchristianly of the dead. Why my mother ever loved him I used to wonder in my boyish days; sitting with my books on my knee in the chimney-place, while pale, sad, but always patient, she went about her daily tasks. But she ? shed tears, Alice, on his coffin—I think he was Besides," she went on, mistaking his quiet for dear to her. Alice, as I have said, I was never acquiesence, "by-and-bye I should want you to a favorite with my father; my brother Giles was go away from this stupid country town—you'll his idol. There were but us two; and while have calls from the city fast enough, and there Giles' tastes were for active, out-door life, mine they would appreciate your talents, Paul." were for books. This did not please my fatherbut small need to repeat all this here. Enough, { that my mother led a life of self-denial, toil, and \( \) sympathy or appreciation," he replied, still very privation, that I might be clothed and schooled, and her exertions made me what I am. My father was a rich man, Alice-was, I say-for on his death-bed he made a confession which showed how far his blind indulgence to Giles had led him almost to beggary, and left my mother nothing-not even the old homestead over her head. He had signed notes for Giles, who had played the prodigal son and become involved in wild, profitless speculations; and there was barely a pittance left of his estate. For myself I do not care, Alice; but for my mother!-it is hard for her to be left thus in her old age.

"And yet she will not be left alone," he continued, "for it is on this point I desire to speak with you, Alice. I love my mother-I owe her more than ordinary duty-and, next to my wife, she will always share my heart and home. We shall never be parted; and I could not be happy if the woman I married looked upon my mother as an intruder there in that home. Now, Alice, you know fully my position-I do not wish to presume on the affection which I think you entertain for me-think well before you decide whether you can lay your hand in mine, and say, 'Thy people shall be my people'-thy home mine."

There was a little silence after Paul Henderson paused; and varying emotions played over the moonlit face of Alice Longhurst, then she drew back into the deep shadows of the heavy window hangings.

"Alice, before I speak farther of this senti-; stretching away before him. And yet, he was ment which my heart holds for you-before I the possessor of no ordinary talents-they might ask you to leave your elegant home to share the \ win him a position; her father had wealth enough fortunes of an humble minister, I must lay that for all. They would go away to the city—they two, but not his plain, country mother.

> "Your mother-I'm sure I should love her very much, Mr. Henderson-Paul," she said, at length, "but I should think she would prefer staying there on the farm-it would seem more natural, you know."

> "The farm is to be sold," replied the minister, quietly.

> "But you could hire it for her-I could-for papa, I'm sure, would give me an ample dowry.

> "But I am perfectly satisfied with Hawthornwold, and have no reason to complain of lack of quietly.

> "Oh, how can you content yourself among these ignorant country people? You are so young and talented," and she laid her jeweled hand on his pale forehead, "and could get to be so famous!"

> "He who professes to be an humble servant of the meek and lowly Jesus, who was born in a manger, and had not where to lay his head, should not look for earthly honors or emoluments," he said, still in that impassioned voice, though he slightly started away from the soft caressing touch of that hand.

> "Dear me! then you will throw yourself away on the stupid country people, who don't know how to distinguish a splendid sermon from a common-place affair?" said the rich man's daughter, pettishly.

> "Miss Longhurst-Alice," and there was a strange whiteness about the young minister's mouth, though he spoke very calmly, "I shall probably spend my life away from ambitious scenes-among this, or a similar country people. Will you decide here, and now-for I came to you with your father's sanction-if you love me sufficiently to become my wife? And, remember, the love I ask is not for a month, or a year, but for a life-time, Alice!"

> The young minister leaned his thin cheek on his hand. What meant that attitude, half dejection, half despair? Was his heart prophetic

And Alice Longhurst? Despite his decision. The test had come; the illusion of wealth was \ which dispelled the fabric she had reared of a dispelled: she saw the minister's probable future { splendid city home, where she should live the courted, popular, flattered minister's wifenot every pulse of her being send forth a pleading cry for her to utter the "yea" and "amen" to his appeal?

It might have been; yet pride and ambition are harder than iron or the flinty rock, and very coldly and impassively she spoke the words that betrayed her a cruel, heartless woman,

"No, I don't think I love you sufficient for { that, Mr. Henderson!"

A fine scorn quivered in the young man's tones he he rose and stood before her. "It is enough! Forgive me, Miss Longhurst, that I committed an error when I thought you the embodiment of my ideal of a true woman!" Then his voice softened and quivered slightly as he laid his hand a moment on her head, saying, "God keep you from the world, its snares, its hollowness, and the deceitfulness of riches! And may He bring you into His fold!"

Then Paul Henderson passed out, and she was

A bitter cry broke from the girl's lips-the hungry cry of a heart that claimed its own, spite of pride and stern resolve-but it was strangled in its birth, and the good and generous of Alice Lenghurst's nature were tainted evermore with the blight and mildew of shame.

"Alice, my daughter, has Mr. Henderson been with you to-night? I gave him my consent to speak with you on a subject near his heart," said Squire Longhurst, entering the apartment an hour after where the girl sat.

"Nearer his heart than mine, I imagine, papa!" said the girl, with curling lips and haughty air. "Yes, he has been here-but I have no fancy for enacting the role of the poor minister's wife, being the recipient of donation visits, and playing Lady Bountiful to all the dirty children in the parish!"

"But, my daughter, I thought-I supposed-" "Supposed very wrongly, papa," gayly interrupted Alice. "And, dear papa, I must coax you into good-nature, and get you to promise that I may go back to aunt Caroline's, for I am wearied to death of this stupid Hawthornwold!"

## CHAPTER IV.

"MADAM, can I see him-Mr. Henderson?" The pale, sorrow-stricken mother paused a moment ere she replied to the rapid question of the elegant, stately woman in rich mourning robes who stood in her little parlor, and whose span of splendid greys champed their silver bits } and pawed the earth at the farm house gate.

"Oh, I must see him!" interrupted the visitor. "Tell him an old friend-no, tell him nothinglet me go in, madam! You are his mother! You will not refuse her who once loved your son? There is no one there?" and she moved toward the door of the adjoining bed-chamber where the sick man lay.

"Jessie is with him. But you may see him. Hadn't I better take in your name first?" said the widow Henderson.

"No-oh, no! He might refuse-that is, perhaps he would not recognize me. I may go in?" and she laid a hand, white as ivory, on the doorlatch of that humble chamber, her costly robes trailing along the homespun carpet.

"You may. Paul, my son," and the mother passed in, "an old friend wishes to see you."

The sick man reclined in an easy-chair at the south window, his thin, hollow cheeks crimson with consumption's roses, and her fires blazing in his dark hazel eyes. He turned-gazed steadily upon the new comer for a momentthen a flush mounted to his forehead and died away among the damp masses of luxuriant chesnut hair. Then he grew pallid as before; but smiled, and put out his hand.

"Alice-Mrs. Rossiter!"

"Can't I see him alone, ma'am? Can't I talk with him? Jessie Moore, why are you here?" she said, almost fiercely, turning to the sweetfaced girl who sat beside his chair gently fanning him.

"Jessie is my betrothed wife, Mrs. Rossiter," said the sick man, quietly-then, turning to her, he said gently, "leave me a moment, Jessie!"

Mrs. Rossiter paced the The girl obeyed. floor hurriedly; then, as if for the first time noting the weakness of the sick man, she went and knelt softly at his feet.

"They told me you were dying, Paul-they said I should never see you again-but I thank God I am here in time to ask your forgiveness! Paul, Paul, do not withhold that from me! tell me you pardon all my wickedness, my deceit, my sin-for, Paul Henderson, I loved you when I said those cruel, heartless words of denial! I lied to you—I lied to my own heart then, Paul for, as God hears me, I have never loved any other! But my proud heart tempted me-I deceived you-though alas! alas! I couldn't deceive myself in the weary time that followed!

"I left Hawthornwold," she went on-"I met John Rossiter-I married him for his gold-he is dead now, and it is all mine-but I wish I were dead too! I do-before I had lived to see this day! Oh, you must not die, Paul! you "He is very weak this morning, ma'am-" { shall not! You shall live to see how true is my

penitence-you shall not despise me! But ah, what am I saying? You love another now-you } would love her if you lived-you will claim her for your wife in heaven. Oh, Paul!" and, sobbing bitterly, she bent her face upon his knee.

"Alice," and the sick man's hand was laid tenderly on her bowed head, "this unnerves me, I cannot bear it! Oh, Alice, I have loved you-I love Jessie now much as I dare love in this } hour when the earthly grows dim and the eyes of man look beyond the portals of Immortality. But oh, Alice, in the land where I am going we read, 'They marry not, neither are given in marriage.' Strive to meet me there. Promise me this, Alice Rossiter!"

"I promise! I will try!" sobbed the humiliated woman, snatching his hand and covering it with kisses. "Now, Paul, I am going-for I cannot stay to see you die!" and gathering up her sweeping sable robes, she passed out.

And while the carriage which held Mrs. Rossiter rolled down the green, fern-bordered country road, little Jessie Moore, with tear-filled eyes, } but a smile of resignation on her face, gently eyes, and caught the last breath which passed God, will walk with him, hand-in-hand, through his lips as his earthy life lapsed into the better.

Too late the earnest "call" which came from the wealthy city church for the talented, geniusdowried, yet humble and child-hearted servant of the cross, for he had passed to the mansions prepared for him in the city of the Great King; too late the soft, lilac-scented airs which played round his native farm house home, where they bore him with the fatal splendors of consumption on his cheek; but not too late the gentle love of sweet Jessie Moore, who kissed his pale forehead as she closed his eyes, saying softly to the weeping mother, "We shall meet him again in heaven!"

But oh! the anguish—the shrinking from a dreary, rayless future that stretched away bleak and bare before her-which came to Alice Rossiter when they told her.

"The minister of Hawthornwold is dead!"

Oh, whoever, reading this, dares to thrust away from his heart a pure and deathless love for the lure of station, wealth, or any other blandishment, let him bethink-ere it be forever too late-of the ghosts that nor will nor pride have power to lay—the ghosts of remorse, that, held her lover's hand, looked into his triumphant so sure as love is of the soul and the soul is of

### THE SUGAR CAMP.

BY F. H. STAUFFER.

How it snows! How it blows! Quite enough to freeze one's toes, Or make one mutter as he goes, "How confoundedly it blows!" It is March, and the larch Moans such dreary moans! And the trembling poplar trembles As the white pine flings her cones On the rocks and scraggy stones!

It augers little good When through the maple wood The borers wend their noisy way! To be rapping, to be sapping With a sort of syrup-titious tapping Where the juicy veins may lay! Through tubes of elder or sumsch Flows the dripping sap; And such nectar! even Hector Would have stood protector By those vessels filling to the rim. Running over at the brim!

How the smoke is curling And unfurling Upward from the low-roofed shed; While the men with faces red Under the kettles and the boilers, Eighteen and twenty gallon boilers,

Thrust the blazing wood! Oh, it does one good Just to catch the flavor, And the savor That comes from the scum, And the diliquescent gum That may drip upon the wood,

If through carelessness it should!

How the girls, with eyes like pearls Shining through their curls, Pour the sugar into moulds With the dipper each one holds! Verses improvising as they watch it crystalizing "In the icy air of night;" What a sight! In itself a crystalline delight, A saccharine delight!

There are foot-prints in the snow By the maples far below, And peals of laughter ring upon the air, Startling the drowsy hare, And waking echoes here and there! Have a care, and beware! Such kisses, pretty Misses May steal your hearts away Some Winter day, So they may!

## KEZIAH'S NIECE.

#### BY CLARA AUGUSTA.

once more! since four o'clock this mornin'—up stairs and { jest like a peacock's tail in a rainy day! Sez I down stairs, and in the sullur; it's the way of woman, they must work hard all the time, and git precious little thanks for it!

"Yer uncle's allers for everlastingly dreadin" washing day; says it's wurs'n Bedlam, and a complete panorama-equal to town meetin', or trainin' day! That's all a man knows! Jest as if anybody could wash, and scrub, and bile, and slush from sunrise till sunset without makin' a noise! I'd like to see him try it! I've never knowed him, in the course of all our marriageable life, to miss gittin' mad washin' days-he onvariably does-and he allers swears when he's mad! Yer uncle Joshua ain't a perfain man naturally, but the minit the steam begins to rise Monday mornin', it runs the chronometer of his temper clean up to Nero, and he'll blow off like a railroad whistle!

"As for yer cuzzin, Ichabod Jefferson, he allers goes off in the mornin' to get rid of luggin' water, and he'll stay till jest the minit I begin to wash the floor; then in he'll come, and begin to tramp, tramp, and gallop across the room; trackin' the floor, and eatin' cake and } Ichabod is a ter'ble case for eatin'; { there ain't no end to his appatite. He'd devour } the whole airth, and then think nothin' of cram- { bear to have anybody speak a word agin her no min' down a doughnut on top of it! I never knowed him to eat less'n fifteen putaters to a meal, afore last summer. Along the fust of June, my niece, Seraphina Ricanny, came up { here to churalize and smell the country air. As { soon as she arriv', Ichabod sot his cap for her, and of course he had to leave off eatin' so many { putaters, because Seraphina said only Irishers eat 'taters. We made a powerful savin' in that ?

"Seraphina was about as romantic a bunch of plurality as ever you cum across. Allers drest her smelling-bottle, her vinegar grater, she calls in white, and wore her hair in dangles, because it, and clapped it to her nose. Yer uncle sez I'm she said it was poetical; but her gowns made the allers a shockin' somebody's modesty, but I can't awfullest sight of washin' and ironin'! They help it! I'm an honest woman, and bound to was more to wash than yer uncle's shirts when | speak the truth—shock or no shock! Seraphina he's to work in the loggin' swamp-for she had { got over it though; folks ginerally revive sich 'em clean down to the ground, and was allers a { things-and along toward night, she started off

"Wall, if it don't seem good to git sot down ? climbin' rocks, and doin' all manner of shaller Here I've been upon the trot ever things; and them white gowns trailin' arter her } to her one mornin'.

> "Seerypheen, why don't you wear a caliker gown out in the woods?'

> "'La! aunty!' sez she, rollin' up her eyes clean out of their ribbets, 'what if any destiny should meet me?'

> "'Destiny?' sez I, 'who's yer destiny? I guess they ain't much if they wouldn't be perlite to ye in a caliker gown! Besides, they wouldn't be at all likely to be out a strolin' in them woods!'

> "'Ah!' sez she, 'aunt Keziah, you've no receptive of the rhumetic visions that float athwart the gold of my metal horizontal!'

> "'I wonder if I hain't?' sez I, 'I've had the rhumatiz nigh onto ten year, and if I don't know what it is by this time, it's a pity! It's a ter'ble cumplaint, and I'm sorry you've got it-did you ever try mustard poultices?'

> "Seraphina kinder looked at me as if she'd seen a sperit, or somethin', but she didn't say nothin'-only took a book and went off out inter the sheep's pasture.

> "Ichabod scolded to me for sayin' anything to her. He said she was too fine bred to understand my common talk, and I'd better keep still. Ye see, Ichabod took a shine to her, and couldn't how. She hadn't been to our house a fortnight afore he took to ilin' his chin and wearin' standing collars. He kept one hand a pullin' up his dicky, and 'tother feeling of his chin, the whole of the time, till I got wore out with him.

> "'Don't, Ichabod,' sez I, one day at dinner-'don't be a borrying trouble so much; it'll be time enuff to worry about yer beard when it comes! You'll drive it all back if you keep rubbin' it so!'

"Ichabod was mad, and Seraphina pulled out goin' out in the dewy bushes draggling round, I for the woods agin. Ichabod he went down in 278

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the medder hoeing corn. He was allers sneakin' { myself a-laffin'! The ter'ble seene of the perout to git nigh her somehow. Didn't seem to be contented if he wan't putty close.

uncle Joshua's mixed stockings-they was all She'd hollered till she was putty nigh used up. good but the heels, and them was kinder wore through, and I thought it was best to foot 'em. { Some folks would a heeled 'em, I 'spose, but I | of the pond was Squire Dobb's big, grey gobbler. don't think much of heeled stockings; they're a-gabblin' and stretchin' out his neck like all kinder hard to yer feet, especially if you're trou- possest! Scraphina had on a wide, red scarf. bled with corns.

tune at the same time. I'm a master hand to skaired her nigh about out of her wits! She'd hum tunes, it helps my work along 'mazingly to scampered till she'd pretty well killed herself, have it sot to music, so. All to once, right in the and when she cum to the frog-pond, she never middle of the tune-Cornation, I believe it was; minded, she said, but put rite ahead, thinkin' no, I won't be certain but what it was Lennox- Satan hisself was after her! The gobbler dasor it might have been Bileston-I ain't railly sent trust hisself in the water, but he wouldn't decided which 'twas—I hurd a scream! It made give up the chase, and there he stood bristling my hair stan' rite up. Then there was another, his feathers and scoldin' away, jest for all the and another—every one, as Ichabod sez, 'nearer, world like Squire Dobb's wife! She's the awfulclearer, awfuller than before!' I knowed well lest scolder that ever lived! It's well the squire enuff it was somebody somewhere! In a minnit is deaf-I should be glad and thankful for it if I thought of Scraphina. She was etarnally git- } I was in his place! tin' into difficulty of some kind, and I thought "I took a stick and lambed that gobbler out 'twas jest as likely as not she'd been and done it of sight, and then I cum back to Seraphina. wuss than ever! I dropt my yarn and run as I chabod got there jest as I did, and he made no fast as I could in the direction of the sound. On, I fuss at all, but took off his coat, rolled up his on. I went like an offended comic, a-streamin' trousis, and waded rite in after her! He lagged of it for dear life, for the critter hollered so her out as keerful as could be, and sot her down heart-broken like, that I knowed she must be in { on the grass to dry. an awful perdicament somewheres!

die jest yet! I'm a most there! and on I went!' { fell in love with Jim Grannis, and 'sloped with "Cum to git there, I thought I should a' killed { him."

formance was the frog-pond in our pastur', and rite in the middle of the pond was Scraphina, "I was a-spinnin' stocking yarn to foot yer perched up on a rock, as peart as Nathan's pig! and looked more like a wilted cabbage-plant than anything I ever seed. Rite on the edge and turkeys can't bear red, ye know; and so the "Wall, I was spinnin' away, and hummin' a gobbler had run after her and her sash, till he'd

"I took a stick and lambed that gobbler out

"I do believe that kind a skeered Ichabed. "'Hold on a minnit! Scraphina!' sez I, 'don't After that he sed little to Scraphina. So she

### DO YOU THINK I HAVE FORGOTTEN THEE?

BY MRS. HARR'ET BOOMER BARBER.

Do you think I have forgotten thee, Old mansion, far away? Where thou standest in brooding stillness Looking sadly on the day-Looking darkly on its sunlight, Till the gladdest ray that falls Flits wanly as some spirit Within thy echoing halls-Thy halls, that once with music rang, And voices young and free, Oh! their melody comes back to me Across the sounding sea.

In my dreamings oft I see thee now, As in the days gone by, When I looked upon thee proud and fond, With childhood's reverent eve: When I thought no world without could be Like the bright world lived within, Where my young life blossomed like thy flowers, And my heart knew little sin;

Oh! thy roses and thy glories bright, I have watched with ardent eye To see them up thy dear, old walls Creep lovingly and high; They sleep forgotten and alone Within a scentless bed, Like the sweet, young, human blossoms That dear old home has shed.

Those pictured forms and faces dear, All radiant with mirth. Just as in life's dissolving view They faded from the earth. How often in the quiet hush They steal upon my sight, With a sweet and trembling brightness, Like the stars upon the night; Then my spirit eyes look upward, Though the foolish heart will stray To a dear, old, silent mansion, I remember far away.

# THE OLD STONE MANSION.

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD," &C.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District tourt of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

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#### CHAPTER XIII.

eagerly up, saying, "Arthur is so glad you are Sunday clothes and practicing manners learned here."

Mr. Despencer followed her, and taking my hand in both of his, as if we had been old friends, greeted me cordially, and concluded by { politeness always does, when I dislike people;

"It lifts quite a load from my mind to know you will be with Georgians, for business will call me much away, and this is a lonely place at best."

I will not deny that I felt relieved at these words. Mr. Despencer had not forgotten his old grace of manner. If his welcome had been that of a Paladin to some wandering and wronged princess, it could not have been accompanied by more delicacy in look and manner. I began to think better of him. I wondered less at what I thought Georgiana's infatuation. My answer, doubtless, revealed something of this change in opinion, for my cousin brightened up and gave me a glance full of grateful thanks. Mr. Despencer noticed it also, and continued quite gallantly,

"You might find it dull, for young married people are apt to forget everybody but themselves," and he looked, half laughingly at Georgiana, who was blushing happily-I had not seen her look so happy before, "but fortunately I brought a friend home with me. Mr. Bentley is § quite a beau. I should not wonder if he and you got up a flirtation."

I caught an appealing look from Georgiana to } her husband. She had not, I saw, informed Mr. § Despencer of the reason for my visit. But he comprehended, with ready tact, that he had chambers occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Despender made a blunder of some kind, and offering me and myself, and the loft, which the servant had his arm, conducted me down stairs in silence.

It brought back, in full force, the memory of my trooms. I found my anticipations correct. The happiness, now gone forever, and which, for the sentire half of the house, on the right of the hall, last half hour. I had temporarily forgot.

But he had a sinister expression, which made ceilings fallen in; the floors decayed. I opened

sight of a snake. He seemed to me a something In a few minutes, my cousin came running between a jockey and a black-leg, dressed up in of a dancing-master. The elaborate politeness with which he received his introduction to me increased my aversion to him, as elaborate besides, elaborate politeness is never honest.

> The next day rose clear and crisp. After breakast, Mr. Despencer and his friend departed for the city. The former was so much out of humor that he could barely restrain himself sufficiently to be civil. Georgiana looked as if she had been crying. I surmised that she had told him how unrelenting her father was: and my surmise proved correct, as she informed me, after the meal was over, by way of apology for her husband's ill-temper. She did not tell me how harsh he had been to her, however, and that this was the cause of her swollen eyes.

Mr. Bentley, however, was still offensively polite. He seemed to think that he could make up for his friend's incivility, by excessive attentions to Georgians and myself, when he only annoyed the first, and exasperated me. For already I was beginning to hate the man. "Has he the impertinence," I said to myself, as I contrasted him with Mr. Talbot, "to think he can make himself agreeable to me?"

When we were left alone, Georgiana excused herself for an hour or two, on the plea of household affairs, but really, I suspect, to have her cry out unobserved. Left to myself, I set forth to examine the mansion. I had been curious, from what I saw of it the night before, to know where Mr. Bentley had slept, for, except the two for a dormitory, I was not aware of any apart-Oh! how that chance allusion wrung my heart. ments in sufficient repair to be used as sleepingwas in a tenantless condition: the shutters rot-Mr. Bentley was handsome and well dressed. Eted off, or hanging loose; the plaster broke; the me shudder instinctively, as one shudders at ithe doors, that led into them from the hall, but

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smelt damp and fetid. None had any furniture } slept in an out-house.

In my walks I met the old woman, who had waited on us the day before. It seemed as if the advent of Mr. Bentley, with his sinister look, had cast a glamour over the place which affected everything; for this servant, who, had seemed, when I first saw her, only a vulgar-looking cook and maid-of-all-work, now wore a hag-like expression, which made my blood run cold. Toothless, blear-eyed, withered, with long, skinny fingers, and already bent by age, she came upon me so suddenly, as I turned the angle of the house, that I started with a slight, involuntary scream, as if I had seen a witch.

In the course of my further researches. I dea door led into it from the front room, which had ment, that should call a blush to the face. been used as a dining hall in the palmy days of watching me, came up and told me the room was nailed up, and had not been used for twenty years.

When I had exhausted the mansion, I went to the out-houses, but still found no place, except a hay-loft, where Mr. Bentley could have slept. The out-houses were as ruinous as the mansion itself, being mostly covered with moss, or overgrown with briars or poison vines, while between the cracks in their gaping walls, green, slimy lizards ran in and out.

Georgiana still kept her room, when I had finished these explorations, and I knocked in vain for admittance. She had a violent sick head-ache, she said, "wouldn't I excuse her till dinner-time?" The dinner would be at five o'clock, "a late dinner to be sure, but Arthur had promised to return by that hour." She thought if she could get a little sleep she would be quite well again. Poor thing! I read it all. She was exhausted by weeping, and fancied that by secluding herself and courting sleep, she could come out at dinner-time, looking freshly, and so deceive me and her husband.

did not enter, for they looked dangerous, and Georgiana was not coming down, I resolved to go into the city, and inquire where, or how, I I was forced to conclude that Mr. Bentley could get work. It had to be done at some time; for I was determined not to be dependent. Why not at once?

> I hesitated, at first, thinking that Mr. Talbot might, possibly, relent, and that a note might come from him in my absence. But my pride whispered, that, in such an event, my triumph would be the greater if I was away. "Triumph!" I said to myself, immediately after, "ah! he will never write: there will be no triumph for me; he is inflexible." And saying this, I went up stairs for my bonnet. I was torn by conflicting emotions: now angry at him for what I called his tyranny and obstinacy, now more than half convinced that it was I who had been exacting.

I had talked, often and bravely, of what a true tected, at the rear of the hall, a massive door \ woman could do, in spite of the social injustice leading to the right, and saw that it conducted that beset her path, if left to provide for herself. to a large apartment, the only room, on that side \ I tried, as I walked toward the city, to recall all of the house, not plainly a prey to bats and owls. I this and to assure myself that the task before me But whether it was in decay or not I failed to was an easy one. I had only to will it, I said, discover, for I could not get admittance into it and all difficulties would disappear. There was from any point, as it was protected outside by inothing menial in working for one's bread: wooden shutters, firmly bolted within, and though in the mere act of asking for employ- $\S$  when I reached the place where I had determined the mansion, that, also, was now tightly locked. It to make my first application, my heart failed me. As I was trying the fastenings of this door, the \ It was a picture dealer's, where I hoped to disold servant who seemed to be prowling about pose of a few water-color sketches, which I intended to paint. But I walked past the store, two or three times, before I could muster courage to go in. When, at last, I did enter, and nervously told my errand, the rough, curt way in which I was told that "there was no demand for such things now," made every vein tingle with alternate shame and indignation. I had to school myself, for more than an hour, before I could venture on a second attempt elsewhere: and here the answer was the same.

I do not, in writing this autobiography, seek to extenuate myself. I ought not, I know, to have been either angry or ashamed. My reason told me so, even then. But we are flesh and blood, not mathematical machines. We feel the stings of pride, we resent insult, and this the more readily, the more unhappy and friendless we are. To be poor is no crime, but, in the world's eye at least, it is a stigma. To go about, morning after morning, week after week, soliciting em loyment, when all avenues are filled, often meeting rudeness and nearly always coldness, is no small cross for a woman to bear. Those who have been accustomed to it, all their lives, feel My only chance of avoiding thought was to it to be such. It was worse for me. It was the keep myself occupied. So, when I found that \ worse for one proud like I was; for pride was my besetting sin. poverished gentlewomen sometimesstarve, rather { own increasing unhappiness. than run this gauntlet. Oh! how I hated the world for its injustice. charged all my sufferings to its social code.

I hurry over this part of my story. The public has had a surfeit of such sorrows, and is sick of the wrongs of distressed women. And in fact, terrible as this physical suffering is, it is nothing when compared with the mental ones I had to endure. Poverty, even starvation, can be borne better than the loss of love, infinitely better than the sense of one's having done wrong. The pain of the body is nothing to the agony of the soul. Yes! I could have borne all, if I had had within me, an assured consciousness of right-doing. But the more I reflected on my behavior, the more doubtful I felt of its correct-

To dismiss this part of my story, once for all. After trying various more lucrative avenues to employment, and finding that all were overcrewded, I was compelled to take up with plain needle-work, which I obtained at a House of Industry, an institution established, to provide employment for persons situated like myself. I had put off applying at this place as long as I could, for I knew many of the ladies who managed it; and my pride revolted at being seen soliciting work, by those, who, a month ago, would have been glad to have been my rivals. More than ence, when I took back the tasks I had finished, I had to draw down my veil quickly, to prevent being recognized, by former acquaintances, on their way from the managers' room to their carriages. My conduct was foolish, perhaps; but I was human.

It was no perverse wish to be independent that drove me to this sacrifice of pride. I soon reconciled myself to accepting a home from Georgiana, for I saw that I could be useful to her in many ways. But when I had left my uncle's, I had } been so completely unprovided with money, that I had not now enough even to renew my wardrobe, though the winter was approaching, when such a renewal would be indispensable. It was necessary, therefore, that I should replenish my purse, however scantily. What I did earn suf- Georgiana, the next day when we were alone. ficed for my clothing. But it would not have ? paid my board.

How weary I often was. Sewing, which is such a sedative to many of my sex, was never such to me. It had always, on the contrary, been a task. My eyes ached, my chest pained me, my spirits sank, as I sat, hour after hour, plying my needle. But I never complained, for I did not wish Georgians to know how much I unfortunate."

I do not wonder that im- { suffered, especially as I saw, day by day, her

I could have endured all, I repeat, if I had For, at that period, I \ been certain, beyond controversy, that I was right. More than once, I saw Mr. Talbot's name mentioned in the newspapers, as having won some important case, or made some eloquent speech. I felt then how I loved him yet! Loved him, I said to myself, in spite of his injustice. But had he, I always added, been unjust? Alas! this doubt was hardest of all to bear. I could have suffered everything, if certain I was a martyr for the truth; but I grew daily less sure of this, and daily, yes, hourly, more miserable.

## CHAPTER XIV.

That night, Mr. Bur I am anticipating. Despencer returned home, in a comparatively good-humor; and poor Georgiana's spirits rose accordingly. From this time out, her smiles or tears fluctuated with her husband's temper; and alas! for her, he was oftener angry than otherwise. The mild, thorough-bred manner, which had been his only recommendation to me at the sea-shore, was accompanied by a passionate disposition, which he gave full vent to at his own fireside. My blood often boiled at his treatment of my cousin. Why is it that so many men, famed in society for their courtesy, and even chivalry to women, are little better than brutes to their wives?

Mr. Bentley did not visit us again for several days. I was not more pleased with him, at his second appearance, than at his first. There was a coarse, animal look about the mouth, which made you forget even his fine eyes; and they were fine, of that purplish black which is at once so rare and beautiful. He had glittering white teeth, which a perpetual smile constantly exhibited, and which, to me at least, were suggestive of a latent snarl, as if he was a human hyena. Yet he was handsome and well-bred, in the ordinary sense of the term. In a promiscuous assembly of young ladies, at least half would have pronounced him a "love of a man."

"You don't seem to like Mr. Bentley," said "Yet he is said to be very successful with women."

- "Who is he?" was my reply.
- "Mr. Bentley," said Georgians.
- "I want to know what he is."
- "Don't you know?"
- "No."
- "Arthur says he is a gentleman, who has been



keenly.

"I sometimes think he may be a gambler, or some such thing," she answered, a little embarrassed. "He don't act the real gentleman, now does he, Maggy?"

"I don't think he does."

"He hasn't the manner of Arthur.

He hasn't Mr. Despencer's manner." "No.

"I sometimes wish Arthur was not so intimate with him. I wonder if they ever play."

"I hope not," I said, for I saw how distressed the idea made her; and to divert her thoughts, I added, "By-the-bye, where does Mr. Bentley sleep, when he comes here?"

Georgiana laughed. I had not heard her laugh so gleefully since she was a child.

"I'm sure I don't know. I'm keeping house, and don't know where my guests sleep-isn't it funny? Arthur told me, I remember now, not to trouble myself about it, for that old Jane would settle it all: and I never did trouble myself." And she laughed again.

The conversation ceased here, but as we sat at the tea-table, that night, Georgiana suddenly looked up, and said to Mr. Despencer,

"Arthur, where does Mr. Bentley sleep, when he comes here?"

Her husband had his cup raised to his lips, in the very act of drinking. He paused, and looked keenly at me, as if divining where the question originated.

"You don't answer me," said Georgiana. "And why do you stare so at Maggy?"

"Excuse me. I had not heard you. I wasn't aware I was staring at anybody. What was it you asked?"

I knew well enough that he had heard her. But Georgiana, completely deceived, repeated the question.

"Oh! in the front garret to be sure," he answered, promptly. "Old Jane has the back one, you know."

But I had been in the front garret, the morning after Mr. Bentley's first visit, and there was not an article of furniture in it, nor did it look as if anybody had slept on the floor. A temporary couch, however, might have been arranged, and removed before I saw the room. Yet I half } believed that the whole was an invention of Mr. Despencer's, and that he had paused to get time to think what to say. I was entirely convinced of this, the day after this conversation, for, when I stole up to the garret, drawn thither by noises } I had heard after I retired, I found that a bedstead, and a few other articles of chamber fur-

"Do you believe it?" and I looked at her inture, had been arranged there; and as I recognized one or two of the chairs, which I had seen in Georgiana's room, I knew that Mr. Despencer, to blind me, had caused the apartment to be fitted up.

> But why should he blind me? Why was there any necessity for a mystery? My thoughts reverted to the closed chamber. But even if that was where Mr. Bentley slept, why should there be any attempt to conceal it? What was the tie between him and Georgiana's husband? It was more than mere friendship, I felt assured. Did they share some dark and terrible secret together, with which, in some way, the closed chamber was connected?

> I had resided with Georgiana about four months, when Mr. Despencer said, one evening, that he had to visit a neighboring city, and would be gone for a week.

> "I would like to take you, Georgy," he said, addressing his wife, "if Miss Gray will keep house while we're gone,"

> "Oh! I should be delighted," said my cousin, for, poor child! any kindness from her husband almost set her wild.

> I thought immediately of Mr. Bentley, for he had been so marked in his attentions lately, and was so deficient, I believed, in a nice sense of propriety, that I feared he would take advantage of this absence to annoy me more than ever. But I hesitated to mention this, my only objection to the proposed arrangement, for I saw how disappointed Georgiana would be.

> "May we count on your keeping house, then?" said Mr. Despencer.

> I still hesitated, but an appealing look from Georgiana decided me, and I answered in the affirmative. I never saw a happier being than my cousin was, for the rest of that evening.

> The next day, when Mr. Despencer had departed to the city, I frankly told Georgiana, she would oblige me, if Mr. Despencer would hint to his friend, that, during their absence, he should dispense with his visits to the mansion.

> "Your husband can do it in a way to avoid offence," I said, in conclusion, "and I don't want to offend any of his friends."

Georgiana promised, but added,

"You don't seem to like Mr. Bentley any better, I'm sorry to see."

"Do you like him better?"

She looked confused. I saw her husband had been talking her over.

"Oh! yes. Arthur assures me, on his honor, that they never play; and Mr. Bentley is really very handsome and very polite."

I made no answer. Georgiana went on.

judiced. Arthur says Mr. Bentley is desper- { side of the room. ately in love with you, and that you really treat him cruelly sometimes."

My first impulse was to resent these words. What right had Mr. Despencer to say I treated his wisitor cruelly? What right had he to permit me to be annoyed by attentions I disliked? What right had he to talk over Georgiana? But I reflected how foolish it would be to get angry at my cousin, for it was in her nature to be controlled by her husband. Poor thing! she needed pity more than she deserved anger.

"We will not talk of this, to-day, my dear. But promise to speak to Mr. Despencer about bis friend's visits while you are away."

Georgiana saw I had been hurt. She came up and kissed me affectionately.

"Forgive me, Maggy," she said, "Mr. Bentley shan't trouble you."

The next day they left. I watched the carriage, that bore away Georgiana, till it was out { of sight: and then re-entered the house, sadly. For my cousin was now the only one left to love me; in all the world I had no other friend; and her departure made me inexpressibly lonely. The old stone mansion, with its decaying outhouses, looked drearier and more desolate than ever.

#### CHAPTER XV.

WHEN I rose, the next morning, the sky was The bare, wintry landscape, with low, leaden-colored clouds massed above it; the rising wind that mouned and wailed through the pines; the gusts of rain that began to sweep past: all these increased my depression of spirits. There are times, when the aspects of Nature affect us, as if they were a part of ourselves: and this was one of them. Besides, I had always been peculiarly sensitive to such impressions. A mountain stirred my soul with solemn and grand emotions. A quiet Sabbath in the country soothed me with a peace inexpressible. Often, in childhood, as I heard the midnight rain dashing against the casements, I had drawn the bedclothes over my face, with a shudder, fancying that skeleton fingers were tapping on the window-panes, without, for admittance.

As the day wore on, the storm increased, and my depression of spirits with it. I tried to forget myself with my needle. But this only jaded my nervous system and made me more depressed than ever. I rose and walked the room. The was to have had your room. But when the evening was now setting in; the rain rushed master saw how it was, he came and told me to down in torrents; the wind had increased to a gale. My footsteps quickened, in sympathy with had slept in the garret."

"I wish, Maggy, you wouldn't be so pre-; the tumult without, as I hurried from side to

My fire had died low. Its dim light left deep shadows in the corners of the room, from which I almost expected to see weird faces and forms emerge. I did not dare to stop walking. Once I tried to do it, but my flesh began to creep, and my knees to tremble, as if an invisible presence only waited my stopping to clutch me with its spectral hands. Some of my readers, perhaps, may have felt, at times, like I did. If so, they know the horror of such sensations. To others it would be in vain to describe them. They became so intolerable, at last, that I seized my candle, and sought the company of old Jane, in the kitchen, under the pretence of getting a light. She was sitting crouching over the fire, with crooked, skinny fingers, occasionally rubbing her hands feebly together. She also had neglected to light her candle, and the lurid glare of the smouldering coals, reflected on her brown and withered face, gave her an aspect more witchlike than ever. I told my errand, half apologetically. She did not rise to get the matches, but pointed silently to where they were. I lit my candle, but still lingered.

"My fire is almost out," I said, at last, putting down my candle, and drawing a stool to the hearth, "and it's not worth while to make it up again to-night, so I will sit here till bed time."

She moved slightly to give me more room, and said something about its being a rainy night. There was a long silence, which I broke, at last, by saying,

"You'll think I am going to ask an odd question. But where did Mr. Bentley sleep, the first night I came here?"

She did not pause an instant, nor even look up, but answered, as she held her fingers to the fire,

"At the tavern, below here: a quarter of a mile, or so, off,"

The explanation was so natural, that I gave credit to it immediately, wondering I had never thought of this simple explanation before. Yet I asked myself, at the same time, why Mr. Despencer had attempted to deceive me.

Old Jane looked up at my silence, and seeing surprise in my face, continued,

"The master don't want mistress to know it, and that's why you never heard of it. You see, he didn't expect you, the night he brought Mr. Bentley here for the first time, and Mr. Bentley tell the mistress, if she asked, that Mr. Bentley

- "Which was afterward fitted up for him."
- "Yes! But," and she looked at me searchingly, "you seem curious about this matter."
- "Somehow I had got the idea that Mr. Bentley slept in the room next to the old dining-hall."
- "I'd like to see the man who'd sleep there." She said this in such a low, horror-struck tone, looking around fearfully, that my blood suddenly ran cold.
- "Why?" I asked, after a moment, in a voice as hushed.
  - "Have you never heard?"
  - "I have heard nothing."
- "I knew the mistress had never been told, but of; and he fell in love at first sight, I supposed the master might have told you, for you don't seem afeard of anything. But the mistress, she wouldn't live in the house a day, if she knew it-that she wouldn't."

These words, but the manner of the speaker still more, convinced me that some fearful tragedy was associated with this old mansion. I remembered what my instinctive feeling, on first seeing it, had been. With some difficulty I drew from the servant the following recital.

"Thirty years ago, long before you were born, Miss, this house, with acres and acres of land hereabouts, belonged to a family by the name ? of Lyttleton. The master was a widower, a barsh, miserly man, who saw no company, kept } but two servants, and never forgave a debt. His sole delight was to add farm after farm to his property. His father had been a spendthrift, and nearly ruined the family: and this was why the son was so greedy after money, it was said.

"This miser had also a son, but the boy had been away from home, for ten years or more, first at school and then at college. He was about nineteen when he came back to live here. His extravagance was an almost daily cause of } quarreling between the old man and himself. Yet he wasn't extravagant for one as rich as he be caught in the creeks; and young Mr. Lyttle- the family, so the story goes. ton was fond of gunning and fishing both.

stopped at a little farm house, a few miles farther in the country, to ask for a glass of milk. The farmer's wife was a pleasant spoken woman, and knew who he was; and she asked him into her company parlor, and sent her daughter for the milk. The daughter, they all say, was the prettiest girl about. She came in blushing, and looking down; her lashes were the longest and blackest ever seen; but after she had given him the glass, and while he was drinking, she stole a glance at him, which he caught; and this made her blush more than ever. He used to tell, afterward, that such eyes he had never even dreamed

"When a young man, only ninetcen, is unhappy at home, and finds a house where he is always welcome, and where there is a handsome girl he is in love with, he don't stay away from that house many days in the week. So young Mr. Lyttleton kept a going and going, till the neighborhood began to talk about it, and at last it came to the ears of his father. There was a bigger quarrel than ever, you may be sure. The old man had always meant his son to marry rich, and was furious to hear he had promised himself to a girl, whose father hired the farm he worked. But the son wouldn't give in, no! not an inch. The Lyttletons had always liked to have their own way, father and son, ever since they'd been a family. They were a cruel, desperate set, in the old times, it was said, and had made their money by going a pirating, buccaneering it was called, I believe. The first one, that came to this country, had been captain of a ship that plundered and burned a town, away down in the Indies somewhere, and brought away thousands and thousands of dollars, besides silver and gold vessels from churches; and for doing this last some people said there'd been a curse on the family ever since. He had brought away, too, a Spanish girl, a great heiress in her own country, whom he forced to marry him, thinking was, if what the neighbors said was true. He to get her money. But her father and mother wanted to keep a horse; but his father wouldn't had been killed, some said by him, when the let him; and many and many a time high words town was taken; and her relations wouldn't part were heard between them about it. So the with a penny to a heretic, as they called him: young man, as he couldn't be happy at home, and the king and Pope both took their parts; took to spending his days away, sometimes in and so, though he sent agent after agent, for he the city, sometimes in places about the country. Edidn't dare to go himself, he never got a dollar. The town wasn't more than a quarter as big, This is what people say, but I don't know if its then, as it is now, and when you got out hore, all true, though nobody denies, I believe, that you'd think it was fifty miles away. There was he treated his wife cruelly, and that she died of gunning, them times in the woods, and fish to a broken-heart. This brought another curse on

"At any rate, they were a bad set enough, "That happened, which often happens. One gamblers, horse-jockeys, wicked husbands and day, in the spring of the year, while fishing, he unnatural fathers, stern, harsh, passionate men.

whom nobody loved, but everybody feared. They ; a match between the father and her, and sucalways would, as I've said, have their own way. ceeded. The old man was not too old to be blind so when the father and son quarreled about this to beauty: no Lyttleton, they say, ever was. could be got to live with them, as servants; for and thought what a revenge he might have on each made them the victims of his anger. The this son. So they were married. It was all done eaths, which that parlor heard, where you've so quick, during one of the girl's vacations, that been sitting all day, were enough, I've been told, to make devils haunt it till the Day of Judgment."

As she spoke, she glanced fearfully over her } shoulder, in the direction of the parlor; and a shiver ran through all my veins. No wonder such an awe and dread had come over me in the gathering twilight in that room.

"How it came to be settled at last, in the way it was, nobody, at first, could tell. But they supposed that father and son had worn each other out, and that so they came to patch up a peace between them. It was agreed that the son should go abroad for two years; that the girl should be sent to school and educated; and that, when he was twenty-one, the son should come back and marry her. One reason, it was thought, why the father gave in, was that this house, and all the original property, was entailed, as they call it, so that the son would get it, at his death, whether or no: and this fact made the son more stubborn too, for he laughed when his father said he'd leave him penniless, and boasted he could live, till then, on the Jews. But the real reason, I reckon, why the father made this bargain, was to get the son out of the way, thinking, that, before two years, he'd forget the

"He did not forget her, however. The Lyttletons always stuck to whatever they undertook. If they hated you, they never let you up they went into politics, or took to horse-racing, they held on forever. It had been part of the bargain, that the young man, for the whole of these two years, shouldn't write to the girl. Nor did he. But he heard about her, from time to time, from a friend, and was waiting eagerly for the two years to be up, that he might come back } and marry her, when this friend suddenly wrote to him that his father had got the start of him and married the girl himself.

"It seemed, for all this afterward came out, that the girl had never really cared for the young man. She was one of those vain, empty crea- { house about nine o'clock. This is about the time tures, who can marry anybody, provided they of the night, I suppose, and the storm was just get plenty of finery. Her father and mother such another. thought of nothing but money. They had done { rushed down on the roof; the pine trees tossed all they could to get up a match between her and groaned; and the gale went shricking, away and young Mr. Lyttleton, but when they found over the fields, I've been told, as if the gravehe had gone away, they tried as hard to make 'yard, by the old church above here, had been VOL XXXV. -- 18

sarriage it was terrible. Nobody, for awhile, Sesides, he saw the girl actually courting him, the friend of young Mr. Lyttleton had no time to warn him.

> "The young man came home by the next packet. He was crazy with rage, they say, in Europe, and for most of the way back. Then he settled down into a gloomy silence, which was even more terrible to see. Voyages were longer then than they are now, and for the last half of the voyage he walked the deck, his hands behind him, darkly looking down, and never hearing a word if one spoke to him. The captain, who had heard something of the story, said there was danger in his eye, and was going to warn old Mr. Lyttleton, but was prevented, and so the dreadful tragedy came about."

> This long prelude to the denouement, these pictures of the passionate, self-willed, desperate race of Lyttletons, had prepared me for something awful; but when the narrator hinted at parricide, the crime exceeded even my expectations, and I felt my flesh creep with horror, especially as I remembered the room, which had been closed for twenty years, and which I foresaw must have been the scene of the bloody deed, and reflected how near it was. Old Jane seemed to have something of the same feeling, for her voice, which had gradually become raised, in the excitement of the story, sank again to a whisper; and more than once she glanced suspiciously around.

"He was prevented, because, when the ship got to the wharf, it was almost night and raining fast. Young Lyttleton did not wait for the vessel to be made fast, but slipped down the sides by a rope, and was off before he was missed. The captain, as soon as he found himself at leisure. looked around for his passenger, but seeing he was gone, and that the night was stormy, gave himself no more trouble about it, though he would have been too late, even if he had started.

"For the young man, the moment he set foots on shore, had hired a coach. He got out to the The windows rattled; the rain

emptied, and the ghosts were howling by. In by old Jane's story, had played me false. the middle of this storm, the son, who had left the servant also had heard them. That two perthe carriage at the turn of the road below, { sons should be deceived, in the same manner, reached the door and knocked---"

She stopped suddenly, for distinct and loud, above the tempest, came three or four knocks on the front door. Her brown cheek changed to livid, and, as the knocks were repeated, one, two, three, four, she clutched at my arm, holding it as if in the grip of a vice, and trembling all AVAT.

"Hark!" she said, in a whisper scarcely audihle.

The antecedents of her story, the story itself, the breathless crisis at which she had arrived, these had all conspired to make me, at this interruption, start also with a feeling as if supernatural presences were about to enter on the scene. But a moment's reflection brought my courage back to me. Though my blood ran chill with a nameless horror, my reasoning faculties did not desert me. Intellectually, I had always been skeptical as to such visitations. I rose, therefore, resolute to go to the door.

"Don't," gasped old Jane. could say. But she held me back, with the clutch of a giantess.

But the blood of the old Norsemen, which ran so blue in my veins, and to which something of my awe of the invisible world may have been attributable, was mounting higher and hotter, with every moment, to face down this peril: mounting higher and hotter because the peril was one, which, at first, my nerves shrank from.

"No," I said, wrenching myself loose, with a sudden exertion of strength, of which I had not supposed myself capable. "Man, or fiend, I will see what it is."

I snatched the candle, as I spoke, and rushed out of the kitchen, not giving myself time to reflect. In a moment, I was at the door, had set ? the candle on a chair, and was unfastening the huge bar which defended the entrance. In another moment, I had flung the door wide open.

What was it, a sheeted form, or the flash of the candle into the gloom, the gibbering of a frightened ghost, or the unearthly cry of the wind, that met my eye, that startled my ears, as the heavy hinges rolled back? Whatever it } was, it was gone in an instant. A gust had put } out my candle, and I was in the dark, with the rain drifting against my face. Nothing was to } be seen, nothing heard without, but the tempest. }

I will not pretend to analyze my feelings at } have thought that my imagination, worked upon in the hall; but no one dared to interfere. Then

was hardly possible. Yet my courage did net give way. I felt cold as ice; my knees and hands trembled; but I stood my ground nevertheless, and carefully shut and barred the door, though it was too dark to see. I next recovered my candle. Then, but not till then, I turned to go. Up to this point, in spite of all, I had been calm, and comparatively slow in my movements; for I had been facing the danger. But now I could scarcely restrain myself from running. I felt as if spectral arms might be thrown around me at any moment. I breathed hard and quick. And yet I would not increase my speed, but walked steadily on, groping my way, for what seemed an age, till I reached the welcome door of the kitchen, opened it, and stood within its warm and cheery light.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

I STAGGERED to my seat, with a face as white It was all she as ashes. Old Jane rose up and stood over me, more moved even than myself.

> "God help us, she would go," she said, speaking as if to herself, "she has seen a ghost."

> "No, I have seen no ghost," I replied, recovering myself. "We deceived ourselves, that is all."

> "Do you mean to say there was nobody at the door?"

> "There was nobody. You were telling of young Lyttleton's return, and how he knocked, and our imaginations carried us away. wind put out my candle. Go on with the story."

> My composure reassured her, and after awhile she resumed her tale, though apparently not without misgivings that we would be again interrupted, for she often glanced fearfully around.

"The room, which has been shut up so long, was the library, and here the father was sitting, pering over some title-deeds, when the son knocked at the door. The bride had gone to bed, wearied out with the loneliness of this old house, on a rainy day in winter. A servant let in her young master, but was so frightened at his sudden return, and at his ghastly look, that she dropped her candle and did not see which way he went. Loud, angry voices in the library soon told, however, where the son had sought and found his father. What passed between them, at first, no one knows. Their voices were this juncture. I felt that no mortal being had \heard in furious strife, every other word an knocked. Had I alone heard the sounds, I should { oath, and the servants, terror-struck, gathered

followed a scuffling, as if a deadly struggle had tup by this awful tale, had, in some measure, been joined, and, at this juncture, when the ser- \subsided. At last the narrator resumed, but rants were urging each other to enter the room, without removing her eyes from the now fast but no one venturned to take the lead, there was a quick gasp and a heavy fall on the floor, followed, the moment after, by the appearance of } the bride, who, frightened by the tumult, and recognizing her first lover's voice in it, had lost } all presence of mind and rushed into the very scene she should have avoided. She passed the } servants, huddled together at the foot of the stairs, like a flash of sudden lightning, her night- two men engaged in a deadly scuffle, it was dress streaming wildly, her hair disheveled, her feet unslippered. One of the servants plucked courage and followed her in, foreboding that something awful had taken place, and that worse } might happen in consequence of her presence.

"The library door had been open, during all this time, and the light streaming out across the hall. The servant, who followed her, saw her flit past into this gush of light, and then lost } sight of her for a moment. When she next beheld her, she had reached the middle of the room, where the library table stood, and was { standing, as if frozen to stone by horror. What she saw told its own tale. The father and son, } in their rage, had grappled, and the latter, finding the old man too strong for him, had snatched } a Turkish dagger, which lay on the table, and in the direction of the library door; for I half which had been used for a paper cutter, and expected to see the portal fly open and sheeted plunged it into his enemy's heart. He had just shosts appear. When I reached my chamber, I was nout the blade, and was holding it up to blaid my hand on her arm, to detain her for a the aight, dripping with blood, a wild, maniscal \ moment. glare of exultation in his eyes, when his stepmother, once his promised wife, entered. Her sudden cry of horror, as she stopped at the end of the table, aroused his attention; he recognized her, uttered a cry like a wild beast, and sprang upon her. It was all over in a second. Before the servant had got three steps into the room, the body of his victim fell heavily to the floor, and he was standing over it, laughing savagely, and shaking the dagger on high.

"The servant turned and fled, shutting the door behind her, nor was it till aid was had, and the men were all armed, that the library was entered again. For a long time all had been still inside of it. When the door was opened, the two murdered bodies were seen lying where they had fallen. On the other side of the table, with the dagger still sticking in his breast, was the lifeless form of the maniacal son."

Old Jane, at these words, sank into silence, and for some time looked steadily in the fire. I exhausted into sleep. did the same. To have uttered a syllable, to I cannot tell how long I was unconscious. I have glanced around the room, would have been was awoke, suddenly, by a loud sound, like the impossible, till the feeling of horror, conjured fall of a heavy body, that seemed to come from

smouldering coals.

"After the funeral, the library was locked up. The property went to distant heirs, who sold off the farms one by one, and would have sold the mansion also, but nobody would buy it. For, from that hour, people said the house was haunted. On stormy nights in winter, like that when the parricide was committed, noises as of whispered about, were heard in the library; lights shone from the tightly shut windows; the shrick of a woman was heard; a white form was seen flitting about; groans and death screams filled the air. So everybody avoided the place. None of the servants would stay, except the one who had followed her mistress into the room, and she was left, at last, in charge of the house. Things went fast to decay. I believe it was never let, though that was often tried, till Mr. Despencer hired it, about six months ago."

As she concluded, she rose and began to cover up the fire. Then she replaced my candle, which had been nearly consumed; lit another for herself, and led the way up stairs. I followed her, casting a furtive glance, as we entered the hall,

"How did you know all this?" I said.

She paused a second, the light of both candles shining on her withered face, and answered, with a look I shall never forget,

"Forty years and more I have lived in this house. Young Mr. Lyttleton was my fosterchild. I was the friend who sent him word that his father had married his bride. It was I that followed his step-mother into the library. Do you think that anything else could tempt me to live here? Or that, being all this, I could go away?"

I retired, but not to sleep. My brain was too excited. I lay, listening to the wind and rain. and fancying, at times, that I heard scufflings, death-falls, shricks, unearthly laughter, every accompaniment of the tragedy of which I had just been told. The delusion frequently was so strong that I sat up in bed to listen more intently. But at last nature gave way, and I sank

the direction of the library. I listened, half in-I even pinched myself to be sure that I was not dreaming. But there was no mistaking the fact of the noise, or rather of a succession of noises, such as angry voices, scufflings, with a heavy, dead fall at the last. chill of horror, similar to that which had come over me at the front door, ran through my veins. I recalled the strange knocking, and said to myself, with a sensation of almost mortal terror, that modern science was wrong, and that disembodied spirits were permitted, as our forefathers had believed, to haunt the scenes of their earthly misdeeds. But these feelings did not continue long. My natural courage again rallied to my aid, and I resolved trying, as I had earlier in the evening, to solve the mystery. Perhaps, I reflected. I might be able to discover a rational solution for the strange event that happened then, as also for the noises I now heard. If not; if beings of another world really were abroad: how could I come to harm; for I was innocent? I would trust in God: I would go forward.

Thus reassured, I rose and began to dress, first having lit my candle. But my fingers trembled in spite of my reasonings. My heart beat fast, when, having finished my hasty toilet, I took up the candle-stick and approached the Just as I turned the key, the strange sounds were heard again, now more distinct than ever. I felt certain I detected two different voices, rising, every now and then, over the noise of the scuffling. I began to be suddenly faint, and was compelled to sit down, for a space, on a chair by the door.

But I soon grew ashamed of my weakness. In spite of the evidence of my senses, the intellectual part of me kept reasserting that there must be a natural solution for this mystery, and that I had only to be bold in order to see these chimeras of my imagination fly away, as the ghost in the grave-yard fades into a white monument on being resolutely approached. So, when I had recovered breath, I rose again, unlocked the door and stepped out.

All was dark and silent in the hall. The rain beat against the casement at the end of the passage, the wind wailed and sobbed around the house, the great pines moaned; but everything, in the direction of the library, was hushed and } quiet. I began now to realize how foolish I had been. I must have become so excited, I said to myself, by the narrative of old Jane, that my

There was a broad landing, as usual in mansions of a similar character, about one-third of the way down. I had gained this, had turned to descend the last flight, and had gone a few steps, when suddenly the library door swung open on its hinges, and a gush of light streamed out, filling all around with a radiance as vivid as that of noon-day. Looking over my left shoulder, I could see, for a little way, into the library; and I stopped and gazed, for a full minute, as if compelled to do so by some weird power, yet so appalled that the perspiration started out on my forehead in great drops. There was nothing visible, however, except the dazzling effulgence which flooded the room, penetrating into every nook and corner which was visible to my sight. Directly a cold wind began to blow across me, from the haunted room; a wind like that which comes out of a vast charnel-house, that has long been shut up; and it went like an ice-bolt to my heart. candle was extinguished by it, in an instant. Then followed a low, prolonged wail, that was succeeded by scufflings, angry voices, sounds of blows, and the fall of a human body. I felt as ' if, the next moment, sheeted spectres would come rushing out. In imagination their death cold fingers were already upon me. I tried to shriek, but could not. Terror had froze my tongue. In the consciousness of my inability to give the alarm, my senses began to desert me: I knew I was reeling, and clutching mechanically at the balustrade to prevent myself from falling, I made a last desperate effort to scream. Only a stifled mumbling came forth, but it was one pregnant with horror. Instantly the library door banged to, and I was left in darkness. cowering on the steps, and holding fast to the banisters, while I shook as if in a fit.

I can hardly tell how I regained my chamber. Nor do I remember what I did there for the next five or ten minutes. I believe I remained on the bed, where I had sunk, lying in a sort of half doze. Gradually I began to recover my faculties. I sat up and listened: at first fearfully. then with more courage. At last I summoned resolution sufficient to light my other candle, for the one I taken with me had dropped from my hands when I fell and was left on the stairs. The thought now suggested itself to descend to the library door and knock for admittance. But a cold shuddering ran over me, at the idea, and I glanced around half expecting to see spectres imagination had persuaded me its fancies were advance from out of the shadows of the furniactual sounds. My spirits rose, with this con- { ture. So I began, noiselessly, to divest myself viction, and I advanced boldly down the stair-; of my clothing, and leaving my candle burning. I crept silently into bed.

There I lay listening, for more than an hour. { of four or five, I could not tell which. I only Weird sounds of wind and rain came to my remember the silvery sound, ringing through straining ears continually; but no unearthly the hushed house, and that, as I tried to count ones, such as I had heard before. At last I the strokes, I dropped off again into skeep, comfell into a doze, from which I was partially pletely exhausted. aroused by the parlor clock striking the hour }

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# WHEN CHILDHOOD DIES.

#### BY ELIZABETH BOUTON.

On! not when the seal of death is set On childhood's laughing eye, And the sunny head is laid to rest Does the heart of childhood die; For the smiling eyes shall beam again 'Neath skies forever bright, And the golden hair be wreathed about With a crown of Heavenly light.

Nor even in manhood's graver years, When life is fleeting fast, Is the heart of childhood always dead, And all its feeling past;

For though Time his signet grave has set On manhood's earnest brow, The heart may feel as light a throb As e'er childish pulses know. But when that heart has learned how much

Of suffering it can bear, And learned, the worst that life can bring, Unshrinkingly to dare; Tis then that ripened feelings come, And gleeful childhood dies, And oh! how many hearts are graves Where buried childhood lies.

# LINK NOT THY LIFE AND FATE TO HIS.

#### BY J. A. TURNER.

LINE not thy life and fate to his, For oh! could'st thou behold The pain of dark remorse there is Within his bosom cold, Then thou with cowering gaze would'st start. To see the monster there, The demon sleeping in that heart, The shrine of dark despair.

Think not, because thy charms may hold The monster in his lair to-day, That magic ever thus may fold The sleeper from thy sight away.

The chains of beauty soon will rust, And loose the demon from his den, For fade thy youthful beauty must, And where will be the charmer then?

His soul is shorn of every good, There's crime within his blasted heart, Upon his crimson hand there's blood, Gaze at the picture, now, and start! But link thy being once to his, And death along thy veins will steal, For dark remorse his portion is, And fate has stamped him with her seal.

# LEAVE ME, FLATTERING LIPS.

# BY J. H. M'NAUGHTON.

LEAVE me. Leave me. Leave me, flattering lips! Why wouldst thou deceive me? Leave me here to weep. Thou wast here in days agone, Ere I grief did know, Thou didst spurn me-I'm alone, Weeping o'er my woe. Leave me. Leave me. Leave me, flattering lips! Wouldst thou yet deceive me? Leave me now to weep.

Sighing, weeping. Wailing sad and lone-Take me to Thy keeping, Thou who grief hast known. Go, deceiver, go thy way-I'm unworthy e'en a sigh; Teach another how to pray, Teach another how to-die! Leave me. Leave me. Leave me, flattering lips! Wouldst thou yet deceive me? Leave me now to weep.



#### CHAT IN AN OPERA BOX.

#### BY A. L. OTIS.

I AM a constant frequenter of the Academy of ? Music, but I have always had some scruples } I am afraid." as to the compatibility of the opera with good morals. Having the right of taking any unoccuchoosing different situations and neighborhoods, in order to hear the conversation of all sorts of people, and draw deductions from it.

The other night I was sitting in the balcony, near the fashionable Mrs. Puseyton, and Miss Primrose, when the latter spoke,

"What do you think of Traviata, Mrs. Puseyton?"

"Oh! it is very nice, I believe, cousin Anne. What a lovely dress Mrs. S--- has on! Did you notice it?"

"No, I was listening, and looking upon the stage."

gone to flirt in the Foyer. She has worn a new dress every night, and the season is almost over. She must find her husband easier to manage than } the dresses. This is only my sixth!"

"Ah! well. This is Lent, you know."

"Yes, but everybody is here this year. Only § think of Marshall's audacity in opening the new opera house on Ash Wednesday. It was an outrage upon the feelings of society. All the people ? whose scruples wouldn't allow them to go, were so angry, and wanted to know what he meant } by it."

"Why shouldn't he open it any night he pleased?"

"Oh! everybody wanted to be here the opening night, of course. And yet, now-a-days, it is } so vulgar not to go to church on the proper } occasions. Oh! it was too bad of him. Everybody said there would not be half a house. But \( \) school. No answer. I kept it up all day. there was, my dear, it was crowded. Now isn't } to go anywhere?"

"Did you not go the first night?"

hers."

"Poor thing! you did not enjoy yourself at all,

"Oh! yes. I had an elegant time. I wore a new dress, an exquisite thing; but oh! such a pied seat in the whole house, I amuse myself by time as I had to get it. It was a superb moire antique, light ash-colored, ashes of rose, so suitable, you see, to Ash Wednesday. And I had a new pair of enameled ear-rings. Then I wore white feathers, tipped with ash-color, which were quite dove-like. But I must tell you what a fuss I had to get the dress. When I mentioned that I wanted a new moire antique, ear-rings and opera cloak, my husband said, 'My dear Lavinia, try to do without the ear-rings and dress, I really cannot afford them.' 'Don't talk about affording,' I replied, with proper spirit, iuntil you give up your expensive habits-your cigars, for instance, at half a dollar a piece!' 'I "Observe it when she comes back. She has have given up smoking entirely, said he. 'Well then your oyster suppers and hotel dinners.' 'I have given them up.' 'Well then your wines and fast horse.' 'They are given up-sold.' I do mine. I have such difficulty with him about Now was not he provoking, trying to make me nervous by this repetition, and to prove himself a saint, when of course he had only relinquished those hobbies because he was tired of them? So I answered, with dignity, I can tell you, and said, 'Well, I don't care if you have. I will have that dress.' 'But you cannot,' said he, decidedly, with such a tragical sigh. I knew it was all acting, so I made up my mind what to de. would not say one word to him until he yielded. Presently he asked me if any one was going to the opera with us that night. He got no answer. He looked at me in amazement for a minute, and then went on reading the paper. Pretty soon he asked if dinner was ready. No answer. Then he wanted to know if Charley had got home from

"When he came home to tea he had forgotten it sad to think how many people there are in the about it, and asked for the children, whom I had city who don't care what night it is, if they want \ sent away on purpose. I said nothing; and he looked so disgusted, absolutely sick. 'Ah!' thought I, 'you will come round, sir.' Oh! "Yes, I did; but it was an act of pure self- Annie Primrose, you don't know what use my denial. You see Miss Roseberry was so anxious { children are to me. I couldn't manage Albert for me to chaperon her that I could not bear to at all without them. You see, my dear, that a disappoint her, and I sacrificed my feelings to \ man without children wouldn't have cared a pin for this silence, unless he cared for me a great



deal more than Albert does. I know where my; an idea occurred to me, and I spoke it out. he heard the baby in the nursery crying, as if it cause I would not submit to your domineering, had the croup. I was startled, at first, of course, and stay at home to let you go to the opera. but had the presence of mind not to say a word. Besides you are provoked because I look so well Now wasn't that clever? I heard the nurse up { with the child, and I knew she would call me if anything was the matter. Albert said again, 'There, does not that sound croupy?' and I did } enjoy just letting him fret while I pretended stood looking at me so pale and excited, that I to go to sleep again. Albert then said, very { theatrically, 'Heaven forgive you!' and got up } and went to the child. Now did you ever hear { such a provoking and affected exclamation from remembrance of what a noble woman is. I said a human being? The next morning, I began they are all rapacious, vain, frivolous! There with my silence again, at the breakfast-table, is no more woman's love, or wife's faith, or when he asked whether Charley was to go to mother's instinct in the world! The whole sex school, or to ride; and he just showed what his is corrupt, false, empty. Then I took up Shakstemper really is. He usually carefully conceals peare and read of Miranda, and Cordelia, and that. He broke out with, 'Go and get your Desdemona, the gentle, loving, murdered woman, dress! I had rather be ruined in worldly pros- and a sense of the true beauty of womanhood pects than so harassed in soul.' Now would any { came rushing over me until it unmanned me! man, who had a proper consideration for his ! It was joy-bitter joy, to know that there ever wife, have spoken in that manner to her?"

"He would not do it, certainly, if he esteemed you highly."

"Well, I went and got the dress, and had it expensively trimmed, since I had had so much trouble about it. When the bills came home, I put them upon Albert's plate at tea-time. Miss } Roseberry was there, you know, and I thought \$ her presence would prevent all words about them. But just to annoy me, he started when he saw the amount, and actually did his part as well as to turn page. Miss Roseberry saw it all, and knew the cause of it-Miss Roseberry, who is so fashionable! My dear, such a bill is a mere bagatelle in her eyes, Oh! I was so ashamed of Albert. I can't help saying it, my dearest Annie, though he is your cousin. I must let my family, at least, know what an injured wife I am. I have not told you all yet. There is more to come. You don't know the depths of his illnature. I only wish everybody knew it, that they might appreciate what I go through with every day of my life.

"Now, on this very evening of all evenings, he must pretend that the little touch of croup that the baby had had made it unsafe for us both to leave her. So he let me go alone with the Roseberrys, which was certainly a want of attention to me; and then, when I got home, I sur- over things if I stay at home. My heart would prised him sitting over a book with eyes red either have been hardened into stone, or softened enough to betray what he had been doing. I into melancholy, if I had not had this distracnever knew him to cry before in my whole life. { tion from care. Here I am soothed, diverted, I confess I was astonished. I think I could even touched, elevated—yes, elevated, Smith. I go

That night, he woke me, and said \ 'Yes,' I said, 'you are just crying for spite, bein this new dress that you did not want me to } have.

> "My dear Annie, I was quite frightened by the effect of my words. He sprang up, and could not help noticing particularly every word that he said. He went on in this fashion. will tell you what overcame me! I had lost the had been such women. A little happiness intoxicates me now, Lavinia-as a thimble full of wine does a fasting man.'

> "I was quite confused for a little while, but I recovered myself. Now did you ever hear such an insulting harangue?"

"What did you reply, Mrs Puseyton?"

"I thought it best not take much notice of his remarks, so I just said he had better come out of his heroics and prepare for bed, for I was half undressed, and did not want to be disturbed after I had composed myself for sleep. But he was obstinate, by that time, and preferred sitting up all night in the nursery."

"Thinking I should not wonder upon the delight it would give him to smother his Desdemona!"

"I dare say, he is so malicious. I see that you are beginning to understand his feelings."

"Yes, you described them so well that I could exactly feel with him. I was almost ready to ory myself."

"You sympathetic dear, you! Now do you know what a provoking thing Albert said this evening, when Mr. Smith asked him if he would support the opera? 'Certainly,' said he. 'It is meant for just such as I am, and it is my salvation from wretchedness. I am too apt to brood have forgiven him, and petted him a little, but home every night a calmer, better man.' I saw Mr. Smith's eyes turn to me, and Albert saw vagance—but it would go hard with me to rethem too. He looked guilty. He knew he had sue its solace to Albert, who, having no peace no right to even hint a word against his wife: so at home, must either go there for amusement, he added, to save his credit, 'My business is so for to places less innocent, clubs and billiard for this blessed relief of the opera."

Lavinia may have one less excuse for her extra- at home," which would have either result.

harassing and so confining, that it would cramp { rooms, where there is not the holy influence of my brain into a commercial frenzy if it were not music and "the ghoul sensuality" is hostess. He can stay at home and become a martyr killed What shall I conclude as to the utility of the by inches if he retain his sense and sensibility, opera from this conversation? I don't know. or an automaton calculating machine, heartless "It is all a muddle." I want to banish the and soulless, if he lose them. But I would not whole institution, academy and all, so that Mrs. Elike to be the one to condemn him to "evenings

# FAITH.

### BY MISS MARY A. LATHBURY.

I AM waiting for thee, darling, I am waiting for thee, love; And the night, starlit and lonely, Darkeneth through the deep above: And the hours have driven the sunlight From the laughing West away; And hath crowned her with a coronal Of pale stars-yet I stay.

I've watched here for thee, darling, At many a setting sun; I've waited on this cliff for thee Till the night was almost done: Yet through the golden-pillared gates No sail e'er came to me; No boat came bounding fleetly o'er The mouning, moonlit sea.

They told me. darling, long ago, That the demon winds and wave, Chanted a low and solemn dirge Above thy nameless grave; And they said my heart was breaking, And that reason's light had fled; When I smiled, and said that it was false, That my darling was not dead.

I know thou'rt coming back, love; For yestreen, as I came, The sighing leaves of the rowan tree Were whispering o'er thy name; And I've built of them a shadowy bower Beneath the cliffs for thee; And strewn with flowers the lonely path That leads down to the sea.

And thou wilt come to-night, love; Thou can'st not stay away; For I have called unto the waves Thy name, love, all the day; And they have hymned a solemn chant For thy safe coming, sweet; And surging o'er the sands, have cast Their white crowns at my feet.

And I have bound my brow with flowers Like those thou gavest to me Upon that morn of agony When thou wast called to sea But sing, oh, weary-waiting heart! Oh, tearful eyes, be light! And, oh, my shrinking faith, be true, For he will come to-night!

## MODERN LOVE

## BY FRANCES HENRIETTA SHEFFIELD.

An! yes, I really was in love, I know it sounds romantic, silly, But sure no stoic could resist Such flounces as encircled Lilly? She was a witching sprite indeed, With crinoline and rings uncommon, The beau ideal of a belle, Tho' not se much perhaps of woman. I courted her a year or so, And then my angel grew quite chilly; Mad jealousy my breast enflamed, What new Adolph had charmed my Lilly? I sighed and smiled, and lisped in vain, By-gone oaths were unavailing, 'Twas plain, on courtship's open sea Some faster craft was mine outsailing.

Just then what patron saint of mine Took me beneath his blessed guidance, Without stiletto, rope, or flood, Of my dread rival I had riddance. A worthy uncle journeyed East, Got rich and died, (event propitions) Oh! what were uncles born for, but At happy moments to enrich us? And poor Adolph had lately failed, To faithless banker weakly trusting, And banished from his lady's smile In sad obscurity was rusting. I took my hat, and took my purse, Each bill a billet-doug to Lilly; She saw prospective city lots And whispered, "I do love you, Billy."

# CHARLES.

# BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

#### CHAPTER I.

THE brightness of a spring sunset bathed the turrets of the grim old chateau of Vincennes, and waved banner-like over the broad forest beyond.

There was a chamber overlooking the wide expanse of woodland, and situated at the side of the castle, where it was entirely hidden from the court-yard with its restless throng of servitors and armed men. Heavy purple draperies hung before the casements, through which the sunlight faintly streamed, making a gloom in the apartment more oppressive than the grey of evening. Gorgeous tapestry lined the walls, and in that strange light the figures stood boldly out, as if endowed with vitality and holding communion amid the silence.

At the farther end of the room was a couch, upon which lay a young man buried in slumber. He seemed to have flung himself carelessly down and fallen into that restless sleep which was not repose, for his features worked convulsively, and his hands knotted themselves together, like one beseeching forgiveness for some mortal sin.

The face was that of a mere youth, but so worn and pallid by illness and evil passions, that it appeared never to have been young. The thin lips were bloodless, and the temples throbbed with feverish violence. At intervals the tread of heavy feet came up from the court-yard below, but the martial sounds, instead of arousing him, blended with his dreams, and brought new images of terror; for, at every repetition, he would start wildly, sometimes uttering a faint mean, while a cold dew broke out upon his forehead, and stood there like drops of rain.

While he slept, the hangings before a secret door were flung aside, and a young girl entered the apartment with cautious steps, shading her eyes with her hand to accustom them to the gloom. When she saw that restless form upon the ceuch, she stole toward it, and sat down apon a low seat, bending over the sleeper with painful solicitude. For a time her presence appeared to have produced a tranquilizing effect, for the youth's arms folded themselves upon his breast, the heavy breathing ceased, and once a smile stole over the whiteness of his lips. He murmured a name in his dream, as one might

pest."

The girl smoothed his forehead, and fevered pulses.

"You will be be done it was so in the fevered pulses."

"But it was so in the icy arms, and ing eyes as they passed in the icy arms, and cover the whiteness of his lips. He covered pulses."

utter a blessing, and, at the sound, a rich color shot over the face of the watcher, and her large eyes filled with tears.

But the peaceful vision gave place again to those terrible reflections, and he threw up his hands with a wild gesture, while his teeth ground themselves together in renewed suffering. The girl drew back in affright, for the face was fearful to look upon; then she laid her hand upon his forehead, saying softly,

"Waken, Charles. It is I!"

He sprang from the couch, glaring round the room, but unable to fasten his eyes upon any object.

"Who is there?" he gasped. "Am I never to be at peace?"

"It is I—Clemence," she replied, in the same low whisper, twining one arm about his neck, and trying to draw him back upon the cushions.

After an instant he recognized her, and the wildness of his look gave place to a smile of tenderness, which, a moment before, his face seemed incapable of expressing.

"Clemence," he said, straining her to him, "is it you, my bird? Oh! I was seeing such horrible things!"

"They are gone now, Charles; lie down again and I will sit by you."

"Don't leave me," he said, grasping her hand in his trembling fingers, "don't leave me alone."

"I will sit here and talk to you, Charles, only be calm. It was nothing but a dream."

Charles IX. flung himself heavily back upon the cushions with a shudder of relief.

"It was fearful," he muttered, "fearful! See, my face is wet as if I had been out in a tempest."

The girl smoothed the matted hair back from his forehead, and pressed her hand upon the fevered pulses.

"You will be better in a moment, Charles. Do not think of it."

"But it was so real, Clemence! I saw a sea of blood, its crimson billows were rushing ever me, and dead men'floated by, brushing me with their icy arms, and cursing me with their glaring eyes as they passed."

"But it is over now. Do not tremble so, Charles, it is past."

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"They haunt me continually," he groaned; { "your presence will dispel them for a time, but be happy? Clemence, she will never rest till they return, and, sleeping or waking, I see she has hunted me to my grave, and placed my always those mangled bodies and hideous faces \ crown on d'Anjou's forehead." covered with blood."

You sit in this dark room too much. are ill and fanciful."

"No, Clemence, it is the curse that has followed my wickedness! It was not my fault. That terrible woman did it all: yet she sleeps well and is happy. Curses on her, she has made me what I am: and it is not for this age only, but my memory must go down to all time a thing of infamy and horror."

"Hush! Charles, do not talk of these things. Let us speak of something else, of the pleasant summer before us, and the happiness we shall yet have."

"Happiness!" he repeated. "Can I be happy?"

"Do you not love me, Charles?"

He snatched her to his heart with passionate kisses which fairly burned upon her lips.

"And you are all I have to love. I have no friends-no kindred. The wolf cub has more instinct of affection than I. What should I have done without you, Clemence? And yet I marvel that you, so pure and good, can love a bloodstained, guilty wretch like me."

"It is not you who are guilty, Charles. Posterity itself will clear your name, and cast added darkness upon the memory of Catharine de Medici."

"How could I have endured life without you, .ove? You came, like an angel of light, after that horrible day. Oh! Clemence, Clemence!"

She drew his head upon her bosom, and soothed him with tender words, until he grew calm beneath her voice and the pressure of her hand.

"It is growing too dark here," she said, at length. "Come to the window, Charles, the air will do you good."

She pushed back the sombre curtains, and the evening light streamed full into the chamber, giving it a cheerful glow. They sat down upon a low seat, beneath the casement, and looked out upon the cloudless sky.

"Here I can be tranquil," he said. "Oh. Clemence, if we were only far away from these gloomy walls, out of France, and beyond the reach of Catharine, we might yet be happy."

"We shall be here, Charles! When the long summer days come on we will sit in the greenforgets all its troubles, and remembers nothing { but the happiness of the present."

"Do you think that woman will allow us to

"No, no, Charles, it is impossible! Even Catharine must have something human about her, she could not wish the death of her own

"Do you not know her yet? I tell you if she dreamed of our love, she would tear your heart out in my presence. She would have Henry king, but sang de dieu, that he shall never be."

"Do not talk of these things, Charles; you are so young, yet why should you always think of death?"

"Have I not murdered enough of my subjects to make me reflect, Clemence?"

"No, no, it was not you; I cannot bear it!"

"Look at this hand, Clemence, so slender and pale; you cannot see the blood on it, but the red drops sear into my heart, and turn where I will they haunt my gaze."

The frightened glare came back to his eyes, and he hid his face upon her shoulder to shut out the terrible objects which rose before his

"Charles!" she exclaimed, in fear, "look up, speak to me, I cannot endure this."

He raised his head, and when he saw how she trembled, gathered his arms about her, and the old smile of tenderness softened his face.

"We will talk of it no more, darling; I am but a poor companion at best, and if I terrify you thus, you will learn to dread my presence.'

"Never, Charles; you know that is impossible. But it saddens me to see you so gloomy."

"Look now, I will be gay! Take your lute, child, and sing to me one of those romances that I love so well. Ah, Clemence, you pessess a charm that none other ever had over me, that no one will ever have again."

"You speak always as if we were to be separated, Charles. Can you not be hopeful and at rest?"

"Child, the king of France has no castle so strong that it does not swarm with traitors; no retreat so secure that villainy and murder cannot creep in hand-in-hand."

"But there is no one who would dare-

"Does not Catharine de Medici dwell within these walls?-and can you speak thus?"

"Hush, Charles, if she should be near."

"It is very possible; when you least expect it look to see her at your side, spying into your wood, and I shall sing your heart to rest till it very thoughts, and wringing forth your heart's most cherished secrets by a single glance."

There was a rustling of the hangings at the

farther end of the room, and before the girl courier which you sent to my brother d'Aujoncould spring to her feet, a tall woman in sable garments entered the apartment and stood looking at the pair. A muttered curse hissed from the lips of Charles, and Clemence cowered back in her seat trembling with fear.

"My son," said the intruder, in a voice of singular sweetness, "an invalid should be more cautious, this night air is dangerous to you."

"Any air that I breathe is dangerous to me, madam," he replied, in a sharp, quick tone; "but this spot has proved less prejudicial than elsewhere."

Catharine paid no attention to his words, and crossing the room, laid her hand caressingly upon his shoulder.

Charles shrunk from the touch of those slender fingers with a gesture of repulsion, but the woman appeared unconscious of the abhorrence in every look and movement, and turning toward the girl with her softest smile, said gently,

"Had I known that you were beguiling his majesty's loneliness, I should have been at no loss to understand why he has grown so fond of solitude."

Clemence trembled so violently that she could not speak.

"Madam," she began, but her voice failed, and she shrunk toward the king as if seeking protection.

"Nay, sweet one," continued Catharine, "I am not chiding you; I cannot sufficiently thank you for your kindness to this wayward invalid."

"I hear nothing from your lips but that horrible word!" exclaimed Charles. "Are vou anxious to make me believe I must die?"

"Oh, my son!" sighed Catharine, "will you never understand your mother's heart?"

"Believe me, madam, I do you entire justice," he replied, with a bitter laugh, "and fully appreciate your maternal anxiety."

"You see, Clemence," said the queen, with a pained smile, "how all my affection is rewarded; I shall look to you for justice."

"Have you tidings from Poland?" asked Charles, abruptly, without giving the girl time to reply.

"Surely you know that I have not, my son; your own courier brought me the last letters."

The king laughed pleasantly; a sure sign with the Medici that successful treachery had been Catharine comprehended that she practiced. had been foiled in some of her deep laid schemes, but evinced no emotion.

"You are merry, my son," she said; "it is } long since I have heard you laugh so gayly."

"I heard with much regret that the private ?

I crave his pardon, the king of Poland-yesterday morning, had met with an accident.'

"I grieve to hear it," Catharine replied, composedly, though her Italian blood shot seething to her heart, for the letters had contained tidings for her favorite son, which would be useless unless he received them by a certain day.

"Fortunately," continued Charles, in the same light tone, "the papers which he lost were found and confided to my keeping-permit me to restore them to your majesty."

He took from his breast a sealed packet and placed it in Catharine's hand. For an instant a change passed over even her well-tutored face, then it grew calm as before.

"I thank you for your care," she said, "and must remain your debtor."

"Not long, I warrant me," retorted the king, "those of your house are faithful in discharging such debts. But I would advise-you to send off another courier at once, and bid him take better heed."

He laughed again, but Catharine only bowed her head in token of assent. This was the third time of late that he had thwarted her plans, in spite of the secrecy in which they had been carried out.

"Shall I see you in my apartments to-night?" she asked.

"Perhaps; but your circle is too gay for me."

"Nay, your majesty knows that it is never complete without you."

"I know, I know; but, mort de dieu, I should add more to the gayety were I there shrouded in a coffin."

"Another of your distempered fancies, my son; I warn you to banish them before they produce ill effects upon your health."

"Perhaps your favorite Rene could give me a cure?" he said, with a sneer.

"Heaven forbid that I should meddle with your illness," Catharine answered, coldly; "you suspect the whole world already. But now good night; dear Clemence, I must thank you again."

She bent down, pressed her lips to the girl's forehead, and glided from the room noiseless as

When she had disappeared, Clemence threw herself into the king's arms with a burst of

"We are lost!" she exclaimed. never rest until we are separated."

"Nay, mignonne, she dare not-she begins to fear me. Wipe off her kiss, I feel as if a viper had crawled over your forehead."

He brushed the spot where her lips had rested,

ing the frightened creature with assurance of his ? affection, and his power to protect himself and her from harm.

Catharine de Medici stole through the long galleries back to her own chamber, the packet grasped tightly in her hand, and her pale lips moving, though they emitted no sound. Once within the seclusion of her apartment, that forced composure gave way to a storm of passion, all the more terrible from its contrast with her usual demeanor.

"How long must this continue?" she muttered, "and I sit down in passive submission! Does he dare to brave me? Oh, boy, has not the past taught you prudence? Catharine's wit has not grown so dull, or her hand so nerveless, that she is without power to avenge."

She walked up and down the room with impatient steps, her eyes glaring in the dim light like those of some wild animal, while her every movement increased the resemblance.

For months she had desired the death of Charles, that she might place upon the throne her favorite Henry, who had been forced against his will to accept the crown of Poland. Since the massacre of St. Bartholomew, Charles had loathed her very presence, nor had he taken the slightest precaution to conceal his abhorrence! The sound of her voice would cause him to shudder and turn pale; and for weeks after that terrible night, she never forced herself into his room without bringing upon him one of those paroxysms of pain, which were rapidly wearing away his life.

The evening deepened into night, but still Catharine continued her solitary vigil, and every moment her face grew more terrible, and her lips muttered imprecations which would have struck a chill to the hearts of those young beings, who had forgotten even her existence in the engrossing dreams of a first affection.

### CHAPTER II.

THREE days after, Clemence d'Arville sat alone in her chamber, reviewing the events of the past months which had opened to her a new existence.

She had come to the court, for the first time, only a few weeks after the massacre, and been chosen one of the maids of honor of Marguerite de Valois, wife of Henry of Navarre, who remained there with her husband little better than state prisoners, although treated by Charles with the most unvarying affection.

To Clemence the name of the king had been a and frail, wasted by remorse and illness, her swept the chords with an uncertain touch.

as if their touch had been contamination, sooth- heart filled with a gentle pity, which ripened into love such as only a dreaming girl can feel. She possessed a beautiful voice, and during Charles' illness, Marguerite forced her daily into his chamber to charm away his melancholy by her cheerful songs. Ere long she grew indispensable to the king. For the first time his fevered heart opened to a dream of affection, and he loved that girl with all the fervor of his passionate nature. His whole soul was subdued by her influence, and had he met her earlier, the events which have rendered his name a terror might never have occurred.

> They came to meet daily, and though few beside Marguerite suspected their mutual love, they held a life apart from the cheerful gayeties of the court. Charles seldom mingled with his courtiers, and Paris had grown so hateful to him that he took up his abode entirely at Vincennes, where Henry of Navarre dragged out his joyless existence.

> Clemence had thrown off the fears which had oppressed her since the evening when Catharine de Medici had broken so abruptly in upon their retirement, and there she sat lost in the sunny dream of the present without a thought of the future, which hung like a pall above the hopes her heart had nurtured into such surpassing beauty.

> As she sat in the silence there was a rustle of the hangings, a door opened noiselessly, and Catharine stood before her again, wearing the treacherous smile which was a presager of ill to all upon whom it fell.

> Clemence arose, though the blood seemed curdling about her heart, and her face blanched te the dead whiteness of marble.

> "You were dreaming," Catharine said, approaching her with the same dangerous smile. "Have I broken in too rudely upon you?"

> "The honor of a visit from your majesty was so unexpected, that I feared some mischance had befallen-

> "Nay, nay," interrupted the queen, "all is well; but the gloom of my apartments and the clatter of my maidens had wearied me, and I stole in here to see how our dove was wiling away the hours."

> She sat down in an arm-chair, and motioned Clemence to a footstool by her side.

> "I like to look at your bright, young face," she continued, "it cheers my loneliness as much as it does the king's spleen. Will you sing to me, child?"

Clemence took her lute and began to sing, word of terror, but when she saw him so young } though her voice still trembled, and her fingers

"Blithely sung," said Catharine, when she | lowed Catharine's gifts had become a by-word Italian melody that I loved in my young days, for I too was once a girl, and have not forgotten the dreams and affections of youth."

Her voice grew so sad that Clemence was touched and forgot her fears, for when Catharine chose there was a spell in her manner which none could resist, stilling even thoughts of peril and treachery. She bent over the girl as she essayed the simple air, directing her touch, and even resting her hand upon the fair young head with a light caress.

"Are you happy here, child?" she asked, when the lesson was over.

"Very happy, madam," murmured Clemence.

"And you will not leave us? The queen of Navarre speaks of quitting our court, but we cannot permit her to rob us of all our fairest flowers."

"If your majesty desire it, my chief happiness will be to remain."

"Then we shall have you near our person, and perhaps your presence may win Charles to cheer oftener the solitude which his mother finds so irksome. Will you promise this, child?"

"Anything by which I can pleasure your majesty it will be my study to perform."

"I am certain of it! Ah, in you I shall find one to whom I can speak freely and appear my real self. You cannot think, Clemence, how lonely is the life of one who wears a crown; how wholly he is separated from human sympathies and affection."

She paused and leaned her head upon her hand. Clemence was touched by her sadness, and the tears rose to her eyes. The queen was watching her with the eyes of a basilisk, and saw how completely her suspicions had been laid to rest.

"You have a kind heart, child," she said, "I must have you oftener by my side. Will you not sometimes cheer me by your pleasant songs?"

"Your majesty has but to command."

"Fie, child, not that harsh word; I ask it as a favor. But I have tarried here too long; the ambassador from Spain awaits an audience with us for this evening, and it is now past the time. But I must leave something to remind you of the promise you have made me to-night."

Over the long, close sleeves of her velvet robe were clasped several bracelets of great richness; from the number she selected one of peculiar shape and brilliancy, and, taking it off, held it up before the girl.

At the sight all Clemence's suspicions returned with double force. The ill chance which fol- address me thus?"

"Give me the lute, I will teach you an at the court, and Clemence felt that her fate was sealed. She comprehended now the winning smiles, the caressing manner: they had been assumed to lull her fear and leave her an easy prey to this murderous design.

> "Hold out your arm, sweet one, and let me clasp this toy upon it, which shall be a pledge of your constancy."

> "Oh, madam," faltered Clemence, "a jewel so rich-the gift will make me hated by every lady at the court."

> "Never fear, child," replied Catharine, with a terrible smile, "they will be forced to acknowledge that your loveliness merits our highest favor. I warrant me this bauble will make you an object of envy to none."

> She extended her hand, and the bracelet, catching the sunset rays, flashed dazzlingly before the eyes of Clemence.

"Let me clasp it on your arm," repeated Catharine.

The girl shrunk back, her eyes, wild with terror, lifted to the face of the queen, and her lips working in a vain effort to speak.

"What ails you, child?" exclaimed Catharine, impatiently; "you are going mad, I think."

"Oh, madam, have pity," murmured Clemence. in a voice inarticulate with fear; "I cannot, indeed I cannot!"

She sank into the chair from which the queen had risen, paralyzed with horror. Catharine grasped her arm, and would have fastened the bracelet upon it; but before she could move, it was dashed from her hand, and Charles IX. stood before her, his face livid with passion. For an instant the woman vielded under his glance, then the craft and dissimulation of years restored her composure, and she remained looking calmly in his face: while with a low sigh Clemence sank back insensible.

"What means this violence, Charles? Have you forgotten that I am your mother and queen of France?"

"Would that I could forget it, woman! How dared you come to this girl with such gifts? I have seen all, but remember I am still able to protect her."

"You rave, my son; this long illness has quite turned your brain."

"Do not hope it, madam, I am still sane! You have done all in your power to drive me to madness, but your arts have not succeeded. Have you no human feeling left in your nature? Can you not leave me anything to love?"

"What have I done, Charles, that you should



"You have made me a murderer and a terror to my people! You allowed me no childhood, and you have blighted my youth. You never loved me, and now you desire my death—murder me if you choose—the assassination of a son would be a fit close to a career like yours; but do not harm that girl!"

"Charles-"

"I warn you that I am more powerful than you think! Dare to approach her again, and your cub, that you have placed on the throne of Poland, shall die. You may smile, but I tell you, day and night he is watched by spies whom even your craft could not baffle, and the hour in which you destroy this poor flower his fate is sealed."

Catharine trembled. There was something in Charles' face which appalled even her.

"You are mistaken," she said, "I love this girl. Why should I wish to work her ill?"

"Why have you murdered all those who were dear to me? Oh, madam, do not think to deceive me; I have known you too long, I understand your arts too well."

Catharine murmured some indistinct reply, and moved forward to pick up the bracelet, but Charles' quick eye caught the movement, and pushing her roughly aside he seized the bauble.

"Look here," he hissed, pressing a secret spring—"look here!"

A single drop of colorless liquid glittered upon the lining of the bracelet like an added jewel, but in its lustre there was a quick and terrible death.

A temporary madness came over the king; his eyes were blood-shot, the foam flew from his lips, and his voice was like the cry of some animal.

"You shall wear it, woman! It is a royal present and shall be set upon the queen's brow—do not struggle—I say it will become you well."

He caught Catharine's arm in his iron grasp and drew her toward him.

"Mercy, Charles," she shricked, "you would not murder your own mother."

The words restored him to himself. He flung her violently from him and dashed the bracelet upon the marble floor.

"You acknowledge it then?" he said "Go hence, but remember my warning! The life of Henry d'Anjou depends upon the fate of this girl—if she dies they shall wrap him in his winding-sheet before her corse is cold."

He turned toward Clemence, who began to revive and look wildly around.

"It was a dream," she moaned, "a horrid and your fortune is made."
dream."

"I am here, dearest," cried Charles; "lock up, you are safe. Go," he continued to Catharine, "this is not your place! The same walls shall no longer shelter us, the life that is left me shall be passed in quiet. Bad mother—false queen—murderess!"

His eyes were blazing more wildly, his voice grew more terrible. Suddenly the blood rushed to his lips, a spasm contracted his chest, and he fell forward upon the floor with his head resting upon the lap of Clemence.

Catharine heeded neither his agony nor the girl's frenzied cries for help. She stood for an instant looking down at the prostrate form, then a paroxysm of rage swept over her. She spurned him with her foot, hissing out from between her teeth.

"You have thwarted my hatred for once, but Catharine lives only to avenge."

Before the attendants without could be aroused the woman had disappeared from the room, leaving that blood-stained form upon the floor, and Clemence bending over it in mad despair.

#### CHAPTER III.

Two weeks had passed, and Charles IX. still lay upon his bed, prostrated by the illness which had succeeded that scene of wild excitement.

In the solitude of her chamber, Catharine de Medici was walking to and fro with her noise-less tread, her hands crossed upon her breast, and her face pale with the sinister plots that wove themselves together in her active brain.

"If Henry d'Anjou were but here," she muttered; "I recognize my own spirit there—he is worthy to be my son."

She seated herself at a table and began scaling up a closely-written packet, stamping the wax upon the silk cords with an energy corresponding with her thoughts. She touched a hand bell, and one of her confidential attendants entered at the summons.

- "Is the courier prepared?" she asked.
- "He waits without, your majesty."
- "Bid him enter," she almost whispered, sinking back in her chair, and losing herself in the stern revery of the past hour.

When the man's steps aroused her, she looked up and glanced searchingly into his face.

"Pierre Godet," she said, "you will bear this packet to the king of Poland; a band of armed men will accompany you beyond the spot where you were last assaulted. Pause neither for rest nor sleep till this paper is in his majesty's hand and your fortune is made."

"The queen knows that she can trust me-"

like the wind-not an instant is to be lost."

The man took the packet, and with a low reverence disappeared from the chamber. Catharine rose from her seat and resumed the slow march, which gave something so spectre-like to her noiseless form.

Late that night, when the eastle was at rest, the woman crept out of her apartments and glided through the galleries toward the king's chamber. A secret door gave her admittance, and she stood concealed by the tapestry looking into the room.

Charles was lying upon the couch, and Clemence sat watching by his side. The shaded lamps cast a dim light through the apartment, revealing the faces of the two, and lending a glow to the sombre draperies of the couch, which only heightened the pallor of the sick man's features.

He had been sleeping more quietly than his wont, and the girl sat with hushed breath, lest the slightest sound should rouse him from that tranquil rest. While that unseen watcher stood regarding them, he opened his eyes and looked into Clemence's face with a smile.

- "I have not slept so quietly in months," he said, "and I am free from pain. Ah, Clemence, you are a gentle nurse."
  - "Are you indeed better, Charles?"
- "Much better. To-morrow I shall rise, and you will see me well again."
- "These have been sad weeks," said the girl, with a shudder; "but all is over now-you will be well again."

"And we happy, Clemence," he replied, clasping her hand in his wasted fingers. "Your peace shall no longer be troubled, my bird. When I leave this bed, Catharine de Medici will quit this palace and my presence forever. Henceforth I will be king of France indeed, and in a foreign land that bad woman may have leisure to repent the past, which lies like fire upon my heart."

Not a fold of the tapestry trembled; that woman listened in the same stony attitude, her eyes fastened upon the speaker with a deadly venom in their depths.

"You will teach me to forget, Clemence," he continued, in the same gentle tone, so unlike the harsh voice habitual to him of old. "This good realm must possess some spot where even its king can find rest-we will seek it out, little one, is it not so?"

"I breathe again," the girl murmured. "You will be well to-morrow, Charles, to-morrow!"

"I know, I know! But be watchful and ride; the listener crept away with the same stealthy tread.

> "To-morrow," she muttered, "to-morrow! Do they count on that, and Catharine de Medici within these walls? Oh, now there is no time to wait-boy you have sealed your doom! D'Anjou can arrive in time, and these hands shall wrench the crown from the brow of yonder driveler, to set it on the head of one worthy to be a king."

She returned to her room, and opened a secret cabinet set in the wainscoted wall. The flame of her night lamp revealed a score of jeweled flasks and carved boxes, from among which she selected a small phial containing a few dreps of colorless liquid.

The woman took from the table a square of fine linen bearing no cipher, and poured the contents of the phial upon its folds. Then she stole back to the room she had left and stood shrouded by the draperies as before had dropped again to sleep for a few moments, and even Clemence slumbered overcome by the long watch.

A tall figure crossed the floor and dropped the kerchief upon a table near the couch, then disappeared again behind the tapestry. little the king awoke, complaining of thirst, and Clemence held to his lips a cooling draught which he drank eagerly.

"Bathe my forehead, Clemence," he said, "it is heated and feverish; I have had a strange dream, I thought something of evil was near us."

The girl went to the table, and taking up a napkin which lay there, deluged it with water and placed it upon his brow, pressing it down with her slender hand. At the sight those terrible eyes shone more fiercely in the gloom, but there was no other sign!

"It is cool and pleasant," murmured the sick man; "it feels like dew, Clemence."

He slept again, but it was only for a moment, waking with a start and a wild cry for help.

"Take it off, Clemence, it burns like fire!"

He snatched off the napkin and flung it upon the floor, pressing his hands upon his forehead to still the pain.

"It is gone now," he said; "it felt as if a hot iron were searing into my brain! I can sleep, Clemence; come closer to me, I can sleep."

Again the woman stole forth amid the shadows, and this time a fiendish exultation lit up the whiteness of her face.

"Ay, sleep," she muttered, "sleep, but you will find a deeper rest ere long."

The morrow brought no healing change. The king was consumed by a burning fever, and The hangings dropped noiselessly down, and every vein in his body looked purple and swollen.

Through the frame of Clemence too crept a heavy } from the bed, and consciousness seemed to relanguor, which she deemed the result of long watching, and soon forgot in her anxiety.

The day passed on, but still that strange fever increased, baffling the skill of the physicians, who were at a loss even to give it a name. At times the king's mind wandered, and he would shriek wildly for aid from the demons that beset Terrible objects presented themselves to his sight; murdered men glared upon him with their sightless eyes; seas of blood rushed foaming by him, and every billow broke with a human groan; battles and stern contention waged round his bed; terrors more like a premonition of the Judgment than fever dreams tortured him. But Clemence kept her post, faithful and tireless, hushing the agony in her heart.

On the morrow of the sixth day, a cry sounded through that old castle which froze the blood of all who heard it. Around the king's door gathered a frightened crowd, but none but the physicians and Clemence were allowed within.

He lay tossing upon his bed, tearing his flesh, and shricking in agony. The linen of the couch was dyed crimson, for the veins about his chest and forehead had burst, and streams of dark blood cozed slowly out upon the bed. His eyes were starting from their sockets, and the face was contracted until it seemed scarcely human. In vain the priest spoke words of consolation and hope, they fell unheeded upon the ear into which fiendish tongues were gibing, while sights of increased horror dilated through the gloom and about every object.

"Clemence," he shricked, "they have torn her away-she is drowned in that sea of bloodhow it swells and rolls-no help-nearer and nearer it comes."

"Charles!" cried the girl; "I am here—it is a dream-oh, I am here!"

There was a step, and when the watchers turned, Catharine de Medici stood looking down { still. upon the couch.

"Away with her!" he groaned; "murderessfiend! Quit my sight-it is your work-begone!"

The woman covered her face like one in extreme grief, and suffered herself to be led away.

"He will die without recognizing me," she murmured; "alas! my poor son."

The horrors of that death-bed increased, and added to her mental anguish, Clemence felt a strange torture clasping every nerve in its fiery grasp until her brain grew dizzy.

"Answer me, my son," pleaded the confessor; "rouse yourself to receive the last rites."

"Clemence, Clemence," moaned the king. "Lost, lost forever-that sea of blood! Hark! those shouts-they are upon them-the Huguenots fall on every side! Take them away-dead bodies crush me down-take them off-the air is fire!"

He fell back upon the bed exhausted, a bloody sweat deluging his body and streaming down upon the linen. Still the priest pleaded, but his voice was unheard-that wild cry for help went up at intervals, then for a season all was still.

The burning pain crept closer to Clemence's heart, the air seemed liquid fire, and the words of the dying man roused images of horror even to her sight.

Suddenly the king sprang up-a hoarse rattle sounded in his throat-his outstretched hands knotted and worked like tortured serpents.

"It overwhelms me, the waves—the red waves! No help-no aid-I am sinking-down-down!"

With another shriek, which penetrated to the farthest chamber of the castle, the soul of Charles IX. rushed unshriven into eternity. The bloodstained corse fell back stiff upon the pillows.

With a low moan, Clemence sank upon the motionless form—a prayer broke from her lips a convulsion passed over her limbs-then all was They bent over her-spoke to her-but in The sufferer sprang almost { vain—she lay dead upon the bosom of her lover.

#### CHRISTIAN'S "THEIR'S WAS HOPE." THE

CHADWICK.

FROM our home we miss them sadly. When the evening hour draws nigh, And unbidden tears are gushing As we think of days gone by; For the Reaper claimed our treasures, And we dare not question why.

Bright'y beamed life's morn before them, Sweet and holy were earth's ties-But our Father in his wisdom

Called them early to the skies. They have come off more than conquerors, They have won, we trust, the prize.

And we would not, though we mourn them, Call them from that radiant shore, Hoping rapturously to greet them When these parting scenes are o'er-Weary pilgrims, may we enter, Glad to learn the angel's love.



#### JENNY MANNING IN тне COUNTRY.

#### BY SARAH HAMILTON.

live here," said a pretty woman, marring her face with lines of discontent, while a contemptuous expression robbed the ripe, pouting lips of all their usual beauty. "No, Thomas, I tell you again, it is unendurable," and she glanced about the room, at the low ceiling, and impatiently down upon the oil-cloth carpet, "it is cold here, the atmosphere chills me to death. Do you? hear?"

"Yes, dear," said the gentleman addressed, emiling upon the baby boy seated upon his knee, pulling his fair ringlets about his fair, little face, and laughing when his child laughed.

"But you don't care, Thomas, that is certain. You don't care, you never do. Why don't you plan something better for the future?"

"What shall I do, Jenny?"

"Go to the city and work. There's enough to do. Rent a house—hire girls—take boarders -anything to relieve me of this ennui."

"If I only could, Jenny," said the husband, putting his boy softly down; "but this is not a bad place. I love the good country air-it braces me up. The farm is mine-all that I own in the world-one from which I can earn an honorable and a good living. In the city I was continually meeting with losses. Why not stay here?"

"Stay here! Thomas Manning, look about you at the coarse plastering-the cheap, vulgar paper-the rough wainscotting. Does this look like a home?" Tears flooded her face, and the poor woman sought her mean little chamber overhead.

Mr. Manning got leisurely up-walked across the floor, once or twice, with his hands behind him-looked out of the high, narrow windows on the broad landscape, and forgot his momentary trouble, for such showers were common, and it would be a severe squall to mar, for any great length of time, his usual undisturbed mind.

Now, I might go back years, and spin a long § yarn out of this. I might say that, between the husband and wife, there had been, from the first, a lack of congeniality in tastes and dispositions. Patience with the world. People seem deter-I might say neither possessed sufficient force mined to be miserable, many of them. I won-of character to raise and sustain the other. I der if anything but misery would console them

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"THERE! I do declare I can't and I won't ness was of a negative sort, amounting to nothing but what would cause irritation to a sensitive companion, who needed and longed for a support to which she in her weakness might cling. I might say all this, and it would be true.

> I might say, too, that she had no right to be constantly irritated by the circumstances around her-that she had no right to be constantly bringing unhappiness to others, because of the few real clouds, and the many imaginary ones that clouded her domestic sky. I might say much more, telling the many why and wherefores of the misery and darkness that had settled upon their roof, and weighed heavily, at least, upon the heart of one; but what would it avail?

> He, the husband, was kindly affectionate. She, the wife, had loved him above all others, was still loving him, would be content, spite of all his short-comings, had he wealth to pave the

> Was there, then, any real reason that love should dwell in their midst a silent song birdthat the sunshine should live only in the outer porch of their hearts, and gladness thrive only out of their dwelling?

> "Poor Jenny is to be pitied!" remarked I to aunt Hannah, the other day. "I'm sure my heart aches for her."

> "Did you tell her so?" inquired aunt Hannah, looking keenly over her spectacles.

> "Yes, I could not help it. I go often to see her. She so needs sympathy."

> "Humph!" She couldn't help saying it, aunt Hannah, who, when she deigns to speak, selects the most expressive words. She went on, "A hundred and fifty dear friends pitying and sympathizing with her, Jenny Manning, who might be happier than a queen-friends who care not two coppers for all her sorrows-who would scarcely give that amount to relieve them, but who pity from a momentary impulsiveness, and, out of sight, either forget entirely, or prate of the inconsistency of her conduct."

"But, aunt Hannah-

"Don't aunt Hannah me. I have lost all might say that he was too easy, that his good- in another world. They would then find no use

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for all the fine phrases about uncongenialities, im- } only tried half so hard to make her happy, I panions would she but let them talk to her. would be proud of you."

them over and over on my way home, and the more I thought of them the more I thought she ? was right, and what she said I felt was true.

I went up stairs to my own handsomely furnished chamber, excusing myself, that evening, to the gay company below, trying to think how, in what way, I could do anything to make Jenny happy-so happy, that aunt Hannah would be proud of me. One, two, three, merrily sang out a little French clock, and then I dreamed a glad, pleasant dream. I woke in the morning with the resolve to do something worthy my womanhood, to manufacture, if possible, a bit of blue overhead for my friend.

I called on her at an early hour. She seemed surprised, and a little embarrassed, to see me at such an unseasonable time. But I quietly took off my cape-bonnet, using it for a fan, and asked her to sit down a little while and hear me talk. I told her "I felt as if I had been wasting too much sympathy upon her; or, rather, something very foolish, that went by that name. I had now come to offer something better-something that the most of people were too proud, too selfconfident to accept. My only excuse was a real heartfelt interest in her welfare. Would she suffer me to go on?"

"Yes, she supposed I had been hearing some new tale of scandal regarding her extravagance, her unhappy disposition, her dislike of the country. I might speak as long as I liked, she was getting hardened, it made but very little difference to her what people thought or said regarding her affairs."

This was said in a stoical sort of a way, and her face were not so much of its usual disconsunshine: however I persevered. I had come to \( \) imagination—I proised the husband. spend the day, and Jenny Manning should be the happier for it.

I glanced about the rough-looking apartment, pressibilities, distressing emotions and sad spent at the stiff dining chairs, the bare table. There days. Their eyes would tire with the constant \ were no ornaments, no pictures, none of those glory of heaven. There would be no rainy tears pretty little things that so brighten up and rento wipe away, and cheerfulness would be of no der beautiful our homes. The prospect was a moment, if it went unrelieved by the heaving dreary one. For a moment I thought it was I tell you, Anna Howard, I have no enough to make any one miserable. Then I patience; here you are, a great girl of twenty thought of the pretty nick-nacks that I had summers, lending all the aid in your power admired in her city home—I remembered certain helping your friend to be miserable. If you well-bound volumes, that might be precious com-

I felt it was of but little use for me to lay my I did love Jenny Manning very much, and I plans before her then, or to give her any advice, felt hurt at aunt Hannah's remarks. I thought \( \) so I told her to go on with her task and I would amuse myself. I went out in the orchard and found Mr. Manning hard at work. He greeted me with a good-natured smile, saying, "He was not only glad to see me on Jenny's account, but really on his own. He liked company, but it was not quite so necessary for him as for his wife."

> I asked him what he thought about fixing the old house up? "If he didn't think it would have a tendency to make Jenny better contented?"

> "He didn't know as it would-he thought likely she would insist upon his selling out, and then the repairs would bring in nothing." Mr. Manning was one of those persons who could see a thing in its own proper light, as long as another held the veil aside that blinded him. when he was obliged to do his own thinking.

> "It is such a trouble, Anna. What would you do first?"

> "Procure white-wash, and make every dark, smoky corner pure."

"And then what?"

"Lighten up your paint. So much wood work needs to wear a pleasant color to the eyes."

"And then?"

"Paper your rooms with some pretty, not gaudy or expensive hangings." So it was settled, and in our cheerful talk about it at the dinner-table, I could see that even the wife was beginning to feel interested, though she bad but little to say.

I helped her put away the dinner things, and prevailed upon her to take the baby-the other children were at school-for a ramble; pure air and forest shade, I knew, would bring back my old friend to her own natural self-and it did. Instead of shedding tears and saying, "Poor tent, as it did of something not so good even- Jenny!" as I had so many times before, when a fixed, determined look of going on in the old \( \) patiently listening to the recital of her sorrows, way till it ended in a sour indifference, a misan- } I said, "Happy Jenny!" and drew a picture for thropical hate for everything that lived in the ther to look upon, colored with brightest tints of

> She was beginning to slightly look down upon him as she saw him, day after day, come in with

hardening hands and embrowned brow. I told ; shrinking the curse of so many?

"God made the country-man the town." Luxuries were not to be despised—riches were Anna? Damask table-cloths because of their not to be despised—but neither could alone be- fineness?" interrogated Mrs. Manning of me, in stow happiness-refinement, beauty, could dwell \ tones a bit ironical. in the humblest cot, and these were far better, ? far more to be desired. She had children more beautiful than the finest statuary; flowers sweeter \ less you are lacking some common articlethan all the tinsel of a millionaire's parlor; and something which you or yours need for your a landscape from each window of such exquisite light and shade, such rare blending of color and be otherwise procured. I would not advise the diversity of scenery as never shone upon canvas. Spurchase of these things were they not already

place. Roses should learn to clamber, and vines to creep and beautify the outside homeliness.

mentioned were made in her home. place wore an uncomfortable, bare look.

progress of affairs. She sometimes stroked my fold you in its sweet garments, it will rain pearls hair, it was better than word commendation, and in your pathway." steady, severe aunt Hannah was willing too to add her mite. Jenny was taken by surprise to feel that she ennobled her home instead of her find, on entering her "fore-room" one bright home degrading her-a long time before she July morning, aunt Hannah's only favorite house could honor herself, and not feel hurt and deplant loaded with blossoms, filling the whole graded when called upon by some old associate. apartment with a rare fragrance. It was not so But it is all past now. Beautiful, lovely, commuch the value or beauty of the gift that stirred { fortable, that is the word, comfortable—can you the deep fountains of Jenny's heart-it was the understand all it means?-is Jenny Manning in love, the interest manifested in its bestowal. A the new life whose dawn is brightening to-day. delicate offering, much prized by the giver, sent \ Fair are the children that grace her fire-sidethere to whisper gentle, sweet things that aunt { fair would they shine in a palace; and friends, Hannah could, did feel, but which her lips never she now gives them the "fore-room" in her uttered. Haven't we all seen and loved an aunt \ heart, and it is blessed and gladdened by their Hannah?

I did not find it difficult, after having fully her all the clever things I had ever heard said awakened in my friend an interest—an interest, of him-I interested her in him-the blue eyes to be sure, coming and going meteor-like, but were even smiling. Then I warmed the mother's which was every way better than a continual heart up, as I spoke of her children, and of apathy-for us to agree in beautifying the place. the necessity of rendering their home attrac- Her piano, a marriage gift, I especially wanted; tive, that they might not long for the time to \ for a whole year it had remained boxed up, and come when they might leave it, and all its un- | Jenny had emphatically declared it should never pleasant associations, unfitted for the tempta- be brought there. I wanted it not only for her tions and trials beyond. Oh, a true mother was sake, but for her children's. Music that so hara divine artist-would she send defaced images \( \) monizes and blends together the family, softenabroad over the world?-deformity from one ing, elevating, enriching, making better, and, generation to another? Could she bear un- therefore, happier all who listen, can be out of place no where.

> "Silver forks-will you have me sell these, "My cake-baskets, too, being unnecessary articles."

"Not unless it is necessary, Jenny-not unpresent well being and comfort, which cannot Each year attractions could be added to the in your possession, but use them, enjoy themnot for company, but for yourselves. Fill your baskets with mosses, flowers, you will find they By steady perseverance all the alterations produce a pretty effect smiling through the white Still the net-work. You have as good a right to take your draught at the fountain of beauty as the Aunt Hannah was becoming interested in the best-bathe in its pelucid waves, and let it en-

It was a very long time before Jenny could

presence.

#### WHAT IS HOPE?

A BEACON beaming from afar-The weary wand'rer's guiding star-The poet's lay-the lover's dream-A sunbeam sparkling on the stream-A baim to soothe the heart's unrest-A rainbow on the storm-cloud's crest-

A ray of light in sorrow's hour-'Neath Wintry skies a bud, a flower-An olive branch upon the wave, That bears us onward to the grave-A priceless gem of worth untold Enshrin'd within the heart's deep fold,



# GILLIAN.

#### BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 241.

### CHAPTER IV.

A surr of rooms, forming a gorgeous vista of subdued carpet, frescoed walls, ceilings from passions is sometimes more striking than their which the glowing flowers seemed ready to drop \ outbreak. An abrupt exclamation now and then, in masses, and tall windows muffled with draperies, upon which floods of light that fell from sharp glitter of an eye fiercely uplifted from the brackets and chandeliers turned wine-colored, and seemed to eddy and flow and ripple downward through the silken folds. Upon the walls great mirrors gleamed, like lakes margined with \( \) trance a table was laid, glittering with silver gold and buried in foliage, some in shadow giv- } engraved to the delicacy of ice jewelry, and glass ing out cool reflections, others throwing back that seemed cut from the ice itself. light like a crystal pool in the sunshine. Those panels which were not occupied by mirrors frost-work of silver; and the glass, amber-hued glowed with pictures, through which Bacchus and ruby-tinted by rare wines that filled it, reeled under his coronal of grape leaves; and mingled in one luxurious picture. Venus appeared, over and over again, smiling \( \) whole was tamed down by the chandelier above, at his feet, or, with her white hands, crushing \ whose shades absorbed the light like great pearls the blood-purple clusters into his recking wine- and gave it forth in moonbeams.

cup. Such gods and godesses as Bacchus loved It was beyond the usual hour to humanize into coarse beauty, laughed and the games went on, and even those who were reeled through these pictures; and though \ evidently but lookers on, became so interested women never entered those apartments day or in the play, that a furtive glance was all they night, you could not turn without meeting some could bestow on the dimly lighted table beyond. bewitching glance, or beckoning attitude, which disturbed you with an idea of their actual prefloated still among the rich draperies and sen- appeared openly in the outer room. suous pictures.

high that night. There was little noise and no tall and lithe, the repose almost sullen of his · 800

s appearance of confusion—the excitement was too intense for that. But the hush of restrained the hiss of a breath suddenly drawn in, and the cards, alone gave evidence of the contest in reality raging through these rooms.

In the most distant apartment from the en-

Forced fruits gleamed richly through this

It was beyond the usual hour for supper, but

sence. Indeed this luxurious mockery of life fell tained with crimson damask which swept the upon you like enchantment. It was like living carpet. But these draperies concealed the enover the most splendid scene of a classic romance; trance to a series of Interal apartments, where but to the true man there was something repul- the more respectable frequenters of the house sive in it all, a feeling that the moral atmosphere made up select parties, and trod for themselves a was unwholesome, as if sighs and unheard curses more aristocratic road-to-ruin than those who

Among the group that surrounded the faro That keen intuition, which is the essence of stable, was a young man who had been quietly our natural senses, till they become demoralized but desperately betting for the last hour. He was and coarse like an overripe flower, was sufficient \alpha a tall, handsome fellow, whose presence struck to warn any good man that evil associations you, at first sight, with a resistless idea not only lurked everywhere around him. But few good of great personal beauty, but of corresponding men ever entered that building. The clink of intellect. Dark-brown hair, with a wave running gold, the rustle of bank notes, and the low hum { through it; large, grey eyes, black under exciteof conversation which filled those rooms through \ ment, and a fresh, pure complexion were by no the night hours, had little in them calculated to } means the first things that struck you in his apdraw the honorable and true into that haunt. Spearance, for these are common advantages that The rooms were full of company, for play ran we meet almost without notice; but his figure,

manner, conspired to excite almost as much dis- vlike a novice. His courage ought to have protrust as admiration. The expression of his face, and the almost insolent repose of his bearing, were points that riveted the attention which his fine person invited.

He had lost heavily, ruinously perhaps, but the wild anguish which might have been looked for in a face so youthful failed to excite sympathy; a dead, sullen cloud settled on his face, and, with his eyes bent to the floor, he turned from the table, moving slowly down the room.

All at once a stinging sense of his position seemed to seize upon him; for, putting one hand { into his bosom where some weapon was evidently concealed, he turned abruptly aside, lifted one of the crimson curtains, and stood panting in the recess separated from the large gambling ? hall by the silken drapery and a smaller room, by a double door, through which faint sounds reached his ear, though at the moment they did not arrest his attention. After a moment the young man subdued his agitation, and drew his hand slowly from his bosom, muttering dog-

"What a fool! Kill myself here-disgrace! Well, what of it? My name dishonored-who cares? Where did it come from? Who would feel the shame? Arrest-oh! there lies the ? danger."

as the last unpleasant idea forced itself on his the stillness, voices reached him, not from the conviction, and his limbs began to tremble. The \hall, but through the doors opening from the gloom of a States prison hovered over him. As { recess. he stood thus, a voice reached him from the hall; for some of the tables had broken up and their movement, and, slowly bending his head again, occupants were passing toward the supper-room. { listened without a gesture, or a breath. A group of two or three persons halted near the recess, and, supposing that he had left the establishment, were discussing his misfortunes.

"The son of a millionaire!" said one. thing of the sort—confidential clerk in the house & softly he unclosed the outer door, and left nothing of N. L. & Co., with a salary which his losses but a frame covered with green baize between to-night will more than cover, if the money was } really his own."

"A splendid young rascal, any way," answered another careless voice, "and sure to come up { with a sharp turn if the heads of his firm get hold of this night's business."

"Which they will, sooner or later, even if it is not their cash he has been hazarding."

"Then heaven help him, for the old fellows? will have no mercy. They belong to the benevo- bosom, he held the sheath between his teeth, as lent evangelical order, and believe in capital if to prevent his breath escaping with the punishment, strict justice and all that-never slightest sound, and cut a small slit in the baize, saw the inside of a place like this, and would be through which it was possible to see all that shocked to look upon the outer walls. But who } passed in the chamber beyond. An exclamation

voked better luck. What is his name? and who are his parents?"

"His name is Hurst, John, Richard or William, I have no idea which it is; as for his family, if he ever had any, I am ignorant of the fact. He lives with an old lady, some aunt, or cousin, across town, whom his salary ought to support, for she has been more than a mother to him, and her means of support are scanty enough."

"But he seems well educated."

"Like a prince. The poor old soul did more than educate him for his present calling; he graduated with first-class honors, not a year ngo."

"He does not seem more than one-and-twenty now."

"Not so old. Late hours, and this sort of thing has dashed all the freshness from his youth; but he is only a boy yet."

The group passed on, and, strange to say, the last words affected the young man behind the curtains more than any that had gone before.

"Only a boy!" he repeated, bitterly, "I'll let them see! Fools, is this night's work that of a boy?"

After this he listened keenly, hoping to discover that the inmates of the hall had been tempted off to the supper room, when he could He lifted a hand distractedly to his forehead, withdraw unseen; but, as he bent his head in

He started, drew himself up with a quick

No words were discernible through the thick doors, but the tones of a voice reached him, and the possibility of it belonging to one person in-"No- spired him with a desperate joy. Slowly and him and the room beyond; a very faint glimmer of light flickered through the baize, but it was impossible to see more than that, though the voices were now distinct.

The young man trembled with impatience. Quick as lightning his intellect grasped the means of safety that lay in that voice, should it prove the one he hoped. He dared not open the door, but softly drawing a sharp knife from his is the young fellow? He didn't plank his money almost escaped him, for there, at a table, earnest

man in whose power his destiny was placed. \ "This is recklessness-not philosophy." For half an hour he crouched in that recess, watching the grey-haired gamblers at their midnight work: every word that fell from their lips was treasured, every gesture recorded in his memory.

At last the party broke up, and the four men prepared to depart after appointing a like meeting two nights from that, in which the losers were to claim revenge for their losses.

The party disappeared through some private door, which did not lead to the hall, and thus young Hurst obtained a secret of the establishment, which he felt sure of making available.

Now he was really excited, despair had made him sullen, but the hope born of this discovery, which promised him both safety and revenge, brought a sparkling light to his eyes, and changed his entire face. He waited awhile, resolving this new state of things over in his mind, and at length smiling with satisfaction, parted the curtains and stepped into the hall again.

As he had conjectured, the visitors were in the supper-room, and with his usual sauntering composure he turned that way.

"Give me wine," he said, reaching forth a glass, "I wish to drink a toast to a young lady who persecutes me with unpleasant attentions, especially to-night."

A gentleman filled his glass, saying carelessly to those around him,

"Be quiet, will you, while Hurst toasts his lady love?"

"Oh, ha! Hurst back again: pluck in that," cried half a dozen voices. "Now for the lady."

Hurst held up his glass to the light, smiling with supercilious foppery on the wine, as one might be expected to smile who could utter a lady's name in such company.

"Come-come."

mischievous twinkle of the eye, "to Miss Fortune, the coquette, and shall be very glad to } turn her over to any of you gentlemen at a moment's warning. One flirtation is enough for me."

A laugh went round the table, for there was a raciness and dash about the young fellow that made even second-hand wit acceptable. Indeed the whole company were lost in admiration of the wonderful self-possession that marked his behavior. Among all that company he seemed the most free from care or self-reproach.

"The boy will shoot himself before morning," whispered one of the men who had made his view. A porch thrown out in one direction; a

at play, sat the respectable head of his firm, the slosses a subject of conversation near the recess.

"I think not," was the reply. "See how steady his hand is, how cheerfully his lip curves. I tell you the fellow takes it coolly: an old stager of sixty could not carry off his losses more bravely. Look at him now."

"A splendid animal, isn't he? By Jove, if I had that figure, it should command an heiress with any amount of rocks."

"But that sort of speculation has so many unpleasant incumbrances," was the reply, "especially in a state where women hold their own property, and divorces are almost impossible; the laws have almost ruined that sort of thing. But if you have finished that bird, let's follow the youngster, he interests me."

The two men arose, and followed Hurst down the room; he knew them slightly, and paused as they came up. One was an elderly man, bald, and sleek of face, with a shrewd eye, and gentle manner. The other appeared somewhat under thirty, and prided himself on being not only a man-of-the-world, but a man of the peculiar world assembled in those rooms.

"Do you make an effort to retrieve?" said the elder, pointing to the faro-table.

"Not to-night," answered Hurst, smiling. "You remember my toast. One does not get rid of a lady-love so easily: besides, I am sleepy. Good evening, gentlemen."

With a bow and slight wave of the hand, Hurst passed on down the room and away, leaving the two gamblers looking at each other, half amused, half disdainful.

"He's a trump!" said the younger.

"Young America!" sneered the elder, in his silky way. "The boys are crowding us out everywhere."

### CHAPTER V.

A LITTLE out from New York, on that side "I drink," he said, lifting his glass with a of the Bloomingdale road which forms a picturesque look to the Hudson, within sound of the city, and yet not exactly in it, stood a pretty cottage. It was back from the road, and so near to the river, that, in the morning, a portion of its shadow fell upon the water. It was almost concealed from the road by a growth of old forest trees. The river bank was broken and rocky, affording pretty hollows, where the ferns grew thriftily; and flat ledges, on which the moss lay like a carpet. The cottage had once been a farm house, but judicious improvements had recently transfigured it into a picturesque home. remarkable for being unlike any dwelling within bay window here; a balcony there; and clinging, she narrated, or the pictures that she drew. roses and vines wreathing all into harmony, { Had you spoken to her, at such times, she promade the house neither cottage, farm house nor bably would not have heard you, save to be villa, but a most desirable residence, for all that. The house was a type of nothing but itself; or, it may be, of the person who inhabited it.

active woman, full of energy, rich in feeling, and it. Once fastened upon a train of thought, and it time she presents herself in this narrative, won from this arose the vigor and intensity which for her commanding influence, and a wide reputa- } marked all that she wrote. tion: an influence which sometimes bore heavily result of her labors.

lady capable of little snatches of song and pretty & back with sympathy. Then she would dash into trifles, that live and die in the world of letters her subject again, and sheet after sheet left her like wild flowers in a wood; but a maker of hands, till she grew pale with exhaustion, and books, a worker out of thought in its most beau- drooped forward, with her arms folded on the tiful form. She was, at once, a poet, a prose table, gazing upon the river, too weary for exwriter, an artist in soul, and a woman of society ertion, yet unable to withdraw her mind from at the same time.

The room in which she sat opened upon the river, which flowed pleasantly on in full view of her folded arms, and scattered manuscript lying the broad window before which her writing- at her feet, when the door softly opened, and a table was placed. Book cases, crowded with Madras kerchief, crowning a handsome, coppervolumes, covered every available part of the colored face, was thrust through the opening room. A marble head or two looked calmly down upon her as she wrote; and the picture of \ some mulatto, to whom the kerchief and face bean old man, that hung over the mantle-piece, clonged, stole softly across the room, and stood so seemed to watch her with grave interest, as he as to throw her shadow across the paper on alone knew the history of her life and intended \ which her mistress was writing. to guard the secret.

There was none of the frippery, with which female writers in these callous days love to surround themselves, in that room Julia Ransom had got far beyond all that in her ascent up the hill of life. Two or three substantial easy-chairs, cushioned with embroidery wrought by the female friends who loved her, stood about; a footstool to match, from which the roses were { worn out by the constant pressure of her slipper; a table covered with crimson, and littered with a hand across her forehead, and languidly repens, paper, books and pencils, with a bronze ceived the card. ink-stand after the model which Ariosto left; with a crimson couch, on which she sometimes rested after the excitement of hard writing, were sufficiently feminine in their appointments, without misboding you as to the character of their owner.

Julia Ransom was alone and writing, for it here." was the morning hour, and she usually commenced early and wrote late till her task was up and down the room two or three times, apdone, throwing her whole being into the event parently annoyed by the intrusion of a stranger

slightly annoyed by the sound. Had she answered you, the words would have escaped her lips unconsciously, and she might have given She was a woman of middle-age, an earnest, you all she possessed on earth without knowing endowed with a rare intellect, which had, at the seemed impossible to wrench her mind away, and

Yet Julia Ransom never seemed alone, for the upon herself, from the duties of charity, or social old man over the mantle-piece was like a guarkindness, which it imposed; and a reputation, dian to her always. She would sometimes lift which she scarcely felt, so gradual had been its her face from the half-written sheet, and look growth, and so little had she sought for it as a upon the old man with smiling lips and an earnest expression of the eyes, which it seemed as This woman was an authoress. Not a literary \ if the very canvas must recognize and answer the drama it was creating.

She was sitting thus, with blank paper under

Mrs. Ransom did not look up, so the hand-

Mrs. Ransom looked up, impatiently.

"Well, Ruby, what is it?" she said, beginning to write again.

"A lady-a young lady-came in an open carriage, white horses; boy behind with a cockade and band; colored driver, looks like a prince right from Africa."

"Who is the lady, Ruby?"

"Here's the card, Miss."

Mrs. Ransom leaned back in her chair, drew

"Miss Gillian Bentley!"

She read the name over two or three times, drew her hand again and again across her eyes, then arose and went to the door.

"No," she said, hesitating with her hand on the knob. "Let the young lady come to me

The girl went out, while Mrs. Ransom paced

upon her occupation. the room, and stood, with her eyes on the door, when it opened to admit Gillian.

The young girl was a good deal embarrassed; for, the reputation of Mrs. Ransom, with a certain reserved shyness, which was neither pride nor bashfulness, had its effect on her frank nature: besides this, the lady did not advance, or smile, but stood, gazing on her with a long, wistful look, as if she had been the picture of some old friend.

At last Gillian stepped forward, blushing to the temples, and said, in a frank, child-like way,

"You were busy to-day, and I am intruding: pray let me retire."

"No, no! Intrusion? no!" was the confused "Be seated, here by the window. reply. not busy-far from it."

Gillian sat down in a chair near the window. Mrs. Ransom took her old seat, and, for a little time, there was profound silence between them. The young girl looked out upon the river; the lady sat gazing on her.

"Indeed, I fear the visit is unpardonable," she said, at last, glancing at the lady.

"Did you speak? I beg your pardon; butbut really I am a little wrong this morning. You wished to see me-to ask some questions, perhaps. Have no reluctance: it is not an uncommon thing for me to have strangers, especially those who have real or fancied sufferings. You do not seem of that class."

"No, no," said Gillian, "I have no sorrows to speak of, and, if I had, I should not bring them here, or anywhere else. It seems to me, that griefs are sometimes divine gifts, and should only be shared with divinity."

Julia Ransom's face kindled up, and the color broke into her face, that had, up to this time, been singularly pale.

"But would you withhold joys as well as griefs from friendly sympathy?" she said, with a smile that brought a glow into Gillian's face.

"No, indeed. Joy should be shared with every one, like the sunshine and other bright things. I wish it were in my power to fill your world with it, lady, for your writings have made half the happiness I ever knew."

Julia smiled, oh! such a bright, glorious smile. Words like these, full of sincerity and truth, were a beautiful reward for her toil of thought.

'You like my books, then?" she said, gently. to tell you how much."

She was in the middle of ; with a slight tremor of the lip, and some unnatural restraint, inquired if Gillian's parents also approved the books she had written.

> The face of the young girl clouded painfully, and she answered, that she had but one parent living, her father, and it was from him she had, at first, learned to love those books.

"He reads them-did you say that?" asked Mrs. Ransom, in a low voice.

"Indeed he does. My father is a learned man, you must know, and his mind is given to research and science rather than what is called light reading; but he is fond of the classics, and sometimes takes up a modern novel for an hour. It was in this way he became interested in your writings. We were in Europe, and a translation fell in his way. The translation of an American book was a rare thing till lately, you know, and this fact drew his attention. I think I never saw him so much interested in anything as he was in those books. I never saw him cry but twice in my life, and once was while he was reading them. Indeed his eyes were dim with tears half the time. It was a strange thing to see him feel so deeply, especially where the subject was a fiction."

"The book which makes you feel deeply is never a fiction. It is the truth which appeals to any heart successfully, no matter in what form you disguise it," said Julia Ransom, with emo-

"I am sure of that," answered Gillian, who was becoming more and more interested in the "It seems to me impossible that there should be no deep emotion in the heart of a writer who can draw tears from the souls of those who I should have no respect for the author who could excite feelings she did not herself know."

"No author can excite feelings which she does not herself know, either through her experience or the imagination," answered Mrs. Ransom, earnestly.

"This was exactly what my father said!"

Mrs. Ransom did not answer, but arose and walked to the window. Then she turned with one of her bright smiles, and laid her hand on Gillian's head. It was a beautiful picture-that noble woman, with her face eloquent of some grand but unexplained feeling; and the blushing girl, who lifted her eyes, with an expression so gentle and pleased, to meet the glance which fell lovingly upon her.

"You do not seem like a stranger to me, dear 'Like them? Oh! lady, if I had but words \ lady," said Gillian, as the hand glided softly adown her tresses; "but then, to whom could Mrs. Ransom hesitated, grew pale, and then, you be a stranger? I was afraid of being disappointed—everybody said it must be so, but } -but-

She stopped suddenly, and her eyes filled; for the lady stooped down and kissed her on the forehead, so fervently that it left a crimson flush behind Gillian started up with a quick impulse, attempted to throw her arms around the lady's neck, but dropped them again, blushing, and frightened at her own familiarity. But the lady reached forth her arms and drew the fair girl to her bosom, murmuring soft words over her which Gillian could never remember afterward without a swell of the heart, though their exact import never reached her.

"I have written to you so often, dreamed of you, thought of you. Oh! I wonder if every one worships genius as I worship it in you!"

Gillian laid her hand tenderly down on the lady's shoulder as she spoke; and Mrs. Ransom smoothed her hair while she smiled upon her.

"Then you have written to me?"

"Yes, so often, and you have answered me It is now six months since I first ventured on a letter. I was sad, very sad then; for we had that of kindred and household affections, it is just come to the country, and some things that } were told me about my family made me thoughtful: besides, I am full of wild fancies, and so must put them into poetry. I dared not show them to my father, or any one, but sent them to \( \) this beautiful world more sunshine than storm." you under a feigned name. You liked the poetry and the letters a little, I suppose, for your answers were very kind, and so I came."

"Thank you, love! a thousand times thank you! So it was you sent those letters, and the It was a pleasant introduction," said Mrs. Ransom. "I have little time for letterwriting, but yours were so natural, and frank, that I could not help answering them."

"I was determined to know you in some way," said Gillian, with a child-like laugh. "With no mother, or sister, I sometimes feel very lonely. The society here seems strange, and I long for some one to love: not a young girl like myself, but a woman, older, wiser and more kindly than girls are to each other. Oh! lady, you would pity me if you knew how I sometimes want a mother!"

Mrs. Ransom's face changed. A spasm of sharp pain seemed to force all the cheerfulness out of it. She held Gillian close to her bosom, which scarcely appeared to throb with breath.

"Oh! if I only had a child like you; but it ? irritable at times: a daughter's love would be reminded her of many conversations she had heaven to me; but I am used to living without \ held with her father: the same sweet pathos was affection."

"You, lady? oh!"

Mrs. Ransom smiled a sweet, piteous smile, that brought the tears into Gillian's eyes.

"Except from the poor that I can serve, and the friends who never thoroughly know one."

"But, lady, you have so many friends. It seems as if you must be so happy. Success, reputation, the greatest of all blessings, a free expression of thought."

"You misunderstand," answered the lady, with a grave smile. "I did not speak of myself as absolutely unhappy, but childless, or worse than that, and very lonely at times. But even outside the affections life has a great many pleasures, which no one is warranted in casting away because he or she cannot grasp everything. It is something to give happiness, to have earned the power of conferring it. There is absolute pleasure in labor, be it of thought or action. Do not think, young lady, that I complain or imagine misery poetical, far from it; grief is frequently more selfish than joy. When I say that one blessing is denied to me, but to share the fate of hundreds more worthy than myself, who, perhaps, have not so many resources of happiness as I possess. It must be a gloomy nature, indeed, which cannot find in

"But you, so affectionate, so warm-hearted, to exist without a return of that affection, that seems to me impossible; it is starving the heart!"

"No, it is only withholding its most exquisite nutriment. There is enough that is wholesome and good left, on which an earnest nature can live and thrive too," said Mrs. Ransom, with one of those noble expressions that bespoke so much earnestness. "Duties have their value as well as feelings; thought is rich with pleasure when properly exercised. Believe me, child, it is far better to be useful and good than to be happy."

"But I so hoped and wished to find you happy!"

"And so I am," answered the lady, with a low sigh. "Remember this is but the beginning of eternity with us: the first rudiments of anything are sure to be acquired with mistakes and difficulties; but time and effort conquers all things. If our first lessons in life are full of disappointments, the future is before us in which they can be turned into blessings, if not in this life, in that to which we go."

The solemnity and gentleness with which all I am a lonely woman, chastened, this was said touched Gillian profoundly. there, the same proof of deep thought.

her earnest eyes to the noble face bending over } her. "Oh, how I wish you knew my father!"

The features on which she gazed began to quiver, and at last broke into a smile of unspeakable tenderness: but the lady made no answer. She sat gazing into Gillian's face with a look so wistful and sad, that the young girl bowed her head and began to weep.

"Forgive me," she said, shaking the tears away, and laughing like an April morning. "I am always for crying-strange things-and that moment it seemed as if we had been acquainted thousands of years."

"Be careful how you indulge in wild thoughts like these," said the lady, with a gentle shake of the head.

Gillian colored and looked distressed. It was seldom that even the most gentle rebuke was extended to her, and she scarcely knew how to receive even this delicate caution. But when Mrs. Ransom smiled again it was apology enough.

Gillian arose to go, but as she stood with her hand in the lady's clasp, the door was again opened, and the mulatto glided in.

"Mr. Hurst," she began to say; but that instant the young man, whom we saw last in the gambling saloon, came hurriedly in, pushing the girl aside as he entered.

"My dear madam, what has come over Ruby? She insists on announcing me as if I were an ambassador."

Here he saw Gillian, gave a little start, and bowed profoundly.

"I beg pardon," he continued. "I see now what my impatience prevented her telling me. You are engaged."

"No, no," said Gillian, in her prompt way, "I was just going. Mrs. Ransom will forgive me for having stayed too long already."

The young girl turned her eyes on Mrs. Ransom, as she spoke, and saw that the lady had become suddenly pale, that her eyes sparkled, { evident reluctance.

"This is so like my father's," she said, lifting } and a strange excitement shook the hand she still clasped in her own.

> Hurst smiled and drew near, his audacity was graceful, but not the less offensive to Mrs. Ransom for that.

> "I shall never forgive myself, if I drive so much beauty away by this rude intrusion," he said, cowing Gillian with his bold glance of admiration.

> Mrs. Ransom started, her eyes flashed, and a frown swept her brows downward. Gillian was terrified by the haughty anger of that look; and Hurst drew a step back, evidently surprised by it

> Still grasping Gillian's hand, the lady led her from the room, sweeping by Hurst with the same angry look, and closing the door after them. But the moment they stood in the tiled pavement of the hall, her face changed suddenly as you see a storm go off in summer.

> "May I come and see you again?" whispered Gillian, rendered timid by the anger which had passed away.

> "Does-does your father know of this visit?" "Yes, I told him of my great wish to see you, and he consented."

> "Then come again when you desire it. Often, very often, if you can learn to love me a little." "I love you already," was the reply.

> They parted in the hall, but instead of returning to the room where young Hurst was waiting, Mrs. Ransom stood by the door motionless as a statue, and gazed into the distance long after the carriage, which conveyed Gillian, disappeared in the winding road that led from her house. At last she was disturbed by a hand laid on her arm. Young Hurst had come from the study, impatient of her absence, and with his usual daring broke in upon her reverie.

> She drew a deep breath, and turned toward him with a smile of ineffable happiness. But the moment her eyes met his the smile was gone, and she returned with him to the study with (TO BE CONTINUED.)

#### PATTERNS IN PATCH-WORK.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

WE give, this month, two patterns in patchwork, one of a bed-quilt, printed in colors, in the front of the number, which needs no description, and which we have designed ourself; and the other, a pattern lately brought out in a London, which is called the Chinese Pattern. In this latter, the shape of every piece is the same, that of half a square; two of these, sewn together, form the shape represented in the small

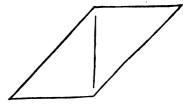
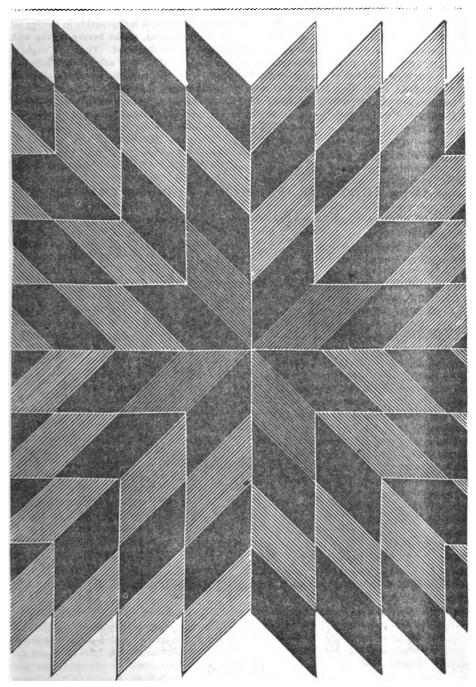


DIAGRAM OF CHINESE PATCH-WORK.



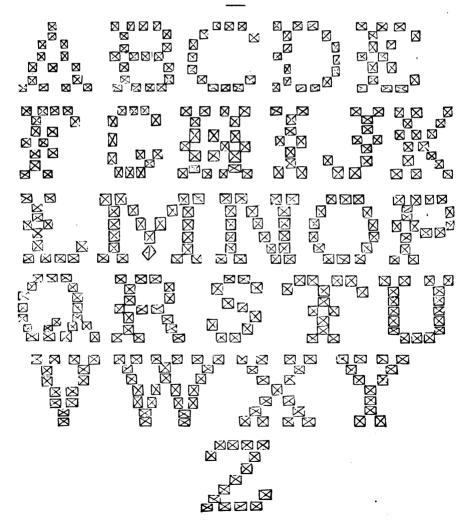
CHINESE PATTERN PATCH-WORK CENTRE.

eut annexed. The pattern makes a striking duced, heightens the effect, and this alternating sentre for a table-cover, or counterpane. The with a variety of colors is a great peculiarity. dispositions of the colors are new and curious. The centre star is composed of black and one There being a great proportion of black intro- color; each row after increases one point of both

black and colored at the four sides. We hope; matical precision is indispensable in cutting out the arrangement will be perfectly understood by the paper patterns, or the beauty of the work the illustration. The colors must be regulated will be entirely destroyed. The silks ought to either by taste or convenience, as the larger the be sewn with their own colors. The following design is worked the more of each color will be colors have a very handsome effect:—Crimson required. For chair-cushions to match the table- and black for the centre, next green and black, cover, this star is particularly handsome and violet and black, orange and black, blue and appropriate. We need scarcely add that mathe- black, and a light claret and black.

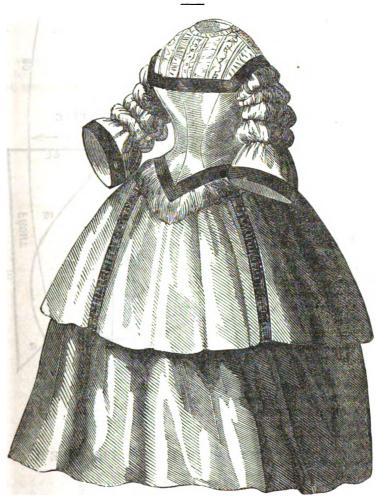
# ALPHABET FOR MARKING: FOR BEGINNERS.

BY MISS EMILY L. POSTON.



### THE RAPHAEL DRESS.

BY EMILY II. MAY.



One of the latest novelties, which has appeared ; shows off the lace or embroidery to great advanin Paris, is the Raphael dress, which we give tage, and contrasts well with the dress, which above, accompanied by a diagram on the follow- may be of either light or dark silk according to ing page. It combines the fashionable Raphael \( \) the taste of the wearer. A rich brown, or royal body with the double skirt, which latter is rapidly | blue, are the favorite colors abroad. But in superseding all other styles of skirt. It will be selecting the color, ladies must be guided, of seen that the upper part of the skirt is looped up, at regular intervals, with pliese, passing from fitness of colors has more to do in making a the hem of the upper skirt to the waist. An lady look well than the quality of the material. under body of fullings and insertion, either of Always buy that which suits your style: it gives lace or muslin, with a plain silk lining, which \ you individuality.

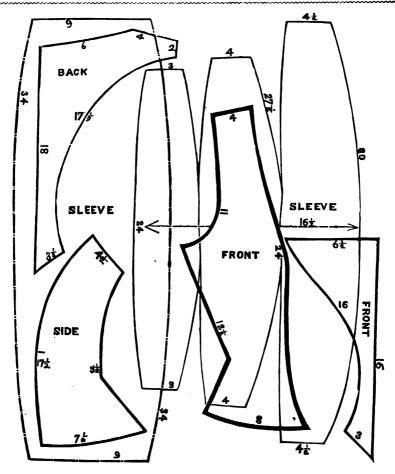


DIAGRAM OF RAPHAEL DRESS.

### TO CROCHET A TOILET SLIPPER.

## BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

the readers of "Peterson."

MATERIALS. - 1 oz. grey single zephyr, 1 oz. blue single zephyr, small bone crochet hook.

chain of 13 stitches.

working 8 stitches in seventh stitch.

We have designed this slipper expressly for 88 stitches every row, placing the 3 stitches in the centre stitch of every row. Work 24 rows, alternate grey and blue 4 rows each. This completes the toe. For the heel. 25th row .-- Work Begin at the toc. With the grey wool make a in s c 18 stitches. Be careful not to widen. Crochet a piece long enough to fit the sole. Join 1st Row.—Work in single crochet. Widen by } it to the other side of toe. Use a cork sole, sew the slipper to it with strong patent thread. Work 2nd Row .- Turn the work-crochet back, ob- 1 row double crochet around the upper part of serving to make the stitch in the under loop of the slipper. Edge with 1 row of shell stitch, chain formed by last row of work. This is done which is done by working 5 d c stitches in every to throw the ridge up on the right side. Widen alternate loop of last row with 1 sc stitch be-

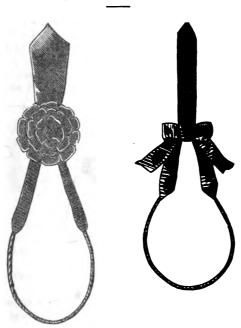


made of zephyr, or with elastic cord. If elastic make it tight enough to confine the slipper closely cord is used, trim the slipper with a bow of rib- to the foot. The colors may be varied to suit the bon.

tween each shell. Finish with cord and tassels \ Run the cord in the row of d c at top of slipper,

# THE SKIRT-HOLDER.

EMILY H. MAY.



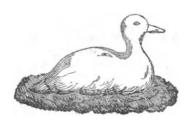
circle, and are joined by a knot, or velvet rose | pery which does not crease the dress in the least

This new article of the toilet, which has just { to another ribbon or velvet, the pointed end of appeared in London, is as elegant and graceful } which is fixed to the waist by a large hook placed as it is convenient. It is made in various underneath; under the rose or bow is placed a styles, either extremely simple, as represented buckle, by which the ribbons may be made lonin our engraving, or to become a decided orna- ger or shorter according as the dress is required ment to the dress. The one preferred for general to be more or less raised. One of the folds of use consists of a narrow, circular-shaped sup- the dress is passed into the circular part, falls port; ribbons are fixed to the extremities of the down over the support, and forms a natural dratume, is really ornamental: we have seen a white ing dress was worn a skirt-holder of sky blue, dress with double skirt, the first skirt having a { garlanded with roses. skirt-holder of rose-colored taffetas, the ribbons

The skirt-holder, when worn in evening cos-, joined by a full-blown rose. With another even-

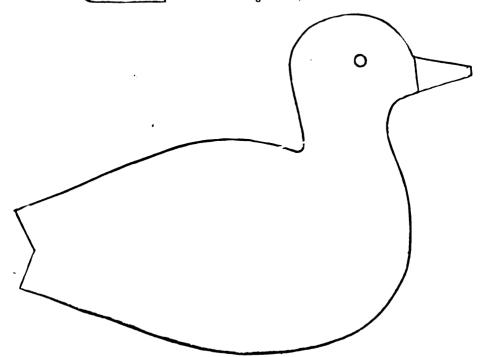
### DUCK IN WHITE CANTON FLANNEL.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



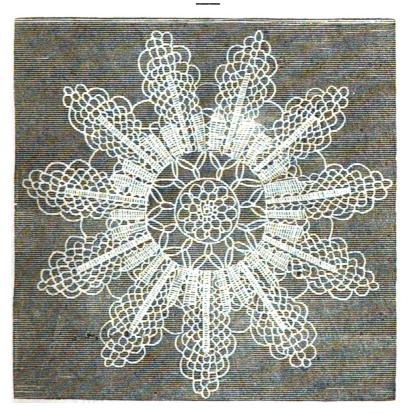
This is made in white cotton flannel. Cut and covered with a narrow rim of yellow-tinted

two pieces of the size of the pattern below; sew paper: the two marks, in the pattern, represent them together strongly; and turn the work, the nostrils. The duck is next sewed to a bit of leaving an opening, near the bill, by which to oval pasteboard, to represent the earth, which stuff it, which is to be done with saw-dust or is to be covered with brown mousselaine: the to be made of pasteboard, after this pattern, zephyr, which is to be done by knitting a strip, two inches wide, in plain garter-stitch: after knitting to be pressed with a warm iron, one edge cut off, and the whole raveled.



### TOILET-BOTTLE MAT.

MRS. JANK



WE have selected this design from a London journal, our object being to give the readers of "Peterson," not only original patterns, but also the best of these published in London, Paris, or Berlin.

MATERIALS.—1 reel cotton, No. 10. No. 3 Penelope hook.

Make 30 ch, (turn back) 29 de T, (or turn on reverse side,) 8 ch 1 dc in every 8rd loop for 4 times; 5 ch dc in every 3rd loop for 5 times; 5 a dc on point; 5 ch dc in same loop at point; 5 \ ch, and work the other side the leaf the same, VOL XXXV.—20

4 times; 5 ch de u 7; 7 ch de u same; now 5 ch, and work the other side the same; at the end make 13 ch dc on 1st dc on other side of leaf without turning; now work dc on all the dc; 3 dc u 8 ch; 5 ch dc u 5 for 5 times; 5 ch dc u 7; 7 ch dc u same; 5 ch; work the other side the same; at the end make 9 ch dc in 7th loop of the 13 ch; 11 ch dc in same loop; 9 ch dc on 1st do on other side of leaf, and fasten off. Make another leaf but not fasten off, and proceed to join thus:-Place the 1st leaf at the back of the one just completed; de into 1st de in back piece; observing to reckon the same number of chs on 1 ch dc in 3rd dc in front; 1 ch dc in 3rd dc in each side; 1 ch T; 8 dc 1 ch u every 3 ch for 4 bnck; 1 ch dc in 3rd dc in front; 2 ch dc in 3rd times; 8 ch dc u 5; 5 ch dc u 5 for 5 times; 5 dc at back; 2 ch dc in 8rd dc in front; 8 ch dc ch de w 7; 7 ch de w 7; then 5 ch, and work the in 3rd de at back: 3 ch de in 3rd de in front; 4 other side the leaf the same; 1 ch T, work do on ch do in last of do at back; 4 ch do in last of the the de; 3 de u 8 ch; 8 ch de u 5; 5 ch de u 5 for 5 de in front. Fasten off. Continue to make and

join these leaves till there are 11 made and (this is like a loop;) 9 ch dc u 5 ch of centre. every loop (11 chs of 8.)

2nd .- 1 L 5 ch u each 8 ch.

8rd.-2 L u each 5 ch 6 ch. Repeat.

4th.-4 do u 5 ch; \* dc u 11 ch of border 7 ch dc u 7 ch at point. Repeat from \*.

joined together; the centre is put in afterward, Repeat from \*. At the end of round fasten off. thus-Make 11 ch, unite in a circle; 8 ch dc in \ Round the edge of the leaves work thus-Dc u7 ch at point of leaf; \*7 ch dc u same; 7 ch

de u 5; 11 ch de u 2nd 5 for twice; 7 ch de u 2nd 5 in next leaf; 11 ch dc u 2nd 5 for twice;

### PATTERN FOR PIN-CUSHION.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



WE have selected this from a Paris periodical, { published abroad. It is to be worked in satinas one of the prettiest affairs of its kind lately ? stitch.

### TO KNIT A CHILD'S BASQUE.

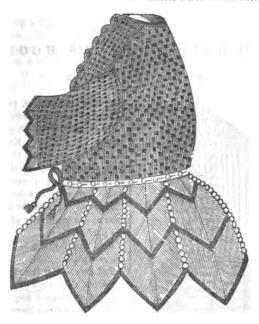
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

WE have designed this expressly for the rea- \{ row-Knit 2, plain thread forward, knit 11, \* ders of "Peterson."

tephyr, pair small wooden needles.

With the colored wool cast on 260 stitches.

take off the 12th. Knit 13th and 14th together, MATERIALS .- 8 oz. colored zephyr, 2 oz. white bind this over the 12th. 11 plain. Thread forward knit 1--thread forward knit 11 \*. Repeat to the end of the needle. 6th row purl, 7th row Knit 4 rows, alternate plain and purl. 5th pattern like 5th row, 8th purl, &c. Knit 11 pat-



tern rows to the point; then 4 rows plain and § off the stitches for the fronts on a thread until purl as at first, observing in the 1st row to nar- you have knitted the back. Knit 20 rows to the row, by knitting 3 stitches together at the point, shoulder, 20 rows to the neck, narrowing the which stitches will be the 12th, 18th and 14th of last 20 rows 1 stitch at the beginning of every every point. Kait 3 rows of points for the skirt row. Do the fronts in the same manner, observwith the ridge between, not forgetting to narrow ing to narrow only on the shoulder side of the on the 1st row of every ridge. This must be observed, or else the waist will be too large. After knitting the 3 rows of points, knit 2 rows plain-1 row widen and narrow, making a place the top to fit the arm. It may be made any for the cord at the waist. Knit the waist either plain or in blocks, knitting 40 rows to the arm. Then divide the number of stitches in 4 equal \ moulds with the pieces for buttons. Cord and parts, reserving two parts for the back. Take tassels for the waist.

needle.

FOR THE SLEEVE -Cast on 108 stitches. Knit to correspond with the waist, narrowing toward length to suit the taste. Crochet some little circles in single crochet, and cover some wooden

# HEAD-DRESSES FOR SPRING.





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# TO KNIT A CHILD'S HOOD.

BY MRS. JANE WBAVER.



WE have designed this expressly for the readers of "Peterson."

colored single zephyr, pair small bone needles, pair large wooden needles.

On the small needles, and with the white wool, cast on 125 stitches. Knit 10 rows plain. Join the colored wool, knit 11th row plain, 12th purl, 13th plain, 14th purl, observing to narrow once at the beginning of every row. Join the white wool. Knit same as colored stripe just described. 100 rows completes the head piece. Narrowing once at the beginning of every row will make it the perfect shape.

FOR THE BORDER.—Cast on 6 stitches. 1st row plain.

2nd Row .- Put the right hand needle into the 1st stitch, then work the thread four times around the first and second fingers of left hand and right needle. Knit these loops into the 1st stitch. Repeat to the end of the row. 3rd row plain, 4th same as 2nd. Knit a piece long enough for the face of hood, making 4 rows of loops colored, 4 rows white.

FOR THE CAPE.-Use the large needles, and with the colored wool cast on 164 stitches. Knit 1st row plain. 2nd row, 1st stitch off without knitting. Narrow 5 times, \* thread forward knit 1-thread forward knit 1-thread forward knit 1-thread forward knit 1-thread forward narrow 5 times \*. Repeat to the end of needle. 8rd row plain. Knit 10 pattern rows-bind off. A second cape is to be knit same as the 1st one. to be sewed a little above the other as seen in the drawing. Finish with ribbon strings. Cord MATERIALS.—1 oz. white single zephyr, 2 oz. and tassels to draw at the back of hood.

## HINTS ON BONNET MAKING.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

fancy may suggest, for trimming.

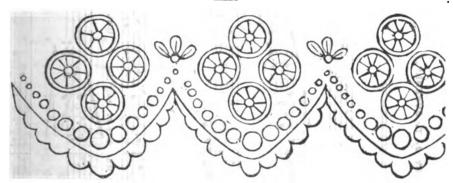
MATERIALS.—Bonnet frame, 1 yard of silk, { place, cover the tip of the crown, then the head velvet, crape, or any other material, 12 yards { piece from the crown to the wire where the face of blonde footing edged with blonde edging. of bonnet begins, letting the silk extend over Strings 1 yard each, ‡ yard black or white mil- this wire half inch. Now cut the silk bias ‡ of linette, lace, feathers, flowers, or whatever the {a'yard in depth, sew one edge of this bias piece on the inside of the face of bonnet; turn it over Select the frame rather small, as the bonnet upon the outside, lay it in plaits to fit the frame; always is much larger when made. In the first turn in the edge and pin carefully along the



second wire running round the face. After fit- { The bonnet is now ready for trimming, which ting this shield, (as the covering for the face is } the taste of the maker must suggest. Flowers called) sew it neatly, using a slip-stitch, that the and lace for summer, feathers and ribbon for stitches may not be seen. To bind the neck is winter trimming. the next thing to be done. Cut out the cape; Quill the 12 yards of blonde for the cape—line it with the millinette, which must first have divide it into three equal parts, and bind the a very fine wire run in the outer edge. Bind three rows together with a narrow ribbon. Some the cape with a narrow bias fold of the silk; {flower, or knots of ribbon, place across the top turn in the upper edge, lay in box plaiting, or for at the sides, as may best suit the taste. Sew gather it half inch from the edge. Set it upon on the strings and the bonnet is complete. the bonnet 1 inch above the binding of the neck. 3

# ORIGINAL PATTERNS IN EMBROIDERY.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



TRIMMING FOR CHILD'S PANTALETTES.



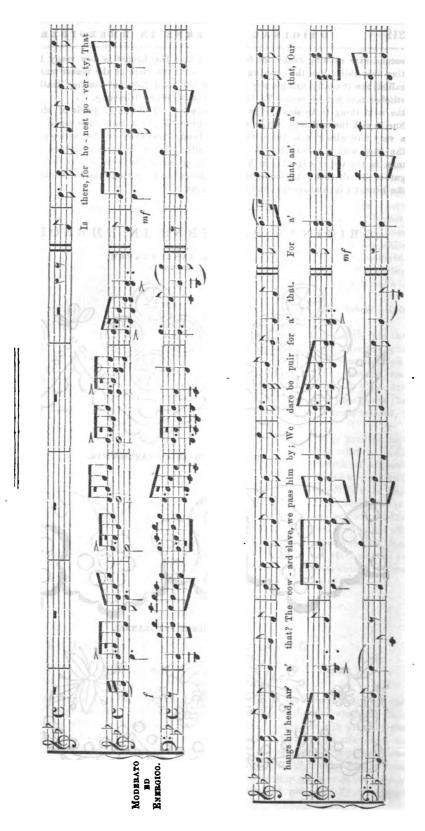
EMBROIDERY FOR FLANNEL

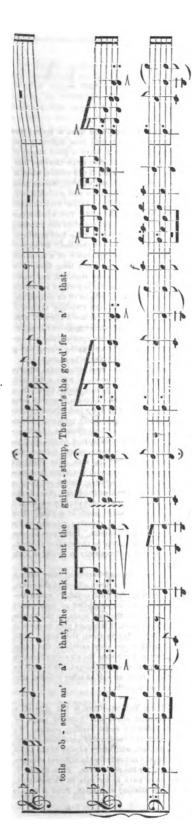


EDGING.

# FOR A' THAT, AN' A' THAT

# ARRANGED BY J. T. SURENNE.





A king can mak' a belted knight,
A marquis, duke, an' a' that;
But an honest man's abune his might—
Gude faith, he maunna fa' that!
For a' that, an' a' that,
Their dignities, an' a' that,
The pith o' sense, the pride o' worth,
Are higher ranks than a' that,

Gi'e fools their silks, an' knaves their wine;

A man's a man, for a' that;

For a' that, an' a' that,

The honest man, tho' e'er sae puir,

Is king o' men, for a' that.

Their tinsel show, an' a' that,

What tho' on hamely fare we dine,

Wear hodden-grey, an' a' that?

Then let us pray, that come it may.

As come it will, for a' that,

That sense an' worth o'er a' the earth,

May bear the gree, an' a' that;

For a' that, an' a' that,

It's comin' yet, for a' that,

That man to man, the warld o'er,

Shall brothers be, for a' that.

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Wha struts an' stares, an' a' that:

Ye see yon birkie, ca'd a lord,

Tho' hundreds worship at his word,

He's but a cuif, for a' that.

For a' that, an' a' that,

The man of independent mind, He looks an' laughs at a' that.

His ribbon, star, an' a' that,

# EDITOR'S TABLE.

### EDITORIAL CHIT-CHAT.

HIMTS ON HOUSE-CLEANING .-- Cleaning should be done by rule. Walls in general may be kept clean by sweeping with a clean broom kept for the purpose, or a Turk's head. Paper of course cannot be scrubbed, but it may be wiped with a soft duster, or rubbed with slices of stale bread, which will take off the dingy coat that forms upon it, especially in smoky houses. Paint should be more often swept than scrubbed, for too frequent scrubbing causes it to decay. Use as little soap as possible, and wash it off with plenty of clean water to prevent discoloration. Rubbing off the dirty patches from paint with a soapy fiannel as soon as they appear, will, in most cases, save the necessity of too frequent ecrubbing.

The same caution is to be observed with regard to floors; if too much soap is used the boards are apt to turn black, for which reason many persons scrub with sand and clean water only. In bed-rooms, those parts should be first scrubbed, early in the morning, which are under the bed and most hidden, so that they may have full time to dry before uight. If the floor remain at all damp, the room should not be slept in. In frosty weather two days will be needed for the drying, unless there be a brisk fire in the room; because the surface freezes before the damp has had time to evaporate, and it will look dry though it is not so in reality; a fact to be remembered by people who are liable to take cold. In very moist or rainy weather it is best to defer the scrubbing until favorable weather comes again, especially in nurseries or rooms where a number of children sleep.

Spots of grease can be taken out of floors by a paste made of fuller's earth and pearlash-say a quarter-pound of each, stirred into a quart of boiling water. A thick coat of this is to be laid over the stain, and left for ten or twelve hours, and then washed off with clean water, using sand also if necessary. Or if the spots be well soaked and rubbed with turpentine, and afterward washed with soap or pearlash, they will disappear. Should the stains be numerous, the soat of paste should be spread all over the floor and left till next day. Ox-gall and fuller's earth boiled together is capital stuff for cleaning floors and carpets; it makes the colors of woollen goods come out quite bright and lively. Old inkstains are not easily got rid of: the best things for the purpose are salts of lemon, or diluted spirit of salt, or strong vinegar. Water in which soda is dissolved will sometimes remove wine stains, and if this fails chloride of lime may be tried.

Of late years the use of marble for household purposes has greatly increased, but its handsome appearance cannot be preserved without painstaking. Marble mantle-pieces. hearths, tops of sideboards, tables, washstands, &c., should be kept clean with as little wetting as possible. When washing is really necessary, soap and water only should be used, with a sponge and flannel, after which the surface is to be wiped thoroughly dry with soft linen cloths. Washstand tope are often spoiled by the water which is left to lie on them every day. Stains of grease, oil, or smoke are removed by covering the spot with a paste made of powdered pipeclay and fuller's earth mixed with strong soap-lye. A thick coat is to be laid on, and a moderately warm flat-iron placed over it until it dries, after which it should be washed off, and the operation must be repeated until the stain has entirely disappeared. The stone-work about a house should be cleaned once a week, or oftener, according to its situation and the use made of it. The practice is to whiten it with hearth-stone after the scrubbing, or with a wash made of whiting and pipe-clay laid on with a flannel. 820

It seems an easy task to sweep and dust a room; so people, however, get through it with less difficulty than others. The best way is always to have a good supply of tea-leaves when sweeping a carpet, then draw the dust from under the furniture on all sides toward the centre, where it may be swept up into one heap, and without raising great clouds of dust if the broom be kept low and moved slowly. Some people sweep a drawing-room or parlor with as much violence as they would a turnpike road. The window curtains should be tucked up above the floor while the sweeping is going on, and it is a good plan to cover the best articles of furniture with old sheets kept for the purpose. By observing these precautions, the fresh appearance of a room and the things in it may be preserved for a long time. For dusting, various kinds of brushes are required, and washleather, linen, or silk dusters; and it is important to remember that the dusters should always be as clean as possible. In dusting mantle-pieces or furniture standing against a wall, great pains must be taken not to touch the wall with the duster, or there will be a dirty stripe made on the paper, growing blacker every day, and quite spoiling the appearance of the room. There is a right and wrong way of doing everything, and the wrong one is never to be chosen.

Looking-glasses, gilt frames, and most ornamental articles should be dusted with a leather brush, or with a soft silk duster. Gilt will not bear much rubbing; but if the gilding be really good it may be washed about once a year with somp and water and a sponge, being wiped dry immediately afterward. Strips of yellow gauze effectually preserve picture frames from the attacks of flies and other insects. Lookingglasses or mirrors should be seldom wetted, as the application of water, by altering the temperature, injures the silvering, making it look spotted and dim. The slightest possible damping should be given, and not more than can be at once wiped off. A little whiting dusted on from a muslin bag gives a bright polish at finishing. Very large glasses are sometimes cleaned by a sponge slightly moistened with spirits of wine, doing a small patch at a time. The best possible method, however, of cleaning mirrors is by rubbing them with burnt candle-snuffs. Some persons use the same for windows; but whatever be the method adopted, windows should be cleaned so frequently as never to look dirty.

Carpets should be taken up and beaten at least once a year. If instead of being nailed down all round the room, the edges were left so that the dust could be swept frequently from underneath, the accumulation of dust would be greatly diminished. When the floor is old, or the boards have wide cracks between them, it is a good plan to cover it entirely with paper, before laying down the carpet. Old newspapers pasted together are very suitable; the paper makes a smooth surface, and prevents the air rising through the cracks, and thereby preserves the carpet. It is only by regular cleaning that carpets, as well as other woollen articles, can be preserved from moth.

Howe's DRAWING-ROOM DANCES .- This is the title of a quarto volume, containing about one hundred pages of music, especially designed for social evening parties. We observe all the popular and fashionable quadrilles or cotillions, fancy dances, &c., &c., with every variety of the latest and most approved figures and calls for the different changes. The music is arranged for the piano-forte. Price \$1,00. T. B. Peterson & Brothers have it for sale in Philadelphia; Hubbard W. Sweet, in Boston; and Firth, Pond & Co., is New York.

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Miss SEDOWICE ON HOUSEWIPERY.—We have rarely read \ and misery of house-keeping, from the rising to the setting more good sense than in the following, by Catharine M. Sedgwick, on "The Qualified Housewife." She begins:-"Many parents expect their daughters to marry, and thus be provided for; the daughters themselves expect it. But it may be well for both parent and child to consider the chances against the provision. Marriage may come, and a life of pecuniary adversity, or a widowhood of penury may follow; or marriage may not come at all. As civilization •(so called) goes on, multiplying wants, and converting luxuries into necessities, the number of single women fearfully increases, and is in greatest proportion where there is most refinement, whereby women are least qualified to take care of themselves. In the simple lives of our ancestors, men were not deterred from marriage by the difficulty of meeting the expenses of their families. Their wives were helpmates. If they could not earn bread they could make it. If they did not comprehend the 'rights of women,' they practised her duties. If they did not study political economy and algebra, they knew the calculation by which 'the penny saved is the penny gained.' Instead of waiting to be served by costly and wasteful Milesians, they 'looked well to the ways of their household, and ate not the bread of idleness. The Puritan wife did not ask her husband to be decked in French gauds, but was truly

> 'The gentle wife who decks his board And makes the day to have no night.'

"In giving the reasons that restrain men from marrying at the present day, and thereby diminish the chances of this absolute provision for women, we beg not to be misunderstood. We would not restrict women to the humble offices of maternal existence. The best instructed and most thoroughly accomplished women we have ever known, have best understood and practised the saving arts of domestic life. If parents, from pride, or prejudice, or honest judgment, refuse to provide their daughters with a profession or trade, by which their independence may be secured; if they persist in throwing them on one chance; if daughters themselves persevere in trusting to this 'neck-or-nothing' fate, then let them be qualified in that act and craft in which their grandmothers, and which is now, more than at any preceding time, the necessary and bounden duty of every American wife, whatever be her condition. Never by women in any civilization was this art so needed, for never, we believe, were there such obstructions to prosperity and comfort as exist in our domestic service. And how are the young women of the luxurious classes prepared to meet them? How are the women of the middle classes fitted to overcome them? And how are the poorer class trained to rejoice in their exemption from them?

"If a parent look forward to provision by marriage for his daughter, he should, at least qualify her for that condition, and be ashamed to give her to her husband unless she is able to manage her house, to educate her children, to surse her sick, and to train her servants-the inevitable destiny of American housewives. If she can do all this well, she is a productive partner, and, as Madame Bodichon says, does much for the support of her household as her husband. It may, or may not be the duty of a mother to educate her children in the technical sense. But if her husband is straining every nerve to support his family, it would be both relief and help if she could save him the immense expense of our first rate schools, or the cost of governess. If she be skilled in the art of nursing, she may stave off the fearful bill of the physician. If she know the cost and necessary consumption of provision, the keeping of accounts. and, in short, the whole art and mystery of domestic economy, she will not only preserve her husband from an immense amount of harassing care, but secure to him the safety, blessing and honor of living within his means. If she be a qualified housewife, the great burden, perplexity,

sun, from our Canadian frontler to far south of Mason Dixon's line, will be-we will not say overcome, but most certainly groatly diminished." To all of which we say

A BEAUTIFUL POEM.-Where, in the whole range of English poetry, can be found a better description of an infant than in the following lines?

RUTH.

ENEELING AND ROCKING THE CRADLE. What is the little one thinking about? Very wonderful things, no doubt, Unwritten history l Unfathomable mystery! Yet he laughs and cries, and eats and drinks, And chuckles and crows, and nods and winks, As if his head were as full of kinks, And curious riddles as any sphinx! Warped by colic, and wet by tears Punctured by pins, and tortured by fears, Our little nephew will lose two years; And he'll never know
Where the Summers go—
He need not laugh, for he'll find it so! Who can tell what a baby thinks? Who can follow the gossamer links By which the mannikin feels his way Out from the shore of the great unknown, Blind, and wailing, and alone, Into the light of day!— Out from the shore of the unknown sea, Tossing in pitiful agony-Of the unknown sea that reels and rolls, Specked with the barks of little souls arks that were launched on the other side And slipped from Heaven on an ebbing tide! What does he think of his mother's eyes? What does he think of his mother's hair What of the cradle roof that flies Forward and backward through the air? What does he think of his mother's breast Bare and beautiful, smooth and white, Seeking it ever with fresh delight— Cup of his life and couch of his rest! What does he think when her quick embrace Presses his hand and buries his face, ep where the heart-throbs sink and swell

Of all the birds-Words she has learned to murmur well? Now he thinks he'll go to sleep! I can see the shadow creep Over his eyes, in soft cclipse, Over his brow, and over his lips, Out to his little finger-tips! Softly sinking, down he goes! Down he goes! Down he goes! Rising and carefully retreating to her seat,) See! He is hushed in sweet repose!

With a tenderness she can never tell, Though she murmur the words

WHAT THOUSANDS SAY .- The Marrietta (O.) Republican says:--"We have read nearly all the articles that have appeared in 'Peterson's Magazine,' and yet have never seen in one of them, one word that was morally improper, or one article that dld not contain some great moral lesson. Probably no book designed exclusively for the ladies, possess higher claims to their patronage than this, and it is equally certain that its editors bring to their labor a greater amount of ability, than is employed upon any similar work in America. If you want a pleasant companion, send for this Magazine." We quote this, because it embodies, in few words, what scores of other editors have said during the past three months, as well as thousands of private individuals, and because it is due to ourselves as editors, to show what impartial persons think of this Magazine.

"FOR A' THAT, AN' A' THAT."—The air of this ballad is so old that the authorship is unknown. Burns wrote for it the noble lyric which we give. Some of the words require definitions? For instance, "birkie" means "a young fellow;" "coif" means "a simpleton;" "fa" means "to try;" and "gree" means "superiority."



GROBE'S NEW METHOD FOR THE PIANO-FORTE-Those popular music publishers, Lee & Walker, propose to publish, early in April, "A New Method for the Piano," by Charles Grobe, which will be incontestibly the best work of its kind ever printed. A good instruction book for the plane has long been wanting, and nebody is more competent to prepare such a book than the well known teacher, who has taken this in hand. We understand that Mr. Grobe has adopted substantially, in his "New Method," the plan employed by Ollendorf in teaching languages. He begins with the simplest elements, and by passing gradually to what is more difficult, makes every step perfectly intelligible. Teachers. we think, will find in this new work a well-digested, progressive and entertaining plan, by which the art of playing the piano may be imparted, and in comparatively little time. The volume will contain ten engraved figures, illustrating the different positions of the hands and fingers. A copy will be sent. post-paid, for \$2.50, bound in paper, or for \$3,00, bound in cloth. Address Lee & Walker, No. 722 Chesnut street. Philadelphia.

New Music.—We have received, from Lee & Walker, a number of new pieces of music, all of them more or less meritorious, and many of them particularly so. Among the best are "The Mother and her Child," as sung by Madame Gazzaniga; "Del Conte," from Norma; "Buds and Blossoms," a sacred melody, by Grobe; "Reve de Gloire," a triumphal march for the piano; and a "Piccolomini Schuttish," with a capital portrait of Piccolomini. But "The Duke of Malakoff's March;" "The Syren Polka;" "Sweetheart, Thinkest Thou of Me;" "I Love the Little Laughing Rill;" "Oh! Come Let Us Celebrate," and "Empire Quadrillea," are descripted of only less commendation.

NEW ORNAMENT FOR THE HAIR.—The prettiest and most novel ornament for the hair is formed by taking ten large gold Eugenie beads. Thread them on fine wire, bend them slightly into the form of a bow; suspend from each end a string of eleven of the same beads; within that, another of nine; and within that, a third of seven. The two last each a bead apart on the foundation row. Any lady may make this ornament with little trouble, and it is very elegant.

THE SALEM WITCHCRAFT.—We return our thanks to a correspondent in Salem, Mass., for a wooden cup made out of the sill of the house in which the alleged witches were tried and condemned, nearly two centuries ago. We shall never look on this goblet without thinking of the unhappy beings, whose feet tottered over the now worm-caten oak, as they were led forth to an unjust and ignominious death.

"Tara's Harp."—A collection of songs and glees, exceedingly meritorious, intended principally for the young. An excellent series of elementary instructions adds to the value of the volume. We know nothing, similar in character, which is as good as this little volume. Lee & Walker, Philadelphia, have published it.

ARE WE A BACHELOR.—A lady subscriber writes to us:—
"Mr. Peterson, are you a bachelor? I say you are not, because you are always so pleasant and good-humored." Think of that, oh! miserable, unloved bachelors, a lady of taste pronounces that you cannot be amiable. And in our humble opinion she is right.

# REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

La Plata: The Argentine Confederation, and Paraguay. lieve it is generally acknowledged, by the By Thomas J. Puge, U. S. N. 1 vol., 8 vo. New York: astronomy, that this is the best book of Havper & Brothers.—This is a narrative of the exploration of the tributaries of the river La Plata and adjacent countries, wood-cuts illustrate and expain the text.

during the years 1853, '54, '55 and '56, under the orders of the United States government. As the author commanded the expedition, the work may be considered, in one sense, official. For centuries, the regions explored were closed to the world, by the jealousy of Spain. But the Argentine Confederation, in 1852, having declared the waters of the confederation free to the flags of all nations, the United States authorities immediately hastened to send out this government expedition. The explorations, described by Lieutenant Page, embrace an extent of thirty-six hundred. miles of river navigation, and forty-four hundred miles of land journey in Paraguay and the Argentine Confederation. The La Plata river alone has a basin nearly equal to that of the Mississippi, and not inferior in fertility of soil or salubrity of climate. In time, and when peopled by a more energetic population, these vast regions must contribute greatly to the extension of commerce and manufactures. The civilized world owes our government a debt of gratitude for having set this expedition on foot, as the reading public owes one, hardly less heavy, to Lieutenant Page, for the agreeable manner in which he has narrated his explorations. The volume is handsomely printed, and contains numerous maps and illustrations, as well as engravings of scenery, public characters, incidents, &c.

Travels and Discoveries in North and Central Africa. By Henry Barth. Vols. IV. and V., 8 vo. New York: Harper & Brothers.-What Livingston has done for Southern Africa, Berth has achieved for the Northern and Central portions of that hitherto "terra incognita." The earlier volumes of this work we noticed at the time of their publication. The present and concluding volumes describe the author's journey to Timbuctoo and his researches in the neighboring regions. Every chapter abounds with valuable information. Frequent narrative episodes of personal adventure diversify the theme. The portraitures of scenery, the sketches of the various tribes, and the scientific knowledge imparted, render this work one of the most interesting and valuable in the whole range of the literature of travel. The American publishers have brought out the volumes with great neatness. No library, that pretends to completeness, can afford to do without Barth.

The Life and Remains of Douglas Jerrold. By his son Blanchard Jerrold. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—To us this is the most interesting book of the month. Blanchard Jerrold has executed the difficult task of writing his father's biography in a manner that must elevate his own character in the opinion of all right thinking minds: for while he has piously screened the memory of that father, he has yet not left a substantially erroneous impression of the man and his wit. The volume is full of anecdote. A graceful, yet characteristic portrait of Douglas Jerrold embellishes the title-page.

Symbols of the Capitol; or, Civilisation in New York. By A. D. Mayo. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Thatcher of Hutchinson.—In his preface, the writer says that his purpose in writing this work was to "aid the young men and women of our land in the attempt to realize a character that shall justify our expressions of republicanism, and to establish a civilization, which, in becoming national, shall illustrate every principle of a pure Christianity." In many respects this purpose has been accomplished. The principal defect of the book is its local prejudices.

Bouvier's Familiar Astronomy. For the Use of Schools, Pamilies and Private Students. By Hannah M. Bouvier. 1 vol., small 8 vo. Philada: Childs & Peterson.—We believe it is generally acknowledged, by those conversant with astronomy, that this is the best book of its kind ever written. The present is a new edition. More than two hundred wood-cuts illustrate and expain the text.

The Old Plantation, and What I Gathered There in an Assumen Month. By James Hungerford, of Maryland. 1 wol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—There is an inexpressible charm in the local color of this volume, a feature to which it would be well if authors would pay more attention. In plan, the book is like one of those ivory toys, which the Chinese delight in carving, where ball lies within ball; for while it is a novel, complete in itself, it yet has numerous aketches woven into the plot, which diversify, and perhaps increase, the interest. Altogether the work ought to be a favorite. Its very title will ensure it a welcome among thousands of the sons and daughters of Maryland and Virginia, whom marriage or the pursuit of fortune has scattered over these United States.

The Queens of Scotland. By Agnes Strickland. Vol. VII., 12 sao. New York: Harper & Brothers.—This volume concludes the mournful story of the life of Mary Queen of Scots. It is written in the highest strain of enthusiastic admiration for that unfortunate lady, and is sustained by an array of documents and a plausible reasoning, which it is difficult to answer. The publishers have issued the volume in a style to match exactly the preceding ones, except in the paper on which it is printed, which seems to us inferior.

Life of John H. W. Hawkins. Compiled by his son, Rev. W. G. Hawkins, A. M. 1 vol., 12 no. Boston: John P. Jewett & Co.—A labor of filial love, executed with taste, and yet enthusiastically. The labors of Mr. Hawkins in behalf of the inebriate will long be remembered, and fully deserved this testimonial to his heroism and self-devotion.

Biographies of Distinguished Scientific Men. By Francois Arago. 1 vol., 12 mo. Second Series. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—This is a continuation of a work noticed in our last number. The subjects of the present biographies are Carnot, Malus, Freenel, Thomas Young and James Watt. It is an extremely interesting book.

Thei's Love-Life: A Novel. By Margaret J. M. Sweat. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Rudd & Carleton.—A pleasant romance, on a theme that will never lose its interest. We recommend it to our female readers especially. The volume is published in the neat style which distinguishes all of the publications of this house.

Southwold: A Novel. By Mrs. Umsted. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Rudd & Carleton.—This is an agreeable fiction, which ought to have an extensive sale, especially in the present dearth of first-rate novels. The publishers issue the work in a very neat style.

## PARLOR AMUSEMENTS.

FLY AWAY, PIGEON.—This is a quick, lively, little game, very different from many. The leader sits with his feet on a stool, so as to make a large lap; or, which is better, all sit round a little table. The leader then puts his finger down upon it, and the others place all their fingers round his. "Fly away, pigeon!" cries he, suddenly, and up all the fingers start. Then they all settle down again. "Fly away, eagle!" cries he, sgain, and off they all go once more. "Fly away, bull!" is now the cry, and away most of the fingers fly as before, not remembering that bulls have no wings. Those who make the mistake pay a forfeit amidst the laughter of the others. "Fly away, feather!" cries the leader again; but the others, taught by the last experience, keep all their fingers fixed to the table, and the leader's flies up alone.

- "Why don't you fly?" says he.
- "Why, feathers don't fly, do they? They have no wings!"
- "No, but they fly for all that!" So the leader, like an Eastern king, settles all disputes by his own decision.

# OUR COOK-BOOK.

### PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGAZINE."

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every month, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

### SOUPS.

Portable Soup-For Travelers, &c.-Take three large legs of veal, and one of beef, with the lean part of half a ham; cut them in small pieces, put a quarter of a pound of butter at the bottom of a large cauldron, then lay in the meat and bones, with four ounces of anchovies, and two ounces of mace. Cut off the green leaves of five or six heads of celery, wash the heads quite clean, cut them small, put them in the cauldron, adding three large carrots, cut small; cover the cauldron close, and set it over a moderate fire. When you find the gravy begins to draw, keep taking it up till you have got it all out; then put water in to cover the meat, set it on the fire again, and let it boil slowly for four hours; then strain it through a hair sieve into a clean pan and let it boil three parts away; then strain the gravy that you drew from the meat into the pan, let it boil gently (and keep skimming the fat off, very clean, as it rises,) till it looks like thick glue; you must take care that it does not burn. Put in pepper to your taste; then pour the mixture on flat earthen dishes a quarter of an inch thick; let it stand till the next day, and then cut it out into small cakes. Lay the cakes on dishes, and set them in the sun to dry. When the cakes are dry, put them in a tin box, with writing paper between every cake, and keep them in a dry place. This is a very useful soup to be kept in families, for, by pouring a pint of boiling water on one cake, (the cakes ought to be only a little larger than a quarter of a dollar,) with the addition of a small quantity of salt; it will make a good basin of broth. The longer it is kept the bettter. Be careful to turn the calses as they dry. This soup will answer better to be made in frosty weather.

Farina Soup.—Have ready some lard, boiling hot, pour into it a large cupful of farina, and let it become of a light yellow color. Previously, chop together—very fine—some parsley and a few potherbe, add these to the farina, and pour over it one quart of water, and let it simmer slowly for about three-quarters of an hour: whilst simmering add some water to it occasionally, until it becomes as thin as you desire to have it. Beat two eggs quite light, and pour the soup upon them—by degrees—stirring it constantly.

Common Peas Soup.—To one quart of split peas put four quarts of water, and a small piece of lean bacon; wash a head of celery, and cut it in with a turnip; boil all together till it is reduced to two quarts, then work it through a cullender—slice in another head of celery, cayenne pepper and salt to your taste. Boil the soup well. Before serving it, place some pieces of toast on the bottom of your soup tureen, and pour the broth over them.

Ohra Soup.—Take quarter of a peck of okras, slice them round, and put them on the fire, with a slice of ham, and a gallon of water; boil the whole about five hours. Half an hour before serving the soup, add quarter of a peck of tomatoes, skinned.

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Herring—Potted.—Clean your fish, cut off the heads and tails, and sprinkle salt over them to draw out the blood. Then wash them, and lay a layer of fish in an earthen pot, with the backs downward; strew over them some whole allspice, cloves, whole peppers, salt, a bay leaf or two, some
slices of onion—also a red pepper, and alternate the layers
of fish and spice till the pot is filled, pouring between the
layers a little sweet oil. Then mix vinegar and water, and
fill the pot with it. Make a paste of flour and water to cover
the outside of the pot; over that tie a piece of mualin, and
send it to a bake-house. Charge them not to burn it.

Shad — Baked. — Procure a fine, large shad—clean it thoroughly, then fill it with the same sort of stuffing used for fowles. The a string round it in order to keep it together, put it into your bake-pan, and baste it with butter, pepper and salt. When well cooked, (it will require about twenty minutes to bake,) untie the string, and serve it upon a fish dish, with melted butter poured over it.

Lobster Sauce.—Boil half a pint of water—with a small portion of mace and whole pepper in it—long enough to take out the strong taste of the spice, then strain it off, melt three-quarters of a pound of butter smooth in the water, cut in a lobster in very small pieces; stew it all together gently with anchovy, and serve it hot.

Pearch, or Trout—Fried.—When you have scaled, cleaned and washed the fish, dry them well, and lay them separately on a board before the fire; two minutes before you fry them dust them well with flour, and fry them in drippings or lard. Serve them up with melted butter and crisped parsley—or drawn butter.

Herring—Fried.—Scale, wash, and dry your herrings well; lay them separately on a board, and set them to the fire two or three minutes before you want to use them; dust the fish with flour, and when your lard is boiling hot. put in the fish, a few at a time, and fry them over a brisk fire.

Lobster—Boiled.—Put a lobster into a kettle of boiling water, with some salt added to it. If it be a large one, it will require to be boiled half an hour.

Lobster—Roasted.—Half boil your lobster, rub it over with butter, set it before the fire, baste it till the shell becomes dark brown; then serve it up with rich drawn butter.

### MEATS

Turkey-Boiled.-After your turkey is properly prepared, cut off the legs, put the ends of the thighs into the body, skewer them down, and tie them with a string. Then grate a very small loaf of bread, chop a number of oysters fine, add a little lemon peel, shred finely, nutmeg, pepper, and salt to your liking: mix all up into a light forcement with a quarter of a pound of butter, a spoonful or two of cream, and three eggs. Stuff the turkey with this forcement, sew it up, dredge it well with flour, put it into a kettle of cold water, cover it, and set it on the fire. When the scum begins to rise take it off, put on the cover again, let it boil very slowly for half an hour, then take the kettle off the fire, keep it close covered, and let the turkey remain about half an hour in the hot water. Serve it with oyster sauce, made as follows:-Wash the oysters in their own liquor, and when the liquor is settled pour it clean off into a saucepan, with a little white gravy, and a teaspoonful of iemon pickle; thicken it with flour and a good lump of butter, boil it three or four minutes, add a spoonful of nice cream, and then put in your oysters. Keep shaking them over the fire till they become quite hot-but do not let them boil.

Tongue—Boiled.—If your tongue be a dry one, steep it in water all night, and then boil it three hours. If you serve it hot, stick it with cloves, rub it over with the yolk of an egg, strew bread crumbs over it, baste it with butter, and set it before the fire till it becomes of a light brown color. When you dish it up, pour over it a little brown gravy, or red wine sauce, mixed the same way as for venison. N. B.—If it be a pickled tongue, only wash it out of water.

Veal—Hashed.—Cut your veal in thin, round slices, the same of half a crown. Put into a saucepan some gravy, some

with the backs downward; strew over them some whole all- { lemon peel—cut exceedingly fine—and a tablespoonful of spice, cloves, whole peppers, sait, a bay leaf or two, some } lemon pickle; put it over the fire and thicken it with flour slices of onion—also a red pepper, and alternate the layers and butter. When it boils put in your veal, and just before of fish and spice till the pot is filled, pouring between the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ you dish it up add a spoonful of cream.

### WADE-DISHES.

Browning for Made-Dishes.—Take four ounces of very fine white sugar, put it in a clean iron frying-pan, with one ounce of butter—set it over a clear fire, and mix it very well together all the time; when it begins to be frothy and the sugar is dissolving, hold it higher over the fire, and have ready one pint of red wine. When the sugar and butter is of a deep brown, pour in a portion of the wine, stir it well together, add more wine, and keep stirring it constantly; then add half an ounce of Jamaica pepper, six cloves, four small onions, peeled, two or three bindes of mace, three spoonfuls of mushroom catchup, a little salt, and the rind of one lemon. Boll the whole mixture slowly for tea minutes—pour it into a dish, when cold scum it carefully, and bottle it for use.

Berf Olives.—Cut slices off a rump of beef about six inches long and half an inch thick, beat them well, and rub them over with the yolk of an egg, some pepper, salt, ground mace, some crumbs of bread, two ounces of marrow sliced fine, a handful of chopped parsley, and the rind of half a lemon, grated. Strew them all over your steaks, roll them up, skower them close, and set them before the fire to brown; then put them into a pan with a pint of gravy, a spoonful of catchup, the same of browning, and a teaspoonful of lenon juice; thicken the mixture with a little butter rolled in flour. Lay round the dish hard boiled eggs, cut in half.

Chickens—Boiled.—When you have drawn your chickens, lay them in skinmed milk for two hours; then truss them, singe, and dust them well with flour. put them in a pan with cold water, cover them close, set them over a slow fire, take off the scum, and let them boil slowly five or six minutes; then take them off the fire, but keep them close covered in the water for half an hour. When about to dish them, set them over the fire to make them hot, drain them, and pour over them white sauce.

Sauce for Boiled Chickens.—Take two eggs and boil them hard, with the livers of the chickens. Chop them fine, adding thyme, lemon peel, anchovies, sait, (a small quantity of each) and lemon juice, if you prefer it. Mix all well together. Melt half a pound of butter, keeping it as thick as possible, and stir it in.

### DIRT FOR INVALIDS.

Food for Delicate Infants.—Take a piece of gelatin, (or American isinglass) about one inch square, dissolve it in half a gill of water over the fire—then add a gill of milk. When it comes to a boil, stir in a good half teaspoonful of arrow-root. When taken off the fire stir in two tablespoonfuls of cream. This food is suitable for a child four or five mouths old. As the child becomes older, increase the strength of the food.

Chocolate.—Scrape four ounces of chocolate, and pour one quart of boiling water upon it. Mill it well with a chocolate mill, and sweeten it to your liking; give it a boil and let it stand for some length of time. Then mill it again very well, boil it two minutes, and finally mill it till it will leave a froth upon the top of your cups.

Barley Gruel.—Take four ounces of pearl barley; boil it in two quarts of water with a stick of cinnamon in it till it is reduced to one quart. Add to it a little more than one pint of red wine, and sugar to your liking. Two or three ounces of currants (well picked and washed clean) may be added.

Chicken Broth.—Skin a small chicken and split it in two; boil one half in three half pints of water, with a blade or two of mace, and a small crust of bread; boil it over a slow fire till it is reduced one half.

### PASTRY.

Pastry Crust—German.—Stir the yolks of four eggs in a dish, adding half a pint of sweet milk, and salt in proportion; mix in as much flour as will resist the stirring spoon; then place the dough on your rolling board, and knead it antil the dough will spring up under the pressure of the finger. It is then to be rolled out half of its sixe, and a pound of butter to be cut over half of the dough; the remaining half must then be folded over the butter, be well beaten and rolled out thin. Then fold the dough like a napkin, and care must be taken that it does not wrinkle; it must then be rolled out a second time as thin as at first, and again be beaten on the same side.

Raspberry Fritters —Grate two Naples biscuits, or some sponge-cake, and pour over it a gill of boiling cream. When it is almost cold, beat the yolks of four eggs to a strong froth—beat the biscuits a little, and then beat both together exceedingly well, and put to it two ounces of sugar, and as much raspberry juice as will make it a nice pink color; drop the batter by the spoonful into a pan of boiling lard. When you dish up the fritters, stick bits of citron in some of them, and in others blanched almonds, cut longthwise.

Cream for Pies.—Take two eggs and break them into a saucepan; mix in with the eggs two ounces of fine flour—then pour in three half pints of milk. You must stir it with a silver spoon. Then add two ounces of white sugar and one ounce of butter; put the mixture on the fire, and keep stirring it until it begins to boil; then take it off and let it cool, when it will be ready for use.

Green Apple Pie-Without Apples.—Break up into small pieces six soda biscuits, and pour over it two teacupfuls of cold water. Grate in two whole lemons, adding three cupfuls of fine white sugar, and half a nutmeg. Beat the whole well together. Bake the pie in a quick oven without any upper crust.

Raspberry Dumplings.—Make a puff paste and roll it out.

Byread raspberry jam upon it and make it into dumplings.

Boil them an hour. Serve them with wine sauce, or sugar
and butter well mixed together.

### PUDDINGS.

Parmers Apple Pudding.—Pare and core some tender apples, stew them in a little water, add a good sized piece of butter, and sweeten to your taste, (after the apple is stewed.) When it is cold beat four eggs and stir in. Grate nutmeg over the top, and eat it with cream. Or, butter a pudding dish, strew it very thickly with bread crumbs, then add the mixture, and strew bread plentifully over the top. Set it in a tolerably hot oven, and when baked sift sugar ever it.

Gooseberry Pudding.—Scald half a pint of green gooseberries in water till they are soft, then put them into a sieve to drain. When cold, work them through an hair sieve with the back of a clean wooden spoon; add to them half a pound of sugar, and the same of butter, with four ounces of Naples biscuits; beat six eggs very well, then mix all together, and beat them a quarter of an hour. Pour it into an earthen dish, without paste: half an hour will bake it.

Orange Fudding.—Boil the rind of an orange very soft, and beat in a marble mortar with the juice of the orange; put to it two Naples biscuits grated very fine, half a pound of butter, quarter of a pound of sugar, and the yolks of six eggs; mix all well together. Put puff paste round your pie dish, pour in the mixture, and bake it for about half an hour.

Indian Pudding.—Sweeten one pint of milk to your liking, add to it two tablespoonfuls of molasses, a small piece of butter. (about the size of a walnut) three-quarters of a test appointul of salesratus, a small portion of salt, three eggs, and raisins, or currants. Mix with the ingredients one quart of good Indian meal. Boil it in a bag about an hour and a bail.

Four Hour Pudding.—Ingredients: One pound of beef suet, ten eggs, one pound of sugar, one glass of brandy, one nutmeg, and a little cinnamon. Take a stale loaf, cut off all the crust, and rub it fine; mix with it all the other ingredients and boil it four hours. For sauce, mix together butter, wine, nutmeg, and the juice of one lemon.

Lemon Pudding.—Take one pound of flour well dried and sifted, one pound of fine sugar, the rind of a lemon, grated, twelve eggs, the yolks beaten awhile by themselves, and the whites beaten to a froth; then gently mix all together, put it into a pan, and bake it half an hour.

### JELLIES.

Calf's-Feet Jelly—Made of Gelatine.—No. 1.—To one quart of cold water take one ounce and a quarter of gelatine, and set it over the fire until dissolved. To this quantity take four lemons, juice and rinds, two sticks of cinnamon, three gills of wine, four eggs, whites and shells, (whip the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth.) and fourteen ounces of sugar. Mix all well together, and place it over the fire until it boils up once; then pour it through a flagnel bag, several times, if necessary, until it runs clear. Place the bag near the fire, to prevent the liquid from congealing before running through it.

Calf's-Feet Jelly.—No. 2.—Clean one sett of feet well, put them in as much cold water as will cover them; boil them until the meat falls from the bones, then strain them through a cullender; let the jelly stand until it becomes cold, skim off the fat, and put it on the fire to melt. Add to it half a pound of white sugar, one pint of wine, the whites of four eggs, beaten light, and the shells, and the juice of two lemons. Let it boil, and skim it while boiling; then strain it through a fiannel bag until it becomes clear. Let it cool in forms.

Calf's Feet Jelly.—No. 3.—Take two quarts of water to two setts of feet, boil it down to one quart, strain it; when cold, skim off all the fat, and let it melt over a slow fire; then add half a pint of wine, the juice of a lemon, the peel of a lemon, and the whites of three eggs, to clarify it, also sugar to your taste; let it all boil together for a few minutes, then strain it through a flannel bag. Be careful net to press the bag, or your jelly will not be clear.

Calf's-Feet Jelly—Made of American Isinglass.—No. 4.—Procure two ounces of isinglass, soak it in cold water for half an hour, then take it out and pour on it two quarts of boiling water. When it is cold, add to it the whites of four eggs, well beaten, one pound of sugar, the juice and rind of three lemons, and one pint of wine. Mix all well together, boil it three minutes, strain it through a flannel bag, and set it to cool.

### CREAMS, CUSTARDS, &C.

Out-Meal Flummery.—Take a pint of bruised groats, and put three pints of water to them, early in the morning, and let it stand till noon; then add the same quantity of water as before, stir it well, and let it stand till four o'clock: then run it through a sieve; boil it; keep stirring it all the while, and put in a spoonful of water now and then as it boils. When it begins to thicken, drop a little on a plate; when it leaves the plate it is complete. Put it in glasses, and when cold turn it out.

Chocolate Cream.—Ingredients: One quart of milk, four eggs, and three tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate. Boil the chocolate first in a little water, then add the milk and sugar to your liking; also flavor it with Vanilla, or whatever you most prefer. Add the eggs as for boiled custard; stir it till it thickens, and then pour it into cups.

Sago Cream.—Take a desert spoonful of sago, and boil is in one pint of water to a jelly. Add a teacupful of cream, let it boil again; beat up an egg very light, and pour the boiling sago on it. Add sugar and nutneg to your tasts. Tea Cream.—To half a pint of milk put a quarter of an ounce of fine Hyson tea; boil them together, strain the leaves out, and add to the milk half a pint of cream, and two spoonfuls of runnet. Place it in the dish you intend to send it to table in, cover it with a tin plate, and set it over some hot embers until it thickens. Serve it garnished with sweetmeats.

Rice Flummery.—Have ready one pint of milk sweetened to your taste, and four spoonfuls of ground rice, mixed with milk about as thick as good cream. Stir the rice into the pint of milk while it is boiling; let it boil till it becomes thick. You may add rose-water or spice, as you may prefer. Put the flummery into cups, and let it stand until it becomes cold.

Spanish Cream.—Boil one ounce of gelatin in one pint of new milk until dissolved; add four eggs, well beaten, and half pound of sugar. Stir it, over the fire, until the eggs thicken; take it off the fire, add a full wineglass of peach water, and when cool pour it into moulds. Serve it with cream.

### CARES.

Crumpets.—Ingredients: Two pounds of sifted flour, four eggs, three tablespoonfuls of brewers yeast, and a pint of milk. Mix a teaspoonful of salt with the flour, in a pan, and set the pan before the fire. Then warm the milk, and stir into the flour so as to make a stiff dough. Beat the eggs very light, and stir them into the yeast, and beat all well together; if it is too stiff add a little more warm milk, cover the pan, and set the dough to rise near the fire. When quite light bake your crumpets. Have your baking iron hot, grease it, and put on it a ladleful of the dough. Let it bake slowly, and when done on one side turn it on the other. Cut the cakes crosswise, butter them, and send them to table hot.

Cream of Tartar Cake.—Mix dry, and rub well together two treaspoonfuls cream of tartar, with one quart of flour; then dissolve three-quarters of a teaspoonful of super carbonate of soda in a sufficient quantity of sweet milk—about half a pint—adding as much salt as you may deem proper. Mix all the ingredients well together and work it hard. The dough must not be too stiff; it must be formed into cakes and baked immediately. If you have a sufficient quantity of milk with which to mix the compound, it will require little or no shortening. If water is used instead of milk, shortening will be required. If you have sweet, white lard, it will answer instead of butter; or else take part butter and part lard.

Cakes.—Always have your materials quite ready before you begin to make your cake. Beat your eggs well, and do not leave them till you have finished your cake, else they will go back again, and the cake will not be light. Wine, rose-water, and brandy must be put in cakes before the eggs. When you use butter, be sure to beat it to a fine cream before you add your sugar. Bake all kinds of cake in a good oven, according to the size of your cake, and follow the directions of your receipt. Note.—An accomplished house-keeper says, that, as a general rule, it is best, in making cake, to stir in the flour lightly after all the other ingredients are well mixed.

Buns.—Ingredients: One and a half pounds of flour. (a quarter of a pound must be left out to sift in last.) half a pound of butter, (cut up fine) four eggs. (beat to a light froth) four teacupfule of milk, half a wineglassful of brandy, half a wineglassful of wine, half a wineglassful of rose-water, and one wineglassful of yeast. Stir all together with a knife, and add half a pound of sugar, stirring in also the reserved quarter of a pound of flour. When the lumps are all beaten fine, set the cakes to rise in the pans they are to be baked in. If you prefer it, you may strew a few currants over the cakes.

Coffee Cakes.—Into one pint of sweet milk put quarter of a pound of good butter, and four ounces of sugar; stir it over the fire When it boils, stir half a pound of flour into it, and work it with a spoon until it becomes smooth; then let it get cold, and when cold stir six eggs into it, one after another. Butter some tins, and drop the batter on them any size you please. Beat the whites of three eggs, and wash the cakes with it, strewing loaf sugar over them. Bake them in a moderately heated oven.

Stollen—A Famous German Cake.—Ingredients: Four pounds of flour, one and three-quarter pounds of butter, one pound and a half of sifted loaf sugar, half pound of sweet, and quarter of a pound of bitter almonds, six ounces of citron, four eggs, well beaten, one pound of raisins, one pound of currants, one quart of milk, warmed; rose-water and spices to your liking. To be set to rise with good yeast; the butter and other ingredients to be worked in afterward.

Dutch Cake.—Ingredients for four loaves: Two and a half pounds of flour, three-quarters of a pound of sugar, one pint of milk, six ounces of butter, (the milk and butter must be warmed together,) one tablespoonful of yeast, four eggs, one tablespoonful of cinnamon, one wineglassful of brandy, half a pound each of currants and raisins. Work all together into a good dough, and bake in earthen pans. To be eaten cold with coffee.

Chacknels.—To a pint of rich milk put about two ounces of butter and a good spoonful of yeast. Make it just warm, and mix into it as much fine flour as will make it a light dough; roll it out very thin, and cut it into long pieces two inches broad. Prick them well, and bake them in a slow oven upon tin plates.

# OUR GARDEN FOR APRIL.

Out-of-Doors Work .- All the varieties of annual flower seeds that are capable of bearing in the open air, and blooming well in our climate, may be sown in this month. In the early part of April, annual and ten-weeks stock, winged. sweet and Tangier peas, lupins, larkspurs, heart's-case, cypress, candytuft, china-asters, &c., &c. About the middle, sweet alyson, love-lies-bleeding, prince's feathers, mignionette, amaranthus, cock's-comb, cape marigold, china hollyhock, and china pinks, marvel of Peru, &c., &c., may be sown. All the preceding sorts may be sown in small patches in the borders, but they should be so interspersed as to form a pleasing variety and long succession of bloom. If the weather is dry, the beds should be frequently watered, both before and after the plants appear, and when they have been up a few weeks, the larger ones should be thinned where they have grown too thick; and should it be desirable, you may transplant into another place the finer kinds of these you have pulled up.

Biennal and Perennial fibrous-rooted flowers of various sorts may be sown with good success this month. The seeds may be sown in borders, or in beds of rich earth, three or four feet wide, and covered evenly with fine, light earth. The largest seeds should not be more than from half to three-quarters of an inch deep, and the smallest from an eighth to a quarter of an inch. In sowing these or any other kinds of seeds, you must make shallow drills, proportioning the depth to the size of the seeds, and after the seeds are in, draw the earth lightly over them, always remembering that it is better to cover too light than too deep; for if covered light, they will come up when moist weather ensues. but if covered too deeply, you will probably never see them. If the weather should be dry, it will be necessary to water the beds lightly, frequently, both before and after the plants appear; and remember to keep them free from weeds. Some of the more delicate kinds of plants, when up, may not be able to bear the heat of the mid-day sun at first. These sta uid be shaded and protected from its influence till they ? Painting, Oriental and Potichomanic, furnished full and comare stronger and more able to withstand its force.

Weeds of every kind should be carefully eradicated this ? month, when they will make rapid progress. Much of the success and beauty of your garden depends upon keeping your beds and borders clean of them.

Plants in the House will begin to shoot freely, in this month, it is therefore necessary to give them as much air as is possible, consistent with their safety. The windows should be opened every morning if the day is moderately warm, and left so till the cold of the afternoon begins to increase. much confinement at this season, especially toward the latter end of the month, will do great injury to nearly all plants, but especially to the early shooting kinds; for if kept weakly in the house, they would not be in good condition to remove into the open air in the next month. Water must be given frequently, but only a little at a time in this month. but especially to oleanders, myrtles, lemons, oranges, jessamines, arbutus. lauristinus, and most of the woody kinds. Let all the plants be looked over often to see where water is wanted, and let such as at all need it be supplied, as it is now an indispensible article. But moderation and discretion must be observed in giving it, especially while the plants are in the house, and to the succulent kinds. The latter, such as aloes, enctuses, euphobias, &c., &c., being naturally moist, do not require much water, and to such plants it should only be given when the earth in the pots seems very day, as too much water would rot them. Such plants as require shifting into larger pots, should be moved on a mild, warm day. The ball of earth about their roots should be taken entire out of the pots, and then the decayed or matted roots outside of the ball must be cut away Having some good, new earth ready, put some in each new pot or tub, (having previously put a piece of broken flower-pot, oyster shell, or such like, over the hole in the bottom of the pot.) then set each plant in the pot with its ball of earth, then fill up the pot with the fresh earth, so that the new compost may cover the crown of the roots an inch deeper than before. The plants should then be immediately watered. Such plants as do not require shifting, should also be refreshed with new earth. All decayed leaves, weeds, mould, &c., should be kept from the leaves and roots. Watering over the top of the leaves will both refresh the flowers and help to keep them clean.

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### TABLE RECEIPTS.

A Plum Pudding .- In making a plum pudding, it is best to use grated bread, instead of flour, as the pudding will then be much lighter. Grate, into an earthen bowl or pan, a half of a large loaf baked the day previously. Add to it the following ingredients:-One pound of Sultana or Valentia raisins, chopped. If Valentia raisins be used they must first be stoned. One pound of currents, carefully cleaned, and well dried. One pound of suct, chopped fine. One ounce of candied orange peel, and half an ounce of candied lemon peel, cut into small chips. A large teasponful of mixed spice. Of good moist sugar, two or three tablespoonfuls, according to taste. Stir the whole well together. and then add to it twelve eggs beaten up, a wineglassful of brandy, and as much milk as will make it of a proper consistence. If, after the eggs are beaten, some of the milk and the brandy are put in and beaten up with them, the whole will mix better through the pudding. Tie the bag so as to leave good room for swelling. Be careful to scald the bag well, just previously to using it, and flour it before the pudding is put in. Let it boil nine or ten hours at least.

Haricot Mutton .- Take off some of the fat, and cut the middle or best end of the neck into rather thin steaks: flour. and fry them in their own fat of a fine light brown, but not enough for eating. Then put them into a dish while you fry the carrots, turnips, and onions—the carrots and turnips in dice, the onions sliced; but they must only be warmed, not browned, or you need not fry them. Then lay the steeks at the bottom of a stewpan, the vegetables over them, and pour as much boiling water as will just cover them. Give one boil, skin well, and then set the pan on the side of the fire to simmer gently till the meat is tender. In three or four hours, skin them, and add pepper, salt, and a spoonful of ketchup.

Roman Punch.-To make one gallon, take one pint and a half of the best brandy, one pint and a half of the best rum, three gills of good Madeira or sherry, one pound of loaf sugar, and six lemons; rub four of the lemons on the sugar, and then mix as you would for punch, with two and a half quarts of water; freeze it as ice-cream is frozen.

Quince Cordial .- Pure and core your quinces; then grate them. Boil thom, and also the cores and parings. To two quarts of juice add one pound of sugar, one pint of brandy, and such spices as you prefer.

### MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

To Keep Silk and Velvet .- Silk articles should not be kept in white paper, as the chloride of lime used in bleaching the paper will probably impair the color of the silk. Brown or blue paper is better, and the yellowish, smooth India paper is best of all. Silks intended for dress should not be kept long in the house before they are made up, as lying in the folds will have a tendency to impair its durability, by causing it to cut or split, particularly if the silk has been thickened by gum. Thread lace veils are very easily cut. Dresses of velvet should not be laid by with any weight on them, for if the nap of thin velvet is laid down it is not possible to raise it up again. Hard silk should never be wrinkled, be-Directions to our new style Antique Painting, Grecian cause the thread is easily broken in the crease, and it never

can be rectified. The way to take the wrinkles ont of silk scarfs and handkerchiefs is to moisten the surface evenly with a spoon and some wheat glue, and then pin the silk with some toilet pins around the shelves or on a mattress or feather bed, taking pains to draw out the silk as soon as possible. When dry, the wrinkles will have disappeared. It is a nice job to dress light-colored silk, and few should try it. Some silk articles should be moistened with weak glue or gum water, and the wrinkles ironed out with a hot flattron on the wrong side.

To Make Alum Baskets .- Success in making these kind of baskets depends somewhat upon chance; for the crystals will sometimes form irregularly, even when the utmost care has been taken. Dissolve alum in a little more than twice as much water as will be necessary for the depth of the basket (handle and all.) Put in as much alum as the water will dissolve; when it will take no more, it is then called a saturated solution of alum. In this state, it should be poured into a sancepan or earthen jar, (by no means put it in an iron vessel,) and slowly boiled until it is nearly half evaporated. The basket should then be suspended from a little stick laid across the top of the jar, in such a manner that both basket and handle will be covered with the solution. It must be set away in a cool place where not the slightest motion will disturb the formation of the crystals. The frame may be made in any shape you please; it is usually made of small wire woven in and out like basket; many prefer a common willow basket; but whether it be wire or willow, a rough surface should be produced by binding every part with thread or worsted. Bright yellow crystals may be produced by boiling gamboge, saffron, or turmeric in the solution; and purple ones by a similar use of logwood.

To Fasten on the Hundles of Knives and Forks .- The handles of knives and forks that have come off by being put in hot water, may be fastened in the following manner:-Procure some powdered resin, and mix with it a small quantity of chalk, whiting, or quick lime, let the handles be about half filled with this mixture, heat the ends of the knives or forks, and force them in, when cold they will be found to be securely fastened. N. B .- Knives and forks that are not fastened to the handles by rivets, should never be put into hot water. Or-Take a small portion of a quill pen, and put into the handles of the knife, warm the blade, and when it is hot put it into the quill in the handle, and press it in very firmly. Or-Brick-dust stirred into melted resin makes a composition that will fix knives and forks in their handles. The tang should be thrust in warm. Or-Mix a little chopped hair or tow, with powdered resin and fill with it, the hole in the handle of the knife, then heat the spike of the blade, (i. c. the part which fits into the handle.) and ram it down into its place, the heated steel will melt the resin, which will then keep the blade of the knife or fork in its place. N. B.-The chopped hair (or tow) must not be omitted.

# FASHIONS FOR APRIL.

Fig. 1.—Walking Dress of Lavender colored Silk.—The skirt is trimmed with one deep flounce pinked at the edge. Body high and plain. Mantle of the same silk with two pinked ruffles. Bonnet of Leghorn, trimmed with black lace and sulmon-colored flowers and ribbon.

Fig. II.—Carriage Dress of Figured Silk, with two Skirrs.—The body is made half high, and trimmed with a frill of the same material as the dress. A scarf mantilla of the same silk, trimmed to correspond with the dress. Bonnet of white chip, trimmed with lace and flowers.

Pig. III.—Mantilla of Black Silk of a Circular Shape, made very deep, and trimmed with black lace.

Fig. 1v.—Riding-Habit of Black Cloth.—The basque is a name of the Conflure Stella; it is at one very deep and trimmed with rich braid. Sleeves rather and has obtained much favor in Paris.

can be rectified. The way to take the wrinkles ont of silk a close to the arm with a turned-up cuff. Round felt hat, with scarfs and handkerchiefs is to moisten the surface evenly a long plume.

Fig. v.—Neapolitan Colffure, made of red velvet, with long ends falling on the neck, and trimmed all round with a snow border of blonde. In front, there are on one side some pretty bows, and on the other a tuft of white marabou-feathers.

GENERAL REMARKS .- We give, this month, all the newest varieties of sleeves, bonnets, head-dresses, &c. Double skirts with two flounces, and single skirts trimmed at the bottom with velvet or ribbon, are all worn. As yet there is no reduction in the width or length of skirts, and some even proposing the introduction of trains for house dresses, and more particularly for evening wear. In order to make the full skirts set well about the waist, they are put on in large, hollow plaits known as box plaits. Some skirts have a breadth on each side, gored. This throws the fullness somewhat behind and makes the skirt hang better. High corsages will certainly retain their vogue in morning dress, but those of a three-quarter, or even half high, will be more adopted in half dress. Single skirts will be the only ones adopted in morning dress; waist-bands and buckles will remain in favor. For silk dresses, a point before and behind is very elegant.

All SLEEVES for neglige are now made close at the wrists; and all those intended for evening costume are loose and very wide at the ends, affording ample space for the full flow of the under-sleeves of rich lace. For ball-dresses, short sleeves are, of course, indispensable.

WREATHS AND CHATELAINES of flowers for looping up the tulle skirts, are being made exquisitely beautiful, and ass, consequently, in great favor.

It is in contemplation to introduce the train for dinner and stately evening parties: the materials for this style will, of course, be very rich; moire antiques, splendid satins, both plain and figured, and for matronly ladies, rich velvet; they will, in some instances, be looped up at the sides, by pearls, or gold cord and tassels, showing the jupe of silk or satia worn underneath.

HEAD-DRESSES are of every variety. We describe some of the most elegant. Fancy coiffures are coming much into favor in demi toilette, and are likely to be fashionable in dinner and evening dress: some are composed of white grenadine gauze, arranged in puffs, by narrow colored velvet; it forms a couple of rows on the head, and can be arranged in a moment; others are composed of tufts of colored velvet, mingled with steel beads: these head-dresses have a splendid effect in a well lighted room.

TORSADES AND PLATS OF VELVET in every variety of color, with bunches of gold or silver wheat-ears, make very beautiful diadems for young and pretty heads.

The ROMAN WREATH is composed of scarlet fuchsia. It encircles the head, and in front the flowers are mounted in the form of a diadem—that is to say, rising slightly to a point above the forehead.

A circular wreath of camelias, shaded pink and white. On one side, sprays of grass and foliage fastened by a bow of crimson velvet. This head-dress is tasteful and elegant without being common-place.

An exquisite wreath of white aquatic flowers. The wreath is intersected by a sort of bandeau of garnet-colored velves. Pendent sprays of foliage and buds, as if escaping from the wreath, flow loosely over the back of the neck.

HEAD-DRESS of dark blue velvet, bespangled with gold stars; on the right side, a tuft of roses, in two shades of pink; on the left, bows of blue velvet, fixed by pins, headed by gold stars, and the ends of the bows are finished by gold aiguilettes. This head-dress is the production of one of the principal Parisian milliners, who has given it the appropriate name of the Conflure Stella; it is not once showy and elegant, and has obtained much favor in Paris.



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LES MODES PARISIENNES Google



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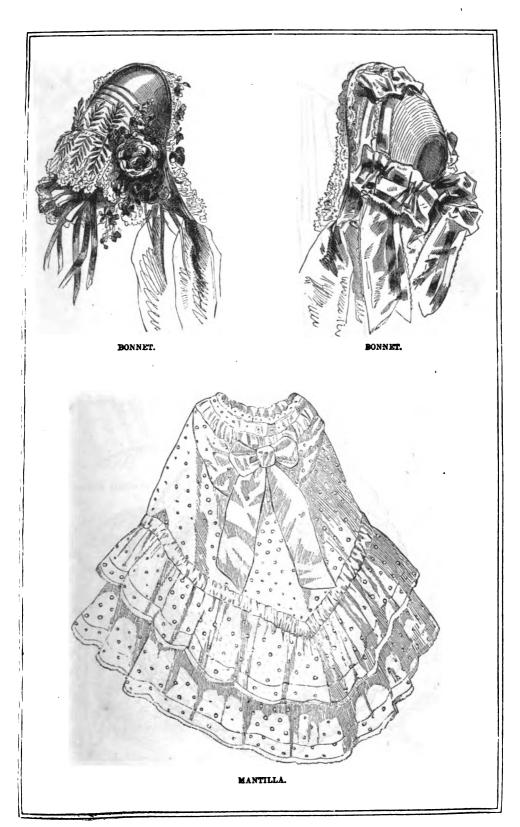






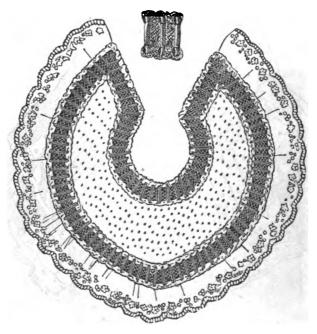


"COMING THROUGH THE RYR."



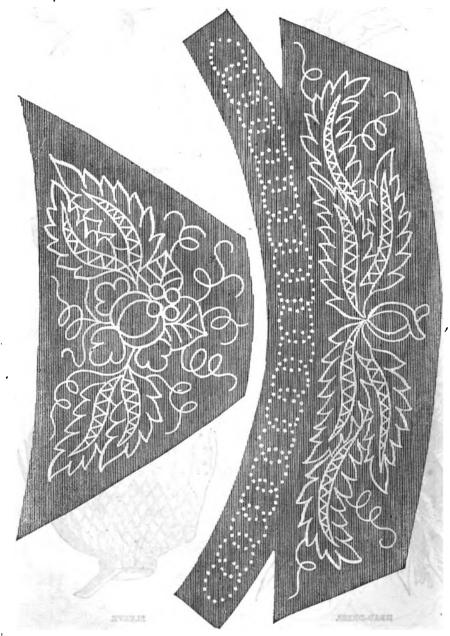


NIGHT DRESS.

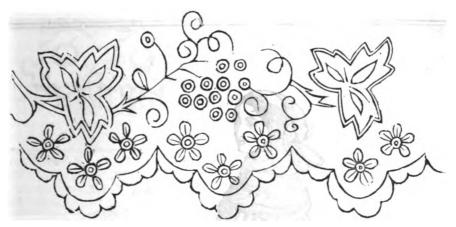


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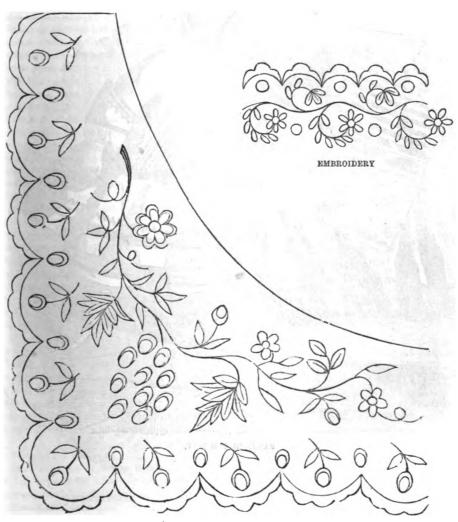
FOR BAND OF CHEMISE



BABY'S SHOE.



EMBROIDERY FOR PETTICOAT.



FRONT OF CHEMISE YOKE.



PASHIONS FOR MAY.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

Vol. XXXV.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY, 1859.

No. 5.

# ADVERTISING FOR

BY A. H. ANDREWS.

THE question is often asked, "Are the numer- ; we shall first see each other. You will recognize ous matrimonial advertisements which appear so } frequently in the city papers ever answered?" Having in my possession the written experience of a mischievous young girl who did reply, I furnish an answer to the above question. After reading this narrative, all single men will agree with me in the opinion, that we bachelors had better never resort to this method of getting a wife, lest some cruel girl should serve us in the same way.

A few months since there appeared in the Daily Tribune this advertisement.

"A gentleman of handsome fortune wishes to form an alliance with a lady of genteel personal appearance, about twenty-five years of age. A good disposition indispensable; property of no sort of consideration. Address Johnson, Union Square post-office, N. Y."

I read this, and resolving to have some sport out of it, addressed a note to Johnson, saying, that though I was not quite twenty-five, I was so near it that I would enter the list as a claimant for the prize. After describing my personal appearance as genteel, if not quite stylish, I closed by saying that my disposition was good, and if poverty was any inducement, there would be no trouble on that account. I added, address Marie, No. 1440, New York post-office.

The next day the following note was received in reply:

DEAR MARIE—I was delighted with your charming note. Your description of yourself is most satisfactory; I have no doubt but that we were made for one another, and this is the way Providence sees fit to bring us together. leave it with you to appoint the place of meeting.

Yours ever. JOHNSON.

This was my reply:

and as anxious for a meeting. I therefore pro- } tual?" pose the Dusseldorff Gallery as the spot where { I had enjoyed this sport exceedingly, but now Vol. XXXV.-21

me by my dress of deep mourning, with veil partly drawn from my face. I will be gazing at some work of art, and holding in my hand a pocket-handkerchief bordered with black

Your loving

MARIE.

I received this reply:

BELOVED MARIE-The Dusseldorff Gallery is just the place for kindred souls to recognize one another. I appoint two o'clock, of Saturday afternoon, for this happy event. You will know Johnson, and your future husband, when a person forty years of age, with blue cont, brass buttons, and buff vest, height six fect, seats bimself by your side. JOHNSON

On the following Saturday, I dressed myself in colors, and was at the Dusseldorff Gallery at precisely two o'clock, to witness any scenes which might occur; to see if the person in blue and buff appeared, or if, like his correspondent Marie, he was only a myth.

Strange as it may seem, a gentlemanly-looking person answering the description in every particular, soon walked in. After looking about earnestly at all the company there assembled, he seemed convinced that his lady had not arrived. as there was no one there dressed in mourning; so he walked from one painting to another, trying to beguile the time. Whenever the door opened, or closed, his restless eye turned, hoping to meet the expected fair one. Still she came not. The poor man finally took a catalogue, and after looking through it, walked up before a painting of the Madonna, gazed awhile, and then resumed his chair and his reading. After being occupied in this way five minutes, he drew out his watch, looked at the opening door, and then again at the time-piece. This was decidedly tantalizing. "Why did not Marie keep DEAR JOHNSON-I am as happy as yourself, ther appointment, she had promised to be punc-

I began to be almost sorry for the poor man. ; also. It was not long before he was at the side Then it occurred to me that there was no need of the one in black, offering the use of a magof wasting sympathy on one who would thus inifying glass. The lady, evidently much anmanage to get a wife, or amuse himself with a snoyed, walked to another painting. Her admirer silly woman without an idea of marrying. Just & followed, apparently annoyed at the difficulty he at this moment, while looking at him with one was having in getting acquainted with the supeye, and a "Winter Scene" by some old Dutch | posed Marie; who, he doubtless thought, was artist with the other, I noticed him gazing earnestly toward the entrance. I turned my face in that direction and discovered that three ladies \ panions were also disturbed, and after a whishad entered, and one of them in deep mourning. }
They began to look about, and finally stopped before a painting of the Last Judgment. The did this mean? Evidently he was not to be lady in black had a face really angelic, and her \ cheated out of his prize: so he followed, and every movement was casy and graceful, although \ stepping up to the supposed Marie, offered his she was very tall. Johnson was evidently en- arm. This was too much to be endured, and chanted, for he did not take his eyes off of her the three, hurrying away, reached the door, and How much must he have congratulated himself on having found such a jewel! She and { I was left to my own reflections. her friends now took seats. Imagine my surseated himself next to the fair one. The lady { ladies had evidently just entered. gave him a chilling glance and turned her face. so deeply that he did not seem at all discomfited. for the stage with its fair occupants. In an instant the three ladies rose and went to another part of the room. I then changed my \ venture, and the last of my answering advertiseposition, and soon the gentleman was stirring ments matrimonial.

coquetting with him. At last the lady grew Salarmed. She was pale as death. Her compered consultation, they moved toward the door. The countenance of my hero darkened. What were out of sight. The gentleman followed, and

The excitement had been intense, and I was prise, when, leaving her veil partly drawn from determined to see the end of it, so I immediately her face, I saw in her hand a pocket-handker- left the gallery, walking with great rapidity chief bordered with black. My correspondent until I reached the street, where I caught sight saw this too, rose, walked up to the ladies, and of Johnson trying to stop a stage, which these

How he succeeded I cannot say, for at that Attributing this to timidity, he offered her his instant so many objects came between us, that catalogue, which she coolly declined, but blushed he was lost in the crowd, and I sought in vain

This was the termination of my exciting ad-

# MIDWAY.

# BY CLARA MORETON.

MIDWAY upon Life's soa, my barque speeds on, Bathed with the noontide's gold, the cradled crests I turn to glance upon, lie still as babes Upon their mother's breast. Ah, once it was Not thus! I know a time when storms did rage, And thick clouds swept athwart the sky, until The waves that bore me on were robbed of their Rich gold, and tossed themselves in midnight blackness, Some treasure from my hold I lost, e'er those Rough waves grew calm. Some garnered hopes, some faith, Some trust went down; and for my loss, my soul Sent up a cry which might have pierced the Heavens, Bo sharp its agony. But now, the sea Doth hold no trace of all that wild turmoil. I stand and gase upon its vast expanse And strive to keep in view the far-off shore, Which from my sight recedeth hour by hour-The shore whereon I played, or e'er my sails Were set; gathering for pastime pebble stones, Which Midas touched, have turned since then to gold. What of the land beyond? A dim grey haze

Rolls thick between, which, when the storms come on, Lifts for a space, quick driven before the wind, Revealing glimpses of a glorious haven.

I fear not tempests, nor the blasts of cold That sweep from frozen zones: these have no power. But when I slowly drift through odorous groves Of spice, soft shadows wooing me to stay, 'Tis then I fear. For if I quit my helm For dalliance in these bowers, against a rock It straight may strike, and leave a seeming wreck; Which if I trust, may founder on the deep; Or if at most, it bear me into port, How should I blush to render my account To Him who trusted to my hands the barque He fashioned with such care, for purpose wise And kind! Oh, Father! grant through storm and calm, O'er threatening waves or through the spicy groves, I still may near those shores, where evermore The angels stand to lead us up to Thee!

#### LOVE-OLD STYLE AND

# BY MEHITABLE HOLYOKE.

Look what a long spray! I have picked the a handsome youth entered the room. thorns off-made a garland-if any one would wear it for my sake!"

"Would any one refuse it?"

"Then you don't. Oh! Kitty, I would keep ? you always crowned with the freshness of May!"

They were walking in a shaded country road. He turned her face to the moonlight, gently, as if to admire the wreath; their eyes met-young } eyes, full of love. In adjusting his work he broke one blossom that touched her cheek; the cheek was warm with blushes. The blossom was placed in his coffin long years afterward.

And so they were betrothed.

"How can you like me so much, Joseph? only a country girl, and you all ambition and genius!"

"Because you are sweet as these wild roses, dear! But that is not all-because you are a good, sensible girl; and have learned to make butter, and sweep the kitchen, and sew, and assist the poor; because you are healthy in body and mind, and heart: this, to be frank, is why I have chosen you for the dearest of all my blessings."

So they were betrothed.

Forty years thereafter Judge Joseph Willard died-if it were not translation-passed, by a sudden stroke of paralysis, from his happy home to a happy heaven.

Yes, there were sons and daughters left, old enough for the giving and taking of sweet-briar crowns; and there was a widow left-on her } brow the white garland which time remorselessly twines for us all; but in her heart it was May. All her life long, year by year, the sweet-briar \ lovely, mother, as a dream; and I worship the dust wreath had budded and blossomed there, filling her home with beauty, fragrance, and the dew of gentle affections. She had shared her hus- } band's honors, but helped him to win them first. The good sense and good heart that had kept home orderly, and comforted the poor of an the words were not cruel, "it seems to me thus humble village, came at length to act in wider far only wild and feverish. What qualities have ranges of society, to devise and carry out great attracted your regard? Why are you so in plans of order and beneficence.

Races will degenerate; or, is it only the times? now the judge was dead—our heroine, so vener- and never consumes!"

"A PLEASANT smell this sweet briar has. 3 able now, made room on the sofa boside her, as

"What's the matter? Are you lonely, mother? Where are the girls? Talk with you myself? Oh! certainly, certainly, should be glad to enjoy it; but so hurried-engagements. Won't this evening do? Stay, I'm engaged this evening."

"Dear boy, I do not wish to be importunate, to abridge your pleasures; but your old mother has an engagement, Ambrose, when the imperative summons shall come!"

"I declare, for once I've caught you in the dolefuls! Why, bless your heart, you're the youngest in the house! You are not pining for the old judge? Be candid now-wasn't he, with his moralities and rheumatisms, rather fussy before the end?"

"If I were sure his sons would reach an old age as full of honors and virtues!"

"Kind fate will transfigure us after we die, at least to the eyes of our friends!"

"You talk too flippantly, my son. It pains me sometimes-I fear you will never be in earnest. Oh! for a strong, gifted young man like you, to go down to the grave a mere butterfly, careless, useless, helpless!"

"That I shall never do. I can be in earnest. mother-am at this moment on one point. I am in love."

She took his face in both her hands, as when he was a little child at her knee lisping his prayers; she looked into eyes that, alas! were no more the sweet eyes of childhood. kind of love, Ambrose? Tell me-tell your mother."

"Oh! most fervent, impassioned love. She's under her feet, and could kneel to her shadow, and envy the air that touches her cheek, and risk my soul for a glance of her blessed eyes. Is not this earnest enough!"

"Dear boy!" she looked at him so tenderlylove!"

"Is love a matter of what and why? It is a Madam Willard-for no one called her Kitty, divine instinct-a celestial flame that kindles

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"Yes, dear, poetry has no praise too strong or too impassioned for the highest, truest love; but I have lived many years, and learned that what begins with sentiment and flowers leads on to very actual things: responsibilities, and duties, and cares; to parlor, nursery and kitchen; to butcher's bills, and millinery bills.——"

"And college bills? Of a truth you bring my sins home to me, mother. How I have added to your cares instead of lightening them! But you shall live with us now. Lura's an angel, yes indeed! She has most excellent qualities. She can draw, and paint, and pour out tea; and you should see her polk! and she plays enchantingly, and dresses like a queen. She has a fortune, too."

He looked in his mother's face for encouragement, but saw none.

"You are not going now to be jealous, and behave like a mother-in-law?"

"Certainly not jealous, nor, I hope, un-kind."

No, she was never a mother-in-law to Lura Lee.

In a week from this conversation, in a year from the date of her husband's death, the tomb was opened, and they placed, side by side with the old judge, that one whom he had chosen for the "dearest treasure of all his life."

At home and afar, at the distant horders of the land, where those had wandered whom she loved and served—the papers of the month recorded her death and her virtues; so gentle and tender had been her life—so noble, and beneficent and true.

"So this dear old paragon of a matron is gone," mused Lura Lee, as she glanced at the morning paper. "Ambrose will feel heart-broken for a week or two; but it's just as well for us both. I shall never be a paragon, heaven forbid! I shall sail gently through life, with all the amusement I can reap, all the pleasure I can afford. A ring at the door! Is it he?

"Only a note. Will I go up to the funeral? Well, yes, if I must. Wear black? Now that is presuming on my good nature. Why I look like a fright in it! No, Mr. Ambrose, I will not wear black! But stop—bring my desk, John. I may as well have—scruples: don't approve of mourning, and so on.

"There, John, put a stamp on this note, and take it at once to the office. I wear black! Let us see. What was I reading? There was other news, I suppose, than this old lady's death."

Weeks passed, the family of Madam Willard was scattered, her estate divided. The share of Ambrose hardly would suffice to furnish his city

house; but the bride's father did that. The wedding day was near.

"How beautiful you are to-night, divine angel! Why do not other women smile like you; move, dress like you? Can it be that the only one absolutely perfect falls to my share?"

"Say some more. I like to hear you rave."

"It is not raving; but sober, sensible truth; plain earnest; my sweet, rare flower!"

"Apropos, what a lovely basket of japonicas you sent to day. I have enjoyed them, oh! so much; and do you know Jane thinks she can trim my skirt with them for the party to-morrow? Won't it be original, and gorgeous too?"

He did not tell her of another basket of flowers—the same kind of flowers—he had purcured at the same time, and that stood now on his mother's grave, all dewy in the starlight!

Again months passed, a year, two years. They occupied the large house, luxurious in all its appointments. The predictions of Madam Willard were accomplished: for sentiment and flowers there were cares and duties now; parlor, nursery, kitchen, butcher's bill, millinery bills; they had arrived and must be met. It needed generalship like that which controls an army—unless you have tried it, reader, do not smile—it needed the patience and gentleness of saints, the dutifulness of woman, it needed only a large, true, loving heart, and this might all go well.

"Pray speak of something, Ambrose, besides your children. Am I not worn to a shadow with watching them? Have I touched the piano for two weeks? Did I give them scarlet fever?"

"You have watched too closely, my pet." He had not called her pet, for long, till now. "You shall not be so enslaved, shall have more society. We will take a journey——"

"And leave the house filled with turbulent servants? They'd melt our silver into bars, and run away with the ceilings. Blessed be nothing, is my motto! But, Ambrose, dear, since you are good-natured, I did see the sweetest set of pearls at Jones' to-day."

"At the sweetest price, I'll be bound."

"Ah! I wonder if you inquired the price of those baskets of japonicas you used to send! 'Of a truth,' says the proverb, 'a man's love lasts not long, a woman's forever.'"

"Do not talk in that way, Lura. It sounds like earnest."

"I never said it was not."

"But, child, I would indulge every wish of your soul, were it not that---"

"Now I know: a sermon on money!"

"I am a young man."

"I might have married a rich man."

- "I long for usefulness and distinction."
- "Yes, you in your way; I in mine. You to print old prosy speeches; I to wear beautiful pearls."
  - "You shall have the pearls, Lura."
- "May I? Now that is reasonable. You know, Ambrose, it is not as if I came to you penniless."
- "Would to heaven you had!" was the mental response of the husband.

Months passed again, and years. Ambrose had failed, had rallied, forsaken his profession, was now a prosperous merchant. Lura was elegant still, but her beauty was gone; nervous, restless, fitful, she aimed at a position which she had not the genius to fill. They had followed children to the grave. Japonicas came on the birth-days and death-days of those whose little feet would come no more forever on this earth. They had long ago learned to distrust the world. Alas! they had at last learned to distrust the joys of home—to distrust each other.

- "Come now, Lura, be a good child as you were at first."
  - "A silly child, you mean!"
- "No, good. Let me speak, for once, seriously. I do not like these flirtations. If I have no personal feeling—if I have none, Lura, the comments of others annoy me, mortify me constantly."
- "I choose to be independent of others opinions."
  - "Of mine-your husband's?"
- "Oh! nonsense, Ambrose. I have had trouble enough without concluding with a jealous spouse. Let me but flutter through my days. I shall wear out soon, of mere weariness. Then you may find another wife, like, for instance, your own inimitable mother."
- "Madam, I will not ask you again, but command you to treat my mother's memory with some respect! Do I mention her virtues so very often?"
- "Nay, Sir Othello! But every time you look—as you're always looking—perplexed, annoyed, disappointed. I think now he compares me with the paragon!"
- "That is the voice of conscience, Mrs. Willard!"
- "Sweet Othello, why did you not think to consult this good mamma in choosing a wife?"
  - "I was a fool, and blind!"
  - "Ah! what was I?"

He left the house. They had never gone so far before; but they had gone thus all the way, little by little, losing ground, losing confidence, losing hope.

An hour later—in the interval Mrs. Willard had flown to her boudoir, to seek restoration in cosmetics and a rearranged toilet—an hour later, Lura Willard sat in the glow of the wine-colored shades to her chandelier, listened to persuasive words from lips long practiced in flatteries, but which her foolish heart believed to be now first inspired and eloquent. He spoke of joys all tranquil and foreordained, of celestial affinities, harmonies, possibilities; not a word of his friend betrayed, of a home disgraced, a child deserted, a good name brought to scorn—not a word of forbearance, and patience, and duty.

Frail because so weak. Weak, for she was an orphan, no mother had watched her growth, and by prayer and patient effort made her strong; frail and weak—let those who can condemn her! She left that night a home which was no home; and after weakness came sin, and after sin despair, the scorn of strangers, and then gentle death.

As Ambrose Willard walked at midnight through his lonely rooms, the spirit of his mother walked beside him, whispering comfort amid his self-reproach—whispering courage in his lonely woe.

Yes, he would live for his child; live to atone for the past, to wipe away the stain, which, through his name, had fallen on his father's name. He might even entice the lost one back, might—

Servants called him to the bedside of his little girl. She was delirious with fever, calling wildly for her mother. It was dreadful to hear this word echoing through the great, deserted house, in the shrill, plaintive tones of that childish voice.

"Father, father! You made her angry, you have driven her away. Only bring back my mother! No-not your hand, hers-hers!"

And thus, in a few days, the child died; and was buried.

The father laid flowers on her grave—boughs of sweet-briar, dewy and fragrant.

And then he went forth, it was said, to seek and reclaim his wife. There arose a wild storm, boats were wrecked in the Sound; and among the bodies washed ashore was that of Ambrose Willard.

"Poor fellow!" his friends said, "just when the horizon began to clear, just when he might have hoped for peace, to be swept away by an accident!"

They looked carefully in each other's face, as they spoke; but respected his sorrows, and were silent.

In his private desk was found, duly signed



and sealed, a will-made freshly-bequeathing } his wealth to his sisters: and meekly asking drawn from less fresh and copious materials in them to bury him at his mother's feet. them to bury him at his mother's feet.

It is a mournful story, reader! Would it were

# CHARLOTTE BRONTE.

# BY ELEANOR CLAIR.

On the bleak hills the purple heather blows, And the gorse yearlong glows; So in the barren wastes of human life, Meek flowers of patience and of faith grow rife, And from the churlish soil, Strength and endurance spring beneath the hand of toil. Amid the gloomy moors her days were past, Her humble lot was cast Where dull existence holds its tedious way, And the same burden day hands o'er to day. Yet her true heart could see The glory hidden in the meanest things that be. Death took the loved whose joys embraced her own, And she was left alone;

Toiling while sorrow's weight oppressed her ever, Wise to conceive and steadfast to endeavor. With eves that tears made blind

Her life's great import seeking long to find.

And think that we who suffer chastenings sore Are therefore called to give our labor o'er? Both crosses God decrees. And our weak natures cry in vain for ease. But now at length thy rest is deep and sweet, While years their round complete. Nights such as once brought neither sleep nor calm, Now on thy grave distill their dewy balm. Through days once filled with care Thy busy hand and brain are quiet there. And by that grave, lightened with clearer vision To comprehend life's mission, We learn that no success is born of fate,

Oh! shall we deem thy might beyond the human,

Most wondrous woman?

But all true souls attain it soon or late, That they who struggle, win, And though the gate is strait, the brave may enter in.

# THE MAID WITH THE LAUGHING EYE.

## BY FINLEY JOHNSON.

Sweet to my heart are the bright scenes of yore, Where in childhood oft I have strayed; And dear to memory is the retreat In the shade by the old oak made; But a holier calm, and a mightier thrill, And charms far sweeter draw nigh, As I think of my bonny, bonny Nell, The maid with the laughing eye. She is as pure as a snow-flake fair, And her cheeks are as pure and bright

As the rosy hues that are kissed away

From off an Alpine height;

And as on memory's wings I soar, I know that no other can vie With my bonny, bonny, fairy-like Nell, The maid with the laughing eye. I told my love on a Summer's eve, And she fell on my throbbing breast; And as the glance of her eye met mine, Our lips together were pressed; The silent stars were the witnesses,

As they stole from out the blue sky;

And thus I did woo and win my Nell,

The maid with the laughing eye.

# SPIRIT-DREAMS.

# BY N. F. CARTER.

THERE are beautiful dreams that we sometimes know, Which to life some gleams of their glories impart, For all gorgeously bright, as they come and go, Are the gladdening pictures they leave on the heart. For then is the spirit untrammeled and free To roam at pleasure wherever it wills, And mirrors, as mirrors the beautiful sea, The rainbow-hued scenes of the Heavenly hills!

And we sometimes are greeted with an angel's song, And the ravishing strains of an angel's lyre, Till with spirit enraptured we ardently long For privilege of joining the Heavenly choir!

And when we awake to the real again, In the soul sweet echoes are lingering still And we join in the visions of the children of men, Which for them so blessed a mission fulfill!

And stronger in spirit we feel to breast And buffet the storms of a world of strife, Hope whispering of future enjoyment and rest, If the victory we win in the battle of life! And then shall we know those beautiful dreams, As their real we see with an angel's ken, And drink with delight from perennial streams, No more to return to the earth again!

# OLD STONE MANSION.

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD." &C.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 285.

### CHAPTER XVII.

A DRIGHT, blue sky; a bracing, north-west who recognized me now, and rushed up to her. wind; a flood of brilliant sunshine streaming in, as I threw open my window, welcomed me, when } I swoke, the next day. The events of the night { tween me and my darling. seemed to me incredible, in the presence of this glad, exhilirating morning; and I had half per- } suaded myself that a dream had deceived me, speak to you." till I looked for my candle-stick and found it heard old Jane stirring, I opened my door and descended to the first landing, to see if the light was still where it had fallen. It was there: and } I returned to my room, more bewildered than }

I breakfasted in nervous silence, though old { Jane, who waited at table, seemed, more than once, inclined to talk. For I did not care, that my companion should know my feelings, or hear how my rest had been disturbed.

After the meal was finished, I took some work, which I had completed, the day before, and set forth for the city; for I felt I could not stay alone in the house, that day. My nervous system, after the exhausting events of the night before, required recuperation. In vain old Jane assured me that the roads would be impassible with mud, and that I would be chilled through; I put on overshoes, wrapped my shawl tighter around me, and started.

The brisk walk, the sharp air, the gay sunshine restored my spirits. By the time I had discharged my errand, I was almost ready to smile at what I now half believed the illusions of the night before. As the day was still early, I resolved to prolong my walk. I turned into the principal thoroughfare, which was now alive with pedestrians, for it was the fashionable hour for promenading, and drawing my veil closely over my face, so as not to be recognized by those who had known me under happier auspices, I followed the tide of human life.

I had not gone far, before, suddenly, I saw Rosalie approaching, with her nurse.

house, we had not met. How delighted I was to the city, having unconsciously gone farther than

see her now. I threw aside my veil, careless

But the nurse drew her back, with a quick gesture, interposing her fat, coarse person be-

"No, Miss! And I wonder you've the imper'ance. My orders is positive not to let Rosy

I could not, for a moment, believe her words. As it was yet early, and I had not \ Was this the creature, who, for the last year, but especially after my engagement to Mr. Talbot, had been so fawning? I stood bewildered and incredulous, my arms half extended to clasp Rosalie, in the attitude in which the nurse's words had arrested me. Rosalie, meantime, looked first at the nurse, and then wistfully at me, from behind the creature's back. She would have run to me, if she had been able to break loose. At first, I was tempted to encourage her in doing so; for oh! how I longed to take her in my arms, to feel her little cheeks once more resting against my own. But a second thought changed this half formed resolution. My better nature came to my aid. I could not, I said to myself, teach her disobedience. If her parents had interdicted her speaking to me, I would submit, for her sake, cruel as the decree was. But my eyes filled with tears.

> "Good-bye, darling," I said, "if papa and mamma say you mustn't speak to me, don't do it. Be a good girl, and wait for better times. God bless you!"

> I turned away, as I pronounced these last words, for my voice was choking. my veil again, I walked on, for a block or two, the tears falling so fast I could hardly see my

For nothing, since that fatal day, when I had left my uncle's house, had cut me to the heart so much as this. "To think," I said to myself, as I hurried on, "that they will set even Rosalio against me; that, in time, even she will learn to { hate me!"

But the trials of the day were not yet over. I Dear Rosalie! Since the day I left her father's had now reached the most fashionable part of

I had intended. Wide, handsome mansions, built \(\begin{aligned} I \) watched them also. A spell was on me that of brown stone, lined either side of the stately I could not resist, and it would have been imstreet. Here and there, from amid damask and possible for me to do otherwise, painful as the lace curtains, looked out, through thick, plate- spectacle was. What a contrast between the glass, lovely faces. Rare, hot-house plants orna- bold driver and his slightly timid companion! mented many of the windows. Splendid equip- She was all womanly grace, he all masculine ages, with pawing horses and fat, stately-looking strength. The bright colors of her bonnet and up and down the wide thoroughfare.

tleman, Mr. Talbot.

His face was slightly turned away, as he adme, but I beheld enough of it to see that there months subsequently. I noticed also the beauty were no traces of suffering there. And why of the horses, with a sensation, half of admirashould there be? I said to myself bitterly. He ition, half of envy. How satin-like their coats; was rich, he was distinguished, he was still how delicate their ears; how broad their forehappy; and the separation, which, in spite of { my pride, was thinning my cheek, had left no } trace upon him.

she turned, smiling and blushing toward him, fof the desert." For I was born with a love for and I caught sight, for an instant, of her coun- { all animal life, and especially for beautiful horses, the brilliant complexion; the high-bred air, a they were wheeled suddenly. Then I saw them, was a sensation I had never experienced before. Int each other; and the next moment, they van-In the worst hours of my loneliness and sorrow, \ ished, with their burden, down a cross street. when I said to myself that I should never see Mr. Talbot again, and when I had often thought ment, I had been spell-bound. While that carof the possibility of his marrying, I had never, Friage was in sight I could not think, I could only I now felt, realized what the reality would be, gaze, gaze in a sort of bewildered amazement.

yards off; and I slackened my pace and drew been-as even more culpable than himself. the folds of my veil still tighter. With inex- I found myself, late in that day, at the old pressible relief I saw him descend the steps, stone mansion, but how I got there it would be a quick, sharp word to the horses, a span of stupor was the sound of the wintry wind in the riage, the groom and waiter standing mute and to sympathize with me, and the tears rushed to admiring, to look after them.

negro coachmen, stood before the doors, or rolled India shawl; the plume that streamed behind her; the air of indescribable dependence, which Suddenly, the massive portal of a house, just a pervaded her whole figure, as she nestled toward before me, was thrown open, by the obsequious him; the quick, resolute manner in which he waiter, and a gentleman and lady emerged. My pulled up one of the horses that shied from sheer heart beat quick, for I recognized, in the gen- sexcess of spirits; the idea of strength and selfpoised massiveness of character, with which the grave hue of his dress harmonized so well: all dressed his companion, so that he did not observe ; these made up a picture, which haunted me for head; how intelligent their eyes; how full their nostrils! In every detail, as well as in the exquisite symmetry of their forms, I saw the un-He gave his hand to the lady. As he did so, stained lineage, that could go back to "the blood tenance. It was very beautiful. As I saw the the noblest of animals. So I followed the met-bright, blue, laughing eyes; the golden hair; tled steeds, with my eyes, far up the street, till sudden pang of jealousy shot through me. It for an instant, tossing their heads and snapping

Anger now came to my aid. Up to this mowhen he came to love another. But I was de- { But now a sense of injustice stung me to almost ceived no longer. I discovered, too, how much & madness. I said to myself that Mr. Talbot had hope I had unconsciously entertained, and how never loved me as I had loved him, or he could much that hope had buoyed me up. Oh! if I not have so utterly forgotten me so soon. My could have sunk down, and died there, and so woman's pride rose in arms. My anger against forgotten it all, how happy I would have been. } him was only less hot than that which I felt I trembled lest Mr. Talbot might see and re- against his companion, for I looked on her-yes! cognize me. Fortunately I was still several I will confess it, morbid as it shows me to have

cross the pavement, and hand his companion into impossible for me to recall. There was a blank the light, trotting wagon, which stood awaiting through the long hours of that day, which has them, without looking in my direction. In an { left nothing to be remembered except a sensation other moment, he had taken the reins from the of dull, hopeless pain. I must have returned groom, had leaped to the seat, and drawn the home mechanically; I am sure it was unconcostly furs up over her lap and his. Then, with \ sciously. The first thing that woke me from my beautiful blood-bays, away dashed the light car- pines before the door; for its melancholy seemed my eyes Ashamed lest old Jane should see me, and, when she knocked to announce tea, declined to go down. And for two days, agonies of shame, remorse and indignation racked me by turns, and kept me nearly sleepless.

On the third day Georgiana returned. It had been my intention to seek an opportunity, during } old Jane's daily siesta, to force my way into the ? long-closed library, in order to solve the mystery of the strange light and noise. But the events ? of the day had driven this design, for the time, from my recollection. It was too late now to make the attempt, for Georgiana would be constantly at home. So I was forced to postpone have been thought, by those who knew Geormy determination. But I never, for a long while, Sgiana only as a willful girl, that she, at least, passed the haunted apartment, in the dusk of the } evening, without a feeling of awe, and often with a shudder. Frequently, at night, I listened again for shudder. Frequently, at night, I listened again for the unearthly sounds, and occasionally thought I heard them, till opening my chamber door, I that the only child of rich and selfish parents is found my imagination had deceived me. Gra- not petted till it is spoiled. She was still selfish, dually the impression of that fearful night wore and often taxed my forbearance severely. She off, till, months after, it was revived again, as I felt, also, acutely the loss of the position to shall proceed to relate in due season.

### CHAPTER XVIII.

health aroused all my sympathies. She had too much pride to confess anything; but the traces of tears were almost continually on her cheek; and I frequently recognized her husband's voice, elevated in anger, after they had retired for the Twice I thought I heard what was even worse, blows given and a woman's suppressed scream. 'Nor was I mistaken. For, a day or two after the last event of this kind, Georgiana happening, inadvertently, to bare her arm, I detected the marks of the blows. I think she saw she had betrayed herself, for she looked confused and covered her arm up quickly.

Several times, during the winter, Georgiana had written to her father; but her letters were returned unopened. Once she had summoned courage to seek an interview with him. I accompanied her, in a hack, to the door. She had chosen an hour when she knew Mr. Elliott would be at home. But her father sternly refused to see her, and when she would have forced her way in, the servant, acting no doubt according to instructions, shut the door in her face. Her look, as she turned to come down the steps, was that of hopeless anguish and despair. She staggered, as if she was about to faint, and would have fallen, I believe, if I had not sprung from the carriage and supported her to her seat.

This constant demand upon my sympathies ?

I hurried up stairs, locked myself in my room, \ was, perhaps, a benefit to me, because it kept me from morbidly dwelling on my own sorrows. After this last vain effort at a reconciliation with her father, Georgiana's melancholy increased, as did also the irritability and harshness of her husband. Up to this time, I suppose, he had nourished a hope that Mr. Elliott would forgive them; and this had been some restraint upon him. But when he saw there was no chance of his wife's inheriting any portion of her father's wealth, he vented on her all his disappointment and rage.

No wonder her health gave way! It might would never break her heart for love. But such would have taken a very superficial view of her character. Her failings had been, in a great degree, the result of her training. It is rare which she had been accompanied, and the want of the luxuries which her father's wealth had given her. But if her husband had really loved her, she might, in time, I believe, have learned As the winter wore on, my cousin's failing to be contented. The conviction that she had sacrificed everything to one who had married her only for her money, and who, now that she was penniless, maltreated her, was more than she could bear. She had not the strength of character to fight an adverse battle of life.

I was not without my own troubles, in addition to the one great sorrow of my life. Bentley still continued to visit us, and was becoming more marked in his attentions than ever. Often, to escape him, I thought of seeking a home elsewhere, but I knew that my presence was all there was to reconcile Georgiana to her lot. Once, when irritated beyond endurance. I told her that I really could stay no longer in a place where I was subjected to such annoyances.

"I don't blame you, my dear," I said, seeing how distressed she looked. "But Mr. Bentley will take no hints. The more I rebuff him, the more he persists: and I really can't bear it any longer."

Georgiana burst into tears.

"Oh! for my sake, don't go away," she sob-"This old house is so lonely that I shall bed. die. Sometimes, I hear such strange noises, at night, that I almost think it's haunted; and I'm beginning to be afraid, indeed I am, to sleep alone, when Arthur's away. You won't go, will you?"

How could I resist such entreaties, especially

when, but for me, she would never, probably, have been the husband of this man? But I said,

"I will stay, then; for awhile, at least."

"Oh! don't say that," she continued, with "Promise to stay till fall. I won't more tears. live longer than that. If it wasn't for another life than mine, I'd be willing to die now. I used to think life was so happy; but now, now-

She could not go on. I took her to my bosom, and soothed her, poor child! till she sobbed herself into quiet.

But I had reason to repent my promise; and that before long. It was one day, when Arthur, a rare thing with him, had hired a carriage to take Georgiana for a drive.

I was sitting sewing, thinking of the past, and the tears were dropping on my work, when I heard a footstep, and looking up, saw Mr. Bentley before me. He had opened the front door, unannounced, and entered the parlor, without my having been aware of it.

"What! crying, Miss Gray?" he said.

I was vexed to have been detected in this weakness. I made no answer, therefore, but went on with my sewing. No farther tears fell, however; I was too proud for that.

My visitor, not having been asked, as yet, to take a seat, strolled uneasily about. Once or twice, I glanced up, and always caught his eye fixed on me. This, at last, embarrassed me. He took courage now, and drew near to me. At § once I divined what his visit signified, and understood why Georgiana had been invited to drive. I rose to leave the room. But it was too late.

I will not repeat what Mr. Bentley said, nor what I replied. It is enough that he tendered me his heart and hand, and that I refused him. My manner was, perhaps, even more curt and decided than my words, for the color rushed over his face as I spoke, and he looked, for an instant, as if he would have liked to annihilate me. But he recovered the mastery of his features immediately.

"You are severe," he said, affecting to be "Perhaps," and there was a malicious, snake-like gleam in his eye, "you still hope that Mr. Talbot will return to you."

He paused, evidently to watch the effect of his words. I felt the blood shoot to my temples. I was angry, the instant after, to think I had betrayed myself; that anger was heightened to see the exultation that sparkled in his look, as he went on.

ness, which, up to this point, he had observed, I was confident he and Mr. Despencer were

"you are laboring under a great delusion. Mr. Talbot was married yesterday."

It went through me like a knife. He was revenged, ay! more than revenged, for any superciliousness in my manner. But I was determined he should not see it. I had betrayed myself once: I would not betray myself again. I took up my needle and held it to the light: I think nobody but a woman could have done as I did; and deliberately began to thread it, saying, unconsciously,

"Ah! You don't say so."

If I am not mistaken, he muttered, not a farewell, but an oath, as he seized his hat and left the house. I watched till I saw he was out of sight, when I threw myself on the sofa and gave way to an agony of tears.

By-and-bye, I bethought me to look at the newspaper, for one was brought to us daily. sprang up, with a sudden hope, for I felt convinced that Mr. Bentley would stop at no falsehood to gain his end. The marriage, if it had really taken place, would probably be published. With trembling fingers I unfolded the journal and sought the column where marriage notices were inserted. As I hurriedly glanced down it, my spirits rose, but only to be dashed forever, by an announcement near the bottom.

"On the tenth, by the Rev. Dr. Downs, at Christ church, Henry Talbot, of ----, to Miss Julia Beverly, only daughter of Charles Beverly, Esq., of this city."

The paper fell from my grasp. I staggered to my sent again. The room seemed suddenly to darken. I gasped for breath. Oh! how sweet oblivion would be, or how sweet we think it would be, in those great crises of agony, which are the fruit life bears for the unhappy. For the dream, the wild, vain, mad dream, as I now felt it to be, was over. Shall I confess it? In spite even of what I had seen, a hope had gradually crept back to my heart-well! it is idle saying what that hope was. I escaped up stairs, as soon as I could, and there, till dinner was nearly ready to be served, fought, despairingly, the grim Appolyon in my heart. But I conquered at last, or, at least, I believed I did.

I have said nothing, in all this time, of the means by which we lived. In spite of my cousin's assertions, that her husband never played, I had come to the conclusion that he supported himself by gambling. Mr. Bentley "Because, if that is your notion," he con-{resembled so much the keeper of a second-rate tinued; and he now dropped the elaborate polite- } hell, such as I had heard them described, that

partners in some enterprise of that description. I the extravagant, almost childish pleasure, which able. For the intimacy between the two men happier than she had been for months. had relation, it was plain, to transactions in which both were pecuniarily interested, as I saw { we sat with the windows up. Georgiana was money frequently passing between them, account gayer than she had been all winter. The soft, books produced, and receipts exchanged.

I was the more sure that I was right, because } the financial condition of Mr. Despencer appeared to fluctuate, precisely as a gambler's } will. Sometimes he would produce whole rolls influence of the hour. I thought what Georof notes, crisp and fresh from the bank, out of } which to give my cousin the funds necessary to } discharge household bills. At other times, the bills would be allowed to accumulate for weeks; and any mention of money would make him } angry.

All this while, Georgiana remained under the delusion that her husband was an English gentleman of condition, whose purse was full, or empty, according as his remittances from home were punctual, or otherwise. I could less afford than ever to tell her the truth. It would have taken from her the only thing that was left to cheer her spirits.

"Though I will be dead and gone," she would } say, for she persisted in declaring she would not live. "my poor infant may yet be rich and happy. } I hope it will be a boy, for then he can inherit } the title, if it falls in, as Arthur says it is almost sure to do. A daughter might be no happier than her mother."

This was the nearest approach she ever made, in words, to betraying her husband's cruelty. She seemed to see, the moment she had spoken, what she had done, for she became confused and bastily turned the conversation.

The spring was far advanced, when these events occurred. For nearly two months I had not been in the city. During most of that time, the roads had been impassable, in consequence of the heavy rains. At last, late in the month of May, I set forth, at Georgiana's request, to make some purchases, which could not well be put off longer, and which she had been anxious I should make for her, ever since her husband, a few days before, had placed in her hands a tempting roll of bank-bills.

"Buy things that are pretty as well as good, Maggy," she said, "for Arthur tells me times } are mending with him, and he's been quite } generous, as you'll see when you count the { on the sash, a peal of thunder broke overhead, bills."

things to buy. I came home quite fagged out. that gigantic dome had been crashed, and the But I was fully compensated for my fatigue, by whole vast superstructure was tumbling back

This explained the hold which he had on Geor- my purchases gave Georgiana. She held up the giana's husband, which otherwise was inexplic- { little, delicate lace caps, blushing, and seemed

> It was a beautiful evening, and so warm, that south wind, scented with far-off flowers, and the silver moonlight, which fell around us like a mantle of peace, assisted, doubtless, to work this change. Her husband seemed also to feel the giana had said, about his circumstances improving, was, perhaps, true; for not only now, but for several days, he had been less irritable and harsh As I saw his wife leaning her head fondly on his shoulder, a caress which he did not rudely reject, as he would have done, a week before, I said to myself, that better days, perhaps, were in store for my cousin.

> Nor did these hopes die with that evening. For the month and more, that followed, Mr. Despencer was once more attentive, almost kind, to his wife: and she, poor thing! was only too grateful, as her every action and look showed. In the middle of summer she became a mother; and though the child was a daughter, and not a son, she seemed to have forgotten, in the bliss of her new relation, all her former wishes that the result might be different.

# CHAPTER XIX.

GEORGIANA had sunk into a soft slumber, one night, and was altogether so well, that, leaving the nurse to watch over her and the infant, I stole out of the chamber in order to seek some rest, of which, for nearly a week, I had been almost entirely deprived. I soon fell into a deep sleep. My system had been completely exhausted by anxiety and the fatigue of watching; and I did not even dream.

I was awoke, after some hours, however, by the dash of rain across my face. The day had been sultry, even for the season, and, when I retired, I had left all the windows open, including one at the head of my bed. Sitting up, I felt that my pillow was quite wet, for a thunderstorm had arisen, and a cold wind was driving the rain, in huge drops, right across where I slept. I sprang out, as soon as I realized this, to close the casement. But just as my hand was seeming to shake the house to its foundations, I was gone all day, for there were many and rattling down the sky, as if the pillars of into chaos. Instantaneously, there was a dazzling (I heard nothing, except the loud, tumultuous flash, which, for one brief moment, revealed the throbbing of my heart, and the steady pouring landscape without, clothed in a ghastly radiance, § like the spectral and blasted wastes seen in a dream of the lost: the tossing pines on the lawn, every needle a point of light; the swaying woods in the distance, sheeted with electricity; the sullen stream in the valley beneath, emitting a dull blaze; and the pall-like clouds above, roll- shuffling of feet, the voices, the thud of a blow, ing tumultuously over each other, glowing a the sound like a dying sob. My breath came lurid black: and then all was darkness. It was quick and fast. I was irresolute for a second. a darkness a thousand times more intense for \ Then I rallied. My spirit was fully roused. I that moment of vivid light.

struck, for I found myself, simultaneously with since Georgiana's return, for an opportunity to all this, recling backward against the bed, nor unravel this mystery, a wish which her presence do I know to this day whether I was thrown had prevented? And now that the opportunity there by the shock, or whether I instinctively had come, should I, coward-like, fear to avail retreated. The darkness was succeeded, almost imyself of it? No! I would go forward, come immediately, by a wild, lurid glare, in which everything, for a moment or two, spun around: the influence of these reflections, the very danthe bed, the room, the gloomy landscape without, } nay! the heavens themselves. Then followed } the sound of the rain rushing downward, like unseen Alpine torrents, when night and tempest are on Mount Blanc.

When I recovered, my first thought was of Georgiana, whom I knew that peal must have awakened, and who, from a child, had been afraid of thunder. So I hurried on my dress, as fast as I could, to go to her.

My cousin's room, as I have said, was next to mine, and on the same floor. But there was no communication between the two apartments, except through the hall, and when I opened the door leading into the latter. I was startled by seeing the passage, which I had left in darkness, an hour or two before, now almost as light as day.

At first I could not believe my eyes. I passed my hand over them, and looked again. I now became aware that the light was brighter below than above, and another look satisfied me that it came from the direction of the library, out of whose long closed door it seemed to stream forth, in a gush of brilliant, almost unearthly efful-I forgot, instantly, my errand. The remembrance of that winter night, when I had beating wildly.

one might have counted fifty, paused to listen. I rattling of skeleten bones.

of the rain outside. Smiling at my momentary terror, I boldly threw the door open and stepped forth.

But my footsteps were again arrested, for a moment; for loud and distinct there came to my ears the strange noises of that winter night: the said to myself, that, if I went back, I should My first idea was that the house had been despise myself forever. Had I not wished, ever what might. I would dare everything. Under ger, which, but a little while before, had palsied my limbs, now only stimulated me to proceed.

Fortunately I had list slippers on. For I had worn them, in Georgiana's room, ever since she had been sick, and when I retired, I had put them at my bedside, to be ready in case I should be summoned. They enabled me to glide down stairs noiselessly, and to reach the lower hall undetected. A step or two carried me to the library door But there a sight presented itself, which arrested my rapid pace and transfixed me, breathless, on the threshold.

### CHAPTER XX.

THE library was a spacious apartment, with book-cases ranged along either side, and a stately, old-fashioned fire-place at the extreme end. The cases were built into the wall, and consequently had been left standing, when the room had been dismantled. They had open doors of latticed wire-work, which had originally been lined with green silk, but this was now tarnished by damp and time; and in many places torn and rotten, revealing the empty shelves within. An antique glass chandelier, with crystal drops, depended from the ceiling, in the middle of the room: the centre-piece of this ceiling was a wreath, on a heard the story of the parricide committed in blue ground, on which were gilded stars, after a that room, and seen afterward this same myste- in the fushion much in vogue sixty years ago. It was rious light, rushed back upon me, with all its from this chandelier that the brilliant light, feelings of swe and terror. I staggered back which now almost dazzled my eyes, seemed to into my chamber, my knees trembling, my heart } proceed. Every pendent twinkled and scintil-} lated, throwing out glittering prismatic hues, as But I rallied almost immediately. I put my the current of wind, that poured in at the open hand on the lock to reopen the door, and while \( \) door, stirred them, with a ghostly sound like the

Directly under this chandelier, and in the full Despencer, or Bentley, would have been more blaze of its light, was a strange machine, unlike liable to suspicion than a woman. Georgiana, anything I had ever seen before. My first idea, though a woman, would not, on more than one with my heated imagination, was that it was some account, have been a successful agent. It flashed hideous instrument of torture. But a second upon me, as I recalled all this, that I also was look suggested to me that it was a printing press criminal in the eyes of the law. Oh! at that moof some description, for on a small table, at its ment, how the warning of Mr. Talbot came back side, was a pile of paper, cut into tiny sheets, to me. It was the bitterest thought of the hour and on another table, near by, was a similar that he would hear of this. But whether he bepile, only printed upon. As I entered, a man, lieved me guilty, or not, my fair fame was equally in his shirt sleeves, whom I recognized for De- tainted, for in the eyes of the world, from this spencer, was in the act of taking one of these sheets from the press, and transferring it to this second pile; while another man, also without his coat, and whom I saw was Bentley, had hold of the spokes, by which the press was turned, as if he had only that instant taken an impression. As Despencer lifted the paper, and the light fell full upon it, I detected a sheet of bank notes, precisely similar to those I had disbursed for Georgiana, only a few weeks before.

I paused, as I have said, in dismay. For that one, rapid glance had revealed to me, not only the origin of the mysterious noises and lights, but } the secret of the connection between Despencer and Bentley. I saw that I had been living, for months, in a den of counterfeiters. I saw why this dreary old mansion, which the country folk ? believed to be haunted, had been chosen for a residence by Georgiana's husband; for in this room, which no stranger would dare to approach, because of the tragedy which had been enacted there, he was secure from interruption at his felonious work. I thought, too, I comprehended the strange knock I had heard, on that winter night. It must have been Bentley, I said to myself, who, not gaining admittance promptly, had gone around to some other entrance known only to himself; for the strange light and noises, which I had seen and heard afterward, had doubtless been caused by his being at work, and had ceased because he had heard me coming and closed the door. The shuffling of feet moving about, to work the press; the rubbing in of the ink on the steel plate; voices, in conversation, or of one talking to himself; these were precisely such sounds as might be transmuted, by an active fancy, into the spectral ones of old Jane's narrative. I realized it all now. And I further saw that it was chiefly stormy nights that had been { chosen for printing the notes, as on such nights the counterfeiters would be less likely to be detected.

I understood also why my presence, in this old mansion, had been courted by Despencer. I had been welcomed because I could be made a dupe, and, in that capacity, employed as a tool }

time out, I would be the confederate of felons.

It is said that, when a person is drowning, a thousand thoughts, ten thousand recollections. rush upon them, and that they live, so to speak, whole years in a moment of time. In that terrible hour, when I saw hope closing over me forever, without a plank to cling to, I also thought and felt this, and other things, with a rapidity I could not have believed possible. I even speculated how far old Jane was a confederate with Despencer and Bentley, and whether the story of the parricide was a pure invention, or otherwise: and I remember that I concluded, from the recollection of her manner, when telling the tale, that the parricide had really happened; but that she had narrated the tragedy to me, doubtless at the instigation of the others, in order to check my curiosity regarding the long-closed room. Some mysterious bond, I supposed, connected her and Bentley, if' not Despencer together. What was it?

Then I thought of Georgiana. Instead of being the bride of a nobleman, as, poor fool! she fancied still, she was a felon's wife. More than this, she was the mother of a felon's child. Oh! was it to such degradation, I asked myself, that my thoughtlessness had brought her? pictured, rapidly, her future. How, sooner or later, the ministers of justice would discover the counterfeits afloat, ferret out the counterfeiter. and consign him to the penitentiary. She would then be alone in the world, unless I stood her friend. That friend I resolved to be, till she died of the shame and horror of the discovery, which I knew would not be long. But her infant? It would survive, it would have no one to take care of it; and I determined to be a mother to it, even though it was the child of a felon. These reflections, in succession, rushed through my mind, and I was only roused, by observing that Bentley had left the press, and was gliding swiftly and noiselessly toward me, with the sinister look of a red Indian stealing through the woods on the war-path.

For the first time, that evening, I lost my preto put in circulation the counterfeit notes. Either sence of mind. My true course was to have fled, closing the door behind me. But I did not think of this. I was so startled, horrified and } bewildered, so doubtful yet that what I saw was not a dream, that I only stepped aside, instinctively, to avoid him. In a moment he had slipped between me and the door, which he closed and locked. The look of savage certainty, the certainty that he had me in his power at last, which supplanted the one of cunning which had been on his face before, gave me the first intimation that a real and tangible peril, a peril even of life, had taken the place of the vague and supernatural one which I had originally dreaded.

He came up to me, with a hideous grin on his features, now looking more satyr-like than ever; and I recoiled, trembling in all my limbs. For what was I in the hands of this brutal, revengeful and desperate man? He followed me up, and I lost all courage. With a shrick, I turned and fled to Despencer.

The latter had stood, hardly less spell-bound than myself, holding the sheet of paper in his hand all this while. As I now threw my arms about him, with a wild look of entreaty for protection, he raised his eyes to his companion, with a sort of puzzled, alarmed expression, which showed me what a craven he was at heart, and how he not only feared his confederate, but depended even on his counsel to extricate themselves from this crisis. No word was spoken, nor did I see Bentley's face, but the eyes of Despencer quailed, and I was not surprised, therefore, when the latter began, nervously, to unloose my arms from about him.

"No, my saucy Miss," said Bentley, following me up, "that won't serve your turn. We meet now where I have the say all to myself."

I knew, from this, how my rejection of him had rankled, in his heart, all the while. I knew hope except in myself. In a moment all the myself loose from Despencer, with a quick, decisive gesture of contempt, and faced Bentley, } feeling as I suppose a stag feels, when, after being hunted all day, it turns at bay on its pursuers. His eye quailed before my defiant look.

But it quailed only for a moment. Base as he was, Bentley was brave. He colored, as if with shame, at that momentary hesitation, and } said, stopping at a respectful distance, and with an oath.

"You're a trump, and if we can come to an understanding, you need be afraid of nothing.

Despencer seemed to know, as little as I did, what the speaker was aiming at. He looked bewildered from Bentley to me.

A smile of contempt began to wreathe the coarse lips of Bentley.

"Will you keep an oath?" he said, turning to

I answered promptly and decisively,

"I won't take any oath, here: open the door and let me go."

A derisive laugh was the only reply I received. In spite of my attempts to seem fearless, that laugh smote me with secret terror, for I knew, let what would happen, that I could not depend on Despencer for aid.

"You can and shall swear," said Bentley, fixing his eyes on me, and speaking slowly and between his teeth, as if to convince me how relentless he was. "Look here, Miss; you are no You have caught us at what, if known, fool. would send us to the States Prison; and you can't suppose we're going to let you off, so that we may be blown, to-morrow."

"For God's sake," interposed Despencer, "swear not to tell. You don't know Bentley: I do. Swear."

He caught my arm, as he spoke, and, in his energy, pinched it till it was black and blue. His face was pale as ashes. This terror of his, at what might happen if I persisted in my refusal, revealed to me, far more than words could have done, the peril that surrounded me.

"Swearing, in that way, won't do," interrupted Bentley, coolly folding his arms and leaning against the table. "You don't seem, Despencer, to realize the facts. What guarantee have we that she will keep such an oath? She may do it, at first, and afterward change her mind: and then where are we? No, we must also, from the hurried manner in which Despen- make it her interest to hold her tongue, or rather eer disengaged himself from me, that I had no put her in a position, that, even if she wished to tell, she couldn't. She must swear to marry pride of my character came to my aid. I flung me: that's the only way; for a wife can't be witness against her husband. You're comparatively safe, for the girl has her own notions of honor, and, unless I'am mistaken in her, won't blab against her cousin's husband. But with She'd as lief hang me, you see, it's different. me, I believe, as look at me."

The cool, logical way, in which he put all this, fairly took my breath away. I realized, at once, that entreaties or supplication would be powerless, addressed to such a man. From his point of view, indeed, there was no other safe course for him to take. The plan he proposed "what do you say? Will this girl keep an oath?" } detect, also, under this calm show of reason, a

latent exultation lurking in his eye, that seemed ? apartment was still dim with smoke, but I could to say to me, "You once scorned me, you have { see that there was a great rent, for half the disbeen fool enough to come prying into the lion's den, now see what you will make of it." That } diabolical look of revenge was for me; the reasoning was for his comrade.

Despencer gazed at Bentley and then at me. Once more I appealed to him by a look. There was still enough of common humanity in him to make him pity me. But he saw the justness of his confederate's reasoning, and evidently knew that there was no possibility of moving that confederate from an opinion so emphatically expressed. "I-I," he stammered, turning finally to me, "can't interfere, you see. Bentley's right. The only safe way is to marry him."

- "Never!" I said.
- "Never?" asked Bentley, in a mocking tone, moving a step toward me.

"Never!" I retorted, looking him full in the face. Death, I felt, would be preferable to a union with this ruffian, for that would be worse than mere physical death, it would be the death of the soul.

He returned my look, for a full minute, it may bave been longer. I had heard that the human eye had a strange power, and the vain hope came across me, that I might awe even this unscrupulous and merciless man. But I felt, as second after second went past, while he continued to gaze at me with that hard, stony, resolute expression, that this hope was slipping by.

The expression of his eye changed, indeed, at last; but what a change! That strange gleam, which I had so often noticed there, that dull and sleepy gleam, which reminded me of a snake, began to blaze, as he advanced on me; till it was transmuted into the glare of an assassin.

# CHAPTER XXI.

I RETREATED rapidly to the door. To that movement, perhaps, I owed my life. at this very moment, a peal of thunder, more awful even than the one which had awoke me, broke over the house, shaking it as if an earthquake was about to topple it from its foundations. Simultaneously a blinding glare paled the light of the chandelier; the room was filled with a sulphurous smoke; and I was hurled still further from Bentley, by a shock, sharp and quick as that from a vast volcanic battery, and that deprived me, for awhile, of all sensation.

I was amazed to behold the door wide open, as comprehend all she saw; but she understood if it had been burst violently from its hinges. The senough to have some glimpses of the truth. I

tance down the wall, close by the doorway; and I realized, at once, that the lightning had struck the house, and passed down in this direction, tearing the door off in its course. The next object I saw was Despencer, who stood, as if suddenly transformed to stone, his eyes distended with horror, gazing at some object on the floor between us. My glance following his, rested on the prostrate form of Bentley, that lay directly under the splintered wall, surrounded with bits of broken plaster, and apparently lifeless. brain was still in a whirl, and, for an instant, I could not realize it all. But a second look at Despencer, and then one at the motionless body, told me that my late enemy had gone to his last account. On his forehead was a small, round hole, as if seared into the brain by a redhot iron; the side of the face was convulsed; and there was a smell as of burning garments. Despencer stooped over him.

"Good God! he is really dead," he said, in a husky voice, and he started back, his face more livid than ever.

All this had occupied less than a minute, and the echoes of the thunder were still rattling faintly down the heavens, when I heard a shrick, and almost simultaneously a white, sheeted figure, appeared at the entrance, the countenance wild with terror. At sight of it, Despencer, who was just rushing away, recoiled, believing it, I suppose, for the instant, the apparition of the faithless bride. But I knew better. I recognized Georgiana immediately. To explain her appearance, and in this half crazed condition, I must, however, go back for a short interval.

As I had feared, the first of the two thunderpeals had woke my cousin, who, in a state of great alarm, began calling for me. The nurse waited awhile, thinking I would make my appearance, but as I failed to do this, she left the chamber to summon me. While she was absent, Georgiana had risen from bed, and hardly conscious in her terror of what she was doing, had slipped on her dressing-gown. At this juncture the second clap of thunder broke over the house; and this deprived her of what little presence of mind there was left to her. Rushing from her chamber, she darted down the staircase, and turning in the direction where she saw the light, reached the library in the manner, and at the moment, I have described.

For an instant she looked around affrightedly. When I began, at last, to recover recollection, { In her half-insane condition, she was not able to shall never forget her horror-struck look, when ; sible, more than ever. In her lonely life, at the burst; and went off into violent convulsions.

the feet, we bore my cousin to her chamber, Despencer creeping after us, speechless, and shivering as if in an ague-fit, hardly able to hold the candle in his nerveless hand.

I have but a vague recollection of some of the } events of that terrible night and the two succeeding days. But others are burned into my so that the nurse and I expected every hour to } be her last. Toward morning the strength of could see that her days were numbered.

never, indeed, borne her name: and had been almost morning. educated away from her. But her heart clung }

she beheld the corpse, or the shudder over her \ deserted old mansion, he was continually in her whole frame with which she averted her gaze. thoughts. When his evil habits began to tell on Her eyes now rested on me for the first time. I his fortunes, and he not only slipped out of rewas hastening to support her, for I too well fore- putable society, but got into pecuniary difficul-boded what was to follow. She sprang toward ties, she opened her store of hoardings and me, as a child, chased by a terrible beast, darts supplied him from her own purse. At last, even into its mother's arms; broke into a stifled shrick, this resource was exhausted, and then Bentley that was followed by a sob as if her heart had \ became a sharper, a gambler, even worse. But still she loved him, as only a lonely, desolate Fortunately the nurse arrived at this crisis. woman can. Years passed. Her son grew to-She had found my chamber empty, and was re- ward middle-age; she was becoming decrepit turning to Georgiann's, when she saw a white herself; he associated now only with felons; figure flitting down the staircase Together we \ when he was with her he often struck her; and bore the unhappy wife back to her bed. De- yet she loved him still. Finally, he came to her spencer had partially recovered from his stupor and demanded the use of the long-closed library of terror, but was still too unnerved to render us to establish a press for counterfeiting; and much assistance. The nurse, at first, had given though it seemed to her almost sacrilege, for me the candlestick to hold, and motioned for she was thoroughly superstitious, she consented. the husband to take Georgiana up in his arms; Hence it was that Despencer, with whom Bentley but seeing his condition, she had snatched the had now become associated, had rented the old light from me, and handed it to him, with a look { mansion. But a terror of some great calamity, almost of contempt, telling him to follow us. In \ which seemed to haunt her like a Fate in a Greek this way, the nurse supporting the head, and I tragedy, kept her in continual apprehension. Often she implored her son to forego his practices, or, at least, to carry them on somewhere But he answered only with a scornful els**e**. All this we learned from her frantic laugh. ravings.

The clap of thunder had awoke her in common with the rest of the household, and the shricks memory indelibly. My office was at the side of of my cousin had brought her down stairs. When my cousin, whom I did not leave, except for a she saw the corpse of her son, she broke into the few minutes, for eight-and-forty hours. During most piteous lamentations, mixed with insane part of that time she lay in violent convulsions, reproaches of all in the dwelling. The dangerous condition of Georgiana did not restrain her. She burst into the chamber, and assaulted Dethe attacks abated, and the physician, who spencer to his face, declaring that if he had not arrived soon after, gave us faint hopes of her inisled her son, she would not be childless. My recovery. But though she had relief, from that \ flesh crept at the frightful manner in which she period out, she never looked up again; and we cursed the cowering survivor, invoking on him and his family every evil which her imagination For it was impossible to conceal from her could suggest. We could not, for some time, entirely the true state of affairs, and this know- \ leave Georgiana long enough to force the half ledge broke her heart. If nothing else would maniacal mother from the room. But when our have betrayed to her the real character of her { patient had partially recovered, the nurse and I, husband, the passionate grief of old Jane would with some help from Despencer, removed her, have done it; for the mystery that connected and double-locked the door. I believe, after this, the ancient servant with Bentley was solved, her passion took a new turn and subsided into now that he had met so fearful a death. Bent- grief, and that she threw herself on the dead ley, it came out, was old Jane's son. He had body of Bentley, and wept frantically there till

It was daybreak before we could rally Despento him, in secret, as the only thing which was cer sufficiently to induce him to go for a physileft to her to love. When he grew up, his hand- cian. I have always thought that he was afraid some person, his talents, and the fashionable to go before. Even while he remained in his company he kept, made her dote on him, if pos- wife's chamber, he would start and look fur-

expected another thunderbolt to fall, and that \( \) of Georgiana gave me leisure to think of anyhe was to be its victim.

already determined, in my own mind, that he was innocent in intention; but I knew likewise would not. For it was impossible to prevent a that this would avail me but little. However, it coroner's jury on the body of Bentley, when the was impossible for me to leave Georgiana. My fact of the felonious occupation in which the \ post of duty was at her side, and there I would dead man had been engaged would be dis- stay, I said to myself, even if it led me to the covered: and in such an event, the arrest and Penitentiary. trial of his confederate would inevitably follow.

tirely around, at the slightest noise, as if he i I thought over all this, as soon as the condition thing but her peril. I had many doubts also as He never returned from that errand. I had to my own immunity from the law. I knew I

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# LETTIE LANE.

### BY MARGARET LEE RUTENBUR.

In those days that long have vanished, Hours I ne'er may know again, Spirit-angels told me softly, They had come for Lettie Lane! Lettie Lane and I had studied Happy school girls side by side; Or. perchance, together loitered Where the brooklet's tiny tide Washed the pebbles that we gathered, Or, with low and tinkling song, Bore the blossoms that we scattered, On its ripples far along. Skies of blue seemed then the purer, Fresher grew the wild-wood green, Clearer rang the robin's numbers, Brighter gleamed the river's sheen, For our hearts were lit by fancy, In those joyous times of old, Like as Autumn sunbeams tincture Crimson leaves with hues of gold. So we rambled, as I told you, Two young, laughter-loving girls, On my brow were plain brown tresses, Hers was wreathed with golden curls. But full soon a change came o'er her, Brighter grew her eyes of blue,

And the pure and lovely forehead Wore a more transparent hue. On her cheek, where erst the health-tints Rested in rich, damask bloom, Came the fatal hectic flower. Like a signal from the tomb! So I can but thus remember, While one white pond-lily lay In its fragrance on her pillow, My young playmate passed away! Fair the petals of that flower, But as pure and fair as them. Were the cold and waxen fingers That had clasped its balmy stem! Thus she passed the shadowy valley, And they laid her down to rest. Where the birds of Summer caroled Notes of beauty o'er her breast. Other friends since then have cheered me, With kind friendship's soothing power, But my yearning heart turns backward To that mournful, parting hour! Other scenes have come, and vanished, Yet will tears, like Summer rain, Fall upon the flowerets growing O'er the grave of Lettie Lane.

#### WILD FLOWER OF THE MOUNTAIN. THE

# BY JANES M. THOMPSON.

ONCE roaming free o'er hill and vale, With heart uncaptivated, I found within the forest's pale The fairest form created, She dwelt beneath a cottage roof, Hard by a limpid fountain; And bore the soul-enhancing name-The Wild Flower of the mountain.

When first I saw this lovely maid, The modest smile she gave me, Placed me beneath the yoke of love, So that no hand could save me; Vol. XXXV.-22

And there, upon the moss-grown rock, Beside the dimpling fountain, I wooed and won my only love, The Wild Flower of the mountain.

And as I think of dangers past, And joys between them shining, I feel new cords of tender love Around my soul entwining; To that dear maid I woold beside The purling crystal fountain, And then I twine my arms around The Wild Flower of the mountain.



#### MY UNLUCKY COUNTENANCE.

# BY A. L. OTIS.

I SUFFER under a singular misfortune. It will ; of mine, if I "Was not that little lady who had I dare say if you are sentimental you will fail to them?" understand the hardships of my case.

It is simply this—everybody knows somebody who looks like me. The words I am sure to hear, as soon after an introduction as etiquette will allow, are, "You so strongly resemble a friend of mine," &c.: or "You remind me so forcibly of my absent cousin, aunt, sister, or sweetheart," as the case may be: or "Pardon me, but your likeness to my old friend so and so, leads me to treat you with the familiarity due only to a longer acquaintance," &c., &c.

If you are of the turn above said, you ask, "Where is the misfortune?" Very agreeable, you think, for me to find mine always one of the "old, familiar faces"-charming! never to look the stranger to any one, to be "hail fellow well met!" with every new-comer-to have a special resemblance to everybody's particular friend.

You think so? Well, I object to it for the following reasons-or no-I will give no reasons. I will let you deduce them for yourself from my experience. Put the case as yours. How would you like to find the resemblance generally unflattering? I have seen some of these fac-similes of myself. They were about as much like each other as Laps are like Spaniards, or Turks like Frenchmen. I don't know how they can all be me! I have not, generally, felt elated by the comparison when confronted with my "very pictures." They may possibly have experienced the same dissatisfaction-I hope not to the same extent.

Or, how would you like to have no personality of your own; to be forever prejudged by the qualities of others; to be sneered at because Miss A--- is so vain; to be hated because Miss Bis so malignant; to be laughed at because Miss - is so ridiculous; to say nothing of having miracles of industry required of you because of Miss D-'s "faculty," and miracles of patience on account of Miss E---'s amiability?

This is to have no identity—to be perpetually swamped in others having stronger traits, like the sugar in a dose of castor-oil.

as I stood by the counter. One asked a friend ing in-doors, and hoping to win golden opinions 854

not seem much to you when you hear it stated. a fancy for taking things and not paying for

Oh, my counterparts! do conduct yourselves with propriety, or a harmless sufferer will haunt you, if she can!

I asked one of the trustees of some museum for a permit to visit it. These permits are given to all applicants who are deemed respectable. What was my dismay to receive in reply such words as these.

"No, ma'am. To you we must refuse one, unusual as such a denial is."

"Why so?" I stammered.

"You were so careless, and did so much damage in handling the specimens the last time you were there, that my duty to the society obliges me to refuse the permit."

I had never before visited the museum; but some rough copy of me, doubtless, had done so.

I have occasionally tried to prove the mistake about my identity, but have generally been considered only unblushingly persistent in gaining my object at the expense of truth. If I meet with no contradiction to my representations and gain my point, those I address generally let me see that they are not "gulled," but only indolent or indulgent.

Is not such experience charming?-or what follows?

Walking quietly along Chesnut street, I see blustering old Dr. - driving along in his carriage. He pulls up, and calls out to me, a perfect stranger to him, though, as he is a distinguished man, I know him by sight.

"Go home-go home! I never saw such a perverse woman! Any person of sense, sick as you are, would be abed! Such a patient abroad speaks ill for her doctor. I won't have it. Go home!"

I-the picture of health-ordered home for a sick and unreasonable patient! and that too when the old novelist ----, is just passing, and hears every word, as a perceptible sneer in his face tells me! A month or two afterward, I see some fling at womankind in his latest work, which I trace clearly to this incident. And all I have had shop-keepers look sharply after me the time, no doubt, the poor, sick lady is groanof her physician by her obedience. meeting with her unbelieving dictator, my unlucky visage has procured for the dear, good tarily prolonged. He scarcely left my side that creature. Of course, he will maintain that he } saw her out walking, and set an attempt to deceive down against her, when she protests she has not left her room.

Sometimes the mistake produces only laughable results. At a pic-nic I wandered alone in a shady, cedar grove. I was dressed, as all the ladies were, in white. I leaned over a little, babbling brook, and became much interested in some minnows. I heard a step behind me, but that imported nothing to me-I expected no fond Suddenly an arm stole about my surprises. waist.

"I have watched a whole hour for this!" said a man's voice. I knew the gentleman wellsupposed to be a stony, old bachelor. I looked up, met a prompt kiss, gave a prompt scream, and saw my astonished swain take a prompt departure, after a close, hasty, frightened look into my face.

Walking along a country lane, I was overtaken by a young gentleman in a very stylish buggy. I never saw him before, yet he smiled, bowed, } in!" he cried out. "Miss Monroe sent me for She is sick-you have not a minute to vou. lose."

Very much flurried at being summoned by a Miss Monroe I never heard of before, I hastily } seized the extended hand and sprang into the wagon, without taking pains to look again at the messenger, who meantime is carefully averting his face. No sooner am I seated beside him, than I perceive that he is shaking with laughter; and suddenly he turns to me saying, while he starts off his horse with a brisk touch.

"All a ruse, Lizzie! Miss Monroe don't want you-but I do!"

I lift upon him a blank, amazed face. starts, stares, colors, stammers out an apology, and something about expecting to meet Lizziesays I am "not the lady," stops the horse and lets me get out in violent confusion; and while he drives off sheepishly recovering his countenance, I walk off lamenting mine, which plays me such tricks.

At an evening party, I was introduced to a Mr. - at his request. He gazed at me thereupon in a very confusing manner, grew pale and teary. I hastened to draw his attention from myself to the music, the pictures, the dancing. But though he was sufficiently polite, I saw that \ pected to be so happy in this world as you have his mind was fully occupied in dwelling upon made me." He was deeply in earnest, trembling me. From being embarrassed and annoyed, I with magnetic emotion. He paused again. If

A stormy \ began to feel flattered, as his attention seemed delicate, almost reverential, and quite involunevening: and when he took leave, asked permission to call upon me. I granted it readily, as I knew his family and antecedents.

> The very next day he came, and the next, and the next-I was fluttered a little. I had been through such affairs before, and knew what this devotion foreboded; besides did not every friend I had congratulate me upon my conquest?

> At parties he scarcely left my side, for no coldness on my part could daunt him. At home he sat as near me as circumstances and etiquette permitted, tormenting me with his long gaze. He sent me bouquets anonymously, lent me books, sang with me, and came daily.

> He was well-educated, handsome, of suitable age, and good estate. I began to look upon him with favor, but yet always felt that the whole affair was rather inexplicable, and probably founded upon some mistake; though I knew it could not be one of identity this time.

One morning he asked for a private audience, and I was afraid the time had come when I must give him a positive answer, yes or no. I was and stopped his horse suddenly. "Come, jump not prepared to do this, and concluded to be guided by circumstances whether to say "wait" or "no." "Yes," was decidedly not to be uttered nor implied.

> He came, and I fluttered down to the parlor. He rose to meet me, took my hand, and led me to a chair remote from a window. He took another, and sat facing me. It made me nervous, this ceremony, and no, no, no, was on the tip of my tongue before he said a word.

> "I asked to see you alone," he said, at last, after mastering some emotion, "that I might open my heart to you." I smiled a willingness to preside at the uncovering of that casket; he continued, "You must have seen-have you not, that for the last month you have been the delight of my eyes?"

> "Does he expect me to answer that?" I said, to myself, as he paused. I put up my fan to hide lips quivering with amusement.

> "The delight of my eyes and of my heart! For years I have not known such refreshment, such pure joy as you have given me." I was touched, moved, no laughing now, nearer crying.

> "You have comforted my inmost soul; the world looks bright because of you. It has been dark and desolate enough, God knows: but all clouds fly before your presence. I never ex

his next question had been whether I would? I ask a few questions? I will state particulars marry him, I think "yes" would have been inevitable.

"I have come now to beg you to make my happiness. I know you can. You are the image of my former wife, my angel Belinda in heaven, who is waiting for me there, after a most blissful union here, cut too short, alas! I know she will not be jealous of you, for you are but her image here below, and I am complimenting her in marrying you."

As I listened to his fatuity, the angry spark in my eyes burnt up the softness he had at first evoked. I had half a mind to marry him, so as to revenge myself upon his angel Belinda. But after all I could not. "Come!" I said, cheerily, "I wonder if I am really like your wife."

"You are like her in every lovely feature-in glossy hair-dove-like eyes-happy lips-sweet dimpled chin, telling of gentleness. Then in expression your face is like hers, all filled with the loving submission of woman, of her sweet helplessness and graceful dependence upon man's stronger mind."

"Ah," said I, dryly. I knew now that there was glamour on his eyes, and he could not see me as I was. "Suppose we look alike-but are our characters similar, our turn of mind?"

"Yes, I think so. You are both the humblest, meekest, most refined of women. Belinda was a true woman. I believe she never had a positive opinion on any subject out of her household. She knew woman's sphere. She said, with woman's instinctive delicacy, that she hated newspapers, and would never read them."

"Humph! ahem!" I choked a little. "Then ? our circumstances, surroundings and experience? Such things have the making of all people but geniuses-were ours similar?"

"That I cannot say. I knew nothing of you a month ago."

find between us, or whether it is inborn? May like Belinda! What an escape!

of my own experience, and if hers was different, please tell me."

"Most certainly." He was rather glad, I thought, to learn a little of my history. Perhaps he already began to doubt me. Belinda, I fancy, did not so bother him with questions.

"Did she ever, being left penniless, earn her bread by her own exertions? Fighting hard for it with the men who denied her a chance to get it only because she was a woman; and when she had won it, eating it with bitter tears, because she was hated by her brothers, and despised by her sisters for having had to fight for it?"

"Belinda was averse to strife, and would have died of starvation rather than contend for food. She was all meek submission to whatever good or ill God sent to her; as woman should be."

He was rather speaking to himself in retrospective admiration of his meek, inert partner. than to me, so I did not try to defend myself from his implied charge of unwomanliness. I only asked, "Was Belinda an authoress, or even a type-setter?"

"Belinds shunned notoriety," he said, freezingly, eyeing me askance.

"I set types in a printing-office once, and then became a small authoress, at which dignity I try to maintain myself now. Did Belinda study medicine? At the time that Florence Nightingale made every woman's heart beat with pride and emulation, I went through two or three courses of lectures at the Female Medical College, and would have pursued the calling, if I had not had other claims upon me which forbade it."

He rose suddenly, stared at me with glaring, ghastly eyes.

"Is it possible?" said he. "Have I nearlyyes, quite-asked a-a-a woman doctor to be my wife? I beg your pardon-I-I did not "I should like much to know whether our know," &c. He shuddered, and with a frightlives have moulded us into the resemblance you \( \) ened look bowed himself out. He thought I was

# EACH HEART TWO BEINGS.

BY J. A. TURNER.

In each heart two beings dwell, One an angel bright and good, And the other, mark it well, Comes of Satan's sable brood.

And they struggle day and night, Striving which shall wear the crown; One for darkness, one for light, One to smile, and one to frown.

When the demon has the sway, Then the heart is dark and sad; When the angel has his way, Then the heart is light and glad.

Brother mortal, fellow man, Watch the conflict every hour, Aid the angel if you can, In his deadly fight for power



#### AT CHESTNUT-WOOD. MONTH

# BY LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.

PERHAPS I ought to bring my dramatis per- { Point. Uncle Phil had lived there, summer and pillar, is a bust of the Greek Clytie. The glow from the fire illumines the hushed, still face, inthink she was the guardian spirit of the room. At present two young gentlemen occupy the apartment. One of them is stretched lazily upon a lounge, watching the smoke from his cigar curl upward in blue, fantastic rings, enjoying, to the utmost, the dolce far niente of his idle youth, the idle hour, the luxurious room. No matter about } his name—his companion calls him "Hal," but he is not our hero. The other deserves more especial notice. Mr. Carlton Newbury, at your service, gentle reader-handsome, rich, distingue and twenty-six. He is our hero, and he shall tell his own story. He has just taken his cigar from his mouth, thumped off the ashes against the fender, and laid it on the table beside him, and addresses his companion.

"I have a confession to make to you, Hal, concerning an episode in my own life. Perhaps } it carries a moral with it, and perhaps not. That ? is as you take it. At least it will explain to you the reason of that indifference to the women of society, about which you have so often rallied me.

"I was twenty-two when I left college. I had graduated with all due honors. Perhaps I was a little conceited-Harvard is a good soil to grow vanity in. I felt myself irresistible, and was quite ready to be fallen in love with. I shouldn't be a bad match for any young lady, I flattered myself. I had a snug, little fortune of fifty thousand, which I had just stepped into, and thenmy talents. To be sure these latter haven't done much for me yet, but they were a perfect Eldorado in prospective. I was pleased with myself, and, therefore, with every one else, and, in this amiable state of mind, I went to Chestnut-Wood.

the Hudson, a few miles before you reach West } the carriage.

some regularly upon the stage-introduce them { winter, for ten years, but this was to be my first in due form. The hour is a September twilight - { visit. Indeed, I had not seen any of the family the scene, a cosy, bachelor's room. Handsome { for at least twelve years. It was afternoon when books are on the shelves; handsome pictures on I arrived there. Uncle Phil had met me at the the wall; and in one corner, standing on a marble boat-landing, and given me a welcome so hearty that I already felt at home; my anticipations of pleasure were vivid as I lay back at my ease in formed with a most tender sadness. You would { the handsome carriage, which was conveying us through the most charming of winding drives to Chestnut-Wood

> "'And how is little Madge?' I asked, after having made minute inquiries with regard to the health of my aunt and my two older cousins, Sylvia and Fanny. Uncle Phil smiled as he answered me.

> "'You forget, my boy, the changes that twelve years make. Little, six-years-old Madge, everybody's plaything, has grown into Miss Margaret Newbury, a young lady of eighteen; the tallest of my three.

> "I felt a little disappointed at first. When I had spent a winter with my uncle, in New York, little Madge had been my especial pet and darling, and now she was grown, it seemed, out of all possibility of spoiling and petting-a dignified Miss Margaret. Never mind, I would revenge myself upon time and change by getting up a flirtation. It would make the month I intended to stay pass pleasantly for me, and just give her a lesson in the ways of the world and society; poor, unsophisticated, country-bred little thing!

"By the time I had arrived at this magnanimous resolve, the carriage had stopped in front of Chestnut-Wood. It was a large, rambling house; just the most comfortable-looking place you can imagine. A double piazza surrounded it on three sides, and a spacious flight of white stone steps led up to the front entrance. charming young girl stood on the lower piazza, her dark straw hat hanging on her arm, and her soft, brown curls blown all about her fair, youthful face. She was dressed in white, with a blue girdle about her waist She had bright, yet "Chestnut-Wood is the handsome country-seat { dreamy, hazel eyes, which just matched her hair of my uncle, Philip Newbury, my father's half in color, rosy cheeks, and face of the purest oval. brother, a beautiful place on the west bank of She came forward to meet me as I stepped from

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a merry laugh. 'Your cousin Carlton has been yet I should have sworn I did not love her. inquiring after you. He remembers some of had dreamed of love as a wild, tumultuous pasyour mad-cap tricks, and he expected to find sion; taking the strong heart by storm; filling you the same little, teazing plague as ever.'

me a teazing plague still, though no longer a little one.'

"I took her hand and looked into her clear } eyes till the roses on her cheeks deepened to crimson, as I whispered, with the gallantry of a newly fledged beau, 'I find you all that I could have dreamed, and more than I should have dared to hope.'

"'Very prettily said,' laughed Miss Margaret, more self-possessed than I was, and that was the beginning of my first flirtation.

"Of all places in the world give me a well laid-out country-seat for making love. with walks and drives, summer-houses and arbors, and little rustic seats under sheltering trees, he must be dull indeed who cannot find an opportunity to air his vocabulary of pretty speeches.

"I found my aunt the same kind, motherly soul as ever-only, perhaps, a trifle fatter, a trifle slower in her movements. Sylvia and Fanny were young ladies quite comme il faut; well-dressed, well-bred and well-looking; but, it seemed to me, no one could see them when their younger sister was in the room: I, at least, had only eyes for Margaret. It was not long before I had established myself on terms of quiet familiarity with her. I called her Madge, as I used to when we were both children, and, walking, riding, reading or dreaming, we were together all the day long. I had not thought of falling in love with her, or, indeed, of her loving me. God knows I was not cruel enough or reckless enough knowingly to have trifled with her-to have won that innocent young girl's heart only to cast to the winds the treasure of her love-to darken the merry life that was like a fair summer morning, jubilant with birds, glad with roses and sunshine. I thought, at first, that it was only a flirtation, and soon I ceased to think at all, and contented myself with simply enjoying. She made me very happy. A purer creature, or one more innocently, blithesomely glad heaven never created. I loved to read to her-to see how her fine taste appreciated and recognized all that was true, and beautiful, and worthy-to watch the quick thoughts rising in her clear }

"'This is little Madge,' said uncle Phil, with building our Spanish castles in the clouds. And the veins with fever; making nights turbulent "She shook her head saucily. 'He may find with dreams, and days full of wild unrest. experienced nothing of all this. My rest was quiet. I don't know that I ever once dreamed of Madge. My pulses beat regularly, and my enjoyment of her presence was tranquil.

> "Things went on thus for two long, delicious weeks. I was thoroughly content-I desired no change, but Fate had ordained one, nevertheless.

> "I had sat, one evening, with Madge by my side as usual, watching the sunset, as it kindled up with its weird fires the tranquil river, the rocky heights, and the stately chesnut trees. For some time we had both been silent, but as we rose to go I said, idly,

> "'How happy we are together, Madge, at least how happy I am with you.'

> "She smiled. 'Yes, but after to-night, you know, we can't be together quite so much. You are at home here now, so you must help me to entertain the new guests.'

"I had forgotten until that moment that a half dozen visitors were expected on the morrow. Now the recollection vexed me. I was in the mood to quarrel with anything which should make Madge less exclusively my companion. I presume my tone reflected my annoyance as I said,

"'Well, they will be nothing to me, nothing but a vexation, anyway. Do you like any of them ?'

"'Yes,' she answered, heartily, 'I like them all, and I love Virginie very much. Has she not a pretty name, Virginie St. Clair? She is of French descent, and wonderfully fascinating.'

"'Is she handsome?' I asked, somewhat interested in spite of myself. But on this point Madge would give me no satisfaction. She would not spoil my surprise, she said; I must judge for myself. The subject dropped there. We paced leisurely along, under the lofty trees, toward the As we drew near, moved by an irrehouse. sistible impulse, I took her hand in mine, and, looking into her clear eyes, I whispered,

"'Madge, words are not enough to tell how dear you are to me,' and bending toward her I pressed a quick, silent kiss on her trembling lips. I think her first impulse was to turn away, but she did not, and I felt a faint, caressing touch of those pure lips; my kiss was returned. "Never had summer been to me so bright, so  $\{I \text{ think it was the first one any man, save her} \}$ full of life and splendor and richness. Never \ father, had ever pressed on that sweet, young were sunsets like those we watched together, mouth, since she had grown to womanhood,

and my heart thrilled with a strange sense of \snatches of old and melancholy ballads; someunderstand that I loved her as lovers love, and plaint, or passion, or triumph. Was it strange yet, perhaps, I could hardly have said it more } I was bewildered? plainly.

ramble in which Madge had excused herself from Madge, two evenings before joining me, I found the company had already idd not see me as I approached. Nothing could arrived, and were assembled in the drawing-room. There were three young men, I think, and as She leaned against the bole of an old tree, whose many ladies, and with them were my three fair cousins. I stood for a moment, watching them from the door, before any one had perceived me. Slike a halo of glory, and her large, blue eyes With one exception the ladies were all attired in were fixed steadily on the distant clouds. When light summery dresses, white, or nearly so. But \(\bar{I}\) called her name, that same marvelous blush one was standing with her back toward me, dressed in a robe fashioned of some thin, black material, through which her fine arms and shoulders gleamed like marble. Her hair was very light, soft and silky, but heavy from its redundance. It drooped low upon her neck, and among its shining coils she had twisted carelessly a large, white water lily. Her head was small, classically shaped, and haughtily set upon her shoulders.

"This was all I could see from the position I occupied, but presently Madge turned toward the door and saw me. I was at once introduced to all the party, and I found my tall lady in { black was no other than Miss Virginie St. Clair. Her face was very striking—a low, womanly { brow, large, ultra-marine blue eyes, Grecian fea- } tures, thin, yet strangely expressive lips, and gerous dreams, nights and days of unrest. dreamy, musical and sweetly pathetic, completed hushed, and for the most part she seldom spoke. the spell. I was her bond slave from that mo- Sometimes, however, she would rouse herself, ment. When I was presented to her she blushed, and break forth into fitful flashes of wild gayety. and perhaps nothing about her was more pecu- {I must have noticed these things at the timeliar than the change thus effected. Her brow otherwise I could not have remembered them; remained marble white, but there rose slowly to but I did not at all realize them then. Virginia and burned there steadily. I do not know her age: I should think, now, she might have been twenty-five.

"Neither of my cousins were musical, but ? among the other furniture of the drawing-room were a fine harp and piano. That evening both were in requisition. Miss St Clair performed for some time on the former. It was well suited } to display her snowy arms and regal figure, but \( \) intonations of her voice—every way but in words. she appeared quite unconscious of this. Indeed, \ Then again she would torture me with some unafter a time, she seemed to forget the presence accountable freak of coldness. one wild, fantastic strain after another; some- { loving her. times accompanying them with her voice, singing }

I did not mean that she should times letting the music tell its own story of com-

"The next day, at sunset, I found her sitting "The next afternoon, when I returned from a alone in the very place where I had sat with Apparently she have been more picturesque than her attitude. drooping boughs waved over her bared head. The sunset had kindled her fair hair till it looked transfigured her face, but she made room for me on the bench beside her.

> "'I am surprised to find you alone, Miss St. Clair,' I began. I did not feel quite so much at my ease as I should with Madge.

> "'Yes,' she answered, indifferently. 'I seemed to be Madame De Trop. Messieurs Elliott and Marsden brought their lady-loves with them, Mr. Holbrook is absorbed in his devotion to your cousin Sylvia, and you-but I haven't learned yet at whose shrine you do worship.'

"At yours, if you will allow me,' I said, with a half boyish attempt at gallantry, but very much in earnest, nevertheless. That was the commencement of my second flirtation. From that time I believed myself really in love. I had all the proper symptoms-throbbing pulses, dancomplexion pure and perfectly colorless. She can remember now how pale and quiet Madge seemed to me the most magnificent creature I grew in those days. She stole round the house ever beheld. When she spoke, her tones, low, snoiselessly as a shadow. Her merry laugh was each cheek a single crimson spot, which settled St. Clair intoxicated me-she got into my head. She was like continual draughts of strong, old wine.

"She certainly encouraged all my attentions. She talked to me often of herself, of her own tastes, and hopes, and dreams. I thought she had revealed to me her inner nature. Sometimes I even believed that she loved me. tell me so, with her looks, her blushes, the low of any one in the room, and went on improvising tantalized me as much as she charmed me into

"One day, just at twilight, I chanced to meet

Madge in the grounds. It was the first time I ; from the reality. had seen her alone since Miss St. Clair came, and I noticed, with a real pang, that she had grown thin and pale-that a look of settled sadness was on her young, wistful face. I think she was dearer to me than I knew, even then. I caught her hand, as she was silently passing

"'Madge,' I cried, 'you are looking wretchedly. All this company and excitement is too much for you. Come and take a quiet stroll

"A perceptible sneer disfigured her sweet face for a moment, and she snatched her hand from my clasp, as she answered.

"Certainly not. Miss St. Clair could not spare you.'

"She hurried away, but she turned once as she flitted on, and gave me a look so full of love and grief, blended, it seemed to me, with scorn, that I was confounded. Vanity enough I had, but the possibility that she loved me had never occurred to me. I was utterly at a loss to comprehend the sudden change which less than two weeks had brought about. I did once think she might have felt that since Miss St. Clair's coming I had slighted her; but then she, herself, had asked me to help entertain her guests, and she had said that she loved Virginie.

"I suppose I had overrated my own coolness and courage. Certainly with Virginie St. Clair I was far from bold. When at last I told her my love, I think nothing but my desperation could have given me strength. You don't know. Hal, how I worshiped that woman. It seems strange to me, now. It was a brief, temporary madness, but while it lasted I deemed her the purest and most perfect being heaven ever chiscled into faultless beauty. She had been there two weeks when she told me, one night, that she was to leave the next day. Then I must speak. Hope, life, heaven, it seemed to me were slipping from me. I must make one wild, frenzied effort to hold them back.

"I cast myself on my knees at her feet, my madness went even so far. I poured out my soul before her. I could not if I would, I would not if I could, recall the rhapsodies of my frantic idolatry. I do not know what I said, or how long I talked to her. I know she listened quietly, but that bewildering blush burned steadily on her cheek all the while, and her eyes gleamed & describe to you the expression of tender sorrow like stars. In some fashion I asked her to marry that her face wore. me, and then I paused. I had had some deli- makes that bust of Clytic, to me, the most beaurious visions, in which, in answer to such words { tiful that sculptor ever chiseled. I bought the of mine, I had felt her arms around my neck, Clytic for the sake of its strange resemblance to her kisses upon my lips; but they were very far Madge, not in features, but in expression.

She drew herself up like a queen, and haughtily she answered me,

"'I did not anticipate this, Mr. Newbury. Upon my word, I never thought of any danger in a pleasant friendship with one so young as Why, I am years older; my tastes are different. I have seen more of life. I should make you wretched. You need some cooing, little dove-Madge, for instance-not a world-worn. world-wise woman like me. Besides, highly as I estimate the honor you do me. I could, under no circumstances, accept it. My promised husband is to come for me to-morrow. I do regret this-I do deeply regret it, if, as you say, your whole life's happiness depends on me, but I hope to hear, ere long, that you are happy in some other way.'

"Mine is a nature of quick intuitions. In that moment the scales fell from my eyes. that woman had half finished speaking, I would not have made her my wife for the Universe. saw her as she was; a finished coquette, whose sole principle was worldly prudence; to whom love was a myth, friendship an absurdity. Possibly her sneer at my youth may have quickened my perceptions. At all events I was disenchanted, then and there. I think she saw it and it piqued her. Coolly as she had spoken I replied,

"At least, Miss St. Clair, allow me to thank you for some very happy hours-in short, for the pleasantest flirtation in which I have ever taken part.

"'You know your experience has been but short,' she retorted, with a bitter curl of her thin lip.

"When I went into the house, I looked at Madge with a sharpened perception. Then, for the first time, it occurred to me that perhaps she loved me-that it might be love of me which had paled her cheek and saddened her voice. I blessed the thought. I don't know as you can understand such sudden transitions, but, now that the fever fit was over, I knew that I had loved Madge purely and truly before Miss St. Clair came to Chestnut-Wood, and that I had never really loved any other. In one sole respect, I thought, Virginie St. Clair had understood me; and that was when she said my nature needed one like Madge. I looked at the dear girl again, as she sat opposite to me. I cannot It was the same which

"That night Miss St. Clair played, and sang, trees, she had thought I meant the kiss for my and talked. She exerted every one of her rare future wife. But when Miss St. Clair came she and peculiar powers of fascination. So far as I had seen her mistake—seen that what I had felt was concerned she exerted them in vain. I was for her had been only what I could feel for any indifferent enough to be amused and entertained pretty woman. I had made her blush for her by her, but the hour was past when she could own folly; for the ease with which she had been touch my heart.

"The next day her lover came. Jove! What } a man he was to chain that proud woman to his chariot wheels. A man worth, they said, half a million. It certainly was all he was worth. I have never seen a more expressionless face—a } man more utterly void of intellect, of enthusiasm, of all spirit save a certain dogged and asinine } obstinacy. He had chosen her without the shal- } lowest pretence to loving or understanding her; because she was recognized in the world as a splendid woman; because even his dull eyes } could see that she was beautiful.

"I tell you, Hal, I saw that woman in society last winter, and it made my heart bleed. Despite her heartlessness and insincerity-for which I doubt not her thoroughly worldly mother is in a great degree responsible-despite these, I believe heaven gave her, had she not so outraged it, a lofty nature. To see her-with her keen intellect, her aesthetic tastes, her fine organization—chained to the dolt she married is a piteous sight. But the best part of her gifts had been perverted before I knew her: and in her best days she could never have satisfied my heart.

"She had been gone three days, when at \ length I secured an interview with Madge. She had resolutely avoided me; and it was only after } a very urgent and positive request that I was ? allowed to see her alone. I made to her my humble confession; I unveiled to her all my this summer. My four years of lonely waiting heart. I offered her my love, my hand, my had touched her heart. I have at last succeeded and eyes streaming with tender tears. She unchangeable and absolute; and I hope, next would not wrong her own heart, she said, by Christmas, to present her to you as my wife." denying her love for me. She did love me, His friend grasped his hand in a fervent pre deeply, dearly. When I, as it seemed, was but sure. "May you make her as good a husband playing with her she had loved me in passionate { as she deserves, and, if you'll promise that, I'll earnest. When I had kissed her, under the be groomsman at your wedding."

won, almost unsought. Now, I turned again to her, but she could never marry me. It was not at all that Virginie had rejected me; not that she did not love me; but she could not trust me. While there were so many beautiful women in the world, so many far superior to her in every way, she must never, never run the risk of finding herself an unloved wife. In vain I entreated her. Gentle and loving as she was, she was firm. Oh, Hal, I knew then what a woman I had lost.

"I left Chestnut-Wood. My month was over, and so was the crisis of my destiny. It boots not to speak of my sufferings. They were such as the best friend could hardly sympathize with. I thought then I should never see Chestnut-Wood again, but twelvemenths had not passed before I had sought Madge and again striven vainly to change her decision. I came back then with my life's hope dead utterly.

"I have not been misanthropic since. I have striven to give and receive happiness; but can you wonder at my indifference to the goldenwinged butterflies of society, when I remembered what a woman had loved me?"

"So you will never be married?" cried Hal, half sadly.

"I hope I shall," and as he spoke, Carlton Newbury's smile glorified and transfigured his face. "If I had not hoped so I could not have borne to tell you this story. I saw Madge again She answered me with pale face in convincing her that her empire over me is

His friend grasped his hand in a fervent pres-

# STANZAS.

BY REV. GEORGE W. ROGERS.

THERE is a star 'mid beauty's train Of mild and pleasing ray; Before its light all others wane, That this bright star may ever reign Peerless through night and day.

There is a heart on which the beams Of this bright star shall shine; For this it lives; on this it gleams,

Like sunlight in its golden streams-'Tis this fond heart of mine.

There is a power that rules this star, "Tis love within the breast; It guides to joy, then points afar, Beyond the dark and narrow bar Of time to sweeter rest.



# MABEL JORDAN.

# BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

### CHAPTER I.

THE hazy softness of an Indian summer sunset shone in through the open windows, filling the room with a mellow radiance seen at no other season. A wood fire was burning on the hearth, which gave an air of luxurious comfort to the apartment, although the evening was not chilly, for the day had been as warm and bright as a return of midsummer.

The room was spacious and lofty, furnished with every elegance which wealth and refined taste could gather around. Carved book-cases lined the walls-rich crimson draperies were swept back from the windows-easy-chairs and couches of every description were scattered about, yet there was no confusion, no disorder, everything showed that some hand had arranged the apartment with artistic care.

A middle-aged lady, comfortably common-place and placid, was seated in a low chair by the hearth, her hands folded upon her lap, and a roll of knitting half fallen upon the carpet with which a pet kitten was making sad havoc. The lady had evidently lapsed into a gentle doze, such as only a truly indolent and matter-of-fact person can enjoy in its full perfection.

The other occupant of the room was a tall, sad-looking man, whose restlessness presented a singular contrast to the quiet around. He was walking hurriedly up and down the floor, occasionally pausing near the window to glance out upon the lawn, evidently in momentary expectation of some arrival. Many times he looked impatiently toward the sleeper; then walked rapidly on again, as if hesitating to disturb her repose

At last his impatience seemed to overpower his good nature, and he said, abruptly,

"It is very strange, Elizabeth, that Mabel does not come in."

The lady moved in her chair-she was evidently not one of those nervous persons who are startled by any unexpected sound-opened her eyes languidly, and said, in just the placid tone one could have sworn would issue from her lips,

"Did you speak, John?"

"I said that it was very strange Mabel did not come in. She knew that I was expected!"

that I sat up all night long looking for you- but it seems to me it was-what was it now-

that makes me a little stupid-you will excuse it, I am sure."

"Do not apologize; you were very kind and considerate, but I am sorry you took so much trouble," Mr. Thirstan said, with a peculiar smile, fully understanding that his sister had spent the night in her easy-chair quite as comfortably as she would have done in bed; still her intention was affectionate, and if she had a tendency to doze certainly that could be forgiven.

"Do you know where she went?" he asked.

"Only for a little walk, John. Really your sudden arrival has quite confused me; I am sure dinner ought to be ready. Where can Mabel be? How tiresome of the child to be out?"

"Did she say nothing at all before going?"

"Dear me! I cannot remember. How stupid of me, to be sure! You see the gentleman was here, and they were talking at the other end of the room, or playing the piano"

"What gentleman?"

"And I really believe I was quite asleep when she left the room. Go away, Kitty, you have quite spoiled my work, you naughty little thing!"

"Who was here, Elizabeth?"

"Why Mr. Myers-lie comes very often-quite a pleasant young man he is too. I assure you, the other day, he took up some stitches in my knitting as nicely as I could have done myselfmuch better than Mabel, I am sure, for she always manages to drop more."

"Well, well," broke in Mr. Thirstan; "Myers -Myers! What were you saying?"

"About the knitting, of course. Mabel always disarranges the whole thing."

"Confound the knitting!" muttered Mr. Thirstan, crushing a letter envelope in his hand and flinging it upon the floor. "I ask you, what Myers? how came Mabel to know him? where did you meet him?"

"Indeed I don't think I met him at all. Mrs. Anderson brought him here, if I recollect."

"Do you know his other name, Elizabeth? Is it Philip?"

"Really now I can't tell," returned the lady, slowly, quite unmoved by her companion's ex-"Oh! dear, yes, I should think so. She knew { citement, "I have such a bad memory for names; James, Henry? Well, it might have been Philip, after all."

"Tell me all you know about that man!" exclaimed Mr. Thirstan, in a tone which roused even the imperturbable Elizabeth.

"What on earth, John," she began, but he interrupted her without ceremony.

"Answer me at once, Elizabeth. How comes it that I find that man a visitor at this house during my absence?"

"Why I told you; Mrs. Anderson brought him! Is there anything wong? Are you angry, John?"

"Has he been in the habit of coming here often?"

"Oh! very often. I think they called the day after you left—really I think he has been here every day since, and that is six weeks ago. He rides and walks with Mabel—sings—oh! he is very accomplished! If you had only seen him taking up those stitches."

"Elizabeth, you will drive me insane! Do, for one moment, keep to the point of your story!"

"Now you are angry, John, and you know how that always flurries me! Really it is hard, when you have just come home, after my sitting up all night too—never closed my eyes, and was so anxious I could scarcely eat a morsel of the chicken Margaret had prepared. It isn't right, John!"

There were symptoms of tears, so Mr. Thirstan endeavored to check them at once.

"I did not mean to be harsh, Elizabeth—excuse me! Only tell me about that man."

"Hark, they are coming; I will ask Mabel at once."

"Hush, not a word-here they are."

The sunlight had parted from the room, and the grey tints of evening had gathered round. Mr. Thirstan stood upright in the twilight, looking pale and stern; and Elizabeth was quite startled out of her complacency by his appearance.

The door opened, and a tall, slender girl entered hurriedly, exclaiming,

"Oh, Mr. Thirstan, I am so glad you have come back! You naughty man to stay away so long!"

She ran to him, clasped his hands and held up her lips to be kissed. He greeted her with grave affection, but said only, "You are not alone, Mabel?"

"Oh, no, where is Mr. Myers? You see we had no idea you would come! Mr. Myers?" and with these disconnected words she hurried out of the room: and her voice was heard in the hall in eager expostulation.

"Excuse me," said a deep voice, that made Mr. Thirstan start and clench his hands; "I will not intrude this evening—another time."

"Now, come in now!" exclaimed Mabel, evidently leading him toward the door.

At that moment a servant entered from the inner room with lamps, illuminating the apartment after the grey gloom; and at that moment the girl returned, accompanied by a young man, who paused near the entrance as if uncertain how to proceed.

"Mr. Thirstang" said Mabel, "let me present to you a new acquaintance of ours—Mr. Philip Myers."

The young man took a step forward, evidently concealing his hesitation under an assumption of assurance; but Mr. Thirstan waved him back, and stood for a moment looking fixedly in his face.

"How happens it that I find Mr. Myers a visitor in my house?" he said, in a cold, hard tone. "Leave this room, young gentleman, and never dare to look in my face again."

"This is very singular," said Myers, in a faltering voice.

"No words, sir, but go! I warned you long since not to approach me; now I bid you leave my house."

"If you will allow me to speak with you for a moment—I can explain——"

"Not a word. Go, or I will have you driven out like a whipped hound."

"You know that in the presence of these ladies you are safe to insult me," exclaimed Myers: "but another time—"

"I warn you to go!" said Mr. Thirstan, in a low, terrible tone.

The young man's eyes fell. He turned toward the door. "Excuse me, Miss Jordan," he said; "I regret this, but it is not my fault."

Mabel and Miss Thirstan had remained amazed spectators of that strange scene. The latter was quietly crying, her grand resource upon all occasions; but the girl had recovered from her stupor of astonishment and stepped boldly forward,

"Stop, Mr. Myers!" she exclaimed. "Mr. Thirstan, your conduct is ungentlemanly and ungenerous."

"Allow me to retire," Myers said, and as he bowed over her hand he whispered, "you will hear from me to-morrow. I can explain all."

Mr. Thirstan paid no attention to her words; never moved, but stood watching Myers until he left the room. When the outer door closed, Mabel turned toward him, her cheeks crimson with passion.

"You have insulted my guest," she exclaimed;



a miserable, contemptible act-I blush for you, sir."

Still he did not move, but the harshness of his face gave way to a strange sadness.

"Hush, Mabel," he said only; "you will be sorry for this."

"Don't quarrel," sobbed Elizabeth; "pray don't!"

"That man, Mabel, is a villain, and I have treated him as such."

"I do not believe it!" she cried. "Whoever told you so has lied!"

"I speak from my actual knowledge-

"I will not believe it!"

"Mabel, do you think I would tell you a lie ?"

Her rage gave way to a passion of tears. She threw herself upon a couch and wept aloud: while Mr. Thirstan sat down pale and trembling; and Elizabeth went from one to another wringing her hands, alternately blaming and persuading until she grew quite frantic.

After a time, Mabel rushed out of the room and locked herself in her own chamber, from whence no persuasions of Elizabeth could induce her to descend again that night. The dinner was sent away from the table untouched, and the most wretched night that old house had witnessed for years settled heavily down.

# CHAPTER II.

MABEL JORDAN had been left while quite young the ward of Miss Thirstan, who had been a boyish love of the girl's father, and for whom he had preserved all the illusion which is apt to centre about the memory of an early affection. John Thirstan was several years younger than his sister, still she had been accustomed to look up to him as a superior being; and when Mabel Jordan came to reside with them, a wild, highspirited school girl, the guardianship had, in point of fact, devolved upon him, as Miss Thirstan made no exercise of her power beyond spoiling and petting the girl in every way possible. She had grown up almost to womanhood under John Thirstan's care. He had been her teacher, her companion, and unconsciously to himself deeper and stronger feelings had stolen into his heart, which had found no utterance, and which were perhaps scarcely acknowledged to himself.

Six weeks before, important business had com-

"how dared you do it, Mr. Thirstan? It was into the house, a new revelation had dawned upon the soul of that young girl. She was an excitable, impulsive creature, and it needed not long for that bad man to obtain an ascendency over her, which, for a season, quite overpowered the influence of the past, and the tender guidance which had aided her hitherto.

> Mr. Thirstan had known Philip Myers years before in Europe-known him as a boy, not a wild, reckless youth, whose errors sprang from the thoughtlessness of early passion, but a bold, unscrupulous man, who had never known the innocence and purity which should belong to boyhood. Since then circumstances had thrown them together, and he knew Myers now for a dastardly fortune-hunter and a heartless libertine, who could only have been attracted toward Mabel by her reputed wealth, and the first blush of youthful beauty which made her so irresistible.

The next morning, Mr. Thirstan had an earnest conversation with Mabel, but he found her unyielding and rebellious as on the previous evening. Before he conversed with her a long letter from Myers had been placed in her hand, full of beautiful sophistries and false explanations, which rendered all Mr. Thirstan's arguments of no avail. He made no denial of his past errors; but he assured Mabel that she was the angel who was to lead him into better paths: if she deserted him he was wholly lost. He narrated a well told tale, which accounted for Mr. Thirstan's hatred; and as the latter would enter into regular explanation, left Mabel with the impression that her guardian had been the one most in fault.

A wretched, miserable week passed in the house. Elizabeth was so completely overcome by the state of affairs, that she was quite unfit to leave her room; and Mabel was in a fit of proud anger, from which no effort of Mr. Thirstan's could rouse her. He learned that Myers had left the neighborhood, so that there was no fear of her meeting him, and Thirstan determined to allow matters to rest for a time.

How much he suffered no one dreamed. looked cold and grave, performing his daily duties with unchanged serenity: but oh, the nights of anguish and despair, when sleep stood aloof, leaving him alone with his misery, seeing no hope, no release!

When life ends, and in the broad morning of the hereafter we all stand face to face, with every thought and feeling revealed, how will pelled him to leave home, and for almost the first those who knew and loved us best start and time Mabel had been left wholly to his sister's shudder at the unspoken pains which have been guidance. With the entrance of Philip Myers the daily companions of each of us, during this no fruition here?

Mabel did not dream that Mr. Thirstan loved her; had she know it she would not have been in the least softened or touched! The young rushed back to the house and entered her chamare proverbially hard-hearted: it is only time and long suffering which teach us real kindness of heart and sympathy for those who love in

Mabel received letters daily from Myers, and § was preparing for herself a terrible fate if no } good angel interfered to check her in her reck- \( \xi\) road from the grove beyond. The carriage that less courage.

I said that a week passed thus-a week in each day of which seemed concentrated the suffering of a life time.

early to their rooms, leaving Mr. Thirstan alone \( \xi \) streamed hotly over his face, but he did not feel in the library. He sat there until late in the the pain. He gained the road, and saw by the evening, surrendering himself to the gloomy \ waning moonlight a carriage driving off in the thoughts which preyed upon his mind, and at & distance. More time had to be lost. He relast he too went to his chamber, and throwing himself still dressed upon the bed, strove to forget in sleep the misery of the past hours. It } was in vain that he darkened the room and buried his head in the pillow. There was a strange oppression at his heart worse than the As he rode into a little village, he saw the caranguish he had been enduring, a presentiment { of ill, not for himself, but the dear one, which nothing could quiet.

At last he rose, threw open the blinds and } leaned out in the night. The moon was setting ? round and full, crimsoning the western sky with a solemn gorgeousness, through which the stars shone faint and dim. A low wind sighed amid the shrubberies, and died with a mournful wail in the grove beyond.

Suddenly Mr. Thirstan's quick ear detected a He listened while every pulsation of his ? heart seemed to cease; again he heard it distinct and loud through the stillness. A carriage had ? driven up near the gate and paused there. He rose to go out and held the door partially open. Light footsteps glided down an adjoining staircase; he could see no one, but by the thrill at } his heart Mr. Thirstan knew that it was Mabel's tread.

For a moment he stood completely paralyzed by the blow! The truth flashed upon his mind; the wretched girl was about to dare the worst, to leave behind the tried love of years, and, taking her fate in her own hands, go unshrinkingly forth and commit it to the guidance of that bad man.

Another moment of reflection, and Mr. Thirstan was down the stairs and speeding through

long pilgrimage, which seems to reach no goal, { gate, but there was nothing visible-no sound met his ear save the low moan of the wind, more sad and ominous than before.

> She could not have passed that way. ber-it was deserted. He clutched his hands together until the nails sunk deep in the flesh, but he was not a man to give way to impotent

> Suddenly he remembered that she must have gone out of the back entrance, and gained a side drove up in front had been only to deceive the ears of any watcher.

Again he dashed on in hot pursuit. It was quite dark in the grove, and once he stumbled One night Mabel and Elizabeth had retired and fell, bruising his forehead till the blood turned to the stables, roused the wondering keeper, and mounting his horse dashed off like the wind.

> The fugitives were so far in advance that it took him more than an hour to overtake them. riage drive up to the inn, and the coachman dismount to water the heated horses.

> A little crowd of the hotel hangers on were awaiting the arrival of the stage: but there was no time to think of appearances. Mr. Thirstan flung himself off his horse and rushed to the carriage, threw open the door and called,

"Mabel! oh, Mabel!"

The frightened girl shrunk into the fartherest corner without a word; but Myers dashed him back with a blow which staggered him for a moment, and shouted to the driver to go on.

Mr. Thirstan recovered himself, and with a sudden spring dragged the man out and trampled him upon the ground, while the crowd gathered round in mute astonishment.

Myers gathered himself up, exclaiming with a fearful oath,

"John Thirstan, you have thwarted me for the last time!"

He threw out his arm-something gleamed brightly in the light of the carriage lampsthere was a flash-a quick report-but Mr. Thirstan had thrown up his hand, and the bullet passed harmlessly over his head.

The group of lookers on rushed upon the desperate man and held him down; but Mr. Thirstan said,

"Let him go," and turned to Mabel, who had the shrubberies in hot pursuit. He reached the attempted to leave the carriage, but had fallen

back insensible upon the seat, and lay there (the girl raised her head languidly from the rigid as a corpse.

Myers broke away from the men, and when Mr. Thirstan removed Mabel from the vehicle, entered it, and before they could interpose had driven away.

They were forced to carry Mabel into the hotel, and it was a full hour before she recovered from that death-like swoon.

"He is killed," were her first words. "I have murdered him-oh! Philip, Philip, how could you do this!"

"I am here, Mabel," said Mr. Thirstan; "here, and unhurt!"

Mabel raised herself and looked wildly around.

"Philip-where is Philip?" she moaned.

"Do not speak of this now, Mabel," whispered Mr. Thirstan, "we are not alone."

Mabel lay back upon the pillows, passive and silent, like one completely stunned, until a carriage was driven to the door to convey them home. She made no opposition when Mr. Thirstan raised her in his arms and bore her down stairs. She allowed him to place her in the carriage, and during that long drive she never once spoke or moved, save when an occasional spasm shook her frame.

It was after daylight when they reached the house, and they found a crowd of frightened domestics and neighbors gathered there, and Miss Elizabeth in strong hysterics within. The stable-keeper had gone to the house and raised an alarm; and when Miss Thirstan found that both her brother and Mabel were gone, with her usual discretion she summoned everybody who could possibly be roused, and then feeling that she had done her duty, solaced herself with an hour's fainting and hysterics

Even then John Thirstan's first pang was for the suffering Mabel must endure. Her reputation was irretrievably injured, and there seemed no remedy for the wrong.

For two long weeks, Mabel lay upon her bed delirious with fever: and when she recovered from that severe illness, she was so weak and wretched that death would have been a relief to her. Madly she prayed for it; she would at times refuse all remedies, beseeching them to kill her-anything that she might have release.

John Thirstan sat and heard it all-her mad cries for Philip-her execrations against himself. He never once left her bedside, and when she rose from it, he was there patient and kind as of old.

CHAPTER III.

"MABEL!"

It was Mr. Thirstan's voice, and at the sound is nothing left for me."

cushions, then let it fall back as if even the slightest exertion was painful to her.

Mr. Thirstan had entered the room unobserved and was standing near her, looking down into her white face with his mournful eyes, noting the changes which grief and illness had wrought there, and keeping back only by a powerful effort the spasm of pain which shot across his heart as he gazed.

"Are you strong enough to talk?" he asked, gently.

She bowed her head, while a faint tinge of color dyed her cheek for a moment, making the sickly pallor of her mouth still more appa-

"There is something I must say to you," he said, sitting down by her side, then pausing as if he were in doubt how to proceed. Her hand was lying over the edge of the couch, and when he laid his near it she drew hers quickly back, but he took no notice, though slight as the action was, it pained him and rendered his task still more difficult.

"I am not going to talk of the past weeks, Mabel," he continued, "it would only be painful to us both: but events have sprung out of them of which you must be informed."

She shuddered anew, and put her hand over her eyes to shut out the light.

"Go on," she whispered, "I can bear the worst. Is it about-

She could not utter the name that had been trembling on her lips for days: but he understood and answered her as if she had spoken.

"Mr. Myers has gone, Mabel, and he will never return."

"It is better so," she murmured, after a pause. "Go on, Mr. Thirstan, nothing will make any difference now."

"I hardly know how to tell you, Mabel, but it must be done, and better that it came from me than another. The scene of that unfortunate night was witnessed by a crowd of spectators, both at the village and here, Mabel-

"I know, I know!" she interrupted. "I am disgraced, ruined-do you suppose I do not understand all this? Tell me what to do-if I could only have died. God was very cruel to me to force me to live!"

"Hush, Mabel, do not be wicked and weak. We must all live our appointed time, and it is useless to murmur."

"How can I live, Mr. Thirstan? Think what life will be to me! If I were a Catholic I could bury my shame in a convent; but as it is there "There is one way, Mabel, by which these slanderous stories can be stopped——"

"And that? Only tell me—I will consent to anything—I will change my name—go away."

"Not that, Mabel; something which, I fear, will be even more painful."

"Let me hear it—I am ready for any sacrifice."

"Become my wife, Mabel. Once married to me, these idle reports will die away of themselves."

She raised herself on her arm and looked wildly at him.

"Your wife!" she cried, "your wife-never!"

"I knew that the sacrifice would be too great," he said, mournfully; "poor Mabel!"

"Not that. You misunderstand me! Do you think I would allow your good name to be tarnished by marrying me?"

"I run no risk; if you can marry me I will try to make you happy."

"But we do not love one another. Oh! Mr. Thirstan, I have no heart to offer."

"You are very young yet, Mabel, only seventeen! I do not say that you can ever love me, but I do not believe this youthful dream can be lasting."

"You do not know me," she said; "I feel how unworthy that man was, and yet—I love him! After that can you ask me to become your wife?"

"Yes, Mabel, without a fear!"

"But you do not love me-you will hate me."

"Child, child!"

He seized her hands in a tight grasp, while his strong frame quivered from head to foot.

"I have loved you for years. In taking you for my wife I feel that I am honored. You are a noble girl, Mabel, you will be a grand woman."

"You love me! you love me!" she repeated, incredulously. "It seems impossible."

"I do love you, truly, fondly, as I never thought to love any woman again. I offer you my hand, my name. I will weary you with no protestations, I will exact no affection. I will be your friend, your brother; but for your own sake accept this offer."

"It is so selfish—marry you to save my reputation? Oh! Mr. Thirstan, you can never respect me."

"More if you do what you feel to be right than if you hesitate through weak scruples."

She was weeping now: not passionately, but out of the deep contrition of her heart. For a time he allowed her tears to fall in silence, then he spoke again.

"Will you be my wife, Mabel?"

She extended her hand, and a deep thankfulness mingled with the anguish in her face.

"If you will take me. I do not love you—I never can; but I will be obedient and faithful. God bless you, John Thirstan!"

He pressed his lips upon her forehead, and went away, leaving her to her agony and remorse. They both suffered greatly, but the man was most to be pitied; he was giving the entire devotion of his great heart, lavishing it upon one who disregarded it; and she mourned only over the wild dream of a few weeks which seemed eternal, but would vanish in the clear light of the morning beyond.

Three days after, they were married: and Mr. Thirstan sailed, with his wife, for Europe, at once, leaving his sister behind. To the very last it appeared to Mabel like a troubled vision from which she must wake: and even when she stood on the deck of the steamer and saw her native shores receding from view, it seemed as if some voice or touch must break the spell and bring her back to reality again.

# CHAPTER IV.

A YEAR had passed since their marriage—a year of much suffering to both. Now Mabel had become more quiet and reconciled to her fate. Mr. Thirstan's uniform kindness could not have failed to make its impression upon the most coldhearted woman, and Mabel was generous and affectionate.

Mr. Thirstan had kept his promise. He had not troubled her with any protestation of love; though he had watched over her with more than a husband's fondness, anticipating her slightest wish, leaving her little time to brood over the past, and seeking by constant change to give her an interest in the present.

Myers' name had never been mentioned between them during the whole time, but the thought of him had caused Mr. Thirstan much pain. When his wife looked sad he could but think that she was grieving over that broken dream. Many times during her returns of illness she would call for him in her sleep, and there the husband sat and heard it all, giving no sign, betraying no emotion, kind and self-possessed as before.

It was late in the fall, and they had gone to Naples to pass several months. The weather was balmy and beautiful: and over Mabel there came a feeling of content such as she had not felt since her early girlhood.

One morning they were seated in her room which looked out upon the bay. Through the open windows the warm sunlight came streaming in, tinging Mabel's hair, as she sat with her hands folded in her lap, and her eyes wandering if I did not tell you all at the time, it was beover the lovely scene without.

Mr. Thristan was reclining upon a couch at a little distance, and where he lay the shadows had gathered: it seemed as if he had given all his sunlight to brighten her way. He had been reading, but the book had fallen from his hand, and he lay sorrowfully meditating upon the past and all that was yet before him to endure.

Suddenly Mabel turned and looked at him unobserved. A keen pang wrung her heart when she saw how he was changed. The temples were hollow, the eyes sunken, and his mouth had that worn, compressed expression which comes from long concealed suffering. For the first time she felt what he must have undergone, and a strange tenderness, mingled with remorse, welled up in her heart.

With one of her quick impulses she rose from her seat and took a low footstool by his side. It was the first time since their marriage that she had shown affection for him by any of the thousand trifling acts which are so natural to those who love. He turned and looked at her in surprise-for a moment a strange joy shone in his eyes, then faded, leaving his face paler than before.

"Do I disturb you?" she asked, timidly.

"Never, Mabel, you know it well."

She took his hand and pressed it to her lips. "May I tell you something, Mr. Thirstan?"

He looked at her still with the same strange, bewildered expression.

"I want to tell you how deeply I feel all your kindness-how much I despise myself for my wicked folly."

"Poor Mabel!" he said, tenderly. "You have suffered enough-do not reproach yourself now."

"I cannot help it-I ought not. Listen to me, Mr. Thirstan-I want to speak of something to which we have never alluded."

He understood her, but motioned her to proceed, though the hand she held grew cold in her grasp.

"That man-I want to know where he is-I want something which would thoroughly convince me of his baseness, and then-

"What then, Mabel?" he cried, eagerly.

A strange timidity restrained the words she longed to speak, and she answered almost coldly,

"I should be more content."

His hand fell to his side. For an instant he had dared to hope; now the dazzling joy died out like the flame of a torch. But his self-control did not desert him, and in a moment he was calm again.

"Then I may speak now," he said. "Mabel, cause I felt that it would only increase your wretchedness."

"Let me know all. I want to hear for how much I am to be grateful to you."

"Gratitude is a cold word, Mabel, I did but my duty."

"And that is a still colder one!"

"Then it was because I loved you, Mabel!" She tried to answer, but could not: and after an instant he went on,

"I do not tell this to weary you, Mabel-do not turn away from me-I will not offend again. Get your bonnet and come with me-you will understand now my conduct better than be-

They went out of the house, and passed through the narrow streets into a quarter of the city which Mabel had never seen. She shuddered at the squalid poverty around, but Mr. Thirstan still drew her on.

They entered a miserable dwelling, and ascended many flights of stairs to an attic, at the door of which Mr. Thirstan knocked. An elderly woman opened it at the summons, and Mabel found herself in a room much more comfortable than the exterior promised.

"The poor lady is much worse to-day," the woman said to Mr. Thirstan; "I fear she cannot last till night."

"Where have you brought me?" whispered "What place is this?" Mabel.

"Sit down," he said. "Mabel, I have brought you to see Philip Myers' dying wife."

"My God!" She fell into a chair, almost fainting, but the horror at her heart preserved her consciousness. "Not then-he was not married when-

"Yes, Mabel, he was that woman's husband when he sought to win you from your home. I could not tell you that he was married, for you loved him, and I wished in saving you from his power, to spare you the shame of knowing from what terrible disgrace you had escaped."

It was many moments before she could stand, then she shed no tears, uttered no complaint, but stood upright white and still as one who had seen an evil spirit.

A cry from the inner room roused them, and they heard the attendant exclaim,

"She is dying."

Mr. Thirstan drew Mabel in, and she saw upon the bed a wasted form evidently in the last struggle for life. The dying woman turned her eyes toward Mr. Thirstan, and a wan smile stirred her lips.

mured. "God bless you, Mr. Thirstan!"

She strove to raise herself in bed, but she was too weak. She said feebly,

"That is your wife? Kiss me once, will you?" Mabel stooped down and pressed her lips upon those of the sufferer.

"I can die now-I have seen you again! Forgive me, John Thirstan-pray for me, innocent ? Tell me that you will be glad to see me!" girl-God bless-

The words died upon her lips-a slight convulsion distorted her features, but before the nurse could reach her side she was dead.

All that day little conversation passed. Mabel could not talk, and Mr. Thirstan was revolving in his mind a plan, which he felt it would be better for both to carry out.

Toward evening, she called to him from the couch where she was lying.

"Tell me all," she said.

"There is little to tell, Mabel. That poor woman I knew when she was a lovely young girl-the daughter of an Englishman who had married an Italian. I loved her, Mabel, and } then came Philip Myers still a boy-he charmed her—they were secretly married, but he would } never acknowledge her, and there was some legal informality which aided him in his plot. I lost another word of love-another look. sight of both for years, till I saw him standing by your side, Mabel. Since we came, I discovered poor Lucy."

Mabel was silent still, covering her face with her hands. Mr. Thirstan walked slowly up and down the room for a time: at length he returned to her side.

"I have something to say, Mabel. I think that, for a time, it would be better for us to be apart. I am going East for my health-you shall select any place of residence you please, and have everything to render you comfortable."

"How long shall you be absent?" she gasped. "Six months, possibly a year."

"And I am not to go? You are ill and wish to leave me!"

"I thought you would come again," she mur- ? Believe me, Mabel, it is better thus! Perhaps during this separation you will learn to regard many things very differently-"

"Do not reproach me-do I not suffer enough?"

"I did not mean it unkindly; with my life I would spare you every pain. But my task has been a hard one, dearest, my fortitude is giving way. I shall come back to you brave and strong.

"No, no, it must not be! I will never consent! I have killed you-I see it all."

"No, Mabel, no! You, too, will be better alone for a season; you will feel me more your friend than ever."

"I will not consent. I should die before you came back."

"That is because you fear to have made me unhappy."

"Not that-it is because I love you. My husband, oh! my husband, forgive me!"

She fell at his feet, clasping his knees, and uttering words of passionate tenderness.

It seemed to John Thirstan that the old world had passed away, and he stood transfigured amid the glory of a new morning. He clasped his wife in his arms, weeping over her tears which were no stain to his manhood, praying for

"Mine," she cried, "you are all mine nowyou accept my love-you forgive me!" "Mabel-my darling-my wife!"

The last crimson of sunset flooded the chamber, and amid its glory they sat there dazzled by that excess of happiness which no after time could dispel.

Six months from that time the old house, where Mabel had spent so many happy years, was again made bright and cheerful by her presence. But it is doubtful if Miss Elizabeth ever distinctly understood the affair; for a long time she used to watch Mabel's every movement, as if she feared they were in danger of losing her, but, as the husband and wife seemed perfectly happy and content, she at length returned to her knit-"The journey would be too tedious for you. Iting and her cat, serene and placid as before.

#### ROBERT. LITTLE

Among my treasures there's a tress Of shining golden hair, And in my heart a sweet, bright face, As angel beauty fair. The blue eye softly beams With a love-look in my dreams, As of yore; And a holy spell comes o'er me, As a white form floats before me Evermorel

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An idol 'mong a happy group Left loving hearts forsaken; Then came the burning tears, Crushed hopes of future years, Weary hours: And baby Robert slept Where the moss and myrtle crept, With the flowers.

It was a weary time ago

That little one was taken.

# EVELYN'S LOVE.

### BY CATHABINE PROCTOR.

### CHAPTER I.

"Which would you prefer, Evelyn, a wild, daring, adventurous life at sea, or to go through a plodding, hum-drum college course, and then { to settle down to the monotony of law or medicine, or, worse still, the ministry?" and here the speaker laughed merrily at the absurdity of the latter calling.

It was no difficult matter to detect his preference in his tone. Evelyn, the quiet, passive, and intellectual Evelyn, smiled quaintly at his question.

"You smile, Evelyn: but which would you? Consider that the decision is a momentous onea choice between stupid libraries and professors, an eternal quibbling and quarreling about Greek roots, and whether Homer was one man or a hundred; and after that the dry wading through Blackstone, &c., and on the other hand the sea,

> 'The sea, the open sea The blue, the fresh, the ever free!'

endless waters, constant, wild, tumultuous life in the fresh air, foreign countries, pirates, mermaids, Davy Jones' Locker!"

Here he jumped up from his reclining posture on the sofa, and walked briskly to the window where Evelyn sat; the mere thought of sea life exhilirated him.

"Which would you, little cousin?"

She laughed outright, an unusual thing for

"Why, Henry, what shall I say? Do you wish me to decide for you or for myself?"

"For me, of course."

"And give my individual preference?" He nodded.

"You summed up college life briefly, I acknowledge, but I hardly think justly. You look only on the exaggerated darkness of one side, and upon the equally magnified brightness of the other. You pass by all the ennobling influences of books, which are the greatest thoughts of the { continued, "you have seen Clara; she is very world's wisest minds, and only glance at the beautiful and charming-not at all intellectual obscurities and difficulties of a few. Whether like you, Evelyn, but still very charming. Beauthe 'blind, old bard of Scio's rocky isle' was tiful flowers are not always of the same hue, you the author of the Iliad, or whether it be a collection of the songs of many, can make no mate- Evelyn, entre nous, I prefer her to any being I rial difference in its beauty. Don't always be { ever saw." dreading the 'Greek roots!' Imagine what the ?

world would have been without the Arts! doubt if ever-"

- "But, Evelyn, there is thrice the beauty in the sea, if you go for beauty alone, that there is in the Iliad."
- "But it is not for beauty alone, Henry."
- "Well, tell me," he interrupted, impatient at her reasoning, "what can you say against a life at sea?"
- "Much, Henry; you only think of the blue waves, the foam and the salt air, as if you had control of the element, and were unlimited in your power to explore and enjoy it."
- "I would be unlimited, Evelyn; there is no necessity of being a fish either to be so, but on such a steamship as your Mrs. Browning tells of, which

'Crushes down the brine Like a blind Jove who feels his way with thunder.'

I could defy anything."

- "I perceive you annihilate all objections to a sea life: why didn't you reason away the hindrances to a college course?"
- "Because, ma belle, my sympathies were not there."
- "This is arguing unnecessarily, Henry: neither you nor I are interested. Look at this beautiful-
- "But I am interested, Evelyn," he interrupted, vehemently. "Haven't you seen uncle since breakfast? He deliberately put the choice before me this morning; I decide before to-morrow noon. He says he is tired of having me live such an useless life, and-I may as well tell the whole truth-he fears I will marry Clara Browne, his clerk's daughter; you know his stubborn family pride."
  - "But, Henry!" said Evelyn, in amazement.
- "He thinks absence will change me." He pressed his lips firmly for a moment, and then his usual cheerfulness breaking over his face, he

She grew very pale, and looked almost vacantly

at him as he ran on. He, careless body that he says, 'go and win fortune and fame.' was, did not notice her emotion, and as he I thought Evelyn was more sensible." turned to pace the room, she arose quietly and quickly and slipped out the door.

He missed her, and following her, caught her hand just as she reached the staircase.

"Let me go to my room a moment, Henry!"

"No, come back, Evelyn." He led her back. "You look so pale," he looked fixedly at her, and she, unable to control herself, sank on the sofa, and covering her face burst into tears. He knew not what to do, and so for a moment sat gazing at her without doing anything.

"What have I done?" he said to himself, with a man's usual obtuseness; and the more he tried to think the more he became bewildered; meanwhile Evelyn tried to control herself, and succeeded in a measure.

"Pardon me, Henry, it was so unexpected that it quite overcame me. Choose a college career and do not leave us!" She looked pleadingly into his face. He called her bonny cousin, and told her how for Clara's sake he would win fortune and then come back and have her, once during the interval, and then spent but Evelyn, live with them. He would bring her \ little more than half an hour with Evelyn, who, beautiful things from other lands, would write in reply to his eager questioning, told him of equally often to her and Clara: in short, manlike, he did all he could—unconsciously of course—to agonize her.

misunderstandings, what a deal more of misery \ tion of his life's fairest dream; he saw the sweet would fall to the lot of mortals! If all were clear to the sight, we would often be compelled to read painful but unavoidable truths. He was happy in his innocence, whereas had he known the actual state of things he would have been made wretched without the means of remedying it.

which Evelyn quietly listened, she begged him to hear her for a few moments.

"Henry, you are almost like a brother to me: do, I pray you, listen to and follow my advice as that of a sister. Free your mind of this wild scheme; let no visionary dreams of fortune outweigh your common sense; there is peril in one of your thoughtless nature going away from home influences. Your uncle is not obdurate nor unreasonable, he is only hasty; allow me to plead with him for you!"

"Never! you little know my pride, Evelyn, if you think I will have one word of his sentence revoked. I have decided."

She left him abruptly before he could attempt }

"Now she is angry too," said he to himself,

Pshaw!

Henry's decision pleased his uncle. of his swerveless exactness and rigid uprightness, had little sympathy for a nature whose motive powers were enthusiasm and generosity; he had no charity for youthful extravagance of thought or action, and a situation on board a trading vessel was shortly procured for Henry. Evelyn's thoughtfulness had been exercised to the utmost for his comfort, and, therefore, he shed some tears of gratitude on saying good-bye.

"Don't get married," he said, playfully, "for Clara and myself will want a maiden aunt to live with us," and laughing in the midst of his tears, he waved his hand in adieu. He could not understand the flush which painfully colored her paleness at his words, nor did he see the after apathy of pain which prostrated her for days.

### CHAPTER II.

Many years passed. Henry returned but Clara's marriage. During his long absence he had dwelt fondly on her constancy, and never failed to imagine her pining for his return. The If there were no such things as ignorance and shock was not stunning. It was a rude obliteratracery of his hopes melt away like the absorbing of frost-work by heat, and yet he betrayed no pain.

> He hardly gave Evelyn time to realize the many changes in him, or her great joy at seeing him when he was gone again.

Evelyn was frail; consumption was her heredi-After a lengthened statement of his plans, to \( \) tary doom, and her sweet life wasted, as thousands have done from the same disease. few have the secret heart-wound to accelerate disease which she had borne for years. The wound was outwardly healed, but the poison lurked under the scar and ate its corroding way day by day, deeper and deeper into her life sources.

> It was a rainy October day. Wild clouds careered darkly over the sky, letting fall tears of dismay over the faded earth; they were impelled by a resistless wind, which shook the tallest trees with a shricking defiance, and scattered troops of faded leaves like flocks of stormstricken birds. Everything was wet, but the beating rain-tears still fell, and the day grew dark long before its close.

Evelyn was at her window, reclining wearily "Clara is the only one who cares for me; she in her large chair. There were fiery spots on her cheeks, and a burning brilliancy in her broke down. eyes; her emaciated hands were locked in her recovered from his emotion and regained his lap, and she looked out upon the dismal garden. All the flowers, the hardy, autumn flowers, were § prostrate in the wet; the far woods looked to her } like a rocking sea.

The door opened, and a man entered.

"I knew the old house too well to need show ing. I don't intrude, Evelyn?"

She turned at the voice; he hastened to her, and, kneeling by her chair, took the two thin hands in his, and without another word looked long at her changed face. She looked only for a moment at him, and then closed her eyes. It seemed as though she noted every change in him at a glance; while he, stupefied with amazement, seemed unable with the closest study to fathom the mystery of her strange alteration. It came at once, the knowledge of her dying state. He drew a chair close to hers, and said,

"Evelyn, I can hardly think this is you. I should not have come back now, uncle is dead, but I wanted one more look at your kind face; I wish it were not so pale."

"How haggard you are, Henry!"

He started at the name. He was indeed haggard, not from disease, but dissipation. He was also older and harder-looking, worldly and callous; his eyes had lost all their youthful cheerfulness; his voice its manly enthusiasm, and his { tearless and sightless. "Bramble roses, faint brow and cheek their purity.

you: you are nearer heaven; and I-—" He∮dust.

It was many minutes before he usual indifference.

"Evelyn, if I had followed your advice I might have been a happy man; now I am a ruined outcast, a wreck of my former self. I am too old to reform, too hardened to repent. Don't worry your pure soul with prayers for me. I am past redemption." He talked long in the same bitter strain, and at last rose to go.

"I shall live only a little longer, Henry, stay with me." But he only shook her feeble hand, and said, "good-bye."

Outside the wind and rain grew stronger. Evelyn bowed her head upon the hard window-

"Not one word of love-not one kiss for this life-long worship of mine! He might have given me that little! Oh! God!" The poor voice broke down in sobs.

The heart's last vital chord had snapped, and the poor heart crumbled into ruin. She lived until November. They buried her under frozen leaves when the air was whitened with the first early snow.

"Evelyn, aged 32," is carved upon her simple head-stone. There is no record of the bitter, unavailing struggle which ended with those years. Placidly, at last, sleep the weary eyes, and pale," long grass and tiny flowers grew over "Yes, I am changed, Evelyn, even more than \ what was once all pain and disquiet, but is now

## SPRING WHISPERS.

BY CLARENCE MAY.

Spring is wasting balmy odors From the sunny Southern seas, And the maple buds are swelling On the tall and waving trees; There is music in the streamlets That are sparkling down the vale, And a soft and gentle murmur Fills the dewy evening gale.

There are fairies in the woodlands Singing all the sunny day, As they bring the bright-hued flowers From the Southland far away; And I know they linger near us, As the gay hours speed along, Breathing gladsome spirit music, Filling every heart with song.

But the Spring brings not the visions That it did in days of yore, Ere my heart knew aught of sorrow, Ah! the "dear old time" is o'er:

And its music cannot cheer me With that soul-enthralling spell, Making earth far gayer, brighter, As it on my spirit fell.

There are loved ones lowly sleeping 'Neath the cold and grassy sod; Tho' I know that they are happy, For they've wandered home to God: But the heart must ever sadden. When the loved of earth are gone And we miss the voice that gladdened With its fond, devoted tone.

Aye! the Spring is still as joyous As it was in days of yore, But I think of friends departed, And its music-spell is o'er. There are whispers in each zephyr, As it wanders lightly by, Telling all the beauty round us Is now budding but to die!

# GILLIAN.

# BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

## CONTINUED FROM PAGE 306.

## CHAPTER VI.

As Mrs. Ransom entered the room with young was repulsive to find herself again in his presence.

Then her face softened as she looked toward him; some tender memory was evidently struggling at her heart, which, for a moment, asserted its supremacy over the displeasure which his appearance had at first caused her.

"Michael," she said, softly.

He turned toward her, and she made a movement to lay her hand caressingly upon his shoulder; but, looking in his face, she met the same smile which had so irritated her when she saw the young girl blushing beneath it.

- "Did you speak?" he asked.
- "It is nothing," she replied, abruptly; "I had forgotten that it was you."
- "What a charming little dove that was I frightened away," he said. "I felt quite guilty at having startled her so."

Again Mrs. Ransom's face darkened with stern displeasure, and she replied coldly,

- "I had given strict orders not to be disturbed, the young lady desired to see me alone."
- "A thousand apologies for the intrusion, dear madam," he returned, with easy assurance, "but it never occurred to my mind that such a command could apply to me."
- "I should prefer to think that some urgent business made you so unceremonious," said Mrs. Ransom, with severity. "Certainly the indulgence and kindness which I have shown you, would be a poor reason for presuming to disobey my wishes."

Hurst bit his lip to keep back the angry retort which her words suggested. He knew her varying moods, and saw that she would permit neither trifling nor impertinence: and as he had a favor to ask, he could not venture to irritate her.

"Forgive me, dear lady," he said, taking her hand respectfully and pressing it to his lips. "I believe I am a rather spoiled child, but you know } stranger, Michael." well that for the world I would not offend you."

Mrs. Ransom quietly withdrew her hand, and ? dered by the sight of an angel?"

the displeasure in her countenance gave way to an expression of sad thoughtfulness. She mo-Hurst, a faint shudder passed over her as if it tioned the young man to be seated, and sank back in her own easy-chair, leaning her head upon her hand, while her eyes fastened themselves on the picture over the mantle-piece, as earnestly as if she were asking counsel of the face that looked so kindly down upon her. She seemed to have forgotten the young man's presence, and when he ventured at last to break the silence, looked wonderingly around as if surprised to find that she was not alone.

- "Pray where did that little fairy spring from, Mrs. Ransom? I do not remember having seen her here before."
- "It is the first time she has ever visited me."
- "I hope, at least, it will not be the last, for certainly she is one of the loveliest creatures I ever saw."

Mrs. Ransom looked annoyed; her foot began to tap the footstool impatiently, a habit she had when irritated or thoughtful.

- "It is not probable that she will come again," she said.
  - "Then you do not know her?"
- "I do not. She came, as many young girls do, from a desire to see a literary woman."
  - "But at least you know her name?"
- "Really, Michael, your curiosity seems wonderfully excited. Might I be envious in turn, and ask what brings you here, this morning?"
- "I had some business, I believe," he replied, with a gay laugh; "but to tell you the truth, the sight of so much loveliness has quite driven it out of my head."
- "Then you will not think me rude if I go on writing, while you try to recall your errand?"
- "I see you are determined not to gratify what you are pleased to style my curiosity concerning your visitor."
- "I am quite unable to imagine how you can be in the slightest degree interested in a perfect
- "Do you think any man would not be bewil-

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- "You are growing poetical, young gentleman, something I never remarked in you before."
- "Ah, now you are going to be satirical, and you know I never can answer your sarcasm."

Mrs. Ransom frowned impatiently and took up her pen.

- "As I am somewhat hurried to-day you must permit me to work. Whenever you have exhausted your raptures, and can recollect your business, I will listen to you."
- "I have troubled you so much of late, dear madam, that I am almost afraid to annoy you again."
- "You know, Michael, that I am always glad to serve you, and I am never annoyed by listening to anything in which you have really an interest."
- "Then perhaps you will tell me the name of your visitor?" said Hurst, laughingly, and with one of those quick changes of manner peculiar to him.
- "Your jesting is ill-timed," Mrs. Ransom replied, almost harshly. "If you indeed desire my advice, you have only to ask it, but I have no leisure for such trifling."

Hurst moved impatiently in his chair, but did not venture a reply. Nothing excited him so much as the least opposition to his wishes; and in this sudden interest for the youthful stranger there was something beyond the momentary attraction of girlish loveliness. There was a vague suspicion in his mind which he was burning to have resolved into certainty; but he knew Mrs. Ransom's moods too well to venture upon farther importunity for the moment.

She had fallen back in her former attitude of mournful meditation. One saw at a glance that it was no new grief which moved her, but some great sorrow which came out of the past, and had been her constant companion for years, like some mournful ghost which no power could dispel.

Hurst looked curiously at her. She was a singular study during such moments; and he was a man of sufficiently vivid imagination to weave in his mind innumerable wild fancies while watching her protracted revery.

At length Mrs. Ransom roused herself with an effort and turned toward him again.

"You must excuse me this morning," she said, with a troubled smile, "I really am not quite myself; I have been writing steadily for hours, and the exertion has left me strangely weary and absorbed."

"One would think that after so many years of continued labor, writing would have become almost a mechanical effort," Hurst remarked.

- "On the contrary, it seems to me that every year I write with more feeling, more earnestness of purpose, throwing my whole soul into the task much more completely than during my youth, when authorship was a passion and not a power."
- "Something more than mere fatigue seems to trouble you," he ventured to say.
  - "What else should?" she asked.
- "Nothing that I know of. I thought possibly your visitor had brought you some unpleasant news."
- "I have told you that she was an entire stranger to me; therefore such could not be the case."
- "She might have resembled some one whom you knew formerly. We can never account for the fancies and reminiscences a stranger's face often arouse."

Mrs. Ransom looked up quickly, but the young man had averted his eyes. He was toying carelessly with one of the little ornaments upon her table, and seemed to have uttered the words with no thought beyond the moment.

- "Your remark is sufficiently true," she replied, drawing a deep breath, like one relieved from a sudden fear. "Very often the sight of a picture or a beautiful view will arouse the same feelings; they seem places which we have seen before, and remember like objects in a dream, or some memory from a previous life."
- "That young girl was lovely enough to have been the reality of a poet's ideal. I have seldom seen such grace and beauty united with such a childish simplicity of thought and manner."
- "She was indeed very lovely," Mrs. Ransom murmured, as if thinking aloud, "very, very lovely."

Hurst had led the conversation back to the visitor in the hope of discovering her name; but at that moment his eye fell upon a card which had fallen near his chair. He allowed his hand-kerchief to drop, and in stooping forward to pick it up, managed to secrete the card among its folds. Quick as the action was he found an opportunity to read the name,

"Miss Gillian Bentley."

He felt singularly irritated with Mrs. Ransom, so much so that his fear of offending her was wholly gone.

- "I have an engagement in an hour," he said, "and must soon go."
- "You appear to find a great deal of leisure time. I think your employers must be very kind to you."

Hurst's lip curled with a sneer. Mrs. Ransom's remark had evidently called up a new train of thought, but he said only,

"Business men are not given generally to such

weakness. I have nothing to complain of except; with reckless bitterness; "make me feel wholly the smallness of my means."

"Certainly, Michael, you have had no lack of money during the past year; I was quite startled yesterday at recalling the amount of your expenditures."

"You do not expect a young man to live like a hermit, I suppose," Hurst said, impertinently.

"Perhaps not; but I expect him to be just to himself and to those who feel an interest in him."

"I know of no one who has any in me."

"You are angry, Michael, and therefore I excuse your injustice."

"I am not angry, Mrs. Ransom, but I do not choose to be treated like a child, to have every wish thwarted, to be told that I have no right to enjoy life like others of my age."

"You have no right to allow yourself to be drawn into extravagances, the demands of which it is out of your power to meet; no man has any right to do that."

"You have told me all this, madam, many times."

"Do not fear, Michael, that I shall repeat it. I have tried to be a good friend to you; I have had an interest in you for which you could never account, and surely when I see you leading a life that I know to be wrong, I have at least a right to expostulate."

"I will allow no one to play the tyrant over me-my actions shall be free."

A withering retort trembled on Mrs. Ransom's lips, but she checked it, she could not find it in her heart to reproach any one with her bounty, and she knew well that Hurst's only hope was in her.

"That is childish," she said, after a moment's pause; "a few years since such language could be tolerated, but you have grown too old now for it to be excusable."

Hurst struggled for self-command. moment he fairly hated the woman who had been his benefactress. He had that weak, false pride which made him rebel against receiving a favor, although he never hesitated to accept it, nay, even to claim it as his right.

"Tell me what brought you here this morning, Michael?" Mrs. Ransom said, more kindly; "you came on business-what was its nature?"

"I want money," he said, sullenly, "and I must have it from some source."

"More money? Have you forgotten how few weeks have elapsed since your debts were paid, and a large amount beyond placed in your hands?"

"Remind me of all I owe you!" he exclaimed,

base and degraded-I am at your mercy."

"Indeed I did not mean that; were you my own son I should say to you what I am now doing."

"Can you procure me the money I need?" he asked, bluntly.

"I shall give you none at present. If you have wasted the sum I put in your hands, not a month since, on condition that you would conduct yourself very differently, I cannot help it-I am powerless to aid you at present."

"That means you will not!" he cried, angrily. "This is your boasted kindness; this is a proof of the interest you profess for me."

"You are rapidly wearing out all such feelings, Michael. Have a care! You, with no opposition, will listen to no counsel. Before long I shall cease to offer any; but when that time comes I shall have lost all interest in you."

"Let it come," he replied, defiantly, lifting his head and looking boldly in her face, while his eyes grew black and inflamed with anger. "Let it come! I want to feel that I am entirely alone in the world-no resource-no friend. Go on, Mrs. Ransom."

"Oh! boy, boy, how you wrong yourself and Have I deserved this?"

"Mrs. Ransom, I have no time to trifle; I must have money, my honor depends on that."

"You have been gambling again! No. Michael. I will not aid you. Six months ago I told you that I would never pay another gaming debt, and I will not."

"Then let me go, I must find it elsewhere!"

"Stop! Michael, you shall not leave this house in a mood like that! You must listen to me-I have a right to demand it."

"What right, madam? I admit no right that any one has over me."

"I might reply very bitterly, young man; it is not for your sake that I refrain! Still I have a right-my affection for you has given it to me: no parent ever watched over a son more faithfully than I have done over you."

"Who were my parents?" he asked, abruptly; "where are they? why have I been left all my life to the mercy of strangers?"

Mrs. Ransom made no answer. In her excitement she had risen from her seat, and was standing directly before him. A strange pallor, which in moments of intense feeling troubled her face, swept over it then; her large, grey eyes, not beautiful at ordinary times, grew bright and dark, while her white lips parted in a vain attempt to speak. Hurst was startled by her appearance; even through his reckless anger he

saw that some subtle chord in her soul had been past, Michael? You are raking the ashes from swept, and that her whole being vibrated to the off a tomb. For your own sake leave the dead rude touch.

- "Mrs. Ransom!" he exclaimed.
- "Yes, yes," she repeated, like one who has heard a voice from afar, and only sighs out a faint response from a vain effort to send an answer in return; "I hear you-go on."

"My parents," he said, "who were they?"

Mrs. Ransom shivered down into her seatthat is the only word which could express the movement-she seemed literally like one struck by a mortal chill that had slowly penetrated to her heart, closing its pulses in an icy grasp.

"Are they alive?" he questioned. "Why have you never spoken of them? Why am I left in the world friendless, an outcast? If I died to-morrow there would be no living soul to shed a tear over my grave. I have lived unloved and alone, I shall die unregretted and forgotten."

The wily man knew well the nature with which he had to deal; he knew how every fibre of her being responded to the least call for sympathy: yet it was not wholly art which caused his agitation; he was impulsive and excitable like all imaginative temperaments, and the question which he so eagerly demanded had often troubled his passionate soul. He felt no tender regret for those unknown parents; but the doubt and implied disgrace, which hung over him, had preyed for years upon his proud spirit: and perhaps a portion of his reckless conduct was to be attributed to the bitter feeling toward the whole world which had sprung from that terrible suspicion.

"Answer me, Mrs. Ransom. Do not torture me by this silence. Is my father living? where is he? what is his name?"

Mrs. Ransom drew her hand slowly across her eyes, and again that agonized shudder passed over her frame.

"Your father is dead!" she gasped, "dead! Ask me no more."

"And my mother—is she living? Has she no kindly remembrance of the child upon whose unconscious lips she pressed a first tender kiss? Will she allow him to go through life without having once known a mother's fondness? Was she not human? Had she no feeling in common with the rest of her sex?"

"Hush! Michael, hush!" pleaded Mrs. Ransom, in a tone of deep anguish; "do not torture yourself and me by these wild questions."

"I have a right to ask them, lady; I will no longer be surrounded by this impenetrable mystery. Answer me, I beg."

"Of what avail to rouse memories of the and self-possessed.

to rest in peace."

- "Dead! Are they both dead?"
- "Dead to you! demand no more! Learn to live in the present-forget these haunting doubts which can never be gratified. I warn you, Michael Hurst, that you are only preparing for yourself misery in the future, by this reckless determination to penetrate mysteries in which you have no share."
- "No share, madam? Is it nothing that I have no family-no name? Must I sit quietly down in this disgraceful ignorance, and be patient beneath the ignominy which the sins of others have forced upon me?"
- "Beware, young man!" exclaimed Mrs. Ransom, in a hollow voice. "Do not dare to insult the memory of your parents!"
- "What have they done for me that I should respect it? I owe them neither gratitude nor affection, and I will give none! Were I standing by my father's grave I would say the same! There must have been guilt somewhere, and I am left to suffer the consequences of wrongs in which I had no part."
- "Yes, Michael, there was wrong, deep wrong; but it was not meant-before heaven I assert that!"
- "At least I am forced to endure the consequences of that sin-"
- "Who spoke of sin?" broke in Mrs. Ransom, with a passionate excitement, strangely at variance with her usual calm demeanor.
- "Is not wrong sin?" cried Hurst, angrily; "is not error sin?"
- "No, no, a thousand times no! Stop, boy, you have reached a limit beyond which you shall not pass."
- "Who shall prevent me? I fear nothing! Perhaps I am bold and unscrupulous: but with whom rests the fault?-not with me-I refuse to accept it!"

Mrs. Ransom rose from her seat and paced slowly up and down, her hands locked together, and her eyes cast upon the floor like one striving to regain her self-command. Suddenly she paused before the picture which hung above the mantle, and raised her eyes to the face that beamed so benignantly down upon her. She extended her arms in supplication, her lips moved in inaudible prayer. At length the anguish died out of her face-her eyes cleared-her lips softened into a faint smile that wandered over her features like a waning sunbeam. She turned back to the table and sat down, once more calm

"We have wandered from our subject, Michael, ; he left in moments of anger: but the lady made let us return to your affairs. Tell me now it happens that you are again in difficulty—I wish to know all."

"I do not see why I should account to any human being for my actions."

"Then why have you come to me for counsel?"

"Because you have told me that you were my friend, because you have taught me to consider you as one to whom I could come with every trouble, every pain "

"Then at least do not insult me!"

"It is I who am insulted by your doubts and suspicions," he replied, his passion again mastering his prudence.

"You certainly give me every reason for them by your reckless conduct. Stop, Michael!" she continued, in a warning voice, as he was about to answer more insolently than before. "I will not suffer you again to address me in such language, more from the injury which this giving way to violent anger upon the slightest occasion causes you, than from any effect your words can have upon my feelings."

"I will leave you, madam, if my presence is so distasteful to you."

"Do not go away with such feelings, Michael; I have faith enough in your goodness of heart to believe that you would repent having left me

"It is useless for me to remain here-you have lost all interest in me-there is nothing left me now."

"I have not lost it, Michael, but I confess that your conduct is rapidly wearing away my forbearance. I have borne much from you for reasons of which you knew nothing; but even that desire to keep faithfully a promise made long years since, will not induce me to compromise my own dignity and self-respect."

"Mine are not to be considered; I am to submit to disgrace, and bear it with calmness-I tell you I will not do it! I must have a certain sum of money before night, and by some means have it I will."

"It is out of my power to assist you to-day, even if I were so inclined; your needs cannot be so argent that a few days delay will be more than a trifling inconvenience"

"Surely I must be the best judge of that! Have the money to-day I will."

"Then you must seek assistance elsewhere, for I have none to offer."

"Good morning, madam!" he exclaimed, rising and hastening toward the door. He paused with } his hand upon the knob, thinking that she would \{ working room of a business man, for near one of call him back, as she had often done before when } the windows was a long writing table surmounted

no sign. She was leaning back in her chair with a sort of stony composure, which at times came over her, and did not even raise her eyes.

Hurst muttered an oath and dashed out of the room, closing the door violently behind him. When he had gained the street, he drew from his vest the card which he had secreted, and looked again at the name.

"Gillian Bentley," he said, almost aloud. "Yes, yes, I know the name, I see my way clearer now-it is a plot worthy of Machiavelli! Many thanks for that little scene at the gambling house last night; the money was well lost which was the means of my making the discovery."

He sauntered carelessly down the street, greeting any chance acquaintance with a pleasant smile or word, seemingly unoccupied beyond the idle thoughts of the moment, so frank and happylooking, that it appeared impossible it could be the same face which an hour before had been dark with evil passions.

Mrs. Ransom remained sitting where Hurst had left her. What a world of unquiet memories surged over her face during that season of self-communion! One might have half understood her whole life by looking at her then; she usually so calm and gentle, full of tender sympathies for others, searching the bright side of life and turning resolutely away from the gloom, now so wan and spent beneath those harrowing reflections, which started up before her like mournful shapes that had, for a time, been hidden, but now forced themselves out of the mist of the past and intruded themselves upon her.

Once she raised her eyes to the portrait, murmuring.

"This is hard, hard to bear-give me strength, for I am without strength and without hope."

So the day wore on in Julia Ransom's solitude, and amid all the friends that her genius had raised up for her, there was not one with power to comfort her during that sad hour; and she whose beautiful creations had brought so much happiness to others, was unable to find in her own grand soul a single gleam of consolation for that irretrievable woe.

## CHAPTER VII.

THE room seemed to have been fitted up as a library, for the walls were filled with book-cases, and the tables covered with richly bound volumes and pamphlets; still it was evidently the common by a cabinet, filled with large packages of papers and deeds.

Seated by the table was a tall, thin man, in whose face there was a singular mingling of the lines and furrows, which long years of constant occupation will bring upon the face, with a serene moral composure which would have deceived even a keen observer.

But now in that solitude the calmness which a long life of dissimulation had given the countenance was gone, and the undercurrent of passion showed through like a turbid bottom seen beneath smooth waters.

That man was Nathan Lawrence, the influential partner in the house in which Michael Hurst was employed, and the person whom the young man had so unexpectedly seen at the gambling house upon the previous night.

He was sitting with paper before him and a pen in his hand, but he had not yet written a line, although it was full an hour before that he had taken his seat there.

The events of the past evening had evidently left an impression upon him, which he could not readily shake off, for his losses had been large, even for one of his great wealth, and he might well pause to reflect upon the consequences of many nights of misfortune like that.

In the eyes of the world, Nathan Lawrence possessed the reputation of being a moral mannot religious perhaps in the strict sense of the word-but perfectly upright and conscientious; to be seen every Sunday in his seat in church, uttering the responses with the utmost fervor. always foremost in every public charity or philanthropic act which was sounded abroad. short, he was a man who possessed the esteem of all who knew him; and when once or twice strange reports had gone abroad concerning him, the source of which no one could explain, they had been indignantly refuted by his large circle of acquaintance, and for a time he had risen almost to the dignity of a martyr from that attempted persecution.

In the business world no man's credit stood higher. He was the head of one of the most influential firms in the country, and his slightest word was considered equal to the bond of almost any common man.

This was the man whom young Hurst had encountered at the gambling house, and had he known by whom he had been watched, the desperate condition and daring character of the youth, he would scarcely have sat at that table with so much composure, dwelling only upon the sums which he had lost, for his reputation was dearer far to him than wealth or life itself.

While he sat there, a low knock sounded at the door, and in obedience to his summons a domestic entered the room, and paused before him with grave respect.

"What is it, Peters?" Mr. Lawrence asked, after a second's silence, laying down his pen, and seeming to rouse himself from some important calculation.

"There is a gentleman below who wishes to speak with you, sir?"

"Did he give his name, Peters?"

"Mr. Hurst, sir."

"Hurst? What can he want? Did you tell him that I was extremely occupied?"

"Yes, sir; but he said that he had just come from the counting-house, and wished to see you on some business of importance."

"Show him up, Peters, and remember I am at home to no one else."

The servant left the room, and Mr. Lawrence again took up his pen, but his hand shook so that he could not frame a letter, although his face looked cold and stern as before. The past night had left him strangely nervous; and simple as was the fact of his clerk calling upon him, he was startled at the sound of his name.

In a moment the servant again opened the door, and young Hurst entered with his usual air of careless composure.

Mr. Lawrence turned slowly round with his most dignified manner, and surveyed him from head to foot.

"Good morning, Mr. Hurst," he said, with a proud blandness; "my servant said that you desired particularly to see me. Business from the office, I suppose?"

Hurst returned his glance without faltering, and replied with the familiar ease of an equal,

"Partially so, Mr. Lawrence, partially so."

The rich man looked at him in astonishment. It was the first time one of his clerks had ever ventured to address him, except in a tone of the utmost respect, and he could not comprehend the singular assurance of this young man.

"I am very much occupied this morning," he said, with pompous dignity; "let me hear your message at once."

"I have none, sir," replied Hurst, with the same unchanging assurance, "I always employ my servant in anything of that sort."

"Mr. Hurst!" exclaimed the man of respectability, "what is the meaning of such language? and why have you intruded upon me this morning?"

"Ah, that is the bore of business; one never has a moment for himself or friends."

"Sir, I am not in the habit of classing my

hired clerks among my friends. If you have into that insolently handsome face, pale and any business state it at once: if not, I must request you to withdraw."

"I met with a little misfortune last night, my dear sir," said Hurst, coolly seating himself near the merchant, and leaning his arm upon the writing-table. "I have come to you not only } as the head of the firm, but as a man of the world, to consult you."

"Really, sir, this is a strange proceeding. know of nothing in which my advice can be of value to you; I believe you receive your salary regularly, beyond that I have nothing to do with your affairs."

"Last night," continued Hurst, as quietly as if he were a millionaire, and speaking of some insignificant loss, "I had the ill-luck to lose a thousand dollars at cards-

"Enough, sir," interrupted Mr. Lawrence; "I will not tolerate a gambler in my establishment for an hour-you are discharged."

"The most disagreeable thing in the whole affair," pursued Hurst, as calmly as if the other had not spoken, "is that the money was not mine."

"You have not dared-

"Yes; it belonged to the firm. It was very careless on my part, but, after all, the sum is so trifling!"

"I will hear nothing farther, the law will deal with you. I am a just man-I thank heaven that I can look back on my life without being forced to blush for a single act-but I never falter where my duty is concerned."

"I knew, of course, that we could arrange the little matter at once, and so I tore myself away from a very charming woman in order to call upon you."

"A gambler and a swindler! Young man, what can your associations have been to leave you at this age so utterly depraved? Had you come to me in a spirit of repentance my feelings would all have been in your favor, but you enter my house with insolent bravado, and acknowledge your theft without a blush. Do you know what is before you? Do you know the penalty of an act like this?"

Hurst was leaning back in his chair, toying with his watch-chain, and upon his lips the same smile of conscious superiority.

"Even if I were inclined to aid you my partners would not permit me. Young man, you are lost!"

"The money you mean, my dear sir. Apropos of losses, I was sorry to see last night that you charming place." were as unfortunate as myself."

The merchant dropped his pen, and sat gazing more apparent from the other's composure.

aghast.

"I hope it was not enough to inconvenience you! We must try fortune again to-night, she may be more propitious."

Mr. Lawrence struggled for composure. His dissimulation came to his aid, and except that the deathly pallor did not leave his face, he looked calm.

"You must be mad, young man, I can account for your conduct in no other way."

Hurst smiled again. He knew well the man with whom he had to deal, that death itself would be preferable, in his eyes, to the loss of one atom of the respectability which he made his bulwark. The youth felt his advantage, and knew that when the man was convinced that he had learned all, would cringe for mercy like the poltroon he was.

"Did you stop for supper?" he asked. hurried away, for I had an engagement of importance."

"Leave this room!" exclaimed Mr. Lawrence; "I will not be insulted under my own roof."

"My dear sir, how you misunderstand me! These little annoyances will occur to all the votaries of the green table: I have no hesitation in alluding to them."

Once more the man endeavored to intimidate him, though his voice shook as he said,

"If you remain here you will be arrested. advise you to leave the city, or remember the consequences."

"Nonsense!" returned Hurst, contemptuously. "You forget we are both men of the world, not grey-bearded Puritans. We must assist each other, Mr. Lawrence; these are but trifles."

He laid his hand upon the merchant's arm and looked full in his face, smiling still, but with a deadly glare in his eyes, which seemed to fascinate the other like the glance of a serpent. An ashen grey settled over his features, he trembled from head to foot, as if the young man had dealt him a heavy blow.

"You know-you saw!" he gasped. God, my reputation!"

"My dear Mr. Lawrence," said Hurst, laughing gayly, "I am sure last night must have shaken your nerves-let us change the subject."

"Mr. Hurst, I hope you will forgive my rudeness-I was very much hurried. Your affair is extremely unpleasant, but I will endeavor to conceal the loss from my partners, and will help you away. What say you to New Orleans?-

All this was uttered in a breathless haste, still

York-quite impossible to exist elsewhere."

"You cannot remain here! I am very willing to help you; I have always felt an interest in ou; I assure you money will be no object, and am certain that my secret-"

"My dear Mr. Lawrence, how little you know me! I have completely forgotten the events of last night, or shall have done so when we have replaced that little check-we will not refer to it again. I am glad to have met you this morning-in the confusion of business men have no time to become acquainted. I hope I shall have the pleasure of seeing you thus again?"

"Nothing would gratify me more," returned { the merchant, with trembling lips. "Mrs. Lawrence receives every Saturday-I shall be happy to present you."

"And I to avail myself of the invitation. You know Mrs. Ransom?"

"The authoress? yes, very delightful woman."

"A most intimate friend of mine; nothing would gratify her so much as to know that you considered me your friend."

"Delighted to hear that; she so seldom goes out-genius has its peculiarities."

The wretched man was so ghastly and white that his appearance might have softened his deadliest enemy; but the youth in whose power he found himself knew no relenting, he liked to taste his revenge drop by drop, and would never cease while there was still a chord in his victim's heart that could be wrung.

"By-the-way, Mr. Lawrence, do you know Mr. Bentley?"

"Well, very well; an extremely rich man."

"I know that he has a charming daughter," replied Hurst, laughing again, "I met her at Mrs. Ransom's. Perhaps you would present me it promises well! The fair Gillian is almost there?"

The merchant paused for a moment, writhing 5 off."

"Thanks, but I have no desire to leave New ; under that assumption of power; but Hurst's eyes were still fixed upon him, and he could only falter out,

"With pleasure, of course."

"Indeed I must say good morning," Hurst said, rising. "On Saturday you say Mrs. Lawrence receives?"

"But this thing-you understand!" exclaimed Lawrence, catching him by the arm. "Tell me that my secret is safe-money-anything-name your terms."

"Do not insult me," returned Hurst, coldly, "between equals such offers are not endurable."

"Excuse me—I— At least the check shall be sent down."

"Of course, of course!"

"May I mention one fact?"

"I shall listen with pleasure."

"I shall be delighted to receive you at my house; but it is quite possible that you might prefer to give up your situation-I shall always be willing to assist you in any way."

"I am infinitely obliged. If I decide to leave your establishment, I will come and talk the matter over with you. Good morning, Mr. Lawrence! On Saturday? Till then, au revoir."

He passed out of the room with the same careless ease and went down stairs.

The merchant fell back in his chair completely exhausted by the excitement of the last hour. He looked like a man just recovering from a terrible illness. When he strove to rise from his seat he fell back, covering his face with his hands, and murmuring broken words of despair.

Hurst left the house and returned to his home. His face was lit up with fierce exultation, and his eyes fairly blazed with light.

"This is the beginning," he muttered, "and reached-patience, patience, the end is not far (TO BE CONTINUED.)

## WOMAN'S LOT.

BY MRS. PIDSLEY.

To feel that she is slighted By one most dearly prized-That all her self-devotion Is nothing in his eyes-To hear the words of anger, Tho' she deserves them not; To bear with harsh unkindness, Is often woman's lot.

To see her slightest error Converted into crime, Whilst even then she dares not Weep, murmur, or repine;

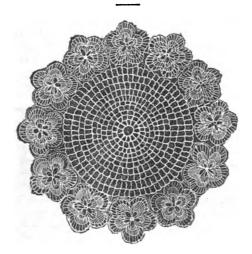
To know his yow is broken-That he is faithless now And yet to be upbraided, If grief is on her brow;

To soothe the hour of anguish, And be repaid with scorn; To hear severely chidden The tears from sorrow drawn. To feel her long enduring, Her patience—all as naught, Till hope itself is blighted, Is often woman's lot.



# TO CROCHET A MAT WITH BORDER OF CROCHET ROSES.

MRS. JANE



MATERIALS.—One spool white crochet cotton, , loop made by last row of ch. Repeat until the No. 16, one spool pink crochet cotton, crochet row is complete. 4th row.—Make a ch of 5hook. This is an original pattern.

ch of 6. Join. Work in d c, widening enough \{ s c, 6 d c worked same as 3rd row. 6th row.to keep the work flat. Make the centre of mat \ Same as 4th row, only making the ch 6 stitches. any size you may see fit.

row .- Make a ch of 6. Join. 2nd row .- Make { stitches, loop in as before. 9th row .- 1 s c, 8 d a ch of 5, work it in the circle made by the first c, 1 s c in each loop. Fasten off the thread ch, then a ch of 4. Repeat until you make five { carefully, and the rose is complete. Make enough holes. 8rd row.—Then begin to make leaves by { of these roses to form the border, sew them upon making 1 s c stitch, 5 d c, 1 s c worked in the the centre of mat already made.

loop it in the stitch occurring between the leaves. FOR THE MAT .- With the white cotton make a Repeat until the row is complete. 5th row .- 2 7th row.—1 s c, 7 d c, 1 s c worked into each loop, FOR THE BORDER.—Use the pink cotton. 1st same as 5th row. 8th row.—Make a ch of 7

# TO KNIT A SOFA-CUSHION.

# BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

This cushion is to be knitted in stripes, each ; without knitting pass the thread back of these 4 stripe of a different color; the color to be selected } that they may contrast prettily. Materials required, 1 oz. of each color, (single zephyr) pair bone needles. This is an original pattern.

Cast on 18 stitches. Knit in garter stitch. 1st Row .- Knit plain.

2nd Row .- Knit 5 stitches, take off next 4-

stitches, and knit to the end of the needle.

3rd Row .- Knit 9; thread forward, take off next 4 without knitting; thread back, knit to the end of the needle.

4th Row.-Same as 2nd.

5th Row.—Same as 8rd.

6th Row .- Knit 5; now knit the 4 stitches



which have been taken off with knitting hereto- ; up the four stitches forming the cord, upon the fore; turn the work round and purl those 4 | left needle, again taking those four stitches which stitches; turn the work back again and knit you passed upon the right needle, back again same 4 stitches plain. Repeat (knitting the four upon the left one. The work is now properly stitches only; one row plain, next purl,) until { arranged to knit the remaining stitches off the you have knitted twelve rows; then throw the \ needle. Repeat from the 1st row. This arrangthread back and knit off the 5 stitches remaining upon the left needle. Next row, knit 5; now pass the right needle through the 5th, 6th, 7th strictly following the directions. Knit the stripes and 8th stitches of those remaining upon the left the length of the cushion you wish to cover. Sew needle; let it remain in those four stitches; then together. Let the under side either be slip off of the left needle the four stitches which & knitted plain, all one color, or cover it with silk form the cord. Do it carefully. Now the four or satin some dark shade. Finish the corners stitches (through which you passed the right with tassels in groups of two's or three's. They needle,) slip off the left upon the right, and take may be either of worsted or chenille.

ing the cord from right to left, though rather complicated, will be readily accomplished by



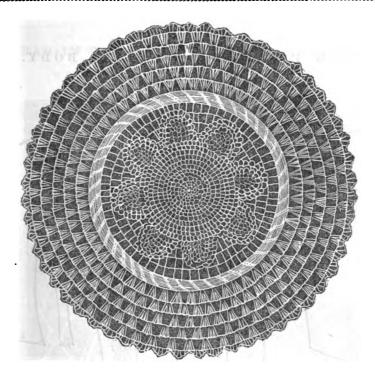
#### TIDY OF ZEPHYR. CROCHET

# BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

MATERIALS .- Half oz. black single zephyr, { four shades scarlet, half oz. each, 5th, or lightest shade one oz., half oz. white tidy cotton, bone } crochet hook.

With the black wool make a chain of 3 stitches. Work 7 rows single crochet stitch, widening { enough to keep the work flat. 8th row .- Join } the cotton, work 8 rows in d c, working the last } 8 rows very loosely-1 row in s c. Join the { black wool, work 1 row s c. Join the darkest frow black in s c, 1 row black in d c, doing it in shade of zephyr and the cotton. Lay the cotton groups of 8 stitches with 2 chain between each

4 stitches in s c over the cotton. Take up the cotton, (holding down the zephyr as you did the cotton) and work 4 stitches in s c over the zephyr. Repeat this until the row is complete. Join the next shade, work in the same way, observing to work the first zephyr stitch over the last cotton one, then do the 4 stitches as before. This makes the cord. Repeat until you have worked in all the shades, (allowing 1 shade to every row.) 1 close down upon the last row worked, and crochet? group. Join the darkest shade, work in d c same



as black row. Repeat until you have worked in 5 those 7 ch stitches in s c \*. Complete the row all the shades, (1 shade to each row.) Edge the in this manner. 9th row.—Join the darkest

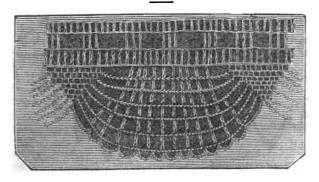
Work 8 stitches s c, make 7 ch. Work back on \sign.

whole with 1 row shell stitch, making 9 stitches shade, work in d c round the points made by the to the shell. This edge is to be of cotton.

FOR THE CENTRE PIECE.—With the black wool stitches in 8th row, doing the intervening stitches in 8 c. Repeat until you have worked make a chain of 3. Work 7 rows in 8 c, widening enough to keep the work flat. 8th row.—\*

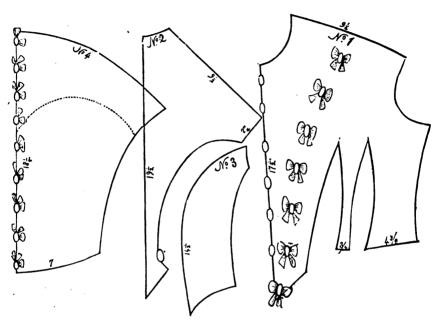
and the tidy is finished. This is an original de-

# CROCHET LACE.



# NEW PATTERN FOR DRESS BODY.

BY EMILY H. MAY.



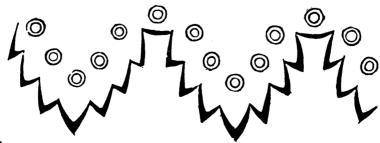
This is one of the newest patterns which has appeared in Paris. Its peculiarity, it will be seen, is in the shape of the point behind, and in the mode of trimming, which consists of bows of ribbon put on in the butterfly style.

- No. 1. HALF THE FRONT.
- No. 2. HALF THE BACK.
- No. 8. ONE SIDE-BODY.
- No. 4. HALF THE SLEEVE.

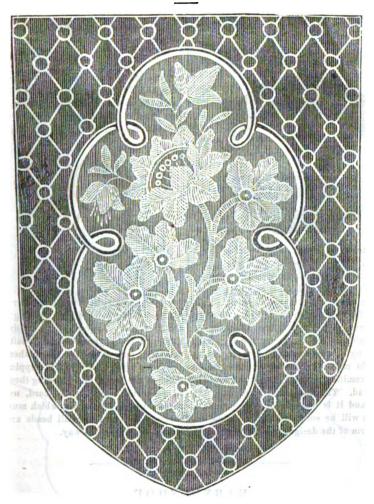
Where the dotted line goes, a cuff is to be put.

# FOR BOTTOM OF PETTICOAT.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



# BAG IN VELVET AND SILK EMBROIDERY.



convenient receptacle for containing the purse, the card-case, &c., as the pockets in the dresses They are very insehave many drawbacks. cure, the white under-sleeve becomes speedily \ when completed. It is intended to be worked deranged, and the flow of the skirt is injured on velvet in silk embroidery, and allows some by the weight. Fashion has at last come to their diversity in the arrangement of the color. The aid, by giving her sanction, in London, to the group in the centre may be worked either in introduction of the Bag, the adoption of which \ white silk or maize color, on a velvet of crimson, will, no doubt, become very general. It adds green, violet, or blue. The scroll round is in another to the list of ornamental novelties, either; gold braid, a double row of very narrow, or one

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LADIES have long felt the necessity for some ( for a contribution to a fancy fair, or for presentation to a friend. We have copied from a late English journal, a design for one of these useful little articles, which is extremely pretty

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filling in round the medallion may be with either ought to be formed of silk the color of the velvet, silk or fine gold cord, and the spot worked in with a mixture of gold in them. This bag, when silk or a gold bead. Three tassels are required, completed, is both elegant and useful.

row of the width given in the illustration. The; one for each side and one for the bottom. These

# A BEAD BRACELET, WITH A GORDIAN KNOT.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



This bracelet is pretty, and suitable for a young girl. It is composed of small garnet beads, (for mourning, of black beads,) and of blue turquoise beads; the last named produce a charming effect. The work is made like a second loop must be formed, smaller in the midchain, and forms a double circle with a Gordian dee, and larger at the side, passing underneath Knot. Procure some very fine elastic cord, of the same color as the heads, cutting six pieces then you bring your cord to the left hand loop, of equal length, and forming of these twelve strands. To make the chain you must fasten under, and join the chain in slipping the cords the two extremities, passing one of the cords in through the beads, and fastening them. In order the side bead. The knot must be made before to pass the beads on the cord, use a needle closing it, and it is more readily done upon a threaded with double silk, which must be drawn table. You will be successful by following ex- through the cord. Small beads are generally actly the form of the design, (cut No. 2,) but the passed on silk in this way.

explanation is as follows:-One end of the cord must be held in the left hand, and with the right hand the other end must be taken, to form a loop from left to right by passing underneath the end of the chain held in the left hand. A



the first one. They must not be drawn tight; making it pass over, then under, then over, then

# BABY'S SHOE.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

In the front of this number will be found a de- { mere, only that between itself and its lining a sign for a baby's shoe, for which we are indebted \( \) couple of thicknesses of flannel should be introto one of the late English journals received at this { duced. office. The pattern is the one at present adopted } in Paris. perfect case, as the sole is formed of the cash- } together.

It is then neatly bound with a narrow ribbon. The material is cashmere worked in } The upper part being also lined with one thickingrain Berlin wool. We recommend that colors ness of flannel instead of two, is also bound, should be chosen that will bear the roughest being slightly drawn in round the front part of usage. Ladies can make up this little shoe with { the shoe, and thus the two edges are neatly sewn

# SILK BASQUINE FOR A YOUNG MISS.

BY ENILY H. MAY



This is a very pretty and seasonable article, and one which will be quite fashionable this spring. The material is black silk. For a young Miss, from ten to fourteen, this basquine is particularly suitable. The following diagram will show how the basquine is to be cut out.

No. 1. HALF OF FRONT.

No. 2. HALF OF BACK.

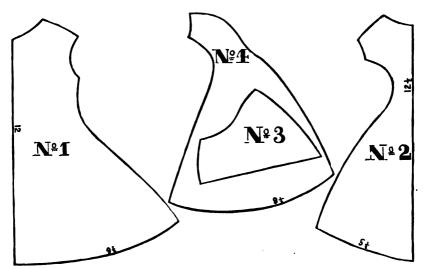
No. 8. HALF OF SLEEVE.

No. 4. SIDE-PIECE UNDER ARM.

It is this last piece, which forms the side of the garment, and is inserted between the front and back, which gives to the basquine that graceful fullness, that is one of its principal recommendations.

The sizes of the various pieces are marked, in inches, on the diagram. It is best to cut the pattern first in paper, according to the size here given, and then enlarge, or reduce it, till it fits. The size we give will fit most girls of twelve years of age.

We give this, in answer to a request from a subscriber. We are always ready, in this department, to give patterns such as our friends may desire. Our wish is to make this feature of "Peterson" unrivaled.



DEAGRAM OF SILE BASQUINE FOR A TOUNG MINE

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#### WINDOW GARDENING.-NO. I.

BY THE "HORTICULTURAL EDITOR."



mire these favorite flowers when seen issuing window-sill. from symmetrical apertures in a china hedgemoss, confined within a slight, green basket-} to remove to the drawing-room. work, as from a natural bank.

Northing is more cheering and beautiful at a \ rooms may be made gay. By judicious prepadrawing-room window, than a cluster of crocuses ? ration, the sparkling Von Thal tulip, and the mingling their petals of purple and gold, or a delicate China primrose, and the elegant Persian group of crimson hepatiese, or of the delicate Iris, might be made to minister to the varieties snow-drop. But much as we delight in such of form and hue that should enrich our Buhl glimpses of nature, we cannot say that we ad- "jardinierre," or simple flower-stand, or simpler

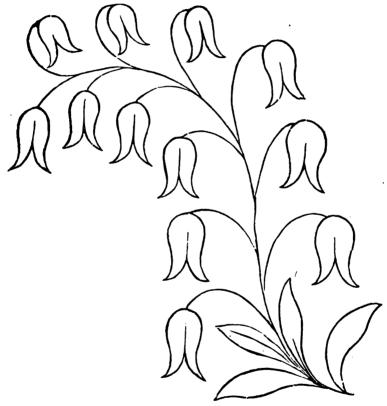
The proper season to prepare a supply of these hog or a delf beehive. It is painful to con- window flowers is October, and it would be template them when they are reduced to such well for our fair readers to lay this article by, artificial contortions. A far more agreeable to be ready for the suitable season. Near cities, effect is gained by a much simpler arrangement. } or even large towns, nurserymen can be found, If the reader refers to the illustration it will be \ who will be able to supply hyacinth bulbs and found that the flowers issue from a tuft of rich { other suitable window flowers, just in a fit state

In selecting a stock of crocus corms for next But it is not with the crocus alone that our season, we would recommend the following kindse

La Neige, (large snow white,) La Puritaine, Dutch Yellow, (rich gold color,) and lastly, the (cream, with purple tube,) Sulphurious, (pale Cloth of Gold, (yellow striped rich brown.) yellow,) David Rizzio, (deep purple,) Pourpre In our next article we shall describe several superbe, (globe-formed, purple,) Urania, (the kinds of pendent baskets; these we shall accom-

richest of the purples,) Sir W. Scott, (the largest pany with illustrative designs, and a copious of all the species, white striped lilac,) the Great list of beautiful plants of "pendent habit."

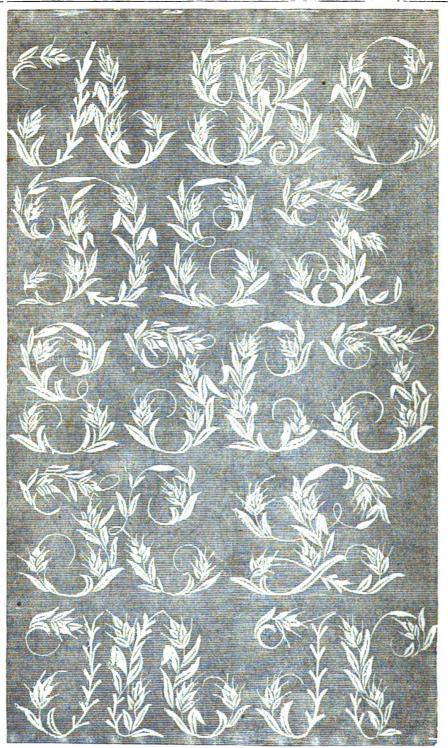
# LILY OF THE VALLEY.



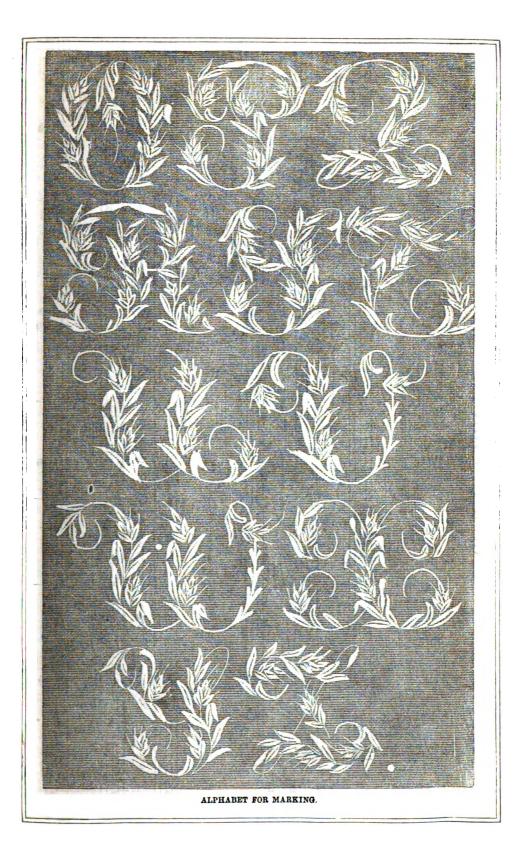
THIS is a beautiful pattern for embroidery, schief, it looks extremely well. We have used which may be used for a variety of purposes. a succession of them also to work around the Worked in colors, in the corner of a handker-bottom of a white, evening dress.

# EMBROIDERY FOR BABY'S CAP.



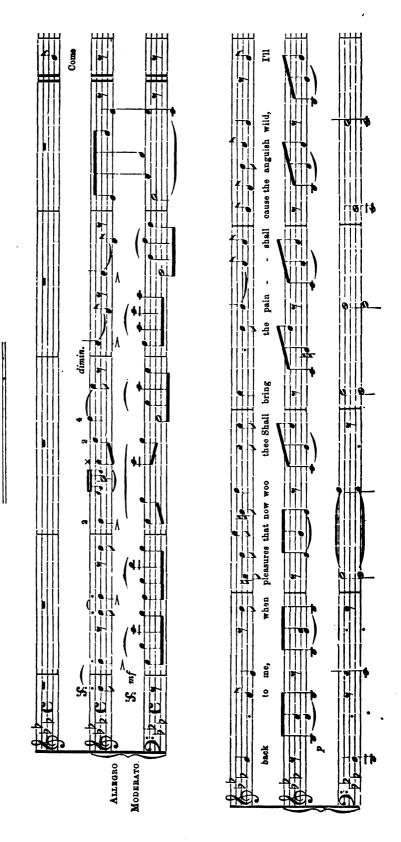


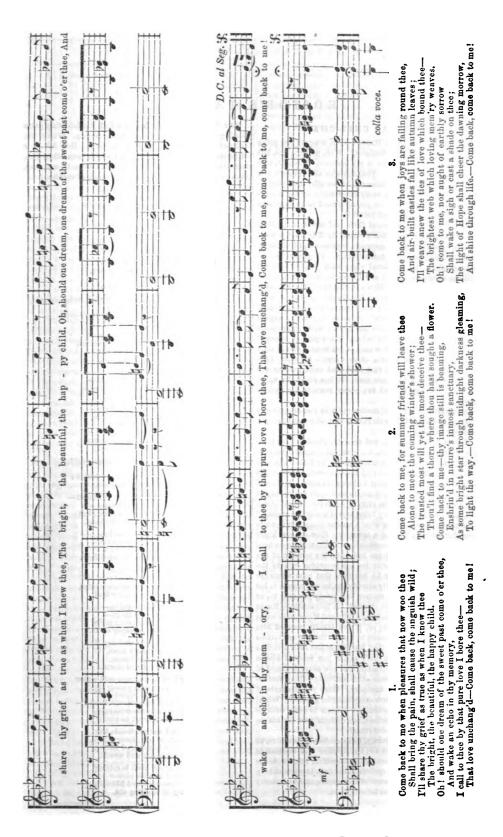
ALPHABET FOR MARKING.



# COME BACK TO ME.

WORDS BY J. HAY DOBBIN.





# EDITOR'S TABLE.

## EDITORIAL CHIT-CHAT.

Who are you going to Marr?—Yes, who are you going to marry? None of my business? Well, perhaps not, but after a fashion I shall make it my business. I repeat, who are you going to marry? That fop who sits opposite you with the foot of an opera dancer in his mouth? That simpering fellow who takes you every other night to the theatre or the ball-room, and treats you afterward to an expensive supper? Heaven pity your future!

"Men." say some, "conceal their real sentiments, habits and opinions for years." Don't believe it. The truth is, most women, before marriage, encourage looseness and familiarity with vice by their foolish inconsistency. They treat the occasional glass, the occasional cigar with elegant raillery; smile as they protest, and end by saying that "men are so different from women!" How can this be? Has God made any promise-left any margin for the delinquency of men? Has He said, thou woman shalt not swear-thou woman shalt not commit adultery? Is there any better reason why a man should muddle his brains with cigar-smoke than that a woman should indulge in her pipe of tobacco? Is it really any worse for a man to get beastly drunk than for a woman? Away with these excuses for sin! Stop that everlasting twaddle that such and such persons are excusable because they are men. It has ruled the world too long. It has trained too many recruits for Satan's

But about this matter of finding out who you are going to marry, there seems to be a shrinking from all serious thought upon the subject.

"I like him very much, and am determined to have him! I have called to see if you knew anything against his character; but if you do you musn't tell me, for I shan't believe you. I'm going to be married because—well, because it's customary, and I don't want to be an old maid. Besides, I shall have some one to pet me, to wait upon me, to stay at home with me when I am sick, to be devoted to me alone, and, in fact, I rather fancy being styled a married woman."

"But you don't consider what a serious thing it is to unite your destiny with that of a stranger. How do you know what his habits have been-who his acquaintances are-where are his haunts? If they are bad, after the novelty of the marriage life is over-after he has presented you to the world as his prize-after he has seen that your wants are sufficiently or insufficiently attended to, he will return to his old manner of life. No matter how lovely you may be, or how accomplished, you are chained. A helpless babe lies in your bosom; hands and heart are full; and if you have made a mistake in your choice; or, if you blindly married him when you knew, or had reason to fear, on the representations of those who loved you, that his course had been a vicious one, God help you! But don't say, if you married him in utter ignorance of his character, that you never dreamed of this neglect-this loneliness-this suffering-these tearshis indifference, perhaps brutality. Were you destitute of common sense that you took everything for granted? What! it would not have been modest nor delicate to make such inquiries? Are you too modest, too delicate now for his reproaches, his taunts, his desertion?

Girls, for the sake of purity, be as modest, as sensitive, as God intended you should be; but be sure that the man to whom you are about committing yourself for life, has, to the full, these indispensable qualifications for a happy and holy wedlock, a belief in the word of inspiration, and a character that will bear the strictest investigation.

"AT SEA."—Under this head we find the following poem floating through our exchanges, anonymously. Who is the author? Surely no untried hand wrote it. How full it is of pictures! We know not in what way it may affect you, fair reader, but parts of it brought the tears to our eyes, though we pass for rather a stern specimen of manhood.

Midnight in drear New England;
'Tis a driving storm of snow—
How the casement clicks and rattles,
And the wind keeps on to blow!

For a thousand leagues of coast-line, In fitful flurries and starts, The wild North-Easter is knocking At lonely windows and hearts.

Of a night like this, how many
Must sit by the hearth, like me,
Hearing the stormy weather,
And thinking of those at sea!

Of the hearts chilled through with watching— The eyes that wearily blink, Through the blinding gale and snow-drift, For the Lights of Navesink!

How fares it, my friend, with you? If I've kept your reckoning aright, The brave old ship must be due On our dreary coast to-night.

The fireside fades before me,
The chamber quiet and warm—
And I see the gleam of her lanterns
In the wild Atlantic storm.

Like a dream 'tis all around me— The gale, with its steady boom, And the crest of every roller Torn into mist and spume— The sights and the sound of Ocean, On a night of peril and gloom.

The shroud of snow and of spume-drift, Driving like mad a-lee— And the huge black hulk that wallows Deep in the trough of the sea.

The creak of the cabin and bulkhead— The wail of rigging and mast— The roar of the shrouds, as she rises From a deep lee-roll, to the blast.

The sullen throb of the engine,
Whose iron heart never tires—
The swarthy faces that redden
By the glare of his caverned fires.

The binnacle slowly swaying
And nursing the faithful steel—
And the grizzled old quarter-master,
His horny hands on the wheel.

I can see it—the little cabin—
Plainly as if I were there—
The chart on the old green table,
The book, and the empty chair.

On the deck we have trod together,
A patient and manly form,
To and fro, by the foremast,
Is pacing in sleet and storm.

Since her keel first struck cold water By the stormy Cape's clear light, 'Tis little of sleep or slumber Hath lain on that watchful sight— And a hundred lives are hanging On eye and on heart to-night.

Would that I walked beside him, This hour, on her Wintry deck, Recalling the Legends of Ocean, Of ancient battle and wreck.

But the stout old craft is rolling A hundred leagues a-lee— Fifty of snow-wreathed hill-side, And fifty of foaming sea.

I cannot hail him, nor press him
By the hearty and true right hand—
I can but murnur—God bless him!
And bring him safe to the land,

And send him the best of weather, That, ere many suns shall shine, We may sit by the hearth together, And talk about Auld Lang Syne.

Vanished.—The old myths, that frightened children and shook the nerves of sensitive people, are gradually dying away. Old sayings still hold their own, however, and many a man of strong frame and good sense, chuckles with an inward delight as often as he sees the moon over his right shoulder. If he should happen to greet the gentle goddess with a left-handed glance, he says nothing to nobody.

The solemn preface of the ancient morning story-last night I dreamed, when with spectacles atop her Roman nose and grey hair parted under her snowy cap-frill, the dame of nearly a century prophesied of coming good or evil, is seldom listened to with pleasure in this enlightened age. Mysterious knocks heard in three distinct reverberations against the top of some worm-tenanted, high-posted, long-curtained and long-venerated bedstead, come no more as the solemn ushers of the slow-moving house, to warn the family that they must soon go weeping over their dead. The haunted room figures only in traditions of broken-backed castles crumbling to decay, and dilapidated mansions long since leveled to the dust. Some clingers to musty chronicles still delight in arousing the story of some fancied ghost, which, very strangely, always appears in the costume of its age: though the clothes it then wore, leather breeches, top-boots and all, have mingled with the elements a century ago. Others delight in pointing out strange dark stains, which, with an air of owllike wisdom, they say can never be washed out, because it is murdered blood. A carpenter's plane in such cases would be of service. We suggest this for the benefit of those who believe such spots indelible.

THE WAVERLEY NOVELS FOR THE MILLION .- That enterprising firm of book-publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, has just begun an undertaking, which cannot fail to be as profitable to its projectors, as it will be beneficial to the reading community. We allude to the edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels, which is advertised on our cover, and which is to be completed in twenty-six volumes, at twenty-five cents a piece. These volumes are printed in double column octavo, and each will contain about one hundred and twenty-five pages. The entire sett of twenty-six volumes will be mailed, free of postage, to any person remitting five dollars to the publishers. This is an opportunity, never before had, for obtaining the Waverley Novels entire, at a price within the means of everybody; for those who remit five dollars, and thus subscribe for the series, secure each volume for less than twenty cents. The price of the Edinburgh edition, from which this edition is reprinted, is seventy-two dollars. Very properly have Peterson & Brothers called this the "Edition for the Million," for they ought to get a million of subscribers to it, in this reading nation, and doubtless will.

"Wholly Unrivaled."—The Maumee Valley (Ohio) Standard says:—"Peterson's Magazine for April has arrived, and in our estimation, is wholly unrivaled by any similar work in this country. Each number contains original patterns in embroidery, crochet, knitting, bead work, shell work, hair work, &c.. &c. Latest and most reliable fashions are always to be found in Peterson." We could quote hundreds of similar notices, every month, but keep our brief space for what is more interesting to our readers.

"HELP ME OVER."—Another mezzotint, this month, and from an original picture. We have, however, even prettier things coming.

ORIGINAL WORK-TABLE PATTERNS.—Nearly all of our potterns, this month, were designed expressly for our readers. This is the *only* Magazine, in America, which gives original patterns in crochet, knitting, &c., &c. The handketchief corners, printed in colors, in the front of the number, are original designs.

"Coming Through the Ryz."—This illustrates the old and well known Scottish song. We quote the particular stanzas.

"If a body meet a body
Coming through the rye;
If a body kiss a body,
Need a body cry?"

### REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

Tressillian. By R. Shelton Mackenzie, L. L. D. 1 vol., 12 mo. Philada: J. B. Lippincott & Co .- This is the most readable novel that has issued from the American press for a long time. It combines the keen, satirical observations of the man of the world, with the imaginative feeling of the born poet. Dr. Mackenzie is already known to the American public for his racy notes on the Noctes Ambrosianae, Maginn's Miscellanies and other works; but this is the first time, we believe, that he has appeared as a novelist, a fact which everybody will regret who reads "Tressillien." writer, with such a knack for story-telling, ought not to let his talents lie idle. Readers have had a surfeit of the mawkish sentimentality, with which the American press has been overloaded for several years, and begin to desire something more robust in the way of fiction, something more true to life. "Tressillian" is planned, in some respecta, after Chaucer's Tales, and Boccaccio's Decameron, for a party of acquaintances, meeting at a watering-place, while away the time with tales: a love-story, like a weaving melody, running through the whole, binding the several parts together, and so keeping up a continuity of interest.

Adam Bede. By George Elliott. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—The author of this novel is favorably known for his "Scenes in Clerical Life," a series of highly meritorious tales, which lately appeared in "Blackwood's Magazine." His present fiction will even increase his reputation. Of all living novelists, he stands foremost, we think, in the delineation of character. Hetty, Miss Poyser, Arthur, Mrs. Bede, Totty, Adam Bede himself, and Mr. Irvine are all capitally drawn. Mr. Elliott has a good deal of humor. His tragic scenes are drawn with great power. Altogether this fiction has sterling merit. A healthy, moral tone pervades "Adam Bede," though the book is by no means didactic. It is the best English novel of the season.

Letters of a Traveler. Second Series. By William Cullen Bryant. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—A principal part of this volume is occupied with Mr. Bryant's impressions of Spuin and Algiers. The book is no crude production of a young and superficial traveler, but the observations of a man of ripe years and expansive intellect, and as such is the most valuable and entertaining work of its class which has appeared for years.

Man and His Dwelling Place. An Essay toward the Interpretation of Nature. I vol., 12 mo. New York: Redfield.—This is a book for thinkers. It is divided into four principal parts, which treat severally of Science, Philosophy, Religion and Ethics. To these are added four dialogues. We have not had time yet to peruse the book, and so cannot speak critically of its merits. Perhaps we may return to the volume next month.

Matrimonial Brokerage in the Metropolis. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Thatcher & Hutchinson.—A series of papers, reprinted from a daily journal, but hardly having merit enough to warrant this second publication.

Three Visits to Madagascar, during the years 1853-1854-1856. Including a journey to the Capital; with notices of the Natural History of the Country and of the present civilization of the People. By the Rev. William Ellis, F. H. S., author of "Polynesian Researches." Illustrated by wood cuts from Photographs. 1 vol., 18 vo. New York: Harper & Brothers .- So little is known about Madagascar, that this is really a treasure. In its way it is hardly less interesting than Dr. Livingstone's late work on Southern Africa. Custems and habits entirely different from those of civilized Europe and America meet us on almost every page, and show us how various human nature becomes in its development, even amid its radical sameness. An untraversed field is a rare piece of good fortune for a traveler. It is now more than twenty years since any reliable accounts of Madagascar were published, so that our author has the advantage of a subject comparatively novel. The volume is profusely illustrated with engravings, most of them drawn from photographs, and is printed in a style to match Barths, and Livingstone's travels, lately published by the Harpers.

Pictures of Country Life. By Alice Cary. 1 vol., 12 mo. New Fork: Derby & Jackson.—Miss Cary has been, for many years, an occasional contributor to this Magazine, and is, therefore, well known to our subscribers generally. The story to which she gives the precedence, in the volume before us, is "Len Lyons," originally published in "Peterson," and certainly one of the best sketches of its kind in Amorican literature. Alice Cary, indeed, is one of the few conscientious artists we have. Her aim is always to do the very best of which she is capable. There are thirteen different stories in this volume, any one of which is better than ninetenths of the new novels published, besides having the advantage of being shorter. We commend this book especially to persons of taste and culture. It is very handsomely printed.

Poems. By Rev. T. Hempstead. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: M. W. Dodd.—The author of these poems is an old and favorite contributor to this Magazine. The first poem in the volume, "The Ode to Genius," appeared lately in our pages and was very generally admired for its spirit and ideality. But there are other poems, in the book, scarcely less meritorious. A strain of unaffected piety runs through everything that Mr. Hempstead writes. Now and then indications of the influence of other poets, intellectually, may be observed, as in the opening lines of "Emigravit," which suggest a well known poem by Poe. The publishers have fesured the volume in quite a handsome style.

The Methodist; or, Incidents and Characters from Life, in the Baltimore Conference. By Miriam Fletcher. With an Introduction by N. P. Strickland, D. D. 2 vols., 12 mo. New York: Derby & Jackson.—We have often wondered at the neglect of the rich, yet hitherto unworked mine, which the scenes and characteristics of Methodist life present. It is with pleasure, therefore, that we hall this volume. The story, indeed, is a fiction, but the incidents are drawn from life. The work cannot be called a sectarian one, as its name would seem to imply; for members of every denomination may read it with profit as well as interest. The volumes are neatly printed.

Onward; or, The Mountain Clamberers. A Tale of Progress. By Jane Anne Winscom. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York:
D. Appleton & O.—In her preface, the author says:—"This volume is intended for the encouragement of those who are endeavoring to fulfill life's great end—to glorify their God on earth, and to be rendered meet for His eternal kingdom." A hasty glance, through the book, assures us that this praise worthy end has been attained.

The Laws and Practice of Whist. By Czeles. 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—A manual to young beginners, which is said to be excellent.

The American Home Garden. Being Principles and Rules for the Culture of Vegetables, Fruits, Flowers and Shrubbery. To which are added brief notes on farm crops, with a table of their average product and chemical constituents. By Alexander Watson. Illustrated. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers .- We can recall no work, on the garden, of equal merit with this. Whoever has a garden, however small, should buy the book, for he or she will be compensated, a dozen times, in the course of a single season, for the cost of the volume. Take what is said of drains, for an example! It occupies less than two pages, yet the information it imparts, if followed out, will save days, sometimes weeks, of mis-spent labor. The smallest details, in reference to the garden, are not beneath Mr. Watson's notice; he even describes the best tools suitable for the different departments. Every variety of vegetable and fruit suitable for this climate is mentioned, with directions how to grow it. The illustrations are numerous and excellent.

Shakers and Shakerism. By F. W. Evans. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—This is a compendium of the origin, history, principles, rules and regulations. government and doctrines of the people popularly called "Shakers," but who designate themselves, we believe, as "The United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearance." The volume also contains biographies of Ann Lee, William Lee, James Whittaker, J. Hocknell, J. Meacham and Lucy Wright.

The Surgeon's Daughter, &c. By the author of "Waverley." 2 vols., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—These two volumes, which complete the now famous "Household Edition of Scott's Novels," contain "The Surgeon's Daughter" and "Castle Dangerous," besides a glossary and index for the entire series. No family of taste should be without this edition, and now is the time to purchase it.

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## OUR COOK-BOOK.

# PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGASINE."

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

Mer These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every month, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

#### ROUPS.

Gumbo Soup.—Put on about four pounds of beef to a gallon of water, let it boil five or six hours. About an hour before serving the soup, put in a quarter of a peck of ockra's, cut round, half a peck of tomatos, and two dozen of corn cut off the ear. Season with pepper, salt and potherbs to your liking. If you have a ham bone, or slice of ham to boil in the soup, it is a great improvement. The soup should be boiled quite thick.

Gravy Soup.—Put a shin of beef to six quarts of water, with a pint of peas, and six onlons—set them over the fire, and let them boil gently till all the juice is extracted from the meat; then strain it through a sieve, add to the strained liquor one quart of strong gravy to make it brown, put in pepper and sait to your liking, add a little celery, and some beet leaves, and boil till they are tender.

Green Peas Soup.—Boil four pounds of beef in one gallon of water for about three hours. Have ready one peck of young peas, a few potatoes cut in slice, and a bunch of potherbs. Twenty minutes or half an hour before serving the soup, add to the broth the potatoes, peas, &c., and season with sait and pepper to your liking.

## PISH.

Lobsters—Folled.—Take the meat out of the claws and belly of a boiled lobster, put it in a marble mortar, with two blades of mace, a little white pepper and salt, and a lump of butter the size of half an egg; beat them all together till they become a paste. Put one half of the paste in a pot, take the meat out of the tail end of the lobster, lay it in the middle of the pot, and then lay on it the other half of your paste; press it down close, and pour over it clarified butter, a quarter of an inch thick. N. B.—To clarify butter, put your dish into a clean saucepan, set it over a slow fire, and when the butter is melted scum it, take it off the fire, and let it stand a short time; then pour it over the lobster. Take care you do not pour in the milk, which settles to the bottom of the saucepan.

Sauce for any Kind of Fish.—Have ready some gravy made of veal or mutton, and add to it a little of the water that drains from your fish. Boil it, and when done enough, put it into a saucepan, adding a whole onion, (or anchovy) a spoonful of some catchup, and a glassful of white winte thicken it with a good lump of butter rolled in flour, and a spoonful of flour. It convenient, add some oyster to it.

Lobster—Stewed.—Pick your lobsters in as large pieces as you can, and boil the shells in a pint of water with a blade or two of mace, and a few whole peppers. When all the strength is extracted from the shells and spice, strain it, and put in your lobsters, thicken it with butter, and give them a boil. Put in a glass of white wine, or two spoonfuls of vinegar, and serve it up.

**Shad**—Snuced.—Cut the fish in half, and then in slices— **crosswise**: put them in a milk crock, with very sour cold **vinegar** poured over them; then add cayenne pepper, fine
black pepper, sait and whole alispice. Put a crust over the
top of the crock and stand it in an oven. The fish must be
highly seasoned.

#### MEATS.

Pig—Roasted.—Procure a nicely dressed pig, (a small and young one.) cut off the legs at the first joint, and stuff it with a stuffing made of bread, butter, pepper and salt, sage and onion; then sew up the opening of the pig, (in order to keep in the dressing) put it before a brisk fire to roast, and baste it well with butter, pepper and salt, and browning. Serve the pig whole, with a roasted apple in its mouth. Season the gravy with wine, and add to it the entrails and petitices nicely minced.

Ham—Boued.—Steep your ham all night in water, and then boil it; if it be of a middle size, it will require three hours boiling; a smaller ham will require two hours and a half. When you take your ham out of the pot, pull off the skin, and rub it all over with an egg; strew on bread crumbs, baste it with butter, and set it to the fire until it becomes of a light brown color.

Pork Steaks—Broiled.—Do them as you would mutton steaks, with this exception, that pork requires more broiling. When cooked enough, pour over them a little good gravy, adding a small quantity of sage, rubbed fine.

#### MADE DISHES.

Mock Turtle, of Calf's Head.—Take a fine, large calf's head, split it open, and lay it for two or three hours in cold water; then put it on to boil in as much water as will cover it. When it is done enough to take the meat off the bones, cut the meat into square pieces, and put them into a stewpan with some mace, cloves, nutmeg, red pepper, some sweet herbs, and a large onion; salt it to your liking, put in as much of the liquor as will cover it, and let it stew gently one hour. Then take one-quarter of a pound of butter rolled in flour, and some browned butter, mix it with the stew and let it boil half an hour; when done, add a glass of wine. Fry the liver and lay it round the dish with some nice forcement balls.

Sweet-Breads—Broiled.—Split open and skewer your sweet-breads—season them with pepper and salt, and powdered mace. Broil them on a gridiron till they are thoroughly cooked. Make some toast, and prepare some melted butter, warmed, with mace and wine, or mushroom catchup. Place the sweet-breads on the toast, and pour over them the drawn butter, mixed with the other ingredients.

Bread Sauce, which may be eaten with Roast Pig.— Put some grated crumbs of stale bread into a saucepan, and I our over them some of the liquor in which poultry or fresh meat has been boiled. Add some plums or dried currants, (well picked and washed.) Let the whole simmer until the bread becomes quite soft, and the fruit quite plump, then add melted butter, or cream.

Ducks Stewed with Green Peas.—Half roast your ducks, then put them into a stewpan with a pint of good gravy, a little mint, and three or four sage leaves chopped fine; cover them close and stew them half an hour; boil a pint of green peas—as for eating—and put them in after you have thickened the gravy; dish up your ducks, and pour the gravy and peas over them.

Sweet-Breads — Fricasseed. — Scald three sweet-breads when cold, cut them in slices the thickness of a crown piece dip them in batter, and fry them in fresh butter till they are nicely browned. Make a gravy, and stew your sweet-breads slowly in the gravy eight or ten minutes: lay them on a dish, and pour the gravy over them. Garnish the dish with a lemon.

Omict of Asparagus.—Take six eggs, and beat them up with cream: boil some large, fine asparagus; when boiled, cut off all the green in small pieces and mix them with the eggs, adding pepper and salt. Have ready a hot pan, put in a slice of butter, then the eggs, &c., and serve it hot. You may serve it on buttered toest.



Pig—Roasted in Imitation of Lamb.—Procure a young pig—about a month or six weeks old—divide it down the middle, take off the shoulder, and leave the rest to the hind part; then take the skin off. Spit it and roast it before a quick fire; dredge it and baste it well with fresh butter; coast it a fine brown, and serve garnished with green parsley.

Leg of Lamb and Loin Fried.—Cut the leg from the loin; boil the leg three-quarters of an hour; cut the loin in steaks, beat them well, and fry them a good brown; then stew them a little in strong gravy. Put your leg on the dish, lay your steaks round it, pour on your gravy, and garnish the dish with parsley,

#### PUDDINGS.

A Boiled Custard Pudding.—Boil a stick or two of cinnamon in a quart of thin cream, with a quarter of a pound of sugar; when it is cold put in the yolks of six eggs, well beat, and mix them together; set it over a slow fire, and stir it round one way, till it grows pretty thick, but do not let it boil, take it off and let it stand till it is quite cold; butter a cloth very well and dredge it with flour, put in your custard, and tie it up very close—it will require three-quarters of an hour for boiling; when you take it up, put it in a round pan to cool a little, then untie the cloth, and lay the dish on the pan and turn it upside down; be careful how you take off the cloth, for a very little will break the pudding. Grate over it a little sugar. For sauce, white wine thickened with flour and butter, sweetened.

Citron Puddings.—Take half a pint of cream, one spoonful of fine flour, two ounces of sugar, a little nutmeg, mix them all well together with the yolks of three eggs; put it in cups, astick in it two ounces of citron cut into thin strips. Bake them in a pretty quick oven, and turn them out upon a china dish.

Cocoa-Nut Pudding.—Ingredients for four puddings: Eight eggs, two cocoa-nuts, one pint of milk, one quarter and half a quarter of a pound of butter, two tablespoonfuls of rose brandy, and one tablespoonful of rose-water. Add sugar enough to sweeten them.

Blackberry Pudding.—Make a good paste of butter well mixed with flour, roll it out, fill it with blackberries, tie it up and boil it. Serve it with cream, or butter and sugar.

# PRESERVES, &C.

Strawberries.—Gather your berries before they become too ripe, and lay them separately on a dish; beat and sift their weight of sugar, and strew it over them. When it is dissolved, pour it off, clarify it, then put in the strawberries and boil them slowly until done. Do not put all the strawberries into the kettle at one time, as they are apt to mash. Take them out as soon as they are done, and put them in glasses. If you have any small berries, bruise\_them and strain them; to a pint of juice take one pound of sugar, add it to the liquor that was poured off the strawberries, and it will make the syrup much richer.

Red Currant Jelly.—To a pint of juice take one pound of sugar; coddle your currants, then strain the juice through a fiannel bag and put it over the fire. First dissolve the sugar in the juice, with the white of an egg, scum it well, and let it boil gently till it is done. When you coddle your currants, put them in an earthen pot, cover them close, and stand them in a pot of boiling water for one hour. You may strain your jelly after it is cleared.

Oxheart Cherries.—Take three-quarters of a pound of white sugar to one pound of cherries, stemmed and stoned; melt the sugar with a small quantity of water. When the syrup boils, and is well skimmed, put in the cherries and let them boil moderately until they look clear; take them out of the syrup, and when cool, put them in jars or glasses; let the syrup boil a little more, and when cool pour it over the cherries.

Morcilo Cherries.—Get your cherries when they are fully ripe, take out the stalks and prick them with a pin; to every two pounds of cherries put a pound and a half of loaf sugar; beat part of your sugar and strew it over them; let them lay all night; dissolve the rest of your sugar in half a pint of the juice of currants, set it over a slow fire, and put in the cherries with the sugar, and give them a gentle scald; let them stand all night again, give them another scald, take them carefully out, and boil your syrup till it is thick; then pour it over your cherries. If you find it to be too thin boil it again.

Red Gooseberries.—To every quart of gooseberries add a pound of loaf sugar; put the sugar into a preserving-pan with as much water as will dissolve it; boil and skim it well, then put in your gooseberries, let them boil a little, and set them by till next day; then boil them till they look clear and the syrup becomes thick. Put them in glasses, cover them with brandy papers, and keep them for use.

Morello Cherries.—To one pound of cherries take one pound of sugar, clarify it, and let it boil a short time; put in your cherries, and let them boil till they are clear.

#### PICKLING.

Tomato Catchup.—Take a peck of large, ripe tomatoes. Having cut a slit in each, put them in a large preserving kettle, and boil them half an hour. Then take them out, and press and strain the pulp through a hair sieve. Put it back into the kettle, and add an ounce of salt, an ounce of powdered mace, half an ounce of powdered cloves, a teaspoonful of ground black pepper, the same of cayenne peper, and eight tablespoonfuls of ground mustard. Mix the seasoning with the tomato pulps, and let it boil slowly during four hours; then take it out of the kettle, and let it stand until next day in an uncovered dish. When cold, stir into it one pint of the bost cider vinegar. Put it in clean bottles, and seal the corks.

Gooseberry Vinegar.—Take the ripest gooseberries you can find, crush them with your hand in a tub; to every peck of gooseberries put two gallons of water, mix them well together, and let them work for three weeks; stir them up three or four times a day, then strain the liquor through a hair sieve, and to every gallon add a pound of brown sugar, one quart of molasses, and a spoonful of fresh barm, and let it work three or four days in the same tub well washed, then run it into iron-hooped barrels, and let it stand twelve months, after which draw it into bottles for use. This far exceeds any white wine vinegar.

Cherries—Spiced.—Take common pie cherries, and weigh white sugar pound for pound. First melt the sugar by putting a little water on it and setting it over the fire; when it begins to boil put the cherries in—having previously stemmed and stoned them. Let them boil (not too fast) until they look clear—then take them out of the syrup, and when tolerably cool put them in jars. When the syrup has cooled somewhat, add ground cinnamon to your liking, and a very small quantity of vinegar, just enough to give it a pleasant flavor, and pour it over the cherries. When cold, cover them.

Sugar Vinegar.—Put nine pounds of brown sugar to every six gallons of water; boil it for a quarter of an hour, then put it in a tub, lukewarm, adding a pint of new barm. Let it work for four or five days, stir it three or four times a day; then turn it into a clean barrel, iron-hooped, and set it in the sun. If you make it in February, it will be fit for use in August. You may use it for most sorts of pickles, except mushrooms and walnuts.

## CREAMS, &C.

Raspberry Cream.—Take one pint of raspberries, or raspberry jam, rub it through a hair sleve to take out the seeds; then mix it well with your cream, putting in as much leaf sugar as will render it pleasant; then put it into a milk pot to raise a froth with a chocolate mill; as soon as the footh rises take it off with a spoon and lay it upon a hair sieve; when you have got as much froth as you have occasion for, put the remainder of your cream into a deep china dish; put your frothed cream upon it, as high as it will lie on.

Blackberry Fool.—Put two quarts of good ripe blackberries into a stewpan with about half a pound of sugar; let them simmer, or boil, until they become soft; if not sufficiently jnioy, add a little water; stir them occasionally, and add a stick of cinnamon; rub up one-quarter of a pound of butter with four tablespoonfuls of fine flour, (rub it smooth as for drawn butter,) mix this by degrees with the berries, and boil them a little longer. To be eaten when cold.

Almond Custard.—Put one quart of cream into a pan, with a stick of cinnamon, and a blade or two of mace; boil it and set it to cool; blanch two ounces of almonds, and beat them fine in a marble mortar with rose water; if you choose you can add a few apricot kernels, or bitter almonds; mix them with your cream; sweeten it to your taste; set it on a slow fire, and keep stirring it till it is pretty thick. If you let it bill it will curdle. Pour it into cups.

Cream.—(German Recipe.)—One soup-ladleful of flour, or rasped biscuit, is to be mixed smooth with a small portion of cream, into which the yolks of four eggs must be beaten; add to this the grated peel of a lemon; then take a pint of cream and stir it well in; place it upon a coal fire, and add a little sugar, stirring it the whole time until it acquires the consistence of rice pap; flavor it with a little ground cinnamon.

Chocolate Cream.—Scrape fine a quarter of a pound of the best chocolate, put to it as much water as will dissolve it, put it in a marble mortar and best it half an hour; put in as much fine sugar as will sweeten it, and a pint and a half of cream; mill it, and, as the froth rises, lay it on a sieve; put the remainder of your cream in glasses, and lay the frothed cream upon them.

Whips.—Beat three or four whites of eggs to a froth; then sweeten with fine white sugar one pint and a half of good cream; beat all well together; flavor it with a portion of wine and lemon juice, and serve it in glasses.

Whip Syllabub.—Ingredients: One pint of cream, the whites of four eggs, a spoonful of rose-water, two spoonfuls of lemon juice, wine and loaf sugar to your taste. Whip the whole to a froth, and serve it in glasses.

## CAKES.

Cream Cake.—Ingredients: One quart of cream, four eggs, a small teaspoonful of pearlash, or saleratus dissolved in as much vinegar as will cover it, and some sifted four; beat the eggs very light, and stir them by degrees into the cream; add, gradually, as much of the flour as will make a stiff batter; also, a spoonful of ealt, and the pearlash or saleratus. Bake the batter in muffin rings, and send the cakes to table quite hot. Pull them open, and butter them. For these cakes sour cream is better than sweet.

Tea Crampets.—Beat two eggs very well, and add to them a quart of warm milk and water, and a large spoonful of yeast. Beat in as much fine flour as will make it rather thicker than an ordinary batter pudding; then make your bake plate very hot, rub it with a little butter wrapped in a nice linen cloth—then pour a large spoonful of butter upon your plate, and let it run to the size of a tea saucer; turn the oakes, and when you want to use them toast them very crisp and butter them.

Cream Crackers.—Have ready one pint of cream, and six eggs. Beat the whites to a froth. If the cream is sour, a teaspoonful of soda must be mixed with it. Add to the cream and eggs sufficient flour to make a very stiff dough, and pound it half an hour.

Biglish Buns.—Ingredients for six tins: Two quarts of milk, four pounds of flour, eight or nine eggs, half pound of butter, one and a half pounds of sugar, half a gill of brandy, a little rose-water, cinnamon, orange peel, and nutmeg.

Bath Cakes.—Rub half a pound of butter into a pan of flour, and one spoonful of good yeast; warm some cream, add it to the butter and flour, and make it into a light paste; set it to the fire to rise. When you make up the cake take four ounces of carraway comfits, work part of them in, and strow the rest on the top of the cakes, which must be made round, and the size of a French roll. Bake them in sheet tins, and send them in hot for breakfast.

Bread Cakes.—Ingredients: One pint of bread crumbs, four eggs, half a teaspoonful of sods, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and one quart of boiling milk. First pour the milk over the bread crumbs, and when soft, add the sods, cream of tartar and yolks of the eggs, well beaten; let it stand till you are ready to bake, and then add the whites of the eggs, also well beaten. Corn cakes may be made as above, using meal instead of bread crumbs.

Emperor's Bread.—Beat two eggs and the yolks of two others with half a pound of sifted sugar for half an hour. Have ready half a pound of almonds, cut coarse and roasted a light brown color. Mix half a pound of flour and the almonds with the eggs and sugar—also add the rind of a lemon, cut fine. When all the ingredients are well mixed, roll the dough the thickness of a knife, cut it in pieces the length of a finger, and bake them in tins.

Sally Lunn, with Sugar.—One quart of flour, two ounces butter, two ounces brown sugar, two eggs, two tablespoonfuls yeast, a small quantity of carraway seed and cinnamon, about half a pint of milk. Warm the milk with the butter and sugar; mix as for bread, but much softer. Butter a pan and let the dough rise in it without working over it. Allow it three hours to rise. Bake it forty minutes To be served hot, and buttered when eaten.

Currant Cake.—Ingredients: One pound of flour, half a pound of butter, half a pound of sugar, and five eggs, a very small teaspoonful of salæratus dissolved in half a pint of milk, three-quarters of a pound of currants and raisins milk, three-quarters and cinnamon. If you prefer it, add a little citron, cut into small places. Mix the whole into a good dough, and bake it carefully.

Almond Cake.—No. 1.—Break up one pound of blanched almonds, and mix well with them one pound of good brown sugar, and the yolks of two eggs. Place the cakes on a flat greased pan, and bake them until they become crisp. The fire must be a moderate one. Great care must be taken to prevent the cakes from burning.

Almond Cake.—No. 2.—Ingredients: One pound of sugar, six ounces of butter, four eggs, (leaving out two whites,) quarter of a pound of blanched almonds, and half a glass of rose-water. Beat the batter very light, and bake it in a mould, or pan.

A Very Good Cake.—Ingredients: Four cups of flour, one cup of butter, one cup of milk, one cup of sugar, one cup of molasses, three eggs, well beaten, one teaspoonful of saleratus, three ounces of currants, and pure cinnamon to flavor it. Work it together like pound-cake, and bake it one and half hours.

Corn Bread.—Ingredients: One pint of thick milk, (reserving one teacupful in which to dissolve the requisite soda,) one pint of corn meal, two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of meltod butter, a little salt, and one teaspoonful of soda. Mix together, and bake it in pans for about half an hour.

Small Pound Cakes.—To one pound of butter add one pound of sugar, one pound of flour, and ten eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately; also one gill of brandy, and as much saleratus as will lay on a five cent piece, dissolved in boiling water. Bake them in small time size of a cup.

Soda Biscuit.—Dissolve one teaspoonful of soda in a pint of sweet milk. Rub two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar in the flour you use, also a lump of butter the size of an egg. Make a dough about as stiff as for other biscuits, and bake in the same way.

#### OUR GARDEN FOR MAY.

AT the beginning of this month, dahlia roots should be planted, and they will grow well in any common garden soil. As the plant increases in height it should be well secured to a stake, strong enough to protect it from being blown about by a high wind. Hyacinths that are still in bloom, should have the flowers screened from the heat of the mid-day sun, if it is wished to preserve them in full beauty. When hyacinths are past bloom, they should be fully exposed to the weather, except it be severe torrents of rain, which injures them. The American Gardener gives the following directions for the preservation of the bulbs:-"It is the practice in Holland to take up the bulbs about a month after the bloom is completely over, in the following manner: as soon as the plants begin to put on a yellowish, decayed appearance, they take up the roots and cut off the stem and foliage within an inch or half an inch of the bulb, but leave the fibres, &c., attached to it; they then place the bulbs again on the same bed, with their points toward the north, and cover them about an inch deep with dry earth or sand in form of a ridge, or in little cones over each bulb: in this state they remain about three weeks longer, and dry or ripen gradually; during which period the bed is preserved from heavy rains or too much sun, but at all other times exposed to the full air; at the expiration of this period, the bulbs are taken up, and their fibres, which are become dry and withered, cut or gently rubbed off; they are then placed in a dry room for two or three weeks, and are afterward cleaned from any soil that adheres to them, their loose skins taken off, with such offsets as may be easily separated. When this dressing is finished; the bulbs are wrapped up in separate pieces of paper, or buried in sand, made effectually dry for that purpose, where they remain till the return of the season for planting."

Fine Tulips require some care also. As soon as the flowers fall, the seed vessels should be broken off, for the roots will be very much weakened by allowing the seed to ripen. About the latter part of the month, or rather when the upper part of the stem looks dry, withered and purplish, the roots which you particularly admire should be taken up. They should then be laid in a dry, shady place, and slowly dried. Each variety should be kept separate, so that when they come to be planted, they can be disposed in such a manner, as to present the most beautiful appearance with regard to color, &c. The more common kinds of tulips need not be taken out of the ground more than once in two or three years, to divide the offsets, and replant the bulbs in fresh earth.

Early Flowering Bulbs, such as Crocuses, Snow-drops, Crown-Imperials, &c., &c., if intended to be taken out of the ground, should be removed as soon as their leaves decay. This should be done with those that have remained in the ground for two or three years, for their offsets become too numerous, and the flowers are very much diminished in size and beauty. All these bulbs should be put in the shade to dry, and then preserved in dry sand or saw dust, till the time of planting again, which should not be later than October, or even earlier, for if not taken good care of they do not keep well out of the ground, particularly if exposed long to the air. In another place, in this number, we have given an illustrated article in reference to the use of crocuses, &c., as window plants.

Tube-roses and Scarlet Amaryllises should be planted about the first week in this month, in the middle states; but later, of course, where the season is more backward.

Annual Flower Seeds of the tender kinds may yet be sown, the earlier part of this month, and those which you are about transplanting. should have shade and water till well rooted, or else they should be transplanted in moist, cloudy weather.

Plants In-doors should be most freely exposed to the air

in this month, in order to harden them for their removal to the open air. Water should also be freely given, according to the necessity of the plants. All plants that require shifting to larger pots, should now be moved, taking care to follow our previous directions, and keeping them in the shade till they grow freely. Loosen the earth in the top of the tubs and pots, and give new compost to such as had been neglected in April.

All Borders and Beds should be kept clear of weeds, but especially so those in which small seedlings are growing.

## FASHIONS FOR MAY.

Fig. 1.—Evening Dress of light summer silk, with twelve flounces, each trimmed with three rows of narrow ribbon.

A new style bishop under-sleeve.

FIG. II.—CARRIAGE DRESS of striped silk, made with a double skirt. We give this costume, however, principally for the exquisite lace mantilla.

FIG. III.—WALKING DRESS OF SILK, over which is worn a shawl-mantitla, the shape of which, it will be seen, is at once novel and elecant.

FIG. IV.—LITTLE CHILD'S DRESS, a pretty style for the spring and early summer months, suitable for a child of four to six years old.

REMARKS - Double skirts will be the most fashionable for all plain materials; generally the first skirt is plain; the second may be left open at the sides or not, both styles are in favor; plaitings a vieille of the same material, or ribbon to match, is a very favorite trimming for these skirts: side trimmings en quille of rows of black velvet, which decrease toward the waist, are also much worn: the Grecian border in velvet will be introduced for plain silks, the border being on both skirts; the velvet will be of a darker shade than the silk. Plaid trimmings will be extremely fashionable, both for silks and poplins; we have seen one dress in preparation for a lady of position, having the first skirt of plain pop lin; the second of plaided poplin; the body and sleeves to correspond. Moire antiques, and silks with very large plaids are worn with one skirt only; they are made long, with a slight train, and are very full. Bodies a la Bernoise will certainly be fashionable; they will not always be in velvet. but will correspond with the trimming of the dress. Except for evening dress, bodies are made high to the throat; many are now made with round waists; others with five points, and some with four short points, one in the front, at the back, and on the hips: those bodies that have basquines, have them cut very deep.

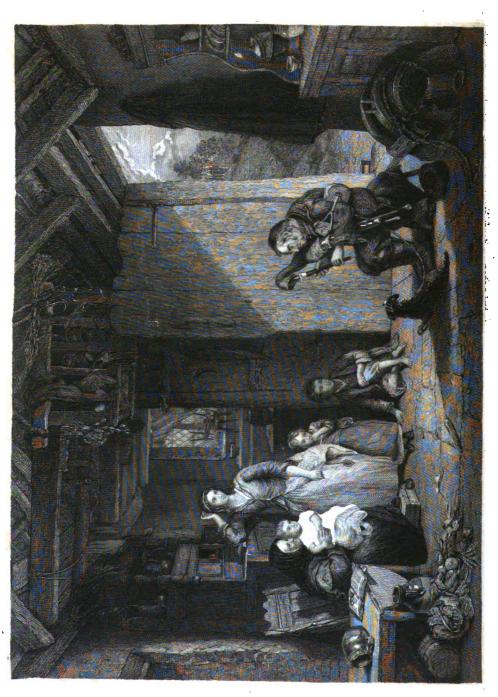
BONNETS.—In these there is but little change. Mr. Wilde, No. 251 Broadway, New York, has furnished us with the two, given in the front of the number: and they will show the manner of trimming as well as the shapes.

CAPS.—The Breakfast-Cap and Morniag-Cap exhibit the latest novelties. They are from patterns just received from Parls. The head-dress is from Wilde, No. 251 Broadway, New York.

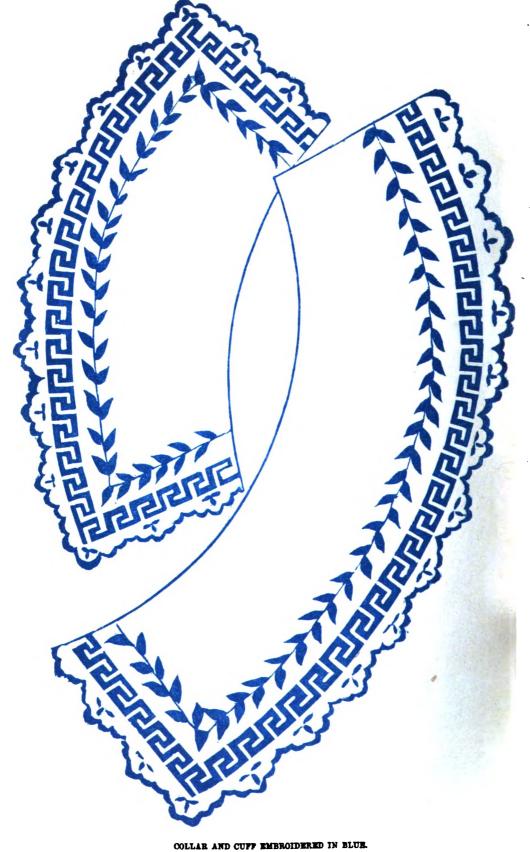
MANTILLAS.—These are in every voriety of style, and can be purchased, ready-made, this spring, nearly as cheaply as they can be fabricated at home. We engrave one, in addition to those already mentioned: a summer article, quite graceful.

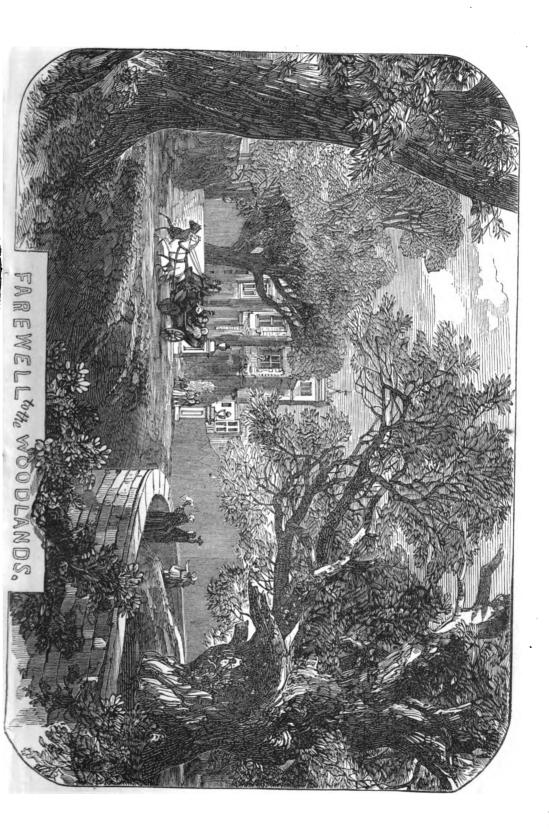
SLEEVES.—We have engroved two new shapes. Sleeves are still worn wide, whether open or puffed: the favorite style are those open in nearly their whole length, showing the full under-sleeve; these generally close to the wrist, and are ornamented with hows of ribbon or velvet. The full bishop sleeve will be worn, not reaching quite to the wrist, and the band at the bottom loose, either finished by a deep lace ruffle, or having a full bouilton sleeve below it.

CAPES .- We give a very stylish pattern.















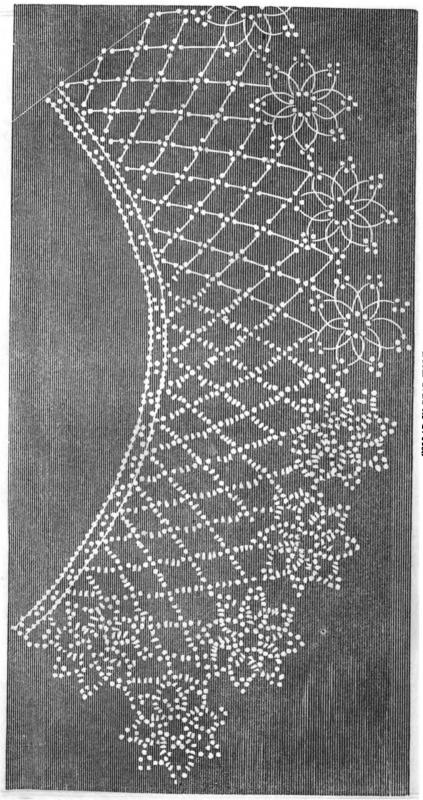
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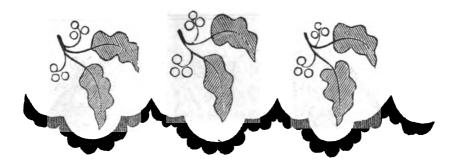
FOR THE WRIST.



CHILD'S SILK APRON.



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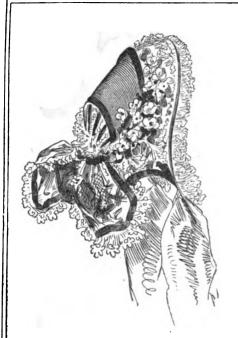
EMBROIDERY ON FLANNEL OR MUSLIN.



WATCH-POCKET BRAIDED.

EMBROIDERY ON FLANNEL

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NEAPOLITAN LACE BONNET.



PINK CRAPE BONNET.



GREEN CRAPE BONNET.



HEAD-DRESS.

# PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

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No. 6.

## THE WAGER.

# BY MARY E. CLARKE.

"So he has actually laid a wager that he will marry me before we start for Saratoga. One, two, nearly three months," said Mrs. Dayton, leaning back on the sofa and laughing merrily. "Ah, me! he has mistaken me, I have had enough of matrimony, and my present life of freedom suits me."

"I admire the man's impudence," said her companion, Mrs. Grantley Harrington. "He has never even seen you yet, has he?"

"No. Tell me exactly how it happened."

"Certainly! Grantley invited his cousin, Harry Vaughn, Mr. George Coates, and this irresistible Horace Cooke to dine with him yesterday. After presiding at dinner, I, of course, left the table after dessert; about an hour later, I was passing through the hall, when I heard Mr. Cooke say,

"'So this charming widow, Mrs. Dayton, has vowed never to marry again. I want a wife, and from your description I think she would suit me. What will you bet I make her break her yow?'

"'A thousand dollars,' said Harry.

"Done!' said Mr. Cooke. 'When our party start for Saratoga in May, the charming widow will join the party as Mrs. Horace Cooke.'

"I went up stairs, but I determined to put you on your guard, for to-night, at our house, you will meet him."

"Never fear for me. I'll have him at my feet in a week," and again the silvery laugh rang through the parlor.

Mrs. Harrington and Horace Cooke were standing, a few hours later, in the former's brilliantly lighted parlors. There were beautiful women and handsome men all around them, but the star of the evening was not there. It was a fancy party, and Mrs. Harrington, a lovely little blonde, in a piquant flower girl's dress, made quite a charming contrast to the tall brigand beside her, whose fine figure and dark, handsome face suited well his dress.

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"May I tell your fortune?" said a sweet, low voice beside the couple, and they turned. One quick glance passed between the speaker and Mrs. Harrington, and then the hostess passed on to receive other guests.

"Stay, lady, let me tell your fortune," said the gipsy.

"No, tell my friend's. Mr. Cooke, I beg your pardon, Conrad, you will listen," and she moved away. Mr. Cooke's eyes were riveted upon his companion, and he mechanically offered his hand for her perusal.

She was a startling, beautiful figure. Her scarlet skirt, short and full, was embroidered in gold with strange figures, and the tiny foot it left exposed was cased in scarlet boots embroidered in the same way. The body of the dress was of white muslin made very full, but cut so as to leave the neck and arms bare. A brilliant scarf was bound from the right shoulder, to make a full bow at the left side. A turban of white was on the hair, which fell beneath it in rich black masses almost to the wearer's feet. A graceful figure, medium height, large, black eyes, with long, sweeping lashes, perfect features, a rich, clear complexion with a high color, completed the picture.

"Your fortune," she said, as she dreamily scanned the palm of his hand, "to woo where you can——"

Two waltzers whirled in between the couple, and when Mr. Cooke looked again the gipsy was gone. It was a long time before he saw her again: but at last he found her. She was standing alone, near a table, lazily turning the leaves of an annual. It was in a little sitting-room leading from the parlor, and she was its sole occupant.

"Will you not finish telling me my fortune?" said he, coming in. She started.

"Oh!" she said, "I dare not. My spell was so violently broken I am afraid to renew it."

"Afraid! I read your face wrongly. I should
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have said the spirit'shining through your eyes second fear."

"So, while I studied your hand, you speculated about my face?"

"Could any one let such a face pass him and not try to read it?"

A low, mocking courtesy was the answer to the compliment. They stood an hour in the little room, and when Horace at length offered his arm to escort the charming gipsy to the parlor, he wished devoutly the hour could have been doubled, or multiplied indefinitely.

"Mrs. Harrington," said Mr. Cooke, meeting the hostess in the room, "when is the irresistible Mrs. Dayton expected to honor us?"

"Why," said Mrs. Harrington, "you have the irresistible Mrs. Dayton hanging on your arm. Has nobody introduced you yet? Let me do it. Mrs. Dayton, this is Mr. Cooke, Mr. Cooke, Mrs. Dayton. Now I hope you know each other."

Mrs. Dayton's eyes were fixed upon the carpet, but there was a world of mischief lurking in them, if her partner could have seen it.

"So," she said, at length, "I have, it seems, the enviable reputation of being irresistible."

"A reputation so well deserved as scarcely to merit repetition," was the reply.

A number of other gentlemen were by this time collected round Mrs. Dayton. Her skill as a fortune-teller was now again called into requisition, and many a hearty laugh rang through the circle, at the witty turn she gave to each one's cherished flirtation, or, they thought, silent admiration.

"May I see you home?" said Horace, as the rooms began to thin.

"Sorry, but I am already engaged."

"May I call to-morrow?"

"Ah," thought the widow, as she gave permission, "he intends to commence his siege in good time."

The next morning, the beautiful and witty widow looked even more lovely than on the previous evening. She received her guest with quiet, easy grace, and they chatted for some minutes on indifferent subjects. Then something called forth a remark upon the literature of the day, and from that they passed on to books. One author after another was discussed, quotations flew about thick as hail-stones, and each was really trying to lead the other out of their depth. Mrs. Dayton's thought was,

"This man is no fool, in spite of his impudent vanity." And Mr. Cooke was thinking,

"What a mind! Horace, that wager must be won. It is worth more than a thousand dollars, my boy." From books they passed to music, and it was an easy transition to the grand piano in the corner. Mr. Cooke took his seat at the instrument to recall to her memory a favorite air. His voice was good, his accompaniment showed skill and taste, and bent upon dazzling the widow, he sang with feeling and power.

"Do you remember this?" he asked, touching a few chords of a duett from Murtha, after finishing his own song.

She replied by singing the first notes. A hold chord supporting her occasionally, she gradually let her voice out in all its rich beauty, and his blended with it. He sang low, listening intently. Ah! Mr. Cooke, who is dazzled now?

At last he rose to take his leave, asking and receiving permission to call again; and Mrs. Dayton took up a book, threw it aside, practised a few moments, and stopped when she found she was singing his song, walked out and returned home, wondering why she could not get "that man" out of her mind.

To say that their future intercourse was pleasant is a dull phrase to describe it. Each being bent upon making a conquest of the other, their best powers were exerted, their richest treasures of wit, accomplishment and thought displayed; and somehow Mr Cooke began to feel ashamed of his wager, and Mrs. Dayton wished she had never seen Horace Cooke.

It was one lovely day in early spring, that he called to take her to ride, and found her sad and dispirited. Fortunes would not have made her confess it, but the gay widow was in love.

They were out of town, driving through an avenue of large, splendid trees, when Mr. Cooke began to talk of love. It roused the widow from her depression, to ward the thrusts she felt he was making at her secret.

"Love!" she said, scornfully. "Bah! A school boy's first passion before he leaves pinafores is dignified with the name. An old man's doating is called love!"

"Yet the holiest, highest feeling of the heart of man in his prime of power has no higher name," said her companion.

"Man!" she said, scornfully. "Man in his prime of power! I'll tell you how it is with men. From the time they walk to school beside the hoydenish girl, until they are seventy, they fancy they are in love. Every pretty face calls forth the protestation of a passion you just tried to dignify. They love fifty times, and to the fifty-first flame is offered the battered, worn-out heart as if it were bran new and fresh."

"You wrong us," he said, roused in his turn by the keen satire in her tone and look. "Though



each admiration of boyhood and youth may call ; forth a passing feeling, it is evanescent, and passes like a ripple on deep water. But when } the depths of these waters are stirred by the hurricane of real, earnest, true love, it is no subject for jeers: but if not calling for a return, it at least merits sympathy and comfort," and he let his voice fall into a low, tender cadence.

Mrs. Dayton felt uncomfortable. The laughing response which rose to her lips died there. She longed to tell him her belief in his doctrine. They were going slowly, quietly along, each occupied with his own thoughts, when the scream of a locomotive startled the horse, and he dashed forward at a full gallop.

There was a rush, a crash, and they were on the road side-the horse a mangled corpse, the carriage thrown violently back several feet, Mr. Cooke insensible on the grass, and Mrs. Dayton on the other side of the road, uninjured.

Mrs. Dayton sat up, and with a nervous, hysterical laugh called her companion's name. He did not answer. She went to his side. He was still white, insensible, and she thought him dead. With a wild cry she raised his head to her breast, calling his name, "Horace, dear Horace," and begging him to look at her. Then she looked round for help. There was no house in sight. Mrs. Dayton was not a woman to spend many moments in useless grief. She soon recovered her presence of mind. Her vinaigrette full of salts was hanging to her belt, and she drew out the cork and tried its effect. Her companion was only stunned, and in a few moments he was able to feel her hand on his brow, hear her voice in his ear. He kept perfectly still, his eyes closed, and his breathing low. The most delicious ecstasy was holding him quiet. The low, sweet voice, but which would never before speak one word of preference for him, was now saying,

Then there fell upon his face a tear.

regretted it, for he found his head on the grass, and Mrs. Dayton at least five feet from him.

"Are you hurt?" she said, quietly.

Had he been dreaming? Was this the voice that said Horace, dear Horace?

He sat up. He was not hurt, only stunned, and in a few moments he stood beside her. Her veil was down, and he could not see her face. "How are we to get home?" she asked, pointing to the dead horse and broken carriage. voice trembled now, and the wind blew aside her veil. Her eyes bore traces of weeping.

Horace forgot his wager, forgot their awkward predicament, forgot everything but his love, and he poured it forth in broken, passionate words. Her heart throbbed high with ecstasy, for she was too great an adept in the art of flirtation herself, not to be able to distinguish the voice of real feeling. Yet as he went on, the scene with Mrs. Harrington occurred to her, and she stifled back the eager welcome her heart gave his words, and said coldly,

"Enough, enough, Mr. Cooke. I am sorry to cause you the loss of a thousand dollars, but Mrs. Dayton cannot accompany the Saratoga party as Mrs. Cooke."

Stung to the quick, Horace stood silent for a moment. Then in a low voice he said,

- "I was an impertinent fool. Can you ever forgive me?"
  - "On one condition," she said, smiling.
  - "Name it," was the eager reply.
- "That you pay your wager, own yourself beaten, and do not address one word of love to me until we return from Saratoga."
- "The first two I agree to, but the last is very hard," he replied, taking her hand.
  - "How are we to get home?" she said, abruptly.
- "We must walk to the nearest house, and then hire a carriage."

Now I will not tell you, reader, what they said in that long walk, but I know Horace paid his "Horace, dear Horace, speak to me once wager, confessed himself beaten, and bore the banter of his companions with great philosophy. He faintly opened his eyes. The next instant he How the last clause was kept I know not, but early in the following fall, Mrs. Dayton became Mrs. Horace Cooke.

#### BUILD UP THE WALL.

BY MRS. M. M. HINES.

Two friends there were, who ever shared Each other's care and pleasure, For whom, when griefs no longer spared, Love filled the sinking measure. Their wishes, dreams, ambitions, one, One prayer their spirits making, That they might have, when night came on, One sleep and one awaking.

A foolish thing, that forth again A look, a word had driven, Made wider distance and more pain Than death each tie had riven: What though their paths be gloomy all, And each a weary rover? Build higher still the angry wall, Let neither one look over.



#### OLD STONE MANSION. ТНЕ

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, AUTHOR OF "THE VALLEY FARM," "MABEL," "KATE AYLESFORD," &C.

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

#### CONTINUED FROM PAGE 358.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

NEARLY a month had passed since the events her father with the fact. narrated in the last chapter. The coroner's jury had met, as I had expected, the morning after city, on a double errand. The first was to call the death of Bentley, and I had been summoned at Mr. Elliott's. I found the house, as I had to give my testimony. I had kept back nothing. Seared, shut up, and in answer to my inquiries, the truth, the whole truth," I had said to myself, had written a letter, which I now directed, at the mercy to rescue me from this great strait." Nor had I trusted in vain. It is true, that, at first, I had cause to fear for the consequences of my { sincerity. More than one of the jurymen looked } ominously at me. Several of the spectators whispered aloud their belief in my guilt. But the coroner himself was a humane man, and what was equally fortunate for me, an influential one. He interposed promptly in my behalf. "I see no reason," he said, "why we should detain this young lady. She has been unfortunate in her associations, perhaps a little imprudent; but that } is all. Truth is stamped on every word she has said. Had she been a confederate of these felons, she would have suppressed much that she has told. I think we may let her go." He looked around on the jury, and seeing no dissent, bowed me out, having first thanked me for my attendance. I am told, that, in these later days, official personages are less courteous. I hear it with regret, especially when I think of the innocent, { who may occasionally be brought before them, as I was brought, and to whom the shame of being baited on a witness-stand, in public, is } enough, without the aggravation of brutality on the part of their questioners.

there was no doubt that she had been cognizant of the purpose for which the library had been used, she was committed to prison, nominally as

Sinquest adjourned, was that I should acquaint

Accordingly I started, the next day, for the I had admitted my unconscious share in putting \ was told that the family had gone to Newport for the counterfeit notes in circulation. "I will tell the summer. To provide for this contingency, I as I descended the stairs, "and trust to God's grocery store at the corner, and then carried to the post-office myself. My other errand was to dispose of a few trinkets belonging to Georgiana. For neither she, nor I, now that we knew how her husband's money had been acquired, could use a penny even of what had been received in change for the notes. There were fewer trinkets than I had supposed, and those of less value; and I now learned that the others, many of them quite costly ones, had been taken by Despencer, from time to time.

> For two or three days Georgiana was comparatively calm. But when the time came for a letter, in answer to the one I had written, she grew restless and excited. Daily, at her request, I walked into the city, in order to inquire for a reply, personally, at the post-office. I returned from these long and exhausted journeys, so tired that sometimes I almost fainted; for it was in the worst days of summer, and my physical system was worn down by late events; but I forgot it all in witnessing the disappointment of my cousin. I had made up my mind, from the first, that no notice would be taken of her appeal. Nor, though I wrote, at her solicitation, two other letters, was any answer ever returned.

The anxiety of the mother soon began to affect Old Jane, however, was less fortunate. As the health of the child. But why should I linger on the sad story? Together they wilted away; together they sleep in one coffin.

It was nearly a month, as I have said, since an accessory before the fact, but really, I under- ithe awful retribution of which the old mansion stood, in order to secure her evidence against had been a witness. Night was falling fast. The Despencer, in case the latter should be arrested. \ \ windows were up to admit the air, for the day I have said that the events of that awful night had been unusually sultry. Georgiana had failed broke Georgiana's heart. She knew that she was so fast, during the preceding twenty-four hours, dying, and one of her first requests, after the that the nurse and I foresaw she could scarcely

survive till morning. Miss, she'll go," whispered this attendant, "they bring it up than I am. Oh! what a wasted life 'most always do: it's queer, but I've seen a great \( \) mine has been. How many opportunities thrown many die, and they drop off, either then, or just a nway. I thought only of my own pleasure; and before morning; leastways in the night some- how God has requited me." She paused for time; two die in the night, where one dies in breath. the day."

I rose, to escape this garrulous talk, and went } to the window. The cool air refreshed my heated { feet and been shivered into the clay they were. brow indescribably. The moon was at the full Under the soft light the landscape were a calm of adverse life. His loving kindness calls me as of heaven. The little brook, hidden in the hollow, sung half murmuringly, as if chanting a low, sweet hymn to the quiet trees. The great pines, in front of the house, stood dark and shrouded, like mighty mourners hushed in solemn awe. "Oh! this great mystery of life and death," I said to myself. "What is Eternity? How can we live forever and forever; we who can conceive nothing, which has not beginning and end? Yet how can man perish, while stars and space survive: the spiritual die, while the material endures?" I looked up at the moon. A small, fleecy cloud was near it. How placidly } the great orb moved along, returning my look with something of almost intelligence, but still inscrutable! The cloud, for a moment, obscured the face of the orb. A temporary darkness fell on the landscape. The pines seemed to sob, the brook to chant a requiem. A cold shiver ran through all my veins, as if the King of Death, in that instant, had cast its shadow over the scene. Then the great moon emerged, bright and calm, from its passing obscuration, and as it moved majestically along, all Nature seemed to rejoice silently. "It is the life after death," I said, involuntarily. "Thank God for immortality."

A whispered summons from the nurse recalled me to the bed-side. Georgiana had awoke, had asked for her child, and had then wished me to be summoned. She smiled faintly, as I drew

"You will be a mother to it, if it lives," she said, feebly, looking from the babe to me. "I almost wish it was going home too." She contemplated it for awhile, as only a mother can regard her infant, and added, "poor little dear! it does not know what it will have to suffer."

I knew, from the look of the wan, little face, that the daughter would not long survive the . These are they which come out of great tribumother; but I promised, with tears and a chok- lation, and have washed their robes, and made ing voice, all that Georgiana wished. She faintly them white in the blood of the Lamb. Therefore gathered the babe to her side, crooning over it they before the throne of God, and serve Him for awhile. Then she looked up, saying,

There is nothing left to live for, but baby; and shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more,

"About twelve o'clock, God, in His wisdom, sees others are fitter to "But He has made me to see the error of my ways. His mercy has brought me here. The idols I have worshiped have fallen at my I am not fit, like you, Maggy, to fight the battle home. Oh! God is good, is good-"

> She spoke these words with almost rapture. Then, for a time, she was silent, and lay with closed eyes, but seemed to be praying. I fancied, perhaps it was not all fancy, that a celestial glow gradually irradiated her countenance. After awhile she looked up, smiling with ineffable sweetness.

> "Read to me, Maggy," she said, speaking slowly and with difficulty, "that part-of the chapter-in Revelations."

> I knew now of what she had been thinking as she prayed. The chapter was one, part of which I had read to her, daily, for more than two weeks; for above all other portions of the sacred volume, it seemed to give her the most comfort. I took the Bible and began to read with a composed voice, though the tears fell fast; for I felt that it was the last time I should ever read to

> "And I beheld, and lo! a great multitude, which no man could number, of all nations, and kindreds, and people, and tongues, stood before the throne, and before the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms in their hands; and cried with a loud voice, saying, 'Salvation to our God, which sitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb.'"

> There was an audible response from the bed. I read on to the end of the twelfth verse. As I paused then, for an instant, the jubilant voice of the brook seemed to echo, through the heavenly night, the concluding words, "forever and forever."

"And one of the elders answered, saying unto me, 'What are these which are arrayed in white robes, and whence come they?' And I said unto him, 'Sir, thou knowest.' And he said unto me, day and night in His temple; and He that sitteth "I once feared death: I don't fear it now. on the throne shall dwell among them. They



neither shall the sun light on them, nor any morning I was in a violent fever. A serious fit heat. For the Lamb, which is in the midst of of illness, I foresaw, impended. My nervous the throne, shall feed them, and shall lead them and physical systems had both been over-taxed, unto living fountains of waters; and God shall and I had now to pay the penalty. Alone, amid wipe away all tears from their eyes."

······

"Shall wipe away all tears from their eyes," was echoed softly from the bed; and then all was throbbing to bursting, I was on the point of requiet.

I waited five minutes, ten, half an hour, watching while my cousin seemed to sleep. At take advantage of a period of delirium to rob me last I heard a deep sigh. I looked quickly at of my purse and turn me into the street. But I the nurse; then at Georgiana. Her hands were } folded on her breast, her head lay back on the had read to my dying cousin. "Through much pillow; she was dead. But in the rapt expres- { tribulation," I said. "Through much tribulasion of the face, I was reminded of a picture I \tion," I kept saying, till I lost consciousness, had once seen of St. Catharine translated to sinking into the stupor of disease. heaven by supporting angels; and as the trees away, upborne by similar celestial messengers.

much tribulation. While I looked down, reverently, on what had been so lately the home of } an immortal soul, and which was still radiant ? with its departing sunset, other texts rose up to my memory, as if some unseen spirit audibly repeated them.

"And I heard the voice of harpers harping? with their harps; and they sung, as it were, a new song before the throne.

"These are they which follow the Lamb whithersoever He goeth.

"And there shall be no night there; and they need no candle, neither light of the sun; for the Lord God giveth them light; and they shall reign forever and ever."

## CHAPTER XXIII.

In the same coffin, we laid mother and babe, for the latter did not survive quite twenty-four hours. There was no mourner but myself.

We had been warned to quit the old mansion long before, for the proprietor was scandalized by the purposes to which it had been put. But? I had begged his forbearance on Georgiana's account, and had, with difficulty, obtained it. On returning from the funeral, I locked the door, leaving the furniture as payment for the rent, and taking my slender wardrobe and still ? slenderer purse, set forth to begin life anew.

though it was the heated term in August. Before my person, a fair-haired lady, whom I recognized

strangers, my heart shrank within me. For awhile, as I lay tossing on my bed, my temples pining at my fortune; for I knew not but that my landlady, on discovering my condition, might remembered, in that hour, the blessed words I

For weeks, as I was told afterward, I lay unrustled without in a sudden breeze, I started, conscious. Of all that dreary time I have only half expecting to see the hushed figure float a confused recollection. Wild visions of happiness, snatched from me at the very moment of She was happy at last! She had gone from fruition, tormented me day and night. Now I stood waiting, a bride at the altar, and already heard a well known footstep approaching, when the earth opened and fiends rising up snatched me away. Now, famished and athirst, I was drifting about on a desolate sea, when an angel appeared above extending a hand to rescue me. But just as the fingers touched mine, a thunderbolt separated us, thick darkness enveloped me. the wild waves rose, spectres gibbered past. Now I was falling, falling through illimitable Then the character of the illusions space. changed. I was dying in the public streets. Thousands passed by, yet nobody took pity on me, till one familiar form approached and stopped with instinctive humanity. But when he saw who it was, his lips curled with scorn and he turned away. Again: I lay, bound to a hungry lioness, in an African desert, momently expecting to be devoured. The savage beast would look at me, licking her mouth, and then roar across the vast waste of sand, where her famished whelps were hastening toward us. A hunter approached. Amid all his disguise I knew him. He did not, however, see me. I tried to call him, but I could not, for a spell chained my tongue. Oh! the horror of those moments while he went slowly by, almost touching me. Then I was a homeless wanderer, on a mighty plain. A whirling snow storm almost blinded me, yet I struggled on, for far ahead, dimly seen through the I found lodgings, in a humble boarding-house, tempest, shone a feeble light. At last I reached in an obscure part of the city. That night, 1 the doorway, and had just strength to knock, lay long awake, revolving plans for the future, when I sank exhausted on the threshold. The the best of which were hopeless enough. At portal opened, and joy of joys! he it was that last I fell asleep. But I soon woke with a chill, stooped to lift me. But before he could touch

stand aside, in God's name, for that the mar- soon enough, might have had the start of me by riage vow separated him from me forever. The several hours. I knew there must be hundreds door shut with a clang and I was alone and out of employment, who were quite as competent perishing.

When I began to recover, I was feebler than a child. Weeks went by, even after this, before } I could leave my room. At last, about the middle of autumn, I found myself comparatively restored to health.

But what a prospect there was in the future! } I knew not, in all the world, a friend to whom I could apply. My funds were exhausted. The winter would soon be at hand, and it was a win- } ter of which the most terrible forebodings were } everywhere entertained; for commercial and } manufacturing distress were universal. Since I had been struck down, by illness, one of those financial crises which occasionally devastate the nation had occurred: thousands of the rich had become poor; starvation stared the multitude in the face.

the last extremity of despair, I saw an adver-} tisement, in a daily paper, which I had borrowed that it was an ordinary farm-house; and from to read. It ran as follows:

small children. Apply at Hemlock Farm, near } the Poplar Station, on the Ridge railroad.

what little money I had, in going to this place; & dren, if not both of them, were half idiotic; that for I reasoned that its distance would preclude this rendered their attendance at the district many applications; and so my chance of success school impossible; and hence the necessity of a would be increased. It was the first time, too, governess. I knew enough of that section of the advertisement had been inserted; and if I ithe state to know that no other circumstance set out, at once, I might anticipate all others. could induce a farmer to resort to so compara-In five minutes I was on my way to the railroad tively expensive a method of education. I setoffice, where I learned that Poplar Station was ? about fifty miles distant, and that the afternoon train would start in an hour. I determined to go that day.

Before long, therefore, I was rushing along the side of a beautiful river, the western sun gilding its wooded heights and shimmering on should lead. In imagination, I drew a picture its placid waters. The towns and factories, scattered at intervals on either shore, shot past old stone dwelling, probably with a roof green like white wreaths of smoke. Now we dashed with moss, standing in some low bit of ground, through a dark tunnel, now crossed the stream { near the river, where the early German settlers in a twinkling on a bridge. The rapid motion always located their habitations, partly to secure was in unison with the stir and excitement of a more abundant supply of water, partly because my mind. I looked through the barred windows of the richer soil in the bottoms. It had, near of the car and blessed the mile-posts as they flew } it, a stone barn, a huge edifice, more than four

only too well, rushed between, and bade him (that any one who had seen the advertisement for the situation. Then I tortured myself with the idea that there might be many in the train on the same errand. I saw more than one whose air and dress gave color to this notion. How I watched, at each station, to see if they got out! When, at last, all had left but one, leaving no other passengers of my sex, except ladies whose dress showed them above the necessity of seeking such a situation, and coarse featured women evidently belonging to the agricultural population of the German county we were traversing, I sighed with inexpressible relief: a relief only to be understood by those, who have been in fear for their daily bread, and have had those fears quieted temporarily.

I now began to speculate, for the first time, as to the character of the place I was visiting; for, up to this point, such had been my eager-By chance, one day, when reduced to nearly { ness to get the start of other applicants. I had not thought of this. Its homely title showed its location, in the heart of a region wholly rural, I concluded the culture of its family was of the WANTED .- A governess to take charge of two \ rudest. But why need a governess at all? Why not be content with the road-side school? I puzzled myself, for a long while, endeavoring to solve this problem, but to no purpose. I could A sudden hope filled me. I would expend conjecture nothing, except that one of the chiltled, therefore, that this was the state of the case. I was aware there were plenty of farmers, in that vicinity, rich enough to employ a governess, if compelled to; so there was no difficulty on this account.

I now began to picture to myself the life I of the house and its surroundings. It was an I was impatient to be at my journey's end. Etimes as large as itself, bursting with abundant For I now began to fear that some one had { crops. Close by was a little, low, white-washed anticipated me. There was a morning train, so spring-house, with a solitary willow drooping



of the house, with a few common flowers; but { I should be lying, in just such a place, alone and this was all; and even this was doubtful. About & forgotten, without a head-stone to mark the spot, the whole place there was an air of thrift; but } nothing picturesque or refined. Everything was reduced to the level of the tamest common-place. I felt, that, in such a household, my soul would starve. Yet what else could I do? I must feed my immortal part on these dry husks as well as I could, or perish literally, and for want of mere physical food.

Then I began to think of the mother. Perhaps here there would be some alleviation. Per- As soon as I touched the ground, he waived his haps God, in afflicting her children, had done it hand to the engineer, caught at the rail as the to soften and refine her. Sorrow, with natures \ train began to move; and I was left alone. that have any latent good in them, does this. was willing to believe it of her. I imagined her a little, thin, worn, patient woman, grey before her time, knitting all day long, when not otherwise occupied, her eyes filling with quiet tears { as she looked at her helpless innocents. I saw path led up the bank; and this I took. It con-her start, with nervous terror, at the rude voice ducted me to a traveled highway, from which I and loud step of her husband. In such a family, } I said to myself, I will die by inches. For the It was one of those so common in Pennsylvania; very tax on my sympathies, created by the poor { children and their mother, will wear me out all } the faster. There will be no relief from any quarter. No book will ever reach me in this out of the way abode. The very name of the place, Hemlock Farm, so full of sombre and ? funereal associations, seemed to be a presentiment of my fate. I should live in an atmosphere } of slow poison, where every intellectual faculty, every fine perception, would wither and perish. Surrounded by coarse associations, cut off from all revivifying sympathy, I would grow coarse myself in time. Perhaps, too, there might be other things, rude sons, vulgar farm hands, with } whom I would be compelled to associate, and § whose brutalities or insolence I would be forced to endure; for in such households all alike ate, at the same table, as I well knew, and lived in the common sitting-room, so that companionship was inevitable. As this picture rose before me, I half resolved to abandon my expedition. But § winter approaching, silenced my repugnance.

"It will not be for long," I said. "I am no ? more the gay, admired fiances of a man of talent and wealth; no more flushed with health, or intoxicated with spirits. This shortness of breath; { ward the inn door, in hopes some female, or at this little hacking cough; these pains in the least the landlord, would make his appearance. chest, are not merely the remnants of the fever. But not a soul was in sight. The whole place,

There might be a small garden in front ; of a village. I thought, that, in less than a year, with no one even to come and lay a flower on the sod. My words, "it is well," were the response to this thought.

> Suddenly the train stopped, and the conductor threw open the door, crying,

"Poplar Station."

I rose mechanically. Faint and weak, I staggered along, catching by the seats as I went. The conductor politely assisted me to descend.

# CHAPTER XXIV.

I was left alone. There was a deep cutting just before me, and not a house in sight. A could see, at a little distance, a road-side tavern. a low, rambling stone inn, with a huge horsetrough in front, where a team of Conestoga horses was, at this instant, leisurely drinking.

As no other house was in sight, and it was necessary to get some directions. I put on a bold front and walked forward. The teamster stared rudely as I came up, and the ostler winked to a half drunken vagabond in rags, who stood, with his hands in his pocket, idly watching my approach.

I faltered out, as composedly as I could, my request, addressing myself to the teamster as the least repulsive of the three.

"Nein," he said, shaking his head.

I repeated the question. "Pray, sir, can you direct me to Hemlock Farm?" For I did not understand him.

"Nein!" he answered again, staring at me vacantly, but with a good-humored look.

I now turned to the ostler.

"Is it Hemlock farrum yer asking after?" he a thought of my empty purse, and of the terrible said, scratching his head of shock hair: and swearing a favorite Celtic oath, he told me "he'd nivir heard of such a place."

The half drunken vagabond now approached. As I saw him come up, I looked imploringly to-Do I not know their meaning? And it is well." with the exception of these three and the horses We were, at that moment, passing one of those drinking at the trough, seemed to have been antique church edifices, standing in the midst of asleep for ages. It was one of those warm, Octoa neglected grave-yard, which tell of the vicinity ber days, which temporarily recall the summer,

when a drowsy haze veils the distant landscape, thing about my not being a lady after all, or I and when, in silent afternoons in the country, would have given him something to drink: and the voice may be heard for a mile. A hound lay at this I hurried on the faster. asleep, in the sunshine, at the end of the porch, his nose buried between his paws. The pigeons Between my fatigue, my weakness, and my were ranged, like statues, along the eaves of the anxiety, the miles lengthened out interminably. barn. There was not a sound, except that of The sun was low in the western heavens, when the water running from the trough and the noise I reached the bridge. Now, for the first time, I of the horses as they drank.

"P'raps I can direct the young lady," said the inebriate, speaking with a hiccup, but making a not ungraceful bow; and I saw, at once, that he } was that most pitiable of all objects, an educated man who had become a common sot. "Hemlock Farm, did you say? Why, that's it, yonder."

He pointed, as he spoke, to a peculiarly shaped hill, at the distance of two miles or more, a long, ridgy, precipitous hill, clothed with dark green hemlocks, and washed, at its base, by the The mellow afternoon sun glittering on the water at its foot, and reflected from a white bridge that crossed at the hither end of the hill, brought the sombre evergreens out into bold relief, and transfigured the whole scene. No house, however, was visible. Perhaps it was concealed, I thought, by the shoulder of a mountain, in shape like a crouching lion, which, soaring to the height of a thousand feet or more, intruded its rugged outline between me and the approach to the hill.

"Do you see that hill?" said my guide, stammeringly, steadying himself by the pump. "The one just past the South Mountain-it's the only one of that shape in the county, and you can't miss it-well," drawling out the words slowly, "that's Hemlock Farm."

escape; and I moved on. But I was stopped, immediately, by the speaker, who laid his hand, familiarly, on my shoulder.

"You needn't be so scared, Miss," he said, surlily, as I shrank away, while the ostler toll-gate, that the keeper looked at me with surlaughed outright, and the teamster stood with prise, a surprise which was not diminished when a grin on his face. "I'm a gentleman, I am, though you may see my coat's the worse for wear. I've studied at the University-sity-I have. You were going without knowing how to get to Hemlock Farm. You must take the left hand road, at the red barn, a quarter of a mile further on, and so go down to the river: then keep up stream, till you come to the bridge; cross that and you're at Hemlock Farm."

I hardly waited for him to finish. I had taken good care to keep out of the reach of his arm, me, while he pointed across the river. I colored this time, and now walked away as fast as I with embarrassment, not unmixed with anger, could. But I had not gone far, before I heard as I said, drawing down my veil again, which I the speaker muttering, with many oaths, some- 3 had thrown up for air as I walked,

The way proved longer than I had supposed. began to think what I should do, if my application failed. Where would I spend the night? The nearest town was several miles distant, so that, in my present exhausted condition, it would be impossible for me to walk there, before dark. But I shuddered when I thought of being out, after nightfall, on these lonely mountain roads.

Before crossing the bridge, I sat down, for a moment, on a boulder, partly to rest, partly to reflect on this new emergency. Just above, the river made a bold sweep, enclosing a wooded island, the trees of which, large and shapely, and without undergrowth, threw their long, black shadows over the greensward, as the setting sun struck slantwise between them. A boatman's horn filled the air with softened music. On the opposite side, Hemlock Hill, rising precipitous and picturesque, glowed in the golden radiance. The whole scene was typical of an indescribable peace. Oh! how I longed, at that moment, to lie down, where I sat, amid these calm surroundings, and sink to rest forever.

I rose, at last, wearily. I began to feel a presentiment that I should not succeed. Yet I tried, in defiance of this, to buoy myself up with hope. I said, again and again, they will at least ask me to stay all night. Then I remembered, that, "Thank you, sir," said I, hurriedly, glad to if they should not, I was wasting precious moments. I dragged myself down the descent. My fears increased, as I went, so that I almost ran at last.

> I arrived so exhausted and breathless at the I asked him if this was Hemlock Farm before me. Observing he stared at me, dubiously, I told him my errand.

"You are the school marm then," he said, regarding me with uplifted eyebrows. "Humph! Well, that's the place."

I had no doubt that my wearied look and travel-soiled dress somewhat detracted from my character, and I explained, in this way, the questionable air with which he kept staring at

if anybody is at home?"

It was a small farm-house, with more pretensions to elegance than I had seen in this region; and my heart bounded with delight; for the household, which could surround itself with such a pretty flower-garden, must, I thought, have some refinement.

"No," he said, gruffly, and coolly turning on his heel to go in, offended, I suppose, by my putting down my veil, "that isn't the place at all. You must pass that house, and taking the road up the river, go in at a gate, you'll find there, about a hundred and fifty yards farther on. The place you're after is up the hill."

My heart fell. With a sigh I turned away. As I passed the gate of the pretty farm-house, a sweet voice was heard singing, within. was a mother warbling a lullaby over her child. The memory of my own happy infancy rushed back to me. I recollected, as vividly as if it had happened but yesterday, my mother leaning over my cradle, while she rocked it and sang that very lullaby. It seemed to me a dream of heaven, in some former state of existence, from which endless ages now separated me: a Paradise of peace and love gone forever. the tears gushed to my eyes as I thought this.

I staggered on. The road began to ascend slowly, terraced along the river-side. At the end of what seemed the little farm, I came to a dense wood of evergreens, the beginning of those which covered the sides and top of the hill. Suddenly, when I had almost passed it, I saw a plain, unpretending gate. This, I know, must be the one to which I had been directed; and I turned in.

It was like passing into a cool cave out of a hot noonday. The trees met overhead, so that not a ray of sunshine penetrated to the avenue, which was filled with a subdued light. Underneath, the ground was carpeted with the brown tassels of the pines, that crackled under the foot. An aromatic fragrance filled the air. The road began immediately to wind up the hill, disclosing dim woodland vistas at every turn.

After I had walked, perhaps, the eighth of a mile, I suddenly emerged from the wood; and lo! what a prospect. Before me, and separated from me only by an intervening valley, was the mountain, whose side profile had concealed Hem- tress of such a Paradise, I said to myself, will tavern; but now the front of the mountain rose } rounded and wooded, a perfect cone. formed the right hand setting of the picture. } be enough to fill her with disgust. To the left, on the other side of the river, was }

"What? That house ahead? Do you know rock, framing in the landscape on that side. Between these, stretching far away to the horizon, and widening as it went, the river meandering in the middle ground, was an undulating country, covered with alternate farms and woodlands, and diversified with villages. Away and away, following the glittering water, my eye traversed, as if fascinated, over the vast landscape, till it lost itself in the purple haze, that hung around a ridge of hills, miles and miles distant. The prospect burst on me so unexpectedly, everything was so different from what I had looked for, that I stopped, for some time, breathless with surprise.

Then I turned to look for the house, which, up to this time, I had not seen. It stood almost directly in front, a little to the right, about five hundred feet off, on a grassy terrace, below which swept the road. The dwelling itself was comparatively small; but in no sense could it be called a farm-house. It was a quaint, picturesque mansion, with a deep bay window looking down into the valley, and numerous high-pointed gables. Vines gamboled over the balustrades, ran up the grey walls, twined lovingly about the diamond-paned casements, and nestled under the eaves. The principal front seemed to look my way, for there was a balcony before it, extending its whole length; and this balcony led into a spacious garden, not a stiff, formal one, such as city horticulturalists are so fond of, but with evergreens scattered about, and grassy slopes, and rose bushes here and there, giving it a wild, half-forest grace, like a garden in the Arabian Nights. The side of the house, which looked down toward the valley, commanded a gently sloping lawn, many acres in extent, which swept almost to the foot of the hill.

The whole place had a look of peace indescribable. Its quiet and repose stole over my senses like a subtle perfume. "Ah!" I said to myself, "if I can only find a refuge here, during the few months I have to live."

But my emotions of hope and delight were soon succeeded by others. What chance had I. without a solitary recommendation, coming a-foot, my travel-soiled appearance alone sufficient to create prejudices against me, to obtain employ-For everything about the spot ment here? betokened the most fastidious taste. The mislock Farm from me, when I had stopped at the have nothing about her which is not in unison with the spot. She will not tolerate this This { haggard face for a minute. One look at me will

It was with a faint heart, therefore, that I reanother mountain, a long, bleak, bare stretch of \( \) sumed my way. For I determined to proceed

in spite of all. Having come so far, I would \ day ball, I had paused an instant in front of the go through with it, even to enduring the startled smirror, before I descended, and, intoxicated by glance and supercilious dismissal of the fine lady, I the atmosphere of love and flattery in which I who had never, perhaps, been so near a starving fellow-woman, nor ever would be again. But my hand trembled, nevertheless, as I lifted the knocker.

A man servant, neatly dressed in black, opened the door immediately. He had a pleasant, ruddy face, whose good humor reassured me a little, and a quiet and deferential manner, whose magnetism influenced me unaccountably.

"Will you say that a young woman has called to see about the governess' place?" I said.

"Yes! ma'am, walk in!" was the answer, and, with a reassuring smile, he ushered me into the

The parlor was a large and elegant apartment, hung round with copies, in water-colors, of some of Turner's best pictures; with choice engravings after Landscer; and with other specimens of first-class modern art. A statuette, here and there, on a bracket; a rich silver salver, with pitcher and flagons, on a console; luxurious chairs scattered about; a table covered with new books and pamphlets; these were the other most salient objects in the room. At one end was a deep bay window. As I crossed the floor, I saw there was a mirror, over the mantle-piece, reaching to the ceiling; and before this I paused a moment.

any time, much less when she is about to receive & present the paper, containing the advertisement, s stranger, ever passes a mirror without glanc- as a sort of letter of introduction. Fortunately, ing at her face. It is a habit we acquire early, ? I had marked the advertisement around with ink, and of which we never entirely get rid. On that \( \) and hastily fumbling for the journal in my pocket, day, certainly, not a particle of personal vanity it folded it, with trembling hands, so as to bring entered into the feeling, which caused me to stop the advertisement outward, and holding it ready, before that mirror. I had but one thought, awaited the coming footsteps. which was to provide for myself, if possible, a respectable home, where, for the little time which } remained to me, I might earn my livelihood in } the humblest way. I had, consciously, but a \$ single emotion, which was an utter, utter despair, § with not a ray of hope to light it up. Once, and } once only, as I crossed the room, and its elegance § and luxury affected me like a subtle perfume, I § said to myself again, "Oh! if I could only find a } haven here for the few short months I shall live." But I laughed immediately, to myself, at the idea; it was too wild to entertain.

I started back at sight of myself. Haggard and wan, I had felt that I was; but the reality far exceeded my expectations. If I had ever the same commanding form, the same majestic had any beauty, as I had once been told, it was i brow, the same eagle eye. Time had passed gone now. I recalled, by some strange associa- & differently with him from what it had with me.

had been living, had said to myself that I really believed I was beautiful. The contrast between my face then as I remembered it, and now, was that of two lives, as wide asunder as eternity, and which never, never could be reunited. I was no more the same being than if I had been born in a different century. Vast gulfs, fathomless abysses, lay between what I was now and had been then.

My lip began to tremble. The thought of the past was too much for me. I turned from the mirror, and stepped hastily to the bay window, to shake off these emotions by looking at the unrivaled landscape, for Nature always soothed me like a friend or a mother.

It had its effect. I grew composed again. And now I bethought me how I should get over the awkwardness of an introduction. The strange manner in which I had come, my total want of recommendations, struck me now more than they had even at the entrance. I half repented that I had entered. Instinctively I looked about to see if I could escape. But the opening and shutting of a distant door, as if some one was approaching, told me I would be too late; and nervous and excited, my heart beating fast, I awaited this interview.

At that moment, it occurred to me that the I did it unconsciously. I suppose no woman, at best way to open the conversation, would be to

They were now Awaited them, did I say? near enough to be distinctly audible. of being those of a woman, they were the footsteps of a man, and something in them struck a cold chill to my heart and made my knees sink under me. I clutched, for support, at the top of a chair, by which I had been standing, or I should have fallen. For one breathless, agonizing second of time, I doubted; but at the next footfall I prayed that the floor might open beneath me, and I sink forever from sight. In another moment, the door opened, and, as I feared, Mr. Talbot stood before me.

Yes, Mr. Talbot stood before mc. There was tion, the fact that the night of Georgiana's birth- That proud, high air of manhood, defiant of all obstacle, as if the possessor exulted in having best and noblest of his sex? difficulties to overcome, that union of physical, intellectual and moral power, which had always been so pre-eminently his, was still there, only more developed, more self-centred than ever.

For an instant, he did not see, in the twilight of the room, where his visitor was. But at last his eye, that lightning eye, fell upon me.

I withered beneath it. I recalled how we had last parted; how that he was now married; how that he would despise me, more than ever, for what would seem to him an unmaidenly visit. It appeared to me, that, as he recognized his visitor, scorn, anger and loathing succeeded each other in his face. The room swam around me. I reeled, clutched at the air, and fell headlong to the floor.

## CHAPTER XXV.

I Do not know how long I was insensible. When, at last, I faintly opened my eyes, I was still comparatively unconscious, and neither realized immediately where I was, nor the indelicacy of my situation. For I was dizzy with long-forgotten bliss, as, looking up, I saw Mr. Talbot's face bending anxiously over me, felt his arms around me, and heard him whisper, "darling, have I found you?" I had a dim recollection, also, that it was his eager kisses, which had woke me to life again.

Do not censure me, that, for an instant, I gave myself up to this delicious dream. That, as memory returned, I almost wished it had never come back, for then, in happy ignorance, I might still have lain in those arms and forget the solemn yows that separated us forever. But I cast away the temptation the moment I fully realized where I was. With burning blushes, I struggled away from his embrace, and attempted to rise feebly to my feet; for I had been lying on the floor, with my head pillowed against his breast, while he knelt above me.

"Oh! do not leave me," he said, pleadingly, holding me fast. "Surely you are not angry with me still. Margaret, dear Margaret, we can yet be happy."

Was he mad? Or did he meditate toward me the deepest insult which a man can inflict on a helpless woman? .

I made a new effort to extricate myself, but he held me the tighter, the more I struggled.

"You do not mean it," he said. "Heaven has not sent you here, that we should be parted again."

There was now no mistaking his words Was this the man of whom I had made a hero to drew me tenderly toward him. I thought of my

Indignation gave me strength.

"Sir," I said, "unhand me. I will call Mrs. Talbot." I rose, as I spoke, and stood before him, my eyes flashing, my bosom heaving with

"Mrs. Talbot!" he answered, in surprise. "What do you mean?" Then a sudden light broke over his countenance, and he cried, joyfully, "You don't think me married, do you?"

The tone in which he said this, as well as the look, convinced me that I had been deceived for months. How my heart leaped at the conviction! Then the blood rushed to my very brow. I covered my face in confusion.

His arm was around me again in an instant. "Darling," he whispered, "what a villain you must have thought me" And he went on rapidly, "I am not married. I never could have married any one but my own Margaret. This is my sister's present residence, and as she is out dining, I came to apologize for her temporary absence, little thinking that in the supposed governess I should find one I was going to seek to-morrow. It is only three days since I returned from Europe, where I have been since early in the spring. But tell me, how came you to suppose me married? What enemy has been at work defaming me?"

I was now weeping silently on his shoulder, but the tears were those of joy and thanks giving. "God had been good to me," I said to myself, "more so, a thousand times, than I deserved."

I would only tire the reader if I was to linger on this scene. The next half hour was spent in mutual explanations. He listened to my story often with a kindling eye. When I had finished, he said,

"I never heard, till yesterday, that my marriage had been published. My sister was the first to tell me. It occurred after I had sailed, and I have no doubt was inserted, by Despencer or Bentley, solely to deceive you. My friends, it appears, caused it to be promptly contradicted; but I suppose that the paper, in which the contradiction appeared, was purposely kept out of your sight. The lady, to whom the notice married me, has been, for more than a year, betrothed to a very intimate friend of mine, and has since been married. She and I have known each other from childhood. She is like a second sister to me. Had she been in town, last year, she would have called on you, and then this miserable mistake could never have occurred."

I hid my face again on his broad chest, as he myself? Whom I had secretly worshiped as the | jealousy, when I had seen him driving her out,

and was glad to conceal the blushes, which I } felt burning in my cheek.

"I knew you were living with Georgiana," he continued. "But I little suspected that your uncle had discarded you: for some reason or other the Elliotts kept that part of their conduct secret. They have reaped as they have sown, however. Yesterday, I fearned that the present crisis has carried your uncle down: he is a bankrupt, if not worse-

I started.

"Not ruined?" I cried.

"Yes! utterly."

The news stunned me for an instant. Then I thought of Rosalie.

"We will seek her at once," he said, in answer to my question. "I was going, as I have aready said, to start to-morrow to visit you. I had supposed that you had returned to your uncle's long ago, and would have sought you, before coming here, if it had not been for a letter from my sister, which I could answer only in person. When I heard, from Bella, of your uncle's failure, I was anxious to set off by the next train, but was detained till to-night, by the same imperative business that brought me here. God knows I little thought, when I was loitering idly over Europe, what you were suffering."

"I deserve it all," I murmured, again hiding my face. "You were right and I was wrong."

"We were both wrong, and both right, darling," was his answer. "I was too imperious, and we were both too proud. We are older and wiser now, I trust. But I have my confession to make also, and it is this, that the more I reflected on your motive for standing by Geor-\ voice quivered for an instant. But directly she since regretted my going; and though I too have had doubts whether I was loved any longer, I But there is the tea-bell." returned at last to put it to the test."

"You shall be my guide, my master henceforth," I whispered, looking up into his face. "I several years. Our winters are spent in the city, have never been happy since that fatal morning."

He bent down and kissed me reverently.

"God deal with me," he said, with solemn accents, "as I deal by you." And thus were we, a second time, betrothed.

A carriage was now heard driving up the road. "That is my sister," said Mr. Talbot, "I will } bring her here directly," and he ran out.

I was all confusion. But I appreciated the tact which instinctively told Mr. Talbot to delay the meeting till he had made the necessary explanations; and the respite gave me time to recover myself in some measure.

In a very few minutes, the sister came running in, a gentle likeness of her brother, still pretty, though a widow. Taking me to her heart, as if I had been a younger sister, she won my confidence and affection at once.

"There now, Talbot, go away," she said, "we'll see you, by-and-bye, at the tea-table; but meanwhile Margaret must come with me, for I have the children to show her, little dears. besides a thousand other things."

Speaking thus, she carried me into a charming chamber, which was fragrant with flowers, and which overlooked the wide valley, that was now darkening with the shades of twilight. Here, after busying herself about for awhile, in order. as she said, to make things more comfortable, she left me to myself, promising to summon me in about an hour.

The first thing I did, when the door closed behind her, was to give way to a hearty fit of crying. Then I washed my eyes, smoothed my hair, and had just finished rearranging my dress, when I heard a light tap at the door. It was my hostess with her two children, bright, demonstrative little girls, who made friends with me immediately: and one of whom strikingly reminded me of Rosalie. In five minutes I was as much at home with this darling as if I had known her all my life.

"Don't you think Hemlock Farm picturesque?" the mother said, directly, going to the window. "We consider the view, down the valley, very fine. The place is the old homestead, you know; but Talbot lent it to me, when I and these little ones were left alone." Here her giana, the nobler your character appeared. I went on. "My affairs are now settled, however, went to Europe, because I was too proud to seek and, after this winter, we shall live in the city, you, and yet could not forget you: but I long and Talbot will take the old homestead back. It has always been his favorite summer resort.

> I could lengthen out my story, but why should I? Mr. Talbot and I have now been married for our summers at Hemlock Farm. My husband has been called, more than once, to take part in the councils of his state and nation; but he always finds a few months of leisure for our mountain home.

The children, who have grown around us, love the old place as much as their parents do. We are a happy family, especially when Mr Talbot's sister, with her two girls, joins us, as she does, for a few weeks, every summer.

For Rosalie lives with us. I have adopted her as my own child. Mr. Talbot fulfilled his promise, sought out the Elliotts, and finding that they were reduced to the extremest poverty, had Old Jane died in prison, while I was lying little difficulty in persuading them to surrender sick. On everybody, except myself, who had their daughter. My uncle and aunt, indeed, lived in the old stone mansion, since the night survived their loss of fortune less than a year. Of the first awful tragedy there, the parricidal They were unable to bear what they thought the curse seemed to have fallen; for all had perished disgrace of indigence, and died of what some { prematurely. The mansion itself is now a roofwould call broken hearts, in consequence.

in California, a man, answering to his descrip- pines still stand, like mourners, about it; and tion, was lynched on the Sacramento for stealing as they sob and groan in the winter blasts, give tive that this was Georgiana's husband.

less ruin, through whose open casements the Despencer never reappeared in the United winds and rain beat, and whose very stones are States. After the discovery of the gold mines slimy with damp and decay But the sombre another miner's claim; but we were never posi- { color to the popular tradition, now more positive than ever, that the place is haunted.

# THE CALM OF LIFE.

#### BY EMILY HEWITT BUGBER.

THE day goes down in its beauty, And from the Heavens afar, As a jewel of wonderous brightness, Gleameth the evening star.

The clouds-like freighted vessels-Have floated far out to sea; And gentle winds are whisp'ring To every listening tree.

The sky as a hand is stretching In holiness over all. And I hear, as from voices in Heaven, A benediction fall!

Ah. me! that Life's cares and sorrows Might go with the drifting clouds; They would go in a million numbers-In thick and struggling crowds!

And I wish that a calm might follow, As reigns o'er the world to-night,

That the spirit might rise restrengthened With the dawn of to-morrow's light.

I wish-and I wish but vainly! The hands of the pleading heart Must soon unclasp from the weaker, And nerve for the sterner part!

For sighing is weak and ignoble-It cures not the wounds of the past; It were better to die and be faithful Than to yield unto wrong at the last!

Brave heart-covered over with stabbings From the hands of the fulse and untrue! Be thou strong in thine armor of iron Till the battle is triumphed through!

And then, as the night now falling. When the surging toil is o'er In a cloudless calm-star-lighted-Thou shalt rest forevermore!

#### HOUSE OF THE NOVEL READER. THE

BY ELIZABETH BOUTON.

"WIFE! wife! do let me have that book, Yes, nearly noon, and only look, The breakfast-table standing yet, And sure I am a saint would fret To hear that blessed baby roar; Man never needed patience more."

"Now, husband! do for once be still, For read I must, and read I will: The very deuce is surely in it, I never can sit down a minute But there is such an uproar here-Take up the baby-that's a dear-He's yours, I'm sure, as much as mine-I cannot understand a line."

"Please, mother! tell me where to go With all these breakfast things, you know If any visitors should come You'd have to say, 'I'm not at home.'"

"Go right away, you tiresome child! You worry me till I am wild, The dishes put just where you please, And let me have a moment's peace."

"Look, mother! Sister, ain't that nice? Cat's in the cream up to her eyes, And Rover, with his two fore-feet Upon the table, stealing meat. Hurrah! I'm glad I am a boy, I'm off to where I can enjoy More fun than's to be found at home: Don't you wish, sister, you might come, While father rocks our little pet, (He'll make a charming nurse-maid yet,) And mother reads her book in quiet, With nobody to make a riot?"

# INFLUENCE.

## BY MRS. M. A. DENISON.

"I HAVE no influence!"

surprise. The speaker was poor, plain, and (in } her own eyes) insignificant.

have influence-you, everybody. You can't get away from it. And it matters not what is your best shirts he had. A banker, who was applied sphere, your duty, your sex, there is a moral to on the youth's account, whistled a little, then obligation always pressing upon you. You can- saying to himself, "I shall never feel it," put not put it off with excuses; you cannot hide it ififty dollars into the applicant's hand. under careless gayety; you cannot resist it by moroseness and negligence. It follows you to your grave.

No influence!

My friend, you are ever impressing somebody } with good or evil-child or neighbor, mistress or maid, elerk or employer. With the laughing debauchee you may sing,

> "I care for nobody, Nobody cares for me,"

and to a certain extent this may be true; but you are at the same time receiving and making impressions.

No influence!

Oh! not so. One would think that the miser, drawn within himself, loving nothing but his musty deeds and bonds and hoarded gold, was the last man to exercise any obligation of morality toward mankind. Yet there is not a moment he draws his shriveled lungs full of heaven's bounteous air, but he is making an impression for evil on somebody.

No influence!

We cannot live for ourselves alone The most selfish being in existence is like a pen perpetually moving, blotting foully where he does not make fair marks.

"What am I doing?"

A question every one should pause to ask in the midst of life's cares or reckless pleasures.

You, madam, are heedlessly teaching your child lessons of vanity, by your perpetual recurrence to dress, dress, dress.

You, madam, are making your children fretful by your own gloomy brow, and hurried, restless answers. To be sure you have cares and trials: please tell us who has not?

The moral character is only ennobled when The words were spoken in a sort of passionate we do right under adverse circumstances—in other words, when we make sacrifices.

We knew a poor, old man-most likely out of It put us in a moralizing mood-thus. You the body now-who, when an indigent college youth came to him for help, gave him the two

> But-we believe God looked with most favor on the man who felt it-the poor, old man with scarcely a dollar in his pocket. He had proved . that he did his charity for charity's sake. It cost him something. He had made a sacrifice in the name of Him who said, "Verily they shall have their reward." So, my friend, consider the character, the moulding of your child's whole future being of sufficient importance to make some sacrifice of your feelings when circumstances are adverse.

No influence!

You, sir, are injuring more than one young man by the glass you take in public; you, sir, by the petty tricks of deception in trade, which none understand so well as your clerks; you, sir, by your passionate temper and vehement blasphemies; you, sir, by your meanness at home, exercised toward wife and children.

"I'm sure I have no influence," sighed a poor shop girl, pausing in the midst of her work.

She had but that moment made an honest statement, which, had she avoided, would have saved her fifty cents. The other girls, who had forgotten their consciences, were rebuked. Their flushed faces and downcast eves told that the good seed had not fallen in vain.

"I'm sure I have no influence," murmured a poor old woman, as she was going from church on the Sabbath.

But mark you-out of the great congregation none but she had said, "Oh! sir, (to the pastor) your sermon did me so much good! It was like rest to the weary, or refreshment to the hungry."

She little dreamed how those words blessed that good man's heart, warming, comforting, consoling. They imparted a new strength to 423

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him; he felt happier all the week for having upon the other side—for we all do harm as easily heard them.

No influence!

But ah! the instances that might be recorded guide of life. And the consequences follow us!

as good, and more frequently, if we are not animated by the one principle that should be the

# A CHILD'S THOUGHT.

## BY ELEANOR CLAIR

Upon the Western hills, the beams
Of fading sunlight lay,
And with the dying rays a life

Was passing fast away.

Three Summers had beheld her bloom; The fourth was hasting by, When like the early flowers, the time Had come for her to die.

With solemn gaze, two children looked Upon the parting scene, And wonder grew within their souls To know what death might mean.

And when the last faint breath was spent
And closed the weary eyes,
The dark death-angel spread his wings
And bore away the prize,

The sister and the brother stood And watched how twilight shade O'er hill and vale, and field and wood Its silent progress made;

And all the time, in silence deep
They thought the mystery o'er,
While the new sense of life and death
Grew stronger than before.

Till suddenly, a silver ray
Delights the upturned eye,
Where fair and clear, a lonely star
Has taken its place on high.

And then a meaning seemed to break
Upon them from afar;
"See, sister's soul," they cried, in joy,

"See, sister's soul," they cried, in joy,
"Is now a shining star,

And through the night, till morning break
Her Heavenly place she'll keep,
And never weary, from above
Will watch us while we sleep."

Strong, child-like Faith! were such but ours To keep our souls serene, With neither doubt nor care nor fear, God's love and us between.

For though the loved be distant far, And all unknown the state In which beyond this mortal sphere Our coming they await;

If they with star-like eyes keep watch O'er our uncertain feet, Or dwell serene, of earthly things Lulled in oblivion sweet,

We know that when, on star or sun, Or where the place may be, The Saviour calls the ransomed home His face of light to see.

The parted ones are joined again, Knowing as they are known, And love's fruition is complete Before the Father's throne.

# ZENA.

## BY E. SUMMERS DANA.

Where the early flowers blossom
In a Southern sunny clime,
Where the birds their plaintive warblings
Echo in the sweet Spring time,
Where the sycamore hangs proudly
Over merry laughing streams,
There a lovely, thoughtful maiden
Wanders oft and sweetly dreams.

Often will approaching nightfall
Find her pensive, sitting there,
With the violet and blue-bell
Twining in her sunny hair;
While the melody that gushes
From the streamlet rippling by,
Is not sweeter than her blushes
As a shadow meets the eye

Mirrored in the crystal waters,
Fairer than a sylvan elf.
Yet she thinks not, pensive dreamer,
That it is her own sweet self.
Now her thoughts are fondly lingering
O'er the land which gave her birth,
Which to every filial wanderer
Is the dearest spot of earth.

Angels watch her as she lingers,
Zephyrs (an her Parian brow
Fragrant with sweet-scented blossoms,
For her thoughts are holy now.
May there mingle in her dreamings
Thoughts of one who at her side,
Spent life's happiest hours so swiftly
On the blue and restless tide.



# LEAVES FROM NANNIE WILD'S DIARY.

# BY MARY AMES ATKINS.

Almond Grove, 1851.

with since I was ushered upon this stage of my mother's love, and feel that through it I existence. Do I speak irrevelantly? I do not could obtain my life-long desire. Nurse says I wish to; but bitter fountains are stirred within am handsome enough; but who else will ever me, and such strange thoughts thrill me through \ see through her eyes? She let a word drop this and through! My dear old nurse says these are morning that puzzles me: she intimates that wicked indulgences, and that every lot is better & Grace attracts many of our male visitors to the a thousand times than we deserve, and worthy } our deepest gratitude; and also declares that I { not write it. am old as the oldest in many things, especially } in reflection. People usually deem long life de- in all things, (and I would tell this only to you, sirable. Shouldn't it be? I have seen glimpses { my precious diary, ) not that she is superior inof life that I thought ought to be perpetual, so { tellectually to the pupils, but because she is true and golden seemed every moment! Who beautiful. can desire to be happier than my sister Grace? How beautiful and beloved she is! I wonder if { I am such a dreadfully homely, unloveable thing? } principal, stern man, thorough teacher, has a Everybody says so—actually everybody. Even stronger fancy for a lovely than a homely face. my mother cannot endure a full gaze at my face; { I suppose he cannot help favoring Grace, beauty and flushes up when strangers (and we have a great many, especially gentlemen,) say, "Is this { your child?" as if it were impossible for so } beautiful a parent tree to have brought forth such stinted, rough, ugly fruit. Ah! my mother, } you little know how deeply I love you-how con- } stantly I desire your approbation-how ardently I long for you to call me "my daughter," in the I have hidden powers of mind of great value. I tones that charm, aye! and pain me, because } can tell you this: alas! who else would care to they are never for me. These heedless strangers hear it? But if this be true, can genius comdo not affect me, but my mother's mortification { pensate for the absence of that love I unceasingly is far more distressing to me than these sudden crave? But I must win this love. Ma laughed and frequent confirmations of my utter destitu- when I promised to write as well as Grace. tion of facial attractions. Would want of beauty She thought I could not—she sees I can, as I in my mother make any difference in my love write all her letters to papa. Can I bide my for her? Never! She would be my mother, and time? Oh! the old longing to be near her in that dearest of all words there is beauty, the heart. The very impossibility of even partial deepest and richest earth affords. How she possession is an incentive to exertion. I will loves and pets Grace; and I, ugly I, standing by strive to win and deserve it. longing, heart-sick for one of the sweet names I said, "Mother, does father willingly tolerand caresses that seem very stale to my fortunate ate the presence of ugly-faced people?" upon. flaming hair, freckled face, small, grey eyes, wide { I heard her clear, loud tones in Grace's chammouth and stooping figure, that I could never ber, saying, fade. I suppose he thought me quite as ugly as § is possible for me to be. I was not angry with especially dress; Mr. Bright is very fond of

I don't think much of beauty for myself, and Twelve to-day. So many years gone through a never want it, only when I get to longing for house. A sudden thought strikes me, but I will

Everybody likes Grace. At school she is first

I have noticed (I hope I am not growing envious, jealous, nor unjust,) that even our is so enticing; but he ought not to indulge in this sort of favoritism. Do any guess what an inner life I lead? Conflict and triumph side by side the whole way through! I dream dreams when wide awake that fill my soul with inexpressible glory. Genius! What is genius? Ah! my little diary, I can dare to tell you that I think This morning, sister. The other day, Frank Lee, one of my which, she looked at me so strangely and coldly. schoolmates consolingly told me at the close of that I dared not trust myself to await here a number of mirthful observations upon my answer, but rushed from the room. Soon after.

"You shall have everything you want, pet; him. I never am with any who call me ugly. { dress. You do need your room refurnished. I.

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wonder where my eyes were that I did not find \ round. I am very proud of her; my love for it out before you mentioned it. Don't you think } Nan a little queer?"

Ugly everyway, hey?" "She's always that. replied Grace.

What a monster I must seem to people! ugly everyway! Yet, much of it is because I am misunderstood. I will drink peace from that thought. What are mere gifts, qualifications, my dear unconscious sister, compared with the wealth of love you daily receive, yet are never thankful for?

Almond Grove, 1855.

Many a line of painful history have I traced on your patient face, my pale, silent friend, and many more are yet to come, I fear.

The years go by, and I am still alone. People usually deem long life desirable. At sixteen I am the same, homely, unattractive creature, who, at nine, wondered why her mother turned from her proffered kiss. Alas! I am led through many a pain to wish myself the ignorant little being of that misty period! "You can never fade," promised that humorous schoolmate, as his fine ? eye danced with fun.

Fade! Ah! there is worse fading than the daily slipping away of the cheeks' carmine, of the eyes' brightness, of the skin's lily fairness, of the hair's luxuriance and gloss, of the figure's ? graceful roundness. Ah! far worse! I own this with streaming eyes. Oh! to be alone-alone when the crushed tendrils of the heart are forever reaching upward for the dew they parch for but can never obtain. I long for my father's Will he love me? Will he receive my heartfelt welcome? I was only five when he left { Will he wonder I have no dresses made of the rich silks he sent home for me? He shall ? never know that Grace has had them all fitted to could not: besides, "mine and thine" are distinctions I can never bring myself to make. But i he is firm in the plan. May God help and prosto have given her those articles myself would have been a happiness to mc. Yet, mother may have done right in withholding them from me. (I must not descry spots in the face of my sun, I had far rather bask in its brightness, although its beams fall only indirectly upon me.)

How have those years of absence dealt with father? He used to call in tones that made me laugh, "his little scarecrow." He will find his scarecrow different only in size.

Mr. Bright is still her admirer. She treats him ? The old kind look was there, but lines, care and variously. It is plain she does not quite discard? India sun had done their worst upon it. He left him, nor does she any of her admirers. She the corner, preferring to walk toward his home

the beautiful being very intense. But I must leave you here alone, diary. Nurse wants me to go to a prayer meeting with her.

Almond Grove, a month later.

How lovely is the day, beautiful with sunshine, and reaches of deep, blue sky, and perfumes redolent of flowers in their richest bloom! How much poetry, and prayer, and praise their is in such a day!

From afar, like discontented spirits, come on the breeze to me, the roar and turmoil, and discord of the city; and yet, distinctly, softly sweet, the murmuring waves will have their anthem heard by one who loves the music well. How glad, how bright and beautiful nature looks to me. Truly my soul is reveling in a baptism that, a month ago, I did not dream could be mine. The glories of a second birth have placed me in a new life. Discontent, envy, vain-longings have fled. As heretofore, I will strive (yet not as its primary good) to win to my heart the heart of the being I so dearly love; I shall probably be disappointed, but I will labor to wear my trouble well. She and Grace only deride my new faith. I will not intrude it upon them, but let my daily life prove its worth and reality. Oh! could they but he happy as I. How glad dear old nurse is that I have come out of darkness into marvelous light. I agree with her that it was no little thing to stand upon the threshold of life, looking willfully with bursting heart afar upon a long reaching future bare of glad promise. But the wounds of my crushed heart are healed. The Good Shepherd has passed near and touched them. Preceding me into the waters was the figure of Frank Lee, thoughtful. subdued, with a martyr's look of exultant faith upon his fine countenance. I hear he will study To be sure she does honor to them that I for the ministry. His family deride the idea. being exceedingly aristocratic and worldly; but per him! I am certain that Grace fancies him above Mr. Bright. This gentleman begins to look dissatisfied—his long wooing does not prosper as he had hoped.

A month later.

He is here-my father-my father! How I love him! He has but just come-hardly an hour since. I watched long at the turn in the road, wanting a good, unseen look into the face that always beamed kindly into mine in infancy, Grace is nineteen, and redolent in beauty. and which I had kept in such fond remembrance. is the belle and beauty for many, many miles and note the changes time might have made in every remembered landmark. brought tears into my eyes. I should have done \( \) but regretted it when I met her quickly withjust so. My dear father must have a great, drawn glance. I felt the wrong, but was powerfresh soul. He walked slowly, noticing everything. Soon he came upon me as I sat on the hedge, netting in hand; a deep brown sunbonnet } slouched over my face. I felt very hot and } flushed, but would dare to lift my eyes, which I had only dropped when I felt how near he was getting. He bowed gravely, as he would in all for the best, I dare say. Father shall never passing any stranger. Then, as my soul, very likely with its thronging sensations, spoke in my face, he paused in front of me, while his deep, grey eyes went questioningly all over my poor, I could not stand thes. Tears homely face. rained over my face.

"Oh! father," I cried, rushing into his arms, while my netting went, I know not where.

"Why, Nanny!" and then he gave me a kiss that hid all the ugly, intervening years, and made of me a simple child of five. Oh! what rest did this give my soul.

"How are mother and Grace?" he asked.

"Well, and anxiously expecting you. Grace is a beauty," I added.

"Humph! I expected it; am glad she is, as I like beautiful things," with a sly glance of his eyes at me. "Aren't you a beauty, too? I shall be disappointed if you say no!"

"Now, father!" I cried, upon which he renewed his kiss; then, drawing my arm through his, hurried with me toward home. At the window stood mother, in full dress; Grace was not beside her.

He left me to greet mother, who never looked more radiantly beautiful. It was a fine couple standing there with clasping arms. I felt proud of my parents. It is a good thing to possess good parents.

"Why did not you put on a nicer dress, That is no henor to your father! But Nanny? you are so queer!"

"I thought, mother, of nothing but father," I explained.

"No apologies; you are the quintessence of neatness, and that's enough!" interposed father, holding forth a hand to me.

"To be sure, dress would not make much difference in her," said mother, who then rang for a servant to call Grace.

Grace soon entered. What a gorgeous picture she was! Like mother she was in elaberate costume.

what I expected to find the mistress of such { point, and went through it as we sat on the choice ideas and penmanship!" cried father, \ hedge-for he had seated me there-in a manholding her off to get his fill of gazing. Could ner that gave me fresh pride in him. In his

This plan of his { I help stealing a glance at mother? I did not, less to expose it. Grace, through indolence, has never written a line to father. I have long written for mother, who always chose (as she said) to write her own name at the close. And thus she managed to put Grace's where I naturally supposed hers would go. But never mind, it is know the deception if I can prevent it. . Ah! there's Frank Lee's quick step! But what is that to me, that I should disfigure you, my diary? Grace will be glad to see him. comes to see her. His visits are nothing to me. So I'll run down to the parlor for an hour or so, then come back to my writing-desk and add a page to the manuscript, that I am vain enough to hope the world, yes, really the whole world will some day see!

Almond Grove, three months later.

It never can be Nannie Wild now writing in this safety-valve-dairy-it never can be! What does the world mean by being so good to me? A while ago, father blundered upon my manuscript, (I shall always believe nurse put it in his way.) After the first hasty glance he cried, "Why! this penmanship is just like that of my letters from home for the past number of years!"

"Sartin 'tis." said nurse.

"But Nannie wrote this?" holding the book up that she might see it.

"Yes," replied nurse.

"And Grace wrote the letters?"

"No. sir. Miss Nannie wrote them," said nurse, with emphasis. She likes to pay me marked respect.

Father fell into a fit of musing. When he aroused, he read my manuscript very carefully. I was out visiting my Sunday scholars. When I was on my return I met father, who had come to meet me. I knew he was full of something.

"My dear, dear, gifted child!" he burst forth. while big tears actually rolled from his eyes, "how strangely, cruelly you have been treated. I see it all now. How blind I've been all my life. But you shall be righted. Righted! As if we, so deeply your inferiors, could right, appreciate you properly!"

I was quite as full as he. Not a word could I speak. I was literally dumb. When he took the manuscript from his bosom-he had plunged it there when he came forth to meet me-he spoke "So this is my beautiful correspondent! Just of it in the highest terms. Took it up, point by criticism he did not dream that he was letting { look upon me in such a light? Truly, I cannot me glance into a mine of genius that he is ignorant he possesses. That night Frank Lee called. To my surprise, he passed the seat that Grace } reserved for him on the sofa beside her, and { came and took a vacant chair at my side. He had to walk the full length of the drawing-room to do this. I think I must have looked awkwardly red. He had not sat long, ere father called him into the library. I know now what { made my heart bound at the summons. It was about my manuscript. Father has great confidence in Frank's judgment. And now the book } is out. The world has seen and praised it. A { tender thought. It seems far too joyful and little fortune promises to be the result of this literary effort. It has been poetized, and chil- soul be happy in a union with me? It is a dren, hurdy-gurdies, and pianos alike sing the momentous question. Oh, Frank! Frank! if I music set to it. Ought I not to rejoice that the should through any cause bring a pain-throb to great Father has been so indulgent to me? Also, your heart! Oh! human souls bound together that he has kindly given me the love of my at the marriage altar ought to study, appreciate mother and sister! The latter will soon marry each other with awe and reverence! It takes Mr. Bright. And I, whom shall I marry? No but a slight jar to irreparably injure the finest wonder that I doubt I am Nanny Wild! I shall { porcelain! That I may be worthy of so good a some time marry-Providence willing-Frank man, and thankful to the Giver of so bright a Lee! the idol of my days! How came he to sesting, shall be my constant prayer and effort.

see. Nurse says I was always a great favorite with him, and that he never liked anybody else. But she is, as ever, a fond flatterer. I got a copy of my book bound in the richest manner for her. I often find her poring over it. She keeps it on a stand side by side with her Bible; I suspect the latter is sometimes neglected for the former. Mother often refers, I am told, to her gifted daughter Nanny! I am glad there is something in me that she can be proud of. Can the bright future that I pause to look into be really for me? I approach it with trembling, bright for such as I. Can so rich and great a

## PAULINA.

## BY HELEN L. BOSTWICK.

SHE came among us as a bride, What time the earth put off her green, At mellow Autumn's middle tide: When, girt and jeweled like a queen, October, with her hair aflame, Flushed brow, and purple finger tips, Across the Southern orchards came, And touched the apples with her lips.

She came a bride—so fond, so gay— Ah! in you chamber still and deep, We little thought so soon to lay A pillow for her dreamless sleep:

And treading back the snows of March, There, mute and slow, to follow her, Who gathered 'neath the festal arch, So many a raptured worshiper.

She came in Autumn-ah, how fair! They watched her cheek who loved her best, Smiled at the June rose lingering there. And none its root of fever guessed. Now, creeping from thin-budding bowers, Where yet rude winds at midnight rave, White-footed April wakes the flowers, To weep beside her early grave.

# HOPELESS LOVE.

## BY FINLEY JOHNSON.

I SHRINK, dear one, from offering thee A timid love like mine: I can but worship thee afar. As an immortal shrine; No hope have I to gain thy heart. How hopelessly I love; I can but brood upon my heart, As on its nest the dove.

Ah, me! 'tis sad that I should love All silent and alone: God grant thy fate may never be As wretched as mine own;

I would not have dark sorrow's pangs Upon thy heart to prey; To feed upon thy every hope, And wear thy live away.

I breathe thy name, beloved one, Within the realms of sleep; And though my love is vain, yet it Can pray for thee and weep; And though I may upon this earth Find all my love is vain; Yet unto me in Paradise, It shall return again.

#### THE SISTER'S CHARGE.

#### BY FRANK LRE BENEDICT.

#### CHAPTER I.

Ir was a raw autumn evening. The wind shivered down from the hills in great gusts, and a chill rain was beginning to fall, which threatened to end in a heavy storm of sleet and hail.

Ann Leonard stood by the window, looking out upon the tempest, and eagerly watching through the dim light for her brother's arrival. There was no light in the room, the fire had burned low and everything wore a look of gloom, but through the half-open door there was a view of the broad kitchen, with a cheerful fire burning on the hearth, the tea-table drawn up near the fire, and everything wearing that air of comfort which only a tender and loving woman's hand can give.

Ann left the window, and, with a prolonged glance about the room, went quickly out into the kitchen, as if startled by the darkness which surrounded her. She looked mournfully around, for it was but a little time since a heavy grief had fallen upon her in that old house. By the fire-place still stood her father's arm-chair, in the spot where he had sat for years; but three months before they had carried the old man out to the grave-yard, and laid him beside the wife and children who had gone before.

There were none left now but Ann and her brother Charles. The house which had formerly been so cheerful, was desolate: and in Ann's heart struggled bitter sorrow for the past, and undefined fears for the future, which she dared not too closely question lest they should take a shape more terrible than those vague doubts.

Suddenly she heard the sound of footsteps, and, hastening to the outer door, flung it open just as her brother reached it. He was a tall, fine-looking fellow of twenty, drenched now with rain, but wearing upon his face some look of unexplained joy which lit it up with almost boyish beauty.

"I have got it, Ann!" he exclaimed; "I have got it! I am to start whenever I like."

"Oh! Charles."

She could say no more; but, going back to the fire, stood there, pale and trembling, as if the wind from without had chilled her.

The youth was too much excited to notice her }

agitation. He threw off his hat and outer coat, wrung the moisture from his dark curls, talking eagerly all the while, and quite unable to remain still for a moment.

"I had a hard walk from the post-office through this rain, I tell you," he said, "but it's no matter, I got the letter."

"And they have promised you the place?" Ann asked, at length, forcing herself to speak.

"Yes, to be sure. I'll read you the letter as soon as I can dry my hands. Mr. Winthrop recommended me very highly, and it seems that one of the firm used to know father, so they gave me the situation without hesitation."

"And when shall you go?"

"I would like to start to-night. I suppose it will take me a week to get ready, but I shall be off the moment I can. Here is the letter——"

"Wait till you have had your tea," interrupted Ann; "I would rather hear it then."

She turned away, and, for a few moments, was very busy over the table, though her hand shook so that she could scarcely hold the teapot, and the great tears would roll out from under her eyelids in spite of all her efforts to keep them back.

"I hate to see you at such work," said Charles, suddenly turning toward her. "Wait till I get rich and we will live in the city, and you shall not make a slave of yourself in this way."

"Our mother did it before me, Charles," she said, gently.

"If you are not crying!" he exclaimed. "Why, Ann, crying at my good luck?"

"I wish I could be sure that it is so," she replied.

"How can it be otherwise? Isn't it a great deal better to go to the city and stand a chance of being a rich merchant, than to slave away my life on the old farm. I won't do it, Ann, I have made my mind up to that."

"Tea is ready," was all she said; "sit down, for I am sure you must be hungry."

"I believe I am, though I was too near crazy to think of it. Now, Ann, we haven't much time to attend to things in. We must let the farm, I suppose, and you can live in the house—there's Groves wants the place."

"With my consent he shall never have it-he

is a bad man. Leave all to me, Charles; when stient youth who longed to break away from that spring comes I shall have everything arranged. I shall not argue with you, it is too late; you must go to New York if you think proper, but I still feel that it would have been better had you decided to remain, pay off the mortgage which hangs over the farm, and live here quietly as our parents did before us."

"I should die, Ann! For the last year it has seemed impossible for me to stay another day; it was nothing but father's poor health that kept me here so long."

Ann shook her head sadly, but made no reply. "Now, sis, don't look so grave! You are fancying all sorts of dreadful things, and not one of them will be verified."

"You are so young yet, Charles, and when I think of all the temptations to which you will be exposed, I am troubled and anxious."

"Oh, never fear; I will be as wise as a judge; I have got over all my little follies."

The conversation went gradually back to the past, and soon both were dwelling with sorrowful fondness upon the memory of the dear ones who had one by one been taken from them. Charles retired to his room at length full of buoyant hope and expectation; but deep into the night Ann Leonard sat by the waning fire, grieving over her brother's head-strong determination to follow every passing caprice, and trying to see her way clear through the irksome duties which must necessarily fall upon her.

Mr. Leonard, their father, had been a man of no ordinary mind, and though a farmer living in a quiet, out-of-the-way place, his two children had been carefully educated. During the latter years of his life he had been harassed by debts, which devolved upon him through the mismanagement of a brother, and Charles' conduct had also caused him much trouble. had been a wild, uncontrollable boy; and several times during his school days there had been difficulties to settle and debts to pay, which pressed heavily upon the old man, and were an added bitterness to the trials he already endured.

When Mr. Leonard died, there was little left his children beside the farm and the homestead. There was a heavy mortgage upon the place, but he had instructed them how it might be paid off; and if the son had followed his father's directions, they would in the course of two or three years find themselves comfortably situated.

But Ann found it useless to reason with her brother. He had determined to pursue his own fancies, and a life in the city he craved beyond her that he was anxious each year to save a anything in the world.

peaceful seclusion, and rush forth into the confusion and strife of the outer world. Quickly. oh, how quickly the days fled to the anxious sister, till it seemed to her that she would have given years out of her own life to prolong those fleeting hours.

He was gone at last, and Ann Leonard sat down in her solitary dwelling, feeling that the quiet of her life was broken up, and that it could never return to the untroubled serenity of the past.

But she had little time to brood over those dark presages; there was work to be done, and it was better so. Our griefs magnify in idleness, and for one who suffers there is no ill so fatal as knowing that there are no positive duties to be performed, nothing only to lie down in passive despair and wait until the whirlwind is past.

The winter passed slowly and sadly enough. There came frequent letters from Charles, full of hope and glowing anticipations, in which Ann could take no share.

"Have no fear for me," had been her brother's last words; "I can see my future clearly now."

But Ann did fear. She knew his fickle nature so well, his weakness, his proneness to temptation, but she was powerless to aid him now, save as some good angel might, by giving her prayers, and watching over the boy whom she had promised her dying father to guard always.

## CHAPTER II.

Two years went by, and in all that time the brother and sister had not once met. summer Ann had awaited his arrival with loving impatience, but there came only hurried letters of regret-the pressure of business was so great that he was unable to leave town.

Several times she had proposed visiting him, but either the occasion was not convenient forhim to receive her, or her numerous occupations detained her at home: so during that long interval they had possessed no interest or feelings in common, unless the great love which filled Ann's heart found an echo in his own.

During that time Ann had carried on the farm with the aid of a trusty man, and under her good management the debts which her father left had been wholly paid off, and the farm, in a measure, relieved from the mortgage which hung over it.

Many times she had found means to send Charles small sums of money, as he had written portion out of his salary for the formation of a The week passed—very slowly to the impa-? capital for future business; and he never knew the annoying economy which she was forced to exercise, the petty privations so painful to a woman { expression to one of deep sympathy. He led which she endured in order to add to his comfort her gently into an inner room and closed the and happiness.

During the first year, she received frequent letters from Charles, but after that they became irregular and more brief, until at length whole weeks would elapse between the reception of those hurried and unsatisfactory missives. Ann detected an air of restraint unusual with him, and she wrote begging him to be perfectly frank and open with her. He only chided her for such folly, and she was forced to console herself with the idea that perhaps her affection rendered her too solicitous, and she refrained from wearying him with the fears which troubled her lonely hours.

It was autumn again; the second anniversary of Charles' departure had come and past. Ann had received no tidings from him for more than a month; but one day, when her distress was at its height, there came from him a few lines which froze her very blood.

"Come to me, Ann, for God's sake! Forgive me, but come,"

There followed the address of a gentleman whom she was to seek the instant of her arrival in the city. A few more incoherent words, so blotted and indistinct that she could not decipher them, and that was all.

There was no time to lose in tears or suffering. In an hour Ann was on her way, and that afternoon she reached the railway by which she was to pursue her journey. There was no train until almost evening, so there followed more hours of suspense passed in pacing her room at the hotel, striving to keep back the fears which tortured her, and praying God to avert the evil which hung over her darling.

It was the afternoon of the next day before she reached the city. She controlled her excitement sufficiently to drive to a hotel and change her dress: then she started immediately in search of the person whose address had been given in the letter.

It was a lawyer's office down in one of the close business streets that Ann sought. She entered the room apparently calm, though her limbs were trembling so that she could scarcely stand, and her eyes were wild with pain and She was conscious that there was only one person in the office-a gentleman who rose as she entered and offered her a chair.

- "I wish to see Mr. Germon," she said.
- "That is my name," he replied.
- "I am Charles Leonard's sister," she said, in a cold, strange tone.

The gentleman's face changed from its calm

"Tell me the worst," she exclaimed. "Don't keep me in suspense a moment longer. has happened?"

"The most terrible thing you can imagine,

Miss Leonard. Your brother-"Well, well! Is he living? He is not dead?"

"He has been arrested, and is in prison."

Ann did not weep nor faint. She stood upright, gazing in his face with a bewildered expression, unable to comprehend the full meaning of his words. He grew alarmed at her appearance, exclaiming,

"Miss Leonard!"

"I did not understand," she said, in the same unnatural tone. "What has happened to my brother?"

"I have told you the worst; pray sit down, Miss Leonard. I am your brother's friend-will you not consider me yours also?"

"Charles in prison!" she repeated. "Take me to him, sir-my place is beside him, he has no one but me in all the world—do take me to him."

Mr. Germon felt his eyes moisten at the sight of her anguish; but he knew that a full explanation must be made, and she could bear it better then than after she had recovered from that unexpected shock.

"You shall go to him at once, Miss Leonard," he said; "but it will be less painful for you to hear some explanation from me than him."

"Tell me-tell me."

"Charles has been for the last year under the influence of a very bad man, and even my persussions, although he considered me one of his nearest friends, were unavailing to persuade him to break off that intimacy. This man induced him to gamble, persuaded him to forge notes signed with the name of his firm to pay the debts. Several of the notes Charles paid, but this time he was unable—there was an exposure -the company were much incensed and Charles was arrested."

"Tell me that you believe him innocent of anything but weakness and I can bear it," Ann gasped.

"I do, upon my soul! He was the tool of a villain, and suffers for his crimes."

"Now I am strong again! What can be done, Mr. Germon? My brother must not go to prison -he shall not!"

"We must obtain bail for him, and if we could persuade Messrs. Howard & Graves not to pro-¿ secute, all would be well."

- "Have you tried?"
- "But without success. I saw only Mr. Graves, an iron-hearted old man; but Mr. Howard is now in town-
- "I will see him, he was my father's friend. First let me go to my brother-I can find bail for him. I am strong now-in heart my brother is not guilty-he shall not be punished! Come, Mr. Germon-come."

The young lawyer looked at her in admiring \( \) you must be freed from this horrible place." The force with which she reastonishment. pressed the terrible anguish that for a moment had threatened to overwhelm her, the courage which illuminated her whole face through the pallor of suffering, were wonderful to behold in one so young and womanly.

He led the way out of the office They entered the carriage and drove to the gloomy old prison that looms up in the midst of New York like a monument of human misery. Ann took his arm as they left the carriage, and they entered the gloomy portals. She refused to have her brother sent for, and, after a few moments delay, they were conducted across the court-yard, and entered that portion of the building where the male prisoners are confined. Ann was conscious that they passed along a gloomy corridor. She heard the rattle of keys-the clanking of a heavy door, and found herself standing in a small cell, at the farther end of which was crouched a man.

She sprang forward with a cry and clasped her brother in her arms. Charles Leonard shrunk back with a groan, but she drew him closer to her faithful heart, exclaiming through the tears. which, for the first time, streamed from her eves.

- "Brother-darling-it is I-look up-speak to me-do speak to me."
- "Let me go," he cried, in a sort of frenzy; "leave me to my fate, you must hate me forever."
- "I love you more than before, darling! Nothing shall separate us but death, that was my promise to our father."
- "I am lost, Ann," he groaned, "lost-there is no help for me!"
- "I think there is, I believe there is-do not despair."

She looked round for Mr. Germon, but with delicate consideration he had not entered the cell, feeling that during the first moments of their meeting the brother and sister were best alone.

- "There is no way, Ann-I must go to prisonto prison!"
- has returned, I am going to see him at once; we { which another could offer.

- can procure bail for you, and if he will only stop the prosecution all will be right again."
- "Do you know how guilty I am? wretch you are holding to your heart?"
- "I know that you have been the victim of a bad man, but I do not believe you guilty."
- "Indeed I meant to replace the money, Ann! was mad-I could not think or feel the wrong."
- "I know, I know! Where is Mr. Germon?-
- "To-night?" he asked, eagerly-"to-night?"
  - "If possible-at least to-morrow."
- "Oh, it is terrible here, Ann-two days and nights in this dreadful place! When I sleep I see my mother weeping, and my father bitterly reproaching me "
- "They would never have done it, Charles,
  - "But the disgrace, Ann, the shame!"
- "So few will know it! I remember now that Mr. Germon told me he had kept it out of the papers-
- "Yes, God bless him! Oh, Ann, he is a noble fellow! Where is he, I want to see him?"

Perhaps his voice reached Germon where he stood without, for the door opened gently and he entered the cell.

"She forgives me," exclaimed the prisoner, springing toward him; "she forgives me! You told me to send for her-God bless you! I feel almost free now."

For a few moments the brother and sister wept in silence, then Charles flung himself upon the bed again in a new paroxysm of despair.

- "It is of no use," he said, brokenly; "I am lost! They will sentence me to prison, but I will not live to endure the shame."
- "Hush," said Ann, almost sternly, "you must not unnerve me! I believe that I can save you. Charles."

There was a few moments more mournful conversation, and then Ann rose to go, endeavoring to encourage new hope in her brother's heart.

"Another night to be spent here," he said. "Oh! Ann, the morning will never come!"

They left him to exert every means for his release, and Ann was not a woman to leave any expedient untried. They went first to Mr. Howard's house, and found him willing to aid his old friend's son in every way possible; but he knew so well the stubborn resolution of his partner, that he trembled for the boy.

But Ann would not despair. She insisted upon seeing Mr. Graves herself, and they allowed her to go alone, feeling that her persuasions would "No, Charles—no, you shall not! Mr. Howard have more power over him than any arguments

She found him alone in his study, an iron- ; faced old man, morose and misanthropic, who listened coldly to her passionate appeals, saying only,

"He is guilty, young woman, and he ought to suffer."

"Oh! sir, think if it were your own child! You had a daughter once. What if she stood before a judge pleading for a brother's life-for it is no less than life I beg for. Think of it-perhaps at this moment she is looking down upon you waiting for your resolve. Can you send me away hopeless, despairing?"

The old man turned away his head. The only oasis left in the desert of his heart was that daughter's memory.

"For her sake," pleaded Ann, "listen to me! In her name I ask this—can you refuse me?"

There was a tone in her voice which reminded him of his lost child; something in her manner which recalled her image as she had often stood beseeching him for some favor. The tears rose to his eyes, and his voice broke as he said,

"So, child, you have conquered. Your brother is safe."

There was something more touching in Ann's simple blessing than in a world of thanks. old man drew her toward him, muttering,

"You are like Isabel. Go, child, go."

Ann returned to Mr. Howard, but it was too late to do more that day. The next morning, Mr. Howard himself offered bail for the young man, and before noon he was free.

That night the brother and sister left the city, and before the evening of the next day they had reached their home.

"We are here at last," exclaimed Ann, leading her brother into the familiar old room. "Charles, darling, all is well."

He could not speak for a time, but when the first violence of his agitation was past, he threw himself on his knees before his sister, and they mingled their tears of repentance and gratitude.

"I shall not fear for you now," she whispered.

"God help me, you shall have no reason, Ann!" he cried, and as he buried his head in her lap, he felt upon his cheek her gentle tears, and heard the whispered prayer of thankfulness which rose to her lips.

#### CHAPTER III.

Edward Germon made several visits to the old felt what that of the misguided girl must be, farm-house. Ann learned to look for his coming and she trembled for the future which hung with a pleasure, for which she did not seek to over those two creatures so unfitted to underaccount; and to Charles his presence brought stand life's duties, or to contend with its trials. renewed cheerfulness.

The young man began to weary of the monotonous existence which he led. He tried to interest himself in the homely duties which offered themselves, but life upon a farm was peculiarly distasteful to him: and in truth his health was far from good. Dissipation and the excitement of those terrible days had left his constitution impaired: and as spring approached, a journey to a warmer climate seemed really necessary.

Ann made many sacrifices of which he knew nothing, in order to enable him to comply with the physician's request; and he, with his restlessness and desire for change, was only too happy to find himself once more escaping from that lonely life, against which his excitable nature so strongly rebelled.

He was gone at last, and Ann was left again to her solitude; but again Edward Germon came to the homestead, and, for the first time, the girl realized why it was that his visits brought her so much happiness.

She loved, and was beloved, but a wide distance spread between them and the perfect bliss which that love should have brought. Germon was poor, and Ann would not have felt that she had any right to desert her brother while her presence was necessary for his welfare.

A lucrative offer had been made Germon, which both knew it wise to accept, although it rendered a journey abroad necessary, and his absence would be prolonged to at least a year. But Ann Leonard's life had been one continual sacrifice, and she did not hesitate now. She bade her lover farewell with unfaltering courage, preserving his fortitude by her own: and when he had sailed, returning to her lonely home, which now seemed doubly desolate.

The spring came on sunny and beautiful. Ann was beginning to look for Charles' return, when there came letters from him announcing his speedy arrival; but he would not come alonehe was married!

During his absence he had met a young Southerner, passionate and impulsive as himself, and the acquaintance of a few weeks had ended in an elopement. The girl was an orphan. and the possessor of a few thousand dollars, which she could not touch until attaining her majority; but to do Charles justice, her fortune had not in the slightest degree influenced him.

Ann read his passionate letters with a sick THREE months passed, and during that time \heart. She knew so well his fickle nature, she

Three days after, a carriage drove up to the

homestead—the newly married pair had arrived. \ morning to night. The poor, little bride began The wife was a girlish-looking creature, slender and pretty as a fairy, who threw herself into Ann's arms, exclaiming between smiles and tears,

"Charles says that you will love me--please do, and don't be harsh with us!"

Ann took her to her heart, feeling that another charge was added to those which already pressed so heavily upon her. That night she had a long conversation with her brother, but she found him as foolish and unreasonable in his love as he had been in all other things.

"You have taken upon yourself a serious duty, Charles," she said. "Have you considered well?"

"Nothing, Ann, I had no time-I loved Sybil, that was all I knew! But now, oh, you will see how I shall work and toil; life has a new interest for me, everything is changed."

"There is nothing left but for you to remain here, and we must carry on the farm. Sybil like living in this dull spot?"

"She is delighted with it, and oh, Ann, she loves you so much-she feared you so before she saw you. Don't you love her? Will you be kind to her for my sake?"

"She shall be my sister, Charles, as dear to me as you have been. Is that enough?"

A white-robed figure stole into the room, and the young wife was clinging to her new-found sister, beseeching her to love her for the sake of her husband-to care for them both and teach them what must be done.

Several days passed, and life was all sunshine to the young pair. No one but Ann saw the clouds which were rising in the distance, and must inevitably darken their future unless some guardian power could succeed in averting them. There was much to be done upon the farm, and it was necessary that Charles should be active; but day after day found him hanging over his bride, listening to her songs or reading poetry; while Ann was toiling in body and mind beneath the cares which devolved upon her.

She strove to interest the young wife in some household employment, while she sent Charles to his duties. For a few days the girl fluttered about like a gay winged butterfly, delighted with the huge apron which Ann pinned about her; and when she had actually made and baked a loaf of cake, firmly believing herself a complete housewife, and sending for Charles from the field to admire her skill.

But she soon wearied of her new industry.

to feel the loneliness of her life, and to lament loudly with the vehemence and inconsiderateness of a child.

"Why are you always at work?" she said to Ann; "I am so lonely here! Charles never comes near me now, he doesn't love me any longer."

"Sybil, we are poor; you know it yourself, we must work. Do not discourage Charles. If he works this summer, next winter he can be with you constantly, and you shall have some amusement, poor, little bird."

"I want it now! I am so lonesome-at home it was so different! My guardian let me amuse myself all day long: and here there is nothing to do but read your stupid books. Why don't you have some novels, Ann?"

"Will you try to sew, dear? Help me a little, I want these towels hemmed."

Sybil tried, but the coarse crash hurt her hands, she pricked her fingers every five minutes with the needle, and finally threw the work down in a pet, and flinging herself upon a lounge cried herself to sleep.

Charles found her there when he returned to the house, but all his efforts at consolation were unavailing.

"You don't love me a bit," she sobbed, "and Ann is a cross, old thing-I won't stay here another day! I mean to write to my guardian to take me away, so I do."

At length Charles was inclined to blame Ann. but she bore his reproaches with patience, never once returning a severe word.

"I am sorry for Sybil," she said, "but we are doing the best in our power."

"This life will kill her!" exclaimed Charles; "I don't know what to do, I have no courage

Ann soothed him as well as she could; took more of the burthen upon her own shoulders, leaving him time again to idle away with Sybil, and for a few days all was sunshine once more.

#### CHAPTER IV.

CHARLES and Sybil had now been married six months, and much of the romance had worn off in the stern reality which had gathered around them.

Sybil had fretted herself nearly ill, and her husband, as almost any man would have done, had wearied of her whims, and scarcely sought to soothe her restlessness. They had frequent The indolence of her Southern habits was strong \( \) quarrels now which pained Ann terribly; sharp upon her, and she soon relapsed into her flower- { words would pass between them, which it seemed blossom sort of existence. Charles was actually to her must leave wounds that could never heal; working hard, and Ann was occupied from but perhaps a few hours after, there would be a passing gleam of content, and the two would seem to forget it again.

Often each blamed Ann, but she scarcely heeded their words, never once making any reply which could make matters worse. It was a weary season for her, and the only consolation was in reading Edward's letters, which could but satisfy a love as craving and earnest even as hers.

One morning, Sybil was seized with a whim to go to New York for several weeks, and it was in vain that her husband and Ann expostulated with her. As usual she would hear neither argument or reason.

"I want to go," she said, "I must go! I have been shut up here for six months, and I will go away."

"You told me when you came here that you thought the place charming," Charles replied.

"I didn't expect to be buried alive though! You don't love me as well as you did then, you never stay with me or talk to me now."

"Don't be so unreasonable, Sybil! I have done all in my power to make you happy, and these reproaches are cruel."

"Then take me to the city," she exclaimed, with a return of her child-like manner, throwing her arms about his neck; "be a good boy, do."

"I cannot, Sybil; God knows I would refuse you nothing in my power, but I have no money."

"I am so sick of that word. Ann counts every penny I spend as if I had no right to it."

"Sybil, Sybil!"

"She does, I tell you, and I won't stand it! I am not a child; I am eighteen and married too! You treat me cruelly, and I wish I had never left my dear guardian."

"Are you sorry that you married me, Sybil?"

"You are, if I am not—you know you are!
Ann wishes I was away, she is jealous of me,
and does all she can to make difficulty between
""

Ann rose quietly and left the room. She would not answer those childish complaints, and she could not sit there and listen to their mutual re-triminations, which were certain to end in harsh words that wrung her heart.

"How can you talk so, Sybil?" Charles said, when they were alone; "Ann does all that she can for you."

"She makes me miserable, and so do you—I hate her."

"Perhaps you hate me too, Sybil."

"I shall if you go on treating me in this way."

"I am tried of all this," he said, his hot temper rising at her taunts. "I have borne a great deal, Sybil, but I warn you my patience is almost worn out."

"Then leave me—send me back to my guardian! You can't—you haven't a penny! Why didn't you tell me you were a beggar?"

Charles turned fiercely toward her, so pale with rage that she shrunk back with a burst of tears

"That's right," she exclaimed, recklessly; "strike me—kill me—do! I would rather die than live in this way."

Charles drew back, shocked at his own violence, and seated himself again.

"Now then you are sullen, you won't speak to me; you do nothing but torture me."

"And you, Sybil, what have you done to make me happy? You study your own ease, you are selfish and exacting, and leave me no peace. You will not allow me to work, and yet you insist upon having money——"

"I always had it before I married you," she interrupted. "I have money of my own, and it is very mean of Mr. Pierson to keep it from me."

"You will have it when you come of age."

"That is what you are waiting for, I believe you married me for nothing else."

"You will drive me mad, Sybil; no man could stand this. Stop now, you shall go no farther."

"I will not stop! You shall hear the truth if you kill me; I am not afraid, though I think you are bad enough for anything and Ann too!"

"I wonder you consent to live in the house with people of whom you have such an opinion"

"Let me go away then, that is what I want."

"Go when you like, and where you like, I will bear no more!"

He rushed out of the room and the house, and Sybil went to her chamber and locked herself in, giving way to a burst of hysterical weeping, which she believed absolute despair.

After a time, Ann went to her door and knocked, but received no answer. The day wore on, and still Charles did not return. Ann grew anxious and alarmed; the men had seen nothing of him, and she sent to the village, but he had not been there.

Toward evening Sybil came out of her chamber, but she would not speak, and received Ann's kind words with childish petulance.

It grew quite dark, and still Charles did not come. Ann returned to the room where Sybil was lying.

"Do you know where Charles went?" she asked.

"No, nor care! I never want to see him again."

"Oh, Sybil, don't. Think what you are saying! We cannot find him anywhere, and he has been gone since morning."



The wife rose quickly, all the woman rushing; back to her heart again.

"Can't find him?" she said. "Nothing has happened-oh, Ann, tell me there has not!"

"I hope not, darling; we will wait awhile, he may come in."

They sat down by the fire. Sybil clinging to her sister, begging for comfort, which Ann was not slow to give, though all the while there was a cold chill at her heart which mocked her words.

Eight o'clock struck; Ann could bear it no longer. She rose and wrapped a shawl about } her to go out.

"Where are you going, Ann? Take me, oh, don't leave me alone! My poor Charles! Oh, Ann, if anything has happened! It was all my fault."

Ann soothed her again; called one of the farm hands, and the three went out together. The moon was shining brightly so that they could see clearly, but there was no one in sight. wife wept aloud; but Ann pressed on cold and silent, an icy pain girdling her heart.

Some instinct directed her toward a grove upon a hill, at the foot of which ran a brook. It was quite dark among the trees, but Ann led the way. A favorite dog had followed them, and now he began to whine piteously.

"Lock for him, Carlo!" pleaded Ann; "good } Carlo!"

The dog bounded down toward the brook, and stopped beside some object whining more sorrowfully than before.

Ann sprang forward-upon the turf lay her brother, cold and insensible. Sybil screamed and fell down upon the ground; but Ann raised his head and laid her hand upon his heart-it beat still, but the blood was slowly oozing from a wound on his temple.

"He is not dead, Sybil," she said; "come to me."

"See the blood. Oh! I have killed him!" she groaned.

Ann could not heed her then. She sent the man back for help, and they carried her brother to the house. Before the doctor arrived he could speak, but could give no account of the accident. He had been in the woods, and was returning after dark-fell and knew nothing more.

There was great danger, the physican said; and, all night, Ann and the poor wife watched by his bed. The girl had laid aside her childishness; the deep love she really felt had reasserted its power, and she knew, for the first time, how fervent and intense it was.

that time Sybil proved a patient nurse.

"Can you forgive me?" she pleaded; "shall I be your wife still?"

"Darling! mine, mine always!"

And Ann bent over them, sealing their reunion with a holy kiss.

Weeks passed, and all was happiness at the homestead. It was spring again. The equinoctial gales had begun to blow; there were whole days of fearful tempest.

Ann prayed for those at sea-soon Germon would be on his way; but not yet, not till later

One morning she was in her room, which opened from the apartment where Charles and Sybil were sitting. Charles had taken up a paper, and was looking it over, when Ann heard his voice in a strange, unnatural whisper,

"Sybil, shut the door, for God's sake, and come here!"

Ann heard the girl creep to the door and softly close it, though she had not latched it for fear of the noise.

Ann stood near and listened. Again that presentiment of evil came over her. She stood there, rooted to the spot, every sense seemed absorbed in the faculty of hearing.

"The steamer is lost," she heard Charles say.

"What steamer?" Sybil replied. "How white you are! Charles, what ails you?"

"Germon was on board of her-few or none of the passengers were saved."

Ann heard Sybil shriek; but she uttered no moan, standing there, white and still.

The husband and wife heard the door jarlooked up and saw Ann standing before them, wan as a ghost. She was stretching out her hand and striving to speak.

"The paper!" she gasped; "the paper."

"Ann, my sister!" cried Charles, seeking to take her in his arms, while Sybil clung about her knees; but she pushed them both off, grasping the paper in her hands, and looking eagerly for the fatal paragraph.

She read it every word, taking in the terrible meaning with fearful distinctness, but still not shedding a tear.

"Ann! Ann!" pleaded Sybil

She waved them away, and went up to her chamber. What passed during that long hour was between Ann Leonard and the angels who kept her from madness.

When her brother and Sybil sought her, she was first to speak a word of hope.

"He may have been saved; a week will tell us." The week passed. Ann Leonard moved about Charles was ill for several weeks, and during the house, performed her daily duties, never once alluding to the dread which froze her soul.

was the only kindness they could show.

The week passed. There was a list in the journal of the passengers saved—Germon's name was not there. Ann Leonard read the catalogue and then her strength gave way.

"Put me to bed, Sybil," she moaned; "God help me-there is no hope now."

That evening they were watching by her bedside, when they heard the sound of wheels without. Ann detected the sound first.

pillows. "Charles, Charles, what is it?"

He hurried from the room, and Sybil crept to bosom of her lover.

They understood her, and left her to herself: it, the door, listening. There was a smothered echo of voices. Ann heard it, and Sybil started back in fear, for Ann was standing by her side, clasping her hands.

> "Don't speak," she said; "don't speak, Sybil!"

There was a step on the stairs. Ann sprang forward. There was no need of concealment, no time to prepare her for the sudden transition from despair to happiness.

Ann saw her brother approaching-a tall form "A carriage," she said, raising herself on her appeared behind, and, with a cry like that of one saved from despair, Ann Leonard fainted on the

## THE SPRING BY THE ROADSIDE.

BY VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND.

Just there the long, green lane curved suddenly Into the dusty roadside; and I stood Leaning against the orchard boughs, the while My soul sat down to worship at that scene, Hung on the year's Cathedral by her Priest The Autumn.

Far off there were silver mists Enameling the mountains that locked in The valley like green gates; and the deep sky Was fluted thickly round with clouds of pearl; The meadows lay beneath me, quilted thick With shining streams; and the soft winds Combed the long tresses of the tangled trees With fingers like a mother's; and the boughs Had blossomed into rubies here and there, And flashed their jewels outward, as a bride Dangles her wedding pearls.

It was a tune Dropped through the silence like a swallow's song In some old chimney; for a little spring Had flowered upon the roadside, and all day It spun a charm of pearls; or when the sun Flashed down it like the wings of golden birds, It wove great belts of diamonds, and grey moss Embossed its throat with silver.

Children pansed Beside the spring with intermittent leaps Of gleeful laughter, dipping their brown hands Like faded lilies underneath the stream; And when some old man, with his hair as white As wheat in harvest, sat upon the grass And listened to its mystic rhyme, he thought Of living springs in mountains far beyond The crystal rafters, laid by every dawn-Springs whose first drops on aching, restless hearta Heal all their pain forever.

I forgot The glory of that day, a royal flower Blossomed out from October's flery heart, And, leaning on the orchard bars, I prayed, "Oh! God, set Thou me too, a little spring, Beside the road of life, that I may fill The air around with tunes, that thirsty hearts Along the dusty way may sometimes come And drink in strength and healing;

"And, at last, May angels write betwixt the burning clasps Of that one book whereon all names do stand Graven as bright as stars upon the sky, 'She has a spring upon life's roadside set.'\*

#### THE STREAM.

BY KATE E. B ....

BENEATH the grey stones a dear little stream bubbles, Its clear wavelets gleam in the radiance of noon, While softly, but gayly, a measure it murmurs, And dances in glee to the silvery tune.

The flowers, enamored with beauty so joyous, Bend tenderly over and veil it with bloom,

And the breeze, as it ripples the stream's sparkling waters, Shakes from the bright blossoms rare showers of perfume.

Thus lovingly, merrily, onward it hastens, Refreshing and wooing the flowerets around. And answering the song-bird's melodious gladness Which fills the old woods with its echoing sound.



## MATCHED AND UNMATCHED.

## BY ELLA RODMAN.

again; and having tested her story-telling pro- courted, caressed, and flattered on every side. she was forced to begin afresh:

"These valuable sketches," said she, with a perty. comical air, "should be printed in letters of gold, and entitled, 'Confessions of a Single Lady;' or, 'A Warning to Match-Makers.' Having told really surprising to me that Annie could be so you," she continued, "of a match that I made } without intending it, I will now tell you the fate of the only match I ever tried to make.

places for such attempts; and after I had left off climbing fences, and alarming timid, elderly ladies, it was my fortune to be settled in a small: town that was just large enough to ape city ? style, and yet insignificant enough to make itself } very ridiculous. I was 'Miss Flint' altogether, ? now, and I often thought that the 'Miss' was very broadly pronounced; I received numerous invitations to 'come to tea sociably,' and 'run ? in at any time, we don't mind you, you know,' but very few to evening parties. People in all ? sorts of scrapes came to me to be extricated; but people who were not in scrapes were more ceremonious.

"Uppingtown, for so it was named after the man who lived in the largest house there, was not very productive in the article of beaux; and the few unmarried men who were disposed to make themselves agreeable were, therefore, duly prized by the young ladies. They were easily counted, but attractive damsels were more numerous; and foremost among these was a certain Annie Paddock, who was really the most loveable creature I ever encountered.

gleam upon us now and then like the flashing of a jewel; and the frank, mischief-loving expression of those brown eyes was a true index of the spirit within. A young gentleman, who toiled most laboriously to obtain the epithet of } First in beauty, first in wit, and first in the the very grandeur of its impudence. hearts of her countrymen.' Dr. Paddock was }

MISS FLINT was spending the day with us ? Paddock was a leader of fashion; and Annie was pensities in "The Romance of Cedarville," we But she was not in the least spoiled; her manwere so clamorous for farther developments, that \ ners were indescribably winning, and all stray hearts were looked upon as her rightful pro-

Various overpowering young gentlemen from the city made visits at Dr. Paddock's; and it was gracious to the monotonous youths who belonged to the coterie of Uppingtown. We were very good friends, she and I; and she would often "Country villages are the most convenient spend an hour or two with the old maid, which, as she did not require my assistance in any way, quite flattered me.

> "Among the beaux of Uppingtown was Dudwood Nare, a youth of respectable appearance and irreproachable conduct; who unfortunately reminded me of 'Mr. Toots.' I say 'unfortunately,' because this may have blinded me to his good qualities; and, after all, there was no real resemblance, for Mr. Toots' distinguishing characteristic was his extreme embarrassment, while Mr. Nare, on the contrary, was exceedingly selfpossessed. He was studying law with the country judge; but as his family were wealthy, it was the general idea that he had been placed there more to be kept out of mischief, than with the expectation of his becoming very famous.

"Mr. Nare was exceedingly neat; his undistinguishable-colored hair was always brushed to the last extreme, and he had an inexpressible horror of a mud-puddle. His ideas were scrupulously arranged, like so many little parcels packed and labeled, which rendered his conversation totally uninteresting; and altogether he was a person whom people spoke well of, calling "She had one of those sparkling faces that him 'a nice young man,' 'a most respectable person,' &c., and yet rather reproached themselves for not liking him better.

"Such as he was, this youth came to me, one day, and, after a little preliminary conversation, went deliberately to work to unfold the object of 'clever,' had fastened upon her the parody, his visit—which commanded my admiration by

"At an evening party, at Dr. Paddock's, the favorite practitioner of Uppingtown; Mrs. Annie's charms had suddenly burst upon him in all their splendor; he had fallen deeply in come, but proceeding systematically, he had come

<sup>\*</sup> See February number, 1859.

respect for me, he wished to secure my good match that I had made without an effort, I beoffices; and if I would call upon him whenever I stood in need of an escort, or entrust him with any little commissions that I might have, he would be most happy-trusting to me to represent him favorably to Miss Paddock.

"I was irresistibly reminded of 'Mr. Toots' visit to 'Captain Cuttle,' when in a similar situation, and his request that he would 'cultivate him;' and I came very near laughing in the young man's face.

"But as the bewitching image of Annie Paddock rose up before me, amazement at his temerity overpowered the sense of the ridiculous; and I bluntly exclaimed,

"'Miss Paddock is beautiful, witty, wealthy, and accomplished—in what respect do you deserve all this, Mr. Nare?'

"'People do not always get just what they deserve,' was the calm reply.

"'Oh, vanity! thy name is man!' I said to myself, and yet I was amused at the youth's coolness. Such a very original foundation to build presumptuous hopes upon that 'people did not always get just what they deserved!'

"'I love her, Miss Flint,' he continued, with more feeling, 'and there is much in the power of a strong love to win love from the object. know,' said he, humbly, 'that there is not much in me to recommend me to her favor-but I thought that if I had a mutual friend to speak a kind word for me, she might in time-

"Here he paused, and looked so embarrassed and subdued that I really pitied him. It was very absurd, to be sure, for him to think of Annie Paddock; but I always had an idea that people 'in love' were objects of the deepest commiseration-very much as those unaccustomed to suffering look upon a person who has had a limb amputated. Dudwood Nare appeared more dignified, more noble than I had ever supposed him capable of appearing; and I began to look upon him with different eyes.

"After I had sent him home with a few pleasant words, I sat and thought the matter over; and at last, I came to the conclusion that Annie } really might do worse than to become Mrs. Dud- and consider it quite sufficient to signify that he wood Nare. His family were wealthy and re- was willin'. But oh, Miss Flint,' she continued, spectable; and he was evidently deeply in love, in a voice of entreaty, 'please don't say yes-he and would, doubtless, make a kind and attentive \ is such a block!' husband; belles were proverbial for throwing themselves away, at last, and Annie might become the prey of some fortune-hunter, or man in an obstreperous mood, and would not listen of the world.

'mind your own business,' I should have been ? A woman of my age should be exempt from such

to tell me that, having always entertained a high? spared much annoyance; but remembering the { came quite anxious to accomplish another. resolved to see what I could do; and Dudwood Nare now appeared quite an attractive youth.

> "The next day, a handsome bouquet of flowers adorned my mantle; and that very afternoon, an unpleasant commission was executed for me with promptness and success. More good traits, he was sincere and faithful; and had I not been some twelve years his senior, my own heart might have been a little touched.

> "I never wonder, now-a-days, at women who marry men that are universally considered unattractive: no matter what a man is, if he is devoted, and humble, and attentive, it is impossible to be indifferent to him; and when I hear an old lady pronouncing some youth 'a sweet, young man,' I know the secret of his attractions.

> "Dudwood Nare agreed with me that it would be better not to pay Annie any pointed attentions until I had somewhat prepared the way for him; and, therefore, the effervescence of his affection was all bestowed upon me. thought it best to commence operations as soon as possible; and, one day, as Annie sat in my window, examining a bouquet, I thought of the donor, and said, as carelessly as possible,

> "'Annie, Dudwood Nare is a very nice young man-more so than I imagined, at first.'

> "'Is he?' she replied, mischievously, 'I wonder if he gave you these flowers?'

> "'How ridiculous!' I exclaimed, but it was a very foolish remark, and I felt that I was looking very much embarrassed.

> "'I do believe he did!' she exclaimed, clapping her hands in glee, 'I declare, that is too funny! Come, Miss Flint, tell me all about it!' And she looked at me with such unfeigned mirth that I really felt provoked at her.

> "But the little witch was perfectly unmanageable; she danced about, almost upset the flowers in hunting for a note among them, and turned a deaf ear to all my remonstrances.

> "'Do you know,' she stopped, at length, to exclaim, 'I always imagined Mr. Nare would propose after the example of the immortal Barkis,

> "'Well,' thought I, 'this is encouragingthings are going on beautifully;' but Annie was to reason-meaning me.

"Had some good genius only whispered to me, & "In vain I said, 'Don't be ridiculous, Annie!

Mr. Nare injustice—he improves very much on acquaintance.'

"She only laughed the more, and said that it was not at all likely any one else would have the opportunity of cultivating his acquaintance under such favorable auspices, until I was almost beside myself with vexation and dismay.

"The same afternoon, in a ramble out of town, during which I had been most unexpectedly joined by Dudwood Nare, for the purpose of conversing upon his favorite subject, Annie Paddock, we were encountered by that damsel her- } self, who, with a composed face and dancing eyes, entered her father's gate just as we came up.

"If she had only had as much vanity as most girls, she would have appropriated the sudden } start and flushing face with which the gentleman } greeted her appearance; but I was embarrassed, too, on account of our conversation in the morning; and Annie went home to laugh at what she, doubtless, considered a singular love-passage, while I was entertained, during the rest of our walk, with an account of her perfections. began to get rather tired of my escort, and hurried home as fast as possible.

"Mr. Nare made as frequent visits at Dr. Paddock's as decency would permit; but as he was very apt to go wherever he was tolerated, this excited no unusual remark.

"One afternoon, at a sewing-circle, I happened to be sitting near a bevy of girls, with Annie Paddock in their midst, when the conversation turned upon Dudwood Nare.

"'I often wonder, Annie, how you manage to stand him,' said one, referring to his fondness for visiting, 'what in the world does he say?'

"'His first remark, or rather question, I am always prepared for,' replied Annie, mischievously, 'as soon as he is fairly established in a seat, I am asked, have you seen Miss Flint recently?

"There was an universal giggle, and significant glances at me. 'What next?' they cried.

"' 'Next, a pause of much solemnity,' continued Annie, 'and then the remark that Miss Flint is a very superior lady.'

"'Well,' some one exclaimed, 'I should say that, though present in body, he was decidedly absent in mind; and I should be apt to send the corporeal part of him to meet the spiritual. You must feel flattered, Miss Flint,' said the speaker, addressing me.

"'No,' I replied, as coolly as possible, 'I have

silly remarks. But I cannot allow you to do Nare to cover his embarrassment in the presence of Miss Paddock.'

> "'Why, surely, Annie,' they exclaimed, 'that presuming individual has not had the temerity to fall in love with you!'

> "'Miss Flint appears to be thoroughly informed on that subject,' replied Annie, with a significant glance that perplexed me.

> "My position was becoming decidedly unpleasant, and I sincerely wished that Dudwood Nare and his love affairs had never crossed my path. I could feel my face flushing in guilty consciousness; when, fortunately, a message from some one at the other end of the room furnished me with an excuse for leaving my seat. Not many moments after, I was obliged to answer an inquiry for 'my devoted attendant;' and altogether I became so disgusted with match-making, that I resolved to shake off the pertinacious lover, and leave Annie to her own free choice.

> "But an eclairecissement was suddenly brought about in a most unexpected, and not altogether agreeable manner.

> "Mr. Nare was beginning to be most ridiculously jealous of a lady who had never given him the slightest encouragement; and every fresh guest from the city who had arrived at Dr. Paddock's, was looked upon by him as an unwarrantable intruder. At every provocation of this kind, he came to me to relate his troubles; and so wearied was I by his endless visits, that, at length, I intimated to him pretty plainly that it would be as well to give up all hopes in that quarter.

> "'Never!' he replied, with an energy that startled me, 'my pride, as well as my love, is concerned, now, and I will never give up Annie Paddock until the last ray of hope is extinguished!'

> "I might have told him, with truth, that there never had been a ray to extinguish; but pity, and a sort of presentiment that things were approaching a crisis, kept me silent.

> "Very soon after, we both received invitations to an evening party at Dr. Paddock's. met-'twas in a crowd;' and very uneasy indeed was the presuming lover. Annie was radiant with beauty and smiles; the latter of which seemed to be most liberally bestowed upon a splendid-looking man, considerably her senior, but apparently such a man as could rivet the attention of a Senate chamber.

"Poor Mr. Nare! I have seldom seen so forlorn a visage, as he watched the couple; but as the was evidently making his way toward me, h not vanity enough to be flattered by anything of \ desired to avoid all further notoriety, and manthe kind—my name is only a convenience for Mr. \ aged to wedge myself into a corner by a door that opened into a conservatory. A group of girls had strayed into the latter place, as I soon discovered by the conversation that reached me.

- "'How lovely Annie looks to-night!"
- "'And well she may,' was the rejoinder, 'I have read, somewhere, that the presence of one beloved will make even a plain woman look handsome—what must it do, then, for a beauty? This Mr. Cashwood is a prize even for Annie—so tall and splendid-looking, and so perfectly devoted! And if he is thirty-eight, he is an honorable, and has his speeches published in the papers.'
- "'I am so glad,' exclaimed another, 'that she is going to have so many bridesmaids—we shall make such a show! And only two months off!'
- "Dudwood Nare had worked his way up to me in time to hear the greater part of this information; but the young ladies had not finished.
- "'Love-making seems to be the order of the day,' was the next remark, 'the most amusing case on hand is that of Dudwood Nare and Miss Flint.'
- "'Dudwood Nare and Miss Flint! Why, she is old enough to be his mother!'
- "Not unless she had been married at ten years old, or so—there is no use in making people out older than they are; but she is certainly too old for his wife."
- "A burst of laughter ensued; and then some one exclaimed,
- "'You can't be in earnest? Even a fool like Dudley Nare could scarcely be smitten with that old maid!"
- "'Don't you believe it?" replied a Minerva, 'these elderly women have a wonderfully deluding way with them, and you can flatter some men into anything.'
- "'But, what should she want of him?' inquired another.
  - "Bless your heart, little innocent!' replied }

Minerva, 'isn't he rich, and easily managed, and isn't it something to be Mrs?'

- "'I declare!' reached my ear in a loud whisper, 'there they are, now! Run back, girls! to the end of the conservatory.'
- "I shall never forget the expression of Dud-wood Nare's face. Had I suddenly changed into a Medusa's head, he could not have regarded me with greater horror; and a desperate fear lest I should seize him, then and there, and claim him as my rightful property, seemed to take possession of him, for without vouchsafing an adieu to me, or any one else, he pushed fiercely through the crowd, and was seen no more that evening.
- "Outwardly, my aspect was serene; for no one, not even my late companion, could be sure that I had heard these remarks; but within, a perfect tempest of indignation was raging. To be suspected of matrimonial designs upon any one was humiliating enough; but when it came to a creature like that, a boy twelve years my junior, I felt degraded. But I deserved it; and it cured me of meddling with other people's love affairs.
- "Dudwood Nare left town upon an indefinite visit; and I heard of his giving out that he had nearly fallen a victim to a designing old maid.
- "I received an invitation to Annie Paddock's wedding, and saw her married to the Hon. Mr. Cashwood; but I have had very strong suspicions that her quick wit penetrated my flimsy manœuvres, and turned the tables upon me in a masterly manner. When I undertake matchmaking again, I will first ascertain, beyond a doubt, that the lady is not engaged to some one also
- "I soon left Uppingtown forever, and with very few regrets."

So ended Miss Flint's story.

# NUTS AND MEN.

# A THOUGHT OF LUTHER'S VERSIFIED.

BY D. O. BIBB.

Oul ye who say your deeds are good And justify yourselves by them, These nuts just gathered from the wood Shall put the sad conceit to shame. For deeds are but the outer shell—The heart's the kernel hid within. And what with God shell shells avail, While kernels are all black with sin.

The shell is worthless in our eyes,
Save for the pleasant kernel's sake,
And all the deeds man may devise
Must from the heart their value take.
Vol. XXXV.—27

The heart alone doth God decide,
If deeds shall be received or no,
And from the heart unjustified
By faith no righteous deed can flow.

As rotten nuts can never grow
By native force to sound again,
So human hearts would seek to throw
Their load of guilt off, all in vain
Had God not given God-like aid
And sent His Son, who bled and disd—
On Him believers' guilt is laid,
And "man by faith is justified."



# GILLIAN.

## BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.]

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 380.

## CHAPTER VIII.

Upon one of those broad, cross streets that } intersect the avenues-a street remarkable both for high respectability and for the fashion of its inhabitants, stood one of those large, marble mansions, which preceded the enclosed halls and brown free-stone fronts of the present day. The parade of this dwelling was broad and high, and the crescent steps that swept up to the massive rosewood door, gave a palatial aspect to the building. For when the door opened, you saw a broad, deep entrance hall, paved with tesselated marble, and caught a glimpse of marble busts, bronze statues, and rare vases that reminded you at once of an Italian palace. This resemblance was carried out by grounds that nearly covered a block, on which some of those fine old trees under which the Indians rested, were still rooted. Huge elms, with their branches sweeping earthward, maples, whose blossoms blushed to the early spring, and whose leaves grew golden as crimson when kissed by the autumn frosts, sheltered the grass as they had half a century before.

These primeval trees threw their shadows over a little paradise of flowers, and a stretch of the richest grass that the sun ever shone upon. Laburnums and lilacs grouped together mingled the violet and gold of their blossoms; wisterias fell in heavy luxuriance around the bay window, and the back porticoes, garlanding them with great masses of azure. The turf was broken up with beds of glowing flowers; and the very stables, massive stone buildings as they were, took an aspect of picturesque beauty from heavy trumpet flower vines and Virginia creepers which draped them.

This house, half palace, half villa, was the residence of Mr. Bentley, and Gillian, the bright, beautiful Gillian, was its mistress. It is true aunt Hetty had come down from the country, for a brief time, as a sort of companion to the heiress; but so far as social life was concerned, she proved as helpless as a human being could well be, so timid, so nervously sensitive under the eye of a stranger, that it was painful to see her out of the immediate domestic circle.

drawn benefictant, drawn benefictant, was the plittle aunt extreme.

Aunt He this sweet is the room; arms aroun toward the value of the immediate domestic circle.

Mr, Bentley, always thoughtful for those he loved, had adorned his residence with an especial regard to his daughter's tastes, and every feature that could remind her of her own bright land of song, had been harmoniously blended with our superior home comforts for her especial gratification. All this was necessary to Gillian. She was a creature so used to the pure and beautiful, that mere comfort to her would have been poverty. So she took possession of the Eden her father had created, and graced it like a bird of paradise. The music of her harp rang from hall to hall; her laughter sounded merrily among the flowers; and her sweet, clear voice bespoke the wealth of pure happiness with which she entered the great world, ready and eager to bear her part therein.

Gillian stood by a front window looking out into the street. All at once she broke out eagerly, and called to her aunt,

"Aunt Hetty, dear aunt Hetty, do come here and look at this man. I'm sure he's the person I met when I made a call on a lady last week. He has passed up and down two or three times, and looks so earnestly at this window. Every day, just at this time, he has taken this same promenade. Who can it be?"

Aunt Hetty came slowly toward the window and looked out. Something between a sigh and an exclamation broke from her lips, and she retreated into the room pale and agitated.

"Who is it, aunt? Do you know him?"

"No—no. I have seen that face before—that very face—perhaps he knows—perhaps it is me that he is in search of."

Gillian laughed merrily. The idea that a handsome young gentleman like that had been drawn beneath her window in hopes of seeing little aunt Hetty, struck her as comical in the extreme.

Aunt Hetty colored to the temples beneath this sweet laugh, and attempted to creep from the room; but Gillian ran after her, threw both arms around her waist, and dancing backward toward the window, dragged the shrinking woman back again.

"There, you dear, blessed little flirt-you

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face, while I hide behind the curtain which has may be a gentleman, and have real business." Now see if he always kept me from his sight does not take a guitar from under that Spanish & kindling more and more brightly in her pride. cloak-I wonder what he wears it for this bright { "He asked for the ladies; I alone am responsible day ?---and strike up a serenade."

Thus gayly dragging her aunt forward, and keeping, as she thought, her own face concealed, Gillian darted behind the curtains, leaving aunt Hetty standing before the plate-glass, which, clear as crystal, revealed her distinctly to the young man, who still lingered on the opposite pavement.

The young man cast a long gaze into the window, flung a fold of the Spanish cloak across his shoulder, and deliberately crossed the street.

"Why, aunt-aunt Hetty. I say he is coming over-he is mounting the steps. What can it mean? Surely, surely he did not discover me peeping through the curtains? Hark, the bell rings, aunt Hetty. What can we do? I had no idea he really was drawn here by your face. What will you say to him?"

"Oh! Gillian," almost sobbed aunt Hetty, shrinking back into the room, "how could you be so cruel?"

She was pale as snow, and seemed almost as cold, for her very lips trembled to the chill of her feelings.

"Oh, aunt, I did not mean it. Who would have thought this impudence possible? I only wish father were here to chastise the adventurer as he deserves," cried Gillian, all in a glow of indignation.

"Your father chastise him. No-no, girl, it has not come to that. Your mother, had she been living, might rebuke him, but no one else; most of all your father."

The little woman grew almost handsome as she spoke. Her lips turned red, and her cheeks burned. She looked spirited and haughty almost as Gillian herself, for the moment.

Gillian gazed upon her with open lips and quick astonishment in her eyes.

"Why, aunt!"

"Hush, the servant!"

The footman entered. "A gentleman was below who wished to speak with the ladies."

Before Hetty could speak, Gillian answered him

"Tell the young gentleman that the ladies of this house never receive strangers in the absence of its master."

Hetty seized her arm with both those little, shivering hands,

'Not that message—not that—say we are not ? not do it!"

precious, darling old aunt, just let him see your ; at home—that some other time—only reflect, he

"Not with you or with me," answered Gillian, for the answer."

Then turning to the footman, she repeated still more haughtily,

"Miss Bentley's compliments to the strange gentlemsn who forgets to send up his name, and say that she cannot receive him."

"But for me-you understand-please say that I am not well-not at all well-but some other time-

She broke off, for her voice quivered out of speech, and her poor white face looked the plea for forbearance that she could not utter.

The servant went out, looking bewildered. Aunt Hetty followed him slowly to the door, and, leaning over the threshold, listened keenly with both hands pressed to her heart.

Gillian stood in the midst of the room flushing red to the fair temples, amazed and angry. But when aunt Hetty heard the outer door close, and fell into a chair wavering to and fro, while faint moans broke through the two hands locked over her face, this excitement faded away, and with that graceful humility which sprung from a warm heart, she drew close to her aunt and stole an arm around her neck.

But poor, meek, aunt Hetty rose up like a princess, and cast that white arm aside.

"You have driven him from your door-you a Bentley, and her child, have done this thing. May God forgive you-may the saint who is in heaven forgive you! I fear-I fear I never can."

Gillian turned white, and for a moment stood motionless; but there was something in aunt Hetty's air that awoke both sympathy and admiration. She would not be repulsed.

"Why, what is this? How can the dismissal of this intrusive person effect you so, dear aunt? Surely he had no right to hang about the house for days, and insult us by this attempt to force himself upon us at last. In what have I done wrong, aunt Hetty?"

The poor lady looked up and tried to smile, but it was a woeful attempt, and only ended in a quiver of the lips.

"He should not have been driven forth like a dog for your mother's sake-for-

"Why, aunt Hetty, are you crazy? What has my mother in common with this person?"

"Your mother, our Sarah! Nothing, of course! How could she, and in her grave so many years? How came your mother to be mentioned? I did her," said Gillian, subdued at once almost to tears by this mention of her mother. "But what has she in common with this stranger? Who is he, aunt? Tell me, and then let me go away and cry alone, this mention of my mother, and both of us in a passion, wounds me to the heart."

Aunt Hetty arose and put her away with a wave of her little hand.

"Not now, Sarah, we will talk of it another time," she said, looking away into the distance.

Gillian was deeply touched by that look, it was so full of yearning tenderness, and the unconscious application of her mother's name added to the sad impression.

"Aunt," she said, quietly, and with tears in her eyes, "aunt, your mind is away, you are thinking of something afar off."

"Yes," said the aunt, in a whisper, "far off as heaven and earth, Sarah."

"Indeed you are ill, dear aunt!"

Hetty turned her face a little to avoid the gentle eyes that were turned upon her, and with the motion her look fell through the opposite window. The young man was standing upon the side walk as he had first been discovered. A gleam came over her face, and without a word she left the room.

Gillian was bewildered by the scene that dow, and her hearing grew keen. The outer the table. door closed softly, and after a moment she saw shawl, and speak to the strange man. walked rapidly down the block, while she returned to the house.

## CHAPTER IX.

In one of those narrow streets that open from the vicinity of Chatham Square, stood a small, } two story house built of brick, but with wooden { steps that descended on the side-walk, and gable windows looking down from the roof. Two old women occupied this house; beside them and a large, grey cat, there was not a living creature \didn't speak, but I'm sure it was him." beneath its roof: for the old ladies performed ? isolated lives in silent companionship. and the other was her dependent in all things.

This dependent old woman was turned seventy, § and, on account of her comparative youth, was months," said Mrs. Nicholson, coloring through

"I do not know-it was I perhaps who named \ looked upon by her associate as a sprightly young thing, whose movements required especial vigilance, and whose limbs were capable of any amount of household exercise.

> It is difficult for two women to be real heart companions, if cast on the same hearth-stone when the grey shadows are creeping over them. While old Mrs. Frost felt that she was doing wonders of charity in giving Mrs. Nicholson a home; she-poor, old gentlewoman-felt this dependence to the core of her weary heart, and took on herself the toil of a servant without in the slightest degree softening the impressions of benevolence with which the elder female solaced her self-love.

These old women were sitting over their unsocial dinner, composed of a little hashed fish, the section of a mince pie, and a scant supply of green tea, from which Mrs. Frost drained off one good, strong cup, and diluted the rest with warm water, observing, as she lifted the lid of the tea-pot for this purpose, that, for young persons like Mrs. Nicholson, strong tea was very unwholesome and apt to render them nervous, if not hysterical. A speech that had been so often repeated, that Mrs. Nicholson took it as a matter of course, while she meekly invigorated the weak tea with a little bluish milk, and helped herself sparingly to a spoonful of the fish, very had just passed, and sat down to recover her { much as the grey cat would have done, had she thoughts: but her eyes were fixed on the win- | found a chance to steal her portion of food from

The old women sipped their tea in silence, aunt Hetty cross the street without bonnet or tasting lightly of the fish: while now and then A single a kindly murmur and a fragment of food went word, it scarcely seemed more, and then he down to the cat, who rubbed herself against one old woman's ankle, then marched off to beg of the other with a mute appeal of the eyes.

> "I wonder," said old Mrs. Frost, "what has become of Michael Hurst. It is a long time since he was here; Jube has grown from a fair sized kitten since then. The boy seems to forget his old friends: or maybe he's gone out of town on business."

"I think not. Yesterday he passed me in the street, when I was going to the grocery after those water-cresses," said Mrs. Nicholson. "He

"Met him on your way to the grocery," cried their own household duties, and lived out their Mrs. Frost, and her head began to vibrate up The and down like a pendulum; "so near my house elder of the two, a little, withered up creature and not call. Why, Mary Nicholson, this comes approaching ninety, possessed some unknown of something you have done to offend him; your means of support beside the house she lived in; \( \xi \) thoughtless, flighty ways will be the ruin of you § yet. What have you been saying to the boy?"

"I haven't spoken to him in more than two

ner wrinkles at this charge of youthful indiscre-; tea. We'd just done dinner, but that's of no tion; "indeed I never do speak with him-he } don't care to talk with me, I'm sure."

"But then what keeps him away?"

"I don't know. Didn't he want something, the last time ne was here, that you amn't want to give him? I thought so."

"Mrs. Nicholson, you must have been listening. I'm astonished."

"But I was in the room and could not help it. If people will talk before me what can I do?"

The old woman of ninety shook her head in a dissatisfied way, and muttered, "Poor thing! poor, weak thing! She hasn't got the experience which brings discretion. It's no use scolding her." So, with a philosophic wave of the little, withered hand, she proceeded to cut the section of pie in two equal parts, measuring each to a fraction with the flat of her knife; then she scraped the fragments of fish together for Jube, and, falling back in her Boston rockingchair, left Mrs. Nicholson to wash the dishes, while she prepared herself for a long nap.

But just as her eyes began to dose, and her little hands were falling apart from their clasp on her chest, a knock at the street door carried Mrs. Nicholson into the hall. She turned the latch, and found upon the door-step the very young man whom they had been talking about.

"Mr. Hurst, is it you?" she said, happy to to see any human being in that unsocial house. "Step light, please; Mrs. Frost is in her first sleep."

"But I came to see Mrs. Frost, aunty, and can't possibly wait till she drones herself awake again, so just give her a shake-tell her I'm here, and-ha! you look frightened, and shake that poor, little cap dismally. Daren't do it, ha! Well, I'll rouse her myself."

That instant an old, withered head appeared through the sitting-room door, shaking like a cluster of dry leaves, but with an attempt at welcome, which, though grim enough, was all the cordiality that infirm woman could muster out of her worn old age.

"Michael, is it you?"

"Grandmother! Well, you are awake, and glad to have me back again a little while, I hope."

"Glad?" said the old lady, and a smile displaced the wrinkles about her mouth; "you've been a long time waiting to see if I would be glad or not. But come in, Mike; dear me what a dashing young fellow you've grown. Mary { Nicholson! Mary Nicholson! just pour some { boiling water into the tea-pot, and put in an even spoonful of Young Hyson. I dare say Michael would like a good, old-fashioned cup of > myself."

consequence. Mary Nicholson! just run round the corner for another pie."

Young Michael laughed.

"No. no. grandmother; I'm not hungry. and ..ever drilin tea ...

· "Never drink tea? Why, Mike, what has come over you? Never drink tea "

"Not at this time of day. But never mind, I'll take a cup now, and a piece of pie too, if aunty will bring it for me."

Mrs. Frost nodded her head half a dozen times, and Mrs. Nicholson went patiently out in search of a pie at the next bakery. When she was gone, Hurst took the old lady's hand and kissed it with some show of real affection.

"I am glad she is gone," he said, "for I want a little private talk with you, grandmother."

"Grandmother!" muttered the old woman. "Why, Mike, you are getting too old for that. I never had a child in my life, as Mary Nicholson, the giddy thing, says: and to have a tall, handsome young fellow calling me grandmother is enough to take away one's reputation. I really thought that was very sensible, very sensible indeed, for Mary Nicholson, considering her want of experience. Still it does sound pleasant when you call me grandmother, so I'll run the risk."

Here the old lady sat down in her rockingchair, with an increased vibration of the head, and a sparkle of pleasure in her dim eyes. Hurst knelt down by her side, as he had done a thousand times when a boy, with a glow of real affection, which rendered his manner irresistible to the lonely soul he addressed.

"But, grandmother, tell me, and oh! tell me truly, have I no right to claim some relationship to you? I cannot remember when you first took an interest in my life-when you first gave me a home. If I am related to you, legally or illegally, nearly or remotely, oh! tell me now. I shall not love you more or less for the knowledge: but it is so important that I know all about myself. Grandmother, dear grandmother, tell me everything!"

The old lady began to vibrate in her chairbody, head and all. She tried to lift her hand in deprecation of farther questions, but it fell gently on his shoulder, and a tear trembled into her dim eyes.

"Michael, I can tell you nothing, because, of a certainty, I know nothing myself; what I may suspect is not evidence, and may mislead."

"But you know how I came under your care."

"Yes, so far as that, I can tell you all I know

- "Do, oh! do tell me all you know."
- "That is little, nothing in fact."
- "Still, let me have it, dear grandmother."
- "My husband, you can just remember him, Michael, and know that he was minister of a little Baptist society, which was not rich enough in those days to have a meeting-house to itself, but worshiped in a room around the corner, and was built up gradually, by the goodness of God and my husband's labor, into a powerful church. He did not live to see it, but his teachings have brought forth fruit a thousand fold."

"I know, I know; you have told me this again and again, dear grandmother; but what of myself?"

The young egotist had no sympathy with the dear memories which made the old lady dwell so lovingly on her husband's good works, and cut them short with this burst of selfish impatience.

She drow back, nervous and bewildered; then answered, with touching meekness,

"Yes, I dare say that I have told you about him a great many times, till you are tired of it; but about yourself—well, that, too, was one of his good works, for he was not one of those who confine their labors to one society, or to a single line of duty. He went forth into the highways and the hedges and forced sinners to come in. He was so charitable, too, without a sin of his own, that I could even discover he had no end of patience and forbearance for the sins of others."

"Yes, yes; I know all this!" cried the young man, impatiently; "but of myself?"

"Well, this is a part of what I was saying: so be more patient, or I will not speak another word!" cried the old lady, with the stubbornness of extreme years. "To speak of you, a poor, helpless orphan baby, is to exalt his goodness. My husband not only cared for the souls of his parishioners in the next world, but he helped them forward in this. The poor were his children."

"Well, and I was one of those poor orphan babies?" cried the youth, impatiently.

"You might have been two or three years old when he brought you home. Yes, it was just two years after my nieces, Sarah and Hetty Hart, come to visit me, and a few months after Sarah got married to that rich Mr. Bentley."

"Mr. Bentley—did a niece of yours marry a man by that name?"

"And didn't you know that? Why, yes, our Sarah married one of the most splendid and wealthy men in New York. His cousin, who was killed, used to be here a good deal, when the girls stayed with us, and the two young

fellows often came together. The rich man was poor then; but after his cousin died the property all came to him, and he married Sarah."

"And what became of her? Is she living now? Has she any children?"

"She died years ago, beyond sea, and left a little girl, her very picture."

"What was her name?"

"A curious name for a girl, 'Gillian.' I never knew where they picked it up. It has a heathenish sound to me."

"Gillian, ah, and Miss Hetty Hart your niece, Daniel Hart and his daughter: are these the connections of Mrs. Bentley?"

"Yes, that is the family. You were up in Rockland once, did they never tell you about the Bentlevs?"

"Never a word."

"Well, it was no secret. I wonder Hetty never told you about them, for it was considered a great match for our Sarah. Hetty was here, I remember, just after Mrs. Frost brought you home; and now I remember Sarah came too every day till she went beyond seas: they took a good deal of interest in you, and cried over you more than once. I caught them at it—but then they were tender-hearted girls always: the sight of a bird astray from its nest would set them a crying always, especially Sarah."

"But this is no intelligence, grandmother, it does not inform me who I am, or who my parents were," cried the youth. "Did your husband never tell you where I came from, or to whom I belonged?"

"No, he never did. His good acts were done in secret, and though he called me his right hand, I never knew what the left hand did, especially in his charities. If the sinful gave him their confidence, it was sacred between himself and the throne of God. Many a miserable girl has he snatched from under the cruel feet of the multitude and saved from deeper sin. Many a child——"

"Don't speak of that—do not couple me with such Christian charities," cried the young man, wildly, while his face flushed scarlet, and his eyes filled with smouldering flame. "The mother who can leave this shameful orphanage on her child deserves to be trodden to the earth—crushed out of existence—"

He broke off suddenly, and stood still with his hand clutched in a firm grip; his features gradually becoming pale; and his eyes fixed on the door, for during his vehement speech it had opened, and aunt Hetty Hart stood mute and still on the threshold.

She met that look of inflamed passion with a

wild gaze and a lip of marble. His impetuosity 3 seemed to terrify her into stone: she was so un- { way, and seemed to shrink into herself when a used to violent feelings, poor thing, that their \ little exclamation broke from the young man. utterance abashed her to death. After a little, she glided into the room and sat down shivering, and drawing her mantle tightly as if she were cold.

"Oh!" said the young man, with a forced and bitter laugh, "you have just come in time, Miss Hart. I am trying to persuade my old grandmother here to tell me who I really am: and she was kindly insinuating that I was little less than a pauper child, raked up from the gutter where a shameless mother had left me. You cannot wonder that intelligence like this sheds something besides rose-leaves on my temper, and that I was very near cursing myself and those to whom I owe life."

Hetty looked at him steadily. Her large, sorrowful eyes dilated, her lips grew cold.

"Do not curse either your father or your mother, Michael. Leave them with God-leave them both to the great, just God, who allows no sin, open or hidden, to go unpunished."

The words dropped solemnly and slowly from her lips: but even the touching sadness of that voice failed to influence the intemperate youth.

"No, it is useless cursing them, they cannot { lean finger pressed to her lip. feel or know it," he said, bitterly; "one might as well denounce the wind. But you had some knowledge of me when a child, grandmother Frost just told me so-you and your sister, the wife of that rich Mr. Bentley, whose house I saw you at a little while back. If you are human, tell me something by which I may guess who I am."

Aunt Hetty shrunk away from him.

"I have no power. I cannot, if I would, give up a mother to the curses of her child."

"And so all ends in this. With every effort to know something of my own history, I am flung back to fight with shadows again."

The young man flung himself away from aunt Hetty as he spoke, and prepared to go; but some new thought struck him, and he turned back.

"One thing I wish to ask. There is a lady living on the Bloomingdale road, who has been a very kind and good friend to me for some years. Is she known to any of you? Her name is Ransom, and she is an author of high standing."

The old ladies looked at each other, pondered awhile; then each shook her head-they knew no such woman. Aunt Hetty had heard the name, and remembered that Gillian Bentley had brought one of Mrs. Ransom's books into Rockland county: but of the author herself she knew nothing.

The timid woman said this in a frightened

"Another mystery," he said, "but I was a fool to inquire about her here," and with angry clouds on his brow he started off, almost knocking the old woman down who was coming in with the pie which she had been ordered to bring.

"I beg your pardon, I am really sorry," he said, as the old creature reeled back against the wall. "I did not mean to hurt you: but that stubborn old thing will tell me nothing, and it drives me mad."

The old woman, instead of being angry at his carelessness, was grateful for this half apology; and softly closing the door, said to him in a hurried whisper,

"I only wish I could help you out of all this trouble. Tell me what it is about."

He laughed a low and bitter laugh.

"I am a poor author in search of my father and mother," he said, "and no one will tell me where to find them. I believe Mrs. Frost could help me if she pleased."

"Did she know anything?"

"Her husband did: but he is dead."

The old woman pondered a moment with a

"I don't think she knows anything about it: but if she does, I'll find it out for you. Come again before long. It's pleasant to have company drop in now and then."

"Find out what I want to know, and I'll come to see you every day of my life," he whispered, earnestly. "Miss Hart is in the sitting-room, take notice of what they talk about after I am gone."

"I will, as sure as you live I will, and trust me for more than that. It'll be something to think about, and that is a great deal to a woman who does not get a chance to speak sometimes for twenty-four hours together."

"Well, well," said the young man, "be my friend, as you always have been, and if I ever win good fortune you shall share it. So, now good day, aunty, I hear a movement as if some one were coming this way."

With these words, he disappeared just as the pale face of aunt Hetty looked through the door.

She saw his shadow as he went, and called out faintly, but there was no strength in her feeble voice to summon him back, or lead him from his desperate course.

## CHAPTER X.

Yourn is very sad at times, to it the future appears vague and unreal as eternity is to old the present—a dreamy sadness—timid fears of } what may be, is sure to settle upon the young, sensitive mind, like morning fog over a garden of roses, making the sunshine more vivid when To the sensitive and most highly endowed this is certain to be true, and to such real happiness seldom comes, save in snatches and bright gleams till imagination becomes a power, and then the blossom season of life is gone.

Gillian Bentley was like an April day, now bright and richly happy, now saddened almost to tears. Neither of these moods, perhaps, had a definite cause, but they were a part of her nature. The shadows which the moonlight casts to the earth, the perishing of a rose she had } could be more charming than the exuberant } flow of her spirits. She was like the mocking-} bird of Alabama, when it begins to sing among \( \) the great magnolia blossoms as the dawn flushes over them. Indeed Gillian was a splendid creature in all her moods, and you always associated her with something rich and precious; the glow of life in her was so bright, that it was impossible to class her among those who are born for } toll or common suffering. I cannot describe this ? girl exactly as she appears to me, for her character seemed to change every moment; and her face-one might as well attempt to make the perfume of a flower visible, as convey an idea of its beautiful changes.

It was only in her sad moods that Gillian visited Mrs. Ransom. When she had been thoughtful an hour or two from any cause, the result was sure to be a visit to her friend, for such that singular woman became from the first.

These visits to this Bloomingdale cottage usually took place in the morning, when Mrs. Ransom was almost sure to be in her library, and equally sure to refuse herself to all other visitors.

On the day after Hurst had made an unsuccessful effort to visit her father's house, Gillian drove to the Bloomingdale road. She had not recognized the face of the young man, and the conduct of her aunt gave her some little anxious surprise. The old lady had been absent two or three hours after his disappearance, and the usual nervousness of her demeanor increased painfully after her return, when she glided off like a ghost to her own room and had not appeared since.

· Gillian felt that she had offended her aunt, ?

age-a longing desire to know what lies beyond { but she could not even conjecture the nature of her fault; but the quick sensitiveness of her nature was aroused, and she fled to Mrs. Ransom for consolation.

> Ruby had been taught to admit Gillian at all hours, without question of time or convenience: so the young girl passed her with a light step, and entered the library. It was empty-the writing-table stood in the centre littered with papers, and the easy-chair she knew so well stood beside it: but the lady herself was nowhere visible.

This was a disappointment. She hesitated a moment, and sat down in Mrs. Ransom's chair with a feeling almost of reverence. Her eyes fell upon the bronze inkstand, and instantly her loved, a gloomy look from her father: each or thoughts flew back to Italy and the spot where any of these were enough to cloud her pure fore- her mother slept beneath the perpetual bloom of head, and make her step languid for hours to-; roses. The chair she occupied commanded a gether. Yet when she was cheerful, nothing | fine view of the river. It was spring-time, and early morning; the soft green of the trees, rendered brighter from the dew that was but partially exhaled, framed in glimpses of the river that sparkled in the early sunshine like veins of diamonds. Along the broken slopes of the bank a few old apple trees, heavy with blossoms, drooped to the soft, fresh turf; and, from the crevice of a rock, near the water, a young cherry tree, the growth of some stray seed, was just shedding its ripe blossoms like a snow storm over a carpet of wood moss that crept up to its roots; groups of lilacs and snow-balls broke up the wildness of the scene, and, without knowing it, Gillian began to smile, the stillness was so beautiful.

> As she sat, gazing through the window, Mrs. Ransom came slowly up from the river with a branch of wild honeysuckle in her hand. Her morning-dress, of a delicate blue, brightened the scene as she passed along. The ribbons of her pretty morning-cap fluttered in the wind, while her animated face and elastic tread gave queenliness to her whole appearance.

> The lady was not alone: by her side walked a tall man, not very young in appearance, but with a quiet and calm stateliness that rendered his presence imposing as that of the lady by whom he walked. Sometimes Mrs. Ransom took the gentleman's arm, and rested on it a moment, as she conversed. Then she would stoop to pick a fern leaf, or a violet, from the grass, and move on again, with her head bent, as if listening to some subject that interested her greatly. Thus the two came toward the house, mounted the balcony to which the bay window opened, and sauntered through into the library.

Gillian stood up, blushing and confused. She felt like an intruder: and the shy grace which 3 thou. itself a charm.

Mrs. Ransom started, and almost stepped back, when she saw this queenly girl standing there, with a smile on her lip, but a flush stealing over her whole face; but she recovered herself at once.

"My child-my dear Miss Bentley!" she said, with a confused attempt at welcome, "you here and waiting. Oh! I forgot-Mr. Woodworth, Miss Bentley."

Mrs. Ransom sat down, panting for breath. It was her habit, when excited, to tear apart anything that chanced to be in her hand. Thus she began to strip the honeysuckle branch of its blossoms, and scatter them on the carpet, while she watched the two persons she had introduced as they recognized each other.

The gentleman was evidently struck by the glow of Gillian's face, and by her subdued graciousness. He made some observation about the beauty of the morning, and looked around for a seat, while Gillian glided away from the easy-chair she had occupied, and drew gently up to Mrs. Ransom.

"You are not angry! Tell me, dear lady, have I intruded?" she said, bending gently toward her friend.

Her sweet, deprecating way touched Mrs. Ransom to the heart. Her face brightened with one of those grand, luxurious smiles that made it resplendent at times.

"No, not angry, child; and you never can intrude, remember that!" she answered, casting the torn branch away, as if it were some painful thought she flung off with an effort; "I was a little jealous that another should see you, that is all: so just scatter those roses back from your face-you have nothing to blush at."

Mrs. Ransom spoke in a subdued tone, and Gillian imitated her as she answered,

"I have been sitting in your chair, dear lady, with the old gentleman looking down upon me so earnestly. It almost made my heart stand still when I first met his glance. It seemed as } if he wanted to tell me something. Is it the likeness of some one you have loved?"

glancing over its pages, as this low-toned con- { minds so richly gifted, and her sympathies went versation commenced. Thus the two ladies were with them to the full. Hitherto she had almost left, in a measure, to themselves. Mrs. Ran-} reverenced Mrs. Ransom as an author; now her som's face changed again, and, with a saddened { look, she lifted her eyes to the portrait.

"Yes!" she said, almost in a whisper, "I} loved him, heaven only knows how much! fresh, young heart, with a glance. The admira-Loved him almost better than myself - than tion, and even homage, he saw there, inspired

He was a good man, Gillian-a rare this sensation gave to her appearance was in man. I think that shame, or a knowledge of sin in those he loved, would have broken his heart. But nothing of this kind ever reached him. He died calmly, happily, I think."

> Her eyes did not fill with tears as she spoke, but a flush rose to them, and her voice was low and hoarse.

> "It is a calm, stern face," whispered Gillian, drawing closer and closer to her friend; "I cannot tell why, but his look almost brings the tears to my eyes. He is not at all like papa, but there is something that reminds me of him about the picture."

> "No, no! It is not-it is not likely that there could be a resemblance between the two. It is because you like the picture."

> "Like it? Yes, but that would not account for this feeling. His eyes make me sad."

> Mrs. Ransom pressed the hand which Gillian had unconsciously laid in her clasp, but she did not speak; for that moment Mr. Woodworth closed his book and laid it on the table, conscious that the conversation was becoming oppressive to Mrs. Ransom, but apparently only weary of turning over the leaves.

With a quiet, almost indifferent manner, he began to converse, making a poem that he had read the subject of his observations. Mrs. Ransom replied in her usual earnest, frank way. Gillian did not speak, but her eyes began to kindle, and her cheeks grew red. In her whole life she had never heard a voice like that, so deep-toned, so clearly musical. The objection that Mrs. Ransom made to some sentiment that escaped him brought the fire to his soul. He began to talk earnestly, eloquently-so eloquently that Mrs. Ransom became interestedher thoughts flashed back to his own-her laugh rang out, full and clear. Spite of her age-spite of a certain troubled expression that habitually lay upon her, she grew brilliant beyond anything that Gillian had believed her capable of. The conversation was of a kind she had never listened to before, running from subject to subject: poetry, prose, wild fancies that possessed all the elements of poesy without its rythme, flashed before her. She was a being to The gentleman had taken up a book, and was } feel all that was beautiful in the meeting of two whole soul went forth in homage to her womanliness and the truth of her character.

Woodworth read all that was passing in that



him with feelings more worthy than those of 3 quickness of wit that overmastered her own, gratified vanity, but he scarcely addressed her } in words, and he was entirely free from any of those petty arts with which smaller men attempt and, with unconscious grace, lifted the violets to ingratiate themselves into favor with a young and beautiful woman. Indeed he was a man far above the usual level of society.

Perhaps the presence of Mrs. Ransom might have rendered his conduct, so far as she was concerned, more reserved than was usual to him; for he could not but remark how vigilantly her eyes followed his glances whenever they wandered toward the bright creature by her side. There was something anxious and almost stern in her manner, once or twice when she thus intercepted his admiration, which he could not understand.

At last Gillian arose to go; for, from the first, she had felt almost like an intruder. Mrs. Ransom did not urge her stay, but arose and walked with her toward the door.

Woodworth smiled. He was too thorough a man of society to be baffled in this way; and, seeing some wild flowers on the table where Mrs. Ransom had cast them down, he took up a few of the violets and handed them to Gillian, smiling half maliciously in Julia Ransom's face, as he lifted his head from the profound inclination that had accompanied the gift.

crossed her lip at being thus outgeneraled: for \ he left Julia to solitude. she was a woman to forgive, nay, admire, the ?

even when it baffled her wishes.

As for Gillian, she blushed like a sudden dawn, to her lips, casting a purple shadow over the smiles that hovered there. In her whole life she had never received a gift which stirred her heart so pleasantly. She forgot aunt Hettythe young man of the sidewalk-everything, in the happy bewilderment that fell upon her.

Mrs. Ransom went with her to the outer door. kissed her with a sweet tenderness of manner, and stood, with the young man at her side, while the carriage rolled away. As it swept round a curve of the road they caught a last glimpse of her, leaning back in the carriage and holding the violets to her lips-the violets over which a soft, low sigh passed—giving and taking perfume as the horses swept her away from the spot that had been to her the paradise of an hour.

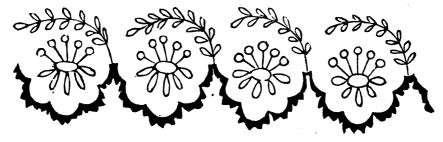
"And who is she?" inquired Woodworth, as his eyes met those of Mrs. Ransom, which were all at once clouded with sadness.

"She is—she is an angel—a good, bright angel, that keeps me from wishing to die," said Julia, and her sad eyes swam in tears.

"She must be to excite such emotions in a heart like yours," answered the young man; Mrs. Ransom frowned, but instantly a smile and, with the tact born of perfect refinement,

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## ORIGINAL PATTERNS IN EMBROIDERY.



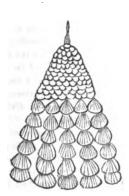
FOR BOTTOM OF DRAWERS.



EMBROIDERY FOR FLANNEL

# TO CROCHET A PAIR OF BLIND TASSELS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



This is an original design.

MATERIALS.—Two spools white crochet cotton, No. 16, fine hook.

Make a ch of 3—join. Work 6 rows in so, widening enough to keep the work flat. 7th row.—\* Make 7 ch, miss 3—loop this ch—into the next stitch, with a sc stitch \*. Repeat all round the work. 8th row.—Same as 7th, only observing to loop the ch into the centre stitch of every loop made by 7th row. Work 6 rows in this manner.

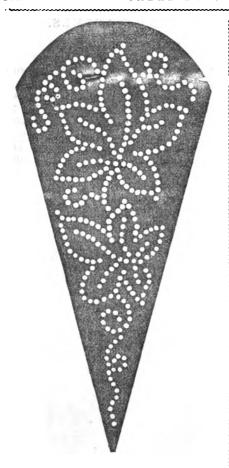
FOR THE BORDER.—Do in shell pattern, using 5 dc stitch in every loop, with 6 ch between the shells. Finish the last row of shells with 1 s c, 5 d c, 1 s c to every shell. The length of the border must be determined by the length of tassel to be covered.

# ORIENTAL MAT.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



As we have observed, often before, we do not { but lay under contribution everything new and confine ourselves entirely to original designs { pretty, that appears either in Paris, London, or 451

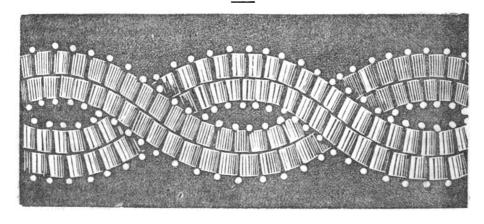


Berlin. Other Magazines, indeed, publish only these foreign patterns. But we add original designs, many of them such as subscribers have requested, and from the popularity which these original designs obtain, we are encouraged to believe that no other Magazine enjoys such a high reputation for its Work-Table as this.

One of the prettiest things for the Work-Table, which has lately been designed in Paris, is the Oriental Mat, in Berlin wool and beads. Above we give a segment of the pattern, being one quarter of the whole. This is divided, it will be observed, into three divisions. In the entire mat, therefore, there are twelve of these divisions. These twelve divisions are in six different colors. Each division has its opposite one in the same color: thus there are two crimsons, two greys, two yellows, two blues, two browns, and two greens. The leaves have an outline in steel beads, as seen in the cut at the side of this column, and are filled in with crystal. To give a greater variety to the leaves, the smaller ones may be filled in with opaque white, and those nearer the edge with the crystal. The outer scallop may be finished with loops of beads placed rather close together, overwrapping each other, and in the same chalk beads as those used for filling in the leaves. When the work is com pleted, it must be made up on a thin mill-board carefully cut out the same shape. It must be well stretched, and securely fastened down at the back. After which it must be lined with either cloth or fine green baize. This mat will be found very ornamental, and perfectly easy of execution.

## CABLE BORDER IN BEADS.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

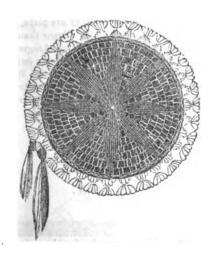


an equal quantity of colored of the same sort, } which may best accord with the work which the border is intended to accompany. A brilliant green, amber, or ultramarine blue contrasts well with the white. A small proportion of moderate } sized black, round beads are also necessary. To \ commence, thread one O P. white, one small recommend that if in wool-work the edge underblack, one O. P. white, tie the thread close to the beads; this is for the sake of making the be- | large stitch of some color which may contrast ginning finer. To continue, thread one white, well with itself in the openings which appear one black, one white, and pass the needle through \( \xi\$ through the twist. The largest O. P. beads are one of the O. P. beads you have just tied to- the best for this purpose, and care should be gether; then take one black, one white, and pass taken that the white and the colored match in the needle through the last white on the con- size.

THE materials are clear white O. P. beads and { trary side. These few simple instructions are all that need be offered for the mere threading of the beads. The other part of the cable is formed in precisely the same way. The two chains are intertwined and fastened down at regular intervals, each in the part which is covered by the other. If placed on a mat, we neath this Cable Border should be worked in a

# HEAD-DRESS IN CROCHET.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



WE have designed this head-dress expressly for the patrons of "Peterson."

MATERIALS.—Two spools gold thread, one skein black purse twist, fine steel hook. Cord and tassel, mixed gold and black.

With the gold thread make a ch of 8. Join, and in it work 7 d c, with 3 ch between each stitch. Fasten the black silk and begin the Star.

back of the 8 gold stitches worked,) and make blue and silver, or, for every day wear, it may 8 ch black. Drop the black, take up the gold, be made entirely of silk.

† work 3 d c, as before, 8 ch black, †. Repeat this 7 times.

2nd Row.-+ 5 d c gold, (over 8 d c 1st row.) 8 ch black, † 7 times.

8rd Row.—+ 7 d c gold, (over 5 d c 2nd row,) 8 ch black, † 7 times.

4th Row.—† 9 d c gold, (over 7 d c 3rd row.) 8 ch black, † 7 times.

5th Row. - † 7 d c gold, (over 9 d c 4th row.) 8 ch, 1 d c, 8 ch black, † 7 times.

6th Row.—† 5 d c gold, (over 7 d c 5th row,) 3 ch, 1 d c, 3 ch, 1 d c, 8 ch black, † 7 times.

7th Row.—† 8 d c gold, (over 5 d c 6th row,) 3 ch, 1 d c, 3 ch, 1 d c, 8 ch, 1 d c, 3 ch black, † 7 times.

8th Row.-+ 1 d c, 8 ch, + all round.

9th Row .- Same as 8th.

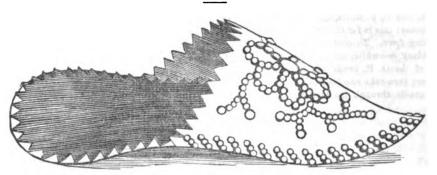
10th Row .- Shell work in gold thread, which is done by working + 5 d c in one loop, miss 4, 5 d c in one, miss 4, † all round.

11th Row .- Place the 5 d c in centre stitch of every shell on 10th row, 1 ch between each shell.

Run the cord in the 9th row, fasten on the tassels, draw to fit the knot of hair. This headdress is very simple, easily made, and quite as pretty as the imported ones of this style. The drawing gives the head-dress wide open. may be varied in color to suit the taste of the 1st Row .- 3 d c gold, (pass the black silk wearer. The combinations of crimson and gold,

## SLIPPER PEN-WIPER.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



THE material of the front of the slipper given, placed the black on which to wipe the pens, in our illustration is in scarlet cloth, pinked in small vandykes at the upper edge, having a front ceases, and their thicknesses thus giving rosette in white chalk beads, with a pretty fancy the appearance of the heel. We have said that gold button in its centre, and surrounded by the the upper piece of cloth forming the fall should sprays of beads, which will be seen in our de- be vandyked, but under this they are plain, and sign. When this is fastened on to the sole, it into extending farther into the slipper than the is stitched in the inside, then turned and orna- heel. All these parts should be tacked together, mented with stitches, having three beads on and cut as smoothly round as possible, to imitate each, at regular distances, all the way round, the even round of the heel of the slipper. When where the two parts are united. The sole is this article is neatly made, it forms a very pretty formed of two thicknesses of black cloth, the offering from the Work-Table to the Writingupper one being vandyked; between these is Table. This pattern is just out in London.

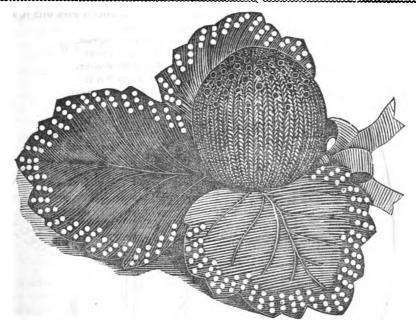
## EMERY CUSHION. STRAWBERRY

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

Take four very fine knitting-needles, and some needle, and four to another, and so cast them fine crochet silk as near the genuine strawberry off. This prevents the strawberry from being scarlet as you can obtain. Cast on ten stitches pointed at the top. The Emery Cushion having on each of two needles, and twelve on a third. been made, must now be enclosed within and Knit round with the fourth needle until you have \( \) gathered up underneath. This is best formed a sufficient depth, exactly in the same way as of three pieces, so narrowed at the top as to you would do a stocking; then narrow at each produce the required shape. The dots on the end of each needle every alternate round, until strawberry are represented by a few very small you have two loops on each of two needles, and and cut beads. The leaf is either in dark green four on the third, on which there were originally \ velvet or cloth. The edges are intended in aptwelve. Pass a needle and thread through all pearance, by having three white beads placed these loops, so as to secure them from dropping, \u00e3 upon them at regular distances, the veins being take out the knitting-needles, turn the work on also done in the same way. Underneath, the 454

THE cushion is made in the following manner: ; to the wrong side, restore the four loops to one

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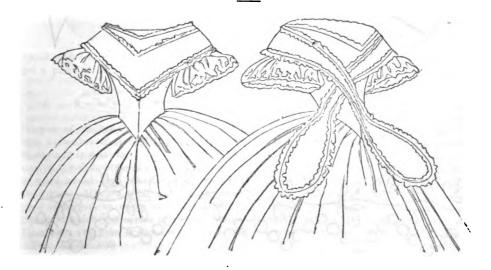
 $needle-book \quad is \quad introduced, \quad the \quad whole \quad being \ {}_{\cite{N}} \ knit \ the \ next, \ place \ the \ first \ loop \ over \ the \ second;$ finished with a bow of ribbon.

In narrowing the knitting for the strawberry, we recommend the following way:—At the beginning of the rows, take one loop on the needle, English journal.

at the end of each row take two loops together.

## EVENING DRESS. BODY FOR

ENILY H. MAY.



WE give, this month, a new and elegant pat- | larly well, when a berthe is worn with it, as seen tern for the body of an evening dress. Its chief in our illustration. novelty consists in the seam, which forms the } dart, and which runs up, in this pattern, to the top of the body. This gives the bust a particularly beautiful shape. The corsage is made with a point before and behind, and looks particularly

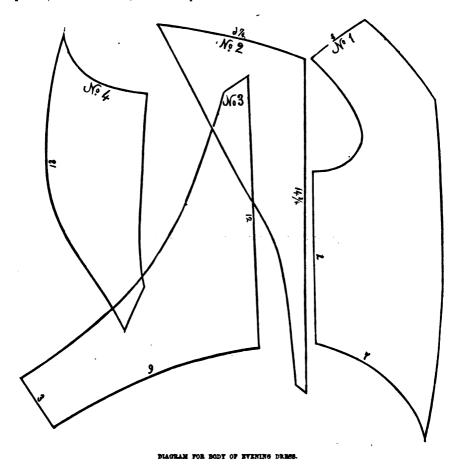
Below we give a diagram.

No. 1. HALF THE FRONT.

No. 2. FRONT SIDE-BODY.

No. 8. HALF THE BACK.

No. 4. BACK OF SIDE-BODY.



FOR BAND OF CHEMISE.



## WINDOW GARDENING.—NO. II.

BY THE "HORTICULTURAL EDITOR."



of double primroses, blue and white. To prepare this basket, get four roots each; next take a common pie-dish, or any other cheap earthen



vessel suited to the form of your basket; then get a piece of thin board, and having cut it to



the size of the bottom of the dish, perforate it with a number of small holes, about a quarter of an inch in diameter. Then place in the bottom of the dish, at equal distances, three strips of wood, about three-quarters of an inch deep If upon these the flat perforated each way. piece is lodged, an empty space below will be provided, which will ensure thorough drainage. of one of the square terra cotta flower-pots, which Place over the holes a slight layer of moss, to are becoming fashionable, and which produce an Vol. XXXV.-28

WE give, this month, an engraving of a basket { prevent the soil from dropping through, but not so as to impede the drainage. A layer of rich soil may then be added. Take the primrose roots, leaving some of the fibres rather free, and place them according to your taste in the disposition of color, in the pan. Then fill more soil in between them, pressing it slightly down round each plant.

The next process is that of lining your basket with moss, and, having placed the pan within it, and covered the whole with moss, place it neatly between the plants. Water may be given, but not too profusely. The basket should then stand in a situation where there is not too much light, and no sun, for about three days, after which it may be placed in the situation which it is intended to occupy, where it will, if all the pre-arrangements have been duly observed, flourish luxuriantly till the whole of the flowers have expanded. But care should be taken to shield it from a mid-day sun until the plants are thoroughly established.

We have also given this month an engraving

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more ordinary circular forms. We have represented a white camelia in the terra cotta pot, and } a China primrose in the basket-pattern pot, both { of which plants may be obtained in flower at the } present moment.

The third ornamental pot is known as the } "Lily of the Valley" pattern, and the white} flowers and foliage on a deep ultramarine and wherever design is apparent, a certain kind ground, produce a very good effect, for the of taste and refinement are indicated, which design is good. We generally prefer geome- never fails to produce an agreeable impression. trical patterns for flower-pots, as forming a

agreeable variety, if judiciously used, with the { better contrast with the flowing lines of the natural flowers which they are to contain. But in the present instance we have seen a group of the natual lilies combine so gracefully with the ornamental receptacle, as represented in our engraving, that we strongly recommend some of our floricultural readers to try the experiment. The design becomes evident in the arrangement,



# NETTED HOOD, WITH DAISY FRINGE.

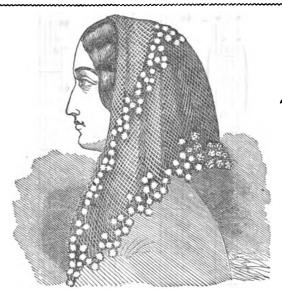
# BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

MATERIALS .- Two oz. of white single Berlin with the wool twined round the mesh, net two wool, a flat mesh, scarcely a 1 of an inch in rows at the sides, taking up every loop which width, and a netting-needle.

Net on a foundation of 110 stitches 4 rows, so } part. as to form 2 perfect diamonds; now continue to { net and decrease one at the end of each row till also a second, and place the two lengths together;

was decreased, but not net in the front or wide

FOR THE FRINGE.—Cut once a skein of wool, the whole is reduced to only 4 diamonds; then, wind another skein in a small ball, or on a tat-



ting shuttle. Tie the end on to the end of the two ; will be found a perfect tie, like the crossing of skeins, which will consist of about 22 lengths. Tibbon before it is tied in a bow, and the more At about an inch from the end (holding the wools in the left hand) make a stitch over the skein, with the ball in the right hand, exactly like an all a length of wool, sew the end of the fringe overcast stitch in embroidery; then, before pull- on the point at the side, then sew between every ing it tight, slip the ball upward through the 5th tuft into the 4th loop of the netting along bow of the stitch, then pull the stitch tight; con- the front; sew it fuller than this to turn the tinue this stitch at intervals of an inch, to the corner, but along the two sides of the net sew end of the work; then take two other skeins in between every 6th tuft into every 8rd loop of lengths, till sufficient of these tufts are made; netting. It may be sewed fuller than this if then cut in the centre of each space. The stitch i needed.

## BOTTOM O F PETTICOAT.

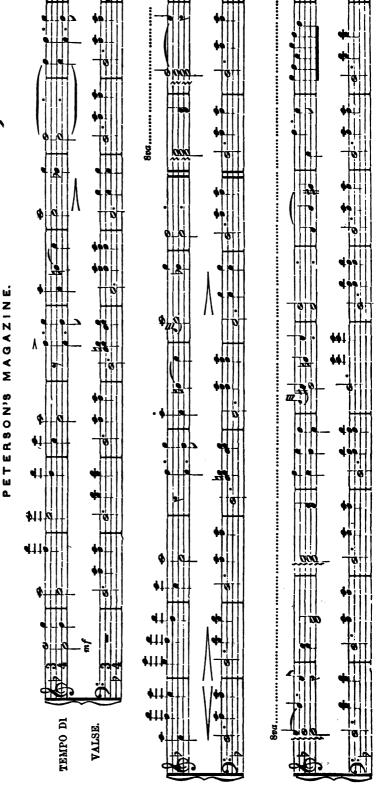
BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.



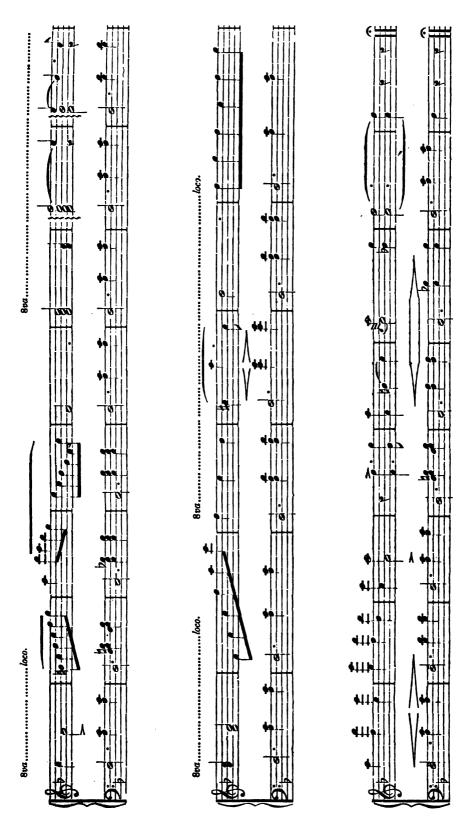
WALTZ.

# "SOUVENIR DE L'IRLANDE."

# WRITTEN EXPRESSLY FOR



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## EDITOR'S TABLE.

## EDITORIAL CRIT-CHAT.

Two Faces.—A great many whom we know, and some we don't know, have two faces, one the world-face, the other the home-face. One for smooth smiles, pleasant words, flattering compliments, outside politeness; the other for frowns, mutterings, oaths, elegant inexpletives and selfish churlishness. So they have separate characters—the one for kindness and assiduity abroad, the other for churlishness and neglect at home. These they keep in active competition, so that neither gets much ahead of the other, but both go on an ever steady pace, at the same time blessing and cursing; only those who receive the latter commodity get rather the worst of the bargain.

The heart would sicken could it look through the walls that shelter families, and behold the other phase in which some men robe themselves when the eagle glances of the world are not spies upon their actions. It could see thousands who give great sums to popular charities, turn destitution from her wretched dwelling, because she could not pay, perhaps, the balance of a few paltry pennies for rent. It would behold the flattered man of society repelling wife and children from kindly intercourse around the fireside by his frowns and peevishness. It would look down upon many a woman, so useful without doors wherever benevolence called, and who was never known to be absent from her post of honor in public assemblies, very lax in her duties as wife and mother, very careless about the pleasantness of home, her children in the condition of "heathen at the door."

It would see the jaunty buck of fashion swearing at his grey-headed father, while his sisters blush with shame at his prefamity; or the dainty belle of the ball-room, all smiles of beauty, all motions of grace abroad, bandying taunting words with some poor dependent for a trifling fault.

A steady, unswerving example—not protestations and long faces, not soft, smooth, religious tongues—will do more for the moral progress of communities, than all the good works you can pile 'twixt the earth and the sky. You may batter against heaven's very gates with your enginery of prayer; you may add your donations till the list shall swell from here to India; you may shot tears over man's vain ingratitude till the ocean could not hold them; you may talk so eloquently that the very angels might bend to listen, yet all your prayers, your charities, your tears, your eloquence, shall not be potent enough to impel one soul a step toward heaven. If the daily, honrly, momently consistency of your example be not a guarantee of your sincerity.

NEW STILES OF JEWELRY.—Many novelties in bijouterie, in which hair forms a part, have recently appeared. Bracelets composed of hair are studded with jewels. Brooches are encircled in a framework of richly wrought gold, ornamented with pearls. Some very elegant ear-rings have been formed of hair and turquoise. Cameoes hold a high place among the favorite ornaments of the season. They are employed to ornament both the dress and the hair in ball and evening costume. In the dress they are used as brooches, and in the coiffure they are frequently set in the form of a diadem.

"THE BLIND PIPER."—This is another beautiful steel engraving. By an oversight of the engraver, a few of these plates have been labeled, erroneously, "The Blind Harper." If you get such an impression, fair lady, your own good sense will tell you that it is not a harp the blind minstrel is playing on, but an orthodox Scotch bag-pipe.

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POCKET-HANDKERCHIEFS .- In Paris, some beautiful novelties in pocket-handkerchiefs have just made their appearance. Those suited to evening dress are circular in form, and are bordered with a row of insertion running in an undulating line. At the extreme edge there is a row of Valenciennes, corresponding with the insertion. For morning and out-door dress, a handkerchief is extremely fashionable made of very fine batiste, and either round or square. It is edged with a border of lilac, blue or pink, consisting of a running arabesque design. Another style of handkerchief, also suited to morning dress, has a tartan border printed on the cambric, and on both sides the colors are equally vivid, so that there is no wrong side. These tartan borders are printed both on gentlemen's and ladies' handkerchiefs; but it must be observed that they are strictly confined to morning costume. Other handkerchiefs, confined to the plainest style of morning dress, are of white lawn, with borders formed of small white, blue, or red spots.

How Gentlemen Should Dress.-In an article on dress, in a late number of "Blackwood's Magazine," we find some suggestions respecting the most becoming evening attire for gentlemen. "Blackwood" thinks the vest should be of white, with a standing collar, in the fashion of the court costume of England; the coat a black dress coat, cut in the present fashion; breeches, knee-buckles, silk stockings, and low-quartered shoes. Boots and trousers, according to "Blackwood," ought to be banished from parlors. Frills in the shirt-bosom, and ruffles at the wrist, it considers would be an improvement. We suppose "Blackwood" thinks, that, as the ladies have returned, in a great degree, to the style of dress in vogue with their grandmothers, the sooner the gentlemen imitate the costume of their grandsires the better. Certainly, knee-breeches are handsomer than pantaloonsunless, indeed, when a man is spindle-shanked. We vote for knee-breeches.

CHILD'S APRON, WATCH-POCKET, ac., ac.—In the front of the number, we give several original patterns, furnished by the accomplished editor of "the Work-Table," Mrs. Jane Weaver. One is a Child's Apron, to be made of silk and embroidered. Another is a Watch-Pocket, Braided. A third is for the wrist, and to be made of narrow velvet ribbon and black lace. A fourth is a cuff and collar, embroidered in blue, which we have printed in solors. These, with other patterns given in another part of the number, form a collection of original designs, which no other Magazine has ever equaled.

TWENTY-FIVE FLOUNCES.—At a recent fashionable party in Paris, one of the ladies were a white tarlatane dress with twenty-five narrow flounces, each having a black velvet ribbon along the edge. Her waistband was black velvet and fastened by a steel buckle, as were also the bows on the shoulders. The head-dress was composed of three tufts of black velvet, placed on velvet cross-bands, one to the left along the bandeau, and the other wider forming a cachepeigne behind.

To Remove Superfluous Hair.—Several subscribers ask us how to remove superfluous hair. There is but one way—to pluck it out by the roots. Even in this case, however, it will grow again. The nostrums advertised to remove hair are all either worthless or injurious; for the first do not remove the hair, and the last injure the skin or health.



A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE is the copy of Darley's late celebrated work from Longfellow's new poem, "The Courtship of Miles Standish." The size of the plate, which is upright, is 14 by 17, and it is a perfect fac-simile of the original. "The snow white Steer" seems walking from the forest toward you,

"Through the ford at the forest,"

bearing the beautiful maiden Priscilla, her hand with loving confidence placed in that of her new husband. It is published by J. E. Tilton & Co., 161 Washington street, Boston, who will furnish directions how to paint it in the Grecian style. Price \$1,50, post-paid. The circular will be found on another page.

Positively Libelous.—The editor of the Hamilton (III.) Sucker says:—"The Ladies' National is received, and is being consulted by our 'better half.' The ladies all love 'Peterson'—not the old gentleman, but the Magazine." Now isn't this too bad? Old gentleman! We'd have you know, sir editor, that we're not old. It's a libel to call us old. Once get that notion afloat, and what girl will marry us?

To MAKE A NATURAL BAROMETER.—The Germans take tall glass bottles filled with water, in which they place one or more frogs; a little wooden ladder is then inserted into the bottle, the steps in a rough way marking the degrees. In fine weather the frogs always mount the ladder, but in bad weather remain at the bottom. These barometers are much consulted and depended upon.

CAN GOUT BE CURED?—A subscriber asks this question. It is said that the severest gout has been cured by a persevering use of coffee. In the French colonies, as well as in Turkey, where coffee constitutes the principal beverage, the gout is almost unknown. We do not vouch for the infallibility of this remedy, but it is a harmless one and worthy of a trial.

OUR THIRD NOVELET.—With this number, one of our promised novelets, "The Old Stone Mansion," is concluded. In the July number, we shall begin another, "Helen Grame." Both it and "Gillian" will be finished by, or before, December.

# REVIEW OF NEW BOOKS.

The Romance of a Hero. By the author of "Magdalen Stafford." 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—Many persons will like this better than "Adam Bede," noticed last month, though we do not. The story is more romantic, the actors move in a higher sphere of life, and there are no paintul incidents to harrow up the heart, like the trial of poor Hetty in "Adam Bede." But the characters are not near so truthfully drawn, nor is the novel so faithful a picture of life as it really is. However, so far, it surpasses any fiction of the month, except Charles Reade's, and is among the best that has appeared this season.

On the Probable Full in the value of Gold: the Commercial and Social consequences which may ensue, and the measures which it invites. By Michel Chevalier. Translated from the French, with preface, by Richard Cobien. 1 vol. 8 vo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—The title of this work so fally sets forth its objects that we need not enlarge upon them. The treatise is a very able one, and deserving the consideration of every person interested in commerce, finance, or political economy. The volume is handsomely printed.

"Love Mc Little." By Charles Reade. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—Inferior to "White Lies," and even to "Peg Woffington." but superior to most other lately published novels. Reade's stories are always briskly told and the characters well drawn.

High Life in New York. By Jonathan Slick, Eq. 1 sol., 12 mo. Philada: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.—This is a new edition of a work of rare merit. There is nothing in Sam Slick, nothing in the whole range of American humor, superior to it: indeed there are few that are its equal. The satire is frequently as delicate and keen as the edge of a razor and is always effective. The author's name continues to be concauled, but rumor attributes the work to an eminent and popular writer. The illustrations in this edition are inimitable, especially that in which the raw Yankee lad mistakes a certain article of female attire for a new-fashioned side-saidtle.

Plan of the Creation; or, Other Worlds, and who Inhabit Them. By Rev. C. L. Hequembourg. 1 vol., 12 no. Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Co. Philada: Parry & M'Millan.—An attempt to solve the future state of man, the character of that conflagration which it has been declared the globe is to undergo, and other things either concealed, or only darkly hinted at in Scripture. On the infallibility of the author's conclusions we confess ourselves unable to pronounce. To ordinarily informed readers, the investigation of such themes is certainly profitless, we may add, often injurious.

The Life of North American Insects. By B. Jæger, assisted by H. C. Preston, M. D. With numerous Illustrations from specimens in the cabinet of the author. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—This is a description of the insect world of North America, as thorough as it is possible to make it, and entirely reliable. In short, Dr. Preston has done for the insects of this continent, what Audubon, before him, did for its birds and quadrupeds. The volume will be found agreeable even by persons not specially interested in the subject: at least we have discovered it to be so in our own case.

The Avenger and other Pieces. By Thomas De Quincey. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.—These pieces all bear the traces of De Quincey's gorgeous style, though they are, in other respects, of very various merit. The principal article is a powerfully told story, in which the sensation of horror is developed, as only a master could develope it. But the "Tradition of the Rabbis" is our favorite of all in the volume. The description of the transmigrated spirit, in its various temporary dwelling-places in a lion, an eagle, &c., is one of the finest bits of writing in the language.

Sixty Years of My Life. By James Brown. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—This book reminds us of De Foe. But unlike De Foe's fictions, it is a true record of a life. The author was a poor boy, born in a village near Cambridge, England, apprenticed to a shoemaker, and subsequently a soldier and sailor. He is now a magistrate of the university town, and a man of means and influence. His experiences are told in a racy, idiomatical style, which makes the volume exceedingly agreeable reading, more interesting indeed than any novel.

Mothers and Infants, Nurses and Nursing. Translated from the French. By Dr. Al. Donne. 1 vol., 12 mo. Boston: Phillips, Simpson & Co. Phillada: Parry & M'Millan.—
The author of this work was lately at the head of the clinical department of the Faculty of Paris, and is, therefore, unusually fitted for the task ho has undertaken. The volume is one of the best treatises on nursing, weaning, and the treatment of children generally, which has ever been published. It ought to be in overy family.

Motherwell's Poems. 1 vol., 18 mo. Boston: Ticknor de Fields.—An edition, to match the "blue and gold" series of the poets, which this enterprising firm has lately begun. Some of Motherwell's ballads are among the best in the language: witness "Jeans Morrison." A capital portrait of the author embellishes the volume. It is the very book for a lady's boudoir or library.



Shakspeare's Legal Acquirements Considered. By John, Lord Campbell, L. L. D., F. R. S. E. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—The writer of this little volume is Chief Justice of England, author of "The Lives of the Chancellors," &c., and is, therefore, peculiarly competent for the task of examining, and deciding on, the legal acquirements of Shakspeare. By selecting passages, from the great dramatist's various plays, Lord Campbell shows that a good prima facte case could be made out in favor of Shakspeare's having been an attorney.

Old South Chapel Prayer Meeting: Rs Origin and History. 1 vol., 16 mo. Boston: J. E. Tillon & Co.—This neat little volume has been published, according to the preface, to preserve "some record of a meeting, which has, with the blessing of God, been instrumental of accomplishing more for the advancement of the Kingdom of Christ than any other similar meeting which has ever been held." We have no doubt that it will do much good.

More About Jesus. With Illustrations and a Map. By the author of "Ivep of Day," &c. 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: Harper & Brothers.—This is a description of Palestine, and of the principal events in the life of the Saviour, written in style to suit children. The illustrations are many and beautiful. We cordially commend the book to families.

The Culprit Fay. By J. Rodman Drake. 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: Rudd & Carleton.—A dainty edition of one of the most graceful poems yet written in America, and one which, strange to say, has been long out of print. The typographical neatness of this volume reminds us of Pickering's famous edition of the British poets.

Bon Sylvester's Word. By the author of "The Heir of Redelysse." 1 vol., 18 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—An excellent story for juveniles, conveying an important moral. The author is well known, not only as a popular novelist, but as a superior writer of books for children.

Home Memories; or, Echoes of a Mother's Voice. By Mrs. Carey Brock, author of "Children at Home." 1 vol., 12 mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co.—Well written, and with an excellent moral. A safe, as well as interesting book, to put into the hands of daughters.

# PARLOR GAMES.

THE NEWSPAPER.—The company, sitting in a semicircle, assume various trades—such as that of a grocer, a cook, a draper, &c.; and when the reader of the newspaper, who selects an important despatch, pauses and looks steadfastly at one of the party, he or the next must immediately help him out with one or two words relating to the particular trade adopted by the individual. The following reading is given as an example, and it will do as well as any other:—
"Early in the morning the whole," (looking at one, who

immediately continues,)
Dinner-service—

"Was in motion. Detachments from the suburbs had put themselves in——"

Vinegar;

"Armed citizens occupied the---"

Frying-pans;

"Others had taken possession of the-

Cotton-balls;

"Planted the----

Marrow bones;

"And surrounded the---"

Scissors.

"All were prepared to----

Break tumblers.

"All the powder and lead which they found in the——"Bugar hogsheads.

## OUR COOK-BOOK.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR "PETERSON'S MAGAZINE."

[Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1859, by Charles J. Peterson, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

For These receipts have all been tested, either by the author herself, or by some of her friends. Every menth, we shall give several receipts, in various departments; and the whole, at the end of the year, will be found to make the most complete cookbook ever published.

# BILL OF FARE

Soup.

Vegetable; or, Green Turtle.

Wich

Salmon; or, Sea Bass, with White Sauce.
Boiled Potatoes.

Meats.

Boiled Leg of Lamb, with Mint Sauce. Boiled Chickens, with Lobster Sauce. Roast and Mashed Potatoes.

Roast Chickens. Roast Beef.

Tomatoes. Spinach. Peas. Potatoes.

Side Dishes.

Sweet Breads. Lobster Salad.
Chicken Crequettes. Lamb Chops.
Young Chickens. Squabs.
Turtle Steaks. Tenderloin, with Mushrooms.
Asparagus. Green Peas. Tomatoes.
Fried Potatoes. Lima Beans.

Dessert.

Ice Creams. Strawberries.

Water Ices. Pine Apple, with Madeira.
Charlotte Russe.

Apples. Oranges. Grapes. Raisins.
Almends.

Black Coffee. Cocoa.

## SOUPS.

Vermicelli Soup .- Very Rich .- Put four ounces of butter into a pan; cut into it a knuckle of veal and a scrag of mutton in small pieces; slice in the meat of a shank of ham, with three or four blades of mace, two or three carrots, two parsnips, two large onions with a clove stuck in each end, four or five heads of celery, washed clean; a bunch of sweet herbs, and an anchovy. Cover the pan close up, and set it over the fire, without any water, till the gravy is drawn out of the meat; then pour the gravy into a bowl. Let the meat brown in the saucepan, and take care it does not burn; then pour in four quarts of water; let it boil gently till it is wasted to three pints; strain it; add the other gravy to it; set it on the fire; put in, also, two ounces of vermicelli, the nicest part of a head of celery, cayenne pepper and salt; and let it boil for four minutes. Pour it over some nice slices of toast.

Transparent Soup.—Suitable for an Entertainment.—Procure a leg of veal; cut off all the meat as thin as you can; break the bone in small pleces; put the meat into a large jug, and the bones at top, with a bunch of sweet herbs, a quarter of an ounce of mace, half a pound of almonds, blanched, and beat fine, and four quarts of boiling water. Let it stand all night by the fire, covered close; the next day put it into a well-tinned saucepan, and let it boil slowly till it is reduced to two quarts. All the time it is boiling soum the fat off as it rises. Then strain it into a bowl; let

It settle for two hours, and pour it into a clean saucepan, clear from the sediment. Have ready three ounces of rice, boiled in water; if you prefer vermicelli, boil two ounces, and, when done enough, put it in the soup, and serve it up.

## PISH.

Perch—in Water Sokey.—Scale, clean, and wash your perch; put in some water to boil, adding some salt; when the water boils put in your fish, with an onion cut in slices and separated into rings, and a handful of parsley. Put in as much milk as will turn the water white; when your fish are done enough, put them into a soup dish, and pour a little of the water over them with the parsley and onions. Serve with them a sauce of butter and parsley.

Rock Fish—Stewed.—Brown some onions in butter. Cut your fish in slices and fry them; put them into a pot with water, butter, allspice, salt and mace; about half an hour before you dish your fish add as much wine as is agreeable to you. You must stew the fish slowly about three hours, and keep it closely covered.

## MEATS.

Woodcock or Partridge—Hashed.—Cut the birds up as for eating; work the entrails very fine with the back of a spoon; mix it with a spoonful of red wine, the same quantity of water, and half a spoonful of vinegar; cut an onion into slices, and then pull it into rings; and roll a little butter in some flour. Put them all into your pan, shake it over the fire till it boils; then put in your birds, and when thoroughly hot lay them in a dish, and strain the sauce over them.

Pigeons—Boiled.—Clean your pigeons thoroughly, turn the legs under the wings, dredge them, and put them in cold water; boil them very slowly a quarter of an hour, dish them up, pour over them good melted butter, and serve them up. Prepare a sauce of drawn butter and pareley.

## MADE DISHES.

Breast of Veal-Collared .- Take a fine breast of veal, bone it, rub it over with the yolks of two eggs, and strew over it some crumbs of bread, a little grated lemon, a little pepper and salt, and a handful of chopped parsley. Roll it up tight, and bind it hard with twine; wrap it in a cloth and boil it one hour and a half-then take it up to cool. When a little cold, take off the cloth, and clip the twine carefully, lest you open the veal; then cut it in slices, and lay them on a dish, with some forcement balls laid round them. Make a white sauce, as follows, and pour it over the veal, &c. White Sauce-Take one pint of good yeal gravy, add to it a spoonful of lemon pickle, a teaspoonful of mushroom powder, or a few pickled mushrooms, and give it a gentle boil; then put in half a pint of cream, and the yolks of two eggs; (beat light) shake it over the fire after adding the eggs and cream, but do not let it boil.

Chickens—Fricassed.—Cut eff the wings and legs of four chickens; separate the breasts from the backs; divide the backs crosswise; cut off the necks; clean the gizards, and put them with the livers and other parts of the chickens (after having been thoroughly washed,) into a saucepan, adding salt, pepper, and a little mace; cover with water, and stew till it becomes tender; then take out the chicken. Thicken half a pint of water with two spoonfuls of flour rubbed into four ounces of butter, as you think proper, with a tablespoonful of currie; let the chickens stew fifteen minutes longer, and they are done.

Ham—or a Gammon of Bacon—Roast.—Half boil your ham or gammon, then take off the skin, dredge it with oatmeal sifted very fine, baste it with butter, and roast it. When done, dish it up with brown gravy. Garnish it with paraloy.

Eggs.—Fricasseed.—Boil your eggs pretty hard, cut them in round slices, make a white sauce the same way as for boiled chickens, pour it over the eggs, and put a whole egg in the middle of the yolk.

## PRESERVES, JELLIES, AC.

Observations on Preserving.—When you make any kind of jelly, take care you do not let any of the seeds from the fruit fall into the jelly; pound your sugar, and let it dissolve in the syrup before you set it on the fire—it makes the scum rise well, and the jelly a better color: it is a great fault to boil jellies too high, it makes them of a dark color. The best mode to preserve sweetmeats, is to dip writing paper in brandy, and lay it close to your sweetmeats, tie them well down with white paper, and two folds of thick cap paper to keep out the air.

Green Gages.—Take the plums before they are ripe, put them in a kettle with vine leaves at the bottom—then a layer of plums, then a layer of vine leaves, and so on until the plums are all used. Fill the kettle with water, set it over a slow fire, and when the plums become hot, and the skins begin to crack, take them out, and skin them carefully; lay them on a sieve as you skin them, then put them back again in the same water, and in the same manner as before, covering them very close, and banging them a great distance from the fire until they become green. Then take them up carefully, lay them on a sieve to drain, make a good syrup, and give them a gentle boil twice a day for twe days; then put them in a fine, clear syrup.

Fine Apples.—No. 1.—Take them before they are ripe, make a strong salt water and lay them in for five days; then green them with vine leaves, make a thin syrup, and when it is almost cold, put the pine apples in jars and pour the syrup over them; let them stand a week, but be certain of their being covered with syrup. When they have stood a week, boil the syrup again and pour it over them; let them stand eight weeks, and during that time give the syrup two or three boilings in order to prevent it from moulding. After that make a good syrup, put a few slices of white ginger into it, then give your fruit a gentle boil, place it in jars, and tie them down with bladders.

Pine Apple.—No. 2.—Pare, core, and grate the fruit. Take pound for pound, boil all together carefully until it becomes thick and clear.

Crab Apples.—Par boil the apples very gently, and when the fruit is tender take it out of the water. Take one pound of sugar for each pound of fruit; pour some of the water in which the fruit was boiled over the sugar, in order to melt it, then place the syrup over the fire, and when it boils and is well skinned, put in the fruit and boil it carefully until it becomes clear; then put the fruit on dishes to cool, and boil down the syrup. Put the fruit in jars, and pour the syrup over it while hot. All the water in which the apples have been boiled may be poured over the sugar, as the more jelly you have the better, as it is very fine.

Black Currant Jelly.—Get your currants when they are ripe and dry, pick them off the stalks, and put them into a large stewpan. To every quart of currants add a quart of water, tie a paper over them, and set them in a cool offer two hours, then squeeze them through a very thin cloth. To every quart of juice add a pound and a half of loaf sugar broken in small pieces, stir it gently till the juice is melted, when it boils skim it well; let it boil pretty quick for half an hour over a clear fire, then pour it into pots. Put brandy papers over them.

Currant Jelly.—Procure your currants when fully ripeyet not too ripe. Put the currants into a preserving-kettle, let them warm through thoroughly, but be careful they do not scorch; it is better to cover them in the kettle. When well warmed put them into a cloth, and press the juice from them. To each pint of juice allow one pound of loaf sugar; put it on a slow fire, after they come to a boil let them boil twenty minutes, or a little longer.

Cherry Jam.—Take six pints of morella cherries to two pounds of sugar. Boil them well, and be careful they do not burn.



Apricots.—Pare your apricots, and thrust out the stones with a skewer; to every pound of apricots put a pound of loaf sugar; strew part of it over them and let them stand till the next day; then give them a gentle boil three or four different times, and let them become cold between each time. Take them out of the syrup one by one; the last time you boil them, skim your syrup well; then boil it till it looks clear and thick; pour it over your apricots, and cover them

Raspherry Jam.—Procure raspberries that are ripe and dry—select them carefully, rejecting the dead ones—and then crush them in a bowl, with a silver or wooden spoon. As soon as you have crushed them, strew in their own weight of sugar, and half their weight of currant juice, (boiled and strained as for jelly,) then set them over a clear, slow fire, boil half an hour, skim them well, and keep stirring them at the same time. When cool, put them in glasses for use.

Raspberries.—After the fruit is hulled and picked over, weigh it and take pound f r pound of fruit and sugar; place alternately a layer of fruit and sugar in a large, deep vessel; let them remain over night. The following day put all into a kettle together, and when it comes to a boil let it continue to boil for twenty minutes. For seven pounds of fruit pulverize a piece of alum about the size of a hazel nut, and stir is in while boiling.

Apricot Marmulade.—When you preserve apricots, pick out all the bad ones, and those that are too ripe for keeping; boil them in some syrup till they will mash; then beat them to a paste. Take half their weight of loaf sugar, and put as much water to it as will dissolve it; boil and skim it well. Then boil the fruit and syrup together till it looks clear, and like a fine jelly, and then put it in glass jars for use.

Apricot, or Peach Jam.—Pere the ripest apricots, or peaches, you can get, and cut them thin. To every pound and a half of fruit add a pound of double-refined sugar, and three spoonfuls of water; boil your sugar to a candy height, then put in your apricots or peaches; stir them over a slow fire till they look clear and thick; but do not let them boil, only simmor.

## CAKES.

Lapland.—Make into a batter one pint of flour, one pint of cream, three eggs, beaten separately, and a small quantity of salt. Have ready some small tin forms, flour them well, pour in the dough and bake them in a quick oven. Twice this quantity would be necessary for a large family. This is a nice bread for breakfast.

Strivelins.—Take six eggs and three pints of sweet milk, and make the batter rather richer than for fiannel cakes, adding two spoonfuls of sots. Make them about two o'clock, and they will be ready to bake for tea. Pass them through a funnel into boiling lard.

Loaf Cake.—Ingredients: Three quarts of milk, two pounds of butter, two pounds of sugar, three eggs, one gill of brandy. Bake in an earthen cake-dish, and paint the outside of the loaf with the yolk of an egg and a little milk. To be eaten cald, with coffee.

Maryland Biscuit.—Ingredients: Eight bowlfuls of flour, half pint of milk and water, one teacupful of lard, and a little salt. Work and beat up the whole for a long time. Make it up into little cakes without rolling or cutting out the douch.

Polato (luke.—Boll six or eight potatoes, and when cool grate them; mix the potatoes with half a pound of butter, then add a pint of warmed milk, half a teacupful of yeast and as much flour as will make a dough. Bake them like short-cakes.

Milk Biscuit.—To one pound of flour add a quarter of a pound of butter, one egg, a little salt, one glass yeast; knead them up with six ounces flour and one teacupful of milk. Set the whole to rise, and bake in time.

Muffins —To a pint of warm milk take one-eighth of a pound of butter, four eggs and a little salt. Mix it into a stiff batter, and beat it smooth; add a little good yeast, and let the batter rise. Butter some muffin rings, and fill them a little more than half full. They must be baked yellow and crisp. When served, do not pile them up one upon another, for fear they will loose their crispness.

Corn Mufins.—Ingedients: One-half pint of corn meal, a handful of wheat flour, one quart of milk, four eggs, a lump of butter the size of a walnut, and a small portion of salt. Put the milk into a saucepan, cut the butter into it, warm it until the butter is soft, but not melted; then add the other ingredients and beat all together till quite light. Bake them in rings.

## OUR GARDEN · FOR JUNE.

Transplanting should now be done, where the different kinds of annuals have been too thickly sown, but it is necessary to do this in moist or cloudy weather, and for several days they should be shaded from the intense heat of the sun. Water should also be given frequently till the plants are well rooted. As much earth should be taken up about the roots as possible. Wherever seeds are sown too thick and the young plants are not cared for to transplant, the least healthy should be picked out, in order to give the others liberty to grow well.

Take advantage of the first moist weather that happens after the middle of this month, in which to clip and dress your box edgings; for if done in dry or parching weather they are apt to turn foxy, and consequently, lose much of their beauty. The edgings should be cut very neat, even at top and both sides, and ought not to be suffered to grow higher than two or three inches, nor broader than two. When the edgings of box are kept near that size, they look extremely neat, but if permitted to grow to the height of four, five, or six inches, and perhaps near as much in breadth, they then assume a clumsy and heavy appearance, and deprive the beds and borders of that apparent roundness so necessary to set them off to advantage. Watering should be particularly attended to in this month.

The plants which have been kent in-doors during the winter, being now out and fully exposed to the air, will require a constant supply of water; it is impossible to say how often it ought to be administered, or how much should be given at a time, as the state of weather, the different constitutions and habits of the plants, and also the size of the pots or tube as well as of the plants themselves, make a material difference in that respect. The only true guide is the state of the earth in the pots or tubs, which should always be kept moist and in a proper condition to promote and encourage vegetation. In very hot weather, the plants that are in small pots will require some water both morning and evening, at other times once a day will be sufficient; but as the plants have no other nourishment but what they extract from the earth within the pots or tubs, it ought to be a general rule to keep it constantly moist, but not too wet. The best water for this purpose is such as is taken from rivers or pends where it is fully exposed to the sun and air, so that if you have no other than spring or well water, it should always be exposed in cisterns, &c., to the sun and air at least twenty-four hours before it is used. No kind of manure should be put in the water, as is practised by many persons to the great injury of their plants; for these strongly impregnated waters, instead of affording nourishment, cause the leaves to change to a pale, sickly color, and ultimately bring on a general debility; they operate like hot liquors on human bodies, which, at first taking, seem to add new vigor, yet, after some time, leave the body weaker than before.

If movings of short grass, or some moss, he spread on the surface earth of the large tube or pots of oranges, lemons,



&c., it will preserve the moisture and defend the upper roots a from the sun and drying air.

Such of the pots with plants, as are plunged in the earth, must be turned fully around in their seats once a week to break off such fibres as extend through the holes at bottom into the surrounding earth.

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## FASHIONS FOR JUNE.

Fig. L—Carriage Dress of Grenadine, with a Double Surer.—The ground of the dress is white, sprinkled over with bunches of roses, and each skirt is bordered with a broad, green stripe, edged with a wreath of bright-colored flowers. Shawl of white muslin with a deep flounce, in which is run a green ribbon. Above the flounce are two worked ruffles. Bonnet of fine straw, trimmed with pink flowers and green leaves.

Fig. II.—Carriage Dress of Sitk of the new color known as the "Violet of the Alps." This dress is made with two skirts, each trimmed with rows of black lace. The body is high, and fastened at the waist with a band and buckle. The sleeves are very full at the top, with a jockey, and made partially close above the wrist. Both body and sleeves are trimmed with bands of black lace. Bonnet of white crape.

Fig. III.—DINNER DRESS OF GRENADINE, FLOUNCED.—Over the dress is thrown a taima of Brousa silk. These silks are of a coarse fabric, the white stripe looking like a very coarse linen. The colored stripes are like spun silk. The taima has a hood with pink lining, and is trimmed with fringe and tassels. Sun hat of straw trimmed with broad lace and ribbon.

Fig. 1v.—House Dress of Summer Silk.—The bottom of ties is a dress of two skirts of two different shades of green the skirt is trimmed with a very broad plaining of silk. The or pink silk: the first skirt made very long and full, is of a

body is low; the sleeves wide, and trimmed to correspond with the skirt. Cape of plain white lace, trimmed with puffings of lace and blonde edging. There is a white flore tassel at the upper point at the back.

Fig. v.-Bonner, composed of Neapolitan lace and white silk. from the establishment of Mr. Wilde, No. 251 Broadway, New York. The front is formed of lace. The crown, which is larger and more comfortable than those of last season, is of white silk laid on with considerable fullness and covered by a network of black lace, into which three cherry-colored velvet bands are introduced lengthwise. A graceful and pretty trimming of black lace, formed into a bow and ends, is fastened to the brim by a cord and tassels of white silk, which, with the lace, forms a simple and pretty side trimming. A similar bow and ends of lace ornaments the back of the crown. The curtain is of Neapolitan lace and white silk, ornamented like the crown. The inside is adorned by a band of cherry-color, shaded ribbon, plaited very full and edged on either side by black lace. The right side of the band terminates in a full bow and ends, and the left in a cluster of green leaves. Broad, white ribbon strings.

Fig. VI.—Bonner of Pine Craps, also from Wilde's establishment. It is trimmed with two full falls of white lace, the lower fall of which forms the cape. A wreath of green leaves and pink roses encircles the crown and back. The face trimming consists of moss-roses and leaves. Strings of broad pink ribbon.

Fig. VII.—Bonner of Green Crape, also from Wilde's, of that new variety, which is stamped to imitate quilting. It is trimmed with narrow white blonde. Face trimming of blonde and loops of green crape. The strings are of crape edged with blonde.

Fig. viii.—ligad-Dress, the master-piece of Wilde's establishment, this season. It is made of white ribbon, blonde, a silver cord and tassel, and pink flowers, disposed as seen in the illustration.

GENERAL REMARES.—Although the width of robes is as yet but little diminished, if at all, at the bottom, it is greatly reduced in mounting to the top; this is effected by gradually sloping some of the back breadths attached to the corsage. This manner of cutting out skirts is by far the most advantageous to the shape that we have yet seen; it is far more graceful than the old fashion of goring the skirt at each side, which has been lately unsuccessfully attempted to be brought again into voyue.

THE NEWEST STYLE of making dresses is with large plaits, no points or waistband, nor any separation at the waist. Yet there are many also with round waists, waistband and "infant bodies," for young ladies; and lastly some few with two points and even short lappets cut into points all round.

FOR MORNING DRESSES bodies are made high and plain; some ladies are preferring them without the basquine, the waists round and worn with narrow belt and buckle: sleeves are very wide, whether of the open pagoda form, or in large puffs. The plaitings, as in fig. 4, continue fashionable for trimming dresses. A dress of grey watered silk has lately been made with a body in the shape of a hussar jacket, and a velvet waistcoat and steel buttons. The skirt is gathered in very large plaits; and on each plait there is a band of velvet ending in a point, and reaching about to the knee. The sleeves have elbows, with jockeys and pointed cuffs. Organdies and lawns are generally made low in the neck, with a cape of the same material as the dress. These capes are usually in the surplice style, that is not close up in the neck in front, but open, and the ends crossing over each other at the waist. A pretty lace of cambric edging, or even a ruffle of the material of the dress, is the prettiest way of finishing these capes. A puffing of the lawn or organdy is also pretty. For evening dresses, one of the greatest noveltion is a dress of two skirts of two different shades of green

bright rich color, the second skirt, not quite so full, is of a \ wide, cut in the Venitian style, with a deep point reaching lighter and more delicate shade: to give a more dressy and more than half way down the skirt. The Ninon de Lenclos elegant appearance, the second skirt may be looped up at is a basquine not fitting close to the waist, and it has the each side by a Watteau porte-jupe, ornamented to correspond with the dress, or in any other manner preferred: the corsage and sleeves are of the same color as the second skirt.

LINEN ARTICLES are still profusely ornamented with ribbons or velvets, and mixed with white and black lace. The most dressy under-sleeves have two large puffs, either muslin or tulle, with a transparent ribbon at the edge and a rich lace. Others are simple puffs bordered with velvet or ribbon with a rosette; others again have bands bordered in the same way with a ribbon or a velvet, but with a trimming of black lace turned back over it. Then others again have all round small barbs of lace or velvet trimmed with lace. For morning wear, they have cuffs turned up, either embroidered or quadrilled with velvet. An original innovation just introduced consists of colored embroidery forming wreaths on a quilted ground, which is likewise colored. A plain cuff of crimson or amaranth velvet has a very pretty effect with white under-sleeves. Another style of sleeve, much in favor, has a very broad mousquetaire cuff composed of tulle or net, of whichever material the sleeve may consist. This cuff is crossed with rows of China blue velvet, edged with narrow white lace. The collar intended to be worn with these sleeves is pointed in front and behind, and trimmed with crossings of velvet in the manner just described. For ordinary out-door dress, collars and cuffs of nansouk are crossed with black velvet. Crossings of velvet are also extremely fashionable for fichus, pelerines, and bretelles, made of black tulle. The crossings are of narrow black velvet in a lozenge pattern, and the pelerines, &c., are edged round with full trimmings of black lace. These pelerines and bretelles have long ends, which may be crossed in front and linked one in the other at the back of the waist, or they may be left to flow over the front of the skirt. In either way their effect is very elegant. When made of white tulle the crossings are of colored velvet. Berthes are also trimmed with a combination of black and white lace or blonde. These berthes are particularly pretty over pink, green, or maize-colored dresses.

HEAD-DRESSOS are at present very elegant. Among the most beautiful of those composed of flowers, are some wreaths of violets intermingled with bunches of black currants, or with wheat-ears in gold. We may mention that gold wheatears have become favorite ornaments used as adjuncts to wreaths. One of the newly-introduced wreaths is formed of the flowers of the hop, in variegated tints of pale green and yellow; the foliage sprinkled with frosting in imitation of dew. Wreaths formed of corn-flags and blades of grass, and others composed of camelias with pendent sprays of buds and foliage, are among the favorites. The foliage combined with the new flowers and wreaths is frequently of different tints, shaded, and lightly frosted.

Among the head-dresses, of which flowers form no part, we have seen one composed of bright blue velvet, pliant twists of gold, and light gold tassels. Another consists of a toque of green velvet trimmed with gold braid, which forms an arabesque ornament on one side; en the other side, a plume of magnificent white marabouts, tipped with gold, droop toward the back of the neck.

MANTLES are usually of black silk, made quite large, of a shawl shape, and have a hood. Some of these hoods are quite plain, trimmed with only tassels; others are ornamented with fringe or lace; and others again are composed of lace entirely.

BASQUINES for the street are also increasing in favor. These are made very deep, reaching to within about half a yard of the bottom of the dress. There is usually no trimaddition of a deep pelerine or cape. The one we have seen is composed of black silk. The skirt and front of the basquine are trimmed with bouillonnes of silk, in three rows. Round the throat there are two rows only of these bouillonnes. The pelerine is edged with a deep row of black guipure, headed by two rows of bouillonnes.

Bonners of straw are unusually beautiful this season. Some very coarse straws are trimmed on the outside with a straw cord and tassel; others have a soft cap crown of some pretty plaid or plain silk; and others are trimmed with barbs of black lace, or knots of ribbon and violets. These latter are of fine split straw. The under-trimming consists generally of a blonde cap and bows of ribbon, or tufts of violets, daisies, roses, &c. The capes are much smaller than those heretofore worn, and are usually set on in double box plaits. The fronts are slightly a la Marie Stuart, but without being exactly pointed in front.

# ····· CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.

FIG. 1.- DRESS OF ORGANDY FOR A LITTLE GIRL, of a white ground spotted with rose-buds. The dress has two skirts, the upper one of which is rounded in front, and trimmed with a puffing of the same material as the dress. The under skirt has a puffing of organdy, forming an "apron trimming" in front. Sleeves composed of tree ruflics. The body of the dress is gaged across the front, and has a lownecked pelerine crossing in front, and tving behind. Straw hat, trimmed with wild flowers under the brim.

FIG. II.-DRESS OF CORN-COLORED PIQUE OR MARSEILLES FOR A LITTLE BOY .- The body is plain, and cut a la Raphael at Short puffed sleeves. White nansouk undersleeves, and a nansouk and insertion spencer. Straw hat with a plume. A sash of broad ribbon comes over the left shoulder, and is thed at the waist under the right arm.

FIG. III.-DRESS OF PINE BAREGE, WITH THREE FLOUNCES FOR A LITTLE GIRL .- Black silk basquine trimmed with crossings of narrow velvet. Hat of white muslin, trimmed with a deep lace and a wreath of flowers.

GENERAL REMARKS.-- Hats, such as seen in our illustration of children's fashions, are still the most popular for little girls, as they are most easily kept on the head and protect the face and neck from the sun. Still a few fine split straws. trimmed very simply with bunches of narrow white ribbonon the top, are beginning to make their appearance. Some of these straws have soft "cap crowns" made of white silk. A band of narrow colored ribbon put in on one side of the cap, is the usual inside face lining. Basquines, such as seen in fig. 3, of our children's fashions, are the most fashionable out-of-door dress. They are frequently made entirely plain, with no trimming except the front buttons. For warmer weather, Marseilles and brilliante will be worn. Skirts are made with two flounces, plain or double, as suits the fancy. Basques are not worn to the dresses, and the bodies are cut low in the neck, sometimes square a la Raphael.

For Boys, we give the last style in our illustration. more simple style is to make a full Bayadare skirt with a belt, this skirt is buttoned to a white linen shirt waist plaited before and behind. This white waist can be made either high in the neck with a ruffied collar and long sleeves, or low in the neck with a short puffed sleeve. A ruffle down the front, with small shirt stude in the front plait, are a great addition to this very beautiful style of dress. The skirt should be short and full. For larger boys, the short pantaloons reaching to the knee and finished with a ruffle, are worn. A blouse, belted at the waist, or a jacket not fitting ming on them, except the corsage buttons which confine too tight, is the upper garment. Sometimes a white shirt them from the waist up. The sleeves are very long and body, with an open, rounded jacket, is worn.